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## A LEXICON

Abridged from

Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

#### OXFORD

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#### ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation: when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as,  $\delta\pi o - \beta d\lambda\lambda\omega$ ,  $\delta\phi - i\eta\mu\iota$ ,  $\delta - \beta a\tau os$ ,  $\delta\phi - o\delta os$ . But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as  $\phi\iota\lambda o - \kappa\iota\sigma\sigma o\phi \delta\rho os$ . And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of  $\phi\iota\lambda o\mu o\nu\sigma \delta\omega$  under  $\phi\iota\lambda \delta - \mu o\nu\sigma os$ . In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

#### For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used:—

Lat. = Latin = means equal or equivalent to lengthd. = lengthened absol. = absolute, absolutely acc. = accusative: acc. to = according to masc. = masculine Act. = active voice Med. = medial or middle voice act. = active signification med. = medial or middle signification Adj. = adjective metaph. = metaphoricallymetri grat. = metri gratia (for the sake of the metre) Adv. = adverbAcol = Acolic, in the Acolic dialect n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name) aor. = aorist tense N. T. = New TestamentAtt. = Attic, in Attic Greek negat. = negativum (negative)c. = cum (with)neut. = neuter c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i e. with a nom. = nominativeSubst. which has the same or a similar signification opp. to = opposed toopt. or optat. = optative mood with the Verb c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae orig. = originally part. = participle cf. = confer (compare) Pass. = passive voice collat. = collateral Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek pass. = passive signification Compar. or Comp. = comparative pecul. = peculiar Conjunct. = conjunction perf. or pf. = perfect tense contr. = contracted, contraction pl. or plur. = plural cp. = compareplqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect) dat. = dative poet. = poetically Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or Prep. = preposition Passive forms with Active sense pres. = present tense deriv. = derived, derivation priv. or privat. = privativum dissyll. = dissyllable q. v. = quod vide Dor. = in Doric Greek qq. v. quae vide e. g. = exempli gratia radic. = radical Ep. = in Epic Greek regul. = regular, regularly esp. = especially shortd. = shortened etc. = et cetera signf. = signification f. or fut. = future tense sing. = singular fem. = feminine sq. = sequens (the following word) fin. = ad finem or fine sub. = subaudi, subaudito freq. = frequent, frequently subj. = subjunctive mood gen. or genit. = genitive Subst. = Substantive Hom. = Homer syll. = syllable i. e. = id est Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek imperat. or imper. = imperative mood trans. = transitive imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense trisyll. = trisyllable impers. = impersonal usu. = usually indic. = indicative mood v. = videinf. = infinitive mood verb. Adj. = verbal adjective intr. or intrans. = intransitive voc. = voce, vocem Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect vocat. = vocative irreg. = irregular

### A

#### A— $\mathring{a}$ $\beta$ ληχής.

A,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , indecl., first letter of the Graphabet. As numeral,  $\alpha' = \epsilon I s$ , and  $\pi p \hat{\omega} \tau o s$  but  $\alpha = 1000$ .

In Ion. Greek ā becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη In Dor. Greek ā is used instead of η, as, άδύs tor ήδύs: but the verbal term. âτο is changed into ῆτο, as ἐκνυζᾶτο into ἐκνυζῆτο.

a, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as σοφόs wise, ἀ-σοφος unwise. II. a copulativum, together, as in ἀ-τάλαντος, ἀ-κόλουθος. III. a intensivum, very much, as in ἀ-τενής, ἀ-σπερχές, though this is very rare.

IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as  $\dot{\alpha}$ -βληχρός for βληνούς ἀ-σπερου for σπαίου, ἀ-σπερου for σπερου  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπαίου,  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπερου  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπερου for σπερου  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπερου  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπερου for σπερου  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπερου  $\dot{\alpha}$ -σπερου for σπερου for σπε

χρός, α-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, α-στεροπή for στεροπή. α. α or αα, exclamations used to express strong

emotion, like our ab!

& &, to express laughter, like our ba ba.

å, Dor. for artic. ή.

2. å, Dor. for relat. pron. ή.

3. å, Dor. for ή, dat. of ös.

ά-άπτος, ον, (a privat., ἀάω) not to be burt, inviolable, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ἄεθλος ἀ-άπτος a dangerous or difficult task.

d-āγήs, έs, (a privat., ἄγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken, bard, strong.

d-aπτος, ον, (a privat., απτομαι) not to be touched: thing, silly, stupid.
d-βίαστος, ον, (a

αασα, αασάμην, αάσθην, v. 'AA'Ω.

d-dσχετοs, ον, lengthd. poet. for ά-σχετοs.

αάτος, contr. άτος, ον, (a privat., αω, άσαι to satiate) insatiate, άτος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle.

'AA'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in aor. 1 act. ἀδσα contr. δσα, med. ἀδσάμην, contr. ἀσάμην, and pass. ἀάσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ἀᾶται—all in Hom.:—to burt, damage, esp. to burt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., "Ατη ἡ πάνταε ἀᾶται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolisbly. [Hom. has ἀδσαε, ἄδσεν, ᾶδσαν: so too ᾶδσάμην, but ἀδσάτο.] ἀδω, = ἄω, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. άαται.

**δβα**, Dor. for  $\eta \beta \eta$ .

ἀβακέω, (ἀβακήs) to be speechless.

άβακήs, έs, (a privat., βά(ω) speechless.

ά-βάκχευτος, ον, (a privat., βακχεύω) without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless.

ά-βάπτιστος, ον, (a privat., βαπτίζω) not to be dipped, that will not sink, Lat. immersabilis.

unbaptized.

å-βαρής, ές, (a privat., βάρος) not beavy: not bur-

densome.

δ-βασάνιστος, ον, (α privat., βασανίζω) not examined by torture, unquestioned. Adv. -τως, witbout question or trial.

ά-βασίλευτος, ον, (a privat., βασιλεύω) not ruled by a king [τ]

ά-βάσκαντος, ον, (a privat., βασκαίνω) unenvied. Adv. -τως, without envy.

ő-βάτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., βαίνω) untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste.

å-βέβαιος, ον, (α privat., βέβαιος) unsteady, wavering, fickle.

ά-βέβηλος, ον, (a privat., βέβηλος) not profane, inviolable.

άβελτερία, ή, stupidity: from

d-βέλτεροs, ον, (α privat., βέλτεροs) good-for-nothing, silly, studid.

ά-βίαστος, ον, (a privat., βιάζομαι) unforced.

d-βιος, ον, (a privat, βίος) not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; βίος άβιος.

Without subsistence, poor.

ά-βίοτος, ον, (a privat., βίοτος) = ἄβιος.

ά-βίωτος, ον, (α privat.,  $\beta$ ιόω) = ἄ $\beta$ ιος.

άβλάβεια, ἡ, freedom from barm: security: from ά-βλάβής, ές, (a privat., βλάβη) without barm: I. pass. unbarmed, unburt. II. act. barmless, innocent: preventing barm:—Adv.—βως, Ep.—βέως, without barming, without infringement.

ά-βλαβία, ή, poet. for ά-βλάβεια.

ά-βλήε, ητος, δ, ή, (α privat., βάλλω) not thrown or shot, of an arrow.

ά-βλητος, ον, (a privat., βάλλω) not bit by a dart or arrow.

ά-βληχήs, έε, (α privat., βληχή) without bleatings.

b

defenceless :- of death, easy, light.  $d\beta$ ληχρώδης,  $\epsilon s_1 = d\beta \lambda \eta χρόs.$ 

ά-βοατί, Dor. for ά-βοητί.

ά-βόūτος, ον, Dor. for ά-βόητος.

ά-βοήθητος, ον, (α privat., βοηθέω) belpless.

ά-βοητί, Dor. -āτί, Adv. (a privat., βοάω) uncalled, without summons.

**ἀ-βόητος**, Dor. -**ἄτος**, ον, (a privat., βοάω) un-II. unmourned. called.

 $d\beta o\lambda \epsilon \omega$ , =  $d\nu \tau \iota \beta o\lambda \epsilon \omega$ , to met.

ά-βόσκητος, ον, (a privat., βόσκω) ungrazed.

ά-βουκόλητος, ον, (a privat., βουκολίω) untended, unbeeded.

**ἀ-βουλέω**, how, = où βούλομαι, to be unwilling.ά-βούλητος, ον, (a privat., βούλομαι) unwilling,

involuntary. Adv. -τωs.

a-βουλία, ή, ill counsel, thoughtlessness: from

a-βουλος, ον, (a privat., βουλή) inconsiderate, illadvised: -- Adv. -ωε, superl. άβουλότατα.

d-βούτης, ου, δ, (a privat., βου̂ς) without oxen: hence poor.

ά-βρεκτος, ον, (a privat., βρέχω) unwetted.

**ἀ-βρῖθήs, és,** (a privat., βρίθω) without weight. άβρο-βάτης, ου, δ, (άβρός, βαίνω) softly or deli-

cately stepping. [Ba] άβρό-γοος, ον, (άβρός, γόος) womanishly wailing. άβρο-δίαιτος, ον, (άβρός, δίαιτα) living delicately or effeminately: τὸ άβροδίαιτον effeminacy.

άβρο-κόμης, ου, δ, (άβρός, κόμη) with delicate, luxu-

riant bair or leaves.

ά-βρόμιος, ον, (a privat., Βρόμιος) without Bacchus. **α-βρομος**, ον, (a copul., βρόμος) noisy, boisterous. άβρο-πέδιλος, ον, (άβρός, πέδιλον) soft-sandalled. άβρό-πλουτος, ον, (άβρός, πλοῦτος) richly luxu-

'ABPO'Σ, ά, όν, also όε, όν, delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious. (Akin to  $\hbar\beta\eta$ .)

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ βροσύνη,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ βρότηε.

άβροτάζω, f. άξω, to miss, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from  $d\mu\beta\rho o\tau\epsilon \hat{v}$ , q. v.

άβρότης, ητος, ή, (άβρός) delicacy, luxuriousness. άβροτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., βροτός) like άμβροτος, αμβρόσιος, immortal, divine, boly.

άβρο-φυής, ές, (άβρός, φύω) tender of nature.

άβρο-χαίτης, ου, ό, (άβρός, χαίτη) = άβρο-κύμης. άβρο-χίτων, ωνοε, δ, ή, (άβρόε, χιτών) softly clad: with soft coverings. [t]

**d-\beta \rho o \chi o s**, or, (a privat.,  $\beta \rho \epsilon \chi \omega$ ) unwetted, waterless.

Adv. - xws.

**άβρύνω, f. ὄνῶ: aor. i. ἥβρ**ῦνα: (άβρόε):—to make delicate, treat delicately: - Pass. to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs; άβρύνεσθαί τινι to pride oneself on a thing.

 $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ -βρώε,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\omega}}$ τοε,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{o}}$ ,  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\hat{\boldsymbol{a}}$ -βρωτοε,

ά-βρωτος, ον, (a privat., βιβρώσκω) not baving II. pass. not to be eaten, uneatable.

d-βυσσος, ον, (a privat., βύσσος) bottomless, unfa- hence.

ά-βληχρόs, ά, όν, (a cuphon., βληχρόs) weak, feeble, | thomed: generally, unfathomable, enormous. as Subst. ή άβυσσος, the abyss, bottomless pit.

άγάασθαι, άγάασθε, v. sub άγαμαι.

άγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἄγω: ἄγαγον, Ep. for ηγαγον, aor. 2 in 1.

II.

αγάγωμι, Ep. for άγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of άγω.

άγάζομαι, poet. form of άγαμαι, to admire. άγαθο-ειδής, ές, (άγαθός, είδος) seeming good.

άγαθοεργέω, contr. -ουργέω, to do good; and άγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ή, a good or noble deed: good service. From

άγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, όν, (άγαθός, έργον) doing good: οἱ 'Αγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldesi knights, who went on missions for the state.

 $\dot{a}$ γαθοποιέω, =  $\dot{a}$ γαθο-εργέω; and

 $\dot{a}$ γαθοποιία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ γαθο-εργία. From

άγαθο-ποιός,  $\dot{ο}ν$ ,  $(\dot{a}γαθός, ποιέω) = \dot{a}γαθο-εργός$ .

'AΓA-ΘΟ'Σ, ή, όν, good in its kind, opp. to κακός, I in Homer usu. of heroes, brave, noble: later in moral sense, good, virtuous. 2. of things, etc., good in their kind; neut. τὰ ἀγαθά the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties; το άγαθόν, Lat. summum bonum.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίων, also αμείνων, κρείσσων, λωτων (λώων): Ερ. βέλτεροε, λωίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, άριστος, κράτιστος, λώϊστος (λώστος): Ερ. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is εν, well. αγαθουργέω, contr. form of αγαθοεργέω.

άγαθύνω, (άγαθός) to make good, exalt. II. to

do good :- Pass. to be of good cheer.

άγαθωσύνη, ή, (άγαθόs) goodness, kindness. άγαίομαι, (άγη) collat. form of άγαμαι, άγάομαι,

only in bad sense, to be angry at: to envj. άγα-κλεής, ές, (άγαν, κλέος) very glorious, famous, renowned: gen. αγακλη̂ος; shortd. poet. forms, acc. sing. ἀγακλέἄ, pl. ἀγακλέἄs, dat. sing. ἀγακλέϊ.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$  γα κλειτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$  γακλεής.

άγα-κλυτός, όν, (άγαν, κλυτός) like άγακλέης, Lat. inclytus.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἄγαν, κτίζω) a poët fem. = εὐκτιμένη, well-built or placed.

α-γάλακτος, ον, (a privat., γάλα) without milk, II. getting none, weaned, Lat. giving none. lacte depulsus.

άγαλλίασις, εως, ή, exceeding great joy. From άγαλλιάω, 201. ήγαλλίασα: also as Dep. άγαλλιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], strengthd. for dγάλλομαι:—to rejoice exceedingly.

'AΓΑΛΛΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, a plant, the iris or flag.

'AΓΑ' $\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , f. ἀγαλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. ήγηλα, inf. ἀγηλαι:= άγλαδν ποιώ, to make glorious, glorify, bonour, esp. a god: also to deck, adorn: -- mostly in Pass. αγάλλομαι, to glory, delight, exult in a thing, c. dat. Hence

άγαλμα, ατος, τό, that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament: a pleasing gift, esp. for the gods: 2. a statue in honour of a god; the image of a god as an object of worship. 3. any statue or image.

άγαλματο-ποιός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἄγαλμα, ποιέω) a maker of

statues, a statuary, sculptor.

"ΑΓΑ ΜΑΙ, 2 pl. άγασθε Εp. ἀγάασθε, inf. άγασθαι Ep. αγάασθαι: impf. ήγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ήγάασθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ă] Ep. ἀγάσσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ηγάσθην, but also Med. ηγασάμην (even ın Att.), Ερ. ήγασσάμην, ἀγασσάμην: Dep.: to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινά, but also τινί, Lat. admi-II. in bad sense, to envy, be angry at, τί, τινί, περί τινος.-Homer uses in this sense only 201. 1 ήγασάμην, and as pres. ἀγάομαι οτ ἀγαίομαι.

άγαμία, ή, celibacy. From

ά-γάμος, ον, (a privat., γάμος) unmarried, unwedded. single. Lat. coelebs :- Tragic phrase, γάμος ά-γαμος a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal mar-

riage.

"ATAN, Adv. very, much, very much: the word gcnerally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverb μηδεν άγαν, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing. [ἄγᾶν, but later sometimes  $\check{\alpha}\gamma\check{\alpha}\nu.$ 

άγανακτέω, f. ήσω, (άγαν) to feel irritation: - to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing. Hence

άγανάκτησις, εως, ή, irritation, vexation.

άγανακτητικός, ή, όν, (άγανακτέω) irritable.

άγανακτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγανακτίω, irritating, vexatious.

άγανακτικός, ή, όν, irritable, = άγανακτητικός. Adv. − ĸŵs.

άγανησι, poët. for άγαναιs, dat. plur. fem. of dγaνόs.

άγάν-νίφος, ον, (άγαν, νίφω) much snowed upon, snow-capt, 'Ολυμποs.

άγανόρειος, α, ον, Dor. for άγηνόρειος.

ά-γανός, ή, όν, (a copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) mild, gentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

αγάνοφροσύνη, ή, gentleness, kindliness. From άγανό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (άγανός, φρήν) kindly disposed: benign.

άγανωπις, ιδος, ή, (άγανός, ώψ) mild-eyed.

άγ-άνωρ, οροε, ό, ή, Dor. for άγ-ήνωρ.

άγάομαι, Ep. form of άγαμαι, only found in part. ἀγώμενος, in act. sense admiring.

άγαπάζω, f. άσω, see άγαπάω. άγαπατός, όν, Dor. for άγαπητός.

αγαπάω, f. ήσω: 20r. ηγάπησα, Ep. αγάπησα: pf. ηγάπηκα: (ἄγαμαι, ἀγάζομαι):—of persons, to welcome, entertain, in which sense dyand(w) and Dep. dyaπάζομαι are used by Homer:-also to take leave of: -generally, to be fond of, to love dearly. things, to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω. [ἄγά] Hence

άγαπεῦντες, Ion. for άγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl.

άγάπη, ή, (άγαπάω) brotherly love: charity. [ἄγα] άγάπημα, τό, (άγαπάω) an object of love, Lat. deliciae.

άγαπ-ήνωρ, ορος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\gamma\alpha\pi\dot{a}\omega, \dot{a}\nu\dot{\eta}\rho) = \dot{\eta}\nu\rho\rho\dot{\epsilon}\eta\nu$   $\dot{a}\gamma\alpha$ -

πῶν, loving manliness, manly. άγάπησις, εως, ή, (άγαπάω) the feeling of love, affection.

άγαπητέος, ον, verb. Adj. of άγαπάω, to be loved,

acquiesced in. άγαπητικός, ή, όν, (άγαπάω) disposed to love, affec-

tionate. Adv. -κω̂s.

άγαπητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγαπάω, beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love. 2. to be acquiesced in, as the least evil. II. Adv. άγαπητῶs, cheerfully, contentedly; άγαπητως έχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν. 2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλιε.

 $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\dot{\alpha}\rho$ -poos, ov, contr.  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\dot{\alpha}\rho$  pous, ovv,  $(\ddot{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\nu, \dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$ 

strong or swift-flowing.

άγασθαι, pres. inf. of άγαμαι.

άγασθείς, aor. I pass, part. of άγαμαι.

άγασμα, τό, (άγαμαι) that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

άγάσομαι [ă], poet. ἀγάσσομαι, fut. of άγαμαι. άγάσσατο, poet. for ήγάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of

άγά-στονος, ον, (άγαν, στένω) much groaning,

bowling, of the waves, loud-wailing. άγαστός, ή, όν, (ἄγαμαι) admirable. Adv. -τως.

άγατός, ή, ύν, poet. for άγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστύε.

άγαυός, ή, όν, (άγαμαι) illustrious, noble.

άγαυρός, ά, όν, akin to άγαυύς, stately, proud: sup. Αdv. άγαυρότατα.

άγά-φθεγκτος, ον, (άγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-sounding. άγγαρεύω, f. σω, (άγγαρος) to destatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courter.

άγγαρήτος, δ, Ion. form = άγγαρος: - τὸ άγγαρήτον

the business of an ayyapos.

άγγάρος, δ, Persian word, a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

άγγειον, Ion. - ήιον, τό, (άγγος) a vessel, pail: a

reservoir.

άγγελία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἄγγελος) a message, tidings, news, αγγελίη εμή a message concerning me; αγγελίηε έλθειν to come on account of a message. a proclamation: a command, order.

άγγελια-φόρος, Ion. άγγελιη-φόρος, δ, (άγγελία.

φέρω) a messenger.

άγγελιώτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγγελία) a messenger. άγγελλω, f. άγγελω, Ερ. άγγελεω: 201. Ι ήγγειλα:

pf. ήγγελκα, pass. ήγγελμαι: aor. I pass. ήγγέλθην: (άγω):-to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell: - Med. to announce oneself: -Pass. to be reported of. Hence

άγγελμα, τό, a message, tidings, news.

άγγελος, δ, ή, (άγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy.

a messenger from God, an angel.

άγγήτον, τό, Ion. for άγγείον. "AΓΓΟΣ, εοε, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

άγδην, Adv. (άγω) by carrying.

dye, dyere, properly Imperat. of αγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

άγειρω: aor. Ι ήγειρα: pf. άγήγερκα: (άγω):to bring together, gather together, collect. II. Pass. μνείρομαι: aor. 1 ήγερθην, Ep. 3 pl. ήγερθεν: pf. άγήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. άγηγέραται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. άγηγέρατο: - to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. αγέρεσθαι, άγέροντο, partic. syncop. άγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.

ά-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γείτων) without

neighbour: solitary, desolate.

άγελαδόν, Dor. for άγεληδόν.

άγελάζομαι, Pass. (άγέλη) to live in berds, to be gregarious.

ἀγελαῖος, a, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding II. in berds or shoals, gregarious. at large. of the herd or multitude, common.

άγελάρχης, ου, δ, (ἀγέλη, ἄρχω) the leader of a company.

ά-γελαστί, Adv. (a privat., γελάω) without laughter.

ά-γέλαστος, ον, (a privat., γελάω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

 $\dot{\alpha}\gamma \in \lambda \in (\alpha, \dot{\eta}, (\ddot{\alpha}\gamma\omega, \lambda \in (\alpha)))$  epith. of Athena, =  $\lambda \eta \hat{\iota} \tau \iota s$ , λείαν άγουσα, she that drives off the spoil.

άγέλη, ή, (άγω) a berd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex :- later any herd or company.

άγεληδόν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in berds or companies. Also ἀγεληδά.

 $\dot{a}\gamma$ έληθεν, Adv.  $(\dot{a}\gamma$ έλη) from a berd.

**ἀγέληφι**, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

άγεμόνευμα, άγεμονεύω, άγεμών, Dor. for ήγεμ-. dyev, Dor. and Ep. for εάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἄγνυμι : [ă] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for πγεν, impf. from ayw to lead.

ά-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (a privat., γενεαλογέω) without

pedigree, of unknown descent.

άγένεια, ή, (άγενήε) low birth: meanness.

**α-γένειοs**, ον, (α privat., γένειον) beardless, boyisb. α-γενής, έε, (α privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to dyallis.

d-γένητος, ον, (a privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not baving bappened, Lat. infectus:

hence false, groundless.

ά-γεννήs, εs, ± άγενήs 11. Adv. -νωs.

ά-γέννητος, ον, (a privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like dγενή II, lowborn, mean.

ayéonai, Dor. for hyéonai.

ά-γέραστος, ον, (a privat., γέρας) without a gift of bonour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

άγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of άγείρω.

 $\tilde{\alpha}$ γερθεν, Ep. for  $\eta$ γέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of άγείρω.

άγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of άγείρω.

 $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\rho\alpha\chi\alpha s$ ,  $\alpha\nu$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\rho\omega\chi\alpha s$ .

άγερσις, εως, ή, (άγείρω) a gathering, mustering. άγέρωχοs, ov, in good sense, brave, bigh-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, baughty, fierce. Adv. - xwe. (Deriv. uncertain.) άγεσκον, Ion. impf. of άγω.

αγέ-στράτος, δ, ή, (άγω, στρατόε) leading the bost. άγέτης, δ, Dor. for ήγέτηε.

ά-γευστος, ον, (a privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

αγη [α] ή, (αγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, batred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

άγή [ā], ή, (ἄγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter. άγη, Ep. for ἐάγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἄγνυμι, to break.

άγηγέραται, άγηγέρατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass of αγείρω.

άγήγερκα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of άγείρω.

ἀγῆλαι, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.

άγ-ηλατέω, ήσω, (ἄγοι, ἐλαύνω) to drive away pollution of a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατέω.

αγημα, τό, (ἄγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

 $\dot{a}$ γ-ηνόρειος, Dor.  $\dot{a}$ γ $\dot{a}$ νόρ-, a, ον, =  $\dot{a}$ γήνωρ.

άγ-ηνορία, ή, manliness, manbood, courage. άγ-ήνωρ, Dor. άγ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (άγαν, άνήρ) manly, beroic: also beadstrong, baughty: and some-

times stately, splendid. άγήοχα, pf. act. of ἄγω to lead.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\gamma\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\rho\mathbf{a}\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{ros}$ ,  $o\mathbf{v}$ , =  $\mathbf{sq}$ .

ά-γήραοs, ον, (a privat., γήραs) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying. Contr. αγήρωs, ων: acc. sing. αγήρων or αγήρω: nom. dual ἀγήρω, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγήρω.

 $\dot{a}$ - $\gamma \dot{\eta} \rho \ddot{\alpha} \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ , =  $\dot{a} \gamma \dot{\eta} \rho a \sigma s$ .

a-γήρωs, ων, contr. for aγήρασε.

άγησί-χορος, ον, (άγέομαι Dor. for ήγές μπι χορόε) leading the chorus or dance.

άγητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε, Dor. for  $\hat{\eta}$ γητήρ.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

άγητός, ή, όν, (ἄγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ă] άγιάζω, (άγιοε) to ballow, consecrate.

άγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of άγιάζω. άγιασμα, ατος, τό, (άγιάζω) that which is ballowed, a boly place, sanctuary.

άγιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification. άγιαστήριον, τό, = άγίασμα.

άγίζω, f. Att. τω, (άγιοε) to ballow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.

άγινέω, f. ήσω: Ep. pres. inf. άγινέμεναι: impf. ηγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἀγω,

II.

to carry, bring: - Med. to bave brought one.

to bear fruit.

άγιό-γράφος, ον, (άγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἀγιό-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

äγιος, a, oν, (ἄγος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἄγιον, τό, a sanctuary.

II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. άγνός is used instead. [ἄγ]

άγιότης, ητος, ή, (άγιος) sanctity, boliness.

άγιστεία, ή, mostly in pl. boly rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

άγιστεύω, f. εύσω, (άγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

 $\dot{a}$ γιωσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\ddot{a}$ γιοs) =  $\dot{a}$ γιότηs.

 $d\gamma \kappa$ -, poet. abbrev. for  $d\nu a\kappa$ - in compds. of the prep.  $d\nu a$  with words beginning with  $\kappa$ , e. g.  $d\gamma \kappa \epsilon \hat{\iota}$ σθαι for  $d\nu a$ - $\kappa \epsilon \hat{\iota}$ σθαι.

άγκάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.: (ἄγκας, ἄγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἄγκαθεν, Adv. for ἀγκάε, on the arm, i.e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

άγ-κάλέω, poët. for άνα-καλέω.

άγκάλη, ή, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [κα]

ἀγκαλίζομαι, f. Att. τοῦμαι: 20τ.  $\mathbf{I}$  ήγκαλισάμην: pf. ήγκάλισμαι: Dep.; (ἀγκάλη):=ἀγκάζομαι, to take in the arms,

άγκάλίε, ίδοε, ή, in plur. = άγκάλαι, arms. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

άγκάλισμα, τό, (άγκαλίζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἄγκἄλος, δ, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle.

άγκάs, Adv. (άγκή) into or in the arms.

αγ-κειμαι, poet. for ανά-κειμαι.

'ΑΓΚΗ', ή, = άγκος οι άγκάλη, an arm.

άγ-κηρύσσω, poet. for άνα-κηρύσσω. άγκιστρεία, ή, (άγκιστρον) angling.

άγκιστρευτικός, ή, όν, (άγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ άγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

άγκιστριον, τό, Dim. of άγκιστρον, a small book. άγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (άγκιστρον, δέω) with a book bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

άγκιστρο-ειδής, ές, (άγκιστρον, είδος) book-sbaped. άγκιστρον, τό, (akin to άγκος, άγκύλος) a fisb-book. άγ-κλίνω and άγ-κλιμα, τό, poet. for ἀνα-κλίνω, ἀνά-κλιμα.

άγκοίνη, ή, (ἀγκών) poët. for ἀγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms.

II. metaph. anything closely enfolding; cf. ἀγκάλη.

**άγ-κομίζω**, poët. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

άγ-κονίω, for άνα-κονίω, to hasten.

"ACKOE, eos, ró, a bend or bollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

άγ-κρεμάσας, poët, for άνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of delight in it. Hence άνακρεμάννυμι. άγλάζομα, τό, an α

άγ-κρίσις, poët. for ἀνά-κρισις.

άγ-κρούομαι, poet. for άνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [v], η, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself.

2. any thong or string, e. g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

άγκυλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

άγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

άγκυλο-γλώχιν, τνος, δ, (άγκύλος, γλωχίς) with

booked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκύλ-όδους, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, ὀδούς) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

άγκυλο-μήτης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\gamma\kappa\dot{\nu}\lambda os, \, \mu\hat{\eta}\tau\iota s)$  crooked of counsel, wily.

άγκυλό-πους, πουν, (άγκύλος, πούς) with curved feet, δίφρος άγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

άγκύλος, η, ον, (άγκος, Lat, uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, booked. [v]

ἀγκῦλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow. ἀγκῦλο-χείλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χείλος) with booked beak.

άγκυλο-χήλης, ου, δ, (άγκύλος, χηλή) with crooked claws.

ἀγκύλοω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. ηγκύλωμαι: (ἀγκύλοε): to make crooked or booked. Hence

αγκυλωτός, ή, όν, of javelins, furnished with a

thong, thonged.
ἀγκυρὰ, (ἀγκος, ἀγκών) ἡ, Lat. ancöra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pınd.; for in Homer

we read only of εὐναί, i. e. stones used as anchors.
ἀγκῦρίζω, f. Att. τω: 201. 1 ἢγκύρτσα: (ἄγκυρα):—
to book, catch as with a fish-book.

άγκύριον, τό, Dim. of άγκυρα, a small anchor. άγκυρ-ουχία, ή, (άγκυρα, έχω) a holding by the an-

cbor; έν άγκυρουχίαιs when safe at anchor.

'ΑΤΚΩ'N, ῶνοs, ὁ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or bollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river,

a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved borns of the lyre. Hence

άγκωνίσκος, δ, Dim. of άγκών.

άγλα-έθειρος, ον, (άγλαύς, έθειρα) bright-baired.

aγλάτα, ή, (άγλαόε) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

άγλαιείσθαι, fut. med. inf. of άγλαίζω, with pass. sense.

άγλαζω, f. Att. τω: 201. 1 ήγλάσα: (άγλαόs):—10 make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:
—Pass. to be adorned with 2 thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

άγλάζομα, τό, an ornament; cf. άγαλμα.

άγλαό-γυιος, ον, (άγλαός, γυῖον) with beautiful limbs. αγλαό-δενδρος, ον, (άγλαός, δένδρον) with beautiful

άγλαό-δωρος, ον, (άγλαός, δώρον) bestowing splendid gifts.

ἀγλαό-θρονος, ον, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) with splendid tbrone.

άγλαό-καρπος, ον, (άγλαός, καρπός) bearing or bestowing goodly fruit.

άγλαό-κουρος, ον, (άγλαός, κοῦρος) rich in fair

youths.

άγλαό-κωμος, ον, (άγλαύς, κωμος) gracing the feast. 'AΓΛΑ'Ο'Σ, ή, ον, also os, ov, splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright: of men, famous, noble: c. dat. famous for a thing. Adv. - \hat{\omega}s. (Akin to atγλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

άγλαο-τριαίνης, ου, δ, acc. - άν, (άγλαός, τρίαινα)

the god of the bright trident.

άγλα-ώψ, ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγλαός, ὤψ) bright-eyed: ge-

nerally, flashing.

α-γλευκήs, έs, (a privat., γλεῦκοs) not sweet: sour,

"A $\Gamma\Lambda\Gamma\Sigma$ ,  $\tilde{a}\gamma\lambda\bar{\iota}\theta os$ , only used in plur.  $\tilde{a}\gamma\lambda\bar{\iota}\theta cs$ , abead of garlic, which is made up of several cloves.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\gamma\lambda\dot{\mathbf{v}}\kappa\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\mathbf{s}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\gamma\lambda\epsilon\nu\kappa\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{s}$ .

άγλωσσία, Att. άγλωττία, ή, dumbness. From **ἄ-γλωσσος**, Att. **ἄ-γλωττος**, ον, (α privat., γλῶσσα) without tongue: silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis. speaking a strange tongue, = βάρβαρος.

άγμα, τό, (άγνυμι) a fragment.

άγμός, δ, (άγνυμι) a breakage, fracture of a II. a broken cliff, precipice.

ά-γναμπτος, ον, (a privat., γνάμπτω) unbending.  $\mathbf{\tilde{a}}$ -γναπτος,  $\mathbf{o}\nu$ , = sq. II. also not cleansed.

 $\ddot{a}$ -γνάφος, ον, (α privat., γνάπτω) of cloth, not carded, i. c. new.

άγνεία, ή, (άγνεύω) purity, chastity.

**ἄγνευμα**, τό, (ἀγνεύω) chastity.

ἀγνεύω, f. εύσω, (άγνόs) to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.:—also simply, to be pure or chaste: c. gen. to keep oneself pure from.

άγνίζω, f. Att. τω: 20τ. Ι ήγνισα: (άγνόε):--to make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare. to offer, burn as a sacrifice.

aγνιοs, a, ov, (aγνοs) made of withy or agnus castus. άγνισμα, τό, (άγνίζω) a means of purification, atonement.

άγνισμός, δ. (άγνίζω) purification, expiation.

**ἀγνίτηs**, ου, ὁ, (ἀγνίζω) a purifier.  $[\bar{i}]$ 

άγνοέω, Ερ. άγνοιέω: f. ήσω: 201. Ι ήγνόησα, Ep. άγνοίησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. άγνώσασκε: pf. ηγνόηκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ηγνοήθην: pf. ηγνόημαι: (as if from \*a-γνοοs = a-νοοs):—not to perceive or know, to be ignorant, Lat. ignorare: in Homer mostly, obk aγνοίησεν be perceived or knew well:-Pass, not to be known. II. absol. to mistake, be wrong; hence in part. ἀγνοῶν, by mistake. Hence

aγνόημα, τό, a fault of ignorance, oversight; and

άγνοητικός, ή, όν, apt to err from ignorance.

άγνοιά, ή, (ἀγνοέω) want of perception, igno-II. = άγνόημα, a fault of ignorance. [poet. sometimes ayvoiā: cf. avoia.]

άγνοιέω, poet., esp. Ep., form for άγνοέω.

άγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of άγνοέω: but if written άγνοιζσι, it is 3 sing. pres.

άγνοούντωs, Adv., pres. act. part. of άγνοέω, igno-

rantly.

άγνό-ρύτος, ον, (άγνός, ρέω) pure-flowing.

άγνός, ή, όν, pure, chaste, unsullied: boly, sa-II. c. gen. pure from a thing. Adv. cred. -νω̂s. (Akin to αζω, αγιος, αγος)

"APNOS,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Att.  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \gamma \sigma s$ , a tall tree like the

willow, the agnus castus.

άγνότης, ητος, ή, (άγνός) purity, chastity.

"AΓΝΥ ΜΙ, 3 dual ἄγνῦτον: fut. ἄξω: 20r. 1 ἔαξα, Ep. ηξα, imperat. αξον, inf. αξαι, part. αξας: 201. 2 pass. ἐάγην [āˇ, v. sub fin.]: pf. ἔāγα, Ion. ἔηγα:—to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango :- Pass. with pf. act. έāγa, to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces: of sound, to spread around: of a river, to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course. [ā in pf. έāγα, Ion. έηγα: but in aor. 2 pass. ἐάγην, α in Hom., a long in Att.; ν. κατάγνυμι.]

ἀγνωμονέω, f. ήσω, (ἀγνώμων) to act without judg-

ment, act ignorantly of unfairly.

άγνωμόνωs, Adv. of άγνώμων, senselessly.

άγνωμοσύνη, ή, want of sense or judgment: senselessness, ignorance. II. senseless pride, arrogance. III. unfairness, unkindness, Lat. iniquitas: in plur. misunderstandings. From

ά-γνώμων, ον, ονος, (a privat., γνώμη) wanting sense or judgment: senseless, thoughtless, headstrong.

unfeeling, unkind: unjust.

ά-γνώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., γνῶναι) pass. unknown: obscure. 2. obscure, ignoble. II. act. not knowing, ignorant of a thing.

άγνῶs, Adv. of άγνόs.

άγνωσία, ή, (άγνώs) a not knowing, ignorance. 11. a being unknown, obscurity.

άγνώσσασκε or άγνώσασκε, Ion. and Ep. for ήγνόησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of άγνοέω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γνώσσω, pres. formed from foreg. =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γνοέω.

**α-γνωστος** or **α-γνωτος**, ον, (a privat., γιγνώσκω) unknown, ἄγνωστος γλώσσα an unknown tongue: unbeard of, forgotten. 2. not to be known. act. not knowing, ignorant of, Tivos.

άγξηράναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναξηραίνω.

ayovia, n, unfruitfulness. From

**α-γονος**, ον, (α privat., γονή) pass. unborn. act. not producing, unfruitful, barren: c. gen. not productive of, destitute of; τόκος άγονος, fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is 2. left childless.

α-γοος, ον, (a privat., γόος) unmourned.

άγορά, âs, Ep. and Ion. άγορή, ηs, ή, (άγείρω) any

assembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the II. the place of Assembly, Council (βουλή). used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. forum:—especially, the market-III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. concio. IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. annona; άγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market. V. as a mark of time, άγορα πλήθουσα, or άγορης πληθώρη, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορης διάλυσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γοράασθε, Ep. for  $\dot{\alpha}$ γορ $\hat{\alpha}$ σθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of

άγοράομαι. [āγοραασθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. άσω: aor. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:— Pass., aor. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγόρασμα: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself. 3. of idle people, to baunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

άγοραίοs, or, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods. II. frequenting the market-place:—ol άγοραίοι (with or without άν-θρωποι):

1. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers.

2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. subrostrani, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: άγοραίοs (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, α court-day.

ἀγορῶνομικός, ή, όν, of or for the ἀγορανύμος or bis office, Lat. Aedilicius.

ἀγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμο.

ἀγορα-νόμος, δ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. Aedilis.

άγοράομαι, Ep. aor. I άγορησάμην: Dep.: (άγορά):
—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak
in the Assembly, Lat. concionari.

άγοράσδω, Dor. for άγοράζω.

άγοράσις, εως, ή, (άγοράζω) buying, purchase.

άγόρασμα, τό, (άγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

άγοραστήs, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγορά(ω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. obsonator.

άγοραστικός, ή, όν, (άγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ή άγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade. άγορεύω, impl. ήγόρευον, Ερ. άγόρευον: fut. -εύσω: αοτ. ήγόρευσα, Ερ. άγ-: pf. ήγόρευσα: Μεd. αοτ. ήγορευσάμην: Pass., αοτ. ήγορεύθην: pf ήγόρευμα: (but in Att. the fut. in use is έρῶ, pf. εἴρηκα, αοτ. εἶπον): (άγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακὸν οτ κακῶν άγορεύειν τινά to speak ill of one. 2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

dγορή, Ep. and Ion. for dγορά. Hence

aγορήθεν, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

άγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

άγορήσατο, Ep. for ήγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of άγοράομαι.

άγορητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

άγορητύς, ύος, ή, (άγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

άγορος, ό, poet. for άγορά.

äγos or άγos, εos, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence I. pollution, guilt, Lat. piaculum: also the curse which follows it. 2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

aγόs, οῦ, ὁ, (άγω) a leader, chief.

άγοστός, δ, the flat of the hand II. the hent arm, hke άγκων, άγκοίνη. (Akin to άγκων, άγνυμι.) [ἄ]

"AΓPA, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, bunting; ἄγραν ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching. II. that which is taken in hunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

άγραμματία, ή, want of learning: from

ά-γράμματος, ον, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. illiteratus, esp. unable to read or write.

II. = ἄγραφος, unwritten ἄ-γραπτος, ον, (a privat, γράφω) unwritten; ἄγρ

νόμιμα the unwritten moral law: cf. αγραφος.
αγραυλέω, f. ήσω, to be an αγραυλος, to dwell in

the fields, of shepherds.

άγρ-αυλος, ον, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ά-γράφος, ον, = άγραπτος, unwritten; άγραφοι νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are I. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

αγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing, and plur, imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like άγε, άγετε, come! come on! quick!

άγρειος, α, ον, (άγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like άγροικος. Hence

άγρειοσύνη, ή, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

'AΓΡΕΙ ΦΝΑ, ηs, ή, a barrow, rake.

άγρέμιος, ον, (άγρα) taken in bunting.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γρεσία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ γρα, spoil taken in the chase.

αγρευμα, τό, (άγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, hooty, spoil.

II. a net, toil.

άγρεύς, έως, ό, (άγρεύω) a bunter.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γρευτήρ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ρος,  $\dot{\nu}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ γρευτής.

άγρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a bunter, like ἀγρεύς. II. as Adj. used in bunting or fisbing; ἀγρ. κύνες, bounds; ἀγρ. κάλαμος a fisbing-rod.

άγρευτικός, ή, όν, fit for, skilled in bunting. From άγρεύω, f. εύσω, (άγρα) to bunt, take by bunting, catch: metaph. to bunt after, pursue eagerly.

άγρέω, Aeol. form of άγρεύω, to bunt after, pursue eagerly:—see άγρει, άγρειτε.

αγρη, ή, Ion. for άγρα.

άγριαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: 20r. ἡγρίᾶνα: (ἄγριος):-1. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry. angry, provoke.

άγρι-έλαιος, ον, (άγριος, έλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγριέλαιος, ή, a wild olive, oleaster.

άγριο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

άγριο-ποιός, όν, (άγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a

poet, writing wildly.

άγριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (άγρός) living in the fields. living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασόs, wild, savage, Lat. ferus; σῦs ἄγριος a wild boar. 3. of countries, wild, of trees, opp. to  $\tilde{\eta}\mu\epsilon\rho\sigma$ , wild. II. of men and uncultivated, unreclaimed. I. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, animals. 2. in Att. also opp to dστείοs, Lat. ferus, ferox. (as Lat. rusticus to urbanus) boorisb, rude. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, fu-III. Adv. -ίωs, also neut. pl. ἄγρια, rious. wildly, fiercely. Hence

άγριότης, ητος, ή, wildness, fierceness, Lat. feritas. άγριό-φωνος, ον, (άγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice,

like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

άγριόω, f. ώσω: aor. ήγρίωσα:-Pass, aor. ήγριώθην: pf. ήγρίωμαι: (άγριος):—to make wild or sa-II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ηγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:-of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. efferari.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γρί $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ η,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ γρε $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ φν $\mathbf{a}$ . [ $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ ]

άγρι-ώδης, ες, (άγριος, είδος) of a wild nature.

άγρι-ωπός, όν, (άγριος, ώψ) wild-looking.

άγρο-βότης, ου, δ, (άγρος, βόσκω) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

άγρο-γείτων, ονος, δ, (άγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

άγρο-δότης, ου, δ, (άγρα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty. άγρόθεν, Adv. of άγρόs, from the country.

άγροικία, ή, (άγροικος) boorisbness, coarseness.

country life, the country: pl. country bouses. αγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep to be boorisb. From

άγρ-οικος, ον, (άγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to rustic: hence 3 of fruits, grown in the coun'ry, comάστειοs. mon, opp. to yevvaios: but also 4 of land, rough, uncultivated, like appros. Hence

άγροίκωs, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

άγροιώτης, ου, ό, poët. for άγρότης, a countryman, II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρο-κόμος, ό, (ἀγρός, κομέω) a land-steward.

άγρόμενος, η, ον, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\epsilon i\rho\omega$ , assembled.

άγρόνδε, Adv. of άγρός, to the country.

**ἀγρό-νομος**, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (ἀγρός, νέμομαι) bunting the country, rural: also = αγριος, wild. 'AΓΡΟ'Σ, οῦ, δ, Lat. AGER, a field, land: also

the country, as opp. to the town.

άγρότερος, α, ον, (άγρός) poët. for άγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἄγρα) fond of the chase: hence & dyorepa, the buntress.

2. causal, to make | άγροτήρ, ηρος, δ, = άγρότης, a countryman: fem. άγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

άγρότης, ου, ό, fem. άγρότις, ιδος, (άγρός) a 2. as Adj. living in countryman, countrywoman. the country, rural, rustic.

άγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

άγρυπνέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , (άγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: άγρυπνείν τινι or είs τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. invigilare rei. Hence

άγρυπνία, ή, sleeplessness, waking, watching. αγρ·υπνος, ον, (αγρέω, ὕπνος) = αϋπνος, sleepless,

wakeful.  $\dot{a}\gamma\rho\dot{\omega}\sigma\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\gamma\rho\epsilon\dot{\nu}\omega$ , to catch.

 $\dot{a}$ γρώστης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ γρ $\dot{o}$ s) =  $\dot{a}$ γρ $\dot{o}$ της,  $\alpha$  country-II. (άγρα) a bunter: fem. άγρωστις, ιδο**s, ή, a** buntress.

αγρωστις, ios and εως, ή, a grass that mules feed

αγρώτης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \delta_1$ γρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

άγυιά, ή, (ἄγω) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town [αγυια] Hence άγυιάτης, ου, ό, = 'Αγυιεύς: νος 'Αγυιατα. [ἄγυια] άγυιατις, ιδος, ή, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. as Adj. 'Αγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

'Aγυιεύs, έωε, δ, (άγυιά) name of Apollo as guar-

dian of the streets and public places.

aγυμνασία, ή, want of exercise or training. From ά-γύμναστος, ον, (α privat., γυμνάζω) without exercise, untrained; αγύμναστός τινος unpractised in a thing, also είs or πρόs τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed. II. Adv., άγυμνάστως έχειν to be unpractised.

άγυρις, ιος, ή, Aeol. form of άγορά, a gathering,

crowd, assembly. [ă] ἀγυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

άγυρτάζω, (άγύρτης) to collect by begging. [α] άγύρτης, ου, δ, (άγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

άγυρτικός, ή, όν, like a mountebank.

άγύρτρια, ή, fem. of άγυρτήρ.

άγχέ-μαχος, ον, (άγχι, μάχομαι) fighting hand to

band; άγχ. ὅπλα arms for close fight.

"ATXI, Adv. of place, = eyyús, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἄγχιον and ἄσσον: Sup. άγχιστα, ἀγχοτάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἄγχιστος. [٢]

άγχί-ἄλοs, ον, also η, ον, (ἄγχι, ἄλs) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, seagirt, like ἀμφί-αλος.

άγχι-βάθής, έε, (ἄγχι, βαθύε) deep close to shore.

άγχι γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

άγχί-γυος, ον, (άγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring land. άγχι-θεοs, ον, (άγχι, θεόs) near the gods, i.e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

 $d\gamma \chi i$ -θύροs, ον, ( $d\gamma \chi i$ , θύρα) near the door, neighbouring. [I]

 $\dot{a}\gamma\chi\iota$ - $\mu \dot{a}\chi\eta\tau\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\Rightarrow \dot{a}\gamma\chi\dot{\epsilon}\mu a\chi os$ .

ἀγχὶ-μολος, ον, (ἄγχι, μολεῖν) coming near: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγχίμολον ἐλθεῖν οι στῆναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγχιμόλοιο from nigh at hand.

άγχι-νεφήs, έs, (άγχι, νέφοs) near the clouds.

άγχι-vola, ή, (ἄγχι, νοέω) a ready wit, shrewdness, Lat. sargeitas.

ἀγχί-νοος, ον, contr. ἀγχί-νους, ουν, (ἄγχι, νοῦς) ready of mind, sbrewd, Lat. sagax.

άγχιον, Comp. Adv. of άγχι, nearer.

άγχί-πλοος, ον, contr. άγχί-πλους, ουν, (άγχι, πλοῦς) near by sea; άγχ. πόρος a short voyage.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γχί-πολις, poët.  $\dot{\alpha}$ γχί-πτολις, εως,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\alpha}$ γχι, πόλις) near the city, dwelling in the land.

άγχί-πορος, ου, (άγχι, πορεύομαι) passing near; κόλακες άγχίποροι flatterers at one's elbow.

άγχί-πτολις, poet. for άγχί-πολιε.

άγχιστα, ν. άγχιστος.

ἀγχιστεία, ή, (άγχιστεύω) nearness of kin.
rights of kin, right of inheritance.

άγχιστεία, τά, = άγχιστεία.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γχιστεύs,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ωs,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ γχιστα) the next of kin: the beir at law.

άγχιστεύω, f. είσω, (ἄγχιστος) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be beir at law.

άγχιστήρ, ηρος, δ, poet. for άγχιστεύε, άγχιστήρ τοῦ πάθουε immediate author of the suffering.

άγχιστῖνος, η, ον, poet. lengthd. form of άγχιστος,

close-packed, in a heap.

άγχιστος, ον, Sup. Adj. (άγχι) next or nearest: άγχιστος γένει nearest of kin: neut. άγχιστον, or άγχιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, άγχιστα ξοικας most nearly like; ol άγχιστα the next of kin: freq. c. gen. as άγχιστά τινος, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

άγχι-στροφος, ον, (ἄγχι, στρέφω) turning near, quick-wheeling, of a bird.

2. quick-changing, changeable, sudden: neut. pl. ἀγχίστροφα as Adv. suddenly.

άγχι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄγχι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

άγχι-τοκος, ον, (ἄγχι, τόκος) near the birth. ἀγχόθεν, Adv. (ἀγχοῦ) from nigh at hand.

 $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\chi\delta\theta v$ , Adv.  $(\dot{\alpha}\gamma\chi\delta\theta)$  from high at band.  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\chi\delta\theta v$ , Adv.  $=\dot{\alpha}\gamma\chi\delta\theta v$ , nigh at band, c. gen.

άγχόνη, ή, (άγχω) throttling, strangling, hanging: κρείσσον άγχόνης worse than hanging; άγχόνης πέλας as bad as hanging; άγχόνη και λύπη anguish and grief.

2. a rope for hanging, halter.

άγχόνιος, α, ον, (άγχύνη) fit for strangling or

banging.

άγ-χορεύω, poët. for άνα-χορεύω.

άγχότατος, η, ου, Sup. Adj. (άγχι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. άγχοτάτω, like άγχιστα, c. gen.; οὶ άγχοτάτω προσήκουτες the nearest of kin.

άγχότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (άγχι) nearer.

'AΓΧΟΥ^ = ἄγχι, near, nigh at hand: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἄγχι.

άγχ-ώμαλος, ον, (άγχι, όμαλός) nearly equal; dγχώμαλος μάχη a doubiful battle. Adv. άγχωμάλως, also άγχώμαλα, doubifully, Lat. aeguo Marie.

"AΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ηγον, Ep. άγον, Ion. άγεσκον: fut. άξω: 20τ. 2 ήγαγον, inf. άγαγείν; less freq. 201. 1 Afa, inf. afai Ep. afémer or aféμεναι: pf. ήχα, redupl. άγήοχα - Med., fut. άξομαι: aor. Ι ήξάμην, aor. 2 ήγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. άχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. αξομαι, with pass. signf.: aor. I pass. ήχθην: pf. ήγμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτέον:---I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; άγειν καὶ φέρειν to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: άγειν είε δίκην οι δικαστήριον, οι άγειν έπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, to carry before a court of justice, Lat. rapere in jus. to lead on, lead towards; άγεν θανάτοιο τέλοσδε led on to death; c. inf., άγει θανείν it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc. 3. to bring up, train, educate, kalûs ot kaκῶς ἠχθῆναι. 4. to draw out in length; τείχος αγειν, Lat. murum ducere, to build a wall. like Lat. agere, to bold, celebrate, ἐορτήν, etc.: also to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάς, etc.: ἄγειν Blov, Lat. agere vitam, to lead a life, live. Lat. ducere, to bold, consider; έν τιμῆ ἄγειν οι ἄγε- $\sigma\theta\alpha$ , to bold in honour, etc. 7. like ξλκειν, to weigh so much, e. g. άγειν μναν, τριακοσίου δαρείkous, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 daries, etc. Med. ayouat, to lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσόν τε καὶ ἄργυρον οἴκαδ' ἄγεσθαι. 2. ἄγεσθαι yuvaika, Lat. uxorem ducere, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἄγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son. διὰ στόμα ἄγεσθαι μῦθον to let pass through the mouth, i. e. to utter. 4. ἄγεσθαί τι ές χείρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

άγωγαῖος, ον, (ἀγωγή) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

άγωγεύς, έως, δ, (ἄγω to lead) a leader, one that draws or drags.

II. that by which one leads, a rein, leash.

ἀγωγή, ή, (άγω) a leading away, a carrying away or off: also in intrans. sense, a going away.
 a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly.
 a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading of an army, guiding a state.
 4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

άγώγιμοs, ον, (άγω) easy to be carried: τὰ ἀγώγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares. It that may be carried away: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage.

III. easily led, complaisant.

αγώγιον, τό, (άγω) the load of a wagon.

άγωγός, όν, (άγω) leading, guiding: as Subst., άγωγός, ό, a guide; άγωγοί an escort. III. drawing to oneself, eli-

leading towards. citing, c. gen.: attractive, τὸ ἀγωγόν, attractiveness.

'AΓΩ'N, ωνος, ό, an assembly, like άγορά: esp. 2. a place of an assembly met to see games. assembly: a place of contest, the arena or sta-II. the assembly of the Greeks at their dium. great national games, as, άγων 'Ολυμπιάs, άγων 'Ολυμπικόs, etc.: hence the contest for a prize at 2. generally, any struggle or contheir games. 3. a battle. test, άγων περί της ψυχης. 4. an 5. metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγὼν action at law, trial. λόγων, μάχηs, etc., now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.

άγων-άρχης, ου, δ, (άγών, ἄρχω) a president or

judge of a contest.

aγωνία, ή, a struggle for victory. 2. gymnastic exercise, wrestling. 3. of the mind, agony,

anguisb.

άγωνιάω: impf. ηγωνίων: f.  $άσω [\bar{a}]$ : aor. I ηγωviāσa: pf. ηγωνίāκα:—to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι. II. to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.

άγωνίδαται, ν. άγωνίζομαι.

άγωνίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι, Att. ζούμαι, aor. 1 ήγωνι- $\sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ :—for the pass. forms see signf. II. 2:  $(\dot{\alpha} \gamma \dot{\omega} \nu)$ : -to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; άγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; άγ. περί τινου to contend for a prize; άγ. τινι or πρός Tiva to contend with one. 2. to fight. contend for the prize on the stage, act. II. to contend against in a law-suit; αγ. δίκην, γραφήν, to fight a cause to the last; αγ. φόνον to fight against a charge of murder. 2. in Pass. to be won by a bard contest, but rarely save in pf., e. g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνίδἄται (Ion. for ἡγωνισμένοι εἰσί), many battles bave been fought; so also in aor. I ηγωνίσθην.

άγωνιος, ον, (άγων) presiding over the contest or the games, as an epithet of the gods: -σχολή ἀγώνιοε

cessation from combat. [ă]

αγώνίσις, ή, (αγωνίζομαι) a contending for a prize. άγωνισμα, τό, (άγωνίζομαι) a contest for a prize, generally, a contest: in plur, achievements, exploits. II. an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction. III. that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.

**άγωνισμός**, δ. (άγωνίζομαι) rivalry.

αγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of αγωνίζομαι, one must contend.

αγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) a combatant, rival, esp. at the games: an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστήε, δευτερ-αγωνιστήε, etc. champion.

άγωνιστικός, ή, όν, (άγωνίζομαι) fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning: - h ayovi-

Adv. -κωε, άγωνιστικωε έχειν to be disposed for combat.

άγωνοθετέω, f. ήσω, to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ γωνο-θέτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\dot{\alpha}$ γών, τίθημι) a president in the games: a judge.

άδαγμός, δ, Ion. for δδαγμός, an itching, sting.

άδαημονία or άδαημοσύνη, ή, ignorance, unskilfulness in doing. From

ά-δαήμων, ον, (a privat., δαηναι) unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. μάχη**ε** ἀδαήμων: but, ἀδ. κακῶν beyond the knowledge, 1. e. reach of ill.

άδἄής, έε, (a privat., δαηναι) = foreg. unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing bow to. ά-δάητος, ον, (a privat., δαηναι) unknown.

a-δάιοs, ον, (a privat., δάιοs) Dor. for άδήιοs.

ά-δαιτος, ον, (a privat., δαίνυμαι) not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.

ά-δακρύς, v, gen. vos, (α privat., δάκρv) = άδάκρv-ΙΙ. = ἀδάκρυτος ΙΙ.

ά-δακρῦτί, Adv. without tears. From

ά-δάκρῦτος, ον, (a privat., δακρύω) without tears: I. act. not weeping, tearless. hence II. pass. unwept.

ά-δαλής, és, Dor. for ά-δήλητος.

άδαμάντινος, ον, (άδάμας) adamantine, of steel: hence, bard as adamant, stubborn. Adv. -vws.

ἀδάμαντό-δετος, ον, (ἀδάμας, δέω) iron-bound. ά-δάμας, αντος, ό, (α privat., δαμάω) unconquerable: hence I. as Subst. adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond. as Adj. inexorable.

ά-δάμαστος, ον, (a privat., δαμάζω) properly of horses, unbroken, untamable: - metaph. inexorable. ά-δάματος, ον, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, unwedded. [αδα-: but also αδ- as in α-θάνα-TOS.

ά-δάπανος, ον, (a privat., δαπάνη) without expense, costing nothing. Adv. -vws.

a-δασμος, ov, tribute-free.

ά-δαστος, ον, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. 1 of δατέopai) undivided.

άδδεές, Ep. vocat. of άδεής.

άδδηκότες, poet. for άδηκότες, pf. part. of άδέω.

 $\tilde{a}\delta\delta\eta v$ , poet, for  $\tilde{a}\delta\eta v$ .

dδδήσειε, aor. I opt. of <math>dδέω.

άδδη-φαγέω, etc., v. sub άδηφ-.

άδε, 3 sing. Ep. 2 or 2 of ανδάνω. [ă]

άδέα, Dor. poet. for ήδεια, fem. of ήδύε: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ά-δεήs, Ep. ά-δειήs, έs, Ep. voc. άδδεέs, (a privat., ξέοε) fearless, sbameless. 2. fearless, secure: τὸ άδεέs, security: --- Adv. άδεωs, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly, II. causing no fear, not formidable.

άδεια, ή, (ἀδεήε) freedom from fear, safety, secuστική (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing. rity; άδειαν διδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an amnesty; εν άδείη είναι to feel secure; μετ' άδείαs with a promise of security.

a-δειήs, és, Ep. for a-δεήs.

ά-δείμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) undaunted: c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. - Tws.

άδειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of άνδάνω.

δ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δείπνον) without food, unfed.

ά-δέκαστος, ον, (α privat., δεκάζω) unbribed. Adv.

ά-δεκάτευτος, ον, (a privat., δεκάτεύω) not tithed. ά-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) not received or II. act. not receiving, not capable of, believed. τινόε.

άδελφεά, ή, Dor. for άδελφή.

 $\dot{a}$ δελφεή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ion. for  $\dot{a}$ δελφή.

άδελφειός, δ, Ep. for άδελφός.

άδελφεο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for άδελφο-κτύνος.

άδελφεός, δ, Ep. and Ion. for άδελφός.

άδελφή, ή, fem. of άδελφύs, a sister.

άδελφιδέος, ου, contr. άδελφιδούς, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

άδελφιδή, ή, Att. contr. for άδελφιδέη, (άδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

άδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of άδελφόs, a little brother. άδελφίζω, fut. Att. ιῶ, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as bro-

άδελφικός, ή, όν, brotherly. Adv. -κω̂ς.

άδελφο-κτόνος, Ιοη. άδελφεο-κτόνος, ον, (άδελφός, κτείνω) murdering a brother or sister.

άδελφός, ( $\alpha$  copul.,  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \dot{\nu} s$ ): I. as Subst. άδελφόs, Ion. -φεόs, Ep. -φειόs, δ, a brother; in pl. άδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελφόs, ή, όν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. geminus, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

άδελφότης, ητος, ή, brotherbood, brotherly kind-2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ά-δενδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) without trees.

ά-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) awkward.

ά-δερκήs, έs, (a privat., δέρκομαι) unseen, invisible. ά-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δέρκομαι) not seeing, sightless, ὅμματα. Adv. -τωs, without looking.

d-δεσμος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) unfettered, unbound; άδεσμος φυλακή. Lat. libera custodia, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ά-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσπότης) without a master: -- of writings, anonymous.

ά-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) unbound : free.

ά-δευκήs, έs, (a privat., δεῦκοs) not sweet, sour, bitter, Lat. acerbus.

ά-δέψητος, ον, (α privat., δεψέω) untanned.

\*'AΔE'Ω, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω

has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

\*'AΔE'Ω, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. I opt. αδδήσειε or αδήσειε, may be be sated; and pf. part. άδδηκότες or άδηκότες, sated. Cf. αω, satio.

a-δήιοs, contr. a-δήοs, Dor. a-δάιοs, ον, (a privat., δήϊοs) unassailed.

ά-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

άδηλέω, (ἄδηλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ά-δήλητος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) unburt.

άδηλία, ή (άδηλοε) uncertainty.

ď-δηλοs, ov, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown, unseen, secret; άδηλόν ἐστιν εί..., or ὅτι..., it is uncertain whether ... Adv. -λωs, secretly: Sup. άδηλότατα.

άδηλότης, ητος, ή, (ἄδηλος) uncertainty.

άδημονέω, f. ήσω, to be in great distress or anguisb (Deriv. uncertain.)

άδημονία, ή, great distress or anguisb.

άδην, Ερ. άδδην, Att. άδην, Adv. (\*ἀδέω) Lat. SATIS, enough, abundantly; έδμεναι άδδην to eat their fill, of horses; άδην πολέμοιο enough of war; άδην έχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

a-δηρις, εως, δ, ή, (a privat., δηρις) without strife. ά-δηρίτος, ον, (a privat., δηρίομαι) without strife or battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable.

αδης or Aιδης, ov, o, Att., but also 'Atons [ ...]. ao and εω: -Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. Pluto: elv and els 'Atoao, Attic ev and es "Aidou (with or without δόμος), in or into the house of II. later, the grave, death.

άδήσειε, 20r. I opt. of άδέω.

άδήσω, fut. of άνδάνω.

άδη-φάγος, ον, (άδην, φάγειν) eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous.

ά-δήωτος, ον, (a privat., δηόω) not wasted.

ά-διάβάτος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) not to be crossed, impassable.

α-διάκριτος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) undistinguisbable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

ά-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) unintermitting, unceasing. Adv. -ws.

ά-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., άδιαλλάκ-TWS EXELV to be irreconcilable.

ά-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved: in-2. irreconcilable. Adv., άδιαλύτως dissoluble. Exelv to be irreconcilable.

ά-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) incompre-II. act. not understanding, silly.

d-δίαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) unwetted: - άδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's bair.

ά-διάπαυστος, ον, (α privat., διαπαύω) not to be stilled, incessant, violent.

ά-διά-πτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) not liable to error, infallible. Adv. - Tous.

ά-διάσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπάω) not torn asunder, unbroken. Adv. - Tos.

α-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat, διατρέπω) immovable, beadstrong. Adv. - Tos. Hence

άδιατρεψία, ή, immovableness, obstinacy.

ά-διάφθαρτος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible.

άδιαφθορία, ή, freedom from corruption. From ά-διάφθορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorrupt, incorruptible.

II, imperisbable.

ά-διάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) not different:

indifferent.

d-δίδακτος, ον, (a privat., δίδάσκω) of persons, untaught, unlearned, rude.

II. of things, not learnt: also, learnt without teaching.

ά-διεξέργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεξεργάζομαι) not

to be wrought out or finished.

å-διέξοδος, ον, (α privat., διέξοδος) without outlet.

II. act. unable to get out.

ά-διέργαστος, ον, (α privat., διεργάζομαι) not

worked out, unfinished.

ά-διερεύνητος, ον, (α priv., διερευνάω) unexamined. ά-διήγητος, ον, (α privat., διηγέομαι) indescribable. ά-δικαστος, ον, (α privat., δικάζω) without judgment given, undecided.

άδικειμένος, Boeot. for ηδικημένος, part. perf. pass.

of άδικέω.

άδικέω: impf. ἡδίκεον, Ion. εῦν: f. ἡσω: aor. i ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομα: pf. ἡδίκημα: (ἄδικος):—to do wrong. II. trans. c. acc. pers. to do one wrong, to wrong, injure: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι to wrong one in a thing:—Pass. to be wronged or injured.

άδίκημα, τό, (άδικέω) a wrong done, a wrong, injury, Lat. injuria: c. gen., άδ. τινος a wrong done

to one.

άδικητέον, verb. Adj. of άδικέω, one ought to do wrong.

άδίκια, ή, (ἀδικέω) a wrong, offence, = ἀδίκημα. II. injustice.

άδίκιον, τό, = άδίκημα, an act of wrong.

ά-δίκος, ον, (a privat, δίκη) of persons and things, doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust; άδικος είς τι unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person: άδικος λόγος a plea of injustice; άδικος χειρῶν ἄρξαι to begin lawless acts of violence; άδικος πλοῦτος unrighteous gain.

II. wrong, improper, ill-matched, as horses.

III. άδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἀνευ δικῶν, a day on which the courts were shut, Lat. dies nefastus. Hence

άδίκωs, Adv. without right or reason.

άδινός, ή, όν, (ἄδην) close, thick: hence 1. crowded or thronged, close-packed. 2. vebement, loud, esp. of sounds:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, vebemently, loudly; Comp. ἀδινάτερον. [ἄ]

ά-διοίκητος, ον, (α privat., διοικέω) unarranged. άδιον, Dor. for ήδιον, neut. Comp. of ήδύε.

ά-διόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθόω) not corrected: incorrigible.

ά-δίστακτος, ον, (α privat., διστάζω) without doubting. Adv. -τως.

d-διψος, ον, (a privat., δίψα) without thirst, not thirsty.

 $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$ -δμής,  $\dot{\eta}$ τος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ μητος.

άδμητις, ιδος, acc. άδμητιν, fem. of άδμης.

ά-δμητος, η, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) poët. for ἀδάματος, untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried.

άδο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄδης, βαίνω) one who has gone

to Hades. [Ba]

άδοι, 3 sing. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ά-δόκητος, ον, (α privat., δοκέω) unexpected. II. inglorious. Adv. τως, also neut. άδύκητα as Adv. unexpectedly; so also, άπὸ τοῦ άδοκήτου.

ά-δοκίμαστος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) untried,

unproved. [t]

d-δόκζμος, ον, (a privat., δόκιμος) unproved, spurious, base, mean.

11. rejected as spurious, reprobate

άδολεσχέω, fut. ήσω, to talk idly, to prate. [ā]

άδο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, also άδό-λέσχος, ου, (άδος, λέσχη) a prating fellow. II. in good sense, a keen, subtle reasoner.  $[\bar{a}]$  Hence

άδολεσχία, ή, prating, frivolity. II. keenness,

subtlety. [a] Hence

άδολεσχικός, ή, όν, disposed to prate, frivolous. [ā] ά-δολος, ον, guileless, artless: in Att. esp. of treaties, without disbonest intent. II. of liquids, unmixed, pure. Adv. -λως, without fraud.

άδον, Ep. for ξαδον, 20r. 2 of άνδάνω.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}\delta\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ , impf. of  $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}\delta\omega$ .

ά-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δον  $\epsilon \omega$ ) not sbaken.

 $\dot{a}\delta ovis$ ,  $\dot{b}os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poet, for  $\dot{a}\eta\delta ovis$ .  $[\bar{a}]$ 

ά-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) unexpected. Il not matter of opinion, i. e. certain.

αδοξέω, f. ήσω, (άδοξος) to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute.

II. trans. to bold in no esteem.

Hence

άδοξία, ή, ill repute, dishonour.

**ἄ-δσξος**, ον, (α privat., δόξα) disreputable, disgraceful. 2. obscure, ignoble.

"AΔOΣ, εοι, τό, satisty, loathing.

άδοs, εοs, τό, Dor. for ήδοs, joy.

ά-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) without gifts.

**ἄ-δουλος**, ον, (a privat., δοῦλος) without slaves, unattended, deserted.

ά-δούλωτος, ον, (α privat., δουλύω) unenslaved.

ά-δούπητος, ον, (a privat., δουπέω) noiseless.

άδράνεια, Ερ. άδρανίη, ή, inactivity. From ά-δρανής or ά-δρανεής, ές, (α privat., δραίνω) in-

a-opavηs or a-opaveηs, εs, (a privat., opaiva) inactive, listless, feeble. 'Αδράστεια, Ion. 'Αδρήστεια, ή, a name of Neme-

Aδράστεια, Ion. Αδρηστεια, η, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Nέμεσιs, not to be escaped, as if from διδράσκω, cf. sq.

α-δραστος, Ion. α-δρηστος, ον, (α privat., διδράσκω) not running away, not inclined to run away.

ά-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) unplucked.

ά-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ά-δραστος.

'Aδρίαs, ov, Ion. 'Αδρίηs, εω, ô, the Adriatic Sea. Hence

'Αδριατικός and 'Αδριηνός, ή, όν, of the Adriatic. ά-δρίμυς, υ, (α privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent. άδρόομαι, Pass. (άδρός) to grow ripe: to come to one's strength.

'AΔPO'Ž, ά, όν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

άδροσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = sq.

άδροτήε, ήτοε, ή, (άδρόε) stoutness: ripeness, fulness, esp. of the body.

II. abundance,

άδρύνω, (άδρόs) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe. άδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ήδύ-.

α-δυναμία, ή, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength, form.
weakness: poverty.
αει-

ά-δυνάσία, ή, = άδυναμία.

άδυνατέω, f. ήσω, (ἀδύνατος) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence

 $\dot{a}\delta\dot{v}v\dot{a}\tau\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}\delta vva\mu\dot{a}$ .

ά-δύνάτος, ον, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2. absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossibility.

III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [v]

άδύς, έα, ύ, Dor, for ήδύς.

α-δύτος, ον, (α privat., δύω) not to be entered: hence as Subst. ἄδυτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or sbrine, Lat. adytum: also ἄδυτος, δ.

άδω, Att. contr. for ἀείδω, q. v.

άδών, όνος, ή, Dor, for ἀηδών, the nightingale. [ā]

'Αδώνια, τά, the mourning for Adonis. 'Αδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

'Αδωνιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, the mourning for Adonis.

"Aδωνις, ιδος, δ, Adonis. 2. 'Αδώνιδος κῆποι, pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [α]

α-δώρητος, ον, (α privat., δωρέομαι) = ά-δωρος. α-δωροδόκητος, ον, (α privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq. Adv.  $-\tau$ ως.

α-δωροδόκος, ov, unbribed, incorruptible.

a-δωρος, ον, (a privat., δωρον) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—āδωρα δωρα gifts that are no gifts.

II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

a-δώτης, ου, δ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives

nothing.

άέ, Dor. for ἀεί. |ŭ]

a-εδνος, ον, (a privat., εδνα) undowered.

ἀεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἀεθλέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον. ἀεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

αίθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for αθλον: properly neut.

ἀέθλιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἄεθλον) running for the prize; ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse; ἀέθλιον μῆλον the apple of discord.

ἄεθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλον.

deθλος, δ, Ep. and Ion. for dθλος.

ἀεθλο-φόρος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φόρος.

del, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' del ever up to this time: also els del or elσael. With the Artic.

ό ἀεὶ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whose is ruler; ὁ ἀεὶ βασιλεύs the reigning king. Besides ἀεί the Ion. and poet. forms alεί and alέν are very common: in Dor. also alέs, ἀέs, and ἀέ.

ἀεί-βολος, ον, (ἀεί, βάλλω) continually thrown. ἀει-γενέτης, poet. αἰει-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀεί, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like alèv ἐύντες, ενετ

existing, immortal.

άει-γενής, ές, Att. for άει-γενέτης.

deide, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of deide. d-eldedos, ov, (a privat., \* είδω) unseen, dark.

ά-ειδής, έε, (a privat., \* είδω) unseen, without bodily form. II. (a privat., είδέναι) unknown, obscure. ἀει-δίνητος, ον, (ἀεί, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῖ]

'AEI'ΔΩ, Att. contr. ἄδω: impf. ἡειδον, Ēp. ἀειδον, Att. ἡδον: fut. ἀείσομαι, Att. ἀσομαι, Dor. ἀσεῦμαι; rarely ἀείσω, Att. ἀσω, Dor. ἀσῶ: aor. 1 ἡεισα, Etaeισα, Att. ἡσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡσθην: pf. ἦσμαι:—to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. Il. trans.:—I. c. acc, rei, to sing, chaunt, descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3. Pass. to resound with song.

del-ζωος, ον, Att. contr. del-ζως, ων, (del, ζωή)

everliving, everlasting.

ἀει-θαλής, έs, (ἀεί, θάλος) ever-green.

ά-εικείη or -ίη [ī], Att. contr. aiκία [ī], ή, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ά-εικέλιος, a,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , poet, form for sq.: contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. -ίωs.

ά-εικής, έε, Att. contr. alkής, έε, (a privat., εἶκοε) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. άεικέε as Adv. in unseemly manner.

ά-εικίη,  $\hat{\eta}$ , := ἀεικείη. ἀεικίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att.  $-i\hat{\omega}$ : 20r. I  $\hat{\eta}$ είκισα, Ep. ἀείκισσα:—Ep. 20r. pass. inf. ἀεικισθηναι: (ἀεικήs):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

del-κίνητος, ον, (del, κινέω) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [τ]

άεικισθήμεναι, 20r. I pass. inf. of άεικίζω.

αείκισσα, ἀεικισσάμην, Ερ. 201. I act. and med. of ἀεικίζω.

ἀεικιῶ, Att. fut. of ἀεικίζω.

ἀεικῶς, Ion. ἀεικέως, Adv. of ἀεικής, sbamefully.

ἀεί-λάλος, ον, (ἀεί, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

ἀειλογία, ή, as Att. law-term, την ἀειλογίαν παρέχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From ἀει-λόγος, ον, (ἀεί, λέγω) always talking.

del-μνηστος, ον, also η, ον, (del, μιμνήσκομαι) had in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τωε.

del-vaos, ov, contr. del-vws,  $\omega v$ ,  $(del, v d\omega) = d e vaos,$ 

ever-flowing.

del-vyorus, cos, o, n, over-fasting.

del-πλάνος, ον, (del, πλανάομαι) ever-wandering. despa, Ep. for ήειρα, nor. I of delpa.

delpai, aor. I inf. of delpa.

del-poos, ov, contr. del-pous, ouv, = sq. åel-ρύτος, ον, (ἀεί, ρέω) ever-flowing.

'AEI'PΩ, Att.  $\alpha \tilde{l} \rho \omega$ : fut.  $\delta \rho \hat{\omega}$  [ $\tilde{a}$ ], contr. from depŵ: aor. I act. ήειρα, Ep. άειρα. - Med., fut. άροῦμαι [ā], contr. from ἀεροῦμαι: aor. Ι ἡειράμην.... Pass., aor. 1 ή έρθην, Ep. ά έρθην: pf. ή ερμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plapf. αωρτο: for the Att. forms, v. αίρω:-to lift, beave, raise up, hence to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder: but also, to band, offer: -Med. to lift up for oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself :- Pass. to be bung up, to bang; μάχαιρα παρά ξίφεος κουλεόν αωρτο the dagger bung beside the sword sheath. to raise or stir up; αείρασθαι τὰ Ιστία to boist sail: Pass. to raise up, arise.

decora, Ep. aor. I of deίδω.

deîσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of aημι.

**α̃εισι**, 3 pl. of αημι.

άεισμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ασμα, as αείδω for άδω. αείσομαι, fut. of αείδω.

άει-φάνής, έε, (άεί, φανηναι) ever-shining or appearing.

ἀεί-φρουρος, ον, (ἀεί, φρουρά) ever-watched or everwatching, ever-wakeful.

dει-φυγία, ή, (dεί, φυγή) exile for life.

άει-χρόνιος, ον, (άεί, χρύνος) everlasting.

ἀεκαζόμενος, η, ον, (ἀέκων) unwilling, resisting; πόλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's multa reluctans.

ά-εκήλιος, ον, for άεικέλιοε.

άέκητι or άεκητί, (άέκων) Ep. Adv. against the will, often in Homer c. gen.; σεῦ ἀέκητι, Lat. te invito; θεων άξκητι, Lat. Diis non propitiis.

ά-εκούσιος, ον, also a, ον, Att. contr. άκούσιος, ον, (a privat., ἐκούσιοs) against the will, forced, invo-

ά-έκων. Att. contr. ακων [a], ουσα, ον, (a privat. έκων) against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose.

άέλιος, Dor. for πέλιος, ήλιος.

ἄελλα, Ep. ἀέλλη, ηs, ή, (ἄω, ἄημι) a stormy wind, a wbirlwind. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion [ăe]

άελλαιοs, a, ον, (άελλα) stormy, swift as the storm.

 $\dot{a} \in \lambda \lambda \dot{a} s$ ,  $\dot{a} \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta} = \dot{a} \in \lambda \lambda a \hat{a} o s$ .

άελλής, έε, (ἄελλα) eddying. άελλο-μάχος, ον, (ἄελλα, μάχομαι) struggling with the storm. [a]

άελλό-πος, Homeric form of sq.

άελλό-πους, δ, η, πουν, τ δ, gen. ποδος, (ἄελλα, πούε) storm-footed, swift as the storm, only found in Ep. form άελλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πουλύ-πος, etc.; dat. pl. ἀελλοπόδεσσιν.

άελπτέω, (ἄελπτος) to be without hope, to despair. ά-ελπτής, ές, (a privat., έλπομαι) unboped for, unexpected.

άελπτία, ή, an unlooked for event: ἐξ ἀελπτίης, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly. 2. despair.

From

ά-ελπτος, ον, (a privat., έλπομαι) unlooked for, un- ποτάομαι) bovering on high.

expected: to be despaired of: ἄελπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. unexpectedly. II. act. bopeless, desperate. άελπτωs, Adv. of άελπτήs, unexpectedly.

άέ-ναος, ον, also Ep. ἀεί-ναος, contr. ἀεί-νως, ων, (ἀεί, νάω) ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, neverfailing. Adv. - áws.

 $\dot{a} \in -\nu \dot{a} \omega \nu$ , ovoa, ov,  $= \dot{a} \notin \nu aos$ .

άέντες, part. pl. of άημι.

ἀεξί-γυιος, ον, (ἀέξω, γυιον) strengthening the limbs.  $\dot{\alpha} \in \xi(-vous, ov, contr. \dot{\alpha} \in \xi(-vous, ov, (\dot{\alpha} \in \xi\omega, voos))$ strengthening the mind.

ἀεξί-φυλλος, ον, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) making leaves grow, leafy.

ἀεξί-φύτος, ον, (ἀέξω, φυτόν) making plants grow. 'AE'ΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for AΥ'ΞΩ, αὐξάνω, Lat. AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres. and impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀεξήσω, aor. Ι ἡέξησα; fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, pf. pass. ἡέξημαι:-to make to grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to beighten, multiply :- Pass. and Med. to increase, wax great : prosper.

άεργείη or -ίη [τ], Ion. for άεργία.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}} - \epsilon \mathbf{p} \gamma \dot{\mathbf{\eta}} \mathbf{s}, \ \dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{s}, = \dot{\mathbf{a}} - \epsilon \mathbf{p} \gamma \dot{\mathbf{s}} \mathbf{s}.$ 

άεργία, Ion. -ίη [t], ή, a not working, idleness. 2. of a field, a lying fallow or waste. From ά-εργός, contr. άργός, ζν, (α privat., \*έργω) not working, idle. Adv. -γω̂s.

άέρδην, contr. άρδην, Adv. (άείρω) lifting up.

άερθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀείρω.

αερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ή έρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of deipw: depon, 3 sing. of same tense

άέριος, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, Ion. ήέριος,  $\eta$ , ον, (άήρ, ήρ, ηρι) in mist, or thick air: cloudy. II. in the air, bigh in air.

α-ερκτος, ον, (a privat, έργω) unfenced, open. άεροβάτεω, f. ήσω, to tread in air, walk the air.

From άερο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀήρ, βαίνω) one who treads in air. άερο-δινής, Ιοπ. ήερο-δινής, ές, (άήρ, δινέω) wheel-

dερο-δόνητος, ον, (dήρ, δονέω) tossed in mid air, soaring.

αεροδρομέω, f. ήσω, to traverse air. From

άερο-δρόμος, ov, traversing air.

ing in air.

άερο-ειδής, ές, (άήρ, είδος) like the sky or air, misty: see ή εροειδήs.

άερο-κόραξ, ἄκοε, δ, an air-raven.

άερο-κώνωψ, ωποε, δ, an air-gnat.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ερο-μάχία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}\dot{\eta}\rho$ , μ $\dot{a}\chi\eta$ ) a battle in the air.

άερο-μετρέω, f. ήσω, (άήρ, μετρέω) to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation.

άερο-νηχής, ές, (ἀήρ, νήχομαι) floating in air, of the clouds.

άέρρω, Acol. for δείρω.

άερσι-κάρηνος, ον, (άείρω, κάρηνον) carrying the bead bigb. [Ka]

άερσι-πότης, ov, o, and άερσι-πότητος, ov, (άείρω,

άερσί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀείρω, πούς) | lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.

**ἀερτάζω**, poët. form of ἀείρω, to lift up: impf. ή έρταζον.

deρτάω, = deρτάζω: -aor. Ι ή έρτησα: pf. pass. ή έρ-

des, Dor. for del. [a]

άεσα, I pl. αέσαμεν and ασαμεν, 3 pl. αεσαν, inf. άέσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root άέω, = εὕδω, to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄημι, ἰαύω, ἀωτέω.

άεσιφροσύνη, ή, silliness, folly, in plur. άεσιφροσύναι. From

ἀεσί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) injured in

mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [a]

'AETO'Σ or aleτόs, also poët. alητόs, οῦ, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ā]

άετ-ώδης, ες, (άετός, είδος) eagle-like. [ā]

\*'AE'Ω, to sleep, v. ắεσα.

"AZA, \$\delta\$, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub ãζω.)

άζαλίοs, a, ov, (άζω) pass. dry, parched: hence II. act. parching, scorching. bar b, cruel.

άζάνω, (άζω) to dry or parch up.

aζηλία, ή, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From α-ζηλος, ον, like άζήλωτος, unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.

ά-ζήλωτος, ον, (a privat., ζηλόω) not to be envied. ά-ζήμιος, ον, (a privat., ζημία) without loss, scotfree: not deserving punishment: - Adv. -iws, with impunity. 2. not amounting to punishment, barmless.

άζηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of άζω.

ά-ζήτητος, ον, (a privat., ζητέω) unexamined.

άζηχήs, és, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv. åζηχές, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. bard, rough. (Deriv. uncertain.)

a-ζύγοs, ον, = a-ζυξ, ill-matched: unmarried. ά-ζυμος, ον, (a privat., ζύμη) unleavened: τὰ άζυμα,

the feast of unleavened bread.

a-ζυξ, υγος, δ, ή, (a privat, ζυγήναι) unyoked, unpaired: unmarried, unwedded.

"AZΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched

up, pine away through grief.
AZΩ, mostly used as Dep. άζομαι, and only in pres. and impf.: to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of doing; or μή ..., to fear lest:-absol. to be awestruck.—Cf. σέβω.

ά-ζωστος, ον, (α privat., ζώννυμι) ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.

 $\tilde{a}$ η, 3 sing, impf. of  $\tilde{a}$ ημι.

ά-ηδήs, έs, (a privat., ήδοs) unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

άηδία, ή, (άηδήε) a being displeased, disgust, dislike. II. unpleasantness, odiousness.

aηδονιδεύs, έωs, Ep. gen. η̂os, δ, a young nightingale. immortal.

anδόνιος, ον, (anδών) of or belonging to a nightingale. άηδονίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = άηδών, a nightingale.

άηδώ, οῦs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ἀηδών, a nightingale. ἀηδών, ή, Att. δ, gen. ἀηδόνος οτ ἀηδοῦς, (ἀείδω)

a nightingale; properly the songstress. ἀηδωs, Adv. of ἀηδήs, ἀηδωs έχειν to be unfriendly. άήθεια, Ion. άηθίη [ī], ή, (άήθη) unaccustomed-

ness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: άήθ. τινόs inexperience of a thing.

άηθέσσω, poet. for άηθέω, to be unaccustomed to a

thing, c. gen.: impf.  $d\eta\theta\epsilon\sigma\sigma\sigma\nu$ .

a-ήθηs, εs, (a privat., ήθοs) unwonted, unusual, strange:—Adv.  $-\theta \omega s$ . 2. unused to a thing, c. II. without \$θos or character.

 $\dot{a}$ ηθίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ήθεια, q. v.

aηθίζομαι, Dep. (aήθηs) to be unaccustomed.

άήθωs, Adv. of άήθηs, unexpectedly. άημα, τό, (άημι) a blast, wind.

άήμεναι, Ep. for άηναι, inf. of άημι.

"AHMI, 3 sing. ἄησι, 3 dual ἄητον (not ἄετον), 3 pl. άεισι; imper. 3 sing. άήτω; inf. άῆναι, Ep. άήμεναι; part. deis: Ep. 3 sing. impf. an, 3 pl. aeσav:-Pass. άημαι, part. άήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. άητο:-to breathe bard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence to be spread abroad.

άηναι, inf. of άημι.

άήρ, ἀέρος, ή, Att. ό, Ion. and Ep. άήρ or ήήρ, i, έροs, ή:- in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp. to alθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. Il. 14. 288: hence misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air. (From \*αω, αημι.) [α]

αησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (αημι) = αημα, a blowing. [α]ά-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (a privat., ήσσάoual) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.

anσύλος, for αίσυλος, wicked.

άήσυρος, ον, (\*αω, άημι) light as air: little.  $\dot{a}\dot{\eta}\tau\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \dot{a}\dot{\eta}\tau\eta s$ .

άήτηs, ου, ὁ, (άω, ἄημι) a blast, gale, wind.

άητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of άημι.

aητον, 3 dual pres. of aημι.

άητος, ον, an old word, only in Il. 21. 395, prob. from anu, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible; ср. аїηтов.

άήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of άημι.

ά-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., θάλασσα) without sea, inland.

ά-θάλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ον, (a privat., θαλασσόω) never baving been at sea.

a-θαλήs, έs, (a privat., θάλοs) not verdant.

ά-θαλπήs, és, (a privat., θάλποs) without warmth.

ά-θαμβήs, és, (a privat., θάμβοs) fearless.

άθανασία, ή, (άθάνατος) immortality.

άθανατίζω, (άθάνατος) to make immortal:-Pass. to become or be immortal. II. to bold oneself II.

**d.θάνατοs**, ov, also η, ov, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to θνητόs and βροτόs:—hence άθάνατοι, oi, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

d-θαπτος, ον, (a privat., θάπτω) unburied.

unworthy of burial.

άθάρη, also άθήρη, ή, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [αθα-]

ά-θαρσής, ές, (a privat., θάρσος) discouraged.

ά-θαύμαστος, ον, (α privat., θαυμάζω) not wondering at anything. Adv. –τως. II. not admired. ά-θέπτος, ον, (α privat., θεάομαι) unseen, invisible:

cret. II. act. not seeing, blind to.

aθεεί, Adv. (αθεος) without the aid of God.

ά-θείαστος, ον, (α privat., θειάζω) uninspired. ά-θελκτος, ον, (α privat., θέλγω) implacable.

α-θεμις, ιτος, δ, ή, lawless.

ά-θεμίστιος, ά-θέμιστος, and ά-θέμιτος, ον, (a privat., θέμις) lawless, without law or government, godless, Lat. nefarius. Adv. -τως.

4-9 cos, ov, without God, denying the gods: generally, godless, ungodly. II. abandoned by the

gods. Hence.

ά-θεότης, ητος, ή, godlessness, ungodliness.

dθεράπευσία, ή, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

**ἀ-θεράπευτος**, ον, (α privat., θεράπεύω) not attended to, neglected. II. unbealed, incurable.

ά-θερίζω: Ep. 201. I άθεριξα or -ισσα: (a privat., θερω = θεραπεύω):—to slight, make light of, Lat. nihil curare, c. 200.

**ά-θέρμαντος**, ον, (a privat,, θερμαίνω) unheated; not

excited by passion.

d-θερμος, or, without warmth.

άθεσία, ή, (άθετος) unsteadiness, fickleness.

α-θεσμος, ov, lawless.

å-θέσφάτος, ον, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ά-θετέω, f. ήσω, (ἄθετος) to set aside, disregard. άθέτησις, εως, ή, (ἀθετέω) abolition, rejection.

α-θετος, ον, (a privat.,  $\tau l\theta \eta \mu l$ ) not placed, set aside, useless:—Adv.  $d\theta \ell \tau \omega s = d\theta \ell \sigma \mu \omega s$ , lawlessly.

dθέως, Adv. of άθεος, in a godless manner.

d-θηλος, ον, (a privat., θηλή) unsuckled, weaned.
d-θηλυντος, ον, (a privat., θηλύνω) not made womanish: masculine.

'Αθηνά, α̂s, η, contr. from 'Αθηνάα or 'Αθηναία, Ion. 'Αθήνη, 'Αθηναίη, Dor. 'Αθάνα, 'Αθαναία, Aeol. 'Αθηνάα, Atbena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

'Alhvale, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

'Αθήναι, ων, al, the city of Athens, used in pl like Θήβαι, Μυκήναι, because it consisted of several parts. 'Αθηναίον, τό, ('Αθηναί) the temple of Athena.

'Aθηναΐοs, a, ov, (Αθηνα̂) Athenian, of or from Athens.

'Αθήνηθεν or -θε, Adv. from Athens.

'Αθήνησι, Adv. at Atbens.

άθηνιάω, to long to be at Athens.

'Aθήνοθεν, Adv. from Athens.

AOHP, \(\xi\rho\)s, \(\delta\), the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. spica.

II. the point or barb of a weapon. [\(\vec{a}\)]

ά-θήρατος, ον, (a privat., θηράω) not to be caught. ά-θήρευτος, ον, (a privat., θηρεύω) not bunted.

ἀθηρη-λοιγός,  $\delta$ , (ἀθήρ, λοιγός) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. ἀθηρό-βρωτος.

άθηρό-βρωτος, ον, (άθήρ, βιβρώσκω) devouring ears of corn: άθηρόβρωτον ύργανον a winnowing fan.

of corn: ασηροβρώτον οργάνον α winnowing fan. α-θηρος, ον, (α privat., θήρ) without wild beasts or game.

ά-θησαύριστος, ον, (α privat., θησαυρίζω) not fit

for boarding up.

ά-θίγής, ές, (a privat.,  $\theta_i \gamma \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ ) = άθικτος.

α-θικτος, ον, (α privat., θιγγάνω) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; κερδών άθικτοι untainted by money; also c dat. νόσοις άθικτοι. 2. not to be touched, holy, sacred. II. act. not touching.

άθλεύω, contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω: fut. εύσω: (ἄθλοε):
—to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle.

2. to

struggle, endure, suffer.

άθλεω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήθλησα: pf. ήθληκα: (ἄθλοs):

to contend for a prize.

II. to be an athlete.

αθλημα, τό, (άθλέω) a contest, struggle. II. an implement of labour.

άθλησις, εως, ή, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, bard trial.

 $\dot{a}\theta\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}\rho$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\rho\sigma s$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ , older form of  $\dot{a}\theta\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}s$ .

άθλητής, contr. from  $d\epsilon\theta\lambda\eta\tau\eta$ s,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(d\theta\lambda\epsilon\omega)$  a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. athleta. II. generally one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

αθλιος, α, ον, also os, ον, contr. from αέθλιος, (αεθλον, αθλον) subject to the toils of conflict: hence

generally, wretched, Lat. miser. Hence

άθλιότης, ητος, ή, suffering, wretchedness. άθλο-θετήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $(\hat{a}\theta$ λον,  $\tau$ ίθη $\mu$ ι) =  $\hat{a}\theta$ λοθέτης. άθλο-θέτης, ου,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $(\hat{a}\theta$ λον,  $\tau$ ίθη $\mu$ ι) one who awards

άθλο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἆθλον, τίθημι) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also βραβεύs.

\*ΑΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. ἄεθλον, the prize of

contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence.

II. in plur. also = āθλοι, a contest, combat.

AΘΛΟΣ, δ, contr. from Ep. åeθλοι, a contest either

in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

 $d\theta \lambda o \sigma \dot{v} v \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $d\theta \lambda o s$ .

άθλο-φόρος, ον, (ἄθλον, φέρω) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

a-θoλos, ov, (a privat., θολόs) not muddy, clear.

å-θόλωτος, ον, (a privat., θολόω) not muddied, untroubled.

ἀ-θορύβητος, ον, (a privat., θορυβέω) undisturbed.
 ἀ-θόρύβος, ον, (a privat., θύρυβος) without uproar,
 undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. -βως.

ά-θραυστος, ον, (a privat., θραύω) unbroken.

'AΘPE'Ω, Att. Δθρέω: f. ήσω: aor. 2 ήθρησα:—
to look closely at, gaze at, observe.
2. later, of the
mind, to consider, think on, ponder:—esp. in pres.
and aor. 1 imperat. άθρει, άθρησον, see, look, consider.

άθρητέον, verb. Adj. of άθρέω, one must consider. άθροίζω or άθροίζω: f. σω: aor. 1 ήθροισα:—Pass.,

aupoisω or apoisω: f. σω: aor. I ήθροισα:—Pass., aor. I ήθροίσθην: pf. ήθροισμα: (ἀθρόσs):—to gather together, collect, esp. to levy forces; πνεῦμα ἀθροίζειν to collect one's breath:—Pass. to be gathered or crowded together: of armies, to muster: φόβος ήθροισται fear bas gathered, i. e. bas arisen.

άθροισις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\theta \rho o \dot{\zeta} \omega)$  a gathering, levying.  $\dot{\alpha}\theta \rho o i \sigma \mu a$ ,  $\dot{\tau}\dot{\phi}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\theta \rho o \dot{\zeta} \omega)$  that which is gathered, a

gathering, collection.

άθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of άθροίζω, one must collect. άθρόος,  $\alpha$ , ov, old Att. άθρους, ouv: Comp. άθροωτέρος, later άθρούστερος: (ἄμα, θρόος) assembled in crowds, collected together: άθρόοι in crowds. II. all at once, once for all; τὸ άθρόοι the whole body, the mass: collective; άθρόα πάντ ἀπέτισεν he paid the penalty of all at once:—Adv. άθρόον and άθρώος, at once, suddenly.

III. immense, vast: also continuous, incessant.

**ἄ-θρυπτος**, ον, (a privat., θρύπτω) unbroken, imperisbable. II. not enervated.

άθυμέω, f. ήσω, (ἄθυμος) to be disheartened, to despond at or for a thing.

άθυμητέον, verb. Adj. of άθυμέω, one must lose beart.

άθυμία, ή, (ἄθυμος) want of beart, faintheartedness, despondency.

**α-θυμος**, ov, without beart or spirit, spiritless, faint-bearted. Adv., ἀθύμως ἔχειν to be despondent.

άθυρμα, τό, (ἀθύρω) a plaything or toy: a delight. άθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foreg., a little toy, a pet. άθυρό-γλωττος, ον, (άθυρος, γλωττα) unable theep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer. άθυρος, ον, (α privat., θύρα) without a door.

ἀθῦρό-στομος, ον, (ἄθυρος, στόμα) = ἀθυρόγλωττος, babbling, of Echo.

d-θυρσος, ον, (a privat., θύρσος) without thyrsus. 'ΑΘΥ'ΡΩ, to play, amuse oneself. II. c. acc. to

play at a thing, do it in play. [ἄθῦ] ἀ-θύρωτος, ον, (α privat., θὕρόω) not closed by a

door.
d-θύτος, ον, (a privat., θύω) not offered, not to be

offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unballowed.

II. act. without sacrificing.

d-θφοs, ον, (a privat, θψή) unpunished, scotfree. 2. c. gen. free from the penalty of, ἀθφου πληγῶν. II. act. harmless.

ά-θώπευτος, ον, (a privat., θωπεύω) without flattery: hence, rough, rude

ά-θωράκιστος, ον, (a privat., θωρακίζω) without breastplate.

"Aθωs, ω, Ep. 'Aθόωs, όω, δ, Mount Athos. al, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for εl, if.

al, Exclam. of strong desire, O that I would that! Lat. utinam, in Hom. always al γάρ. See αίθε.

AI'A, ή, gen. alηs, poët. for γαια, γη, earth, land. alaγμα, τό, a wailing cry, lament. From

aláğu, f. fu, to cry alaî or ab! to wail, and c. acc. to bewail.

aiaî, Exclam. alas! Lat. vae.

alaκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of aláζω, lamentable. aiāνής, lon atηνής, ές, prob. from aléi, and so properly, everlasting, never-ending: hence wearisome, irksome: then generally, dismal, borrible.

Alaντίδηs, ου, ό, (Alas, gen. -αντοs) son of Ajax. II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe Alaντίs, named after the Hero.

aiāvŵs, Adv. (alavhs) for ever.

Aίαs, αντοε, δ, Ep. voc. Aίαν, Ajax.

aißoi, faugh! exclam. of disgust or astonishment.

αίγ-αγρος, δ, (αίξ, άγρόε) a wild goat

Aiγαῖοs, a, ov, Aegaean: Aiγαῖον πέλαγοs the Aegaean sea, also called Aiγαίων, ωνοs, δ. αiγανέη, ή, (αίξ) a bunting-spear, javelin.

αίγειος, a Ion. η, ον, (αίξ) lengthd. for αίγεις, of a goat or goats, Lat. caprinus: 2s Subst. αίγείη (sub. δορά), ή, a goat's skin

AITEIPOΣ, ή, the black poplar, Lat. populus: cf. λεύκη.

αἰγ-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (αῖξ, ἐλαψνω) a goatberd. [ἄ] αῖγεος, α, ον, = αῖγειος.

aiγἴαλίτης, ου, ό, fem. îτις, ιδος, on the shore. From aiγἴαλός, ό, (ἀίσσω, ἄλε) the sea-shore, heach, strand. aiγί-βοσις, εως, ή, (αίξ, βόσκω) a goat-pasture. aiγἴ-βότης, ου, ό, (αίξ, βότης) feeding goats.

αίγί-βοτος, ον, (αίξ, βόσκω) browsed by goats. αίγί-θαλλος, δ, a bird, the tit, Lat. parus.

aiyi-κνημος, ον, (αίξ, κνήμη) goat-shanked. aiyi-κορεις, έων, οι, (αίξ, κορέννυμι) feeders of goats,

alyl-κορείς, έων, οἰ, (alf, κορεννυμι) feeders of goals goalberds.

aiγί-λιψ, ἴποε, ὁ, ἡ, (αἴξ, λιπεῖν) properly, deserted even by goats: hence steep, sheer [γῖ]

αίγίλος, ή, (αίξ) an berb of which goats are fond. αίγι-νόμος, ον, (αίξ, νέμω) browsed by goats. 2. as Subst., αίγινόμος, δ, a goatherd.

alγί-oxos, ον, (alγίs, έχω) aegis-bearing. alγί-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (ale, πούε) goat-footed.

αίγί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, = αἰγιπόδης. αἰγί-πῦρος,  $\delta$ , (aiξ) a plant with a red flower, of

which goats were fond.

alγίς, ίδος, ή, the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described in Il. 5. 738; (from άισσω, to rush or move violently): hence 2. later a rushing storm, burricane, ternble as the shaken aegis.

II. from αίξ, a goatskin coat.

alylonos, o, Dim. of alf, a little goat.

αίγλάεις, Dor. for αίγλήεις. αίγλας, αντος, contr. for αίγλάεις.

AITAH, \$\hat{\eta}\$, the light of the sun, daylight: any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal.

metaph. splendour, glory. Heave

aivλήεις, εσσα, εν, beaming, radiant. alγλο-φανής, έε, (αίγλη, φανηναι) beaming: brilliant, lustrous. αίγο-βοσκός, όν, (αίξ, βόσκω) tending goats: as

Subst. a goatherd.

αίγό-κερως, ων, gen. ω, also αίγοκέρως, ωτος, δ, II. as Subst, αίγό-(αίξ, κέραs) goat-borned. κερωs, δ, Capricorn in the Zodiac.

**αίγο-νόμοs**,  $\delta$ , = αἰγινόμο**s**, a goatherd.  $ai\gamma$ - $\delta v u \xi$ ,  $\ddot{v} \chi o s$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(ai\xi, \ddot{\delta} v u \dot{\xi}) = ai\gamma \hat{\omega} v u \xi$ .

αίγο-πόδης, δ, = αίγιπόδηs.

αίγο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αίξ, πρίσωπον) goat-faced. αίγο-τριχέω, f. ήσω, (αίξ, θρίξ) to bave goat's bair. aiγυπιόs, δ, (γύψ) a vulture, Lat. vultur. Λίγυπτιάζω, f. άσω, to speak Egyptian.

Aίγυπτιστί, Adv. in the Egyptian tongue. like an Egyptian, craftily.

Αίγυπτο-γενής, έε, (Αίγυπτος, γένος) of Egyptian

Αίγυπτος, δ, the river Nile. ΙΙ. Αίγυπτοε, ή, Egypt: as Adv., Αίγυπτόνδε, to Egypt. aly-ωνυξ, υχοι, δ, ή, (alf, ονυξ) goat-boofed.

'Atoas, Dor. for 'Alons, "Alons.

aίδειο, Ep. for αίδεο, αίδου, pres. imperat. of αίδέ-

ΑΙ'ΔΕ'ΟΜΑΙ: fut. αἰδέσομαι, Ερ. -έσσομαι: 201. I ηδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αίδεσσαι; also in pass. form ηδέσθην, Ep. 3 pl αἴδεσθεν: Dep.:—to feel shame, be ashamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:-c. inf. to be asbamed or afraid to do a thing. 2. as Att. law-term, to feel pity for, hence to pardon, esp. in aor. I αίδέσασθαι.

αίδεσθεν, for αἰδέσθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

αίδέσθητι, aor. I imper. of αίδέομαι.

αίδέσιμος, ον, (αίδέσμαι) venerable.

αίδεσις, εωε, ή, (αἰδέομαι) reverence, compassion. αίδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αίδέομαι.

**ά-ίδηλος**, ον, (a privat., ίδειν) making unseen: hence annibilating, destroying. II. pass. unseen, unknown, obscure.

αίδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αίδέομαι) bashful, modest: Sup. αίδη μον έστερος. Adv. -μύνως.

ά-ιδήs, έs, (a privat., ίδειν) unseen: destroyed. 'Αίδης, εω, δ, Att. ''Αιδης or αίδης, ου, (ἀιδής) Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto.

atocos, ov, (aci) everlasting, for acioios. ά-ιδνός, ή, όν, (a privat., ίδειν) poët. for ά-ιδής, un-

seen, bidden, dark.

αίδοιέστερος, - έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of al-

aisoîov, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ aisoîa, the genitals, pudenda: properly neut. from

alboios, a, ον: Comp. alboióτεροs and -έστεροs, Sup. -έστατος: (alδέομαι) regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent. act. bashful, modest. 2. reverent.

albolus, Adv. of albolos, reverently.

AI'ΔΟΜΑΙ, impf. alδόμην, Ep. for alδέομαι, ήδεόμην.

"Aïδos, "Aïδı, Ep. gen. and dat. of Aίδηs, from an obsol. nom. "Ais: "Αϊδύσδε, and els "Αϊδύσδε, to the dwelling of Hades: είν "Αϊδος (sc. οἴκφ), Att. έν αδου, in Hades. [αιδ-, but a sometimes.]

αίδό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (αίδώς, φρήν) feeling respect in mind, compassionate.

ά-ιδρείη or -ίη [ι], ή, Ep. and Ion. word (αιδριε) want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. ἀιδρείησι. a-ίδριs, ι, gen. ιοs and εοs, (a privat., ίδριs) unknowing, ignorant.

άϊδρο-δίκης, ου, Dor. -δίκας, α, δ, (ἄϊδρις, δίκη) unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage. [bt]  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -ίδρ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ τοs, ov, =  $\dot{a}v$ -ίδρvτοs, unsettled, unsteady.

'Aιδωνεύs, δ, lengthd. Ep. form of 'Alδηs.

AI'ΔΩ'Σ, όος, contr. ove, ή, sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or bonour, albû θέσθ' ενὶ θυμῷ: regard for others, respect, reve-II. that which causes shame or respect, rence. and so 1. a shame, scandal; alδώs, 'Αργείοι shame, ve Argives! 2. = τὰ αἰδοῖα. majesty.

alel, Ion. and poet, for del.

αίει-γενέτης, ό, poet. for άει-γενέτης, ever existing. (For compds. of alei here omitted, v. sub dei-.) αιέλ-ουρος, δ, ή, Ion. for αίλουρος.

 $ai\epsilon v_{\cdot} = ai\epsilon i_{\cdot}$ 

alέν-υπνος, ον, (alέν, υπνος) lulling in eternal sleep. alés, Dor. for dei, alei.

aleτόs, δ, lengthd. form of deτόs, an eagle.

aiζήϊοs, lengthd. form of aiζηόs.

ailnos, o, an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man. (Deriv. uncertain.)

aintos, like antos, terrible, mighty.

ainτός, δ, Dor. of άετός, aleτός, an eagle.

 $ai\theta \dot{a}\lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(ai\theta\omega) = ai\theta a\lambda os$ , soot.  $[\theta a]$ αίθαλίων, ωνος, (αἴθαλος) swarthy, dusky.

αἰθαλόεις, δεσσα, οεν, contr. αἰθαλοῦς, οῦσσα, οῦν, (αἴθαλοs) smoky, sooty, black. II. burning, blazing.

AΙ'ΘΑΛΟΣ, δ, like λιγνύε, a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot. [θα] Hence

alθαλόω, f. ώσω, to burn to soot or asbes: - Pass. to lie in asbes.

aίθε, Dor. and Ep. for είθε, O that! would that! Lat. utinam, αιθ' οφελε O that thou hadst ..., c. inf. αίθερ-εμβατέω, (αίθήρ, έμβατέω) to walk in ether.

aiθέριos, a, ov or os, ov, (alθήρ) of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to hepios, and so 2. ethereal, beavenly. bigh in air, on high.

αίθερο-βάτέω, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, το walk in ether.

αίθεροδρομέω, to skim the ether. From

alθερο-δρόμος, ον, (alθήρ, δραμείν) skimming the

αίθήρ, έρος, in Homer always ή, in Att. prose always o, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἴθω): -ether, the upper, purer air, opp. to dhp (the lower air or atmosphere):—hence the clear sky or heaven, as the abode of the gods. Cp. dhp.

Alθιοπήαs, irregular pl. acc. of Alθίοψ.

Alθί-οψ, οπος, δ, fem. Alθιοπίς, ίδος, (αἴθω, ὄψ) an Ethiop, negro, properly Burnt-face.

allos, τό, and ὁ, (aίθω) burning beat, fire.

alθόs, ή, όν, (alθω) burnt:—fire-coloured, fiery.

allows (sc.  $\sigma\tau o \dot{a}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , (allow) the corridor or vestibule of a house; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

alθ-οψ, οποs, (alθόs, ὄψ) fiery-looking, of metal, flashing; of wine, sparkling.

II. metaph. fiery, bot, keen.

aἴθρη, later aἴθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) clear sky, fair weather, Lat. sudum.

ald  $\rho \eta - \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau \eta s$ , ou,  $\delta_{ij} = \alpha i \theta \rho \eta \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta s$ .

allon-yevhs, és, (allon, yevésbal) born from ether. allola,  $\eta$ , = allon: used absol. in gen. allolas (sub. obons), in fine weather, Lat. per purum. II. the open sky.

alθριάζω or -ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

alθριο-κοιτέω, f. ήσω, (αίθρία, κοίτη) to sleep in the open air.

alθριος, ον, (alθρη) clear, bright, fair. II. in the open air: hence cold, chill.

alθροs, δ, = alθρη: esp. the clear chill air of morn.

AI'ΘΥΙΑ, η, a sea-gull or diver, Lat. mergus.

alθυκτήρ, ηρος, δ, (αlθύσσω) one that darts rapidly. alθύσσω, f. ύξω, (αlθω) to put in rapid motion; to kindle:—Pass. to move rapidly, quiver.

AI"ΘΩ, only found in pres. and impf. flow, to light up, kindle:—Pass. to burn.

2. rarely intr. to burn or blaze.

alθων, ωνος, δ, (αίθω) properly fiery, burning. II. of metal, flashing, glittering. III. of animals, fiery, fierce; or perh. of their colour, yellow, tawny, like Lat. fulvus, rufus.

alka, conj., Dor. for εί κε, εάν, with subj. if baply.

AIKA'ΛΛΩ, f. alκάλω, properly of a dog, to wag the tail fawningly: to wheedle, fondle.

αίκε, αίκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for έάν.

aiκεία, ή, = aiκία, q. v.

 $aik \in \lambda los, ov, = delk \in \lambda los.$ 

ἀϊκή, ή, (ἀίσσω) rapid motion, a rush, Lat. impetus. [1]

ἀϊκής, έs, poët. for ἀεικής, contr. aἰκής, unseemly. Adv. ἀϊκῶς, in unseemly fasbion.

alkia [1], ή, Att. for the Ion. deικείη, injurious treatment, an outrage, insult, affront: oft. also in plur. blows, stripes.

alklω, (alkhs) to treat injuriously, to affront, outrage, esp. by blows, to plague, torment: mostly as Med. alklopat: f. ίσομαι, Att. ιοῦμαι: 20τ. Ι ἡκισάμην: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., 20τ. Ι ἡκισθην; pf. ἡκισμαι: to be tormented.

αίκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίζω) an outrage, torture,

d-ϊκτος, ον, (a privat., Ικνέομαι) unapproachable. al-λίνος, δ, a mournful dirge, (from al, Λίνον, ab me for Linus!)

2. also Adj. os, ον, plaintive, mournful.

αίλ-ουρος or αlέλ-ουρος, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (alόλος, οὐρά) a cat, so called from the wavy motion of the tail.

AI'MA, ατος, τό, blood: in plur. streams of blood:
—also bloodsbed; είργασται μητρφον αίμα a mother's
blood has been shed; αίμα πράττειν to shed blood;
εφ' αίματι φείγειν to be banished for bomicide. II.
like Lat. sanguis, blood-relationsbip, kin.

alμά-κορίαι or alμα-κουρίαι, ῶν, al, (alμα, κορέν-νυμι) offerings of blood, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

alμακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of alμάσσω, stained with blood, bloody.

aiμαλέος, a, oν, (alμa) bloody, blood-red.

alμάs, άδοs, ή, (alμα) a gusb or stream of blood. alμάσία, ή, a wall of dry stones, Lat. maceria: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.)

alμάσι-ώδης, ες, (alμασία, είδος) like a fence or bedee.

alμάσσω, Att. alμάττω: f. áfω: 201. I ήμαfα: (alμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αἰμᾶτ-εκχὕσία, ἡ, (αἶμα, ἐκχέω) shedding of blood. αἰμᾶτηρός, ά, όν, (αἶμα) bloody, blood-stained, murderous. II. consisting of blood.

αίματη-φόρος, ον, (αίμα, φέρω) bringing blood: murderous.

alμάτόεις, εσσα, εν, (alμa) bloody, covered with blood. 2. blood-red, or consisting of blood. 3. bloody, murderous.

alμάτο-λοιχός, όν, (alμa, λείχω) licking blood; έρως aiμ. thirst for blood.

αίματο-πώτης, ου, ὁ, (αίμα, πίνω) a blood-drinker, blood-sucker.

αἰμᾶτορ-ρόφος, ον, (αῖμα, ροφέω) blood-drinking. αἰμᾶτόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (αῖμα, ρέω) blood-streaming. αἰμᾶτο-στᾶγής, ές, (αῖμα, στάζω) blood-dripping. αἰμᾶτό-φυρτος, ον, (αῖμα, φύρω) blood-stained. αἰμᾶτο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (αῖμα, χαίρω) delighting in blood.

αἰμ**ἄτόω**, f. ώσω: 201. Ι ήμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ήμάτωμα: (αίμα) to make bloody.

αίματ-ώδης, ες, (αίμα, είδος) looking like blood, blood-red.

αἰμᾶτ-ωπός, όν, and αἰματ-ώψ, ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶμα, ώψ) bloody to behold.

αίμνιον, τό, (αίμα) a basin for blood.

αἰμο-βάφής, ές, (αἶμα, βάπτω) batbed in blood. αἰμο-βόρος, ον, (αἶμα, βορά) greedy for blood. αἰμό-διψος, ον, (αἶμα, δίψα) bloodtbirsty.

αίμορ-ράγής, ές, (αίμα, ράγηναι) bleeding violently. αίμορ-ραντος, ον, (αίμα, ράίνω) blood-sprinkled. αίμορροέω, f. ήσω, (αίμορροος) to lose blood: to

bave a discharge of blood. Hence

alμόρροια, ή, a discharge of blood.

alμόρ-poos, ον, (alμα, ρέω) streaming with blood.
alμόρ-ρύτος, poet. alμό-ρύτος, ον, (alμα, ρέω)
blood-streaming.

AI'MOΣ, δ, a thorn.

αίμο-στάγής,  $\epsilon$ s, = αίματο-σταγήs.

αίμο-φόρυκτος, ον, (αίμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

aiμόω, = aiματόω.

alμύλιοs, ον, (alμύλοs) flattering, winning, wily. [v] alμύλο-μήτηs, ου, ό, (alμύλοs, μῆτιε) of winning wiles.

**AI'MΥ'ΛΟΣ**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , flattering, winning, wheedling, wily. [ $\eth$ ]

αίμων, ονος,  $\delta$ , = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skilful. II. (α $\hat{l}$ μα) bloody.

aiμ-ωπόs, όν, = aiματωπόs, bloody to behold.

alv-αρέτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Aivelas, ου, δ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Alvelão or Alvelω. aiveous, εωs, ή, (alvéω) a praising, praise.

alverós, ή, όν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworlby. From alvéw: impf. ήνεον, contr. ήνουν, Ion. αίνεον: fut.
-ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. ι ήνησα, Att. ἠνέσα, Ion. αίνεοα: pf. Att. ἤνεκα:—Mid., aor. ἠνεσάμην:—Pass., aor. ι ἠνέθην: pf. ἤνημαι:—properly to tell or speak of (cf. alvos); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise, approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare.

2. to allow, recommend.
3. like ἀγαπάω, to be content with, acquiesce in.
4. to decline courteously, like Lat. laudare.
II. to promise or vow.

AI'NH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = alvos, praise, fame.

αίνημι, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

alvijon, Ion. for aivais, dat. pl. of aivos.

αίνητός, ή, όν, poet. for αίνετός.

αίνιγμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσομαι) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ or ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων in riddles, darkly; also ἐν αἰνίγμασιν.

αἰνιγματ-ώδης, εε, (αἴνιγμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark. αἰνιγμός, ὁ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like αἴνιγμα.

aivijouai, Dep. =  $aiv \in \omega$ .

αἰνικτήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ίως, riddlingly.

aivuπόs, ή, όν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from alviσσομαι, Att. aiviπτομαι, f. ifομαι: aor. I ήνιξάμην: Dep.: (aivos):—to speak darkly or in riddles, to bint a thing, give to understand.

II. in pass. sense, aor. I pass. ἡνίχθην, pf. ἡνιγμαι, to be spoken riddlingly.

aivo-βίας, Ion. aivo-βίης, ου, ὁ, (aivós, βία) fear-

fully strong.

alvό-γάμος, ον, (alvός, γαμέω) fatally wedded. alvόθεν, Adv. of alvός, = έξ alvοῦ, in the phrase alvόθεν alvῶς, from borror to borror, very borribly. alvó-θρυπτος, ον, (alvός, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully enervated.

aivo-λαμπής, έε, (aivós, λάμπω) borrid-gleaming. aivó-λεκτρος, ον, (aivós, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

alvo-λέων, οντος, δ, (alvός, λέων) a dreadful lion. alvó-λίνος, ον, (alvός, λίνον) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λυκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a borrible wolf.

alvó-μορος, ον, (alvós, μόρος) doomed to a sad end. alvo-πάθής, έε, (alvós, παθείν) suffering dire ills. Alvó-παρις, ό, (alvós, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp. Δύσπαρις.

alvo-πάτηρ, έρος, δ, (alvós, πατήρ) unbappy father. AI'NOΣ, δ, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; alveiv alvov to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally, a saying, proverb.

II. later, that which is said to one's praise, praise.

AľNÓ' $\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ , Ep. word =  $\delta\epsilon\iota\nu\dot{\nu}s$ , dread, dire: of persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. alvá as Adv. terribly; Sup. alvá $\tau$ aτον, most terribly.

alvo-τόκεια, ή, as fem. Adj. (alvós, τόκοs) unbappy in giving birth, unbappy in being a mother.

alvo-τύραννος, ό, (αὶνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant. AI'NYMAI, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and impf. without augm., like αΐρω, ἄρνυμαι, to take, lay bold of. c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

aivas, Adv. of aivos, terribly, i. e. very much, ex-

ceedingly; αίνως πικρός terribly bitter.

alf, alγόs, ό, ή, dat. pl. alγεσιν, (alσσω) a goat; alf dγρία οτ άγριος, the chamois; alf lfaλos dγρία, the thex.

άξασκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of αίσσω.

atξω, fut, of aίσσω.

AI'O'ΛΛΩ, to sbift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to change in colour or hue; ὅμφακεε αἰόλλονται the grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

aioλo-βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (aiόλος, βροντή) wielder of forked lightning.

or keu tig bining

αἰολο-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώρηξ) with gleaming breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μῆτις) full of various wiles.

aioλο-μίτρης, ου, δ, (alόλος, μίτρα) with gleaming belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. alολοθώρης.

II. with variegated turban.

aloλό-πωλος, ον, (alόλος, πωλος) with quick-moving

AI'O'ΛΟΣ, η, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms, wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, manageable. II. changeful of bue, gleaming, glancing; alόλη νύξ spangled night; alόλη σάρξ flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. 1. changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Aiolos, ov, o, Aeolus, the

god of the winds, properly the Changeable. αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various meaning, riddling.

αἰολό-χρωε, χρωτοε, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλοε, χρώε) with spangled skin.

αόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of hιών.

alπεινός, ή, όν, (alπύς) bigb, lofty, of cities on heights: metaph. lofty, bigb-flown. 2. steep, bard to climb. αιπήεις, εσσα, εν, poët. for αίπεινόε.

alπολέω, f. ήσω, (alπόλοs) to be a goatherd:—Pass. to feed, browse.

alπολικόs, ή, όν, (alπόλοs) of or for goatherds. alπόλιον, τό, (alπόλοs) a herd of goats. II. a goat-pasture.

ai-mólos, for alyo-mólos,  $\delta$ , (alf,  $\pi \circ \lambda \in \omega$ ) a goatherd. Al' $\Pi \circ \Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \circ s$ ,  $\tau \circ$ , a height, a steep;  $\pi \circ \delta$  al $\pi \circ s$  up-hill.

Al'ΠΟ Σ, ή, όν, Ep. for alπύε, bigb, lofty, of cities: alπά ἡέεθρα rapid torrents

αἰπὕ-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰπύς, μῆτις) with high thoughts.
αἰπύ-νωτος, ον, (αἰπύς, νῶτος) high-backed, on a

bigh ridge. [v]

ATHΥΣ, εîα, ν, high and steep, of cities on steep rocks; βρόχοι alπόι a noose banging straight down.

2. beadlong; alπόι διλεθροι sheer, utter destruction; alπόι χόλοι towering wrath.

3. metaph. bard, difficult; alπό οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be bard work for him.

aiρέσιμος, ον, (αiρέω) that can be taken.

αιρεσις, εως, ή, (αιρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of a town. II. (αιρέομαι) a taking for oneself, choosing, choice; αιρεσιν διδόναι to give choice; αιρεσιν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan, purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3. a heresy.

alpeτέον, verb. Adj. of alpέω, one must take or eboose.

II. alpeτέοs, a, ον, desirable.

alpeτίζω, f. ίσω, (alpέω) to choose. II. to belong to a sect.

alpeτικός, ή, όν, (αίρέω) able to choose. 2. heretical.

alpeτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αίρεω, that may be taken or conquered.

II. (αἰρεομαι) to be chosen, preferable, desirable.

2. chosen, elected.

ΑΙΥΕ΄Ω: impf. ήρεον, Ion. αίρεον: fut. αἰρήσω: pf. ήρηκα, Ion. ἀραίρηκα: Ion. plqpf. ἀραιρήκεα.— Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: αοτ. I ἡρησάμην.—Pass., fut. αἰρέθήσομαι, also ἡρήσομαι: αοτ. I ἡρέθην: pf. ῆρημαι: plqpf. ἡρήμην.—Also from the root \*ΕΛΩ, αοτ. a είλον, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλεσκε, inf. ἐλεῖν: fut. med. ἐλοῦμαι: αοτ. 2 εἰλόμην: Ερ. 3 sing. γέντο, for ἔλετο: rarely αοτ. I εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize.

2. to take away.

II. to get into one's power, conquer, overpower, seize: to kill.

2. to catch, take: to win, seduce.

3. generally, to win, gain.

Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing.

5. o ovos alpei, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves.

III. to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. alpέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take to oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, preferone thing to another: also μάλλον alpείσθαι to choose in preference, Lat. potius malle.

2. to choose by vote, elect to an office.

"A-"ipos, o, "Ipos "A-"ipos, Irus unbappy Irus.

AI'PΩ, Att. for ἀείρω: f. ἀρῶ [α]: aor, ἢρα, imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἀραι: pf. ἢρκα.—Med., impf. ἢρόμην: fut. ἀροῦμαι [α]: aor. 1 ἢράμην: aor. 2 ἢρόμην, Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἤρθην: pf. ἢρμαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἴρειν πόδα to walk; αἵρ. σημεῖον to boist a signal; αἰρειν ναῦν to get ships under way: hence 2. intrans. to get under way, start, set out; αἴρειν ταῖε νανσίν to set sail; αἴρειν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt, αἵρειν θυμών to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a beight, increase. III. to lyft and take away, to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to earry off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo, bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound, αίρεσθαι φανήν to lift up one's voice.

AI ΣΑ, ή, as pr. n., like Moîpa, the goddess of fate, Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of a god; Διὸε alσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακη αίση by ill luck:—one's sbare or lot in a thing; ληίδοε alσα one's sbare of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' alσαν, like κατὰ μοῦραν, fittingly, rightly.

alσθάνομαι, impf. ήσθανόμην: fut. alσθήσομαι: aor. 2 ήσθόμην, later aor. 1 ήσθησάμην: Dep.: (άτω, ἀίσθω):—to perceive or apprebend by the senses, and therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, sometimes to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

aισθημα, aτos, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

αισθησις, εως, ή, (αlσθάνομαι) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αισθησιν έχειν to have perception of a thing; αισθησιν παρέχειν to give the means of perception. II. in plur. the senses. III. like αισθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

αίσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense. αἰσθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives. αἰσθητικός, ή, όν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of perception, perceptive.

2. pass. perceptible.

aiσθητόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of alσθάνομαι, perceived by the senses, sensible.

ἀτοθω, (\*ἄω, ἄημι) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro; θυμον ἄϊσθε he was giving up the ghost, was expiring. aloula, η, happiness. From

αίσιμος, ον, also η, ον, (alσa) Lat. fatalis, appointed by fate, fated, destined; αίσιμον ημαρ the fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable to fate, meet, right; αίσιμα είδων knowing what is right and proper.

aloros, ov, also a, ov, (aloa) boding well, lucky, bappy: opportune.

d-icros, ov, (a privat., Icros) = dv-1cros, unlike, un-

equal.

\*Al'ΣΣΩ, Att. ἀσσω or ἄττω: impf. ἥισσον, Att. ἤσων: fut. ἀlfω, Att. ἤξω: aor. ἤιξα, Att. ἦξω, lon. ἀlέσεκον:—Med., aor. I ἢιζάμην.—Pass., aor. ἡιχθην, lon. ἀlχθην:—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Latruere, impetu ferri:—so also in aor. I med. ἀlξασθαι, and in aor. I pass. ἀχθῆνω.

2. later, to be eager after.

II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [ā in Homer: in Trag. ἄ when trisyll.]

d-toros, Att. αίστος, ον, (a privat., ίδεθν) unseen, unknown, not to be seen and beard: hence vanished, destroyed: see άlδηλος.

II. act. not seeing or

knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

αιστόω, Att. αιστόω: Γ. ώσω: 201. 1 ή τστωσα, Att. ή στωσα. — Pass., 201. 1 ή ιστώθην, Ion. αιστώθην; (αιστος): —to make unseen, to destroy: to slay, kill. αιστωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (α-ισος) unknowing, inexperienced.

ἀϊστώσειαν, 3 pl. 20r. I opt. of ἀϊστόω.

aιστλοs, ον, opp. to αισιμοs, unseemly, evil, impious. (Deriv. uncertain.)

alσυμνάω, f. ήσω, (alσa) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

alσυμνήτης, ου, δ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people: a president, manager.

aiσχίων, ον, gen. ονος, and αἴσχιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of αἰσχρός, formed from αἶσχος.

AI ΣΧΟΣ, εοs, τό, shame, disgrace. II. ugli-

ness of deformity.

alσχρήμων, ον, gen. ονοs, (alσχοs) sbameful. alσχροκέρδεια, ἡ, sordid love of gain. From alσχρο-κερδής, έs, (alσχρόε, κέρδοs) sordidly greedy of gain, covetous. Adv. -δωs.

αίσχρολογία, ή, foul language, abuse. From αίσχρο-λόγος, ον, (αίσχρόε, λέγω) foul-mouthed,

uvusive.

αἰσχρό-μητις, ιος, δ, ή, (αἰσχρός, μῆτις) forming

base designs.

**αἰσχρο-ποιόs**, όν, (αἰσχρόs, ποιέω) acting shamefully.

aloχρόε, ά, όν, also όε, όν, (aloχοε) in Homer causing shame, disgracing; aloχρό ἐπεα abusive words.

II. opp. to καλόε:

I. ugly, ill-favoured.

2. in moral sense, shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous; τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ aloχρόν, Lat. bonestum et turpe, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. aloχρότεροε, aloχρότατοε, the forms aloχίων, αlοχιστοε are used. Hence

αίσχρότης, ητος, ή, ugliness. 2. shame, infamy. αίσχρουργία, ή, contr. for αἰσχροεργία, (αἰσχρός,

**έργον**) lewd conduct.

αίσχρως, Adv. of alσχρός, shamefully. αίσχυνθήναι, 201. 1 pass. inf. of alσχύνω. aiσχύνη, ή, (alσχος) shame done one, disgrace, disbonour. II. shame for an ill deed, Lat. pudor: generally, shame, the sense of shame. [v̄]

alσχυντέον, verb. Adj. of alσχύνομαι, one must be

αἰσχυντηλός, ή, όν, (αἰσχύνομαι) basbful, modest. αἰσχυντήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (αἰσχύνω) a dishonourer, a

αἰσχυντηρός, ά, όν, = αἰσχυντηλός, basbful.

alσχύνω: f. ĕνῶ, Ion. ĕνέω: aor. I ἤσχῦνα: pf. ἤσχυγκα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, alσχῦνοῦμαι; also alσχυνθήσομαι: aor. ἦσχύνθην: pf. ἦσχυμμαι: (alσχοs):—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2. to disgrace, disbonour, tarnish, γένος alσχυνέμεν.

II. Pass. to be asbamed, feel sbame: hut more freq. to be asbamed at a thing, c. acc. rei: also c. acc. pers. to feel sbame before one: c. part. to be asbamed at doing a thing: but c. inf. to be asbamed to do a thing.

AITE Ω: impf. ήτεον, Ion. alτεον: fut. alτήσω: aor. I ήτησα: pf. ήτηκα:—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something; δδὸν alτεῦν to beg leave to depart: c. acc. pers. to ask a person; alτ. τινά τι to ask a person for a thing; c. inf. to ask one to do:—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. vindicare sibi:—Pass. to bave a thing begged of one.

αίτημα, ατος, τό, (αιτέω) that which is asked, a re-

quest, demand.

αίτημι, Acol. for αἰτέω.

åtτης, ου, Dor. åtτας, α οι εω, δ, a favourite. αίτησις, εως, ή, (αἰτέω) a request, demand. αἰτητέον, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, one must ask. αἰτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, asked for, heaged

begged.

AITI'A, ή, a cause, origin, ground, occasion; altium παρέχειν to give occasion.

II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault, Lat. crimen: remonstrance, expostulation with a friend; alτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. crimen babere, to be accused; alτίαν ὕπέχειν to lie under a charge; ἐν alτία ἔχειν to hold guilty; τὴν alτίαν ἐπιφέρειν τινί to impute the fault to one, ἀπολύειν τινὰ τῆε alτίαs to acquit of guilt.

αἰτιάασθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of αἰτιάομαι.

airiájoμai, Pass. (airía) to be charged or accused. airiāμa, ατος, τό, a charge, guilt imputed. From airiáoμai, f. άσομαι [ā]: aor. I ἡτιᾶσάμην, Ion. airiŋσάμην: (airía): I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion: esp. of a fault: to charge, accuse, blame; airiāσθαί τινά τινος to accuse of a thing. II. as Pass. in fut. airiāθήσομαι, aor. I ἡτιάθην, perf. ijτίαμαι:—to be accused. Hence

airlaois, ews, \u00e1, a complaint, accusation.

airiārēov, verb. Adj. of alriáoμai, one must accuse. alrīξω, (airēω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei: c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

altiov, to, neut. of altios, = altia, a cause.

altios, a, ov, more rarely os, ov, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—\delta altios, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—\tau\delta altiov the cause of a thing.

αιτιόωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αιτιάομαι.

αἰτιόφο, αἰτιόφτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing pres. opt. of αἰτιάομαι.

αίτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of αlτίζω.

Airvaîos, a, ov, of or belonging to Etna: of a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous. AI ΦΝΗΣ, Adv. = ἄφνω, ἄφνωs, on a sudden.

Hence alφνίδιος, ov, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. -δίως,

2lso ·διον, suddenly.

diχθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of diσσω.

άιχθήτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of άlσσω.

alχμάζω, f. άσω: 201. 1 ήχμασα: (alχμή):-to throw the spear, to fight with the spear.

II. to arm with the spear.

alχμάλωσία, ή, (αlχμάλωτο) captivity.
a body of captives.

αίχμαλωτεύω, f. εύσω, (αίχμάλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμάλωτίζω, f. ίσω, = αἰχμαλωτεύω: — also Dep. αἰχμάλωτίζομαι in same sense: fut. ίσομαι: aor. I ηχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ηχμαλώτισμαι.

alχμάλωτικός, ή, όν, (alχμάλωτος) befitting a prisoner.

αίχμαλωτίς, ίδος, ή, a captive woman. From

αίχμ-άλωτος, ου, (αίχμή, άλωτός) taken by the spear or in war; οι αίχμάλωτοι prisoners of war; τα αίχμάλωτοι prisoners of war; τα αίχμάλωτοι booty.

alχμή, ή, (άtσσω) the point of a spear, Lat. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2. as collective noun a body of spearmen, as ἀσπίs a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

alχμήεις, εσσα, εν, (alχμή) armed with the spear.

αίχμητά, δ, Ep. for αίχμητήs.

alχμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (alχμή) a spearman, warrior.

as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem alχμητις, ιδος.

alχμο-φόροs, ον, (alχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear. ΑΓΨΑ, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

AIYA, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden. aiψηρο-κέλευθος, ον, (alψηρός, κέλευθος) swift-speeding.

aiψηρόs, ά, όν, (alψa) quick, speedy, sudden.

'AI'n, used only in pres. and impf. auo, to perceive, become aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

'AI'  $\Omega$  [ā'], used only in impf.  $\tilde{\alpha}$ iov [ā], =  $\tilde{\alpha}\eta\mu$ , to breathe. 2. =  $\tilde{\alpha}$ io $\theta\omega$ , to breathe out, expire;  $\phi$ iλον  $\tilde{\alpha}$ iov  $\tilde{\eta}$ τορ I breathed out my life.

ἀιών, όνος, ή, Dor. for ήιών. [at]

AΙΏΝ, ῶνος, δ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened with the acc. alῶ:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life.

2. of longer periods, an in fight.

age, generation, period.
space of time, eternity.
of life.

3. an infinitely long II. one's age or time

aίωνιος, ον, also a, ον, lasting, eternal.

alώpa, ή, (ἀείρω) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs. II. a hovering in air, oscillation.

alwpέw, f. ήσω, (ἀείρω) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving. II. more freq. in Pass. alwpέωμαι, aor. I ἡωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, bover or flit about. 2. metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but alwpείσθαι ἔν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo; alwpείσθαι ὑπὶρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

alώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is hung up: a hanging cord or halter. II. a heing hung up, hover-

ing: a banging.

II.

αιώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αιωρέω, bovering.

ἀκᾶ, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκήν, sofily, gently.

'Ακαδήμεια, ή, also written 'Ακαδημία [i], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

ἀκαθαρσία, ή, (ἀκάθορτος) uncleanness.

άκαθάρτης, ητοs, η', = foreg.

ά-κάθαρτος, ον, (a privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, (ἄκαιρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

άκαιρία, ή, (άκαιροs) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness. 

II. importunity.

«καιρο», ον, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed; ès άκαιρα πονεῦν, Lat. operam perdere: — Adv. -ρωs. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus: ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ά-κάκης, εs, poet. for άκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἄκακος, benignant, gracious.

άκακία, ή, guilelessness. From

α-κακος, or, without evil, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κωs.

ἀκαλανθίς, ίδος, ή, the goldfinch.

ἀκάλορ-ρείτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing. 'ΑΚΑΛΗ ΦΗ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as

of a nettle. [ἄκἄ] ἀ-καλλήs, έs, gen. έοs, (a privat., κάλλοs) without

charms. ά-καλλιέρητος, ου, (α privat., καλλιερέω) not ac-

cepted in sacrifice, ill-omened. ά-καλλώπιστος, ου, (a privat., καλλωπίζω) unadorned.

ά-κάλυπτος, ου, (a privat., καλύπτω) uncovered. ά-κάλυφής, ές, = ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγχης, ου, δ, (ἀκάμας, λόγχη) unwearied with the spear.

άκαμαντο-μάχης, ου, δ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearied in fight.

πούε) untiring of foot.

άκαμαντο-χάρμας, δ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ά-κάμας, αντος, δ, (a privat., καμείν) untiring,

unresting. [Ka]

ά-κάματος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting :- neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

**ἄ-καμπτος**, ον, (a privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:— II. unbending. from which none can return.

inexorable.

aκανθα, ηs, ή, (dκή) a thorn, prickle: hence I. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree. 3. metaph. a the back-bone or spine of animals. thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθίνος, η, ον, (ἄκανθα) thorny: of thorns.

of the thorn-tree (ἄκανθα).

άκανθίς, ίδος, ή, (άκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. fringilla spinus. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

άκανθο-βάτης, ου, δ, fem. -βάτις, ιδος, ή, (ἄκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

άκανθο-λόγος, ον, (ἄκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out tborny questions, wrangling.

'AKANOOΣ, ή, Lat. acanthus, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

άκανθ-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ , gen.  $\epsilon o s$ , (ἄκανθα,  $\epsilon l \delta o s$ ) full of tborns, tborny.

ά-κάπνιστος, ον, (a privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked. ά-καπνος, ον, (a privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ά-κάρδιος, ον, (a privat., καρδία) wanting the beart:

metaph. beartless. Lat. excors.

ά-κάρηνος, ον, (a privat., κάρηνον) beadless.

ά-καρής, έs, (α privat., καρηναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, ακαρές a moment, έν ακαρεί χρόνου in a moment of time; ἀκαρη διαλιπών (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ not a bit: - but also of things, drapés a morsel.

a-καριαίος, a, ov, (ἀκαρής) momentary, brief. ἀκαρπία, ή, (ἄκαρπος) unfruitfulness.

ά-κάρπιστος, ον, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκάρπω-Tos, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea. .

а-карнов, ov, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πωs.

ά-κάρπωτος, ον, (a privat., καρπόω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled. ακασκά, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

ákaokalos, a, ov, gentle, delicate.

ά-κατάβλητος, ον, (a privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ά-κατάγνωστος, ον, (a privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ά-κατακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, | ά-κατάκρἴτος, ον, (α privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

> ά-κατάληκτος, ον, (a privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

> ά-κατάληπτος, ον, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

> ά-κατάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τωs.

> ά-κατάλὕτος, ον, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble. ά-καταμάχητος, ον, (a privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

> ά-κατανόητος, ον, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceiv-

able.

ά-κατάπαυστος, ον, (a privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing. άκαταστάσία, ή, a state of disorder, anarchy, con-II. fusion. From

ά-κατάστάτος, ον, (a privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle: - Adv., ἀκαταστάτως έχειν to be unstable.

ά-κατάσχετος, ον, (a privat., κατέχω) not to be

checked, unruly. Adv. -τωs. ά-καταφρόνητος, ον, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not

to be despised, important, Lat. haud spernendus. άκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἄκατος, a light boat, esp. of II. a small sail.

pirates, Lat. actuaria. "AKATO∑, ħ, a light vessel, Lat. actuaria: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [aka]

ά-καυστος, ον, (a privat., καίω) unburnt.

άκαχείατο or -ήατο, Ep. for ήκάχηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of axéw.

άκαχήσω, redupl. fut. of άχίω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. 1 of ἀχέω. άκαχησθαι, άκαχήμενος, Ep. for ήκαχησθαι, ήκαχημένοs, inf. and part. of ήκαχημαι, redupl pr. pass.

άκάχηται, redupl. 2 or. 2 med. subj. of  $\dot{\alpha}\chi\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,

άκαχίζω, redupl. from άχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

άκαχμένος, η, ον, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from \*ako to sbarpen, but with no verb

άκάχοιτο, redupl. 2 or. 2 med. opt. of  $d\chi \epsilon \omega$ . άκάχοντο, Ep. for ήκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med.

of dy éw. άκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

άκειρε-κόμας, ου, δ. = άκερσεκόμης.

ά-κέλευστος, ον, (a privat., κελεύω) unbidden.

ά-κέντητος, ον, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ά-κεντρος, ον, (α privat.. κέντρον) stingless.

ακέσμαι: Ep impf. ακεόμην: f. ακέσομαι, Ep. ακέσσομαι, Att. ἀκοῦμαι: 201. 1 ἢκεσάμην, Ep. imper. ακεσσαι: Dep.: (ακοι):-to beal, cure 3. generally, to amend. stanch, quench, δίψαν. repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ά-κέραιος, ον, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat, integer. II. unbarmed, unravaged, of countries: generally, unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.

ά-κέραστος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed,

pure from a thing.

ά-κέρατος, ον, (a privat., κέρας) without borns.

ά-κεραύνωτος, ον, (α privat., κεραυνόω) not struck by lightning.

ἀκέρδεια, ή, (ἀκερδήs) want of gain, loss. From ἀ-κερδήs, έs, (α privat., κέρδοs) without gain, bringing loss. Adv. -δωs, gratis.

άκέρκιστος, ον, (a privat., κερκίζω) υπωουεπ.

ά-κερσε-κόμης, ου, ὁ, (α privat., κείρω, κόμη) with fresh. unsborn bair, epith, of Apollo: also ever-young, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ά-κερως, ων, gen. ω, and ά-κέρωτος, ον, = ἀκέρατος. άκέσασθε, aor. 1 imperat. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκεσί-νοσος, Ερ. ἀκεσσί-, ον, (ἀκέομαι, νόσος) bealing disease.

ἄκεσις, εως, ή, (ἀκέομαι) a bealing, cure, remedy. ἄκεσμα, τό, (ἀκέομαι) a remedy, cure.

άκέσομαι, fut. of άκέομαι.

άκεσσ-, for words so beginning, v. sub ἀκεσ-.

άκεστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\hat{\phi}$ , (ἀκέομαι) a healer, restorer, physician; ἀκεστήρ χαλινός the rein that tames the steed. ἀκεστής, οῦ,  $\hat{\phi}$ , = ἀκεστήρ: a mender of torn clothes. ἀκεστορία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ἀκέστωρ) the healing art.

ἀκεστός, ή, όν, (ἀκέομαι) curable: easy to be cheered

or revived.

ἄκεστρα, ή, (ἀκέομαι) a darning-needle. ἀκέστρια, ή, fem. of ἀκεστήs, a sempstress.

άκεστρον, τό, (άκέομαι) a remedy.

ακεστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for άκεσις.

άκέστωρ, opos, δ, (άκέομαι) a bealer, saviour. άκεσ-φόρος, ον, (άκος, φέρω) bringing a cure,

bealing. ἀκεσ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἀκέομαι, ὁδύνη) allaying pain.

άκεσ-ώδύνος, ον, (άκεομαι, όδύνη) allaying pain. ά-κέφάλος, ον, (a privat., κεφαλή) without a bead:

without beginning.

ἀκέων, ἀκέουσα, (ἀκήν) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. stilly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκέων δαίνυσθε feast ye in silence:—the dual ἀκέοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. ἀκέουσα is found, yet ἀκέων stands also with the fem., as ᾿Αθηναίη ἀκέων ἦν.

'AKH', η, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: 1. a point, edge, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωκη, ἀκμη, αἰχμη, ἀκύνη, ἀκρος, and Lat. acies, acuo).

ακήν, ἀκέων, ἀκὰ, ἄκασκα).

3. bealing, (whence 3. bealing, (whence

ἀκέομαι).

ά-κήδεστος, ον, (a privat., κηδέω) uncared for, unbeeded: without funeral rites, unburied. Hence

άκηδέστως, Adv. of ἀκήδεστος, but in act. sense, without beed for any one, remorselessly.

ἀκηδέω, f. ήσω: aor. Ι ἡκήδησα, Ep. ἀκήδεσα:—to neglect, slight, c. gen. From

ά-κηδήs, έs, (a privat., κήδοs) pass. uncared for: the stings of desires. [a]

unburied. II. act. without care or sorrow, Lat. securus.

2. heedless, careless.
ἀκήκοα, pf. med. of ἀκούω.

d-κήλητος, ου, (a privat., κηλέω) to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.

ακημα,  $τ \delta$ , = ακεσμα, a cure, remedy.

ἀκήν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. stilly, softly, silently.

d-κηράσιος, ον, (a privat., κεράννυμ) unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure, fresh.

ά-κήρἄτος, ον, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:—c. gen. pure from, free from taint of.

II. unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.

ά-κήριος, ον, (α privat., κήρ) unbarmed by the fates, uninjured. II. act. unbarming, barmless.

d.κήριος, ον, (a privat., κῆρ) without beart or soul, lifeless II. without beart or courage, beartless, spiritless, Lat. vecors.

άκηρότατος, Ep. for άκηρατώτατος, Sup. of άκήρατος. άκηρυκτεί and άκηρυκτί, Adv. without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce. From

ά-κήρυκτος, ον. (a privat., κηρύσσω) unannounced: unproclaimed; ἀκήρυκτος πύλεμος a war without announcement, sudden, οτ, one in which no berald was admitted, implacable. 2. inglorious, unknown. 3. unbeard of, sending no tidings. Hence

 $\dot{a}$ κηρύκτως,  $Adv = \dot{a}$ κηρυκτί.

ά-κήρωτος, ον, (α privat., κηρόω) not covered with wax, unwaxed.

ἀκηχέδαται οτ ἀκηχέαται, Εp. for ἡκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl, pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

άκηχέμενος, Ep. for ἀκαχημένος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ά-κίβδηλοs, ον, (a privat., κίβδηλοs) unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, bonest.

ακιδνος, η, ον, weak, feeble, faint, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνότερος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

a-κίθαρις, ι, gen. ιος, (α privat., κιθάρα) without the barp.

ακτινς, νος, ό, ή, (a privat., κάκυς) powerless, feeble.
ακτινάκης, ου, οτ εος, ό, Lat. acinăces, a Persian
word. a short sword.

d-κίνδυνοs, ov, without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly. Adv. -νωs.

d-κίνητος, ov, rarely η, ov, (α privat,, κινέω) unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish. 2. unaltered, settled, steady. II. immovable, bard to move. 2. not to be stirred or touched, inviolable, like Lat, non movendus: not to be divulged. [τ]

d-κίοs, ον, (a privat., κίε) without worms, not worm-eaten, sound: Sup. ἀκιώτατος.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ κἴρόs,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\Rightarrow$   $\dot{\alpha}$ κιδνοs.

άκίς, ίδος, ή, (ἀκή, Lat. acies) a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting; πόθων ἀκίδες the stings of desires. [ἄ]

**ά-κίχητος**, ον, (a privat., κιχάνω) not to be reached, unattainable: of persons, not to be reached by prayer, inexorable.

άκκίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκκώ) to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness: generally, to dissemble.

άκκώ, ή, a bugbear: acc. to others a vain woman. άκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

α-κλαστος, ον, (a privat., κλάω) unbroken.

ά-κλαυστος or ά-κλαυτος, ον, (a privat., κλαίω) pass. unwept: without lamentation. II. act. unweeping, tearless.

ά-κλεήs, έs, gen. έos: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῆ, poët. ἀκλέα: (a privat., κλέος): -without fame, inglorious, ignoble: neut. ἀκλεέs as Adv. ingloriously.

**ἀ-κλεία**, ή, (ἀ-κλεή**s**) ingloriousness.

ά-κλειής, ές, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειως. ά-κλειστος, ον, Ιοη. ά-κλήιστος, Att. contr. ά-κληστος, (a privat., κλείω): not sbut, not bolted or fastened.

άκλεως, Adv. of ἀκλεής, ingloriously. d-κληής, έs, poet. for dκλεήs

άκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἄκλειστος.

a-κληρος, ov, without lot or portion, poor, needy. without lot or share in a thing, c. gen. II. unallotted, without an owner.

ά-κλήρωτος, ον, (a privat., κληρόω) without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.

ακληστος, ον, Att. for ακλειστος.

**α-κλητος**, ον, (α privat., καλέω) uncalled, unbidden. ά-κλίνής, έε, (a privat., κλίνηναι) bending to neither side: unswerving, stedfast.

**α-κλυστος**, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, (α privat., κλύζω) un-

wasbed by waves.

άκμάζω, f. άσω, (ἀκμή) to be in full bloom, be at the prime of perfection: hence to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτω, etc.: c. inf. to be strong enough to do; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., it is high time to do.

άκμαῖος, a, ov, (ἀκμή) in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous; άκμαῖος φύσιν in the prime of II. in time, in season, Lat. opportunus. άκμή, ή, (ἀκή, Lat. acies) a point, edge; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆs on the rasor's edge, i. e. at the critical moment; άμφιδέξιοι άκμαί the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί. 2. the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime, esp. of man's age, άκμη ήβης, Lat. flos aetatis; άκμη θέρους mid-summer: - generally, strength, vigour. 3. like καιρύ**ε**, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time; ἀκμή [ἐστι], c. inf., 'tis bigh time to do; ἐπ' ἀκμῆε είναι, c. inf., to be on the point of doing.

άκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. in a moment, directly: even now, still, like eri.

άκμηνός, ή, όν, (ἀκμή) full-grown, in full vigour. άκμηνος, ον, fasting from food. (Deriv. uncertain.)  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κμής,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ τος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , (a privat., κάμνω) =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ κάμας, untiring, fresb.

ά-κμητος, ον, (a privat., κάμνω) unwearied, untiring.

ἀκμό-θετον, τό, (ἄκμων, τίθημι) the anvil-block. "AKMΩN, ovos, o, an anvil, Lat. incus.

α-κνισσος or rather α-κνίσος, ον, (a privat., κνίσα) without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice.

άκοή, Ερ. άκουή, ή, (ἀκούω) bearing: sense of bearing: the ear; esp. in plur., akoaîs déχεσθαι to hear, etc. II. a bearing, listening to; ἀκοῆs ἄξιος worth bearing. III. the thing beard, a report, saying, fame; ἀκοῆ είδέναι τι to know a thing by bearsay.

ά-κοίμητος, ον, (a privat., κοιμάσμαι) sleepless.

ά-κοινώνητος, ον, (α privat., κοινωνέω) not shared in common. II. act. not sharing in, not partaking of: hence unsocial.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κοίτης, ου,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , ( $\mathbf{a} = \ddot{\mathbf{a}}\mu\mathbf{a}$ , κοίτη)  $\mathbf{a}$  bedfellow, spouse. busband: fem. a-koutis, ios, h, a wife.

ά-κολάκευτος, ον, (a privat., κολακεύω) not flattered, not won by flattery.

ἀκολάσία, ή, (ἀκόλαστοι) licentiousness, intemperance: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη. άκολασταίνω, (άκόλαστος) to be licentious, de-

bauched, intemperate: to live a riotous life. ά-κόλαστος, ον, (a privat., κολάζω) Lat. non castigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled · also uneducated. 2. intemperate, opp. to σώφρων.

ἀκολάστως, Adv. intemperately: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως έχειν πρός τι to be too intemperate in a thing. ā-κολος, ου, ὁ, (a privat., κύλον) a bit, morsel. ἀκολουθέω, f. ήσω, (ἀκύλουθος) to follow, go after or with. II. metaph. to follow or obey one in a

thing. Hence

Hence

άκολούθησις, εωε, ή, a following, sequence.

άκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθέω, one must follow.

ἀκολουθία, ή, (ἀκολουθέω) a following, attendance, train. II. agreement or conformity with.

ά-κόλουθος, ον, (a copul., κέλευθος) following, attending on:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, δ, a follower, attendant; οἱ ἀκόλουθοι the camp followers. following after; agreeing with, suitable to, like, c. gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. -θωs, in accordance with, c. dat.

à-κόλυμβοs, ov, unable to swim.

ά-κομιστία, Ep. -in [1], ή, want of tending. From ά-κόμιστος, ον, (a privat., κομίζω) untended.

a-κομος, ον, (a privat., κόμη) without bair, bald: of trees, leafless.

ά-κόμπαστος, ον, (a privat., κομπάζω) unboastful. a-κομπος, ov, without boast, unboasting.

α-κομψος, ov, unadorned, simple, plain, Lat. sim-II. rude in speech. plex.

ἀκονάω, f. ήσω, (ἀκονή) to sbarpen, whet.

ά-κόνδύλος, ον, (a privat., κονδύλη) without blows. άκόνη, ή, (ἀκή) a whetstone, hone, Lat. cos.

α-κονίτί, Adv. of ακόνιτος, (α privat., κονίω) without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil, or effort, Lat. sine pulvere.

άκόνιτον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monksbood.

άκοντι, later form for άέκοντι.

άκοντίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιω: aor. Ι ήκύντισα, Εp. άκόντισα: (άκων).—to burl a javelin: also to throw, fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc. pers. to bit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and Pass, to be so bit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or

pierce.

άκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἄκων, a dart, javelin.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ κόντζσις,  $\dot{\gamma}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ κοντίζω) the throwing a javelin.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ κόντισμα, τύ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ κοντί $(\omega)$  that which is darted, a

javelin; ἐντὸς ἀκοντίσματος within a dart's throw. άκοντιστήρ, ηροε, δ, and άκοντιστής, οῦ, δ, (ἀκον- $\tau(\zeta\omega)$  a darter, burler of javelins.

άκοντιστικός, ή, όν, (άκοντίζω) skilled in throwing

the dart.

άκοντιστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for ἀκόντισις, the game of the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

άκοντο-δόκος, ον, (άκων, δέχομαι) watching the dart, i. c. sbunning it.

a-κοπος, ov, without weariness: I. pass. un-II. act. not wearying, wearied, untiring. easy. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.

άκορέστατος, most shameless, a Sup. either from  $\dot{a}$ - $\kappa o \rho \dot{\eta} s = \dot{a} \kappa \dot{o} \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau o s$ ; or shortened for  $\dot{a} \kappa o \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \dot{\sigma} \tau a$ τος, Sup. of ἀκόρεστος, like μέσσατος, νέατος.

ά-κόρεστος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, unceasing: c. gen. insattate of, unsated with. act. not satiating: not disgusting.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\kappa \dot{\mathbf{o}} \rho \epsilon \tau \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \dot{\mathbf{a}} \kappa \dot{\mathbf{o}} \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ .

ά-κόρητος, ον, (α privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c. gen. unsated with, ακ. πολέμου, απειλών. privat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.

**α-κορος**, ον, = ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-

less, Lat. improbus.

"AKOΣ, εοs, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, belp, resource for or against a thing, c. gen. : ἄκος τέμνειν to prepare a remedy.

ἀκοσμέω, f. ήσω, (ἄκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-

ruly: to be out of order, to offend.

ά-κόσμητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged, disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

άκοσμία, ή, disorder: ex!ravagance: unruliness,

offence. From

d-κοσμος, ov, without order, disorderly: in moral sense, unruly, rebellious: -Adv. - uos, without order. II. κόσμος ἄκοσμος a world that is no world, like γάμος ἄγαμος, etc.

άκοστάω or άκοστέω, only used in aor. I part. ἀκοστήσαs, well-fed, over-fed. From

'AKOΣTH', ή, barley.

άκουάζομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to bearken to, c. to be called, bidden; δαιτός ἀκουάζεσθον ye are bidden to the feast, like καλείσθαι, Lat.

άκουή, ή, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατρόε ἀκουή tidings of his father:—a sound.

ά-κουρος, ον, (a privat., κοῦρος) childless, without male beir. II. (a privat., κουρά) unsborn.

άκούσειαν, Aeol. form of άκούσαιεν, 3 pl. 20r. 1 opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκουσείω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to hear.  $\dot{a}$ κουσί-θεος, ον,  $(\dot{a}$ κούω, θεόε) beard of God.

άκούσιμος, η, ον, (ἀκούω) audible.

άκούσιος, ον, Att. contr. for άεκούσιος, unwilling, under constraint: -Adv. -iws, unwillingly, or in an unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most unwillingly.

άκουσμα, τό, (ἀκοίω) a thing beard, a sound, 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ă] Hence strain.

άκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

άκουστέον, also άκουστέα, verb. Adj. of άκούω, one must bear or bearken to, c. gen.

άκουστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

άκουστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, beard, audible: that should be beard.

'ΑΚΟΥ'Ω, f. ἀκούσομαι: aor. I ἥκουσα: pf. Att. ἀκήκοα, Dor. ἄκουκα: plapf. ἀκηκόειν, Att. ἀκηκόη: -Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἢκούσθην: pf. ήκουσμαι:—to bear, used both with gen. and 2. absol. to bear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεφ bear, acc. O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c. gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj. or Subst., ἀκούειν κακύς, Lat. malus audire; or with an Adv. εὖ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire. ακρα, Ion. ακρη, ή, (properly fem. of ακρος) the end,

point, esp. the highest point, the top of the hill, peak, beadland: a citadel, Lat. arx: -κατ' ἄκρης πέρθειν, Att. κατ' άκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i.e. utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.

άκράαντος, ον, = άκραντος, without result, unful-

filled, fruitless, Lat. irritus. ά-κράγής, ές, (α privat., κραγείν) not barking.

άκραή, contr. form of ἀκραέα, acc. masc. of ἀκραήs. άκρ-đήs, έs, (άκρος, ἄημι) of certain winds, blowing strongly, fresh-blowing.

ακραιφνής, έε, contr. from ακεραιο-φανής, (ἀκέpaios, φανήναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence unbarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing. ά-κραντος, ον, (a privat., κραίνω) unaccomplished, unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

άκρασία, ή, (ἀκρατήs) the character of an ἀκρατήs, incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to έγκράτεια.

ά-κράτεια, ή, earlier form of foreg. [ă] άκρατέστερος, irreg. Comp. of άκρατος.

ά-κράτής, ές, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not baving power or command over a thing; ακρατήs οργήs, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense, without power or command over oneself, incontinent, Lat. impotens sui.

ά-κρατίζομαι, fut. Att. Ιουμαι, Dep. to drink pure wine (akparos, merum). II. to breakfast, because this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence άκράτιστος, ον, baving breakfasted. κρά]

άκρατοποσία, Ion. άκρητοποσίη, ή, a drinking of fused, disorderly: countless. unmixed wine. From

άκρατο-πότης, ου, Ion. άκρητο-πότης, εω, δ, (ά-

κράτος, πίνω) a drinker of unmixed wine.

а-кратов, Ion. а-крутов, от: Comp. and Sup. акраτέστερος, -έστατος: (a privat., κεράννυμι):--unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate: esp. of wine, akparos (sub. olvos), o, wine without water, sheer wine, Lat. merum; metaph., akparos vovs pure intel-2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive: intemperate, violent.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κράτωρ, opos,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κρατήs, without control. [κρά] άκρατωs, Adv. of άκρατής, without control; άκρατως

έχειν to be incontinent.

άκραχολέω, f. ήσω, to be passionate. From

άκρά-χολος, Ion. άκρή-χολος, ον, (ἄκρος, χόλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate; κύων ἀκράχολοs an ill-tempered dog. [κρά]

άκρέμων, ονος, δ, (άκρος) the end of a branch or

bough, a small branch, spray, twig.

άκρ-έσπερος, ον, (άκρος, έσπέρα) at the beginning of evening, at eventide.

άκρ-ήβης, εε, and άκρ-ηβος, ον, (άκρος, ήβη) in earliest youth, very young.

**d-κρητοs**, ον, Ion. for ακρατοs, unmixed, pure. άκρη-χολία, άκρή-χολος, Ion. for άκραχολία, etc.

акрия, acc. pl. of акрів.

aκρίβεια, ή, exactness, accuracy, precision: perfec-II. strictness, severity: parsimony, frugaltion. ity. From

άκριβήs, έs, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous:-also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (άκριβολόγος) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh

accurately. Hence

άκριβολογία, ή, precision of language.

άκριβο-λόγος, ον, (άκριβής, λόγος) exact in language.

ἀκριβόω, f. ώσω, (ἀκριβή) to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:-Pass. to be made exact or perfect.

άκριβωs, Adv. of άκριβήs, exactly, accurately, precisely. II. sparingly; ακριβώς και μόλις, Lat.

vix et ne vix quidem.

 $\dot{a}$ κρίδο-θήκη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ κρί $\dot{s}$ ,  $\tau$ ίθημι) a locust-cage.

ακρις, ιος, ή, Ion. for ακρα, a bill-top, peak; mostly in pl.. ακριες ήνεμόεσσαι the windy mountain-tops. 'AKPI'Σ, ίδοs, ή, a locust, Lat. gryllus.

άκρισία, ή, (ἄκριτοι) want of distinctness and order, confusion. II. want of judgment.

άκριτό-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἄκριτος, δάκρυ) shedding floods of tears.

άκριτό-μύθος, ον, (άκριτος, μύθος) talking recklessly. II. bard to interpret.

2. lasting, unceasing: of mountains, continuous. II. undecided, doubtful. 2. unjudged, untried, of persons and things; ἄκριτόν τινα κτείνειν, to put to death without trial, Lat. indicta causa:—also not subject to III. act. not giving judgment. exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

άκριτό-φυλλος, ον, (ἄκριτος, φύλλον) of blended foliage.

άκριτό-φυρτος, ον, (άκριτος, φύρω) undistinguish-

ably mixed. άκροάζομαι, Dep. = άκροάο μαι.

άκρόāμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. acroāma, anything beard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or sung: a play or musical piece.

'AKPOA'OMAI: impf. ηκροώμην: fut. άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ : aor. 1 ήκρο $\bar{a}\sigma\dot{a}\mu\eta\nu$ : pf. ήκρο $\bar{a}\mu a\iota$ : Dep.:—to bearken or listen to, esp to bear or attend lectures; δ ἀκροώμενος a bearer, student. II. to obey.

άκρόδοις, εως, ή, (ἀκροάομαι) a bearkening or lis-2. obedience. tening to.

άκροατέον, verb. Adj. of άκροάομαι, one must listen to.

άκροατήριον, τό, (άκροάομαι) a place of audience: lecture-room. II. an audience.

άκροāτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) a hearer: a pupil. άκροατικός, ή, όν, (άκροάομαι) proper for bearing or attending lectures; μισθός άκροατικός, Lat.bonorarium, a pupil's fee.

άκρο-βάτέω, (ἄκρος, βαίνω) to walk on tiptoe or erect. άκρο-βάφής, ές, (ἄκρος, βάφηναι) wetted at the II. tinged at the point, or slightly,

 $\dot{\alpha}$ κρο-βελής, ές, ( $\ddot{\alpha}$ κρος, βέλος) with a point at the

ἀκροβολέω, (ἀκροβόλος) to be a slinger, to skirmish. άκροβολίζομαι, (άκροβολέω) Dep. to throw or strike from afar: to skirmish. Hence

άκροβόλζοις, εως, ή, a skirmishing. ἀκροβολισμός, οῦ, ὁ, = ἀκροβύλισις.  $\dot{\alpha}$ κροβολιστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ κροβόλος.

άκρο-βόλος, δ, (άκρος, βαλείν) as Subst. one that throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher: but as Adj. proparox. ἀκρό-βολοs, ον, struck from afar.

άκροβυστία, ή, (άκρόβυστος) uncircumcision.

άκρό-βυστος, ον, (άκρος, βύω) uncircumcised. άκρο-γωνιαίος, ον, (άκρος, γωνία) at the extreme angle; άκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.

άκρό-δετος, ον, (άκρος, δέω) bound at the end or top. άκρόδρυα, τά, (άκρος, δρῦς) fruit-trees. fruits, esp. bard-shelled fruits.

άκρο-έλικτος, ον, (άκρος, έλίσσω) twisted at the end. άκρο-θιγής, έε, (άκρος, θιγείν) touching on the surface or lightly.

άκρό-θίνα, τά, ν. άκρο-θίνιον.

άκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) to take of the best, pick out for oneself.

άκρο-θίνιον, τό, (άκροs, θίs) mostly in plur. άκροd-κρίτος, ον, (a privat., κρίνω) unarranged, con- | θίνια, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, the top of the heap, the best or choice parts: hence the first-fruits of the field, I good, excellent; ακροι Δαναών, ποιητών the first of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί:—properly a neut. Adj. from ακροθίνιος, whence θύη ακροθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θί]

άκρο-κελαινιάω, (άκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀκροκελαινιόων, growing black on the surface.

άκρο-κνέφαιος, ον, and άκρο-κνεφής, ές, (ἄκρος, κνέφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight. άκρό-κομος, ον, (άκρος, κόμη) with hair on the II. with leaves at the top. crown.

άκρο-κόρινθος, δ, the citadel of Corinth.

άκρο-κυματόω, f. ώσω, (άκρος, κυμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ακρό-λιθος, ον, (άκρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith, of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ κρο-λίνιον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{\alpha}$ κρος, λίνον) the edge of a net.  $\dot{\alpha}$ κρο-λογέω, ( $\dot{\alpha}$ κρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

άκρολοφίτης, [i], ου, δ, (άκρος, λόφος) a moun-

άκρό-λοφος, δ, (ἄκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge. άκρο-λυτέω, (άκρος, λύω) to until only at the end. άκρο-μάνής, ές, (άκρος, μάνηναι) at the height of madness, raving mad.

άκρο-μόλιβδος, ον, (ἄκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

άκρον, ου, τό, neut. of άκρος, the highest or topmost I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph. the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl. акра, of persons, the chiefs.

άκρ-ονυχί, Adv. (άκρος, όνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

 $d\kappa \rho$ - $\delta v \ddot{u} \chi o s$ , o v,  $(\ddot{a} \kappa \rho o s$ ,  $\ddot{o} v v \xi) = d\kappa \rho \dot{\omega} v v \chi o s$ .

άκρό-νὕχος, ον, (ἄκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

άκρο-πενθής, ές, (άκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

άκρο-ποδητί, Adv. (ἄκρος, πούς) on tiptoe, stealthily.  $\dot{\alpha}$ κρό-πολις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\ddot{\alpha}$ κρος, πύλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle: in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the trea-II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

άκρο-πόλοs, ον, (ἄκρος, πο\έω) high-ranging: ge-

nerally, high.

dκρο-πόροs, ον, (άκροs, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ κρό-πτερον, τό,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ κρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing. άκρό-πτολιε, ή, poet. for άκρόπολιε.

άκρος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\kappa\dot{\eta})$  at the end, i.e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus; akpa xeip, άκροι πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc.;  $\pi \delta \lambda is \ \tilde{a} \kappa \rho \eta = \tilde{a} \kappa \rho \delta \pi \delta \lambda is$ , the citadel;  $\delta \delta \omega \rho \ \tilde{a} \kappa \rho \delta \nu$  the surface of the water; so also, ἐπ' ἄκροις (sc. δακτύλοις) on tiptoe; οὐκ ἀπ' ἄκρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i. e. from the inmost heart; άκροισι λαίφους κρασπέδοις with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time, ακρα ἐσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III. of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding, βλητες jutting cliffs.

among the Greeks, the poets; ψυχην οὖκ ἄκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. and and and and as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly: v. akpos.

άκρο-σίδηρος, ον, (άκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod

with iron.

άκρό-σοφος, ον, (ἄκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom. άκρο-στόλιον, τό, (άκρος, στολή) the gunwale of

άκρο-σφάλής, ές, (ἄκρος, σφάληναι) apt to stumble. άκροτάτη, fem. Sup. of ακρος.

άκρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἄκρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

άκρότης, ητος, ή, (ἄκρος) a summit, height.

άκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From άκρό-τομος, ον, (ἄκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge. ἀκρ-ουχέω, (ἄκρον, έχω) to inhabit the heights. άκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἄκρος, φθσα) the snout or pipe of

a pair of bellows.

άκρο-γάνης, ές, (άκρος, γάνειν) wide-yawning, άκρο-χειρίζομαι, Dep. (άκρος, χείρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ά-κρυπτος, ον, (a privat., κρύπτω) unhidden. ά-κρύσταλλος, ον, without ice, unfrozen.

άκρ-ωλένιον, τό, (άκρος, ωλένη) the point of the elbow.

άκρ-ωνύχία, ή, (ἄκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail: hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

άκρ-ώντχος, ον, (ἄκρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs. ἀκρ-ώρεια, ή, (ἄκρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge. ακρωs, regul. Adv. of ακροs, very, exceedingly.

άκρωτηριάζω, f. σω: 201. Ι ήκρωτηρίασα: pf. pass. ήκρωτηρίασμαι:-to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From

άκρωτήριον, τό, (άκρος) any topmost or prominent part; άκρ. ούρεος a mountain-peak; άκρ. νηός a ship's I. in plur. the extremities of the beak, Lat. rostra. body, hands and feet. 2. in sing, a promontory.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{\kappa} \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{\omega}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{\kappa} \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{\omega}$ . άκταίνω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἄγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

 $\dot{a}$ κταῖο**s**, a,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ κτ $\dot{\eta}$ ) on the shore of coast. 'Ακταία (sc.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ )  $\hat{\eta}$ , Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also 'Ακτή.

'AKTE'A, h, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ά-κτέανος, ον, (a privat., κτέανον) without property. ά-κτένιστος, ον, (α privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, un-

άκτέον, verb. Adj. of άγω, one must lead: εἰρήνην II. intr. one must aktéov one must keep peace. go or march.

ά-κτερειστος or ά-κτέριστος, ον, (α privat., κτεpet(w or krepi(w) without funeral-rites.

άκτή, ή, (ἄγνυμι) the place where the waves break, i. e. the beach, sea-shore, strand; in plur., deral wpo-2. a tract by the sea.

generally, any raised place or edge, like the sea- | δρόμος, the bounding race; by others from αλε, δρόcoast, Lat. ora.

άκτη, ή, (ἄγνυμι) properly fem. of ἀκτόε (broken, bruised), bruised corn, Lat. mola: groats, meal, bread

ά-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., κτήμα) without property, c. gen., ακτήμων χρυσοίο poor in gold.

ά-κτητος, ον, (a privat., κτάομαι) not worth getting. ἀκτίνεσσιν, Ep for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl of ἀκτίε.

ἀκτίνηδόν, (ἀκτίε) Adv. like a ray.

aκτιος, ον. (ἀκτή) of or inhabiting the sea-shore. άκτίς, îνος, ή, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα artis midday: also the flash of fire and lightning: metaph. brightness, splendour. II. like Lat. radius, the spoke of a wheel.

άκτίτης, ου, δ, (ἀκτή) a dweller on the coast. [i] ά-κτίτος, ον, (a privat., κτίζω) uncultivated.

άκτωρ, opos, δ, (άγω) a leader, chief.

ά-κυβέρνητος, ον, (a privat., κυβερνάω) without

pilot, not steered.

AKT AOE, h, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex. α-κύμαντος, ον, (a privat., κῦμαίνω) not washed by the waves, waveless, calm.

**d-κθμος**, ον, = ἀκύμαντος: metaph. calm, serene.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κ $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ μα) =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ κύμαντοs. [υ]

ά-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., κυέω) without

fruit or offspring, barren. [v]

d-κυρος, ον, (a privat., κυρος) without author-I. of laws, sentences, etc., no longer in ity. force, cancelled, annulled, set aside; ἄκυροε γίγνε- $\sigma\theta\alpha$ , elva to have no force, be set aside. persons, baving no right or power, c. gen. Hence

άκυροω, f. ώσω, to cancel, set aside.

ά-κύρωτος, ov, verb. Adj. unratified.

ά-κωδώνιστος, ον, (a privat., κωδωνίζω) untried, unexamined.

άκωκή, ή, (ἀκή) a point, edge, Lat. acies.

ά-κώλυτος, ον, (a privat., κωλύω) unbindered. Adv. -Tws, without bindrance.

ά-κωμώδητος, ον, (α privat., κωμφδέω) not made the subject of comedy: generally, not ridiculed.

άκων, οντος, ό, (ἀκή) a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than eyxos.

άκων, άκουσα, άκον, gen. -οντος, Att. contr. for άέκων, against one's will, perforce. II. =  $d\kappa o \dot{v}$ σιοs, involuntary. [ā]

**α-κωπος**, ον, (α privat., κώπη) without oars.

άλαβαστο-θήκη, ή, (άλάβαστος, θήκη) a case for alabaster ornaments.

άλάβαστος, δ, άλαβαστίτης, δ, άλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for ἀλάβαστροε.

ἀλάβαστρον, τό, and ἀλάβαστρος, ό, also ή, a calcareous spar, alabaster. II. that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster.

aλaδε, Adv. (aλs) to or into the sea: in Homer also eis äλαδε.

άλά-δρομος, ου, ό, by some derived from άλλομαι, ά-λαπάζω, Ερ. impf. ἀλάπαζον: f. ἀλαπάζω: Ep.

uos, a race over the sea.

άλαζονεία, ή, (ἀλαζών) the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, imposture.

άλαζόνευμα, τό, an imposture. From

άλαζονεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Dep. to swagger, use false pretensions. From

άλαζών, όνος, ό, ή, (ἄλη) a wanderer about the country, vagabond :- hence, a false pretender, an II. as Adj. making false pretences, impostor. swaggering, braggart, Lat. gloriosus: - Sup. alacoνέστατος or -ίστατος.

άλάθεια, άλαθής, Dor. for άλήθεια, άληθής.

¿λαθείς, Dor. aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαίνω, = ἀλάομαι, to wander about.

άλακάτα, ή, Dor. for ήλακάτη.

άλαλά, Dor. for άλαλή.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\dot{a}\lambda\dot{a}\gamma\dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, (\dot{a}\lambda a\lambda\dot{a}\zeta\omega)$  a shouting.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\dot{a}\lambda\alpha\gamma\mu\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}\lambda\alpha\lambda\alpha\gamma\dot{\eta}$ .

άλαλάζω, f. άξομαι: aor. I ήλαλαξα, poet. άλά- $\lambda a fa : (\dot{a}\lambda a\lambda \dot{\eta}) := to \ raise \ the \ war-cry : \ generally$ to shout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν to sbout the sbout of victory.

άλαλή, Dor. άλαλά, ή, alala! a loud cry: the battle-sbout, war-cry.

άλάλημαι, a pf. form of άλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, to wander or roam about, like a beggar.

ά-λάλητος, ον, (a privat., λαλέω) unspeakable.

άλαλητός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) the war-cry, shout of victory: also a cry of woe, wailing.

άλαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

άλαλκέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. 20r. 2 inf. of άλέξω.

'Αλαλκο-μενηίς, ίδος, ή, (άλαλκεῖν, μένος) the guardian goddess, name of Minerva. a-λάλοs, ον, (a privat., λάλοs) speechless, dumb.

ἀλαλύκτημαι, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύω), but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, to wander about in anguisb: to wander in mind from grief.

ά-λάμπετος, ον, (a privat., λάμπω) without light, darksome.

ά-λαμπής, ές, = άλάμπετος; άλαμπης ήλίου without the light of the sun.

άλάομαι, impf.  $\dot{\eta}$ λώμην: aor.  $\mathbf{I}$   $\dot{\eta}$ λήθην, Ep. άλήθην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—to wander, stray, or roam about: sometimes c. acc., άλασθαι γην to wander through or over the land: also to wander from bome, be banished. II. metaph, to wander in mind, be distraught.

άλαόs, όν, not seeing, blind; άλαοί, as opp. to δεδορκύτες, the dead; άλαὸν έλκος όμμάτων a wound that brings blindness. II. dark, obscure.

άλδο-σκοπιή, ή, (ἀλαύε, σκοπέω) a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch.

άλαόω, f. ώσω: 20r. I inf. άλαῶσαι: (άλαόs):--to make blind.

ἀλαπαδνός, ή, όν, (ἀλαπάζω) easily mastered, weakened: powerless, feeble.

aor. αλάπαξα: (a euphon., λαπάζω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

άλας,  $\check{\alpha}$ τος,  $\check{\tau}\acute{o}$ ,  $= \check{\alpha}\lambda$ ς, salt.

άλαστέω, (άλαστοι) to be wrathful, bear hate.

άλάστορος, ον, (άλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ά-λαστος, ον, (a privat., λανθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed.

ά-λάστωρ, ορος, ό, (a privat., λανθάνομαι) be who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; βουκύλων άλάστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accuraed and polluted man.

άλάτας, δ, Dor. for άλήτης.

άλūτεία, ή, Dor. for άλητεία.

άλατο, 3 sing. Ep impf. of άλάομαι.

άλαωτύς, ύος, ή, (άλαύω) a making blind, blinding. άλγεινός, ή, όν, (ἄλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous :- Adv. -vws. II. act. feeling pain, suffering. For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίων.

άλγεσί-δωρος, ον, (ἄλγος, δώρον) bringing pain. άλγέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήλγησα: (άλγοι):-to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph. to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer tain at or about a thing.

άλγηδών, όνος, ή, (άλγέω) a sense of pain, pain, grief, of body or mind.

άλγημα, ατος, τό, (άλγέω) pain felt or caused.

άλγησις, εως, ή, (άλγέω) sense of pain. άλγινόεις, εσσα, εν, (άλγος) painful, grievous.

άλγίων, ον, gen. ονος, and άλγιστος, η, ον, irreg Comp. and Sup. of adjections, formed from Subst. άλγος (as καλλίων, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [Y Ep, but 7 Att.]

"AΛΓΟΣ, εοs, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later.

anything that causes pain. Hence

άλγύνω, f. τνω: aor. I ήλγτνα.—Pass. with f. med. άλγυνοθμαι: aor. I ήλγύνθην: - to pain, grieve, distress:-Pass, to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

άλδαίνω, 201. 2 ήλδάνον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ήλδανε μέλεα she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From \*άλω, Lat. alo.)

άλδήσκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. =

άλδαίνω. (From Root 'AA-, as in Lat. alere.) άλέα, Ion. άλέη, ή, (ἄλη, άλεύω) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

'AAE'A, Ion.  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}i\lambda\eta$ , beat or warmth, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

alealvo, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

άλξασθαι, άλξασθε, Ep. 201. I inf. 2nd imper. pl. of **ἀλ**έομαι.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$ , cf.  $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu\delta s$ ) painful. grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι άλεγεινοὶ δαμήμεναι horses bard to break.

άλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. άλέγιζον: (ἀλέγω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care

for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

άλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλέγω):in Odyssey with δαίτα and δαίταs, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ά-λέγω, (a copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, bave a care, mind, beed; mostly with the negat, οὐκ ἀλέγειν to bave no care, beed not; rarely without negat., Λιταὶ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαι they are beedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι έν τισι, to be regarded or counted among,

 $\dot{a}\lambda\epsilon\epsilon\iota\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}a$ ,  $\ddot{a}\lambda\omega)$  bot, warm.

άλεείνω, only used in pres. and impf. = άλέομαι, άλεύομαι, (άλέα, άλη) to sbun, avoid.

άλέη, ή, Ion. for άλέα.

άλειαρ, άτος, τό, (άλέω) wheaten flour.

άλειμμα, ατος, τό, (άλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

άλείπτης, ου, ό, (άλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

άλείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of είλω.

a-λεισον, τό, (a privat., λείοs) an embossed cup, generally =  $\delta \epsilon \pi \alpha s$ .

άλείτης, ου, ύ, (άλη) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ λειφα,  $\mathbf{\tau}$  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , =  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ λειφαρ.

αλειφαρ, ατος, τό, (άλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for smearing with, pitch, resin.

'ΑΛΕΙ'ΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ήλειψα, Ep. άλ-: pf. άλήλἴφα:---Pass., aor. Ι ἢλείφθην, also aor. 2 ἢλίφην [ἴ]: pf. άληλιμμαι:-to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins ἀλείψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίφ to anoint with oil (see  $\lambda(\pi a)$ ; esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; οἱ ἀλειφόμενοι the athletes. like έπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; ούατα άλειψαι to stop up the ears. Hence

άλειψις, εως, ή, an anointing, dyeing.

άλεκτοριδεύς, έως, ό, (άλέκτωρ) a chicken.

άλεκτορίς, ίδος, ή, (άλέκτωρ) a ben.

άλεκτορίσκος, ό, Dim. of άλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

άλεκτορο-φωνία, ή, (άλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ά-λεκτρος, ον, (a privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; άλεκτρα γάμων άμιλλήματα an unlawful contest of marriage: άλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

άλεκτρύαινα, ή, a ben, comic fem. of άλεκτρύων, by analogy of Aéawa to Aéaw.

άλεκτρύών, όνος, ό, ή, (άλέκτωρ) a cock or ben. 'AΛE'KTΩP, opos, o, a cock, Lat. gallus.

'AΛΕ'ΚΩ, less common form for dhefe, to ward off, avert, Tivi Ti.

άλέματος, Dor. for ήλέματος.

άλεν. Dor. and Ep. for εάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of είλω:-but άλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. άλείε.

άλέξ-ανδρος, ον, (άλέξω, άνήρ) defending men. the usual name of Paris in the Iliad.

άλεξ-άνεμος, ον. (άλέξω, ἄνεμος) keeping off the wind.

άλέξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of άλέξω.

άλεξέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of άλέξω. άλέξημα, τό, (άλέξω) a defence, guard, belp.

άλεξήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of άλέξω.

άλέξησις, εως, ή, (άλέξω) a keeping off, resistance.  $\dot{a}\lambda \epsilon \dot{\xi} \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , fut. of  $\dot{a}\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \omega$ .

άλεξήτειρα, ή, fem. of άλεξητήρ.

άλεξητήρ, ήρος, δ, (άλέξω) one who keeps off, a belper, guardian; αλεξητήρ μάχης one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion. Hence

άλεξητήριοs, a, ov, able to keep off, defend or belp, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. Averrunci. άλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, a remedy, protection.

 $\dot{a}$ λεξήτωρ, οροε,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ λεξητήρ.

άλεξι-άρη, ή, (άλέξω, άρά) she that keeps off a curse; or (from αλέξω, "Apps) she that guards from death and ruin. [ap]

άλεξι-βέλεμνος, ον, (άλέξω, βέλεμνον) keeping off

arrows or darts.

άλεξί-κάκος, ον, (άλέξω, κακόν) keeping off evil. άλεξίμ-βροτος,ον,(άλέξω,βροτός) protecting mortals. άλεξί-μορος, ον, (άλέξω, μόρος) warding off death. άλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, a means of keeping off poison,

an antidote.

'AΛΕ'ΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from άλεξέω, partly from άλέκω:-fut. άλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. I act. opt.  $d\lambda \epsilon \xi \dot{\eta} \sigma \epsilon i \epsilon$ ; fut. med.  $d\lambda \epsilon \xi \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha i :=$ but also fut. ἀλέξω; aor. Ι ήλεξα; fut. med. ἀλέξομαι; aor. Ι ήλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from \*άλκω) άλαλκον, inf. άλαλκείν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. άλαλκών; whence again is formed a fut. άλαλκήσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:-Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἀλέξειν τινί to belp one; Ζεὺς τόγ ἀλεξήσειε may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, alifeir Davaois κακὸν ημαρ to avert the day of evil from the Danai: cf. ἄλαλκε: - Med., ἀλέξεσθαί τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol, to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

άλέομαι, contr. άλεθμαι, also άλεύομαι: 3 sing opt. ἀλέοιτο: part. ἀλεύμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. Ι ήλεύατο or άλεύατο; imper. αλεύαι, αλέασθε; subj. αλέηται or αλεύεται; opt. άλέαιτο; inf. άλέασθαι, άλεύασθαι; part. άλευάμενοε: Dep.: (ἀλεύω):—to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, άλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape,

flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. άλεῦ.

άλεσσαν, Ep. for ήλεσαν, 3 plur. 201. 1 of αλέω. άλεται, Ep. for άληται, 3 sing. 20r. 2 subj. of άλλομαι, to leap.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}$ της, ου, δ,  $(\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a grinder;  $\dot{a}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}$ της ὅνος 2 mill-stone.

άλετός, δ, (άλέω) a grinding.

άλετρεύω, f. εύσω, longer form of άλέω, to grind. [ἄ] άλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (άλέω, τρίβω) that which grinds or pounds, a pestle.

άλετρίς, ίδος, ή, (άλέω) a female slave who grinds

corn, Lat. molitrix. [a]

άλεθ or άλευ, prob. shortened for άλέου, imper. of ἀλέομαι, avoid! cease!

άλευάμην, aor. I of άλέομαι.

άλευρον, τό, (άλέω) wheaten flour, fine meal, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφιτα (barley-

άλεύω, f. άλεύσω, aor. I ήλευσα, used as Act. to άλέομαι οτ άλεύομαι (v. άλέομαι):—to remove, keep

far awav.

'ΑΛΕ'Ω, impf. ήλουν: fut. ἀλέσω: 20τ. Ι ήλεσα, Ερ. άλεσσα: pf. ἀλήλεκα, pass. ἀλήλεσμαι or ἀλήλεμαι:-to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. molère.

άλεωρή, Att. άλεωρά, ή, (άλέομαι) an avoiding, 2. a means of escape from, sbunning, escaping. a defence against a person or thing, δηίων ανδρών άλεωρή: -absol. belp, succour.

"AΛΗ, ή, (ἀλάομαι) ceaseless wandering or roaming. 2. metaph. a wandering of mind, distrac-

tion, madness, Lat. error mentis.

άλήθεια, poët. άληθεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (άληθ $\dot{\eta}$ s) truth. the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

άληθέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of άληθω̂s.  $\dot{a}$ ληθεύω, f. εύσω,  $(\dot{a}$ ληθήs) of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled : - ἀλήθευσον πάντα speak truth in all things.

ά-ληθήs, έs, (a privat, λήθω) without reserve:of persons, true, sincere; trutbful, frank, bonest: of 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical things, real, actual. signf.; proparox. ἄληθες; itane? indeed? in sooth? but τὸ ἀληθέs, in very truth, really and truly, Lat.

άληθίζομαι, Dep. = άληθεύω.

άληθινός, ή, όν, (άληθής) agreeable to truth:—of persons, truthful, bonest: of things, real, actual, genuine. Adv. -νω̂s.

άληθό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (άληθής, μάντις) propbet

of truth.

άληθοσύνη, ή, poët. for άλήθεια.  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\eta}\theta\omega$ , fut.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to grind.

άληθωs, Ion. - έωs, Adv. of άληθηs, really, truly; also ώs άληθως:--Comp. άληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. άληθέστατα, most truly.

'Aλήϊον πεδίον, τό, (άλη) land of wandering, in

Lycia or Cilicia.

ά-λήϊος, ον, (a privat., λήϊον) without corn-land, poor. ά-ληκτος, Ερ. άλληκτος, ον, (a privat., λήγω) unceasing, incessant; άλληκτος θυμός implacable anger; άλληκτοι γόλου abating not from wrath.

άλήλεκα, άλήλεσμαι or -εμαι, Att. pf. act. and | pass. of axéw, to grind.

άλήλζφα, άλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of άλείφω.

άλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly that which is ground, fine flour: metaph. a wily knave.

άλήμεναι, Ep. for άληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of είλω. άλήμων, ονος, ό, ή, (άλάομαι) a wanderer, rover.

άληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of είλω.

ά-ληπτος, ον, (a privat., λαμβάνω) not to be laid bold of, bard to catch: Comp. ἀληπτότεροs, less amenable. 2. incomprehensible.

'AΛΗ'Σ or ἀλής, έs, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀθρύος, thronged, in a mass, Lat. confertus. [a]

άληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of άλλομαι.

άλητεία, Dor. άλατεία, ή, a wandering, roaming. From

άλητεύω, f. εύσω, (άλήτης) to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life.

άλήτης, ου, δ, (άλάομαι) a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond. 2. as Adj. vagrant, roving.

άλητός, ό, (άλέω) a grinding in the mill.

"ΑΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ερ. impf. ἀλθόμην: fut. ἀλθήσομαι: -to become whole or sound; ἄλθετο χείρ.

άλία, Ion. άλίη, ή, (άλήs) an assembly, gathering of the people, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic &kκλησία.

åλιά, ή, (ἄλs) a salt-cellar.

άλιάδαι, ων, oi, (άλs) seamen.

άλι-άετος, poët. άλιαίετος, ό, (άλε, ἀετός) the seaeagle, osprey.

άλι-ūήs, έs, (άλs, ἄημι) blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward.

άλι-ανθής, έs, (ἄλs, ἄνθος) sea-blooming, i.e. purple. ά-λίαστος, ον, (a privat., λιάζομαι) unyielding, unabating: neut. ἀλίαστον as Adv, incessantly.

άλί-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ηλίβατος.

άλί-βρεκτος, ον, (αλs, βρέχω) washed by the sea. άλίγκιος, a, ov, resembling, like. (Deriv. uncer-

**ἀλί-δονος,** ον, (ἄλ**ς**, δονέω) sea-tossed.

άλι-ερκήs, έs, (άλs, ερκοs) sea-girt, surrounded by the sea.

άλιεύς, gen. έως, Ion. η̂ος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) one who bas to do with the sea, and so I. a fisher. a seaman, sailor: with another Subst. ἐρέτας άλιῆας rowers on the sea.

άλιευτικός, ή, όν, (άλιεύω) of or for fishing. άλιεύω, f. σω, (άλιεύε) to be a fisher, to fish.

**ἀλίζω**, f. ίσω: aor. ήλίσα:—Pass., aor. Ι ήλίσθην: pf. ήλισμαι, Ion. άλισμαι: (άλήs):—to gather together, assemble: -Pass. to assemble, meet together. [a]

 $\delta \lambda (\zeta \omega, f. \ i\sigma \omega, (\tilde{a} \lambda s) \ to \ salt. \ [\check{a}]$ 

άλί-ζωνος, ον, (αλς, ζώνη) sea-girt.

άλίη, ή, Ion. for άλία.

άλι-ήρης, εs, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) sweeping the sea. άλίησι, Ep. dat. plur. of άλίη.

άλιήτωρ, opos, δ, poët. for άλιείς

άλίθιος, Dor. for ηλίθιος.

a-λίθοs, ov, without stones, not stony.

άλικία, ή, Dor. for ήλικία.

άλί-κλυστος, ον, (ἄλε, κλύζω) sea-beaten.

άλί-κμητος, ον, (άλς, κάμνω) wearied by the sea.

άλίκος, a, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκοε.

άλί-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships. II. act. roaring over the sea, of waves.

άλι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αλς, κυμα) surrounded

by waves. [v]

 $\dot{a}$ λι-μέδων, οντος,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{a}$ λς, μέδων) lord of the sea.

ά-λίμενος, ον, (a privat., λιμήν) without barbour, Lat. importuosus: generally, giving no shelter, inhospitable. Hence

ά-λιμενότης, ή, the being without barbours.

άλι-μυρήεις, εσσα, εν, (άλε, μύρω) flowing into the sea, of rivers.

άλινδήθρα, ή, a place for korses to roll in, Lat. volutabrum.

 $\dot{a}\lambda$ (νδω, aor. Ι ήλῖσα, inf.  $\dot{a}\lambda$ ίσαι: pf. ήλῖκα:—/ο make a horse roll:—Pass. άλινδέομαι or άλίνδομαι, to roll like a horse; also to wander up and down, roam about.

άλι-νήκτειρα, ή, fem. noun, as if from άλι-νηκτήρ (ἄλs, νήχω) swimming in the sea.

åλι-νηχής, ές, (άλς, νήχομαι) swimming in the sea. άλϊνος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (άλε) made of or from salt.

a-λίνοs, ον, (a privat., λίνον) without a net, without bunting toils.

āλιξ, Dor. for δλιξ.

åλί-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) worn by the sea.

άλιος, δ, Dor. for ήλιος, the sun. [ā]

αλιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (αλε) of, from, or belonging to the sea, Lat. marinus. [a]

άλιος, a, ov, = μάταιος, fruitless, unprofitable, idle. erring: also in neut. as Adv. in vain. [d] (Denv. uncertain.)

άλιο-τρεφής, ές, (άλιος, τρέφω) sea-nurtured.

άλιόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ήλίωσα, Ερ. άλίωσα: (άλιος ii):-to make fruitless, disappoint.

ά-λιπαρήs, έs, not fit for a suppliant.

άλίπεδον, τό, (άλε, πεδίον) a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeeus.

άλί-πλαγκτος, ον, (άλε, πλάζω) roaming in or by the sea.

άλίπλακτος, Dor. for άλίπληκτος.

άλι-πλάνής, ές, (άλς, πλάνη) sea-wandering, wandering over the sea. Hence

άλιπλανία, ή, a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage.

άλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλε, πλήσσω) sea-beaten, lashed by the sea.

 $\delta\lambda(-\pi\lambda\cos, o\nu, contr. \delta\lambda(-\pi\lambda\cos, o\nu\nu, (\delta\lambda s, \pi\lambda\epsilon\omega))$ merged in the sea, covered with water.

άλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) ploughing the sea.

άλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (άλε, πορφύρα) of sea-purple, of deep purple dye.

άλιρ-ράγής, ές, (άλε, βάγηναι) breaking the waves, | against which the tide breaks.

ἀλίρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλε, βαίνω) sea-surging.

 $\dot{a}\lambda i\rho$ -ρηκτος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\lambda i\rho\rho a\gamma \eta s$ .

άλιρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (άλε, ρόθος) roaring with waves, sea-beaten.

 $\dot{a}\lambda$ ίρ-ροθος, ον, =  $\dot{a}\lambda$ ιρρόθιος.

άλίρ-ρύτος, ον, (άλς, ρέω) washed by the sea.

"AΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλήs) in beaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough, Lat. satis: also c. gen., άλις άργύρου silver enough, Lat. sat argenti; αλις έχω τινός Ι have enough of a thing: rarely just enough, = μετρίωs. άλισαι, 20r. I inf. of άλίνδω.

'AΛΙΣΓΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to pollute. Hence

άλίσγημα, ατος, τό, a pollution.

άλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἡλισκόμην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ήλων, Att. also ἐάλων []; subj. άλω, Ερ. ἀλώω; opt. ἀλοίην, Ερ. ἀλφήν; inf. ἀλώναι [ἄ]; part. άλούε: pf. ήλωκα, Att. also ἐάλωκα [α]: plopf. ήλωκειν:-to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's 2. to be caught, seized. taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be over-4. rarely in good sense, to be won, powered. acbieved. II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; άλωναι κλοπήs to be convicted of theft.

 $\dot{a}$ λι-στέφανος, ον, = sq.

άλι-στεφής, έs, (αλς, στέφω) sea-girt.

άλί-στονος, ον, (άλε, στένω) sea-resounding.

άλιστός, ή, όν, (άλίζω) salted, pickled.

άλί-στρεπτος, ον, (άλε, στρέφω) whirled or rolled

to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.

άλιταίνω, f. άλιτήσω: 20r. 2 ήλιτον, inf. άλιτείν: later also aor. 1 ἡλίτησα. - Med., aor. 2 ἡλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. αλίτοντο, inf. αλιτέσθαι: see αλιτήμενος: (ἄλη):—to sin or offend against, to transgress, err. ά-λίτανευτος, ον, (a privat., λιτανεύω) not to be moved by prayer.

άλιτειν, aor. 2 inf. of άλιταίνω.

άλι-τενήs, έs, (άλs, τείνω) stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.

άλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (άλς, τέρμα) bounded by the sea, bordering on it.

άλίτημα, ατος, τό, (άλιτειν) a sin, offence.

άλιτήμενος, a part. med. of άλιταίνω, with accent and signf. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλίτημι. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

άλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (άλιτειν, ήμέρα) missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.

άλιτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (άλιτειν) sinful, wicked. άλιτήριος, ον, (άλιτειν) sinful, laden with guilt: άλιτήριός τινος sinning against him.

άλίτοντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of άλἴταίνω.

άλιτό-ξενος, ον, (άλιτειν, ξένος) sinning against a guest.

 $d\lambda \iota \tau \rho \alpha \iota \nu \omega$ , =  $d\lambda \iota \tau \alpha \iota \nu \omega$ .

άλιτρία, ή, (άλιτρόs) sinfulness, wickedness, mischief. άλιτρό-voos, ον, (άλιτρόε, νόοε) wicked-minded.

άλιτρός, όν, syncop. for άλιτηρός, (άλιτεῖν) sinful, sinning: as Subst., άλιτρός, δ, a sinner, a knave.

άλί-τρῦτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρύω) sea-beaten, sea-worn.

åλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) sea-beaten, sea-tossed: as Subst., άλίτυπος, ό, a seaman.

άλί-τυρος, ὁ, (άλε, τυρός) a salt cheese.

άλτφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of άλείφω.

άλιφθορία, ή, shipwreck. From

άλι-φθόρος, ον, (άλε, φθείρω) destroying on the sea: as Subst. άλιφθόρος, δ, a pirate.

åλίωs, Adv. of äλιοs, in vain.

άλκαῖος, a, ov, (άλκή) strong, mighty.

άλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (άλκή) a safeguard, bulwark, defence.

άλκαs, αντος, ό, ή, Dor. contr. from άλκάεις, = άλ-

κή€ιs.

άλκή, ή, (άλαλκείν) bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur, alkai, feats of strength. spirit, courage. III. a safeguard, defence; and IV. battle, fight. so belp, succour.

άλκήεις, εσσα, εν: Dor. άλκάεις contr. άλκας, gen.

άλκῆντος: (άλκή) valiant, mighty.

άλκί, heterocl. Ep. dat. of άλκή, formed as if from ãλξ.

άλκί-μαχος, ον, (άλκή, μάχομαι) bravely-fighting. άλκιμος, ον, also η, ον, (άλκή) strong, stout, brave. άλκί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (άλκή, φρήν) stout-bearted.  $\dot{a}$ λκτήρ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ροs,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ λαλκε $\hat{i}$ ν) one who wards off, a protector.

άλκτονίδες, al, with or without ἡμέραι, (άλκυών) balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.

'AΛΚΥ'Ω'N, όνοs, ή, the kingfisher, halcyon.

'AΛΛΑ', Conjunct., neut. pl. of άλλοs, but with a change of accent :- in another way, otherwise : to oppose single clauses, but, Lat. autem. oppose whole sentences, but, yet, Lat. at:-it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem; άλλ' ἴθι, άλλ' ἄγε, well come, III. joined with other Particles: come now. άλλ' οὖν, but then, however, 2. άλλὰ γάρ, Lat. enimvero, but really, certainly.

άλλαγή, ή, (άλλάσσω) a change: exchange, barter. άλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.

άλλαντοπωλέω, to sell sausages. From

άλλαντο-πώλης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (άλλ $\hat{a}$ s, πωλέω) a sausageseller.

άλλάξαι, άλλάξασθαι, 20r. 1 act. and med. inf. of άλλάσσω.

ἄλλαξις, εως, ή, (ἀλλάσσω) a changing, interchange. 'AΛΛΑ´Σ, αντοε, δ, a sausage.

άλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. άξω: aor. I ήλλαξα: pf. άλιτο-φροσύνη, ή, (άλιτείν, φρήν) a wicked mind. | ήλλαχα:—Pass., fut. 1 άλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 άλλαγήσομαι: 20τ. Ι ήλλάχθην, 20τ. 2 ήλλάγην: pf. ήλλαγμαι: (άλλοε):—to make other than it is, to change, alter. II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay. 2. to change, and so leave, quit.

to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος οτ άντί τινος one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, IV. Med. to change or alter like Lat. mutare. one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange: hence to barter, traffic:-and

I. to buy, or άλλαχη, Adv. (άλλος) elsewbere, in another place, Lat. alibi; ἄλλοτε άλλαχη at one time in one place,

2. to sell.

at another in another.

άλλαχόθεν, Adv. (άλλοε) from another place: by another way.

άλλαχόθι, Adv. (άλλος) elsewbere, somewbere else. άλλαχόσε, Adv elsewbither, to another place.

άλλαχοῦ, Adv. elsewbere, somewbere else, Lat. alibi. άλλεγον, άλλέξαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v. άναλέγω.

άλλη, Adv. properly dat. fem. of άλλος,

Adv. of Place: 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. alıbi. 2. to another place, elsewhither, Lat. alior-II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. alias.

άλλ' ή, i. e. ἄλλο ή, except.

άλλ-ηγορέω, (άλλος, άγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

άλ-ληκτος, ον, poët. for ά-ληκτος.

άλληλοφαγία, ή, an eating one another. From άλληλο-φάγος, ον, (άλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one

άλληλοφθορία, ή, mutual destruction. From άλληλο-φθόρος, ον, (άλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

άλληλοφονία, ή, mutual slaughter. From

άλληλο-φόνος, ον, (άλλήλων, \*φένω) murdering one another.

άλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom.: dat. άλλήλοιs, αιs, οιs: acc. άλλήλουs, αs, α: (ἄλλοs):—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence

άλλήλωs, Adv. reciprocally, mutually. άλ-λιστος, ον, poet. for ά-λιστος, (a privat., λίσ-

σομαι) inexorable.

άλ-λιτάνευτος, ον, poet. for ά-λιτάνευτος, (α privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable.

άλλο-γενής, ές, (άλλος, γένος) of another race: a foreigner.

άλλό-γλωσσος, ον, (ἄλλος, γλωσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign.

άλλο-γνοέω, Ion. aor. I part. άλλογνώσας, (άλλος,  $vo(\omega)$  to take one person or thing for another, to mistake. άλλό-γνωτος, ον, (άλλος, γιγνώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

άλλο-δάπός, ή, όν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land:  $d\lambda\lambda\delta\delta\alpha\pi\hat{\eta}$  (sc.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ) in a strange

land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

άλλοδοξέω, f. ήσω, (άλλόδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

άλλοδοξία, ή, a mistaking one thing for another.

άλλό-δοξος, ον, (άλλος, δόξα) bolding another opinion. άλλο-ειδής, έs, (άλλος, είδος) of different form, looking differently.

**ἄλλοθ'**, Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

άλλοθεν, Adv. (άλλος) from another place, Lat. aliunde.

άλλοθι, Adv. (άλλο3) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi. II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. alias.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\dot{o}$ -θροος,  $o\nu$ , contr.  $-\theta$ ρους,  $o\nu\nu$ , ( $\ddot{a}\lambda\lambda os$ ,  $\theta$ ρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

άλλοιοs, a, ov, (άλλοs) of another sort or kind, different, other: -- Comp. άλλοιότεροs, different.

άλλοιόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ήλλοίωσα:—Pass., pf. ήλλοίωμαι: (άλλοιοε):—to make different, to change, alter :- Pass. to become different, be changed: esp. to be changed for the worse.

άλλοίωs. Adv. of άλλοιοs, otherwise.

άλλοκα, Acol. for άλλοτε.

άλλόκοτος, ον, (άλλοε) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous: also utterly changed. Adv -τωs.

"ΑΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. SAL-IO: fut. ἀλοῦμαι: aor. I ήλάμην, inf. άλασθαι: 20r. 2 ήλόμην; Ep. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) αλσο, αλτο; 3 subj. αληται, Ερ. άλεται; inf. αλέσθαι; part. αλόμενος, Ερ. άλμενοs: Dep.:-to spring, leap, bound.

άλλο-πρόσ-αλλος, δ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, οπε who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain. "AΛΛΟΣ, η, o, Lat. ALIUS, another, other: άλλος τις, οι τὶς άλλος, any other, some other: εί τις άλλοs, Lat. si quis alius, whoever else. άλλοε is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as άλλος άλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another. 3. joined with the Art., δ άλλοs, the other, the rest; in plur. of άλλοι, all the otbers, the rest, all besides, Lat. ceteri; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. cetera, reliqua, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides: οι τε άλλοι καί. all others and especially: so also άλλωs τε καί . , both otherwise and . , i. e. especially. 4. ἄλλοs is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc.; πέμπτος ποταμός II. more rarely like άλλοs, yet a fifth river. άλλοιοs, of other sort, different: hence I. other 2. other than what is common, strange, foreign.

άλλοσε, Adv. (άλλος) to another place, elsewhither,

to foreign lands, Lat. aliorsum.

than what is, untrue, unreal.

άλλοτε, Adv. (άλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times;  $\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda o\tau\epsilon$ .,  $\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda o\tau\epsilon$ .., at one time, at another. άλλο τι; Adv. (άλλος, τις) anything else? Lat. numquid aliud? when followed by #, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. άλλο τι ή πεινήσουσι; i. e. άλλο τι πείσονται, ή πεινήσουσι; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger? but η is sometimes omitted.

άλλοτριάζω, (άλλότριοι) to be estranged.

άλλοτριο-επίσκοπος, ου, (άλλότριος, ἐπίσκοπος) a busy-body in other men's matters.

άλλοτριο-πραγέω, (άλλότριοs, πράσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence

άλλοτριοπραγία, ή, meddlesomeness.

άλλότριος, a, ov, (άλλος) of or belonging to another, Lat. alienus, opp. to ίδιος; άλλοτρίων χαρίσασθαι to be bountiful of what is another's; άλλοτρίως γναθμοῖε γελῶν to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's ridere malis alienis. II. foreign, Lat. peregrinus: hence strange, alien: also estranged, hostile.

άλλοτριότης, ητος, ή, (άλλότριος) estrangement. άλλοτριό-χρως, χρωτος, δ, ή, (άλλότριος, χρώς)

of divers colours.

ἀλλοτριόω, f. ωσω, to make strange, estrange, make bostile or ill-disposed:—Pass. to become estranged, be made an enemy.

II. to bring into another's bands:
—Pass. to fall into strangers' bands. Hence

άλλοτρίως, Adv. of άλλότριος, strangely; άλλοτρίως έχειν to be estranged.

άλλοτρίωσις, εως, ή, estrangement.

άλλου, Adv. elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi.

άλ-λοφος, ον, Ep. for ά-λοφος.

άλλο-φρονέω, f. ήσω, (άλλος, φρονέω) to be of another mind: to give no heed to a thing. II. to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly.

2. to be absent or unheeding: also to be senseless, lose one's wits.

ἀλλό-φῦλος, ον, (ἄλλος, φυλή) of another tribe, foreign, strange.

άλλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ἄλλος, χρόα) of another colour, changeful of hue.

 $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\delta$ -χρως, ωτος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda\delta\chi\rho\cos$ , for eign.

άλλυδις, Adv. (άλλος) = άλλοσε, elsewhither: Hom. has it only with άλλος, e. g. άλλυδις άλλος one hither another thither.

ἀλλύεσκε, ἀλλύουσα  $[\bar{v}]$ , Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα : see ἀναλύω.

άλλως, Adv. of άλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise; άλλως πως in some other way; άλλως τε καί... both otherwise and ., i. e. especially, above all. II. otherwise than , differently: hence in good sense, better. 2. otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like προῦκα, Lat. gratis: hence = μόνον, only, merely.

άλμα, τό, (άλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.

αλμη, ή, (αλs) sea-water that has dried: also the sea.

2. salt-water, brine.

II. saltness.

άλμήεις, εσσα, εν, (άλμη) salt, briny.

άλμτρόs, ά, όν, (άλμη) salt, briny. 2. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. amarus.

'ΑΛΟΑ'Ω, poët. ἀλοιάω: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἀλοία: fut. ἀλοήσω: aor. 1 ἡλόησα, Ep. ἠλόιησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡλόηθην: pf. ἡλόημαι:—to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel.

a-λοβos, ov, with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims.

άλογέω, f. ήσω, (ἄλογοε) to pay no regard to a thing, take no beed of it, Lat. rationem rei non babere. 2. to be out of one's senses. Hence

άλογία, ή, want of regard or esteem, contempt. II.

want of reason, senselessness, folly.

å-λόγιστος, ον, (a privat., λογίζομαι) unreasoning, thoughtless, silly. II. not to be reckoned. 2. not to be heeded, vile.

d-hoyos, ov, I. without speech, speechless. 2. unspoken, i. c. unutterable, Lat. infandus. II. without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. 3. not reckoned upon, unexpected.

'AΛO'H, ή, the aloe, a plant.

άλοητός, δ, (άλοάω) threshing or threshing-time.

άλόθεν, Adv. (άλε) from or out of the sea.

άλοία, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of άλοιάω.

άλοιάω, poët. for άλοάω.

άλοίην, aor. 2 opt. of άλίσκομαι.

ά-λοιδόρητος, ον, (a privat., λοιδορέω) unreviled: not to be reviled.

ά-λοίδοροs, ov, not reviling.

άλοιφή, ή, (άλείφω) anything for smearing: hog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.

άλοκίζω, f. σω, (ἄλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw. άλόντε [ἄ], dual aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι.

"AΛΟΞ, οκος, η, a poet. form of αὐλαξ, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land.

2. in the skin, a gash, wound.

'Αλοσ-ύδνη, ή, (αλs, ὕδνηs) the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.

 $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{\delta}$ -τριψ, ϊβοs,  $\dot{\delta}$ , ( $\ddot{\alpha}\lambda\dot{s}$ , τρίβω) a pestle for pounding salt.

άλ-ουργήs, see άλουργόs.

άλ-ουργίς, ίδος, ή, (άλουργός) a purple robe.

åλ-ουργόs, δν, and åλ-ουργήs, έs, (άλs, \*ἔργω) purple-wrought, i. c. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple: in pl., τὰ άλουργῆ purple robes.

άλούς, άλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of άλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

άλουσία, ή, want of the bath. From α-λουτος, (α privat., λούω) unwashen.

ά-λοφος, Ep. άλ-λοφος, ov, without a crest.

ā-λοχοs, ου, ή, (a copul., λέχοs) the partner of one's bed, a wife.

άλόω, Ep. for άλάου, pres. imperat. of άλάομαι.

άλπνιστος, η, ον, Sup. of obsol. άλπνος, sweetest, loveliest.

"ΑΛΣ, ἀλός, δ, Lat. SAL, Engl. SALT: in sing. a grain or lump of salt; in plur. salt as prepared for use. "ΑΛΣ, ἀλός, ή, the sea.

άλσο, άλτο, Ερ. 2 and 3 sing. 2 of άλλομαι. "ΑΛΣΟΣ,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ o', a place grown with trees and

grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade. ἀλσ-ώδης, ες, (άλσος, είδος) like a grove, woodland ἀλτικός, ή, όν, (άλλομα) good at leaping, nimble.

άλυκός, ή, όν, (αλε) salt.

άλυκτάζω, f. άσω, (ἀλύω) to be in trouble or dis-

11.

tress: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτημαι, as if from a pres. ἀλυκτέω.

άλυκτο-πέδη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἄλυκτοι  $\pi$ , πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

αλυκτος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled. II. (a privat., λύω) = ἄλυτος, indissoluble.

άλύξαι, aor. I inf. of άλύσκω.

άλυξις, εως, ή, (ἀλύσκω) an escaping, avoiding.

d-λύπητος, ον, (a privat., λυπέω) not pained or grieved.

II. act. not paining or distressing.

**ά-λῦπος**, ον, (a privat., λύπη) without pain or grief, unpained. II. act. not paining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.

ά-λύρος, ον, (a privat., λύρα) without the lyre, un-

accompanied by it: hence mournful.

άλυσις, εως, ή, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.) ἀ-λύσἴτελής, ές, useless, unprofitable: hence burtful. Adv. -λως.

άλυσκάζω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκω, used only in pres.

and impf.

άλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκω.

άλύσκω, fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα, Ep. ἄλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake. ἀλύσσω, f. ύξω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest. ά-λύτος, ον, (α privat., λύω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

ď-λυχνος, ov, without lamp or light.

'AΛΥ'Ω, Att. ἀλύω, used only in pres. and impf.: (ἄλη, ἀλάομω):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like ἀπορέω: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ $\breve{v}$  in Hom.,  $\bar{v}$  in Att.]

'ΑΛΦΑ'ΝΩ; aor. 2 ήλφον, 3 sing. opt. άλφοι:—
to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον

άλφάνειν to incur envy.

 $d\lambda \phi \epsilon \hat{\mathbf{i}} \mathbf{v}$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $d\lambda \phi \dot{a} \nu \omega$ .

άλφεσί-βοιος, α, ον, (άλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ἀλφηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἄνδρες ἀλφησταί, gain-seeking, enterprizing, industrious men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

άλφιτ-αμοιβός, δ, (άλφιτον, αμείβω) a dealer in

barley-meal.

"AΛΦΙΤΟΝ [t], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. polenta: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτου ἀκτή, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιτα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it.

2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: πατρῶαἄλφιτα one's patrimony.

άλφιτοποιία, ή, a preparing of barley-meal. From άλφιτο-ποιός, ό, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal. άλφιτο-σιτέω, f. ήσω, (ἄλφιτον, σιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

άλφοι, 3 sing aor. 2 opt. of άλφάνω.

άλω, acc. of άλω».

άλω, 20r. 2 subj. of άλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

άλωεινός, ή, όν, (άλως) used on a threshing-floor. άλωεύς, έως, Ερ. η̂ος, ό, (άλωή) a thresher, vine-dresser.

άλωή, Dor. άλωά, poët. for Att. άλωι: I. a threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

άλώη, Ép. for άλ $\hat{\varphi}$ , 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of άλίσκομαι. II. άλψη, Ép. for άλοίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.

άλωτης, ου, ό, (άλωή) a busbandman, gardener. [ā] άλωμέναι, Ερ. for άλωναι, aor. 2 inf. of άλίσκο μαι. [ă]

άλώμενος, η, ον, part. of άλάομαι.

δλων, ωνος, η, = αλως.

άλωναι, aor. 2 inf. of άλίσκομαι. [d]

άλωπεκή, ή, Att. contr. from Ion. άλωπεκεή (sub. δορά): (ἀλώπηξ) a foxskin.

άλωπεκίας, ου, δ, (άλωπηξ) branded with a for.

άλωπεκιδεύς, έως, δ, (άλωπηξ) a fox's cub.

άλωπεκίζω, f. ίσω, (άλώπηξ) to play the fon, Lat. vulpinari.

άλωπέκιον, τό, Dim. of άλωπηξ, a little fox.

άλωπεκίς, ίδος, ή, (ἀλώπηξ) a mongrel between fox and dog.

II. a fox-skin cap.

'AΛΩ'ΠΗΞ, εκοs, ή, a fox, Lat. vulpes: metaph. of men.

"AΛΩΣ, ω, ή: gen. ἄλω or ἄλωος: acc. ἄλω, ἄλων or ἄλωα: pl. n. ἄλω:—a threshing-floor. II. the disk of the sun or moon.

άλώστμος, ον, (άλῶναι) easy to take, catch, win, or conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II. (ἄλωσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

άλωσις, εως, ή, (ἀλῶναι) a taking, capture, conquest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction. άλώσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

άλωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άλωναι, to be taken, caught or conquered: to be acquired.

άλώω, Ep. for άλῶ, 20r. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. ἀμ, for ἀνά:—but ἀμ, for ἄμα.

"AMA, I. Adv. at once, Lat. simul.
Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

άμα, Dor. for άμα.

'Aμαζών, όνος, ή, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also 'Αμαζονίδες.

άμαθαίνω, (άμαθήs) to be ignorant, stupid.

d-μαθής, ές, (a privat., μαθέω) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing.

II. pass. not learnt, unknown.

Hence

άμαθία, ή, want of knowledge, ignorance.

άμαθόεις, δεσσα, δεν, contr. άμαθοῦς, οῦσσα, οῦν, (ἄμαθος) = Ερ. ἡμαθόεις, sandy.

"AMAΘΟΣ, ή, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil; see ψάμμος. [ἄμὰ-]

' ἀμαθύνω, (ἄμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.

άμαθῶs, Adv. of ἀμαθήs, ignorantly; ἀμαθῶs ἔχειν to be ignorant.

ά-μαιμάκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχοε, irresistible, buge, enormous.

ἀμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλόε) properly to

soften: hence to crush, destroy, ruin. 2. metaph. to bide, disguise.

ά-μάλθακτος, ον, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) unsoftened. αμαλλα, ή, (ἀμάω) a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf. άμαλλο-δετήρ, ηρος, and άμαλλο-δετής, οῦ, δ, (άμαλλα, δέω) a binder of sheaves.

άμαλός, Att. άμαλός, ή, όν, =  $\dot{a}παλός$ , soft, light,

2. weak, feeble. Lat. tener.

άμαξα, Att. άμαξα, ή, (άγω) a carriage, a wagon 2. the carriage of the plough, Lat. curor wain. rus. 3. Charles' wain in the heavens, the great 4. a carriage-road. Hence bear.

aμαξεύομαι, Pass. to be traversed by wagons, to

bave wagon-roads through it.

άμαξεύς, έως, δ, (αμαξα) a wagoner.

**ἀμαξ-ήλατος**, ον, (ἄμαξα, ἐλαύνω) traversed by wagons.

άμαξ-ήρης, ες, (αμαξα, \*άρω, Root of άραρίσκω) attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage.

άμαξιαίος, a, ov, (αμαξα) fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones.

άμαξίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of άμαξα, a little wagon, Lat. plostellum: a go-cart.

auakitys, ov. o. (auaka) of or belonging to a

wagon. [1] άμαξ-ἴτόs, όν, (άμαξα, είμι) traversed by wagons: as Subst. ἀμαξιτύs (sub. ὁδύs), ή, a high-road for wagons. άμαξο-πληθής, έε, (ἄμαξα, πλήθοε) large enough to fill a wagon.

άμαξ-ουργός, όν, (άμαξα, \*έργω) making wagons or

carriages.

άμαρ, ατος, τό, Dor. for ήμαρ.

'AMA'PA, ή, a trench, conduit, water-course. [ἄμἄρα] άμαράντἴνος, η, ον, = ἀμάραντος.

ά-μάραντος, ον, (a privat., μαραίνω) unfading.

'AMAPTA'NΩ, fut. αμαρτήσομαι, later -ήσω: 201. Ι ήμάρτησα: 201. 2 ήμαρτον, inf. άμαρτείν, Ep. by metath. (with β inserted) ήμβροτον: pf. ἡμάρτηκα: Pass., aor. ι ήμαρτήθην: pf. ήμάρτημαι:—to miss, miss the mark, c. gen.: hence 2. generally, to fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong: to be deprived of a thing, lose it. II. to fail, do wrong, err, sin.

**ἄμαρτον,** Ep. 201. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

άμαρτείν, 20r. 2 inf. of άμαρτάνω.

άμαρτη, or άμαρτη, Adv. (άμα) together, at the same time, at once. [ăµ-]

άμάρτημα, τό, (άμαρτείν) a failure, error, sin.

άμαρτήσομαι, fut. of άμαρτάνω. **ἀμαρτητικόs**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (ἀμαρτε $\hat{\iota}\nu$ ) prone to fail or err. άμαρτία, ή, (άμαρτείν) a failure, error, sin.

άμαρτί-voos, ον, (άμαρτεῖν, νόοs) erring in mind, distraught.

**ἄμάρτιον**, τό, = ἀμάρτημα.

άμαρτο-επής, ές, (άμαρτείν, έπος) failing in words. speaking at random or idly.

ά-μαρτύρητος, ον, (a privat., μαρτυρέω) without witness.

ά-μάρτυρος, ον, (a privat., μάρτυε) without witness, unattested.

άμαρτωλός, όν, (άμαρτάνω) sinful, bardened in sin. άμαρυγή, ή, =  $\mu$ αρμαρυγή, a sparkling, twinkling. glancing, of objects in motion. |v, but in Ep. v.]

άμάρυγμα, τό, a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion. From 'AMAPY'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to

sparkle, twinkle, glance.

άμας, Dor. for ήμας.

άμα-τροχάω, only used in Ep. part. άματροχύων, (αμα, τρέχω) to run together, run along with. Hence άματροχιά, ή, a running together or clashing of wheels. άμαυρός, ά, όν, dark, dim, faint, obscure. baving no light: hence blind, sightless, dusky, II. metaph. dim, uncertain. scure, unknown. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

άμαυρόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ήμαύρωσα: pf. ήμαύρωκα: to make dark or dim: - mostly in Pass. to become dark or dim; also to come to nothing.

taph. to eclipse: to weaken, impair.

augyel. Adv. of augyos, without resistance.

ά-μάχετος, ον, poet. for άμάχητος.

άμαχητί, Adv. of άμαχητος, without fighting.

ά-μάχητος, ον, (a privat., μάχομαι) not to be fought with, unconquerable. II. never baving fought.

 $\dot{a}\mu \bar{a}\chi i$ , Adv. of  $\ddot{a}\mu a\chi os$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu a\chi \epsilon i$ .

**α-μάχοs**, ον, (α privat., μάχη) without battle, and I. with whom no one fights, unconquered . unconquerable, of persons: of places, impregna-II. act. not baving fought. 2. disinble. clined to fight.

'AMA'Ω: contr. impf. ήμων: f. ἀμήσω: aor. 1 ήμησα:---Pass., aor. ι ήμήθην: pf. ήμημαι:-- to reap, to mow: also to gather in, as a reaper does corn, to

collect. [generally, ā Ep.: ă Att.]

 $\dot{a}\mu\beta$ -, for  $\dot{a}\nu a\beta$ -, at the beginning of words.

άμβαίη, Ep. for ἀναβαίη, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνω. άμβαλλώμεθα, Ion. and Ep. for ἀναβαλλ-.

ἄμβάσις, ή, poet. for ἀνά-βασις.

άμβλίσκω and άμβλόω, f. άμβλώσω: aor. I ήμβλωσα: pf ήμβλωκα: (ἀμβλόε):—to bave an abortion, miscarry.

άμβλύνω [v], f. υνω: aor. 1 ήμβλυνα:-Pass., fut. ἀμβλυνθήσομαι: 201. Ι ήμβλύνθην: pf. ήμβλυμμαι: (dμβλύs):-to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat. bebetare :- Pass, to become blunt or dull, lose the edge.

'AMBAΥ'Σ, εîa, ύ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off, Lat. bebes: metaph. dull, faint, feeble:

of persons, spiritless, sluggish. Hence

άμβλύτης [v], ητος, ή, dulness: sluggisbness.

 $\dot{a}\mu\beta\lambda\dot{v}$ - $\omega\pi\sigma\sigma$ ,  $\sigma\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\beta\lambda\omega\pi\sigma\sigma$ .

άμβλυώσσω, Att. -ττω, (άμβλύε) to be dim-sighted

 $\dot{a}\mu\beta\lambda$ -ωπός,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , and  $\dot{a}\mu\beta\lambda$ -ώψ,  $\hat{\omega}\pi os$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\mu\beta\lambda\dot{\nu}s$ , ώψ) dim-looking, dark, obscure.

άμ-βολάδην, Adv., poët. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀναβάλλω) bubbling up. (ἀναβολή) like a prelude.

άμ-βολάς, for ανα-βολάς, άδος, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ | α-μελής, ές, (α privat., μέλει) careless, beedless, negάμβολάs earth thrown up.

άμβολι-εργός, όν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) poet. for ἀνα- $\beta o \lambda$ ., putting off work, lazy.

άμβροσία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (properly fem. of άμβρόσιος)

ambrosia, the food of the gods.

άμ-βρόσιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of άμ-βροτος, immortal, divine, of divine nature. II. of things belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair.

άμβροτείν, Ep for άμαρτείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of άμαρτάνω. άμ-βροτος, ον, (a privat., βροτός) immortal, divine. άμβώσας, Ion. for αναβοήσας, aor. I part. of αναβοάω.

άμέ or άμέ, Dor. for ἡμᾶs.

ά-μέγαρτος, ον, (α privat., μεγαίρω) unenvied, unenviable, unhappy: as a reproach, wretched, miserable: also borrible.

άμεθύστινος, η, ον, of amethyst. From

ά-μέθυστος, ον, (a privat., μεθύω) not drunken. II. as Subst. ἀμέθυστος, ή, or ἀμέθυστον, τό, a remedy against drunkenness: I. a kind of berb. the precious stone, amethyst.

'AMEI'BΩ, Ep. impf. αμειβον: fut. αμείψω: aor. I **ἥμειψα:**  Act. to change, exchange; χάλκεα χρυσείων τεύχεα άμείβειν to exchange golden arms for brasen: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass, cross: like Lat. muto, either to quit a place, or to go to II. intrans. in part.  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu \ \dot{a}\mu\epsilon i\beta o\nu\tau_i = \dot{a}\mu oi\beta a\delta is$ , in exchange: ἀμείβοντες oi, rafters that cross each III. Med. to change one with another, 2. to answer, reply do in turn or alternately. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act. to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in: metaph. to surpass.

ά-μείδητος, ον, (a privat, μειδάω) not smiling, gloomy. ά-μείλικτος, ον, (a privat., μειλίσσω) unsoothed: barsh, cruel.

ά-μείλιχος, ov, = foreg. barsb, severe: relentless, unassuaged.

άμείνων, ον, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of άγαθόs, better: of persons, abler, stronger, braver.

'AMEI'PΩ, =  $d\mu\epsilon\rho\delta\omega$ .

άμειψάμενος, άμείψασθαι, 20 $\mathbf{r}$ . I med. of άμείβω. άμειψις, εως, ή, (άμείβω) exchange: succession.

'AME'ΛΓΩ, t. fω, to MILK, Lat. MULGERE. to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. III. to sip, drink.

άμέλει, imperat. of άμελέω, never mind. Hence as Adv. by all means, of course.

ἀμέλεια, ή, (ἀμελήε) beedlessness, indifference.

άμελετησία, ή, want of practice or attention. From ά-μελέτητος, ον, (a privat., μελετάω) unpractised, unprepared

άμελέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήμέλησα, Ep. άμ-: pf. ήμέληκα: (ἀμελήs): — to be careless, beedless, negli-2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to do:-Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ligent. II. pass. uncared for, unbeeded.

άμελητέον, verb. Adj. of άμελέω, one must neglect. άμέλητος, ον, (άμελέω) like άμελής, not cared for: unworthy of care.

άμελία, ή, poet. for άμέλεια, beedlessness.

ά-μέλλητος, ον, (a privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not to be delayed.

 $\mathring{a}$ μελξις, εως,  $\mathring{\eta}$ ,  $(\mathring{a}$ μέλ $\gamma$ ω) a milking.

άμελωs, Adv. of άμελήs, carelessly: άμελωs έχειν to be careless.

ά-μεμπτος, ον, (a privat., μέμφομαι) not to be blamed, blameless: of things, perfect: -Adv. -τωε, so as to merit no blame. II. act. not blaming, finding no fault, well content.

 $\hat{\mathbf{d}}$ -μεμφής, ές, =  $\hat{\mathbf{d}}$ μεμπτος 11.

ἀμεμφία, ή, (ἀμεμφήs) blamelessness, freedom from

αμεναι, for αέμεναι, Ep. inf. of αω, to satisfy.

ά-μενηνός, όν, (a privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly or sickly. Hence

ά-μενηνόω, Ep. 201. Ι άμενήνωσα, to make weak, deaden the force of.

άμέρα, Dor. for ημέρα.

'AME'PΓΩ, f. fw, to pluck or pull, Lat. decerpere. άμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ήμερσα, Ep. άμ-: aor. I pass. ημέρθην: (prob. from a privat., μέρος):—to deprive of one's share, bereave one of :- Pass. to be bereft of a thing, lose it.

ά-μέριμνος, ον, (a privat., μέριμνα) free from care, II. pass. uncared for, unbeeded. unconcerned. driving away care.

άμέριος, Dor. for ημέριος.

α-μέριστος, ον, (a privat., μερίζω) undivided.

άμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ήμερό-κοιτος. ἄμερος, Dor. for ήμερος.

άμερσε, άμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. 1 of αμέρδω. άμές or άμές, Dor. for ήμεις.

ά-μετάθετος, ον, (α privat., μετατίθημι) unchange-

able: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness. ά-μετακίνητος, ον, (a privat., μετακινέω) immovable.

ά-μετάκλαστος, ον, (a privat., μετακλάω) not to be broken: unalterable.

ά-μεταμέλητος, ον, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unrepented of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging. ά-μετανόητος, ον, (α privat., μετανοέω) = unre-II. act. unrepentant. pented of.

ά-μετάπειστος, ον, (a privat., μεταπείθω) unpersuadable.

α-μετάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., μεταπίπτω) unchangeable.

ά-μετάστατος, ον, (a privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable. ά-μεταστεπτεί, Adv. (a privat., μεταστρέφω) without turning about.

ά-μετάστροφος, ον, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) unal-

α-μετάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., μετατρέπω) unalter able.

άμέτερος, Dor. for ημέτερος.

ά-μέτρητος, ον, (a privat., μετρέω) immeasurable, immense, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless. άμετρό-βιος, ον, (ἄμετρος, βίος) of an immeasurable

άμετρο-επής, ές, (άμετρος, έπος) immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.

άμετρο-πότης, ου, ό, (αμετρος, πότης) drinking to excess.

ā-µетроs, ov, (a privat., µетроv) without measure, immense, boundless, incessant. 2 immoderate. ά-μέτρως. Adv. of ἄμετρος, infinitely.

άμευσί-πορος, ον,  $(\mathring{a}μεύω, πόρος) = τρίοδος, Lat.$ 

trivium, where three paths cross.

άμεύω, Aeol. for άμείβω: aor. 1 med. inf. άμεύσασθαι:-to surpass, excel, conquer.

AMH, h, a shovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket. pail, Lat. bama. 3. a barrow, rake.

άμη, Att. άμη, Adv., properly for άμη, dat. fem. of  $d\mu ds = \tau ls$ , in a certain way:  $d\mu \eta \gamma \epsilon \pi \eta$ , in some way, somehow or other. [ă]

aμήν, Hebr. Adv. verily, of a truth: so be it: also

as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.

**ἀ-μήνῖτος**, ον, (α privat., μηνίω) not wrathful.

\*AMHE, nros, o, a kind of milk cake.

άμησάμενος, aor. I med. part. of άμάω.

άμητήρ, ηρος, δ, (άμάω) a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer. [a]

άμητος, δ, (ἀμάω) a reaping, harvesting: also bar-II. a harvest or crop. vest, barvest-time.

ά-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (α privat, μήτηρ) without mother, II. unlike a mother. motherless.

 $\dot{a}\mu\eta\chi\dot{a}\nu\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , impf.  $\dot{\eta}\mu\eta\chi\dot{a}\nu\sigma$ : fut.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ :  $(\dot{a}\mu\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{a}-\dot{a}\mu\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{a})$ vos):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

άμηχανία, Ion. -ίη, ή, want of means, belplessness, II. hardship, trouble.

**a-μήχανος**, ον, (a privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, belpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

άμηχανόωσι, άμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres.,

as if from ἀμηχανάω.

ά-μίαντος, ον, (a privat., μιαίνω) undefiled, pure.

άμί-θεος, Dor. for ημί-θεος.

**ἄ-μικτος**, ον, (a privat., μίγνυμι) unmixed, pure. not mingling with others, unsociable, savage. not to be mingled, irreconcilable: - Adv. ἀμίκτως, Sup. αμικτότατα.

\*AMIAAA, ns, n, a contest for superiority, rivalry: generally, a struggle, conflict. [ă] Hence

**άμιλλάομαι**, fut. ήσομαι: aor. 1 med. ήμιλλησάμην and pass. ήμιλλήθην: pf. ήμίλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari.

generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

άμιλλητέον, verb. Adj. one must compete. άμιλλημα, τό, (άμιλλάομαι) a contest, conflict. άμιλλητήρ, ήροε, (άμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival. άμιμητό-βιος, ον, (άμίμητος, βίος) inimitable in que's life.

ά-μίμητος, ον, (a privat., μιμέομαι) inimitable. άμιξία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (άμικτος) a being unmixed, purity. 2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.

 $\ddot{a}$ μ-ιππος, ον, ( $\ddot{a}$ μα,  $\ddot{i}$ ππος) along with horses, i. e. 2. αμιπποι, oi, infantry mixed fleet as a borse. with cavalry.

'AMI'Σ, ίδοs, ή, a chamber-pot.

άμισής, ές, (a privat., μίσος) without batred, not bateful: Comp. αμισέστερο.

άμισθί, Adv. of άμισθοs, without reward.

α-μισθος, ον, (a privat., μισθόε) without pay or reward. **ά-μίσθωτος,** ον, (α privat., μισθόω) not let out on bire, not leased.

ά-μιτρο-χίτωνες, οί, (a privat., μίτρα, χιτών) wear-

ing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ά-μιχθάλδεις, εσσα, εν, lengthd. form of αμικτος, inaccessible, inhospitable.

άμμ-, poet. for αναμ-. For words omitted under dμμ-, see under dvaμ-.

αμμα, ατος, τό, (απτω) anything tied or made to 1. a knot. 2. a noose, balter. cord, band.

άμμε, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμαs.  $\dot{a}$ μ-μένω, poet. for  $\dot{a}$ να-μένω άμμες, Acol. and Ep. for ημείς.

άμ-μέσον, poet. for άνα μέσον. άμμέων, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

αμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ημίν.

άμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνά-μιγα.

άμμίξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

άμμνάσει, άμμνάσειεν, Dor. for άναμνήσει, άναμνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of αναμιμνήσκω.

άμμο-δύτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (αμμος, δύω) sand-burrower,  $\alpha$ kind of snake.

άμμορία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (άμμορος) ill fortune.

ἄμμορος, ον, poet. for ά-μορος, without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unbappy.

"AMMOΣ or aμμος, ή, sand: also a sandy place,

race-course. See ψάμμος.

άμμό-τροφος, ον, (άμμος, τρέφω) growing in sand. άμμ-ώδης, ες, (ἄμμος, είδος) sandy.

'Αμμωνιάς, άδος, or 'Αμμωνίς, ίδος, ή, ('Αμμων) of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African.

άμνάμων [ā], Dor. for άμνήμων.

άμναστέω, άμναστος, Dor. for άμνηστ-.

άμνεῖος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (άμνός) of a lamb. άμνή, ή, fem. of άμνός, a ewe-lamb.

ά-μνημόνευτος, ον, (a privat., μνημονεύω) unmentioned, unbeeded.

άμνημονέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήμνημύνησα:—to be aμνήμων, be unmindful: to make no mention of. pass over.

άμνημοσύνη, ή, forgetfulness. From

ά-μνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., μνήμη) unmindful, forgetful. 2. pass. forgotten, not mentioned.

ά-μνήστευτος, ή, (a privat., μνηστεύω) unwooed, not sought in marriage.

άμνηστέω, (ἄμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget: -Pass. to be forgotten.

άμνηστία, ή, forgetfulness: an amnesty. From ã-μνηστος, ον, (α privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

άμνήσω, poet. fut. of αναμιμνήσκω.

άμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mu\nu\mathbf{i}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $i\delta\sigma\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ ,  $=\dot{a}\mu\nu\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ .

άμνο-κων, ουντος, ό, (άμνός, κοέω) sbeep-minded, i. e. simple.

'AMNO'Σ, ò and ἡ, a lamb: declined ἀρνόε, ἀρνί, άρνα, άρνες, etc., as if from a nom. \*άρς.

άμνο-φόρος should be μαννο-φόρος.

άμογητί, Adv. without toil or effort. From

ά-μόγητος, ον, (α privat., μογέω) without toll, unwearied, untiring.

άμόθεν, Att. άμόθεν, Adv. (άμός) from some place or other.

άμόθι or άμοθεί, Adv. (άμός) somewhere. άμοι, Adv. (άμός) somewhither.

άμοιβάδιος, α, ον, = άμοιβαίοε.

άμοιβάδίs, Adv. (άμοιβή) by turns, Lat. alternatim. άμοιβαίοs, ον, also η, οτ α, ον, (άμοιβή) interchanging, alternate: of verses, amoebaean, answering one

another. II. giving like for like, retributive:-Adv. -ws, in requital.

άμοιβάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of άμοιβαίος; χλαίνα άμοιβάs a cloak for a change.

άμοιβή, ή, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return: hence repayment, atonement: revenge. 2. an an-II. change, exchange, barter.

άμοιβηδίς, Adv. (άμοιβή) alternately.

άμοιβός,  $\delta$ , ( $d\mu\epsilon i\beta\omega$ ) a successor, follower.

as Adj. in requital or in exchange for. άμοιρέω, to have no share in a thing. From

a-μοιρος, ον, (a privat., μοίρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

άμολγαίος, a, ov, (άμέλγω) of milk, made with milk. άμολγεύς, έως, δ, (άμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra. άμολγός, δ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i.e. morning and evening twilight; the four bours either before daybreak or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

**α-μομφος**, ον, (α privat., μομφή) blameless. άμορβόs, οῦ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

άμόργινοs, ov, made of fine flam. From

άμοργίς, ίδος, ή, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos. a-μορος, ον, (a privat., μόρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

άμορφία, ή, ill shape, deformity. From

**ἄ-μορφος**, ον, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, misshapen, unshapely, unseemly: Comp. αμορφέστερος.

άμός or ἀμός, ή, όν, Aeol. and Ep. for ήμός, ήμέτερος.

άμός, in Att. Poets for έμύς.

άμός, Att. άμός, an old form for είε, and so = τίε, but only used in the Adv. forms άμη, άμοθεν, άμοῦ, க்யம் உ

auos, Dor. for huos, as, when.

αμοτος, ov, insatiate, ravening, savage: neut. αμοτον. as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain). άμοθ, Att. άμοθ, Adv. of άμόε, samewhere.

άμουσία, ή, want of barmony: rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

a-μουσος, ον, (a privat., Moûσa) without the Muses. without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish: of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεί, Adv. of ἄμοχθος, without toil or trouble.  $\dot{a}$ -μόχθητος, ον, (α privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τωε. a-μοχθος, ον, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or II. not weary.

άμπ-, poét. abbrev. for άναπ-, under which will be found many words beginning with  $d\mu\pi$ -.

άμ-πεδίον, άμ-πεδιήρεις, άμ-πέλαγος, should be written αμ πεδίον, i. e. ανα πεδίον, etc.

άμπείραντες, Ep. 201. I part. of άναπείρω.

άμ-πέλαγος, for άνα πέλαγος.

άμπελεών, ῶνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελών, a vineyard. άμπέλινοs, ον, also η, ον, (άμπελοε) of the vine.

άμπέλιον, τό, Dim. of άμπελοs.

II. a άμπελίς, ίδος, ή, = foreg., a vine-plant. kind of bird.

άμπελόως, εσσα, εν, (άμπελοε) rich in vines, vineclad.

 $\dot{a}\mu\pi\epsilon\lambda o - \epsilon\rho\gamma\delta s$ ,  $\delta\nu$ , = contr.  $\dot{a}\mu\pi\epsilon\lambda o\nu\rho\gamma\delta s$ , q. v.

άμπελο-μιξία, ή, (άμπελοε, μίξιε) an intermixture of vines.

"ΑΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ή, a vine, Lat. vitis.

άμπελουργέω, to dress or prune vines. From άμπελ-ουργός, δ, (ἄμπελοε, ἔργον) a vinedresser. άμπελο-φύτωρ, opos, o, (άμπελος, φύω) producer of

the vine, a name of Bacchus.

II.

άμπελών, ῶνοε, ὁ, (ἄμπελοε) a vineyard. άμ-πεπαλών, Ep. for άναπεπαλών, redupl. 201. 2 part. of ἀναπάλλω.

άμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές, resolved, as, διά δ' άμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

άμπετάσον, άμπετάσας, poet. 20r. I imper. and part. of άναπετάννυμι.

dμπεχόνη, η, (dμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

άμπ-έχω and άμπ-ίσχω: Ep. impf. άμπεχον: fut. ἀμφέξω: 201. 2 ήμπισχον, inf. ἀμπισχεῖν, part. ἀμπισχών:--Med. ἀμπέχομαι and ἀμπίσχομαι: impf. ημπειχόμην: fut. ἀμφέξομαι: 201. 2 ημπεσχόμην, part. άμπισχόμενος: (άμφί, έχω):—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over, Lat. circumdare. See άμπισχνέομαι.

άμπήδησε, for ανεπήδησε.

άμ-πίπλημι, for ανα-πέμπλημι.

άμπισχείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of  $d\mu\pi$ -έχω.

άμπισχνέομαι, = άμπέχομαι, to put on, Lat. circuminduor.

άμπίσχω, v. sub άμπέχω.

άμπλακείν, 201. 2 inf. of άμπλακίσκω.

άμπλάκημα, ατος, τό, (άμπλακείν) an error, offence. άμπλάκητος, ον, (άμπλακείν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

 $\dot{a}$ μπλακία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ μπλάκημα.

άμπλάκιον, τό, = άμπλάκημα.

άμπλακίσκω, fut. άμπλακήσω: pf. ήμπλάκηκα: aor. 2 ήμπλάκον:—Pass., pf. ήμπλάκημα: —like dugazáva, to miss. fail. fall sbort of. c. gen.

άμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall sbort of, c. gen. άμ-πνευμα, άμ-πνευσαν, etc., poét. for άναπν-. άμ-πνευς, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω. άμ-πνύνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of ἀναπνέω. άμ-πνύντο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.

άμ-πόνον, for άνα πόνον.

άμπτάμενος, άμπταίην, ν. άναπέτομαι.

άμπυκάζω: aor. I pass. ημπυκάσθην: (ἄμπυξ):—to bind the bair with a band: generally, to bind, wreathe. άμπυκτήρ, ῆρος, ό, = (ἄμπυξ) a band, fillet: also a borse's bridle. Hence

άμπυκτήριοs, α, ον, of a horse's bridle or frontlet. άμπυξ, ϋκος, ὁ οτ ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a head-band, snood.

II. the bead-band of borses: also a bridle.

III. anything rounded, a wheel.

αμπωτις, ή, gen. εως Ion. ιος, shortened from ἀνάπωτις (ἀναπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the

ebb-tidè

ἀμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλη, η, the almond-tree. 'ΑΜΥΓΔΑ'ΛΗ, η, an almond. [δα] Hence

άμυγδάλζος, η, ον, of almonds.

άμυγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending: a scar.

ἀμυγμός, ὁ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling. αμύδις, Adv. = αμα, of Time, together, at the same

time: oftener of Place, together.

'AMΥΔΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, akin to άμαυρόs, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρωs: also neut. άμυδρόν as Adv. ά-μύητος, ον, (α privat., μυθω) uninitiated, profane. ά-μύθητος, ον, (α privat., μῦθέομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.

ά-μύκητος, ον, (α privat., μῦκάομαι) without lowing or bellowing: of places, where no herds low.

'Αμυκλαίζω, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).

**d-μύλοs**, δ, (a privat.,  $\mu$ ύλη) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill

d-μύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ἄμῦ]

άμύναθε, άμυναθεῖν, 3 sing. and inf. poët. aor. 2 of άμύνω.

άμυναθοῦ, 2 sing. poët. 2 or. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.

ἀμῦναι, ἀμύνασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀμύνω. 'Αμυνίαs, ov, ὁ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω) on its guard.

άμυνον, aor. I imper. of ἀμύνω.

άμυντέον, verb. Adj. of άμύνω, one must assist; so too άμυντέα. II. one must repel.

άμυντήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε, δ, (άμύνω) a defender.

άμυντήριος, ον, (άμύνω) fit for defending, defensive; άμυντήρια δηλα defensive armour. II. άμυντήμον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

άμυντικός, ή, όν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge. ἀμύντωρ, opos, ό, = ἀμυντήρ, a belper: an avenger. 'ΑΜΥ'ΝΩ [υ], Ερ. impf. ἀμυνο: fut. ἀμῦνῶ, ion ἀμῦνὰ εο aor. I ἡμῦνα, Ερ. ἀμῦνα: poèt. aor. 2 ἡμὐναθον:—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to defend, fight for, aid: rarely to requite, repay.

II. Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2 to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.

ἄμυξις, εως, ή, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.

'AΜΥ ΣΣΩ, Att. -ττω: Ep. impf. ἄμυσσον: fut. ἀμύξω. 201. Ι ήμυξα:—to tear, scratch, wound: to tear in pieces.

II. mctaph., θυμὸν ἀμύξεις χωύμενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ἄ]

ά-μυστί, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly without closing the mouth, i.e. at one draught. Hence άμυστίζω, f. σω: pf. ἡμύστικα: to drink deep,

tipple. From

warmly.

α-μυστις, ιοε and ιδοε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.  $\dot{\alpha}$ μυχ $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\ddot{\alpha}$ μυξιε.

άμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ-; cf. ἀμπ-. ἀμφ-ἄγἄπάζω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφὶ, ἀγαπάζω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet

άμφ-ἄγἄπάω, = άμφαγαπάζω.

άμφ-αγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερύμην: (ἀμφί, ἀγείρω):— to collect around:—Med. to gather around. άμφ-αγερέθομαι and -αγέρομαι, poet. for -αγείρομαι. ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμφαδύν.

άμφάδιος, α, ον, (άμφαδός) public, known: άμφαδίην

as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.

άμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise. From

ἀμ-φαδός, ή, ύν, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious. ἀμ-φαίνω, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.

ἀμφ-αισσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, ἀίσσω) to rusb on from all sides, flutter or float around.

άμφάκης, Dor. for άμφήκης.

άμ-φανδόν, Adv. poet. for άνα-φανδόν.

ἀμφἄνέειν, poet. for ἀναφανεῖν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω. ἀμφ-ἄρἄβέω, f. ήσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring ibout.

 $\dot{a}\mu\phi$ -αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi$ -αραβίω.

άμ-φάσίη, ή, poët. for ά-φασία (with  $\mu$  inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.

άμφαφάασθαι, Ep. for άμφαφασθαι, pres. med. inf. of άμφαφάω.

ἀμφ-ἄφάω, and Med. ἀμφ-αφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ἀφάω) to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to handle. ἀμφάφόων, -όωσα, Ep. for ἀμφαφῶν, ῶσα, pres. part. of ἀμφαφάω.

άμφαφόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of άμφαφάω.

άμφίθετο, 2 or. 2 med. of άμφιτίθημι. άμφ-ελικτός, όν, poët. for άμφιελ-, coiled round.

άμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ifω, poët. for άμφιελίσσω, to wrap, fold, or twine round.

round:

2. a gar-

άμφ-έπω, poët. for άμφι-έπω. άμφ-ερέφω, f. ψω, (άμφί, έρέφω) to cover around. άμφ-έρχομαι, aor. 2 άμφήλυθον or άμφήλθον: Dep.: (άμφί, έρχομαι):-to come round one, surround. άμ-φέρω, poet. for άναφέρω. άμφίσταν, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 2 of άμφίστημι. άμφεστασι for άμφεστήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of άμφίστημι. άμ-φεύγω, poët. for άναφεύγω. άμφέχανον, 20r. 2 of άμφιχαίνω.  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ μφεχύθην [ $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ ], aor. I pass. of  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ μφιχέω. άμφέχῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of άμφιχέω. άμφ-ήκης, εε, (άμφί, άκή) two-edged, double-biting: of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous. άμφήλ $\dot{\nu}$ θε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of άμφέρχομαι. άμφ-ηρεφής, ές, (άμφί, ερέφω) covered all round, close-covered. άμφ-ήρης, εε, (άμφί, ερέσσω) baving oars on both 2. (\*apw) fitted or joined on all sides, wellfitted. Hence άμφ-ηρικός, ή, όν, worked by sculls, of a boat. άμφ-ήριστος, ον, (άμφί, ἐρίζω) contested on both 2. equal in the contest. sides, disputed. 'AMΦI', Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:-Radic. signf. on both sides, around. I. c. gen. about, for, for the sake of a thing: -about, concerning a thing, of 2. rarely of Place, about, around. 1. of Place, about, around, round about: -at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concern-3. by means of. III. c. Acc., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:-mostly with motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides. V. In Compos. about, on all sides, on both sides. άμφί-αλος, ον, (άμφί, αλε) sea-girt, esp. baving the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris. άμφ-ιάχω, (άμφί, lάχω) to sound on all sides: to fly about sbrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφίαχώς, υία. άμφι-βαίνω, f. - βήσομαι: pf. - βέβηκα: - to go about or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, pro-II. to surround, encompass, wrap round. άμφι-βάλλω, f. - $\beta$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ : pf. - $\beta$ έ $\beta$ ληκα: Med., Ion. fut. -βαλεθμαι: 2 or. 2 inf. -βαλέσθαι:-to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare: -- Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi. 2. esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround, encompass: but also to strike on all sides.

intr. to go to another place; so also in Med.

II. a garment.

άμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of άμφι-βαίνω.

άμφιβάσία, ή, ν. άμφισβασία.

round, an enclosure.

ment. a fetter, bond. ἀμφίβλητος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round. άμφι-βόητος, ον, (άμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, farάμφιβολία, ή, the state of being attacked on both sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From άμφίβολος, ον, (άμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence, τὸ ἀμφίβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful. άμφί-βουλος, ον, (άμφί, βουλή) double-minded, doubting. άμφί-βροτος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (άμφί, βροτός) covering the whole man, of a large shield.  $\dot{a}$ μφί-βροχος, ον, ( $\dot{a}$ μφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked. άμφι-βώμιος, ον, (άμφί, βωμός) round the altar. άμφι-γηθέω, to rejoice around or exceedingly. άμφι-γνοέω, impf. ήμφεγνόουν: f. άμφιγνοήσω: aor. Ι ήμφεγνόησα:--Pass., aor. Ι part. άμφιγνοηθείε: (ἀμφί, γνοέω Acol. for νοέω):—to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it:-Pass. to be άμφι-γόητος, ον, (άμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round. 'Aμφι-γυήεις, ὁ, (ἀμφί, γυιός) be that balts in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan. άμφί-γύος, ον, (άμφί, γυίον) properly baving limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practised. άμφι-δαίω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf. άμφι-δέδηα, plopf. –δεδήειν, to burn around. άμφι-δάκνω, f.-δήξομαι, to bite all round. άμφι-δάκρυτος, ον, (άμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful. άμφί-δάσυς, εια, υ, (άμφί, δασύς) fringed all round. άμφι-δέαι, ai, (άμφί, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets. άμφιδέδηα, -δεδήειν, pf. and plopf. of άμφιδαίω. άμφι-δέξιος, ov, with two right hands, very dextrous, Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-3. sometimes simply like ἀμφότερος, edged. άμφιδέξιοι άκμαί both hands. άμφι-δέρκομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. to look round about one. άμφί-δετος, ον, (άμφί, δέω) bound all round. άμφι-δήριτος, ον, (άμφί, δηρίο μαι) disputed, doubtful. άμφι-διαίνω, to water around. άμφι-δινέω, f. ήσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνημαι, to be fitted close. άμφι-δοκεύω, f. εύσω, to lie in wait for. άμφι-δονέω, f. ήσω, to whirl round, agitate violently. άμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed. άμφί-δοξος, ον, (άμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful. άμφιβάσις, εως, ή, (άμφιβαίνω) a going round, enάμφί-δορος, ον, (άμφί, δέρω) skinned all round, ἀμφίβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown quite flayed. ἀμφί-δοχμος, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχμή) as large as can be άμφιβληστρον, τό, (άμφιβάλλω) anything thrown grasped.

1. a large fishing-net.

**άμφί-δρομος**, ον, (άμφί, δραμεῖν) running round: encompassing.

άμφί-δρυπτος, ον, = άμφίδρυφος.

ἀμφι-δρυφής, ές, (ἀμφί, δρυφήναι) tearing both cheeks. ἀμφί-δρυφος, ον, (ἀμφί, δρυφήναι) torn on both sides. ἀμφί-δύμος, ον, (ἀμφί, δύομαι) approachable on both sides.

άμφι-δύω, f. δύσω [v], to put round or on:-Med.

to put on oneself.

άμφιελικτός, όν, (άμφιελίσσω) turned round and round, circling, revolving.

άμφιέλισσα, fem. Adj. rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking. From

άμφι-ελίσσω, f. ίξω, to wind round.

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-εννύω: fut. ἀμφιέσω, Att. ἀμφιώ aor. I ἡμφίεσα, Ερ ἀμφίεσα:—Pass., aor. I ἡμφίεσθην: pf. ἡμφίεσμαι, poèt. ἀμφιεῖμαι:—to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere:—Pass. to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf.

Med. ἀμφιέννυμαι: aor. I ἡμφιεσάμην, 3 pl. ἀμφιέσσωντο, imperat. ἀμφιέσσωσθε:—to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

ἀμφι-έπω, poët. also ἀμφ-έπω: aor. 2 ἀμφίεπον and ἄμφεπον: (ἀμφί, ἔπω):—to go about, encompass. II. to be busy about, take care of: to do bonour to: esp. to tend, protect. III. Med. to follow and crowd

round.

άμφίεσαν, άμφιέσαντο, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. I of άμφιέννυμι.

άμφ-ιζάνω, (άμφί, ίζάνω) to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it as dust does. [ά]

thing, settle upon it, as dust does. [ἄ] ἀμφί-ζευκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ζεύγνυμι) joined from both

staes. ἀμφι-θάλασσος, Att. –ττος, ον, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) sea-girt: near the sea.

άμφι-θάλλω, pf. άμφιτέθηλα, to bloom all round, to be in full bloom.

άμφι-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly.

άμφι-θέατρον, τό, (άμφί, θέατρον) a double theatre, ampbitheatre.

άμφιθετος, ον, (ἀμφιτίθημι) of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides.

άμφι-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run round about.

άμφι-θηγής,  $\epsilon s_1 = sq$ .

άμφί-θηκτος, ον, (άμφί, θήγω) sharpened on both sides, two-edged.

άμφί-θρεπτος, ον, (άμφί, τρέφω) clotted around, congealed, of blood.

**ἀμφί-θυρος**, ον, (ἀμφί, θύρα) with a door or opening on both sides: as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a ball.

άμφι-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover all round, enfold, sbroud. II. to put a thing round as a veil or sbelter, to envelope in.

άμφι-κεάζω: Ep. 201. I part. ἀμφικεάσσα: — to cleave asunder.

άμφί-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἀμφιτίθημι, to lie close upon: to lean on.

'aμφι-κείρω, f. κερω, to shear or clip all round.

άμφικέφαλος, Ep. -κέφαλλος, ον, (άμφί, κεφαλή) double-beaded.

άμφι-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, (άμφί, κίων) with pillars all round. [κῖ]

άμφι-κλαστος, ον, (άμφι, κλάω) broken all round. άμφι-κλυστος, ον, (άμφι, κλύζω) flooded around.

ἀμφι-κομέω, f. ήσω, to tend on all sides or carefully. ἀμφί-κομος, ον, (ἀμφί, κόμη) with hair all round, thick-haired: of trees, thick-leafed.

 $\dot{a}$ μφίκρ $\dot{a}$ νος, ον,  $(\dot{a}$ μφί, κ $\dot{a}$ ρa) =  $\dot{a}$ μφικ $\dot{\epsilon}$ φaλος.

αμφι-κρέμαμαι, Pass. declined like δύναμαι: (άμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—to bover or flutter round. Hence

αμφι-κρεμής, έs, banging round one: banging round the shoulder.

ἀμφίκρημνος, ον, (ἀμφί, κρημνός) with cliffs all round.

ἀμφίκρηνος, ον, Ion. for ἀμφίκρᾶνος, surrounding the head.

άμφι-κτίονες, ων, οί, (άμφί, κτίζω) they that dwell round or near. Hence

'Aμφι-κτύονες, ων, οί, the Amphictyons, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece.

II. the presidents of the Pythian games. Hence

'Aμφικτυονία, ή, the Amphictyonic League or Council.
'Aμφικτυονικόs, ή, ύν, of or for the Amphictyons or their League.

'Aμφικτυονίs, ίδος, ἡ, fem. of 'Αμφικτυονικόs: I. (sub. πόλιs), a city or state in the Amphiciyonic League.

II. a name of Artemis at Anthēla, the meeting-place of the Amphiciyonic Council.

ἀμφι-κῦλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω [ī], to roll about or upon. ἀμφι-κύπελλος, ον, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) in Homer always with δέπας, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετος. [ŭ] ἀμφί-λᾶλος, ον, (ἀμφί, λάλος) chattering everywhere. ἀμφι-λᾶφής, ές, (ἀμφί, λάβεῖν) far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent. ἀμφι-λᾶχαίνω, to dig or boe round.

άμφι-λέγω, f. ξω, to speak on both sides, dispute. Hence

άμφίλεκτος, ov, discussed on all bands, doubtful.

II. act. disputing, captious.

άμφιλογία, ή, dispute, doubt. From

άμφι-λογος, ον, (ἀμφί, λέγω) disputed, questionable, doubtful.

II. act. disputatious, contentious.

άμφί-λοφος, ον, (άμφί, λόφος) encompassing the neck. άμφι-λύκη νύξ, ή, (άμφί, λύκη, Lat. lux) the morning-twilight, gray of morning.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

\*ἀμφι-μάομαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) pres. of Ep. 201. 1 ἀμφιμασάμην, to wipe or rub all round.

άμφι-μάσχαλος, ον, (άμφι, μασχάλη) covering both shoulders, two-sleeved.

άμφι-μάτορες, Dor. for άμφι-μήτορες.

άμφιμάχητος, ov, contended for, contested on both bands. [d] From

άμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep.: — to fight | (άμφί, πονέω): — to bestow labour about, attend to, round: 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [a]

άμφι-μέλαs, αινα, αν, black all round, wrapt in darkness.

άμφιμέμῦκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of άμφι-μυκάομαι.

άμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted. άμφι-μήτορες, oi, ai, (άμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters

by different mothers. άμφι-μῦκάομαι, pf. act. μέμῦκα: Dep.:—to low or

bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον αμφιμέμῦκε the floor echoed all around.

άμφι-νεικής, έs, (άμφί, νείκος) made an object of contest, eagerly wooed.

άμφι-νείκητος, ον, (άμφί, νεικέω) = άμφίνεικος. άμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, in-

babit. άμφι-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think both ways, doubt.

άμφι-ξέω, f. έσω, to smooth or polish all round. άμφίξους, ον, contr. άμφίξους, ουν, (άμφιξέω)

polishing all round.

άμφί-παλτος, ον, (άμφί, πάλλω) reechoing.

άμφι-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides. άμφί-πεδος, ον, (άμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain. άμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, bover around. άμφι-πένομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of, pay beed to.

άμφι-περικτίονες, ων, the dwellers round about. άμφι-περιπλέγδην, Adv. (άμφί, περιπλέκω) twined round about.

άμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.

άμφι-περιστρωφάω, to keep turning round about or in every direction.

άμφι-περιτρύζω, to chirp or twitter all round. άμφι-περι-φθινύθω, (άμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [v]

άμφιπεσών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of άμφιπίπτω. άμφι-πιάζω, f. άξω, to press all round.

άμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.

 $d\mu \phi \iota - \pi (\tau v \omega) = d\mu \phi \iota - \pi (\pi \tau \omega)$ .

άμφί-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwining.

άμφί-πληκτος, ον, (άμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dasbing on all sides.

άμφι-πλήξ,  $\hat{\eta}\gamma os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\hat{\alpha}\mu\phi\hat{\iota},\pi\lambda\hat{\eta}\sigma\sigma\omega)$  striking with both sides, double-biting.

άμφιπολεύω, (άμφίπολος) to be an attendant: be busied about, take charge of: of slaves, to serve, to minister to.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ μ $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ιπολ $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ ίω.

άμφί-πολις, poet. άμφί-πτολις, δ, ή, (άμφί, πόλις) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.

άμφί-πολος, ον, (άμφί, πέλω) properly being about, busied about: generally as fem. Subst. a bandmaid, waiting-woman: as masc. an attendant, follower. II. as Adj. much frequented.

άμφι-πονέομαι. Dep. with aor. I pass. αμφεπονήθην:

provide for.

άμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around. άμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (άμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced, Lat. bifrons.

άμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence

άμφιπτυχή, ή, a clasping round, embrace. άμφί-πύλος, ον, (άμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.

άμφί-πυρος, ον, (άμφί, πυρ) surrounded by fire, with fire all round.

άμφί-ρύτος, η, ον, poët, for άμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (άμφί,

ρέω) flowed around, sea-girt.

'AMΦI'Σ, as Adv. I. on or at both sides: 2. apart, asunder; γαίαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφὶς hence έχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. rally, around, round about. II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around: apart from, far from. rarely c. dat. like du¢i, round about. about, around, when it always follows its case.

άμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship

at sea.

άμφίσ-βαινα, ης, ή, (άμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward. άμφισ-βάσίη, ή, Ion. for άμφισ-βήτησιε.

άμφισ-βητέω: impf. ημφισβήτουν, or with double augm. ημφεσβήτουν: so, aor. I ημφισβήτησα or ημφεσβήτησα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense αμφισβητήσομαι:-- 201. 1 ημφισβητήθην οτ ημφεσβ-: (άμφίς,

Bnvai aor. 2 of Baivw):-to stand apart, and so to dispute, differ, argue :- Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence

άμφισβήτημα, aros, τύ, a point in dispute. And άμφισβητήσιμος, ov, debatable, doubtful.

άμφισβήτησις, εως, ή, (άμφισβητέω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.

άμφισβήτητος, ov. disputed, debatable.

άμφ-ίσταμαι, ν. άμφίστημι.

άμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another :-- Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.

άμφι-στεφανόομαι, Pass. (άμφί, στέφανος) to stand round like a crown.

άμφι-στεφής, ές, (άμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.

άμφ-ίστημι, to place round:-Pass. άμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφέστηκα:—to stand around.

άμφί-στομος, ον, (άμφί, στόμα) with double mouth or opening: double.

άμφι-στρατάομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. άμφεστρατόωντο: Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατόs):- to beleaguer, besiege.

άμφι-στρεφής, ές, (άμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.

άμφιταθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άμφιτείνω.

άμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for άμφι-τέμνω.

 $\dot{a}\mu\phi\iota$ - $\tau\dot{a}\nu\dot{\nu}\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\iota$ - $\tau\epsilon\dot{\nu}\omega$ . άμφι-ταράσσω, to trouble all round.

άμφιτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άμφιτίθημι. άμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

άμφι-τειχής, ές, (ἀμφί, τείχος) encompassing the | "ΑΜΦΩ, τώ, τά, τώ, also oi, ai, τά, Gen. and Dat. walls.

άμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

άμφι-τίθημι, imperat.  $-\tau i\theta \epsilon i : f, -\theta \eta \sigma \omega : aor. Ι έθηκα:$ aor. 2 ἀμφέθην: aor. I pass. ἀμφετέθην:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

άμφι-τινάσσω, f. άξω, to shake around.

άμφι-τιττυβίζω, to twitter around.

άμφι-τόμος, ον, (άμφί, ταμείν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

άμφί-τορνος, ον, (άμφί, τορνύω) well-rounded.

άμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

άμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

 $\dot{a}\mu\dot{\phi}\iota$ - $\tau\rho\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}\tau\sigma s$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}\mu\phi\dot{\epsilon}\tau\rho\eta\tau\sigma s$ .

άμφί-τρητος, ον, (άμφί, \*τράω Root of τετραίνω) bored through, with double entrance.

άμφι-τρομέω, f. ήσω, (άμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for. άμφι-φαείνω, (άμφί, φάω) to shine around.

άμφι-φάλος, ον, with φάλοι all round; see φάλος. άμφι-φάνής, ές, (άμφί, φάνηναι) visible all round. άμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (άμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

άμφι-φορεύς, gen. έως Ep. ήσς, δ, (άμφί, φέρω) α large jar or pitcher with two handles.

άμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

άμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 άμφ-ξχάνον :—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

άμφι-χέω, f. -χεω: 20r. I άμφέχεα:--Pass. 20r. I άμφεχύθην [τ]: Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 pass. άμφέχτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:-to pour or shed around:-Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

άμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

άμφί-χρυσος, ον, (άμφί, χρυσός) gilded all over.

άμφιχτθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άμφι-χέω. άμφίχτος, ον, (άμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

άμφί-χωλος, ov, lame in both feet.

αμφ-οδον, τό, (άμφί, όδύs) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

dμφ-οδος,  $\dot{η}$ ,  $(dμφί, \dot{ο}δός)$  a road round, a street. άμ-φορεύς, έως, δ, shortened form of άμφι-φορεύς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, =  $1\frac{1}{2}$ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.

άμφοτέρη, as Adv. (άμφότερος) in both ways, Lat.

utrinque.

άμφότερος, α, ον, (ἄμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' άμφότερα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; έπ' άμφότερα towards both sides. Hence

άμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex

utraque parte: from both ends. άμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.

άμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And

άμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

άμφ-ουδίς, Adv. (άμφίς, ούδας) from the ground. άμφράσσαιτο, poët. for αναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. 20r. opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

άμ-φύω, poët. άναφύω.

άμφοιν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as άμφί.) ἀμφώβολος, δ, (ἀμφί, ὀβολός) a double spit.

άμφ-ώης, εs, (άμφί, οὖs) two-eared, two-bandled.

άμφ-ωτις, ιδος, ή, (άμφί, οὖς) a two-bandled pail. άμφ-ωτος, ον, = foreg., two-eared, two-bandled.

ἀμῶεν, for ἀμάοιεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω. ά-μώμητος, ον, (a privat., μωμέσμαι) unblamed,

blameless. Adv. -τωε, blamelessly. άμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice.

a-μωμος, ον, (a privat., μωμος) without blame.

blameless. άμῶς. Att. άμῶς. Adv. from the absol. dμόs = τ is.

esp. in compd. άμωσ-γέ-πως, in a certain manner.

"AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and

Lyr. particle ke, kev.

A. WITH INDICAT. av makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence av cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or bas been, cannot be made so dependent. with indic.:-with fut. (only in Ep. poets) av expresses that which certainly will bappen, if something else bappens first:-with imperf. av expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always bappen; έλεγεν αν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαίεσκεν αν he would keep on weeping:—with a orists αν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion: εἶπεν αν be would bave said. OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. WITH SUBJUNCT. av belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb it-IV. WITH INFINIT. av is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.av never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signf. it limits, as είχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, av may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as  $\pi p \dot{\phi} \phi \alpha \sigma \iota \nu \ \dot{\alpha} \nu = \epsilon \bar{l} \chi o \nu \ \dot{\alpha} \nu$ πρόφασιν.

 $\vec{a}v$ , Conj. =  $\vec{\epsilon}av$ , with subjunctive.  $[\vec{a}]$ 

av or av, shortd. Ep. form of avá. [a] av, shortened from aνa, for ανέστη (like ένι for ένεστι), be stood up, arose.

av-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms  $d\nu$ -,  $d\gamma$ -,  $d\mu$ -: in general signf. opp. to  $\kappa a\tau \dot{a}$ . c. gen. on board; and vyós on board ship. C. DAT. on, upon. III. c. Acc. the common usage, implying motion upwards, I. of Place, up: -tbroughout. 2. of Time, throughout. numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e. g. avd πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνὰ κράτος, v. sub IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: throughκράτος. out, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to kará: hence with a sense of strengthening. Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ava]

ανα, for ανάστηθι, up! arise!

ava, vocat. of avaf, king, only addressed to gods. ἀνάβα, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω. ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) going up, mounting: being up on high, aloft; opp. to  $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha - \beta \alpha \delta \eta \nu$ .  $[\beta \alpha]$ avaβaθμόs, δ, (avaβaίνω) a means of going up, a flight of steps, stair.

άνα-βάθρα, ή, (ἀνά, βάθρον) a ladder.

 $\dot{a}$ να-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2  $\dot{a}$ ν  $\dot{\epsilon}$ βην; also aor. I med. ἀνεβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο: pf. ἀνα-I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. ι ἀνέβησα, Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board ship, make to mount :- Pass., aor. I part ἀναβαθείs, mounted: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.

ἀνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάχκος) to rouse to Bac-2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy. chic frenzy.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ να-βακχιόω, =  $\dot{\alpha}$ ναβακχεύω.

ἀνα-βάλλω, f.  $-\beta$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ : pf.  $-\beta$ έ $\beta$ λ $\eta$ κα:—to throw or II. to put back, put off:-Med. to lift up one's voice, to make a trelude, begin to sing. IV. in Med. to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. to throw one's cloak around one.

άνα-βαπτίζω, f. σω, to dip repeatedly.

άναβάς, ασα, άν, 20r. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνάβάσις, εως, ή, (ἀναβαίνω) a going up, mount-2. an expedition up from the coast, esp. into central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. the rising of a river. II. a way up, the ascent of a mountain, etc.

άναβάτης, poet. άμβάτης, ou, δ, (ἀναβαίνω) one

wbo is mounted, a borseman. [a]

ἀναβάτικός, ή, ίν, (ἀναβαίνω) skilled in mounting. άναβάτός, poet. άμβατός, όν, (άνα-βαίνω) that may be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.

άναβέβηκα, pf. of άναβαίνω.

αναβέβρυχεν, pf. of an obsol. αναβρύζω, to boil or

bubble up.

 $\dot{a}$ νάβηθι,  $\dot{a}$ ναβήναι, 20r. 2 imper. and inf. of  $\dot{a}$ ναβαίνω. άνα-βϊβάζω, fut. med. -βιβάσομαι, Att. -βιβῶμαι: aor. ι ἀνεβίβασα, med. -ασάμην:--Causal of ἀναβαίνω, to make go up: I. to mount one on horseback. 2. to draw a ship up. 3. in Med. to put on board ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court of justice. Hence

avaβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. one must set on.

άνα-βιόω, f. άναβιώσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 άνεβίων, inf. άναβιῶναι, rarely aor. Ι ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):--to come to life again, return to life.

άναβίωσις, εως, ή, (ἀναβιίω) recovery of life.

άναβιώσκομαι, aor. I ένεβιωσάμην, Dep. to bring back to life.

άνα-βλαστάνω, f.-βλαστήσω: 201. 2 άνέβλαστον:

-to shoot or grow up again.

ἀνάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a look cast upwards. From dva-βλέπω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to look up. 2. to look back upon, Lat. respicere. II. to see again, recover one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εωε, ή, (ἀναβλέπω) a seeing again, recovery of sight.

ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀναβάλλομαι) boiling up: -with sudden bursts.

ἀνάβλησις, εως, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) a putting off, delay. άνα-βλύζω, f. ύσω: 201. I ἀν έβλυσα:—to gusb fortb; ἀναβλύζειν έλαιον to gush out with oil.

άνα-βλώσκω, 20r. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go up or back.

άνα-βοάω, fut. ήσομαι: 201. 1 άνεβόησα, Ion. inf. άμβωσαι (for ἀναβοησαι):—to cry or shout aloud, utter a loud cry: to cry out something. call on.

ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) bubbling II. as a prelude or beginning of song. ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, άδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)

thrown up, of earth.

ἀνα-βολή, poët. ἀμβολή, ή, (ἀναβάλλω) that which is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. that which is thrown around one, a cloak. II. a lifting up of the voice, a prelude. 2. a putting off, delaying.  $\dot{\alpha}$ ναβολία, poet.  $\dot{\alpha}$ μβ-,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\alpha}$ ναβολ $\dot{\eta}$ ) delay.

άνα-βράσσω, Att. - ττω: Pass., aor. Ι άνεβράσθην: -to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence,

άνά-βραστος, ον, boiled.

\*ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνέβραχεν, q. v.

\*ἀνα-βρόχω, 20r. Ι ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρύξεια, pf. άναβέβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also aor. 2 pass. part. ava-βροχείs, είσα, έν, swallowed back, swallowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.

 $\dot{a}$ να-βρυάζω, 201. I  $-\epsilon$ βρύαξα, to shout aloud for joy.

άνα-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.

άναβώσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοησαι, 20r. I inf. of ἀναβοάω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\gamma\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\dot{\mathbf{\omega}}$ - $\gamma\mathbf{a}\mathbf{i}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ .

άν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see άγγέλλω:—to carry back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ να-γελάω, f.  $\dot{\alpha}$ σομαι [ $\dot{\alpha}$ ]: aor. I  $-\epsilon \gamma \dot{\epsilon}$ λ $\dot{\alpha}$ σα: to laugh aloud.

άνα-γεννάω, f. ήσω, to beget anew, regenerate.

άν-αγέομαι, Dor. for άν-ηγέομαι.

άνα-γεύω, f. σω: aur. I άνέγευσα: to give to taste. άνα-γιγνώσκω, later άναγϊνώσκω: f. άναγνώσομαι, aor. 2 ἀνέγνων: ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. to distinguish, discern: hence to read. Ion. Greek the aor. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέγνωσμαι, to be persuaded.

άναγκάζω, f. άσω: pf. ήνάγκακα: (άνάγκη):--to force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also to force by torture, and so to barass, annoy. prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double

acc. to force a person to do a thing.

άναγκαίη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for άνάγκη.

άναγκαῖος, a, ov, also os, ov, (ἀνάγκη) of or with force: I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: ημαρ άναγκαῖον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery.

forcible, convincing. II. pass. forced: hence painful. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessaries: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαιοι, οί, Lat. necessarii, relations.

avaγκαίωs, Adv. of avaγκαίοs, of necessity, perforce; αναγκαίων έχει it is necessary: Sup. αναγ-

καιότατα.

αναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of αναγκάζω, one must compel.

αναγκαστικός, ή, όν, (άναγκάζω) compulsory.

άναγκαστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

'ANATKH, Ion. and Ep. αναγκαίη, ή, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. dvάγκη as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as force. hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

άνα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάμφθην:to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

άναγνοίην, άναγνωναι, 20r. 2 opt. and inf. of άναγιγνώσκω.

av-aγvos, ov, (a privat., άγνόs) impure, unchaste, generally unboly, guilty.

ανα-γνωρίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: to know again, recognise. Hence

άναγνώρζσις, εως, ή, recognition.

ανάγνωσις, εως, ή, (άναγνωναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ανάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (άναγνωναι, 201. 2 of άναγιγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

avayopevous, εωs, ή, a crying aloud, proclamation.

αν-αγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ανερώ, 2οτ. 2 ανείπον: -to cry aloud, proclaim publicly: - Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

άνάγραπτος, ον, (άναγράφω) written up or out,

registered.

άναγράφεύς, έως, δ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary. avaγραφή, ή, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

άνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα: - to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. to describe. [ypă]

άνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v} - \dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{\gamma}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ , f.  $\dot{a}\mathbf{v}\dot{a}\boldsymbol{\xi}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ : aot. 2  $\dot{a}\mathbf{v}\dot{\eta}\mathbf{\gamma}\dot{a}\mathbf{\gamma}o\mathbf{v}$ :  $(\dot{a}\mathbf{v}\dot{a}, \ddot{a}\mathbf{\gamma}\boldsymbol{\omega})$ : to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer =  $\tilde{a}\gamma\omega$ , to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ανάγειν or ανάγε- $\sigma\theta\alpha$ , absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the 4. to lead up, raise up, coninterior of a country. duct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, edu-II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. ¿auróv) to withdraw, retreat.

3. of things, requiring to be | up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, thong, etc.

avaγωγή, ή, (aváγω) a leading up: a putting to

2. a leading back, referring.

άν-άγωγος, ον, (a privat., άγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken. αν-αγώνιστος, ον, (α privat., αγωνίζομαι) without

contest, never baving contended for a prize. ava-δaίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or

apportion a conquered land.

άνα-δαίω, poet. άν-δαίω, = άνακαίω, to light up. άνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of άναδατέομαι.

ἀναδασμός, δ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνάδαστος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

άνα-δατέομαι, f. - δάσομαι: 201. 1 ανεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

άναδέδρομα, pf. 2 of άνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

άνα-δείκνῦμι and άνα-δεικνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion.  $-\delta \dot{\epsilon} \xi \omega :$  to lift up and shew, shew forth. make public, declare. Hence

άνάδειξις, εως, ή, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

άνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for άνα-δέχομαι.

άν-άδελφος, ον, (a privat., άδελφός) without brother or sister.

ανάδεμα, poet. ανδεμα, ατος, τό, (αναδέω) a beadband.

άνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδείξαι, 20r. I inf. of ἀναδείκνυμι.

dva-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 dv-έδρακον:—to look up, toopen the eyes again.

ava-δέρω, f. δερω: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

άνάδεσις, εως, ή, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

άναδέσμη, ή, and άνάδεσμος, ό, (άναδέω) a band or fillet for women's bair, a beadband.

ανάδετος, ον, (αναδίω) binding up.

ava-δεύω, to dye, imbue.

 $\dot{a}$ να-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor.  $\dot{a}$ νεδεξάμην: ---but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγμην: pf. ἀναδέδεγμαι: Dep.:-to take up, receive: also to take back. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ να-δέω, poet,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. -δέδεμαι:-to bind up, bind round; αναδείν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. ἀναδησαι ἐαυτοὺs ἔs τινα to trace up one's family to a III. Med. to fasten with a rope to onefounder. self; ἀναδούμενος ἕλκειν (sc. ναθε), to take a ship in

ανάδημα, poët. ανδημα, ατος, τό, (αναδέω) a beadband.

άναγωγεύς, έως, δ. (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads | άνα-δίδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. dedocere: also simply = διδάσκω, to teach:-Pass. to learn better. II. to ex-

pound, interpret.

άνα-δίδωμι, poët. άνδίδωμι: f. -δώσω: -to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth. II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

άνά-δίκος, ον, (ἀνά, δίκη) tried over again.

ἀνα-διπλόω, f. ώσω, (ἀνά, διπλοῦε) to make double. άνάδοτος, ον, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up. άνάδου, for άνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper, of άναδίδωμι.

άναδοθναι, άναδούς, οθσα, όν, aor. 2 mf. and part.

of άναδιδωμι.

αναδοῦνται, αναδούμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ή, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: άναδοχή πύνων the undertaking of labours.

αναδραμείν, 20r. 2 inf. of ανατρέχω.

αναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

αναδύναι, 20r. 2 inf. of αναδύομαι.

ava-δύνω, to come to the top of the water.

άνα-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor, 2 act. άνέδῦν, pf. ἀναδέδῦκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth. 2. to draw back, retire:c. acc. to shun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing. άναδῶν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

av-aεδvos, ή, (a privat., εδνον) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

άναειραι, aor. I inf. of άναείρω.

αν-αείρω, (ανά, αείρω) to lift or raise up.

άν-άελπτος, ον, (a privat., έλπομαι) unboped, unlooked for.

αν-αερτάω, lengthd. for αν-αείρω.

ava-ζάω, inf. avaζην: f. ζήσω: to return to life. άνα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or barness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, vias av. to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.)

to march off. Hence ἀνάζευξις, εως, ή, a marching away.

ava-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.

ava-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. anguirere: to search out, discover. Hence

avalntησις, εως, ή, investigation.

άνα-ζωγρέω, to recal to life. ava-ζώννυμι, f. (ώσω, to gird up.

ava-ζωπυρέω, to light up again:-Pass. to gain fresb life.

åva-θάλπω, to warm again.

ανα-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρρέω, to regain one's courage. άνα-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρρύνω, to fill with fresh II. intr. =  $dva\theta a\rho\sigma \epsilon \omega$ . courage.

ava-θείναι, ava-θείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of avaτίθημι. ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, (ανατίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ava-θεμάτίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse. ava-leonativo, to warm or beat again.

αναθετέον, verb. Adj. of ανατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ανα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσούμαι, to run up or back, return.

άνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully; to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θηλυ) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresb.

ανάθημα, ατος, τό, (ανατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. αγαλμα.

 $\dot{a}$ va-θλίβω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to press bard.

άναθορείν, aor. 2 inf. of άναθρώσκω. ava-θορυβέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause.

ἀνάθρεμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursling.

av-aθρέω, (ἀνά, ἀθρέω) to look up at : observe closely. άνα-θρώσκω, poet. and Ion. άνθρώσκω: fut. άνα- $\theta$ οροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring

up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

αναίδεια, Ep. and Ion. αναιδείη, ή, (αναιδή) sbamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

αναιδεύομαι, Dep. (αναιδής) to behave impudently. av-aιδήs, és, (a privat., αίδέομαι) shameless, unabashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called λâas ἀναιδήs, reckless, rutbless.

av-aιθύσσω, to fan the flame.

av-aίθω, (avá, aίθω) to set on fire, to inflame.

aν-αιμακτί, Adv. of sq., without bloodsbed.

άν-αίμακτος, ον, (α privat., αίμάσσω) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. incruentus.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}$ - $\mathbf{a}\mathbf{l}\mu\mathbf{a}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}\nu\mathbf{a}\iota\mu\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ .

αν-αιμος, ον, and αν-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., alμa) without blood, bloodless.

άν-αιμωτί. Adv. like άν-αιμακτί. [τῖ]

άναίνομαι, impf. ήναινόμην, Ep. άναινόμην: fut. ανανούμαι (not in use): 20r. Ι ήνηνάμην, inf. ανήνασθαι, subj. ἀνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn: c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be asbamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

avatξas, aor. I part. of αναίσσω.

αναιρεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αναιρέω.

avalpeσιs, εωs, ή, a taking up of dead bodies: bu-2. a taking upon oneself, an undertakrial. II. a destroying, destruction. From

άν-αιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. άνήρηκα, pass. άνήρημαι: (v. aiρέω):-to take up, Lat. tollere, and so bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take II. to take away, destroy: of laws and up, lift. customs, to abolisb. III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer; but absol. to answer, give

a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive : exact. 2. to take up dead bodies for 3. to take up newborn children, Lat. tolburial. 5. to take lere, suscipere liberos. 4. to conceive. II. to take upon oneself, up money at interest. III. to take back to oneself, cancel. undertake.

άν-αίρω, f. ἀνἄρῶ, to raise up.

άναισθησία, ή, want of perception, insensibility. From άν-αίσθητος, ον, (a privat., αισθέσθαι 201. 2 of alσθάνομαι) unfeeling, without feeling. 2. without common sense, senseless. II. pass. unfelt.

dv-aιστμόω, impf. ἀναισίμουν: aor. 1 ἀναισίμωσα:
—Pass., aor. 1 ἀναισιμώθην: pf. ἀναισίμωμαι: (α priv., αἴσιμοι,—the simple αἰσιμόω being never used):—an lon. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

avaio ίμωμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, = Att.

δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

åν-αίσσω, Att. ἀν-άσσω, ἀν-άττω (ἀνά, ἀίσσω): to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c. acc. to leap upon. [ἄνᾶ-]

άναισχυντέω, (ἀναίσχυντος) to be shameless, behave

impudently.

αναισχυντία, ή, sbamelessness. From

άν-αίσχυντος, ον, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable.

av-alτητος, η, ον, (α privat., alτέω) unasked.
av-alτιος, ον, (α privat., alτία) without cause, ground-

less. II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.

åva-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become

quite clear.

ava-καθίζω, to set up or upright:—Med. to sit up.

II. intr. to sit down again.

ava-καινίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιω, to renew.

άνα-καινουργίω, to restore anew.

άνα-καινόω, (άνά, καινύs) to renew, restore. Hence άνακαίνωστε, εωε, ή, renewal, restoration.

**ἀνακαῖον**, τό, a prison.

dva-καίω, 201. I ἀνέκαυσα, to kindle, light up:— Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse,

encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

άνα-κάλέω, poet. άγ-καλέω: fut. έσω:—to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to sumnon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

άνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil.

intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to bend back, return.

άν-άκανθος, ον, (a privat., άκανθα) without thorns or bones: without a spine.

άνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down. άνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of

άνα-κειμαι, poet. άγ-κειμαι: f. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue.

II. to be referred to, depend upon.

'Aνάκειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From "Aνακεε, oi, old form of άνακτεε, the Kings, i.e.

Castor and Pollux.

άνα-κέκλομαι, poët. for άνα-καλέω, to call out. άνα-κέλάδος, ό, (άνά, κέλομαι) a loud sbout.

άνα-κέομαι, Ion. for άνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννῦμι and -ύω: f. κεράσω [ǎ]:—to mix again: generally, to mix up, mix well.

άνα-κεφαλαιόω, t. ώσω, (άνά, κεφαλή) to compre-

bend in a summary, sum up.
ανα-κηκίω, to spout up, gush forth: also, to throb

violently. [Y Ep.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -τω, f. ύξω, to publish to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of berald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κῆρυξ.

άνα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to

run a fresb risk.

άνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

avantivησιs, εωs, ή, a swinging to and fro. 2

excitement, emotion. [kī]

άνα-κίρναμαι, Dep. = άνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω: 201. 2 ἀνέκλάγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

άνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

άνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ἄ]: 201. I ἀνέκλἄσα:—10 break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ή, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ανακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ανακλίνω.

άνακλινθείς, later άνακλιθείς, poet. aor. I pass. of άνακλίνω, poet. άγ-κλίνω [τ]: fut. -κλίνῶ: aor. I ἀνέκλινα:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. Il. to pusb or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλἴτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back. ἀνα-κογχὔλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and

counterfeit a seal.

åva-κοινόω, f. ώσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρἄνέω, to rule in or over.

άνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (άνά, κύλποs) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

άνακομιδή, ή, recovery of a thing or from an illness.

2.

ἀνα-κομίζω, poèt. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: aot. I ἀνεκόμισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

αν-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to dart or fling up. II.

intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

άνακοπή, ή, a beating back: a recoil. From ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:— Pass. to stop sbort.

ava-κουφίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιῶ, to lift or raise up:— Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφζοις, εως, ή, a lifting up, lightening: relief | ἀναλαβεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω. from a thing.

άνα-κράζω, f. άξομαι: 201. 2 άνέκραγον:—to cry out, lift up the voice.

άνα-κράθείς, 20r. I pass. part. of άνακεράννυμι. ανάκρασις, εωε, ή, (ανακεράννυμι) a mixing up.

ava-κρέκομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to tune its voice.

άνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. άγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: 201. 1 ἀνεκρέμασα:—to bang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be banging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse.

dva-κρίνω [ $\tilde{l}$ ]: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine beforeband :- Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἐαυτούς, to question one with another. Hence

άνάκρζοις, poet. άγκρισις, εως, ή, an examination,

inquiry.

άνα-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to lift up and strike together: absol, to clap with uplifted bands, applaud vehemently. ανάκρουσις, εωε, ή, (ανακρούω) a pushing back, checking, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ανακρουστέον, verb. Adj. of ανακρούω, one must check. ava-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ανακρούεσθαι έπὶ πρύμνην to put ber back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like avaβάλλεσθαι.

άνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. άνέκτημαι: Dep.:to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to

win a person over, gain his favour.

άνάκτεσι, Ep. for άναξι, dat. pl. of άναξ.

άνακτόριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or  $king, royal: \dot{a}va\kappa \tau \acute{o}\rho iov, \tau \acute{o}, = sq. \ a \ temple.$ 

ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace:

also a temple.

άνάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

άνα-κυκάω, f. ήσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse. ava-κυκλέω, to turn round again: -Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

άνακύκλησις, εως, ή, a coming round again, a cirsuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κυμβαλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δίφροι ἀνεκυμβαλίαζον the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

άνα-κύπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύψομαι: aor. I άνέκυψα: pf. ανακέκυφα:-to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

άνα-κωκύω, f. ύσω, to wail aloud. [v]

ἀνᾶκῶs, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶs, carefully, ἀνακῶs ἔχειν τινόε to look well to a thing. (From ανακοε, Adj. of åvaf, a manager.)

άνακωχεύω, f. σω, to bold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but αν. τὸν τόνον τῶν δπλων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep 2. intr. (sub. ξαυτόν) to keep still. From taught. ανακωχή, ή, incorrect form of ανοκωχή.

άνα-λάζομαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἄλαλάζω, 201. Ι ἀνηλάλαξα: to raise a war-cry:

to cry aloud.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ να-λαμβ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νέλ $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ βον: pf. ἀνείληφα:—to take up, take into one's bands: gene-2. to take into one's serrally, to take with one. 3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon vice, to adopt. one: esp. in Med. to undertake, αναλαβέσθαι πόλεμον. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λό-II. to take back, regain, retrieve, reγον. III. to pull short up, of a horse. pair.

to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

åva-λάμπω, f.-λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

avaλγησία, ή, insensibility, want of feeling. From αν-άλγητος, ον, (α privat., άλγέω) without pain: of persons, unfeeling, bard-bearted, rutbless: -Adv. -τωs, unfeelingly. II. of things, I not pain-2. very painful, cruel. ful.

άν-αλδής, έε, (a priv., άλδαίνω) not thriving, feeble. άνα-λέγω, Εp. impf. άλλεγον: fut. άναλέξω: 201. I ανέλεξα, Ep. inf. αλλέξαι:—to pick up, gather up:— Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount.

to read aloud.

ava-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ή, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II. a being taken up: the Ascension. άν-αλθής, ές, (a privat., άλθομαι) not bealing.

ἀνάλιπος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπος, barefoot.

άν-αλίσκω, f. ἀναλώσω: 201. Ι ἀνήλωσα οτ ἀνάλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:--Pass., fut. ἀνᾶλωθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι ἀνηλώθην οτ ἀναλώθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνάλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-αλόω, impf. ἀνάλουν are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:-metaph., αν. υπνον to use to the full, i.e. II. of persons, to kill, destroy. enjoy, sleep.

avaλκεια, ή, want of strength. From

δν-αλκις, ιδος, δ, ή, acc. -ιδα or -ιν, (a priv., <math>dλκή)without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

άν-άλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

αν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., αλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ή, (ἀνά, λόγοι) proportion, analogy. ava-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think

over, calculate, consider. Hence

άναλογισμός, ό, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

av-aλos, ον, (a privat., aλs) not salt, without salt.

dv-aλόω, a rare form of dv-aλίσκω. av-aλτos, ov, (a privat., άλθομαι) not to be filled, in-

satiate, Lat. inexplebilis.

ἀνάλὕσις, εως, ή, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

 $\dot{a}$ να-λύω, Ion. and Ep.  $\dot{a}$ λ-λύω: f. -λύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : pf. -λέλϋκα, pass. -λέλϋμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνᾶλίσκω. ανάλωμα, ατος, τό, (άναλόω) that which is used or spent: expense, cost, outlay: in plur. expenses.

ανάλωσα, αναλώσαι, aor. I of αναλίσκω.

 $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{a}$ λωσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ νaλ $\dot{o}$ ω) expenditure. [ $\check{a}$ ν $\check{a}$ ] άν-άλωτος, ον, (a privat., άλωναι) not taken, not to be taken, impregnable.

ανα-μαιμάω, to rage through or throughout.

ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μἄθήσομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.

αν-αμάξευτος, ον, (a privat., αμαξεύω) impassable

for wagons.

άν-ἄμάρτητος, ον, (a privat., άμαρτείν) without missing or failing, unfailing: in a moral sense, faultless. Adv. - rws, without fail.

ava-μασάομαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. ruminarı.

ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: αοτ. 1 ἀνέμαξα:--to wipe up, wipe off; έργον, δ ση κεφαλή αναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if II. Med. to knead one's bread. it were a stain).

άνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσομαι or -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.

ἀν-άμβἄτος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ανάβατος, (α privat., ἀνα-Baive) of a horse, not to be mounted. unmanageable. ava-μέλπω, f. ψω, to begin to sing

άνα-μένω, poet. άμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα: -to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 3. to put off, delay. await, endure.

åνά-μεσος, ov, in the middle.

άνά-μεστος, ον, filled full. Hence

avaμεστόω, f. ωσω, to fill up, fill full.

άνα-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure back or over again. to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence

άναμέτρησις, εως, ή, a measuring out, admeasurement. άνά-μίγα, poet. άμμίγα, also άνά-μιγδα, Adv. promiscuously.

ανα-μίγνυμι and -ύω, κ -μίζω: aor. I ανέμιζα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to bave

social intercourse, join company.

άνα-μιμνήσκω, f. άναμνήσω, poët. άμμνήσω: aor. I ανέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recal to memory, make mention of:-Pass. to remember.

άνα-μίμνω, poet, for άνα-μένω.

ava-μίξ, (avaμίγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell. ανάμιξιε, εωε, ή, (ἀναμίγνυμι) social intercourse. άνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for άναμίγνυμι.

αναμνησθείς, part. aor. I pass. of αναμιμνήσκω. ανά-μνησις, εωε, ή, (αναμιμνήσκω) a calling to mind, recollection.

άνα-μολείν, inf. 20r. 2 of άναβλώσκω.

ava-μορμύρω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [0] ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλόε) to lift with a lever: to force open.

άν-αμπλάκητος, ον, (a privat., άμπλάκητος) unerring, without wandering.

ava-μυχθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.

αν-αμφίλογος, ον, (a privat., αμφίλογος) undisputed,

αν-αμφισβήτητος, ον. (α privat., αμφισβήτητος) undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dis-II. act. without dispute or controversy.

avaνδρία, ή, unmanliness, cowardice. From αν-ανδρος, ον, (α privat., ἀνήρ), I. = ἄνευ ἀνδρύ $\mathbf{s}$ , without a busband: without men, desolate.

unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man. άν-ανδρόω, f. ώσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence ἀνάνδρωτος, ον, widowed.

åva-νεάζω, f. άσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again άνα-νέμω, poet. άννέμω, to divide or distribute II. Med. to count up, recount: to rebearse. άνα-νέομαι, poet. άννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise. άνα-νεόομαι, f. ώσομαι: aor. I ἀνενεωσάμην, poet.

inf. ἀννεώσασθαι: Dep. -to renew, revive. ava-veύω, f. σω, properly to throw the head back in

token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.

άνανέωσις, εως, ή, (άνανεύομαι) a renewal, revival. ava-vhφω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's 2. trans. to make sober again.

ἄν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, uphill, opp. to κάταντα. άν-ανταγώνιστος, ον, (α privat., άνταγωνίζομαι) without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed.

άν-άντης, εs, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-hill, steep, opp. to κατάντης: hence like Lat. arduus, difficult.

άν-αντίρρητος, ον, (α privat., άντερω) not to be gainsaid. Adv. -ws, without contradiction.

'ANAΞ, ἄνακτος, δ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so 100 the master of the house, Lat. 3. generally, one who is lord or master over berus. anything, as κώπης ἄνακτες: cf. χειρ-ῶναξ.

ava-Ealvo, to rub or irritate afresh.

άνάξασθαι, 20r. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.

 $\dot{a}$ να-ξηραίνω, f.  $\check{a}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  -εξήρ $\bar{a}$ να, poët. inf.  $\dot{a}$ γξηρᾶναι:—to dry up.

άν-άξιος, ον, also a, ον, (a privat., άξιος) unworthy, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless. undeserving of evil.

ἀναξι-φόρμιγξ, ιγγοε, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμιγξ) lord of the lyre.

avaξίωs, Adv. of aváξιοs, unwortbily.

 $\dot{a}va-\xi\bar{v}v\delta\omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}v\dot{a}, \xi vv\delta s) = \dot{a}va-\kappa o v\delta\omega$ .

άναξυρίδες, ίδων, ai, the trowsers worn by eastern nations. (Persian word.)

ανα-ξύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. pass.  $dv \in \xi \dot{v} \sigma \theta \eta v : --- to$ scrape off.

ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.

aν-αοίγω, f. ξω, poët. for aν-οίγω. άνα-παιδεύω, to educate afresh.

avaπαιστος, ον, (avaπαίω) struck back, rebounding:

as Subst. ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an anapaest, i. e. a dactyl reversed.

ava-παίω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-πάλιν, Adv. back again. II. over again. III. reversely.

ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπάλῶ: aor. I ἀνέπηλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλών:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀν-έπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

άνα-πάσσω, f. άσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, ης, ή, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηρήσθαι to be divided into reliefs.

II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἄμπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation

άναπαυστήριος, Ion. άμπ-, ον, (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or ἀναπαυτήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time of bour of rest: also (sub. σημεῖον), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, ν. παύω):
—to make cease, stop from a thing· later to give rest or relieve from a thing.

II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleepalso to die.

2. to stop, halt, rest.

3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πείθω, f.-πείσω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

åva-πειράομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of.

II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ανα-πείρω, f. -περω: αοτ. 1 ανέπειρα, Ερ. patt. αμπείραs: Pass., αοτ. 2 ανεπάρην [α]: pf. αναπέπαρμαι, poet. αμπέπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

άναπειστήριος, α, ον, (άναπείθω) persuasive.

άνα-πεμπάζω and -άζομαι, to count over again. ἀναπέμπω, poët. ἀμπέμπω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. πέμπω):—to send up or fortb:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

άναπεπταμένος, pf. pass. part. of αναπετάννυμι. άναπεσεῖν, άναπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of αναπίπτω.

άνα-πετάννῦμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. -πετάσω, Att. -πετῶ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπέτασον, ἀμπετάσαs:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀνα-πεπταμένοs,  $\eta$ , oν, outspread, open.

ανα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ανεπτόμην or ανεπτάμην, poèt. part. dμπτάμενοs; and in act. form dνέπτην, poët. opt. dμπταίην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

αναπέφηνα, pf. of αναφαίνω.

ανα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

άνα-πηδάω, poët. άμπηδάω: f. ήσομαι: (ν. πηδάω):
—to leap, spring up or forth, start up; dv. ξπ' ξργον to
jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth.

II.
to spring back.

ἀνά-πηρος, ον, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, balt. ἀνα-πιδύω, f. ύσω, to make to spring up.

άνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. explere:—to fulfil, accomplisb.

II. to fill up, appease.

III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀναπέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose beart, Lat. concidere animo.

άνα-πίτνημι, poet. for άνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ā]: aor. I ἀνέπλασα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ava-πλέκω, f. ξω, to braid up, entwine, wreath

άνα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι οτ -πλευσοῦμαι: 201. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion pres. άνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: 2 also to put out to sea.

II. to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to suim back.

ἀνά-πλεωs, ων, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεοs: (ἀνά, πλέωs = πλέοs):—filled up, quite full of a thing.

II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρόω, f. ωσω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσαι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπίμπλημι.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, ὁ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

av-aπλόω, f. ώσω, to unfold, open.

άνα-πλώω, Ion. for dναπλέω.

άνα-πνείω, Ιοη. άμπνείω, Ερ. for άναπνέω.

αναπνεύσειε, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of αναπνέω.

άνάπνευσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath. ἀνάπνευστος, ον, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

άνα-πνέω, f.-πνεύσομα: 201. I ἀνέπνευσα:— to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms άμπνυε, άμπνῦτο, ἀμπνύνθη v. sub vocc.). II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respiro. III. to breathe forth, send forth.

άναπνοή, poët. άμπνοή, ή, (άναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio. άνάπνυε, poët. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

άν-απόδεικτος, ον, undemonstrated, indemonstrable. ἀνα-ποδίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: 201. I ἀνεπόδισα: (ἀνά, πούs):—to make to step back, call back and question; ἀναποδίζειν ἐαυτόν to correct oneself. II.

intrans. to step back. ἀν-ἀποινος, ον, (a privat., ἀποινο) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποινον, Adv. without recompense. ἀνα-πολέω, poët. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

άν-απολόγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀπολογέομαι) in- | countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking defensible, inexcusable. 2. act. unable to defend oneself, without excuse.

άναπομπή, ή, (άναπέμπω) a sending up; θησαυρών

dv. a digging up of treasures.

άναπομπός, δ, (ἀναπέμπω) one that sends up or back. αν-απόνιπτος, ον, (a privat., απονίζω) unwasben. άνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = άναπέτομαι.

άνα-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. -πράξω, to exact, levy; αν. ὑπόσχεσιν to exact the fulfilment of a promise.

άνα-πρήθω, f. σω, properly to set on fire, light up: δάκρυ' αναπρήσας letting tears burst fortb.

άνα-πτερόω, f. ώσω: 20r. Ι άν-επτέρωσα: pf. -επτέpona: -to furnish-with wings or to raise the wings 2. of the for flight: generally, to raise, set up. mind, to set on the wing, excite vehemently:-Pass. to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement.

to furnish with new wings: - Pass. to get new wings. άναπτηναι, άναπτάσθαι, άναπτέσθαι, inf. of άνέπτην, ανεπτάμην, ανεπτόμην, 201. 2 of αναπέτομαι. άνα-πτύσσω, fut. ύξω:-Pass., aor. I άνεπτύχθην, 201. 2 ἀνεπτύγην [τ]: (ν. πτύσσω): - to unfold, undo, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat evolvere, to unrol for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light, Lat. explicare. II. as military term, την φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν to fold back the phalanx, 1. c. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν to open out the wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. explicare. Hence

avaπτύχή, ή, an opening, unfolding: an expanse. ava-πτύω, f. ύσω [v], to spit up or out: absol. to sputter.

 $\dot{a}v - \dot{a}\pi\tau\omega$ , f.  $\psi\omega$ : 201. I  $\dot{a}v\hat{\eta}\psi a :=to bang up to$ , fasten on or to a thing; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, = ἀνατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one: - Med. to fasten for oneself; ἀνάπτεσθαι ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away:-Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself II. to light up, light, kindle: meon, cling to. taph. to inflame.

**ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι**, f.  $-\pi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2 ἀνεπὔθόμην: Dep.:-to search out, inquire into: also to learn by inquiry. Hence

aνάπυστος, ον, searched out, ascertained, notorious. avaπωτις, shortened aμπωτις, gen. εωε Ion. ιοε, ή, (ἀναπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide, returning of the waters.

avap-, in compds. of dνά with words beginning with \$ the \$\rho\$ is usually doubled, as in avap-palζω, etc., though in poets and lon. Greek it is sometimes single. αναραιρηκώς, Ion. for ανηρηκώς, pf. part. of αναιρέω. **ἀν-άργύρος**, ον, (a privat., άργυρος) without silver: witbout money.

av-apθροs, ον, (a privat., άρθρον) without joints: disjointed, nerveless. 2. of sounds, inarticulate.

αν-αριθμίομαι, f. ήσομαι, to count up, enumerate. dv-dρ(θμητος, ον, (α privat., <math>dρ(θμητός) = sq.

άν-άριθμος, ον, (a privat., άριθμός) without number,

no account of a thing.

av-apκτos, ov, (a privat., apχω) not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed.

άναρμοστία, ή, unsuitableness: discord. From

άν-άρμοστος, ον, (a privat., άρμόζω) unfit, incongruous: of sound, inharmonious: of persons, absurd. 2. unfitted, unprepared.

avapπαγή, ή, recapture. From

άν-αρπάζω, fut. άξω, Att. άσω or άσομαι [ἄ]: 20r. I åνήρπασα:-to tear up, snatch up. II. to burry along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a magistrate, Lat. rapere in jus. III. to take by storm; and so-to plunder, generally, to treat with view lence. Hence

avapπaστόs, όν, also ή, όν, torn away, carried off,

esp. into Persia, treated with violence.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ναρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νά,  $\dot{\mathbf{p}}$ έω) to flow back or to the source.

άναρ-ρήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: 201. I άνέρρηξα: -to break up, break through or open. make break forth: ἀναρρηξαι ξπη, like Lat. rumpere voces: -Pass. to burst forth. III. intr., like Pass. to burst fortb.

άναρ-ρηθήναι, aor. I pass. of aor. 2 act. άνειπείν.

αναρρήξας, aor. I part. of αναρρήγνυμι.

 $\dot{a}$ ναρ-ρίπτω or  $-\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f. -ρίψω: aor. I  $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{\epsilon}$ ρριψα: to throw up; ἀναρριπτεῖν ἄλα πηδῷ to throw up the sea with the oar. Δυαρρίπτειν κίνδυνον to run the bazard of a thing, run a risk: also without κίνδυνον, είς άπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρρίπτειν to throw for one's all, stake one's all.

αν-αρρίχαομαι, impf. ανερριχώμην: fut. αναρρίχήσομαι: 201. Ι ανερρίχησάμην: Dep.: -- to clamber up

with the bands and feet, to scramble up.

άνάρροια, ή, (ἀναρρέω) a flowing back, reflux, ebb. avap-poιβδέω, to swallow back, gulp down again.  $\dot{a}v\dot{a}\rho$ - $\rho \ddot{v}\sigma vs$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}v\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{v}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{v}\omega$ ) a snatching away, rescuing. 2. the second day of the festival Απατούρια.

άναρ-ρώννῦμι and -ύω, fut. ρώσω: aor. I ἀνέρρωσα: - to strengthen again: - Pass. to regain strength

or spirit.

αν-άρσιος, ον, also a, ον, (a privat., άρσιος) not fitting together: hence bostile, unpropitious, implacable:

of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.

άν-αρτάω, f. ήσω: 201. άνήρτησα:—to bang up or upon, to attach to, make dependent upon. - Med. with pf. pass. ανήρτημαι, to attach to oneself: also to subdue:-Pass. also with pf. ανήρτημαι, to be dependent upon; δτφ πάντα είε ξαυτόν άνηρτηται who bas everything dependent on himself; but ανήρτηται, c. inf. to be prepared to do.

av-aprios, ον, (a privat., aprios) uneven, odd; cf. άρτιος.

av-apxatζω, f. σω, to make old again.

avapxia, ή, the state of a people without government, anarchy. From

**ἄν-αρχος**, ον, (α privat., ἀρχή) without bead or chief. 2. without beginning.

åva-σειράζω, f. άσω, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ava-σείω, poet. avaσσείω, f. σείσω, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ανασεσυρμένος, part. pf. pass. of ανασύρω.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. 201. 2 ἀνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ἀνέσσυτο, to spring up or forth. ἀνα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig up.

άνα-σκέπτομαι, see άνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, f. άσω: pf. ἀνεσκεύακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσκευάσθην: pf. ἀνεσκεύασμαι:—opp. to κατασκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), Lat. vasa colligere: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away.

2. to disfurnish, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's house.

3. to waste, ravage.

4. in Pass. to be bankrupt; ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

αν-άσκητος, ον, (a privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, un-

exercised

ἀνα-σκολοπίζω, f. ίσω, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιείσθαι occurs in pass. sense.

άνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέψομαι: aor. ἀνεσκεψάμην:—
to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

άνα-σπαράσσω, f. ξω, to tear up.

dνάσπαστος, ον, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia.

2. of a door, drawn back, i. e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπάω, poet. ἀνσπάω: f. -σπάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἀνέσπἄσα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II. τὰs ὀφρῶs ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λόγους ἀνασπᾶν to utter boastful words.

avaσσα, ή, fem. of avaξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

αν-άσσατος, Dor. for αν-ήσσητος.

ανασσείασκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ανέσειε, 3 sing.

impf. of ανασείω.

ἀνάσσω, impf. ήνασσον, Ερ. ἄνασσον: fut. ἀνάξω: aor. I ήναξα, Ερ. ἄναξα: (άναξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over:—Med, τρὶς ἀνάξασθαι γένεα ἀνδρῶν to bave reigned for three generations:—Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-άσσω, Att. for ἀναίσσω.

άνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστάδον, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι, 201. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι. ἀνάστάσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή: I. causal (ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2. a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a rebuilding. II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασις ἐξ ὕπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

ἀναστάτήρ, ηρος, δ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

 $\dot{a}$ vaστάτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ vaστατήρ.

ἀνάστὰτος, ον, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's bouse and bome: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀναστατόω, f. ώσω, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to impale or crucify, like ἀνα-

σκολοπίζω. II. to crucify afresb.

åva-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ (for the tenses, v. στέλλω):
—to send up, raise:—Med. to gird up one's
clothes.

2. to keep back, cbeck:—Pass. to go back,
retire.
3. seemingly intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to withdraw.

άνα-στενάζω, f. άξω, = άναστένω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}$ - $\sigma \mathbf{\tau} \dot{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{x} \dot{\mathbf{t}} \dot{\mathbf{t}} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} \sigma \mathbf{\tau} \dot{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{v} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ .

άνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ἄχ] ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud. ἀνα-στέφω, f. ψω, to crown, wreatb:—Pass., pf. ἀνέστεμμα κάρα I bave my head wreathed.

ava-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix on a firm base.

αναστησείω, Desiderative from αναστήσω (fut. of ανίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι. ἀναστολή, ἡ, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στομόω, f ώσω, to furnish with a mouth; ἀναστομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀνέστραμμα:—to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: to rally.

2. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to turn back, return.

III. Pass. with fut. med. –στρέψομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. versarı; γαῖαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land.

2. to be busied in a thing.

3. to revolve.

4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

ἀναστροφή, ή, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

άνα-στρωφάω, poet. for άνα-στρέφω, to turn every

αν.. ἀνα-σύρω [v̄], f. -σύρῶ : 201. I ἀνέσῦρα :—to draw or

pull up : in Med. to pull up one's clothes. ἀνα-σφάλλω, f. –σφάλω: aor. 1 ἀνέσφηλα:—to re-

cover from a fall, recover.
ἀνασχεθέων, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον,

poet. 20r. 2 of ἀνέχω. ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχέσθαι, 20r. 2 2ct. 2nd med. inf. of

ἀνέχω. ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀνσχετός, ύν, (ἀνέχομαι) to be

άνασχετός, poet. άνσχετός, όν, (άνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ava-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to split up, rip up.

άνασχών, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέχω.

dva-σώζω, f. -σώσω: aor. 1 dvέσωσα:—to recover what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore:—Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

dva-τάράσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: pf. pass. part. dvaτεταραγμένοs, in confusion.

άνα-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -τάξω: to set in order again: - Med. to go regularly through again.

ανατέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of ανατρέφω.

ανατεί or ανατί, Adv. of ανατος, with impunity.

ανα-τείνω, poet. αντείνω: f. -τενω: aor. I ανέτεινα: -to stretch up or forth; χειρα άνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ανατεταμένος baving his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ava-τειχίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

avaτειχισμός, δ, building of new walls.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ να-τέλλω, poet.  $\dot{\alpha}$ ν-τέλλω: f.  $-\tau$ ελ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\dot{\alpha}$ ν έτειλα:--to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. έαυτόν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλὸξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ να-τέμνω, f. τεμ $\dot{\mathbf{\omega}}$ : (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—

to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

 $\dot{a}v\bar{a}\tau\dot{l}$ ,  $Adv.=\dot{a}va\tau\epsilon\dot{l}$ .

 $\dot{a}$ va-τίθημι, f.  $\dot{a}$ vaθήσω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι): -to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα. III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθείσα κάναθείσα τοῦ γε κατθαveiv adding to or taking away from the necessity of death. IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

άνα-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to raise in price.

ava-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

άνατλάς, part. of sq.

ava-τλήναι, inf. of aor. 2 αν-έτλην, with no pres. ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμάω being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

 $\dot{a}$ νατολή, poet.  $\dot{a}$ ντολή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ νατέλλω) a rising. esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

άνα-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to regain courage.

av-aτos, ov, (a privat., aτη) without barm, unpunished. II. act. not barming, barmless.

άνα-τρέπω, poet. άντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I άνέτρεψα:-to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overthrow, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. - Tpéψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

άνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: 201. Ι άνέθρεψα:--to bring

up, nourisb, educate.

άνα-τρέχω, fut. αναθρέξομαι and αναδραμούμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:-to run back. up. 3. to go straight up; αναδέδρομε πέτρη (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

άνά-τρησις, εως, ή, (ἀνά, τετραίνω) a boring through. ava-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. rub in pieces: Pass, to be worn away. [1]

dvατροπή, ή, (dvατρέπω) an overturning, upset. ανα-τυρβάζω, f. άσω, to stir up and confound.

άν-αύγητος, ον, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

av-aύδητος, Dor. - āτος, ον, (a privat., αὐδάω) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

av-auδos, ον, (a privat., αὐδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

av-auλos, ov, (a privat., auλos) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

\*a-vaus, gen. avaos, b, h, (a privat., vaûs) without ships; vaes avaes ships that are ships no more, Lat.

naves nenaves. άνα-φαίνω, poet. άμφαίνω, f. -φἄνῶ: aor. 1 ἀνέφηνα, or -έφāνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, shew II. Pass. with fut. med. forth: to proclaim. αναφανήσομαι, pt. act. αναπέφηνα, to be shewn forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shewn

to be, hence to be accounted. αναφάνας, aor. I part. of αναφαίνω, having made to

appear, baving come in sight of  $\{\phi\bar{a}\}$ 

ἀναφανδά, Adv. (ἀναφαίνω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv. = foreg.

αναφανείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of αναφαίνω.

άνα-φέρω, poet. άμφέρω: f. άνοίσω: aor. I άνήνεγκα, Ion. ἀνήνεικα, also ἄνφσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia: - Pass. to rise up: - Med. to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: avaveiκασθαι, absol. to beave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. mtr. III. to bring or carry to rise, as the stars. I. to bring back tidings. back: 2. to bring 3. to throw back upon another, back from exile. refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: intrans, and in Pass, to refresh oneself, recover,

άνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

άναφηναι, aor. I inf of άναφαίνω.

αν-αφής, έs, (α privat., άφή) untouched, not to be touched.

άνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

άνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly. ava-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} - \phi \mathbf{\lambda} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{y} (\mathbf{\zeta} \mathbf{\omega}, \mathbf{f}, \sigma \mathbf{\omega}) = \dot{\mathbf{d}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} \phi \mathbf{\lambda} \dot{\mathbf{e}} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{\omega}.$ 

åva-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ava-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten away.

άναφορά, âs, ή, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying 1. a referring, a reference. back: 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{q}}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{p}$ \(\varepsilon\),  $= \dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{p}$ \(\varepsilon\)\(\varepsilon\).

άνάφορον, τό, (άναφέρω) anything to carry with: a yoke or beam for carrying.

άνα-φράζομαι, f. άσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

άν-αφρόδιτος, ον, (a privat., 'Αφροδίτη) without the

favour of Venus: without beauty.

ava-φρονέω, f. how, to some back to one's senses, some to oneself.

ἀναφύγή, ή, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from. II. a retreat.

άνα-φύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , pf. pass.  $-\pi \dot{\epsilon}$ φυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

άνα-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

άνα-φυσιάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ἀνα-φύω, f. ύσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

άνα-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence

άναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

ἀνα-χάζω, f. άσω, to make give way, drive back: mostly used as Dep. ἀνα-χάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀνεχασσάμην, to draw back, retire.

ανα-χαίνω, 201. 2 ανέχανον, pf. ανακέχηνα:--to open

the mouth wide, gape wide.

ava-χαιτίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνά, χαίτη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overthrow, upset.

άνα-χάσκω, = άναχαίνω.

άνα-χέω, f.-χεω, to pour over.

ava-χνοαίνομαι, (ἀνά, χνόος) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ava-χορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

άνάχυσις, εως, ή, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

άνα-χώννυμι, f. χώσω, to beap up.

ἀνα-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw.

II. to come back, revert to the right owner.

dvaχώρησις, εως, Ion. 10s, ή, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ἀνα-χωρίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ιῶ, to make to go back or retire.

ἀνα-ψηφίζω, fut.  $l\sigma\omega$ , Att.  $l\hat{\omega}$ : (ἀνά, ψ $\hat{\eta}$ φοs) to put to the vote again. Hence

άναψήφίσις, εως, ή, a putting to the vote again. άνάψυξις, εως, ή, (άναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing. άναψύχή, ή, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery

from a thing : rest. From

άνα-ψύχω, fut.-ψύξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεψύχθην:
aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [v]: (ἀνά, ψῦχος):—to revive by
fresb air, to cool, refresb: generally, to cheer: ναῦς
ἀναψύχειν to overbaul the ships, make them sound
again:—Med. to breathe fresb air again, revive. [v̄]
ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀγα-δαίω.

ανδάνω, impf. ήνδανον, Ep. ἐἡνδανον, Ion. ἐάνδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔάδον, Ep. εὐάδον and ἄδον [α]: pf. ἄδηκα, also ἔάδα, Dor. ἔάδα: (the Root is 'AΔ-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ήδομα: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placet.

ἄν-δεμα, poët. for ἀνά-δεμα.

ανδηρον, τό, mostly in plur. ανδηρα, quasi ανθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or thrown up.

ανδησάμενος, poët. part. 201. 1 of αναδέω.

αν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθέω, f. ήσω, (ἀνήρ, ἀγαθύε) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδρἄγἄθία, ή, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδράγαθίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Att. τοῦμαι: Dep.:—10 act bravely, bonestly, play the bonest man.

ἀνδρ-άγρια, ων, τά, (ἀνήρ, ἄγρα) the spoils of a slain enemy.

ἀνδρακάς, Adv. (ἀνήρ) man by man, like κατ' ἄνδρας, Lat. viritim: generally, separately, apart. ἀνδραπόδεσσι, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδράποδον, for

ἀνδραπόδοις, as if from ἀνδράπους.

ανδραποδίζομαι, Dep = ανδραποδίζω.

ανδραποδίζω, fut. ίσω, Att τω: 20τ. 1 ήνδραπόδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδίσθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδίοθμαι: 20τ. 1 ήνδραπόδισθην: pf. ήνδραπόδισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω,) Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery, ανδραπόδίσιε, εωε, ή, and ἀνδραποδισμόε, δ, (άνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.

άνδραποδιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-

dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.

ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπουs. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδραποδ-ώδης, εs, (ἀνδράποδον, είδος) slavish, ser-

vile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθερος.

ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin. [ἄρ]

άνδράσι, dat. plur. of άνήρ.

ἀνδρ-αχθής, ές, (ἀνήρ, ἄχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry

ἀνδρεία, Ion. -ητη, ή, (ἀνήρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

άνδρ-είκελον, τό, (ἀνήρ, είκελοι) an image of a man, a statue.

II. a flesh-coloured paint.

άνδρεῖοs, a, oν, Ion. ἀνδρήϊοs, η, ον, (ἀνήρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρεῖον, manliness.

II. τὰ ἀνδρεῖα, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδίτια. Hence

άνδρειότης, ητος, ή, = άνδρεία.

άνδρει-φόντης, ου, ό, (ἀνήρ, \*φένω) man-slaying. άνδρειών, ῶνος, ό, poet, for ἀνδρεών: see ἀνδρών.

άνδρεσσι, Ερ for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνήρ.

ἀνδρεύμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρόω.

άνδρεύομαι, Dep. = άνδρίζομαι.

ἀνδρεών, ῶνος, δ, Ion. for ἀνδρών.

ανδρητη, Ion. for ανδρεία.

ανδρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ανδρείος.

ανδρηλατίω, f. ήσω, to banish from home. From άνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (άνήρ, έλαύνω) be that drives one from his bome, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [a]

 $\dot{a}v\delta\rho ia$ , late form of  $\dot{a}v\delta\rho\epsilon ia$ .

ανδριαντοποιέω, (ανδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary. Hence

ανδριαντοποιία, ή, statuary, sculpture.

άνδριαντο-ποιός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνδριάς, ποιέω) a statuemaker, statuary, sculptor.

aνδριάs, άντοs, ό, (άνηρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ανδρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνήρ) to make a man of:-Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

άνδρικός, ή, όν, (άνηρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout: - Adv. ἀνδρικῶs, like a man; Sup. ανδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

**ἀνδρίον**, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin.

ανδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ανδρίζω, one must play

άνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

άνδρο-βρώς, ώτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, βιβρώσκω) maneating, cannibal.

ανδρο-γόνος, ον, (άνήρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men. ἀνδρό-γύνος, ον, (ἀνήρ, γυνή) a man-woman, bermapbrodite: - a weak effeminate person. as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δάϊκτος, ον, (ἀνήρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murderous.

άνδρο-δάμας, αντος, δ, ή, (άνήρ, δαμάω) mantaming: man-slaying. [ă]

άνδρο-δόκος, ον, (άνηρ, δέχομαι) receiving men. **ἀνδρο-θεά, ή**, (ἀνήρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ανδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνήρ) from a man, from men. άνδρο-κμής, ητος, ό, η, (ἀνήρ, κάμνω) man-wearying: -man-slaying, murderous.

άνδρό-κμητος, ον, (ἀνήρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's

ανδρο-κτάσία, ή, (ανήρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men. ανδροκτονέω, f. ήσω, (ανδροκτόνος) to slay men.

άνδροκτονία, ή, = άνδροκτασία.

άνδρο-κτόνος, ον, (άνήρ, κτείνω) man-slaying. ανδρ-ολέτειρα, ή, (ανήρ, ὅλλυμι) a murderess.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ον, (ἀνήρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromaché. [a]

ανδρόμεος, a, ov, (ανήρ) of man or men, buman. άνδρο-μήκης, εs, (άνήρ, μηκος) of a man's beight. aνδρό-παις, δ, (dνήρ, παις) a youth near manhood. ανδρο-πλήθεια, ή, (ανήρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men. ανδρό-σίνις, ιδος, ή, (άνήρ, σίνομαι) burtful to men. άνδρό-σφιγξ, δ, (άνήρ, Σφίγξ) a man-sphinx.  $\dot{a}$ νδρότης, ητος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ νδρεία, manbood.

ανδρο-τύχής, έε, (άνήρ, τύχειν) getting a man or

busband, ἀνδρ. βίοτος wedded life.

ζνδροφαγίω, f. ήσω, to eat men. From

 $\dot{a}$ νδρο-φ $\dot{a}$ γος, ον, ( $\dot{a}$ νηρ, φ $\dot{a}$ γε $\hat{i}$ ν) eating men: of 'Ανδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus. ανδρο-φθόρος, ον, (ανήρ, φθείρω) man-destroy-

II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ον: hence αίμα ανδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

 $\dot{a}$ νδρο-φόνος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\nu\dot{\eta}\rho$ , \* $\phi\dot{\epsilon}\nu\omega$ ) man-slaying: fem. ή ἀνδροφόνοs, murderess of ber busband.

 $\dot{a}$ νδρο-φόντης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ νδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, bomicide.

ανδρόω, f. ώσω, (ανήρ) to rear up to manbood:--Pass, to become a man, reach manbood.

άνδρ-ώδης, εs, (άνήρ, εlbos) like a man, manly. Adv. -δω: Sup. ανδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθείς, 20r. I pass. part. of ἀνδρύω.

άνδρών, Ion. άνδρεών, ῶνος, ὁ, (ἀνήρ) a man's apartment.

 $\dot{a}v\delta\rho\omega vi\tau\iota s$ ,  $\iota\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $=\dot{a}v\delta\rho\dot{\omega}v$ .

άν-δύεται, poet. for άναδύεται.

ανδωκε, poët. for ανέδωκε, 20τ. Ι of αναδίδωμι.

άν-έβην, 20r. 2 of άναβαίνω.

άν-εβήσετο, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 1 med. of άναβαίνω. ανεβιωσάμην, 201. Ι of αναβιώσκομαι.

aν-έβραχε, 3 sing. 20r. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clash, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ανέβωσε, Ion. for ανεβόησε, 201. 1 of αναβοάω. av-έγγυος, ον, (a privat., έγγύη) not vouched for:

unwedded.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-εγείρω, f. -εγερ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\dot{a}$ ν έγειρα:—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage: -Pass, to be awaked, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

άν-έγκλητος, ον, (a privat., έγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ανέγναμψα, ανεγνάμφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of άναγνάμπτω.

ἀνέγνωκα, ἀνέγνων, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω. άνεδέγμεθα, I pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of άναδέχομαι. ανέδειξα, 20r. 1 of αναδείκνυμι.

αν-έδην, Adv. (ανίημι) let loose, without restraint:

carelessly. II. without more ado, simply. άνέδρακεν, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of άναδέρκομαι.

ανέδραμον, irreg. 2 of ανατρέχω.

άνεδύσετο, Ep. 3 sing. 201. I of ἀναδύομαι. ανεέργω, impf. ανέεργον, old Ep. form of ανέργω,

άνείργω. άνέζησα, aor. I of άναζάω.

άν-εθέλητος, ον, (a privat., ἐθέλω) unwished for: melancboly.

 $\dot{a}v - \dot{\epsilon}\theta \eta v$ , aor. I pass. of  $\dot{a}v \dot{\epsilon}\eta \mu \iota$ . 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίθημι.

ανείην, opt. 2 or. 2 act. of ανίημι.

αν-ειλείθυια, ή, (a privat., Είλείθυια) without the aid of Eileitbyia.

άν-ειλέω, f. ήσω, (v. είλω) to wind up or roll together: -Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ανείληφα, ανείλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αναλαμβάνω.

aveiλov, -όμην, 20r. 2 act. and med. of αναιρέω. averuévos, Adv. of averuévos, pf. pass. part. of aviημι, let loose, carelessly: without restraint.

ἄν-ειμι, (ἀνά, είμι ibo) to go up: to sail out to sea: but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a III. to go back, go bome, return. suppliant.

αν-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., είμα) without

clothing, unclad.

αν-ειπείν, (ανά, είπείν) 20r. 2 with no pres. in use: **201.** I pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-ρέω): pf. dν είρημαι (from dν - ερέω):—to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.

άν-είργω, f. ξω, to keep back, ward off, in poët. impf. avéepyov.

ανείρημαι, pf. pass., v. ανειπείν.

άν-είρομαι, Ep. and Ion. άνέρομαι, (άνά, εἴρομαι, έρομαι):—to inquire of, inquire about.

αν-ειρύω, f. ύσω [τ], poët. and Ion. for αν-ερύω, to draw back.

aν-είρω, (for the tenses, v. είρω) to fasten on or to: to wreathe together.

avels, part. aor. 2 of avinui.

άν-έκαθεν, (άνω, έκάς) Adv. of Place, from above: II. of Time, from the first. cf. ἄγκαθεν.

άν-εκάs, Adv. (ἄνω, ἐκάs) upwards, on bigb, Lat. sursum.

άν-έκβάτος, ον, (a privat., ἐκβαίνω) without outlet. άν-εκδιήγητος, ον, (a privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) indescribable, extraordinary.

άν-έκδρομος, ον, (a privat., ἐκδραμεῖν) without escape, ineritable.

άν-εκλάλητος, ον, (a privat., ἐκλαλέω) unspeakable. άν-έκλειπτος, ον, (a privat., ἐκλείπω) unfailing. άνεκλίθην [τ], aor. I pass. of άνακλίνω.

ανέκλινα, 201. I act. of ανακλίνω.

άν-εκπίμπλημι, fut. -εκπλήσω, to fill up or again. άν-έκπληκτος, ον, (a privat., έκπλήσσω) undaunted: τὸ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.

ανέκραγον. 2 of ανακράζω.

άν-εκτέος, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne. άνεκτός, όν, later ή, όν, (ἀνέχομαι) bearable, tolerable :- Adv. avektûs, so as to be borne.

άν-έκφραστος, ον, (a privat., ἐκφράζω) unutterable, indescribable.

άν-έλεγκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐλέγχω) safe from being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.

αν-ελεήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (α privat., ἐλεήμων) unmerciful.

 $\dot{a}$ νελεῖν,  $\dot{a}$ νελέσθαι,  $\dot{a}$ οτ.  $\dot{a}$  act.  $\dot{a}$ nd med. inf. of  $\dot{a}$ ναιρέω. dv-έλεος, ον, (a privat., έλεος) unmerciful.

ἀνελευθερία, ή, (ἀνελεύθερος) illiberality.

ἀνελευθεριότης,  $\eta \tau os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ἀνελευθερία. From αν-ελεύθερος, ov, illiberal, slavish, Lat. illiberalis:

in money matters, niggardly. ανελήφθην, aor. I pass. of αναλαμβάνω.

av-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, like Lat. evolvere, of books in rolls, and so read and explain. metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον to pass one's life.

άν-έλκω, f. ἀνέλξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύσω [v], with aor. Ι ἀνείλκυσα, pf. pass. ἀνείλκυσμαι (as if from άν-ελκύω):-to draw up, to bold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναθε to baul up ships bigb and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:-Med. to draw to oneself; ανέλκεσθαι II. to draw back. τρίχαs to tear one's own hair. αν-ελπις, ιδος, ό, ή, (a privat., έλπίς) without hope.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ ν-έλπιστος, ον, (α privat., έλπίζω) unboped for, unlooked for. II. act. of persons, baving no bobe, bobeless. 2. of things, leaving no bope, bope-III. Adv. -τωε, bopelessly; ἀνελπίστωε less. έχειν to be in despair.

αν-έμβατος, ον, (a privat., ἐμβαίνω) inacces

sible. II. act. not going to or into.

ά-νεμέσητος, ον, (a privat., νεμεσάω) free from blame, without offence,

ά-νέμητος, ον, (a privat., νέμω) not distributed. baving no sbare.

aνεμιαίος, a, ov, (ανεμος) full of wind, windy. ανεμίζομαι, (άνεμος) Pass. to be driven with the wind.  $\dot{a}v \in \mu v \dot{\eta} \sigma \theta \eta v$ , aor. I pass, of  $\dot{a}v a \mu \mu \nu \dot{\eta} \sigma \kappa \omega$ .

 $\dot{a}$ νεμο-δρόμος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\ddot{a}\nu \epsilon \mu os$ ,  $\delta \rho a \mu \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ) swift as the wind. άνεμόεις, εσσα, εν, (άνεμος) windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy. [a]

\*ANEMOΣ, δ, a wind, Lat. ventus; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο a wbirlwind; ἄνεμος κατά βορέαν έστηκώς the wind being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [ă]

ανεμο-σκεπής, ές, (άνεμος, σκέπη) sheltering from

the wind.

άνεμο-τρεφής, ές, (ἄνεμος, τρέφω) fed by the wind, of a wave; έγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.

άνεμόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ήνέμωμαι: (άνεμος):-to expose to the wind: - Pass. of a wave, to be raised by the wind.

άν-εμποδίστος, ον, (a privat., έμποδίζω) unbindered. aveμ-ώκης, εs. (aνεμος, ωκύς) swift as the wind. άνεμώλιος, ον, (άνεμος) windy, i. c. vain, fruitless. ανεμώνη, ή, (ανεμος) the wind-flower, anemone.

av-ενδεής, és, not in want.

άν-ένδεκτος, ον, (a privat., ενδέχομαι) inadmissible. ανένεικα, poet. for ανήνεικα, 20r. I act. of αναφέρω: ἀνενείκατο, aor. I med., ἀνενειχθείς aor. I pass. part. άνενήνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.

άνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of άν-ίημι.

αν-εξάλειπτος, ον, (α privat., έξαλείφω) indelible. άν-εξέλεγκτος, ον, (a privat., εξελέγχω) not put to the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irreproachable.

αν-εξερεύνητος, ον, (a privat., εξερευνάω) not to be searched out, unsearchable.

αν-εξέταστος, ον, (α privat., εξετάζω) not searched out, not inquired into. ΙΙ. βίος ανεξέταστος 2 life without inquiry.

**αν-εξεύρετος**, ον, (α privat., εξευρίσκω) not to be found out.

avefi-κακος, ον, (ανέχω, κακόν) enduring evil: forbearing.

άν-εξιχνίαστος, ον, (α privat., εξιχνιάζω) not to be traced out.

av-éfodos, ov, (a privat., éfodos) with no outlet, without return, Lat. irremeabilis.

άνεοι or άνεοί, v. sub άνεωε.

άνέονται, see άνέωνται.

αν-έορτος, ον, (α privat., ξορτή) without festival; ανέορτος ιξρων without share in festal rites.

αν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (α privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) baving no cause for shame.

αν-έπαλτο, Ep. for αν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from αναπάλλω with pass. sense, be was thrown up, rusbed up.

άνέπαυσα, 20r. I of άναπαύω,

άν-επαχθής, ές, (a privat., ἐπαχθής) not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.

ανέπεσον, 201, 2 of ανα-πίπτω.

αν-επιβούλευτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against. αν-επίδικος, ον, (α privat., ἐπίδικος) undisputed: of an heiress, about whose marriage there is no dispute. αν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδοκέω) unexpected, unforeseen.

ανεπιείκεια, ή, unfairness. From

αν-επιεικήs, έs, (α privat., ἐπιεικήs) unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κω̂s.

αν-επίκλητος, ον, (a privat., ἐπικαλέω) unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.

**ἀν-επίληπτος**, ον, (a privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) not to be laid bold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τωs. ἀν-επίξεωτος, ον, (a privat., ἐπιξέω) not polished over, not finished off.

αν-επίπληκτος, ον, (a privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.

 $\overline{\mathbf{d}}\mathbf{v}$ -επίρρεκτος,  $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ , (α privat.,  $\mathbf{\ell}$ πιρρέ $\mathbf{v}$ ) not used for sacrifices.

dv-επίσκεπτος, ον, (a privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered. dveπιστημοσύνη, ή, ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From

**ἀν-επιστήμων**, ον, gen. ονο**s**, (a privat., ἐπιστήμων) unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing bow to do a thing. Adv. -μόνωs.

άν-επίτακτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τωε.

άν-επιτήδειος, ον, lon. άν-επιτήδεος, η, ον, (a privat., ἐπιτήδειος) unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, burtful.

2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.

άν-επιτίμητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) not to be censured.

av-επίφθονος, ον, (a privat, ἐπίφθονος) without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -νως.

ανέπνευσα, 201. I of αναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνέπτην, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνίπταμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

άν-εράομαι, 201. Ι άνηράσθην, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) to love again.

άν-έραστος, ον, (a privat., ἐράω) not worthy of love. II. act. not loving.

αν-εργος, ον, (a privat., ἔργον) not done; ἔργα ανεργα, Lat. facta infecta.

 $\dot{\alpha}\nu$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\omega$ , old form of  $\dot{\alpha}\nu$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{i}\rho\gamma\omega$ .

αν-ερεθίζω, f. ίσω, to provoke again.

\*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. 201. I ἀνηρείψαντο: to snatch up and carry off.

άν-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out.

αν-ερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., ερευνάω) not searched out: not to be searched out.

ἀν-έρομαι, Ερ. ἀνείρομαι: αοτ. ἀνηρόμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι). to question, ask.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-έρπω, aor. I  $\dot{a}$ ν-έρπυσα (as if from  $\dot{a}$ ν-έρπυζω):— to creep up.

αν-έρρω, aor. I ἀνήρρησα:—to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἄνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-ερυθρι $\dot{a}$ ω, f.  $\dot{a}$ σω  $[\bar{a}]$ : to begin to blush.

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-ειρύω: f ύσω [v]: to draw up. ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνήλυθον or ἀνηλόθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα:—to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up. II. to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2. είς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

άν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask again or repeatedly.

άνέσαιμι, Ep. aor. I opt. of άνίημι.

ανεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ανίημι.

ἀνέσαντες, part. of ἀνεῖσα, 20τ. 1 of ἀνίζω. ἀνέσει. Ερ. for ἀνήσει, 3 sing. fut, of ἀνίημι.

ανεσις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀνίημι) a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils.

2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.

ανέσσυτο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 pass. of ανασεύω.

ανέστην, aor. 2 of ανίστημι.

αν-έστιος, ον, (a privat., έστία) without hearth or

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχέθομεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

αν-ετάζω, f. σω, to search thoroughly.

ἀνέτειλε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνα-τέλλω.

ανέτλην, aor. 2 of \*άνάτλημι.

αν-ετος, ον, (ανίημι) relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.

ανετράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of ανατρέφω.

ανευ, Prep. with gen. without; ανευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ανευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. injussu regis. 2. away from, far from. 3. in prose, except, besides.

aν-ευάζω, to bonour with cries of evae!

ἄνευθε, before a vowel ἄνευθεν, (ἄνευ): I. Prep. with gen. without. 2. apart from, far from. II. Adv. far away, distant: out of the way.

άν-εύθετος, ον, (α privat., εὕθετος) not well placed, inconvenient.

αν-εύθυνος, ον, (a privat., εὐθύνη) not baving to render an account, irresponsible: hence guiltless.

αν-ευκτος, ον, (α privat., εῦχομαι) not wished for. II. act. not wishing or praying for.

ανευρείν, aor. 2 inf. of ανευρίσκω.

ανεύρεσις, εως, ή, (ανευρίσκω) a finding out.

av-evperos, ον, (a privat., ευρίσκω) not found out, not to be found out.

**ἀν-ευρίσκω**, f. ἀνευρήσω: aor. 2 ἀνεῦρον: un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην: aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην:—to find out, discover:—Pass. to be found out or discovered to be.

ἀν-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε: to shout aloud with joy.

αν-εύχομαι, Dep. to recall a prayer.

ά-νέφελος, Εp. ἀννέφελος, ον, (a privat., νεφέλη) cloudless: unveiled.

άν-εχέγγύος, ον, (a privat., έχέγγυος) unwarranted.

άν-έχησι, v. sub sq.

 $dv-\epsilon\chi\omega$ , impf.  $d\nu\epsilon\hat{\iota}\chi o\nu$ : also  $dv-\epsilon\chi\omega$ ,  $d\nu\epsilon\sigma\chi o\nu$ : f  $d\nu \epsilon \xi \omega$ , also  $d\nu a\sigma \chi \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ ; aor. 2  $d\nu \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \chi \sigma \nu$ , poet.  $d\nu \dot{\epsilon}$ - $\sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o \nu$ : pf.  $\dot{\alpha} \nu \epsilon \sigma \chi \eta \kappa \alpha$ :—Pass., aor. I  $\dot{\alpha} \nu \epsilon \sigma \chi \dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \nu$ : pf. ἀνέσχημαι:—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχησι also occurs, as if from  $d\nu \in \chi \eta \mu : (d\nu d, \in \chi \omega) := to bold up, lift up$ one's hands in prayer or in battle: to bold up and shew to one; ἀνέχειν φάοs, to hold up a light; esp. in phrase ἄνεχε, πάρεχε φῶs, or simply ἄνεχε, πάρεχε, bold up and shew the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on. 2. to exalt, extol. of land, ἀνέχειν την ἄκρην to put forth a head-4. to uphold, support: to continue to do; c. part., στέρξας ἀνέχει continues to love: of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσύν to keep constant to the II. to hold in, keep in; Zεùs ἀνέχων, opp. to vow, bolding up, stopping the rain. III. ıntrans. to rise up, rise, esp. in form ανίσχω, of the sun: of events, to bappen: c. gen. to rise from, recover 2. to come forth, project: esp. of a headland, 3. to bold on, keep doing. to jut out into the sea.

B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι: f. ἀνέξομαι οτ ἀνασχήσομαι: Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἡνειχόμην, ἡνεσχήμην: — properly to bold oneself up, and so to bold up against a thing, endure, allow, bold out, last: so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they bear with pattence.

2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνουs to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them.

II. to bold up ubat is one's own; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖραs to bold up one's hands to fight.

III. rarely, to bold on by one another.

άνεψιά, ή, fem. of ἀνεψιός, a female cousin. ἀνεψιαδούς, οῦ, ὁ, a first-cousin's son. From 'ANEΨΙΟ'Σ, ὁ, a first cousin, a cousin. Hence ἀνεψιότης, ητος, ἡ, cousinsbip.

ἀνέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.

ανεφ οτ ανεω, see ανεω.

ἀνέφγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεφγώs, always intr. ἀνέφγον, impf. of ἀνοίγω.

ανέφξα, aor. I of ανοίγω.

ανέωνται (not ἀνέονται), for ἀνείνται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίημι (as if from ἀν-εόω), they have been given up or devoted.

ανεως, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form, of an obsol. Adj. αναυος, αναος (α privat., ανω to cry), without a voice,

mute: ἄνεφ nom. plur.
ἀνεφχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.

ανη, ή, (άνω) fulfilment.

άν-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to grow young again, Lat. repuerascere. Hence

ανηβητήριος, α, ον, making young again.

αν-ηβος, ον, (a privat., ηβη) not arrived at man's estate.

ἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.

άν-ηγεμόνευτος, ον, (α privat., ήγεμονεύω) without a leader.

aν-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to tell as in a narrative, relate.

αν-ήδυντος, ον, (a privat., ήδύνω) not sweetened or seasoned.

ανήη, Ep. for ανη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ανίημι.

 $\dot{a}v\dot{\eta}\theta$ ivos,  $\eta$ , ov,  $(\ddot{a}v\eta\theta ov)$  made of dill.

"ANHΘON, τό, dill, anise, Lat. anethum: also ἄννηθον; lon. ἄννησον οι ἄνησον: poet. ἄννητον οι ἄνητον.

ἀνήϊξα, aor. I of ἀναίσσω.

ανήιον, Ep. for ανήειν, impf. of ανειμι.

ανήκα, aor. I of αν-ίημι.

άν-ήκεστος, ον, (a privat., ἀκέομαι) not to be bealed, incurable: ἀνήκεστα ποιεῦν τινα to do one irremediable hurt: ἀνήκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same. II act. damaging beyond remedy, deadly:—Adv., ἀνηκέστων διατιθέναι to treat with sbocking cruelty.

αν-ήκοος, ον, (a privat., ἀκοή) without bearing: never baving beard a thing, ignorant of it. 2. not willing to bear, disobedient.

άνηκουστέω, f. ήσω, to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient. From

αν-ήκουστος, ον, (α privat., ἀκούω) unbeard of. Il. act. unwilling to bear, disobedient.

αν-ήκω, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ήκω) to reach up to. 2. to have come up to a point, is τὰ μέγιστα ἀνήκειν: to refer or pertain to a person or thing.

ἀνηλάλαζον, ἀνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. 1 of ἀνα-

λαλάζω.

άνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of άνάλλομαι.

av-ήλικοs, ον, (a privat., ήλιξ) not yet arrived at man's estate.

άν-ήλιος, ον, (a privat., ήλιος) sunless, gloomy. άνήλιπος, Dor. ἀνάλιπος, ον, (a privat., ήλιψ a kind of shoe) unsbod, barefoot.

ανήλυσις, εως, ή, (ἀνέρχομαι) a going up. 2 a coming back.

άνηλωσα, aor. I of άναλίσκω.

άν-ήμελκτος, ον, (α privat., ἀμέλγω) unmilked. άν-ήμερος, ον, (a privat., ήμερος) not tame, wild,

savage: of plants, wild.

ανήνασθαι, 20r. I inf. of αναίνομαι, of which tense ανήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ανήνηται 3 sing. subj.

άνηνεμία, ή, a calm. From

av-ήνεμος, ον, (a privat., ανεμος) without wind, calm; άνήνεμος χειμώνων for άνευ ανέμου χειμώνων, without the blast of storms.

ἀνήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signf.: Homer has it twice, αίμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ἀτειληs blood gusbed from forth the wound; κνίση ἀνήνοθεν steam mounted up. (Formed as if from a Verb \* ἀνέθω.)

αν-ήνυστος and αν-ήνϋτος, ον, (a privat., ανύω) not flowers.

to be accomplished, endless, aimless.

αν-ήνωρ, ορος, δ, (a privat., ανήρ) unmanly, dastardly, like ανανδρος.

ανήπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ανάπτω.

άν-ηπύω, f. σω, to cry aloud.

'ANH'P, ὁ, gen. ἀνδρόs, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἄνδρα, voc. άνερ: plur. άνδρες, -δρών, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. aνέροs, etc., dat. pl. ανδρεσσι:—a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. vir (not bomo). II. a man, as opp. to God, πατηρ ανδρών τε θεών τε. III. a man, as opp. to a youth. IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to άνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν άνθρωποι, όλίγοι δὲ ἄνδρες. V. a busband; αίγων ἀνήρ, Virgil's vir gregis.

aνήρ, Att. crasis for δ ανήρ. ανηρέθην, aor. I pass. of αναιρέω.

αν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for αν-άριθμος.

άνηρόμην, 201 2 of άνέρομαι.

**άν-ήροτος,** ον, (a privat., ἀρόω) unploughed.

ανήρτησα, ανήρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of gathering flowers. From άν-αρτάω,

**ἄνησον** or **ἄννητον**, τό, Ion. for ἄνηθον.

άν-ήσσητος, Att. ά-ήττητος, ον, (α privat., ήσσάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ανήτινος, η, ον, Dor. for ανήθινος.

άνητον or άννητον, τό, Dor. and Acol. for άνηθον. αν-ήττητος, ον, Att. for αν-ήσσητος.

άν-ήφαιστος, ον, (a privat., "Ηφαιστος) without real fire; πῦρ ἀνήφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.

 $\dot{a}$ νήφθην, aor. I pass. of  $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{a}$ πτω.

άνήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

ανήχθην, aor. I pass. of ανάγω.

ἀνῆψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.

 $\dot{a}$ νθ-αιρέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: ( $\dot{a}$ ντί,  $\dot{a}$ ιρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead. II. to dispute, lay claim to.

άνθ-αλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.

άνθαμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

άνθ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄμιλλα) rivalling.

άνθ-άπτομαι, Ion. άντ-άπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in. 2. to lay

bold of, seize, attack. turn.

II. to lay bold of in re-

άνθειον, τό, (άνθος) a blossom.

άνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of άντέχω, one must bold to. cleave to: so also plur. άνθεκτέα.

ανθ-έλκω, f. ξω, to draw or pull against.

άνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.  $\dot{\alpha}$ νθέμιον,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , =  $\ddot{\alpha}$ νθος:  $\dot{\alpha}$ νθέμιον ἐστιγμένος tattooed with flowers.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νθεμίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\ddot{a}$ νθος.

άνθεμόεις, εσσα, εν, also εις in fem., flowery, flowered: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From

ανθεμον,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\dot{a}\nu\theta\dot{\epsilon}\varphi) = \dot{a}\nu\theta\sigma$ , a flower.

άνθεμόρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄνθεμον, ρέω) flowing from

 $\dot{a}$ νθεμ-ουργός,  $\dot{o}$ ν,  $(\ddot{a}$ νθεμον, \*  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ργω) working in flowers. άνθεμ-ώδης, ες, contr. for άνθεμο-ειδής, (άνθεμον, εlδos) flowery, blooming.

ανθέξομαι, fut. med. of αντέχω.

ανθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθου, 201.2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθημι.  $\dot{a}v\theta\epsilon\rho\epsilon\dot{\omega}v$ ,  $\hat{\omega}vos$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}v\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  the chin, Lat. mentum. ανθερίκη, ή, and ανθέρικος,  $\delta_1 = \alpha \nu \theta \epsilon \rho i \xi$ ,  $\alpha$  stalk.

ανθέριξ, ικος, δ, (αθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear. 2. a stalk.

ανθεσαν, Ερ. for ανέθεσαν, 3 plur. 201. 2 of ανατίθημι. άνθ-εστιάω, to feast in return.

'Aνθεστήρια, ων, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

'Ανθεστηριών, ωνος, δ, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

'Ανθεσφόρια, ων, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while

ανθεσ-φόρος, ον, (ανθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.

άνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of ἀνατίθημι.

άνθέω, f. ήσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ανθείν νεκροίs to be overspread with corpses: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish, άνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the beight. as a disease.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ νθη,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ νθο**s**,  $\boldsymbol{a}$  blossom.

 $\dot{a}$ νθηρός,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ν,  $(\dot{a}$ νθ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young: -metaph. in full force, in perfec-2. bright-coloured. 3. of style, florid.

ανθ-ησσάομαι, pf. ανθήσσημαι: Pass.:--to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.

 $\dot{a}v\theta\eta$ - $\phi\dot{o}\rho os$ , ov, =  $\dot{a}v\theta\epsilon\sigma\phi\dot{o}\rho os$ , flower-bringing.

ανθίζω, f. ίσω, (άνθος) to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours:-Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ηνθισμένοs, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.

avθινοs, η, ον, (aνθοs) of flowers, blooming, fresh. άνθ-ιππάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to ride against. Hence aνθιππασία, ή, a sham-fight of horse.

άνθ-ίστημι, (άντί, ἵστημι). I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. dvaorhow and aor. I dveornoa, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. componere. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, act. 2 αντέστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

άνθοβολέω, f. ήσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to bave flowers showered upon one. From

άνθό-βολος, ον, (ἄνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with

flowers.

άνθο-δίαιτος, ον, (άνθος, δίαιτα) living on flowers. ανθο-δόκος, ον, (ανθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers. ανθοκομέω, f. ήσω, to produce flowers. From ανθο-κόμος, ον, (άνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers.

άνθο-κρόκος, ον, (άνθος, κρέκω) woven or worked

with flowers, partly-coloured.

ανθολογέω, f. ήσω, (άνθολόγοι) to gather flowers. Hence

ανθολογία, ή, a flower-gathering: 'Ανθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

 $\dot{\alpha}\nu\theta$ o- $\lambda\dot{\alpha}\nu$ os,  $\alpha\nu$ , ( $\dot{\alpha}\nu\theta$ os,  $\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$ ) gathering flowers.

άνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):--to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ανθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From

άνθο-νόμος, ον, (άνθος, νέμομαι) feeding on flowers. άνθ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω, to arm against:-Pass. and Med, to be armed, arm oneself against.

dνθορε, poët. for dν έθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of dναθρωσκω. ανθ-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to lie at anchor, be moored oppo-

site one another.

"ANOO∑, €0s, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ανθος οίνου, Lat. flos vini, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ηβηs ανθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, bonour: also the beight of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ανθ-οσμίας, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμή) redolent of flowers:

generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine. άνθοσύνη, ή, (άνθος) a flowering, bloom.

ανθοφορέω, f. ήσω, (ανθοφόρος) to bear flowers.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νθοφορία,  $\tau \dot{\mathbf{a}}$ , = 'Ανθεσφύρια. From

**ἀνθο-φόρος**, ον, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flowery: blooming.

άνθο-φτής, ές, (ανθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers,

bright-coloured.

ανθρακεύς, έως, ή, (ἄνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ανθρακεύω, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn

ανθρακιά, α̂s, Ερ. ανθρακιή, η̂s, ή, (ανθραξ) a beap of coal or charcoal, bot coals. 2. blackness as of coals. ανθρακόομαι, pf. ηνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἄνθραξ):--to be burnt to cinders.

"ANOPAE, akos, o, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. άνθρηδών, όνος, ή, a wasp or bornet.

'ANOPH'NH, \$\delta\$, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ανθρήνιον, τό, the boneycomb of a wild oee: a wasps'

άνθρωπ-άρεσκος, ου, ό, (άνθρωπος, άρέσκω) a manpleaser.

άνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of άνθρωπος, a manikin. άνθρωπέη, contr. άνθρωπη (sub. δορά), η, a man's

άνθρώπειος, α, ον, Ion. άνθρωπήϊος, η, ον, (άνθρωπos) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, buman: Adv. -ws, by buman means, in all buman probability.

ανθρωπήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ανθρώπειος.

ἀνθρωπίζω, f. ίσω, (άνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ανθρωπικός, ή, όν, of or for a man, buman.

ἀνθρώπζνος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, buman; παν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τα ανθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ανθρωπίνως άμαρτάνειν to commit buman, i.e. venial, errors. ανθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ανθρωπος.

άνθρωπίσκος, δ, Dim. of άνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. bomuncio.

ανθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, δ, ή, (ανθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i. c. a deified man, bero.

ανθρωπο-ειδής, ές, (ανθρωπος, είδος) in the shape of

men.

a man. ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, bomicidal. ΙΙ. ριοραιοχ. άνθρωπό-κτονος, murdered by men; βoρα ανθρ, a feeding on slaughtered

ανθρωποποιία, ή, a making of man. From

ανθρωπο-ποιός, όν, (ανθρωπος, ποιέω) making man. "ANΘΡΩΠΟΣ, δ, man, Lat. bomo (not vir): plur. οὶ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα οτ ήκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ανήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ανθρωπος όδίτης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. bomo opp. to vir: used in addressing slaves, & ανθρωπε. The fem. ανθρωπος, ή, (like bomo fem. in Lat.) a woman.

άνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ άνθρωπος.

ανθρωπο-σφαγέω, f. ήσω, (άνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men

ανθρωποφάγέω, f. ήσω, (ανθρωποφάγοι) to cat men or man's flesh. Hence

 $\dot{a}$ νθρωποφαγία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , an eating of men.

άνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγειν) eating men, cannıbal.

άνθρωπο-φτής, ές, (άνθρωπος, φυή) of man's nature. ἀν-θρώσκω, poët. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρώσκω.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω, to abuse one ano ber, abuse in

avθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

άνθυπατεύω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And

άνθυπατικός, ή, όν, proconsular. From

άνθ-ύπάτος, δ, a proconsul, for άντὶ ὑπάτου, Lat. pro consule.

Hence

ανθύπειξις, εως, ή, a mutual yielding.

ανθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρίνουμαι: Dep.: (αντί, ύποκρίνομαι):-to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [iv]

άνθ-υπόμνυμι, f. -ομόσω, (άντί, υπόμνυμι) to make

a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, ὑποπτεύω) to suspect mutually. άνθ-υπουργέω, (άντί, ὑπουργέω) to return a kind-Hence ness.

άνθυπούργημα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return. άνθ-υφαιρέω, (άντί, ὑφαιρέω) to take away in return. άνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υποστήσομαι: aor. 2 -υπέστην: (ἀντί, ὑφίστημι):—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ανθώπλισμαι, pf pass. of ανθοπλίζω.

'ANI'A, Ion. avin, h, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble: Homer uses it act. of a person, dairds avin the annoyance of our feast. [avin in Hom., later avia or sometimes avia. Hence

ανιάζω, 201. Ι ήνίασα, to grieve, distress. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [7]

av-taoμaι, fut. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to cure again, restore. **ἀνῖαρόs**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , Ion. and Ep ἀνιηρόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing: 11reg. Comp. ἀντηρέστερος. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ρωs. [In Homer ἀντηρός, later also dvl-.]

av-laτos, ov, (a privat., laoμαι) incurable: of men,

incorrigible.

άνιάω, fut. άσω [ā], Ion. ήσω: 20τ. Ι ήνίασα, Dor. άνίασα: pf. ηνίακα:-Pass. with fut. med. ἀνίασομαι: 20τ. Ι ήνιάθην: pf. ήνίαμαι: (ἀνία):—to grieve, distress:-Pass. to be grieved, etc.; ανιασθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this: Homer has Ion aor. I pass. part. άνιηθείs, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [t in Homer always, later also i.

άνιδειν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. \*άν-είδω, to look up. άν-ίδρῦτος, ον, (a privat., ίδρύω) unsettled, restless: esp. baving no fixed home, vagabond.

αν-ιδρωτί, Adv. of ανίδρωτος, without sweat: hence lazily, slowly.

άν-ίδρωτος, ον, (a privat., ίδρόω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

aviers, avier, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of avinu.

avieis, 2 sing. pres. of aviημι.

aνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ανίημι.

aviévai, pres. inf. of av-inui, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of av-eim (elm ibo) to go up.

av-lepos, ον, (a privat., lepós) unboly, impious. [[1] avleσκε, Ion. impf. of dviημι.

 $dv-i\zeta\omega$ , aor. I  $dv\in i\sigma a$ ,  $(dv\dot{a},i\zeta\omega)$  to set up.

άνιηθείς, Ion. for ἀνιᾶθείε, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνιάω. av-ίημι, impf. ανίην; also 2 sing. pres. ανιείε, 2 and 3 sing. impf. dvieis, ei; Ion. 3 sing. dvieoke (as if from ἀντέω): fut. ἀνήσω, also ἀνέσω: aor. I ἀνῆκα, Ion.

άνθ-ὑπείκω, f. ξω, (ἀντί, ὑπείκω) to yield in turn. | but in Ep. subj. ἀνήη for ἀνη, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι. part. ἀνέντες:-Pass. ἀνίεμαι: aor. I ἀνέθην: pf. ἀνείμαι: (ἀνά, ἴημι):—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth: esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. 2. ανιέναι τινί to let loose against one, set go. upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui: hence generally, 3. to let alone, let :- Med. avienai, to loosen, undo:-Pass. to be let go, go free; part. pf. pass. dvei µévos going free, left to one's will and pleasure; ἀνειμένος είς τι wholly engaged in a thing: IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring: hence to neglect, give over, remit :- Pass. to be slack or unstrung. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ανιηρός, ή, όν, Ιοπ. for ανιαρός.

åνίκα, Dor. for ήνίκα. [t]

αν-ίκανος, ον, (a privat., "iκανος) insufficient.

αν-Ικέτευτος, ον, (a privat., Ικετεύω) not entreated: act. not entreating.

ά-νίκητος, ον, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

αν-ίλεωs, ων, gen ω, Att. for αν-ίλαοs, (a privat., ίλεωs) unmerciful. [t]

αν-ζμάω, f. ήσομαι: (ανά, ίμας):-to draw up water by leather straps: generally to draw or baul up:-Pass. to get up, mount up; so also intr. (sub. ξαυτόν), to mount up.

avios, ov, (dvia) = dviapós.

av-loudos, ov. (a privat., loudos) beardless.

άν-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride on bigb.

av-ιππος, ον, (a privat., ιππος) without a borse, not serving on borseback: of countries, unsuited for borses. άν-ίπταμαι, Dep, = άνα-πέτομαι.

 $\dot{a}$ νιπτό-πους,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , πουν, τ $\dot{o}$ , gen. ποδος, ( $\ddot{a}$ νιπτος, πούs) with unwashen feet.

a-νιπτος, ον, (a privat., νίζω) unwashen. 2. not to be washed out.

avis, Boeot for ανευ, also Megarean.

av-ισος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven: metaph. unfair. [ī Ep., î Att.] Hence

aνισόω, f. ώσω, to make equal, equalise: — Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

avioτa and avioτη, for avioτηθι, imperat. of avίστημι.

άν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

άν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἴστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up: to raise from sleep, Lat. excito, and from the dead: later, to set up, build: also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action: to 3. to make people rise to leave stir up to rebellion. their bomes: transplant them; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste; χώρα ἀνεστηκυία a wasted land: also to make suppliants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise men for war. II. in aor. I med. also trans., ἀναστήανέηκα, Ep. also ανέσα: 201. 2 not used in sing. ind., σασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ανέστηκα and plapf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, dv. rivi to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

άν-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to make inquiry, ask. άν-ίστω, for ανίστασο, imperat. of αν-ίσταμαι.  $\dot{\alpha}v - i\sigma\chi\omega = \dot{\alpha}v - \dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ , to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνί-

σχει ήλιοs the sun rises.

aνίσωs, Adv. of ανίσοs, unequally.

ανίσωσις, εως, ή, (άνισόω) an equalising.

av-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound. άνιώατο, Ion. for ανιάοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of ανιάομαι.

av-νείμη, poet. aor. I subj. of aνανέμω.

άννειται, poet. for ανανείται, 3 sing. of ανανέσμαι. άννέφελος, Ep. for ἀνέφελος.

άννεώσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. I of άνανεύομαι.

αν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ανα-ξηραίνω.

αν-οδηγέω, f. ήσω, (ανά, όδηγέω) to guide back. av-oδos, ov, (a privat., όδύs) baving no road, impassable.

αν-οδος, ή, (ἀνά, ὁδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

av-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v]

a-νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless a-νόητος, ον, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens

avoia, Ep. avolη, ή, (avoos) want of understanding,

άν-οίγνυμι and άν-οίγω, Εp. άνα-οίγω: f. άνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέφγον, Ion. ἀναοίγεσκον: 20r. Ι ανέφξα, Att. ήνοιξα, Ιοπ. ανοιξα οτ ανωξα pf. I ἀνέφχα, pf. 2 ἀνέφγα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ανοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ανοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ανεφξομαι: 201. I  $d\nu\epsilon\phi\chi\theta\eta\nu$ , inf.  $d\nu\omega\chi\theta\eta\nu\alpha\iota$ :  $(d\nu\alpha,\omega\gamma\omega)$ : open, undo. 2. metaph, to lay open, disclose. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:-Pass. to be open.

dv-o( $\gamma\omega$ , f.  $\xi\omega$ , v. foreg.

αν-οιδαίνω, (ανά, οιδαίνω): fut. ανοιδήσω: pf. ανώδηκα:--to swell up: to swell with passion.

av-οικίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. τω, to rebuild. make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from bis abode :- Pass. and Med. to migrate. ανοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeople a city. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

αν-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, (ανά, οἰκοδομέω) to build

III. to wall up. II. to rebuild. иp.

av-οικος, ον, (a privat., olkos) houseless, homeless. av-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of av-οίγω, one must open. αν-οικτίρμων, ονος, (α privat., οἰκτίρμων) unpitying, merciless.

**dv-olkτιστος**, ov, (a privat., olκτίζω) unpitied. ανοικτός, ή, όν, (ανοίγνυμι) opened. dv-ourtos, ov. (a privat., olktos) pitiless, ruthless.

άν-οιμώζω, fut. ώξομαι, to wail aloud.

αν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ανοίμωκτος, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [1] αν-οίμωκτος, ον, (a privat., οίμωζω) unmourned.

avoîξαι, 20r. I inf. of aνοίγνυμι.

άνοιξις, εως, ή, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.

avolστέον, verb. Adj. of avaφέρω, one must report. άνοιστός, Ion. άνωϊστος, ή, όν, (άναφέρω) reported, referred for decision.

αν-οιστρέω, f ήσω, (ανά, οίστρος) to goad to madness.

**ἀνοίσω**, fut. of ἀναφέρω.

ανοιτο, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ανω.

άνοιχθώσιν, 3 pl. 20r. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι. ἀνοκωχή, ή, (ἀν-όκωχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a bindrance.

avoλβία, ή, the state of an ανολβοs, misery.

 $\dot{a}v - \dot{o}\lambda \beta \cos$ , ov,  $= \ddot{a}v \circ \lambda \beta \cos$ .

dv-oλβos, ov, (a privat., δλβos) unblest, wretched. άν-όλεθρος, ον, (a privat., ὅλεθρος) not ruined.

avoλκή, ή, (ἀνέλκω) a drawing up.

 $\dot{a}$ ν-ολολύζω, f.  $\dot{v}$ ξω,  $(\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ λολ $\dot{v}$ ζω) to cry aloud, to 2, to wail or bewail loudly. sbout with joy. Causal, to make one shout.

άν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (άνά, όλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v]

αν-ομβρος, ον, (a privat., δμβρος) without rain. άνομέω, f. ήσω, (ἄνομος) to act lawlessly. ανομία, Ion ανομίη, ή, (ανομος) lawlessness.

άν-ομίλητος, ον, (α privat., όμιλέω) baving no intercourse with others, unsociable.

άν-όμματος, ον, (α privat., όμμα) without eyes. άν-όμοιος, ον, also a, ον, (a privat., δμοιος) unlike. ανομοιότης, τητος, ή, (ανόμοιος) unlikeness. ἀνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.

ανομοίωσις, εως, ή, a making unlike: unlikeness. άν-ομολογέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. άνωμολόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀνά, ὁμολογέω):-to agree upon a thing.

ανομολογούμενος, η, ον, (α privat., δμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted. a-voμos, ον, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, ΙΙ. (νόμοε 11) impious. Adv. - \u03c4 without law.

unmusical. άν-όνητος, Dor. άν-όνατος, ον, (α privat., δνίνημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., un-

profitably, in vain. d-voos, ov, contr. avous, ouv, (a privat., voos) with-

out understanding, foolisb avoπaîa, Adv., either (from a privat., δψομαι, fut. of ¿ράω), unnoticed; or (from ανω) upwards, up in the air. av-oπλos, ov, (a privat., οπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not beauyarmed: generally, unarmed.

dv-οπτος, ον, (a privat., όψομαι) unseen.

dv-όρdτος, ον, also d-όρdτος, (a privat., δρ<math>dω) =foreg.

αν-όργανος, ον, (a privat., όργανον) without instru-

αν-οργίαστος, ον, (α privat., δργιάζω) attended by II. in whose bonour no orgies are beld. άνορέα, Ιοπ. ήνορέη, ή, (ἀνήρ) manbood, courage. [ā] άνόρεος, α, ον, (ἀνήρ) manly, courageous, like ἀνδρεῖοs. [ā]

άν-ορθόω, f. ωσω: with double augm., impf., ηνωρθουν, 201. I ηνωρθωσα:—to set upright again, restore: to set straight again, set right.

aν-ορμος, ον, (a privat., ορμος) without barbour, in-bospitable.

av-ορούω, f. ούσω: 201. I ανόρουσα:—to start up, leap up: to mount swiftly.

αν-όροφος, ον, (a privat., ὅροφος) roofless.

αν-ορταλίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) to flap the wings and crow, to strut.

άν-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: (ἀνά, ὁρύσσω):—
to dig up what has been buried; ἀν. τάφον to break
open a grave.

αν-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance

dv-6σιος, ov, or α, ov, (a privat., δσιος) unboly, wicked, Lat. profanus: dvόσιος νέκυς a corpse with all the rites unpaid. Hence

ανοσιότης, ητος, ή, unboliness.

**d-vocos**, Ion. **d-vovoos**, ov, (a privat., νόσοs) without sickness, bealthy, sound: of things, free from all defect, bealthy; ανοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

άν-όστεος, ον, (a privat., ὅστεον) without bones. ά-νόστιμος, ον, (a privat., νόστιμος) not returning. II. not to be retraced.

d-voστos, ον, (a privat., νόστοs) without return. ἀν-στοτύζω, (ἀνά, ὀτοτοῖ) to break out into wailing. ἀν-ούἄτοs, ον, (a privat., οὖs) without ear: without bandle.

a-vous, contr. for a-voos.

a-vouces, ov, Ion. for a-voces.

άν-ούτάτος, ον, (a privat., οὐτάω) unwounded.

άν-ουτητί, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [i]

**ἀνοχή**, ή, (ἀνέχω) a bolding back, stopping, csp. of hostilities, an armistice.

II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-suffering, forbearance.

av-oxμάζω, f. άσω, to bold up, lift up.

άνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι. ἀνστάς, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστῆναι:

aor. 2 part, and inf. of ἀνίστημ. ἀνστήσω, Ερ. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημ.

ἀνστήτην, Ep. for ἀνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

άνστρέψειαν, for άναστρέψειαν.

ἀνσχεθέειν, ἀνσχεο, Ερ. for ἀνασχεθεῖν, ἀνάσχου, aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

άν-σχετός, Ep. for άνα-σχετός.

άντα, (ἀντί, ἄντην) Adv. over against, face to face, Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against; άντα παρειάων before the cheeks, of a veil: confronted with: most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἄντα Διὸς πολεμίζειν.

άντ-ἄγοράζω, f. άσω, to buy in return.

aντ-άγορεύω, f. σω, to speak against, reply: to contradict.

αντ-αγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Art. tοθμαι: Dep.:—to struggle against, vie with, esp. in war: to dispute with: as Pass. to be set against. Hence

αντάγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, an adversary, rival.

άντ-αδικέω, f. ήσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αείρω, = ἀντ-αίρω: - Med., ἀνταείρεσθαι χείράν τινι to raise one's hands against one.

αντ-αθλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἆθλος) struggling against, rivalling.

άντ-αιδέομαι, f. έσομαι, Mcd. to respect one another. άνταῖος, a, ον, (άντα) set over against, right opposite: άνταία (sub. πληγή), a wound in fron. 2. hostile. II. besought with prayers; τὰ ἀνταῖα θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντάρῶ: aor. I ἀντῆρα:—to raise against. II. seemingly intr. (sub.  $\chi$ είραs), to resist, withstand.

άντ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand in return.

'ANTAKAI'OE, b, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἄκούω, f. ούσομαι, to bear in turn: to listen in return.

αντ-ακροάομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. = αντακούω.

άντ-αλαλάζω, f. άξω, to return a shout.

aντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: 201. I - ήλλαξα; -to give or take in exchange:—Med. to take one thing in exchange for 200ther

åvr-ἄμείβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in exchange, to exchange.

2. to give punishment in exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish.

3. to give words in exchange, answer. Hence

άντάμειψις, εως, ή, an exchanging.

άντ-ἄμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against another, resist. 2. to requite.

άντ-αναβίβάζω, to make go up in turn.

ἀντ-ανάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out to sea against: generally to attack.

2. to bring up instead.

άντ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to destroy in return.

άντ-αναμένω, to wait instead.

αντ-αναπίμπλημι, to fill in turn or in opposition.

άντ-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plant in rivalry with. άντ-αναπληρόω, f. ώσω, to put in as a complement.

åvr-áveiµi, (åvrí, åvá, єlµi ibo) to go up against. åvr-avioттµµ. I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to set up against or instead of. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up

against. ἀντ-άξιος, a, ον, worth just as much as, equivalent to. Hence

ἀνταξιόω, f. ώσω, to demand as an equivalent or

άντ-απαιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand in return.

αντ-απαμείβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.

άντ-απερύχω, to keep off in turn.

dvr-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or answer.

ἀντ-αποδίδωμι, f. -δώσω: 201. 1 ἀνταπέδωκα:...to give back, repay.

II. to render, i. e. make, so and so.

III. intr. to answer, correspond with.

IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense.

And ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ή, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.

ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι. ἀντ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.

άντ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενω, to kill in return.

ἀντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to receive in return ἀντ-απόλλυμι, to destroy in return: — Pass. and Med., with perf. 2 act -όλωλα, to perish in turn.

άντ-αποτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.

ἀντ-αποφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand. ἀντ-άπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-άπτομαι.

άντ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to bold out against: to bold out. άντ-ασπάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn to receive kindly.

ἀνταυγίω, f ήσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From ἀντ-αυγής, ές, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.

ἀντ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak against, answer. ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f ήσω: 201. Ι ήντησα: (ἄντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντῆσαι μάχης, δαιτός, etc, to meet with,

take part in, partake of.
ἀντεβόλησα, 20τ. 1 ος ἀντιβολέω.
ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. έσω, to accuse in turn.

άντ-εικάζω, f. άσομαι: 201. Ι -ήκασα:—10 compare in return.

αν-τείνω, poët, for ανα-τείνω.

avr-είπον, aor. 2 without any pres in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερω.

άντ-είρομαι, Ion. for άντ-έρομαι.

ἀντ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute. ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. είσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.

άντ-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return. άντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return. άντ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out in return. άντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against.

to compare one with another.

ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμοῦμαι, to sally out against. ἀντελαβόμην, 201. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω. ἀντέλλοισα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of

άντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενώ, to stretch out against: hence

ἀνατέλλω.

ἀντέλλω, poėt. for ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. τω, to bope instead. ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβἄλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.

άντ-εμβιβάζω, f. άσω, to put on board instead. ἀντεμπάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq. ἀντ-εμπήγνυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in. ἀντ-εμπίπρημι, f. -εμπρήσω, to set on fire in return. ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. -ενδώσω, to give way in turn. ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. άξω, to export instead. άντ-εξαιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand in return. άντ-έξειμι, (είμι ibo) to march out against.

αντ-εξέρχομαι, Dep. = αντέξειμι.

aντ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.

άντ-εξιππεύω, f. σω, to ride out against.

ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ή, (ἀντί, ἐξορμάω) a sailing out against.

ἀντ-επάγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr ) to advance against. ἀντ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise in return.

άντ-επανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.

αντ-έπειμι, to rush upon, attack.

ἀντ-επεξάγω, f ξω, to lead or march out against. ἀντ-επέξειμι, (είμι ibo) to march out against.

ἀντ-επεξελαύνω, f. Att. -εξελῶ, to march out against. ἀντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξειμι.

αντ-επεξερχομαι, Dep. = αντεπεξειμι. άντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.

ἀντ-επιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn. ἀντ-επιθυμέω, t ήσω, to desire in turn :—Pass, ἀντεπιθυμεῖσθαί τινοs to bave a thing desired from one.

επιθυμείσθαί τινος to bave a thing desired from one. άντ-επικουρέω, f. ήσω, to belp in return.

άντ-επιμελέομαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: 201. I pass.
-επεμελήθην: Dep.:—to give beed in turn.

ἀντ-επιστράτεύω, f. σω, to take the field against. ἀντ-επιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.

αντ-επιτειχίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι, Att. ιοῦμαι: pf. pass. -τετείχισμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation

αντ-επιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer. αντ-ερανίζω, f. ίσω, (αντί, έρανοε) to contribute one's

share in turn:—Pass to be repaid.
αντεραστής, οῦ, ὁ, a rival in love. From

αντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love. αντ-ερείδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against. Hence

ἀντέρεισις, εως, ή, obstinate resistance.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Ιοπ. -είρομαι: 2 - ηρύμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.

άντ-ερύομαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [v]

ἀντ-ερῶ, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντείρηκα: (cf. ἀντείπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—
fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντειρήσεται no denial shall be
given.

άντ-έρως, ωτος, δ, return-love, love-for-love.

άντ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask in turn.

άντ-έστην, 2 or. 2 ind. of άνθίστημι.

άντ-ευεργετέω, f. ήσω, to return a kindness.

ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ήσω, to wish well in return.

αντ-έχω or αντ-ίσχω, f. ανθέρω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or ἴσχω):—to bold against; χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to bold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II. intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to bold on by, bold to, cleave to.

άντ-ήλιος, ον, (άντί, ήλιος) opposite the sun: i.e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες αντήλιοι, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

αντην, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face 3. ἄντην ἔρχεσθαι to to face, openly, before all, go straight forward; ἄντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

 $\dot{a}$ ντ-ήνωρ, opos,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ ντί,  $\dot{a}$ ν $\dot{\eta}$ ρ) instead of a man. αντ-ηρέτης, ου, ό, (αντί, ερέτης) one who rows

against another: generally, a rival.

αντ-ήρης, εs, (αντί) set over against, opposite; πληγαὶ στέρνων ἀντήρειε blows aimed straight at the breast.

 $\dot{a}$ ντηρίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ ντερείδω) a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

άντήσειε, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of άντάω.

avt-ηχέω, Dor. -axέω, f. ήσω, to re-echo.

'ANTI', Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth. value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντὶ πολλῶν λαῶν ἐστι, he is worth many people: hence 3. instead in return for. 2. for the sake of. 4. to mark comparison; εν ἀνθ' ενός one of, for. 5. with set against the other, compared with it. verbs of entreaty, like πρόε with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies 1. over against, as in άντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in αντι-πολε-3. one against another, mutually, as in avtiδεξιόομαι. 4. in return, as in  $dv\tau_i$ - $\beta o\eta\theta \epsilon \omega$ . instead, as in ἀντ-ήνωρ. 6. equal to, like, as in åντί-θεοs. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντί-μορφος. dvτ(a, Adv. = dvτην, properly neut. pl. of <math>dvτ(os.

άντιάαν, Ep. pres. inf. of άντιάω.

αντιάασθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of άντιάω.

αντιάζω, f. άσω, Dor. άξω: 20r. 1 ήντίασα: (άντί): -to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

αντι-άνειρα, ή, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) a match for

men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

αντιάω, f. άσω: Ep. pres. αντιόω, 3 pl. imperat. άντιοώντων, part. άντιόων, όωσα, όωντες, 111f. άντιάαν, med. ἀντιάασθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος):—to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to but: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. c. dat. to meet with, light upon. III. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιόωσα.

άντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 2 αντέβην: -to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβάs έλᾶν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back

άντι-βάλλω, f. -βάλω, to throw against or in turn. αντίβασις, εως, ή, (αντιβαίνω) resistance. avri-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

άντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

avti-βιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (avti, βia) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίοιε ἐπέεσσι with wrangling words: neut.  $d\nu \tau i\beta i o \nu$ , as  $Adv. = d\nu \tau i\beta i \eta \nu$ .

άντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. aντίβλεψις, εως, ή, a looking in the face.

αντι-βοηθέω, f. ήσω, to belp in turn or mutually.

ἀντιβολέω, f. ήσω: aor. with double augm. ήντεβόλησα, Ερ. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω):—to meet by chance, bit upon, esp. in battle. Il. to meet with, partake of, c gen. rei. III. to meet as a suppliant, en-

treat, c. acc. pers. Hence

άντιβόλησις, εως, ή, and άντιβολία, ή, an entreaty,

prayer.

aντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry. άντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ήσω, to rival in pedigres.

αντιγνωμονέω, to be of a different opinion. From άντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (άντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

αντιγραφεύς, έωε, ό, (αντιγράφω) one who keeps a

counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγράφή, ή, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment. ἀντίγραφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντίγραφα,

τά, copies. From

άντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back: - Med., with pf. pass. avrivéypauuai, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγραφή. άντι-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαι:--to

bite at or in turn.

άντι-δεξιόομαι, Med. to give one another the right band, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέρκομαι, Dep. = ἀντιβλέπω.

άντι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to receive in return. άντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ήσω, to rival as a demagogue. αντι-διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

αντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn:-Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

άντι-δίδάσκαλος, δ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

άντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. άντίδοσιε.

άντι-διέξειμι, (είμι ibo) to go through again.

αντιδικέω, f. ήσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ήντιδίκουν, aor. Ι ήντιδίκησα, or with double augm., ηντεδίκουν, ηντεδίκησα:—to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

άντί-δίκος, ου, (άντί, δίκη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: of arti-

δικοι the two parties in a suit.

άντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω or -δύξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

åντί-δορος, ον, (ἀντί, δορά) clothed with something instead of a skin.

avriboous, εωs, ή, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment. 2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge bimself.

ἀντίδοτος, ον, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

αντι-δουλεύω, f. σω, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

avti-Soudos, ov, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

avtί-δουπος, ov, resounding.

άντι-δράω, f. άσω, to do in return, retaliate, requite. άντι-δωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

άντι-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek in return.

αντι-ζωγρέω, f. ήσω, to save alive in turn.

αντι-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury opposite.

avri-θεος, η, ov, godlike, equal to the gods.

άντι-θεράπεύω, f. σω, to take care of in return. άντι-θέσις, εως ή, (άντιτίθημι) opposition, antitbesis. άντι-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντί-θύρος, ον, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

άντι-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδοῦμαι: 201. 2 -καθεζόμην: Med.:—to sit over against.

άντι-καθεύδω, f. ευδήσω, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτημαι, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι. ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι: f. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and 20τ. 1, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again. II. intr. in Pass., with 20τ. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

άντι-κακουργέω, to injure in turn.

ἀντι-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-καταθνήσκω, 201. 2 - έθανον, to die in turn. ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to exchange one

thing for another. ἀντι-κάτημαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι,

ἀντι-κάτημαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-.

ἀντί-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

άντι-κελεύω, f. σω, to command in turn.

ἀντί-κεντρος, ον, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sharp as a goad. ἀντι-κηδεύω, f. σω, to take care of instead.

άντι-κηρύσσω, f. ύξω, to proclaim in answer to. άντι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to sound in answer:—to

sound by striking against, Tivi.

αντι-κνήμιον, τό, (αντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

άντι-κολακεύω, f. σω, to flatter in turn.

άντι-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to bring back in reply. άντι-κόπτω, f. ψω, intr. to resist, oppose.

αντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

άντι-κρατέω, f. ήσω, to bold instead.

aντίκρουσις, εω, ή, a striking against: hence, a bindrance, sudden check. From

άντι-κρούω, f. σω, to strike or push back, stop, hinder.

2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.
ἀντῖκρύ and ἄντἴκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἀντην) have generally distinct meanings:

I. ἀντῖκρύ, over against, right opposite.

2. in Hom. also = ἄντῖ-

κρυs, straight on, outright, entirely.
(never in Homer), straight, right.
thoroughly, without disguise or reserve.
straightway.

II. ἀντικρυs
2. outright,
3. of Time,

άντι-κτόνος, ον, (άντί, κτείνω) killing in return. άντι-κτυπέω, f. ήσω, to clash against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [v], f. κύρσω, to bit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμφδέω, f. ήσω, to ridicule in turn. ἀντιλάβή, ή, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a bandle, Lat. ansa.

αντι-λαγχάνω, fut. -λήξομαι: pf. ἀντείληχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to bold fast by : to take a sbare of. ἀντι-λακτίζω, f. ίσω, to kick against.

άντι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομα: pf. ἀντείληφα: 20τ. 2 ἀντέλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn.

Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence,
1. to take part with, assist.
2. to lay claim to.
3. to take part in 2 thing.
4. to take bold of for the purpose of finding fault.
5. to captivate, charm.
6. to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

άντι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to light up in turn. II.

intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, ſ. λέξω, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and ἀντίλεκτος, ον, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (ἀντί, λέων) lion-like. ἀντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one

must assist or take part in. II. one must check. dvriληψις, εως, ἡ, (dvriλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying hold of, seizure hence a claim to a thing. 2. a hold, support:

belp, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.
ἀντιλογέω, f. ήσω, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, ή, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand. ἀντιλογικός, ή, όν, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputatious.

αντίλογος, ον, (αντιλέγω) contradictory.

άντι-λοιδορέω, f. ήσω, to rail at or abuse in turn. άντίλυρος, ον, (άντί, λύρα) in barmony with the lyre. άντίλυτρον, ου, τό, (άντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

άντι-μαίνομαι, f. -μάνήσομαι, Pass. to rave against. άντι-μανθάνω, f. -μάθήσομαι, to learn ins ead. άντι-μάχομαι, f. -μάχήσομαι, Dep. to fight against.

αντι-μεθέλκω, to drag to the opposite side. αντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -στήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way. άντι-μελίζω, to rival in music. αντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against. αντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon. avri-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn. αντι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn. άντι-μέτωπος, ον, (άντι, μέτωπον) front to front, άντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: άντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μι] άντί-μιμος, ον, (άντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, αντι-μισέω, f. ήσω, to bate in return. aντιμισθία, ή, a reward, requital. From avtl-μισθος, ov, for or instead of a reward. ἀντι-μοιρία, as, ή, (ἀντί, μοίρα) a compensation. ἀντί-μολπος, ον, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, άντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out άντι-νικάω, f ήσω, to conquer in turn. αντιξοέω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From avti-ξoos, ov, Ion. avti-ξous, ouv, (avti, ξέω) proaντίον. Adv. of aντίοs: see aντίοs. **ἀντίον**, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom. aντίοs, a, ov, (aντί) set against, and so, I. over opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., dutia and du-2. against one's will. άντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against.

face to face. to counteract. against. aping: modelled after. pare closely. differing in sound from: ἀντίμολπον ἄκος ὕπνου song, sleep's substitute. retaliation. a navy against. in return. send instead. perly scraped against; hence opposed to, bostile: τὸ ἀντίξοον opposition. άντιδομαι, fut. med. ώσομαι: aor. I pass. ήντιώopposite coast. θην: Dep.: \_to meet in battle, to resist, oppose. side of, opposite. Hence against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. τίον, like ἄντην and ἄντα, opposite: against, straight αντιο-στάτέω, poët. for ανθίσταμαι, to oppose. rocky άντιδω, άντιδων, -δωσα, άντιοώντων, see άντιάω. ἀντι-πάθής, έs, (ἀντί, πάθειν) in return for suffering. II. of opposite feelings or passions. strive against, resist. avri-wallw, to play one with another. avri-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, like a child, no better than a child. storm. ἀντίπάλος, ον, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against to fill up by new members. each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. fighting against the enemy. III. as Šubst., ἀντίπαλοε, δ, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion. against, caused by adverse winds. άντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλω, to bold side by side, comavri-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn. pare closely. avri-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to avri-

in turn. Il. to compete for a public office. άντι-παράγω, f. ξω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with. αντι-παραθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run past against: to outflank. άντι-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise. άντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary. άντι-παραλυπέω, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn. αντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side. άντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence αντι-παρασκευή, ή, hostile preparation. άντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω:-to draw out against, in order of battle:-Pass. to stand in array avri-παρατίθημι, to set side by side against, comαντι-πάρειμι, (είμι ibo) to march parallel to. άντι-παρέρχομαι, = άντιπάρειμι. άντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn. άντι-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι: pf. -πέπουθα:-to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., άντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against. άντι-πέμπω, f ψω, to send back an answer: to send II. to send against. αντι-περαίνω, f. -περανώ, to pierce through in turn. avτι-πέραιοs, a, ov, lying over against, esp. beyond αντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = άντιπέρας; also as Adj. in phrase 'Ασιάδ' ἀντιπέρην τε Asia and the άντι-πέρας or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other άντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side. άντι-πέρην, Ion. for άντιπέραν. ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in turn. αντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against. αντί-πετρος, ον, (αντί, πέτρα) bard as stone,  $dvt(-\pi\eta\xi, \eta\gamma os, \dot{\eta}, (dvti, \pi\eta\gamma vu\mu_i)$  a chest, ark. άντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to fall against. άντι-πλίω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.  $\dot{\alpha}$ ντι-πλήξ,  $\dot{\eta}$ γοε,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ ντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the άντι-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to man ships against. άντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence αντίπνους, ον, contr. αντίπνους, ουν, blowing

άντι-παραγγέλλω, f.  $\epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to countermand, to order

πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, ον, (ἀντί, ποινή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἄποινα, requital, retribution.

αντι-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to wage war against one.

ἀντι-πολέμιος, ον, = ἀντιπόλεμος.

άντι-πόλεμος, ον, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.

άντι-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to besiege in turn.

άντι-πορεύομαι, Pass., with f. med. -εύσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀντεπορεύθην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

άντι-πορθέω, f. ήσω, to lay waste in return.

dvrl-πορθμοs, ov, on the opposite side of the straits. dvrl-ποροs, ov, on the opposite coast, over against. dvrl-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, Ion. -πρήσσω: fut. ξω: to act against, oppose.

αντι-πρεσβεύομαι, Med. to send counter-ambas-

sadors.

άντι-πρήσσω, Ion. for άντι-πράσσω.

άντι-πρόειμι, (είμι ibo) to come forward against. άντί-προικα, Adv. for next to nothing, cheap.

άντι-προκαλέομαι, Med. to challenge in return.

άντι-προσαμάσμαι, Med. to beap in turn. άντι-πρόσειμι, (είμι ibo) to go against.

dvri-προσείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to address in turn: aor. pass. dvriπροσερρήθην.

άντι-προσκαλέομαι, Med. to summon in turn. ἀντι-προσφέρω, f. -προσοίσω, to bring in turn.

dvn-πρόσωπος, ον, (αντί, πρόσωποι) with the face towards, face to face.

άντι-προτείνω, f. -τενω, to bold out in turn.

ἀντί-πρωρος, ον, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντί-πύλος, ον, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate. ἀντί-πυργος, ον, like a tower.

αντι-πυργόω, f. ωσω, to build a tower over against: αντ. πόλιν to build up a city as a rival.

άντιρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to counterpoise. Hence άντίρροπος, ον, counterpoising.

άντι-σηκόω, f. ώσω, to weigh against, to compensate.
2. intr. to be equal in weight, to counterpoise; δls ἀντισηκῶσαι ροπῆ to weigh twice as heavy.

Hence avrionkoois, ews Ion. 10s, h, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

άντι-σιωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to be silent in turn.

άντι-σκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. (άντί, σκευάζω) to arrange in turn.

άντ-Ισόομαι, Pass. (άντί, Ισόω) to stand against one on equal terms.

άντισπασμός, δ, (άντισπάω) a convulsion.

åντίσπαστος, ον, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντίσπαστος, ό, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as 'Αλέξανδρος. From

åντι-σπάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντί-σταθμος, ον, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-στάσιάζω, f. άσω, to form a party against. ἀντίστάσις, εως, ή, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

άντι-στάσιώτης, ου, ό, one of the opposite faction. ἀντιστάτίω, f. ήσω, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντί-στάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ἄ] ἀντ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀνθίστημι.

aντιστοιχέω, f. ήσω, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

aντί-στοιχοs, ον, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στρατεύομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

άντι-στράτηγος, ό, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Propraetor or Proconsul.
άντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -στρατοπεδεύομαι,

(ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against. ἀντι-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀντέστροφα:— to turn to the other side: to retort. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν, etc.), to turn about. face about.

άντιστροφή, ή, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophé or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, ον, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. Adv. -φως, contrariwise to.

αντι-συναντάω, f. ήσω, to meet face to face. αντι-σφαιρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: (αντί, σφαίρα):—to play at ball against.

άντισχείν, aor. 2 inf. of άντέχω.

ἀντίσχεσθε, 2 pl. 20r. 2 med. imperat. of ἀντέχω. ἀντ-ισχυρίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to strengthen against: Med. to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντ-ίσχω, collat. form of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, f. εύσω, = ἀντισηκύω. ἀντι-τάμεῖν, 20 r. 2 inf. of ἀντιτέμνω.

άντίταξις, εως, ή, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From άντι-τάσσω, Att. -τάττω, fut. τάξω, to range in battle against another:—Pass. to be ranged against.

avτι-τείνω, f. -τενῶ, to offer in return, repay. Il intr. and Med. to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τειχίζω, to build a fort against. Hence ἀντιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a counter-fortification. ἀντι-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: αοτ. 2 ἀντέταμον:—to cut

against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.
αντι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to form a counter-plan.

άντιτέχνησις, εως, ή, counter-manœuvring.

dvtl-τεχνοs, ον, (dvtl, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

aντιτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set one against the other, compare, oppose: —Pass. to be compared or matched one against another.

II. to place in return: give one thing for another.

avri-τιμάω, f. how, to do bonour to in return:-Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

αντιτίμησις, εως, ή, as Att. law-term, a counterestimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the tiungs of the plaintiff.

αντι-τιμωρέω, f. ήσω, to punish in return: -Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

αντι-τίνω, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

άντι-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to dare to stand against another.

αντί-τολμος, ον, (αντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

αντίτομος, ον, (αντιταμείν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. αντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

avtltovos, ον, (αντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

αντι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

άντι-τορέω, f. ήσω, to bore right through.

αντίτος, ον, for ανά-τιτος, (ανατίνω) requited, revenged; αντιτα έργα works of revenge.

άντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

άντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: 201. 2 -έτυχον:-- to meet with in return.

dvrl-τύπος, ον, (dvri, τύπηναι) struck back, echoed; τύπος αντίτυπος blow against blow -- answering to. correspondent: -as Subst., αντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, II. act. striking back: hence exact representation. resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος Dios the adversary of Jupiter.

άντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

αντιφερίζω, (αντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντί-φερνος, ον, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dower. άντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίσω, to set against: — Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

άντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee in turn.

άντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, to return a sound, re-ecbo. II. to contradict. Hence

άντίφθογγος, ov, echoing, imitating.

avri-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love or kiss in turn.

άντι-φιλονεικέω, to strive zealously against.

άντι-φιλοτιμέσμαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

άντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn. άντι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet.

avti-dovos, ov, in return for slaughter. θάνατοι άντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

αντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. (αντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

άντι-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to block up.

ἀντι-φυλάκή, ή, a watching against one.

άντι-φύλαξ, ακοι, δ, a watch posted to observe another. [v]

άντι-φυλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch in turn: -Med. to be on one's guard against.

αντιφωνέω, f. how, to sound in answer, reply. From orbit of the planets.

avti-φωνος, ον, (avti, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

avτι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn. άντι-χαρίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ζουμαι, Dep. to shew kindness to in turn.

άντι-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote against.

αντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choragus. From άντι-χόρηγος, ό, a rival choragus.

αντι-χράω, 201. Ι αντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

dντί-χριστος, δ, anticbrist.

άντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψάλω, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

αντίψαλμος, ov, responsive.

ἀντί-ψηφος, ον, voting against.

αντί-ψύχος, ον, (αντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ήσω, (ἄντλος) properly, to bale out bilgewater, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, 1. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exantlare, exhaurire: but also to squander.

αντλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water

αντλία, ή, (αντλοε) the hold of a ship. II. bilgewater, filtb.

ἀντλίον, τό, (ἄντλος) a bucket.

"ANTΛΟΣ, o, the hold of a ship where the bilgewater settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilge-water itself; ἄντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἄντλον είργειν, Lat. sentinam exhaurire, to pump it out:poet. the sea, sea-water.

άντ-οικτείρω, to pity in return.

 $dv\tau$ -οικτίζω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , =  $dv\tau$ οικτείρω.

άντολή, ή, poet. contr. for άνατολή.

а́vтона. Dep. only used in pres. and impf: (а́vта. άντί):-to meet or light upon. II. =  $dv \tau_i d(\omega, to)$ approach with prayers, entreat.

αντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομόσω and -ομοῦμαι: 201. Ι αντώμοσα:-to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

άντ-ονομάζω, f άσω, to call by a new name. to speak in tropes.

άντ-ορύσσω, f. ύξω, to dig against, dig a countermine. άντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn άντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ήσω, (άντί, όφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

αν-τρέπω, poët. for ανα-τρέπω.

aντριάs, άδοs, ή, (άντρον) of or belonging to a cave; Νύμφαι ἀντριάδεs grot-Nymphs.

αντροθε, Adv. from a cave. From

"ANTPON, 76, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern. "ANTYE, υγος, ή, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, I. the rim of the round shield. the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:-after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre.

dντ-υποκρίνομαι, dντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for dνθ-υπ-. dντ-φδός, όν, (dντί, doιδό\*) singing in answer to, responsive.

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-όμνυμι) an oath taken by one against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by the defendant.

άντ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against. άντ-ωπός, όν, (άντί, ὤψ) looking straight at, facing, fronting, straight opposite.

άντ-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to derive benefit in turn.

άν-ύβριστος, ον, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted.
not insolent, decorous.

aνυδρίa, ή, want of water, drought. From

**ἄν-υδρος**, ον, (a privat, ὕδωρ) wanting water:  $\hat{\eta}$  ἄνυδρος (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), οτ τὸ ἄνυδρον (sub.  $\chi \omega \rho$ ίον), the region without water.

αν-υμέναιος, ον, (a privat., υμεναίος) without the nuptial song, unwedded.

ανύμες, Dor. for ήνυμεν, I pl. impf. of άνυμι.

ανυμι, = ανύω: - Pass. ανυμαι, impf. ήνυτο έργον the work was finished.

ἀν-υμνέω, f. ήσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song. ἀ-νύμφευτος, ον, (α privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded;

ἀνύμφευτον γουὴν ἔχειν to be born of an ill marriage.

ď-νυμφος, ον, (α privat., νύμφη) not bridal, unwedded; ἄνυμφα γάμων άμιλλήματα unballowed embraces. II. without bride or mistress.

dv-υπέρβλητος, ον, (α privat., ὑπερβάλλω) not to be surpassed or outdone.

άν-υπεύθυνος, ον, (α privat., ὑπεύθυνος) not liable to account, irresponsible, absolute.

άν-υποδεσία, ή, άνυποδετέω, άνυπόδετος, ον, are later forms of dνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ανυποδησία, ή, a going barefoot. From

ἀνυποδητέω, f. ήσω, to go barefoot. From ἀν-υπόδητος, ον, (a privat, ὑποδέω) unsbod, bai

άν-υπόδητος, ον, (a privat, ὑποδέω) unsbod, barefoot: also with old shoes, ill-shod.

άν-υπόδικος, ον, (α privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to action.

άν-υπόκρίτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undisguised, unthout dissimulation.

άν-υπονόητος, ον, (α privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected: unexpected. II. act. unsuspecting.

dν-ύποπτος, ον, (a privat., υποπτος) without suspicion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. unsuspecting.

άν-υπόστατος, ον, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation. άν-υπότακτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made subject, unruly.

άνύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνύω. ἀνύστεργόε, όν, (ἀνύω, ἔργον) industrious. ἀνύσϊμοε, ον, (ἀνύω) efficacious, effectual. ἀνόσεις, εωε, ἡ, (ἀνύω) accomplishment, end. ἄνυσσα, Ερ. for ἤρυσα, aor. I of ἀνύω. άνυστός, όν, (άνύω) to be accomplished, possible; σιγη ων ἀνυστόν as silently as possible.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ νυτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ν, =  $\dot{\alpha}$ νύσιμος,

άνυτο, Dor. for ήνυτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of άνυμι. ἀνύτω or ἀνύτω [τ], Att. form of ἀνύω, only used in pres. and impf.

αν-υφαίνω, (ανά, υφαίνω) to weave anew.

aν-υψόω, f. ώσω, to raise up on high.

άνύω, Att. άνύτω or better άνύτω [v], poet. άνυμι: f. ἀνύσω [ŭ]: aor. τ ήνϋσα, Ερ. άνυσσα: pf. ήνϋκα: -Pass., aor. Ι ἡνύσθην: pf. ἡνυσμαι: (ἄνω):--to accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὶν ήνυε be did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own advantage:-Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύτειν είε..., for ἀνύτειν ὁδὸν είs , to make one's way to a place; also, ανύτειν θάλαμον for ανύτειν είε θάλαμον, to arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, procure. II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνύω φθονέουσα Ι gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\nu\omega$ , in the sense of doing a thing speedily; ανυς πράττων make baste about it; but more freq. avious, with imperat., make baste and.. , as ἀνύσας ανοιγε make baste and open, etc.: also avve alone, make baste! dispatch! III. less freq. with inf., στρατός ήνυσε  $\pi \epsilon \rho \hat{a} \nu$  the army succeeded in crossing.

"ANΩ, impf. ηνον, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time, νυξ άνεται the night draws to its end; έτος ἀνόμενον

the waning year. [a]

ανω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen., alθέρος άνω up to ether: absol. above, on bigb, Lat. sura.

2. of the quarters of the heaven, northwards, opp. to κάτω, southwards.

3. of countries, related to the gods above, Lat. superi; ol άνω the living, opp. to ol κάτω the dead; άνω καὶ κάτω up and down, to psy-turvy, also up and down, to and fro, always in the same place.

II. as Prep. with gen. above.

III. Comp. ἀνωτέρω bigber up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, bigbest up.

ανω, aor. 2 subj. of ανίημι. [α]

ανωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command, bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to do From άνωγα we have I plur. ind. άνωγμεν. imperat. άνωγε and άνωχθι, 3 sing. άνωγέτω and άνώχθω, 2 pl. άνώγετε and άνωχθε; inf. άνωγέμεν: plapf. ἡνώγειν, without augm. άνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα. There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω); whence we have an impf. άνωγον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I πνωξα.

άνώ-γαιον, τό, (άνω, γαῖα) properly anything aboue ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a bouse: used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

dνώγεν, Ep. for dνέφγεν, 3 sing, impf. of dνοίγνυμ: but ανωγεν 3 sing, of ανωγα. ἀνώ-γεων, ω, τό, and ἀνώ-γεως, ω, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀνώγαιον. ἀνωγμεν, Ερ. ι plur. ind. of ἄνωγα.

άνώγω, see άνωγα.

ἀν-ώδὔνος, ον, (α privat., ὀδύνη) free from pain.
act. allaying pain.

άνωθεν, Dor. άνωθα, Adv. (άνω) of place, from above, from beaven.
2. above, on bigb, and so of άνωθεν, the living, opp. to of κάτω: c. gen., άνωθεν, above ground.

II. of time, from the beginning.

' ἀν-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλέον (sc. την ναῦν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put away from oneself.

ivity from onesetf.

άνωϊστί, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τι]

άν-ώϊστος, ον, (a privat., οἴομαι) unlooked for, unforeseen II. Ion. for άν οιστύς, (ἀναφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

ἀν-ώλεθρος, ον, (α privat., ὅλεθρος) indestructible. ἀν-ώμαλος, ον, (α privat., ὁμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

άν-ωμοτί, Adv. of άνώμοτος, without oath.

av-ώμοτος, ον, (a privat., ὅμνυμ) unsworn, not bound by oa'b. II. not sworn to.

άν-ωνόμαστος, ον, (α privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

αν-ωνυμεί and ανωνυμί, Adv. of ανώνυμος.

ἀν-ώνυμος, ον, (α privat., ὄνυμα Acol. for ὄνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious. ἀνῶξαι, aot. I inf. of ἀνώγω: see ἄνωγα.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνώγω: see άνωγα.

aνωρία, ή, untimeliness; ανωρία τοῦ έτουs the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

av-ωροs, ον, (a privat., ωρα) like a-ωροs, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

άν-ωρύομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ἀρύομαι) to bowl aloud. άνῶσαι, Ion. for ἀνοῖσαι = Att. ἀνενέγκαι, aor. 1 act. inf. of ἀναφέρω.

 $\dot{a}v\dot{\omega}\sigma as$ ,  $a\sigma a$ , av, aor. I part. of  $\dot{a}v\omega\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

άνωτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from άνω, topmost. άνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of άνω, highest up, at top.

ανωτερικός, ή, όν, (ανωτέρω) upper or higher.

ἀνώτερον, Comp. Adv. (ἄνω) bigber up: above. ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἄνω, bigber up, above. ἀν-ωφελής, ές, (α privat., ἀφελέω) useless: also

burtful, like Lat inutilis.

άν-ωφέλητος, ον, (α privat., ὡφελέω) fruitless, un-

profitable. 2. worthless. ἄνωχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of ἄνωγα: ἄνωχθε, 2 plur. of same.

αξαι, αστ. 1 inf. of αγνυμι, to break; αξαντο, 3 pl.

αξασθε, aor. I imperat med. of άγω, to lead. α-ξεινος, ου, Ion. for άξευος. II. "Αξεινος (sc. πύντος), ὁ, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Εύξεινος, the Euxine.

άξέμεναι, άξέμεν, Ep. for ἄξειν, fut. inf. act. of ἄγω. ά-ξενος, Ion. ά-ξεινος, ον, (a privat., ξένοι) inbospitable: uninbabitable.

α-ξεστος, ον, (α privat.,  $\xi \epsilon \omega$ ) unbewn, unwrought. άξη, aor. I subj. of άγνυμι.

åξία, ή, properly fem. of άξιοs, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' άξίαν according to bis desert, ὑπέρ or παρ' ἀξίαν contrary to bis desert.

άξι-άγαστος, ον, (άξιος, άγαμαι) worth admiring,

admırable.  $[\check{a}\gamma]$ 

άξι-άκουστος, ον, (άξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing. άξι-ακρόūτος, ον, (άξιος, ἀκροάομαι) worth listening to.

άξι-αφήγητος, Ion. άξιαπήγ-, ον, (άξιος, άφηγέο-

μαι) worth telling.

άξι-έπαινος, ον, (άξιος έπαινέω) praiseworthy. άξι-έραστος, ον, (άξιος, έραμαι) worthy of love.

**ἀξίνη**, ή, (ἄγνυμ) an axe, esp. for hewing wood: a battle-axe. [τ]

άξιο-βίωτος, ον, (άξιος, βιόω) worth living for. άξιο-εργός, όν, (άξιος, έργον) capable of work.

άξιο-θαύμαστος, ον, (άξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

άξιο-θέατος, Ion. -ητος, ον, (άξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

άξιδ-θρηνος, ον, (άξιος, θρηνος) worthy of lamentation. άξιδ-κτητος, ον, (άξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting.

άξιο-λογος, ον, (άξιος, λόγοι) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γως.

άξιο-μακάριστος, ον, (άξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed happy.

άξιό-μάχος, ον, (άξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

άξιο-μισής, έs, (άξιος, μίσος) worthy of batred, bateful.

άξιο-μνημόνευτος, ον, (άξιος, μνημονείω) worthy of mention.

άξιό-νικος, ον, (άξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

άξιο-πενθής, ές, (άξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

άξιό-πιστος, ον, (άξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

άξιο-πρεπής, ές, (άξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly. άξι-όρāτος, ον, (άξιος, ὑράω) worth seeing.

αξιος, α, ον, (άγω iv, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοδε άξιος worth an οχ; πολλοῦ άξιον worth much: also c. inf., άξιος βανεῖν worthy of death.

2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap.

Il. worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; άξιος είμι I deserve to be, as άξιος είμι οἰκτείρεσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

άξιο-σκεπτος, ον, (άξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

άξιο-σπούδαστος, ον, (άξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

άξιο-στράτηγος, ον, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

άξιο τέκμαρτος, ον, (άξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.

άξιο-φίλητος, ον, (άξιος, φιλέω) worth loving.

άξιό-χρεος, ον, Ion. for sq.

άξιό-χρεως, εων, gen. ω: Ion. άξιό-χρεος, ον, neut. pl. ἀξιόχρεα: (ἄξιος, χρέος) worthy of a thing, and so worth considering, considerable, remarkable. II. with inf. able, suffiserviceable, sufficient. III. like afios, with gen., worthy of cient to do. a thing.

άξιόω, f. ώσω: pf. ηξίωκα:—Pass., fut. άξιωθήσομαι, but also in med. form ἀξιώσομαι: pf. ἡξίωμαι: (afios):-to think or deem worthy of a thing: of things, to value at a certain rate: also absol. to esteem, bonour. II. but mostly with inf. to think one worthy to do or be: hence I. of others, to tbink fit, expect, require, Lat. postulare; αξιω κομίζεσθαι I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make a claim. 2. of oneself, to think fit to do or be; άξιῶ θανείν I consent to die; άξιῶ πράσσειν I dare, determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so in Med., αξιοῦσθαι μέλειν to deign to care for. to think, suppose; to lay down, maintain. Hence

άξίωμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is thought worthy, and so, esteem, reputation, rank, Lat. dignitas. that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. in philosophy, a self-evident proposition, an axiom.

aflus, Adv. of aflos, worthily, as becomes άξίωσις, εως, Ion. 10s, ή, (άξιόω) a being thought worthy: estimation, reputation, character. (from Med.) a thinking oneself worthy, a demand, claim. III. a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim.

άξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of άγω.

άξόνιος, a, ov, (άξων) belonging to the axleaξos, δ, Cretan word for αγμός.

ά-ξυγκρότητος, ον, for άσυγκ., (a privat, συγκρο-

τέω) not welded together by the hammer: of towers, not rowing in time.

άξυλία, ή, (ἄξυλος) want of wood.

ā-ξύλος, ον, (a privat., ξύλον) unfelled, untbinned, hence thickly wooded. withoutwood, ill-wooded. d-ξυμ-, d-ξυν-, v. dσυμ-, dσυν-.

ά-ξύστατος, ον, ν. ασύστ-.

äξων, ονοs, δ, (ἄγω) an axle, Lat. axis: also the whole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens, II. oi afoves, the wooden tablets of the laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis.

aolos, o, an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a

temple. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀοιδή, contr. ψδή, ή, (ἀείδω) song, a singing: also the subject of song: hence a legend, tale.

ἀοιδιάω, poët, for ἀείδω.

dolδίμοs, ov, (delδω) sung of, famous in song: in bad sense, notorious.

ἀοιδο-θέτης, ου, δ, (ἀοιδή, τίθημι) a lyric poet. ἀοιδο-πόλος, ό, (ἀοιδή, πολέω) one busied with song, a poet.

αοιδός, δ, (ἀείδω) a singer, minstrel, bard, Lat. vates: fem. a songstress, of the Sphinx. II. as Adj. doibos, ov, tuneful, musical.

ἀοιδο-τόκος, ov, inspiring song.

a-olκητος, ον, (a privat., olκέω) uninbabited: bouseless, without a bome.

a-oικos, ον, (a privat., olkos) bouseless, without bome or country.

a-olvos, ov, (a privat., olvos) without wine: not worshipped with oblations of wine: of men, drinking no wine, sober: of a place, baving none.

dolos, a, ov, Aeol. and Dor. for nolos.

a-oκvos, ον, (a privat., οκνος) without fear or besitation, untiring, restless. Adv. - vos.

άολλέα, ἀολλέας, acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλήε.

ἀολλήδην, Adv. of ἀολλήs, in a body, together. ἀολλής, έs, (a copul., είλω) all together, in throngs, sboals or crowds. Hence

ἀολλίζω, f. ίσω, to gather together: - Pass. to come togetber, assemble.

ā-oπλos, ον, (a privat, ὅπλον) without armour, un-

αορ and αορ, αορος, τό, (ἀείρω) a sword, properly a banger: later, any weapon.

**ἄορϪs**, acc. pl. for ἄορα, from ἄορ, τύ, a sword.

ά-όρατος, ον, (a privat, ὁράω) unseen, invisible. **ά-όριστος**, ον, (a privat., ὑρίζω) without boundaries: indefinite, indeterminate. ΙΙ. δ δόριστος (sub. χρόνοs), the aorist tense.

a-opvos, ov, (a privat., ορνις) without birds.

άορτή, ή, (ἀείρω) a knapsack. II. the aorta or great artery.

**ἀορτήρ**, ηρο**s**, δ, (ἀείρω) a strap over the shoulder to bang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt; but also a knapsack-strap.

αορτο, Ion. for ήορτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of ἀείρω; cf. awpro.

άοσσέω, f. ήσω, (άοζος) to belp, aid. Hence ἀοσσητήρ, ηρος, δ, a belper, aider.

ά-ουτος, ον, (a privat., οὐτάω) not wounded, unburt. άπαγγείλαι, άπαγγείλας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀπαγγέλλω.

άπαγγελία, ή, a report given in: a narrative, recital. From

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon\lambda\hat{\omega}$ , Ion.  $-\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\omega$ : 201. I  $-\dot{\eta}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\iota\lambda\alpha$ : --Pass., aor. 1 -ηγγέλθην, aor. 2 -ηγγέλην: pf. -ήγγελμαι:—to bring tidings, report, announce: to relate, tell:-Med., πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring back tidings. Hence

ἀπαγγελτήρ, ήρος, ὁ, a messenger.

aπ-aye, Adv. away! be gone! Lat. apage! properly imperat. of dπάγω (sub. σεαυτόν).

a-παγής, έs, (a privat., παγηναι) not firmly fixed: of loose texture.

ἀπ-ἄγινέω, Ion. for ἀπ-άγω, esp. of paying tribute. an-ayλatζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to deprive of orna-

άπ-άγορεύω, f. σω, (the Att. fut. is ἀπειρῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα, 201. dπείπον):—to forbid: absol. to dissuade. intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: c. part. to give up doing: also to grow weary of.

fail, sink, give way; also of things, rà dwayopevorta things worn out.

άπ-αγριόομαι, Pass. (άπό, ἄγριος) to become wild or savage.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $a\gamma\chi$ oviζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$  Att.  $i\hat{\omega}$ , =  $d\pi\acute{a}\gamma\chi\omega$ .

άπ-άγχω, f. -άγξω, to strangle, throttle: - Med. to

bang oneself; to be ready to choke.

άπ-άγω, f. άξω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—to lead away, carry off: — Med. to take away for one-self. II. to take home. III. to return what one owes, pay. IV. as Att. law-term, to bring before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex: to divert from a thing. VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἄπαγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπάγωγή, ή, a leading or dragging away. II. a taking bome. III. payment of tribute. as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate. ἀπάδειν, -έειν, Ion. for ἀφαδ-, 201. 2 inf. of

άφανδάνω.

dn-dδω, f. -dσομαι, to sing out of tune: metaph. to dissent from: to wander away from.

άπ-αείρομαι, Pass. to depart from.

an-aθavaτίζω, to aim at immortality.

ἀπάθεια, η, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ἀ-πάθης, ές, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not baving suffered, unbarmed.

åπαθώs, Adv. of ἀπαθήs, without passion.

áπαί, poet. for áπό.

åπαιδευσία, δ, want of education, ignorance coarseness. II. want of control over a thing. From ά-παίδευτος, ον, (α privat., παιδεύω) uneducated, ignorant, boorish. Adv. ἀπαιδεύτως ἔχειν to be boorish.

aπaιδία, ή, (aπais) childlessness.

άπ-αιθριάζω, f. άσω, (άπό, alθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

άπ-αίνυμαι, Ερ. άπο-αίνυμαι, Dep. (άπό, αἴνυμαι) —to take away, withdraw: pluck off.

άπαίνῦτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαιολάω, to cheat: to perplex, confound. From ἀπ-αιόλη, ή, (ἀπό, alόλοs) cheating, duping, any means of cheating.

άπαιόλημα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick.

άπαιρεθέω, Ion. for ἀφαιρεθῶ, 201. I subj. pass. of ἀφαιρέω.

άπ-αιρέω, Ion. for άφ-αιρέω.

άπ-αίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπ-αείρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκου: fut. ἀπὰρῶ: aor. I ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρκα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away.

II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονὸε to depart from the land.

**α-παις**, απαιδος, ό, ἡ, (a privat., παις) childless: c. gen., απαις ερσενος γόνου without male beirs.

άπ-αΐσσω, Att. -ἀσσω, f. fω: Att. aor. 1 ἀπῆfα:
—to rush down: generally, to dart away.

άπ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand back, or simply to demand of one:—Pass. to bave a thing demanded of one. Hence

άπαίτησιε, εωε, ή, a demanding back, demand. ἀπ-αιτίζω, f. ίσω, = ἀπαιτέω, to demand back.

άπ-αιωρίω, f. ήσω, to make to bang down, suspend:
-Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to bang down from, bover about.

άπ-ακριβόομαι, pf. άπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (άπό, άκριβήs):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pf. pass. part. άπηκριβωμένος, highly wrought or finished.

ά-πάλαιστος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίω) not thrown in

wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

å-πάλαιστρος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίστρα) not trained in the palaestra, awkward.

II. not customary on the palaestra.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. 201. 2 ind. 2nd opt. of ἀπαλέξω, but formed by redupl. from \*ἀπάλκω:— Ep. inf ἀπαλαλκέμεν.

ά-πάλαμνος, ον, = ἀπάλαμος, belpless, silly.

unmanageable, lawless.

d-πάλάμος, ον, (a privat., πάλάμη) without hands or without the use of them: helpless, lazy.

Which cannot be helped, unmanageable.

άπ-αλάομαι, Pass. to go astray, wander.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -αλγέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\phi}, \dot{\alpha}\lambda\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling.

 $d\pi$ -αλείφω, f.  $\psi_{\omega}$ : pf.  $d\pi$ -αλήλζφα:—to wipe off,

expunge, esp. from a register.

ἀπ-αλέξω, fut -αλεξήσω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers; ἀπαλέξειν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers et gen. rei, to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινὰ κακύτητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. to defend oneself against.

ἀπ-ἄληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth. ἀπ-αλθέομαι, f. ήσομαι : Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) to heal

thoroughly.

ἀπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, release, riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a divorce. III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape departure

ἀπ-αλλαξείω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, to wish to be rid of.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ή, = ἀπαλλαγή.

άπ-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -ἡλλαξα· pf.-ἡλλάχα:—to set free, release, rid of a thing. 2 to put away from, remove from: also to get rid of. II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e g. εὖ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν: to go away, debart.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάτομαι, ἀπηλλατάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπηλλάχθην οι aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀπήλ-

λαγμαι:-to be set free, released from a thing, get | rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλώε, άζημιος ἀπαλλαχθηναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθηναι, like Lat. e pueris excedere, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπ-αλλοτριόω, f. ώσω: pf. -ηλλοτρίωκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριοε):-to estrange.

ἀπ-ἄλοάω, poet. -αλοιάω, f. ήσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

άπαλό-θριξ, τρῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft bair. 'AΠΑ'ΛΟ'Σ, ή, ον, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle : delicate Hence

åπαλότης, ητος, ή, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλο-τρεφής, ές, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump. ἀπαλό-φρων, ον, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-learted.

ἀπαλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, -χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χροόs) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., άπαλόχροοs, dat. -χροϊ, etc.

άπαλύνω, f. υνω, (άπαλόs) to soften.

ἀπ-αμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

åπ-aμάω, f. ήσω, to cut off.

άπ-αμβλύνω, f. ὔνω:-Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμμαι. Το blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

άπαμβροτείν, inf. aor. 2 of άφαμαρτάνω.

άπ-άμείβομαι, f. -αμείψομαι: αοτ. Ι -ημείφθην: Dep.:  $(d\pi \dot{o}, d\mu \epsilon i\beta \omega)$  —to reply to, answer.

άπ-αμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

άπ-αμελέω, f. ήσω, to neglect utterly.

άπαμμένος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀφάπτω.

άπ-αμπλακίσκω, f. ήσω: 201. 2 άπήμπλακον, inf.

ἀπαμπλακείν: = ἀφαμαρτάνω.

άπ-ἄμύνω, fut. ἔνῶ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse: -Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

άπ-αναίνομαι, 201. Ι άπηνηνάμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

άπ-avalσχυντίω, f. ήσω, to be utterly shameless: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπ-αναλίσκω, fut. -αναλώσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:---to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπανάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

άπ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρόs father or ancestors. gen. of aνηρ):—to become a man.

άπ-άνευθε and -θεν, strengthd. for ἄνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

άπ-ανήνασθαι, 201. 1 med. inf. of άπαναίνομαι.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\alpha\nu\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : pf.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\eta}\nu\theta\eta\kappa\alpha$ :— to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

aπάνθησις, εως, ή, a fading, withering.

am-avθίζω, f. ίσω, (aπό, aνθοε) to pluck off flowers. metaph., ματαίαν γλωσσαν άπανθίζειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please. άπ-ανθρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

άπ-ανθρακίς, ίδος, ή, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for II. a cake baked on coals.

άπ-ανθρακόω, f. ώσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπανθρωπία, ή, inbumanity. From

åπ-άνθρωπος, ον, far from man, inbuman, sa-II. unsocial: of countries, uninbabited. vage. άπ-ανίστημι, fut. -αναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι,

with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

άπανταχόθι, Adv. = άπανταχοῦ. άπαντάχοῦ, Adv. (ἄπαε) everywhere.

άπ-αντάω, Att. impf. ἀπήντων: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: 201. Ι ἀπήντησα: pf. ἀπήντηκα:--to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe; hence to 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. of things, to bappen, come upon one: also to turn out 4. to go or come to, arrive or be well, prosper. present at: also to bave recourse to a thing.

άπάντη, Adv. (άπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

åπ-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

άπάντησις, εως, ή, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

άπ-αντικρύ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντικρύ) right opposite.

άπ-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

άπ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\pi - \dot{\mathbf{a}}\nu + \mathbf{a}\nu + \dot{\mathbf{a}}\omega$ .

άπ-ανύω, f. ύσω [ŭ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανύειν [sub. ὁδύν] to finish a journey.

"ANAE, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. semel. II. without any notion of number, after ἐπεί, ώs, etc., like Lat. ut semel; ώs ἄπαξ ήρξατο when once he began.

άπαξ-άπας, ασα, αν, mostly in plur. all at once, all

together: in sing. every one.

åπαξ-απλώs, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

άπ-αξία, ή, (ἀπό, άξιος) unworthiness.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\dot{a}\xi$ ios,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{o}$ ,  $\tilde{a}\xi$ ios) =  $\dot{a}\nu\dot{a}\xi$ ios, unworthy of. åπ-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. dedignari.

ἀπάορος, ον, Dor. for ἀπήορος.

a-παππος, ον, (a privat., πάππος) with no grand-

άπ-άπτω. Ion. for άφ-άπτω.

ά-παράβάτος, ον, (a privat., παραβαίνω) not trans-II. act. not passing over to another not passing away, unchangeable.

άπ-αραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of αφ-αιρέω. ά-παραίτητος, ον, (a privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers : not to be begged off, inevitable. orable: Adv. - Tws, inexorably.

ά-παρακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., παρακαλύπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τωε, undisguisedly. [κα]

ά-παράκλητος, ον. (α privat., παρακαλέω) unsummoned, without being called upon.

**ά-παράλλακτος**, ον, (α privat., παραλλάσσω) unchangeable.

ά-παραλόγιστος, ον, (α privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ά-παραμύθητος, ον, (a privat., παραμυθέομαι) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also inconso-II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [v] lable.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -παράμῦθος, ον, =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ παραμύθητος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. āπαρα-, like αθά-

ἀπαρου, aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω. απάραξα, Ep. aor. I of απαράσσω.

ά-παρασκεύαστος, ον, (α privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq. ά-παράσκευος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευή) witbout preparation, unprepared.

άπ-**ἄράσσω**, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. 1 ἀπήραξα: to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

άπ-αργμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

άπ-ἄρέσκω, f. -αρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to. 2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νεμεσητὸν βασιληα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

άπαρέσσασθαι, Ep. aor. 1 med. inf. of άπαρέσκω. ά-παρθένευτος, ον, (a privat., παρθενεύω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πάρθενος, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid; νύμφην ἄνυμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπάρθενον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

 $\delta \pi - \delta \rho = \theta \mu \in \omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to count over: to reckon II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπαρίθμησις, εως, ή, a counting over.

άπ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to suffice, be sufficient.

intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

άπ-αρνέομαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. άπηρνήθην: Dep.:-to deny utterly, deny:-fut. ἀπαρνηθήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied.

απ-apvos, ον, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; απαρνόε έστι μη νοσέειν be denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἄπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. pass. denied, refused.

άπ-αρτάω, f. ήσω: Pass., pf. - ήρτημαι: - properly, to bang from: to bang, strangle. II. to take away and bang up: - Pass. to be in suspense. to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. ξαυτόν), to remove oneself, go away.

άπ-αρτί, (ἀπό, ἄρτιο:) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the con-III. of time, = ἀπὸ ἀρτί, for ἀπὸ τοῦ trary. vûv, from now, from this time: - just now, even

άπ-αρτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to get ready, complete :-Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

II. of persons, not to be entreated, inex- | ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.

άπαρτισμός, δ, (άπαρτίζω) completion.

άπ-ἄρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. ἀπ-ἄρύω, f. ύσω [v], to draw off, skim off.

άπ-αρχή, ή, mostly used in plur. άπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

άπ-άρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings of first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\dot{\alpha}\rho\chi\omega$ , f.  $\xi\omega$ , to lead the way.

α-πας, άπασα, άπαν, (άμα, πας) strengthd. for πας, quite all, all together: ἐν ἄπασι and εἰs ἄπαντα, entirely:-in Att. also like mas in the sense of every one, Lat unusquisque.

aπ-aσπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

άπαστία, ή, a fasting, fast. From

ά-παστος, ον, (a privat., πάομαι) not having tasted. άπ-ασχολέομαι, Dep. to bave no lessure.

ἀπατάω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἢπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ἡπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπατέω, Ion. for ἀπατάω.

ἀπάτεών, ωνος, ὁ, a cheat, rogue. From

'AΠA'TH, ή, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war. Hence

ἀπατήλιοs, ov. deceitful, wily.

 $\dot{a}\pi \ddot{a}\tau \eta \lambda \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi a\tau \dot{\eta}\lambda \iota os$ .

ἀπάτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ή, όν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

ά-πάτητος, ον, (a privat., πάτεω) untrodden.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $a\tau$  $i\mu\dot{a}\dot{b}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{a}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi a\tau i\mu\dot{a}\omega$ .

ἀπ-ατιμάω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for ἀτιμάω, to dis-

bonour greatly.

II.

'Απατούρια, ων, τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φρατρία, with a euphon.)

ά-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (a privat., πάτηρ) fatherless,

orphan: disowned by the father.

åπ-avyάζω, f. σω, to beam with light. Hence άπαύγασμα, ατος, τό, a reflection.

άπ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπαυδῶ τινα μή ποιείν I forbid his doing. III. to decline. renounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting sink; ἀπαυδαν κόπφ to faint with toil.

άπ-αυθαδίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: Dep. to speak or act

boldly, speak out,

ἐπαυρεῖ, etc.)

άπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ίσω, Att. ζω, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

άπ-αυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπηύρων, ἀπηύραs, ἀπηύρα, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούραs, ἀπουράμενος: (αὐράω the simple verb is not found). - to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι. II. to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπηύρα, etc., should be altered into

**α-παυστος**, ον, (α privat., παύω) not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never ceasing from.

άπ-αύτικα, Adv. forthwith, on the spot.

άπ-αυτομολέω, f. ήσω, to go of one's own accord,

ἀπαφίσκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ήπαφον, part άπαφών: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense: —like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile.

άπ-άχθομαι, Dep. to be bateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

ἀπέβαλον, 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, 201. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

άπέβλισα, aor. I of άποβλίττω.

ἀπεδανός, όν, Dor. for ήπεδανός.

ά-πέδιλος, ον, (a privat., πέδιλον) unshod, barefoot.  $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πεδος, ον, (a copul., πέδον) even, level, flat.

ἀπεδρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπ-έδω, see ἀπ-εσθίω.

απέησιν, Ep. for  $\alpha \pi \hat{\eta}$ , 3 sing. pres. subj. of  $\alpha \pi \epsilon i \mu i$ (εlμί sum).

άπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing, indic. of ἀπείπον.

άπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of άποέργω.

άπέθανον, 201. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.

άπ-είδον, inf. ἀπίδειν, 201. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor, to ἀφοράω:—to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at.

ἀπείθεια, ή, (ἀπειθήs) disobedience.

άπειθέω, f. ήσω, (άπειθήs) to refuse compliance, to be disobedient.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\epsilon l\theta \eta$ ,  $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\epsilon l\theta \eta \sigma a \nu$ , Ion. for  $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\epsilon i\theta \eta$ ,  $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\epsilon i\theta \eta \sigma a \nu$ , 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφίημι.

ά-πειθής, ές, (a privat., πείθομαι) disobedient: of ships, unmanageable. II.  $(\pi \epsilon i\theta \omega)$  act. not persuading.

άπ-εικάζω, f. άσω, to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to. ώs ἀπεικάσαι, to conjecture, Lat. ut licet conjicere.

άπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκών) to represent or portray in a statue.

άπεικότως, άπ-εικώς, see άπεοικώς.

άπειλείω, Ep. for άπειλέω, to threaten.

άπ-ειλέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, είλέω) to press bard: Pass., απειροε.

towards; ἀπαυδαν φίλφ, to fail a friend: also to faint, | ἀπειληθείε ε ε ἀπορίην, ε ε ἀναγκαίην driven into great straits.

> ἀπειλέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπειλή) to threaten, Lat. minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari. III. to assure, promise, vow:-Pass. to be terrified by threats.

άπειλή, ή, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, threats; also boasts, braggart words; in sing. a threatening. (Deriv. uncertain.) [a]

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -ειληθείs, aor. I pass. part. of  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ -ειλέω ( $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\phi}$ , είλέω).

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\mu a$ ,  $a\tau os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}_{i}=\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\dot{\eta}$ .

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\epsilon i\lambda\eta\mu\dot{\epsilon}\nu\sigma$ , pf. part. pass. of  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\epsilon i\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega(\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\sigma},\epsilon\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$ . άπ-είλημμαι, perf. pass. of άπολαμβάνω.

άπειλήτην, Ep. for  $i_1$ πειλείτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}\rho$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλητήριοs, a, ov, threatening, menacing.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $=\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}\rho$ .

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\tau i\kappa \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon i\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\eta}\rho ios$ .

ἀπείληφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

άπ-ειμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμί sum) to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπην, Ep. ἀπέην, 3 pl. άπεσαν, and Ep. fut. απέσσομαι.

 $\mathring{a}\pi$ -ειμι,  $(\mathring{a}\pi\acute{o}, \epsilon l\mu\iota ibo)$  to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἄπιθι, part. ἀπιών.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\iota\pi\dot{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon v$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\iota\pi\dot{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\nu$ , v. sq.

ἀπ-είπον, inf. ἀπειπείν, Ερ. ἀποειπείν: also aor. 1 ἄπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφημι, ἀπαγορεύω:—to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid, foll. by  $\mu\dot{\eta}$  with inf.;  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\epsilon\hat{\iota}\pi\sigma\nu$   $\alpha\dot{\nu}\tau\dot{\rho}\nu$   $\mu\dot{\eta}$   $\pi\sigma\iota\epsilon\hat{\iota}\nu$  Iforbade him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a forbidden III. to renounce, disown, give up; ἀπείπασ- $\theta$ aι τὸν υἱόν to disown his son; ἀπειπεῖν ὅψιν to avert a vision by offerings. IV. to deny, refuse. intrans. to give up, be worn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοιs to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι to be bankrupt: -c. part., απ. καθήμενοs to be tired of sitting.

ά-πείραντος, ον, (a privat., πέρας) endless, boundless. ά-πείραστος, ον, (a privat., πειράζω) inexperienced. ά-πείρατος, ον, (a privat., πειράομαι) Dor. for απείρητοs, untried.

ἀπ-είργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-έργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of  $d\pi \epsilon i \rho \gamma \omega$ .

άπ-είργω, in Herodotus mostly άπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-έργω: f. ξω: 20r. I ἀπείρξα: poet. 20r. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ερ. ἀποέργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ερ. dπέργμαι:—to keep away or sbut out from: pari from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, απεργμένοs, sbut out from its old course. part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc. III. to shut up, confine.

d-πειρέσιος, a, ov, and os, ov, lengthd. form for II. boundless, endless, countless.

άπ-είρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπείπον.

άπ-είρημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπείπον.

d-πείρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

**ἀπειρία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἀπειρο**s** 1, πείρα) opp. to  $\dot{\epsilon}$ μπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρο**s** 11, πέρα**s**)

infinity.

ά-πείρίτος, ον, Ερ. for ἀπειρέσιος.

ἀπειρό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἄπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρό-δροσος, ον, (ἄπειρος, δρύσος) unbedewed. ἀπειρό-κάκος, ον, (άπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. Il. unused to evil. ἀπειροκάλία, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of

taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

άπειρό-κάλος, ον, (ἄπειρος, καλός) without taste,

coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λωs. ἀπειρο-λεχής, ές, (ἄπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

άπειρο-μάχης, ου, Dor.-μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἄπειρος, μάχη)

untried in battle. [a]

α-πειρος, ον, I. (a privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant II. (a privat., πείρας, πέρας) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πειροσύνη,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ πειρία, inexperience.

άπειρό-τοκος, ον, (ἄπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ά-πείρων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πείραρ, Ep. for πέραs) = ἄπειρος 11, boundless, endless, countless. II. (a privat., πείρα) = ἄπειρος 1, inexperienced.

åπ-είs, Ion. for ἀφ-είs, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.

άπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

άπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, Dep. to expect.

άπ-εκδύνω or -δύω, f. δύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to strip clothes off from another.

II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ : 201. 2 act. ἀπεξέδῦν, perf. ἀπεκδέδῦκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπέκδυσις, εως, ή, a putting off the clothes. ἀπέκιξε, a Dor. aor. 1 (as if from \*ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέ-

άπέκιξε, a Dor. aor. 1 (as if from \*ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέ βαλε, be lost.

άπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely: — Ερ. aor. 2 med. imperat. dπεκλελάθεσθε θάμβεοs forget entirely your surprise.

άπεκλελάθεσθε, v. foreg.

άπ-εκρέμασα, 201. 1 ος άποκρεμάννυμι.

άπ-έκτανον, aor. 2 of άποκτείνω

άπ-έκτάτο, pf. pass. plapf. of άποκτείνω.

ά-πέκτητος, ον, (a privat., πεκτέω) uncombed, unkempt.

άπ-ελαύνω, fut. ἀπελάσω, Att. ἀπελώ: pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀπηλάθην [ἄ]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -ἄμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπελάω: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπήλαον:—to drive αιναγ,

expel. II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

άπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, δ, ill repute. From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. έγξω, to refute thoroughly.

ά-πέλεθρος, ον, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπέλειψα, 20τ. 1 ος ἀπολείβω, not ος ἀπολείπω. ἀπελέσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, lon. for ἀφελ-, 20τ. 2 med. inf. and part. ος ἀφαιρέω.

ἀπελευθερία, ή, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement

of a slave.

άπελευθερικός, ή, όν, in the condition of a freedman. From άπ-ελεύθερος, δ, an emancipated slave, a freedman,

Lat. libertus, libertinus. Hence

άπ-ελευθερόω, f. ώσω, to set free, emancipate.

ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω. ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέργομαι.

άπελθείν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

άπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλκω

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

άπ-ελπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to drive to despair. = ἐλπίζειν ἀπό τινος to hope from one.

 $\dot{a}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\lambda$ ου, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of  $\dot{a}\pi$ ολούω (formed from  $\dot{a}\pi$ ολόω).

άπ-εμέω, f. έσω, to spit up, throw out.

άπεμνήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. 1 med. of ἀπομμνήσκω. ἀπεμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἀπομόργνυμι.

άπ-εμπολάω, f. ήσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

άπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπό, ἔναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

 $d\pi$ -evartior,  $Adv. = d\pi \acute{e} \nu a \nu \tau \iota$ .

ἀπ-ενὰρίζω, f. ίξω, to despoil one of his arms. ἀπενάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of ἀποναίω.

απενάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 1 med. or αποναίω ἀπενέγκασθαι, 20r. 1 med. inf. of ἀποφέρω.

ἀπένεικα, Ερ. for ἀπήνεικα οτ ἀπήνεγκα, 201. Ι οί ἀπο-φέρω: 201. 1 pass. inf. ἀπενειχθηναι.

άπ-ενέπω, ν. άπ-εννέπω.

ά-πενθής, ές, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief. ά-πένθητος, ον, (a privat., πενθέω) not subject to grief. άπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ήσω, οι άπ-ενιαυτίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό, ένιαυτός) to go into banishment for a year.

άπ-εννέπω, to forbid; ἀπεννέπω σε μή ποιεῖν I forbid thee to do.

II. to order away from; ἀπεννέπειν τινὰ θαλάμων.

πειν τινα υαλαμών

άπ-έξ, ν. άπέκ.

ἀπεοικώς, Att. ἀπεικώς, υῖα, όε, perf. part. of ἀπέοικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικότωε.

ά-πέπειρος, ον, (α privat., πέπειρος) not ripe. άπεπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπέπλευσα, 201. Ι of ἀποπλέω.

α-πεπλος, ον, (α privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

 $d\pi$ - $\epsilon\pi\lambda\epsilon\nu\sigma\epsilon$ , 3 sing. 20r. 1 act. of  $d\pi\sigma\lambda\epsilon\omega$ .

άπέπνευσα, aor. ι of άπο-πνέω.

άπεπτάμην, 201. 2 of άποπέτομαι.

ά-πεπτος, ον, (α privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) uncooked, undigested.

 $\delta \pi \epsilon \rho$ , neut. pl. of  $\delta \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho$ , q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. =  $\tilde{\omega}\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$ , as, so as.

ά-πέραντος, ον, (a privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.

άπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι : pf. ἀπείργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:-to work off, finish off; pf. part. ἀπειργασμένος, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence

άπεργασία, ή, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\rho\gamma\omega$ , ion. for  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\dot{i}\rho\gamma\omega$ .

απ-έρδω, f ξω, to bring to an end, finish.

 $\dot{a}\pi$ -epel8 $\omega$ , to fix firmly:—Med., fut.  $\dot{a}\pi$ epel $\sigma$ o $\mu$ ai. aor. ἀπερεισάμην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρεισμαι:-- to fix oneself fast upon, 1. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon p\epsilon i\sigma \cos$ , ov, poet., =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon ip\epsilon \sigma ios$ : in phrase  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon$ ρείσια ἄποινα, a countless ransom.

άπ-ερημόω, f. ώσω, to make utterly desolate.

ά-περιλάλητος, ον, (a privat., περιλαλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [ă]

ά-περίληπτος, ον, (a privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.

ά-περιμέριμνος, ον, (α privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -vws, carelessly

ά-περίοπτος, ον, (a privat., περιόψομαι) unregarding, reckless of.

ά-περίσκεπτος, ον, (a privat., περισκέπτομαι) in-

considerate, thoughtless, heedless. Adv. - Tws. ά-περίσπαστος, ον, (a privat., περισπάω) undis-

tracted. Adv. - ros, without distraction. ά-πέρισσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., περισσός) without superfluity, simple

ά-περίστατος, ον, (a privat., περιίσταμαι) defenceless. ά-περίτμητος, ον, (α privat., περιτέμνω) uncir-

ά-περίτροπος, ον, (α privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not beeding.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\rho\rho\dot{\eta}\theta\eta\nu$ , act. I pass. of  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ .

cumcised.

άπερρίγασι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of άπορριγέω. [1]

άπ-έρρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. άπερρε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malam rem.

άπ-ερυθριάω, fut. άσω [ā], to put away blushes, be past blushing.

ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away: - Med. to abstain, desist. [5]

åπ-ερύω, f. ύσω [v], to tear off from.

άπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 - ήλθον, - ήλθον: | like δι' όργης ελθείν, etc.

ἀπ-έπλω, shortd. for ἀπ-έπλωσε, which is Ion. for | pf. -ελήλυθα: - to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι els.., to go from one place to another.

> άπ-ερώ, Ion. ἀπερέω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπείρηκα: fut. med. ἀπεροῦμαι: aor. τ pass. ἀπερρή- $\theta \eta \nu$ : (see  $d\pi \epsilon i \pi o \nu$ ):—to speak plainly out. to forbid; ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν I forbid thee to III. to renounce, disown.

IV. to deny, refuse. V. intr. to give up, sink, fail : see in ἀπείπον.

aπερωεύς, έως, δ, one who thwarts. From

άπ-ερωέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from.

άπ-ερωή, ή, a drawing back. II. a bindrance. άπερωήσειας, 2 sing. aor. I opt. of άπερωέω.

άπ-έρωτος, ον, (ἀπό, έρως) unloving.

απες, Ion. for αφες, aor. 2 imperat. of αφίημι. άπ-εσθίω, f. άπέδομαι: pf. άπεδήδοκα: aot. I pass.

ἀπηδέσθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.

άπ-εσκέδασα, aor. 1 of άποσκεδάννυμι. άπ-εσσείται, for άπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of άπειμι. άπ-έσσουα, Lacon. for άπεσσύη, aor. 2 pass of άποσεύω, be is gone, i. c. is dead.

άπ-εσσύμην, Ep. 201. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω.

άπ-έστην, aor. 2 of αφίστημι.

άπεστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of άποστρέφω. άπ-εστώ, οῦς, ἡ, (ἄπειμι abibo) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὐεστώ.

ά-πέτηλος, ον, (α privat., πέτηλον) leafless.

άπέτραπον, 201. 2 οf άποτρέπω.

ά-πευθής, ές, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. II act, not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.

άπ-ευθύνω [v], f. vwû, to make straight again: 10 set up again: metaph, to restore: to guide, rule. χέρας δεσμοίς απευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.

ἀπευκτός, όν, (ἀπεύχομαι) to be deprecated, abo

άπ-ευνάζω, f. άσω, to lull to sleep.

 $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\dot{v}\chi\epsilon\tau\sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon v\kappa\tau\dot{\sigma}s$ . From

άπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.

άπ-έφθίθον, Ep. 201. 2 of άποφθίνω.

ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.

 $\delta \pi$ - $\epsilon \phi \theta o s$ , ov, for  $\delta \phi \epsilon \phi \theta o s$ ,  $(\delta \phi - \delta \psi \omega)$  boiled down, refined; aπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum re-

 $\delta\pi$ -ex $\theta$ aip $\omega$ , f. - $\delta$ p $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\delta\pi\eta\chi\theta\eta$ pa:—to bate II. to make utterly bateful. utterly.

άπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 άπηχθύμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be bated: to incur batred or odium, also to be roused to batred; ούτε τί μοι παι δήμοι απεχθόμενοι χαλεπαίνει nor does all the people being roused to bate against me distress me. II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause batred; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that cause batred:

c. dat. pers. to be or become bateful to one.  $d\pi \epsilon \chi \theta \epsilon \iota a$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $(d\pi \epsilon \chi \theta \eta s)$  enmity, batred; in plur. en-

mities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὶ ἐλθεῖν to be hated by him,

ἀπ-ίημι, Ion. for ἀφίημι.

a-πίθανος, ov, not winning belief, incredible, un-

82 ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) that which is bated, the object of bate.  $\dot{a}$ π-εχθής, έε, ( $\dot{a}$ πό, έχθος) bateful, bostile. άπ-έχθομαι, like άπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἔχθος): — to be bated or bateful.  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\chi\theta\hat{\omega}s$ , Adv. of  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\chi\theta\hat{\eta}s$ ;  $\dot{a}\pi$ .  $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon\iota\nu$  to be at enmity.  $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ , f.  $\dot{a}\phi\dot{\epsilon}\xi\omega$  and  $\dot{a}\pi\sigma\sigma\chi\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : aor. 2  $\dot{a}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\chi\sigma\nu$ : -to bold off, keep off, away from: to part:-Med., ἀπέχεσθαι χειράς τινος to bold one's hands off him: but  $d\pi \epsilon \chi \epsilon \sigma \theta a \iota$  absol. to bold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from. II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci: τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν άπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing. III. to bave in full; ἀπέχειν μισθύν to bave a full reward.  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\psi\omega$ , Ion. for  $\dot{\alpha}\phi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\psi\omega$ .  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\omega\sigma a$ , aor. I of  $\dot{a}\pi\omega\theta\epsilon\omega$ .  $\dot{a}\pi$ -ηγέομαι,  $\dot{a}\pi$ -ήγημα,  $\dot{a}\pi$ -ήγησις, Ion. for  $\dot{a}\phi$ -ηγ-. άπ-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain off, filter. άπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαύνω. άπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from \*άπηλεγής, ές, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγέως ἀποειπείν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly. άπηλθον, aor. 2 of άπέρχομαι. άπ-ηλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἡλιαία) one who keeps away from the 'Hλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ηλιοs, not fond of basking in the sun.  $d\pi$ - $\eta\lambda\iota\xi$ , Ion. for  $d\phi$ - $\eta\lambda\iota\xi$ .  $\dot{a}\pi$ -ηλιώτης (sub.  $\dot{a}\nu\epsilon\mu\sigma$ s),  $\sigma$ 0,  $\dot{\phi}$ 0,  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{\phi}, \ddot{\eta}\lambda\iota\sigma s)$  the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -πήμαντος, ον, ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat., πημαίνω) unbarmed, without misery. άπ-ήμβροτον, Ep. for άφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of άφαμαρτάνω.  $\dot{a}\pi$ - $\hat{\eta}\mu\epsilon\nu$ , I pl. impf. of  $\ddot{a}\pi\epsilon\iota\mu\iota$  ( $\epsilon\dot{\iota}\mu\dot{\iota}$ , sum). ἀπημοσύνη, ή, (ἀπήμων) freedom from barm, safety.  $\dot{a}$ πημπόλα, 3 sing. impf. of  $\dot{a}$ πεμπολάω. **ά-πήμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πημα) unbarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing no barm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious. ἀπήνεια, ή, (ἀπηνήε) barsbness, roughness. άπήνη, ή, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. like ζεῦγοε, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.) άπηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of απαναίνομαι. άπ-ηνήs, έs, barsb, rough. See προσ-ηνήs. άπηνθον, Dor. for ἀπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι άπ-ήορος, Dor. and Att. άπ-άορος, Ep. άπ-ήωρος,

ον, (ἀπό, ἀείρω) bovering on high, Lat. suspensus. **α-πηρος**, ον, (a privat., πήρα) without a scrip.

άπηύρων, -ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of dπαυράω.

άπήχθετο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

άπ-ηχής, έε, (ἀπό, ήχος) discordant, noisy.

άπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

(a privat., πηρόε) unmaimed.

άπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήορος.

άπία γη, ν. άπιοε.

II. not persuasive. [t] άπιθέω, Ep. aor. Ι άπίθησα, poet, for άπειθέω. From  $\dot{a}$ - $\pi \dot{t}\theta \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ , poet. for  $\dot{a}$ - $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \iota \theta \dot{\eta} s$ . ἀπιθυντήρ, ήροs, δ, a restorer. From  $\dot{a}\pi - i\theta \dot{v}v\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\pi - \epsilon v\theta \dot{v}v\omega$ . ἀπ-ικνέομαι, ἀπ-ικόμην, Ion. for ἀφικ-. ά-πινύσσω, (a privat., πινυτός) to be without one's wits, to be senseless. aπιξις, Ion, for aφιξις. άπιον, τό, (άπιος) a pear, Lat. pirum. "AΠΙΟΣ, ή, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus. άπιος, η, ον, (ἀπό) far away, far off, far, έξ ἀπίης II. "Aπιος, a, ov, Apian, i. e. Peloγαίης Ηοιιι. ponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence 'Aπία  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , or 'Aπία alone, the Peloponnese: also 'Aπίs, ίδοs, ή. [The former sense has a, the latter a. åπ-ιπόω, f. ώσω, to squeeze out. άπ-ἴσόω, f. ώσω, to make equal or even. ἀπιστέω, f. ήσω. pf. ηπίστηκα: (ἄπιστος):-to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:-Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be dis-II. =  $\dot{a}\pi\epsilon\iota\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to disobey. ἀπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ίστημι. άπιστία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἀπιστέω) disbelief, distrust; πολλάs ἀπιστίαs έχει the thing admits of many II. want of faith, unbelief: faitblessness. doubts. **α-πιστος**, ον, (α privat., πιστός): I. pass. not 1. of persons, faitbless. to be trusted, and so, of things, not credible, beyond belief. II. act. not believing or trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeying.  $\dot{a}\pi \iota \sigma \tau \circ \sigma \dot{v} v \eta_{,} = \dot{a}\pi \iota \sigma \tau \dot{a}$ . άπίστως, Adv. of απιστος: I. act. suspi-II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly. ciously. άπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. τουμαι: Dep.:—to oppose or resist stoutly. άπ-ίσχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away. άπ-ἴτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄπειμι, one must go away. άπλακέω, άπλακία, etc., see άμπλακέω, etc. ά-πλανής, ές, (a privat., πλανάομαι) not wandering : fixed. **α-πλαστος**, ον, (α privat., πλάσσω) not moulded: hence genuine, sincere. (α privat., πελάζω) shortened for ἀπελάστοs, unapproachable, terrible. ά-πλατος, Ion. ά-πλητος, ον, (a privat., πελάω, poet. for  $\pi \in \lambda \dot{\alpha}(\omega)$  shortened for  $\dot{\alpha}\pi \dot{\epsilon}\lambda \ddot{\alpha}\tau os$ , unapproacbable, terrible. ά-πλεκτος, ον, (a privat., πλέκω) unplaited. α-πλετος, ον, collat. form of απλάτος or of απληστοs, only used in the sense of immense, extraordinary. **α-πλευστος**, ον, (α privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \omega$ ) not navigable, not navigated. ά-πληκτος, ον, (a privat., πλήσσω) unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.

άπληστία, ή, insatiate desire. From

**ἄ-πληστος**, ον, (α privat., πίμπλημι) not to be filled, insatiate: c. gen., ἄπλ. αίματος insatiate of blood. ἄπλοια, Ion. ἀπλοΐη, ή, (ἄπλουε) difficulty of sail-

ing, from stress of weather.

άπλοίζομαι, Dep. (άπλόος) to deal openly or frankly. åπλοίs, ίδοs, ή, (άπλόοs) a single garment.

 $\delta\pi\lambda\delta\sigma$ ,  $\delta\eta$ ,  $\delta\sigma\nu$ , contr.  $\delta\pi\lambda\sigma\tilde{\upsilon}$ s,  $\tilde{\eta}$ ,  $\sigma\tilde{\upsilon}\nu$ , Lat. simplex, one fold, (opp. to διπλόοs, Lat. duplex, two fold), II. single-minded, simple, and that either (in good sense) frank, open, sincere; or (in bad III. simple, opp. to compound: sense) silly. hence, absolute, sheer. (Derived from aua, all in one way, as is Lat. simplex from simul.)

 $\mathbf{d}$ -πλοος,  $o\nu$ , contr.  $\mathbf{d}$ -πλους,  $o\nu\nu$ , ( $\alpha$  privat.,  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\omega$ ) 1. of ships, unfit for sea, not seawor-2. of men, never baving been at sea. tby. pass., of the sea, closed to navigation.

 $\dot{a}\pi\lambda \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , poet. for  $\dot{a}\pi\lambda \dot{o}os$ ,  $\dot{a}\pi\lambda o\hat{v}s$ .

άπλότης, ητος, ή, (άπλόος) like Lat. simplicitas, simplicity, plainness, frankness.

 $\delta\pi\lambda o \hat{v}s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $o \hat{v}v$ , contr. for  $\delta\pi\lambda \delta o s$ .

 $\tilde{a}$ - $\pi\lambda o u s$ ,  $o u \nu$ , contr. for  $\tilde{a}$ - $\pi\lambda o o s$ .

ά-πλουτος, ον, (a privat., πλοῦτος) without riches. åπλωs. Adv. of åπλουs, Lat. simpliciter, simply, plainly: absolutely. II. in a word, Lat. denique. **α-πνευστος**, ον, (a privat., πνεύσομαι fut. of πνέω) without breath, breathless: hence lifeless.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -πνοος, ον, contr.  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -πνους, ουν, (a privat., πνέω) II. without breath, lifeless. without wind, calm.

'A $\Pi$ O', Prep. with Gen. only, = Lat. AB, ABS, whether place, time, or any object be denoted: of Place, implying motion from, away from: also down from. 2. without motion implied, far from, at a distance from. II. later of Time, from, after, since; ἀπὸ δείπνου γενέσθαι to have done sup-III. of Origin of all kinds, as, 1. of per. descent, birth; οὐκ ἀπὸ δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπὸ πέτρης not sprung from oak or rock; ἀπὸ Σπάρτης of Sparta by 2. of the means or instrument; ἀπὸ βιοίο  $\pi \epsilon \phi \nu \epsilon \nu$  with arrow from his bow. 3. of the cause or occasion; ἀπὸ δικαιοσύνης by reason of. the material of which a thing is made; ἀπὸ ξύλου πεποιημένα made of wood.

As Advers, without case, far away: but almost

always with verbs in tmesi.

In Compos., from, asunder, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence away from, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. ceasing from, as in ἀπαλγέω: and hence, finishing, completing, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. back again, as in άπο-4. by way of abuse, as in ἀποκαλέω. δίδωμι. almost = a priv., as in ἀπαυδάω, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόσιτοs.

 $d\pi o$ , anastroph. for  $d\pi o$ , when it follows its noun. ἀπο-αίνυμαι, poet. for ἀπ-αίνυμαι, to take away.

άπο-αιρέομαι, poët. for άφ-αιρέομαι.

άπόβα, Att. for ἀπόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀπο-Βαίνω.

άποβάθρα, ή, steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway. From

 $\dot{a}$ πο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. I  $\dot{a}$ πεβήσετο: aor. 2 ἀπέβην: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—to step off. dismount, alight or disembark from. 2. to go away, II. of events, to issue or result from: depart. absol. to turn out, end or issue in a certain way. Lat. evenire; τὸ ἀπόβαινον the issue, event; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα the results: τὰ ἀποβησόμενα the probable results: also ἀποβαίνειν alone, to turn out well, succeed. 2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., to turn out, prove or be so and so, Lat. evadere: ἀποβαίνειν κοινοί to prove impartial. conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν είς τι to come at last to, end in.

B. Causal, only in aor. I  $d\pi \epsilon \beta \eta \sigma \alpha$ , to make to dismount, disembark, land.

 $\dot{a}\pi o$ - $\beta \dot{a}\lambda \lambda \omega$ , f. - $\beta a\lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $\dot{a}\pi \dot{\epsilon}\beta \ddot{a}\lambda o\nu$ : pf.  $\dot{a}\pi o$ - $\beta \in \beta \lambda \eta \kappa a :$ —to throw off from: c. acc. only, to throw awav. 2. to throw away, reject: also to throw away, sell too cheap. 3. to lose.

άπο-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip entirely.

ἀποβάς, βασα, βάν, 201. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω.

ἀπόβάσις, εως, ή, (ἀποβαίνω) a stepping off, dismounting: a disembarking, landing: also a landingplace.

άποβηναι, 2 or. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω.

άπο-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to force away: 201. I pass. ἀποβιασθηναι in pass. sense, to be forced away. ἀπο-βιβάζω, f. - βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:--Causal of ἀπο-

Baivo, to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land.

dπο-βιβρώσκω, aor. I pass. dπεβρώθην:—to eat off. άπο-βλάπτω, f. ψω, to ruin utterly:—aor. I pass.

ἀποβλαφθηναι, to be robbed of. άπο-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω: 2 or. 2 ἀπέβλαστον:

-to sboot forth from, spring from. άπόβλεπτος, ov, looked at, gazed on by all, hence

admired. From άπο-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon.

ἀπόβλητος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) to be thrown away as worthless.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ίσω: aor. I ἀπέβλἴσα:to cut out the comb from the hive, take the boney: metaph, to steal,

ἀπο-βλύζω, f. σω, to spirt out; ἀποβλύζειν οίνου to spirt or slobber out some wine.

ἀποβολή, η̂s, ή, (ἀποβάλλω) a throwing away, losing, loss.

ἀποβολιμαΐος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) apt to throw away. II. pass. apt to be thrown aside.

άπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. to eat up.

ἀπο-βουκολέω, f. ήσω, to let cattle stray: hence to make to lose. 2. to soothe, beguile.

άπο-βρίζω, f. ξω, to sleep without waking, go sound asleep.

άπο-βρύχω, to bite off from.

άπο-βώμιος, ον, (ἀπό, βωμός) far from an altar, law. godless.

άπό-γαιος οτ άπό-γειος, ον, (άπό,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) from land,

coming off land.

άπο-γεισόω, to make jut out like a coping or cornice. ἀπο-γείω, f. σω, to make another taste of a thing:— Med, to taste of it oneself.

άπο-γεφυρόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.

άπο-γηράσκω, f. άσομαι, to grow ald.

άπο-γίγνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 άπεγενόμην: pf άπογεγένημα: ... to be away from, bave no part in. II. absol. to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: οὶ ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.

άπο-γιγνώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομα: aor. 2 άπέγνω: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not.

2. to despair. II. c. acc. to give up as useless. III. as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.

ἀπόγνοια, ή, (ἀπογιγνώσκω) despair.

ἀπόγονος, ον, (ἀπογίγνομαι) descended or sprung

from: in plur. descendants.

ἀπογραφή, ή, (ἀπογράφω) a copy of an indictment (γραφή), a deposition. II. a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by

a private person.

άπο-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register: — Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use.

II. Att law-term,

I. ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.

άπο-γυιόω, to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to

enfeeble, unnerve.

åπο-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to bring into hard exercise, to ply bard.

ἀπο-γυμνόω, f. ωσω, to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stript bare:—Med. to strip oneself.

άπο-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.

άπο-δακρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to weep much; c. 2cc. to weep much for, lament.

άποδάσμιος, ov, parted off or from. From

άποδασμός, ό, a division, part of a whole. From ἀπο-δατέομαι, f. δάσομαι [ἄ], Ερ. δάσσομαι: 201. I ἀπεδασάμην, Ερ. inf. ἀποδάσσασθαι:—to portion out, apportion.

II. to part off, separate.

ἀπο-δεῖ, Ion. ἀπο-δέει, impers. of ἀποδέω.

ana-derblowout, Dep. to frighten away.

άπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:— Pass., aor. I ἀπεδείχθην: pf. ἀποδέδειγμαι, Ion. -δέδεγμαι: I. to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, I. to bring forward, shew, produce, publish 25 2

law. 2. to appoint or assign; χώρος αποδεδεγμένος an appointed place. 3. to show by argument, prove.

II. to show forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, I. to appoint, name, create.

to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is. 5. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be:

—Med. to show forth something of one's own; amobelfaσθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion; aποδεlfασθαι φρετάς to display high qualities.

ἀπο-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā], to be a coward, sbrink from

danger.

ἀπόδειξιε, Ion. -δεξιε, εωε, ή, (ἀποδείκνυμι) a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration.

II. (from Med.) a display, achievement, performance.

ἀπο-δειπνίδιος, ον, (ἀπό, δείπνον) without supper. ἀπο-δειροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by the neck, be-

ἀπο-δείρω, Ion. for ἀπο-δέρω

άπο-δεκάτόω, f. ώσω, to pay ti'be of. II. to take tithe from, τινά.

άπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for άπο-δέχομαι.

ἀποδεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, one must receive or accept.
ἀποδεκτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a taker from. re-

ceiver.

ἀποδεκτός, όν, (ἀποδέχομαι) acceptable.

ἀποδέξασθαι, 20τ. 1 inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, 20τ. 1 inf. of ἀποδείκυυμι.

απόδεξιε, εωε, ή, Ion. for απόδειξιε

ἀπόδερμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποδέρω) a bide stripped off. ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερῶ: aor. I ἀπέδειρα: to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλήν to scalp, II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.

άποδεχθείς, Ion. 201. I part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι. ἀπο-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκαμαι: f. -δέξομαι: 201. ἀπεδεξάμην: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with. 2. to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve. 3. to accept as a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him. 4. to take or understand in a certain sense. II. to receive back, recover.

άπο-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast.

ἀπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δεήσω:—to be wanting, to lach:
—impers. ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.

ἀποδημέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπόδημοε) to be away from bome, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν είε Θετταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly. Hence

ἀποδημητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who is abroad.

aποδημία, ή, a being from bome, a going or being abroad. From

aπό-δημος, ov, away from bome, abroad.

άπο-διαντάω, f. ήσω, to decide for a person in an arbitration.

άπο-δίδάσκω, f.-διδάξω, to teach not to do, Lat. dedocere.

άπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσομαι, Ion. | to strip another of his arms, etc. -δρήσομαι: aor. 3 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδρά: -- to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee; shun.

dπο-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I dπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-II. intr., εί τὸ ὅμοιον ἀποδιδοῖ ἐε αὕξησιν [sc. ή Αίγυπτος], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι:--Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for bire.

**ἀπο-δϊκάζω**, f. άσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω. ἀποδίκεῖν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poėt. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δίκεω, f. ήσω, (ἀπύ, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

άπο-δινέω, f. ήσω, to turn or whirl violently about. άπο-δίομαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δίω) poet. for ἀποδιώκω.

άπο-διορίζω, f. ίσω, to mark off, distinguish. ἀπο-διώκω, fut, διώξομαι, to chase away.

άπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μήand inf, απέδοξέ σφι μή πράττειν it seemed good to

them not to do: absol., ω σφι ἀπέδοξε when they resolved. άπο-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to reject on proof or trial,

generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

 $\tilde{\alpha}\pi$ -oδos, Ion. for  $\tilde{\alpha}\phi$ -oδos.

ἀποδόσιμος, ον, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored. ἀπόδοσις, εως, ή, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

άποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

 $\dot{a}$ ποδοχή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ ποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσιs: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμόω, f. ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways. ἀποδράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδαρθάνω.

άποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπόδρασις, Ion. ἀπόδρησις, εως, ή, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

άπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

άπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off:-Med. to gather for oneself.

άποδρήναι, Ion. for -δράναι, 20r. 2 inf. of άποδιδράσκω.

άπο-δρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀπέδρυψα: aor. 2 ἀπέδρύφον: 201. 1 pass. ἀπεδρύφθην:—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

άποδρύφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω. άπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off; v. ἀποδύω. [v]  $d\pi$ -οδύρομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. -οδύροθμαι, to lament bitterly. άποδύς, 2 or. 2 part. of άποδύω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From άπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. I ἀπέδυσα, to strip off the arms from the slain; c. acc. pers.

II. intrans. in Med., with aor, 2 act. dπέδυν (formed as if from dπόδυμι), and pf. ἀποδέδυκα:—to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδύεσθαι πρόε τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

aπo-είκω, f. ξω, to withdraw from.

άπό-ειπον, εs, ε, Ep. for ἀπείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

άπο-έργαθε, 3 sing, poet 20r. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

άποέργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπείργω: partic. dποεργμένη for άπεργομένη.

άπό-ερσε, an old Ep aor. I only found in 3 pers., to burry or sweep away, of running water; subj. anoέρση, opt ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

 $\dot{a}\pi o$ - $\dot{b}\dot{a}\omega$ , f. ( $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to live off;  $\delta\sigma\sigma\nu$   $\dot{a}\pi\sigma$ ( $\dot{\eta}\nu$  enough to live off.

άπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:-to unyoke, part: -Pass. to be parted from, τινόε: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπεζύγην πόδαs on foot did I start and come hither.

άπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting. άπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. impers., ἀπόζει της 'Apaβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο θάλλω, f. -θάλω, to leave off blooming.

ἀποθάνειν, 20r. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω

ἀποθανούμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

άπο-θαρρέω and άπο-θαρσέω, f ήσω, to take courage, bave full confidence.

άπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. άπο-θωμάζω, f. άσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

άπο-θείομαι, Εp. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθώμαι, 201. 2 med. subj. of αποτίθημι.

άπο-θειόω, f. ώσω, poet. for άποθεύω.

αποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar. II. afar off. aπό-θεοs, ov, far from the gods: hence godless. ἀπο-θεόω, ſ. ώσω, to deify.

άπο-θερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to cut off like ears of corn.

 $\dot{a}$ ποθέσθαι, zor. 2 med. inf. of  $\dot{a}$ ποτίθημι.

ἀπόθεσις, εως, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away: -a putting away, laying up in store: -exposure.

ἀπόθεστος, ον, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abborred. άποθέται, ων, ai, a place in Lacedæmen, into which all missbapen children were thrown on birth. From

ἀπόθετος, ον, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

άπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away.

ἀποθήκη, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storebouse. anything laid by or stored up; αποθήκην ποιείσθαι είs Tiva to lay up a store of favour with another.

άπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, to treasure or board up. άπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press bard, crowd upon. [i] άπο-θνήσκω, f. -θανουμαι: 201. 2 άπέθανον:-- to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποθορείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of ἀποθρώσκω.

άπο-θρασύνομαι [v], f. υνουμαι, to be very bold.

**ἀπο-θραύω**, f. σω, to break off or from :—Pass., ἀποθραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i.e. lose all, one's fair fame.

άπο-θρτάζω, f. σω, (άπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

άπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crusb in pieces : Pass. to be

broken in spirit, enervated.
ἀπο-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: 201. 2 ἀπέθορον: -- to

spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θύμιος, ον, (ἀπό, θῦμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, bateful.

άπο-θύω, f. ύσω, to offer up.

ά-ποίητος, ον, (α privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἄποικοs) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ἡ Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀπφκεῖτο Connth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth.

acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

άπ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: Pass., aor. ι ἀπφκίσθην: pf. -φκισμαι: — to send away from bome, transplant: generally, to send or carry away: — Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate.

II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ἄποικος:—ή ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

άπ-οικος, ον, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἄποικος (sub. πόλις), ή, a colony.

άπ-οικτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ά-ποίμαντος, ον, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπ-οιμώζω, fut. -οιμώξομαι, to bewail loudly.

αποινα, ων, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence αποινάω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to bold to ransom.

άποινό-δίκος, ον, (άποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

άπ-οιστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

άποίσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

άπ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -ψχημαι: Dep.:—
to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to
bave departed: hence to be dead and gone.

II.
more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

άπο-καθαίρω, fut. - ἄρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

άποκάθαρσις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

άπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

άπο-καθίζω, fut. ίσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down. άπο-καθιστάνω and άπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to re-establish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

άπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

 $\dot{a}\pi o$ -καίριος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\ddot{a}\kappa a \iota \rho o s$ .

άπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense cold, to freeze off.

άπο-κάλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off:

άποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

άπο-κάμνω, f. -κάμοῦμαι: (for the tenses, v. κάμνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to flinch from toil.

άπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

άπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπύω, Ep. 201. I -εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—
to breathe out; ἀποκαπύειν ψυχήν to give up the
ghost.

ἀπο-κάραδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence ἀποκάραδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

άπο-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again. ἀποκατάστάσις, εως, ή, (άποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, re-establishment.

άπο-κάτημαι, Ion. for άπο-κάθημαι.

άποκαυλίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω (ἀπό, καυλόε) to break short off.

ἀπόκαυσις, εωε, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀπόκειταί τινι it is in store for one.

άπο-κείρω, fut. -κερῶ, Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμα:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

άπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδανω:—to bave benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

άπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate. άπο-κεφάλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιω, (άπό, κεφαλή) to behead.

ἀπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

άπο-κηδέω, fut. how, = aκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

άπο-κηρύσσω, Att.-ττω, fut. ξω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

άποκινδύνευσις, εως, ή, the making a venturous attempt. [v] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost bazard.

άπό-κτνος, δ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εὐρέ find some way of dancing off, escaping.

άπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to ring or shout forth. άπ-οκλάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό, ὀκλάζω) to bend one's knees,

and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γύνυ.

άπο-κλαίω, Att. άποκλάω [āω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:-to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply
for. II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλάξω, ἀποκλάξον, Dor. fut. and aor. 1 imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλαρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

άπο-κλάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ā]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ή, (ἀποκλείω) a from. sbutting off or out.

άπόκλειστος, ov, sbut off, enclosed. From

αποκλειστος, ον, sbut off, enclosed. From ἀπο-κλείω, fι-κλείσω: Ion. -κληίω, fι-κληίσω: Att. -κληίω, fι-κλρίσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to sbut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or binder from a thing:— Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. II. c. acc only, to sbut up, close: to cut off, prevent, binder.

άπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κληΐω, f. -κληίξω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f -κλείσω. ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

άπο-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to choose by lot from among a

number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθείς, later ἀποκλίθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

άπο-κλίνω [ῖ], fut. -κλἴνῶ: 20τ. Ι ἀπέκλῖνα: pf. -κέκλἴκα, pass. -κέκλἴμα:—to turn off or aside: to turn back. II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ή, aturning away: of the sun, sinking. ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ύσω [υ], to wash away, avert by

purifications.

άπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνῆν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

άπ-οκνέω, f. ήσω, to sbrink from, besitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to sbrink back, besitate. Hence ἀπόκνησις, εως, ή, a sbrinking from.

άπο-κνίζω, f. ίσω, to nip off. Hence

άπόκνισμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit.

άπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from bome. 2. to get a little sleep.

άποκοιτέω, f. ήσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

άπό-κοιτος, ον, (άπό, κοῖτος) sleeping away from. άπο-κολυμβάω, f. ήσω, to dive and swim away. άπο-κομίδη, ή, a carrying away. II. (from

Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπό-κομίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, shred.

ἀπο-κομπάζω, f. άσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ή, (ἀποκύπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπή χρεῶν = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

άπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, hew off, knock off. II. to heat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορυφόω, f. ώσω, to sum up briefly.

άπο-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to clear away so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

άπο-κουφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

άπο-κρανίζω, f. ίσω, to strike from the bead.

άπο-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to overcome, surpass.

άπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ], Att. -κρεμώ: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμ):—to let a thing bang down, let bang.

11. to bang up.

ἀπό-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκρίμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

άπο-κρινθείς, ἀποκρίθείς, 20τ. I pass. part. of sq. άπο-κρίνω [i], fut. -κρίνω: Pass., 20τ. I ἀπεκρίθην [t]: pf. -κέκρίγμα: —to part, separate, distinguisb: — Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκεκρίσθαι εἰς ἐν ὅνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. III. Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαί τι to give an answer: so also in 20τ. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ή, a separating. II. (from

Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate. II. (from Med.) one must answer.

άπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden bard, esp. of earth. άπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:

—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσκιον τὸ χείλος ἀποκεκρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. Impf. of ἀποκρύπτω. ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide from, keep bidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά τι, like Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to bide or keep back from one. 2. to bide close: to obscure. Il. to lose from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as

in Virgil, Phæacum abscondimus arces. Hence ἀπόκρῦφος, ον, hidden; èν ἀποκρύφω in secret. II obscure, hard to understand.

άπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτάνεῖν, 20r. 2 inf. of άποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ερ. 201. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω. ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενω: 201. 1 ἀπέκτεινα: 201. 2 ἀπ-έκτανον, poèt. ἀπέκταν, αε, α; Ερ. 2lso in pass. form

άπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτύνηκα, ἀπέκτακα, and ἀπέκταγκα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνάειν, to weary to death, Lat. enecare.

ἀποκτέννω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

άπο-κυέω, f. ήσω, to bear young, bring forth.

dπο-κυλίνδω, f.-κυλίσω [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], to roll away.

άπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκῦφα: to stoop away from. άπο-κωκύω, f. ύσω [v], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσις, εως, ή, a bindrance. From

άπο-κωλύω, f. ύσω [v], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. forsaking.

of ἀπολαμβάνω.

 $d\pi o - \lambda a \gamma \chi \dot{a} v \omega$ , f.  $-\lambda \eta \xi o \mu a \iota$ : a or. 2  $d\pi \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \breve{a} \chi o \nu := to$ obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχείν μέρος τινό: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λάζυμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

άπο-λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to kick off of away, sbake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, δ, a kicking away. ἀπολαλέω, f. ήσω, to chatter much.

άπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμψομαι: pf. ἀπείληφα, pass. ἀπείλημμαι: for the agrist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπελήφθην Ion. ἀπελάμφθην. Το take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. accito earry off. pio. II. to take back, regain, recover. to bave a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. deprehendere, esp. of contrary winds.

άπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous: -- Pass, to become so. άπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; alxμηs ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φωs) light beamed from the spear-head.

άπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

**ἀπόλαυσις**, εωε, ή, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

**drohaustikos**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , of or for enjoyment. From **ἀπο-λαύω**, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀπέλαυον, aor. 1 ἀπέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀπήλαυον, ἀπήλαυσα: -to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. άγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get barm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e.  $\lambda \alpha F$ -,  $\lambda \alpha \beta$ -, which is also the Root of  $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .)

άπολάχειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of άπολαγχάνω.

άπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέλεγμαι or ἀπείλεγμαι:--to pick out from among, choose:--Med. to pick out for oneself: - Pass., άπολελεγμένοι picked men. dπο-λείβω, f. ψω: 201. I dπέλειψα:—to let drop off, pour a libation: - Pass. to drop or run down from.

**ἀπο-λείπω**, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλζπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass. III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone. IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, 2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρείς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits. 3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀληθηίης ἀπολελειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

άπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπόλεκτος, ον, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

άπολέλυμαι, pf. pass. of άπολύω.

ά-πόλεμος, poet. άπτόλεμος, ov, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible. III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

άπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολελεμμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. mf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

άπολέσκετο, Ep. for ἀπώλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of απόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

άπο-ληρέω, f. ήσω, to chatter at random.

taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάζω, f. ξω, to drop off.

άπο-λίγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

άπο-λιμπάνω, Ion for άπο-λείπω.

ű-πολις, neut. ι: gen. ιδος, also εως, Ion ιος: dat. åπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an outlaw. II. πόλις ἄπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

άπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. I -ωλίσθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λίταργίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to slip off, pack off.  $\dot{a}\pi o - \lambda_{i}\chi \mu \dot{a}o \mu a_{i}$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma o \mu a_{i}$ , Dep. =  $\dot{a}\pi o \lambda \epsilon i \chi \omega$ , to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

άπ-όλλυμι or άπ-ολλύω: impf. άπώλλυν or άπώλλυον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολῶ, Ion. άπολέω: aor. 1 άπώλεσα, Ερ. άπύλεσσα: pf. άπώλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: cf things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι: aor. 2 ἀπωλόμην: perf. ἀπόλωλα: plqpf. ἀπολώλειν or ἀπωλώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall away, fail. III. to be wretched or miserable.

'Απόλλων, ωνος, δ: acc. ωνα or ω: voc. ''Απολλον:

-Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.

'Απολλώνειον and 'Απολλώνιον, τό, a temple of part. Apollo.

άπο-λογέομαι, fut. ήσομαι: 20r. 1 med. άπελογησάμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀπολελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγοs):-to speak in defence: also to speak in 2. ἀπολογείσθαί τι to defend defence of a fact. oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογείσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence. άπολογία, ή, (άπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence.

άπο-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ζοῦμαι: 20r. Ι -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:-to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, δ, a giving an account, a statement

of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, ό, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος 'Αλκίνου proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to II. a fable, like those Alcinous in Od. 9-12. of Aesop, an apologue.

άπολοίατο, lon. for ἀπόλοιντο, 3 plur. 20r. 2 opt.

med. of απόλλυμι.

dπ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.

άπολόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

**ἀπολοῦμαι**, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπόλουσις, εως, ή, a washing off, ablution.

**ἀπο-λούω**, f. -λούσω, to wash off: — Med., ἄλμην ωμοιν ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπ-ολοφύρομαι, f. -υρουμαι, to bewail loudly. to cease from wailing.

άπο-λυμαίνομαι, f. -μανούμαι; Dep. (ἀπό, λύμα): -to cleanse oneself by bathing.

άπολυμαντήρ, ήρος, δ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύστμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

άπόλυσις, εως, ή, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατά την ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ή, όν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶs ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

άπο-λυτρόω, f. ώσω, to release on payment of ransom :- Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολύτρωσις, εως, ή, a releasing, redemption.  $d\pi o - \lambda \dot{u}\omega$ , f.  $-\lambda \dot{v}\sigma \omega$  [ $\bar{v}$ ]: aor. I  $d\pi \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \bar{v}\sigma a$ : pf.  $d\pi o \lambda \dot{\epsilon} - \dot{v}\sigma \dot{v}$ Adra:—to loose from: to set free or release from; ἀπολύειν αlτίης to acquit of a charge: absol. to 2. in Il. always = ἀπολυτρόω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him. χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself, 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάs, etc., to do away

with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence

absol. to defend oneself.

III. Pass. to be released, let free from. to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λωβάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass, sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \lambda \omega \tau \dot{l} \omega$ , f.  $i\sigma \omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}\pi \dot{o}, \lambda \omega \tau \dot{o}s) = \dot{a}\pi a \nu \theta \dot{l} \dot{l} \omega$ , to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδαλία, ή, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

άπο-μαίνομαι, fut.-μανήσομαι: pf ἀπομέμηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μἄθήσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. dediscere.

άπο-μαντεύομαι, f σομαι, Dep to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

άπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

άπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [v]

άπο-μάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe clean: - Med. to wipe one's bands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεάν ἀπομάξαι (sc. χοίνικα) to lose one's labour. Il. to make an impression of:-Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

άπο-μαστιγόω, f. ώσω, to scourge severely.

άπο-ματαίζω, f. ίσω, (άπό, μάταιος) to behave idly or unseemly.

άπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχούμαι:to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ίκανα απομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. ΙΙ, ἀπομάχεσθαί τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. dnoμάχεσθαί τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

άπο-μείρομαι, f -μεροθμαι, Dep. to distribute. Pass. to be parted from another.

άπο-μερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to give a share of, dis-II. to distinguish from a number.

άπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ίσω and ίξω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστόω, f. ώσω, to fill to the brim.

άπο-μετρέω, f ήσω, to mete out, distribute.

άπο-μηκύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to prolong, draw out.

άπο-μιμέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to represent faithfully.

άπο-μιμνήσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι, 201. Ι απεμνησάμην: pf. απομέμνημαι:--to recollect, remember.

άπό-μισθος, ον, like άμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, 1, e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

άπο-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for bire, let: c. inf., άπομισθούν ποιείν τι to contract for the doing of a 3. to get free, de- thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

άπο-μνάομαι, Ion. for απο-μιμνήσκομαι.

άπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of load from. sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as

those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in 2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear somemind. thing in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

άπο-μνησικακέω, t. ήσω, to bear a grudge against. άπ-όμνυμι or ἀπομνύω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπώμνυ: fut. ἀπομοθμαι: (v. ὅμνυμι:)—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do. swear one bas not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath. II. strengthd, for ὅμνυμι, to take a solemn oatb.

άπο-μονόω, f. ώσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to

be excluded from a thing.

άπο-μόργνυμι or άπ-ομόργνυμι, also άπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομορξάμην:--Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀπομορχθείε: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι οτ δμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean: -Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρειάς to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

άπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of foreg. άπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of άπόμνυμι.

άπό-μουσος, ον, like άμουσος, (ἀπό, Μοῦσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομούσως γράφεσθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μῦθέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade. άπο-μυκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud άπο-μυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

άπο-μύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's vir emunctae naris: - Med to blow one's nose.

άπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίνημι: and

άποναίατο, 3 pl., for ἀπόναιντο.

\*άπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπένἄσα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back: - Med., in 3 sing. 201. Ι ἀπενάσατο, Ep. ἀπενάσσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:aor. I pass. ἀπονασθηναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

άπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. I ἀπέveipa:-to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart: -Med. to assign to oneself, take. feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

άπονενοημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of άπονοέομαι,

desperately.

άπο-νέομαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

άπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of άπονος. άπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω. II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. abnuere.

åπο-νέω, f.-νήσω, to unload:-Med. to throw off a

άπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of άπονίνημι. άπονητί, Adv. of ἀπόνητος, without fatigue.

άπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of άπονίνημι.

ά-πόνητος, ον, (α privat., πονέω) not worked or II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονηwrought. τότατα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

άπονία, ή, (ἄπονος) freedom from toil, laziness.  $d\pi o - \nu i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $-\nu i \psi \omega$  (as if from  $d\pi o - \nu i \pi \tau \omega$ , which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself. 2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself

clean.

aπ-ovlvnu., f. -ovήσω, to give enjoyment. mostly in Med., aπ-ονίναμαι: fut. -ονήσομαι: 201. 2 ἀπωνήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπόvaio, part. απονήμενος:- to bave the use or enjoyment of a thing; τωνδ' ἀπόναιο mayest thou have joy of these things.

άπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.:

άπο-νίπτω, see άπονίζω.

άπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. άπονενόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense. of fear, to be desperate; ανθρωποι απονενοημένοι, Lat. perditi, desperate men. 2. of shame, δ άπονενοημένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

άπόνοια, ή, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp.

desperation.

a-movos, ov, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. aπονέστεροs, -toraros, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to return bome. Hence άπονόστησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a return bome.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case

άπο-νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:-Pass. to be robbed II. with acc. only, to flee from, sbun. of, c. acc. άπ-ονυχίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: Pass., aor. άπωνυχίσθην : pf. ἀπωνύχισμαι : (ἀπό, ὀνυχίζω) :—to pare theII. to tear with the nails.

try οτ examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶs ἀπωνυχισμένοs, Horace's ad unguem factus, closely tried by the nail. άπο-νωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to make turn his back

and flee: - Med. to turn the back and flee. άπό-ξενος, ον, like άξενος, inbospitable. ἀπό-

ξενος γης far from a country.

άπο-ξενόω, f. ώσω, to drive from bouse and bome, generally, to estrange or banish from :- Pass. to live away from bome, be banished, migrate.

aπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

άπο-ξηραίνω, f. ανω, to dry up, drain off a river:-Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. αποξηρασμένοs.

άπο-ξύράω, Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, to shave clean.

 $\dot{a}$ πο-ξύρω, =  $\dot{a}$ ποξυρ $\dot{a}$ ω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ $\breve{v}$ ] άποξύω, f. ύσω [v], to shave or scrape off: hence to strip off like skin.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ πο-παπταίνω, f. –παπτανώ, Ion. –έω: aor. I part. άποπαπτήναs: -to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπάτεω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to retire from the way. From

 $d\pi 6-\pi d\tau os$ ,  $\delta$  or  $\eta$ , a going out of the way:  $\epsilon ls d\pi \delta$ πατον to ease himself.

ἀπόπαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

άπο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing ἀπό-πειρα, ή, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

άπο-πειράζω, f. άσω [α], rarer form of sq.

άπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ : aor. I pass. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:--to make trial, essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act., άποπειράσαι του Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an attempt on the Peiræeus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ήσω, to hew off with an axe.

άπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss; also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of things, to give back: -Med. to remove from oneself, get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

άπόπεμψις, εως, ή, a sending away: a dismissal, divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. άσω Ion. ήσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over. άπο-πέρδομαι, fut. -παρδήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον:-to break wind, Lat. pedo.

άποπέσησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω. άπο-πέτομαι, fut,-πτήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 άπεπτάμην, part. ἀποπτάμενοs, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away. ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle: -Pass., fut. -παγήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of blood, to curdle.

άπο-πηδάω, f. ήσω and ήσομαι, to leap off from: to turn away from.

ἀπο-πίμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι, -πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up, fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy, fulfil: to appease, Lat. explere.

άπο-πίνω [ī], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off. άπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: 201. 2 ἀπέπεσον:--to fall

off from. άποπλαγχθείς, 20r. I pass. part. of άποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάγξω, to lead astray, lead away from: - Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be deprived off; τρυφάλεια ἀποπλαγχθείσα a helm struck

άπο-πλανάω, f. ήσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go astrav

**ἀπο-πλάσσομαι**, f. -πλάσομαι [ἄ], to copy. άπο-πλέω, Ερ. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο- from the chine.

ἀπ-οξύνω [v], f. ὄνῶ, to bring to a point, make taper. | μαι οτ -πλευσοῦμαι: 20τ. Ι ἀπέπλευσα:-to sail away, sail off: to sail back.

> ἀπόπληκτος, ον, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled by a stroke, I. in mind, dumb, astounded. in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

aποπληξία, ή, a stroke of apoplexy.

άπο-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat. explere. II. to fulfil.

άπο-πλήσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ξω: - Pass., aor. 1  $-\epsilon \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \gamma \eta \nu$ : pf.  $-\pi \dot{\epsilon} \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ :—to strike to earth, disable in body or mind :- Pass, to lose one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

άπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, δ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing away: an outward-bound voyage.

άπο-πλύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\bar{v}v\hat{\omega}$ , to wash off or away: Ion. impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \pi \lambda \dot{\omega} \omega$ , Ion. for  $\dot{a}\pi o - \pi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ .

άπο-πνέω, Ερ. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέπνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμόν οι ψυχήν ἀποπνείν to give up the ghost, Lat. expirare animam. blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or smell of a thing.

άπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle: -Pass, f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 - επνίγην [t]: pf. -πέπνιγμαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked with rage

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πτολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως, far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ή, (ἀποπέμπω) a sending away, getting rid of.

άπο-πονέω, f. ήσω, to finish a work: stop working. άπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

aπo-πραθνω, f. ŭνω, to soften down.

άπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of άπ-ων έσμαι, with no pres. ano-npíamai in use.

άπο-πρίω, f. ίσω, to saw through, file off. [1] άπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

άπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part., σίτου ἀποπροελών baving taken some of the bread.

άποπροέηκα, Ion. 201. I of άποπροίημι.

άποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of άποπροαιρέω. άπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from afar: far off, far away.

άπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

άποπροζείς, part. pres. of

άπο-προίημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προέηκα:--to 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall. throw away. άπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to remove afar

off, carry far away.

άπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμω: aor. 2 -έταμον:--to cut off from; νώτου ἀποπροταμών baving cut off a slice άπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away. άποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of άποπέτομαι, as

if from ἀφίπταμαι. αποπτήναι, aor. a inf. of αποπέτομαι, as if from **ἀ**φίπτημι.

ἀπό-πτολιε, poet. for ἀπόπολιε.

dποπτος, ον. (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύ- $\theta \epsilon \nu$ : hence II. dimly seen.

άπόπτυστος, ον, spat out; loathed, detested. From άπο-πτύω, f. ύσω [v], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει άλλο άχνην vomits forth its foam : hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

άπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: Dep. to inquire or

άπ-οράω and άπ-ορέω, Ion. for άφοράω.

άπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

άπορέω, f. ήσω, (άπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, απορείν όπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss bow to do: οὐκ ἀπορείν to bave no doubt. Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e.g. τροφήs. 3. but, aπορείν τινι to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence άπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point. ἀπορητικός, ή, όν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt. ά-πόρθητος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., πορθέω) not sacked or taken.

άπ-ορθόω, f. ώσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσις, εως, ή, a setting upright, restoring.

άπορία, ή, (ἄποροε) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty. II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with 2. want of means or resource, emor finding out. barrassment, besitation. 3. amopia rivos want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

άπ-όρνυμαι, (ἀπό, ὄρνυμι) Pass. to start from a place. d-mopos, ov, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, bard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, έν ἀπόροιs είναι to be in great straits. 2. bard to get, scarce. II. of persons, bard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf., απορος προσφέρεσθαι impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

άπ-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

άπορρ-, p is doubled in Att. in all compds. after  $d\pi\delta$ , but in Ion. it remains single.

άπορ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

dπορ-palvw, f. -ρανώ, to spirt or shed about.

άπορ-ραίω, f. σω, to bereave of; ήτορ απορραίειν τινά to deprive one of life.

απορραντήριον, τό, (απορραίνω) a vessel for boly

άπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

άπορ-ραψωδέω, s. ήσω, to utter like a ραψωδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

άπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρυήσομαι: 201 2 pass. άπερρύην:—to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, 3. to melt away.

ἀπορ-ρήγνῦμι or ἀπορ-ρηγνύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break off, snap asunder: - Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγην [ἄ], to be broken off or severed.

άπορρηθέν and άπορρηθήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of dπερω.

άπόρρησις, εως, ή, (ἀπ-ερῶ) a probibition. refusal: renunciation.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-ερῶ) forbidden; τὰ ἀπόρρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπύρρητον ποιείσθαι to keep secret.

τα απόρρητα things unfit to be spoken. ἀπορ-ριγέω, f. ήσω: pf. ἀπέρριγα:—to shrink shiver-

ing from a thing, shrink from doing it.

άπορ-ρίπτω, poet. άπορίπτω, later also άπορριπτέω: fut. ἀπορρίψω: 201. Ι ἀπέρριψα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. to cast forth, e.g. from one's country: to reject, renounce. III. to shoot forth bold words, is tiva at one.

άπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ή, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off, stream. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ήσω, to sbriek forth.

ἀπορροφάω or -έω, f. ήσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

άπορ-ρυήναι, 201. 2 p. inf., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέωάπορ-ρυήσομαι, fut. of άπορ-ρέω.

ἀπόρρϋτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, flowing from; ἀπόρρυτα

σταθμά stables with drains. άπορρώξ, ωγος, δ, ή, (ἀπορρήγνυμι) broken off, II. as Subst fem. a piece broken off abrupt, steep. or divided from anything; Στυγώς ύδατος απορρώξ

an off-stream of the Styx.

άπ-ορφανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

άπ-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

άπος,  $\epsilon$ ος,  $\tau$ ό, = κάματος, weariness.

άπο-σάλεύω, f. εύσω, to lie to in the open sea or offing :- metaph. to keep aloof from.

άπο-σαφέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, σαφή) to make clear.

άπο-σβέννυμι or -σβεννύω: f. -σβέσω:--to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:-Pass. with fut. med. -σβήσομαι; intr. 20r. 2 act. ἀπέσβην, pf. act. άπέσβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

άπο-σείω, f. σω, to shake off:-Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

άπο-σεμνύνω, to extol pompously:-Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνϋνοῦμαι, to give oneself airs.

άπο-σεύω, to chase away :- Pass. to dart away, aor. I ἀπεσσύθην [8]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο.

άπο-σημαίνω, f. ανω, to announce by signs, to give shred. From notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign. II. αποσημαίνειν είε τινα to allude to hım. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscribe.

ano-σηπω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:-Pass., fut.  $-\sigma \breve{\alpha} \pi \acute{\eta} \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ , aor. 2  $\mathring{\alpha} \pi \epsilon \sigma \acute{\alpha} \pi \eta \nu$  [ $\breve{\alpha}$ ]; with intr. pf. act. αποσέσηπα: to rot off, lose by morti- drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

fication.

άπο-σιμόω, f. ώσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be to dissuade earnestly. II. ἀποσιμοῦν τὰs ναῦs to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sidewards, so as to avoid the direct shock

άπ-οσιόομαι, Ion. for άφ-οσιόομαι.

άπο-σζωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent. II. trans. to keep secret. Hence

άποσζώπησις, εως, ή, a becoming silent. rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as

in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. 1. 139.

άπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches. άπο-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ἄ] contr. -σκεδώ. -to scatter abroad:-Pass. to be scattered, straggle

ἀπο-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to pack and carry away:-Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey. άποσκέψομαι, fut. of άποσκοπέω.

άποσκηνέω, f. ήσω, to encamp apart from. From ἀπό-σκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσσιτος.

άπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the differ from: to fall off or revolt from. gods, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα ές τι to burl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or break forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ές φλαθρον to rebel. Hence

come to a sorry ending, end in nothing. άπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence. άποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, a shade, shadow: an adum-

bration. ἀπο-σκίδναμαι, Pass., = ἀποσκεδάννυμαι, to be scat-

ἀπο-σκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see σκέλλω) to be dried up, withered.

άπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρόε τινα οι τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark. άπο-σκυδμαίνω, to be enraged with.

άπο-σκύθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare. άπο-σκυλεύω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off.

άπο-σκώπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

άπο-σμύττω, f. ξω, to deceive: -- aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσμυγέντες, being deceived.

άπο-σοβέω, f. ήσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a burry, in phrase ούκ ἀποσοβήσεις; be off!

άπο-σπαράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear off. ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is torn off, a

άπο-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ἄ], to tear of drag away, sever or part from: ἀποσπαν πύλας to tear off the gates; απ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to draw off the army:-Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out wine as a

άπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to be eager in preventing,

άπο-σποδέω, f. ήσω, to rub off, knock off.

ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστα, for ἀπόστηθι, 201. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι. άπο-στάδόν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off. άπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. intr. to fall in drops; μανίαι δεινόν αποστάζει μένοι the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away.

άποστάς, άποστῆναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of

άφίστημι.

αποστάσία, ή, (άφίσταμαι) later form for απόστασιε, defection, revolt, apostasy.

άποστάσιον, τό, (άφίσταμαι) α divorce; άποστάσίου βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors

ἀπόστασις, εωε, ή, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away from, and so 1. a defection, revolt. 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of αφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

αποστάτεω, f. ησω, to stand off or aloof from: to to stand aloof, be absent. From

ἀποστατής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter,

ἀποστατικός, ή, όν, rebellious: Adv., ἀποστατικώς έχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

άπο-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fence off with pales.

άπο-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to uncover, unroof.

άπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to shelter from :--- to shelter, keep safe. II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, όχλον πύργοι αποστέγει.

άπο-στεινόω, poet. for άπο-στενόω.

 $d\pi o$ - $\sigma \tau \epsilon i \chi \omega$ , f.  $\xi \omega$ : 201. 2  $d\pi \epsilon \sigma \tau i \chi o \nu$ :—to go away, esp. to go back.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi\sigma$ - $\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\lambda\omega$ , f.  $-\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\omega}$ ; aor. I  $\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\iota\lambda\alpha$ ! pf. -έσταλκα:--Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ἄ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:-to send away from: absol. to send away, banisb. II. to send off, dispatch, on some ser-III. to drive back :- Pass. to be sent off: vice. IV. intr. to go back. also, to go away.

ἀπο-στενόω, poet. -στεινόω: f. ώσω: to straiten:

άπεστείνωντο 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

άπο-στέργω, f. ξω, to love no more:—to deprecate. άπο-στερέω, fut. ήσω, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withbold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι and -στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of.

II. impers., ἀποστερεῖ με there fails me, I lack. Hence

άποστέρησις, εωε, ή, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποστερητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητίς οι -τρίς, ίδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ή, όν, (ἀποστερέω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη ἀποστερητική τόκου a device for cheat-

ing one of his interest.

άποστερητρίς, ίδος, ή, v. sub. άποστερητής.

άπο-στερίσκω, = άποστερέω.

άπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

άπο-στιλβόω, f. ώσω, to make to shine.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ πο-στίλ $\dot{\beta}$ ω, f.  $\psi$ ω, to be bright with.

άπο-στλέγγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεστλεγγισμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti. ἀποστολεύς, έως, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

άποστολή, ή, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition. III. the office of an apostle, apostleship.

ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

άπο-στοματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-band. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀπ-οστρἄκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to banish by ostracism. ἀπο-στράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρσω to encamp at a distance.

άποστραφῶ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor. 2 pass. subj. of

άπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 άποστρέψασκε: - Pass, aor. 2 ἀπεστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμ-To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας καὶ χείρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:-Pass., with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺs έμβόλουs, of ships, to bave their beaks bent back. to turn oneself from or away, abbor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή μ' ἀποστραφη̂s do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι bostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

άποστροφή, ή, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; απ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὕδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

άπό-στροφος, ον, (άποστρέφω) turned away, averted. άπο-στύγέω, f. –στύξω: 20τ. I –εστύγησα and –έστυξα: 20τ. 2 –έστύγον: perf. –εστύγηκα:—to bate utterly, loatbe.

άπο-στύφελίζω, f. ξω, to chase away by force. άπο-συκάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό, σῦκον) to squeeze figs, to

try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-σῦλάω, f. ήσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συνάγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of

the synagogue.

ἀπο-συρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of

thought.
ἀπο-σύρω [v], f. - συρώ, to strip off, tear away: lay

άπο-σφάζω, Att. -σφάττω, f. ζω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινὰ ἐs ἄγγοs, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφακελίζω, f. ίσω, to have one's limbs mortified:

to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλλω, f. -σφάλω: aor. I -έσφηλα: --to lead astray, drive baffled away; άποσφάλλειν τινα πύνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [ἄ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it. ἀπο-σφάττω. = ἀποσφά(ω.

ἀποσφήλειε, ἀποσφήλωσιν, aor. 1 opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

άπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ -, f. ίσω Att. τω: to seal

up, shut up ἀπ-οσφραίνω, f. –οσφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχάλιδόω, f. ώσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχάλιδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping bunting-nets.

άποσχήσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

 $\dot{a}$ πο-σχεῖν, –σχέσθαι, 201. 2 act. and med. inf. of  $\dot{a}$ πέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

άπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οῖ-καδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐε . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, όν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

άπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιόν be bad been stationed on the right.

II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαί τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

άποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα

ἀποταυροῦσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

άπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench. ἀποτέθνασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνειώς, for ἀποτεθνεώς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

άπο-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—
to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:
—Med. to exert oneself.
2. intr., like Lat. contendere, to basten onwards.

άπο-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to wall off, I. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence

άποτείχισιε, εωε, ή, the walling of a town, block-ading. And

ἀποτείχισμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

άποτελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring quite to an end. intr. to come to an end, cease, είs τι in a thing.

άπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ: pf. -τετέλεκα·
-Pass., aor. I -ετελέσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. Το bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένοs, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμω: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέτμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινόs to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

άπο-τήκω, f. ξω, to make to melt away :- Pass., esp.

in 20r. 2 ἀπετάκην [α], to melt away. απο-τηλοῦ. Adv. far away.

α-ποτίβατος, ον, Dor. and poet. for α-πρόσβατος.
απο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—
Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away.
3. αποτίθεσθαι εἰς αὐθις to put aside for another time.

 $\dot{\alpha}\pi\sigma$ - $\tau(\dot{\lambda}\lambda\omega$ , f.  $-\tau\dot{\chi}\lambda\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\dot{\epsilon}\tau\bar{\iota}\lambda\alpha$ : to pluck out. Hence

ἀπότιλμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a shred. ἀπο-τιμάω, f. ήσω, not to honour, to slight. II. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως ἀποτιμησάμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

ἀποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation. ἀπό-τίμος, ον, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἄτιμος, disbonoured. ἀπο-τίνάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. tω, to sbake off. ἀπο-τίνϋμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι. ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω  $[\tilde{t}]$ , to pay back, repay what is

άπο τίνω, f. -τίσω [ι], to pay back, repay what is owing: — Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαί τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

άπο-τμήγω, f. ξω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτῦς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills. ἀποτμήξειε, 3 sing. 201. 1 opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

ä-ποτμος, ον, unbappy, ill-starred.

άπο-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to make a bold venture.

absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ή, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off. ἀποτομία, ή, steepness, severity. From ἀπότομος, ον, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph.barsh,rough:—Adv.-μως, sbarply. ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

α-ποτος, ον, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink. ἀποτράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτράγω.

άπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from.

2. c. acc. only, to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at.

Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from.

2. to turn away.

3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

άπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: 20τ. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away. ἀπο-τρίβω [ $\bar{l}$ ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off:

Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of. ἀποτρόπαιος, ον, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Di averrunci. II. pass.

that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

άποτροπή, ή, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting.

2. a turning off of water.

II. a bindering.

III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

άπότροπος, ον, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished.

2. from which one turns away.

II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ον, (ἀπό, τροφή) reared away from one's parents.

άπ-οτρύνω, f. - οτρϋνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, barass; so in Med., ἀποτρύεσθαι  $\gamma \hat{\eta} \nu$  to vex the earth.

άπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 20r. 2 άπέτραγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

άπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in bitting, miss, lose. II absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

άπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to beat or cudgel seterely.

άπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

άπουρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; άλλοι γάρ οἱ ἀπουρίσσουσιν ἀρούρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from \*ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

άπ-ουρος, ον, (ἀπό, οῦρος Ion. for ὅρος) far from the boundaries; ἄπουρος πάτρας far away from one's II. fatherland.

ά-πους, δ, ή, ἄπουν, τό, gen. ἄποδος, witbout foot or feet: witbout the use of one's feet: slow of foot. ἀπουσία, ή, (ἀπείναι) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up. ἀπο-φαιδρύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\check{v}$ νῶ, to make quite bright. ἀπο-φαίνω, f.  $-\varphi$ ανῶ: 201. I ἀπέφηνα:—to shew

forth, display: to show by word, declare. 2. to show by reasoning, show, prove. II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to show, and so to make or render:—Med. to show forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shown or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφάσις, εωε, ή, (ἀπόφημι) a denial, negation. ἀπόφάσις, εωε, ή, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀπόφανσις, a sentence, decision.

 $\dot{a}\pi o - \dot{\phi}\dot{a}\sigma\kappa\omega_{\star} = \dot{a}\pi \dot{\phi}\eta\mu\iota$ , to deny.

ἀπο-φάτικός, ή, όν, (ἀπόφημι) denying, negative.

aπo-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

άπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: aor. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα: (ν. φέρω):—to carry off or away.

II. to carry of or away.

III. to carry of or away.

III. to carry of or away.

III. to carry back, return: generally, to pay what is due.

III. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc.

IV. intr. in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

άποφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφδγον — to flee from, escape. Il. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς διώκοντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἀλίσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ή, όν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And

άπόφευξις, εως, ή, an escaping, getting off.

ἀπό-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2 to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

άπο-φθέγγομαι, f.  $-\phiθέγξομαι$ , Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

 $\tilde{a}\pi \delta \phi \theta \epsilon \gamma \kappa \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v = \tilde{a}\phi \theta \epsilon \gamma \kappa \tau \sigma s$ .

ἀπόφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an

atoththeem.

ἀπο-φθέξρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. ἀπέφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθεροῦμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰs κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ μου; wilt not be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem ἀπο-φθίνύθω [v], to perish.

Φθινύθειν θυμόν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίνω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [τ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:— to perisb utterly, to die away.

II. Causal in fut. ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perisb, to destroy. ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg. ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

άπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to treat very slightingly, make no account of.

ingly, make no account of.

άπο-φλοιόω, f. ώσω, (ἀπό, φλοιώε) to strip off the rind.

ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go quite away: esp. of scho-

lats, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φονος, ον, murderous.

ἀποφορά, ħ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away. II. a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

άπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξιε, εωε, ή, a fencing off, blocking up. ἀπο-φράς, άδος, ή, (ἀπό, φράζω) properly not to be spoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous: ἀποφράδες ημέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαραὶ ἡμέραι,

άπο-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγνυμι.

ἀπο-φυάς, άδος, ή, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offsboot.

ἀποφύγή, ή, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

άπό-φυξις, v. sub ἀπόφευξις.

άπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf. ἀποπέφῦκα, to grow out like a shoot.

άπ-οφώλιος, ον, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. irritus.

Jal. IITIUS.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from. ἀποχάλασμός, δ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χαλάω, f. άσω [α], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χαλινόω, f. ώσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f σω, to forge of brass.

άπο-χαλκίζω, f. σω, to strip of brass.

άπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ον, (ἀπό, χείρ, βιόω) living by one's bands, i. e. by manual labour.

άπο-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote a charge away from one, acquit him.
II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose.
2. of things, to reject, vote against: to abrogate, annul.

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εως, ή, rejection by show of hands. ἀπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to draw off water by a canal. ἀπο-χέω, f. -χεω: 201. Ι ἀπέχεα: Pass., 201. Ι ἀπε-

άπο-χέω, f. -χεώ: aor. I άπέχεα: Pass., aor. I άπεχύθην [ʊ]: pf. ἀποκέχυμα: — to pour out, spill, shed. ἀπο-χραίνω, to soften off the colour, shade off:

άπο-χράω, Ion. -χράω, inf. ἀποχρῆν, Ion. -χρῶν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. I ἀπέχρησα:— to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἐκατὰν νέεε ἀποχρῶσι.

2. with dat., ποταμὸ οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῆ στρατιῆ was not enough for the army: with infin., ἀποχρῷ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο = ἀπέχρη.

3. Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένων τούτοις τῶν Muσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith.

II. Med. to use to the full.

2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. abuti.

άπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ιοη for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω.

άπο-χρήματος, ον, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in noney.

ἀπόχρησιε, εωε, ή, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρώντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχύθείs, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χωλόω, (ἀπό, χωλόε) to make quite lame.

άπο-χώννυμι, f. --χώσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

δ.πο-χωρέω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat. 3. ἀποχωρεῦ ἐκ , to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

άπο-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to part or separate from: to set apart

άπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψήν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off.
2. to wipe clean:— Med. to wipe off from oneself.
3, to wipe one's nose.

άπο-ψηφίζομαι, ſut. (σομαι Att. τοῦμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψήφισμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected.

II. c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νύμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαί τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal.

III. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῦν to vote against doing. Hence

ἀποψήφισις, εως, ή, an acquittal.

άπο-ψίλόω, f. ώσω, to strip of bair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἄποψις, εως, ή, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect

άπ-όψομαι, fut from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-όπτομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ψύχω  $[\bar{v}]$ ,  $f \notin \omega$ : pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon 2 c. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχήν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. II. (ἀπό, ψῦχοs) to cool, refresb:—Pass to be refresbed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off. III impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

άπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for άποπέμψει.

άπραγμόνως, Adv of ἀπράγμων, easily.

άπραγμοσύνη, ή, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. ottum. 2 easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or luwsiness (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife.

2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass, got or to be got without pains.

άπρακτέω, f. ήσω, to do nothing, to be idle.

to gain nothing. From

ά-πρακτος, Ion. ά-πρηκτος, ον: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἄπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:— Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable. 2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαντικής ἄπρακτος ὑμίν unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

åπραξία, ή, inaction: ill-success.

II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

α-πράτος, ον, (a privat, πέπράται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πιπράσκω) unsold, unsaleable

ά-πράυντος, Ion. ἀπρήυντος, ον, (α privat., πραύνω) implacable.

α-πρεπής, ές (a privat , πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming. άπρεπία, ή, poet, for ἀπρέπεια, unseemliness.

ά-πρηκτος, Ion. for άπρακτος. ἀπριάτην, Adv. without price or ransom. [άτ] From ά-πρίάτος, η, ον. (α privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ά-πριγδα, prob. =  $\dot{\alpha}$ πρίξ.  $\dot{\alpha}$ πρικτό-πληκτος, ον, ( $\dot{\alpha}$ πρίξ, πλήσσω) struck un-

ceasingly.

d-πρίξ, Adv. (α copul., πρίω) properly with closed teeth, like ὁδάξ, Lat. mordicus: metaph importunately, ceaselessly

ά-πρόβουλοs, ov, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv -λωs, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ά-πρόθυμος, ον, not ready, distinctined, backward. ά-προϊδής, ές, (α privat, προιδείν) unforeseen. ά-προμήθητος, ον, unforeseen.

ά-προνοήτωs, Adv. of ἀπρονόητοs, (α privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, beedlessly.

ά-πρόξενος, ον, without a πρόξενος.

ά-πρόοπτος, ον, unforeseen. ά-πρόοβάτος, Dor. ἀποτίβατος, ον, inaccessible: of disease, not to be bealed.

ά-προσδόκητος, ov, unexpected, unlooked for:— Adv. -τωs. II. act. not expecting

ά-προσήγορος, ον, (a privat, προσήγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage.

II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ά-πρόσικτος, ον, (α privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ά-πρόσττος, ον, (α privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable. ά-πρόσκεπτος, ον, (α privat., προσκέψομαι, fut. of προσκοπέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

α-πρόσκλητος, ον, (α privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ά-πρόσκοπος, ον, (a privat., προσκύπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ά-πρόσμαχος, ον, (α privat., προσμάχομαι) irre-

ά-πρόσμικτος, ον, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) bolding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ά-πρόσοιστος, ον, (α privat., προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ά-προσόμιλος, ov, unsociable.

ά-προστάσιου γραφή, ή, (a privat., προστάτης) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not baving chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ά-πρόσφορος, ον, (α privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ά-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ά-προτίμαστος, ον, Dor. for ά-πρόσμαστος, (a privat... προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ά-προφάσιστος, ον, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

Ľ

ing no excuse, ready. Adv. - tws, without evasion, bonestly.

ά-πρόσφάτος, ον, (α privat., πρόφημι) unforetold. ά-προφύλακτος, ον, (α privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

ά-πταιστος, ον, (α privat., πταίω) not stumbling; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τον ἵππον to make the horse

less apt to stumble.

ά-πτεροs, ον, (a privat., πτερόν) without wings, unwinged: in Homer, τῆ δ' ἄπτεροs ἔπλετο μῦθοs the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; ἄπτερα πωτήματα wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfledged, callow; ἄπτεροs φάτις an unfledged, i. e unconfirmed, report.

d-πτήν, gen. ἀπτῆνος, ὁ, ἡ: dat. pl. ἀπτῆσι: (a privat., πτηνός) unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged. ἀ-πτο-επής, ές, (a privat., πτοέω, ἔπος) undaunted

in speech.

ά-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

άπτός, ή, ών, (ἄπτω) touched, handled: to be touched,

subject to the sense of touch.

"AΠΤΩ, f. αψω: aor. 1 ήψα:—Pass, aor. 1 ήφθην, Ep. ἐάφθην: pf. ἡμμαι, Ion. ἄμμαι. To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing; ἐπὶ δ' ἀσπὶς ἐάφθη his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him :--more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. 1 ἡψάμην: -to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp, ἄψασθαι γούνων to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, 3. to touch, affect. attack. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprebend, perceive. 5 to reach, overtake: II to kindle, set on fire :- Pass, to take fire: to be set on fire.

ά-πτώς, ῶτος, δ, ή, (a privat., πίπτω) not falling or

failing, unfailing.

ά-πύλωτος, ον, (a privat., πυλόω) not closed by a gate. ά-πυργος, ον, without tower and wall, unfortified. ά-πύργωτος, ον, (a privat., πυργόω) not girt with towers.

ά-πύρος, ον, (α privat., πῦρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i. e. new; ἄπυρος οίκος α cold, cheerless house; χρυσος άπυρος unrefined, opp. to ἄπερθος; leρὰ ἄπυρα sacrices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἄθυτα, unoffered: άπ. άρδις a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -ρως.

ά-πύρωτος, ον, (a privat., πυρύω) not yet exposed to

fire.

d-πυστος, ον, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) of which nothing bas been learnt, unknown.

11. act. having learnt nothing, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

ἀπύτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡπύτης. [ἄπὔ-]

ἀπύω, Dor. for ἡπύω.

'AΠΦΥ'Σ or ἀπφῶs, gen. ύοs, ὁ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, papa, Hebr. Abba.

aπ-φδόs, όν, (aπό, φδή) discordant, out of tune.

απωθεν, Adv. = αποθεν, from afar.

άπ-ωθέω, f. ωθήσω and -ωσω: 20τ. I ἀπέωσα or άπωσα:—to thrust off, drive away: of the wind, to beat off, beat from one's course: later, to drive away from the land, banish. 2. to repel, drive back. 3. in Med. to repect, disdain. Hence

άπώθητος, ov, thrust or driven away, rejected.

ἀπώλεια, ή, (ἀπόλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

άπώλεσα, aor. I of άπόλλυμι.

ἀπωλόμην, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι. ἀ-πώμαστος, ον, (α privat., πῶμα) without a lid. ἀπώμοσα, aor. 1 of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, ή, (ἀπόμνυμι) a denial upon oath, as Att.

law-term, opp. to εξωμοσία.

ἀπώμοτος, ον, (ἀπόμνυμι) forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus; βροτοισιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything.

II. act. under oath not to do a thing.

άπῶσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀπωθέω.

άπωσάμην, -σασθαι, 20r. I med. ind. and inf. of

ἀπωθέω. ἀπωσι-κύματος, ον, (ἀπωθέω, κῦμα) repelling waves. ἄπωσις, εως, ή, (ἀπωθέω) a thrusting or driving away.

άπωστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ , ( $\dot{\alpha}$ πωθέω) thrust or driven away from.

II. that can be driven away.

ἀπώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:— Sup. ἀπώτατος, η, ον, furthest off.

ἀπωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

αρ. Ep. before a consonant for αρα.

"APA, Ep. pá (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ap: I. Epic usage: I. then, straightway; ωs φάτω, βη δ' άρ' ὅνειροs thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:-then, next in order, oi δ' ἄρ 'Αθήνας εἶχον. 2. explanation of a thing going before; φη δ αέκητι θεων φυγέειν for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron. apa makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, δν ἄρ' ἤθελον αὐτοί just the one, the very one, which they wished. ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like our, then, therefore, so then; κάλλιστον άρα ή άρετή therefore you must allow virtue is best; μάτην ἄρ', ώς ἔοικεν, ἥκομεν so it seems then we are come in vain:—in questions, τίε άρα δύσεται; who then is there to save?-- "Αρα cannot begin a sentence.

apa, interrog. particle, a stronger form of άρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? 2. if an affirmative answer is expected, δρα οὐ is used, = Lat. nonne? 3. δρα is also used in exclamations; δδυνηρὸς δρ' ὁ πλοῦτος! grievous then is wealth!—In prose δρα always stands first in the sentence.

'APA', Ion. 'APH', \$\(\eta\), a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin.

II. 'Apá personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. Dira.

άραβέω, f. ήσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of as-

mour. From

"APABOΣ, δ, a rattling; αραβοε δδόντων gnashing | or grinding of teeth.

ζραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, δ, (ἀράσσω) a clasbing, rattling; άραγμὸς στέρνων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. planetus.

apai, aor. I inf. of aipw.

'APAIO'Σ, Att. apaios, ά, όν, also ós, όν, thin, narrow, weak, slight.

apaios, a, ov, also os, ov, (apá) prayed to or en-2. prayed against, treated; Zeùs àpaîos, = inéoios. accursed. II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [a]

άραίρηκα, άραιρηκώς, άραιρημένος, άραίρητο, Ion. redupl. for ηρηκα, ηρηκώς, ηρημένος, ηρητο, pf. and plpqf. redupl. forms from αἰρέω.

άράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αίρω.

**ἀράομαι**, f. άσομαι [ā], Ion. ήσομαι: pf. ήρāμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (άρά):—to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., άρας αρασθαί τινι to imprecate curses upon one.

άραρε, Dor. for άρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of άραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, ΙΙ. ἄρἄρε, Ep. for ηράρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

άραρείν, aor. 2 inf. of άραρίσκω.

άραρίσκω, redupl. pres from the Root \*άρω: trans. in pres. and impf., in f. dρω Ion. άρσω: aor. I ήρσα Ion. άρσα: aor. 2 ήραρου Ep. άραρου:—to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. αρηρα Att. αραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀρἄρυῖα: plqpf. ἡράρειν [ā]: also pf. pass. part. άρηρεμένος, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. άρμενος: - to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

**ἄρἄρον**, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀρἄρών.

άραρώς, ἀραρυία Ep. ἄραρυία, ἀραρός, perf. part. of

άραρίσκω, fitted, fitting: -Adv. -ότωs.

άράσσω, Att. -ττω: f ἀράξω Dor. -αξῶ: aor. ήραξα Ep. άραξα:-Pass., aor. I ήράχθην: (a euphon., ράσσω):-to strike bard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλαs aράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph, αράσσειν δνείδεσι to strike with reproaches:-Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle. [a] άρατός, Ion. άρητός, ή, όν, (άράομαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, unblest.

άράχνειος, a, ov, of or belonging to a spider. From 'APA'XNH,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = d\rho \dot{\alpha} \chi \nu \eta s$ . II. a spider's web,

cobweb, Lat. aranea.

'APA'XNH∑, ò, a spider, Lat. araneus. Hence

άράχνιον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

"Aραψ, aβos, o, an Arab: also "Aραβos, ov, o. 'APBY'AH, η, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a balf-boot. [v] do βυλίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = do βύλη,

άργαείς, Dor. for άργηείε.

άργαλέος, α, ον, (άλγος, as if άλγαλέος) bard, painful, grievous, Lat. gravis: also of persons, troublesome.

άργας, contr. for άργαείε.

'Αργει-φόντης, ου, δ, for 'Αργο-φονευτής, ("Αργος, φονεύω) slayer of Argus.

άργέλοφοι, ων, oi, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, offal, refuse. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άργεννός, ή, όν, Aeol. and Dor. for άργός, white,

mostly of sheep.

άργεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀργόε) white. II. paroxytone, ἀργέστης, ου, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo. 2. later, from being the epithet of Zέφυροs, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian Σκίρων.

άργέτι, άργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for άργητι, άρ-

γητα, from ἀργήs, white.

 $\dot{a}\rho\gamma\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $f\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\dot{a}\rho\gamma\dot{o}s=\dot{a}\epsilon\rho\gamma\dot{o}s)$  to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone: - Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

άργηείς Dor. άργαείς, εσσα, εν, contr. άργας, gen.

 $d\rho\gamma\hat{a}\nu\tau\sigma s$ , =  $d\rho\gamma\dot{\eta}s$ .

άργής, ητος, δ, η, also with poet, dat, and acc. άργέτι, άργέτα: (άργόs):—white, bright, vivid.

άργηστής, οῦ, ὁ, = ἀργής, white, glancing.

 $\dot{a}\rho\gamma(a, \dot{\eta}, = \dot{a}\epsilon\rho\gamma(a, (\dot{a}\rho\gamma)) = \dot{a}\epsilon\rho\gamma(a)$  idleness, laziness: in good sense, leisure.

άργι-κέραυνος, ον, (άργής, κεραυνός) with white, vivid lightning.

ἄργιλλος or ἄργιλος, ή, (ἀργός) white clay, potter's earth, Lat. argilla.

άργιλλ-ώδης οτ άργιλ-ώδης, ες, (ἄργιλλος, είδος) like clay, clayey.

άργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = άργός, white, shining.

άργι-όδους, όδοντος, ό, ή, (άργός, όδούς) whitetoothed, white-tusked.

άργί-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άργός, πούs) swift-footed or white-footed.

 $\tilde{a}$ ργμα, τό,  $(\tilde{a}$ ρχω) only used in plur.  $\tilde{a}$ ργματα = άπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

'Αργολίζω, f. ίσω, to take the part of Argos. From 'Aργολίs, ίδοs, ή, Argolis, a district in Pelopon-2. as Adj. δ, ή, of Argolis, Argolic.

"Apyos, cos, 76, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

'APΓO'Σ, ή, όν, shining, bright, glistening; πύδαs άργοί as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

άργός, όν, contr. from ἀεργός, (a privat., ἔργον) not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, doyds novow: of land, lying fallow. pass. not done, Lat. infectus: unattempted.

άργυρ-άγχη, ή, (ἄργυρος, ἄγχω) silver-guinsy, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed. ἀργῦρ-ἄμοιβός,  $\dot{v}$ , (ἄργυρος, ἀμείβω) α money-

changer. άργυρείον, τύ, a silver-mine. Properly neut. from άργύρειος or άργυρείος, ον, = άργύρεος, άργυρεία μέταλλα silver-mines.

άργύρεος or άργϋρέος,  $\alpha$ , ον, contr. άργϋροῦς,  $\hat{\alpha}$ , οῦν, (ἄργυροs) silver, of silver.

άργυρ-ήλατος, ον, (άργυρος, έλαύνω) wrought of silver.

άργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of άργυριον.

άργυριον, τό, (άργυρος) a piece of silver: hence 'silver,' 1 e. money, casb.

άργυρίς, ίδος, ή, (άργυρος) a silver vessel

άργυρίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , fem. άργυριτις,  $\iota \delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (αργυροs) of or belonging to silver: as Subst. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), silver-ore. άργυρο-δίνης, ου, δ, (ἄργυρος, δίνη) running in silver eddies, epith. of rivers. [7]

άργυρο-ειδής, ές, (ἄργυρος, είδος) like silver.

ἀργυρό-ηλος, ον, (ἄργυρος, ήλος) silver-studded. άργυρο-κόπος, ὁ, (άργυρος, κόπτω) a worker in silver, silversmith

άργυρολογέω, (άργυρολύγος) to levy money: c. acc. to lay a country under contribution. Hence

άργυρολογία, ή, a levying of money.

άργυρο-λόγος, ον, (άργυρος, λέγω) levying money.  $\mathring{\mathbf{a}}$ ργὕρό-πεζ $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathring{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , ( $\mathring{a}$ ργυρο $\mathbf{s}$ , πέζ $\mathbf{a}$ ) silver-footed: also άργυρό-πεζος, ον.

άργυρο-ποιός, δ, (ἄργυρος, ποιέω) a worker in silver.  $\mathring{a}$ ργὕρ $\acute{a}$ -πους,  $\acute{b}$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $τ\acute{o}$ , gen.-ποδος, ( $\check{a}$ ργυρος, πούς) with silver feet.

άργυρορ-ρύτης, ου, ό, (άργυρος, ρέω) silver-flow-

ing. [ρŭ]

άργ-τρος, δ, (άργός, white) like Lat. arg-entum, the white metal, i. e. silver, first in Homer. 2. silvermoney, money.

άργυρό-τοξος, ον, (άργυρος, τόξον) with silver bow.

epith. of Apollo

άργυρο-φεγγής, ές, (ἄργυρος, φέγγος) silver-shining. ἀργυρόω, f. ώσω, (ἄργυροε) to turn into silver. to reward with silver :- Pass. to be so rewarded.

άργυρ-ώδης, ες, = άργυροειδής. 2 rich in silver. άργύρωμα, ματος, τό, (άργυρόω) silver-plate.

άργυρ-ώνητος, ον, (ἄργυρος, ἀνέομαι) bought with silver.

 $ἀργύφεοs, α, ον, (ἄργυροs) silver-white. [<math>\check{v}$ ] **ἄργύφοs**, ον, = dργύφεοs, epith. of sheep.

'Αργώ, όοε, contr. οῦε, ὁ, (ἀργόε, swift) the Argo or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

άρδεύω, f. σω, = ἄρδω, to water, Lat. irrigare. αρδην, Adv. contr. for αέρδην, (αίρω) lifted up, raised on bigb. II. utterly, Lat. penitus.

"APΔIΣ, εωε, ή, the point of anything, an arrowbead: a sting.

άρδμός, δ, a watering: a watering-place. From

"APAΩ, f. apow: aor. I poσa:—to water cattle, give them to drink :- Pass. to drink. 2. of rivers. to water land, Lat. irrigare. II. metaph. to refresh, foster.

'Aρίθουσα, ή, name of several fountains, perhaps for "Aρδουσα, waterer: the most famous was at Syracuse. άρειά, Ion. άρειή, ή, (άρά) cursing, threatening lan-

guage.

"Aperos, or also a, or, Ion 'Aphios, n, or, ("Aphs) warlike, martial, Lat. Mavortius: Comp. 'Αρειότερος,  $a. ov. = do \epsilon i \omega v.$ 

"Apeios πάγος, δ, bill of Ares, Mars' Hill, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: capital crimes came specially under its jurisdiction.

 $\dot{a}$ ρειότερος, a,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ρείω $\nu$ .

'Aρεί-τολμος, ον, ('Aρης, τόλμα) full of martial

'Αρεί-φάτος, Ερ. 'Αρητφατος, ον, ("Αρης, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of \*φένω) slain by Ares, 1. e. slain in 2. later generally = Aperos, martial.

άρείων, δ, ή, -ov, τό, gen. ovos, better, stronger, braver: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθύs. (On the deriv., see 'Apns.)

α-ρεκτος, ον, poet. for αρρεκτος, undone.

άρέομαι, Ion. for άράομαι.

άρέσαι, άρέσασθαι, aor. 1 mf. act. and med. of άρέσκω.

άρεσάσθω, Ep. άρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. imperat. of ἀρέσκω.

άρέσθαι, aor. 2 med inf. of αίρω.

άρεσκεία, ή, (άρέσκω) a desire to please, complaisance: in bad sense, obsequiousness, flattery.

άρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκω, agreeably. αρεσκος, η, ov, desirous to please, complaisant: in

bad sense, obsequious, flattering. From

αρέσκω, fut. άρέσω · aor. Ι ήρεσα, inf. άρέσαι : pf άρήρεκα:--- Med., fut. άρέσομαι Εp. άρέσσομαι: aor 1 ήρεσάμην, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:--Pass., aor. I ήρεσθην: (\*άρω, άρσω):-to make good, make it up, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we make up among ourselves; αψ ἀρέσαι to make amends: c. acc. pers to conciliate, propitiate, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν: c gen. rei, αρέσαντο φρένας αίματος they sated their heart with blood:-Pass. to be contented, ac-II. c. dat. pers. to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter, ταθτα αρέσκει μοι: αρέσκειν τρόποις τινός to conform to his ways: - impers., ήρεσέ σφι ταῦτα ποιείν it pleased them to do so

άρεστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of άρέσκω, pleasing, grateful: acceptable, approved. Adv. - Twos.

άρετάω, f. ήσω, (άρετή) to be fit or proper, to thrive,

prosper.

άρετή, ή, goodness, excellence, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. virtus (from vir), manbood, prowess, 2. in Prose, valour: also manly beauty, dignity, etc. 3. excellence of the virtues of land, fountains, etc.

in art or workmanship, skill. II. in mosal sense, goodness, virtue:—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see "Apps.)

άρή, ή, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

αρηαι, Ep. for αρη, 2 sing. 2 or. 2 med. subj. of αίρω.

 $dρηγοσύνη, <math>\dot{\eta}$ , = dρηξιs.

'APHTΩ, f. ξω, to belp, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγῶν ἀρήγει it is meet to be silent. II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν: also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοιs ἀρήγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

άρηγών, όνος, ό, ή, a belper, aid.

'Aρηί-θοος, ον, ('Aρης, θοός) swift as Ares, swift in war.

'Αρηϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, ('Αρηε, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.

'Αρήϊος, η, ον, Ιοη. for 'Αρειοε.

'Αρηί-φάτος, ον, Ion. for 'Αρεί-φατος.

'Aρηΐ-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also η, ον, ('Αρης, φίλος) dear to  $A_{res}$ 

ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. mfin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀρᾶσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

άρημένος, η, ον, distressed, barassed, =  $\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \alpha \mu$ μένος. (Origin uncertain)

αρηξις, εως, ή, (ἀρήγω) belp, succour. II. c. gen rei, belp against a thing, means of averting it. μρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: plapf. ἀρήρειν.

άρηρεμένος, pf. pass part. of ἀραρίσκω. ἀρήροκα, ἀρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρόω.

άρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρόω.

"APHΣ, δ: gen. "Αρεος or "Αρεως (never 'Αρους): dat. 'Αρεί, Att. contr. 'Αρεί, poet 'Αρη: acc 'Αρη, also 'Αρην and 'Αρεα: voc. 'Αρες: Ion. and Ep. declension 'Αρηνος, ηί, ηα. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to άρρην, αροπον, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come dρετή, dρι-, dρείων, άριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manbood, bravery in war: cf Lat. virtus.)

ἀρητήρ, ῆροs, ὁ: fem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā] ἀρητόs, Ion. for ἀρατόs.

αρθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αίρω.

αρθεν, Aeol. for ήρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of αίρω.

άρθμέω, f. ήσω, (ἀρθμόs) to be joined together.
ἄρθμως, a, ov, joined, united: at peace with another:

—as Subst. ἄρθμια, ων, τά, peaceful relations, concord.

c ρθμός, ό, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship. ἄρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plut. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἄρθρα ποδοῖν the ankles; ἄρθρα τῶν κύκλων the eyes; ἄρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence ἀρθρόω, f. ώσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

άρθρ-ώδης, ες, (ἄρθρον, είδος) well-jointed.

'API'-, insep. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἄρηs, ἀρείων, ἄριστος.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ ρι-γνώς,  $\dot{\omega}$ τος,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $d\rho i \gamma \nu \omega \tau$ ος.

άρι-γνωτος, η, ον, also os, ον, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.
ἀρι-δακρύς, ν, gen. νος, (άρι-, δάκρν) much weep-

ing, very tearful.

άρί-δάλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηλος.

άρι-δείκετος, ον, (άρι-, δείκνυμι) much shewn: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., άριδείκετος άνδρων most renowned of men.

aρί-δηλος, ov, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen,

of mountains: manifest, much known.

 $\mathring{a}$ ρί-ζηλος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, Ep. form of  $\mathring{a}$ ρίδηλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv.  $-\lambda \omega s$ .

άρι-ζήλωτος, ον, very enviable.

άριθματός, όν, Dor. for αριθμητός.

ἀριθμεῦντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω. ἀριθμέω, f. ήσω, (ἀριθμόs) to number, count, reckon up. to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

up. to count out. 2. to reckon, count. ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ερ. for ἀριθμηθήναι, 201. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

άρίθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀρίθμησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a counting or reckoning up. ἀριθμητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein:  $\dot{\eta} - \kappa \dot{\eta}$  (sc.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$ ), arithmetic. Adv.  $-\kappa \dot{\omega} s$ , arithmetically.

άριθμητός, ή, όν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός not counted, beld of no account, Lat.

nullo in numero babitus.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat numerus. 2. amount, size, etc; πολὸς ἀριθμός χρύνου 3 number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc; μετ' ἀνξρῶν ἵζεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ εἶναι, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no account. 4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγων ἀριθμώς a mere set of words; so ot men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς άλλως not a mere lot, like Hoτace's nos numerus sumus. II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιείσθαι τῆς στρατίῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\rho \mathbf{l} \mathbf{v}_{\bullet} = \tilde{\mathbf{a}} \rho \rho \iota \mathbf{s}$ .

"Apros, a, ov, old word for Μηδικόs, Median.

άρι-πρεπής, ές, (άρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showy, very splendid.

 $\tilde{\alpha}$ - $\rho$ is, =  $\tilde{\alpha}\rho\rho\iota s$ .

άρί-σημος, ον, (άρι-, σημα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

άριστ-αθλος, ον, (ἄριστος, ἆθλον) victorious in the contest.

άρίστ-αρχος, ον, (άριστος, άρχός) best-ruling.

ἀρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἀρι-, στάφυλή) rich in grapes. ἀριστάω, f. ήσω: pf. η ρίστηκα, syncop. I pl. ηρίσταμεν, syncop. inf. ηριστάναι: (άριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. άριστον.

άριστεία, ή, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

won the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεῖα), any great, beroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e. g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

άριστεῖα, τά, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) the prize

of the bravest, meed of valour.

άριστερόs, ά, όν, left, on the left; ἐπ' ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερὰ (with or without χείρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-banded, clumsy, like French gauche. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άριστεύς, έως, δ, (ἄριστος) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστη̂ες, Lat. optimates, the noblest

chiefs, princes.

άριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. άριστεύεσκε: f. εύσω: (άριστος):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων άριστεύεσκε be was the best of the Trojans; άριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., άριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι be was best at fighting.

άριστήϊον, Ion. for άριστείον.

άριστίζω, f. ίσω, (ἄριστον) to give one breakfast:— Med. to breakfast.

άριστίνδην, Adv. (ἄριστος) according to rank or merit.

άριστο-κρατία, ή, (άριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

άριστοκρατικός, ή, όν, aristocratical.

άριστό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (άριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

άριστο-μάχος, ον, (άριστος, μάχη) fighting best.
"APISTON, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman prandium.

άριστό-voos, ον, (άριστος, νόος) of the best dis-

position.

άριστο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (άριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

άριστος, η, ον, best in its kind, used as Sup. to άγαθός: of persons, best, i.e. bravest or noblest: c inf., άριστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; άριστος άπατασθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i.e. most excellent: neut. pl. άριστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, άριστος Hom., άριστος, Att., άριστος Dor. (On deriv., see "Αρης.)

άριστοτόκεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poet. fem. of

άριστο-τόκος, ον, (άριστος, τεκείν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστό-χειρ, ειροs, δ, ή, (ἄριστοs, χείρ) with the best band; ἀγὼν ἀριστόχειρ a contest won by the stoutest band.

άριστ-ώδιν, Ινος, δ, ή, (ἄριστος, ἀδίς) bearing the best children.

άρι-σφάλής,  $\epsilon$ , (dρι-, σφάλ $\epsilon$  $\hat{i}$ ν) very slippery or treacherous.

άρι-φράδής, ές, (άρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very chariots, charioteer.

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέωs, very plainly.

άρκειος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , = άρκτειος, of a bear.

άρκεόντως, Att. contr. άρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of άρκεω, enough; άρκούντως έχει it is enough.

άρκεσις, εως, ή, (ἀρκέω) help, aid, service.

άρκετός,  $\eta$ , όν, (ἀρκέω) sufficient. Adv.  $-\tau \hat{\omega}s$ . ἀρκεῦν, Ion. for ἀρκοῦν, pres. part. neut. of

'ÀPKÉ'Ω, f. έσω: aor. I ήρκεσα:—pf. pass. ήρκεσμα:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid.

II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough.

2. impers., dρκεῖ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; dρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good.

III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of dρήγω.)

ἄρκιος, α, ον, also os, ον, safe, sure; νῦν ἄρκιον  $\hbar$  ἀπολέσθαι  $\dagger$ ὲ σαωθ $\dagger$ ναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἄρκιον  $\mu$ ισθός a sure reward.

enough, sufficient.

άρκούντως, contr. for άρκεύντως.

άρκτειος, α, ον, (άρκτος) of a bear.

άρκτέον, verb. Adj. of άρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from άρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. e. one must obey.

"APKTOΣ, δ and η, a bear. 2. "Αρκτος, η, the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere αμαξα: hence the worth tole or generally, the North

the north pole, or generally, the North.

'Aρκτ-οῦρος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, οῦρος) Arcturus or Bearguard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Bootes.

Il. the time of bis rising, the middle of September.

'Αρκτο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (άρκτος, φύλαξ) = 'Αρκτοῦ-

pos, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

"APKΥΣ, Att. άρκυς, νος, ή, a net, bunter's net, Lat cassis; άρκυς ξίφους the toils, i. e. pertls, of the sword.

άρκυ-στάσία, ή, or

άρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (άρκυς, ίστημι) a line of nets.

άρκύ-στάτος, η, ον, οτ ος, ον, (άρκυς, ἴστημ) surrounded with nets; ἀρκυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἀρκύστατον, τύ, a net or place beset with nets

άρκυ-ωρός, δ, (άρκυς, οὖρος) a watcher of nets.

αρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

άρμαλία, ή, (άρμόζω)-sustenance allotted, food.

άρμ-άμαξα, ης, ή, (ἄρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

άρμάτειος, α, ον, (άρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast.

άρματεύω, f. σω, (άρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein. άρματηλάσία, ή, chariot-driving. From

άρματηλατέω, f. ήσω, to drive a chartot. From άρματ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (άρμα, ελαύνω) a driver of chariots charioteer. άρματό-κτύπος, ον, (άρμα, κτυπέω) rattling with chariots.

άρματο-πηγός, όν, (άρμα, πήγνυμι) making chariots; άρματοπηγός, ό, a wheelwright, chariot-maker.

άρματο-τροφέω, f. ήσω, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) to keep chariot borses, esp. for racing. Hence

άρματοτροφία, ή, a keeping of chariot borses.

άρματο-τροχιά, lon. - i, ή, (ἄρμα, τροχός) the course of a chariot, wheel-track.

άρματωλία, ή, = άρματηλασία.

**ἄρμενα**, τά, the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like ὅπλα. (From same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω.)

ἄρμενος, η, ον, Ερ. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω ἀρμόδιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἀρμόζω) fitting together:

hence well-fitting, agreeable.

άρμόζω, Att. άρμόττω, Dor. άρμόσδω: f. άρμύσω: aor. Ι ήρμοσα: pf. ήρμοκα:---Pass., aor. Ι ήρμόσθην: pf. ήρμοσμαι: (ἀρμός, ἄρω):—to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work: - Med. to join for oneself, put together: to prepare, make ready. 2. of marriage, to give in marriage: - Med. to marry, take to wife: -Pass. to be married to. 3. to bind fast. II. intrans. to to set in order, arrange, govern. fit, fit well: to be adapted, fit for. II!. impers., άρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. decet, c. inf.; σιγαν αν άρμόζοι. **ἄρμοῖ**, Adv., = ἄρτι, just, newly, lately. (Properly an old dat. of άρμός.)

άρμο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ἀρμός, λέγω) to join together. άρμονία, ή, (ἀρμόζω) a fitting together: a joint. II. a union between persons, covenant. III. an ordinance, decree; hence fate. IV. as a term in music, harmony, concord. 2. in Rhet. the intonation of the voice. 3. generally, harmony, agreement, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικών άρμονία woman's perverse temper.

άρμονικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\dot{\alpha} \rho \mu \delta \zeta \omega)$  skilled in music:  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ 

άρμονικά the theory of music.

άρμός, δ, (ά for ἄμα, ἄρω) a joining, a joint; άρμὸς χώματος λιθοσπαδής a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones.

άρμόσδω, Dor. for άρμόζω.

ἄρμοσμα, ατος, τό, (ἀρμόζω) joined work.

άρμοστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\delta}$ , = sq. : poét., also άρμόστωρ, a commander.

άρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀρμόζω) one who arranges or governs, a governor: esp. a harmost, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also the governor of a dependent colony.

άρμόττω, Att. for άρμόζω, q. v.

αρνα, acc. with no nom. in use, dual αρνε, plur. αρνε, etc.; v. sub αρνός.

άρνακίς, ίδος, ή, (ἀρνός) a sbeep's skin.

άρνειος, α, ον, (άρνός) of a lamb or sbeep; άρνειος φόνος slaughtered sheep.

ἀρνειόs, ὁ, (ἀρνόs) a young ram: but as Adj., ἀρ- field. 'AI

ἀρνεο-θοίνης, ου, ὁ, (ἀρνός, θοινάω) feasting on sbeep. 'APNE'OMAI, fut. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡρνήθην, but also aor. med. I ἡρνησάμην: Dcp.:—opp. to εἰπεῖν, to deny: opp. to δοῦναι, to refuse: absol. to say no, decline: c. inf. to refuse to do.

άρνευτήρ, η̂ροs, δ, (ἀρνείω) a tumbler: also a diver. ἀρνεύω, f. σω, (ἀρνόε) to frisk like a lamb, tumble.

άρνήσιμος, η, ον, (άρνέομαι) to be denied.

άρνησις, εως, ή, (ἀρνέομαι) denial.

άρνίον, τό, Dim. of άρνός, a young lamb, lambkin.

'ÀPNO'Σ, τοῦ, τῆs, gen. of an obsol. nom. \*ắρs, the nom. in use being ἀμνόs: dat. ἀρνί, acc. ἄρνα; du. ἄρνε; pl. ἄρνεs, gen. ἀρνῶν, dat. ἄρνασι (Ερ. ἄρνεσσι), acc. ἄρναs:—a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna: also a sbeep.

ἄρντμαι, defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., lengthd. form of αἴρομαι, to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize.

ἀρξεῦμαι, Dor. for ἄρξομαι, fut. of ἄρχομαι.

άρόμην, Ep. 2 or. 2 med. of αίρω.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ ρον, - $\hat{\mathbf{a}}$ τω, aor. I imperat. of  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ ίρω.

**ἀρόσιμος**, ον, (ἀρόω) arable, fruitful: metaph. fit for engendering children.

apoors, εωs, η, (ἀρύω) a ploughing, tillage. II. arable land, corn-land, Lat. arvum.

ἀροτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἀρόω) a ploughman, husbandman; βοῦς ἀροτήρ a steer for ploughing.

II. metaph, a father.

άρότης, ου,  $\delta$ , = ἀροτήρ, a ploughman; Πιερίδων ἀρόται labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets.

άροτος, ὁ, (ἀρόω) tillage, ploughing, husbandry; ζην άπ' ἀρότου to live by husbandry. 2. the crop, fruit of the field: also a field. II. the season of tillage, seed-time.

άροτραίος, α, ον, (άροτρον) of corn-land.

 $\dot{a}$ ροτρεύς,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ως,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{a}$ ροτήρ. Hence

**ἀροτρεύω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , = ἀρώω, to plough.

άροτρητήs, οῦ, ὁ, of or for the plough.

ἀροτριάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ ,= ἀρόω, to plough. ἀροτρο-δίαυλος, ὁ, (ἄροτρον, δίαυλος) one who

ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the δίαυλος. ἄροτρον, τό, (ἀρόω) a plough, Lat. aratrum.

άροτρο-πόνος, ον, (άροτρον, πύνος) labouring at

the plough. ἀροτρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (ἄροτρον, φέρω) to draw the plough.

άροῦμαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , fut. med. of ἀείρω: but ἀροῦμαι  $[\check{a}]$ 

of αίρω.

αρουρα, ή, (ἀρόω) tilled or arable land, seed-land, cern-lan l, Lat. arvum: also generally, soil, land; πατρὶς άρουρα father-land:—metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children. Hence

άρουραίοs, a, ov, belonging to corn-land, rustic; μῦs ἀρουραίοs a field-mouse.

άρούριον, τό, Dim. of ἄρουρα.

άρουρό-πονος, ον, (άρουρα, πόνος) working in the field.

'APO'Ω, f. όσω, poët. όσσω: aor 1 ήροσα: pt.

άρήροκα:--Pass., aor. Ι ήρόθην: pf. άρήρομαι:--to plough, till, Lat. arare. II. to sow, apoûv els κήπουs. 2 metaph. of the husband, to beget:

Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

άρδωσι, Ep. for ἀροῦσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρύω.

άρπαγή, ή, (άρπάζω) seizure, robbery, rape. the thing seized, booty, plunder.

III. rapacity.  $\dot{a}$ ρπ $\dot{a}$ γη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}$ ρπ $\dot{a}$ ζω) a book for drawing up a 2. a rake, Lat. barpago.

αρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (άρπάζω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

άρπαγμός, ό, (άρπάζω) robbery. 2. anything that

is seized, plunder.

'AΡΠΑ'ΖΩ, fut. ἀρπάξω, Att. ἀρπάσω or ἀρπάσομαι: aor. Ι ήρπαξα, Att. ήρπασα: pf ήρπακα:-Pass., aor. Ι ήρπάχθην or ήρπάσθην: aor. 2 ήρπάγην [ἄ] pf. ήρπαγμαι οτ ήρπασμαι:—to ravish away, to carry off; in part., άρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. to grasp bastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. to plunder. Hence

άρπακτήρ, ό, a robber.—Fem. άρπάκτειρα. άρπακτός, ή, όν, (άρπάζω) seized in baste.

άρπαλέος, a, ov, and os, ov, (άρπάζω) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έωs, eagerly. Hence

άρπαλίζω, f. ίσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive. άρπαξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rapax. II. as Subst. ἄρπαξ, δ, a robber, plunderer. ἄρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

 $\dot{a}$ ρπεδόνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{a}$ ρπάζω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

άρπη, ή, (άρπάζω) a bird of prey, a kind of ful-II. a sickle: a scimitar.

**ἄρπυιαι**, al, (ἀρπάζω) the snatchers, i. e whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

'APPA BΩ'N, ωνος, ό, earnest-money, cautionmoney: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrhabo, arrha.

αρ-ράφος, ον, (a privat., ραφηναι) unsewed, without seam or suture.

αρ-ρεκτος, poet. α-ρεκτος, ον, (a privat., δϵ(ω)undone: unfinished.

άρρενικός, ή, όν, (άρρην) masculine, male.

άρρενό-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (ἄρρην, παις) of male children. 2. with a boy.

άρρέν-ωπος, ον, (άρρην, ώψ) masculine-looking, masculine.

άρ-ρηκτος, ον, (a privat., βήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. -τωs. "APPHN, δ, ή, ἄρρεν, τό, gen. ενος: old Att. ἄρσην: Ion. έρσην:—male, opp. to θηλυς: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst. αρρην, δ, the male. άρρηνής, έε, (ἄρρην) fierce, savage.

άρ-ρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., δηθηναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught. be told, secret, mysterious; διδακτά τ' ἄρρητά τε things | aliquo.

that may be published and must not be told. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; άρρητ άρρήτων things most borrible. ful to be spoken; ρητά καὶ ἄρρητα, Lat. dicenda

άρρηφορέω, f. ήσω, (άρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

aρρηφορία, ή, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

'Αρρη-φόροι, ai, (ἄρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other boly things (apρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

άρ-ρίγητος, ον, (α privat., ρίγεω) not shivering from

cold or fear.

αρ-ριζος, ον, (a privat., βίζα) not rooted.

αρ-ριs, ivos, o, ή, (a privat., bis) without nose, without smell.

"APPIXOΣ, ὁ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [ĭ]

αρ-ρυθμος, ον, (a privat., ρυθμώς) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. - uws, out of time

άρ-ρυτίδωτος, ον, (a privat., ρυτίε) unwrinkled.  $\mathring{a}\rho$ - $\rho \mathring{\omega} \xi$ ,  $\mathring{\omega} \gamma os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (a privat.,  $\dot{\rho} \mathring{\omega} \xi$ ) without cleft, unbroken

άρρωστέω, f. ήσω, (ἄρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

άρρώστημα, ματος, τό, a sickness.

άρρωστία, ή, (άρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill bealth, αρρωστία τοῦ στρατεύειν inability to serve from ill bealth

άρ-ρωστος, ον, (α privat., βώννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

αρσαι, άρσον, άρσαντες, and άρσάμενος, aor. I act and med, of ἀραρίσκω.

άρσε, Ep. for  $\hat{\eta}$ ρσε, 3 sing. 20r. 1 of ἀραρίσκω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ρσενικός,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ν, =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ρρενικός.

ἀρσενο-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρσην, κοίτη) one guilty ofunnatural offences.

"APΣHN, εν, Ion. and Att. for later αρρην.

**ἄρσιος**, ον, (ἄρω) fitting, agreeing, friendly.  $d\rho\sigma$ ί-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , πουν,  $\tau\dot{\phi}$ , gen. ποδοε, contr. for

άερσίπους (αίρω, πούς) lifting the feet. άρσις, εωε, ή, (αἴρω) a raising or lifting.

prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσιs the letting it sink.

**ἄρσω,** Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀραρίσκω.

άρτάβη, ή, a Persian measure, artaba, = I medimnus + 2 choenices.

άρταμέω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From "APTA MOΣ, δ, a butcher, cook.

άρτάνη [ă], ή, (ἀρτάω) that by which something is

bung up, a rope, balter.

άρτάω, Ion. άρτέω: f. ήσω: pf. ήρτηκα:-Pass., aor. Ι ήρτήθην: pf. ήρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. αρτέαται: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω):—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another: - Pass. to be bung upon, bang upon, έκ τινος: hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

άρτέαται, Ion. for ήρτηνται or ήρτημένοι είσί, 3 pl. | pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

άρτεμής, έs, (άρτιος) safe and sound. Hence

άρτεμία, ή, safety, soundness.

"APTEMIZ, gen. 1808, acc. 1v or 18a, h, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανὰ βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

'Αρτεμίσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

'Αρτεμίσιος, δ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

άρτέμων, ονος, δ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, suppărum.

άρτέω, Ιου. for άρτάω.

άρτημα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which hangs down, a banging ornament, pendant.

άρτηρία, ή, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

"APTI, Adv just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

άρτιάζω, f. άσω, (άρτιοs) to play at odd and even, Lat. par impar ludere. II. to count.

άρτιάκις, Adv. (ἄρτιος) an even number of times.

άρτι-βρεχής, ές, (άρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

άρτί-γάμος, ον, (άρτι, γάμος) just married.

άρτι-γένειος, ον, (άρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing

άρτι-γέννητος, ov, new-born.

άρτι-γλυφής, ές, (άρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

άρτί-γονος, ov, just born.

άρτι-δαής, ές, (άρτι, δαήναι) just taught.

άρτί-δακρυς, υ, (άρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to

άρτί-δορος, ον, (ἄρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

άρτιέπεια, ή, pecul. fem. of

άρτι-επής, ές, (άρτιος, έπος) ready of speech, glib. άρτι-ζυγία, ή, (άρτι, ζυγόs) a late union, ανδρών ἀρτιζυγία newly-married husbands.

άρτίζω, f. ίσω, (ἄρτιος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θάλής, ές, (ἄρτι, θάλειν) just blooming. άρτι-θανής, ές, (άρτι, θανείν) just dead.

άρτί-κολλος, ον, (ἄρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together;

εis αρτίκολλον in the nick of time, opportunely. άρτι-κόμης, ου, δ, (άρτι, κομάω) just having got bair or leaves.

**ἀρτι-λόγοs**, ον, (ἄρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

άρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (άρτι, λοχεύω) just born. άρτι-μαθής, ές, (άρτι, μαθείν) baving just learnt.

άρτιος, a, ov, (ἀραρίσκω, άρτι) complete, perfect of

its kind, exactly fitted; άρτια βάζειν to speak to the purpose; ἄρτια ήδη thought things fitting or agree-2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. numbers, even, opp. to περισσόs, odd.

άρτι-πάγής, ές, (άρτι, πάγηναι aor. 2 pass. of πήγ- | άρυσάμενος, aor. 1 med. part. of άρύω.

νυμι) just put together, just made: - of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. recens coactus.

άρτί-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

aρτί-πος, Ep. for aρτί-πουε.

άρτί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (άρτιος, πούς) cound or swift of foot, opp. to χωλόs. II. coming just in time.

αρτίσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή, (ἀρτίζω) a preparing, adorning. άρτί-σκαπτος, ον, (άρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

άρτί-στομος, ον, (άρτι, στόμα) speaking readily. άρτί-τοκος, ον, (άρτι, τεκείν) just born.

paroxyt. apritokos, ov, act. baving just given birth.

άρτι-φανήs, és, (άρτι, φανηναι) just become visible.

άρτί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (άρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

άρτι-φυής, és, and άρτίφυτος, ον, (άρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

άρτι-χανήs, έs, (άρτι, χανείν) just yawning or opening.

άρτί-χνους, ουν, (άρτι, χνόος contr. χνους) with the down just growing.

άρτί-χριστος, ον, (άρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

άρτίωs, Adv. of άρτιος, like άρτι, just, exactly.

άρτο-κόπος, ον, (άρτος, κύπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

άρτο-λάγυνος, ον, (άρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet

άρτο-ποιός, όν, (άρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

άρτο-πώλης, ου, ό, (άρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

άρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

άρτο-πώλις, ιδος, ή, fem. of άρτοπώλης, a breadwoman.

"APTO∑, &, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

άρτο-σὶτέω, f. ήσω, (ἄρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat wheaten bread, opp. to ἀλφιτοσιτέω to eat barley-bread.

άρτοφαγέω, to eat bread. From

άρτο-φάγος, ου, δ, (άρτος, φαγείν) bread-eater.

άρτυμα, τό, (ἀρτύνω) seasoning, spice.

άρτύνας, δ, (άρτύνω) a magistrate at Argos and

Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστήs

άρτύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , fut. ἀρτ $\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ , Ep. ἀρτ $\bar{v}$ ν $\hat{\epsilon}\omega$ : aor. I ήρτῦνα: aor. I pass. ἦρτύνθην:—also ἀρτύω: fut. ἀρτύσω [v]: aor. Ι ήρτυσα: pf. ήρτυκα, pass. ήρτυμαι: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω.) Το arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτύveiv, Lat. insidias struere, to contrive a trick : generally, to prepare, make ready:-Med. to prepare, make ready.

άρύβαλλος, δ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρύταινα.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.

άρυστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , =  $\hat{d}$ ρυτήρ.

αρύστίχος, ό, Dim. of άρυτήρ, a small ladle.

ἀρύταινα, ης, ή, = ἀρυτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος. ἀρὕτήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cub.

αρυτήσιμος, ον, (άρίω) fit to drink.

'APY'Ω, Att. ἀρύτω [v]: f. ύσω [v]: aor. 1 ἤρῦσα:
—Pass., aor. 1 ἤρῦθην [v] οτ ἤρύσθην: cf ἀνώω, ἀνύτω.
Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύτεσθαι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.

ἀρχ-άγγελος, δ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel. ἀρχαϊκός, ή, όν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, anti-

quated.

άρχαιό-γονος, ον, (άρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race. άρχαιολογέω, f. ήσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From

άρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (άρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes

ancient bistory.

άρχαιο-μελη-σίδωνο-φρῖνίχ-ήρἄτος, ον, (άρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, έρατός) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynichus' Phoenissae.

άρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of άρχαῖοs, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

άρχαιό-πλουτος, ον, (ἀρχαίος, πλοῦτος) rich from olden time.

άρχαιο-πρεπής, έs, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-bonoured.

άρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-bonoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαϊκός, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly.

2. ancient, former.

άρχαιό-τροπος, ον, (άρχαιος, τρόπος) old-fashioned. άρχ-αιρεσία, ή, (άρχή, αίρεσις) an election of ma-

gistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence

άρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to bold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.

άρχαίωs, Adv. of άρχαῖοs, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

άρχε-, insep. Prefix from ἄρχω, with idea of excel-

lence or superiority.

άρχεῖον, Ῑon. ἀρχήῖον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj άρχεῖον, a, ov: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-ball, senate-bouse, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.

ἀρχέ-κὰκος, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακόε) beginner of ill. ἀρχέ-λᾶος, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ον, (ἀρχε-, λαόε) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λᾶς.

άρχεμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἄρχω.

**ἀρχέ-πλουτοs**, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλοῦτοs) enjoying ancient wealth.

άρχέτας, δ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἄρχω) a leader, prince.

II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.

ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύποε) an archetype, pattern, model.

άρχεύω, f. σω, (άρχω) to command, lead.

 $\dot{a}$ ρχέ-χορος, ον,  $(\dot{a}$ ρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

'APXH', η, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' dρχάs in the beginning, at first; &ξ ἀρχη̂s from the first; absol., ἀρχην at first; our ἀρχην not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. a first principle, element.

3. in plur., = dπαρχαί, firstlings.

4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereignty, dominion, Διδs ἀρχη̂; c. gen. rei, ἀρχη̂ τῆs' Aσίαs power over Asia: —also an empire.

2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταί by election, κληρωταί by lot.

άρχη-γενής, ές, (ἄρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first

beginning of a thing.

άρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and άρχηγετεω, f. ήσω, to make a beginning. From

άρχ-ηγέτης, ου, δ: fem. άρχηγέτις, ιδος, but dat. άρχηγέτι: Dor. άρχηγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family.

II. a first leader, prince, chief.

άρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-αγός, όν, (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχηγέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first father. 2. a prince, chief.

άρχηθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.

άρχήϊον, τό, Ion. for άρχειον.

άρχήν, Adv., v. άρχή ι.

'APXI-, insep. Prefix from άρχω, like ἀρχε-.

ἀρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office. ἀρχιερατικός, ή, όν, (ἀρχιερεύς) belonging to the

Chief Priest.
άρχιερεύς, έως, δ: Ion. nom. άρχιέρεως, εω; also άρχιρεύς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιρέας: (ἄρχω, ἰερεύς) a chief priest, high priest.

άρχ-ιερωσύνη, ή, (άρχι-, lερωσύνη) the chief priest-

ουσα. ἀρχι-θάλασσος, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the

άρχιθεωρέω, f. ήσω, to be άρχιθέωρος. From

άρχι-θέωρος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρύς) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.

άρχί-κλωψ, ωπος, δ, a chief of robbers.

άρχικός, ή, όν, (άρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.

άρχι-κυβερνήτης, ου, δ, a chief pilot.

άρχί-μιμος, ό, a chief comedian.

άρχι-οινόχοος, δ, a chief cupbearer.

άρχι-πειρατής, οῦ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

άρχι-ποίμην, gen. ενος, δ, (ἀρχί-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.

άρχ-ιρεύς, δ, Ion. for άρχιερεύε.

άρχι-συνάγωγος, δ, (dρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.

άρχιτεκτονέω, f. ήσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From άρχι-τέκτων, ονοε, δ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

άρχι-τελώνης, ου, δ, a chief collector of taxes, chief

publican.

άρχι-τρίκλινος, δ, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

άρχός, δ, a leader, chief, commander. From

 $\dot{\mathbf{APX}}\Omega$ , f. άρξω: 201. I  $\dot{\eta}$ ρξα: pf.  $\dot{\eta}$ ρχα:—inore commonly in Med. άρχομαι: fut. άρξομαι: aor. I ήρξάμην: pf. ήργμαι:—Pass., fut. ἀρχθήσομαι: aor. I I. of Time, to begin: c. gen. to make ήρχθην. a beginning of a thing, ἄρχειν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἄρχεσθαι οἰκοδομεῖν to begin to build; ή ψυχή άρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink. to begin from or with; ἄρχεσθαι Διός to begin from love, Lat. a Jove principium. 3. c. gen, rei et dat. pers., άρχειν θεοίε δαιτόε to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἄρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs. 4. c. acc., ἄρχειν ὑδύν τινι to shew him the way :- imperat., ἄργε begin!part. ἀρχόμενοs, at first. II. of Place and Station, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:-more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιν ἄρχειν:—c. acc. cognato, άρ- $\chi \in \mathcal{U}$  dp  $\chi \eta \nu$  to bold an office. 2. Pass. to be ruled or governed: of ἀρχόμενοι subjects.

αρχων, οντος, δ, (properly part. of αρχω) a ruler, 2. of Apxovtes, the chief captain, chief, king. magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Αρχων οτ Αρχων ἐπώνυμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεύs, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχοs, the

remaining six οἱ Θεσμοθέται.

\*'APΩ, a form assumed as the Root of αραρίσκω.  $\mathbf{d} \rho \hat{\boldsymbol{\omega}} [\bar{a}]$ , fut. of  $\mathbf{d} \epsilon i \rho \omega$ : but  $\mathbf{d} \rho \hat{\boldsymbol{\omega}} [\bar{a}]$ , of  $\mathbf{a} i \rho \omega$ .

ἀρωγή, ή, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; όρωγή νόσου belp against disease.

άρωγο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (άρωγός, ναύτης) belper of

sailors.

άρωγός, όν, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing. II. as Subst. ἀρωγός, ὁ, a belper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

"APΩMA, τό, any seasoning, spice.

άρωμα, τό, (ἀρόω) corn-land, Lat. arvum. αρώμεναι, Ep. for άροῦν, contr. from ἀροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρύω.

άρωραίος, Dor. for άρουραίος.

as, as or as, Acol. and Dor. for ews, till, until.

as. Dor. gen. for \$\hat{\eta}\_s\$, from \$\delta s\$, \$\hat{\eta}\_s\$. doas, contr. for dagas, agr. 1 mf. of daw, to burt.

**arai**, aor. I inf. of aw, to satiate.

ἀσαι, contr. for ἀείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀείδω. ασαιμι, aor. I opt. of αω, to satiate.

ά-σακτος, ον, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down. ά-σάλαμίνιος, ον, (a privat., Σαλαμίς) not baving been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μι]

ά-σάλευτος, ον, (a privat., σαλευτός) unsbaken, calm. άσαμεν, I plur. 20r. 2 of αω, to sleep.

ασάμινθος, ή, a batking-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.) 'Ασάνα, 'Ασάναι, 'Ασάναιος, Lacon. for 'Αθήνη, 'Αθῆναι, 'Αθηναῖοs.

ά-σάνδαλος, ον, (a priv., σάνδαλον) without sandals. a-σαντος, ον, (a privat., σαίνω) not to be flattered, barsh, morose.

ά-σαρκος, ον, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean. άσατο, contr. for ἀάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀάω, to burt.

ασασθαι, aor. I med.mf of αω, to satiate.

άσάφεια, ή, indistinctness. From

ά-σἄφήs, és, (a privat., σαφήs) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φωs, indistinctly.

άσάω, f. ήσω, (άση) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:-Pass. ἀσάομαι, with aor. I pass. ἀσήθην, and med. ἀσάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.

α-σβεστος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, (a privat.,  $\sigma\beta$ εστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, cease-II. as Subst., ασβεστος (sub. τίτανος), ή, unslaked lime. 2. asbestus, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

" $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{\Sigma} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Sigma}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , rarely  $\dot{\boldsymbol{v}}$ , also  $\mathbf{d} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \boldsymbol{\beta} \boldsymbol{\delta} \boldsymbol{\lambda} \boldsymbol{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , soot.

άσε, for άἄσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἀάω, to burt.

ἀσέβεια, ή, (ἀσεβήs) impiety, profaneness. ἀσεβέω, f. ήσω, (ἀσεβή) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods Hence

ασέβημα, ατος, τό, an impious act, a sin.

à-σεβήs, és, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.

ασειν, fut. inf. of αω, to satiate. [a]

ά-σείρωτος, ον, (a privat., σειρύω) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφύροι.

ά-σέλαστος, ον, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.

 $d\sigma \epsilon \lambda \gamma \alpha i \nu \omega$ , f.  $d\nu \omega$ ; pf. pass.  $d\sigma \epsilon \lambda \gamma \eta \mu \alpha i$ :  $(d\sigma \epsilon \lambda$ γήs):—to behave licentiquely.

ἀσέλγεια, ή, (ἀσελγήs) licentiousness.

ά-σελγής, ές, (a privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal. Adv. - ws, extravagantly.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -σέληνος, ον, ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$  privat., σελήνη) without moon.

 $\dot{a}\sigma\epsilon\pi\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , =  $\dot{a}\sigma\epsilon\beta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to act improved From  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -σεπτος, ον, (a privat.,  $\sigma \in \beta \omega$ ) not to be reverenced, unboly.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\sigma}\boldsymbol{\epsilon}\boldsymbol{\sigma}\boldsymbol{\theta}\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ , 2 pl. fut. med. of  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ , to satiate.

**ἀσεῦμαι,** Dor. for ἀείσομαι, Αιτ. ἄσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω αση, ή, (αω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. generally, anguish, distress.

άσηθηs, άσηθηναι, aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ἀσάω. ά-σήμαντος, ον, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader,

untended. II. unsealed, unmarked.

**α-σημος**, ον, (a privat., σημα) without sign or mark; άσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; άσημα δπλα arms without device. II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure. III. indistinct, unseen, unbeard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.

å-σήμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ασημος.

άσθένεια, ή, (ἀσθενήs) want of strength, weakness, 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, f. ήσω, (ἀσθενήs) to be weak, feeble, sickly.  $\dot{a}\sigma\theta\dot{\epsilon}\nu\eta\mu a$ ,  $a\tau os$ ,  $\tau\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  an infirmity.

a-σθενής, ές, (a privat., σθένος) without strength, 2. of property, poor; ol ἀσθεweak: feeble, sickly. νέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -σθενόω, f. ώσω, ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ σθενή $\mathbf{s}$ ) to weaken.

ἀσθενῶς, Adv. of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly. άσθμα, ατος, τύ, (ἄω, to blow) bard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing. ἀσθμαίνω, (ἆσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath 'Ασι-άρχης, ου, δ, ('Ασία, ἄρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

'Aστάs, άδοs, ή, ('Aσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ή 'Aσιάs (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by

Cepion of Lesbos.

'Ασιατο-γενής, ές, ('Ασία, γένος) of Asiatic descent.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\sigma(\delta\eta\rho\sigma s, \sigma v, (\mathbf{a} \text{ privat.}, \sigma(\delta\eta\rho\sigma s)) not of iron.$ without sword.

**ά-σἴνήs**, έs, (a privat., σίνομαι) of persons, unburt, unbarmed: of things, undamaged. II. act. not barming, doing no barm: innocent. 2. protecting from barm. Hence

ά-σινώς, Adv. innocently: Sup. ασινέστατα.

aσιοs, a, ον, (aσιs) slimy, miry.

"AΣIΣ, εωs, ή, slime, mud.

άσιτέω, f. ήσω, (ἄσιτος) to go without food, to fast. ασίτια, ή, want of food, fasting. From

a-σιτος, ον, (a privat., σιτος) without eating, fasting. ἀσκάλαβος or ἀσκάλαβώτης, δ, a kind of lizard. α-σκάλος, ον, (α privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug. άσκάντης, ου, δ, a mean bed.

ά-σκαρδαμυκτεί and -κτί, Adv. of ασκαρδάμυκτος, without winking, without unchanged look.

ά-σκαρδάμυκτος, ον, (α privat, σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

ά-σκελής, ές, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, 2. neut. donelés, as Adv., also doneλέωs, obstinately, stubbornly.

ά-σκέπαρνος, ον, (a privat., σκέπαρνον) unhewn ά-σκεπτος, ον, (α privat., σκέψομαι fut. of σκοπέω) inconsiderate: -Adv. -τωs, inconsiderately. unconsidered, unobserved.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\sigma \kappa \epsilon v \dot{\eta} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{s}$ , =  $\ddot{a} \sigma \kappa \epsilon v o \mathbf{s}$ .

**α-σκευος**, ον, (α privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with ..., ἄσκευος ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατοῦ. 'AΣΚΕ'Ω, f. ήσω: pf. ήσκηκα, pass. ήσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, to bonour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, ἀσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, ἀσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 2. c. inf., ἀσκῶ τοιαύτη μένειν I prac- untilled: of plants, not sown, growing wild.

tise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. to practise, train,

άσκηθήs, és, unburt, unbarmed: unscathed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άσκημα, ατος, τό, (ἀσκέω) an exercise.

ά-σκηνος, ον, (a privat., σκηνή) without tents.

ἄσκησις, εως, ή, (ἀσκέω) exercise, training; ἄσκησίς Tivos practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

άσκητέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀσκέω, to be practised. άσκητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to lδιώτη: an athlete. Hence

άσκητικός, ή, όν, industrious: athletic.

 $d\sigma$ κητός,  $\eta$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(d\sigma\kappa\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  curiously wrought. exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτύs.

ά-σκιος, a, ον, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -σκίπων, ονο**s**,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , (a privat., σκίπων) without a

'Ασκληπιείον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From 'Aσκληπιόs, o, Asclepios, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

**α-σκοπος**, ον, (α privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, Tivós. II. pass. un-2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

'AΣKO'Σ, δ, a leathern bag, a wineskin. nerally, an animal's bide -proverb., ἀσκὸν δέρειν τινά to flay one alive; ἀσκὸς δεδάρθαι to be flayed alive άσκώλια, τά, (ἀσκός) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence.

'Ασκωλιάζω, f σω, to dance as at the Ascolia. άσκωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to

make the oar work easily.

ασμα, τό, (αδω) a song, lay.

ασμάτο-κάμπτης, ου, δ, (ασμα, κάμπτης) twister of song.

ασμένος, η, ον, as if for ησμένος, perf. pass part of ήδομαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ἀσμένφ μοι αν είη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:---Comp. ἀσμενώτεροs, -έστεροs and -αίτεροs. Adv. -νωs, gladly, readily.

άσομαι, contr. for ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω, to sing. α-σοφος, ον, (α privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.

'AΣΠΑ'ZOMAI, fut. άσομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave. 2. to embrace, kiss, caress. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his mas-4. ἀσπάζεσθαι ὅτι to be glad that

ά-σπαίρω, Ion. impf. ασπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπαίρω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.

άσπάλαθος, δ, a sweet-scented shrub.

ἀσπάραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, δ, asparagus. ά-σπαρτος, ον, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, unsown, άσπάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (άσπάζομαι) welcome, well-pleasing. II. well-pleased, glad. Hence άσπασίως, Adv. readily, gladly.

ασπασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) a welcome, greeting: m plur. embraces.

άσπασμός, δ, (άσπάζομαι) an embrace: affection. άσπαστός, ή, όν, – άσπάσιος, welcome.

α-σπειστος, ον, (a privat., σπένδομαι) to be appeased by no libations, implacable.

ά-σπερμος, ον, (α privat., σπέρμα) without seed, i.e. without posterity.

 $\hat{a}$ -σπερχές, Adv., ( $\alpha$  euphon ,  $\sigma$ πέρχ $\omega$ ) bastily, botly,

unceasingly.

α-σπετος, ον, (α privat, εἰπεῖν) unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great: neut. ασπετον as Adv., unspeakably:—but, φωνή ασπετος an indistinct voice.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ῆτος, ὁ, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward.

ἀσπίδη-στρόφος, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) wielding a shield.

άσπιδη-φόρος, ον, (άσπίς, φέρω) shield-bearing: as Subst. a shield-bearer, warrior.

άσπιδιώτης, δ, (άσπίς) shield-bearing, a warrior. ἀσπιδ-οῦχος, δ, (ἀσπίς, ξχω) a shield-bearer.

ἀσπιδοπηγεῖον, τό, an armourer's shop. From ἀσπιδοπηγεῖον, δ, (ἀσπίς, πήγγυμι) a shield-maker.

ἀσπιδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) living by the shield, a warrior.

ά-σπίλοs,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (a privat., σπίλοs) without stain, spotless, pure.

'AΣΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, a round shield, Lat. clipeus, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (δμφαλόs) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was ὅπλον, Lat scutum.

2. in common language used for a body of men-at-arms (ὁπλίται), δκτακιαχιλίη ἀσπίε 8000 heavy-armed men; ἐπ' ἀσπίδαs πέντε καὶ είκοσι τάξασθαι to draw men up twenty-five deep; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα παρ' ἀσπίδα on or to the left, right shoulders forward, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to ἐπὶ δόρν.

II. an asp, a kind of snake.

ἀσπιστήρ, ηρος, δ, and ἀσπιστής, οῦ, δ, (ἀσπίς) one armed with a shield, a warrior: also ἀσπίστωρ, as Adj., κλόνοι ἀσπίστορες din of shielded warriors. ἄ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (α privat, σπλάγχνα) without

bowels: metaph. beartless or merciless.

ἀσπονδεί, Adv. implacably. From

d-σπονδος, ον, (α privat., σπονδή) without drinkoffering, to whom no drink-offering is poured. II.
without regular truce (which was ratified by σποσά): τὸ ἀσπονδον a keeping out of treaty or covenant
with others. III. admitting of no truce, implacable; ἀσπονδος ἀρά a deadly curse.

ά-σπούδαστος, ον, (a privat., σπουδάζω) not zealously pursued. II. not world zeal, mischievous. ά-σπουδεί and ά-σπουδί, Adv. (a privat., σπουδή) wilbout zeal: wilbout a struggle, ignobly.

άσσα, Att. άττα, Ion. for άτινα, neut. pl. of δστις, which, which soever, what, whatever.

άσσα, Att. άττα, Ion. for τινά, something, some. άσσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. as, a farthing.

ἀσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἀγχι, nearer: sometimes c. gen, ἀσσον ἐμεῖο nearer to me:—also Adv. ἀσσοτέρω, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἀσσότερος, Sup. ἀσσότατος, Adv. ἀσσοτάτω.

άσσω, Att. contr. for αἰσσω.

ά-σταθής, έs, (α privat., ἴσταμαι) unsteady, unstable. ά-στάθμητος, ον, (α privat, σταθμάομαι) unsteady, unstable: of things, uncertain.

α-στακτος, ον, (α privat, στάζω) not trickling, i. e. gusbing in streams:—Adv. ἀστακτί, in floods.

a-στασίαστος, ον, (α privat., στασιάζω) without party-spirit, quiet. Adv. -τως.

ἀστατέω, f. ήσω, to be unstable: be a wanderer. From α-στατος, ον, (a privat., ἴσταμαι) not steadfast, uncertain, unstable.

άσταφίδίτις, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem. Adj. consisting of raisins. [δ $\bar{t}$ ] From

ά-σταφίς, ίδος, ή, (a euphon., σταφίς) a raisin.

ἀσταχύεσσιν, dat. pl. of

ά-στάχυς, vos, ό, (α euphon., στάχυς) an ear of corn. ά-στέγαστος, ον, (α privat., στεγάζω) incovered, of a ship, undecked; διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον from their bauing no shelter.

άστείζομαι, Dep. to be witty. From

dorείοs, ov, also α, ov, (ἄστυ) of the town; then, like Lat. urbanus, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty; opp. to ἄγροικος.

ά-στειπτος, ον, (a privat., στείβω) untrodden.

ά-στεμφής, ές, (a privat., στέμβω) unmoved, unsbaken: Adv., ἀστεμφέως έχειν τινά to hold one fast. 2 of persons, inexorable.

ά-στένακτος, ον, (α privat., στενάζω) without sigh or groan: without need for groans.

αστέον, verb. Adj. of αδω, one must sing.

α-στεπτος, ον, (a privat., στέφω) uncrowned: hence, unbonoured.

ἀστεργ-άνωρ, opos, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ἀστεργ $\hat{\eta}$ s, ἀν $\hat{\eta}$ ρ) without love of man, bating wedlock. [ $\gamma$ ā]

ά-στεργήs, έs, (a privat., στέργω) without love, unkind, hateful.

ἀστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἀστήρ, είδος) starry.

άστερόεις, εσσα, εν, (άστηρ) starry: sparkling, glittering.

ἀστεροπή, ή, poet. for ἀστραπή, lightning. Hence ἀστεροπητής, οῦ, ὁ, the lightener.

ἀστερ-ωπόs, όν, (ἀστήρ, ὤψ) starry: star-like, bright. ἀ-στέφανοs, ον, (α privat., στέφανοs) without crown, ungarlanded.

α-στεφάνωτος, ον, (α privat., στεφανόω) not crowned. αστή, ή, fem. of αστός, a female citizen.

ά-στηλος, ον, (a privat., στήλη) without tombstone. 'AΣΤΗ'P, δ, gen. έρος: dat. pl. άστρασι, Lat. ASTRUM, a star.

2. any luminous body, a meteor.

**ά-στήρικτοs**, ον, (α privat.,  $\sigma \tau \eta \rho i \zeta \omega$ ) not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.

ά-στιβής, ές, (a privat., στείβω) not to be trodden,

2. untrodden, solitary.

άστικός, ή, όν, (ἄστυ) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικὰ Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια 11: 11. =  $d\sigma \tau \epsilon \hat{\iota} os$ , also native, opp. to fevikús foreign. neat, pretty.

**α-στικτος**, ον, (α privat., στίζω) not branded, not

marked with spots.

**ἀ-στλέγγιστος**, ον, (α privat.,  $\sigma \tau \lambda \epsilon \gamma \gamma i \zeta \omega$ ) not soraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.

**α-στολος**, ον, (α privat., στολή) without the stole. **α-στομος**, ον, (α privat., στόμα) speechless. of horses, bard-mouthed, unmanageable, dogs, bad-mouthed, unable to bite. IV. of a sword, without edge.

άστό-ξενος, δ, ή, (ἄστυ, ξένος) the public guest of a city.

ά-στοργος, ον, (a privat., στέργω) without natural affection, beartless, barbarous.

άστός, δ, (ἄστυ) a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen,

opp. to Eévos.

άστοχέω, f. ήσω, to miss the mark: to fail. From ά-στοχος, ον, (a privat., στόχος) missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.

ά-στράβη, ή, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ά-στράβής, ές, (a privat., στραφήναι) untwisted. straight.

ἀστραγάλη, ή, Ion. for ἀστράγαλος III.

άστράγάλος, ό, one of the vertebrae of the neck. the ankle bone, Lat. talus. III. mostly in plur. ἀστράγαλοι, oi, dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. tali: hence the game of dice. They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, 'Αφροδίτη, Lat. jactus Veneris; the worst, when all came alike, κύων, Lat. canis.

'AΣTPAΠH', ή, a flash of lightning, lightning. [ăπ] άστραπηφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry lightnings. From άστραπη-φόρος, ον, (άστραπή, φέρω) lightning-

bearing, flashing.

άστράπτω, f. ψω, (ἀστραπή) to lighten: impers... αστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth. intr. to flash or glance like lightning.

άστράσι, dat. pl. of ἀστήρ.

ά-στράτεία, ή, (α privat., στρατεύω) exemption from 2. a shunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν αστρατείαs to be indicted for it; ἀστρατείας άλωναι to be convicted

ά-στράτευτος, ον, (a privat., στράτεύω) exempt from 2. never baving served.

ά-στρεπτος, ον, (a privat., στρέφω) not to be bent: of persons, unbending.

άστρο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (άστρον, γείτων) near the stars.

ἀστρολογία, ή, astrology. From

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ στρο-λόγος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ στρον, λέγω) an astronomer: later, an astrologer.

"AΣΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation. ἀστρονομέω, f. ήσω, and ἀστρονομίζω, f. ίσω, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and

άστρονομία, ή, astronomy. From

άστρο-νόμος, ον, (άστρον, νέμω) classing the stars: as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, δ, an astronomer.

ά-στροφος, ον, (a privat., στρέφω) without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἄστροφος έλθεῖν to go without turning the back.

άστρώος, a, ov, (ἄστρον) of the stars, starry.

 $\dot{a}\sigma\tau\rho$ - $\omega\pi\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\dot{a}\sigma\tau\epsilon\rho\omega\pi\dot{o}s$ .

ά-στρωτος, ον, (α privat., στρώννυμι) without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.

"AETY, \( \tau \delta : \) gen. \( \epsilon \) contr. ovs, also \( \epsilon \) s:—a city, town: the Athenians called their own city "Aoru, as the Romans called theirs Urbs; though αστυ also de-

noted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræeus. ἀστυ-άναξ, ακτος, δ, (ἄστυ, ἄναξ) lord of the city.

ἀστυ-βοώτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄστυ, βοάω) crying through the city, epith. of a herald.

άστυ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (άστυ, γείτων) near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.

ἄστυδε, Adv. (ἄστυ) into, to, or towards the city.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\kappa}\dot{\mathbf{o}}\mathbf{s}, \ \dot{\eta}, \ \dot{o}\nu, = \dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\mathbf{\tau}\iota\mathbf{\kappa}\dot{\mathbf{o}}\mathbf{s}.$ 

α-στυλος, ον, (a priv., στυλος) without pillar or prop. ἀστύ-νικος, (ἄστυ, νίκη) victorious.

ἀστυνομέω, to be an ἀστυνόμοι. From

ἀστυ-νόμος, δ, (ἄστυ, νέμω) a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræeus. II. as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; όργαὶ ἀστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.

ἀστυ-όχος, ον, (ἄστυ, ἔχω) keeping the city.

ά-στυφέλικτος, ον, (a privat., στυφελίζω) unsbaken. ά-στύφελος, ον, (a privat., στυφελός) not rocky.

ά-συγγνώμων, ον, (a privat., συγγνώμων) without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.

ά-συγκέραστος, ον, (a privat., συγκέραστος) not to be muxed.

ά-συγκόμιστος, ον, (a privat., συγκομίστος) not gathered together, unreaped.

ά-σύγκριτος, ον, (a privat., σύγκριτος) not to be mixed, unsocial.

ά-συγκρότητος, ον, see άξυγκρότητος.

ά-συκοφάντητος, ον, (α privat., συκοφαντέω) not calumniated.

άσυλαίοs, a, ov, (α-συλον) of an asylum.

ά-σύλητος, ον, (a privat., συλάω) inviolable.

άσυλία, ή, (ἄσυλος) inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.

α-συλλόγιστος, ον, (a privat., συλλογίζομαι) unable to reason: - Adv., ασυλλογίστως έχειν to be unable to reason.

d-συλος, ον, (a privat., σύλη) free from plunder:

unbarmed, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμων ἄσυλοs safe from marriage.

ά-σύμβάτος, ον, (a privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τωs.

ά-σύμβλητος, ον, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

ά-σύμβολος, ον, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

α-σύμμετρος, ον, (a privat., σύμμετρος) incommen-II. disproportionate, unequal.

ά-συμπαθήs, έs, (a privat., συμπαθήs) without sympathy.

α-σύμφορος, ον, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. - pws. ά-σύμφωνος, ον, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant. ά-σύνδετος, ον, (a privat., συνδέω) unconnected

ἀσυνεσία, ή, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.

ά-σύνετος, Att. ά-ξύνετος, ον, (a privat., συνετύς) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv.  $-\tau \omega s$ .  $[\ddot{\upsilon}]$ 

ά-σῦνήμων, Att. ά-ξυνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., συνίημι) without understanding.

ά-σύνθετος, Att. ά-ξύνθετος, ον, (a privat., συντί- $\theta$ εμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τωε.

ά-σύντακτος, Att. ά-ξύντακτος, ον, (a privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

ά-σύντονος, ον, (a privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -νωs, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ά-συσκεύαστος, ον, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ά-σύστατος, Att. άξύστατος, ον, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) not bolding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἀσύφηλος, ov, vile, disbonoured: also disbonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

άσυχία, άσύχιμος, άσυχος, Dor. for ήσυχ -.

ά-σφάδαστος, ον, (a privat., σφαδάζω) without convulsion or struggle.

ά-σφακτος, ον, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered. ἀσφάλεια, ή, (ἀσφαλήs) firmness, stability. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also 3. certainty, surety. a safe conduct.

άσφάλειοs, ον, of Neptune, the Securer. From ά-σφαλής, έε, (a privat., σφαλείν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unfailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. safe, secure; έν ἀσφαλεί or έξ ἀσφαλούs in safety, τὸ ἀσφαλές safety. Hence

άσφαλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to secure, guarantee.  $d\sigma \phi a \lambda \iota \sigma \theta \hat{\eta} v \alpha \iota$ , aor. I pass. inf. of  $d\sigma \phi a \lambda i \langle \omega \rangle$ .

άσφαλτίτης, ου, ό, fem. -îτις, ή, of aspbalt, bituminous: λίμνη 'Ασφαλτίτιε, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [1] From

ασφαλτος, ov, ή, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

άσφαλώς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of άσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ά-σφαραγέω, (a euphon., σφαραγέω) to ring, resound. ἀσφάραγος, δ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the throat, gullet.

ἄσφι, ἄσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφόδελος, δ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. as Adj., ἀσφοδελόs λειμών the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάα, 3 plur. ἀσχαλόωσι, inf. ἀσχαλάαν, part. ἀσχαλόων. -another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάαν μένων to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλᾶν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχάλλειν θάνατον to feel a borror of death. (Deriv uncertain.)

ά-σχετος, ον, (α privat, σχείν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\xi \chi \omega$ ) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.

άσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously;

άσχημοσύνη, ή, deformity, indecency. From ά-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., σχήμα) shapeless: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνω.

ἀσχολία, ή, occupation, industry, business. want of leisure: a bindrance from other things; do yoλίαν παρέχειν τινί to be a bindrance to one. From ά-σχολος, ον, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -λωs.

ἀσχολόων, ἀσχολόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ά-σώματος, ον, (a privat., σωμα) without body, incorporeal.

άσωτία, ή, prodigality, dissoluteness. From

ά-σωτος, ον, (α privat., σώ(ω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τωs, dissolutely.

ἀτακτέω, f. ήσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

ά-τακτος, ον, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. - 70s.

α-τάλαίπωρος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπωρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ά-τάλαντος, ον, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἀταλά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tenderminded.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλόε) to gambol, sport II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, about. foster:—Pass. to grow up, wax.

άταλός, ή, όν, (akin to άπαλός) tender, delicate. ἀταλό-ψῦχος, ον, (ἀταλόε, ψυχή) soft-bearted. άταξία, ή, (άτακτοι) a want of discipline. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ATA'P, Ep. aurap, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτάρ που ἔφηs still thou didst 'straightforward. say: it often stands for δέ after μέν. Adv. ἀτενῶs, or a

ά-τάρακτος, ον, (α privat., τἄράσσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ή, freedom from passion, calmness.

ά-ταρβής, έs, (a privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβής

τη̂s θέαs baving no fear about the sight.

ά-τάρβητος, ον, (α privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

ἀταρπίτός, ή, Ion. for ἀτραπιτός.

ἀταρπός, ή, Ion. for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρτηρόs, όν, Ep. for ἀτηρόs, mischievous, baneful. ἀτασθάλία, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλοs) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From

ἀτάσθαλος, ον, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless. ἀ-ταύρωτος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, (α privat., ταῦρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ά-τἄφος, ον, (a privat., τἄφηναι) unhuried.

ἀτάω, f. ήσω, (ἀτη) to burt, barm. Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like απερ, just as, as if, so as.

II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. quippe, utpote.

a-τεγκτος, ον, (a privat., τέγγω) unwetted, not softened: bard-bearted, relentless.

ά-τειρής, ές, (a privat., τείρω) not to be worn away: unturing, unwearted: also stubborn, unbending: weartsome.

**ἀ-τείχιστος**, ον, (α privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified.

II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ά-τέκμαρτος, ον, (a privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., άτεκμάρτως έχειν to be in the dark.

άτεκνία, ή, childlessness. From

α-τεκνος, ον, (α privat., τέκνον) childless.

ἀτέλεια, ή, (ἀτελήs) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas.

**ἀ-τέλεστος**, or, (a privat, τελέω) without end or for. effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., in no vain.

II. uninitiated in.

ά-τελεύτητος, ον, (a privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished.

II. endless, impracticable.

ά-τέλευτος, ον, (a privat., τελευτή) endless.

d-τελής, ές, (a privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished.
2. ineffectual, Lat. irritus.
3. imperfect, unripe,
II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing.
III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunis.

IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

άτελίη, ή, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμβω, only used in pres. to bring to barm, to maltreat, confound:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμβονται νεότητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]

ά-τενής, έs, (α copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. Adv. ἀτενωs, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence

ἀτενίζω, f. ίσω, to look at intently, gaze at. "ATEP, Prep. with gen. without, except, besides.

aloof, apart, away from.

II.

II.

 $\mathring{a}$ -τέραμνος, ον, (a privat., τέραμνος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ά-τεράμων [ă], ov, gen. ovos, Att. for άτέραμνος.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ τερθε, before a vowel  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ τερθεν, =  $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ τερ.

ά-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., τέρμα) without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος [ἄ], ον. Dor for ἔτερος, ον. 2 ἄτερος [ᾶ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἔτερος, gen. θᾶτέρου, dat. θᾶτέρ $\varphi$ , θατέρ $\varphi$  etc., or with mark of crasis, θἀτέρου, etc.

ά-τερπήs, έs, (a privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, ad. II. not enjoying a thing, τινόs.

 $\vec{\mathbf{a}}$ -τερπος, ον, =  $\vec{\mathbf{a}}$ τερπής.

ά-τευχής, ές, and ά-τεύχητος, ον, (a privat., τεῦχος) unarmed

α-τεχνος, ον, οτ α-τεχνής, ές, (α privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial.

II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνῶς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἄτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. plané, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written  $d\tau$ εχνῶς; as  $d\tau$ εχνῶς ξένως ἔχω I am an utter strauger.

άτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-bardy, reckless. From

άτη, ή, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. Άτη personified, the goddess of mischief: the Λιταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. ll. 9 500. [ā]

ά-τηκτος, ον, (a privat., τήκω) unmelted. άτημελέω, f. ήσω, to be careless. From ά-τημελής, ές (a privat., τημελής) careless.

ἀτημέλητος, ον, (ἀτημελέω) unbeeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. Il. act. taking no beed: Adv., ἀτημελήτως ἔχειν τινός to take no beed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, ά, όν, (άτη) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρω̂s.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

'Aτθίς, ίδος, ή, Attic; cf. 'Αττικός. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

 $\dot{a}$ -τίετος,  $o\nu$ , (a privat., τίω) unbonoured. If act. not bonouring.

ἀ-τίζω, f. ίσω, (a privat., τίζω=τίω) not to bonour: absol. in part., ἀτίζων unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ά-τιθάσευτος, ον, (a privat.,  $\tau$ ιθασεύω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

io ve iumea, wita

ἀτῖμ-ἄγέλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the berd, feeding alone.

ained tight: hence Pass., aor. 1 ἡτίμασα: pf. ἡτίμακα:—
2. straight, direct: τιμάω). Το esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—Pass.

to suffer disbonour or insult. II. = ἀτιμόω in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights.

ἀτῖμαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάζω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must disbonour.

ἀτιμαστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἀτιμάζω) a disbonourer.

ἀτίμαστος, ον, (ἀτιμάζω) disbonoured, despised. α-τιμάω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἢτίμησα: pf. ἢτίμηκα:-

Pass, aor. I ἢτιμήθην: (a privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ἀτίμητος, ov, unbonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed

by law.

ἀτιμία, ή, (ἄτιμος) disbonour, disgrace. Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. demunitio capitis. a-τιμος, ον, (a privat, τιμή 1) unbonoured, disbonoured: c. gen. without the bonour of. Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. capite deminutus, opp. to ἐπίτιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή II) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence

άτιμόω, f. ώσω, to disbonour: - Pass, to suffer dis-2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of justice, uprightness. From civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat aerarium facere.

ἀτίμων, Ep. mpf. of ἀτιμάω.

ά-τιμωρητεί, and ά-τιμωρητί, Adv. of

ά-τιμώρητος, ον, (a privat, τιμωρέσμαι) unavenged, 2. unprotected. unpunished.

ἀτίμως, Adv. of ἄτιμος, disgracefully.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -τίμωσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ τιμόω) a dishonouring. [τ $\bar{\mathbf{i}}$ ] ἀτϊτάλλω, 201. 1 Ιοιι. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

ά-τίτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., τίω) unbonoured, disbonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

**α-τί**ω, (α privat., τίω) not to bonour, not to revenge. [t]

'Ατλα-γενής, ές, ('Ατλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas. 'Aτλαντίς, ίδος, ή, daughter of Atlas. From

"A-τλαs, αντοs, δ, (a euphon., τληναι) Atlas, one of ferent. the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

άτλητέω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From ά-τλητος, Dor. ά-τλατος, ον, (a privat., τληναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared. ατμή, ή, = ατμόs, smoke, beat.

ā-τμητος, ον, (a privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

άτμίζω, f. ίσω, (άτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam. άτμίς, ίδος, ή, (ἄω, ἄημι) steam, vapour. [τ] άτμός, ὁ, (ἄω, ἄημι) smoke, Lat. vapor.

ά-τοιχος, ον, (a privat., τοιχος) unwalled.

a-τοκος, ον, (a privat., τεκείν) never baving bad a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ά-τόλμητος, ον, (α privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

άτολμία, ή, want of daring, cowardice From ά-τολμος, ον, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ά-τομος, ον, (a privat., τομή) uncut: unmown. not able to be cut, indivisible; εν άτόμω in a moment of time.

a-τονος, ον, (a privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus. II. (τόνοε) without accent.

a-τοξος, ον, (a privat., τόξον) without how or arrow. άτοπία, ή, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

a-τοπος, ον, (a privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. 2. at ineptus. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

άτόπωs, Adv absurdly.

åτος, ov, contr. for άατος, insatiate, c. gen. атрактов, ò, and ἡ, a spindle. II. also an

arrow, cf. ηλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ά-τραπίτός, Ερ. άτάρπιτος, ή, a path.

ά-τραπός, Ερ. ά-ταρπός, ή, (α euphon., τρέπω) α path that does not turn, a path, way, road. 11.

άτρέκεια, ή, reality, strict truth, accuracy.

'ATPEKH'S, és, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ά-τρέμα, and before a vowel ά-τρέμας, Adv., (α privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ά-τρεμαίοs, a, ov, poet, for άτρεμήs, calm, gentle; άτρεμαία βοά a whisper.

άτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or

quiet. From ά-τρεμής, ές, (a privat., τρέμω) not trembling, un-

moved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμί, quietly. άτρεμία, ή, (άτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.

άτρεμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (άτρεμής) to keep quiet:

οὐκ ἀτρεμίζειν to be restless or unquiet. ά-τρεπτος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indif-

ά-τρεστος, ον, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless ά-τρίακτος, ον, (a privat., τριάζω) unconquered.

ά-τρίβαστος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed ά-τριβήs, és, (a privat., τριβείν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used.2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. integer.

άτριον, τό, Dor. for ήτριον.

ά-τριπτος, ον, (a privat, τρίβω) not worn lard by 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. άτριπτοι åκανθαι thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ά-τρόμητος, ον, (a privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless. ά-τρομος, ον, (a privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. intrepidus.

άτροπία, ή, obstinacy. From

a-τροπος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) not turning, uncbangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ή Ατροποι, name of one of the Moipai or Parcæ.

ἀτροφέω, f. ήσω, to pine away. From

ā-τροφοs, ον, (a privat., τρέφω) taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.

ά-τρύγετος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., τρύγάω) unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.

ά-τρυγής, ές, (a privat., τρύγη) not gathered.

ά-τρύμων, ον, gen. ονος, = άτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρύμων κακῶν not worn out by ills. [v]

ā-τρῦτος, ον, (a privat., τρύω) not worn down, unabating: of a road, wear isome.

'A-τρῦτώνη, the Unwearied. (Lengthd. form from

ἀτρύτη, as 'Αιδωνεύε from Αίδηε.)

ά-τρωτος, ον, (a privat., τιτρώσκω) unwounded. άττα, Att. for τινά, άττα for άτινα, ν. άσσα, άσσα. "ATTA, a salutation used to elders, father; cf. άππα, άπφα, πάππα. [τὰ]

άττἄγαs, â, δ, Lat. attagen, prob. the godwit.

άτταταῖ, a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταταῖ, etc.: also used ironically.

ἀττέλαβοs, Ion. ἀττέλεβοs, δ, a kind of locust

without wings.

'Aττικίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, ('Αττικόs) to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic. Hence

'Αττικίσμός, δ, a siding with Athens, attachment to ber. II. an Attic expression, Atticism.

'Aττικίων, Dim. of 'Αττικόs, a little Athenian.

'Αττικός, ή, όν, (ἀκτή) Attic, Athenian: ή 'Αττική (sub.  $\gamma$ ῆ) = 'Ατθίς, Attica.

'Αττικωνϊκόs, ή, ύν, a comic alteration of 'Αττικύs, imitated from the form of Λακωνικόs.

άττον, Att. for ασσον, nearer.

**ἄττω,** Att. for ἄσσω, ἀίσσω, q. v.

άτύζομαι, aor. I part. ἀτυχθείs: Pass.: (ἀτάω):—to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered; ἀτυζόμενος πεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing. II. rarely in Act. ἀτύζω, f. ύξω, to strike with terror.

**ἀ-τὐράννευτοs**, ον, (a privat., τυραννεύω) not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.

ά-τυφος, ον, (a privat., τύφω) not puffed up.

ἀτυχέω, f. ήσω, (ἀτυχής) to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen to fail in getting or gaining a thing.

2. ἀτυχεῖν πρός τινα to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request. Hence

ἀτύχημα, ατος, τό, a misfortune, mishap.

ά-τὕχής, ές, (a privat., τυχεῖν) luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful. Adv. -χω̂s.

ἀτυχία, ἡ, (ἀτυχέω) ill luck, bad fortune. Il a miscarriage, mishap.

AΥ, Adv. of Place, back, backwards, Lat. retro.

II. of Time, again, anew, afresh, once more, Lat. denuo.

III. further, moreover, besides, Lat. porro.

2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. vicissim.

αὐαίνω, impf. αὔαινον: f. αὐανῶ: 20. It pass. αὐαινον in cluber or parch up;

βίον αὐαίνειν to waste life away: fut. med. αὐανοῦμαι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.

aidhéos, a, ov, (alos) dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.

Avaous,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = 0$ aous, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αὐάτα, Áeol. for ἄτη, calamity, mischief; to be pronounced ἀΓάτα.

αὐγάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ηὕγασα: (αὐγή):—to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med. II. intr. to shine.

ATTH', ἡ, a bright light, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. the rays, beams of the sun; ὑπ' αὐγἀs ἡελίοιο under the light of the sun, i.e. still alive; αὐγὰs λεύσσειν to behold the light, i.e. to be alive; κλύζειν πρὸs αὐγάs to rise surging towards heaven. 2 any light, esp. of the eyes; ὁμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. lumina, the eyes. 3. any gleam on the surface of bright objects, sheen.

αὐδάζομαι, f. άξομαι: aor. 1 ηὐδαξάμην: Dep.:

(αὐδή):—to cry out, speak.

αὐδάω, impf. ηὕδων f. ήσω Att. ἄσω: aor. I ηὕδησα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ηὕδηκα:—also
αὐδάομαι, as Dep.:—to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to
speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim. 2.
to speak, to address. 3. c. inf. to tell, bid, order
to do. 4. to call by name; αὐδῶμαι παῖε 'Αχιλλέωs
I am called Achilles' son. 5. like λέγειν, Lat.
dicere, to mean. From

AΥ ΔH', ή, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e.g. the twang of the bowstring. 2. a report, account. Hence

αὐδήεις, εσσα, εν, speaking with human voice.

αὐ-ερύω (i. e. αὖ ἐρύω), aor. I αὐέρὔσα:—to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.

αὐθάδεια, poot. αὐθᾶδία, ή, self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption. From

αὐθ-άδης [ā], εε, (αὐτόε, ήδομαι) self-willed, wilful stubborn, beadstrong: also unfeeling. Adv. -δωε.

αὐθ-āδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poët. for αὐθάδεια.

aὐθάδίζομαι, f. iσομαι: (αὐθάδηs): Dep.:—to be self-willed or stubborn.

αὐθαδικόs, ή, όν, (αὐθάδηs) disposed to be self-willed. αὐθάδισμα, ατος, τό, (αὐθάδης) an act of self-will, wilfulness.

αὐθᾶδό-στομος, ον, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) wilful or proud of speech.

αὐθ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, αἴμα) of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.

aὐθ-αίρετος, ον, (αὐτός, αἰρέω) self-chosen, self-elected. II. taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional. Adv. -τως.

aibevréω, f. ήσω, to bave power over. From aibe-évrηs, ου, δ, contr. for abroévrηs, (airós, έντεα) an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide. 2.

the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide. 2. an absolute master or ruler. II. as Adj., αὐθέντηs φόνος death by murder.

αὐθ-ήμερος, ου, (αὐτός, ήμέρα) made or bappening

2. any tube, pipe,

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτημερόν, on the very day.

aυθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτύθι, of Place, on the spot, bere, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

aὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, έε, (αὖθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigĕna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθιγενὲς ὕδωρ spring water.

2. genuine, sincere.

avous, Ion. avris, Adv., a lengthd form of av: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also bereafter. III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other band.

**αὐθ-όμαιμος,** (αὐτό**ς, ὅμα**ιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

aủ-taxos, ov, (a copul.,  $la\chi\eta$ ) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὖλαξ, ἄκος, ή, = ἄλοξ, a furrow: also ὧλαξ, for which Homer used ὧλξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

aŭλειοs, a, ov, sometimes also os, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείησι θύρησι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὐλέω, f. ήσω, (αὐλόs) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλείται πῶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ή, (\*ἄω, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with outbuildings, the altar of Zeùs Epkelos being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αύλειοε), and one leading through the αίθουσα into II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the the πρόδομος. court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αυλειος) was the inner court (μέσαυλος or μέταυλος), leading into the women's part of the house III. generally, any IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber. court or hall. αύλημα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεῦντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω. αὐλητήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, and αὐλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (αὐλέω) α flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ή, όν, of or for a flute-player; ή αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

αὐλητρίs, ίδος, ή, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl. αὐλιάs, άδος, ή, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

aὐλίζομαι, fut. med. αὐλίσομαι: aor. I ηὐλισάμην: aor. I pass. ηὐλισθην: pf. ηὕλισμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή):—to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αύλιον, τό, (αύλή) any country bouse, a cottage: a fold. II. a chamber, cave.

αύλιος, a, ον, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὖλις, ιδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αὐλίσκος, δ, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe. αὐλιστρίς, ίδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a female inmate in

αὐλο-δόκη, ή, (αὐλόε, δέχομαι) a flute-case. αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλόε, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὐλο-ποιός, δ, (αὐλός, ποιέω) a flute-maker.
αὐλός, δ, (\*αὕω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a
flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐλοὶ ἀνδρήῖοι καὶ γυναικήῖοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra
et sinistra, i. e. bess and treble; αὐλὸς Ἐνυαλίου the

pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet. groove, socket.

αὐλών, ῶνος, ὁ, poet. also ἡ, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago. αὐλ-ῶπις, ιδος, ἡ, (αὐλός, ἄψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

AΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, poet. ἀξξω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. 1 ηύξησα: pf. ηύξηκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to bonour, exalt, extol. II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξηθήσομαι: aor. I ηὐξήθην: pf. ηὐξημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ηὐξανόμην ἀκούων I grew taller as I heard. III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence αὕξη, ή, growib, increase.

αυξηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αυξάνω.

Authoria,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(a\tilde{v}_t\omega)$  the goddess of growth.  $a\tilde{v}_t\eta\sigma s$ ,  $\epsilon\omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(a\tilde{v}_t\omega)$  growth, increase.

αυξίμος, ον, (αυξω) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σέληνον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon. αὐξώ, οῦς, ἡ, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αύξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αὐονή, ή, (αὖος) dryness, withering.

αὖος, η, ον, (αὕω) dry, dried, of fruit; αὖον ἀυτεῖν to ring dry and barsh, of metal. 2. withered, parched. 3. drained dry, exhausted.

άϋπνία, ή, sleeplessness. From

αυ-πνος, ον, (α privat., υπνος) sleepless, wakeful; υπνος αυπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αύρα, Ion. αύρη, ή, (\*άω, άημι) air in motton, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αύριον, (from αὐώς, Aeol. for ἡώς) Adv. to-morrow;  $\mathbf{\hat{t}}$ s αύριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ἡ αὐριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἡ ἐς αὐριον ἡμέρα, ὁ αὔριον  $\lambda$ ρόνος.

άθσαι, aor. I inf. of ανω to shout.

αύσιος, Dor. for τη ΰσιος.

αὖσταλέος, poet. ἀΰσταλέος, α, ον, (αὖος) sunburnt, sbrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὐστηρόs, ά, όν, (\*ἄω, αὕω, άζω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barsh, austere. Hence

αύστηρότης, ητος, ή, roughness, rough flavour. 2. metaph. barshness, sternness, austerity.

aὐτ-άγγελος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message: bringing news of what one has seen.
αὐτ-άγρετος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀγρέω) self-chosen, left to one's choice.

II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-άδελφος, ον, (αὐτύς, ἀδελφύς) related as brother or sister: one's own brother or sister.

**αῦτ-ανδροs**, ον, (αὐτύs, ἀνήρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἄνέψιος, α, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, bowever, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, ή, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, in-

dependence.

αὐτ-άρκης, ες, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

aure, Adv, I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, ατος, τό, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-εξούσιος, ον, (αὐτός, εξουσία) in one's οιωη power: τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.
αὐτ-επάγγελτος, ον, (αὐτός, επαγγέλλομαι) offer-

ing of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-επώνύμος, ον. (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same

αὐτ-επώνυμος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ερέτης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

düréw, Ep. impf. dὑτευν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout: also in Act., to call. [v̄] From dürή, ἡ, (ανω) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [v̄]

αὐτ-ἡκοος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ຖμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημερόν, on the selfsame day. αὐτι-γενής, έε, Ion. for αὐθιγενής.

αὐτίκα [i], Adv. (αὐτόs) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter: presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example; μοτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τίν' ὁ Zεύs; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?

αὖτις, Ion. and Dor. for αὖθις.

ἀῦτμή, (\*ắω, αὕω, to blow) breatb: the blast of a bellows.

II. a scent, odour.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\ddot{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{\mu}\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{v}, \ \mu\dot{\boldsymbol{\epsilon}}\nu o \mathbf{s}, \ \dot{\mathbf{o}}, = \dot{\mathbf{a}}\upsilon\boldsymbol{\tau}\mu\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}.$ 

αὐτο-βοεί, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοεί ελεῖν to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, ον, (αὐτόε, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, ον, (αὐτός, γεννάω):—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a nother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογνωμονέω, f. ήσω, to act of one's own will or steers bimself. judgment. From αὐτό-κωπος,

αὐτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. -μόνως.

αὐτό-γνωτος, ον, (αὐτός, γιγνώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γύος, ον, (αὐτός, γύης): — ἄροτρον αὐτόγυον a plough in which the γύης is of one piece with the έλυμα and Ιστοβοεύς.

αὐτο-δᾶής, ές, (αὐτός, δαῆναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτο-δάϊκτος, ον, (αὐτός, δαίζω) self-slain or mutually slain

αὐτ-οδάξ, Adv. (αὐτός, ὑδάξ) with clenched tech: hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten

αὐτό-δηλος, ον, (αὐτός, δηλος) self-cordent.

αὐτο-δίδακτος, ον, (αὐτύς, διδάσκω) self-taught αὐτό-δίκος, ον, (αὐτύς, δίκη) with one's own law-courts: conducting one's own suit at bome.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-έλικτος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally. αὐτο-έντης, ου, δ, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.

αὐτο-ετής, ές, (αὐτός, έτος) in or of the same year: Adv. αὐτόετες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεί, Adv of αὐτοθελήs, voluntarily αὐτο-θελήs, έs, (αὐτύs, θέλω) of one's own will,

voluntary.
αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot

where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat illine of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθζ, Adv for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κᾶσίγνητος, ὁ, and -τη, ἡ, (αὐτός, κασίγνητος) an own brother or sister

αὐτο-κατάκρἴτος, ον, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αύτο-κέλευθος, ον, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, ον, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, cf one's own accord

αὐτο-κελής, ές, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foreg.

αὐτό-κλητος, ον, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i.e. uncalled, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, ον, (αὐτός, κόμη) with natural bair, shaggy.

II. bair and all.

αύτο-κράτής, ές, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, baving full power, absolute: τὸ αὐτοκρατές free will. αὐτο-κράτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master: 1. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of tulers, absolute: peremptory.

αὐτό-κτίτος, ον, (αὐτύε, κτίζω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, ον, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κτβερνήτης, ου, ό, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers bimself.

αὐτό-κωπος, ον, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the

bandle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a handle, i.e. of oneself, of one's own accord.

swords.

= μόνος: αὐτοί έσμεν we are h

αὐτο-μἄθή**s**, έs, (αὐτόs, μαθεῖν) self-taught, τινόs in a thing.

αὐτό-μαρτύς, ὕρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μάρτυς) oneself the witness, i. e. an eyewitness.

aὐτομᾶτίζω, f. ίσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

aὐτό-μᾶτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (αὐτός, μέμαα, pf of \*μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. self-moving; τὰ αὐτόματα self-moving machines, automatons.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous.

3. of events, bappening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτον, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. ultro, sponte sua.

αὐτομολέω, f. ήσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλησις, εως, ή, and αὐτομολία, ή, desertion. αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

aὐτονομέομαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ή, independence. From

aὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμομωι feeding at will aὐτο-νὕχί, Adv (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

aὐτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παι̂ς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, π $\hat{\eta}$ μα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ , (αὐτδε, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ου, ό, a citizen of a free state.  $[\bar{\imath}]$  αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμνος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμνον) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμνος ὅλλυσθαι to perish root and branch

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτ-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὅψομαι, fut. of ὁράω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling ozz's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζοs, poët. αὐτόριζοs, ον, (αὐτός, βίζα) selfrooted. II with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρῦτος, poet. αὐτό-ρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ρέω) self-flowing.

ΑΥΤΟΣ, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self, Lat. ipse: m oblique cases often for the person. Pron., bim, ber, it: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself:

1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag, phrase Abros &oa, Lat. Ipse dixit.

2.

3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοί ἐσμεν we are by ourselves. dat. with a Subst., together with; ανόρουσεν αὐτη σὺν φόρμιγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σύν, ιππουε αὐτοίσιν οχεσφιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι alhes and all; αὐτοῖε τοῖε ἵπποιε horses and all. added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτο**s αὐτ**οs bimself the fifth, i. e. bimself with four others, autos being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὰ αὐτόε, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always divisim in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: agam αὐτόs is joined with the reflexive ξαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc , to give greater force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὑτοῦ. 7. Comp. αὐτότερος, more bimself; and Sup. αὐτότατοs, Lat. ipsissimus, bis very self.

11. He, 'be, it, Lat ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτύν, v sub ἐαυτοῦ.

III. with Article,  $\delta$  αὐτόs,  $\eta$  αὐτή,  $\tau \delta$  αὐτό, Att. contr. ἀὐτόs, ἀὐτή, ταὐτό and ταὐτόν; gen. ταὐτοῦ, etc.; Ion. ἀὐτόs, τοὐτό:—the same, Lat. idem. It freq. takes a dat, like ὅμοιος, etc.,  $\delta$  αὐτόs  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$  λίθφ the same as the stone;  $\tau \delta$  αὐτό πράσσειν οι πάσχειν τινί to fare the same as one: also iii phrases κατὰ ταὐτό,  $\dot{v}$ πὸ ταὐτό, at, about the same time, Lat. sub idem tempus: εἰς ταὐτό, ἐν ταὐτῷ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i e natural, native, as in αὐτόκτιτος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόξυλος 3. of oneself, as in autobiδακτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτόαὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 6. rarely, with reflex, sense of αὐτοῦ and δεκα. άλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτότοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηνος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc. αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron. αὐτόσ-σύτος, ον, (αὐτός, σεύομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-στάδία, ἡ, (αὐτύ», ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sigbing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφάγής, ές, (αὐτός, σφαγηναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδά, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

aὐτοσχεδιάζω, f. άσω, (αὐτοσχέδιοs) to act or : peak off-band: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially.

2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-band. Hence

aύτοσχεδίασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-band, an impromptu: and

band: a novice, Lat. tiro.

αὐτο-σχέδιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (αὐτός, σχέδιος) band to band:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδίη, (sc. μάχη) ή, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδίην as II. off-band, on the spur of Adv. close at band. the moment.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) near at band, band to band, Lat. cominus.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τέλεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) self-accomplished. αὐτο-τελής, έs, (αὐτός, τέλος) complete in itself, sufficient: - Adv. αὐτοτελωs, absolutely, arbitrari-II. taxing oneself.

αὐτότερος, see αὖτός Ι. 7.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) young and all. αὐτο-τραγικός, ή, όν, (αὐτός, τραγικός) arrant tragic. αύτο-τροπήσας, 20r. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπάω, (αὐτόs, τρέπω) to turn straightway.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτόε, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. illico.

αύτοῦ, Att. contr. for ξαυτοῦ.

αὐτουργία, ή, a working with one's own hand, aùτουργία φόνου self-inflicted murder. From

αὐτ-ουργός, όν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) self-working. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, II. pass, self-wrought, extemporary αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτό: ἐπ' αὐτόφι οι παρ' αὐτόφι on the very spot; ἀπ' αὐτόφι from the very spot.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) bark and all. αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, \*φένω) self-murdering, murdering one's own kin.

αὐτο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, \*φένω) a murderer. αὐτό-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύρτος) bearing one's own baggage.

αὐτο-φυήs, έs, (αὐτόs, φύω) self-growing, self-exist-2. of home growth or production. tural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυείς λόφοι hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined. Hence

αὐτοφυῶs, Adv. naturally.

αὐτό-φὕτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) self-caused.

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φώρ) caught in the act of theft; έπ' αὐτοφώρφ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρφ ἀλῶναι to be caught in the very act.

αὐτό-χειρ, ρος, δ, ή, (αὐτός, χείρ) working with one's own band: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing. II. absol. one who kills himself or one of bis kin: a murderer, bomicide. III. as Adı.

murderous. Hence

aυτοχειρί, Adv. with one's own hand.

αὐτοχειρία, ή, (αὐτόχειρ) a doing with one's own bands; dat. αὐτοχειρία with one's own band.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) country and all. αύτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) of the land itself, Lat. terrigena: αὐτόχθονες, ol, like Lat. Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers. αύτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολόω) angry at oneself.

αὐτοσχεδιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who acts or speaks off- | αὐτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόανος, (αὐτός, χοάνη) rudely cast, shapeless, of a quoit.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρημα) indeed, really:

at once, plainly.

αυτως, Adv. of αὐτός with Acol. accent, even so, just so, as it is; γυμνὸν ἐόντα, αὕτωs, being unarmed, just as I am. 2. just so, no better; often joined with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αῦτως 2 mere child. II. just as before, as it was; λευκόν έτ' αῦτωs still white as when new.

αὐχενίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (αὐχήν) to cut the throat of, bebead.

αὐχένιος, a, ov, (αὐχήν) belonging to the neck; αὐχένιοι τένοντε the sinews of the neck.

αὐχέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ηὕχησα:—like καυχάομαι, to boast, pride oneself: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

AΥ'XH', ή, boasting, pride.

αύχημα, ατος, τό, (αὐχϵω) a thing boasted of, the pride, boast. II. a boast: also =  $a \partial_x \eta$ , boasting. AY'XH'N, évos, ô, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αύχησις, εωε, ή, (αὐχέω) boasting, exultation. αὐχμέω, f. ήσω, (αὐχμός) to be squalid, Lat. squalere.  $a\dot{v}\chi\mu\dot{\eta}\epsilon\iota s$ ,  $\epsilon\sigma\sigma\alpha$ ,  $\epsilon\nu$ ,  $=a\dot{v}\chi\mu\eta\rho\dot{v}s$ .

αὐχμηρός, ά, όν, (αὐχμέω) dry, parched, dusty, squalid, Lat. squalidus. 2. impoverished, needy. αὐχμός, δ, (ἄω, αὕω, αὖοε) drought: dearth.

αὐχμ-ώδης, εs, (αὐχμός, είδος) looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμῶδες drought.

AΥ Ω, Att. ανω, to dry, wither: also to singe, set on fire.

AΥ'Ω, f. ἀὐσω: 201. ήὐσα:—to shout out, shout, call aloud: also of things, to sound, echo: c. acc. pers. to call upon.

αύωs, ή, Aeol. for dώs, ήώs, morning.

άφ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to purify: - Med. to devote oneself with purifying offerings.

άφ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. άφήρηκα: Pass., aor. 1 ἀφηρέθην: pf. ἀφήρημαι:—from the Root ΈΛ- we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελοῦμαι: (ἀπό, αίρ $\epsilon\omega$ ). To take from, take away from another; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρείν τινά τι to rob of a thing; ἀφαιρείν τινος to take from a thing, hence to diminish: to let off, pardon. II. Med. more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off: ἀφαιρεῖσθαί τινά Ti to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself. 2. followed by μή and inf., to prevent, binder from doing. Pass. to be robbed or deprived of a thing.

άφαιστος, Dor. for "Ηφαιστος.

άφ-άλλομαι, f. άφαλοῦμαι: 201. I άφηλάμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—to spring off or down from: to jump off.

a-φαλοs, ov, without the φάλοs or metal boss in which the plume was fixed.

άφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: 201. 2 άφήμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—to | ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

άφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor 2 of foreg.

άφαμαρτο-επής, έε, (άφαμαρτείν, έποε) missing the point, talking at random.

άφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδήσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω):—to displease, fail to please.

d-φάνεια, ή, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

ά-φανής, ές, (a privat., φανηναι) unseen, invisible: 2. vanished: bidden, secret: hence unknown: τὸ ἀφανέε uncertainty. ἀφανήε οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence

ἀφανίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: pf. ήφάνικα:—to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. rase to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate footsteps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. to darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be beard of no more, vanish: esp. of 2. to keep out of public, live persons lost at sea. retired. Hence

άφάνζσις, εως, ή, a making away with. vanishing, disappearance.

άφανισμός, δ, = ἀφάνισιε.

**ἄ-φαντος**, ον, (a privat., φαίνομαι) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

άφ-άπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἄφημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω): -to fasten from or upon; ἀφ, ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:-Pass. to be bung on, bang on; ἀπαμμένος Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφημμένος.

άφαρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. continuously, without intermission.

ά-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for άφρακτος.

άφ-αρπάζω, f. άξω, Att. άσω or rather άσομαι:--Pass., 201. I -ηρπάσθην: pf. -ήρπασμαι:--to tear off or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.

άφάρτεροs, a, ov, Comp. Adj. from άφαρ, bastier. ά-φασία, ή, (ἄφατος) speechlessness.

άφάσσω, f. άφάσω: 20r. 1 ήφασα, imperat. άφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφάω):—to take bold of, bandle, feel, touch.

a-φaτos, ον, (a privat., φατόs) not named, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; ἄφατα χρήματα untold sums; ἄφατον ώs . . there's no saying how. unutterable: buge, monstrous.

 $\dot{a}$ φ-avalvω, fut. pass.  $a\dot{v}av\theta\dot{\eta}\sigma o\mu a\iota$ , =  $\dot{a}$ φαύω.

άφαυρόs, ά, όν, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.) άφ-αύω, (ἀπό, αῦω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:

-Pass. to become parched, to pine away.

ἀφάω or ἀφάω, (ἄπτω, άφή) to bandle, feel. ά-φεγγής, έs, (α privat., φέγγος) without light, dark:

metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

 $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\epsilon\delta\rho\dot{\omega}v$ ,  $\hat{\omega}vos$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $(\dot{a}\pi\dot{o}$ ,  $\xi\delta\rho a)$  the draught: aprivy.

αφέη, Ep. for  $dφ_{\hat{\eta}}$ , 3 sing. 20τ. 2 subj. of  $dφ_{\hat{\eta}}$ μι. άφέηκα, Ep. for άφηκα, aor. I of άφίημι. άφεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of αφίημι.

ἀφειδῶ∗.

ἀφειδέω, f. ήσω, to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφειδείν πάνου to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil: absol., ἀφειδήσαντες recklessly. From

ά-φειδής, ές, (α privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavisb. 2. unsparing, cruel, barsh. Hence bountiful.

άφειδία, ή, profuseness. 2. barsbness, severity

άφειδώς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of άφειδής, lavisbly.

άφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφίημι.

άφειλον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of άφαιρέω άφειμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφίημι.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\phi\hat{\mathbf{e}}\hat{\mathbf{i}}\mu\mathbf{e}\mathbf{v}$ , 1 pl. 201. 2 of  $\dot{\mathbf{d}}\phi\hat{\mathbf{i}}\eta\mu\mathbf{i}$ .

άφείς, είσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφίημι.

άφεκτέον, verb. Adj of άπέχω, one must abstain. άφέλεια, ή (άφελήs) simplicity, plainness. From άφελεῖν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of **ἀ**φαιρέω

ά-φελής, έs, (a privat., φελλεύς) without a stone, level, smoorb. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.

 $\dot{a}\phi - \dot{\epsilon}\lambda\kappa\omega$ , f.  $-\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ : but the usu. fut. is  $\dot{a}\phi\epsilon\lambda\kappa\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$  [ $\dot{\nu}$ ], aor. I ἀφείλκυσα (as if from ἀφελκύω) -to drag away, draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

άφελότης, ητος, ή, (άφελής) smoothness, evenness: hence simplicity, sincerity

άφελών, aor. 2 part. of άφαιρέω.

 $\dot{a}\phi \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega} s$ , Adv. of  $\dot{a}\phi \epsilon \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ , rudely, coarsely.

άφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.

 $d\phi$ - $\epsilon \rho \kappa \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(d\pi \epsilon i \rho \gamma \omega)$  sbut out from.  $\dot{a}\phi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\rho\pi\omega$ , f.  $\psi\omega$ : but aor. I  $\dot{a}\phi\epsilon\dot{\epsilon}\rho\pi\bar{\nu}\sigma\alpha$  (as if from

dφερπύζω):—to creep off, steal away. d-φερτος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.

άφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφίημι.

'Aφέσιος, δ, (ἀφίημι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus. αφέσις, εως, ή, (ἀφίημι) a letting go, setting free. a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.

άφεσταίη, shortened for άφέστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt.

of αφίστημι.

άφετός, όν, (άφίημι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence dedicated to some god.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{d}}$ - $\Phi$ euktos,  $o\nu$ , =  $\tilde{\mathbf{d}}$  $\phi$  $\nu$ ktos,  $\mathbf{q}$ .  $\mathbf{v}$ .

άφ-εύω, aor. I ἄφευσα (without augm.): pf. pass. 2. to toast, roast. ήφευμαι:—to singe off.

άφ-έψω, Ion. ἀπέψω: fut. ἀφεψήσω:-to boil off, II. to boil free of all dross, to refine, boil down. purify: to boil young again.

άφέωκα, Dor. for άφεικα, pf. act., and άφέωνται, Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur. pf. pass. of ἀφίημι.

άφη, ή, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint: II. (απτομαι) a touching, bandling: kindling.

the sense of touch.

άφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγήσομαι, to lead away, lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first. relate, explain. III. the perf. αφήγημαι is used in pass, sense. Hence

άφήγημα Ion. άπήγημα, ατος, τό, a tale, narrative: and

άφήγησις Ion. άπήγησις, εως, ή, a telling, narrating; αξιον απηγήσιος worth the telling.

άφηκα, aor. I of αφίημι.

άφ-ηλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ηλιξ, ικος, δ, η, beyond youth, elderly: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. άφηλικέ- $\sigma\tau\epsilon\rho\sigma$ ,  $-\epsilon\sigma\tau\alpha\tau\sigma$ .

άφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

άφήρηκα, pf. of άφαιρέω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ φ-ήτωρ, opos,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{d}}$ φίημι) the archer.

άφθαρσία, ή, incorruption, immortality. From

 $\mathbf{\tilde{a}}$ - $\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\theta}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{\rho}\mathbf{\tau}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ , ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat.,  $\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\theta}\epsilon\mathbf{i}\mathbf{\rho}\mathbf{\omega}$ ) uncorrupted, incorruptible.

ά-φθεγκτος, ον, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) speechless: not to be spoken of; έν ἀφθέγκτω νάπει in a grove where none may speak.

ἄφθη, Ion. and Dor. for ήφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of antw.

 $\mathbf{\tilde{a}}$ - $\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\theta}$ ίτο**s**, ον, later also  $\mathbf{\eta}$ , ον, ( $\mathbf{\alpha}$  privat.,  $\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{\theta}$ ίνω) undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.

**α-φθογγος**, ον, (α privat., φθέγγομαι) voiceless. άφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of

ἄφθονος.

**α-φθόνητος**, ον, (a privat., φθονέω) unenvied.

άφθονία, ή, freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

**α-φθονος**, ov. act. free from envy: ungrudging. II. pass. not grudged, bounteously bounteous. given, plentiful.  $2. = dv \in \pi(\phi\theta ovos, unenvied, pro-$ ΙΙΙ. Αdv. -νως, ἀφθόνως έχειν voking no envy. Tivos to have enough of a thing.

άφθορία, ή, incorruption, purity. From

 $\mathring{a}$ -φθορος, ον, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupt, chaste.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ φ-**ιδρύω**, f.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ σω  $[\bar{\mathbf{v}}]$ :—Pass., aor. I  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ θην  $[\bar{\mathbf{v}}]$  or -ύνθην: pf. ἀφίδρῦμαι:—to place elsewbere, to remove. άφ-ιερόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:-to purify, ballow.

άφ-ίημι: impf. (as if from ἀφιέω) ἡφίουν, 3 sing ήφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ήφίουν, ήφίεσαν: fut. ἀφήσω: aor. I ἀφηκα: pf. ἀφείκα Dor. ἀφέωκα:-Pass., fut. άφεθήσομαι: 201. ι άφείθην: pf. άφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφέωνται with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. emittere, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. send away, let go, Lat. dimittere: hence to throw 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation. etc.: to remit: absol., apiévai rivá to acquit. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, divorce. 5. αφιέναι πλοίον els .. to loose ship for III. to give up; hence to leave off, let a place. alone; to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναῦs, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., c. fartb. gen. only, ἀφοῦ τέκνων let go the children.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{\phi}$ -**K** $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{\omega}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\mathbf{\phi}$ <sub>1</sub> $\mathbf{k}\mathbf{v}$  $\dot{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{\mu}$  $\mathbf{a}$ <sub>1</sub>, to arrive at.

άφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of άφικνέομαι.

άφίκεο. Dor. for ἀφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

άφ-ικνέομαι, f. άφίξομαι: aor. άφικόμην: pf. pass. άφιγμαι: Dep.:—to arrive at, to come to, to reach; άφικέσθαι ἐπί οτ είs πάντα to try every means; άφικέσθαι ές τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; δια μάχης, δι' έχθρας άφικέσθαι τινί to come to battle, or into enmity with one. II. to come back, return.

άφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of άφικνέομαι.

ά-φιλ-άγαθος, ον, (α privat., φίλος, άγαθός) unfriendly to good men.

ά-φιλ-άργυρος, ον, (α privat., φίλος, άργυρος) not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -φίλητος, ον, ( $\mathbf{a}$  privat., φιλέω) unloved.

άφιλοδοξία, ή, want of ambition. From

α-φιλόδοξος, ον, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) not ambitious. a-φίλοs, ov, of persons, friendless. 2. of persons and things, unfriendly, disagreeable, bateful: -Adv. - Aws. άφιξις, Ion. άπιξις, εως, ή, (ἀφικνέομαι) an ar-II. a going bome again, departure. rival.

άφιππεύω, f. εύσω, (ἄφιππος) to ride off, away, or back.

άφιππία, h, bad riding. From

aφιππος, ov, unsuited for riding or for cavalry.

riding badly.

άφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: 20r. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστησάμην; — in which tenses it is causal:--to put away, remove, separate: hence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt. 2. to weigh out; μη χρείος ἀποστήσωνται lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀφέστηκα: plqpf ἀφεστήκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—to stand off, away, or aloof from; αποστηναι πραγμάτων, etc., to withdraw from business; ἀποστηναι ἀπό τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., αποστήναι έρωτήσαι to give over asking. 2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off. άφιχθαι, pf. inf. of άφικνέομαι.

άφλαστον, τό, Lat. aplustre, the curved stern of a

ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.) άφλοισμός, δ, a foaming or gnashing of teeth.

(Prob. like φλοίσβοs, formed from the sound.) άφνειόs, όν, also ή, όν, (ἄφενος) rich, wealthy: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

άφνεός, ά, όν, collat. form of άφνειός.

"AΦNΩ, Adv. unawares, of a sudden: also άφνωs. ά-φόβητος, ov, (a privat., φοβέσμαι) fearless, without fear of, c. gen.

ά-φοβος, ον, (a privat., φόβος) fearless. causing no fear, not to be feared.

άφοβό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ἄφοβος, σπλάγχνον) fear-

less of beart, stout-bearted. άφόβωs, Adv. of ἄφοβοs, without fear, securely.

άφ-οδος, ή, (ἀπό, ὁδός) a going away, departure: also a going back. II. =  $d\pi o \pi a \tau o s$ .

ά-φοίβαντος, ον, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) uncleansed.

άφ-ομοιόω, f. ώσω, to liken, make like. compare. III. to portray, copy.

άφ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω, to disarm, strip of arms: - Med.,

άφοπλίζεσθαι έντεα to put off one's armour.

άφ-οράω, impf. άφεώρων: pf. άφεύρακα: with borrowed fut ἀπόψομαι (as if from ἀπ-όπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπείδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):-to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:-to see clearly, bave in full view. look from a place. III. rarely, to look away, bave the back turned.

ά-φόρητος, ον, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, in-

sufferable.

άφορία, ή, (ἄφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a

thing. II. barrenness.

άφοριει, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing fut. med. of άφ-ορίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: aor, ἀφώρισα: pf. pass άφωρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off determine, define .- Med. to mark off for oneself, II. to set apart, ordain: also to appropriate. reject, banish.

άφ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to make to start from a place. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go

forth, start, depart.

άφ-ορμή, ή, (ἀπό, ὁρμή) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3 means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus. II. a making a start, undertaking.

άφορμηθείεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of άφορμάω άφ-ορμίζομαι, Med to unmoor ships from barbour ά-φόρμικτος, ον, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre. άφ-ορμος, ον, (άπό, ὅρμος) without barbour in a

 $\tilde{\mathbf{a}}$ -φορος, ον, (α privat.,  $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ ) not bearing, barren. ά-φόρυκτος, ον, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, un-

stained.

ἀφ-οσιόω, fut. ώσω, (ἀπό, ὅσιοε) to purify or liberate from guilt:-Med, to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; άφοσιοῦσθαι εξύρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

άφοῦ, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.

άφόωντα, Ep. for άφωντα, pres. act. part. acc. of

άφάω. άφραδέω, f. ήσω, to act without sense. From

ά-φράδήs, έs, (α privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. αφραδέωs, foolisbly, senselessly. Hence

άφραδία, ή, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.

ά-φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, = άφραδής, thoughtless.

άφραίνω, (ά-φρων) to be silly.

a-фрактоs, old Att. a-фарктоs, ov, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ -φράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, =  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ φράδμων.

II. to | α-φραστος, ον, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable. strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence άφράστως, Adv. unexpectedly.

 $\mathring{a}$ φρέω, f.  $\mathring{\eta}$ σω,  $(\mathring{a}$ φρόε) to foam: c. acc. to cover

with foam.

 $\dot{a}\phi\rho\eta$ - $\lambda\dot{o}\gamma os$ , ov,  $(\dot{a}\phi\rho\dot{o}s$ ,  $\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\omega)$  gathering froth, skimming.

άφρηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.

άφρήτωρ, οροε, δ, Ιοιι. for άφράτωρ, (α privat., φράτρα) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

άφρίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , = άφρέω, to foam.

άφριδεις, εσσα, εν, (άφρός) foaming. άφρογένεια, ή, the foam-born. From

άφρο-γενής, ές, (άφρύς, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

'Aφροδισιάs, άδοs, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus. 'Appoblosios, a, ov, also os, ov, belonging to II. 'Αφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus Venus.

Αφροδίσια, τά, ber festival. From

'Αφροδίτη [ι], ή, (ἀφρύs) Apbrodité, Lat. Venus the goddess of love and beauty, born from the seafoam. II. as appellat. love, desire: -- also beauty. άφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of άφρων. άφρονέω, f. ήσω, (άφρων) to be silly, to act foolisbly άφροντιστέω, f. ήσω, to be beedless: to bave no care of a thing. From

ά-φρόντιστος, ον, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστως ἔχειν to be thought-II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

ά-φρόνωs, Adv. of ἄφρων, foolisbly.

'AΦPO'Σ, δ, foam, froth.

άφροσύνη, ή, (ἄφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

α-φρουρος, ον, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched. άφρο-φυής, ές, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky. ά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp. and Sup., ἀφρονέστερο**ς**, –έστατος.

άφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to

was**b o**neself, bathe.

άφύη, ή, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ά-φυήs, és, (a privat., φυή) without natural talent. dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

α-φυκτος, ον, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφυλακτέω, f. ήσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ά-φύλακτος, ον, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded. II. of persons, unguarded, unbeeding; άφυλακτύν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard. Adv. 7ws. Hence

άφυλαξία, ή, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

άφ-υλίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

d-φυλλος, ον, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἄφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύξειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

άφ-υπνίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep. άφ-υπνόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὑπνόω): -to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.

άφυσγετός, δ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a

stream carries with it, rubbisb.

'ΑΦΥ'ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύξω Dor. -ξω: aor. ι ήφυσα Ερ. ἄφυσσα: aor. I med. ήφυσάμην Ερ. ἀφυσσάμην: -to draw liquids; πίθων ἡφύσσετο olvos wine was drawn from the casks:-Med. to draw for oneself, to 2. to pour in a beap, to pile up, drink, quaff. πλουτον άφύξειν: -- Med., φύλλα ήφυσάμην I beaped me up a pile of leaves.

ά-φύτευτος, ον, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.

άφυως, Adv. of άφυής: άφυως έχειν to have no natural talent.

**ἀ-φώνητος**, ον, (α privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, unutterable. II. voiceless, speechless.

άφωνία, ή, speecblessness. From

**α-φωνος**, ον, (α privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless, dumb: inarticulate. Adv. -vws.

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ χ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$   $[\bar{a}]$ , Dor. tor  $\dot{\eta}$ χ $\dot{\eta}$ .

'Axala, Ion. 'Axalin, ή, (άχος) epith. of Demeter in Attica.

axatuns, &, (akis) with single points to his borns, epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαίνη, ή, a deer.

'Axaιis, Att. 'Axais, ίδος, ή, the Achaian land, with 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaian woor without yala. man: so also 'Aχαιϊάς, άδος, ή.

'Axaiós, á, óv, Achaian, Lat. Achivus. 1. 'Axaioi, oi, the Achaians, in Homer the 2. 'Ayaía, ħ, Achaia, in Pelo-Greeks generally. ponnesus.

ά-χάλινος, ον, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ά-χαλίνωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλινόω) unbridled. ά-χάλκεος, ον, (α privat., χαλκούς) without a farthing. Hence

άχαλκέω, to be without a farthing.

ά-χάλκευτος, ον, (α privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of

a-χαλκοs, ov, without brass, esp. wirbout brasen arms; ἄχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἄνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

 $\mathbf{\dot{a}}$ -χάλκωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκόω) =  $\mathbf{\dot{a}}$ χάλκευτος.  $\dot{a}$ χ $\dot{a}$ νη  $[\bar{a}$ χ $\bar{a}$ -],  $\dot{\eta}$ , a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμνοι. a-χανήs, έs, (a privat., χανείν) not opening the II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ά-χαράκωτος, ον, (a privat., χαρακίω) not palisaded. **α-χαρις**, δ, ή, αχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (α privat., χάρις) without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

ἀχάριστέω, f. ήσω, (ἀχάριστος) to be ungrateful. άχαριστία, ή, ingratitude, ungraciousness.

ά-χάριστος, Ion. and poet. ά-χάριτος, ον, (α privat., χαρίζομαι) unpleasing: without grace. II. ungracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. unthanked: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαρίστως ἔχειν τινί thanks are

3. with an ill will: hence not wanting to him. in Adv., άχαρίστως ξπεσθαι to follow with a bad

grace.

άχεδών, ύνος, Dor. for ήχεδών.

ά-χείμαντος, ον, (a privat., χειμαίνω) not vexed with

α-χειρ, ρος, δ, ή, (a privat., χείρ) without bands: without dexterity, awkward.

ά-χειρής, έs, without bands.

ά-χειροποίητος, ov, not made by bands.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{d}}$ -xelpos,  $ov_1 = \tilde{\mathbf{d}} \chi \epsilon i \rho$ :  $\tau \hat{\mathbf{d}} \tilde{\mathbf{d}} \chi \epsilon i \rho \mathbf{d}$  the hinder parts of the body.

a-χείρωτος, ον, (a privat., χειρόω) not trained by the II. unconquered.

'Aχελφος, poet. 'Aχελώϊος, δ, Achelous, name of several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running water, as in Virgil, Acheloia pocula.

"AXEPΔOΣ, ή, more rarely δ, a wild prickly shrub,

used for hedges: the wild pear.

'Aχερόντιοs and 'Αχερούσιοs, a, ov, of or belonging to Acheron: fem. -ιάs, άδοs.

άχερωτs, ίδοs, the white poplar, supposed to have been brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheron.

'Aγέρων, οντος, δ. Acheron, a river in Hades. (Derived from αχος, as Κωκυτός from κωκύω.)

άχέτας, ου, ὁ, Dor. for ἡχέτης, (ἀχέω) sounding: esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

άχεύω, (άχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one. άχεω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part., κῆρ ἀχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the same Root 'AX-, came I. Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 ήκαxov, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress: so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχήσω, aor. τ ἀκάχησα (as if 2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj. from  $d\chi \epsilon \omega$ ). ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:pf. pass., ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέδαται οτ ἀκηχέαται (for ἀκήχηνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχείατο (for ἀκήχηντο); inf. ἀκάχησθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also

ἀκηχέμενος.  $\tilde{\alpha}$ χέω  $[\tilde{\alpha}]$ , Dor. and poet, form for  $\tilde{\eta}$ χέω.

ἄχημα, Dor. for ήχημα.

'AXH'N, ένος, δ, ή, poor, needy. [ā] Hence άχηνία, ή, need, want; όμμάτων άχηνία the eyes' blank gaze.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ χθεινός, ή, όν, ( $\ddot{\alpha}$ χθος) burdensome, oppressive. Adv. -vws, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

άχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of άγω.

άχθηδών, όνος, ή, (ἄχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

άχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of άγω.

άχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. άχθέσομαι and pass. άχθεσθήσομαι: 20r. Ι ήχθέσθην: pf. ήχθημαι: (ἄχθοs):—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down, discontented, vexed, disgusted.

"AXOOΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος άρούρη a dead weight on earth. II. a load of grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

άχθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a burden. From

άχθο-φόρος, ον, (άχθος, φέρω) bearing burdens. 'Aχίλλειοs, a, ov, of or belonging to Achilles: 'Αχίλλειαι μάζαι, cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty | ου. food. From | Lat

'Aχιλλεύς, έως, Ερ. η̂ος, δ: Ep. also 'Αχιλεύς: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ά-χίτων, ον, gen. ανος, without tunic, thinly clad. ἀχλαινία, ή, want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing. From

α-χλαινος, ον, (a privat., χλαινα) without cloak. α-χλοος, ον, contr. α-χλους, ουν, (a privat., χλόα) without berbage.

 $\dot{\alpha}$ χλύδεις, εσσα, εν,  $(\dot{\alpha}$ χλύε) murky, gloomy.

'AXAΥ'Z, vos, η, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. caligo: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble. Hence άχλύω, f. νσω [υ]: aor. 1 ήχλυσα: to be or growdark.

"AXNH, Dor. ἄχνα, ἡ, anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἄχνη οὐρανία the dew of heaven; δακρύων ἄχνη dewy tears. II. of solids, chaff: the down on fruit. ἄχνην in acc. as Adv., a morsel, a little bit.

άχνυμαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (άχος):

to trouble oneself, grieve.

a-χολοs, ον, (a privat., χολή) lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle. II. allaying bile or anger

αχομαι, Dep. (αχοs) to mourn, bewail oneself. α-χόρευτος, ον, (α privat., χορεύω) like αχορος, not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.

ά-χοροs, ov, without the dance: mournful, sad.
"AXOΣ, cos, τό, an ACHE, pain, distress, in Homer only of the mind.

 $\dot{a}$ - $\chi \rho a \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ , =  $\ddot{a} \chi \rho a \nu \tau o s$ .

ά-χραντος, ον, (a privat., χραίνω) undefiled.

άχράs, άδοs, ή, a kind of wild pear.

ά-χρείοs, ον, rarely α, ον, Ion. ά-χρήϊοs, (α privat, χρεία) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war. II. neut. ἀχρείον as Adv, ἀχρείον Ιδών giving a belpless look, looking foolish; ἀχρείον γελῶν to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; ἀχρείον κλάζειν to bark without eause, of dogs Hence

άχρειόω, f. ώσω, to make useless, disable.

α-χρήϊος, ον, Ion. for αχρείος.

άχρηματία, ή, want of money. From

**ά-χρημάτος**, ον, (α privat., χρημα) without money or means: of άχρηματοι the poor.

άχρημοσύνη, ή, want of money. From

 $\mathring{a}$ -χρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., χρήμα) =  $\mathring{a}$ χρήματος, poor, needy. [ $\mathring{a}$ ]

άχρηστία, ή, uselessness, unfitness. From

d-χρηστος, ον, (a privat., χρηστός) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἄχρηστος ἔς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus. II. unkind, cruel. III. act. making no use of, c. dat.

άχρι, and before a vowel άχρις, (άκρος) Prep. with gen. until, Lat. usque ad; άχρι μάλα κνέφαος until deep in the night:—as far as, άχρι τῆς καρδίας. II. Conj. until, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also άχρι

ov. III. Adv. of manner, to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.

ά-χρώματος, ον, (a privat., χρώμα) without colour. ά-χρωστος, ον, (a privat., χρώζω) uncoloured: untouched.

άχυριτις, ιδος, (άχυρον) fem. Adj. of chaff. άχυρμία, ή, (άχυρον) a heap of chaff.

άχύρο-δόκη, ή, (άχυρου, δέχομαι) a chaff-bolder. 'AXY PON, τό, mostly in plur. chaff, bran, busks.

ἀχῦρό-τριψ, τρὶβος, ὁ, (ἄχυρον, τρίβω) threshing out the busks.

ἀχώ, ή, Dor. for ήχώ.

ά-χώριστος, ον, (a privat., χωριστός) not parted II. (a privat., χῶρος) without a place assigned one "AΨ, Adv. of Place, backwards, back, away from,

away. 2. of actions, again, over again

άψάμενος, aor. 1 med. part. of ἄπτομαι. ἄ-ψαυστος, ον, (α privat., ψαύω) untouched. II. act. without touching.

**d**-ψεγήs, έs, (a privat., ψέγω) unblamed, blameless.  $\vec{a}$ -ψεκτος, ον,  $= \vec{α}ψ$ εγήs.

άψεύδεια, ή, trutbfulness; and

ἀψευδέω, f. ήσω, not to lie, to speak truth From ἀ-ψευδής, ές, (a privat., ψευδος) without falsebood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure. Hence

άψευδως, Ion. -έως, Adv. really and truly. ά-ψευστος, ον, (a privat., ψεύδομαι) unfergned. ά-ψηκτος, ον, (a privat., ψήχω) not rubbed off.

ά-ψηφιστος, ον, (a privat., ψηφίζομαι) not baving voted.

άψιδόομαι, pf ἡψίδωμαι: Pass.: (άψίs):—to be tied in a circle or curve.

άψί-κορος, ον, (ἄπτομαι, κόρος) satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.

άψτμαχία, ή, a skirmisbing. From

άψί-μάχος, ον, (ἄπτομαι, μάχη) skirmisbing.

άψίνθιον, τό, Lat. absintbium, wormwood. From \*ΑΨΙΝΘΟΣ, ή, wormwood.

άψίς, Ion. άψίς, ίδος, ή, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a loop, knot; ἀψίδες λίνου the meshes of a net. 2. the felloe or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος άψίδος the potter's wheel. 3. an arch or vault.

άψισι, dat. pl. of άψίε.

ἀψόρ-poos, ον, contr. ἀψόρρους, ουν, (ἄψ, ῥέω)
back-flowing, flowing back into itself.

άψορ-pos, ov, shortd. form of foreg. moving backwards, going back:—neut. άψορρον as Adv., backward, back again.

άψος, εος, τό, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a joint.

α-ψόφητος, ον, (α privat., ψοφέω) without noise; c. gen., άψόφητος κωκυμάτων without cry of wailing.

II.

ά-ψοφος, ον, (a privat., ψόφος) = ἀψόφητος. ά-ψυκτος, ον, (a privat., ψύχω) uncooled, warm. ἀψῦχία, ἡ, cowardice. From

**α-ψύχος**, ον, (α privat., ψυχή) lifeless. spiritless, faintbearted.

\*\*AΩ, root of anμ, to blow; cf. aζω, aνω.

\*"AΩ, root of lαύω, dωτέω, to sleep: 201. 1 ἄεσα, Ερ. ἄεσσα, contr. ἆσα.

\*AΩ, to burt, contr. from aaω, q. v.

\*\*ΑΩ, to satiate, inf. ἄμεναι [ā], contr. for ἀέμεναι, Ep. for ἄειν: aor. I ἀσα: verb. Λdj. ἀτόs [α]; but with a privat., ἄατος [αα], contr. ἀτος.

άωθεν, Adv. Dor. for ηωθεν.

αών, αύνος, ή, Dor. for ἡιών.

a-ωρί, Adv. of αωροs, at an untimely bour.

ά-ωρία, ή, (άωρος) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., ἀωρίαν ἥκειν to have come too late. [ἄ]

 $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ - $\dot{\omega}$ pros,  $o\nu$ , =  $\ddot{a}\omega$ pos.

άωρό-νυκτος, ον, (ἄωρος, νύξ) at midnight, Lat. intempesta nocte.

**ἄ-ωροs**, ον, (α privat., ὥρα) untimely, unseasonable, χειμών, θάνατοs. II. before the time, unripe. III. missbapen, ugly. [ἄ]

άωρτο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω.

'Aws, h, Dor for 'Hws, "Ews. Hence

'Αωσ-φόρος,  $\delta$ , = Έωσφόρος, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.

άωτέω, f. ήσω, (ἄω) to sleep soundly. From

αωτον, τό, and αωτος, ό, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, olds αωτον; also of the finest linen, λίνοιο λεπτον άστον.

## B

**B**, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral,  $\beta' = \delta \acute{\nu}o$  and  $\delta \epsilon \acute{\nu} \tau \epsilon \rho os$ , but  $\beta = 2000$ .

The Aeol. and Dor, used it as the simple aspirate before  $\rho$ , as  $\beta\rho\delta\delta\sigma\nu$   $\beta\rho\delta\kappa\sigma$ , for  $\rho\delta\delta\sigma\nu$   $\rho\delta\kappa\sigma$ s. It was often inserted between  $\mu\lambda$  and  $\mu\rho$  to give a fuller sound, as in  $\mu\epsilon\sigma\eta\mu\beta\rho\delta\alpha$ ,  $\gamma\alpha\mu\beta\rho\delta\sigma$ , cf.  $\delta\mu\beta\rho\sigma\sigma\sigma$ s.

The change of β into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into π, e. g. βατεῖν for πατεῖν. II. Arcad., into ζ, as ζέρεθρον for βέρεθρον, βάραθρον. III. into γ, as γλήχων for βλήχων.

βa, shortd. form of βασιλεῦ, O King!

βαβάζω, redupl. for βάζω, to chatter.

βαβαί, βαβαιάξ, Lat. papae, exclamation of surprise, bless me! dear me!

βάβαξ, δ, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, ή, Lacon. for γέφυρα, a bridge.

βάγμα, ατος, τό, (βάζω) a speecb.

βάδην, Adv. (βαίνω) step by step, pacing, Lat. pedetentim, opp. to quick running. II. marching on foot, opp. to riding. III. gradually, Lat. gradatim.

βάδίζω, fut. Att. ιοῦμαι, later ιῶ: 20τ. 1 ἐβάδισα: pf. βεβάδικα: (βάδος, βαίνω):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

βάδισις, εως, ή, a walking, going.

βαδιστέον, verb. Adj. of βαδίζω, one must go. βαδιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (βαδίζω) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; ταχὺι βαδιστής a quick goer.

βάδιστικός, ή, όν, (βαδίζω) good at walking.

βάδος, δ, (βαίνω) a walk.

BA'ZΩ, f. βάξω, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., ἔπος βέβακται a word bas been spoken.

βαθέα, Ion. for βαθεία, fem. of βαθύs.

βαθέως, Adv. of βαθύς, deeply.

βάθιστος, η, ον, Sup. of βαθύς.

βαθμίς, ίδος and ίδος, ή, a step. From

βαθμός, ό, (βαίνω) a step, stair. II metaph. a step, degree, rank, Lat. gradus.

βάθος, εος, τό, (βαθύς) depth or beight, Lat. al/itudo; επὶ βάθος in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεία, η, = βάθρον.

βάθρον, τό, (βαίνω) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation.

2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders.

3. a threshold: metaph. an edge, verge.

4. a bench, seat.

βαθυ-αγκής, ές, (βαθύς, άγκος) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, ον, (βαθύς, βουλή) deep-counselling. βαθύ-γειος, Ion. βαθύγεος, ον, Att. βαθύγεως, ων, (βαθύς, γη) with deep soil, fruitful.

βαθυ-γήρως, ων, (βαθύς, γήρας) in great old age,

decrepit.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, ον, (βαθύς, γλύπτω) deep-carved. βαθυ-δινήεις, εσσα, εν, (βαθύς, δινάω) deep-eddying. βαθυ-δίνης, ου, δ, (βαθύς, δίνη) deep-eddying. [i] βαθύ-δοξος, ον, (βαθύς, δύξα) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωνος, ον, (βαθύς, ζώνη) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. βαθύκολπος.

**βαθύ-θριξ**, τρῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαθύς, θρίξ) with thick bair: of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπής, ες. (βαθύς, κάμπτω) strongly curved.

βαθυ-κήτης, εε, (βαθύε, κήτος) very deep. βαθυ-κλέης, εε, (βαθύε, κλέος) far-famed.

βαθύ-κολπος, ον, (βαθύς, κόλπος) deep-bosomed, with the dress in deep, full folds, like βαθύζωνος. 2. with swelling breasts. II. of the earth, with deep valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ον, (βαθύς, κρημνός) with high cliffs. βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ον, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτίανος, ον, (βαθύς, κτέανον) with great possessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, ον, and βαθυ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, λειμών) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήϊος, ον, (βαθύς, λήϊον) with deep, thick crops. βαθύ-μαλλος, ον, (βαθύς, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, ου, δ, also βαθυμήτα, (βαθύε, μήτιε) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-voos, ον, contr. βαθύ-vous, ουν, (βαθύε, νόοε) profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [v], fut. βαθυνώ: pf. βεβάθυγκα: (βαθύε):
—to deepen, bollow out, excavate; βαθύνειν την φά-

II.

λαγγα to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, ον, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.  $\beta a\theta \dot{v}$ - $\pi \epsilon \delta os$ , ov,  $(\beta a\theta \dot{v}s, \pi \dot{\epsilon} \delta ov)$  forming a deep vale. βαθύ-πελμος, ον, (βαθύς, πέλμα) thick-soled.

βαθύ-πλουτος, ον, (βαθύς, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich. βαθυ-πόλεμος, ον, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war. **βαθυρ-ρείτης,** ου,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega) = \beta \alpha \theta \dot{\nu} \rho \rho \rho o o s$ .

βαθύρ-ρηνος, ον, (βαθύς, ρήν) with thick wool.

βαθύρ-ριζος, ον, (βαθύς, ρίζα) deep-rooted.

βαθύρ-ροος, ον, contr βαθύρ-ρους, ουν, (βαθύς, δέω)

deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

**ΒΑ΄ΘΥ΄Σ**, βαθεία, Ιοη. βαθέα, βαθύ: Comp. βαθύτεροs, poet. βαθίων, Dor. βάσσων: Sup. βαθύτατοs, poet. βάθιστος. Deep or high, Lat. altus. 2 deep, thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep :- then in various senses, of time, age, etc; \( \beta \alpha \) θùs ὕρθρος morning-prime; βαθὺ γῆρας great old age; βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκαφής, έε, (βαθύε, σκάπτω) deep-dug. βαθύ-σκίος, ον, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded. βαθύ-σπορος, ον, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruit-

ful. βαθύ-στερνος, ον, (βαθύς, στερνον) deep-chested; βαθύστερνος ala deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμος, ον, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, ον, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed

βαθύ-σχοινος, ον, (βαθύς, σχοινος) deep grown with rusbes.

βαθύ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-counselling.

βαθυ-φυλλος, ον, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leafed. βαθυ-χαίτης, ου, ό, also βαθυχαιτήκις, ήκοσα, ηκν, (βαθύs, χαίτη) with deep thick hair, with thick mane. frenzied.  $\beta a \theta \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \chi \theta \omega \mathbf{v}$ , oν, gen. ovos, ( $\beta a \theta \dot{\mathbf{v}} s$ ,  $\chi \theta \dot{\omega} \nu$ ) of deep soil, fertile.

βαίην, ηs, η, aor. 2 opt. of βαίνω.

**BAI'NΩ**, formed from the Root \*βάω: fut. βήσομαι, Ερ. βέομαι and βείομαι, Dor. βασεύμαι:--pf. βέβηκα, Ερ 3 pl. βεβάασι, βεβᾶσι; inf. βεβάμεν, part. βεβάώs, βεβάυια, contr. βεβώs, βεβωσα, βεβώs: —aor. 2  $\xi \beta \eta \nu$ , Ep. 3 sing.  $\beta \hat{\eta}$ , Ep. 3 dual  $\beta \hat{\alpha} \tau \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]; imperat.  $\beta \hat{\eta} \theta_i$ , in compds  $\beta \bar{a}$  (as  $\kappa a \tau \dot{a} \beta a$ ); subj.  $\beta \hat{\omega}$ , Ep.  $\beta \epsilon i \omega$ , Ep. 3 sing.  $\beta \dot{\eta} \eta$ ; opt.  $\beta a i \eta \nu$ ; inf.  $\beta \dot{\eta} \nu a \iota$ , Ep. βήμεναι; part. βάs, βᾶσα, βάν.—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. Ι ἐβήσετο, for ἐβήσατο:—Pass., aor. Ι ἐβάθην [α] in compds. as συνεβάθην: pf. βέβαμαι in compds. as παραβέβαμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. Ep. with inf.,  $\beta \hat{\eta}$  δ'  $i\mu \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\beta \hat{\alpha} \nu$  δ'  $i\epsilon \nu \alpha \iota$  he, they set out to go;  $\beta\hat{\eta}$   $\delta\hat{\epsilon}$   $\theta\hat{\epsilon}\epsilon\nu$  he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετά τι to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδοs, etc., to proceed upon hope, 1 e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the pf. Bέβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being settled; εὖ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβῶ-TER they who are in office.

έννέα ένιαυτοί βεβάασι nine years bave come and gone. 6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to cover; ἵπποι βαινόμεναι brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., βαίνειν κέλευθον to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αίνον έβα κόρος disgust comes after praise; χρέος έβα με debts came

II. Causal in fut. act. βήσω; aor. I ἔβησα (answering to pres.  $\beta \iota \beta \dot{\alpha} (\omega) := to \ make \ to \ go; \ \phi \hat{\omega} \tau as \ \beta \hat{\eta}$ σεν άφ' ίππων be made the men dismount from the chariot.

βάιον, τό, (βάις) a palm-branch.

BAIO'Σ, á, όν, little, slight, short, small, humble; έχώρει βαιόs he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ βαιης (sub. ηλικίας) from childhood; βαιόν, as Adv a lı/tle.

**BA'I** $\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a palm-branch.

BAI'TH, h, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακέλας, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé.

Βακίζω, f. ίσω, (Baκίs) to prophesy like Bacis. βάκκάρις, ιδος or εως, ή, baccar, an aromatic plant  $\beta \alpha \kappa \tau \eta \rho (\alpha, \dot{\eta}, = \beta \dot{\alpha} \kappa \tau \rho \rho \nu$ 

βακτήριον, τό, = βάκτρον,

βάκτρευμα, ατος, τό, a staff, sut port. From

βακτρεύω, f. σω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (\*βάω, βιβάζω) Lat. baculus, a staff. βακτρο-προσαίτης, ου, δ, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) οπε who begs leaning on a staff.

Baκχάω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy. Βακχέ-βακχον ασαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε, Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Baκχεία, ή, (Βάκχοι) Bacchic revelry.

Bakxειον, τό, the temple of Bacchus.

= Βακχεία, ή. Βάκχειος, a, ov, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to

Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired,

Βάκχευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry. Baκχεύς, έως,  $\dot{o}$ , = Bάκχος. Hence

Bakxεύστμος, ov. Bacchanalian, frenzied

Βάκχευσις, εως, ή, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry

Βακχεύω, f. εύσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of Baccbus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, Lat. baccbari. II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ή, (Βάκχος) a Baccbanté. II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω

Bárxios,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and Barxirós,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta\nu$ , = Bárxeios, Baccbanalian: generally, inspired, raving. as Subst., δ Bάκχιοs (sub. θεόs), the Bacchic god, i.e. Bacchus.

Barxis, idos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Bár $\chi\eta$ .

Βακχιώτης, ου, δ, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

BAKXOΣ, δ, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with "Ianxos, and so from Ιάχω. II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one in-5. of lifeless things, spired or frantic with passion.

βάλαν-άγρα, ή, (βάλανος, άγρα) a book to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βάλανεῖον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room. ΒΑΛΑΝΕΥΣ, έως, δ, the bath-man, Lat. balneātor. Hence

βάλδινεύω, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βάλανη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεΐν) acorn-eating. βάλανη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βαλάνίζω, (βάλανος) to sbake acorns from a tree. βαλάνισσα, ή, fem. of βαλανεύς.

BA'ΛΑΝΟΣ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date;  $\Delta\iota \partial s$   $\beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha vos$  the sweet chestnut. II. an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bat into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook  $(\beta a \lambda \alpha u \dot{\alpha} \gamma \rho a)$  when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βάλανόω, f. ώσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to

close up.

βαλαντιη-τόμος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse. ΒΑΛΑ'ΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντιοτομέω, to cut purses.

BAABI'Σ, ίδος, ή, mostly in pl. βαλβίδεε, Lat. carcères, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point.

II. any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term. βάλε, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλήν, also βαλλήν, ηνος, ό, a king, akin to Hebr.

Bel or Baal, Lord.

βάλιός, ά, όν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

**βαλλήναδε**  $\beta$ λέπειν, a play on the words  $\beta$ άλλω and

the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

 $BA'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , fut. βάλω, Ion. βάλέω, rarely βαλλήσω: —aor. 2 ἔβἄλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα: plqpf.  $\epsilon \beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu$ , Ep.  $\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu$ .—Med., Ion. impf. βαλλέσκετο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:-- aor. 2 ἐβἄλόμην, Ion. imperat. βάλ $\epsilon \hat{v}$ .—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 β $\epsilon$ βλήσομαι: 201. 1 έβλήθην: 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 ἔβλητο, subj. βλήεται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖο, inf. βλ $\hat{\eta}$ - $\sigma\theta$ αι, part.  $\beta\lambda\eta\mu\epsilon\nu os:$ —pf.  $\beta\epsilon\beta\lambda\eta\mu$ αι, Ion. 3 pl  $\beta\epsilon$ - $\beta \lambda \eta \alpha \tau \alpha \iota$ : plqpf.  $\dot{\epsilon} \beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \eta \nu$ . I. Act. to throw, cast, burl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking, to bit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος ούατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:-also to put on or over, κύκλα άμφὶ ὀχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμός είς ἄλα βάλλων. II. Med. to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. throw around oneself; ξίφος άμφ' ώμοις βάλλεσθαι to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation, βάλλεσθαι ἄστυ to found a city.

βαλοΐσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

βαλός, οῦ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλόε.

βαλώ, fut. ind. and βάλω, aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βαμα, τό, Dor. for βημα.

βαμβαίνω, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer. (Formed from the sound.)

βûμες, Dor. for βῶμεν, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of βαίνω. βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βαν, Ερ. for έβαν, έβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω. βαναυσία, η, (βάναυσος) bandicraft, the life and

babits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

βάναυσικός, ή, ίν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βαναυσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βάν-αυσος, ον, (for βαύναυσος, from βαῦνος, αὕω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βαναυσ-ουργία,  $\eta$ , (βάναυσος, \*έργω) bandicraft. βάξις, εως,  $\eta$ , (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτιζω, fut. Att. βαπτιῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe.

II. to baptize. Hence βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped.

= βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, δ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ή, όν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II. drawn like water. From

BA'ΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω —Pass., aor. ἐβάφθην, aor. 2 ἐβάφην [α]: pf. βέβαμμαι.

I. transit. to dip, dip under, Lat. immergere.
2. to dye, colour, steep: proverb., βάπτεν τινὰ βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν to steep one in Sardian dye, give him a bloody comb.
3. to fill by dipping in, draw.

II. intrans. to dip, sink: ναῦς ἔβαψεν the ship sank.

βάραθρον, Ιοπ. βέρεθρον, τό, (akm to βάθρον, βόθρον, βόθρον) a gulf, cleft, put: at Athens a cleft behind the Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κεάδα: hence,

II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβάρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape foreigners. II. to bold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίζω.

Bαρβάρικόs, ή, όν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner, opp. to Έλληνικόs. Adv. -κω̂s, in a foreign tongue, i. e. Persian. From

BA'PBA POΣ, ov, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, ol, all that were not Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves.

II. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still affected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβάρδ-φωνός, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρόω, f. ώσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

BA'PBI TON, τό, and βάρβιτος, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιστος, η, ον, by poet. metath. for βράδιστος, Sup. of βραδύs: so Comp. βαρδύτεροs for βραδύτεροs. βάρεω, (βάρος) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρηώς, weighed down, overcome, οίνφ βεβαρηότες.

βαρέωs, Adv. of βαρύs, heavily, grievously; βαρέωε φέρειν, Lat. aegre ferre, to take a thing ill; βαρέως

ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βâριs, ιδος, Ion. ιος, ή, Ion. plur. βάρις, αί, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. ratis.

BA'POΣ, εos, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, ές, (βαρύς, άλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βάρυ-άλγητος, ον, (βαρύε, άλγέω) very grievous. βαρυ-αχής, ές, (βαρύς, άχος) groaning beauty. βαρυ-αχής, έs, Dor for βαρυηχής

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , and -ετήρ,  $\hat{η}ροs$ ,  $\delta$ , fem. -έτειρα, ή, (βαρύε, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, ου, ό, (βαρύς, βρομέω) loud-roaring. βαρύ-βρομος, ον, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-roaring. βαρυ-βρώς, ῶτος, ὑ, ἡ, (βαρύς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating. gnawing, corroding.

βαρύ-γδουπος, ον, (βαρύς, δοῦπος) beavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and βαρύ-γουνος, ον, (βαρύς, γόνυ) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρύ-γυιος, ον, (βαρύς, γυιον) weighing down the

βαρυδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (βαρυδαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence βαρυδαιμονία, ή, a beaut fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ovos, (βαρύς, δαίμων) pressed by a beavy fate, unlucky.

βαρύ-δακρυς, υ, (βαρύς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously. βαρύ-δίκος, ον, (βαρύς, δίκη) taking beaugungeance. βαρυ-δότειρα, ή, (βαρύς, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts. βαρύ-δουπος, ον, = βαρύγδουπος.

βαρύ-ζηλος, ον, (βαρύς, ζηλος) exceedingly jealous. βαρυ-ηχής, ές, (βαρίς, ηχος) beavy-sounding.

βαρυθυμία, ή, sullenness. From

βαρύ-θυμος, ον, (βαρύς, θυμός) beauy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

βαρύθω, (βαρύs) to be weighed down: to be beauty, dull, sluggisb. [v]

βαρύ-κομπος, ον, (βαρύς, κομπέω) loud-roaring. βαρύ-κοτος, ον, (βαρύε, κοτέω) grievous in wrath. βαρύ-κτύπος, ον, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) beauy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαιλαψ, αποε, δ, ή, (βαρύε, λαιλαψ) loud-

storming.

βαρύ-λογος, ον, (βαρύς, λόγος) vexatious of speech; βαρύλογα έχθεα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, ον, and βαρύμηνις, ι, gen. ιος, (βαρύς, μηνιε) exceeding wrathful.

βαρύ-μισθος, ον, (βαρύε, μισθύε) exacting beavy

sums. βαρύ-μοχθος, ον. (βαρύε, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βάρυνθεν, Ep. and Aeol. for έβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. aor.

I pass. of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω [v], f. υνω, (βαρύs) to load beautly, to burden: to torment .- Pass. to be weary, oppressed; Baρύνεσθαι χείρα to be maimed in hand:-metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. gravari.

**βαρυ-όπης**, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\dot{\beta}$ αρύε,  $\ddot{o}\psi$ ) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, ον, (βορύς, ἐργή) exceeding angry. βαρυ-πάλαμος, ον, (βαρύς, παλάμη) beavy-banded. βαρυ-πενθής, ές, (βαρύς, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, ον, (βαρύς, πενθέω) mourning beavily.

βαρυ-πεσής, ές, (βαρύς, πεσείν) beauy-falling. βαρύ-ποτμος, ον, (βαρύς, πότμος) with beauy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρύ-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, πούς) beavy-footed: beavy at the end.

ΒΑ ΡΥΣ, εία, ύ: Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύταros: beavy, Lat. gravis: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, beavyarmed.III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to ¿Fús.

Βαρυ-σίδηρος, ον, (βαρύς, σίδηρος) beavy with iron. βαρύ-σταθμος, ον, (βαρύς, σταθμύς) weighing benuy. βαρυ-στενάχων, ουσα, ον, (βαρύς, στενάχω) sobbing

βαρύ-στονος, ον, (βαρύς, στένω) groaning heavily. Βαρυ-σύμφορος, ον, (βαρύς, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, ον, (βαρύς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρύτης, ητος, ή, (βαρύς) weight, heaviness: importunity: barsbness, oppression; gravity of manners. [v] βαρύ-τιμος, ov, (βαρύς, τιμή) of great worth. venerable, costly.

βαρύ-τλητος, ον, (βαρύς, τλήναι 201. 2 of \*τλάω) beaut to bear.

βαρύ-φθογγος, ον, (βαρύς, φθογγή) beavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

**β**αρύ-φρων, φρονος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βαρύς, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρύ-χειλος, ον, (βαρύς, χείλος) thick-lipped.

βαρύ-χορδος, ον, (βαρύς, χορδή) deep-toned

βαρύ-ψύχος, ον, (βαρίς, ψυχή) beavy of soul, meanspirited, dejected.

βάς, βᾶσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαίνω.

**βασανίζω**, f. ίσω Att. τω, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βασανισμός, δ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

βασανίστης, οθ, δ, pecul. fem. βασανίστρια, ή, (βασανίζω):—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

BA ΣΑΝΟΣ, η, the touch-stone, Lat. lapis Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατρίβω. II. metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not. III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question.

2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασεθμαι, βασεθνται, Dor. for βήσομαι, βήσονται, fut. of βαίνω.

βασίλεια, ή, (βασιλεύs) a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.

βασιλεία, ή, (βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion: bereditary monarchy, opp. to τυραννίς.

βασίλειον, τό, mostly in plur., a palace: also the royal treasury or tent Strictly neut. from

βασίλειος, ον, and a, ον, Ion. βασιλήϊος, η, ον, kingly, royal. From

RMSI, royat. From BASIAEYS, έως Ion. η̂os, ὁ, acc. βασιλέα, contr. βασιλη̂: pl, nom. βασιλείς, old Att. -η̂s, Ion. -η̂es:—a king, prince, of gods and men:—hence are formed the Comp. βασιλεύτερος, α, ov, more kingly; Sup. βασιλεύτατος, η, ov, most kingly. II. the second of the nine Archons at Athens was called βασιλεύς: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes. III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called βασιλεύς (without the Art.), or ὁ μέγας βασιλεύς. Hence βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king, to rule: in aor. I βασι-

pas detail, it on, to be king, II. c. dat. to rule over a people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under a king.

βασιλητη, ή, Ion. for βασιλεία.

βασιλήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for βασίλειος

 $\beta \alpha \sigma \lambda \eta i s$ ,  $\delta \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of  $\beta \alpha \sigma (\lambda \epsilon_{i} o s$ , royal.

βασιλίζω, f. σω, (βασιλεύ») to be of the king's party. βάστλικός, ή, όν, like βασίλειος, royal, of a king. 2. of or for a king, princely.

11. as Subst, βασιλικός, δ, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλίναῦ, barbaric form of βασίλιννα, βασίλισσα. βασίλιννα and βασίλισσα, ἡ, = βασίλειἄ, α queen. βασίλὶς, ίδος, η, = βασίλειὰ, α queen, princess. 2. as Adj. = βασιληίς, royal.

βάσιμος, ον, (βαίνω) passable: accessible. βάσις, εως, ή, (βαίνω) a stepping: a step, walk. that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐβάσκηνα: aor. I pass. ἐβασκάνθην: (βάσκω):—to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage.

II. to use ill words to another, be witch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.

βασκάνία, ἡ, (βάσκανος) slander, envy, malice. βάσκάνος, ον, (βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, malignant. 2. a sorcerer.

βασκάs, άδοε, ή, a kind of duck.

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb βάσκω, another form of βαίνω, as χάσκω of χαίνω; βάσκ' ἴθι, speed thee! αway! βάσκετε αway!

βασμός, Ion. for βαθμός.

βâσσα, Dor. for β $\hat{η}$ ουα.

βασσάρα, ή, = ἀλώπηξ, α fox. (Of Thracian origin.) βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of βασσάρα.

βάσσων, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of βαθύς. βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a bur-

den. II. tbat which bears, a staff. From BAΣTA'ZΩ, f. άσω: aor. 1 ἐβάστασα, later ἐβάσταξα: aor. 1 pass. ἐβαστάχθην:—to lift, lift up, raise: metaph. to extol, exalt. II. to bear, support, bold upright: to bear in mind, consider. III.

to carry off. IV. to bandle, touch. Hence βαστακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βάταλος, δ, a lisper.

βατέω, f. ήσω, (βαίνω) to mount, cover, of animals. βάτην, Ep for ἐβήτην, 3 dual acr. 2 of βαίνω.

βάτηρίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βατέω) fem. Adj for mounting. βατία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = βάτος, a bush, thicket

βατιδο-σκόπος, ον, (βάτις, σκοπέω) looking after roaches or skaits, greedy for them.

βἄτίς, ίδος, ή, (βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.
βἄτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off
or up

BA TOΣ, ή, a bramble or any prickly bush.

βάτος, δ, the Hebrew liquid measure bath.

βάτός, ή, όν, (βαίνω) passable

βατράχειος, ον, (βάτραχως) of or belonging to a frog: βατράχειον (sub. χρῶμα), frog-colour, pale green.

βατρἄχίς, ίδος, and ίδος, ή, a frog-green coat. From BA'TPAXOΣ, ό, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog of a horse's hoof. [ā]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. τω, (Βάττος) to stammer.

βαττο-λογέω, = βατταρίζω, (Βάττος, λόγος) to babble, use vain repetitions.

Bάττος, δ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound)

βαύζω, Dor. βαύσδω: fut. βαύζω:—to cry βαῦ, βαῦ, to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach. II. transit, to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ιδος, ή, a wine-cooler.

βαῦνος οι βαυνός, δ, (αὕω) a furnace, forge.

βαύσδω, Dor. for βαύζω.

βαφή, ή, (βάπτω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in II. cold water. II. a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing: also the dye itself.

βαφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of βάπτω.

βάψις, εως, ή, (βάπτω) a dipping, dyeing.

 $B\Delta E'\Lambda\Lambda A'$ , ή, α leech, Lat.  $bir\bar{u}do$ . βδέλυγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp. of

dois. βδελυκτός, ή, όν, (βδελύσσω) disgusting, abominable. βδελύκ-τροπος, ον, (βδελυκτύς, τρόπος) = foreg.

Βοελικ-τροπος, ον. (βοελικτος, τροπος) = toreg.

ΒΔΕΛΥΡΟ΄ Σ, ά, όν, abominable, disgusting. Hence

βδελύσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: to cause to stink,
make loathsome.

II. mostly used as Dep. βδελύττομαι, with fut. med. and pass. βδελύξομαι, βδελυχθήσομαι, αοτ. I med. and pass. ἐβδελυξάμην,
[ἐβδελύχθην:—to feel disgust at, to detest, have a

borror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ¿βδέλυγμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.  $\mathbf{B}\Delta\mathbf{E}'\Omega$ , f.  $\beta\delta\epsilon\sigma\omega$ , to break wind: to stink. **βδύλλω**, =  $\beta$ δέω: c. acc. to be afraid of. βεβάδσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω. βέβαιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (βαίνω) firm, steady: steadfast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βέβαιον certainty. Hence βεβαιότης, ητος, ή, firmness, steadfastness, safety. βεβαιόω, f. ώσω, to make firm, establish: - Med. to establish for oneself, to confirm, secure. βεβαίωs, Adv. of βέβαιοs, steadfastly, firmly. βεβαίωσις, εως, ή, a making fast or sure, establishing. βεβάμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι, inf. of βαίνω. [ă] βέβαμμαι, pf pass. of βάπτω. βεβάρηώs, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω. βέβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίνω. **βεβᾶσι**, Att. contr. from βεβάασι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω. **βεβαώς, βεβαυία**, Ep. for βεβηκώς, pf. part. of βαίνω. βέβηκα, pf. of βαίνω. βεβήκειν, Ion. for εβεβήκειν, plapf. of βαίνω. βέβηλος, ον. (βαίνω, βηλός) allowable to tread, permitted to buman use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboly. Hence βεβηλόω, f. ώσω, to profane, to pollute. βεβίασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω. βεβίηκα, pf. of βιάω. βεβλάστηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω. βέβλαφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω. βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω. βέβλεφα, βέβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω. βέβληαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω. βεβλήαται, βεβλήατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plapf pass. of βάλλω. βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω. βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep plapf. act. and pass. of βάλλοι βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plapf pass. of Βάλλω. βέβλίκα, pf. of βλίττω. βεβολήστο, 3 plur. plapf. pass., and βεβολημένος, pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω. βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλομαι. βεβούλευκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βουλεύω. **βέβρασμαι**, pf. pass. of βράσσω. **βέβρτθα**, pf. of *βρίθω*. βεβροτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βροτόω. βέβρυχε, ν. βρυχάομαι. βεβρώθω, poet. form of βιβρώσκω, to eat up. Βέβρωκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω. βεβρώs, syncop. for βεβρωκώs, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω. **βεβρώσομαι**, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω. βίβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω. cough. Βεβώς, βεβώσα, Att. contr. of βεβαώς, Ep. pf. part. οί βαίνω.

βέη, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω. βείομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, I will walk or live. βείω, Ep. for βω, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω. βεκκε-σέληνος, ον, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fashioned, out of date, dotard: simple, silly. βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word. βέλεμνον, τό, poet, for βέλος, a dart, javelin. βελόνη, ή, (βέλος) an arrow-bead: point of a spear: a needle. βελονο-πώλης, ου, ό, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needleβέλος, εος, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. metaph., άγανδ βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used of sudden, easy death, δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of the storm; δμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye βέλτερος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\beta$ ελτίων, poet. Comp. of  $\dot{\alpha}$ γαθός, better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ον. βέλτιστος, η, ον, Sup. of  $\dot{a}\gamma a\theta \dot{o}s$ , best. βελτίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp of ἀγαθός, better. **βεμβϊκιάω**, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top. βεμβικίζω, f ίσω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a top, to set a going. BE'MBIE, īkos, ή, Lat. turbo, a top. **βενδίδειον**, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana). BE'NΘΟΣ, εος, τό, (poet. for βάθος, as πένθος for πάθου) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε to the bottom;  $\beta \dot{\epsilon} \nu \theta \dot{\epsilon} a \tilde{\nu} \lambda \eta s$  the depths of the wood. **βέντιστος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. for  $\beta$ έλτιστος. **βέομαι**, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω. βέρεθρον, τό, Ep and Ion for βάραθρον. βερέσχεθος, δ, a booby.  $\beta \hat{\eta}$ , poet, for  $\xi \beta \eta$ , 3 sing. 2 or 2 of  $\beta \alpha i \nu \omega$ . βηθι, βηναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω. βηλός, δ, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. limen. βήμα, ατος, τύ, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat. rostra, suggestum or -us. βήμεν, Ερ. for έβημεν, 1 plur. 201. 2 of βαίνω. βήμεναι, Ep. for βήναι, 20r. 2 mf. of βαίνω.  $\beta \hat{\eta} \mathbf{v}$ , Ep. for  $\hat{\epsilon} \beta \eta \mathbf{v}$ , aor. 2 of  $\beta a i \mathbf{v} \omega$ . Brivar, aor. 2 inf. of Baiva. βήξ, βηχός, ή, or δ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis. βήρυλλος, ή, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.  $\beta \hat{\eta} \sigma \alpha$ , Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon} \beta \eta \sigma \alpha$ , agr. 1 act. of  $\beta \alpha i \nu \omega$ . βήσεο, Ep. for βήσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βαίνω. βήσετο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, sing. aor. I med. of βαίνω. βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω. βήσσα, Dor. βάσσα, ή, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a wooded valley or glen; ούρεος εν βήσσησι in the mountain glens. Hence βησσήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗ ΣΣΩ, Αιτ. βήττω, f. βήξω: 201. Ι έβηξα:--to

βήτ-αρμων, ονος, δ, (βαίνω, άρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for εβήτην, 3 dual 20r. 2 of βαίνω.

BI'A, Ion. βίη, ή, bodily strength, force, might, Lat. vis: often periphr. with a gen. of the person, βίη II. force, an act 'Hρακλη̂os the strong Hercules. of violence; βία τινός against one's will. [t] Hence βιάζω, f. άσω, to force, constrain: Pass, aor. I ξβιάσθην: pf. βεβίασμαι:—to bave violence done one, to suffer violence; βιάζομαι τάδε I am wronged herein. Dep, with aor. I med. ἐβιασάμην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβίασμαι:—to force a man, constrain, overpower; βιάζεσθαι αυτύν to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault: absol. to use

βίαιο-μάχας, α, δ, (βίαιος, μάχη) fighting violently. Biaros, a, ov, also os, ov, (Bia) forcible, violent: acting with violence; πρὸς τὸ βίαιον by force. pass, forced: compulsory. Hence

Blaibtys, ytos, i, violence.

force, force one's way

Bialws, Adv. of Blaios, by force, perforce.

Βι-αρκής, ές, (βίος, άρκέω) supplying the necessaries of life.

**βιαστήs**, οῦ, ὁ, (βιάζω) one who uses force, a violent man.

βίατής, οῦ, δ, = βιαστής.

**βίάω**: perf. βεβίηκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, to force, constrain: - Med., βιάομαι, f. ήσομαι, to force, treat with violence: also to overreach, defraud, vôi ιμσθον βιήσατο he cheated us of our pay:-Pass, 201. Ι έβιήθην, to be constrained or overpowered.

βιβάζω, f. άσω Att. βιβώ, Causal of βαίνω, to make

to go up, lift up, exalt.

βίβάs, âσα, άν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb

 $\beta i \beta \eta \mu \mu_{i} = \beta \alpha i \nu \omega_{i}$ 

**βιβάσθων**, ουσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb  $\beta$ ιβάσθω, = βαίνω, to stride: μακρά βιβάσθων long-striding. βιβάω, poet. collat. form of βαίνω, to stride; πέλωρα βιβαν to take huge strides; part. βιβων, βιβωσα.

**βιβλάριον**, τό, Dim. of  $\hat{\beta}$ ίβλος, a little book or

scroll:—so also βιβλαρίδιον, τό.

**Βίβλινος** olvos, δ, Biblian wine, from Biblis, a hill in Thrace.

**βιβλιοθήκη**, ή, (βιβλίον, θήκη) a book-case: library. **βιβλίον**, τό, Dim. of βίβλοs, a paper, scroll.

βιβλιο-πώλης, ου, δ, (βιβλίον, πωλέω) a bookseller. BI'BΛΟΣ, ή, the inner bark of the papyrus. the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book.

**ΒΙΒΡ**Ω'ΣΚΩ, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. Ι έβρωσα: aor. 2 έβρων: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncop. βεβρών.--Pass., fut. βρωθήσομαι : fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: 20r. I έβρώθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume: c. gen. to eat of a thing.

**βιβώ**, Att. fut. of βιβάζω.

βιβών, contr. from βιβάων, part. of βιβάω.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of βιάω. BI'KO∑, ¿, an earthen wine-vessel.

BINE'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to ὁπνίω. βιο-δότης, δ, (βίος, δίδωμι) the giver of life or food. βιό-δωρος, ον, (βίος, δωρον) life-giving, bounteous. Βιο-δώτης, δ, poët. for βιοδότης.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) lively, strong, bale. βιο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) supporting life.

BI'OZ, o, life, the course of life: lifetime. manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood.

BIO' $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a bow.

**βιο-στερής**, ές, (βίος, στερέω) robbing of life or means. II. pass. in want of means.

βιοτεία, ή, (βιοτεύω) a way of life, livelihood. βιοτεύω, f. σω, (βιόω) to live, subsist; βιοτεύειν ἀπό τινος to live by a thing.

**βιοτή**, ή, Lat. vita, = βίοτοs.

βιότης, ητος, ή, = βίοτος.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίστος, a scant living.

βίοτος, ὑ, (βιύω) life: means of life.

βιούs, aor. 2 part. of βιόω. βιο-φειδής, ές, (βίος, φείδομαι) stingy, sparing.

βιόω, f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I έβίωσα: aor. 2 ἐβίων (as if from a verb βίωμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιῶ; opt. βιφήν; mf. βιῶναι; part. βιούs: (βίοs, Lat. vivo):—to live, esp. to live bappily:-Pass., βιοῦται one lives, Lat. vivitur.

βιόωνται, βιόωντο, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf.

med. of βιάω.

βιώατο, for βιώντο, 3 pl. pres med opt. of βιάω. βιώην, aor. 2 med. opt. of βιίω.

βιώναι, inf. of βιύω.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βιύω) to be lived, worth living, possible to live.

βίωσις, εως, ή, (βιόω) a living, manner of life βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βιόω, to quicken, make

alive: 2 sing. Ep. aor 1 ἐβιώσαο.

βιωτικός, ή, όν, (βιόω) fit for life, lively. П. of or pertaining to life.

βιωτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}_{\nu} = (\beta \iota \dot{\omega}_{\omega})$  to be lived, worth living for. βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of βιόω.

βλάβεν, Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

βλάβερόs, ά, όν, (βλάπτω) burtful, noxious

βλάβη, ή, (βλάπτω) burt, barm, damage: βλάβηςδίκη an action for damage done.

βλάβηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf of βλάπτω.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάπτομαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται. βλάβοs, εος contr. ους, τό, = βλάβη, burt, damage.

BΛAIΣO'Σ, ή, όν, baving the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked

βλακεία, ή, (βλακεύω) slackness, sloth, stupidity βλακεύω, (βλάξ) to be slack, lazy, indolent.

βλακικός, ή, όν, (βλάξ) indolent, stupid. Adv. -κω̂ς. βλακώδης, εs, (βλάξ, είδος) lazy, sluggish.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, βλακός, ὁ, ἡ, (akin to μαλακός) lazy, inactive, sluggish. Irreg Comp. βλακίστερος or βλαιώτερος

**ΒΛΑ'ΠΤΩ**, fut.  $\beta$ λάψω: Ep. aor. τ  $\beta$ λάψα: pf. βέβλἄφα οτ ἔβλἄφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλἄβήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλάψομαι; fut. med. βλάψομαι, used as pass.: 201. Ι  $\xi \beta \lambda \dot{\alpha} \phi \theta \eta \nu$ , more usu. 201. 2  $\xi \beta \lambda \dot{\alpha} \beta \eta \nu$  [α]: pf.

βέβλαμμαι:-to binder, weaken, stop; c. gen. to binder from; βλαβέντα λοισθίων δρύμων arrested in its last course; βλαφθείε έν όζον caught in the branches. 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mis-3. to barm, damage, burt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 έβλαστον; later aor. Ι ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα:  $(\beta \lambda \alpha \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega)$ :—to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

H βλάστη, η, = βλαστόs, a bud, sprout, leaf.increase, growth.

βλάστημα, ατος, τό, and βλαστημός,  $\delta_1 = \beta \lambda \alpha \sigma \tau \eta$ BΛΑΣΤΟ'Σ, δ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen βλασφημέω, f. ήσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος): — to drop profane words, speak profanely.

2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame: to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ή, profane language. 2. evil-speak-

ing, blasphemy.

**βλάσφημος**, ον, ( $\beta$ λάξ, φήμη) speaking pro-

fanely. 2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΥ'ΤΗ, ή, mostly in plur. βλαθται, ων, αί, α kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleae.

βλαυτίον, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθείs, aor. I pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βληχή.

βλάψα, Ep. for έβλαψα, aor. 1 of βλάπτω. βλάψιs, ϵωs, ή, (βλάπτω) a barming, burting. βλαψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) mad-

2. mad: Adv. βλαψιφρόνωs, madly. dening.

βλείο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω. βλεμεαίνω, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμεαίνων exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye. βλέποισα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτέον, verb. Adj of βλέπω, one must look. **βλεπτικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , ( $\dot{\beta}$ λέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτός, ή, όν, seen, worth seeing. From

**ΒΛΕ'ΠΩ**, f.  $\psi\omega$ ; aor.  $i \in \beta \lambda \epsilon \psi \alpha$ : pf.  $\beta \in \beta \lambda \epsilon \phi \alpha$ :— Pass., aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\phi\theta\eta\nu$ : pf.  $\beta\dot{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\epsilon\mu\mu\alpha\iota:$ —to look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., Αρη, φόβον βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, ναπη βλέπειν to look cress, mustard, i.e. to bave a sour or bitter look. II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οἰκία πρὸs μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the III. to see the light, with or without φάοs, hence, to live. IV. to look and long after a thing, c. inf. 2. to take care of, look to or to beware of a thing.

βλεφάρίς, ίδος, ή, an eyelasb. From

**βλέφαρον**, τό, ( $\beta$ λέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur. the eyes: ἀμέρας βλέφαρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun; νυκτός βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon.

**βλήται** for βλήηται, βλήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω.

βληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. 3. a coverlet. sbot, wound.

βλήμενος, η, ον, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω. βλήναι, aor. 2 mf. of βάλλω.

βλήσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. βλητέον, one must throw.

βλητο, 3 sing, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ή, ών, (βάλλω) burled, struck.

βλητρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ήσομαι: Dep.: (βληχή):-to bleat, of sheep and goats.

BAHXH', η, a bleating: generally, the wailing of children, Lat. vagitus.

βληχρόs, ά, όν, weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a euphon.,  $d\beta \lambda \eta \chi \rho \delta s$ . Adv.  $-\rho \hat{\omega} s$ , slightly.

BΛH'XΩN, ωνος, ή: acc. βλήχω: Ion. γλήχων,

Dor. γλάκων:—pennyroyal. Hence βληχωνίαs, ou, o, prepared with pennyroyal.

ΒΛΙ ΤΤΩ, Ιου. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aor έβλισα: -to cut out the comb of bees, to take the boney. (From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.) BΛΟΣΥ PO'Σ, á, όν, grim, stern: also burly, manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

βλοσύρ-ῶπις, ιδος, ή, (βλοσυρός, ώψ) grim-looking.  $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Upsilon}'\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , f. βλύσω [v]: aor. 1 έβλύσα, = βλύω.

Hence

βλύσις, εως, ή, and βλυσμός, ό, a bubbling up. βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. I of βλύζω.

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Upsilon}'\mathbf{\Omega}$ , f. βλύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to bubble, spout, or gusb forth: hence to be full, to be baughty.

βλώμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωθρός, ά, όν, (βλώσκω) shooting up, high growing, of trees.

βλώσκω: (tenses formed from Root MO'ΛΩ), f. μολοθμαι, 20τ. 2 έμολον (cf. θρώσκω, θοροθμαι, έθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμόλωκα). -- to come

or go.

βοάγριον, τό, a shield of wild bull's bide. From

βό-aγρος, ή, (βοῦς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

Boa-θόοs, Dor. for βοηθύοs.

βόāμα, ατος, τό, (βοάω) a sbriek, cry: a loud strain. βοάτης, ου, δ, fem. βοᾶτις, ιδος, ή, (βοάω) crying, screaming. [ā]

βό-αυλος, δ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοῦs, αὐλή) an ox-stall. βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάφ, 3 pl. βοόωσιν, part. βοόων: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι: aor. ι έβόησα, Ιοη. έβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα: - Med., aor. Ι έβοησάμην Ιου. έβωσάμην:- Pass., aor. Ι έβοήθην Ιοη. ἐβώσθην: pf. βεβόημαι Ιοη. βέβωμαι: (βοή):—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout: of things, to thunder, roar, bowl: to ecbo.

trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to 3. to noise 2. to demand in a loud voice. abroad, proclaim.

Βοεικός, ή, όν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά | βολή, ή, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a miswagons drawn by oxen.

Bostos or Bosos, a, ov, (Boûs) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-bide: ή βοεία or βοέα, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an ox-bide, a shield of ox-bide.

Boεύs, έωs, δ, (βοῦs) a thong or cord of ox-leather. βοή, ή, contr. from βοέη, v. βύειο.

BOH', h, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοην ἀγαθύs good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. = βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ές, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an οχ. βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on bearing a cry,

baste to belp, succour.

Boη-δρομιών, ωνος, δ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

**βοη-δρόμος**, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as

Subst. a belper.

βοήθεια, ή, (βοηθόε) belp, aid, rescue, support. П. an auxiliary force,

βοηθέω, Ion. βωθέω, f. ήσω, (βοηθύε) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\beta o \eta \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  ready or able to belp. **Bon-860s**, ov,  $(\beta \circ \eta, \theta \in \omega)$  basting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοηθόον άρμα a chariot basting to the battle. **Bondós**,  $\delta \nu$ , contr. from  $\beta o \eta \theta \delta o s$ : as Subst.,  $\beta o \eta \theta \delta s$ , ò, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλάσία, ή, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattlestealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

From

βο-ηλάτης, ου, δ, fem. βοηλάτις, ιδος, ή, (βοῦς, ¿λαύνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-steal-II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = βουνόμος.

βόηs, ου, δ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, εως, Ιοπ. βοητύς, ύος, ή, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

BO'ΘPOΣ, δ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

 $\beta \delta \theta \bar{v} vos$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\beta \delta \theta \rho os$ .

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βουs.

Boίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦs, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωταρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a Boeotarch. From Βοιωτ-άρχης, ου, δ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Bοιωτ-αρχία, ή, the office of Boeotarch. **Βοιωτία**, ή, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-

pastures. Hence Βοιωτιάζω and Βοιωτίζω, to be like a Boeotian: to be beavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian. Βοιωτι-ουργής, ές, (Βοιωτία, έργον) of Boeotian work. Bοιωτός, οῦ, δ, a Boeotian.

sile: -metaph. a glance: -βολαί ηλίου sun-beams. Boλίζω, f. σω, (βολίs) to beave the lead, sound.

**βολίs**, ίδο**s**, ή, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From βόλιτον, βόλιτος, (βόλος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and βόλομαι, Acol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ή, (βόλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the

**βόλος**, δ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βύλος ιχθύων a draught of fishes. II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αύλιος, δ, (βύμβος, αὐλός) a bagpiper.

βομβεῦντι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω. βομβέω, f. ήσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or bollow: to bum, buzz.

βομβήεις, εσσα, εν. (βομβέω) buzzing, bumming. βουβητής, οῦ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, bummer. BO'MBOΣ, δ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep bollow sound, bumming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλιός, οῦ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or bumming insect, a bumble bee.

βόμβυξ, υκοs, ό, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτηs, ου, δ, = βουθύτηs.

βοο-κτάσια, ή, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, βοο-σφαγία, etc., = βου-.

**βοο-σφάγία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βού**s**, σφά(ω) a slaying of oxen. βοόω, Ep. for βοάω.

BOPA', \(\delta\), food, meat.

βορβορό-θυμος, ον,(βόρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded. BO'PBOPOΣ, ὁ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum. βορβορο-τάραξις, δ, (βύρβορος, ταράσσω) a mudstirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορ-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(βόρβορος, \epsilon lδος)$  miry, slimy. BOPE'AΣ, ov, δ; Ion. Βορέης, contr Βορής, έω; Att. Boppas, a: -the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρόs βορην ανεμον towards the North; πρόε βορέαν τινόε northward of a place,

Bopeás, άδος, ή, Ion. Bopeiás, poet. Bopeiás, Bopnis, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem. Adj. northern.

Bόρειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (Boρέαs) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Bορεώτις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Bορεάς.

Bopήιοs, η, ον, Ion. for Βόρειοε.

Boρηίs, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Boρεάς.

βορός, ά, όν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Boppaios, a, ov, or os, ov, =  $B / \rho \epsilon i o s$ .

Boppas, â, δ, Att. for Bopéas. Bópues, oi, unknown Libyan animals.

**βόσις**, εως, ή, (βόσκω) food, fodder.

βόσκε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βόσκω.

βοσκή or βόσκη, ή, (βόσκω) food, fodder. βόσκημα, ατοε, τό, (βόσκω) that which is fed or II. food. fatted, cattle: a berd of cattle or sheep.

BOΛBO'Σ, δ. Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root. | βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βόσκω, one must feed.

II.

βοσκός, δ, the feeder or berd of the cattle. From BOΣΚΩ, fut. βοσκήσω, as if from obsol. βοσκέω:
—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. pascere, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. pasci, to feed, graze.

Bοσπόριοs, a, ov, of the Bosphorus.

**Βόσ-πορος**, δ, (βοῦς, πόρος) Bosphorus, i. e. ox-ford, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Commercian.

βόστρυξ,  $\ddot{v}$ χοε,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\beta \dot{\omega} \sigma \tau \rho \ddot{v}$ χοε,

βοστρύχιον, τό, Dim. of βύστρυχος.

BOΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, δ, in plur. also βόστρυχα, τά, a curl or lock of bair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine. βοτάμια, ων, τά, (βόσκω) pastures.

βοτάνη, ή, (βόσκω) pasture, grass, fodder.

βοτήρ, ηρος, δ, (βόσκω) a berdsman, herd; ολωνων βοτήρ a watcher of bitds, a soothsayer: κύων βοτήρ a berdsman's dog.

ser to small so deg. βοτηρικόs, ή, όν, (βοτήρ) of or for a berdsman. βοτόν, τό, (βόσκω) anything that is fed, a beast. βοτρῦδόν, Adv. (βότρυs) like a hunch of grapes, in lusters.

βοτρύιοs, a, ov, (βότρυs) of grapes.

βοτρυό-δωρος, ον, (βότρυς, δῶρον) grape-producing. βοτρυόεις, εσσα, εν, (βότρυς) clustering.

**βοτρυό-παις**, παιδο**ς**, δ, ή, (βότρυς, παῖς) child of the grape.

βοτρυο-χαίτης, ου, δ, (βότρυς, χαίτη) with clustering hair; or with grapes in one's hair.

BO'TPΥΣ, vos, δ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. racemus.

II. = βότρυχος, βόστρυχος, a curl.

βότρῦχος, δ, = βόστρυχος.

βοτρυχ-ώδης, ες, (βότρυχος, είδος) like curls, curly. βοτρυ-ώδης, ες, (βότρυς, είδος) like a cluster of grapes.

βου-, a form of βοῦς used in compos. to express something monstrous, e.g. βού-παις, βου-φάγος; as we say borse-chestnut, borse-radish, etc.

BOΥ BA ΛΙΣ, 103, ή, an antelope.

BOΥ BA ΛΟΣ, δ, Lat. bubălus, a buffalo.

βου-βότης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκω) feeding cattle: 2s Subst., βουβότης, ὁ, a cowberd.

βου-βότος, ον, (βοῦς, βόσκομαι) grazed by cattle. βού-βρωστις, εως, ή, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous unnatural appetite: metaph. grinding poverty or miserv.

BOΥΒΩ'N, ŵνοε, δ, the groin, Lat. inguen. Hence βουβωνιάω, to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γάιοs, δ, (βου-, γαίω) a braggart, bully.  $[\bar{a}]$  βου-δόροs, ον, (βοῦs, δέρω) flaying oxen: galling.

II. as Subst. a knife for flaying.

βου-θερήs, έs, (βοῦs, θέρω) giving summer pasture:

summer-feeding.

βου-θοίνης, ου, δ, (βοῦς, θοινάω) beef-eater. βουθύσία, ή, a sacrifice of oxen. From

βουθύτέω, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

βού-θύτος, ον, (βοῦς, θύω) of or belonging to sacrifices: sacrificial.

βουκαΐος, δ, (βοῦκος) one who ploughs with oxen. βού-κερως, αν, gen. Βούκερω, acc. pl. βούκερως, (βοῦς, κέρας) horned like an ox:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, ον, (κεφαλή) bull-beaded: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's bead: Maced. Βουκεφάλας, gen. a, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολέω, f.  $\eta$ σω, (βουκόλοs) to tend cattle:—Med. to graze, range over the pasture. II. metaph. to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπίδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ή, (βουκόλοι) a berd of cattle.

a byre, ox-stall. Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. άξομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.

βουκολικός, ή, όν, Dot. βωκολικός, ά, όν, (βουκόλοs) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα) pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, a berd of cattle. From

βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, ό, (βοῦε, and obsol. κολέω = Lat. colo) a cowberd: berdsman.

βοῦκος, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = βουκαῖος. βουλαῖος, α, ον, (βουλή) of or in the Council. βουλ-άρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) the adviser of a plan,

Lat. auctor consilii. βουλεία, ή, (βουλεύω) the office of counsellor. βούλευμα, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) a decree of the Coun-

cil: generally, a resolution, plan, design. βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of βούλευμα.

βούλευσις, εως, ή, (βουλείω) deliberation. βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of βουλείω, one must take counsel.

βουλευτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = βουλευτήs. Hence βουλευτήριοs, ον, fit for counsel. II. as Subst. βουλευτήριον, τό, a Council-chamber, court-bouse.

βουλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) a councillor, one who sits in Council.

II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence βουλευτικός, ἡ, όν, of or for the Council or a Councillor; ὅρκος βουλευτικός the oath taken by the councillors.

2. as Subst, τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500.

II. of or for a counsellor,

able to advise.
βουλευτός, ή, όν, devised, plotted. From

βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. βεβούλευκα:—Med., fut. -εύσομα: aor. I ἐβουλευσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβουλεύθην:
pf. βεβούλευμα: but fut. med. is also used in pass.
sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή).
—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to bave considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing:
Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like
the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on.

II. to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

186 thunders, Lat. tonat. From II. the state of one struck BPONTH', h, thunder. with thunder, astonishment. βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap. **Βρόντης**, ου, δ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus. βροντησι-κέραυνος, ον, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning. βροντ-ώδης, εs, (βροντή, είδος) thundering. βρότειος, ον, also α, ον, Ερ. βρότεος, η, ον, (βροτός) mortal, buman.—So also βροτήσιος, a, ov. βροτο-βάμων, ον, (βροτός, βημα) trampling on men. ā βροτό-γηρυς, υ, gen. υος, (βροτύς, γηρυς) with buman voice, of a parrot. βροτόεις, εσσα, εν, (βρότος) bloody, gory. βροτοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder men. From βροτο-κτόνος, ον, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying. βροτο-λοιγός, όν, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men. BPOTO'Σ, δ, a mortal, man, opp. to dθάνατος or  $\theta \in \delta s$ : as Adj. mortal. BPO'TOE, &, blood from a wound, gore. βροτο-σκόπος, ον, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men. βροτο-στυγής, ές, (βροτός, στυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men. βροτο-φεγγής, ές, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men. **βροτο-φθόρος**, ον, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying. βροτόω, (βρύτος) to stain with gore. βροχετός, δ, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain. βροχέως, Aeol. for βραχέως. BPO'XΘΟΣ, δ, the throat. **βροχίs,**  $\dot{\eta}$ , (βρέχω) an ink-horn. **BPO'XOΣ**,  $\dot{\delta}$ , a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net. \*BPO'XΩ, aor. 1 έβροξα, to gulp down: cp. àvaβρόχω, καταβρόχω. βρυάζω, (βρύω) to teem with plenty, overflow. βρύγδην, Adv. (βρύκω) snarling or with clenched βρυγμός, δ, (βρύχω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth. BPΥ'ΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I έβρυξα: to bite, devour. βρύχω. [ῦ]  $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{\hat{P}}\mathbf{\hat{\Gamma}}'\mathbf{\hat{\Lambda}}\mathbf{\hat{\Lambda}}\mathbf{\hat{\Omega}}$ , =  $\beta\rho\hat{v}\nu$  ε $l\pi\epsilon\hat{v}$ , v. sq. βρῦν, βρῦν είπειν to cry for drink. βρύξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea. βρῦχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. I pass.  $\frac{1}{2}$ βρυχήθην: Ep. pf. βέβρ $\bar{v}$ χα (so μέμηκα, μέμυκα from μηκάομαι, μυκάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω): — to roar, bowl, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence βρύχημα, ατος, τό, a roaring: and βρυχητής, οῦ, ὁ, a bellower, bowler. βρύχιος, ov, also a, ov, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ήχω an echo from the deep. [v] **ΒΡΥ'ΧΩ**, fut. βρύξω: 201. 2 ξβρύχον:—Pass., 201.

I  $\delta \beta \rho \dot{\nu} \chi \theta \eta \nu :$ —the same as  $\beta \rho \dot{\nu} \kappa \omega$ . [ $\bar{\nu}$ ]

βροντάω, f. ήσω, to thunder: βροντά, impers., it | ΒΡΥ'Ω, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύσω: - to be full of anything, swell or teem with. II. trans. to cause to burst forth. βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food. Βρωμάομαι, aor. Ι έβρωμησάμην: Dep.: (βρέμω): to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere. βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) = βρῶμα, food.βρώστμος, ον, (βρῶσις) eatable, solid. βρώσις, εως, ή, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to πόσις II. an eating into, corrosion, rust. βρωτήρ, ηρος, δ, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer. βρωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable: βρωτόν, τό, = βρῶσιε. βρωτύς, ύος, ή, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρωσις. **βύβλινος**, η, ον, (βύβλος) made of byblus. BΥ BΛΟΣ, ή, the Egyptian papyrus. coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, al, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl. **τὰ βύβλα.** [ŭ] βύζην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly. βυθίζω, f. ίσω, (βυθόs) to sink in the deep, immerse. **βύθιος**, a, ov, (βυθόε) in the deep, sunken, deep. of the deep; βύθια (sub. ζφα) water-animals. [v]  $βυθίτης, ου, δ, βυθιτις, ιδος, <math>\dot{η}$ , =  $β\dot{ν}θιος$ . BΥΘΟ'Σ, δ, the depth, the deeps of the sea. βύκτης, ου, ὁ, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτάων. βυνέω, Att. for βύω. BΥPΣA ή, the skin stripped off, a hide. βυρσ-aleros, δ, (βύρσα, alerós) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner. βυρσεύς, έως, δ, a tanner. From βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress bides, tan. βυρσίνη, ή, a leathern thong. [t] Fem. from βύρσινος, η, ον, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather. βυρσοδεψέω, f. ήσω, to dress bides, be a tanner. From **βυρσο-δέψης**, ου, δ, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner. **βυρσο-παφλάγών**, ύνος, δ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Paphlagonian, nickname of Cleon. **βυρσο-πώλης**, ου,  $\delta$ , (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller. βυρσο-τενής, ές, and βυρσό-τονος, ον, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over. **βύσστνος**, η, ον, (βύσσος) made of fine linen. βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply. βυσσόθεν, Adv. (βυσσόε) from the bottom. βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, δ, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps. **Bugges**,  $\delta_s = \beta v \theta \delta s$ , the depth or bottom of the sea. BΥ ΣΣΟΣ, ή, fine flax : fine linen. βυσσό-φρων, ον, (βυσσόε, φρήν) deep-thinking. ΒΥ΄Ω, f. βύσω [v]: aor. I έβυσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίφ βεβυσμένοs bunged up with sponge. βω, 20r. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω. βωθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-. βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.

βωκόλος, βωκόλικός, Dor. for βουκ-. βωκος, δ, Dor. for βοῦκος.

**βωλάκιος**,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(β\hat{ω}λαξ)$  forming clods, of rich loam. **βώλαξ**, ἄκος,  $\dot{η}$ ,  $= β\hat{ω}λος$ ,  $\alpha$  clod of earth.

βώλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.

BΩ ΛΟΣ, ή, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.

βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμεῖν) clod-breaking. βώμιος, a, ον, also oς, ον, (βωμός) οπ or at the altar. βωμίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dim. of βωμός: a step.

βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From

βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery,

indulge in ribald jests. From

βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.

βωμός, δ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, carr, Lat. tumulus. βων, Ερ. for βοῦν, acc. of βοῦς: also contr. gen. plur.

βώσαs, contr. for βοήσαs, aor. 1 part. of βοάω.

βωσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βωστρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.

βώτας, Dor. for βούτης.

βωτι-άνειρα, ή, (βύσκω, ἀνήρ) man-feeding, nurse of beroes. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]

βώτωρ, ορος,  $\delta_1 = \beta \circ \tau \eta_C$ , a berdsman.

## Γ

 $\Gamma$ ,  $\gamma$ , γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral  $\gamma'$ , = three, third: but  $\gamma$  = 3000.—Before the palatals  $\gamma$  κ  $\chi$  and before  $\xi$ ,  $\gamma$  is pronounced like n in ng, as άγγος άγκος άγχι άγξω.

For the digamma, v. sub  $\sigma$ .

Homer uses  $\gamma$  as an aspirate before some words, as ala  $\gamma a \hat{a} a$ ,  $\delta o \hat{v} \pi o s$   $\gamma \delta o \hat{v} \pi o s$ : so also in Att., before  $\lambda$  and  $\nu$ , e. g.  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \eta$   $\gamma \lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \eta$ ,  $\nu \dot{\epsilon} \phi o s$   $\gamma \nu \dot{v} \phi o s$ .

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for  $\gamma$ , as δα δνόφος for  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$   $\gamma \nu \dot{\phi} \phi os$ : also  $\gamma$  for  $\beta$ ,  $\beta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \phi a \rho o \nu \gamma \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \phi a \rho o \nu$ ; but in Att.,  $\beta$  for  $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma \lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \alpha \nu \beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \alpha \nu$ ; also for  $\kappa$ ,  $\gamma \nu \dot{\alpha} \pi \tau \omega$  : and for  $\lambda$ ,  $\gamma \dot{\eta} i o \nu \lambda \dot{\eta} i o \nu$ .

γă, Dor. for γε.

ya, Dor. and Aeol. for yn, earth.

γαγγάμη, ή, οι γάγγάμον, τό, a small round net. γάγγραινα, ή, (γράω, γραίνω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάζα, ή, the royal treasure: riches. (Petsian word.) γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλακή) a treasury, Lat. aerarium.

γαθέω, Dor. for γηθέω.

yaîa, h, gen, yalas, Ep. yalns (but not yaln in nom., give berself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere.

except in late Poets), like ala, poet. for  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαιάοχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήοχος. γαιηγενής, ές, poet. for γηγενής.

γαιήιος, η, ον, (γαία) sprung from Earth.

γαιή-οχος, ον, (γαια, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχος, earth-upholding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

yaïos, ov, Dor. for yhios, on land.

ΓΑΙ'Ω, only used in partic., κύδει γαίων exulting in his strength.

**ΓΑ'ΛΑ**, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τος).

γαλάθηνός, όν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γαλάκτινος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γἄλακτο-πἄγής, έε, (γάλα, παγῆναι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a nulk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός. ΓΑΛΕ'Η, έης, contr. γαλη, η̂s, η, the marten cat or polecat. Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ά, όν, cheerful. Adv. -pωs.

γαλεώτης, ου, ό, (γαλέη) a kind of spotted lizard.

γάλη, ή, contr. for γαλέη. γάληναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γάλήνεια, Dor. γαλάνεια,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = sq$ .

ΓΑΛΗ'ΝΗ, η, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ελαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνιάω, Ερ. part. fem. γαληνιόωσα, to be calm. γαληγός, όν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' δρῶ I see a calm.

Γάλλος, δ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γάλ-ουργέω, -ουργός, -ουχίω, -ουχία, = γαλακτ-. ΓΑ΄ΛΟΩΣ, ή, gen. γάλοω, nom. pl. γαλόφ: Att. γάλως, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is  $\delta \alpha f \rho$ . [α]

γᾶμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω. γαμβρόs, δ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: I. a son-in-law. 2. a brotherin-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and

Aeol. a bridegroom.

γάμεν, Dor. for έγημεν, 3 sing. 201. 1 of γαμέω. γάμετή, ή, fem. of γαμέτηs, a wife.

γαμέτης, ου, Dor. gen. γαμέτα, δ, a busband, spouse: and

γαμέτις, ιδος, ή, a wife. From

γαμένος, τους, η, α ωτρε. Γτοιπ γαμέω, fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: aor. Ι ἔγημα; later ἐγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. Ι ἔγημάμην.—Pass., aor. Ι ἔγαμήθην, poët. part. γαμεθείε: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμοε). Το marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II. Med. to give in marriage, I. of the woman, to give berself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2. of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a busband for the III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to daughter. wife.

γάμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιοs, α, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis:

γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ή, a marriage-feast. Γαμηλιών, ωνος, ò, the seventh month of the Attic year, from yauto, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and be-

ginning of February. See Ληναιών γαμίζω, f. ίσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γάμικός, ή, όν, (γάμος) bridal; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. -κωs, as at a wedding.  $\gamma d\mu l\sigma \kappa \omega$ , =  $\gamma a\mu l \zeta \omega$ .

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as

Subst. an adulterer.

γα-μόρος, δ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓA'MOΣ, δ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae. γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφηλαί, ων, ai, (γαμψός, γναμπτός) the jaws of o, a round built merchant-vessel, galley. a beast; the beak of a bird.

γαμψός, ή, όν, (κάμπτω) bent, curved, crooked. yav, Dor. for ynv, yalav.

γανάω, (γάνος) to shine, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓA'NOΣ, εos, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm,

delight. [a] Hence

yavów, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part. γεγανωμένοs, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus. γανόων, όωσα, Ερ. part. of γανάω.

γάνυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πεδον, τό, Dor. for γήπεδον.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

 $\gamma \bar{a}$ - $\pi \epsilon \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\gamma \bar{a}$ - $\pi \dot{o} v o s$ ,  $\gamma \dot{a}$ - $\pi o \tau o s$ , Dor. for  $\gamma \eta \pi$ -. TA'P, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as; 'Ατρείδη, πολλοί γάρ τεθνασιν 'Axaioi since many Achaeans are dead, etc.; so in parenthesis, as καί, ἢν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθὼν ἐπιτηδεώτατον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest II. to strengthen place, etc. I. a question, like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίε γάρ σε ήκεν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, κακώε γάρ έξύλοιο O that you might perish! in Homer usu. ai γάρ, Att. εl or είθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πωs yap would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρω, (γάργαρα) to swarm with. γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαγγαλίζω, (γάργαλος) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a tickling. ΓΑΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a tickling, itching. [ἄ] TA'PTA'PA, Ta, beaps, lots, plenty.

γαρύω, Dor. for γηρίω.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [a], ή:-the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γαστηρ ἀσπίδοs the bollow of a shield. 2. the womb, έν γαστρί φέρειν οτ έχειν to be with child. taph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γάστρα, Ion γάστρη, ή, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον. γαστρίζω, f ίσω, (γάστριε) to fill one's belly. to bit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

II.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γάστρις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton. γαστρο-βαρής, έε, (γαστήρ, βαρύε) heavy with child. γαστρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, εs, (γαστήρ, είδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ή, όν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

 $\gamma$ αυλιτικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , =  $\gamma$ αυλικός.

ΓΑΥΛΟ'Σ, δ, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any ΙΙ. γαῦλος, round vessel, e. g. a bee-bive: hence

γαυριάω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly,

pride oneself. From

yaûpos, ov, also a, ov, (yaíw) exulting in a thing: baughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόσμαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be baughty, disdainful. Hence

γαύρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

TE, Dor. ya, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate; ο γ' ἐνθάδε λεώs at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, έγωγε, σύγε, ὄγε. 2 well then, then, implying unwillingness, *ϵlμί γϵ well*. I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλώs γε ποιῶν and quite right too! 4. to strengthen oaths, νη Δία. γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers. even; ἢλθον 'Αμφιάρεώ γε πρόε βίαν against even Amphiaraus' will.

γεά-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήοχος.

γέγαα, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to bave been born, to be, live: pl. γέγαμεν, γεγάατε, γεγάασι: but γεγάμεν [α] inf., for γεγαέναι, Dor. γεγάκειν [ā]: part. γεγαώς, -άωσα, Att. contr. γεγώς, ώσα, like βεβαώς, βεβώς.

 $\gamma$ έγαθα, Dor. for  $\gamma$ έγηθα; pf. of  $\gamma$ ηθέω

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγαα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, sec γέγαα. γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμέω.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι. γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθειν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθέω.

γεγήρωκα, pf. of γηράσκω.

γέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω. γεγόμφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφόω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω. γεγράψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γυμνάζω.

**ΓΕ'ΓΩΝΑ**, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνώς, plapf. εγεγώνειν with impf. sense :- the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω, -inf. γεγωνείν, Εp. γεγωνέμεν; impf. έγεγώνευν οτ γεγώνευν for έγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also έγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσαι: verb. Adj. γεγωνητέον. To call or cry so as to be beard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήoas as far as be could make bimself beard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim. γεγωνός, όν, Adj. from part. γεγωνώς, (like άραρός, όν, from apapús), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ωσα, ώς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γε-

γονώς, γεγαώς, see γέγαα.

Γεέννα, ή, Heb. Gehenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt :- hence as a name for bell-fire, bell.

 $\gamma$ εη-πόνος, etc., v.  $\gamma$ εωπ-. γει-αροτής, οῦ, ὁ, (γη, ἀρόω) a plougher of earth.

yelvauevos, aor. I part. of yeivopai. γείνεαι, Ep. for γείνηαι, 2 sing aor. I med subj of

γείνομαι. yelvoual, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the

aor. I εγεινάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; of yeivauevoi the parents. γειο-μόρος, etc., =  $\gamma$ εωμόρος.

**γειο-φόρος**, ον,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \phi \hat{\epsilon} \rho \omega)$  earth-bearing.

ΓΕΙ ΣΟΝ or γείσσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the bem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.) γειτνίασις, εως, ή, neighbourhood: the neighbours.

From

γειτνιάω, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on. γειτονεύω and γειτονέω, = γειτνιάω.

γειτόσυνος, ov, neigbbouring, near. From ΓΕΙΤΩΝ, ovos, δ, ή, a neighbour. II. as Adi, neighbouring, bordering :- metaph. akin to, like.

γελαίσας, Aeol. for γελάσας. γελάξας, Dor. for γελάσας.

γελανής, ές, (γελάω) laughing, cheerful. γελάντι, Dor. for γελώντι, dat. part. of γελάω.

γελάοισα and γελεύσα, Dor. for γελάουσα. γελάσα, Dor. for γελώσα, fem. nom. part. of γελάω.

γελασείω, Desiderat. of γελάω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ανήριθμον γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of

γελαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γελάω) a laugher, sneerer. γελαστός, ή, όν, laughable, laughed at. From ΓΕΛΑ'Ω, Ερ. γελόω, Ερ. part. pl. γελόωντες, γελώοντες, οτ γελοίωντες: Ερ. impf. γελοίων οι -ώων: γενειάω, f. ήσω, = γενειάζω, to get a beard.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of fut. γελάσομαι: aor. I έγέλασα, Ep. έγέλασσα, Dor. έγέλαξα.--Pass, aor. Ι έγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι: —to laugh, Lat. rideo; ἐγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart II. to laugh at, sneer at. laughed within him.

 $\Gamma E' \Lambda \Gamma I \Sigma$ ,  $i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ; pl.  $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma i \delta \dot{\epsilon} s$  or  $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \epsilon i s$ : =  $\dot{a} \gamma \lambda i s$ , a bead, clove of garlic, Lat. spica allii.

yelolios, Ep. for yéloios.

γέλοιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (γελάω) laughable, ab-II. bumorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελοίων, Ep. impf. of γελάω.

γελοίωντες, part. pres. of γελοιάω.

γελόω, γελόωντες, Ερ. for γελάω, γελάοντες.

γελώντι, Dor. for γελώσι.

γελώοντες, poet. for γελύωντες.

γέλως, δ: gen. ωτος Att. ω: dat. γέλωτι Ep. γέλω: acc. γέλωτα Ερ. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλων: (γελάω): laughter, Lat. risus; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughter's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughter, Lat. ludibrium; γέλωτα ποιείσθαί τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιία, ή, buffoonery. From

γελωτο-ποιός, όν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laughter: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οῦ, ὁ, a jester.

γελώων, Ep. impf., γελώωντες, Ep. part. of γελάω. γεμίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing :- Pass, to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, - γόμος, a freight. From

**FEM** $\Omega$ , used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, âs, Ion. γενεή, η̂s, ή, (\*γένω) birtb; ὁπλότερος γενεή younger by birth; εκ γενεής from II. birth, race, descent; γενεή ὑπέρτεροι higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. saeculum; δίω γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώ-IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεαλογέω, f. ήσω, (γενεαλύγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογείν τινα to trace his pedigree:-Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεαλογία, ή, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεά-λόγος, δ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist. γενεή, η̂s, ή, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεήφι.

γενέθλη, ή, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; άργύρου γενέθλη a mine of silver.

γενεθλίδιος, ον, = γενέθλιοε.

yevéθλιος, ov, belonging to one's birth, Lat. natalis; γενέθλιον ήμαρ one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birthday feast; γενέθλιοι θεοί the gods of one's race; γενέθλιον alua kindred blood.

 $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \nu \epsilon \theta \lambda o \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}_{,} = \gamma \epsilon \nu \dot{\epsilon} \theta \lambda \eta$ , descent. 2 offspring. γενειάζω Dor. -άσδω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

2. in plur. γενειάς, άδος, ή, (γένειον) a beard. the cheeks.

γενειώσκω, =  $\gamma$ ενειάζω, to get a beard.

γενειάτης, Ion. γενειήτης, δ: fem γενειάτις or -εάτις, ιδος, (γενειάς) bearded.

yévelov, τό, (γένυε) the part covered by the beard. the lower part of the face, the chin.

γένεο, Ep. for εγένου, 2 sing. 2 or. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

yeverios,  $o\nu = \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \theta \lambda ios$ . ΙΙ. τά γενέσια α birth-day feast:-also, a day kept in memory of the

γένεσις, εως, ή, (\*γένω) an origin, source: birth,

race, descent.

γενέσκετο, Ion. for εγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι. γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (\*γένω) she that gives II. she that is born, a daughter. birth, a mother.  $\gamma$ ενετή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\gamma$ ενε $\dot{\eta}$ , birtb.

γενετήρ, <math>ηροs, δ, = γενέτηs.

γενέτης, ου, δ, (\*γένω) the begetter, a father, an-II. as Adj., = cestor. 2. the begotten, son. γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ίδος, ή, (\*γένω) goddess of one's birth

γενέτωρ, opos,  $\delta$ , =  $\gamma$ ενέτης, a father.

γένευ, Ion. for εγένου, 2 sing. 20r. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηθήτω, 3 sing, aor, I pass, imperat, of γίγνομαι. γενηίς, ή: gen. γενήιδος, contr. γενήδος: = γένυς, the edge of an axe: an axe, pickaxe, mattock

γένημα, ατο ε, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννα, ή, poët for γένοs, descent, offspring.

γεννάδας [ă], ου, δ, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.

γενναιο-πρεπής, έs, (γενναίοs, πρέπω) befitting a noble. Adv. -πω̂s.

yevvaîos, a, ov, also os, ov, (yévva) suitable to one's birth or descent; ou poi yevvalor it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, bigb-born, bigb-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δύη genuine, intense misery. Hence

γενναιότης, ητος, ή, nobility, nobleness of character:

of land, fertility.

yevvalus, Adv. of yevvalos, nobly: Sup. yevvalorara. γεννάω, f. ήσω, (γέννα) to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; of γεννήσαντες the II. to generate, produce. Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, that which is produced, a child: any product. II, one's nature. III. a begetting. yévvησις, εως, ή, a begetting, producing.

γεννήτης, ου, δ, (γεννάω) a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.

**γεννητόs**, ή, όν, (γεννάω) begotten or born.

**γεννήτωρ**, ορο**s**, δ, = γενέτωρ.

**γεννικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , = γενναίοs, brave, spirited. Adv. -  $\hat{\omega}$ s. γενοίατο, Ep. and Ion. for γένοιντο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εος, τό, (\*γένω) race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as εξ Ιθάκης γένος εἰμί Ι am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birtb. II. a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus. III. a race in regard to number, a nation. 2. a race in regard to time, an age, gene- taste of a thing.

IV. sex: gender. ration. V. kind, genus, opp. to elbos, species.

γέντο, be grasped, = έλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for έλετο,-γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕ'ΝΥ Σ, ή, gen. γέννος; dat. γέννι: plur., dat. γένυσι, Ερ. γένυσσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένυς. The under jaw; yévves, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin. II. the edge of an axe, a biting axe.

\*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

**γεραιόs**, ά, όν, (γέρων, γηραιόs) old: venerable. Comp. γεραίτερος; οι γεραίτεροι the elders, Lat. senatores. Sup. γεραίτατος.

γεραιό-φλοιος, ον, (γεραιός, φλοιός) with wrinkled skın.

γεραίρω, f. γεράρω: aor. I έγέρηρα, inf. γεράραι: 201. 2 έγέραρον: (γέρας):—to bonour of reward with a gift: generally, to bonour.

γεραίτερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραιός.

ΓΕ'ΡΑ'ΝΟΣ, ή, Lat. GRUS, a crane.

 $\gamma \in \rho \check{a} \acute{o} s$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{o} \nu$ , =  $\gamma \in \rho a_i \acute{o} s$ .

γεραρόs, ά, όν, (γεραίρω) reverend, stately; γεραροί priests, y spapai priestesses.

 $\Gamma E'PAΣ$ , aos, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion. γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα:—a gift of bonour, prize, generally, a gift, bonour; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last bonour II. a privilege, prerogative. Hence of the dead. γεράσμιος, ov, bonouring. II. bonoured.

Γεράστιος, a Spartan month.

γερασ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) winning bonour.

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέραs.

γεροντάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to guide an old man. From γεροντ-άγωγός, ό, (γέρων, άγω) guiding an old man. γεροντία, ή, Lacon. for γερουσία

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρων, a little old man.

γερουσία, ή, (γέρων) a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28. embassy.

γερούσιος, a, or, (γέρων) belonging to the elders or chiefs; olvos γερούσιοs wine reserved for them.

γέρρον, τό, (είρω) Lat. gerra, anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Per-2. a wattled but. sians wore.

γερρο-φόροι, οί, (γέρρον, φέρω) troops that wore

wicker shields: v. foreg.

**ΓΕ'PΩN**, ovτos, δ, an old man, Lat. senex: of γέportes the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number. II. as Adj. γέρων, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρων λύγος: γέρον σάκος however occurs in Homer.

γεθμα, ατοε, τό, (γεύω) a taste of a thing.

**γεύσασθαι, 20r. I med. inf. of γεύω.** 

ΓΕΥ'Ω, f. γεύσω: 201. Ι έγευσα:—to give one a ΙΙ. Med. γεύομαι, fut, γεύσομαι: aor. I έγεισάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:-to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐγέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, bave experience of; δουρδε γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear:

ΓΕ'ΦΥ PA, ή, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύναι or γεφύρα (ευγνύναι ποταμών to build a bridge over a river,

Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

γεφυρόω, f. ώσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way: - Pass, εγεφυρώθη ὁ πόροs the strait bad a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ή, geography. From

γεω-γράφος, ον, (γη, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφοs, ov, δ, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, δ, (γη, λόφος) a bill, billock: also γεώ- $\lambda$ οφον,  $\tau$ ό, and  $\gamma$ εω $\lambda$ οφία,  $\dot{\eta}$ .

γεωμετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure land, to measure. From **γεω-μέτρηs**, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \mu \epsilon \tau \rho \epsilon \omega)$  a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ή, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ή, όν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ή γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικόs, οῦ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. -κωs.

γεωμορία, ή, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γη-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γειο**μόρος**,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \mu \epsilon i \rho o \mu a \iota)$  a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι the landowners οτ nobles in a state, Lat. optimates.

γεώ-πεδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γήπεδον. γεω-πείνης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \pi \hat{\epsilon} \nu o \mu a_i)$  poor in land. **γεωπόνος**,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \pi o \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

**γεωργέω**, f. ήσω, (γεωργόs) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing. γεωργία, ή, (γεωργόs) agriculture, tillage. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ή, όν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γε-ωργόs, όν, (γη, έργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οῦ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, busbandman. γεωρύχεω, f. ήσω, to dig or trench the earth. From **γε-ωρύχος**, ον, (γη̂, δρύσσω) trenching the earth. [v]γεω-τόμος, ον,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \tau \epsilon \mu \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu)$  cutting the ground: ploughing.

ΓΗ^, ή, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γην καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατά γην on land, by land, opp. to κατά θάλασσαν; also κατά γηs, which means beneath the earth: που γηs; Lat. ubi terrarum? where on the earth?

 $\gamma \eta - \gamma \epsilon v \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\gamma \dot{\eta}, * \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \nu \omega)$  eartbborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., ynyevhs, oû, ô, a son of the Earth, a giant.

 $\gamma \hat{\eta} \theta \in V$ , Adv. of  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , out of or from the earth. γηθέω, f. ήσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέγαθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγεγήθειν: (γαίω):

-to be delighted, to rejoice.

 $\gamma$ ηθοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\gamma \eta \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  joy, delight. γηθόσϋνος, η, ον, (γηθέω) joyful, glad.

ΓΗ'ΘΥΟΝ, τό, Lat. gethyum, a kind of leek.

γήϊνοs, ον, and γήϊοs, ον,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta})$  of earth or clay. γηΐτης, contr. γήτης, ov, δ, (γη) a busbandman.

 $\gamma$ ή-λοφος,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\gamma \epsilon \dot{\omega} \lambda o \phi o s$ , a bill.

γήμαι, γήμας, γήμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

 $\gamma_η$ -μόρος,  $\delta_1 = \gamma \epsilon \omega \mu \delta \rho \sigma s$ .

 $\gamma \eta$ -οχέω,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \tilde{\epsilon} \chi \omega)$  to possess land.

ground.

γη-πετής, ές, (γη, πεσείν) falling to earth. γήπονος, ό, = γεώπονος.

γή-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γη, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραιός,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta} \rho as)$  old, aged.

γηράλέος and γηράλιος, a, ον, = γηραιόε.

γηράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. I inf., of γηράσκω. γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γήρασι, dat. plur. of γηράs, part. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

γηραόs, ά, όν, poet. for γηραιόs.

γηράs, aor. 2 part. of γηράσκω ΓΗ ΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γήραοs, Att. contr. γήρωs: dat. γήραϊ, Att. contr. γήρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence γηράσκω or γηράω: fut. άσω Att. άσομαι [ā]: aor. Ι ἐγήρāσα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, ιιιf. γηράναι [ἄ], part. γη- $\rho \dot{\alpha} s$  (as if from a verb in  $-\mu$ ), pf.  $\gamma \epsilon \gamma \dot{\eta} \rho \bar{\alpha} \kappa \alpha :-to$ grow aged, become old and infirm. έγήρασα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ήσω, to feed and cherish in old age: -Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, όν, (γηρας, βόσκω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta} \rho \alpha s, κομ \epsilon \omega)$  cherishing the old. ήρυμα, ατος, τό, (γηρύω) a voice, sound, tone

TH PYΣ, vos, ή, a voice: speech. Hence γηρύω, Dor. γαρύω; f. ύσω [v]: 20r. 1 έγήρυσα:-

Med., fut. -ύσομαι: aor. ι έγηρυσάμην, but also in same sense pass.  $\epsilon \gamma \eta \rho \dot{\nu} \theta \eta \nu \ [\bar{\nu}]$ .—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrire.

γήρωs, contr. for γήραοs, gen. of γήραs.

γήτειον, τό, Att. for γήθυον, a leek.

γήτης, δ, contr. for γηίτης.

γη-τόμος, ον,  $(\gamma \hat{\eta}, \tau \epsilon \mu \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu)$  ploughing the earth. γιγαντ-ολέτης, ου, δ. (γίγας, ὅλλυμι) grant-killer. γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, \*φένω) giant-killing.

ΓΙΤΑΡΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [1]

**ΓΙΤΑΣ**, αντος, νος. γίγαν, δ, (γη or γαια) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name =  $\gamma \eta \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta s$ .

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl, from the Root \*ΓΕ'NΩ: from this root

come fut. γενήσομαι: 2οτ. 2 έγενόμην: perf. γεγένημαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late authors) έγενήθην: for the Ep. pf. γέγαα, see γέγαα:—to become, to bappen: to be born: to be; in perf. yeyova to be by birth, or to bave become so. 2. of events, to occur, II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to bappen. 2. πάντα, be at, as έγίγνετο ès Λακεδαίμονα. παντοίος, παντοδαπός γίγνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ξαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; έντὸς ξαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. τί γένωμαι; more rarely τίς γένωμαι; what is to be-4. γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργής, διά λόγων, come of me? 5. c. gen. pretii. periphras. for δργαν, λέγειν, etc. to cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol. γι-γνώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root \*ΓΝΟΕ'Ω, ΓΝΩ ΝΑΙ, Lat. NOSCO: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἔγνων, imperat. γνωθι, opt. γνοίην, inf. γνωναι, part. γνούς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωσμαι: aor. I pass. ἐγνώσθην.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of.., γνῶ χωομένου be knew that be was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνων ἡττημένος I perceived that I was beaten. II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνῶναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι. γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γιγνώσκω.

γλαγάω, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy

γλαγερός, ά, όν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky γλαγόεις, εσσα, εν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky. γλάγο-πήξ, ῆγος, ό, ἡ, (γλάγος, πήγνυμι) of or for curdling milk.

ΓΛΑ ΤΟΣ, εος, τό, poët. for γάλα, milk. γλακτο-φάγος, ον, (γάλα, φάγείν) contr. for γαλακτοφάγος living on milk.

 $\Gamma \Lambda A'MH$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \mu \eta$ , bumour in the eyes.

γλάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [α] γλαυκιάω, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυ-

κιύον, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ή, όν, Acol. γλαῦκος, α, ον, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine. III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. caesius: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκό-χροος, ό, ή, acc. γλαυκόχροα, (γλαυκός,

χροόs) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ώπις, ιδος, ή: acc. ιδα, but also ιν: (γλαυκός, ώψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

 $\gamma$ λαυκ-ώψ,  $\hat{\omega}$ πος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\gamma$ λαυκ $\hat{\omega}$ πις.

γλαύξ, Att. γλαῦξ, κόs, ή, (γλαυκόs) the owl, Eat. noctua, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαῦκ' ᾿Αθήναξε, γλαῦκ' εἰs ᾿Αθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle:' Athenian coins were called γλαῦκες Λαυρωντικαί from the stamp of the owl on them. γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a bollow, cavern. [δ]

ykaquola, n, smoothness, polish. From

γλάφυρός, ά, όν, (γλάφω) bollow, bollowed: hence γλ. λιμήν a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ρως, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

 $\Gamma\Lambda\Lambda'\Phi\Omega$ , to hew, carve: of a lion, to tear the

ground with his feet.

 $\gamma$ λάχων [ $\bar{a}$ ], Dor. for  $\gamma$ λήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (γλεῦκος, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine.

γλεῦκος, εος, τό, (γλυκύς) Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

ΓΛΗ'ΝΗ, ή, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a pupper, esp. a girl, cf κόρη, Lat. pupilla: as a taunt, έρρε κακή γλήνη away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗ ΝΟΣ,  $τ\dot{\phi}$ , in plur. things to stare at, wonders. ΓΛΗ ΧΩΝ, ωνος,  $\dot{\eta}$ : acc.  $\gamma\lambda\dot{\eta}\chi\omega\nu\alpha$ , by apocop.

 $\gamma \lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \omega$ : - pennyroyal, Ion. for  $\beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \chi \omega \nu$ .

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπτος, ον, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (γλίσχρος, ἀντιλογία, έξεπίτριπτος)

TAI'EXPOE, a, ov, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate. 2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

γλίσχρων, ονος, ὁ, (γλίσχρος) a niggard. γλίσχρως, Adv. of γλίσχρος, importunately: scan-

tily: also pettily.

ΓΛΙΧΟΜΑΙ [τ], Dep , only used in pres. and impr., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen. 2. γλίχεσθαι περί τινοs to be eager about or for a thing. ΓΛΟΓΑ οι γλοιά, ἡ, glue. Hence

γλοιόs, δ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. γλοιόs, ά, όν, slippery, knavisb.

TAOYTO'S, &, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλυκερός, α, ον, = γλυκύς, sweet

γλυκερό-χρωs, ωτοs, ό, ή, (γλυκερόs, χρωs) with sweet, fair skin.

 $\gamma$ λύκιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $= \gamma$ λυκύς.  $[\ddot{\nu}]$ 

γλύκύ-δακρυς, ν, gen. νος, (γλυκύς, δάκρυ) causing

γλυκύ-δωρος, ον, (γλυκύς, δῶρον) with sweet gifts. γλυκυ-ηχής, ές, (γλυκύς, ἢχέω) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυθυμία, ή, benevolence. From

γλυκύ-θυμος, ον, (γλυκύς, θυμός) sweet-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μαλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μείλιχος, ον, (γλυκύς, μείλιχος) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μυλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκύε μῆλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμυθέω, f. ήσω, to speak sweetly. From

γλυκύ-μυθος, (γλυκύς, μύθος) sweet-speaking.
γλυκύ-παις, αιδος, ό, ή, (γλυκύς, παίς) having a
fair offspring.

γλυκύ-πάρθενος, ή, (γλυκύς, παρθένος) a sweet maid. γλυκύ-πικρος, ον, (γλυκύς, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

 $\Gamma\Lambda\Upsilon K\Upsilon \Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \hat{i}a$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , sweet to the taste, sweet: metaph. sweet, delightful: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίων [τ], γλύκιστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος. γλυκύτης [κυ], ητος, ή, (γλυκύς) sweetness.

γλυπτήρ, ήρος, δ, and γλύπτης, ου, δ, (γλύφω) a carver, a sculptor.

γλυπτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, fit for carving, carved.

γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) a knife or chisel for carving. γλύφίs, ίδοs, ή mostly in plur., γλυφίδεs the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string: later, the arrow II. =  $\gamma \lambda \dot{\nu} \phi \alpha \nu \rho \nu$ , a knife. From

 $\Gamma$ ΛΥ' $\Phi$ Ω, f.  $\psi$ ω: aor. I έγλυ $\psi$ α:—Pass, aor. I έγέγλυμμαι: — to bollow out: esp, to engrave or carve. 11. to write on a tablet.

 $\Gamma\Lambda\Omega'\Xi$ ,  $\omega\chi \acute{o}s$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ , the beard of corn, only in plur. **ΓΛΩΣΣΑ**, Att. γλώττα, ης, ή, the tongue, Lat. lingua; ἀπὸ γλώσσης by word of mouth, οὐκ ἀπὸ γλώσσηs not from another's tongue, not from bearsay; γλῶσσαν ίέναι to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. a tongue, language; γλώσσαν νομί-(siv to use a language or dialect.

γλωσσαλγία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ή, endless talking, wordiness. From

γλώσσ-αλγος, Att. γλώσσ-αργος, ον, (γλῶσσα, άλγοs) talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative. γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλῶσσα, κομέω) properly a case for the mouthpiece of a flute: a case or bag for money.

γλώττα, ή, Att. for γλώσσα.

γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ήσω, (γλῶττα, στρέφω) to ply the tongue.

ΓΛΩΧΙ'N or γλωχίς, gen. îvos, ή, any projecting point: the end of the yoke-strap 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself.

γναθμός, δ, the jaw, poet, form of γνάθος.

 $\Gamma NA'\Theta O \Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the jaw, mouth: properly the lower II. like yévus, the point or edge of a weapon. [a]

γναμπτός, ή, όν, curved, bent · supple, pliant: metaph. bending, yielding. From

TNA MΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I έγναμψα:—to crook, familiaris.

γναπτός, ή, όν, (γνάπτω) carded, fulled.

ΓΝΑ ΠΤΩ, γνάπτωρ: γναφείον, -φεύς, -φευτικός, -φεύω, φικός: γνάφος. -ψις, ν. sub κνάπτω, (tc. friendly terms with him. γνήσιος, a, ov, syncop. for γενέσιος, belonging to the true race, legitimate, opp. to νόθος: genuine, true; γνήσιαι γυναίκες lawful wives, opp. to παλλακίδες; γνήσιοι "Ελληνε true Greeks; φρονείν γνήσια to have a noble mind.

γνησίωs, Adv. of γνήσιοs, lawfully, really, truly. γνοίην, ηs, η, aor. 2 opt. of γιγνώσκω.

γνοιμέν, Ep. for γνοίημέν, I pl. aor. 2 opt. of γιγνώσκω.

γνούs, 2 or. 2 part. of γιγνώσκω. ΓΝΟ ΦΟΣ,  $\dot{\phi}_{i} = \delta \nu \dot{\phi} \phi o s$ , darkness.

γνοφ-ώδης, εs, (γνόφος, εlδος) darksome, dark. γνύξ, Adv. (γύνυ) with bent knee; γνὺξ ἐριπεῖν to fall on the knee.

γνῶ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

γνῶ, ῷs, ῷ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώναι) that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων. II. judgment. γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώμη, ή, (γνωναι) a means of knowing, a mark, II. the mind, the judgment; γνώμη τη token. αρίστη to the best of one's judgment. 2. will, purpose; ἀφ' ξαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own accord. λύφθην, aor. 2 εγλύφην [v]: pf. γέγλυμμαι and Judgment, opinion; γνώμην αποφαίνεσθαι to deliver an opinion; also a mistaken judgment, fancy; γνωμαι

the opinions of wise men, maxims. 4. a purpose, intention, resolution: a vote, decree.

γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, a fancy.

γνωμο-λογία, ή, (γνώμη, λέγω) a collection of maxims.

γνωμονικός, ή, όν, (γνώμων) fit to give judgment: experienced or skilled in a thing. II. of or for sun-dials.

γνωμοσύνη, ή, (γνώμων) prudence, judgment.

γνωμοτύπέω, to coin maxims: and

γνωμοτυπικός, ή, όν, clever at coining maxims. From γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τὔπεῖν) maxim-coining, sententious.

γνώμων, ovos, δ, (γνώναι) one that knows, a judge, interpreter. II. the gnomon or index of the sun-III. οἱ γνώμονες the teeth that mark a dial. horse's age. IV. a carpenter's rule, Lat. norma: hence a rule or guide of life.

γνών, Ερ. for έγνων, 201. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

γνώναι, aor. 2 mf. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώσμεν, Ep. for  $\gamma \nu \hat{\omega} \mu \epsilon \nu$ , 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of  $\gamma \iota$ γνώσκω.

γνωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: pf. εγνώρικα:—to make known, declare. 2. to discover, detect: to acknow-3. to be acquainted with. From ledge, recognise. γνώριμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωτός) well-known:

as Subst., γνώριμος, δ, an acquaintance, a friend, Lat. II. οἱ γνώριμοι the notables, Lat. optimates.

γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; γνωρίμως έχειν τινί to be on

γνώρισις, εως, ή, (γνωρίζω) acquaintance: knowledge.

γνώρισμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) a making known. γνωριστικός, ή, όν, (γνωρίζω) capable of making

known. γνώs, 2 sing, 2 or. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνωσι-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (γνωσιε, μάχομαι) to dispute one's own opinion, i.e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχεῖν μη εἶναι δμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνῶσις, εως, ή, (γνῶναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. II. knowledge: wisdom.

2. acquaintance with a person.

3. a recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. of γιγνώσκω.

γνωστήρ, ηρος, δ, (γιγνώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνώστης, ου, δ, = γνωστήρ.

γνωστός, ή, όν, collat form of γνωτός, known: as Subst. a friend.

II. to be known.

γνῶτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκω: -γνῶτον, γνώτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (γνῶναι) known, wellknown:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνω-

τοί τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters. γνώω, Εp. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω. γνώωσι, Εp. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω. γοάασκεν, Ion. for ἐγόα, 3 sing. impf. of γοάω.

γοάσειν or γοάφεν, 3 pl. opt. of γοάω. γοάοντι, Dor. for γοάουσι, 3 pl. of γοάω.

ΤΟΑ'Ω, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοόων, όωσα: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, also γοάασκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. 1 ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐγόήθην: (γόοs):—to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

 $\hat{\Gamma}\hat{\Gamma}\Gamma\Upsilon'Z\Omega$ , f  $\sigma\omega$ , to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ή, and γογγυλίς, ίδος, ή, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From  $\Gamma O\Gamma \Gamma \Upsilon' \Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , ov, also γογγύλιοs,  $\alpha$ , ov, = στογγύλοs, round, spherical. [ $\check{v}$ ]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a muttering. γογγυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer. γοεδνός, ή, όν, = γοερύς.

γοερόs, ά, όν, (γοάω) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

 $\Gamma$ O'H, ή, = γόοs, καταείδοντες γύησι τ $\hat{\varphi}$  ἀνέμφ charming the wind with bowls.

γοήμεναι, Ερ. for γοᾶν, pres. inf. of γοάω.

γοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, = γοερός.

γόης, ητος, δ: dat. pl. γόησι: (γοάω) one who howls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a nuggler, cheat. γοήσομαι, fut. of γοάω.

γοητεία, ή, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft. γοητεύω, f. σω, (γύηs) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ου, ὁ, (γοάω) a wailer. γοήτις, ιδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γόης, a witch.

γόμος, δ, (γέμω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load. γομφιό-δουπος, ον, (γομφίοι, δοῦπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, δ, (γόμφοε) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίοε. II. the tooth of a key. γομφό-δετος, ον, (γόμφοε, δέω) nail-bound.

γομφο-στος, ον, (γομφος, στω) καιι-σομκά. γομφο-παγής, έε, (γομφος, παγήναι) nail-fastened. **ΓΟ'ΜΦΟΣ**, δ, a large wedge-shaped tolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl.  $\gamma \delta \mu \phi \omega$ , the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφόω, f. ώσω, to fasten with bolts or nails: γεγόμφωται σκάφοι the ship's hull is ready fuilt. Hence

γόμφωμα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ηρος, δ, (γομφόω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, έως, δ, (\* $\gamma$ ένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ή, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ον, also η, ον, (γόνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γόνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

yόνος, ὁ or ἡ, (\*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything.

III. race, birth, descent.

III. a begetting.

ΤΟ'ΝΥ', τό, gen. γύνατος, dat. pl. γόνασι: Ion. γόνυ, γούνατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γουνός, γουνί, pl. γοῦνα, γούνων, γούνεσσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἄψασθαι γούνων to clasp the knees as suppliant; ἄντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαί τινα πρὸς γονάτων to entreat one by clasping bis knees; γόνυ κάμπτειν to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τὰ γόνατα το kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κείται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, βίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ον, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετείν τινι οτ τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ές, (γόνυ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; έδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γόον, Ep. for εγύαον, 3 pl. impf. of γοάω.

ΓΟ'ΟΣ, o, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοδων, όωσα, Ep. part. of γοάω.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφας, ου, ὁ, (Γοργώ, λύφος) be of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ης, ή.

**Γ**οργόνειος, ον, = Γοργείος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ον, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From ΓΟΡΓΟ Σ, ή, όν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργὸν Βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργὸν εἰσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, bot, spirited.

**Γοργο-φόνοs**, ον, (Γοργώ, \*φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟ PΓΥΡΑ, η, an underground dungeon.

Γοργώ, όοε, contr. οῦε, ή; later decl. Γοργώ, όνοε,

II. =

and in pl. Γοργόνεs: (γοργόs):—the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

 $\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ -ωπις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of  $\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ ωψ.

 $\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ -ω $\pi$ όs,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ όs,  $\delta \psi$ ) fierce-eyed, terrible.

 $\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ -ώ $\psi$ ,  $\hat{\omega}$ ποs,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\gamma$ ορ $\gamma$ ωπόs.

γοῦν, Ion. γῶν, (γε οῦν) restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers. γοῦνα, γούναν, Ερ. plur. of γύνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάζεο, Ep. imperat. of γουνάζομαι.

your δίσμαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ):—to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; ὑπέρ τινοs and τινόs in behalf of another: but also γουνα-ξεσθαί τινοs and πρόs τινοs to entreat by such and such things.

γούνατος, γούνατι, γούνατα, γούνασι, Ion. and poet.

decl. of youv.

γουνόομαι, Dep , = γουνάζομαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην. γουνο-πάγής, ές, (γώνυ, πήγνυμι) cramping the knees. γουνο-πάχής, ές, (γουνός, poet. gen. of γώνυ, παχύς) thick-kneed.

γουνός, poet. gen. of γύνυ.

γουνός, δ, (γύνος, γονή) corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. uber; γουνός άλωῆς a fruitful vineyard.

γράδιον, τύ, contr. for γραίδιον.

γράεs and γρηεs, pl. n. from γραθε and γρηθε.

γραΐα, Ερ. γραίη, ή, special fem. of γραΐος, an old woman. II. as fem. Adj. old, γραΐαι δαίμονες, γραία  $\chi$ ερί, etc.

γραίδιον, τό, Dim of γραίε, γραῦε, an old bag. γραιόομαι, Pass to become an old woman. From γραῖοε, γραία, γραῖον, (syncop for γεραιόε) old, aged, gray; γραίη σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. litera: in plur letters, the alphabet.

2. a note in music.
3. a drawing, picture.

II. in plur. also, like Lat literae, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts: also a book, treatise.

III. letters, learning, = μαθήματα.

γραμμάτειον, τό, (γράφω) that on which one writes,

tablets, a note-book.

γραμματεύς, έως, δ, (γράφω) a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba. Hence

γραμματεύω, to be secretary.

γραμματίζω, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments.

γραμματικόs, ή, όν, (γράμματα) knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments: as Subst., γραμματικόs, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. –κωs.

γραμματιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (γραμματίζω) one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster. 2. = γραμματεύς.

γραμματο-κύφων, ανος, δ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) one who pores over musty records.

γραμμή, ή, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ἡ ΓΡΓΦΟ μακρά the long line of condemnation, drawn on the made of rustablet of the dicast.

II. the line across the course, ing, riddle.

to mark the starting or winning place. III. the middle line on a draught-board called ή lepá; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον to move a man from this line, i. e. try one's last chance.

γραο-σόβης, ου, ό, (γραῦς, σοβέω) scaring old women. γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, to be written: γραπτέον, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ηρος, δ, (γράφω) a writer.

γραπτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, painted: marked with letters: written.

γραπτύς, ύος, ή, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing. ΓΡΑΥ Σ, γρᾶός, ή, nom. pl. γρᾶςς, acc γραῦς: Ion. decl. γρηῦς, γρηῦς; poet. also γρηῦς:—a gray woman, old woman.

II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γράφεύς, έως, δ, (γράφω) a painter.

γραμματεύs, a clerk.

"γράφή, ή, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; σσον γραφή only in a picture. 2. writing. II. a painting, a figure, shape. III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη a private action; ἀστρατείας γραφή an indictment for neglect of service

γράφικός, ή, όν, able to draw or paint: ή γραφική (sub. τέχνη) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing. γράφις, ίδος, ή, (γράφω) a style for writing on waxen

tablets II. embroidery.

ΤΡΑ'ΦΩ, f ψω. pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι: aor. 2 έγράφην, later aor. 1 έγράφην: pf. γέγραμμαι:—to GRAVE, scratcb; σήματα γράψα εν πίνακι baving scratcbed marks or figures on a tablet.

II. to draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint.

III. to write; γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας to write on skins.

2 to inscribe, e.g. γράφειν εἰς στήλην:
Pass. γράφεσθαί τι to be inscribed with a thing.

3 to write down, γράφειν τινα αἴτιον to set bim down a the cause: to register, enrol.

4 to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down.

2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαί τινα to indict one, τινός for some public offence; in full, δίκην οι γραφήν γράψασθαί τινα; also c. inf., γράφεσθαί τινα άδικεῖν to indict him for wrong-doing; absol., ol γραψάμενοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαί τι to denounce a thing as unlawful:—Pass. to be indicted.

γρα-ώδης, εs, (γραῦς, είδος) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. εγρήγορα.

γρηθε, ή, Ion. for γραθε, poet. also γρηθε.

γρίπεύς, έως, δ, (γρίπος) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj., γριπηίς τέχνη the art of fishing.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, δ, a fishing-net

 $\gamma \rho (\pi \omega v, \dot{v}) = \gamma \rho (\pi \epsilon \dot{v}), a fisherman. [1]$ 

TPI ΦΟΣ, δ, like γρίπος, a fishing-net or basket, made of rusbes. 2. anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.

γριφώδης, ες, (γρίφος, είδος) riddling. ΓΡΟ ΣΦΟΣ, δ, a kind of javelin.

**ΓΡΥ**, a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρῦ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἔγρυξα:—to say γρῦ,grunt, Lat. grunnio: hence to grumble, mumble, mut-

γρυλλίζω οτ γρυλίζω, (γρύλλος οτ γρυλος) το

γρύλλος or γρῦλος,  $\delta$ , (γρῦ) a pig, porker.

γρῦπ-άετος, δ. (γρύψ, άετύς) a kind of griffin or dragon.

**ΓΡΥΠΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμόs. Hence

γρῦπότης, ητος, ή, bookedness of the nose.

γρυπόω, f. ώσω, (γρυπόs) to curve or bend.

γρύψ, gen. γρῦπός, δ, (γρυπός) a griffin, bippogriff.

γρώνη, ή, a cavern: a kneading trough. ΓΥ'A, η, a piece of land, field.

γύαια, τά, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥΑΛΟΝ, τό, a bollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλοισιν άρηρώs the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms :- any bollow: πέτρας γύαλον a cave, grot; κρατήρος γύαλον the bollow of a bowl:-in plur. bollow ground, vales, a vallev.

**ΓΥ'HΣ**, ov, δ, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. bu-II. =  $\gamma \dot{\nu} \alpha$ , a field.

γυι-αρκής, ές, (γυιον, ἀρκέω) strengthening the limbs. γυιο-βάρής, ές, (γυιον, βάρος) weighing down the

γυι-οβόρος, ον, (γυιον, βορά) gnawing the limbs. γιιο-δάμας, ου, δ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

**ITTION**, 76, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees. γυιο-πάγήs, έs, (γυιον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs. γυιο-πέδη, ή, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΙΟ Σ, ά, όν, lame.

γυιο-τακής, ές, (γυίον, τήκω) wasting the limbs. γυιο-τόρος, ου, (γυιον, τορέω) piercing the limbs. γυιό-χαλκος, ον, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brasen limb. γυιόω, (γυιόs) to lame :- Pass. to be or become lame; γυιωθείε aor. 1 part., lamed.

γυλι-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (γύλιος, αὐχήν) long-necked.  $\Gamma \Upsilon'$ ΛΙΟΣ, δ, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάζω, f. άσω: pf. γεγύμνακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμνασμαι: (γυμνός):-to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάζειν τοὺε παίδαε ποιείν to train them to do a'thing :- Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνάς, άδος, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ή, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνάσιαρχέω or Med. - έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνάσι-άρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, δ. (γυμνάσιον, άρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασιαρχία, ή, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, τό, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θημετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [a]

γυμναστέον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάζω, one must

practise.

γυμναστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (γυμνάζω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, ή, όν, fond of athletic exercises: ή γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κωs, like an atblete.

γυμνής, ητος, δ, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed; to go naked. From  $\gamma \nu \mu \nu \dot{\eta} \tau \eta s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $\dot{o}$ , f e m.  $\gamma \nu \mu \nu \dot{\eta} \tau \iota s$ ,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \gamma \nu \mu \nu \dot{\eta} s$ . γυμνητία, ή, (γυμνήs) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικόs, ή, όν, (γυμνήs) for a light-armed sol-

γυμνικός, ή, όν, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός άγών a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, ... γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παιδία, ή, (γυμνός, παιδία) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

**ΓΥΜΝΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνός ὅπλων:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτών), without the cloak (ιμάτιον): τα γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, οί, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked

philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ή, nakedness.

γυμνόω, f. ώσω, (γυμνύs) to strip naked or bare: -Pass., of warriors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τείχος έγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; έγυμνώθη βακέων be stript bimself of his rags.

 $\gamma \dot{\nu} \mu \nu \omega \sigma \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\gamma \nu \mu \nu \dot{o} \omega)$  a stripping naked.

nakedness: the naked parts.

γύναι, νος. οf γυνή.

γυναικάριον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , Dim. of  $γυν \dot{\eta}$ , a weak, silly woman.

γυναικείος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ιοπ. γυναικήϊος, ηίη, ήίον, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. 2. as Subst.,  $\dot{\eta}$   $\gamma \nu \nu \alpha \iota \kappa \eta t \eta = \gamma \nu \nu \alpha \iota \kappa \omega \nu$ , the women's part of the bouse. II. womanish. effeminate.

γυναικίζω, f. ίσω Att. iω, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.

γυναικό-βουλος, ον, (γυναικός, βουλή) devised by a woman.

γυναικο-γήρυτος, ον, (γυνή, γηρύω) proclaimed by women.

γυναικό-θυμος, ον, (γυναικός, θυμός) of womanish mind.

γυναικο-κρασία, ή, (γυνή, κράσιs) a woman's temper.

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, ον, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) proclaimed by women.

γυναικομανέω, to be mad for women. From

γυναικο-μανής, ές, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) mad for women.

γυναικό-μιμος, ον, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) aping women, womanish.

γυναικό-μορφος, ον, (γυναικύς, μορφή) in woman's shape.

γυναικο-πληθής, ές, (γυναικύς, πληθος) full of wo-

γυναικό-ποινος, ον, (γυναικός, ποινή) woman-avenging.

γυναικός, gen of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλης, ου, Dor. -φίλας, α, (γύνη, φιλέω) loving women.

γυναικό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (γυναικός, φρήν) of womanish mind.

γυναικό-φωνος, ον, (γυναικύς, φωνή) with woman's voice.

γυναικών, ωνος, ό, (γυναικός) the women's part of the house, opp. to άνδρών.

γυναι-μανής, ές, = γυναικομανής, mad for women. γύναιον, τό, Dini. of γυνή, a little woman.

γύναιος, a, ον, of or belonging to a woman. From ΓΥΝΗ', ή, gen. γυναικός, acc. γυναίκα, voc. γύναι; pl. γυναίκες, γυναικῶν, etc., (as if from γύναι):—a woman, Lat. femina, opp. to man: vocat. γύναι, a tem of respect, mistress, lady: Homer often joins it with a second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc.

III. a mortal woman, opp. to a goddess.

IV. the female, mate of animals.

γύννις, ιδος, δ, (γυνή) a womanish man, weakling. γυπάριον, τό, Dim. of γύπη, a nest, eyrie, cranny. γύπεσσιν, dat. pl. of γύψ.

γύπη, ή, (γύψ) a vulture's nest: generally, a bole, cranny. Hence

γυπιάς, ή, fem. Adj. vulture-baunted.

γυρη-τόμος, ον, (γύρος, τεμείν) tracing a circle. ΓΥΡΙΣ, εως, ή, the finest meal, Lat. pollen.

ΓΥΡΟ Σ, ά, όν, round, Lat. curvus; γυρὸς ἐν ωμοισι round-shouldered.

ΓΥ POΣ, δ, a ring, circle.

ΓΥΨ, γυπόε, δ, a vulture, Lat. vultur.

ΓΥΨΟΣ, ή, chalk. 2. later, gypsum. Hence γυψόω, f. ώσω, to rub over with chalk.

yav, Ion. for youv, as we for ouv.

 $\hat{\Gamma}\Omega$ NI'A,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a corner, angle. II. a joiner's square. Hence

γωνιασμός, δ, a squaring the angles; ἐπῶν γωνιασμός nicely-fitted, well-finished verses.

γωνι-ώδης, ες, (γωνία, είδος) angular. ΓΩΡΥΤΟ Σ, δ οτ ή, a bow-case, quiver.

## Δ

 $\Delta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha$ , indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\delta' = \tau \epsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha \rho \epsilon s$  and  $\tau \epsilon \tau \alpha \rho \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\delta = 4000$ .

Changes of  $\delta$  in the dialects: I. Aeol. into  $\beta$ , as  $\delta\beta\epsilon\lambda\delta$  into  $\delta\delta\epsilon\lambda\delta$ . II. Dor. into  $\gamma$ , as γη γνόφος into δα δνόφος. III. Ion. into ζ, as Zεύs, ζα- into Δεύs, δα-: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράζομαι into μελίσδω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδ-IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω. δομαι. λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύs λάσιοs. VI. into  $\sigma$ . as ὀδμή ὀσμή, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασμός, έδω ἐσθίω. VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as avépos **ἀ**νδρός. VIII. at the beginning of some words  $\delta$  is added or omitted, as in δείλη είλη, δή ή, διώκω ἰώκω.  $\delta \mathbf{d}$ , intensive prefix, =  $(\alpha - \alpha)$ , as in  $\delta \alpha - \alpha \kappa \cos \alpha$ .

 $\delta \hat{a}$ , Dor. for  $\gamma \hat{a}$ ,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , mostly in voc.: acc.  $\delta \hat{a} \nu$ .

δâγμα, τό, Dor. for δῆγμα.

δαγύς, ῦδος, ή, a waxen image, used in magic rites, a puppet. (Thessal. word.) [v]

δαδουχέω, f. ήσω, to be a toreb-bearer, esp in sacred processions. From

δαδ-οῦχος, ον, (δας, έχω) bolding torches: as Subst., δαδοῦχος, η, a torch-bearer at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.

δαδοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear torches. From

δάδο-φόρος, ον, (δάς, φέρω) torcb-bearing.

δαείην, aor. 2 opt. of \*δάω. δαείς, aor. 2 part. of \*δάω.

δαείω, Ep. for δαῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of \*δάω.

δαήμεναι, Ep. for δαήναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω. δαήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δαήναι) knowing, experienced in 2 thing.

δά ηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of \*δάω.

ΔΑΗ'P, έρος, δ, voc. δαερ, a busband's brother, brother-in-law, answering to γάλως, ή, a sister-in-law.

δαήσομαι, fut. of \*δάω.

δάηται, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 med. subj. of δαίω (A).

δαί, (δή) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πω̂s δαί; how so? δατ. Ερ. apocop. for δατδι, dat. of δατs. [τ]

δαιδάλεος, a, ον, also os, ον, cunningly or curiously wrought. From

δαιδάλλω, used only in pres. act.; but pass. acr. I ἐδαιδάλθην, pf. δεδαίδαλμαι: (δαίδαλος):—to work cunningly, work with curious art: to deck out, embellish. Hence δαίδαλμα, ατος, τό, a work of art. δαιδαλόεις, εσσα, εν, = δαιδάλεος.

δαιδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαίδαλος, έργον) curiously

working.

**ΔΑΙ'ΔΑ'ΛΟΣ**, η, ον, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought: δαίδαλα πάντα all cunning works. as prop. n., Δαίδαλος, δ, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορόs (q. v.) for Ariadné.

δαιδάλό-χειρ, ειρος, δ, ή, (δαίδαλος, χείρ) cunning

of band.

δαιδαλόω, = δαιδάλλω: poët. inf. fut. δαιδαλωσέμεν. δαίζω, f. εω: aor. I εδάϊξα:--Pass., aor. I part. δαϊχθείs: pf. part. δεδαίγμένοs: (δαίω):— to cleave asunder, χιτώνα περί στηθεσσι δαίξαι; δεδαϊγμένος Atop pierced through the heart:—also of doubts, έδαίζετο θυμός ενί στήθεσσιν his soul was divided within him; δαϊζόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δάϊ-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δάϊς, κτείνω) or in two words

δάϊ κτάμενος, slain in battle.

δαϊκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs, and δαϊκτής, οῦ, δ, (δαίζω) only

joined with masc. Subst. beart-cleaving.

δαιμονάω, (δαίμων) to be subject to an avenging deity; δαιμονά δόμος κακοίς the house is plunged by 2. c. acc., δαιμονάν άχη to the divinity in woes. bave griefs decreed one. II. absol. to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαιμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) to bave an allotted II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαιμονισθείε, to

be possessed by a devil.

spirit, devil.

δαιμόνιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαιμόνιος) the Deity, Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen. the δαιμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to  $\theta \in \mathfrak{ol}$ . 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N.T. an evil spirit. δαιμόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (δαίμων): I. used by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense, noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unbappy man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow! my good sir! II. of things proceeding from the Deity or from Fate; εὶ μή τι δαιμόνιον είη were it not a divine intervention; τὰ δαιμόνια divine visita-III. of persons, divine, godlike

δαιμονι-ώδης, εs, (δαιμόνιον, είδος) devilish.

δαιμονίωs, Adv. of δαιμόνιοs, marvellously, strangely. δαίμων, ονος, δ, ή, (δαίω) a god, goddess. the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad; προς δαίμονα against fate; σὺν δαίμονι with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like Lat. sors. III. one's genius, one's lot or for-IV. δαίμονες was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures.

δαίμων, δ, as Adj., = δαήμων, skilled in a thing.

δαίνυ, Ep. for έδαίνυ, 3 sing, impf. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυ', Ep. for ἐδαίνυο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι. δαινύατο, for έδαίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυμι, also δαινύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνυ: fut. δαίσω: aor. I έδαισα: (δαίε):—to give a banquet or feast; δαίνυ δαίτα γέρουσι be gave a feast to the elders; δαινύειν τινά to feast a person. II. Med. δαίν τραι, fut. δαίσομαι: aor. I έδαισάμην:—to have a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαίτα, κρέα, etc., to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison. δαίνυο, Ep. for εδαίνυσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινθτο, Ep. for δαινύοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαι-

νύμι.

δάιοs, α, ον, also os, ον: Ion, and Hom. δήιοs, η, ον: Att. contr. δαos: (δαίω, δάιs):-bostile, destructive: as epith of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δάiοι, enemies. 2. unbappy, wretched. (δαηναι) knowing, cunning.

δαίρω, f. δαρω: aor. I inf. δήραι, poët. for δέρω,

δείρω, to flay, cudgel.

δαίs (A), gen. δαίδος, Att. contr. δας, δαδος, ή, (δαίω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda: - pinewood, such as torches were made of. II. war. battle, ή, mostly in apocopate dat. δάι and acc. δάιν. δαίς (B) gen. δαιτός, ή, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, banquet, Lat. DAPES. 2. meat or food itself.

δαίσασθαι, δαισάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med.

of δαίνυμι.

δαιταλεύς, έως, δ, (δαίνυμι) a guest, banquetter.

δαίτη, ή, poet. for δαίs, a feast, banquet. δαίτηθεν, Adv. of δαίτη, from a feast.

δαιτρεύω, f. σω, (δαιτρός) to cut up or carve, to por-

tion out, distribute.

δαιτρόν, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δαιτρός, δ, (δαίω B) a carver, distributer. Hence δαιτροσύνη, ή, the art of carving: a helping at table. δαιτυμών, όνος, δ, (δαίς B) an invited guest. plur. guests who bring each his own provisions. δαιτύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δαίς, a meal

δαί-φρων, ον, gen. ονοs: (δάιs, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. ΙΙ. (δαῆναι) of

knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful. δαϊχθείς, aor. I part. of δαίζω.

 $\Delta AI'\Omega$  (A), =  $\kappa ai\omega$ , only used in pres. and impf., to light up, kindle; δαίξ οἱ ἐκ κόρυθος πῦρ she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm: - Pass., aor. ι part. δαισθείε: pf. part. δεδαυμένος:-to burn, blaze; δαίεται ὅσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα, plqpf. έδεδήειν, poet. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδηε war blazes forth; ὕσσα δεδήει the report spread like wild-fire.

 $\Delta AI'\Omega$  (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense δαίζω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαίομαι; Med., κρέα δαιόμενος distributing portions of meat; Pass., δαίεται ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαίαται.—But έδαισα, έδαισάμην belong to δαίνυμι:

δάσομαι, έδασάμην, δέδασμαι το δατέομαι.

δάκε-θυμος, ον, = δηξίθυμος, beart-eating. δάκε, Εp. for έδακε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of δάκνω.

δακείν, aor. 2 inf. of δάκνω.

δάκετον,  $τ \delta$ , = δάκος, a venomous animal.

δακνάζω, poèt. for δάκνω: Pass. to be sore vexed. ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, f. δήξομαι: pf. δέδηχα: aor. 2 ἔδάκον: Ep. inf. δακέειν:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδηχθην: pf. δέδηγμαι: —to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; ατόμιον δάκνειν to champ the bit; δάκνειν ἐαυτόν to bite one's lips for fear of laughing. II. metaph. to bite, sting, prick:—Pass., καρδίαν δέδηγμαι I was vexed at heart.

δάκος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, (δακεῖν) an animal whose bite or sting is dangerous, any noxious animal.

**ΔΑΚΡΥ,** vos, τό, poet. for δάκρυον, a tear, Lat. LACRYMA. II. a drop, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκρυ.

δάκρυμα, ατος, τό, (δακρύω) that which is wept for,

a subject for tears. II. a tear.

δακρυο-γόνος, ον, (δάκρυ, \*γένω) author of tears. δακρυδείς, εσσα, εν, (δάκρυον) tearful; of persons, much weeping; of things, calling forth tears:—δακρυδείν γελάσαι, as Adv., to smile through one's tears.

**ΔΑ'ΚΡΤ'ΟΝ**, τό, = δάκρυ: Ep. gen. pl. δακρυόφι. δακρυ-πλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) to swim with tears.

δακρυρροέω, f. ήσω, to melt into tears. From δακρύρ-ροοs, ον, (δάκρυ, βέω) melting into tears.

δάκρῦσα, Ερ. 201. 1 ο δακρύω.

δακρυσί-στακτος, ον, (δάκρυ, στάξω) dropping with tears.

δακρυσώ, Dor. for δακρύσω.

δακρῦτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δακρύω, wept over, tearful.

δακρυ-χἄρής, ές, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) rejoicing in tears. δακρυ-χέων, ουσα, ον, a participial Adj., (δάκρυ,

 $\chi \not\in \omega$ ) shedding tears, weeping.

δακρύω [v], fut. ύσω: 20τ. I ἐδάκρῦσα: pf. δεδάκρῦσα: (δάκρυ):—to weep, shed tears:—pf. pass. δεδάκρῦμαι, to be tearful, be all in tears; part. δεδακρυμένοs, all in tears: c. 20c. cognato, δακρύειν γόωτο to utter tearful groans.

II. transit. to weep for a thing, lament:—Pass. to be wept for.

βλέφαρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

δακρυ-ώδης, ες, (δάκρυ, είδος) like tears: tearful. δακτυλήθρα, ή, (δάκτυλος) a finger-sbeatb.

δακτύλίδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκτυλος, a toe.

δακτύλικός, ή, όν, (δάκτυλος) of or for the finger, Lat. digitalis; αὐλὸς δακτυλικός a flute played with the fingers. II. of metre, dactylic.

δακτύλιος, δ, (δάκτυλος) a ring, seal-ring. δακτύλο-δεικτός, όν, (δάκτυλος, δείκνυμι) pointed at with the finger, as in Horace digito monstrari.

δακτύλο-ειδής, ές, (δάκτυλος, είδος) like a finger. δάκτύλος, ό, plur. δάκτυλοι, poët. also δάκτυλα: (δείκυμμ):—a finger, Lat. digitus; ἐπὶ δακτύλου συμβάλλεσθαι to reckon on the fingers.

2. δάκτυλος τοῦ ποδός a toe; also without ποδός, like Lat. digitus.

II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about  $\frac{1}{10}$  of an inch. III. a metrical foot, dactyl,  $- \circ \circ$ ; e. g. after.

δακτύλο-τριπτος, ον, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) worn by the fingers.

δαλέομαι, Dor. for δηλέομαι.

δαλίον, τό, Dim. of δαλόε.

δαλόs, δ, (δαίω) a firebrand, piece of blazing wood.

II. a burnt out torch, of an old man.

III. a beacon-light.

δαμάζω, later form of δαμάω: see δαμάω.

δἄμαῖος,  $\delta$ , (δαμάω) epith. of Neptune, the Tamer. δἄμάλη,  $\hat{\eta}$ , = δάμαλιε.

δάμάλή-βοτος, ον, (δαμάλη, βύσκω) fed on by young cattle.

δαμάλη-φάγος, ον, (δαμάλη, φαγεῖν) beef-eating, epith. of Hercules.

δάμαλίζω, f. ίσω, poët. form of δαμάω, to subdue.

δάμ**άλις**, εως, ή, (δαμάω) a young cow, beifer, calf, Lat. juvenca.

II. like μόσχος, a girl.

δάμαλος, δ, (δαμάω) a calf, Lat. vitulus. δάμαρ, αρτος, ή, (δαμάω) a wife, spouse.

δαμάσδω, Dor. for δαμάζω.

δάμασίμ-βροτος, ον, (δαμάω, βροτός) man-subduing. δάμάσ-ιππος, ον, (δαμάω, ἵππος) borse-taming.

δάμἄσις, εως, ή, (δαμάω) a taming, subduing. δαμασί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δαμάω, φρήν) beartsubduing.

δάμασί-φως, ατος, ό, ή, (δαμάω, φώς) man-subduing. δάμάτειρα, ή, fem. Subst. a tamer.

Δάματερ, Dor. vocat. from Δημήτηρ.

**ΔΑΜΑΏ**, Ep. 3 sing, δαμάα, 3 pl. δαμόωσι: fut. δαμάσω [μα], Ep. δαμάσσω: aor. I ἐδάμασα Ep. ἐδάμασσα ξάμασσα: pf. δεδάμακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδμήθην, part. δμηθείs; aor. 2 ἐδάμην, inf. δάμημέναι, part. δαμές: pf. δέδμημαι.—another aor. I part. δάμασθείs, pf. part. δεδαμασμένοs are found, as if from δαμάζω. To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, overpower. II. of madeins, to yoke in marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, Lat. subigere. III. generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—Pass. to be subject, to obey.

2. to slay, kill.

δάμείην, aor. 2 opt pass. of δαμάω.

δάμείω, Ep. for δαμώ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of δαμάω: 2 and 3 pass. δαμήης, -ήη, Ep. for δαμής, δαμή: 2 pl. δαμείετε, for δαμήτε.

δάμεν, Ερ. for εδάμησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of δα-

δάμήμεναι, Ep. for δαμηναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of δαμάω.

δάμνα, Ep. for ἐδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of δάμνημι. δαμνά, 3 sing. of δαμνάω; also 2 sing. pres. Med. of δάμνημι.

δαμνάω, = δαμάω, only in pres. and impf. δάμνημι, = δαμάω:—Pass. and Med. δάμναμαι.

δάμος and δάμόσιος, α, ον, Dor. for δημ-. δάμόωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of δαμάω.

δαμώματα, τά, (δάμοε) bymns sung in public. δαν, Dor. for δην, γην:—οὐ δαν, No, by earth!

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ', oi, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δavatδai, wv, oi, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δavaiδes, al, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δaναώτατος, oldest of the Danaans. [Δα]

δάνείζω, f. είσω: pf. δεδάνεικα, pass. δεδάνεισμαι: (δάνοs):-to put out money at usury, to lend:-Pass., of the money, to be lent: - Med. to bave lent to

one, to borrow.

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan.

δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον. δάνεισμός, ό, (δανείζω) money-lending.

δάνειστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer. δανειστικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (δανείζω) disposed to lend.

II. money lent out  $\Delta A'NO\Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , a gift.

at interest, a loan, debt.

δανός, ή, όν, (δαίω A) burnt, dried, parched.

δάος,  $\epsilon$ ος,  $\tau$ ό, (δαίω A) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch. δάπανάω, f. ήσω: - Pass., aor. 1 έδαπανήθην, pf. δεδαπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense:—to spend; δαπαναν είs τι to spend upon a thing:-Med. to spend of one's own. II. Causal, δαπανάν την πόλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

ΔΑΠΑ'NH, ή, cost, expense, expenditure. II. III. exmoney spent: also money for spending. pensiveness, extravagance. [πα]

δάπάνημα, ατος, τό, money spent, expense.

δάπάνηρός, ά, όν, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant of things, expensive. Adv. -pws, expensively.

δάπανος, ον, = δαπανηρός, extravagant.

δά-πεδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

 $\Delta A'\Pi I \Sigma$ ,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \pi \eta s$ , a carpet, rug.  $[\check{\alpha}]$ δαπτέμεν, Ep. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.

**ΔΑ'ΠΤΩ**, f. δάψω, to devour.

Δάρδανος, δ, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος ἀνήρ a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, α, ον, Trojan: Δαρδανίς, ίδος, ή, a Trojan woman: Δαρδανία, ή, Troy: Δαρδανίδης, ου, ό, a son or descendant of Dardanus: Δαρδανιώνες, oi, sons of Dardanus.

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour. δαρεικός or δαρεικός στατήρ, δ, a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first comed by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darâ, a king, cf. Daρείοs, like our sovereign.)

 $\Delta \bar{a} \rho \epsilon \hat{i} o s$ ,  $\delta$ , Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr.  $\hat{\epsilon} \rho \xi \epsilon i \eta s$ , q. v.: a Greek form of Persian darâ, a king.

δάρήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.

**ΔΑΡΘΑ'ΝΩ**, aor. 2 ἔδαρθον, poet ἔδραθον: - to sleep, Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω.

δαρό-βιος, ον, = δηρόβιος.

δαρόs, ά, όν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρόs.

δάρω, fut. of δέρω.

Sas, gen. δαδόε, ή, Att. contr. for δαts.

δάσασθαι, 201. I med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing. 2 garment red with blood.

indic. δασάσκετο; I pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασείται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασέως, Adv. of δασύς; δασέως έχειν to be bairy. δά-σκίος, ον, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.

δάσμευσις, εωε, ή, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing. δασμολογέω, f. ήσω, to exact as tribute: c. dupl.

acc. to exact tribute from a person. Hence

δασμολογία, ή, collection of tribute. δασμο-λόγος,  $\dot{o}$ , (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector.

δασμός, δ, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute.

δασμοφορέω, f. ήσω, to pay tribute:-Pass., δασμοφορείται τινι tribute is paid one. From

δασμο-φόρος, ον, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.

δάσομαι, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.

δασ-πλής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , and δασ-πλ $\hat{\eta}$ τις,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (δα-, πλήσσω) borrid, frightful.

δάσσασθαι, Ep. for δάσασθαι, q. v.

δασύ-θριξ, τρῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired. δασύ-κερκος, ον, (δασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.

δασύ-κνημος, ον, and δασυ-κνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δασύ**s, κ**νήμη) sbaggy-legged.

δασύ-μαλλος, ον, (δασύς, μαλλος) thick-fleeced.

δασύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\bar{v}v\hat{\omega}$ , (δασύs) to make rough or bairy: Pass. to become rough or bairy.

δασύ-πους, ποδος, ό, (δασύς, ποῦς) bairy-foot, i.e. a bare or rabbit.

δασυ-πώγων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, πώγων) with shaggy

ΔΑ ΣΥ Σ, εία, ύ, Ion. fem. δασέα, thick with bair, bairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασέα θρίδαξ a lettuce with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick, crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, ον, (δασύς, στέρνον) shaggy-breasted. δασυ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (δασύς, χαίτη) shaggy-baired.

δάτέομαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I έδασάμην Ερ. έδασσάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπασάμην): Dep.:—to divide among themselves, to sbare in: to tear in pieces; χθόνα ποσσί δατεῦντο they measured the ground with their feet. 3. to divide or distribute to others.

δατεύντο, Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι. δάτήριος, a, ov, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

δάτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a distributer.

δαφναίοs, a, ov, of or belonging to a laurel. From **ΔΑ'ΦΝΗ**, ή, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.

δαφνηφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear laurel-boughs. From δαφνη-φόρος, ον, (δάφνη, φέρω) planted with lau-II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνιακός, ή, ίν, (δάφνη) belonging to a laurel. δαφνο-γηθής, ές, (δάφνη, γηθέω) delighting in the

δαφνό-κομος, ον, (δάφνη, κόμη) laurel-crowned.

δαφν-ώδης, εε, (δάφνη, είδος) laurelled. δά-φοινεός, όν, = δαφοινός; είμα δαφοινεόν αίματι

δά-φοινόs, όν, (δα-, φοινόs) of wild beasts, bloodred, tawny; or perhaps bloody, murderous.

red, tawny; or perhaps bloody, murderous. δαψίλεια, ή, abundance, plenty. From

δαψιλής, ές, (δάπτω) abundant, plentiful: of persons, liberal, profuse. Adv. δαψιλώς, lavisbly: Sup. δαψιλέστατα.

\*ΔΑ'Ω, an old root meaning to learn, which sometimes takes a causal sense, to teach: I. Causal, to teach: only in redupl, aor. 2 act. δέδαε, be taught, like Lat. doceo; later also έδαον.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω.

II. to learn: fut. δαήσομαι (ἐμεῦ δαήσεαι thou wilt learn from me): pf. δεδάηκα, part. δεδαηκώς, δεδαώς, also pass. δεδαημένος: aor. 2 ἐδάην, subj. δαῶ, Ερ. δαείω, inf. δαῆναι, Ερ. δαήμεναι, part. δαείς:—from δέδαα, is formed a pres. med. inf. δεδάασβαι, to search out.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκομαι.

δαῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of \*δάω.

 $\Delta E'$ , but: conjunctive Particle, with an opposing or adversative force. It answers to  $\mu \epsilon \nu$ , esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by wbile, on the other band, see  $\mu \epsilon \nu$ . 2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, and, further.

II.  $\delta \epsilon$  properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

-δε, enclitic Particle; joined I. to names of Places 111 acc., to denote motion towards, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οἰκόνδε home-wards, Οὐλυμ-πόνδε to Olympus, θύραζε (for θύρασδε) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron, ὅνδε δόμονδε; and sometimes even after εἰs, as εἰs ἄλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, ᾿Αθήναζε, Θήβαδε (for ᾿Αθήνασδε, Θήβασδε):—sometimes it denotes purpose only, μήτι φύβονδ ἀγόρενε speak naught tending to fear.

Pron., to give it greater force, ὅδε, τοιόσδε, etc., such a man as this, Att. δδί, etc.

δεά, ή, Dor. for θεά, Lat. dea.

δέᾶτο, Ep. for ἐδέατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb δέαμαι, = δοκέω, be seemed.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι. δεδάασθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of \*δάω.

δέδας, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of \*δάω.

δεδάηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of \*δάω.

δεδαίαται, Ion. for δέδαινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of δαίω B.

δεδαϊγμένος, pf. pass. part. of δαίζω.

δεδαιδαλμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαιδάλλω.

δέδακον, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω. δεδάκρῦκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δέδαργμαι, Att. for δέδραγμαι, pf. pass. of δράσσομαι.

δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δέρω.

δέδασμαι, pf. pass. of δατέομαι.

δεδαώs, pf. act. part. of \*δάω.

δέδεγμαι, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δείκνυμι). δεδέημαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want. δεδείξομαι, paullo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδειπνάναι, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδειχα, δέδειγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δείκνυμι. δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, to bind. δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing plaps, pass. of δέω, to bind. δεδέχαται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι είσί, 3 plur. ps. of

δέχομαι. δέδηγμαι, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδηε, δεδήει, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. of δαίω.

δεδήμευμαι, pf. pass. of δημεύω.

δεδήσομαι and δεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, to bind. δέδηχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδια, poet. δείδια, pf., with pres sense, of δείδω; imperat. δέδιθι; part. δεδιώs.

δεδιακόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκοι.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διαιτάω. δεδίσκομαι, = δειδίσκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for δειδίσσομαι.

δεδίωγμαι, pf. pass of διώκω.

δεδμήστο, Ion. for εδέδμηντο, 3 pl plqpf. pass. of δαμάω.

δέδμηκα, pf. of δέμω.

δέδμημαι, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

δέδμητο, -ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω.

δέδογμαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω. δέδοικα, pf. with pres. sense of δείδω.

δεδοίκω, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δείδω.

δεδόκημαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω

δεδοκημένος, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pies., waiting for, lying in wait.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of δοκιμάζω.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι: poet. 3 pl. δέδονται.

δέδονατο, Dor. for ἐδεδόνητο, 3 smg. plqpf. of δονέω. δέδορκα, pf. of δέρκομαι, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of δουπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of δράσσω.

δέδρακα, pf. of διδράσκω, also of δράω.

δέδραμαι, pf. pass. of δράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from \*δράμέω).

δέδρομα, poet. pf. of τρέχω (formed from \*δρέμω).

δεδυστύχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω. δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελος,  $\eta$ ,  $\nu$ , resolved form of  $\delta \hat{\eta} \lambda \nu$ .

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of δέομαι. δέημα, ατος, τό, (δέομαι) a prayer, entreaty.

δέησις, εως, ή, (δέομαι) an entreating.

δεήσομαι, fut. med. of δέω, to want.

AEI'; subj. δέρ contr. δῆ; opt. δέω; inf. δεῶν; part. δέον Att. δεῶν; imperf. ἔδει Ion. ἔδεε: fut. δεἡσει: aor. I ἐδέησε. Impers. from δέω, to bind: I. c. acc. et inf., δεῖ τινα ποιῆσαι it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought, Lat. oportet, decet; so, δεῖ τινα ὅπους ποιῆσει. II. c. gen. there is need of, Lat. opus est re; πολλοῦ δεῖ there wants much, far from it; δλίγου δεῖ there wants little, all but; πλεῦνος δεῖ it is still further from it:—with the person added, δεῖ μοἱ τινος. Lat. opus est mih re.

δείγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. documentum. 2. a place in the Peiræeus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make a show of.

δείδεκτο, 3 sing. plapf. of δείκνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: δειδέχαται, for δεδεγμένοι είσί, 3 plur. perf. · δειδέχατο, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω) cowardly.

δείδια, as, ε, like δέδια, pf. of δείδω with pres. signf., I fear; plur. δείδιμεν, δείδιτε; imperat. δείδιθι; inf. δειδίμεν; part. δειδιώς, dual δειδιότε: δείδισαν, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδίσκομαι, Dep. (δείκνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; δειδίσκετο δέπαι he *bailed* with the cup. 2. =  $\delta \epsilon i \kappa \nu \bar{\nu} \mu \iota$ , to shew.

δειδίσσομαι, Att. δεδίττομαι: fut. ίξομαι: 20r. I ἐδειδιξάμην: (δείδω):—Causal of δείδω, to frighten, alarm.

δείδοικα, Εp. for δέδοικα, q. v.

 $\Delta EI'\Delta\Omega$ , the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. δείσομαι: aor. Ι έδεισα Ερ. έδδεισα: pf. in pres. sense δέδοικα; also δέδια, Ep. δείδια (see δείδια): 3 pl. plqpf. ἐδείδισαν, Ep. δείδισαν: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with  $\mu\dot{\eta}$ .., like Lat. vereor ne ..., I fear it is ..; but, δείδω μη οὐ ..., vereor ne non ..., vereor ut ..., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to 3. δείδειν περί τινι to be alarmed or fear to do. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, anxious about. 5. perf. part. τὸ δεδιώs one's stand in awe of. fearing, one's fear, like  $\delta \epsilon os$ .

δειελιάω, f. ήσω: aor. I έδειελίησα: (δείελος):—to

wait till evening.

δειελινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , = sq., at evening. From

**Selexos**, ov,  $(\delta \epsilon i\lambda \eta)$  of or belonging to evening; δείελοι ημαρ eventide.II. as Subst., δείελος (sub.  $"\omega \rho \eta$ ), =  $\delta \epsilon i \lambda \eta$ , evening.

δεικανάασκε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of δεικανάω.

δεικανάω, = δείκνυμι, to point out, shew.

Med. =  $\delta \epsilon i \kappa \nu \nu \mu \alpha i$ ,  $\delta \epsilon \chi \rho \mu \alpha i$ , to salute, welcome, greet. δεικανόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of δεικανάω.

δείκελον and δείκηλον, τό, (δείκνυμι) a representation, exhibition.

δείκνυ, Ep. shortened form of δείκνυσι.

δεικνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ερ. for δεικνύναι. [τ]

ΔΕΙ'ΚΝΥΜΙ and δεικνύω, imperat. δείκνυ or δείκνυε: fut. δείξω Ion. δέξω: 201. Ι έδειξα Ion. έδεξα: pf. δέδειχα:-Pass., fut. δειχθήσομαι, and fut. 3 δεδείξομαι: aor. 1 έδείχθην Ion. έδέχθην: pf. δέδειγμαι; on the forms  $\delta \epsilon i \delta \epsilon \chi \alpha \tau \alpha i$ ,  $\delta \epsilon i \delta \epsilon \kappa \tau o$ , see below ii:-toshew, point out, Lat. monstro; impers. delet, time will shew; δεικνύναι είς τινα to point towards a per-2. to bring to light, display; θεдs ήμιν δείξε τέραs the god shewed us a marvel: - Med. δείκνυμαι, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; έδειξαν έτοιμοι όντες they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. δεικνύμενος = | strange power.

δεχόμενος, δεξιούμενος, welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. δειδέχαται, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. δείδεκτο, δειδέχατο, are used in the same sense; τοὺs μὲν κυπέλλοις δειδέχατο they pledged them with the cup; δειδέχατο μύθοισι they greeted them with words.

δεικτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of δείκνυμι, to be II. δεικτέον [έστί], impers., one must shew. δείλαιος, a, ov, lengthd. form of δειλός, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

δειλακρίων, ωνος, δ, properly, a coward, but mostly

in addresses, poor fellow! From

δείλ-ακρος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (δειλός, ακρος) very pitiable.

ΔΕΙ'ΛΗ (sub. ωρα), ή, properly, the time when the day is bottest, i. e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, έσσεται ή ήως ή δείλη ή μέσον ήμαρ; δείλη πρωία and δείλη δψία early and late afternoon; afterwards δείλη alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; δείληs or δείλην, as Adv., in the evening.

δειλία, ή, (δειλός) timidity, cowardice; δειλίην όφλείν to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. άσω, (δειλία) to be afraid.

δείλομαι, Dep. (δείλη) to decline towards evening. δειλός, ή, όν, (δέος, δείδω) cowardly, craven: vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat. miser. Adv. -λω̂s.

δεῖμα, ατος, τό, (δείδω) fear, affright. II. an

object of fear, a terror, borror. Hence δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid,

to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμάλέος, a, ov, (δείμα) timid. II. borrible. fearful.

δείμας, aor. I part. of δέμω.

δείματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέμω. δειμάτόεις, εσσα, εν, (δείμα) frightened.

δειμŭτόω, f. ώσω, (δείμα) to frighten.

δείμομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of δέμω. δειμός, δ, (δέος) fear, terror, Lat. timor.

δεῖν, inf. of δέω. II. Att. for  $\delta \epsilon o \nu$ , part. neut. of  $\delta \epsilon \hat{i}$ , as  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \hat{i} \nu$  for  $\pi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} o \nu$ .

ΔΕΙ NA, δ, ή, τό, gen. δείνος, dat. δείνι, acc. δείνα, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. δείν.

δεινο-θέτης, ου, δ, (δεινός, τίθημι) a knave.

δεινο-λογέσμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, λέγω) to complain loudly

δεινο-παθέω, f. ήσω, (δεινός, πάθος) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δεινός, ποῦς)

terrible of foot.

δεινός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\delta \epsilon \circ s)$ : I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, awful: later, τὸ δεινόν danger, sufferings; οὐδὲν δεινοί, μη ἀποστέωσιν no fear of their revolting; δεινόν ποιείν or ποιείσθαι to take ill, Lat. aegre ferre. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; τὸ συγγενές τοι δεινόν the ties of kin bave III. the sense of powerful

wondrous, passed into that of able, clever, skilful, as in phrase δεινός τε καὶ σοφός; often c. inf., δεινός λέγειν clever at talking; also c. acc., δεινός τὴν τέχνην skilful in his art. Hence

δείνος, gen. of δείνα, δ, ή.

δεινότης, ητος, ή, terribleness: barsbness, sternness.
2. natural ability, cleverness.

δεινόω, f. ώσω, (δεινόε) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δειν-ωπός, όν, (δεινός, ἄψ) terrible to behold.

δεινώς, Adv. of δεινός, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δείνωσις, εως, ή, (δεινόω) exaggeration.

δείν-ωψ, ωπος, δ, η, = δεινωπός.

δείξω, fut. of δείκνυμι.

δείοs, τό, Ep. for δέοs, fear.

δειπνεύντες, Dor. for δειπνούντες.

δειπνέω, f. ήσω: pf. δεδείπνηκα, Att. pf. 2 δέδειπνα, inf. δεδειπνάαι: (δεῖπνον):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., δειπνεῖν άρτον to make a meal on bread. Hence

δειπνηστός οι δείπνηστος, δ, meal-time. δειπνητήριον, τό, (δειπνέω) a supper-room.

δειπνητής, οῦ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence

δειπνητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , of or for dinner. Adv.  $-\kappa\hat{\omega}s$ , like a clever cook.

δειπνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (δεῖπνον) to entertain at dinner

δειπνο-λόχος, η, ον, (δε $\hat{i}$ πνον, λοχ $\hat{i}$ ω) fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.

δεύπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes = ắριστον, the early meal, sometimes = δόρπον the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. coena; ἀπὸ δείπνου straight from, i. e. just after,

dinner. 2. generally food, provender. δειπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From

δειπνο-ποιός, όν, (δείπνον, ποιέω) preparing dinner. δειράς, άδος, ή, (δειρή) the ridge of a chain of bills, like λόφος, Lat. jugum. II. = δειρή, the neck.

like λόφοs, Lat. jugum. δείραs, aor 1 part. of δέρω.

**ΔΕΙΡΗ'**, Att. δέρη,  $\hat{\eta}$ , the neck, throat.  $II = \delta \epsilon_i \rho \dot{a}s$ , the ridge of a bill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (δειρή, τέμνω) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. jugulo.

 $\Delta EI'P\Omega$ , Ion. for  $\delta\epsilon\rho\omega$ .

δεισ-ήνωρ, opos,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δείδω,  $\dot{\alpha}v\eta\rho$ ) fearing man. δεισιδαιμονία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fear of the gods, religion.

in bad sense, superstition. From

δεισι-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω, δαίμων) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious.

2. in bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

ΔΕΚΑ, of, al, τd, indecl., Lat. DECEM, our TEN, Germ. ZEHN: of δέκα, the Ten, Lat. Decemviri: of δέκα [έτη] ἀφ' ήβης those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκά-βοιος, ον, (δέκα, βουε) worth ten oxen.

δεκάδ-αρχος, δ, (δέκα, ἄρχω) a commander of ten men, Lat. decurio.

δεκαδεύς, έως, δ, (δέκα) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = δυώδεκα, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ον, (δέκα, δώρον 11) ten palms long or broad.

δεκα-έτηρος, ον, (δέκα, έτος) ten-yearly. δακα-ετής, ές, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years.

δεκάζω, f. άσω, (δέκα) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. decuriare.

δεκάκις, Adv. (δέκα) ten times: ten-fold

δεκά-κλίνος, ον, (δέκα, κλίναι) bolding ten dinnercouches.

δεκα-κυμία, ή, (δέκα, κυμα) the tenth wave, Lat. fluctus decumanus; cf. τρικυμία.

δεκά-μηνος and δεκα-μηναΐος, ον, (δέκα, μήν) ten months old.
2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μνους, ουν, (δέκα, μνα) worth ten minae.

δεκ-άμφορος, ον, (δέκα, άμφορεύς) bolding ten άμφορεις, ι. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, οί, αί, τά, fifteen.

δεκά-πηχυς, υ, (δέκα, πηχυς) ten cubits long.

δεκα-πλάσιος, ον, (δέκα) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ δεκαπλασία (sub. τιμή) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλεθρος, ον, (δέκα, πλέθρον) enclosing ten pletbra (v. πλέθρον II)

δεκάπλοος, ου, contr. -πλους, ουν, = δεκα-πλάσιος. δεκά-πολις, ή, (δέκα, πόλις) a district including ten cities, Decapolis

δεκά-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , πουν,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , gen ποδος, ten feet long. δεκ-άρχης, ου,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (δέκα, ἄρχω) a decurion. Hence δεκ-αρχία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the government of the Ten.

δεκάs, άδοs, ή, (δέκα) a body of ten men, Lat. decuria.

δεκά-σπορος, ον, (δέκα, σπείρω) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταίος, α, ον, (δέκατος) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (δέκα, τάλαντον) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, -pa, fourteen.

δεκατευτήριον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-bouse: and δεκατευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. decumanus. From

δεκατεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (δεκάτη) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, δ, (δεκάτη, λέγω) = δεκατευτής.

δεκατό-σπορος, ον, (δέκατος, σπορά) in the tenth generation.

δέκατος, η, ον, (δέκα) tentb. II. as Subst., δεκάτη (sub. μέριs), η, the tenth part, tithe. 2. δεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), η, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child had a name given it; τὴν δεκάτην θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ώσω, (δέκατος) to take tithe of a person.

11.

δεκά-φυλος, ον, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes. | δέδμηκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. Το build; Med., έδείδεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten χαλκοί, Lat. denarius.

δεκά-χίλοι,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\delta \acute{\epsilon} \kappa \alpha, \chi \acute{\iota} \lambda \iota o \iota)$  ten thousand. δεκ-έτηρος, ον, = δεκέτης.

δεκ-έτης, ου, ό, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years. ten years old.

δεκ-έτις, ιδος, ή, pecul. fem. of δεκέτης

δέκομαι, Ion. and Aeol. for δέχομαι. δεκ-όργυιος, ον, (δέκα, δργυιά) ten fatboms long.

δεκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}_{\rho os}$ ,  $\delta$ , = δέκτης.

δέκτης, ου, δ. (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be received, acceptable, Lat. acceptus.

δέκτρια, ή, poet. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, opos, poët. for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes upon bimself.

δεκ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of δεκύργυιος. δελεάζω, f. άσω, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον ὑὸs lure, entice, catch. δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ'ΛΕΑΡ, ατος, τό, a bait, Lat. esca.

δελε-άρπαξ, αγος, δ, ή, (δέλεαρ, άρπάζω) greedy of the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

 $\Delta E'\Lambda TA$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , indecl., v. sub  $\Delta$ . 2. a name for the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp. of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτος δελτο-γράφος, ον, (δέλτος, γράφω) writing on a tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτοs, ή, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενών the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτόω, f. ώσω, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ. δελφακόομαι, Pass. to grow up to pighood. From **ΔΕ'ΛΦΑΞ**, ἄκοs, ὁ, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, ὁ, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo δελφινο-φόρος, ον, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins;

κεραίαι δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίε.  $\Delta E \Lambda \Phi I' \Sigma$  and  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi l v$ ,  $\hat{i} vos$ ,  $\hat{v}$ , the dolphin.

a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let the mind, sbrewd, clever. down on the enemy's ships.

**ΔΕΛΦΟΙ'**, ω̂ν, αὶ, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. ΙΙ. Δελφοί, oi, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

 $\Delta$ E'MA $\Sigma$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , used only in nom. and acc., the body, esp of man; properly the living body, σωμα being the corpse; μικρόε δέμαε small in stature.

as Adv., like δίκην, δέμας πυρός αlθομένοιο in form or fashion like burning fire, Lat. instar ignis.

δέμνιον,  $\tau \delta$ , (δέμω) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur. δεμνιο-τήρης, εε, (δέμνιον, τηρέω) keeping one to one's bed; μοιρα δεμνιοτήρηs a lingering fate.

ματο οίκουs be built bim houses: generally, to construct, make; δέμειν όδόν, Lat. munire viam.

δενδίλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign. δένδρεον, τό, Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρεών, ωνος, δ, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

δενδριακός or -ικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{ον}$ ,  $(\delta \dot{\epsilon} \nu \delta \rho o \nu)$  of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, ου, ό, fem. δενδρίτις, ιδος, of or belonging to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτέω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης οτ δενδρό-κομος, ον, (δένδρον, κομή) sbaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κύπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

 $\Delta E'N\Delta PON$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , Ion. and Att.  $\delta \epsilon v \delta \rho o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , a tree; δένδρον έλάας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα are fruit-trees, opp. to ὕλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut down the fruit-trees, to

lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, ον, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees. δενδρο-φόρος, ον, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, ον, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees. δενδρ-ώδης, ες, (δένδρον, είδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, ιδος, ή, (δένδρον) wooded

δεννάζω, f. άσω, to abuse, revile. From

**ΔE'NNOΣ**, δ, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, aor. I med. imper. of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενή, ή, (properly aor. I part. fem. of δέχομαι) a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, Ion. -ιή, (fem. of δεξιύς, sub. χείρ) the right band; en defias on the right band; defiar didoval to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξί-μηλος, ον, (δέχομαι, μηλον) receiving sheep, ricb ın sacrıfices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυιον) ready of limb, nimble. δεξιο-λάβος, δ, (δεξιός, λαβείν) a spearman, guard. δεξιόσμαι, f. ώσομαι: aor. ι έδεξιωσάμην: Dep:-to offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟ Σ, ά, όν, Lat. DEXTER: I. on the right hand or side; ἐπὶ δεξιά to the right. fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other omens. III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of

δεξιό-σειρος, ό, (δεξιός, σειρά) barnessed by traces on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the regular pair.

δεξιότης, ητος, ή, (δεξιώς) dexterity, activity; of mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιόε; έπὶ δεξιόφιν towards the right.

δεξί-πύρος, ον, (δέχομαι, πυρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, εως, ή, (δέχομαι) reception

δεξιτερός, ά, όν, poët. form for δεξιός, right, the right; δεξιτερά, like δεξιά (sub. χείρ), the right ΔΕΜΩ, aor. I act. έδειμα, med. έδειμάμην: pf. band; δεξιτερηφι, old dat., on the right band.

δεξίωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόομαι) a pledge of friendship. [a]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. δεξι-ώνυμος, ον, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) lucky in name. δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, dexterously: Sup. δεξιώτατα. δεξίωσις, εως, ή, (δεξιόομαι) an offering of the right band: greeting, salutation: canvassing.

δέξο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.

δέξομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.

δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and med. of δείκνυμι.

δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).

δέον, οντος, τό, Att. δείν, part. neut. of the impers. δει, that which is binding, needful, right, proper; μαλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; έν δέοντι (sub. καιρφ̂), in good time, Lat. opportuné; είs τὸ δέον for needful purposes. II. used absol. it being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.

δέον, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind. δεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.

 $\Delta E'O\Sigma$ , gen.  $\delta \epsilon ovs$ ,  $\tau \delta$ : poet.  $\delta \epsilon los$ : fear, alarm, affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror, means of inspiring fear.

 $\Delta E \Pi A \Sigma$ , aos,  $\tau \delta$ : nom. pl.  $\delta \epsilon \pi \check{\alpha}$ ; poet. dat. pl. δεπάεσσι and δέπασσι: - a beaker, goblet, chalice.

δερ-άγχη, ή, (δέρη, άγχω) a collar. δερ-αγχής, ές, (δέρη, ἄγχω) throttling. δέραιον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar. δεραιο-πέδη, ή, (δέραιον, πέδη) a collar.

δέρας, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, bide. δεράς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δειράς.

δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance. δέρη, ή, Att. for δειρή, the neck.

δερκέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι. δερκιάομαι, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.

**ΔΕ PKOMAI**, Dep.: fut. δέρξομαι: pf. with pres. sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 έδρακον: also aor. I pass. έδέρ- $\chi\theta\eta\nu$ , aor. 2 ἐδράκην; and aor. I med. ἐδερξάμην, aor. 2 ἐδρακόμην:—to look, see: hence to behold the light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or gleam, like the eye.

δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat. cutis. Hence

δερμάτινος, η, ον, of skin, leathern.

δέρξατο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δέρκομαι.

δέρον, Ep. for έδερον, impf. of δέρω.

δέρος, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, bide.

δέρρις or δέρις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δέρος, δέρμα) a leathern II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.

δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which contains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον έσω δύνον-Tes penetrating even to the bowels.

δερχθείς, part. aor. I of δέρκομαι; δέρχθητι, im-

perat., and δερχθήναι, inf., of same tense. **ΔΕ'ΡΩ**, Ιοιι. δείρω: fut. δερω: 201. 1 έδειρα:--

Pass., fut. 2 δάρησομαι: 201. 1 ἐδάρθην, 201. 2 ἐδάρην | Δεύs, Arol. for Ζεύs.

II. also to cudgel, thrash.

δέσμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δεσμές a bond, fetter. II. a bead-band.

δεσμεύω, f. σω, (δεσμόs) to fetter, put in chains: to tie together, as corn in the sheaf.

δέσμη, ή, (δέω) a bundle.

δέσμιον,  $\tau \delta$ , = δεσμόs.

δέσμιος, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) binding: hence binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive. δεσμός, δ, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond, fetter: a balter: a mooring cable: a door-latch. bonds, imprisonment.

δεσμο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, ή, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler. δεσμόω, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence

δέσμωμα, ατος, τό, a fetter.

δεσμωτήριον, τό, (δεσμόω) a prison.

δεσμώτης, ου, ο, (δεσμόω) a prisoner. 2. as Adj. in chains, fettered: fem. δεσμώτις, ιδος.

δεσπόζω, f. όσω, (δεσπότηs) to be lord and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.

δέσποινα, ή, fem. of δεσπότηs, the mistress or lady of the bouse, Lat. bera: often joined with the name of goddesses.

δεσπόσιος, ον, = δεσπόσυνος.

δεσποσύνη, ή, (δεσπότη) absolute sway.

δεσπόσυνος, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the master, arbitrary. as Subst. = δεσπότηs.

δεσποτέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , = δεσπόζω:—Pass. to be despotically ruled

ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ου, δ, νος. δέσποτά: Dor. nom. δεσπότας: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, –εας, but prob. these are incorrect: - a master, properly of slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord. Hence

2. fit to δεσποτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , of or for a master. be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.

δεσπότις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δέσποινα.

δεσποτίσκος, ό, Dim. of δεσπότης, little master. δετή (sub. λαμπάs), ή, sticks bound up to make a fagot, a fagot. Fem. of

δετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.

δεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of δεύω, to wet.

δευήσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δεύω, to want.

δεθμα, ατος, τό, (δεύω) that which is wet, soaked; δεύματα κρεῶν boiled flesh.

δευοίατο, poët. for δεύοιντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of δεύω (Β).

δεύομαι, ν. δεύω (Β).

δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δεύρο.

ΔΕΥ PO, Adv. of Place, bither, come bither! δεῦτε II. of Time, until now, up is used with plur. to this time, bitherto; δεῦρ' ἀεί continually up to this time.

δεύτατος, η, ον, the last, Sup. of δεύτερος. δεθτε. Adv., plur, of δεθρο, bither! Come bither! δευτερ-άγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) the actor who takes the second part, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. the second advocate in a court of law.

δευτεραίος, α, ον, (δεύτερος) on the second day. δευτερεία (sub. άθλα), τά, (δεύτερος) the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank.

δευτεριάζω, f. άσω, to play the second part.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread. δεύτερος, a, ov, the second, Lat. secundus: as a Comp., εμείο δεύτεροι after my time: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτιε, secondly, next afterwards, a second time. II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior; δεύτερος οὐδενός second to none:  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$   $\delta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha$ , =  $\delta \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon \rho \epsilon \hat{\iota} \alpha$ , the second prize or place. III. the second of two; δευτέρη αὐτή herself with another.

δευτερο-στάτης, ου, δ, (δεύτερος, ίσταμαι) one who

stands in the second file of the Chorus.

**ΔΕΥ'**Ω (A), Ion. impf. δεύεσκον; f. δεύσω: aor. I έδευσα:-Pass., pf. δέδευμαι:-to wet, soak, steep; Med., πτερά δεύεται άλμη wets bis wings in the brine. II. to fill with liquid, fill up. make to flow, shed.

 $\Delta E\Upsilon'\tilde{\Omega}$  (B), f.  $\delta\epsilon\nu\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , Aeol. and Ep. form for  $\delta\epsilon\omega$ , to need, miss, want; έδεύησεν δ' οίηιον άκρον ίκέσθαι be missed reaching the top of the mast. often as Dep. δεύομαι, f. δευήσομαι:—to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for: hence to be wanting, deficient in; άλλα πάντα δεύεαι 'Αργείων thou art inferior to them in all else.

 $\Delta E'\Phi\Omega$ , f.  $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \psi \omega$ , to soften by working by the band, to make supple, to tan bides.

δεχ-άμματος, ον. (δέκα, αμμα) with ten meshes.

δέχαται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι είσί 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι. δεχ-ήμερος, ον, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) lasting ten days. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθείς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δέχνύμαι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕ'XOMAI, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέξομαι: aor. I ἐδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμαι: plqpf. έδεδέγμην:--Εp. aor. 2 δδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things. to take, accept: esp. to take well, receive kindly or graciously; τον οίωνον δέχεσθαι to accept or bail the omen: hence to approve: c. inf. to take rather, to choose. II. of persons, to receive bospitably, entertain. 2. to receive as an enemy, to watch for: to await the onset. 3. to expect, wait for.

of events, to succeed, come next, Lat. excipere.

δεψέω, f.  $h\sigma\omega$ , Lat. depso, = δέφω, to soften; δεψήσας κηρόν baving worked wax till it is soft.

 $δ \dot{\epsilon} \psi \omega$ , = foreg.

ΔΕ΄Ω (A); fut. δήσω: 20r. 1 έδησα: pf. δέδεκα: δηϊόω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ερ. δηϊόων:

plapf. εδεδήκειν:-Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεδήσομαι: 20r. Ι έδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plapf. έδεδέμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο;—to bind, tie, fasten, fetter: absol, to imprison. 2. metaph. to bind fast, enchain: later, to bind by spells, enchant. 3. c. gen. to let, prevent, binder from a thing. II. Med. to bind or tie on oneself; ποσσὶ δ' ὑπαὶ λιπαροίσιν ἐδήσατο καλά πέδιλα tied them on bis feet; but in plapf. pass, περὶ κνήμησι κνημιδας δέδετο be bad greaves bound round his legs

 $\Delta E'\Omega$  (B), fut.  $\delta \epsilon \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon} \delta \dot{\epsilon} \eta \sigma \alpha$ . Ep. 3 sing. δησεν: pf. δεδέηκα:—to want, lack, miss, stand in need of, c. gen.; ὀλίγου δέω I want little, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω I want much, i. e. am far from; δλίγου δέω δακρῦσαι Ι want little of tears; δυοίν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα forty lacking two, like Lat. duodeviginti. II. for δεί impers., and δέον, see the words. III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεήσομαι: aor. Ι έδεήθην: pf. δεδέημαι. To stand in need of, want, c. gen.: hence, to long or strive after, wish, beg for: c. dupl. gen. to beg a thing from a per-2. absol. to be in want or need, mostly in part., as κάρτα δεύμενοs.

ΔH', Particle, properly of Time, now, already; ὀκτὼ δὴ προέηκα.. ὀἰστούs already have I shot; πολλάκι δή, Lat. jam saepe: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly. II. marking Connection, then; in summing up numbers, γίγνονται δή οὖτοι χίλιοι these then make up a thousand; καὶ δή marks the thing meant to be emphatic, είε Αίγυπτον ἀπίκετο , καὶ δη καὶ ές Σάρδις, he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαι well suppose I have accept-III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δή, φέρε δή, do but come, only come; with a Sup., μέγιστος δή the very greatest. ironical sense, Lat. scilicet; είσήγαγε τὰς εταιρίδας  $\delta \dot{\eta}$  he brought in the pretended courtesans. with Pronouns,  $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon$   $\delta\eta$   $\tilde{\omega}\delta\epsilon$   $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\epsilon\hat{\iota}\nu\alpha\iota$  thus to use a man like me; σù δη . ἐτύλμησαs; you of all per-4. with other Particles, δή adds explicitness; ώε δή, ενα δή, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ώs δή, ἄτε δή, ola δή in that, inasmuch as.

δη-άλωτος, ον, contr. for δηϊάλωτος.

δηγμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting.

δηγμός,  $\delta$ , =  $\delta \hat{\eta} \gamma \mu \alpha$ .

 $\delta \eta \theta \dot{a}$ , =  $\delta \dot{\eta} \nu$ , Adv. long, for a long time.

δήθε and δήθεν, Adv. (δή) perbaps: I suppose: mostly iron., like Lat. scilicet, to wit, for sooth: with ώs, as if for sooth; ώs άγρην δηθεν pretending it was game.

δηθύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\bar{v}$ νω̂,  $(\delta \eta \theta \dot{a})$  to tarry, be long, delay.

δηϊάασκον, Ep. impf. of δηϊόω.

δηϊ-άλωτος, ον, (δήίος, άλωναι) taken by the enemy, captive.

δήιοs, η, ον, Ep. for δάιοs, bostile. Hence δηϊοτής, ητος, η, battle-strife, battle.

impf. έδητουν Att. έδήσουν Ion. έδη ευν Ep. δήσουν: fut. δηώσω: 201. εδηίωσα, Att. εδήωσα, part. δηώσαε: pf. δεδήωκα:---Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δηϊόωντο: aor. 1 έδηωσάμην:--Pass., aor. 1 έδηώθην, part. δηωθεί: pf. δεδήωμαι: (δήιος):—to treat as an enemy: to cut down, slay, rend, cleave. II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτήριος, ον, (δάκνω) biting, torturing. δηκτικός, ή, όν, (δάκνω) biting: pungent.

δηλα-δή, Adv.  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \lambda os, \delta \hat{\eta})$  clearly, plainly, of course: in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαίνω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.

ΔΗΛΕΌΜΑΙ, fut. ήσομαι: pf. δεδήλημαι, inf.  $\delta \epsilon \delta \eta \lambda \hat{\eta} a \theta a i$  in pass. sense: Dep.:—to burt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere: absol. to do mischief, be buriful: of things, καρπον δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit; όρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δήλημα, ατος, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.

δηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, baneful: as Subst., βροτῶν δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δήλησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\delta \eta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \rho \mu \alpha \iota)$  ruin, bane.

δηλητήρ, ηρος, ό, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence δηλητήριος, ov, baneful, destructive.

 $\Delta$ ήλια,  $\tau$ ά, v. sub  $\Delta$ ήλιοs.

Δηλιάς, άδος, ή, (Δηλος) a Delian woman.

 $\Delta$ ήλιος, a, ον, ( $\Delta$ ηλος) Delian: τὰ  $\Delta$ ήλια (sublερά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for δηλον  $\delta \tau_i = \delta \eta \lambda a \delta \dot{\eta}$ , it is plain

that, clearly, of course: also namely, Lat. videlicet δηλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (δηλος, ποιέω) to make manifest. Δηλοs, ή, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of

Apollo and Artemis: called also 'Ορτυγία. From δήλος, η, ον, also os, ον; contr. from δέελος, visible,

clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain; δηλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλόω, f. ώσω. to shew, make visible or clear: to point out, make known. 2. to prove: to declare, 3. to point out, explain, set forth: also to signify. II. intrans. =  $\delta \hat{\eta} \lambda \delta s \epsilon i \mu_i$ , to be clear or plain; δηλοί ότι οὐκ Όμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἔπεά ἐστι it is clear that. . Hence

δήλως, Adv. of δηλος, manifestly.

δήλωσις, εως, ή, a pointing out, explaining. a direction, command.

δημάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.

δημάγωγία, ή, the conduct or character of a public leader: and

δημάγωγικός, ή, όν, fit for a popular leader. From δημ-άγωγός, ό, (δημος, άγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημακίδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δημος.

δημ-άρατος, ον, (δημος, αράσμαι) prayed for by the people: prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence δημαρχία, ή, the office of demarch, tribunate; and δημαρχικός, ή, όν, tribunician. From

δήμ-αρχος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu o s$ ,  $\delta \rho \chi \omega$ ) at Athens, the president of a δημοs, who kept the registers, a demarch:—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plebis.

δήμευσις, εως, ή, confiscation. From

δημεύω, f. σω, (δημοε) to declare public property: to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare. rally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. how, howto barangue the people, Lat. concionari.

δημηγορία, ή, a deliberative speech: a speech in the public assembly; and

δημηγορικόs, ή, όν, of public speaking, qualified for

From

δημ-ηγόρος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os, \dot{\alpha} \gamma o \rho \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega)$  one who barangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator. δημηλάσία, ή, exile. From

δημ-ήλάτος, ον, (δημος, έλαύνω) publicly excled.

Δη-μήτηρ, ή: gen. τεροs and τροs: acc. τερα or τρα, also  $\Delta \eta \mu \dot{\eta} \tau \rho \alpha \nu$ :  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \text{ for } \gamma \hat{\eta}, \mu \dot{\eta} \tau \eta \rho)$ :—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proser-

δημίδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δημος. [τδ]

δημίζω, f. ίσω, (δημος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημιό-πράτα, τά, (δήμιος, πιπράσκω) goods seized

by public authority, confiscated goods.

δήμιος, ον, Dor. δάμιος, a, ον: (δημος):—belonging to the people; δήμιοι αίσυμνηται judges elected by the people:—as Adv., δήμια πίνειν to drink at the tublic cost. 2. δήμιοs, ὁ, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to be a workman, to work; and δημιουργία, ή, workmanship, work; and

δημιουργικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , of or for a workman. Adv. -κωs, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημι-ουργός, poet. δημιο-εργός,  $\delta \nu$ : (δημος, έργον): working for the people: as Subst., δημιουργόε, δ, a workman, bandicraftsman: generally, a maker, author: metaph., ὄρθρος δημιοεργός morn that calls man to 2. the Maker of the world. work. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ον, (δημος, βορά) devourer of the people. δημο-γέρων, οντος, δ, (δημος, γέρων) an elder of the people; generally, an elder, chief: in plus., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δημος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birtbplace.

δημό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν (δημος, θρέω)uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ήσω, to curry mob favour; and

δημοκοπικός, ή, όν, suited to a demagogue. From δημό-κοπος,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu o \mathbf{s}, \kappa \acute{\mathbf{o}} \pi \tau \omega)$  a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, ον, (δήμος, κραίνω) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτέομαι, Pass. (δημος, κρατέω) to bave a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence δημοκρατία, ή, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκράτικός, ή, όν, suited to a democracy.

δημό-λευστος, ον, (δημος, λεύω) stoned by the people; δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόομαι, Dep. (δημος) to talk popularly, to jest. δημο-πίθηκος, δ, (δημος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey,

cbarlatan.
δημορ-ριφής, ές, (δημος, ρίπτω) burled by the people.
ΔΗ ΜΟΣ, ό, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν δήμω Ἰθάκης; μάλα πίονα δήμον, etc. II. the commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμου ἀνήρ, opp. to βασιλεύς; also δήμος ἐάν being a commoner. III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens, the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a popular constitution, democracy. IV. δήμοι in Attica, townships or bundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions

ber, 10 in each φυλή. **ΔΗΜΟ** Σ, δ, fat.

δημοσία, Adv. see δημόσιοs.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate II. intr. to lead a public life, opp. to ίδιωτεύω, to belong to the state. From

of the φυλαί; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in num-

state. From δημόστος, α, ον, (δημος) belonging to the people or state, Lat. publicus.

II. ὁ δημόστος (sub. δοῦλος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the public crier, or watchman.

III. as neut., δημόστον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica.

2. any public building: the public prison.

IV. Doric fem λή δαμοσία (sub. σκηνή), the tent of the Spartan kings.

2. dat. δημοσία, lon. -ίη, as Adv., in public, at the public expense.

Hence

δημοσιόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\delta\eta\mu\epsilon\dot{\iota}\omega$ , to confiscate.

δημο-τελής, ές,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os, \tau \hat{\epsilon} \lambda os)$  at the public cost, public, national.

δημότερος, a, ov, (δημος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os)$  one of the people: a commoner, plebeian.

II. a member of the same  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$ , a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ή, όν, (δημος) suiting the people, common: public.

II. of the populace, one of them, Lat. plebeius.

III. on the democratic side, Lat. popularis: generally, popular:—Adv.—κως, affably, kindly.

IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme, opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-οῦχος, ον, (δημος, έχω) protecting the people, tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῦχοι γαs guardians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ον, (δημος, φάγειν) = δημοβύρος.

δημο-χάριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δημος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ες, (δημος, είδος) like the people, popular, common.

δήν, Dor. δάν, (δή, ήδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηναίος, Dor. δάναιός, ά, όν, long-lived: aged, ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή, being about 8 d.

**ΔΗ'ΝΕΑ**, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur. δηξί-θυμος, ον, (δάκνω, θυμός) beart-eating. δήξομαι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηοῦν, inf. of δηϊόω: but δήουν, Ep. impf.

δή-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. undecunque; δπόθεν δήποθεν from some quarter or other. δή-ποτε, Dor. δή-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written δή ποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—εί δήποτε, Lat. si quando:—τί δήποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δή-που, indef. Adv., often written δή που, perbaps, it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum. II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer; τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δήπου; you know the captive woman, I presume?

δή-πουθεν, indef. Adv., = δήπου.

δηριάομαι, Ερ. 3 dual δηριάασθον, 3 pl. δηριόωντο, inf. δηριάασθαι: Dep.: (δῆριε):—to contend, fight: to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗ PIZ, ios and εωs, ή, fight, battle, contest. δηρί-φάτος, ον, (δηρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δηρίω, aor. 1 ἐδήρῖσα, = δηριάομαι; — Med. δηρίομαι, fut. δηρίσομαι [ι]: 3 pl. aor. 1 med. δηρίσαντο; also 3 dual aor. 1 pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίνομαι.

δηρό-βιος, Dor. δαρόβιος, ον, (δηρός, βίος) long lived. δηρός, ά, όν, (δήν) long, too long:—in bad sense, neut. δηρόν as Adv., all too long.

δησάσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δέω.

δησε, Ep. for έδησε, 3 sing. 20τ. 1 of δέω, to bind: also Ep. for έδέησε, 20τ. 1 of δέω, to want

δητα, Adv.  $(\delta \eta)$  certainly, to be sure, of course; in answers, yes certainly; οὐ δητα, certainly not. In questions,  $\tau$ ί δητα; what then?

δηχθείς, δηχθήναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of δάκνω.

 $\Delta H'\Omega$ , I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

 $\Delta$ ηώ, ή, gen. ώσε, contr. οῦς,  $= \Delta ημήτηρ$ , Lat. Cer es. δηών, contr. for δηιόων, pres. part. of δηιόω

Δηφος, α, ον, (Δηώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres). δηώσας, δηωθείς, αοτ. 1 part. act. and med. of δηιόω.

δηώσω, fut. of δηϊόω.

Δί, contr. for Διί, dat. of Zeús; v. \*Δίs.

ΔΙΑ', poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic. sense, right through.

I. of Place or Space, through, out WITH GEN., at; δι' ή έρος αίθ έρ' ίκαν εν quite through the lower air even to the ether; έκπρεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood out from among them. 2. of Intervals of Space, διά πολλοῦ at a great distance; διά πέντε σταδίων at a distance of 5 stades; δια δέκα ἐπάλξεων at intervals of ten battlements, i. e. at every tenth battle-II. of Time, through, throughout, durment. ing, and, of the past, since; δια χρόνου after some time. 2. of Successive Intervals; δια τρίτη: ημέρης every third day; δια πέντε έτων every five III. arising from, through, by means of, years.

by, Lat. per; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆs with earnestness.

With Acc. of Place, through, throughout; διὰ δῶμα throughout the house. 2. of Time, during, by; διὰ νύκτα by night. II. with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of; διὰ πολλά for many reasons.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., throughout.

IN COMPOS,

I. all through, across, as in διαβαίνω.

2. to the end, as in δια-βιόω, δια-μάχομαι: hence simply to add strength, throughly, completely.

II. between, partly, csp. in Adj, as διάλευκος, etc.

III. one with or against another, as δι-άδω.

IV. one from another, asunder, Lat. dis-, as in δια-λύω.

Δία, acc. of Zeύs; v. nom. \*Δis.

δια, ή, the godlike one, fem. of διος; δια θεάων or γυναικών, a goddess among goddesses or women.

δια-βαδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to go across.

δια-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 - έβην, part. διαβάς pf. -βέβηκα: I. intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors. II. c. acc. to step across, step over: also absol. to cross over, like Lat. trajicere.

δια-βάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across: seemingly intr. (sub έαυτόν, στρατόν, etc.) like Lat. trajicere, to pass over, cross over.

II. to accuse falsely, slander, calumnate: to accuse a man to another.

III. to mislead, impose upon.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβασις, εως, ή, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, passage.

2. a means or place of crossing.

διαβάσκω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about.

δια-βαστάζω, f. άσω, to weigh in the balance. δια-βατέος, α, ον, verb Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must

be crossed
διαβάτήριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortu-

διαβάτηριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβατήρια (lepá), τά, offerings for a bappy passage.

διαβάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj of διαβαίνω, to be crossed

or passed, fordable.

δια-βεβαιόομαι, Dep. to maintain strongly.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβιόω. διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβήναι, aor. 2 mf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ου, δ, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses. δια-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

δια-βιβάζω, fut.  $-\beta \iota \beta \acute{a} σω$  Att.  $-\beta \iota \beta \acute{ω}$ , Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι: pf. pass.-βέβρωμαι: -to devour.

δια-βίδω, f. -ώσομαι: aor.  $2 - \epsilon \beta l \omega v$ , inf. - $\beta l \omega v \alpha t$  (as if from a pres.  $\delta l \alpha - \beta l \omega \mu t$ ):—to live through, pass. 2.

absol. c. part,  $\mu\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\tau\hat{\omega}\nu$   $\delta\iota\alpha\beta\epsilon\beta\iota\omega\kappa\dot{\epsilon}\nu\alpha\iota$  to spend one's life in practising.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, to look through: to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβοάω, f. ήσομαι, to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish:—Med. to contend in shouting.

διαβολή, ή, (διαβάλλω) false accusation, slander, calumny.

διαβολία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = διαβολ $\dot{\eta}$ 

διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious:—as Subst., διάβολος, δ, a slanderer; esp. δ διάβολος, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv. διαβόλως, invidiously.

διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) eating through: c. acc. νύσος διαβύρος πύδα a sore that eats through my foot.

II. διάβορος, ον, pass. eaten through, con-

sumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well.

δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, to wet through. Hence

διάβροχος, ον, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked, steeped; ναῦς διάβροχοι soaked, i. e. rotten ships.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

δια-βυνίω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, to thrust through:—
Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβώ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , 20r. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια γαληνίζω, f. ίσω, (διά, γαλήνη) to make quite calm. δι αγγέλλω, f. -ελω: aor. I διήγγειλα.—to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim: c. mf. to order to do:—Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-άγγελος, ό, a messenger between two, Lat inter-

nuncius: a go-between, yy.

διάγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω. διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγίγνομαι.

δια-γελάω, f. άσομαι [ă], to laugh at, mock.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

διαγενόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι — to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, survive, live.

2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

δια-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: — to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. dignoscere.

II. to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so.

as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide.

διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι. διαγίνώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνώσκω διαγινώσκω, f. ίσομαι, Att. ιοῦμαι, Dep.: (διά, άγκύλη):—to bold the javelin by its thong; pf. pass part. διηγκυλισμένοs, with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot.

δι-αγκυλόομαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, 20τ. 1 διέγλαψα, to bollow out. διά-γλυπτος, η, ον, (διά, γλύφω) all carved.

διαγνώμη, ή, a final decree, resolution. From διαγνώναι, 201. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γνωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to inquire accurately.

διάγνωσις, εως, ή, (διαγιγνώσκω) a discerning between

II. a resolv-

two, distinguishing, discrimination. ing, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δι-ἄγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak

blainly, declare. II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τύ, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines:

a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quasb it: in Med., διαγράψασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ήσω, to remain awake

δι-appraire, to be much provoked.

δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άγχω, f. γξω, to strangle to death.

δι-άγω, f. άξω: 20τ. 2 διήγαγον: -to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend: διάγειν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off c. part. to continue, go on doing. III. to make to continue, keep, support. IV. to entertain.

to keep, celebrate. Hence

διάγωγή, ή, a carrying across. II a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-ἄγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δάτέομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. I -εδασάμην (cf. δατέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμαι, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f.  $-\delta \epsilon i \xi \omega$ , to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:--Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδεικνύσθων έων πολέμιοs let bim be declared the king's enemy. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. I διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, ορος, δ, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited. δια-δέξιος, ον, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 έδρακον: Dep.: \_to see a thing through another; οὐδ' αν νωι διαδράκοι he would not

see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδετος, ον, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινοί διάδετοι γενύων ίππείων firm-bound through the horse's mouth. δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:--to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard :- hence in pf. part. διαδεδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim. δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλέομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ov, manifest or distinguished among others. | από τινος to live off or by a thing.

διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ā): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 - έδραν: pf. - δέδρᾶκα:--to run off,

escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give from band to band, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, asto spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, f άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc rei, to decide, rule :- Med. to go to law . to plead

one's cause. δια-δίκαιόω, f. ώσω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρεύω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

διαδοθείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι. δια-δοκτμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

δίαδος, ότω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι

διάδοσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδούναι, 2 or. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; έκ διαδοχής or κατά διαδοχήν in turn. 2. a relief on guard. διάδοχος, ό, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst.,

διάδοχος, ό, a successor; ὕπνου φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι ἐφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 mf. of διαδιδράσκω. δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδρασι-πολίται, οί, (διαδιδράσκω, πολίτηs) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω. δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω. δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμείν) a running through a

place. 2. a passage through. διάδρομος, ον, (διαδραμείν) running through or

about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, ν. διαδύνω.

δι-άδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέσμαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-άει, Ep 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

\*δια-είδω, f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to sbew forth, prove: as Pass., ἀρετή διαείδεται courage is discerned.

δι-αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. - άσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of διίημι.

δια-ειπείν, δια-ειπέμεν, Ep. inf. of διείπον.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζην: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω: to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζωσι ποιηφαγέοντες: διαζην δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to disjoin. Hence

διάζευξις, εως, ή, a disjoining.

διαζητέω, f. ήσω, to search through: to seek out, invent.

διαζυγία, ή, (διά, ζυγόν) = διάζευξιε.

διάζωμα, ατος, τό, that which is girt, the waist. If that which girds, a girdle. From

δια-ζώννυμι or -υω: fut.-ζώσω:—to gird round: Med to gird oneself with a belt, etc.

δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.

δι-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. διάει, to blow or breathe through.

δια-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Ion. ήσομαι: Dep:—to look through, look closely at, examine.

δια-θειόω, f. ώσω, to fumigate.

διάθεσις, εως, ή, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order, arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.) a disposition, state, condition.

διαθέτης, ου, δ, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.

δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to spread.

διαθήκη, ή, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by will; a will and testament: also a covenant.

will; a will and testament: also a covenant. δια-θορὔβέω, f. ήσω, to confound utterly.

δι-αθρέω, f. ήσω, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.

δια-θροέω, f. ήσω, to spread a report, give out.

δια-θρῦλέω or -θρυλλέω, f ήσω, to spread abroad:

-Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported.

II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διατεθρυλημένοs.

δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διετρύφην [v]:—to break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken, enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.

διαιθριάζω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From δί-αιθρος, ον, (διά, αΐθρα) quite clear and fine.

δι-αιθύσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.

δί-αιμος, ον, (διά, αίμα) blood-stained.

διαίνω, f. ἀνω: αοτ. ἐδίηνα:—much like ἰαίνω, to wet, moisten:—Med., διαίνεσθαι ὅσσε to wet one's eyes: absol. to weep.

II. to weep for, bewail.

**Scalpeors**,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a dividing, division, esp. of a class into its constituent parts; and

διαίρετος, η, ον, divided: divisible: hence distinguishable.

II. distributed. From

δι-αιρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 διείλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διηρέθην: pf. διήρημα: — to divide, part or cleave in twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves. III. to determine, put an end to: to define, interpret.

δι-αίρω, f. -αρῶ, to raise up, lift up. II. to part asunder; διαίρειν τὸ στόμα to open the mouth.

δι-αΐσσω, f. -aΐξω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άττω, fut. άξω: aor. I διῆξα:—to rush through or across: of sound, to shoot through the air.

δι-δίστοω, f. ωσω, (διά, δίστος) to make an end of. ΔΙ'ΑΙΤΑ, ή, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2. a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence

διαιτάω, f. ήσω: impf. ἐδιαίτων or διήτων: aor. I ἐδιαίτησα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqpf. ἐδεδιητήκει:—Pass., aor. I διητήθην: pf. δεδιήτημα::—to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live.

II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern. Hence

δίαίτημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.

διαιτητήριον, τό, (διαιτάω) dwelling-rooms.

δίαιτήτής, οῦ, ὁ, (διαιτάω 11) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.

δια-κάθαίρω, f. -καθάρ $\hat{\omega}$ , and δια-κάθαρί $\xi$ ω, f.  $i\hat{\omega}$ , to cleanse or purge thoroughly.

διακαθαριεί, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.

δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -τω, to make to sit apart, set apart.

δια-καίω, f.-καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn through, set on fire, heat to excess.

δια-κανάσσω, aor. I διεκάναξα, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.) δια-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to endure to the end, last

δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχώμην:—to confute utterly.

διάκαυμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning beat.

δια-καυνιάζω, (καυνόs) to determine by lot. δια-κεάζω, f. άσω, to split asunder.

διά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικῶν διακείσθαι to be friendly disposed; ὑπόπτων διακείσθαι to be suspiciously disposed; κακῶν διακείσθαι to be in a sorry pligbt, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ διακείμενα certain terms.

δια-κείρω, fut. - κερῶ and - κέρσω: pf. - κέκαρκα:
to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate:
deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκαρμένος stripped of bis
trappings.

Il. to break through, transgress.

διακέκναισμαι, pf. pass of διακναίω. διακέκριμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.

δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to give orders to different persons, to exbort.

2. to encourage one another.

3. to admonish, inform Hence

διακελευσμός, δ, an exhortation, cheering on.

διά-κενος, ov, quite empty, bollow.

δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.

δια-κερματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (διά, κέρμα) to change into small coin.

διακέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διακείρω.

δια-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to negotiate by berald.

δια-κηρύσσω, f. έω, to proclaim by berald: to sell by auction.

δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a despe-

rate effort:—Pass. to be bazarded; διακεκινδυνευμένος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move throughout, throw into disorder.

II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. excutere.

III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

δια-κλάω, f. άσω [ά]: 201. Ι διέκλασα, Ep. part. διακλάσσαs:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένοs enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealtb. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλά-πην [ἄ], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep back by stealth.

δια-κληρόω, f. ωσω, to assign by lot, allot. to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence

διάκλίσις, εως, ή, a turning away, retreat. δια-κλύζω, f. ύσω [ŭ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

δια-κνοίω, f. - κναίσω:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι:
pf. διακέκναισμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing:
to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn
away, destroyed; το χρώμα διακεκναισμένος baving
lost all his colour.

δια-κνίζω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιρανέω, to rule through or over.

διακομίδή, ή, a carrying over or across. From διακομίζω, (for the tenses, v. κομίζω) to carry over or across: — Med. to carry over what is one's own: — Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ήσω: impf. ἐδιακόνουν and διηκόνουν, aor. 1 ἐδιακόνησα and διηκόνησα: pf. δεδιακόνηκα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδιακονήθην: pf. δεδιακόνημα: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, ή, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ή, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ā], Ion. διήκονος, ό, ή, a servant, waitingman: a messenger.

2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δι-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω f. vio. to cut in two cut through: to

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through.

II. intr. to break through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravisb. δια-κορκορύγέω, f. ήσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-ακόσιοι, Ion. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, (δίε, ἐκατόν) two bundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, ἵππος διακοσία two bundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθείμεν, Ερ. for διακοσμηθείημεν, 1 pl. 201. 1 opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-ακούω, f. ούσομαι: pf.-ακήκοα:—to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

δια-κρέκω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre. δια-κρηνόω, Dor. -κρᾶνόω: f. ώσω: (διά, κρήνη): to make to flow, pour forth.

δι-ακριβόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἀκριβήs) to inquire closely into, bave an accurate knowledge of.

διακρίδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. eximié.

διακρίθήσομαι, fut. 1 pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθώ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθείς, Ερ. for διακρίθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακρίθηναι, aor. t inf. pass. of δια-κρίνω, f. Ινῶ: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίνειν αίρεσιν to make a choice:—Med. to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. It to make a distinction: set apart for boly purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, besitate. Hence

διάκρίσιs, εωs, ή, a separating, parting.
2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακρίτέον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide. διάκρίτοs, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike or break through. διάκρουσις, εως, ή, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II. Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ου, or διάκτωρ, οροs, δ, (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβάω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκάω, f. ήσω, to mix together.
δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to

peep through, pry into.
διακωλυτής, οῦ, ὁ, a binderer, obstructer. From

διακωλύτης, ου, ο, a binderer, obstructer. From δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to binder, check: to prevent. διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 διέλαχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλάθεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακέω, f. ήσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίζω, f. ίσω, to kick away. δια-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομα: 2 or. 2 - έλαβον: pf. -είληφα; pass. -είλημμαι or διαλέλημμαι, Ion. -λέλαμμαι:—to take or receive separately.

Gymnastic term, to class round the waist.

grasp with the mind, comprehend.

III. to separately divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to interpret.

2. to cut off, intercept.

3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to shine or flash through: of the day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: 20τ. 2-έλἄθον: pf. -λέληθα:
—to escape notice: c. 2cc. pers. to escape the notice of.

διαλάχειν, aor. 2 int. of διαλαγχάνω.

δι-αλγήs, έs, (διά, ἄλγοs) giving great pain, grievous.

II. suffering great pain.

δια-λέγω, t. fω, to pick out, cboose. II. διαλέγομα, Dep., with fut. med.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} fo\mu a\iota$ , also pass.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a\iota$ : aor. 1 med.  $\delta \iota \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\mu} \eta \nu$ , pass.  $\delta \iota \dot{\epsilon} -\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \dot{\eta} \nu$ : pf.  $-\epsilon \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \mu a\iota$ :—to converse, reason, talk with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.

δια-λείπω, f. ψω: 20τ. - έλδιπον: pf. - λέλοιπα, pass. - λέλειμμαι: -- to leave an interval: plapf. pass. διε-λέλειπτο impers. a gap bad been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals; τὸ διαλείπον a gap. II. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.

δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.

διαλεκτικός, ή, όν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument: ή διαλεκτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of debating or arguing

διάλεκτος, ή, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.

διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλέλημμαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.

διαλελύμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.

διάλεξις, εως, ή, = διάλεκτος Ι.

διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλεπτο-λογέομαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.

διά-λεπτος, ον, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow: very subtle.

διά-λευκος, ov, marked with white.

διαλεχθήναι, aor. I inf. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλίπειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.

διαλλάγή, ή, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plut.

διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.

διαλλακτήρ, ήρος, δ, and διαλλακτής, οῦ, δ, (διαλ-

λάσσω) a mediator.

δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: pf. διήλλάχα: to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another. II. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. I διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [α]: pf. διήλλαγμαι:—to be reconciled, become friends. III. intr. to differ from one in a thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. I διαλλαχθήναι, to be different.

δι-άλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι, Dep. to leap over or across. δια-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι: pf. -λελό-γισμα: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully.

Hence

διαλογισμός, δ, a settling of accounts.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.

διάλογος, ό, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. 1 pass. διελοιδορήθην: Dep.: —to abuse, rail at.

διαλύθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διαλύω.

δια-λυμαίνομαι, 201. 1 διελυμάνθην: pf. διαλελύμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.

διάλυσις, εως, ή, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of bostilities, peace.

διαλυσί-φιλος, ον, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving δια-λυτής, οῦ, ὁ, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver. διαλυτός, ἡ, όν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dis-

οιαλυτος, η, ον, (οιαλυω) dissolved: capable of dissolution. δια-λύω, f. ύσω [ῡ]: pf. -λέλϋκα: aor. I pass -ελύθην [υັ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:— to loose one from

-ελύθην [v]: pf. -λέλυμα: — to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband.
2. to break off, put an end to.
3. to reconcile.
4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge.

II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.

δι-αλφίτόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἄλφιτον) to fill full of barley-meal.

δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.

δι-αμαθύνω, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.

δια-μαντεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, to decide by means of an oracle.

δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ήσομαι: 201. 2 - ήμαρτον: pf. - ημάρτηκα.

Το miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen.

2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence

διαμαρτία, ή, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning. δια-μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., 201. 1 διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence.

διαματύρία, ή, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.

διαμαρτύρομαι [v], f. υρούμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to abjure solemnly. to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.

δια-μάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. εω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.

δια-μάχομαι, fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοῦμαι, also -μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another.

2. to fight through, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.

δι-αμάω, fut. ήσω: 201. 2 διήμησα (διά, ἀμάω):—to mow or cut through.

2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.

δια-μεθίημι, to leave quite off: to give up.

8-duelβω, f. ψω, to exchange.

11. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through of over.

2. absol. to change, alter.

διαμείναι, aor. I inf. of διαμένω.

διάμειψις, εως, ή, (διαμείβω) an exchange.

δια-μελαίνω, f. ανώ, to make quite black.

δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piece-

διαμέλλησις, εως, ή, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And

διαμελλητήs, οῦ, ὁ, one who continually delays.

δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.

διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένω.

διαμέμνημαι, pf. of διαμιμνήσκομαι.

δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.

δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. to continue, last, remain.

δια-μερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension: -- Pass. to disagree. Hence

διαμερισμός, δ, division: dissension.

δια-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions: - Med. to bave measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence δια-μετρητός, ή, όν, measured out or off.

διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From

διά-μετρος, ή, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.

δια-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive. δι-άμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι: 201. Ι διημιλλήθην: Dep.: - to contend furiously.

δια-μιμνήσκομαι, f. -μνήσομαι: pf. διαμέμνημαι: Pass.:-to keep in memory.

δια-μινύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.

δια-μιστύλλω, f.  $\ddot{v}\lambda\dot{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon\mu$ ίστ $\ddot{v}\lambda\alpha$ :—to cut up piecemeal.

δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.

δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοιρα) to divide, rend asunder. Med. to portion out.

διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.

δι-αμπερές, (διά, ἀναπείρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through: -all in a piece. Time, throughout, for ever.

δια-μῦδαλέος, a, ov, drenching.

δια-μυθολογέω, f. ήσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.

δια-μυλλαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).

δι-αμφίδιος, ον, (διά, άμφίς) utterly different.

δι-αμφισβητέω, f ήσω, to dispute, disagree.

δια-ναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, to maintain a long sea-fight. δι-άνδίχα, Adv. two ways; διάνδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.

διανείμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.

δι-ανεκήs, έε, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκήε. διανέμησις, εωε, ή, distribution. From

δια-νέμω, f. -νεμώ: 201. Ι διένειμα: pf.-νενέμηκα: -to distribute, divide into portions; -Med. to divide other, to contend which is the most bungry.

among themselves: - Pass. to spread abroad. to set in order, govern.

δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.

διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι. δια-νεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , to nod, beckon to.

δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim across: swim through. δια-νήχομαι, Dep. = διανέω.

δια-νίζω, f.  $-\nu i \psi \omega$ , to wash out, rinse.

δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.

δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 - έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.

δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. 1 - ενοήθην: pf. -νενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence

διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.

διανοητικός, ή, όν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.

διάνοι**ἄ**, also διανοίᾶ, ή, (διανοέομαι): I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.

δι-avolyω, f. ξω: to open: hence to explain, expound. διανοίχθητι, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.

διανομεύς, έως,  $\delta$ , (διανέμω) a distributer.

διανομή, ή, (διανέμω) distribution.

δι-avtalos, a, ov, going right through; ή διανταία (sc. πληγή) a bome-thrust: - metaph. unchanging, remorseless.

δι-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.

δια-νυκτερεύω, f σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night. δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [v]: f. vσω [v]:—to bring quite to an end, finish; δδον διανύτειν to finish a journey; so also διανύτειν, without δδόν.

δια-ξαίνω, f. ανώ, to tear in pieces.

διαξεις, Dor. for διάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.

δια-ξιφίζομαι, Dep. (διά, ξίφος) to fight to the death. δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.

δια-πάλαίω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , to go on wrestling. δια-πάλη, ή, a bard struggle.

δια-πάλλω, f.  $-\pi$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ , to distribute by lot.

δια-πάλύνω, f. ὔνω, to shiver, shatter.

δια-παντός. Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.

δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

δια-παρατρίβή, ή, (διά, παρατρίβω) an useless study: vain altercation.

δια-παρθενεύω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower. δια-πασσαλεύω, Att. -πατταλεύω: f. σω: (διά, To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a πάσσαλος). hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.

δια-πάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -πάσω: -to sprinkle about. δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.

δι-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten violently:-also in

δια-πεινάω, inf.  $-\pi \epsilon i \nu \hat{\eta} \nu$ , to bunger one against the

διά-πειρα, ή, an experiment, trial.

δια-πειράομαι, fut. άσομαι [ā]: aor. I -επειράθην: pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:—to make trial or proof of a thing: c. gen. to have experience of a thing.

δια-πείρω, f.  $-\pi\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ , to drive through.

δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send about in different directions. II. to send over or across.

διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.

διαπεπείραμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.

διαπεπολεμήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.

διαπέπυσμαι, pf. of διαπυνθάνομαι.

δια-περαίνω, fut. ἄνῶ, to bring to an end. δια-περαιόω, f. ώσω, to take across, ferry over:—

Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. to draw entirely out of the sheath.

διαπεράναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.

δια-περάω, f. άσω [ā]: to go over or across, to

pass: to pass through.

δια-πέρθω, f. πέρσω: aor 2 διέπραθον, Ep. inf. διαπραθέειν: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—to destroy utterly, to sack, waste.

διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.

διαπεσείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.

διαπεσείσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.

δια-πέταμαι, = διαπέτομαι.

δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. --πετάσω[ἄ]:--to open and spread out.

δια-πέτομαι, fut. -πτήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 -επτόμην οτ -επτάμην: Dep.:--to fly through. 2. to fly away, vanish.

διαπεύσομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.

διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάζω.

διαπέφράδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.

δια-πήγνῦμι, f.  $-\pi \eta \xi \omega$ : aor. I med. διεπηξάμην:—to fasten together.

δια-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap through or across.

intr. to make a leap.

δια-πίαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (διά, πίων) to make very fat. δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμ-

πλημι), to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.

δια-πίνω, f. -πίσμαι, to drink against one another, challenge at drinking.  $[\bar{i}]$ 

δια-πίπτω, f.-πεσοῦμαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):—
to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly,
go quite wrong, turn out ill.

δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence:—Pass.

to bave a thing entrusted one.

δια-πλέκω, f.  $f\omega$ , to interweave, weave together. It to weave asunder, i.e. unweave; διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον to end the web or tissue of one's life.

διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of

δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail through.

δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. to spar or skirmish with. δια-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break in pieces, split, cleave.

διάπλοος, contr.-πλους, δ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing across, passing over.

II. as Subst., διάπλους, δ, a voyage across, passage.

2. a channel.

δι-απλόω, f. ώσω, (διά, άπλόοι) to unfold.

δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: 201. I διέπνευσα:—to blow through, refresh, revive. II. to breathe at intervals, revive. III. Pass. to evaporate.

δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἴλω, to variegate, adorn.

διαπολεμέω, f. ήσω, to carry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare. 2. to carry on the war. II. to force from another by war. Hence

δια-πολέμησις, εως, ή, a finishing of the war.

δια-πολίορκέω, f. ήσω, to bestege to the end, to blockade.

δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, to carry the procession to an end.

2. to carry all round.

διαπομπή, ή, (διαπέμπω) a sending backwards and forwards: negotiation.

δια-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work out with labour, Lat. elaborare: to practise:—Pass. to be administered: also to be troubled.

II. intr. to work hard, toil.

διά-πονος, ον, having gone through many labours. δια-πόντιος, ον, (διά, πόντος) beyond seas, foreign, Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.

διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονος, laboriously.

δια-πορεύω, f. σω, to carry across. II Pass., with fut. med.  $-\epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma \rho \mu \alpha$ , acr. I pass.  $\delta \iota \epsilon \pi \sigma \rho \epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \eta \nu$ : to go through, pass along.

δι-απορέω, f. ήσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. 1

 $\delta_{i\eta}$ πορήθην:—to be quite at a loss.

δια-πορθέω, f. ήσω, = διαπέρθω, to ruin utterly. δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry over or across: to carry a message; διαπορθμεύειν ποταμύν, of ferry-boats, to ply across a river.

δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. to treat of thoroughly.

διαπράθέειν, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of διαπέρθω.

δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:
—to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish
one's way across.
2. to bring about, effect: Med,
to effect for oneself, gain one's point.
3. to make
an end of, slay.

διαπρεπής, έs, eminent, conspicuous. From

δια-πρέπω, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinguished above others.

διαπρεπώς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, conspicuously: Sup. διαπρεπέστατα.

δια-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep to send embassies to different places.

δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.

δια-πρίω [τ]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι:
—to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart;
διαπρίειν τοὺς ὁδόντας to gnash the teeth:—Med. to
gnash with the teeth.

διαπρό, Adv. thoroughly.

δια-πρύσιος, α, ον, (διαπεράω) going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύσιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-stretching; πρών πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηκώς a hill running far into the plain. 3. manifest.

διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ήσω: Ep. aor. 1 διεπτοίησα:--to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσεω, f. εω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτυχή, ή, (διά, πτυχή) a fold, folding leaf. δια-πτύω, f. ύσω [τ], to spit upon, despise utterly.

δια-πυκτεύω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι: aor. 2 -επυθόμην:—to search out by questioning.

διά-πύρος, ον, (διά, πῦρ) red-bot: bot, fiery. Hence διαπυρόω, f. ώσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell publicly.

διάραι, aor. I inf. of διαίρω.

διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω. δι-ἄράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break through, strike through.

δι-άργεμος, ov, flecked or spotted with white.

δι-αρθρόω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, 2. to complete in detail, describe to articulate. distinctly.

δι-αριθμέω, f. ήσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δι-αρκέω, f. έσω, to bave full strength: to endure, II. to nourish. Hence bold out, prevail.

διαρκήs, έs, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κωs, Sup. -έστατα, in complete competence.

δι-αρμόζω or -ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπαγή, ή, plunder. From

δι-αρπάζω, fut. άσομαι: (for the tenses, v. άρπάζω): -to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρράγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι. διαρράγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

διαρ-ραίω, f. σω: aor. I διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην: pf. -ερρύηκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak: - pf. part. διερρυηκώς, gap-II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. δήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:-Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (δι $\epsilon$ ρ $\hat{\omega}$ , διαρρηθήναι) expressly, dis-

διαρρήξας, aor. I part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρ-ριμμα, ατος, τό, a casting about. From διαρρίπτασκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρ-II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to throw, fling, burl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ή, a throwing about, scattering. διαρροή, ή, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρ-ροθέω, f. ήσω, to roar or rustle through. διάρροια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ροιζέω, f. ήσω, to whizz through. διαρρύδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρύηναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω. διαρρυήσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ,  $\hat{\omega}$ γος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

δι-αρτάμέω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces.

δι-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf.  $-\sigma \epsilon \sigma \eta \rho a$ , to grin like a snarling dog. δια-σαλάκωνίζω, strengthd. for σαλακωνίζω. διάσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of διάδω.

δια-σαφέω, f. ήσω, (διά, σαφήs) to make quite manifest. δια-σαφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σείω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασείειν τη οὐρα to keep wagging with the tail. II. to barass, oppress. found.

δια-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσσύμην [v], 3 sing. διέσσυτο. Pass.:-to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ανώ, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ον. (διά, σημα) quite clear, distinct.

Διάσια, τά, (Διόε) the feast of Jupiter at Athens. δια-στωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to remain silent. trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-σκανδικίζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in. δια-σκεδάννυμι, f.-σκεδάσω [α], Att.-σκεδω: 201. I -εσκέδἄσα: — to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of foreg.

δια-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to set in order:-Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself. διασκέψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω

δια-σκηνάω or -έω, f. ήσω; and δια-σκηνόω, f. ώσω: -to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to bis quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκίδνημι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse. δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from τοοτ σκέπτομαι): pf. -έσκεμμαι:--to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep

watching. δια-σκοπιάομαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):-to look out

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion. -σμέω: f. ήσω:-to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήχω, f. ξω, to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sopbist.

διασπάρακτός, ή, όν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπάράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπάρηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω. δια-σπάω, f. άσω or more commonly άσομαι: (for the tenses, v. σπάω): to tear asunder, part, Lat. divellere: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate: - Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

δια-σπείρω, f. ερώ, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: II. to separate. to squander.

διασπορά, ή, (διασπείρω) dispersion.

δι-ασσω, διαττω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δια-σταθμάσμαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to order by rule,

regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of διίστημι. διάστάσις, εως, ή, (διαστηναι) a standing apart: distance, an interval. 2. disagreement, dissension. δια-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fortify with stakes or a palisade.

δια-στείχω, aor. 2 διέστιχον, to go through or across: to continue.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, to separate, to distinguish, II. to command, give orders. determine.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an interval. διαστήτην, Ep. for διεστήτην, 3 dual agr. 2 of

διτστημι δια-στίλβω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to gleam or dawn through.

δια-στοιβάζω, f. άσω, to stuff in between. δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to apportion re-

gularly.

διαστολή, ή, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference. δια-στρατηγέω, f. ήσω, to serve as a general.

δια-στρέφω, f.  $\psi\omega$ : (for the tenses, v.  $\sigma\tau\rho\epsilon\phi\omega$ ):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:-Pass. to be distorted, to bave one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence διάστροφος, ον, distorted: metaph. perverted.

δια-σύρω, pf. -σεσύρκα, to tear in pieces: to worry,

disparage.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder,

to slaughter.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, άγος, ή, (διασφάζω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ήσω, to scatter from or as from a sling:-Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόομαι, pf. -εσφήκωμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to cleave asunder:—Pass., aor. I  $\delta \iota \epsilon \sigma \chi i \sigma \theta \eta \nu$ , to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχών, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώζω, f. -σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory: - Med. to preserve to oneself: - Pass. to come safe through; διασώζεσθαι είs... or πρόs..., to come safe to a place.

δια-σωπάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dor. for διασιωπάω. δια ταγεύω, f. σω, (διά, ταγός) to arrange. διατάγή, η̂ε, ή, (διαταγηναι) a disposition.

διατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εως, ή, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement; esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-ταράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to throw into great confusion, confound.

δια-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω:--Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην, aor. 2 -ετάγην [ă]: pf. -τέταγμαι:--to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately. 2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:-Med., aor. 1 part. in pass. sense διαταξάμενοι posted in battle order:-Pass. to be in battle II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυμμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τείνω, f.-τεν $\hat{\omega}$ :—Pass, aor. I -ετάθην [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pf. -τέταμαι (for the tenses, v. τείνω):-to stretch out, stretch to the full: -Med. to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive bard: to maintain stoutly.

δια-τειχίζω, f. ίσω, Att. τω: to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a

wall. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off. δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out. δια-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, f. έσω, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια-τελής, ές, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent. δια-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω:  $f. - τεμ\hat{\omega}$ : (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):-to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part.—Pass, διατμηθήναι λέπαδνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω.

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετράνω, Ion. -τετρανέω and

-τρήσω.-to bore through, make a hole in. δια-τήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), to soften or melt by beat:

-Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, to melt entirely, thaw. δια-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely. II. (sub.

ξαυτόν), to keep oneself from, abstain from.

διατί; for διά τι, wherefore? Lat. quamobrem? δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:--Pass., aor. I διετέθην: pf διατέθειμαι: —to place separately, arrange. to dispose, manage: to treat:-Pass. to be disposed of, treated. 3. to set forth: to recite. to set out for sale, dispose of. 2. to settle mutually; διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise.

δια-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour greatly.

δια-τίνάσσω, f. fw, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. τινάξομαι is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, a,  $o\nu$ , = τινθαλέος.

δια-τμήγω, aor. I - έτμηξα: aor. 2 - έτμαγον, pass. -ετμάγην, Ep. 3 pl. διέτμαγεν:--Ep. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever; διέτμαγεν έν φιλότητι they parted friends: absol they were scattered abroad.

διατμήξαι, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω

δια-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot through or across: -- Med. to contend in shooting with.

διάτορος, ον, pass., pierced.

διατράγειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of διατρώγω.

δια-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn, divert, dissuade:-Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, aor. I med. -ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. -ετράπην: --to turn or be diverted from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, f. θρέψω, to maintain, support throughout. δια-τρέχω, f.  $-\theta$ ρέξομαι: (for the tenses, v.  $\tau$ ρέχω): -to run through or over: metaph, to exhaust.

intr. to run about, Lat. discurrere.

δια-τρέω, f. έσω, to run trembling about, flee all ways. διατρίβή, ή, a wearing away, a spending of time. 3. serious employment, a pastime, amusement. 4. a way of life, study: a discussion, argument. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of living. time, delay. From

δια-τρίβω [τ]: f. ψω:--Pass., aor. 2 διετρίβην [τ]: pf. διατέτριμμαι:-to rub between; χερσί διατρίψας: -to rub away, consume: to waste, destroy. metaph. to spend time, live. 2. to busy, employ 3. to waste time, delay. III. to put oneself. off by delay, thwart, binder. Hence

διατριπτικός, ή, όν, dilatory.

διά-τρίχα, Adv. in three ways.

διά-τροπος, ov, various in dispositions. διατροφή, ή, (διατρέφω) sustenance, support.

δια-τροχάζω, f. σω, of a horse, to trot.

δια-τρύγιος, ον, (διά, τρύγη) planted with vines, ripening one after the other.

διατρύφείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τρώγω, f. - τρώξομαι: 201. 2 δι έτρα γον: - to nibble, gnaw through.

δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διάξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δι-αυγάζω, f. σω, to shine through, dawn.

δι-αυγής, ές, (διά, αὐγή) transparent, radiant.

διαυλο-δρόμης, ου, δ, (δίαυλος, δρόμος) a runner in the race.

δί-auλos, δ, (δίε, aὐλόε) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., δίαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. fluctus reciproci. a strait.

διαφάγειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to bite through. From Hence διαφάδην [ă], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly.

δια-φαίνω, f.  $-\phi$ αν $\hat{\omega}$ : (for the tenses, v.  $\phi$ αίν $\omega$ ):—to shew through, make to shine through. II. Pass., 201. 2  $-\epsilon \phi \dot{a} \nu \eta \nu [\breve{a}]$ , to be seen, appear through. glow, to be red-bot. 3. metaph. to be proved: to superior, excellent. III. intr. in Act. able. be conspicuous among others. 2. to be transparent. Hence

διαφάνήs, έs, seen through, transparent. 2. glowing, red-bot. II. metaph. well-known, manifest: variance. illustrious: - Adv. -vŵs, manifestly.

δια-φαύσκω, Ion. -φώσκω: (διά, φάος):-to shew wall. light through, dawn.

δια-φεγγής, έε, (διά, φέγγοε) transparent.

δια-τόρος, ον, act. piercing: of sound, thrilling. II. | διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω. differently from: especially, extremely.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from \*οἴω:--aor. Ι διήνεγκα, Ιοη. διήνεικα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from \* ενέγκω: (v. φέρω):-to carry over or across. 2. to carry different ways: to tear asunder; διαφέρειν την ψηφον to give their votes a different way, i e. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph. to disperse reports. 3. to carry through, bring to perfection. 4. to bear through, endure, go through with. 5. absol. to continue, to II. intr. to differ, to be different from. impers., διαφέρει μοι it makes a difference to me, où διαφέρει it makes no difference; τα διαφέροντα points of difference. 3. to be different from a man, to surpass, excel him. III. Pass. to differ or be at variance with, quarrel with.

δια-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έφὕγον: pf. -πέφευγα: (v φεύγω):—to flee through, get away, escape. Hence

διάφευξις, εως, ή, an escaping, means of escape.

δια-φημίζω, f. ίσω, to make known, publish. δια-φθείρω, f. -φθερῶ Ep. -φθέρσω: pf. -έφθαρκα:

-to destroy utterly, kill: generally, to spoil, barm. 2. to lead astray, corrupt, ruin: esp. to bribe: to seduce. II. Pass., fut. -φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. -φθαροῦμαι, Ιοη. -φθερέομαι: 20r. 2 -εφθάρην [ἄ]: pf.  $-\epsilon \phi \theta \alpha \rho \mu \alpha i :$ —to be destroyed, go to ruin, perisb: esp. to be disabled: διεφθαρμένος corrupt. the perf. διέφθορα is sometimes intr. to be deranged, mad: also to be dead. Hence

διαφθορά, ή, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. Ιχθύσιν διαφθορά a prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορεύς, έως, δ, a corrupter, seducer.

δι-αφίημι, f. ήσω, to dismiss, disband.

δια-φοιβάζω, f. σω, to drive mad:—Pass. to rave. δια-φοιτάω, Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, to wander abroad, run

about: to get abroad.

διαφορά, ή, (διαφέρω) difference, distinction. . 2. variance, disagreement. II. distinction, excellence. III. advantage, profit.

δια-φορέω, f. ήσω, to drag about, spread abroad. 2. to carry off as plunder, to plunder: also to rend in pieces, destroy. II. to carry through or across.

διαφόρησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a plundering.

διάφορος, ον, (διαφέρω) different, unlike. 2. 2. to differing with another: at variance with. II. 2. advantageous, profit-III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, difference: disagreement.

> διαφόρωs, Adv. of διάφοροs, variously. 2. at 3. excellently.

διάφραγμα, ατος, τό, (διαφράσσω) a partition-II. the membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγνυμι, = διαφράσσω.

δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 δι-επέφραδον.

δια-φράσσω, f. ξω, to separate by a fence.

δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.

δια-φυγγάνω, =  $\delta$ ιαφεύγω.

διαφυγή, ή, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.

διαφυή, ή, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.

δια-φυλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch vigilantly,

preserve: keep, maintain.

δια-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to blow or breathe through. II. to blow away: Pass. to be scattered to the winds, vanish.

δι-ἄφύσσω, f. ξω: 20τ. I διήφὕσα:—to draw out, draw off II. to tear up, rend.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II. Pass, with aor. 2 act. διέφῦν, pf. διαπέφῦκα:—to in-

tervene; χρόνος διέφυ time elapsed.
δια-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.

δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφαύσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw. δια-χάλάω, f. άσω [ă]:—to loosen: to open, un-

bar. II. to make supple by exercise.

δια-χάσκω, to gape wide, yawn.

διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to pass the winter.

δια-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to have in hand, conduct, manage. Hence

διαχείρισις, εως, ή, management, administration. δια-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to choose between two persons or things by show of bands, or by open vote. Hence διαχειροτονία, ή, a choice between two persons or

thuras

δια-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχενα:—to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to confound.

II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed.

δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.

δια-χόω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχοῦν τὸ χῶμα to complete the mound.

δια-χράομαι, f. ήσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησείται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under. II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.

πια τ. αυτ. pers. to destroy, stay. δια-χρέφμαι Ion. subj. δια-χρέφμαι, Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέφμαι, Ion. subj. δια-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across. δια-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or pass through: impers., κάτω διεχώρει αὐτοῖs they labouted under diarrhoea.

δια-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to separate.

δια-ψαίρω, to sweep away, blow away.

δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, to deceive utterly. II. διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διέψευσμαι:—to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

διαψηφίσις, εως, ή, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. fω, to cool, refresb: of ships, to baul bigb and dry: to make water-tight.

δί-βολος, ον, (δίς, βάλλω) two-pointed. [1] δί-γληνος, ον, (δίς, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.

δί-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (δίε, γλώσσα) speaking two languages Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., δίγλωσσος, δ, an interpreter.

II. double-tongued.

δί-γονος, ον, (δίς, \*γένω) twice-born :-twin; double.

δίδαγμα, ατος, τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson.

διδάκκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.

διδακτικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

δίδακτός, ή, όν, (δίδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of persons, taught, instructed.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.

δίδαξις, εως, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.

δίδασκάλειον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school. δίδασκάλια, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, training. II. the rehearsing of a drama; cf. διδάσκω II. δίδασκάλικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching. in-

structive. Adv. - κωs, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.

δίδάσκαλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμέναι, -έμεν, Εp. inf. of διδάσκω. δίδασκήσαι, poet. for διδάξαι, aor. I inf. of

διδάσκω, fut. διδάςω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδασκέω): pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal form of \*δάω) —to teach; with double acc., iπποσύνας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδαχή, ή, teaching: doctrine.

δίδημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter  $\cdot$  3 pl. pres. διδέσοι  $\cdot$  3 sing. imperf. δίδη, Ep. for έδίδη.

διδοῖs or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδόω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep forms for διδόναι, inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδου, 2 sing imperat. and Ep. 3 sing impf. of δίδωμ, formed from \*διδύω: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω, fut. δράσομαι [ā]: pf. δέδρāκα: 201. 2 έδρāν, inf. δράναι, part. δράς, imperat. δράθι, subj. δρώ, opt. δραίην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρήσομαι, 201. 2 έδρην. (\*δράω):—to run away, escape.

δί-δραχμος, ον, (δίς, δράχμη) of two drachms; δίδραχμοι όπλιται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day. II. δίδραχμον, τό, a double drachm, = half a

chekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem. διδύμ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, τό, (δίδυμος, ἀνήρ) touching

both the men. [ā]
διδυμά-τόκος, ον, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (δίδυμος, τεκείν) bearing twins.

διδύμάων, ονος, ό, ή, (δίδυμος) a twin-brother. [ā] δίδυμνος, poet. for δίδυμος.

v. sub  $\delta i \kappa \eta$ .

self. vote oneself.

δίδŭμος,  $\eta$ , ον, or os, ον, (δίε) double, twofold; δίδυμος κασίγνητος a twin-brother; δίδυμοι twins. διδώην, = διδοίην, opt. of δίδωμι. δίδωθι, Ep. for δίδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι. δίδωμι, fut. δώσω: aor. I έδωκα: aor. 2 έδων: pf. δέδωκα: - Med., aor. 2 ἐδόμην: - Pass., fut. δοθήσομαι: 20τ. 2 ἐδόθην: pf. δέδομαι: (\*δόω):—to give,give freely, present :- in pres. and impf. to offer. of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or 3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give sanction. up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents, 5. διδόναι ξαυτόν to give their daughter to wife. Tivi to put oneself in his power. 6. διδόναι δίκην, II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause

that; δός με τίσασθαι give me to avenge my-III. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, de-

διδύμο-γενής, έs, (δίδυμος, \*γένω) twin-born.

διδών, part. of δίδωμι, formed from \*διδόω.

διδώσω, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

διε, vocat. of διοs, godlike.

δίε, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of δίω.

διέβην, 201. 2 ος διαβαίνω

διεβίων, 201. 2 of διαβιόω.

διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.

δι-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to give bail for: Med. to take bail for: - Pass. to be bailed, set free on his security.

δι-εγείρω, to arouse: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, be was aroused, awaked.

διεγερθείs, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.

διέγνων, 20r. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.

διεδασάμην, aor. I of διαδατέομαι.

διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, 201. 1 of διαδείκνυμι.

διεδηλησάμην, 20r. I of διαδηλέομαι.

διεδίδοτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διεδόθην, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διέδραμον, 2 of διατρέχω. διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.

διέδυν, 201. 2 of διαδύω or διαδύομαι.

διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διείργω.

διέζην, impf. of διαζάω.

διέζωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι. διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.

διεθείωσα, aor. I of διαθειόω.

διέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.

διείδον, inf. διϊδείν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish.

διείλεγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.

διειλημμένωs, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω, distinctly, precisely.

διείληφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διείλον, aor. 2 of διαιρέω.

δί-ειμι, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, είμι ibo):—to go about: to go away. II. c. acc. to pass or go through: hence to discuss a subject.

δι-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being used instead); inf. διειπείν, poët. διαειπείν: fut. διερω:

pf. διείρηκα: (διά, είπον):—to tell at length, detail, II. to speak one with another, converse. δι-είργω, f. ξω: Ep. and Ion. διέργω, Ep. also διεέργω:—to keep asunder or apart: to keep off. intr. to lie between.

διείρηκα, used as pf. of διειπείν, to say clearly. δι-είρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, to question closely.

δι-ειρύω, Ion. for δι-ερύω, to draw across.

δι-είρω: aor. Ι διείρσα: perf. διείρκα:-- to pass or draw a thing through.

δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, είρων, ξένος) dissembling with one's guests.

δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.

διεκάναξα, aor. I of διακανάσσω.

διεκέκριτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of διακρίνω. διεκλάπην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.

δι-εκπεραίνω, f. ανω, to bring quite to an end. δι-εκπεράω, f. ήσω and άσω, to pass out through. II.

to pass by, overlook.

δι-εκπλέω, f. –  $\pi$ λεύσομαι: Ion. –  $\pi$ λώω, aor. I – έπλωσa:—to sail out through: to sail out. naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing through it. Hence

διέκπλοος, contr. διέκπλους, δ, a sailing across or 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight.

δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω. δι-έκριθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl aor. I pass. of διακρίνω.

δι-έκροος, δ, (διά, ἐκρέω) a channel through.

διέλάθον, 201. 2 of διαλανθάνω. II. a charge διέλασις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a driving through.

or exercise of cavalry. From

δι-ελαύνω, fut. διελάσω, Att. διελώ: (for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω):—to drive through or across: to thrust through. II. intr. to drive or ride through.

διελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαιρέω.

διελέλειπτο, plapf. pass. of διαλείπω.

διελέλοιπα, pf. of διαλείπω.

διελεξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι. διελεύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.

διελέχθην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.

διελθείν, Ep. διελθέμεν, aur. 2 inf of διέρχομαι.

διέλζπον, 201. 2 of διαλείπω.

δι-έλκω, fut.  $-\epsilon \lambda \kappa \dot{v} \sigma \omega [\ddot{v}]$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \dot{\iota} \lambda \kappa \ddot{v} \sigma \alpha (v. \ddot{\epsilon} \lambda \kappa \omega)$ : —to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τοὺs ὀφθαλ-2. to pull through. μού**s**. 3. to keep on drinking.

διελύθην [τ], aor. I pass. of διαλύω. διελυμάνθην, aor. I of διαλυμαίνομαι.

ΔΙΈΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from \*δίημι) to speed, press on. διεμαρτύρω [v], 2 sing. aor. 1 of διαμαρτύρομαι.

διέμεινα, 201. Ι οf διαμένω.

δι-εμπολάω, fut. hoω: pass. pf. διημπόλημαι:—to make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray. δι ενέγκαι, Ion. -ενείκαι, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω:

διενεγχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass.

δι-ενθυμέσμαι, Med. to think within oneself.

δι-ενιαυτίζω, f. ίσω, (διά, ένιαυτός) to live out the year. δίενται, 3 pl. of δίεμαι.

δι-εντέρευμα, ατος, τό, (διά, ἔντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness. δι-εξάτσσω contr. -άσσω Att. -άττω: fut. άξω: to rush or spring forth.

δι-έξειμι, (διά, έξειμι) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.

δι-εξελαίνω, f. -ελάσω [ἄ] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive through. II. intr. to ride or march through or across. δι-εξελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.

δι-εξερέομαι, to question closely.

δι-εξερευνάω, f. ήσω, to examine closely.

δι-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελείσομαι: aor.  $2- \hat{η}λθον$ : pf. -ελήλδθα: (cf. έρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through get to the end of. 2. to go through in order: to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.

δι-εξηγέομαι, strengthd. for έξηγέομαι.

δι-εξίημι, f. ήσω, to let go through, give free passage.

II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), of a river, to empty itself.

διεξίμεναι, Ep. inf. of διέξειμι.

δι-ξόδος, ή, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit. II. a full account.

δι-εξυφαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to finish the web. δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout. δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout. διεπειράθην [α], αοτ. 1 ο διαπειράομαι. διεπεραιώθην, αοτ. ο διαπεραιώω. διεπέρασα, αοτ. 1 ο διαπεράω. διεπέρράδον, Ερ. αοτ. 2 ο διαφράζω. διέπλεξα, αοτ. 1 ο διαπλέκω. διέπλευσα, αοτ. 1 ο διαπλέω. διέπνευσα, αοτ. 1 ο διαπνέω. διέπνευσα, αοτ. 1 ο διαπνέω. διέπορεύθην, αοτ. 1 ο διαπορεύομαι.

διέπράθον, -όμην, 201. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω. διεπτάμην or -όμην, 201. 2 of διαπέταμαι.

διεπτοίησα, Ερ. 201. Ι ο διαπτοέω.

διέπτυξα, aor. I of διαπτύσσω.

διεπύθόμην, 201. 2 of διαπυνθάνομαι.
δι-έπω f. you to manage order arrange

δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.
δι-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: plo

δι-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: plqpf. -ειργάσμην: lon. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμην: aor. I pass. ειργάσθην: Dep.:—to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it. II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also plqpf. in pass. sense, διέργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined.

δι-έργω, Ep and Ion. for διείργω.

δι-ερείδω, f. σω, to prop up: — Med. to lean upon. δι-ερέσσω, fut. διερέσω: aor. I διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα: — to row about, χεροί διερέσσειν to swim: to swing about.

δι-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search through, examine closely.

Hence

διερευνητής, οῦ, ὁ, a scout or vidette. διερμηνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an interpreter. From δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound. δι-έρομαι, Ερ. for διείρομαι. **ΔΙΕΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid. δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.

διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. 1 and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι. διερρύηκα, διερρύην, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρέω.

δι-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ηλδον: Dep.: —to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.

διερώ, used as fut. of διείπον.

δι-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to cross-question, to question continually.

δίεσθαι, inf. of δίεμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δίω. δι-εσθίω, fut. διέδομαι, to eat through.

διεσκέδασα, aor. Ι ος διασκεδάννυμι. διέσκεμμαι, pf. ος διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμ-

μένως, Adv. of the part, prudently, considerately. διεσκόρπισμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.

διεσπάρην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.

διέσπάσα, διεσπάσθην, aor. I act. and pass of διασπάω

διέσπασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπάω. διέσπειρα, aor. I of διασπείρω.

διέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασεύομαι.

διεστειλάμην, 20r. I med. of διαστέλλω

δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of διίστημι.

διέστιχον, aor. 2 of διαστείχω.

διέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.

διεστράφην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.

δι-εστώς, perf. part. of διίστημι. διεσφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκόομαι.

διέσχε, 3 sing. 2 or 2 of διέχω.

διέσχίσα, διεσχίσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of σχίζω. διέταξα, aor. 1 of διατάσσω.

διεταράχθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαταράσσω.

διετεθρύλητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of διαθρυλέω.

δι-ετής, ές, (δίς, έτος) of two years: two years old. δι-ετήσιος, ον, (διά, έτος) lasting through the year.

δι-ετία, ή, (διετήs) the space of two years.
διέτισχες Ερ for διετμήσταση 2 pl 401 2 p

διέτματν, Ερ. for διετμάτησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. οἰ διατμήτω: διέτματον, aor. 2 act.

διέτμαξεν, Dor. for διέτμητεν, aor. 1 of διατμήγω. δι-ετράπόμην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. οί διατρέπω.

δι-ευκρίνέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εὐκρινήs) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.

δι-ευλάβέομαι, Dep. to take good beed, beware of. δι-ευνάω, f. άσω, to lay asleep.

δι-ευτύχεω, f. ήσω, (διά, εὐτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper throughout.

διεφάνην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.

δι-εφθάρατο, Ion. for διεφθαρμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφθάρην [ἄ], 20τ. 2 of διαφθείρω. δι-έφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω. διέφυγον, 20τ. 2 of διαφεύγω.

δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep apart, divide.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant :- of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ'ZHMAI, Ep. 2 sing. δίζηαι: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the III. c. inf. to demand or require meaning of. tbat.

δίζομαι, =  $\delta$ ίζημαι.

δί-ζύγος, ον, and δίζυξ, ύγος, ό, ή, (δίε, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

 $\Delta I'Z\Omega$ , Ep. impf.  $\delta i\zeta ov$ , to be in doubt, at a loss. δί-ζωος, ον, (δίς, ζωή) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ή, Ion. for διαβολία. διήγαγον, aor. 2 of διάγω.

διήγγειλα, aor. I of διαγγέλλω.

δι-ηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full. διήγησιε, εωε, ή, (διηγέομαι) narration, the state-

ment of the case.

δι-ηέριος, ον, Ion. for διαέριος, through the air. δι-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain through, filter, sift. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans, of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διήκονος, Ion. for διακ-.

διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω

διηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ion. for διακόσιοι.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζω. διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλόω.

δι-ήκω, f. ξω, to go through, extend along or between. II. to pervade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. I of διελαύνω. διήλθον, aor. 2 of διέρχομαι.

δι-ηλίφής, έε, (διά, ἀλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of διαλ-

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διήμαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρ-

δι-ημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ήμέρα) to pass the whole

διημιλλήθην, aor. I of διαμιλλάομαι.

διήνεγκα, aor. I of διαφέρω: whence

δι-ηνεκής, έs, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκέωε, Att. -κω̂s, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

δι-ήνεμος, ον, (διά, ἄνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοίχθην, aor. I pass. of διανοίγω.

διήντλησα, aor. I of διαντλέω.

διήνύσα, διήνϋκα, aor. I and pf. of διανύω.

διηξα, aor. I of διαίσσω: but διήξα aor. I of διήκω.

διήξα, aor. I of διάσσω, contr. for διαίσσω. διηπορήθην, 201. I pass. of διαπορέω.

δι-ηπόρουν, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. I of διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. I of διερέσσω.

διηρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαιρέω.

διηρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω.

δι-ήρης, ες, (δίς, \*άρω) double; διήρες μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρουν, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. I of διαρθρόω. διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

δίηται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of δίω.

διήτησα, διητήθην, aor. I act. and pass of διαιτάω. διήφυσα, 20r. I of διαφύσσω.

δι-θάλασσος Att. -ττος, ον, (δίς, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimaris.

δί-θηκτος, ον, (δίε, θήγω) twice-sharpened, twoedged.

δί-θρονος, ον, (δίς, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθυραμβο-ποιός, ὁ, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a dithyrambic boet.

διθύραμβοs, δ, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith, of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δί-θυρσος, ον, (δίς, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Διτ, dat. of Zeύs; v. \*Δis.

διϊδείν, inf. of διείδον.

δι- τημι, fut. - ήσω: (for the tenses, v. τημι):-to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust II. to dismiss, disband. tbrough. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-τθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ϊκνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: 2 - ικόμην: Dep.: to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

Διι-πετής, έε, (Διόε, \*πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, 1. e. from beaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, beaven-sent, divine, boly, pure.

Διι-πέτης, ες, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διϊστέον, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire. δι-tστημι, f. διαστήσω: 201. Ι διέστησα: -to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plapf. -εστήκειν:-to stand apart, to be 2. to differ, be at variance, quardivided: hence 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at rel. III. aor. 1 med. certain distances or intervals. διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

δι-ισχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II.

to affirm confidently.

διέχθαι, perf. inf. of διϊκνέομαι.

δικάζω, fut. δικάσω contr. δικώ: aor. I εδίκασα:-Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσομαι: aor. 1 εδίκάσθην: pf. δεδίκασμαι: (δίκη): I. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. 10 decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a II. Med. to plead, speak before the decision. judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δίκαία, ή, poët. for δίκη.

δικαιεύν, Ion. for δικαιούν, inf. of δικαιόω: δικαιεθσι, Ion. for δικαιοῦσι, 3 pl. pres.

δίκαιο-κρίσία, ή, (δίκαιος, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαιό-πολις, εως, δ, ή, (δίκαιος, πόλις) just in public dealings.

δίκαιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (δίκη) observant of right, righteous, just. II. equal, even: strict, exact. III. right, lawful, just. 2. fair, moderate.—In phrase δίκαιός είμι, with the infin., I am bound to do, I have a right to do.

δικαιοσύνη, ή, justice, righteousness.

δικαιότης, ητοs,  $\dot{η}$ , = δικαιοσύνη.

δίκαιδω, fut. ώσω and ώσομα: —Pass., aor. I ἐδικαιώθην: (δίκαιοs):—to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do. II. to judge: to condemn: to punish. III. to make just, hold guiltless, justify. Hence

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, an act of justice, the making good a wrong. 2. an acquittal, act of justification. II. a plea of right, just claim.

δικαίως, Adv. of δίκαιος, justly, rightly.

δικαίωσις, εως, ή, a setting right, doing justice to punishment. II. a claim, demand of right. III. judgment, good pleasure.

δικάν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικανικός, ή, όν, (δίκη) belonging to trials, judicial. II. skilled in law, lawyer-like.

δι-κάρηνος, ον, (δίς, κάρηνον) two-beaded.

δικασ-πόλος, ὁ, (δίκη, πολέω) a law-giver, judge. δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, a little court of justice.

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) a court of justice.

δικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δικάζω) a judge or juror.

δικαστικός, ή, όν, (δικάζω) of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}s$ .

ΔΙΚΕΙΎΝ, inf. of ἔδικον, an aor. with no pres. in

use, to throw, hurl.

δί-κελλα, ης, ή, (δίς, κέλλω) a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.

δι-κέραιος, ον, (δίς, κεραία) two-borned, two-pointed. δί-κερως, gen. ωτος οτ ω, ό, ή, neut. δίκερων (δίς, κέρας) two-borned.

ΔI'KH, ή, right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner; ή γαρ δίκη ἐστὶ γερόντων for this is the manner of old men; acc. δίκην as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of. II. order, law, III. in plur. judgments: generally, a right. IV. an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution). 2. a trial. 3. the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge; δίκην or δίκας διδόναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment; δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην διώκειν to prosecute.

δίκη-φόρος, ον, (δίκη, φέρω) bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, δ, an avenger.

δίκίδιον, τό, Dim. of δίκη, a little trial.

δικλίε, ίδοε, ή, (δίε, κλίνω) double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδεε, αί, folding-doors.

δίκο-λέκτης, ου, ό, (δίκη, λέγω) a pleader.

δικο-λόγος,  $δ_i = δικολέκτη ε$ .

δικορ-ραφέω, (δίκη, ράπτω) to get up a law-suit.

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δίς, κορυφή) two-beaded.

δί-κρανος, ον, (δίς, κράνον) two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst, δίκρανος, δ, a pitchfork.

δι-κράτής, ές, (δίς, κράτος) colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.

δί-κροτος, ον, (δίς, κροτέω) double-beating: doubleoared, with two banks of oars on a side.

δικτυβολέω, f. ήσω, to cast the net. From

δικτύ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, δ, a fisherman.

δίκτυες, ol, unknown animals of Libya.

**Δίκτυνα** or **Δίκτυννα**, ή, (δίκτυον) epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) woven in mesbes; σπείραι δικτυόκλωστοι the net's mesby folds. ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, any net-work, a fishing-net: a bunting-net. Hence

δικτυόομαι, Pass. to be caught in a net.

δικωπέω, f. ήσω, to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and

δίκωπία, ή, a pair of sculls. From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δίε, κώπη) two-oared.

διλογέω, ή ήσω, (διλόγος) to say again, repeat. Hence διλογία, ή, repetition. From

δι-λόγοs, ον, (δίs, λέγω) saying twice, repeating. II. double-tongued, deceiful.

δί-λογχος, ον, (δίς, λόγχη) with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.

δί-λοφος, ον, (δίς, λόφος) with two crests.

διμοιρία, ή, a double share: double pay. From δί-μοιρος, ον, (δίς, μοῖρα) divided between two; as Subst., δίμοιρον, τό, a balf-drachma.

δίνεον, Ep impf. of δινέω.

δίνευμα, ατος, τό, anything whirled round: a whirl-

ing, dancing. From

δίνεψω, f. εύσω, aor. ι ἐδίνευσα; and δίνέω, f. ήσω, aor. ι ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. ι ἐδίνηθην, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle. II. intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about.

ΔΙΝΗ ή, a whirling: a whirlool. eddy: a whirl-

ΔΙ'NH, ή, a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind. Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, whirling, eddying. II. rounded. δινηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δινητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, whirled round. ΔΙΝΟΣ, δ, like δίνη, a whirl, eddy. 2. also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor. 3. a large round goblet.

δίνοω, f. ωσω, to turn with a lathe, to round.

δίνω, (δίνος) to thresh out.

δίνωτός, ή, όν, (δινόω) turned on the lathe, rounded: worked round.

διξός, ή, όν, Ion. for δισσός, double.

Διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δίε, Διόε) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like. δι-6, Conjunct. contr. for δι' δ, wherefore, on which account: therefore: with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat.

propter quod, propterea.

Δίο-βολος, ον, (Δίς, βάλλω) burled by Jove. Διο-γενέτωρ, opos, ο, (Δίς, γενέτωρ) giving birth to

Jove. Διο-γενής, ές, (Δίς, \*γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γνητος, ον, contr. for  $\Delta$ ιογένητος, =  $\Delta$ ιογένής  $\Delta$ ιό-γονος, ον, =  $\Delta$ ιογένής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, όδοιπόροs) to travel through. δί-οδος, ή, (διά, όδόs) a way through, thoroughfare, passage: the orbit of a star. 2. permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δίε) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οίγνυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίξω, to open.

δί-οιδα, pf. of διείδον, to know the difference, distin-

guisb, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ήσω: impf. διφκουν: aot. I διφκησα: pf. διφκηκα:—Pass., aot. I διφκήθην: pf. διφκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιφκημαι:—to manage, direct: conduct the affairs of a state: to treat or feed in a certain way.

II. to inhabit distinct places:—
Med. to live apart.

διοίκησις, εως, ή, bouse-keeping: management, government. II. a government: a province, a diocese. δι-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἴω, to make to live apart, to

disperse:-Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build across, wall off. διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must

move round. δι-οϊστεύω, f. σω, to sboot an arrow through.

διοίσω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

δίοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δίω.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go through: to wander about. δι-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -οίχημαι: Dep.:—to be quite gone by: of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished.

II. to be gone through, ended.

διοκωχή, ή, (δι-όκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation. δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip

through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι, fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολῶ: (for the tenses, v. δλλυμι):—to destroy utterly, bring to naught: to put out of mind: hence to forget, opp. to σώζω. It Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα: to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, δλου, Adv., altogether. δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομει-αλαζών, όνος, δ, (Διομεία, άλαζών) the braggart of the deme Diomeia.

**δι-όμντμι**, fut. -ομοῦμαι: 201. 1 med. -ωμοσάμην: to swear solemnly: to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to make an agreement: Pass. to be agreed on: Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

δίον, acc. of δίοs: but δίον Ep. for έδιον, impf. of δίω.

**Διονΰσιἄκόs**, ή, όν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

**Διόνῦσος**, δ, and poët. Διώνῦσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παιδος, δ, (Δίς, παῖς) son of Jove.

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

 $\Delta \omega - \pi \epsilon \tau \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $= \Delta \omega \pi \epsilon \tau \eta s$ .

διοπεύω, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From δίοπος, ὁ, (διέπω) a director, ruler: a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτεύω, f. σω, (διά, δψομαι) to watch accurately,

spy about: to gaze upon.

δι-οπτήρ, ήρος, δ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπτης, ου, δ, (διόψομαι) a looker through. δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυιος, ον, (δίς, όργυιά) two fathoms long.

δι-ορθεύω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-ορθόω, f. ώσω, to make straight: to set right: to make good, amend, correct, make amends for: to tell aright:—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction: amendment: and

διόρθωσις, εως, ή, a making straight, correcting,

amending of a fault: reformation. δι-ορίζω, Ion. -ουρίζω: f. ίσω, Att. τω: to divide

by limits, separate.

2. to distinguish, determine, define: to ordain.

Ex-terminare.

2. to distinguish, determine, define: to carry abroad, banish, Lat.

III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-όρνυμαι, Pass. to burry through.

διορύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From δι-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. δρύσσω): to dig through: metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one. Διος, δια, διον, (Δis) godlike, excellent, mighty; joined with a genit., δια θεάων, δια γυναικών, with supforce, most divine of goddesses, of women. 2. noble, honest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Διόs, gen. of Zεύs; v. \*Δis.

**Διόσ-δοτος**, ον, (Δίs, δίδωμι) given by Jove, beavensent.

**Διο-σημία, ή,** (Δίε, σημα) a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum: a portent.

Διόσ-κοροι, oi, Att. and poët. for Διόσκουροι: (Δίε, κόροε, κοῦροε): sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,

Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them the Twins, Lat. Gemini. The Dioscori were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. 1, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσ-κούρειον, τό, the temple of the Dioscuri.

δι-ότι, Conjunct. for δια τοῦτο ὅτι ..., for the reason that, since, Lat. quocirca, quamobrem. 2. indirect, wherefore, for what reason. 3. interrogat. wherefore? II. = ὅτι, that.

διο-τρεφής, ές, (Δίς, τρέφω) cherished by Jove.

δι-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ήσω, to annoy exceedingly.

δι-όψομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from \*διόπτομαι. δί-παις, παιδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δίς, παῖς) with two children;

θρηνος δίπαις a dirge chanted by one's two children.
δι-πάλαιστος, ον. (δίε, πάλαιστή) two palms broad.

δί-πάλαιστος, ον, (δίς, πάλλιστή) two paims broad. δί-παλτος, ον, (δίς, πάλλω) brandished with both bands; δίπαλτα ξίφη two-banded swords.

δί-πηχυς, υ, (δίε, πῆχυς) two cubits long, broad, etc. διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) to double:—Pass. to be doubled, to be made twofold.

ΙΙ. ιntr., τὸ διπλάζον κακόν

the twofold evil. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, a double-folded mantle or cloak. 2. δίπλακες are ship-planks (which double one over the other), and poet, for ships, like Lat. trabes. II. as Adj., folded double.

διπλασιάζω, f. άσω, to double. From

διπλάσιος, α, ον, Ιοη. διπλήσιος, η, ον, (δίs) double, twice as much, as many, etc.: τὸ διπλάσιον as much again. Adv. -ωs, doubly. Hence

διπλάσιόω, to double:—Pass. to become twofold. δί-πλεθρος, ον, (δίς, πλέθρον) two πλέθρα long or broad.

διπλη (sub. χλαίνα), ή, a cloak folded double.

διπλή, Adv. twice, twice over.

διπλοίζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοίs, ίδοs, ή, a double cloak. Hence

διπλόος, όη, όον, contr. διπλούς,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν, twofold, double. 2. doubled, bent double II. in plur. = άμφω or δύο, both, two. III. metaph. double-minded, treacherous, Lat. duplex, opp. to ἀπλοῦς. (From δισ-; see ἀπλόος.)

διπλός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ ,  $= \delta \iota \pi \lambda \dot{\phi} \sigma s$ : neut. Comp.  $\delta \iota \pi \lambda \dot{\phi} \tau \epsilon \rho \sigma \nu$ 

as Adv. twice as much.

διπλόω, f.  $\omega \sigma \omega$ , (διπλόοs) to double, bend double. II to repay twofold.

δι-πόδης, ες, (δίς, ποῦς) two feet long, broad, etc. Δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διϊπόλια, (Δίς, πόλις) an ancient festival of Jove at Athens. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, ες, (Διπόλεια, είδος) like the feast of

the Dipoleia, i. e. obsolete, out of date.

δί-πολος, ον, (δίς, πολέω) twice ploughed. δί-πορος, ον, (δίς, πόρος) with two passages.

δι-πότομος, ον, (δίς, ποταμός) lying between or on two rivers.

δί-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δίς, πούς) two-footed, Lat. bipes:—as Subst., δίπους, ὁ, a Libyan kind of mouse, the jerboa. II. two feet long, broad, etc.

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (δίς, πρόσωπον) two-faced.

δι-πτέρυγος, ον, (δίε, πτέρυξ) two-winged.

δί-πτύχος, ον, (δίε, πτυχή) folded together, doubled; δίπτυχον δελτίον a pair of tablets. II. = δισσύε, twofold, two, Lat. geminus.

δί-πύλος, ον, (δίς, πύλη) with two gates or entrances.

δί-πύρος, ον, (δίς, πῦρ) with double lights. δίρ-ρῦμος, ον, (δίς, ρῦμός) with two poles.

δίς, (δύο) Adv. twice, double.

-δις, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἄλλυδις, οἴκαδις, χαμάδις.

\* $\Delta \dot{\Gamma}'\Sigma$ , an old nom., =  $Z\epsilon \dot{\nu}s$ , which appears in the oblique cases  $\Delta \iota \dot{\sigma}s$ ,  $\Delta \iota \dot{\iota}$  contr.  $\Delta \dot{\iota}$ ,  $\Delta \dot{\iota} \alpha$ , and the Lat. Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis.

δίσ-āβos, ον, Dor. for δίσ-ηβos, twice young.

δίσ-ευνος, ον, (δίε, εὐνή) with two wives. δισ-θανής, έε, (δίε, θανεῖν) twice dead.

δισκεύω, f. σω, = δισκέω.

δισκέω, f. ήσω, (δίσκος) to pitch the quoit: generally, to throw, toss. Hence

δίσκημα, ατος, τό, a thing thrown. II. the pitching of a quoit.

δί-σκηπτρος, ον, (δίς, σκηπτρον) two-sceptred.

δίσκος, δ, (δικεῖν) a round plate, a quoit of stone; later of metal or wood.

II. anything like a quoit: a trencher: a mirror.

δίσκ-ουρα, τά, (δίσκος, οθρον) a quoit's cast.

δισ-μύριοι, αι, α, twenty thousand: sing. δισμύριοs, α, ον, with collective nouns, 2s, ἵππος δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

δισσ-άρχης, ου, δ, (δισσός, ἄρχω) partners in sway, joint-ruling.

δισσός Att. διττός Ion. διξός, ή, όν: (δίε): twofold, double: also divided, disagreeing, doubtful. δισσώς, Adv. of δισσός, doubly.

διστάζω, f. άσω, (δίs) to doubt, be at a loss.

δί-στιχος, ον, (δίε, στίξ) of two rows, lines, or verses: as Subst., δίστιχον, τό, an elegiac couplet.

δί-στολος, ον, (δίς, στέλλω) in pairs, two together. δί-στομος, ον, (δίς, στόμα) double-mouthed, with two entrances, double. II. of a weapon, two-edged.

δι-σύλλαβος, ον, (δίς, συλλαβή) of two syllables. δισ-χίλιοι [χI],  $a\iota$ ,  $a\iota$ , two thousand: also in sing, δισχίλιος,  $a\iota$ , ον, with collective nouns, as, Iππος δισ-

χιλία 2000 horse. δι-τάλαντος, ον, (δίς, τάλαντον) worth or weighing two talents.

δι-τόκος, ον, (δίς, τεκεῖν) twin or twice bearing. διττός, etc., v. sub δισσ–.

δί-υγρος, ov, thoroughly wet: melting.

δι-υλίζω, (διά, υλη) to strain or filter thoroughly: to strain off.

δι-υπνίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to wake from sleep: so also in Med.

διφάσιος, α, ον, twofold, double, Lat. bifarius: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΓΦΑ'Ω, Ion. -έω, to dive after: seek after, bunt for. Hence

διφήτωρ, opos, ό, a searcher after.

διφθέρα, ή, (δέφω) a prepared hide, leather, and so opp. to δέρρειε which are unworked bides. anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn

by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διφθέρινος, η, ον, of tanned leather.

δι-φθερίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = διφθέρα.

δί-φθογγος, ον, (δίς, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., δίφθογγος, ή, and δίφθογγον, τό, a diphthong. δι-φόροs, ον, (δίs, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the

year, Lat. biferus.

δίφραξ, ἄκος, ή, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.

διφρεία, ή, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτειρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem. of διφρηλάτηs.

διφρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a charioteer. From διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλασία, ή, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλάτέω, to drive in a chariot. From διφρ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.

δίφριος, ον, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, δ. Dim. of δίφρος.

δί-φροντις, ιδος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (δίς, φροντίς) of two minds,

distraught in mind.

δίφρος, δ, and later ή, (contr. of διφόρος, bearing two), in plur. οἱ δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariotboard, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool. διφρ-ουλκέω, f. ήσω, (δίφρος, έλκω) to draw a

chariot.

διφροφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry a chair or litter: Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ον, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair. δι-φυήs, έs, (δίs, φυή) of double nature or form: ge-

nerally, twofold, double.

δί-φυιος, ov, (δίς, φυή) of two families.

 $\delta(\chi \mathbf{d}, (\delta is))$ I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like avev, against the will of: of Place, away from. 2. except. Hence

δίχάζω, f. άσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to

δί-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.

δί-χαλος, Dor. for δί-χηλος.

διχη, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δί-χηλος, ον, (δίε, χηλή) cloven-boofed. as Subst., δίχηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχήρης,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\delta i \chi a)$  divided.

διχθά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, a, ov, double, divided. [ă]

δίχθάς, άδος, ή, fem. of  $\delta_i \chi \theta ά \delta_i o_s$ .

δίχό-βουλος, ον, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.

δίχο-γνωμονέω, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion.

δίχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

δι-χοίνικος, ον, (δίς, χοινιξ) bolding 2 χοίνικες, i. e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ον, (δίς, χολόομαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνις, ιδος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\delta$ ιχ $\dot{\phi}$ μηνος.

διχό-μηνος, ον, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μῦθος, ον, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγής, ές, (δίχα, βαγηναι) broken in twain. διχόρ-ροπος, ον, (δίχα, ρέπω) wavering. Adv. -πως, doubtfully.

διχοστάσία, ή, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ήσω, (δίχα, στῆναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ον, (δίχα, στόμα) = δίστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχοῦ, Adv., =  $\delta i \chi a$ .

δίχό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχώs, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ηs, ή, thirst. Hence

διψάλέος, a, ov, thirsty, dry; and

διψάς, άδος, ή, fem. of δίψιος.

διψάω,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $\inf$ . διψ $\hat{\eta}$ ν:  $\inf$  έδίψην,  $\eta$ s,  $\eta$ : fut. διψήσω: aor. 1 εδίψησα: pf. δεδίψηκα:—to thirst: of the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to thirst after, long earnestly for.

δίψιος, a, ον, (δίψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched. δίψος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, = δίψα, thirst.

 $\delta(-\psi \bar{v} \chi o s, o v, (\delta(s, \psi v \chi \dot{\eta})) double-minded, wavering.$  $\Delta I'\Omega$ , an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. Med., subj. δίωμαι, δίηται, δίωνται, opt. δίοιτο, inf. δίεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, but to flight: to drive: to hunt: but 2. also, like δίω, to be afraid. [ĭ]

δίωγμα, ατος, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, II. that which is chased, 'the chase.' δίωγμός, δ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution,

barassing.

II.

δι-ώδυνος, ον, (διά, όδύνη) piercing with anguish.

δι-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ώθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away :--Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse, drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

δίωκαθείν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διωκέμεν, διωκέμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.

διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διοικέω. διώκησα, διωκήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διοικέω.

δίωκτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ήροε, ό, and διώκτης, ου, ό, a pursuer.

διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. 1 ἐδίωξα: poët. aor. 2 ἐδιώκαθον:--Pass., 201. Ι ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδίωγμαι: (δίω): I. to pursue, chase, bunt: of persons, to seek after, follow closely :- Med. to chase. drive on, drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν άρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive, also to speed, baste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; δ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ωλένη) with outstretched arms.

διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

διωμοσάμην, aor. 1 med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ώμοτος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath. Διώνη, ή, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δίς, ὄνυμα = ὅνομα) with two names: named together.

διωξι-κέλευθος, ον, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξ-ιππος, ον, (διώκω, ίππος) borse-driving.

δίωξις, εως, ή, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισα, aor. I of διορίζω: - διώρισμαι, pf. pass. διώρυγμαι, pf. pass. of διορύσσω

δι-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of διόργυιος.

διῶρυξ,  $\ddot{v}$ χος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (διορύσσω) dug or cut through: διώρυξ (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ )  $\hat{\eta}$ , a trench, canal; κρυπτή διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διωθέω.

δμηθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of δαμάω: δμηθήτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be be prevailed upon.

δμήσις, εως, ή, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δμήτειρα, ή, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq. δμητήρ, ηρος, ό, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμῶε, dual nom. of δμώs.

δμωή, ή, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμώϊος, a, ον, (δμώς) in servile condition.

δμωΐς,  $l\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\delta \mu \omega \dot{\eta}$ .

δμώς, ωός, δ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπαλίζω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about.

δνοφερόs, ά, όν, dark, dusky, murky. From  $\Delta NO'\Phi O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\kappa \nu \epsilon \phi as$ , darkness, dusk, gloom.

δοάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in impers. sense, = Att. έδοξε, it seemed: δοάσσεται, Ep. for -ηται, 3 sing. subj. =  $\delta \delta \xi \eta$ .

δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, 2. a resolution, decree. Hence an opinion.

δογμάτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to lay down a decree:-Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΙΗ'N, ηνος, δ, a small abscess, boil.

δοιάζω, f. άσω, (δοιοί) to consider two ways, besitate between :- Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοιδῦκο-ποιός,  $\delta$ , (δοίδυξ, ποιέω) a pestle-maker.

 $\Delta OI^{\Delta}T\Xi$ ,  $\bar{v}\kappa os$ ,  $\delta$ , a pestle. δοιή, ή, doubt, perplexity. From

δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιοί, ά, = δύο, two, both: δοιά, Adv. in two ways. δοιώ, = δοιοί, of which it is the dual, = δύο.

δοκεύω, f. εύσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

 $\triangle OKE'\Omega$ ; but many tenses are formed from pres. \*δύκω: fut. δοκήσω and δύξω: 201. Ι ἐδύκησα and έδύξα: pf. δεδόκηκα: - Pass., aor. 1 έδοκήθην: pf.  $\delta \epsilon \delta \delta \kappa \eta \mu \alpha \iota$  and  $\delta \epsilon \delta \delta \delta \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ : I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine. II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δοκεί, έδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, έδοξε τη βουλή, τῷ δήμφ, it was decreed or enacted by .. : but also in I pers., δοκῶ μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; έδοξά 2. to appear to be something, to μοι methought. be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες εἶναί τι men who are beld to be of some account. 3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plopf. δεδογμένον, it baving been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δοκή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησις, εως, ή, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion. II. good report, credit.

δοκησί-σοφος, ον, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's

own conceit.

δοκτμάζω, f. άσω: aor. Ι έδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. Ι έδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκίμασμαι: (δόκιμοs).—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine. II. to approve, sanction: to hold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκιμάσία, ή, an assay, proving, examination. δοκιμαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκιμή, ή, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκίμιον, τό, proof, trial. From

δόκτμος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. -μωs, really, truly.

δοκίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of δοκός, a stick.

 $\Delta OKO'\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a wooden beam or bar: a shaft. δοκώ, όσε contr. οῦε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = δόκησιε, an opinion.

δολερός, ά, όν, (δύλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ιδος, δ, ή, (δόλιος, μητις) crafty-purposing.

δολιό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δόλιος, πούε) of stealthy foot.

δόλιος, a, ov, and os, ov, (δύλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιό-φρων, δ, ή, gen. ονος, (δόλιος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δολιόω, f. ώσω, (δύλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολίχ-αυλος, ον, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολίχ-αύχην,  $\epsilon \nu os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\delta o\lambda \iota \chi \acute{o}s$ ,  $a \dot{\upsilon} \chi \acute{\eta} \nu) long-necked$ . δολιχ-εγχής, ές, (δολιχός, έγχος) with tall spear. δολιχ-ήρετμος, ον, (δολιχός, έρετμός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιχο-γράφία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δολιχός, γράφω) prolix writing.

commotion. Hence

opp. to knowledge.

δονητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. sbaken.

existimatio: good report, credit, bonour.

sopbic opinion, Lat. placitum.

4. the

ΔΟΝΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to shake, stir: to excite, agitate:

δόνημα, ατος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and

δόξα, ή, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum: ex-

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat.

2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philo-

4. a fancy, vision.

3. mere opinion, as

δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

drive about: Pass., ή 'Ασίη έδονέετο Asia was in

bousebold.

room.

bricks.

bause.

Lat. calamus, arundo.

a dart, arrow.

ΔΟΛΙ ΧΟ Σ, ή, όν, long: of Time, long, weari- fishing-rod or limed reed (see δονακόειs). II. as Subst., δολιχόs, δ, the long course, bridge of the lyre. From some. in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον. δολιχό-σκίος, ον, (δολιχός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; or δολιχ-όσκιος, (δολιχός, ὄσχος) with long sbaft. δολόεις, εσσα, εν, (δόλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful. δολο-μήδης, ες, gen. εος, (δόλος, μηδος) wily, crafty. δολο-μήτης, ου, ό, and δολό-μητις, ι, gen. ιος, (δόλοs, μητις) crafty-minded, wily. δολο-μήχανος, ον, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles. δολό-μῦθος, ον, (δόλος, μῦθος) false-speaking. δολοπλοκία, ή, subtlety, craft. From δολο-πλόκος, ον, (δύλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles. δολο-ποιός, όν, (δύλος, ποιέω) treacherous. δολορραφία, ή, artful contrivance, subtlety. From δολόρ-ραφος, ον, (δύλος, ράπτω) contriving wiles. **δόλοs**,  $\delta$ , (from  $\Delta E \Lambda$ -, the Root of  $\delta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \alpha \rho$ ) properly a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus. δολο-φόνος, ον, (δόλος, \*φένω) slaying by treachery. δολο-φράδής, ές, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded. δολοφρονέων, ουσα, ον. (δολόφρων) craft-devising. δολοφροσύνη, ή, subtlety, wiliness. From δολό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δόλος, φρήν) = δολο- $\psi \rho \alpha \delta h s$ , crafty-minded. δολόω, f. ώσω, (δόλοε) to beguile, ensnare. to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence δόλωμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit. δόλων, ωνος, δ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. a dagger. δολ-ωπις, ιδος, ή, (δόλος, ωψ) artful-looking. δόλωσις, εως, ή, (δολόω) a tricking, ensnaring. δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift. **Somalos**, a, ov,  $(\delta \epsilon \mu \omega)$  of or for building. δόμεναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι. δόμονδε, Adv. home, homeward; ὅνδε δόμονδε to

δόναξ Ion. δοθναξ Dor. δωναξ, ακος, δ, a reed,

2. a flute, shepherd's pipe.

II. anything made of reed:

splendour. Hence δοξάζω, f. άσω, to bold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence δόξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion: a fancy. δοξοκοπία, ή, love of popularity. From δοξο-κόπος, ον, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity. δοξο-μανής, ές, (δόξα, μανήναι) mad after glory. Hence δοξομανία, ή, mad love of glory. δοξο-μάταιό-σοφος, ό, (δύξα, ματαιύς, σοφύς) α would-be philosopher. δοξο-σόφος, ον, (δύξα, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit. δοξόω, f. ώσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to bave such a character. δόξω, fut. of δοκέω: δόξαι, 201. I inf. δορά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δέρω) a skin, bide. δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ. δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δύρυ, a small spear, dart. δορατο-πάχής, ές, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's tbickness. δόρατος, gen. of δόρυ. δορήιος, α, ον, (δόρυ) wooden. his own bouse. From δορι-άλωτος, ον, (δύρυ, άλωναι) captive of the spear. δόμος, δ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a bouse: also the taken in war. [ă] II. a part of the bouse, chamber, δορί-γαμβρος, ον, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle. III. anything that is built up; διά τριήδορι-θήρατος, ον, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear. κοντα δόμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of δορι-κάνής, ές, (δόρυ, κανείν) slain by the spear. δορι-κμής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος, δ, ή, (δύρυ, κάμνω) slain by the δομο-σφάλής, ές, (δύμος, σφάλλω) ruining the spear. δορί-κράνος, ον, (δόρυ, κράνον) spear-beaded. δονακεύομαι, Dep. (δόναξ) to catch birds with reed δορί-κτητος, ον, (δόρυ, κτάομαι) won by the spear. and birdlime. δορί-κτύπος, ον, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clashing. δονάκεύς, έωε, ὁ, (δύναξ) a thicket of reeds. δορί-ληπτος, ον, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear. δονακίτις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) of reed. δορι-μανής, έε, (δόρυ, μανηναι) raging with the spear. δονάκο-γλύφος, ον, (δόναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting. δορί-μαργος, ον, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear. δονακόεις, εσσα, εν, (δόναξ) abounding in reeds; δορι-μήστωρ, οροε, δ, (δόρυ, μήστωρ) master of the δόλος δονακόεις a reed covered with birdlime. δονάκο-τρόφος, ον, (δόναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing. δορί-παλτος, ον, (δόρυ, πάλλω) wielding the spear; δονακό-χλοος, ον, contr. -χλους, ουν, (δόναξ, χλία) χείρ δορίπαλτος, i. e. the right hand. δορι-πετής, έε, (δόρυ, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen green with reeds.

by the spear.

3. a spear.

δορί-πληκτος, ον, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the

II.

δορί-πονος, ον, (δόρυ, πόνος) toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.

δορι-σθενής, έε, v. sub δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, ον, (δύρυ, στέφανος) crowned for bravery in war.

δορι-τίνακτος, ον, (δίρυ, τινάσσω) shaken by battle. δορί-τμητος, ον, (δίρυ, τέμνω) pierced by the spear. δορί-τολμος, ον, (δίρυ, τόλμα) bold in war.

δορκαλίς, ίδος, ή, = δορκάς.

δορκάs, άδοs, ή, (δέδορκα) an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.

δορός, δ, (δέρω) a leathern bag or wallet.

δορπέω, f. ήσω, (δόρπον) to take supper. Hence

δορπηστός, δ, supper-time, evening.

Δορπία, ή, (δύρπον) the first day of the feast Apaturia; της όρτης τη δορπία on the eve of the feast.

**ΔΟ'ΡΠΟΝ**, τό, the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.

AOPY, τό: gen. δόράτος, Ερ. δούρατος δουρός, in Att. poets also δορό: dat. δύρατι, Ion. δούρατι δουρί, in Att. poets also δόρει or δορί.—Ion. dual δοϋρε.—Plur. nom. δόρατα, Ερ. δούρατα δοῦρα, in Att. Poets also δόρη: gen. δόρον, Ερ. δούρατα δοῦρα, in Att. Poets also δόρη: gen. δόρον, Ερ. δούρατα δοῦρα dat. δόρασι, Ερ. δούρατοι δούρεσαι. The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship.

II. the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunturg-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, êπὶ δόρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to êπὶ ἀσπίδα to the left.

δορυ-άλωτος, false reading for δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαρσής, ές, (δύρυ θαρσέω) daring in war. δορύ-ξενος, ό, ή, (δύρυ, ξένος) a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.

δορυ-ξόος, ον, contr. -ξοῦς, οῦν, (δόρυ, ξέω) spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυξόος, δ, a maker of spears; also δορυξός, δ.

δορυ-παγής, ές, (δύρυ, παγηναι) built of beams.

δορύ-παλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, ν. δορίπ-. δορυ-σθενής οι δορι-σθενής, ές, (δόρυ, σθένος) mighty with the spear.

δορυσ-σόης, ητος, ό, masc. Adj., = δορυσσόος, warlike. δορυσ-σόος, ον, contr. δορυσ-σούς, οῦν, poet. also

δορυ-σόος, (δόρυ, σεύω) brandishing the spear. δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, ν. δορι-.

δορυφορέω, f. ήσω, (δορυφόρος) to attend as a bodyguard: to keep guard over. Hence

δορυφόρημα, ματος, τό, a body-guard; and

δορυφορία, ή, a keeping guard over.

δορυφορικός, ή, όν, (δορυφορία) of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.

δορυ-φόρος, ον, (δόρυ, φέρω) spear-bearing, Lat. bastatus; of δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.

δόs, aor. 2 imperat. of δίδωμι.

δοσίδικος, ον, false reading for δωσίδικος.

δόσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δίδωμι) a giving. II. a gift, present: a bequest. III. a portion: a dose.

δόσκον, Ep. 2 of δίδωμι.

δότειρα, ή, fem. of δοτήρ.

δοτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, to be given. δοτίον, one must give.

δοτήρ, ηρος, δ, (δίδωμι) a giver, dispenser.

δότης, ου, δ, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-ἄγωγέω, f. ήσω, (δοῦλος, ἄγω) to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγεῖν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.

δουλάριον, τό, Dim. of δουλοs.

δουλεία Ion. δουλητη, ή, (δουλεύω) servitude, slavery, bondage.

II. the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.

δούλειος, α, ον, οτ ος, ον, (δοῦλος) slavish, servile. δούλευμα, ατος, τό, (δουλεύω) a service. II. a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, f. σω, (δοῦλος) to be a slave: generally, c. dat. to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.

δούλη, ή, fem. of δουλος. δουλητη, Ion. of δουλεία.

δουλία, ή, poet. for δουλεία.

δουλικός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}_{\nu} = \delta o \dot{\nu} \lambda \iota o s$ . Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega} s$ , like a slave.

δούλιος, a,  $o\nu$ , (δοῦλοs) slavish, servile; δούλιον  $\tilde{\eta}\mu a\rho$  the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life. δουλιχό-δειροs, Ιοπ. for δολιχόδειροs, (δολιχόs, δειρh) long-necked.

δουλιχόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. for δολιχόεις, poet. for δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, ές, (δοῦλος, πρέπω) befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.

**ΔΟΥ ΛΟΣ**, δ, a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to ἀνδράποδον (a slave taken in war). II. as Adj., δοῦλος, η, ον, slavish, enslaved, subject, Comp. δουλότερος, more of a slave.

δουλοσύνη, ή, (δοῦλος) slavery, slavish work.

δουλόσυνος, ον, (δούλος) enslaved.

δουλότερος, α, ον, Comp. of δούλος.

δουλόω, f. ώσω, (δοῦλος) to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself. Hence

δούλωσις, εως, ή, enslaving, subjugation.

δούναι, aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.

δοθναξ, δουνακόεις, Ιοη. for δύνας, δονακύεις. δουπέω, f. ήσω: Ερ. 201. Ι δούπησα: pf. δέδουπα:

(δοῦπος):—to sound beauty, of the beauty fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.

δουπήτωρ, ορος, δ, (δουπέω) a clatterer.

ΔΟΥΠΟΣ, δ, any dead, beavy sound; δοῦπος ἀκόντων the burtling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the bum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.

δούρατα, syncop. δοῦρα, τά, Ep. plur. of δύρυ.

δουράτεος, a, ov, of planks or beams.

δουράτιον, Ion. for δοράτιον, a dart. δούρειος, a, ον, = δουράτεος.

δούρεσσι, Εp. dat. pl. of δόρυ.

δουρ-ηνεκές, (δόρυ, ένεγκείν) Adv. a spear's throw off or distant.

δουρι-άλωτος, ον, Ion. for δοριάλωτος.

δουρι-κλειτός, όν, Ion. for δορι-κλειτός, (δόρυ, κλειτόε) famed for the spear.

δουρι-κλυτός, ή, όν, Ion. for δορι-κλυτός, (δόρυ, κλυτός) famed for the spear.

δουρι-κτητός, δουρί-ληπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion. for δορι-.

δούριος, = δούρειος.

δουρί-πληκτος, ον, Ion. for δορίπληκτος.

δουρι-τύπής, ές, (δόρυ, τύπτω) wood-cutting.

δουρο-δόκη, ή, (δόρυ, δοχή) a stand for spears. δουρο-θήκη, ή, (δόρυ, θήκη) a case for spears.

δουρο-μάνής, ές, Ion. for δοριμανής.

δούs, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

δοχεῖον, Ion. δοχήϊον, τό, (δέχομαι) a bolder. δοχή, ή, (δέχομαι) reception, entertainment. II. a receptacle.

δοχμή, ή, a measure of length, a span.

δόχμιος, a, ov, (δοχμός) across, sideways, aslant.

δοχμόλοφος, ον, (δοχμός, λόφος) wearing one's plume aslant, with nodding plume.

**ΔΟΧΜΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, slanting, sideways. Hence δοχμόομαι, aor. 1 έδοχμώθην, Pass. to turn sideways

or aslant. δράγμα, ατος, τό, (δράσσομαι) as much as one can

grasp, a bandful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus. δραγματη-φόρος, ον, (δράγμα, φέρω) carrying sbeaves.

δραγμεύω, f. σω, to collect the corn into sheaves.

δραγμός, δ, (δράσσομαι) a taking bold of, handling. δράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω.

δράθι, δραίην, aor. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω. δραίνω, f. δράνω, (δράω) to be going to do.

δράκαινα, ηε, ή, fem. of δράκων, a she-dragon.

δράκειν, aor. 2 inf. act. of δέρκομαι.

δράκηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δέρκομαι.

δράκόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δέρκομαι,

δράκον, Ion. for έδρακον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.

δρακόντειος, a, ov, (δράκων) of a dragon.

δρακοντ-ολέτης, ου, ό, (δράκων, ὅλλυμι) serpent-

slayer. δρακοντό-μαλλος, ον, (δράκων, μαλλος) with snaky

δρακοντ-ώδης, εε, (δράκων, είδος) snake-like.

δράκών, aor. 2 part. act. of δέρκομαι.

δράκων, οντος, δ, (δρακείν) a dragon: later a serpent. δράμα, ατος, τό, (δράω) a deed, act, acting: a busi-2. an action represented on the stage, ness, duty. a drama.

δράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέχω.

δράμημα,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau o$ , (δραμεῖν) a course, a race.

δράμοθμαι, δραμών, fut. and aor. 2 part. of  $\tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ .

δράναι, aor. 2 inf. of διδράσκω.

δράξ, δράκόs, = δράγμα.

δράπετεύω, f. σω, to run away, flee. From δραπέτης, ου, Ιοη. δρηπέτης, εω, ὁ, (δραναι) a runaway: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., δρα-

πέτης κλήρος a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn.

δραπετίδης, ου, δ, = δραπέτηε.

δραπέτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of δραπέτης.

δραπετίσκος, δ, Dim. of δραπέτης

δράς, δράσα, aor. 2 part. of δράω.

δρασείω, Desiderat. of δράω, to bave a mind to do, to be going to do.

δρασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of δράω.

δράστμος, ον, (δράω) active; τὸ δράσιμον action.

δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, δ. (δράναι) a running away, flight.

δράσομαι, fut. of διδράσκω. [ā]

ΔΡΑ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: fut. δράξομαι: 20τ. Ι έδραξάμην: pf. δέδραγμαι Att. δέδαργμαι: Dep.:—to grasp with the band, grasp a bandful of: to lay bold of:-c. acc. rei, to take by bandsful.

δραστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of δράω, to be done. δραστέον, one must do.

δραστήριος, ov. vigorous, active, efficacious.

δραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δράω) a worker: servant.

δραστικός, ή, όν, (δράω) active.

δράτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω, skinned, flayed.

δραχμή, ή, (δράσσομαι) a drachma, a com worth 6 obols, i. e. o. d. nearly = Roman denarius. Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)

 $\Delta PA'Ω$ , f. δράσω [ā]: aor. I ἔδρᾶσα: pf. δέδρᾶκα: -Pass., aor. 1 ἐδράσθην: pf. δέδρāμαι:—to do, be doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εὐ or κακῶς δρᾶν Tiva, to do one good or ill.

δρεπάνη, ή, (δρέπω) a sickle, reaping-book, scythe. [ă] δρεπάνη-φόρος, ον, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) bearing a scythe: ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.

δρεπάνο-ειδής, ές, (δρέπανον, είδος) sickle-shaped. δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, a sickle: a curved

δρεπάν-ουργός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \rho \epsilon \pi \alpha \nu \sigma \nu, * \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega)$  a sword-maker.

δρέπτω, poet, for δρέπω, to pluck, cull.  $\Delta PE'\Pi\Omega$ , f ψω: aor. 1 έδρεψα: aor. 2 έδραπον: –Med., Dor. fut. δρεψεῦμαι: 201. 1 ἐδρεψάμην:— Pass., aor. 1 ἐδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess,

δρηπέτης, εω, δ, Ion. for δραπέτης.

δρησμοσύνη, ή, = δρηστοσύνη.

enjoy.

δρηστήρ, ήρος, δ, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, α run-away.

δρηστήρ, ήροε, δ, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) a labourer, worker: fem. δρήστειρα.

δρηστής, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. for δραστής.

δρηστοσύνη, ή, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) service. δριμύλος, ον, Dim. of δριμύς, sharp, piercing. [v]

ΔΡΓΜΥΣ, εîa, ύ, piercing, stinging, biting, pun-II. metaph. like Lat. acer, sbarp, keen, bitter: sbrewd. Adv. -έωs. Hence

δριμύτης, τητος, ή, sbarpness, pungency: sbrewdness.

**ΔΡΙΌΣ**, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δρίον) copsewood, thicket, brushwood.

**ΔPOITH, ή**, a bathing tub, a bath.

δρομαίοs, a, ov, or os, ov, (δρόμοs) running at full speed, swift, fleet.

δρομάς, άδος, ό, ή, (δραμείν) running, whirling. δρομεύς, έως, δ, (δραμείν) a runner.

δρόμημα,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau o$ , = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) a course, race, running: flight: a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρηs δρόμος a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; έξω δρόμου φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course. II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δροσερός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , (δρόσος) dewy, watery

δροσίζω, f. ίσω, (δρόσος) to bedew, besprinkle.

δροσινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\delta \rho \dot{\nu} \sigma \sigma s) = \delta \rho \sigma \epsilon \rho \dot{\nu} s$ .

δροσόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δροσερύς.

ΔΡΟ ΣΟΣ, ή, Lat. ROS, dew: also the time of dew, dew-fall. 2. pure water: tears. 3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence

δροσόω, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδροσωμένος,

δροσ-ώδης, ες, (δρόσος, είδος) dew-like, dewy.

Δρυάς, άδος, ή, (δρῦς) a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.

δρύϊνος [τ],  $\eta$ , ον, (δρῦs) oaken; δρύινον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύινον honey from a bollow oak.

δρυ-κολάπτης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \delta_{\rho \nu \rho} - \kappa_{\rho \lambda} \delta_{\pi \tau \eta s}$ .

δρῦμός,  $\dot{o}$ , pl. δρῦμοί and δρῦμά: (δρῦς): an oakcoppice, a coppice, wood. [v, except in neut. pl.]

δρυμών, ωνος, ή, (δρυς) an oak-coppice.

δρυο-γόνος, ον, (δρῦς, \*γένω) oak-grown.

δρυο-κοίτης, ου, δ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττιξ.

δρυσ-κολάπτης, ου, δ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.

δρυο-πάγής, ές, (δρῦς, παγηναι) built of oak.

δρύ-οχοι, οί, οτ δρύ-οχα, τά, (δρ $\hat{v}$ s,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ χω) the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρυόχους τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.

δρύοψ, οπος, δ, (δρῦς, ὄψ) a kind of woodpecker. δρύ-πεπής, ές, (δρûς, πέπτω) ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ές, (δρύε, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from

ΔΡΥΠΠΑ, ή, an over-ripe, mouldy olive.

ΔΡΥΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I έδρυψα Ep. δρύψα:--Pass., 201. Ι  $\xi$ δρύφθην: pf. δέδρυμμαι:—to tear, scratch, wound; δρύπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's cheek; also absol.

ΔΡΥ^Σ, ή, gen. δρυός, acc. δρῦν: pl. nom. and acc. δρύεs, δρύαs, contr. δρῦs:—the oak, sacred to Zeus. II. any timber tree; πίειρα δρûs the resinous pine. III. metaph. an old tree, i. c. withered old man.

δρύ-τόμος, ον, (δρύε, τεμείν) felling timber.

δρύφακτον, τό, and δρύφακτος, δ, (δρῦε) a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.

δρύφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτω.

δρύψα, Ep. aor. ι of δρύπτω.

δρύψια, τά, (δρύπτω) scrapings, parings.

δρώοιμι, Ep. for δρώμι, lengthd. opt. of δράω. δῦ, Ep. for ἔδυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.

δυάκις, Adv.  $twice_1 = δis$ .

δυάs, άδοs, ή, (δύο) the number two.

δυάω, (δύη) to plunge in misery.

δυείν, later Att. for δυοίν, gen. and dat. dual of δύο. ΔΥ'H, ή, woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: bard usage. [v]

δύην, (as if for δυίην), aor. 2 opt. of δῦμι.

δυηπαθίη, ή, misery. From

δυή-πάθος, ον, (δύη, παθείν) suffering woe.

δῦθι, aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύϊος, a,  $o\nu$ , (δύη) miserable.

δύμεναι, δûμεν, Ep. for δûναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω. δῦμι, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύνω.

δυναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

AT'NAMAI, in pres. and imperf. declined like ίσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνα, Ion. δύνη δύνεαι; 3 pl. δύνανται Ερ. δυνέαται; subj. δύνωμαι, Ion. 2 sing. δύνηαι:--impf. έδυνάμην, 2 sing. έδύνω, 3 pl. έδύναντο Ion, έδυνέατο:-- fut, δυνήσομαι: aor. 1 έδυνησάμην and έδυνήθην (or έδυνάσθην Ερ. δυνάσθην): —pf. δεδύνημαι :—in Att. the double augment ήδυνάμην, ήδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: I. to be able, capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc., δύνασθαι ἄπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia posse: absol., οἱ δυνάμενοι the powerful. pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναται έπτα δβόλουs the shekel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote.

δύναμις, ή: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύναμι: (δύναμαι):—strength, might, power, ability; κατά δύναμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili; παρά δύναμιν οι ὑπέρ δύναμιν beyond one's power. 2. a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity, Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as of money.

δυναμόω, f. ώσω, (δύναμις) to strengthen.

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. 1 of δύναμαι.

δύνασις, εως, ή, poët. for δύναμις.

II. δύναστεία, ή, power, lordsbip, sovereignty. an oligarchy. From

δύναστεύω, f. σω, to bold power or lordship, be powerful: to be bigb in rank. From

δυνάστης, ου, δ, (δύναμαι) a lord, master, ruler; oi δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, ορος,  $\delta_1 = \delta υνάστη ε$ .

δύνατέω, f. ήσω, (δυνατός) to be powerful.

δυνάτης, ου, φ, poët. for δυνάστης.

δύνατός, ή, όν. (δύναμαι) strong, mighty: powerful, | able. II. of things, possible.

δυνατώs, Adv. of δυνατόs, strongly, powerfully; δυνατώς έχει it is possible.

δυνε, Ep. for έδυνε, 3 sing. impf. of δύνω.

δύνεαι, δύνη, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέαται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνηαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύνω, see δύω.

**ΔΥ'O**, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυοίν, in later Att. δυείν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυών, dat. δυσί Ion. δυοίσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. των δύο μοιράων: -Lat. DUO, our TWO; σὺν δύο two together, by twos: els búo two and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, oi, ai, τά, twelve, Lat. duo-decim. δυοκαιδεκά-μηνος, δυοκαιδεκάς, δυοκαιδέκατος,

see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δυόωσιν, Ep. for δυῶσιν, 3 pl. of δυάω.

δύρομαι, poet. for δδύρομαι.

**δυσ**-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to  $\epsilon \vec{v}$ , like our un- or mis- in un-lucky, mis-chance, always with a notion of bard, bad, ill, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δῦσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-άγκριτος, poet, for δυσ-ανακ-. δύσ-αγνος, ον, (δυσ-, άγνός) unchaste, impure.

δυσ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to bave bad luck in fishing.

δυσ-άδελφος, ov, unhappy in one's brothers.

δυσ-āήs, έs, (δυσ-, ἄημι) ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσαήων Ep. gen. pl. for δυσαέων.

δυσ-άθλιος, a, ov, also os, ov, most miserable.

δυσ-αιανής, έs, most direful, most borrible.

δυσ-αίθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αίθρα) not clear, murky. δυσ-αίων, ωνος, δ, ή, miserable in life, most miserable.

δυσ-αλγής, ές, (δυσ-, άλγος) very painful. δυσ-άλγητος, ον, (δυσ-, άλγέω) unfeeling, bard-

bearted.

δυσ-άλιος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ήλιος. [ā]

δυσ-άλωτος, ον, (δυσ-, άλωναι) bard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακών bard to be reached by ills.

δυσ-άμβάτος, ον, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ανάβατος. δυσ-άμμορος, ov, most miserable.

δυσ-avaβaτos, ov, bard to mount.

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον. (δυσ-, ἀνακομίζω) bard to bring back or recall.

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-άγκριτος, ον, (δυσ-, aνακρίνω) bard to distinguish or examine.

δυσ-ανασχετέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, ανασχετός) to bear ill, to be unable to bear.

δυσ-ανάτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) bard to overtbrow.

δυσ-άνεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) bard to bear.

δυσ-άνεμος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ήνεμος.

δυσ-αντίβλεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) bard to look in the face.

δύσαντο, for ἐδύσ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, οροε, δ, ή, (δυσ.,  $\dot{a}\nu\eta\rho$ ) with a bad busband. [ā]

δυσ-απάλλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) bard to get rid of.

δυσ-άπιστος, ov, very disobedient.

δυσ-απόκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, αποκρίνομαι) bard to answer.

δυσ-απότρεπτος, ον, (δυσ -, ἀποτρέπω) hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.

δυσ-άρεστος, ον, (δυσ-, άρέσκω) ill to please, implacable: peevisb, morose.

δυσ-αριστο-τόκεια, ή, (δυσ-, άριστος, τόκος) un-

bappy mother of the noblest son. δύσ-αρκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄρχω) bard to govern.

δυσαυλία, ή, ill or bard lodging. From

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλή) ill for lodging. δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλός) ill-suited for the flute.

δυσ-āχής, έs, Dor. for δυσηχής.

δυσ-αχής, ές, (δυσ-, άχος) sorely painful.

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) grievous to be

δύσ-βάτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαίνω) hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον difficult ground. painfully.

δυσ-βάϋκτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαύ(ω) full of wailing. δυσ-βίοτος, ον, (δυσ-, βίοτος) making life wretched.

δυσβουλία, ή, ill counsel, folly. From

δύσ-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) ill-advised. δύσ-βωλος, ον, (δυσ -, βωλος) of ill soil, unfruitful.

δύσ-γάμος, ov, ill-wedded.

δυσ-γάργαλις, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίζω) ticklish, skittish.

δυσγένεια, ή, low, mean birth. From δυσ-γενής, ές, (δυσ-, γένος) low-born · low-minded. δύσ-γνοιά, ή, (δυσ-, γνωναι) ignorance, perplexity.

δυσγνωσία, ή, difficulty of knowing. From δύσ-γνωστος, ον, (δυσ-, γνωναι) bard to know or recognise.

δυσδαιμονία, ή, misery: wretchedness. From δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) ill-fated. δυσ-δάκρυτος, ον, (δυσ-, δακρύω) much wept. much weeping.

δύσ-δάμαρ, αρτος, δ, ή, ill-wedded.

δυσ-διάθετος, ον, (δυσ-, διατίθημι) bard to settle. δύσ-εδρος, ον, (δυσ-, έδρα) bringing ill luck to one's

δυσ-ειδής, ές, (δυσ-, είδος) unshapely, deformed. δυσ-είματος, ον, (δυσ-, είμα) meanly clad.

δυσ-είσβολος, ον, (δυσ-, είσβάλλω) bard to enter or invade: Sup., -ώτατοε, ov, most inaccessible.

δυσ-έκθυτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) bard to avert by sacrifice.

δυσ-έκλύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) bard to undo, inex-

plicable: -- Adv. - Two, indissolubly. δυσ-εκπέρατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) bard to pass

from, bard to escape. δυσ-έκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ -, ἐκφεύγω) bard to escape

δυσ-ελένα, ή, ill-starred Helen.

δύσ-ελπις, ιδος, ο, ή, with ill hope, desponding.

δυσ-έλπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, έλπίζω) unboped for; έκ δυσελπίστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.

δυσ-έμβάτος, ον, (δυσ-,  $\epsilon$ μβαίνω) bard to walk on, rugged: inaccessible.

δυσ-έμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) bard to invade. δυσ-εντερία, ή, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἔντερον) a bowel complaint, dysentery.

δυσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, έντυγχάνω) not affable. δυσ-εξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, έξαπατάω) bard to deceive.

δυσ-έξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, έξάπτω) bard to unloose.

δυσ-εξέλεγκτος,ον, (δυσ-, εξελέγχω) bard to refute. δυσ-εξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, εξελίσσω) bard to unfold or explain.

δυσ-εξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, έξανύτω) bard to make away with: indissoluble.

δύσεο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.

δυσ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) bard to plot against or attack secretly.

δυσ-έραστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) unfavourable to love. δυσ-έρημος, ον, very desolate.

δύσ-ερις, ι, gen. ιδος, (δυσ-, έρις) most contentious, very quarrelsome, peevisb.

δυσ-έριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) caused by evil strife. δυσ-ερμήνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) bard to explain.

<sup>\*</sup> δύσ-ερως, ωτος, δ, η, (δυσ-, έρως) passionately lowing, sick in love with, Lat. perdite amans.

II. bardly loving, insensible to love.

δύσετο, Ερ for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med of δύω. δυσ-ευνήτωρ, ορος, δ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) an ill bed-fellow. δυσ-εύρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐνήσκω) bard to find out: hard to get through symptotics.

bard to get: bard to get through, impervious. δύσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) exceeding jealous.

δυσ-ζήτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) bard to seek out. δύσ-ζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζωή) most wretched.

δυσ-ήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκέομαι) bard to cure

δυσ-ήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) bard of bearing δυσ-ηλεγής, ές, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) of death, stretching one on a bard bed: bard, painful, uneasy: of men, bard-bearted, unfelling.

δυσ-ήλιος, ov, unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.

δυσ-ημερία, ή, (δυσ-, ήμέρα) an unlucky day.

δυσ-ηνεμος, ον, (δυσ-, άνεμος) with ill winds, stormy. δύσ-ηρις, ιδος, ό, ή, older form of δύσ-ερις, very quarrelsome, contentious.

δυσ-ηχής, ές, (δυσ-,  $\dot{\eta}\chi$ έω) ill-sounding: bateful to bear of, bateful.

δυσ-θαλτής, ές, (δυσ-, θάλπος) bard to warm: cbilly. δυσθανάτέω, f. ήσω, to die a lingering deatb. From δυσ-θάνάτος, ον, dying bard, struggling with deatb.

II. act. bringing a painful deatb.

δυσ-θανήs, έs, (δυσ-, θαν είν) baving died a bard death

δυσ-θέατος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) ill to look on. δύσ-θεος, ον, godless, ungodly.

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θερᾶπεύω) bard to cure. δυσ-θετέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) to be in bad case: Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegre ferre.

δυσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανατέω.

δυσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) most mournful. δύσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) of barsb sound, grating. δυσθυμαίνω, = δυσθυμέω.

δυσθυμέω, f. ήσω, to be down-bearted, despond: Med. to be melancholy, angry. From

δύσ-θυμος, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) down-bearted, dispirited, desponding, anxious.

δυσ-ίατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) bard to heal or cure. δυσι-θάλασσος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) dipped in the sea.

δύσ-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) bard to ride in; τὰ δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.

δύσις, εως, ή, (δύω) a sinking or setting of the sun or stars; δύσις ήλίου the west.

δυσ-κάθαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, κάθαίρω) bard to cleanse or expeate: bard to appease, inexorable.

δυσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) bard to hold in. δύσ-καπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) very smoky.

δυσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) bard to check: restless.

δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) bard to bring about, bard to effect.

δυσ-κατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) bard to restore or reestablisb.

δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) by no means to be despised.

δυσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δυσκατάπρακτος.

δύσκε, Ion. for έδυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.

δυσ-κέλάδοs, ον, sbrill-screaming, grating: barsb.

δυσ-κηδής,  $\epsilon$ s,  $(\delta \nu \sigma$ -, κήδοs) full of care, painful. δύσ-κηλος,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\delta \nu \sigma$ -, κηλ $\epsilon \omega$ ) past remedy.

δυσ-κλέής, ές: acc. δυσκλεία poet. δυσκλέά: (δυσ-, κλέος) injurious: infamous, sbameful. Hence

δύσκλεια, ή, ingloriousness, disbonour: an ill name. δυσκλεώς, Adv. of δυσκλεής, ingloriously.

δύσ-κληρος, ον, unlucky.

δυσκλής, poet. for δυσκλεής.

δυσκολαίνω, f. ανω, (δύσκολος) to be peevish, discontented, annoyed.

δυσκολία, ή, (δύσκολος) peevishness, discontent.

δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) ill-cemented δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) bard to bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.

δυσκολό-κοιτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) making one's bed uneasy.

δύσ-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) bard to satisfy with food: bard to please, fretful, peevish, discontented.

II. of things, barassing: unpleasant.

δύσ-κολπος, ov, with ill-formed womb.

δυσκόλως, Adv. of δύσκολος, peevisbly; δυσκόλως έχειν to be peevisb.

δυσ-κόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, κομίζω) bard to be borne.

δυσκρασία, ή, bad temperament. From δύσ-κρατος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμ) of bad temperament.

δύσ-κρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, κρίνω) bard to discern: bard to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully; δυσ-κρίτως έχειν to be in doubt.

δυσ-κύμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the stormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, f. ήσω, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf. δύσ-λεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or bard to tell.

δυσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λεγω) it of bard to tett.

δυσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λογίζομαι) bard to reckin. II. misdirected, misguided.

δυσ-λόφοs, ον, (δυσ-, λόφοs) hard for the neck, hard to bear. II. impatient: Adv. -φωs, impatiently.

δύσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-, λύω) bard to loose, indissoluble. δυσμάθέω, f. ήσω, to be slow at learning. From δυσ-μάθής, ές, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) bard to learn, difficult. II. act. slow at learning, dull:—Adv. -θῶς, δυσμαθῶς ἔγειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain; to fight an unboly fight with. Hence

δυσμάχητέον, verb. Adj. one must struggle bard. δύσ-μάχος, ον, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) bard to fight with, unconquerable: generally, bard, difficult.

δυσμεναίνω, (δυσμενήs) to bear ill-will.

δυσμένεια, ή, (δυσμενήs) ill-will, enmity. δυσμενέων, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, bostile: masc.

Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, ές, (δυσ-, μένος) ill-affected, bearing ill-will, bostile; δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) bard to take in band or manage: bard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. δυθμή, ή, (δύω) = δύσιs, a sinking, setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνατολαί.

δύσ-μηνις, ι, gen. ιος, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μήνιτος, ον, (δυσ-, μηνίω) visited by beavy wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, εροε, ή, a cruel mother, not a true mother.

δυσμηχανέω, f. ήσω, to be at loss. From

δυσ-μήχανος, ον, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss. δύσ-μοιρος, ον, (δυσ-, μοῖρα) = δύσμορος.

δυσμορία, ή, a bard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, ον, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, ή, badness of form, ugliness. From δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) missbapen, ugly.
Δύσ-μουσος, ον, (δυσ-, Μοῦσα) not favoured by the

Δύσ-μουσος, ον, (δυσ-, Moθσά) not favoured by the Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίζω) hard to wash out or off. δυσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοέω) hard to be understood.

δυσνοέω, f. ήσω, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, ή, (δύσνοοε) dislike, ill-will.

δυσνομία, ή, lawlessness: a bad constitution, bad code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, ov, lawless, unrighteous.

δύσ-voos, or, contr. -vous, our, ill-disposed, ill-affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, ον, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφευτος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δυσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) bard to deal with.

δυσ-ξύνετος, ον, (δυσ-, ξυνίημι) bard to understand, obscure, enigmatical.

δυσοδμία, ή, = δυσοσμία. From

δύσ-οδμος, ον, = δύσοσμος.

δυσοδο-παίπαλος, ον, (δύσοδος, παιπάλη) rugged and steep.

δύσ-οδος, ov, bard to pass, scarce passable.

δυσ-οίζω, to be sad, anxious: Med. to be afraid. (From δυs, and of alas!, as οἰμώζω from οἴμοι.)

δυσ-οίκητος, ον, (δυσ-, οίκεω) bad to dwell in.

δύσ-οιμος, ον, (δυσ-, οίμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, οἴσω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear, insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβροs, ov, tempestuous.

δυσ-όμιλος, ον, with an ill company, bringing evils in one's train.

δυσ-όμματος, ον, (δυσ-, όμμα) scarce-reeing.

δυσ-όρατος, ον, (δυσ-, ὑράω) hard to see δυσ-όργητος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργάω) = δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, δργή) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, ον, with bad anchorage. II. act. πνοαί δύσορμοι gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-opvis, τθος, ό, ή, (δυσ-, όρνις) boding ill.

δυσ-όρφναιος, α, ον, (δυσ-, έρφνη) dusky. δυσοσμία, ή, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, ον, (δυσ-, δσμή) ill-smelling, stinking, rank.

11. bad for scent.

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, οὐρίζω) driven on by a too favourable wind, prospering unbappily.

δυσπάθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer a bard fate, be in affliction. II. to be impatient, Lat. aegre ferre. From

δυσ-παθής, ές, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffering.

II. bardly feeling, impassive.

δυσ-πάλαιστος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαίω) bard to wrestle with, bard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλαμος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαμη) bard to struggle with.

II. bardly belping oneself, belpless: Adv. --μως.

δυσ-παλής, ές, (δυσ-, πάλη) bard to wrestle with: generally, bard, difficult.

δυσ-παράβλητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incomparable.

δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) hard to persuade, stubborn.

δυσ-παράθελκτος, ον, (δυσ-, παραθέλγω) hard to soothe or assuage.

δυσ-παραίτητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) bard to move by prayer, inexorable.

δυσ-πάρευνος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, εὐνή) ill-mated.

II.

console or appease.

δυσ-πάρθενος, ή, an unbappy maiden.

Δύσ-πάρις, ιδος, δ, ill-omened, ill-starred Paris:

δυσ-πάριτος, ον, (δυσ-, πάρειμι to pass by) bard to

δυσ-πειθής, ές, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) bardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn: ill-trained.

δύσ-πειστος, ον, (δυσ-,  $\pi \epsilon i\theta \omega$ ) bard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient. Adv., δυσπείστως έχειν to be incredulous.

δυσ-πέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελά(ω) dangerous to come near.

δύσ-πεμπτος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμπω) bard to send away. δυσ-πέμφελος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) of the sea, rough and stormy: metaph. rude, discourteous.

δυσ-πενθής, ές, (δυσ-, πένθυς) bringing sore affliction, grievous.

δυσ-πέρūτος, ον. (δυσ-, περάω) bard to pass through.

δυσ-πετής, ές, (δυσ-, \*πέτω Root of πίπτω) falling out ill, grievous, difficult. Adv. δυσπετώs, Ion. - έως, with difficulty.

δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) full of grievous evil.

δυσ-πζνής, έε, (δυσ-, πίνοε) squalid.

δύσ-πλάνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) wandering in misery δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοίη, ή, difficulty of sailing From

δύσ-πλοος, ον, (δυσ-, πλέω) bad for sailing.

δύσ-πλωτος, ον, = δύσπλοος.

δύσπνοια, ή, difficulty of breathing. From

δύσ-πνοος, ον, contr. - πνους, ουν, (δυσ-, πνέω) scant of breath, breathless. II. unfit to breathe. πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι contrary winds.

δυσ-πολέμητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) bard to war with.

δυσ-πόλεμος, ov, unlucky in war.

δυσ-πολιόρκητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) bard to take by siege.

δυσ-πονής, ές, (δυσ-, πονέω) toilsome.

δυσ-πόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, πον  $\epsilon \omega$ ) bard-earned bringing toil and trouble.

δύσ-πονος, ov, toilsome, wearisome.

δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) bard to pass. δυσπορία, ή, difficulty of passing. From

δύσ-πορος, ov, bard to pass, scarce passable.

δύσ-ποτμος, ον, unlucky, ill-starred. Adv. δυσπότμωs, miserably.

δύσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πότον) bard to drink, unpalatable.

δυσ-πράγεω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , (δυσ-, πράγοι) to fare ill. δυσ-πραξία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δυσ-, πράσσω) ill success, ill luck.

δύσ-πράτος, ον, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) bard to sell. δυσ-πρεπής, ές, (δυσ-, πρέπω) base, unseemly.

δυσ-πρόσβατος, ον, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) bard to approach, scarce accessible.

δυσ-παρήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) bard to | δυσ-πρόσίτος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι to approach) bard to approach, difficult of access.

δυσ-πρόσοδος, ov, bard to get at.

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσ- $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ ) bard to deal or bear with, morose.

δυσ-πρόσοπτος, ον, (δυσ-, προσύψομαι f. of προσοράω) ill to look on: of ill aspect.

δυσ-προσπέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) bard to approach.

δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) of ill aspect. δύσ-ρίγος, ον, (δυσ-, ρίγος) unable to bear cold.

δυσσέβεια, ή, impiety: a charge of impiety: and δυσσεβέω, f. ήσω, to be impious: to act impiously.

δυσ-σεβής, ές, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) ungodly, impious. δυσσεβία, poet. for δυσσέβεια.

δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σώζω) bard to save, ruined, Lat. perditus: τὰ δύσσοα the rogues.

δυσ-τάλαs, aiva, av, very wicked, most miserable.

δύστανος, ον, Dor. for δύστηνος.

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) bard to conjecture: dark and riddling.

δύσ-τεκνος, ον, (δυσ-, τέκνον) unhappy in one's children.

δυσ-τερπής, ές, (δυσ-, τέρπω) ill-pleasing, displeasing.

δύστηνος, ov, wretched, unbappy, unfortunate. like Lat. miser, wretched, profligate. (Deriv. uncertain.) δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) suffering evil, wretched.

δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τληναι) bard to endure. δυσ-τοκεύς, έως, δ, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) an unbappy parent. δυστοκέω, f. ήσω, to bave a bard labour. From δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκείν) bringing forth with pain δυστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak evil of. From

δύ-στομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) evil-speaking. of a horse, bard-mouthed.

δύ-στονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) lamentable.

δυσ-τόπαστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) bard to guess. δυ-στόχαστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) bard to bit upon.

δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) fed on borrid food. δυσ-τράπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) bard to turn: stubborn, unmanageable. Adv. - \u00b2ws, awkwardly. δύσ-τροπος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) bard to turn or direct: stubborn, wayward.

δυστύχ έω, f. ήσω: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχή): -to be unlucky, unbappy: of things, to fail. Hence δυστύχημα, ατος, τό, a mischance, a failure.

δυσ-τυχής, έε, (δυσ-, τύχη) unlucky, unfortunate. Adv. -χω̂s. Hence

δυστύχία, ή, ill luck, ill fortune.

δυσ-ύποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ὑποίσω fut. of ὑποφέρω) bard to endure.

δύσ-φαμος, Dor. for δύσφημος.

δύσ-φάτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) bard to tell, unspeakable, borrible, Lat. infandus.

δυσφημέω, f. ήσω, (δύσφημος) to speak evil words:

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of, blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ή, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, boding. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φίλής, ές, (δυσ-, φιλέω) bateful.

δυσφορέω, f. ήσω, (δύσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. aegre ferre; to be discontented. Hence δυσφόρητος, ov., bard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, δ, ή, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

ful, metalicity, δύσ-, φέρω) bard to bear, oppressive, beavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφύρως ξειν to be intolerable.

II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving unth difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolisbly.

δυσφροσύνη, ή, anxiety, care. From δύσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) beavy in beart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, bostile. III.

senseless.
δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep.

II. bard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χείμα) very wintry, stormy. δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χειρόω) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρόω) bard to subdue. δυσχεραίνω, fut. ἀνῶ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. aegre ferre: to be discontented, displeased. II. to make a thing bard, to make difficulties; μήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ή, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble.
2. of persons, peevisbness, ill-temper, moroseness.

δυσ-χερής, ές, (δυσ-, χείρ) bard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons, peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερως έχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχίμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχιμος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαινία, ή, scanty, sbabby clothing. From δύσ-χλαινος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαίνα) sbabbily clad.

δύσ-χορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) bard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ή, (δυσ-, χώροs) difficult ground. δυσ-ώδης,  $\epsilon$ s, (δυσ-,  $\delta$ ζω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδινος, ον, (δυσ-, ωδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσωνέω, f. ήσω, to beat down the price, cheapen. From

δυσ-ώνης, ου, δ, (δυσ-, ἀνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, όνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Alas.

δυσ-ωπέω, f. ήσω, (δυσ-, ωψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be asbamed, sby, timid.

δυσ-ωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ωροδ):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ώρα) unseasonable.

δυτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ου, δ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

 $\Delta\Upsilon'\Omega$  or δύνω: fut. δύσω [ $\bar{v}$ ]: aor. I act. ἔδῦσα:—Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδυόμην: fut. δύσομαι [ $\bar{v}$ ]: aor. I ἐδῦσαμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσετο, imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσόμενος used in pres. sense: with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 ἔδῦν, us, u, dual ἐδύτην [ $\bar{v}$ ], pl. ἔδῦμεν, ἔδῦτε, ἔδῦσαν Εp. ἔδυν; imperat. δύθι, δῦτε, subj. δύω; opt. δυίην or δύην; inf. δῦναι, part. δύς: pf. δέδῦκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. 1, δύσω, ἔδῦσα, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act., and in Med .: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaph., εί μή σύ γε δύσεαι άλκήν if thou wilt not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; δύναι κόλπον θαλάσσης to sink into the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δῦναι and δύσασθαι to plunge into the fight; μνηστήρας δύσασθαι to go in among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; káματος γυία δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs; κρατερή ε λύσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δυώ-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δυωδεκά-βοιος, ον, (δυώδεκα, βοῦς) worth twelve

beeves. δυωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δυώδεκα, δράμεῖν) running

twelve courses.
δυωδεκά-μηνος, ος, (δυώδεκα, μήν) twelve months

οια. δυωδεκά-μοιρος, ον, (δυώδεκα, μοίρα) divided into

twelve parts.
δυωδεκαταĵος, ον. twelve days old.

δυωδέκατος, ον, poet. for δωδέκατος.

δυωκαιεικοσί-μετρος, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) bolding two-and-twenty measures.

δυωκαιεικοσί-πηχυς, v, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι,  $\pi \hat{\eta} \chi v s$ ) twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocopate form for δῶμα, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for δώματα.

δω, δφs, δφ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δώ-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, (δύο, δέκα) twelve, Lat. duodecim. δωδεκά-γναμπτος, ον, (δώδεκα, γνάμπτω) bent twelve times; δωδεκάγναμπτον τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκάδ-αρχος, ό, (δώδεκα, ἄρχω) a leader of twelve. δωδεκά-δωρος, ον, (δώδεκα, δῶρον 11) twelve palms long.

δωδεκ-άεθλος, ov, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ές, (δώδεκα, έτος) of twelve years: but, δωδεκαέτης, ου, δ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δώδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουνος, ov, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίνος, ον, (δώδεκα, λίνον) of twelve threads. δωδεκά-μηνος, ον, (δώδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, ον, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) knowing twelve arts.

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, with twelve children. δωδεκά-πάλαι, Adv. twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.

δωδεκά-πηχυς, v, twelve cubits long.

δωδεκά-πολις, ι, gen. 10s, formed of twelve united states.

δωδεκ-άρχης, ου, δ, = δωδέκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (δώδεκα) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, ov, twelve-oared.

δωδεκά-σκυτος, ov, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

δωδεκαταίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , on the twelfth day. From δωδέκατος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (δώδεκα) the twelfth.

δωδεκά-φυλος, ον, (δώδεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes:

τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel. δωδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (δώδεκα, έτος) twelve years old;

δωδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (δώδεκα, έτος) twelve years old; fem. δωδεκ-έτις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ .

Δωδώνη, ή, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δώη, δώησι, Ep. 3 sing. 2or. 2 subj of δίδωμι.

δώην, Ep. for δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δῶκα, Ερ. for έδωκα, 201. Ι οf δίδωμι.

δώλος, Dor. for δοῦλος.

δώμα, ατος τό, (δέμω) a bouse, dwelling. II. a part of the bouse, a chamber, room. III. a bouse, bousehold.

δωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δωμα.

δωματίτης, ου, ό: fem. - ττις, ιδος, ή: (δωμα): of, belonging to the bouse or bousehold.

δωματο-φθορέω, f. ήσω, (δῶμα, φθείρω) to ruin bouse and home.

δωματόω, f. ώσω,  $(\delta \hat{\omega} \mu \alpha)$  to bouse.

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, Dep., (δέμω) to build.

δωναξ, Dor. for δόναξ, δοῦναξ.

δώομεν, Ep. for δῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι. δωρεά, Ion. -εή, ή, a gift, present:—Acc. δωρεάν used as Adv., as a free gift, freely, Lat. gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain. From

δωρέω, f. ήσω: or δωρέομαι, Dep., f. ήσομαι:—to give, present: to present one with, Lat. dono. Hence

δώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is given, a gift. δωρητός, ή, όν, (δωρέω) open to gifts or presents, to be appeased by gifts.

II. freely given.

 $\Delta$ ωριάζω, f.  $\dot{\alpha}\sigma\omega$ ,  $=\Delta\omega\rho\dot{\zeta}\omega$ .

**Δωριεύs**, έωs, δ, ( $\Delta \hat{\omega}$ pos) a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω Dor. -(σδω: f. ίσω: (Δώροε):—to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3. to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}$ , and Δώριος, a,  $o\nu$ , (Δῶρος) Doric, Dorian.

Δωρίς, ίδος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\Delta \hat{\omega} \rho$ os) fem. Adj. Dorian: (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) the Dorian land, i. c. Peloponnesus. (sub. κοπίς) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices. Δωρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσδω, Dor. for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶροι) Adv. in Dorian fashion.

δωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, (δωροδόκος) to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—Pass. to bave a bribe given one: c. acc. to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκημα, ατος, τό, a bribe.

δωροδοκηστί, Adv. (δωροδοκέω) in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.

δωροδοκία, ή, (δωροδοκέω) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.

δωρο-δόκος, ον, (δώρον, δέχομαι) taking presents or bribes.

δωρο-δότης, ου, ό, (δώρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents. δώρον, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δώρα θεών gifts of or from the gods. II. the breadth of the hand, the palm.

δωρο-φάγος, ον, (δωρον, φάγειν) devouring gifts,

greedy of presents.

δωροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bring presents or bribes. From δωρο-φόρος, ον, (δώρον, φέρω) bringing presents: hence tributary.

δωρύττομαι, Dor. for δωρέσμαι.

δώs, ή, Lat. dos, = δόσιs, only in nom.

δωσείω, Desiderat. of δίδωμι, to be ready to give.

δωσέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep fut. inf of δίδωμι.

δώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι.

g. II. a | δωσί-δίκος, ον, (δίδωμι, δίκη) giving oneself up to III. a bouse, justice, abiding by a sentence.

δώσω, fut, of δίδωμι.

δωσῶν, Dor. for δώσων, fut. act. part. of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, ήρος, ό, (δίδωμι) a giver.

δώτης, ου, δ, = δωτήρ.

δωτινάζω, f. άσω, to receive presents. From

δωτίνη, ή, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: acc. δωτίνην as Adv., as a free gift, freely, like δωρεάν. [τ]

δώτωρ, opos, δ, = δωτήρ.

δώω, Ep. for δω, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

## $\mathbf{E}$

E, ε, called  $\hat{\epsilon}$  ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral  $\epsilon' = \pi \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau \epsilon$  and  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \mu \pi \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\epsilon = 5000$ . When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted  $\eta$  from the Samian alphabet to represent long e, the Gramm. introduced the name of  $\hat{\epsilon}$  ψιλόν,  $\epsilon$  without the aspirate, because  $\mathbf{E}$  was one way of writing the rough breathing.

\*, bim-, ber-, or it-self, Lat. se, acc. sing. and plur. reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer Ep. form is ξε, never enclitic. II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it. See οῦ, Lat. su.

ed, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: Lat. vah!

ἔā, for εἴā, 3 sing. impf. of ἐάω.

έd, Ion. for ην, I sing. impf. of εlμί sum.

έα, lengthd. Ep. έαα, 3 sing. pres. of έαω. eaav, lengthd. Ep. inf. of εάω. έαγα, pf. of άγνυμι with pass. sense. έάγην [ă], 2or. 2 pass. of άγνυμι. **ξάδα**, pf. of ἀνδάνω. **ἔἄδον,** aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. έάλη or έάλη [ἄ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of είλω. ἐάλωκα [ἄ], pf., ἐάλων [ˇā], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι. έαν, Conj. (properly εἰ αν), if baply, if so be that, in case that, followed by Subjunctive, whereas & is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it el ke or al ke: the Att. contract it into hv and av. with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. an, if, whether; σκόπει έαν ίκανον ή see if or whether III. ¿àv καί even if, granting that; it be enough. έαν μή if not, except, unless; έαν άρα μή if perbaps IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐάν stands for αν; δs εάν wbosoever; οπου εάν wberesoever; but only in very late writers. **ἐἄνόν, τ**ό, ν. sq.

έανός, ή, όν, (ἔννῦμι) used of all things fit for putting on or wearing; and so, generally, fine, light; eaves κασσίτεροs tin beat out thin and made fit for II. as Subst., ἐἄνόν (sub. είμα or ἰμάτιον), wear. τό, a rich state-robe.

ἔαξα for ἢξα, aor. I of ἄγνυμι.

"EAP, έἄρος, τό; Ερ. είαρ, είαρος; contr. ήρ, ήρος: -Lat. VER, spring; ξαρος νέον ίσταμένοιο in early spring; metaph. of anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing; γενύων έαρ the first down on the chin.

ἐαρί-δρεπτος, ον, (ἔαρ, δρέπω) plucked in spring. ἐαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἔαρ) to pass the spring. έδιρινός Ερ. είαρινός Att. ήρινός, ή, όν: (ἔαρ): Lat. vernus, of or belonging to spring.

ἐαρο-τρεφής, ές, (ἔαρ, τρέφω) spring-nurtured.

έas, Ep. for ηs, 2 sing. impf. of είμί sum.

čāσa, Ep. aor. I of ἐάω. έασι, Ep. for είσί, 3 plur. of είμί sum. ἔασκον, Ion. for είων, impf. of ἐάω. **ἔἄται**, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι. έατε, Ep. for ητε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum. έατέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of έάω, to be suffered: to

έἄτο, Ion. for ήντο, 3 pl. impf. of ήμαι.

be let alone.

έ-αυτοῦ, η̂s, οῦ, pl. ἐαυτῶν, etc.; Ion. ἐωυτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἔ, q.v., αὐτοῦ):--Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., of bimself, berself, itself, etc., used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

εάφθη, Ep. for  $\eta \phi \theta \eta$ , 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of  $\ddot{\alpha} \pi \tau \omega$ . **ΈΑ΄**Ω, contr. ἐω̂, Ερ. είω̂: impf. είων, Ερ. without augm. έων: fut. έάσω [ā]: aor. ι είασα, Ερ. έασα: pf. elāκa:-Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, eάσομαι: pf. elapar. To let, suffer, allow, permit: with notion of carelessness, to leave alone. II. to let go, let alone, let be: beed not. 2. to let alone, let be; θελε τὸ μεν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐάσει he will give one thing, the other he will let alone, i. c. not give: ¿av yaipeiv to

let alone. III. Med., ἐᾶσθαί τινί τι to give up a thing to another. ἐάων, Ep. for ἐήων, gen. pl. of ἐΰs. **ἔβαλον**, 2οτ. 2 οf βάλλω. **ἔβἄν**, Ep. for ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω. έβάσκηνα, έβασκάνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βασκαίνω. έβάστασα, έβάσταξα, aor. 1 of βαστάζω. έβάφθην, έβάφην [ἄ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω. έβδομ-αγέτης, ου, δ, (έβδόμη, άγω) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month. έβδομαΐος, α, ον, (ξβδομος) on the seventh day. έβδομάς, άδος, ή, a number of seven. έβδόματος, ον, (έβδομος) the seventh. έβδομήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (ἐπτά) indecl. seventy. έβδομηκοντα-έξ, seventy-six. έβδομος, η, ον, (ἐπτά) the seventh. ΙΙ. ἡ ἐβδόμη (ἡμέρα), the seventh day of the month. έβεβήκειν, plapf. of βαίνω. έβεβλήκειν, έβεβλήμην, plapf. act. and pass. of βάλλω. έβένινος, η, ον, of ebony. From \*EBENOS,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the ebony-tree, ebony. έβην, 201. 2 of βαίνω. έβηξα, aor. I of βήσσω. έβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω. έβήσετο. Ep. for έβήσατο, aor. 1 med. of βαίνω. έβιασάμην, έβιάσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of βιάζω. ¿βιήθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω. έβίων, aor. 2 of βιύω. έβιώσαο, 2 sing. 2 or. 1 of βιώσκομαι. έβλάβεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω. **έβλάστηκα**, pf. of βλάστανω. έβλάστησα, έβλαστον, aor. I and 2 of βλαστάνω. ξβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω. ἐβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

 $\epsilon \beta \lambda \epsilon \phi \theta \eta \nu$ , aor. I pass. of  $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \omega$ .

έβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

**έβλίσα**, aor. 1 of βλίσσω.

έβλυσα, aor. 1 of βλύζω, but έβλυσα of βλύω. έβούλευσα, έβουλεύθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of

βουλεύω. έβουλήθην, έβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

'EBPAI'OΣ, a Hebrew: 'Εβραίς, loos, fem. Adj. (sub. διάλεκτος), the Hebrew dialect. Hence

Έβραϊστί, Adv. in the Hebrew tongue.

έβράσα, έβράσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω. **ἔβράχε, s**ee βράχω.

έβράχην [α], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.

έβρέξα, έβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.

 $\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}$ βρι $\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}$ α, aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  of  $\mathbf{\beta}$ ρί $\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}$ ω. **εβρίσα, aor.** 1 of βρίθω.

έβρύχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [ $\bar{v}$ ].

έβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρων, 20r. 2 of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρωσα, ἐβρώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω. έβυσα, έβύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of βύω.

II.

**ἔβωσα**, contr. for ἐβόησα, 20r. 1 of βοάω.

έγ-γαιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also έγ-γαιος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(έν, γ<math>\hat{\eta}$ ) in or of the land, native.

II. of property, in land, consisting of land.

III. in or beneath the earth, like

χθύνιος.
- ἐγ-γέγἄα, Ερ. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.
- ἐγγέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.

έγγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of έγγράφω. έγγεγύηκα, -ημαι, see έγγυάω.

έγ-γείνωνται, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of \*έγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

έγ-γειος, see έγγαιος.

έγγελάστης, ου, ό, a mocker, scorner. From έγ-γελάω, f. άσομαι [ā]: for the tenses, v. γελάω: —to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.

έγ-γενήs, έs, (èv, γένοs) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγγενεῖε θεοί gods of the race or country. II.

born of the same race, kindred.

ἐγ-γηράσκω, fut. άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , to grow old in a place. ἐγ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίγνομαι: (ἐν, γίγνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, bappen, arise in, or among. II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγγίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἔξεστι.

έγγίζω, f. ίσω, (έγγύs) to bring near. II. mostly intrais. to draw nigh, be at hand.

έγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for έγγίγνομαι. έγγίων, ον, Comp., and έγγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of

ἐγγύε.

έγ-γλύσσω, (έν, γλυκύς) to bave a sweet taste. έγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (έν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.

έγ-γλωττο-τὕπέω, f. ήσω, (ἐν, γλῶσσα, τύπτω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of. ἔγ-γονος, ὑ, (ἐν, γύνος) a grandson: descendant.

έγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to bave written on; ἐγγεγραμμένος τι baving it writen on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

έγ-γυαλίζω, f. εω: Ep. aor. I έγγυάλιξα: (έν, γύαλον):—to put into one's bands, grant in full, give

to one's charge.

έγγυάω, impf. ἡγγύων: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἡγγύησα: pf. ἡγγύηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγγυήθην: pf. ἡγγύημαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγύων, ἐνεγύησα, ἐγγεγύηκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plughted busband or wife.

έγ-γύη, ἡ, (ἐν, γυῖον οι γύαλον) a putting a pledge in one's band: hence generally, surety, security, bail. ἐγγυητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐγγυάω) one who gives bail or

security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ή, ὄν, (ἐγγυάω) plighted, hetrothed. ἐγγύθεν, Adv. (ἐγγύs) from nigh at hand, hard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at hand. έγγύθι, (έγγύε) Adv. bard by, near.

Time, nigh at hand.

έγ-γύος, ον, (έγγύη) giving surety or bail.

as Subst., = εγγυητήs, a surety.

'EΓΓΥ'Σ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at hand, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at hand. III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίων, ον, and ἐγγυτερος, α, ον; Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. ἔγγιστος and ἐγγύτατος; Adv. ἔγγιστοα and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίων.

έγ-γώνιος, ον, (έν, γωνία) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι έν τομή έγγώνιοι stones cut square.

έγδούπησα, Ερ. for έδούπησα, aor. 1 of δουπέω.

έγέγωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γεγώνω: see γέγωνα. έγεγώνειν, plapf. of γέγωνα.

έγεγώνευν, impf. of γεγωνέω: see γέγωνα.

έγεινάμην, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget.

έγεγόνει and έγεγένητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι. ΈΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. έγερῶ: aor. ήγειρα: pf. έγηγερκα:

—Pass., aor. I ἠγέρθην Ερ. 3 pl. ἔγερθεν: pf. ἐγήγερκα:

—pos. i.—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἔγρετο, ἐγρ-ήγορα:

I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:

—metaph. to rouse, stir up.

2. to raise from the dead.

3. to raise, erect a building.

II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep. in aor. to keep watch: be awake.

2. to rouse oneself, be excited

by passion, etc. ἐγέλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Εp. and Dor. aor. 1 of γελάω. ἔγεντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γί-

γνομαι.

έγέρηρα, aor. I of γεραίρω.

έγερθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of έγείρω.

έγερσί-γελως, ωτος, δ, ή, (έγείρω, γέλως) laughterstirring.

έγερσι-θέ $\bar{a}$ τροs, ον, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ γείρω, θέaτρον) exciting the spectators.

έγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, δ: fem. έγερσιμάχη: (έγείρω, μάχη) battle-sterring.

έγέρσιμος, ον, (έγείρω) waking, easily waked; έγέρ-

σιμος ύπνος sleep from which one wakes. ἔγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.

έγερσι-φάής, ές, (έγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.

έγερτί, Adv. (έγείρω) wakefully, busily.

έγηγέρατο, Ion. for έγηγερμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of έγείρω.

έγήγερκα, έγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έγείρω.

έγημα, aor. 1 of γαμέω.

έγήρα, 3 sing. 2 of γηράσκω. έγήρασα, 2 or. 1 of γηράσκω.

έγήρυσα, aor. I of γηρύω.

έγ-καθαρμόζω, f. όσω, to fit in.

έγ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

me's seut in: to encump in a piace. έγκάθετος, ον, (έγκαθίημ) suborned. έγ-καθηβάω, f. ήσω, to pass one's youtb in. έγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambusb.

έγ-καθιδρύω, f. ύσω [v], to set up in.

ey-καθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to seat in or upon. intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on.

έγ-καθίημι, f. ήσω, to let down into, send in. έγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. έγκατέστην; pf. εγκαθέστηκα; plqpf. εγκαθεστήκειν: to be placed or established in.

έγ-καθορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to bring into barbour:

Med. to run into barbour.

έγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to riot to excess in a

έγ-καίνια, τά, (έν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

έγκαινίζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate. II. to

έγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. make a fire in.

έγ-καλέω, fut. έγκαλέσω: pf. έγκέκληκα:--to call II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φόνον έγκαλεῖν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure. έγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

έγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration.

έγκαλυμμός, δ, a wrapping up. From

έγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:--Med. to bide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be asbamed. έγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

έγ-κανάσσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in; aor. I imperat. εγκάναξον. (Formed from the sound.)

έγ-καναχάομαι, Dep. (έν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

έγ-κάπτω, f. ψω: pf. ἐγκέκἄφα:--to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt.

«γ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.

έγ-κάρσιος, a, ov, cross, transverse, oblique. έγ-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to bold out.

**ἔγκᾶτα**, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels: dat. ἔγκασι. έγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in. έξ-καταγηράσκω, f. άσομαι [ă]: to grow old in. έγ-καταδέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

έγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into

έγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to associate with, adapt. έγκατάθοιτο, 3 201. 2 med. opt. of έγκατατίθημι. έγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.

έγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place: -Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

έγ-κατακοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

έγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; έγκατακρούειν χοpelar to tread a measure or dance among.

έγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. –λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to catch and bold fast, to bind or trammel.

έγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.

έγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:-Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εωε, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and bolding fast: a being caught in a place.

έγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix up in.

έγ-καταπήγνυμι, f.  $-\pi \eta \xi \omega$ , to thrust firmly into: to fix in.

έγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to fall in or upon. έγ-καταπλέκω, f. -πλέξω, to interweave, entwine.

έγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

έγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to burl down upon.

έγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.

έγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:--Med., τελαμῶνα ἐῆ ἐγκάτθετο τέχνη be included the swordbelt in bis art, 1. e. wrought it by bis art.

έγ-καταχέω, f.  $-\chi$ εῶ, to pour in besides. έγκατελέγην, aor. 2 pass. of έγκαταλέγω.

έγκατέλιπον, 2 of έγκαταλείπω.

έγκατέπηξα, aor. I of έγκαταπήγνυμι. έγκάτθεο, Ep. for έγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and

έγκάτθετο, for έγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., 2 or. 2 med. of έγκατατίθημι.

έγ-κατιλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.

έγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in.

έγ-κατοικοδομέω, t. ήσω, to build on a spot, 2. to build in, immure. also

έγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack: to be vehement against: to press one 2. to be devoted to.

έγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., έγκεκαρμένω κάρα

with shorn head.

έγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of έγκαίω. έγκέκαφα, pf. of έγκάπτω.

έγκέκληκα, pf. of έγκαλέω.

έγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of έγκλείω.

έγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of έγκλίνω. έγκέκτημαι, pf. of έγκτάομαι.

έγκεκύκλωμαι, pf. pass. of έγκυκλόω

έγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (έγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.

έγκέλευστος, ov, urged on, bidden, ordered. From έγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.

έγ-κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

έγ-κεντρίς, ίδος, ή, (έν, κέντρον) a sting: a spur. έγ-κεράννυμι, fut.-κεράσω [ἄ]: (ἐν, κεράννυμι): to

mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.

έγ-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to mock at.

έγ-κέφαλος, ον, (έν, κεφαλή) within the head; ὁ έγκέφαλοs (sub. μυελόs), I. the brain. edible pith of young palm-shoots.

έγκεχαλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of έγχαλινόω.

ϵγκϵχοδα, pf. of ϵγχϵζω.

έγκεχρημένος, pf. part. pass. of έγχράω.

έγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of έγχέω.

έγ-κιθαρίζω, f. ίσω, to play the barp among.

έγ-κίρνημι, = έγκεράννυμι.

έγ-κλείω, f. σω, to sbut in, confine within. to sbut to, sbut fast.

έγκληθείς, aor. I part. pass. of έγκαλέω.

έγ-κλητω, Ion. for έγκλείω.

έγ-κλημα, ατος, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.

έγκλήμων, μονος, δ, (έγκαλέω) censorious.

έγ-κληρος, ον, (έν, κληρος) baving a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heiress.

έγ-κλήω, Att. for έγκλείω: aor. I part. έγκλήσας. έγ-κλίδον, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant. ἐγ-κλίνω, f. -κλίνῶ: pf. -κέκλϊκα, pass. -κέκλἴμαι: to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari. ἐγ-κολαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to bollow out, scoop out.

έγ-κοιλος, ον, (έν, κοίλος) bollowed out, bollow. έγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ήσομαι, to

sleep in.

έγ-κοιμίζω, f. ίσω, to lull to sleep in a place.

έγ-κοισύροω, f. ώσω, (έν, Κοισύρα) hence perf. part. pass. ἐγκεκοισυρωμένη, as luxurious as Coesyra (a female name in the Alcmæonid family).

έγ-κοιτάς, άδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed. ἐγ-κοληβάζω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος, swallow.

έγ-κονέω, f. ήσω, to basten, be quick and active. Hence

έγ-κονητί, Adv. in baste, diligently.

έγ-κονίομαι, Med. (ἐν, κόνιε) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.

έγκοπή, ή, (ἐγκοπῆναι) a binderance.

έγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of  $\epsilon \gamma κ \delta π τ \omega$ .

έγκοπος, ον, (έγκοπηναι) wearied.

έγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to binder, weary.

έγ-κορδύλέω, f. ήσω, (έν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. έγκεκορδυλημένοs.

έγ-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange in order.

έγκοτέω, f. ήσω, to be indignant at. From

έγ-κοτος, ον, (έν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious.

II. ἔγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, batred.

έγ-κράζω, f. -κράζομαι; 2 οι. 2 ἐνέκραγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.

έγκράτεια, ή, self-control, Lat. continentia: and έγκράτειο, ή, self-control, Lat. continentia: and έγκρατής, έs, (έν, κράτοs) with a firm bold: stout, strong. II. baving the mastery over, baving possession of. 2. baving control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyieldting, stubborn.

έγκρατώς, Adv. of έγκρατής, strongly, strictly:

temperately.

έγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.

έγκροτέοισαι, Dor. for - έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of έγ-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

II. | beat or keep time: —Pass., πυγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.

έγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.

έγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.

έγκρυφιάζω, f. άσω, (έγκρύφιος) to keep oneself bidden: to act underband.

έγκρυφιάς, άδος, ή, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From

έγκρύφιος, ον, (έγκρύπτω) bidden in.

έγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐγκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence ἔγκτημα, ατος, τό, property beld in a foreign country. ἔγκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.

έγ-κυκάω, f. ήσω, to mix up in.

έγ-κύκλιος, ον, (έν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.

έγ-κυκλος, ον, (έν, κύκλος) circular.

έγ-κυκλόω, f. ώσω, (έν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.

έγ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (έν, κῦμα 11) pregnant.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ γ-κύος, ον,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}ν$ ,  $κύω) = \tilde{\epsilon}γκύμων$ .

έγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into. έγ-κύρω, impf. ἐνέκῦρον: fut ἐγκύροω: aor. I ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.

έγκύρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of έγ-κύρω. ἔγκύτα, τά, Lacon. of ἔγκατα.

έγ-κωμιάζω, fut. άσω and άσομαι: pf. έγκεκωμίακα:

—Pass, aor. I ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. έγκεκωμίασμαι:—
(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμιον):—to praise, laud.

έγκώμιον, τό, see έγκώμιος II. 2.

έγ-κώμιος, ον, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village. II. (ἐν, κώμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἔπος), τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.

ἔγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

ἔγνωκα, ἔγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκω. ἔγνων, ωs, ω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

έγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκω.

ey-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape.

έγράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.

έγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.

ἐγρε-κύδοιμος, ον, (ἐγείρω, κύδοιμος) strife-stirring. ἐγρε-μάχης, ου, ό, and ἐγρέ-μάχος,  $\eta$ , ον, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.

έγρεσί-κωμος, ον, (έγείρω, κωμος) stirring up to

revelry.

έγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of εγείρω; imperat.

έγρεο; 3 sing. subj. έγρη; inf. έγρέσθαι.

έγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of έγείρω, whence part. έγρηγορώς, 2 pl. imper. έγρήγορθε (Ep.

for ξγρηγόρατε), inf. ξγρηγόρθαι (Ep. for ξγρηγορέναι):—plqpf. ξγρηγόρη, 3 sing. ξγρηγόρει. Homer uses the Ep. form ξγρήγορθα in 3 pl. ξγρηγόρθασι.

έγρηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. έγρηγοράω,

formed from εγρήγορα, watching, awake.

έγρηγορτί, (έγρηγορα) Adv. wakefully, awake. έγρησσω, from έγρηγορα, to be awake or watchful. έγροιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of έγείρω.

έγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω. ἐγ-χάλτνόω, f. ώσω, to put the bit in the mouth of, bold in check:—Pass. to have the bit in one's mouth. ἐγχανεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανεῖ, 3

sing. aor. 2 subj.

έγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep = χαρίζομαι.

έγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from \*έγ-χαίνω), fut. έγχἄνοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-έχἄνον, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—to yawn or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

έγ-χέζω, f. -χέσω also -χεσοῦμαι: pf. ἐγκέχοδα:-Lat. incaco: c. acc. to be in a borrid fright at one. ἐγχειάων, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγχείη.

έγχει-βρόμος, ον, (έγχος, βρέμω) thundering with

the spear.

έγχείη, ή, (έγχος) a spear, lance.

έγχείη, Ep. for έγχέη, 3 sing. subj. of έγχέω.

έγχει-κέραυνος, ον, (έγχος, κεραυνός) touching the thunderbolt.

έγ-χειρέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐνεχείρησα: (ἐν, χείρ):— to take in band, undertake. Hence

έγχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking: and

έγχείρησις, εως, ή, a taking in hand, an undertaking. ἐγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐγχείρεω, one must undertake

έγχειρητήs, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐγχειρέω) one who takes in hand: an adventurer.

έγχειρητικός, ή, όν, (έγχειρέω) enterprising.

 $\dot{\epsilon}_{\gamma-\chi \epsilon i \rho}$ ίδιος, ον,  $(\dot{\epsilon}v, \chi \dot{\epsilon}(\rho))$  in the band. II. as Subst.,  $\dot{\epsilon}_{\gamma \chi \epsilon i \rho}$ ίδιον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , a band-knife, dagger. 2. a manual, band-book.

 $\epsilon_{\gamma}$ -χειρίζω, f ίσω Att.  $\tilde{\iota}\tilde{\omega}$ , ( $\tilde{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\chi\epsilon$ ίρ) to put into one's bands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. to take in band, take on oneself.

έγ-χειρί-θετος, ον, (έν, χείρ, τίθημι) put or delivered into one's bands.

έγ-χείω, Ep. for έγχέω.

έγχέλειον, τό, Dim. of έγχελυς, a little eel.

έγχέλειος, ον, (έγχελυε) of an eel.

ETXEΛΥΣ, vos, ή: pl. ἐγχέλυες, Att. ἐγχέλεις, εων:—an eel, Lat. anguilla:—proverb., ἐγχέλεις θηράσθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

έγχεσί-μωρος, ον, fighting with the spear. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έγχέσ-πάλος, ου, (έγχος, πάλλω) spear-brandishing. έγχεσ-φόρος, ου, (έγχος, φέρω) spear-bearing.

έγχεθντα, Dor. for έγχέοντα, part. pr. of έγχέω. έγχέω, f. –χεω: aor. I ένέχεα, Ep. ενέχευα: Pass., pf. έγκέχθμαι:—to pour in:—Med. to pour or flow in, be poured in. II. to fill by pouring in; έγχέαι κρητήρα to fill the bowl.

έγ-χθόνιος, ον, (έν, χθών) in or of the country, Lat.

indigena.

"ΕΤΧΟΣ, τό, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts, alχμή and δόρυ, bead and sbaft. II. generally, a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—metaph., φροντίδος έγχος weapon of thought.

 $\ddot{\epsilon}$ γχουσα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\ddot{\alpha}$ γχουσα, q. v.

ϵγ-χραίνω, = sq.

έγ-χράω and έγ-χραύω, to dash against; ἐνέχρανεν ἐs τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκήπτρον he dashed his staff in his face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρόs τινας καὶ ἀλλους ἐγκεχρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) there were wars urged on against others also.

έγ-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to expectorate.

έγ-χρήζω, to want, bave need; τὰ ἐγχρήζοντα ne-

έγ-χρίμπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part ἐγχρίμψas:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμφθην part. ἐγχριμφθείs: —to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγχρίμπτειν τὴν βάριν τῆ γῆ to bring the boat to land: absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to attack, press bard. II. also intr. both in Act. and in Pass., to fall upon, attack, pursue.

έγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of έγχρίμπτω.

έγχριστος, ον, applied as an unguent. From έγ-χρίω, to rub in, to anoint. II. like ἐγχρίμπτω, to attack, assail.

έγ-χρονίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: (έν, χρόνος):—to be long about a thing, tarry, delay.

έγ-χυτρίζω, f. σω, to expose in a pan or pot.

έγ-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to give room for doing a thing: to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2. impers. έγχωρεί, it is possible or permitted; έτι έγχωρεί there is yet time.

έγ-χώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (έν, χώρα) in or belonging to the country.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma$ - $\chi\omega\rho\sigma$ ,  $\sigma\nu$ , =  $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega\rho\iota\sigma$ s.

TEΓΩ', Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron. of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:
—strengthd. by compos. with enclit. γε, ἔγωγε, Lat. equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and ἐγώνγα: Boeot. ἰώνγα or ἰώγα:—gen. ἙΜΟΥ, enclit. ΜΟΥ, Lat. ΜΕΙ, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμέῦ, μευ, Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῦς: Boeot. ἐμοῦs:—Dat. ἔμοί, enclit. μοι; Dor. ἐμέν:—Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ', Ep. νῶι, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶιν. Plur., nom. ἡμεῖs, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion. and Ep. ἡμέων, Ep. also ἡμείων, Dor. ἀμέων, Aeol. ἀμμέων:—dat. ἡμῦν, also ἡμιν or ἡμίν [τ], Dor. ἀμίν, ἀμμ, Aeol. ἀμμέσ:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and Acol. ἀμμέος:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and Aeol. ἀμμέος:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and Acol. ἀμμε, Dor. ἀμέ.

έγώγα, Dor. for έγωγε.

έγώδα, Att. crasis for έγω οίδα.

έγωμαι, Att. crasis for έγω οίμαι.

έγών, έγώνγα, Dor. for έγώ, έγωγε.

έδάην, ηε, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΩ.

έδαισα, -άμην, 20r. I act. and med. of δαίνυμι.

**εδάκον, 2**οτ. 2 οf δάκνω. έδάμην [ἄ], 20r. 2 pass. of δαμάω. έδανός, ή, όν, (έδω) eatable. έδανός, ή, όν, (άδειν) pleasant, grateful, agreeable or excellent. έδάρην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of δείρω. **ἔδαρθον**, 2 of δαρθάνω. έδαρκον, metath. for έδρακον, 20r. 2 of δέρκομαι. έδασάμην, 20τ. Ι οί δατέομαι. έδαφίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to make level: to level with the earth. From εδάφος, εοε, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the ground: ξδαφος νηύς the bottom or bold of a ship also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From the same root as  $\delta \dot{\alpha} \pi - \epsilon \delta o \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \pi - \eta s$ .) έδδεισα, Ep. for έδεισα, 201. I of δείδω. έδέγμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι. έδεδέατο, Ion. for εδέδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω. έδεδέγμην, plapf. of δέχομαι. έδεδήκειν, plqpf. of δέω, to bind. έδίδισαν, 3 pl. plapf. of δείδω. έδεδμήστο Ion. 3 plur., and έδέδμητο 3 sing., plapf. pass. of δέμω. έδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plapf. of δείδω. έδεδόμην, plapf. pass. of δίδωμι. έδεδώκειν, plqpf. of δίδωμι. έδεήθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want. έδέησα, aor. I of δέω, to want. έδέθην, aor. I pass. of δέω, to bind. ἔδειδα, 20r. I of δείδω. έδείδιμεν, -Ισαν, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plapf. of δείδω. έδειμα, aor. I of δέμω. έδειξα, aor. I of δείκνυμι. **έδειρα**, aor. I of δέρω. έδεκτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι. έδέμεν, Ep. for έδειν, inf. of έδω. έδεξα, -άμην, Ion. for έδειξα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δείκνυμι; but έδεξάμην also aor. I of δέχομαι. έδεσμα, ατος, τό,  $(\epsilon \delta \omega)$  food, meat, a disb. έδεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔδω) an eater, devourer. έδεστός, ή, όν, (έδω) to be eaten, eatable. eaten: consumed. έδεύησει, 201. I of δεύω, to need. έδήδεσμαι, pf. pass. of έσθίω. έδήδοκα, pf. act. of έσθίω. έδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of έδω. έδηδώs, pf. part. of έδω. έδηΐουν, Att. έδήουν, impf. of δηίω. εδησα, aor. I of δέω, to bind : also Ep. aor. I of δέω, to want. έδητύς, ύος, ή, (έδω) meat, food.  $[\breve{v}]$ έδήχθην, aor. I pass. of δάκνω. έδηωσα, έδηώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δηίω. έδιαίτησα, 20r. I of διαιτάω. έδίδαξα, poët. έδιδάσκησα, aor. I of διδάσκω. έδίδουν, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδόω.

έδιζήμην, impf. of δίζημαι.

ίδίηνα, 20r. I of διαίνω.

έδικον, ν. δικείν. έδίνευσα, έδίνησα, 20r. Ι of δινεύω, δινέω. έδίψησα, aor. 1 of διψάω. έδίωξα, έδιώχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διώκω. έδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of έδω. έδμήθην, aor. I pass. of δαμάω. έδνάομαι, Dep. = έδνόω. From "ΕΔΝΑ, Ep. čeδva, τά, nuptial gifts, 1. from the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the bride's father. 3. a portion or dowry, given to the bride by her parents, also φέρνη or προίξ wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests. Hence έδνόω, f. ώσω, to promise or betroth for presents. έδνωτής Ep. έεδνωτής, οῦ, ὁ, a betrother, of a father who portions a bride. έδόθην, aor. I pass. of δίδωμι. έδοκεθμες, Dor. for έδοκοθμεν, I pl. impf. of δοκέω. **έδόκησα,** 20τ. 1 of δοκέω. έδοκίμασα, έδοκιμάσθην, 20r. I act. and pass. of δοκιμάζω. **ἔδομαι**, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω. ἔδομεν, ἔδοτε, ἔδοσαν (Dor. ἔδον), 201. 2 pl. of δίδωμι. **ἔδοντι,** Dor. for ἔδουσι. **ἔδοξα**, aor. I of δοκέω. έδοξώθην, aor. I pass. of δοξόω. εδος, εος, τό, (εζομαι) a thing to sit on, a seat. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. a foundation, base, the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. act of sitting; οὐχ έδος ἐστί'tis no time for sitting still. έδοθμαι, fut. of έζομαι. έδρα Ep. and Ion. έδρη, ή, (έζομαι) any seat, a chair, 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a bench, etc. temple, altar. 3. a foundation, base. II. a sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay; οὐκ έδρας άκμή it is not the season for sitting still. sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament. έδραθον, poet, for έδαρθον, aor, 2 of δαρθάνω. έδραιος, a, ov, (έδρα) sitting, sedentary. II. II. steadfast, firm, constant. έδραιόω, f.  $\omega \sigma \omega$ , = έδριάω. Hence έδραίωμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base. έδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι. έδρακον, έδρακην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι. **ἔδρἄμον, aor. 2** of τρέχω. **έδραν**, aor. a of διδράσκο. εδράνον, τό, (εδρα) a seat, abode, dwelling. **ἔδρασα**, 201. Ι of δράω. έδρη, Ep. and Ion. for έδρα. **έδρησα**, Ion. for *έδρ*āσα, aor. 1 of δράω. έδριάομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) to sit: Ep. inf. έδριάασθαι; Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἐδριόωντο. έδρο-στρόφος, δ. (έδρα, στρέφω) a wrestler who throws his adversary by a cross-buttock. ἔδρυψα, ἔδρύφθην, 20r. I act. and pass. of δρύπτω. έδυν, I sing. 20r. 2 of δύω; but also Ep. for έδυσαν, 3 pl. of same tense. H

194 έδυνάσθην or -ήθην, aor. I of δύναμαι. έδυνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναμαι. έδύσεο, -ετο, Ep. for ἐδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύω. έδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχέω. ΈΔΩ, Ion. impf. έδεσκον: fut. έδομαι: pf. act. ἐδήδα, pass. ἐδήδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἐσθίω:—to eat, devour: metaph., οίκον έδουσι eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμον έδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence έδωδή, ή, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence έδώδιμος, ov, eatable: τὰ ἐδώδιμα provisions. **ἔδωκα,** aor. ι of δίδωμι. έδώλιον, τό, (ξδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. transtrum. εε, poët. for ε, bim, acc. of ov. ἔεδνα, ἐεδνόω, -ωτής, Ερ. for ἔδνα, ἐδνόω, -ωτής. έείδομαι, Ep. for είδομαι, Med. of είδω. έεικοσά-βοιος, έείκοσι, έεικόσορος, έεικοστός, Ep. for €ik-. έείλεον, Ep. for είλεον, impf. of είλέω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ειπα, αs, ε,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ειπον, εs, ε, Ep. for ε $l\pi\alpha$ , ε $l\pi$ ον. teis, Ep. for els. čείσαο, čείσατο, čεισάσθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual, aor. 1 of eIm ibo. έείσατο, έεισάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of **\***€ἶδω. **ἐέλδομαι**, ἐέλδωρ, Ερ. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ. ἔελμαι, ἐελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of είλω. **ἐέλπομαι**, Ep. for ἔλπομαι. έέλσαι, Ep. for έλσαι, aor. I inf. of είλω. έέργαθον, Ep. for είργαθον. έεργε, έεργμένος, έέργνυμι, έέργω, Ep. for είργ-. έερμένος, pf. part. pass. of είρω. έέρση, έερσήεις, Ep. for έρσή, έρσήεις. ἔερτο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of είρω. έέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of είργω. έέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἕννυμι. έκσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ίζω. čεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of εννυμι. έζευγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνῦμι. έζευξα, έζεύχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι. "EZOMAI, fut. εδούμαι: impf. and aor. 2 εζόμην: (the Root is 'EA-, see cos):—to seat oneself, sit;  $\delta \pi \lambda \chi \theta o \nu \lambda \delta \zeta \delta \sigma \theta \eta \nu$  they sank to the earth. έζύγην [τ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι. έζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζώννυμι. en, Ion. for η, 3 sing. subj. of είμί sum. έη, fem. of έόε, bis. έηκε, Ep. for ήκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ίημι. ëην, Ep. for ην, 3 sing. impf. of είμί sum. έηνδανε, Ep. for ήνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of άνδάνω. inos, gen. masc. of its, good, brave, noble.

έης, Ep. for ης, gen. fem. of ος, η, δ, who, what:

θεάομαι.

but ens gen. fem. of eos, bis.

ἔησθα, Ep. for ηs, 2 sing. impf. of είμί sum. έησι, Ep. for η, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum. ἔθαλψα, ἔθάλφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλπω. **ἔθἄνον,** 2 or. 2 of θνήσκω. ἐθάs, άδοs, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔθοs) accustomed, used. ἔθαψα, ἐθάφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω. έθεησάμην, Ion. 20r. 1 of θεάομαι. "EOEIPA, \u00e1, bair; in Homer, a borse's mane, or the borsebair crest on helmets: a hon's mane. Hence έθειράζω, f. άσω, to wear long bair. έθείρω, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.) έθελημός, όν, (έθέλω) willing, voluntary. έθέλησθα, for έθέλης, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of έθέλω. έθελητός, ή, όν, (ἐθέλω) willed, voluntary.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\theta$ ελξα,  $\hat{\epsilon}\theta$ έλχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of  $\theta$ έλγω.  $\epsilon\theta\epsilon\lambda o$ , in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly. ėθελό-δουλος, ov, a willing slave. έθελο-θρησκεία, ή, (έθελο -, θρησκεύω) will-worship, superstitious observance. έθελοκακέω, f. ήσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From ¿θελό-κἄκος, ον, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly. έθελοντηδόν, (ἐθέλω) Adv. voluntarily. έθελοντήν, (έθέλω) Adv. voluntarily. έθελοντήρ, ήρος, ὁ, (ἐθέλω) a volunteer.  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda$ οντής, οῦ, ὁ, ( $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ ) a volunteer.  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda o\nu\tau\dot{\iota}$ ,  $Adv. = \dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda o\nu\tau\eta\delta\dot{\iota}\nu$ . έθέλοντι, Dor. for έθέλουσι, 3 pl. of έθέλω. έθελοπονία, ή, love of work, diligence. From ėθελό-πονος, ον, (έθελο-, πόνος) willing to work. έθελο-πρόξενος, ον, (έθελο-, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges bimself with the office of πρόξενοs (q. v.) to a foreign state. έθελ-ουργός, όν, (έθελο-, \*έργω) willing to work.  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda$ ούσιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega)$  voluntarily. things, optional.  $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{\Theta}\mathbf{E}'\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , impf.  $\mathring{\eta}\theta$ ελον: fut.  $\mathring{\epsilon}\theta$ ελ $\mathring{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : 20r. I  $\mathring{\eta}\theta\acute{\epsilon}$ λησα: pf.  $\dot{\eta}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\eta\kappa\alpha:$ —like  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ , to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ΄ **ἔ**θελε προρέειν ἀλλ' ἴσχετο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. volo; often in phrases, such as, τί ἐθέλει τὸ τέραs; Lat. quid sibi vult? what means, what purports the prodigy? ἔθεμεν, 1 pl. 20r. 2 of τίθημι. εθεν, Ep and Att. poet. gen. for εο, ου, of bim, of ber. **ἔθεντο**, 3 pl. 2or. 2 med. of τίθημι. έθέρμηνα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω. έθετε, έθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι. **ἔθευ, Ion.** for **ἔθου, 2** sing. 2 or. 2 med. of τίθημι. έθηειτο, έθηεύμεθα, έθηευντο, Ion. for έθεατο, έθεώμεθα, έθεῶντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι. έθηεύμεσθα, Ion. 1 pl. of θεάομαι. έθηήσαντο, Ion. for έθεάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of **ἔθηκα**, I sing. aor. I of τίθημι.

**ξθην**, aor. 1 pass. of *ἵημ*: but **ξθην**, aor. 2 act. of τίθημι.

**ἔθίγον**, aor. 2 οἱ θιγγάνω.

ἐθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I εἴθισα: pf. εἴθικα:— Pass., aor. I εἰθίσθην: pf. εἴθισμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence

έθιστέον, verb. Adj. one must accustom.

 $\mathbf{\tilde{t}}$ θλ $\mathbf{\tilde{t}}$ σ $\mathbf{a}$ , aor. I of  $\mathbf{\tilde{\theta}}$ λ $\mathbf{\tilde{a}}$ ω.

 $\xi$ θλιψα, aor. I of  $\theta$ λίβω.

 $\epsilon\theta v$ -άρχηs, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\epsilon\theta vos, αρχω)$  a ruler of a nation: prefect: an ethnarch.

θνικός, ή, όν, national. II foreign: gentile:

-Adv. -κω̂s, like the Gentiles. From

"EΘΝΟΣ, εos, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ έθνη the nations, Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.

α particular class of then, a ca: **ἔθορον**, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

"EΘΟΣ, εos, τό, custom, usage, manners, babit.

**ἔθραυσα**, aor. I of θραύω.

 $\epsilon\theta$ ρεξα, aor. I of  $\tau \rho \epsilon \chi \omega$ .

έθρέφθην, aor. I pass. of τρέφω.

**έθρεψα**, aor. 1 act. of τρέφω.

έθρήνευν, Dor. for έθρήνουν, impf. of θρηνέω. ἔθρϊσα, poet. for ἐθέρισα, aor. 1 of θερίζω.

\*ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἴωθα Ion. έωθα as pres., and the plqpf. εἰώθειν Ion. ἐώθεα as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the babit: part. εἰωθώς as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual; τὸ εἰωθώς one's custom.

EI', a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. al:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αι γάρ,

and εἴ-θε.

εί, Att. 2 sing. of είμι ibo.

ela, and trisyll. ela, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! ela vuv well now.

ϵἴā, 3 sing. impf. of ἐάω; also 2 sing. imperat. pres. ϵἰάθην, ϵἴāμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of ἐάω.

«ἰἄμενή, ή, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain)

ei αν, Ερ. and Ion. εἴ κε, contr. into ἐάν, ἤν, and ἄν. εἰανός, ή, όν, Ερ. for ἐανός.

είαρ, είαρινός, Ep. for έαρ, ἐαρινός.

ciapó-μασθος, ον, (clap, μασθός) with youthful breasts. cias, 2 sing. impf. of claw;— ciaσα, 2 or. 1 of the same. ciaσκον, Ion. for ciaν, impf. of claw.

είαται, είατο, Ep. for Ion. έαται, έατο, which is for

 $\eta \nu \tau \alpha i$ ,  $\eta \nu \tau o$ , 3 pl. pres. and impf. of  $\eta \mu \alpha i$ .

είστο, Ion. for είντο, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of έννυμι. **ΕΙ'ΒΩ**, Ep. form of  $\lambda$ είβω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.

el γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if ..! O that ..! would that ! Lat. utinam!

«ί-γ«, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.

et yoûv, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

el δ' άγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εl δ' ἐθέλεις, άγε, είδάλιμος, η, ον, (είδος) shapely, comely.

II, like, looking like.

είδαρ, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, victuals for men:

fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.

εἰδείην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; v. \*εἴδω Β.
 εἰ δὲ μή, elliptic for εἰ δὲ μὴ τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise,
 Lat. sin aliter.

είδέω, for είδω, subj. of οίδα; v. \*είδω B.

el δή, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.

είδήμων, ovos, ό, ή, (\*είδω) knowing or expert in a thing.

είδησέμεν, Ep. for είδήσειν, fut. inf. of \*είδω Β.

είδήσω, fut. of \*είδω.

είδομες, Dor. for είδομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of \*είδω A.

είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω A.

ellos, εos, τό, (\*είδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action. III. species, opp. to genus.

eiδόσι, dat. pl. of eiδώs, part. of οίδα, v. \*είδω Β. eiδότα, acc. sing. of eiδώs, part of οίδα, v. \*είδω Β.

είδότως, Adv. of είδώς, part. of οίδα, knowingly. είδυια, fem. nom. part. of οίδα, v. \*είδω Β.

είδύλλιον, τό, Dim. of είδοs, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.

\*EI' $\Delta\Omega$  (or more properly FI' $\Delta\Omega$ , the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by  $\delta\rho\delta\omega$ : its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.

A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 είδον, Ερ. ίδον, ίδεσκον; subj. ίδω, Ερ. also ίδωμι; inf. ίδείν, Ερ. also ίδέειν; part. ίδών. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. είδόμην Ερ. ἰδόμην; imperat. ίδοῦ; subj. ίδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! bebold! Lat. ecce. Όράω is used as pres., ἐώρᾶκα οτ ἐόρᾶκα, as pf., δψραι as fut. II. in Ερ. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. είδομαι: aor. I είσάμην, Ερ. also ἐεισάμην, αο, ατο, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videor; είδεται άστρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to bave or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; ἐείσατο φθογγην Πολίτη she made berself like Polites in voice.

B. to know:—the pf. olda, I bave seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one bas seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I bad seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. olda, olda (poet. also oldas); i pl. loque (Ep. and Dor. loque), lote, loda:—imperat. lodi, lote:—subj. elda, Ep. also ildew;—opt. eldeiny:—inf. eldeva, Ep. loqueva and loque:—part. eldas, Ep. fem. lova:—impf., ydein, Ep. ydeida, Att. ydn; Ep. 2 sing. heldys for ydns, Att. ydngda; 3 sing., Ep. heldy, Att. ydn, ydeine, ydeire or ydeite, ydeidava, more ydeida, more

н.

tarely and mostly Ep. εἰδήσω. To know; ev olda I know well; εὖ ίσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, undea olde he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἄρτια είδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εν είδωs well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξων εὖ εἰδώε cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χάριν είδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him: -old' ότι, οlσθ' ότι, I know, you know it well:—also,  $ol\sigma\theta$ '  $\delta\tau\iota$ ,  $ol\sigma\theta$ '  $\delta$  and  $ol\sigma\theta$ '  $\dot{\omega}s$ , followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, oloθ' δ δρασον, for δρασον, οἶσθ' ő do, thou knowest what. είδωλειον, τό, (είδωλον) an idol's temple. είδωλό-θύτος, ον. (εἴδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τὸ είδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols. είδωλολατρία, ή, idolatry. From είδωλο-λάτρης, ου, ό, ή, (εἴδωλον, λάτριε) an idol-

worshipper, an idolater. «ίδωλον, τό, (είδοs) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτών είδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy. III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

eiδώs, part. of olδα, pf. of \*είδω B.

elev, Att. for είησαν, 3 pl. opt. of είμί sum. elev, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.

eίην, opt. of εἰμί sum.

**είην**, aor. 2 opt. of *ίημι*.

elθap, Adv. (eὐθύs) at once, fortbwith.

eι-θε, Dor. and Ep. αι-θε, Interj. O that! would that! Lat. utinam !

«ίθην, Ion. έθην, aor. I pass. of ίημι.

eiθίζω, f. ίσω, poet. for ἐθίζω,

είθισα, είθικα, aor. I and pf. of  $\epsilon\theta$ ίζω.

eika. Att. for foika. είκα, pf. of ἵημι.

εἰκάζω, f. άσω: 201. Ι ήκασα Ιοη. εἴκασα:---Pass., aor. Ι ήκασθην: pf. ήκασμαι Ιοη. είκασμαι: (είκός):--to make like to, represent by a likeness:-Pass. to be like, resemble. II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἴκάθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἴκω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. είκαθεῖν; part. είκαθών.

είκαιοs, a, ov, (εlκη) without purpose: random, II. common, worthless.

eiκάs, άδοs, ή, (είκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).

eiκάσια, ή, (εικάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture. είκασμα, ατος, τό, (είκά(ω) a likeness.

elkaσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) a conjecturing.

είκαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner.

elκαστός, ή, όν, (εlκάζω) to be compared, like. elkarı, Dor. for elkogi.

είκελ-όνειρος, ον, (είκελος, όνειρος) dream-like. elkehos, n, ov, (elkos) like, after the fashion of.

είκελό-φωνος, ον, (είκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

eikévai, Att. for eoikévai, inf. of eoika.

EIKH, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rasbly, at random, Lat. temere.

εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκών) to mould into form. Hence εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

elkos Ion. oikos, oros, ro, neut. part. of foika, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρά τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

είκοσά-βοιος, Ερ. ἐεικοσάβοιος, ον, (είκοσι, βοῦε)

worth twenty oxen.

είκοσα-ετής, έε, (είκοσι, έτοε) of twenty years.

είκοσάκις, (είκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

είκοσά-μηνος, ον, (είκοσι, μήν) twenty months old. El'KOΣI before a vowel, είκοσιν, Ep. εείκοσι, Dor. είκατι, οί, αί, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti. είκοσι-νήριτος, ov, twenty-fold without dispute; εί-

κοσινήριτ' άποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

είκοσι-πηχυς, v, (εἴκοσι, πηχυς) of twenty cubits. είκοσ-όργυιος, ον, (είκοσι, όργυιά) of twenty fathoms. εἰκόσορος, poet. ἐεικ-, ον, (εἴκοσι) with twenty oars. είκοστή, ή, see είκοστύς 11.

είκοστο-λόγος, δ, ή, (είκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ep. ἐεικοστός, ή, όν, the twentieth είκοστή, ή, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

είκοσ-ώρυγος, ον, (είκοσι, δργυιά) of twenty fathoms. είκότως, Adv. of είκος, in all likelihood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably

ἔϊκτον, Ep. for ἐοίκατον, 3 dual of ἔοικα.

ξίκτο, έίκτην, Ep. for ἐοίκει, ἐοικάτην, 3 sing and 3 dual plpqf.

\*EI'KΩ, fut. είξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. είκε, Att. The, it was like or likely, seemed good :- but the pf. ἔοικα, plqpf. ἐψκειν were used for the pres. and impf., see čoika.

EI'KΩ, f. ξω: aor. 1 εἶξα: poet. aor. 2 εἶκάθον:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire. to, obey, follow; ψ θυμφ είξαs following his own bent; πενίη είκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior. II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. III. impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκών, ή, gen. όνος, acc. όνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκώ, acc. pl. εἰκούε: (\*εἴκω, ἔοικα):—a figure, image, likeness. II. a semblance, phantom, wraith.

a similé.

εἰκώs, part. of ἔοικα, pf. of \*εἴκω, to be like. είλαδόν, Adv. (είλη) =  $i\lambda \eta \delta \delta \nu$ , in a troop.

εἰλαπινάζω, (είλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

είλαπιναστής, οῦ, ὁ, a banqueter, boon-companion. είλαπίνη, ή, a feast or banquet given by a single

bost, opp. to epavos. (Deriv. uncertain.) είλαρ, apos, τό, (είλω) a covering: a protection, shel-

ter; είλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but είλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave. είλατινος, η, ον, Ep. for ελάτινος, of fir or pine.

είλαχα, Dor. for είληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω. είλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.

Είλειθυια, ή, Ilithyia, (from εληλυθυία, fem. part. pf. of ερχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman Lucina, later made identical with Diana.

είλεν, είλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αίρέω είλευ, Dor. for είλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αίρέω. είλεῦντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of είλέω.

είλέω Att. είλέω, lengthd. form of είλω.

 $\epsilon i\lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $i\lambda \eta$ , a troop, company.

είλη, ή, the sun's warmth: warmth; see έλη.

είληγμαι, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.

εἰληδόν and εἰληδά, Adv. (εἴλη) = lληδόν, in troops or companies. II.  $(\epsilon i\lambda \epsilon \omega)$  by coiling round.

είλήλουθα, είληλούθειν, Ep. for έλήλυθα, έληλύθειν pf. and plapf. of έρχομαι: είλήλουθμεν, Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.

«ίλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

**«ίληφα,** pf. of λαμβάνω.

είληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

είλικρίνεια, ή, pureness: sincerity. From

 $\epsilon i\lambda t$ - $\kappa \rho t v \eta s$ ,  $(\epsilon i \lambda \eta, \kappa \rho i v \omega)$  examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, I. unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, 2. distinct, palpable, sheer. Lat. sincerus. 3. Adv. -v@s, of itself, absolutely.

«ίλικτο, 3 sing. plapf. of ελίσσω. είλικτός, ή, όν, Ion. for έλικτός.

είλιξ, Ion. for ξλιξ.

 $\epsilon i\lambda i-\pi o u s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $-\pi o u \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , gen.  $-\pi o \delta o s$ : ( $\epsilon i\lambda \omega$ ,  $\pi o \dot{\nu} s$ ): trailing the feet beavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.

είλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for έλίσσω.

είλι-τενής, έs, epith. of the plant άγρωστις, (from έλος, τείνω), stretching or spreading through marshes.

είλίχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of έλίσσω. είλκύσα, είλκύσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έλκω.

είλκυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξλκω.

είλον, είλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αίρεω.

είλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.

εἰλύἄται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλύω.

είλυμα, ατος, τό, (είλύω) a cover, dress, clothing.

**εἰλυόs**, δ, (εἰλύω) a lurking-place, den.

είλυτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of είλύω.

 $\epsilon i \lambda \bar{\nu} \phi \dot{\alpha} \dot{\omega} = \epsilon i \lambda \dot{\nu} \omega$ , to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.

 $\epsilon i\lambda \bar{\nu} \phi \dot{\alpha} \omega$ , =  $\epsilon i\lambda \nu \phi \dot{\alpha} \dot{\omega}$ : Ep. part.  $\epsilon i\lambda \nu \phi \dot{\omega} \omega \nu$ .

Eľ ΛΤ' Ω Att. είλύω: f. ύσω [v]: pf. pass. είλυμαι:to wrap round, enfold :- Pass. to be wrapt or covered; esp. in pf. part., είλυμένος ψαμάθο buried in the II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along. EI'AΩ, είλλω, or ίλλω; also είλέω Att. είλέω:from είλω are formed aor. I έλσα, inf. έλσαι Ep. ϵ ϵ λ σ αι; Pass., aor. 2 ϵ άλην [α]; inf. ϵ λ η ν αι Ερ. ϵ λ η μεναι; part. άλείε, είσα, έν: Ερ. pf. ἔελμαι:--from elλέω are formed impf. είλεον, Ep. 3 sing. ἐείλει; fut.  $\epsilon$ ίλησω: aor. 2  $\epsilon$ ίλησα: Pass., aor. 1  $\epsilon$ ίληθην: pf.

plqpf. εόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up. to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; νηα κεραυνφ έλσας baving struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; άλεν ύδωρ water collected : - also to draw oneself together, crouch, cower; 'Αχιληα άλειs μένεν collecting bimself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. versari. 3. to turn or whirl round. revolve, like  $\epsilon i \lambda i \sigma \sigma \omega$ ,  $\gamma \hat{\eta} \epsilon i \lambda \lambda o \mu \epsilon \nu \eta$  (or  $i \lambda \lambda o \mu \epsilon \nu \eta$ ) the earth turning on its axis.

Είλως, ωτος, δ, and Είλώτης, ου, δ, fem. Είλωτίς, ίδοs: -a Helot, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From "Eλos, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were en-

slaved.)

Είλωτεία, ή, the condition of a Helot, slavery. From **Είλωτεύω**, f. σω, (είλωτης) to be a Helot or serf. είμα, ατος, τό, (ἔννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing: an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.

«lμαι, pf. pass. of ξυνυμι. II. pf. pass. of iη-III. rarer form for Huas, pf. pass. of E(w. είμαρται, είμαρτο, 3 sing. pf and plapf. of μείρομαι.

eiμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl pres of εἰμί sum: but eluev, Dor. for elvai, inf. of elul sum.

eluévos, part. pf. pass. of evvum.

eines, Dor. for equev, I pl. of eine sum: but eines, Dor. for elvai, inf. of eluí sum.

εἰμί, Aeol. ἐμμί (from Root \*ΕΩ, sum, esse); εἶ Ep. els, Ep. and Dor. έσσι; έστί Dor. έντί; plur., έσμέν Ep. and Ion. είμέν Dor. είμές; έστέ; είσί Ep. έασι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form έσο, έσσο, έστω; plur. 3 έστωσαν Ερ. έστων Att. όντων:--Subj. & Ep. έω or είω:--Opt. είην Ερ. έοιμι; plur. είημεν, είητε Ερ. είμεν, είτε:-Infin. είναι Ερ. ξμμεναι, ξμμεν, ξμεναι, ξμεν:-Part. ών Ep. έων, έουσα, etc.:-Imperf. ην (late Att. in med. form ήμηι), Ep. and Ion. έα, Ep. also ἡα, ἔον οτ ἔσκον, εs, ε, etc.; 2 sing. ησθα and Ep. έησθα; 3 sing. η or ην Ep. ήεν; 3 dual ήτην or ήστην; 3 pl. ήσαν Ep. έσαν. -Fut. ἔσομαι, poët. ἔσσομαι, 3 sing. ἐσσείται from Dor. ¿σοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. cl. The other persons are enclit., when elul is not emphatic. But eorl is written έστι in cases of emphasis.

2. as Verb Substant. to be, to To be, Lat. sum. exist, be in existence: οὐκέτ' ἔστι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἔσθ' οὖτος ἀνήρ, οὐδ' ἔσσεται there lives II. ἔστι, impers. not the man, no nor will live. III. εἰμί with a with inf., it is possible, lawful. gen. expresses descent or extraction; αιματος είς άγα-2. ξαυτοῦ είναι to be θοιο thou art of good blood. 3. with the one's own master, Lat. sui juris esse. gen. put partitively; δήμου ἐστί be belongs to the είλημαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. εόλει, people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the duty or property of a thing; ανδρός έστι it is the part | of a man; σωφροσύνη: ἐστί it is a mark of tem-IV. c. dat., ἔστι μοι, Lat. est mibi, I bave; έμοι δέ κεν ασμένφ είη, Lat. esset mibi vo-V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα lenti. είρηκέναι to speak the truth. VI. ἔστιν ὅs, εἰσὶν of. Lat. est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many: ἔστιν or ἔσθ' ὅτε, Lat. est quum, at times, sometimes: ἔσθ' δπη or δπου, Lat. est ubi, somewhere, somehow: ἔστιν VII. εἶναι often seems reőπωs in some way. dundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν είναι, for το νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν είναι.

cui (from Root \* ΙΩ, eo), εἶε Ερ. εἶσθα, εἶσι, plur.  $\tilde{l}\mu\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\tilde{l}\tau\epsilon$ ,  $\tilde{l}\bar{a}\sigma\iota$  or  $\epsilon\tilde{l}\sigma\iota$ :—imperat.  $\tilde{l}\theta\iota$ ,  $\tilde{l}\tau\omega$ , pl.  $\tilde{l}\mu\epsilon\nu$ , ίτε, ίτωσαν Att. ιόντων :-- Subj. ίω, ίηε Ερ. ίησθα, ίη Ep.  $l\eta\sigma\iota$ :—Opt. lοιμι, lοίην, Ep. 3 sing. lείη or είη:— Inf. lévai Ep. ίμεναι, ίμεν:-Part. lών:-Impf. ήειν Ep. and Ion. ήτα, 3 sing. ήτε contr. ήε; dual ήτην; plur., ήειμεν, ήειτε, ήεσαν, contr. ήμεν, ήτε, ήσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ηισαν, ίσαν, and I pl. ησμεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. IBO, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. είσομαι, to basten, with an aor. I med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. είσατο, ἐείσατο, 3 dual ἐεισάσθην.

To go, Lat. eo, ire; lévai τινὶ διὰ φιλίαs, δι' έχθρας, δια πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροδε είσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., ἐεισάσθην συλήσειν they went to plunder. -It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὸs **ιέναι.** 2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς είσι δια δουρός the axe goes, is driven through the beam; eros elos the year will pass or close: -in Att., lévaι είε ταὐτόν to come together; ίέναι είε λόγουε to come to conference: Imperat. ίθι δή go then, well then! good!

elv, poet. for  $\epsilon \nu$ , in.

eivα-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εlvά-ετεs as Adv., nine years long.

είναετίς, ίδος, fem. of είναετής, nine years old. elvar, inf. of elui sum. II. for lévai, inf. of εlμι ibo.

elvar, aor. 2 inf. of ln m, to send.

elvákis, Adv., poet. for evvákis, nine times.

είναχισ-χίλιοι, ων, nine thousand.

είνακόσιοι, αι, α, poet. and Ion. for έννακόσιοι.

eiv-áλιοs, η, ον, poet. for ἐνάλιοs.

elvá-νυχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long. elvas, abos, h, poët. for evveas 11, the ninth day.

elvátepes, al, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law. elvaτos, η, ον, poët. for έννατοs, the ninth.

elveκa, elveκev, Ion. and poët. for ένεκα, on account,

because of, c. gen.

civi, Ep. for the Prep. ev. in.

eiv-óδιος,  $\eta$  and  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , poet. for  $\epsilon \nu \delta \delta \iota o s$ .

είνοσί-φυλλος, ον, (ἔνοσιε, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

elfa, aor. I of είκω, to yield.

elkaσι, Att. for ἐοίκασι, 3 pl. pf. of \*είκω, to be like elfaσκε, 3 sing. Ion. 20r. 1 of είκω, to yield.

elo, Ep. gen. for εo, ou, of bim, of ber; aπò elo from bimself.

eiοικυίαι, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of ξοικα. elos, Ep. for Eas, until.

είπα, aor. I for the common είπον, I said; see είπον.

είπέμεν, Dor. for είπειν.

el-περ, if at all events, if indeed.

είπην, Dor. for είπειν, see είπον. ei-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

eι-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

 $\epsilon \tilde{l} \pi o v$ , I spoke. I said, aor. 2 from a pres.  $* \epsilon \tilde{l} \pi \omega = * \tilde{\epsilon} \pi \omega$ : imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἰπεῖν Ep. εἰπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. είπην; part, είπών. There is also an aor. 1 είπα, used mostly in 2 sing. είπαs, imperat.  $\epsilon l\pi o\nu$ ,  $\epsilon l\pi \acute{a}\tau \omega$ ,  $\epsilon l\pi a\tau o\nu$ ,  $\epsilon l\pi a\tau \epsilon$ :  $\epsilon l\pi \acute{\epsilon}$ , like  $l\pi \acute{a}\gamma \epsilon$ , occurs also for είπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπείπασθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἔρῶ, εἴρηκα.

είποντο, 3 pl. impf. of επομαι, to follow.

εί-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando. II.

indirect, if or whether ever.

εί που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. si-cubi.

el πωs, Adv. if at all, if by any means. εἰράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

είργαθον, poet. 2 of είργω.

είργασάμην, aor. I med. of έργάζομαι, used in act. sense: εἰργάσθην, aor. I pass. used in pass. sense.

είργασμαι, pf. of έργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

είργμός, Att. είργμός, δ, (είργω) a prison.

είργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (είργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler. είργν $\bar{\nu}$ μι and  $-\dot{\nu}\omega$ , = είργω, to sbut in or up.

EIPΓΩ or είργω, Att. for the earlier form έργω.

είρέαται, Ion. for είρηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of έρέω. «ιρερος, δ, (είρω) bondage, slavery.

είρεσία Ion. –ίη, ή, (ἐρέσσω) a rowing. violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or

crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

elpεσιώνη, ή, (εlpos) a barvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανέψια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

eiρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἴρη, ή, (εἴρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

είρηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of έρέω, έρω.

είρην or ίρην, ενος, δ, (είρω or έρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἔφηβοs.

eiphvaios, a, ov,  $(\epsilon l p h v \eta)$  peaceful, in peace.

είρηνεύω, f. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace. II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile. From

εἰρήνη, ή, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; εἰρήνην άγειν to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

able:—Adv. -κῶs.

εἰρηνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make peace. From είρηνο-ποιός, όν, (είρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνοποιόε, δ, a peace-maker.

είρηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

είρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of έρέω, έρω.

είρίνεος,η, ον, Ion. for ερίνεος, woollen, of wool. From είριον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , (είρο**s**) Ion. for έριον, wool.

είρκτέον, verb. Adj. of είργω, one must prevent.

είρκτή Ion. έρκτή, ή, (είργω) an inclosure, prison. είρο-κόμος, ον, (είρος, κομέω) dressing wool. είρομαι, Ion. for έρομαι, to ask: see είρω B.

εἰρο-πόκος, ον, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly. EΓΡΟΣ, τό, wool.

elpo-χάρήs, és, (elpos, χαρηναι) delighting in wool. είρπομες, Dor. for είρπομεν, 1 pl. impf. of έρπω. είρύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ερύομαι:—εἰρύατο,

3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἴρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω. εἰρύμεναι [v], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἐρύω. είρύσας [v], Ion. 2or. I part. of έρύω. είρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of έρύω. εἴρῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἐρύω.

είρύω, είρύομαι, Ion for έρύω, έρύομαι.

EPPΩ (A): aor. I είρα and ερσα: pf. pass. part. έρμένος, Ep. έερμένος: - Lat. SERO, to tie, join, fasten together, string · ἡλέκτροισιν ἐερμένος set with pieces of electron

**EITP** $\Omega$  (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. είρετο, είροντο: - but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ¿pŵ.

EI'PΩN, ovos, δ, a dissembler, one who says less

than be thinks or means.

elpuvela, ή, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

εἰρωνεύομαι, (εἴρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign

ignorance.

είρωνικός, ή, όν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. -κως. εἰρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐρωτάω.

EI'Z or 'EZ, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into. PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εls ωπα ίδεσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of bostile direction, Lat. contra, adversus, = 2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which πρόε. express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ès μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρείναι els τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι είε τόπον. ellipt. c. gen., είε 'Atδαο [δόμον], Att. είε "Αιδου, to the abode of Hades; es 'Aθηναίηs [leρόν] to the temple of Athena, es Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in | lead a wife into one's bouse.

elpηνικόs, ή, όν, of or for peace: peaceful, peace- | Prose, εls Δήμητροs to the temple of Ceres, etc.; 25 in Lat. ad Apollinis, Castoris (sub. aedem). OF TIME, I. until, έε ήω, έε ή έλιον καταδύντα, είε ότε till the time when ..., till morn, till sunset; έs δ until; és èué up to my time. 2. to determine a period, for, els eviautor for a year, i.e. a whole year: es θέρος, es δπώρην for the summer, etc.; els dei for ever; είs ήμαs up to our time; είs τρίτην ήμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπείν εἰs dγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; ¿s πόλεμον θωρήξομαι I will arm me for war. WITH NUMERALS: έs μίαν (sc. βουλήν) βουλεύειν to resolve one way or unanimously; είς ξυ ξρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, up to, είs μυρίουs as many as ten thousand; είς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most. V. to express RELATION, is o in regard to which, i. e. wherefore: els τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., ès τάχος for ταχέως.

> Els is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, είε άμφοτέρω Διομήδεος δρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled

in εἰς ἄλαδε.

EΓΣ, μία, εν, gen. ενός, μιας, ενός, Lat. UNUS, Engl. ONE: the fem. µla points to a second Root, which appears without the init.  $\mu$  in the Ep. masc. ĩos, fem. ĩa: strengthd. είs οίοs, μία οία οτ οίη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., είε άριστος: είε τις some one, Lat. unus aliquis: είς έκαστος each one, Lat. unusquisque : καθ' εν εκαστον each singly, piece by piece: είs ἀνήρ, Lat. unus omnium, for one man, πλείστας γυναίκας είς άνηρ έγήματο most for

els, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of eluí sum. II. 2 sing.

pres. of elu ibo.

eis, aor. 2 part. of ίημι. eloa, Causal aor. I of ico, ecopai, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἶσε be set a spy; λόχον εἶσαν they laid an ambush: part. eloas, inf. foat, Ep. fooat. also fut. med. έσομαι Ερ. έσσομαι: 201. Ι είσάμην: pf. pass. είμαι: -to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from *ἰδρύω*.

είσ-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of είσάγω.

είσαγγελεύς, έως, δ, (είσαγγέλλω) one wbo announces, an usber, an officer at the Persian court.

είσαγγελία, ή, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

 $\epsilon$ iσ-αγγέλλω, f.  $-\epsilon$ λ $\hat{\omega}$ : for the tenses, v.  $d\gamma\gamma$ έλλω: -to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see είσαγγελεύς); generally, to announce, report. to accuse one of a state-offence; see cloayyella.

είσ-αγείρω, f. -ερω: for the tenses, v. αγείρω:-to

gather into a place.

 $\epsilon$ lσ-άγω, f.  $\xi \omega$ : aor. 2 - $\eta \gamma \alpha \gamma o \nu$ : pf. - $\alpha \gamma \eta o \chi \alpha$ : to lead in or into; ἐσάγειν οτ ἐσάγεσθαι γυναίκα to 2. to import foreign

wares; είσάγεσθαι καὶ εξάγεσθαι to import and export: Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs. II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; είσαγειν τι έε βουλήν to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, εἰσάγειν δίκην or paphy to open the proceedings, state the case. eiodel, Adv. for els del, for ever. elo-aelpopai, Med. to take to oneself. είσ-αθρέω, f. ήσω, to look into, descry. eiσ-alρω, f. - ἄρῶ, to lift or carry in. eiσ-aίσσω, eiσ-aσσω, f. -afω, to dart into. είσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of \*είδω. είσ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to burl javelins at: absol. to dart or spout up, of blood. είσ-ἄκούω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ήκουσα: pf. -ακήκοα: -to listen, bearken to; and, simply, to bear. to obey, comply with, give beed to. είσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of είσάγω, one must bring in. είσ-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: 20r. 1 -ηλάμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐσᾶλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon. eiσ-αμείβω, f. ψω, to pass into. είσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of είμι ibo. II. Ep. aor. I med. of \*είδω, I see. είσάμην, 20r. I med. of είσα, I founded. elσ-avaβalvω, aor. 2 -avéβην, to go up into. είσ-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force into, constrain. eiσ-aváγω, f. ξω, to lead up into.  $\epsilon l\sigma$ -ave $\hat{l}\delta ov$ , 2 or. 2 (see  $\epsilon l\delta ov$ ): to look up to. eiσ-áveιμι, to go up into. είσανιδών, part. of είσανείδον. είσανιών, part. of είσάνειμι. είσ-άντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face. είσάπαν, Adv. for είς ἄπαν, altogether. eiσάπαξ, Adv. for els aπαξ, at once. είσ-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to drive in upon. είσατο, είσατο, ν. είσάμην, είσάμην. είσ-αττω, Att. for είσαlσσω. eiσ-aυγάζω, f. σω, to look at. civavois, Adv. for els avois, bereafter. είσαύριον, Adv. for είε αύριον, on the morrow. είσ-αῦτις, Adv. Dor. and Ion, for εἰσαῦθις. είσ-ἄφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to send into: to let in. είσ-αφϊκάνω, = είσαφικνέομαι. [āν]είσαφικίσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of είσαφικνέομαι. eio-adikviouai, f. leouai, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at. είσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor.  $2 - \ell \beta \eta \nu$ : pf. -βέβηκα: -to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. impers., είσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head. Causal in aor. I εἰσέβησα, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres. in this sense. εἰσ-βάλλω, f. -βἄλ $\hat{\omega}$ : pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:-to throw into:-Med. to put on board one's II. (sub. ξαυτόν οι στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. vaûv) to enter port, Lat. appellere,

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally. εισβάσις, εως, ή, (εισβαίνω) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation. εἰσβατός, ή, όν, (εἰσβαίνω) accessible. είσ-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into.  $\epsilon$ i $\sigma$ - $\beta$ i $\beta$ á $\zeta$  $\omega$ , f.  $-\beta$ i $\beta$ á $\sigma$  $\omega$  Att.  $-\beta$ i $\beta$  $\hat{\omega}$ , Causal of  $\epsilon$ l $\sigma$ βαίνω, to make to go into, put into. είσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon. εἰσβολή, ή, (εἰσβάλλω II) a throwing oneself into: an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river. 3. an entering into a thing, a beginning. είσ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe: - Med. to bave oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσγράφεσθαι es τas σπονδάs to bave oneself written or received into the league. είσ-δέρκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρἄκον: to look at or upon, behold, observe. είσ-δέχομαι, Ion. έσ-δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: 201. I είσεδεξάμην and είσεδέχθην: Dep.: - to take into, admit. είσ-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into. είσδοχή, ή, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception. είσδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of είστρέχω. είσδρομή, ή, (είσδραμείν) an onslaught, assault. είσ-δύω or είσ-δύνω, and (in same sense) Med. είσδύομαι: f. –δύσομαι: aor. a –έδυν: pf. –δέδυκα:—to get into, slip into or in; δεινύν τι ένέδυνε σφίσι a kind of fear entered into them; ακοντιστύν ἐσδύσεαι thou wilt enter into a contest of archery. elσe, see eloa. είσέβην, aor. 2 of είσβαίνω: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. 1. είσέγραψα, aor. I of είσγράφω. είσεδεξάμην, είσεδέχθην, aor. I of είσδέχομαι. είσέδρακον, 201. 2 ος είσδέρκομαι. είσέδραμον, aor. 2 of είστρέχω. **είσ-έδυν**, aor. 2 of είσδύω. είσ-είδον, aor. 2 (see είδον), to look on or at. είσ-ειμι, inf. -ιέναι: impf. εἰσήειν: (εἰs, εἶμι ibo): to go into, go in; όφθαλμούς είσειμι I will come into his sight; ἀρχην εἰσιέναι to enter on an office. as law-term, to come before the court. to come into one's mind. είσ έκελσα, αυτ. Ι οf είσκέλλω. είσεκύλισα, aor. I of είσκυλίνδω. είσ-ελαύνω Ερ. -ελάω: fut. -ελάσω [α] Att. -ελω: for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω:—to drive into or in. (sub. ἔππον οτ ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. appellere. είσελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of είσέρχομαι.

είσ-ενήνοχα, pf. of είσφέρω. είσένθωμες, Dor. for είσέλθωμεν, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of είσέρχομαι.

είσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω: aor. I -είλκυσα:-to drag into.

είσ-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 είσενέβην, to go on board.

είσενεγκείν, 20r. 2 inf. of είσφέρω.

είσκομίδή, ή, a bringing in, importation.

port :- Pass. to get into a place for shelter.

είσ-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [τ]. to roll into.

ill luck into the house.

guess, conjecture, believe.

touch to the quick.

elσ-λεύσσω, to look into.

elo-véoual, Dep. to go into.

eiσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim into.

ciσ-vo cω, f ήσω, to perceive, remark.

elσ-κομίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω: to bring into, im-

είσ-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the

stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spec-

tators, v. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα είσ-

κεκύκληκεν εls την olκίαν some spirit bas brought

έτσκω: impf. ήϊσκον: (Ισος, έισος):—to make like:

to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to

είσ-μαίομαι, 201. Ι είσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. έσε-

μάσσατο Dor. -άξατο: Med.: (els, μάσσω):---to

II. to put in the hand to

II.

From

είσενόησα, 20r. I of είσνοέω. είσ έπαισα, aor. I of είσπαίω. είσ έπειτα, Adv. for els έπειτα, benceforward. είσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of είσπέτομαι. είσ-έργνυμι or -ύω, to shut up into, enclose in a place. είσερρύην, aor. I (in pass. form) of είσρέω. είσ-έρρω, aor. I είσηρρησα: pf. είσηρρηκα:—to go into, get in. elσ-ερύω, aor. I part. είσερύσας [v], to draw into.  $\epsilon$ iσ- $\epsilon$ ρχομαι, fut.  $-\epsilon$ λ $\epsilon$ ύσομαι: aor. 2 - $\eta$ λ $\bar{\nu}$ θον,  $-\hat{\eta}$ λ $\cdot$ θον: Dep.:-to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire. metaph. to enter one's mind; absol. of money, to come II. as Att. law-term, in, as πρόσοδοι είσηλθον. of the accuser, to come into court. είσ-έτι, Adv. still yet.  $\epsilon i\sigma - \epsilon \chi \omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon \epsilon \omega$ , intr. to stretch into, reach. feel. είσ-ηγέομαι, fut. ήσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. ΙΙ. είσηγεῖσθαί Tivi to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence είσηγημα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and είσήγησις, εως, ή, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and είσηγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and είσηγητήs, οῦ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer. είσ-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to inject by a syringe. elσ-ήκω, f. -ήξω, to be come in: to come in. είσ-ήλύθον, είσηλθον, aor. 2 of είσερχομαι. είσηλύσία, ή, (εἰσήλυθον) a coming in. είσηνεγκαι, aor. 1 οf είσφέρω. είσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εls, εl, 2 sing. of εlμι ibo. elσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of iημι. eiσ-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to. elσ-θρώσκω, aor. - έθορον, to leap into or in. eiol, eiolv, 3 pl. pres. of eiul sum. «ίσι, είσιν, 3 sing. pres. of είμι ibo. είσιδειν, Ep. είσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of είσειδον. είσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. είσίδρυμαι: (είε, ίδρύω): to build, found in a place. elσ-lζομαι, Pass. (els, ίζω) to be seated in, to sit down in. eiσ-iημι, f. -how, to send or put into:--Med. to be-

esp. to call into the lists for combat.

είσ-οδος, ή, (είs, ὁδόs) a way into, entry. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance. elσ-οικειόω, f. ώσω, (els, olκείοs) to bring in as a friend:-Pass. to become friend to any one. είσ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in, settle in είσοικήσις, εως, ή, settlement: a dwelling. elo-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. Ιώ, to bring as a colonist into a place:-Pass. to settle oneself in a place. είσ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build into. είσοιχνεθσα, Aeol. for είσοιχνοθσι, 3 pl. of elσ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go into, enter. eiσ-6κε or -ev, Dor. eiσ-6κα, (els ő κε) until such time as :--so long as. είσομαι, fut. of \*είδω Β: είσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of elm ibo. eloov, imperat. of eloa. elo-όπιν, (εis, ὅπις) Adv. bereafter. elσ-oπίσω, Adv. in time to come, bereafter. είσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.  $\epsilon i\sigma \sigma \pi \tau \rho is$ ,  $i\delta \sigma s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \epsilon i\sigma \sigma \tau \tau \rho \sigma \nu$ . take oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in. είσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόψομαι) a looking-glass, mirror. είσίθμη, ή, (είσ-ειμι) an entrance. είσ-οράω, Ep. part. είσορύων, inf. med. είσοράασθαι: είσ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. to go into. the fut. εἰσύψομαι and aor. 2 εἰσείδον are supplied είσ-ίπταμαι, late form of είσπέτομαι. from other Roots (see δράω):—to look at or upon, είσ-καλαμάομαι, (εls, καλάμη) to baul in with a view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, fishing rod. respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; είσ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call in. also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold. elσ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to bring forcibly into:-Pass. to είσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, 20r. 2 είσκατέβην, to go down into. force one's way into. είσ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put down into. elo-opullo, fut. low Att. to, to bring into port:είσ-κειμαι, as Pass. of είστίθημι, to be put into, lie Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port. in: to be put on board ship. elσ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush in. είσοs, η, ον [1], Ep. lengthd. form of loos, alike, elσ-κέλλω, f. -κέλσω: aor. I -έκελσα:--to push or thrust in: (sub. vaûv), to put into shore, put to land. equal, used in these phrases: dais éton the είσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to call in by berald:

2. vĥes čioai equal banquet, i. e. equally sbared. 3. ασπίε πάντοσ the equal or well-balanced ships.

Aton the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ− νει ένδον έισαι an even mind, that is well-balanced, calm, Lat. mens aequa.

elotote, for els ote, until.

elo-ours, εω, ή, a looking upon: a spectacle. From είσοψομαι, fut. of είσοράω, formed from Root \*είσόπτομαι.

είσ-παίω, aor. I είσέπαισα, to burst or dash in. είσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn. elσ-περάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω, to pass over into. είσ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. form είσεπτάμην and act. είσέπτην:-to fly into. είσ-πηδάω, f. ήσω οτ ήσομαι, to leap into, burst in. είσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέптока:—to fall or rusb into: to be thrown II. to fall upon, attack.

είσ-πίτνω, poet. form of είσπίπτω.

είσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence eίσπλοοs, contr. eίσπλουs, ό, a sailing in of II. the entrance of a barbour.

είσ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, inhale, Lat. II. to breathe upon. Hence inspirare.

είσπνήλας, δ, one who inspires love, a lover.

ciσ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to put into the bands of, to give (a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be II. to introduce. Hence adobted.

είσποιητός, ή, όν, adopted.

είσ-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:-Pass., with fut. med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

είσπραξις, εως, ή, exaction or collection of taxes. είσ-πράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to get in or collect taxes: - Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

είσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρυήσομαι:  $2 - \epsilon \rho$ -

ρύην:—to stream into.

είστήκειν, plapf. intr. of ιστημι.

είστίακα, είστίασα, pf. and aor. of έστιάω

είσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in : also with or without es vaûv, to put on board ship:-Med., τέκνα ἐσθέσθαι (201. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

είσ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into. είσ-τρέχω, fut. -δράμουμαι: aor. 2 -έδράμον (from

\*δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

 $\epsilon$ ίσ-φέρω, fut. -οίσω (from \*οΐω): aor.  $I - \dot{\eta} \nu \epsilon \gamma \kappa \alpha$ and pf.  $-\epsilon \nu h \nu o \chi a$  (from  $* \dot{\epsilon} \nu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \kappa \omega$ ): cf.  $\phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho \omega : -to$ carry into: to bring in or upon. II. to bring in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on property. III. to introduce, bring forward, propose. IV. Med. to carry with one: also like Act. to introduce. 2. to import. V. Pass. to rush in. 2. to be imported.

είσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go continually to, to visit. είσφορά, ή, (είσφέρω) a carrying into. bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax, raised to meet the exigencies of war.

 $\epsilon l\sigma - \phi o \rho \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ ,  $= \epsilon l \sigma \phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ .

«Ισ-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἶσφρεε: (els, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring in with one.

elσ-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to put into one's hands, entrust.

 $\epsilon i\sigma - \chi \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $-\chi \epsilon \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \chi \epsilon \alpha :$ —to pour into :— Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [τ], to stream in.

είσω, more rarely έσω, Adv. (είs, έs) into, within, c. acc., δῦναι δόμον "Αιδος εἴσω: also c. gen., ἔσω II. within, inside. βλεφάρων.

elσ-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust into:-Med. to force oneself into, press in.

 $\epsilon i\sigma$ - $\omega \pi \delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon is, \omega \psi)$  in face, in front of;  $\epsilon i\sigma \omega \pi o i$ ἐγένοντο νεῶν they came in front of the ships.

EITA, Ion. eltev, Adv. of Time, then, after, thereupon, Lat. deinde, II. like Lat. ita and itaque, and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat. itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed? elται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ξννυμι.

εί-τε , εί-τε ..., Lat. sive ..., sive ..., either ..., or.., whether.., or ; so that several cases are always put: in Homer the first είτε is sometimes answered by \$\eta \kai. The Trag. sometimes leave out the first eire, or put el instead.

είτε, for είητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of είμί sum. είτεν, Ion. for είτα, like έπειτεν for έπειτα.

είω, Ep. for ἐάω.

eĩω, Ep. for εω, ω, pres. subj. of ελμί sum. εΐωθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb έθω. εἰώθειν, plapf. (in impf. sense) of έθω.

είωθότως, Adv. of είωθα, in the usual way.

είων, impf. of εάω. eïws, Ep. for ews, until.

είωσι, Ep. for έωσι, 3 pl. of έάω.

they were beloved of or by Zeus.

EK, before a vowel & Lat. e, ex, PREP. WITH GEN. Radic. sense, from out of, away from. Of Place, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα chief from among all, of all. 2. like έξω, outside of, beyond; ἐκ βελέων out of shot; ἐκ καπνοῦ out of 3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, &k the smoke.

πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φόρμιγγα he hung his lyre from, i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτεσθαι έκ τινος to fasten from, i.e. upon, a thing. II. OF TIME, Et où since, from the time when, Lat. ex quo; έξ άρχηs from the beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished sacrifice; έξ είρηνης πολεμείν to go to war out of, III. OF ORIGIN, EK TIVOS YEVÉi. e. after, peace. σθαι to be born or sprung from one; έξ έμοῦ γένος ἐσσί thou comest of me by blood. materials of a thing, as πωμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of 3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεόφιν wood. πολεμίζειν to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος έξ ολοήs because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματοs in consequence of the heat;  $i\kappa \beta ias \delta \gamma \epsilon i\nu = \beta ia \delta \gamma \epsilon i\nu$ , to lead by force. 4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διόε

έκ τοῦ ἐμφανοῦs and ἐξ ἐμφανοῦs for ἐμφανῶs, etc. Ex is often separated from its Case by one or more words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

Adj., as periphr. for Adv., εξ άγχιμόλου for άγχίμολον:

In Compos. & signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

5. with a neut.

έκά-εργος, δ, (έκάε, \*έργω) epith. of Apollo, work- | έκατόμ-βη, ή, (έκατόν, βοῦε) properly an offering ing from afar, far-darting, = ἐκηβόλος.

έκάην [α], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἔκἄθεν, Adv. (ἐκάs) from afar:—far off, far away. εκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρω.

έκάλεσσα, Ep. 201. I of καλέω.

έκαλος, Dor. for έκηλος.

έκάμμυσα, for κατέμυσα, 20r. I of καταμύω.

ἔκἄμον, ἐκαμόμην, 20r. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω. έκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

**ἔκαρψα, 2**οτ. Ι οf κάρφω.

έκάς Att. έκας, Adv. (ἐκ) far, afar, far off: c. gen. far from, far away from. II. of Time, long after. έκαστάτω, Sup. of έκάs, furthest off, furthest away. ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἔκαστοι) Adv. from every side.

έκασταχόσε, (έκαστος) Adv. to every side.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἔκαστοι) Adv. everywhere.

έκαστέρω, Comp. of έκάs, further, further off:-Sup. ἐκαστάτω.

έκάστοθι, Adv. for each or every one. From \*EKAΣΤΟΣ,  $\eta$ , ov, every, every one, each, each one, Lat. quisque, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb, εκαστος επίστασθε ye know each one of you: είς ἕκαστοs, Lat. unusquisque, each one; πâs ἕκαστοs, one and all; of καθ' ξκαστον each one singly, Lat singuli: καθ' ἐκάστην [ἡμέραν] every day, daily. Hence έκάστοτε, Adv. each time, at all times.

ξκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ξκαστέρω.

έκατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι. thoms:—poet., ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον. έκατεράκις, Adv. (έκάτερος) at each time.

έκάτερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. for έκατέρωθεν, from or on each side, Lat. utrinque.

'EKA'TEPOΣ, a, ov, each of two, each singly, Lat. tesimus; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά a bundred-fold. uterque. Hence

έκατέρωθεν, Adv. from each side: and έκατέρωθι, Adv. on each side: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. to each side, each way.

Έκάτη [ἄ], ή, (ἔκατος) Hecaté, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same of a ship, to disembark. as Artemis. Έκάτης δείπνον, οτ Έκάταια, τά, was from. an offering of purification made to her on the 30th out, Lat. evadere. of each month at three cross roads.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κάτη- $\beta$ ελέτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κατη $\beta$  $\dot{o}$ λος.

έκἄτη-βόλος, ον, (έκάς, βάλλω) far-throwing, farsbooting, far-darting : - as Subst. the Far-darter.

έκατι, Att. and Dor. for έκητι, on account of. έκατογ-κάρανος, ον, (έκατόν, κάρηνον); and

έκατογ-κεφάλας, ου, δ, (έκατόν, κεφαλή); and έκατόγ-κράνος, ον, (έκατόν, κράνον): --- bundred-

beaded. έκατόγ-χειρος, ον, (έκατόν, χείρ) bundred-banded.

έκατό-ζύγος, ον, (έκατόν, ζυγόν) with 100 benches for rowers.

έκατομ-βαιών, ωνος, δ, the month Hecatombaeon, the trees, properly to cut them out of the forest. first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of metaph., έπος ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word; so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears. July and first half of August. From

of a bundred oxen: but commonly a great public sacrifice, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

έκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (έκατόν, βοῦς) of or worth a bundred oxen.

έκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ξκατόν, πούς) 100 feet long.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κατομ-πολίεθρος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κατόμπολις. έκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (έκατύν, πόλιε) with a

bundred cities. έκατόμ-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (έκατόν,

πούs) bundred-footed. έκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (έκατόν, πύλη) bundred-gated.

'EKATO'N, oi, ai, τά, indecl. a bundred, Lat. centum. ἐκατοντα-ετής, ές, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) of a bundred years, a bundred years old.

έκατοντα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρανος, ον, (έκατύν, κάρηνον) bundred-beaded: cf. εκατόγκρανος.

έκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (έκατόν, τάλαντον) worth 100 talents; γραφή έκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

έκατοντα-πλασίων, ον, gen. ονος, (έκατύν) a bundred-fold, 100 times as much or many.

 $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}$ 

έκατοντ-άρχης, ου, ό, (έκατόν, ἄρχω) a leader of a bundred, Lat. centurio.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$  κατόντ-αρχος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$  κατοντάρχης.

ἐκατοντάς, άδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) the number one hundred. έκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (έκατόν, όργυιά) of 100 fa-

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κάτος,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\dot{\alpha}s) = \dot{\epsilon}\kappa\eta\beta\dot{\delta}\lambda$ os.

ϵκατό-στομος, ον, (ϵκατόν, στόμα) bundred-mouthed. έκατοστός, ή, όν, (έκατόν) the hundredth, Lat. cenτοστή the hundredth part, a tax or duty at Athens.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$  κατοστύς, ύος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$  κατοντάς.

ξκαυσα, aor. I of καίω. έκ-βάζω, f. ξω, to speak out, declare.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξέβην: pf.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κβέ-Впка:-to step out of, go or come out of: to step out 2. to go out of, depart 3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn 4. to go out of due bounds, to II. in fut. act.  $\dot{\epsilon} \kappa \beta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon} \xi \dot{\epsilon} \beta \eta \sigma \alpha$ , digress. Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.

έκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic :- Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage. ἔκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\epsilon}\beta\alpha\lambda\epsilon$ , 3 sing, ind.  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\beta\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\omega$ , f.  $-\beta\dot{\alpha}\lambda\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $-\dot{\epsilon}\beta\dot{\alpha}\lambda\nu$ ; pf.  $-\beta\dot{\epsilon}\beta\lambda\eta\kappa\alpha$ : -to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also 2. πόλεως ἐκβάλλειν to cast to carry out to sea. II. out of the country: and so to drive out, banish. to strike out, Lat. excutere; δοῦρα ἐκβάλλειν to fell to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. explodere. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. ξαυτόν), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

έκβαλεῖν, 201. 2 inf. of έκβάλλω. έκβάς, 201. 2 part. of έκβαίνω.

ἔκβάσιε, εωε, ή, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress: an escape. ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνω.

έκ-βεβαιόω, f. ώσω, to confirm.

έκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβώ, Causal of ἐκβαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship. ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour. ἔκβλητος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, de-

spised, despicable.

εκ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 εξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

έκ-βοάω, f. ήσομαι, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοήθεια, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From ἐκ-βοηθέω, ſ. ήσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

έκ-βολβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐκ, βολβόs) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζειν τινὰ τῶν

κωδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, hanishment. III. a shooting forth; ἐκρολὴ σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. exitus; ἐκβολὴ ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολὰ ὄρουε a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολὴ λόγου or digression. V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολὴ δικέλληε earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἔκβολἡ δικέλληε earth cast out by a mattock;

έκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive. II. as Subst., ἔκβολος, δ, a cape, promotory. 2. ἔκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ěκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth: Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

έκ-βροντάω, f. ήσω, to strike out by lightning.

έκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

έκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἔκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

ěκ-γἄμίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to give away in marriage:

—Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

έκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

έκ-γαυρόομαι, (έκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in. ἐκ-γέγἄα, poet. for ἐκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι: 3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [ἄ]; part. ἐκγεγαώς, ἐκγεγαυῖα.

ἐκ-γελάω, f. άσομαι [α]: for the tenses, v. γελάω:
 —to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaph. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ek-γενήs, έs, (ἐκ, γένοs) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

έκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: 201. 2 έξεγενόμην: pf. forth f ἐκγέγονα, poöt. ἐκγέγαα (q. v.): Dep.:—to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II. to have gone by; χρόνου ἐκγεγονότοι time baving judge.

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἔξεστι, it is allowed, it is granted.

έκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι. ἔκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἔκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson: τὰ ἔκγονα offspring, posterity.

ěκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy:—Med. to write out or copy for oneself.

II. to strike out, expunge

from a list.

έκ-δακρύω, f. ύσω, to burst into tears. [v]

έκ-δάπάνάω, f. ήσω, to expend, consume, exhaust. έκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

έκδεδωρίευνται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of εκδωριόομαι.

ek-δehs, és, (èκ, δεί) defective. Hence

ἔκδεια, ἡ, a falling sbort, being in arrear.
ἐκ-δείκνῦμι, f. -δείξω, 20τ. I ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

έκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for έκδέχομαι.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ κδέξις,  $\epsilon$ ως,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , ( $\tilde{\epsilon}$ κδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

έκ-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look out from.

ěκ-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερῶ:—to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

έκ-δετος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. I ἐξε-δεξάμην: Dep.:—to take or receive from: to take up.
 2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχήν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: ot countries, to come next.
 3. to wait for, expect, Lat. excipere.
 4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to:
---Med. to bind a thing to oneself, hang it round one.
ἔκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

έκ-δημέω, f. ήσω, (έκδημος) to go abroad, travel:

to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from bome or from life. ἔκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δῆμος) from bome, abroad.

έκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 ἐκδιέβην:—to go through out of, pass over.

έκ-διαντάομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διαιτάω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's babits.

ἐκδίδαγμα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάζω poét. -διδασκήσω:—to teach thoroughly, Lat. edocere:—Med. to have another taught thoroughly:—Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ιοπ. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [ā]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν:—to run away from, escape.

έκ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω; aor. I ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξεδόμην:—to give out, give up, Lat. reddere: to surrender.

2. to give out of one's bouse; ἐκδίδοσαι οτ ἐκδίδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for bire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

έκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full. έκ-δίκαζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a

judge. II. to avenge. Hence

indikatoring, of, o, an avenger.

ἐκδικέω, f. ήσω, (ἔκδικοι) to avenge, punish; ἐκδικείν τινα ἀπό τινοι to avenge one on another. Hence

έκδίκησιε, εωε, ή, an avenging: vengeance.

έκ-δίκοs, ον, (έκ, δίκη) without law, lawless, Lat. exlen: Adv. ekolkos, lawlessly. II, carrying out justice, avenging: as Subst., ἔκδικοε, δ, an avenger.

έκ-διφρεύω, f. σω, to throw from the chariot. άκ-διώκω, f. ξομαι later ξω, to drive away, banish.

έκ-δονέω, f. ήσω, to shake out, confound.

έκδοσις, εως, ή, (ἐκδίδωμι) a giving up, surrender-2. a giving in marriage.

έκδώσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

έκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, one must give in marriage.

έκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) given up, betrayed.

έκδουναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.

έκδοχή, ή, (ἐκδέχομαι) a receiving from another, succession.

έκ-δράκοντόομαι, Pass. (έκ, δράκων) to become a

έκδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of έκτρέχω.

ἐκδρομή, ή, (ἐκδραμείν) a running out, sally, charge: —also a band of skirmishers.

εκ-δρομος, δ, one that sallies out, a skirmisher. ἔκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) that which is put off, a skin, garment.

έκδυμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδυναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω, or for ἐκδύοιμεν I pl. opt.

έκ-δύνω, see έκδύω.

έκδύσις, εως, ή, a slipping out, escape. From

 $\vec{\epsilon} \mathbf{\kappa} - \delta \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\omega}$ , f.  $- \delta \hat{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \mathbf{\omega} \quad [\vec{v}]$ : aor. I  $\vec{\epsilon} \xi \hat{\epsilon} \delta \vec{v} \sigma \alpha$ : to strip off from another; ἐκδῦσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα to strip him of his tunic; ἐκδῦσαι αὐτών to strip him. pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor, 2 act. ἐξέδυν, pf. ἐκδέδῦκα, to put off. 2. to get out of, slip out 3. metaph. to get away from, escape.

έκ-δωριόομαι, Pass. (έκ, Δώριος) to become quite a Dorian.

VOS.

έκέασσα, Ep. for έκέασα, aor. I of κεάζω.

έκέατο, Ion. for έκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι. 'EKEI', Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. illic.

έκεια, Ep. aor. I of καίω.

excider, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. illinc; c. gen., τοὐκείθεν ἄλσους yon side of the grove.

έκειθι, (ἐκεί) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. illic: Dor. τηνόθι.

έκείνος Ιοη. κείνος, η, ο, Acol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος, Att. also strengthd. exervool: demonstr. Pron. (exei): -that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud: when obτου and ἐκείνου refer to two things before mentioned, έκείνος, ille, refers to the more remote, ουτος, bic, to the nearer. II. used also like ille, to denote well-known persons; κείνου μέγαυ θεόυ, magnus ille III. in Att., excivos precedes the Art. when it is emphatic, as, excives & dupp: and follows the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as a diving exerΙοη, κείνως. V. the dat. fem. ekeivn is also used as Adv.. I. of Place, there, at that place, on that road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.

έκειρα, aor. I of κείρω.

ekeloe, Att. keloe, Adv. (ekel) to that place, thither, Lat. illuc.

έκέκαστο, 3 sing. plapf. (in impf. sense) of καίνυμαι. έκεκεύθει, 3 sing. plapf. of κεύθω.

έκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 of κέλομαι.

έκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of κλίνω.

έκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of κοσμέω.

έκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.

έκέλσα, aor. ι of κέλλω.

έκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.

έκε-χειρία, ή, (ἔχω, χείρ) a bolding of bands, a cessation of bostilities, armistice.

έκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil out or over: c. gen., εὐλέων  $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \zeta \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$  she ran over, swarmed with worms.

έκ-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to search out.

έκ-ζωπυρέω, f. ήσω, to light up again, rekindle.

čκηα, Ep. aor. I of καίω.

έκηβολία, ή, a darting from afar, archery. From ἔκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) far-darting, far-sbooting, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.

έκηλος, ον, collat. form of εύκηλος, at one's ease, quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of

a field lying at rest or fallow.

"EKHTI Att. «κάτι, Prep. with gen. by means of, by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later = ἔνεκα, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards. as to, Lat. quod attinet ad.

έκ-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm thoroughly.

έκθαμβέω, f. ήσω, to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be amazed, astonished. From

έκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) amazed, astounded. έκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω. (έκ. θάμνος) to root out, extirpate.

ἔκθανον, Ep. for ἐξέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω. έκ-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι, Ion. ήσομαι, Dep. to see out,

see to the end.  $\epsilon \kappa - \theta \epsilon \bar{\alpha} \tau \rho i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , ( $\epsilon \kappa$ ,  $\theta \epsilon \bar{\alpha} \tau \rho o \nu$ ) to make a spec-

tacle of.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-θειάζω,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ι σω, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ, θε $\hat{\epsilon}$ ον) to deify.

έκθέμεναι or έκθέμεν. Ep. for έκθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ξκτίθημι.

έκθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.

έκ-θερίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to mow completely: to cut down. έκ-θερμαίνω, f. ανω, (έκ, θερμός) to warm or beat

tboroughly.

έκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.

έκθεσις, εως, ή, (ἐκτίθημι) a putting out, exposing.

έκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) put out, exposed. έκ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run or sally out.

έκ-θηράομαι, Dep. to bunt out, catch.

έκ-θηρεύω, f. σω, = ξκθηράομαι.

έκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press, squeeze out: metaph. to IV. Adv. enelyos, in that way, in that case: crush, oppress.

έκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θανούμαι: 201. ἐξέθανον:--to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω οι γέλωτι έκθανείν to be nigh dead with laughter.

έκ-θοινάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

**ἔκθορε**, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of ἐκθρώσκω.

έκ-θρηνέω, f. ήσω, to mourn out or aloud.

έκ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι: 201. εξέθορον:--to leap out of, leap forth from.

έκ-θυμιάω, f. άσω, to burn as incense.

έκ-θύμος, ον, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. amens.

eκ-θύω, f. ύσω [v]: for the tenses v. θύω:--to offer 2. Med. up, sacrifice : metaph. to destroy utterly. to atone for, expeate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

έκίχεις [ $\tilde{t}$ ], 2 sing. impf. of κίχημι: cf. ἐτίθεις from τίθημι.

 $\epsilon \kappa i \chi \eta \nu$  [7], impf. of  $\kappa i \chi \eta \mu i$ .

έκ-καγχάζω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter. έκ-κάθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: 201. Ι ἐξεκάθηρα:-- το cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

έκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

έκ-καί-δεκα, ol, al, τά, indecl. sixteen.

έκκαιδεκά-δωρος, ον. (έκκαίδεκα, δώρον) sixteen palms long.

έκκαιδεκά-λίνος, ον, (έκκαιδέκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαιδέκατος, η, ον, (ἐκκαίδεκα) sixteentb.

έκκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (έκκαίδεκα, έτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ιδος.

έκ-καιρος, ον, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

έκ-καίω, Att. έκκάω: fut. -καύσω: aor. I ἐξέκεα:--II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame. έκ-κακέω, f. ήσω, (ἐκ, κακόε) to be faint-bearted.

έκ-καλαμάομαι, (ἐκ, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

έκ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call forth: - Med. to call out to oneself; metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

έκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:-Med. to unveil oneself.

έκ-κάμνω, f. – κάμοθμαι: 20τ. 2 έξ έκάμον: — to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

έκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπόs) to yield as fruit. έκ-καρπόομαι, Med. (έκ, καρπόω) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

έκ-κατείδον, aor. 2 of έξοράω, to look down from. έκ-καυλίζω, f. σω, (έκ, καυλόs) to pull out the stalk:

metaph. to destroy root and branch. έκ-καυχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

έκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

έκκέαs, aor. I part. of ἐκκαίω.

έκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out II. c. gen. to fall from out of. έκκέκοφα, έκκέκομμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έκκόπτω.

έκκεκώφηκα, έκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκωφέω, -όω.

έκ-κενόω, -κεινόω, f. ώσω, to empty out, desolate. έκ-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab. έκ-κεράίζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

έκκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence ἐκκεχυμένως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

έκκέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχώννυμι.

έκ-κηραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust. έκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω:-to proclaim by II. to banish by public a berald, declare publicly. proclamation.

ἐκ-κῖνέω, f. ήσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ **κ-κλάζω**, f. – κλάγξω, to cry aloud.

ěκ-κλάω, f. –κλάσω [ă], to break off.

έκ-κλείω Ion, -κληίω Att. -κλίω. Att. fut. έκκλήσω:-to sbut out: metaph, to exclude or binder from. έκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

έκ-κλητω, Ion. for έκκλείω.

έκκλησία, ή, (έκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύριαι έκκλησίαι, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

έκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ηκκλησίαζον οτ έκκλησίαζον, but also ἐξεκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. I έξεκλησίασα:—to bold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. to summon to the assembly.

έκκλησω, Att. fut. of έκκλείω.

έκκλητος, ον, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

έκ-κλίνω, f. -κλϊνω, to bend aside: to bend down, of II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

έκ-κναίω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισεῦντι. έκ-κνάω, f. ήσω, to rub or cut deeply.

έκ-κοβάλικεύομαι, Dep. (έκ, κύβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

έκ-κοκκίζω, f. low Att. ιω, (έκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; έκκοκκίζειν σφυρόν to put out one's ancle; έκκοκκίζειν ταs πύλειs to empty the cities.

έκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

έκ-κολυμβάω, f. ήσω, to swim out of.

έκκομιδή, ή, a carrying out or off. From

έκ-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; εκκομίζειν τινά εκ πρηγματο to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure,

έκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

έκ-κομψεύομαι, Dep. (έκ, κομψεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

έκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:--Pass., aor. 2 έξεκόπην: pf. ἐκκέκομμαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξεκόπη τὼφθαλμώ be bad his eyes knocked out. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. exscindere. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

έκ-κορέω, f. ήσω, to sweep out: to sweep clean.

έκ-κορίζω, (έκ, κόριε) to clear of bugs.

έκ-κορυφόω, f. ωσω, to sum up shortly.

έκ-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to bang upon, listen attentively to. έκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ἄ]:—to let bang from or by:—Pass. to bang from or upon, cling to. Hence

έκκρεμής, έs, banging from or upon.

έκ-κρήμναμαι, poet. Pass. of έκκρεμάννυμι.

έκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνῶ, to choose or single out, select. 2. to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence κκρίτοs, ov, picked out, chosen; ἔκκριτόν as Adv., above all, eminently.

ἔκκρουσις, εως, ή, a beating out, driving away: and ἔκκρουστος, ον, beaten out: of embossed work, worked in relief. From

ěκ-κρούω, f. σω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive back, repulse: to biss an actor off the stage, Lat. ex-

plodere. 3. to put off, adjourn. έκ-κυβιστάω, f. ήσω, to tumble beadlong out of.

ἐκ-κυέω, f. ήσω, to bring forth.

έκ-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-κύκλημα (q. v.) — Pass. to be brought to sight by this means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out! i. e. shew yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence

έκκύκλημα, ατος, τό, a theatrical machine which disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:

cf. είσκυκλέω.

ěκ-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω. aor. I ἐξεκύλῖσα:—Pass., aor. I ἔξεκυλίσθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκυλίσθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled beadlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate oneself or escape from.

έκ-κυμαίνω, (έκ, κυμα) to undulate: to be uneven. εκκυνέω, (έκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.

έκ-κυνηγετέω, f. ήσω, to bunt down.

ĕκ-κυνος, ον, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about, not keeping on one scent.

έκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.

έκ-κωμάζω, f. σω, to come forth in the festive procession: to rush madly out.

ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ήσω, and ἐκ-κωφόω, f. ώσω, (ἐκ, κωφύs) to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the swords grew blunt.

έκλαγον, 2 of κλάζω.

ἔκλαγξα, aor. I of κλάζω.

 $\epsilon$ κ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: 2οτ. 2  $\epsilon$ ξέλἄχον:—to obtain by lot or fate.

έκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω. ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to kick out: metaph. to

spurn at.

έκ-λαλέω, f. ήσω, to speak out, divulge.

ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: 201. 2 ἐξἐλᾶβον: for the other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II. to receive, hear. III. to contract to do work, opp. to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).

έκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: 201. I εξέλαμψα:—to shine or flash forth.

II. trans. to make to shine, light up, kindle.

έκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ξείλὔθον, to escape notice utterly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ξείλησα Dot. -έλᾶσα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέλαθον, Causal of ἐκλανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med. ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλελαθέσθαι: pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κλαπάζω, f.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξαλαπάζω, to cast out from.

έκλάπην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω.

έκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.

ἔκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.

ἐκ-λέγω, f. ἐω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself, choose.
2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's gray hairs.
II. to collect tribute.

έκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ξξέλἴπον: pf. ἐκλέλοιπα:

—to leave out, omit.
2. to forsake, abandon, quit.
3. εἴ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμόν if any one left the number incomplete.

II. of the sun, to be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ἔδρην.

III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence ἔκλειψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting.

II. a disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.

έκλεκτός, ή, όν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; ol

ξκλεκτοί the elect

ἐκλελἄθεῖν, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 act. 2nd med. of ἐκληθάνω.

έκλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.

έκλεο, Ερ. for έκλέεο, 2 sing. impf of κλέω.

έκ-λέπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to batch. έκ-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease entirely.

έκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see έκλανθάνω II.

έκλήθην, aor. I pass. of καλέω.

εκλησις, εως, ή, (εκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: forgetting and forgiving.

έκ-λιμπάνω, poet. for έκλείπω.

έκλίνθημες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

έκ-λιπαίνω, f. ανω, to fatten:-Pass. to grow fat.

έκλιπείν, 20r. 2 inf. of έκλείπω.

ἐκλιπής, έε, (ἐκλιπεῖν) failing, deficient: ἡλίου ἐκλιπές τι ἐγένετο = ἔκλειψιε, there was an eclipse of the sun. II. omitted.

ěκλογή, ή, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election: a levy of troops or taxes.

II. a choice selection, as of extracts from authors.

ěκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to consider, reflect on.

έκλόμην, 20r. 2 of κέλομαι.

έκ-λούω, f. σω, to wash out.

ěκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth: - Pass. to be born.

ἐκλῦθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.

ἔκλύσις, εως, ή, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.

εκλυτήριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.

ἔκλὕτος, ον, let loose, discharged. From ἐκ-λύω, f. ύσω [v]: for the tenses v. λύω—to loose

ěκ-λύω, f. ύσω [v]: for the tenses v. λύω — to toose or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his tongue:—so also in Med.

II. to unloose, unstring

a bow: hence to break up, put an end to:-Pass. to be faint, exhausted, despond.

έκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to sustain grievous injuries.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\lambda\omega\pi\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ ,  $\lambda\hat{\omega}\pi\sigma$ s) to lay bare.

έκμαγείον, τό, (ἐκμαγῆναι) the impression of a seal, a seal: ἐκμαγείον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock,—said of a hardy fisherman.

έκμαγήναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

έκ-μαίνω, f. -μανω: aor. I εξέμηνα:-to drive mad with any passion; πόθον ἐκμῆναι to kindle passionate desire: Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκμέμηνα:-to go mad with passion: to rave, be frantic. ἔκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an impress, image.

έκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: 201. 2 εξέμαθον: pf. έκμεμάθηκα:—to learn thoroughly, to learn by heart: in past tenses, to bave learnt thoroughly, and so to II. to examine closely, know full well, perceive. search out.

έκμανω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of έκμαίνομαι.

έκμάξας, aor. I part. of έκμάσσω.

έκ-μαργόω, f. ώσω, (έκ, μάργος) to drive raving mad :- Pass. to go raving mad.

έκ-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness to a thing.

έκ-μάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. Ι ἐξέμαξα: Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγμαι:—to wipe off:—Med. to wipe away one's tears. II. to mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.

έκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to search out. έκ-μεθύσκω, to make quite drunk.

ex-uelpopar, Dep. to have a chief share in a thing; έξέμμορε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

έκ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to train carefully: to practise diligently.

έκμεμάθηκα, pf. of έκμανθάνω.

 $\epsilon \kappa \mu \epsilon \mu \eta \nu a$ , pf. med. of  $\epsilon \kappa \mu a i \nu \omega$ .

έκ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out:-Med. to measure out for oneself: to take measure of.

έκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) measureless, boundless, Lat. immensus.

έκμηναι, aor. I inf. of έκμαίνω.

εκ-μηνος, ον, (εξ. μήν) of six months, half yearly: as Subst., ἔκμηνοε, ή, a space of six months.

έκ-μηρύομαι, Dep., of an army, to defile out of.

έκ-μιαίνω, to pollute.

έκ-μτμέσμαι, Dep. to imitate faithfully.

έκ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for hire: - Med. to hire. ἔκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

έκ-μουσόω, f. ώσω, (ἐκ, μοῦσα) to teach fully. έκ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to work out with toil, Lat. elabo-

rare: to win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve. έκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (έκ, μοχλόε) to beave with the lever, to force one's way.

eκ-μυζάω, f. ήσω, to suck out.

έκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to turn up one's ράθην [ā]: Dep.:—to make trial of, prove, tempt. nose at, mock at.

έκ-νεάζω, f. σω, (έκ, νέοε) to grow young or fresh. έκ-νέμομαι, Med. to feed off, Lat. depasci. go forth to feed, go forth.

έκνενίκηκα, pf. of έκνικάω.

έκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to cut the sinews:-Pass., pf. έκ-

 $v \in v \in \psi \cap \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ , to be unnerved.

ěκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I èféνευσα:—to turn aside, turn away. II. to sink down. III. to give a nod or sign to do a thing.

έκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι: ant. 1 εξένευσα:-to swim out or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.

έκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.

ἐκ-νίζω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. 1 ἐξένιψα: -to wash out or away.

ἐκ-νῖκάω, f. ήσω, to conquer completely: to achieve II. intr to prevail, grow into use; ἐπὶ τὸ μυθώδες εκνενικηκέναι to win its way to the fabulous

έκ-νόμιος, ον, (έκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted, strange. Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομιώτατα.

έκ-νομος, ον, (έκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted: unlawful: -- Adv. -μωs, discordantly.

έκ-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to return from, to return.

ek-voodiloual, Dep. to take for oneself. έκνυζητο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάσμαι.

έκόμισσα, Ep. aor. 1 of κομίζω.

ἔκοντί, Adv. (ἐκών) freely, willingly.

έκορέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι. έκούσιος, a, ov, (ἐκών) of one's own free will, voluntary. Adv. -ίως; also έξ έκουσίας οτ καθ' έκουσίαν.

έκπαγλέομαι, Pass. to be astonished or amazed. to wonder at, admire exceedingly. From

έκ-παγλοs, ον, (metath. for έκ-πλάγοs, from έκπλαγηναι) frightful, terrible, fearful. Adv. ἐκπάγλωs, also neut. ἔκπαγλον and ἔκπλαγα used as Adv., terribly, fearfully, greatly. II. astonishing, wonderful.

έκπαίδευμα, atos, τό, anything reared, a child. From έκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to bring up from a child: to educate.

ἐκ-παιφάσσω, to rush furiously forth.

of ἐκπάλλω.

έκ-παίω, f. – παιήσω: aor. I έξ έπαισα:—to strike out of a thing, disappoint.

έκ-πάλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of old, long ago.

έκ-πάλλω, to shake out:—Pass. to spirt out. έκπαλτο, Ep. for έξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass.

έκ-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike out of one's senses. ěκ-πάτιος, a, ov, (èκ, πάτος) out of the common

path: excessive. ěκ-παύω, f. σω, to set quite at rest, put an end to:-Med. to take one's rest.

έκ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade, over-persuade.

έκ-πειράζω, f. άσω, to tempt.

έκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [a]: aor. I έξεπειto inquire of another.

έκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is allowed. ik-πέμπω, fut. ψω: aor. I έξέπεμψα:—to send out or forth from: of things, to export.

fetcb out, send for: Pass. to go forth, depart. It to dismiss, drive away: to divorce. Hence έκπεμψις, εως, ή, a sending out or forth. ἐκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπετάννυμι. ἐκπέπληγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

έκπέπληγμαι, pf. pass. of έκπλήσσο έκπεπόνημαι, pf. pass. of έκπονέω.

έκπεπόρθημαι, pr. pass. or έκπονεω. έκπεπόρθημαι, pr. pass. of έκπορθέω.

έκπεπορθήμευμαι, pf. pass. of έκπορθμεύω, both in med. and pass. sense.

έκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω. ἐκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάομαι.

έκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι, expanded, open. Adv. -νως, extravagantly.

έκπέπτωκα, pf. of έκπίπτω.

ἐκπεράφ, ἐκπερόωσιν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl of ἐκπεράω. ἐκ-περαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to bring to an end:—Pass. to be fulfilled.

έκπέραμα, ατος, τό, a passing out. From

ěκ-περάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ήσω: Ion. 201. I εξεπέρησα:—to pass through or over: metaph., to accomplish.

 $\hat{\epsilon}$ κ-περδικίζω, f ίσω Att.  $\hat{\iota}$ ω,  $(\hat{\epsilon}$ κ, πέρδιξ) to escape like a partridge, fly away.

έκ-πέρθω, fut. -πέρσω, to destroy utterly.

έκ-περίειμι, to go all round.

έκπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of έκπέρθω.

ἔκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω: ἐκπεσέειν, for ἐκπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf

έκ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and act. forms έξεπτάμην and έξέπτην .—to fly out, forth or away.

έκ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [α]: Ep. 201 I έξεπέτασσα: --to spread out, unfurl, spread: to stretch out.

έκπετήσιμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) ready to fly out of the nest: metaph, of a girl, marriageable.

ϵκ-πϵτομαι, 2οτ. 2 - ϵπτόμην, = ϵκπϵταμαι.

έκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for έκπυνθάνομαι.

έκπέφευγα, pf. of έκφεύγω.

έκπεφυνίαι, pf. part. pl. fem. nom of ἐκφύω.

έκ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap out or forth: esp. of a besieged force, to sally forth. 2. to leap up. Hence έκπήδημα, ατος, τό, a leap out or forth.

έκ-πηνίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, (έκ, πήνιον) to reel off, wind out: fut. med., έκπηνιείσθαί τί τινος to wind something out of a man.

έκ-πιδύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδύω) to gush forth.

ἐκ-πίμπλημι, f. –πλήσω: aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξε-πλήσθην:—to fill up, fill full of. 2. to satiate. II. to fulfil. III. to finish, complete. έκ-πίνω [I]: f. –πίομαι; aor. 2 ἐξέπιον: for the other tenses, v. πίνω:—to drink out or off, quaff,

II. metaph. to empty out, drain.

έκ-πιπράσκω, to sell off.

#κ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: 201. ἐξέπεσον: pf. ἐκπέπτωκα:—to fall out of or down from.
2. to fall
from, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere.
driven out of one's country, be banished.
4. to be
cast asbore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici.
5. of actors,

to be bissed off the stage, Lat. explodi.

6. to come out or forth, sally out: to get out of, escape: to depart from.

7. to issue, result in.

έκ-πίτνω, poët. for ἐκπίπτω.

έκπλαγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έκπλήσσω.

ἔκπλεθροs, ον, (ἔξ, πλέθρον) six pletbra long. ἔκ-πλεοs, poet. ἔκπλειοs,  $\alpha$ , ον, Att. ἔκπλεωs,  $\alpha \nu$ : (ἐκ, πλέωs) quite full: complete, entire: abundant.

έκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I εξέπλευσα: Ion. έκπλώω, f. -πλώσω:—to sail out, go out of port; c. acc., έκπλειν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν to outsail the

ships into the open sea.

έκ-πλεωs, ων, Att. for έκπλεοs.

έκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of έκπλήσσω

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ- $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}$ γν $\ddot{\nu}$ μι, =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ $\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}$ σσω.

έκπληκτικός, ή, όν, (ἐκπλήσσω) striking with terror, astounding. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}$ s, in amazement.

έκπληξις, εως, ή, (ἐκπλήσσω) panic fear, consternation; ἐκπληξις κακῶν terror caused by misfortunes.

έκ-πληρόω, f. ωσω, to fill quite up. 2. of ships, to man completely. 3. to fulfil. II. ἐκπλη-ροῦν λιμένα to cross over the hatbour, Lat. emetiri spatium.

ěκ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: fut. εω: aor. 1 ἐξέπληξα:—
to strike out of, drive away:—to frighten out of one's
senses, scare, astound.
II. Pass., mostly in aor.
2 ἐξεπλάγην [ἄ], Ερ. 3 sing and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἔκπληγεν: later also aor. 1 ἐξεπλήχθην .—to be panic-struck,
amazed.

ἔκπλοος contr. ἔκπλους, δ, (ἐκπλέω) a sailing out, leaving port.

έκ-πλύνω [v], to wash out. Hence

έκπλύτος, ov, to be washed out.

έκ-πλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.

έκ-πνέω Ερ. -πνείω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι: aor. I ἐξέπνευσα:—to breathe out or forth. 2. βίον ἐκπνεῖν to breathe one's last, expire; and so ἐκπνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, to blow out or outwards: to burst out. Hence.

έκπνοή, ή, a breathing out, expiring.

έκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) out of the way; ἐκποδών ἴστασθαι to stand out of the way, ἐκποδών χωρεῖν τινι to get out of his way. Opp. to ἐμποδών.

ěκ-ποιέω, f. ήσω: aor. i εξεποίησα:—to put out a child, give him in adoption. II. Med. to produce, bring fortb. III. to make completely, finish off. Hence

έκποίησις, εως, ή, a putting forth, emission: and έκποίητος, η, ον, put forth, given in adoption.

έκ-ποκίζω, f ίσω Att. τω, to pull out wool or bair. ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to excite to war, make bostile. ἐκ-πολεμόω, f. ώσω, to make bostile, involve in war:

Pass. to become an enemy to.

έκ-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to take by siege, Lat. expugnare. έκπομπή, ή, (ἐκπέμπω) a sending out or forth.

3. to be 4. to be finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elabo5. of actors, rare:—Pass. to be brought to perfection. σῖτος ἐκπε-

210 πονημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπεπονῆσθαι τὰ | σώματα to have their bodies in good training. to work bard for, to earn by labour. III. to pre-IV. to search out. vail on by importunity. of food, to digest by labour. έκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out :-Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. Ι έξεπορεύθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\pi$ op $\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\theta\omega$ , to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence έκπορθήτωρ, opos, ό, a ravager, destroyer. έκ-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea. έκ-πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: 20τ. Ι έξεπόρισα:--to II. to find means for doing a invent, contrive. thing, to provide, furnish, supply: -Med. to provide for oneself, procure. έκ-πορνεύω, f. σω, to be given to fornication. έκ-ποτάομαι, Ion. for έκ-πέτομαι; Dor. pf. έκπεπότāμαι: Dep.:-to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated. έκ-πράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I έξέπραξα:to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. effi-II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. concere. ficere. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge. έκ-πραθνω, to soothe, mollify. έκπρεπήs, έs, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming. έκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing. έκπρεπώς, Adv. of έκπρεπής 11, unreasonably. έκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for έκπράσσω. έκ-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι: 201.2 εξέπριον:--to saw out. έκ-προθυμέσμαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous. | flee away from. έκ-προίημι, f. ήσω, to pour forth. έκ-προκαλέσμαι, f. έσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσσάμενος. έκπροκρίθείς, aor. I pass. part. of έκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρἴνω, to select in preference. έκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. έκπρολιπών. έκ-προτιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour above all. έκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to escape from.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ-προχ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω, f.  $-\chi \dot{\epsilon}$ ω, to pour forth. έκ-πτερύσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings. έκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to scare away from. έκ-πτοέω, f. ήσω, = ἐκπτήσσω :--Pass. to be scared. έκ-πτύω, f. ύσω or ύσομαι [ŭ] : aor. I ἐξέπτὔσα :-to spit out: to spit in token of disgust. έκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: 20r. 2 έξεπὔθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, hear of. έκ-πυρόω, f. ώσω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence έκπύρωσις, εως, ή, a conflagration. ёк-пиотов, ov, beard of, discovered. ϵκπωμα, ατοε, τό, (ϵκπίνω) a drinking-cup.έκ-πωτάομαι, poet. for έκποτάομαι, έκπέτομαι. έκράανθεν, Ep. for έκρανθήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of

roaives.

έκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod. έκραγηναι, 20r. 2 inf. pass. of έκρήγνυμι. έκραγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of έκρήγνυμι. εκράγον, aor. 2 of κράζω. έκράθην [ā], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι. έκραίαινον, Ep. impf. of κραίνω. έκ-ραίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐξέρρᾶνα:—to scatter out έκρέμω, for έκρέμαο, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι. έκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) εξερρύην:—to flow out or forth. feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. trans. to shed, let fall. έκ-ρήγνυμι or έκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I έξέρρηξα:-Pass., fut. 2 ἐκρἄγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξερράγην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asun-II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to der. break fortb. III. also intr. in Act. to break out or fortb. έκ-ριζόω, f. ώσω, to root out. έκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω. έκ-ρίπτω, f ψω: aor. I εξέρριψα:—to throw out, cast forth. έκρους, contr. έκρους, ό, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall. έκ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, to gulp down έκρύβην [v], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω. έκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver. έκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω. έκ-σαλάσσω, to shake violently. έκ-σἄόω, f. ώσω: 20r. 1 ἐξεσάωσα:—Ερ. for ἐκσώζω. έκ-σείω, f. σω: 20r. I έξέσεισα:--to shake out. έκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξεσσύμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σεύω):—to rush forth from, έκ-σημαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to signify, denote. έκ-σιγάω, f. ήσομαι, to put to utter silence. έκ-σκαλεύω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away. έκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [α], to scatter abroad. έκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, to disfurnish. έκ-σμάω, inf. -σμην: impf. ἐξέσμων:—to wipe out. έκ-σοβέω, f. ήσω: 201. I έξεσόβησα:-to scare away. έκ-σπάω, f. άσω [ă]: aor. I εξέσπάσα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασσάμενος:-to draw out, pluck out. έκ-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out as a libation. έκ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to basten out. έκ-σπονδος, ον, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it. έκ-στάδιος, ον, (ξέ, στάδιον) six stades long. έκστάσις, εως, ή, (εξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy). έκ-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, aor. I έξέστειλα:—to send out: to deck out. έκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέστεμμαι:-to deck out with garlands. έκ-στράτεία, ή, a going out on service. From έκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

έκ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. εύσομαι: pf. έξεστρατοπέδευμαι: Dep.:—to encamp outside.

έκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I έξέστρεψα:—to turn aside, overturn.

II. to turn inside out: metaph. to change entirely: to pervert.

έκ-συρίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to whistle or biss off the stage, Lat. explodere.

έκ-σύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξεσύρην  $[\bar{v}]$ . ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att.  $i\hat{\omega}$ , to seal up:—Pass. to be shut out from.

έκ-σώζω, f σω: 201. 1 έξέσωσα:—to keep safe, preserve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass., νησον έκσώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

έκ-σωρεύω, f σω, (έκ, σωρός) to beap or pile up.

έκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [α], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδιος, η, ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

έκταθείς, aor. I part. pass. of έκτείνω.

ἔκτάθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

έκταθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of έκτείνω.

έκτάμε, Ερ for έξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω. ἔκταμεν, Ερ. for ἐκτάνομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω. ἐκτάμην, Ερ. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

έκ-τάμνω, Ion. for έκτέμνω.

ἔκταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

έκτανον, 201. 2 of κτείνω

έκ-τἄνύω, f. ύσω: aor. 1 εξετάνὔσα, Ep. -υσσα: aor. 1 pass. εξετάνὔσθην:—poet. for εκτείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low:—Pass. to he outstretched.

έκ-τάράσσω Att. --τω, f. ξω: aor. I έξετάραξα:-to disquiet, confound, agutate.

έκ-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw an army out in order:-Med, of an army, to draw up in line.

έκτέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. of κτάομαι.

έκτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of έκτίθημι.

έκ-τέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of έκτρέφω.

έκ-τείνω, fut. -τενω: aor. I εξέτεινα: pf. εκτέτακα: —Pass., aor. I εξετάθην: pf. εκτέταμαι:—to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack.

II. to stretch out, extend, prolong.

III. to strain to

the uttermost.
ἐκ-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἴω, to fortify completely: to

build from the ground.
ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω: Ep. impl. ἐξετέλειον: f. -τελέσω, Ep. -τελέω:—fut. med. ἐκτελέεσθαι in pass. sense:—to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ěκ-τελής, ές, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect: ripe, mature.

έκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 εξέτάμον: -to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood, to cut down. 2. to bew out, bew into shape. II. to castrate.

έκτένεια, ή, earnestness, zeal. From

est, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

έκτενωs, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously: Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.

ἐκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of έχω, to be beld. II. neut. ἐκτέον, one must bave or bold.

ἐκτέτηκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτήκω.

έκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

έκτεύς, έως, δ, (έκτος) the sixth part (sextarius) of the μέδιμνος, = 8 choenixes.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: 201. 1 ἐξετεχνησάμην: Dep.:—to contrive, devise.

έκ-τήκω, f. fw: aor. 2 ἐξέτἄκον:—to make melt away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτηκα, to melt away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

ἔκτημαι, for κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι.

έκτήσω, 2 sing. 20r. 1 of κτάομαι.

ěκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put out, expose.

II. to set up, exbibit.

έκ-τίκτω, f. -τέξω: aor. 2 εξέτεκου.—to bring forth. έκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλῶ: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι:—to pluck or pull out: Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένου baving one's hair plucked out.

έκ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour bigbly.

έκ-τιμος, ον, (έκ, τιμή) without bonour

έκ-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake out or off.

έκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aot. I εξέτισα: -to pay off, pay in full; εκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty.

II. Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to take vengeance on.

ěκ-τιτρώσκω, f. –τρώσω: 201. I ἐξέτρωσα: —to cause a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

έκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτόs) Ep. for ἔξωθεν, from without, c. gen.: outside.

έκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτόs) out of, outside, c. gen.

έκ-τολύπεύω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an

έκτομεύς, έως, δ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem. ἐκτομίς, ίδος.

ἐκτομή, ἡ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration. Hence

έκτομίας, ου, δ, one castrated, a eunuch.

έκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw away.

2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

έκ-τόπιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , = έκτοπος. έκ-τοπος,  $o\nu$ , (έκ, τόπος) away from a place, distant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

in: Hence out of the way, foreign, strange. έκ-τορέω, f. ήσω, to bore through, stab to death.

«κτος, η, ον, (εξ) the sixth.

ikrós, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. extrinsecus, opp. to ἐντόs: I. of Place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of, far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3. except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

έκτοσε, (ἐκτόs) Adv. outwards.

έκτοσθε, έκτοσθεν, (ἐκτόs) Adv. from without, without, outside: far from, apart from.

έκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from οι banished from the table.

έκ-τράχηλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its bead: generally, to throw off or out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. efferre: down: - Pass. to break one's neck.

έκ-τράχύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to make rough.

έκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert : metaph., to turn aside, dissuade :- Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

έκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I εξέθρεψα:-to bring up from childhood, rear up: - Med. to rear up for oneself. έκ-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμοῦμαι (from \*δρέμω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst fortb.

έκ-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριψα;—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκτριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκτρίβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτρίβειν to bring life to a wretched

end.

έκτρίψαι, aor. I inf. of ϵκτρίβω.

έκτροπή, ή, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. a turning oneself from, avoidance: - ἐκτροπὴ ὁδοῦ a resting-place; έκτροπή λόγου a digression.

έκ-τρῦχόω, f. ώσω, to wear out, exbaust. έκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἔκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἔκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἔκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

έκ-τυπόω, f. ώσω, to work in relief.

έκ-τυφλόω, f. ώσω, to make quite blind. Hence ἐκτύφλωσις, εων, ή, a making quite blind.

έκύει, 3 sing. impf. of κυέω.

έκυρά, ή, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά,

**ἔκύρον**, aor. 2 of κυρέω.

έκυρός, δ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

**ἔκὖσα, a**or. I of κύω.

έκ-φάγειν, to eat up, devour: only used in 201. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

έκ-φαιδρύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to make quite clear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\dot{\phi}\alpha\dot{\nu}\omega$ , f.  $-\dot{\phi}\ddot{\alpha}\dot{\nu}\hat{\omega}$ ; aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\epsilon}\phi\eta\nu\alpha$ :—to shew forth. bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war :- Pass. and Med., f. -φανουμαι and -φάνησομαι: 20r. Ι έξεφάνθην, 20r. 2 έξεφάνην [a]:-to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

έκφανής, έε, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -νωε.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἔκφημι.

ἔκφάσις, εως, ή, (ἔκφημι) a declaration.

έκφάτος, ον, (έκφημι) beyond power of speech:-Adv. ἐκφάτωε, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to empress, i. e. impiously.

έκ-φαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to depreciate. έκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρω.

έκ-φέρω, f. εξοίσω: aor. I and 2 εξήνεγκα, εξήν-«γιου:—fut. med. εξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to carry εκφυσάν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

also to carry away: to carry off as prize: -Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth, exert. 5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. inferre bellum, 6. to shew signs of, shew. to begin war. to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. ¿avτόν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to 2. to come to an end.

έκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξουμαι: aor. 2 έξέφύγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἔκφυγε χειρός.

to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

έκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. έκφάσθαι.

έκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφθείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρείς.

έκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., εξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plapf., εξέφθιτο olvos νηῶν the wine bad all been consumed out of the ships.

έκ-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love passionately.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\phi\lambda$ aupiζω, f.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\omega$  Att.  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\phi$ auλ $\dot{\epsilon}\zeta\omega$ .

ěκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire. έκ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten out or away, affright:

-Pass. to be affrighted.

έκ-φοινίσσω, fut. ξω, to make red or bloody.

έκ-φοιτάω, Ion. - έω, fut. ήσω, to go out or forth. έκφορά, ή, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial. II. (from 2. a blabbing, betrayal.

Pass.) of horses, a running away.

έκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:-Med. to take out with one:-Pass. to move III. in Pass., forth. II. to carry quite out. to be cast up on shore, Lat. ejici.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth.

fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

ἔκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, export-II. to be made known.

έκ-φορτίζομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

έκ-φράζω, f. άσω, to tell in full.

έκ-φρέω poet. έκφρείω: f. ήσομαι, also ήσω: (έκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, έκ- $\phi \rho \in \omega$ :—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

έκ-φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to think out, devise, in-

vent, Lat. excogitare.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa$ - $\Phi\rho\omega\nu$ , ov, gen. ovos,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa,\Phi\rho\eta\nu)$  out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. amens: also, frenzied.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{K} - \dot{\phi} \mathbf{v} \gamma \gamma \dot{\alpha} \mathbf{v} \omega$ ,  $= \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \phi \epsilon \dot{v} \gamma \omega$ .

ἔκφυγε, Ep. for εξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εκφεύγω. ěκ-φυλάσσω, f. ξω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἔκφυμι. έκ-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph., ěκ-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύσω [v]: |
aor. I ἐξέφῦσα:—to beget, produce. II. intr.
in pf. ἐκπέφῦκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι:—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen.:
absol., λάλημα ἐκπεφυκόε a born tattler.

έκ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to pronounce aloud. έκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to let go from. έκ-χαυνόω, f. ώσω, to puff up, make vain.

εκ-χαυνοω, τ. ωσω, το pur up, make vain. ἐκχεύατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of ἐκχέω.

έκ-χέω, f. -χεω: aoτ. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχευα: pf. ἐκ-κέχῦκα: —to pour out, Lat. effundo: to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aoτ. I ἐξέχύθην [υ]: pf. ἐκκέχῦμαι: Ep. forms, 3 pl. plapf. ἐξεκέχυντο, aoτ. a ἐξέχῦτο or ἐκχῦτο, part. ἐκχύμενος: —to be poured out, to stream out or forth: generally, to spread out or abroad: —to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in.

έκ-χορεύω, f. σω, to break out of the chorus. έκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.

έκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω:—to suffice, be enough for: only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.

έκ-χράω, f. ήσω, to declare as an oracle.

έκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.

ἐκχυθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω. ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.

ěκχύμενος [v], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἔκχῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω. ἔκχῦτος, ον, (ἐκχέω) poured out: unconfined, out-

spread, Lat. effusus: -- ἔκχυτον, τό, drink. ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -- χώσω: pf. pass. ἐκκέχωσμαι:-- to raise by beaping up soil: to silt up, of a river.

in-χωρίω, f. ήσω, to go out and away, depart from. 2. to slip out of: hence of a joint, to be dislocated. 3. to give way: to give place to.

issocatea.
3. to give way: to give place to.
έκ-ψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.
ΈΚΩ'N, ἐκοῦσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free

will. II. often in phrase ἐκὰν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

έλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.

έλάαν, Ep. for έλαν, inf. of έλαύνω.

ἔλἄβον, 20r. 2 of λαμβάνω. ἔλἄθον, 20r. 2 of λανθάνω.

EAAI A Ati. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva:—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i.e. to go too far.

II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence

έλαιήεις Att. -άεις, εσσα, εν, of the olive-tree. έλαίνεος, α, ον, and έλαϊνός, ή, όν, (ξλαία) of the

olive-tree, of olive-wood.

έλαιο-λόγος, δ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer. ἔλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum. ἔλαιος, δ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster. ἐλαιο-φόρος, ον, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing. ἐλαιο-φύής, ἐε, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted. ἐλαιό-φὐτος, ον, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted. ἐλαιό-κὐτος, ον, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted. ἐλαιό: tōos, ἡ, = ἐλαία: Att. pl. ἐλαδες.

έλαιων, ωνοε, δ, (έλαια) an olive-garden, olive-yard, Lat. olivētum:—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

έλάκησα, έλακον, 20r. 1 and 2 of λάσκω.

ἐλάμφθην, Ion. for ἐλήφθην, 201. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

έλ-ανδρος, ον, (έλειν, άνηρ) man-slaying.

έλασα, Ep. for ήλασα, aor. 1 of έλαύνω:—ἐλάσασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing.:—ἐλασαίατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαιντο, 3 plur. aor. 1 opt. med.

έλασας, δ, an unknown bird.

έλασείω, Desiderat. of έλαύνω, to wish to drive.

ἐλἄσία, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) riding, driving.

ἐλὰσί-βροντος, ον, (ἐλαύνω, βροντή) thunder-burling. II. burled like thunder.

έλάσ-ιππος, ον, (ἐλαύνω, ἵππος) borse-driving.

ἔλάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) a driving, riding: also rowing.
 2. a driving away, banishing.
 3. (sub. στρατοῦ), a march, expedition; (sub. ἵππου) riding.

έλασσα, Ep. for έλασα, ήλασα, aor. I of έλαύνω. έλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ωσω: aor. I Att. ήλάττωσα:—Pass., fut. έλασσωθήσομαι, but also f. med. έλασσωσομαι in pass. sense: aor. ήλασσωθην:—to make less, smaller, or worse: to lessen, damage: hence to detract from. II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish: to come short of, bave too little of a thing: c. gen. to be inferior to. From

ἐλάσσων Att. -ττων, ον, gen. ονοs:—smaller, less, fewer, worse; έλασσον έχειν to have the worse:—neut. ἐλασσόν as Adv., in a less degree; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως:—Used as Comp. of μικρόε, with Sup. ἐλάχιστος: the Posit. ἐλαχύς is found only in

old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ήσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαύνω, to drive: to row: also to drive about.

έλάσω, fut. of έλαύνω. [ă]

έλατέον, verb. Adj. of έλαύνω, one must ride.

ΈΛΑΤΗ [a], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood: later also the whole ship.

ἐλᾶτήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, (ἐλαύνω) a driver, a charioteer; ἐλατήρ βροντῆs burler of thunder. II. one that drives away. III. a broad, flat cake. Hence

έλατήριος, a, ov, driving away.

έλάτινος, η, ον, (ἐλάτη) of the pine or fir: of pine or fir-wood.

ἔλαττον, Att. neut. for ἔλασσον, 2s Adv., less. ἐλαττονέω, f. ήσω, (ἐλάσσων) to bave less, bave too

little, be lacking.

ἔλάττων, ἐλάττοω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-. ΈΛΑΥΝΩ: fut. ἐλάσω [ά], Ερ. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶς, nf. ἐλῶν, Ερ. also ἐλόω:—aor.  $\mathbf{1}$  αct. ἡλἄσα, Ερ. ἐλάσσα, ἐλασσα:—pf. ἐλήλακα:—Med., aor.  $\mathbf{1}$  ἡλασάμην, Ep.  $\mathbf{2}$  sing. ἐλάσαιο, part. ἐλασσάμενοs:—Pass., aor. ἡλάθην and ἡλάσθην: pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι: plqpf.  $\mathbf{3}$  sing. ἡλήλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο:—v. ἐλάω:—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships.  $\mathbf{2}$  seemingly intrans. to ride, drive, sail, row; ἐλαύνοντες the rowers:—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην έλαύνειν to sail on | a calm sea; πόντον ἐλάταιε ἐλαύνειν to urge the sea with oars :- then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; έε τοσοῦτον ήλασαν they proceeded 3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσοε, μίασμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν to drive away pollution. 4. to drive into narrow compass, press in battle: Att. also, to barass, trouble, annoy. II. to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust; c. dupl. acc., διμον έλαύνειν τινά to wound him on the shoulder. 2. to thrust. drive through: Pass. to go through. III. to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν to make a shield of beaten metal. 2. to draw out, to draw; έλαύνειν ὄρχον άμπελίδοs to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce. 3. κολφον έλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl.

ἐλάφειος, ον, (ἔλαφος) of or belonging to deer. ἐλάφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφηβόλος) a sbooting of deer. ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. ἰερά), τά, a festival of Artemis. Hence

ἐλἄφηβολιών, ῶνοε, ὁ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ἐλἄφη-βόλοs, ον, (ἔλαφοs, βάλλω) bitting or shooting deer: as Subst. a deer-bunter.

έλἄφο-κτόνος, ον, (ἔλαφος, κτείνω) deer-killing. "ΕΛΑ ΦΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a deer; whether male, a bart or stag, or female, a bind.

ἐλἄφοσ-σοῖη, ἡ, (ἔλαφοs, σεύω) deer-bunting. ἐλαφρία, ἡ, ligbiness: thoughlessness. From ΈΛΑΦΡΟ΄Σ, ά, όν, and όs, όν, light in weight, Lat. LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, ἐν ἐλαφρῶ ποιεῖσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶs,

lightly, easily.

II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; of ελαφροί light troops, Lat. levis armatura.

III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless.

ἐλάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐλάσσων, fewest, smallest, least, worst:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, the very least.

έλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

έλαχυ-πτέρυξ, υγος, δ, ή, (έλαχύς, πτέρυξ) sbortwinged; of fishes, sbort-finned.

'EΛΑΧΥ'Σ, εία, ύ, small, sbort, little: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed.

έλάω, rare poët. pres. for έλαύνω; Ep. inf. έλάαν, impf. έλαον, έλων.

"ΕΛΔΟΜΑΙ, είλδομαι, Dep. to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence

έλδωρ, εέλδωρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire. ελε, Ερ. for είλε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of alpέω.

έλεαίρω, poet. for έλεέω, to take pity on. ΕΛΕΑ Σ, αντος, δ, a kind of owl.

έλεγεία, ή, = έλεγοε, an elegiac poem. έλεγειον, τό, (έλεγοε) a distich consisting of a bexameter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. =  $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i a$   $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i a$ .

έλεγειοs, a, ον, (έλεγοs) of the elegy, elegiac.

έλέγευ, Dor. for έλέγου, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω. ἔλεγξις, εως, ή, (ἐλέγχω) a refuting, reproving. ἔλεγος, δ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first

ελεγοs, δ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

έλεγχείη, ή, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace.

έλεγχής, ές, (ἔλεγχος) liable to reproach, shameful, esp cowardly:—irreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

έλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace, disbonour; κάκ' ἐλέγχεα base reproaches to your name.

τλεγχος, ό, a means of testing, a trial, test, Lat. argumentum: disproval, refutation. II. an examination, scrutiny. From

'ΕΛΕ'ΓΧΩ, fut. ξω: aor. 1 ήλεγξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ήλέγχθην: pf. ἐλήλεγμαι:—to disgrace, put to sbame, disbonour.

II. to convince, refute, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disprove: also to accuse, reprove, reproach.

2. to examine, question: to prove, attest.

έλε-δεμνάς, ή, (\*ξλω, δέμνιον) couch-destroying.

έλέειν, Ep. for έλειν, aor. 2 inf. of αίρέω.

έλεεινόs, in Att. Poets έλεινόs, ή, όν, (έλεοs) pitiable, piteous: pitied: generally, wretched, miserable.—Adv. έλεεινῶs, poet. έλεινῶs, pitiably: also neut. pl. έλεεινὰ as Adv.

έλεεω, f. ήσω, (έλεος) to have pity on, shew mercy

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, pity, mercy: an alms. From ἐλεήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐλεέω) ptiful, merciful. ἐλεητύς, ψος, ἡ, Ion. for ἔλεος, pity, mercy.

Έλείθυια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Είλείθυια. ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

έλεινόs, Att. for έλεεινόs. έλειο-βάτηs, ου, δ, (έλοs, βαίνω) marsh-dwelling. έλειοs, ον, and a, ον, (έλοs) of or in the marsh.

έλειψάμην, aor. I med. of λείβω.

ἔλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie. ΕΛΕΛΕΥ οτ ἐλελελεῦ, like ἀλαλά, a loud cry. ἐλελήθεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λανθάνω.

έλελίζω (A): f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:
—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, to whirl round. II. of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them. III. generally, to make to tremble or quake:—Pass. to quake, tremble, quiver. IV. in Pass. also to wind or twist oneself along.

έλελίζω (B): f. fω: 20r. 1 ηλέλιξα:—to cry έλελεῦ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

έλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of έλελίζω (λ).

έλελιχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$  ( $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ).  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) earth-sbaking.  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\epsilon$ eu, plapf. of  $\lambda\alpha\gamma\chi\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

έλένας, ή, (έλεῖν, νῶς Dor. for ναῦς) ship-destroying. ἐλεό-θρεπτος, ον. (ἔλος, τρέφω) marsh-bred. έλεόν, Adv. like ἐλεεινόν, piteously.

'EΛΕΟ'Σ, δ, and έλεδν, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser. "EΛΕΟΣ, ou, o, also ελεος, εous, τό, pity, mercy, compassion. II. an object of compassion, a piteous

thing.

έλέπολις, poët. έλέ-πτολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως: (ἐλεῖν, πόλιs) city-destroying, of Helen.

λίσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.

έλετός, ή, όν, (έλειν) that can be taken or caught. έλευθερία Ion. -ίη, ή, (έλεύθερος) freedom, liberty:

freedom from a thing.

έλευθέριος, ον, (ἐλεύθερος) dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank, Lat. liberalis: esp. freely-giving, bountiful, liberal. It bears the same relation to ἐλεύθεροs as liberalis to liber. II. as epith. of Jove, the Releaser, Deliverer. Hence

έλευθεριότης, ητος, ή, freedom of spirit, liberality. έλευθερίως, Adv. of έλευθέριος: Comp. -ιώτερον,

Sup. -ιώτατα.

έλευθερό-παις, παιδος, δ, baving free children. 'ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, a, ov, and Att. os, ov, free, Lat. LIBER; ελεύθερον ήμαρ the day of freedom; τὸ ἐλεύθερον freedom. 2. free or freed from a 3. of things, free for all to use, open to thing. II. like ἐλευθέριος, fit for a freeman, freespirited, Lat. liberalis.

έλευθεροστομέω, f. ήσω, to be free of speech. From έλευθερό-στομος, ον. (έλεύθερος, στόμα) free-spoken. έλευθερ-ουργός, όν, (ἐλεύθερος, ἔργον) bearing him-

self freely, of a horse.

έλευθερόω, f. ώσω, (έλεύθερος) to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit. Hence

έλευθέρως, Adv. of ελεύθερος, freely, with freedom. έλευθέρωσις, εως, ή, a setting free.

**Έλευθώ**, όο**s**, contr. οῦ**s**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Εἰλείθυια.

Έλευσίν or Έλευσίς, îvos, ή, Eleusis, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Proserpine: -Adv. Έλευσίναδεν, to Eleusis; Έλευσινόθεν, from Eleusis. Hence

Έλευσίνιος, a, ov, of Eleusis.

έλευσις, εως, ή, a coming: esp. the Advent. From έλεύσομαι, fut. of έρχομαι: but in Att. είμι ibo was chiefly used.

έλεφαίρομαι, Dep. to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy.

έλεφαντίνεος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and έλεφάντϊνος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (έλέφαs) of ivory, ivory, Lat. eburneus.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ λεφαντό-δετος, ον, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ λέφας,  $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) inlaid with ivory. **ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ**, (ἐλέφα**s**, μάχομαι) a battle of elepbants.

ΈΛΕ'ΦΑΣ, avτos, δ, the elephant, Lat. elephas. the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. ebur.

**ἔλεψα,** aor. 1 of λέπω.

 $\lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\epsilon i \lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \alpha$ , the heat or light of the sun. έλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αίρέω: and έληαι, Ion. for έλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.

έλήλακα, έλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of έλαύνω. έλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

έλήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega$ .

έληλέδατο, for έλήλαντο, 3 pl. plopf. of έλαύνω. έλήλιγμαι, pf. pass. of έλίσσω.

έλήλυθα, pf. of έρχομαι.

έλήφθην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\theta\dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $-\dot{\epsilon}\tau\omega$ , aor. 2 imperat. of  $\ddot{\epsilon}\rho\chi\rho\mu\alpha\iota$ .

έλθειν, Ep. έλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of έρχομαι. έλίγδην, Adv. (έλίσσω) whirling, spinning.

ελιγμα, ματος, τό, (ελίσσω) that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet.

έλιγμός, δ, (έλίσσω) a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage.

έλικ-άμπυξ, υκος, ό, ή, (ξλιξ, άμπυξ) with a circlet round the bair.

έλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (έλιξ, βλέφαρον) with quickmoving eyelids, quick-glancing.

έλικό-δρομος, ον, (έλιξ, δραμείν) twisting, winding. έλικτός, ή, όν, (ελίσσω) rolled, wound, wreathed.

Έλικών, ῶνος, ὁ, Helicon, a mountain in Bœotia, the seat of the Muses.

Έλικώνιος, a, ov, Heliconian, of Helicon.

ελίκ-ωψ, ωπος, δ, ή, (ελιξ, ώψ) with rolling eyes, quick-glancing: fem. έλικωπις.

έλτνύω or έλινύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I έλίν $\bar{v}$ σα:—Ion. Verb, to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep. to be lazy.

έλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. rolled, twisted, winding, spiral: epith. of oxen, probably from their twisted, crumpled borns.

έλιξ poet. είλιξ, ἴκος, ή, (ἐλίσσω) anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, wbirlwind, Lat. vortex; έλικες στεροπής flashes of forked lightning: -the tendril of the vine or of ivy: —the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of bair.

έλιξό-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, neut. ων, (έλίσσω, κέρας)

with crumpled borns.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ λιπον, 2 of  $\lambda \epsilon i \pi \omega$ .

έλισσέμεν, Ep. inf. of ελίσσω.

ΈΛΙ'ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Ep. and Ion. είλίσσω: fut. έλίξω: aor. I είλιξα:-Pass. aor. I είλίχθην: pf. έλήλιγμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. είλικτο:—to turn about, turn round and round, roll, Lat. VOLVO: to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν ελίσσειν to ply the rapid oar. metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve. 3. intrans. to burry, move quickly about. II. Pass. and Med. to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; ωραι έλισσόμεναι the circling hours.

έλί-τροχος, ον, (έλίσσω, τροχός) whirling the wheel round.

έλί-χρῦσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρυσύς) belichryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers.

έλκαίνω, (ξλκοε) to be sore from a wound.

έλκεσί-πεπλος, ον, (έλκω, πέπλος) trailing the robe, long-robed.

έλκε-χίτων, ανοι, δ, (ξλκα, χἴτών) trailing the tunic, with a long tunic.

έλκέω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for έλκω, to drag about, tear asunder: - to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence έλκηδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and

έλκηθμός, δ, a being carried off, rough usage.

έλκημα, ατος, τό, (έλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

έλκο-ποιός, όν, (έλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, baving power to wound.

"EΛΚΟΣ, εοs, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. ULCUS. Hence

έλκόω, f. ώσω, to wound sorely.

έλκύδριον, τό, Dim. of έλκος, a slight sore.

έλκύσαι [τ], aor. I inf. of έλκω.

έλκυστάζω, Frequent. of έλκω, to drag about

"ΕΛΚΩ, f. έλξω: aor. I εἶλξα, poet. έλξα: but also (as if from \*έλκύω) fut. έλκύσω [v]: aor. Ι είλκυσα: Pass., aor. 1 είλκύσθην: pf. είλκυσμαι, Ion. έλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. trabo: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. deducere naves: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at. to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh 5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ελκειν κόρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. έλκειν βίστον to drag 8. to draw to oneself, attract, out a weary life. esp. of the magnet. 9. ξλκειν σταθμόν to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much; absol. to weigh έλκει πλείον it weighs more. 10. έλκύσαι πλίνθουs to mould bricks, Lat. ducere lateres. II. Med., ξίφος ελκεσθαι to draw one's sword. draw to oneself, amass.

έλκ-ώδης, εs, (ξλκος, είδος) like a wound, ulcerous.

έλκωσις, εως, ή, (έλκόω) ulceration.

ἔλλάβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, 2οr. 2 of λαμβάνω.

έλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ϵλ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (ϵν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon: -Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

Έλλανο-δίκαι, ων, οί, ("Ελλην, δίκη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a courtmartial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Έλλάs, άδοs, ή, (Ελλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwelt, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Έλλάς, άδος, δ, ή, pecul. fem. of Έλληνικός. **ἔλλἄχον**, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

έλλέβοροs, δ, bellebore, Lat. verātrum, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness; πιθ' ἐλλέβοpov drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

έλλεδανός, δ, (είλω) a band to bind corn-speaves: straw-rope.

έλλειμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

**ἐλ-λείπω**, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλἴπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave bebind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit. III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:-c. inf. to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come IV. in Med. or Pass. sbort, fail: to fail in duty. to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

έλλειψις, εως, ή, a falling short, defect.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\lambda$ - $\lambda\epsilon\sigma\chi$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\lambda\epsilon\sigma\chi\eta$ ) of common talk.

"Ελλην, ηνος, δ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the EALANVES, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Ad<sub>1</sub>., = Έλληνικός. Hence Έλληνίζω, f. ίσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek: - Pass., Έλληνισθηναι την γλωσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

Έλληνικός, ή,  $\acute{\nu}$ , (Ελλην) Hellenic, Greek; τδ Έλληνικόν = of Ελληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Έλλη-

νικώs, in Greek fashion.

Έλλήνιος, α, ον, = Έλληνικός.

"Ελληνις, ιδος, ή, ("Ελλην) a Grecian woman. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman. Έλληνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Ἑλληνίζω) an imitator of the

Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Έλληνιστί, (Ελληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Έλληνιστί ξυνιέναι to understand Greek.

'Ελληνο-ταμίαι, ων, οἱ, ('Ελλην, ταμίαs) the stewards of Greece, i.e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Έλλήσ-ποντος, δ, (Ελλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

έλλιπείν, aor. 2 inf. of έλλείπω. Hence

έλλιπής, έs, wanting, defective.

έλλισσάμην, Ep. for έλισάμην, 201. 1 of λίσσομαι. έλλιτάνευον, Ep. for έλιτ-, impf. of λιτανεύω.

έλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβοs) an earring, Lat. inauris. έλ-λογέω, f. ήσω, (έν, λόγοs) to reckon in: to impute. έλ-λόγιμος, ον, (έν, λόγος) whatever comes into ac-

count, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ λλοπιεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ λλοψ) to fish. 'ΕΛΛΟ'Σ or έλλός, δ, a young deer, fawn.

'ΕΛΛΟ'Σ, η, όν, mute, epith. of fish.

έλλο-φόνος, ον, (έλλός, \*φένω) fawn-slaying.

έλ-λοχίζω, f. ίσω, (έν, λόχος) to lie in ambush. έλλοψ, οπος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

έλ-λύχνιον, τό, (έν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

 $\lambda \xi a$ , poet. for  $\epsilon \lambda \zeta a$ , aor. I of  $\lambda \kappa \omega$ .

ελξις, εως, ή, (ελκω) a drawing, dragging: attrac-II. a draught. tion.

έλοίμαν, Dor. for έλοίμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω. **έλοιμι, 201. 2** opt. act. of αἰρέω.

έλοισα, Dor. for έλουσα, aor. 2 part. of αίρέω.

έλον, έλόμην, poët. for είλον, είλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of  $aip \in \omega$ .

"EAOS,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau o$ , low ground by rivers, a marshmeadow, marsh.

έλοθμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω.

έλουσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αίρέω.

έλοθτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

ἐλόωσι, Ep. for ἐλάσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαύνω ἐλπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ῖω, (ἐλπω): aor I ἤλπισα:— Pass., aor. I ἤλπίσθην:—to hope, expect: also, in bad sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat. to hope in.

'ΕΛΠΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation

either of good or evil, hope or fear.

"ΕΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope:—Med. ξλπομαι Ep. ξέλπομαι: pf. ξολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf. ξώλπειν (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, believe; and in bad sense, to fear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ λπωρή, ή, Ep. form of  $\dot{\epsilon}$ λπίε.

έλσαι, έλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of είλω.

**ἐλύθην** [τ], aor. I pass. of λύω.

ἔλῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on which the share was fixed, Lat. dentāle.

ἔλυμος, ὁ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.

λύτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2.0 place for holding water, a reservoir. From

ἐλόω, (εἴλω):—to roll round: only used in Ep. aor.

I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-self close up.

έλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.

ἐλων, impf. of ἐλάω: but ἐλῶν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.
ἔλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty, spoil, prey.
II. pl, Πατρύκλοιο ἔλωρα ἀποτίνειν to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dishonour.

ελώριον, τό, = ελωρ.

**ἔμάθον,** 2οτ. 2 οf μανθάνω.

**ἐμάνην** [ἄ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

έμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι. έμάρνατο, 3 sing impf. of μάρναμαι.

έμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆs, Ion. ἐμ-εωυτοῦ or ἐμ-ωυτοῦ, ῆs, (ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

έμβα, for έμβηθι, 20r. 2 imperat. of έμβαίνω.

εμβάδον, Adv. (εμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

έμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβην: pf. ἐμβέβηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβαώς:—to step in:—to step on, go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board, embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 3. to tread upon. 4 to enter upon, embark in a thing. II. Causal in aor. 1 ἐνέβησα, to make to

enter, bring in or into: -cf. èμβιβάζω.

έμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα: aor. 2 ἐν-έβα-λον: -to throw, lay, put in; κώπαι ε ἐμβαλέειν (sub. χεῖραε) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κώπαιε, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of another: --Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαί τι θυμῷ to lay a thing to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλεσθαί τι θυμῷ to lay a thing, involve in. 4, to throw at another. II. rut. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter, run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on another with its beak: cf. ἔμβολοε.

ἔμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From έμ-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip in.

έμβάs, άδοs [t], h, (έμβαίνω) a kind of felt sboe, used by the Bœotians; also by old men and poor people.

έμβάς, aor. 2 part. of έμβαίνω.

έμ-βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἔμβάσις, cωs, η, (ξμβαίνω) a going in or upon: a going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which one goes; ξμβασιs ποδύs a shoe, like ξμβάs. 2. the sole, foot, hoof.

έμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

έμβάτεύω, f. εύσω, (εμβάτης) to step in or on, stand on: hence to dwell in, frequent, baunt: also to protect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon.

II. to enter on possession of property.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ μβατέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω,  $(\dot{\epsilon}$ μβάτη $\mathbf{r}$ ) =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ μβατεύω.

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβατένω) of or for marching : ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

èμβάτης, ου, δ, (èμβαίνω) he that goes in or upon, esp on board ship, a passenger.

II. a kind of boot, cf. èμβάς. [ἄ]

ἐμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into: τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ă]

ἐμβέβαώs, -υΐα, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβέβα-σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἔμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω: ἔμβητον, 2 dual:

έμβήη, for έμβῆ, 3 sing. subj. - ἐμ-βτβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐμ-

βαίνω, to make to step in or upon: to put on board ship: to lead or guide to.

ἔμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From έμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply, o look.

έμ-βοάω, f. ήσομαι, to call upon: to shout aloud. έμβολεύς, έωε, δ, (ξμβάλλω) a dibble for putting in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἡ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. intrans, an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion, foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another, an assault; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκόστομοι the shock of brasen beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the head of a battering-ram. Hence

έμβόλιμος, ον, (έμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μην

εμβ. an intercalary month.

ξμβολον, τό, (ξμβάλλω) anything running in; ξμβ.
 τῆς χώρης a tongue of land.
 a bolt, bar: a wedge: the beak of a ship of war.
 a beam, architrave.

ἔμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2. the brasen beak of ships of war.

ἔμβράχυ, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύε) in brief, sbortly.

έμ-βρέμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ξμ-βρεφοs, ον, (ἐν, βρέφοs) boy-like.
 ξμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βρίθος) beavy, weighty.
 III.
 bad sense, beavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons, violent, savage, fierce.
 III. Adv. -θωs, firmly.

μ-βρίθω [i], f. ίσω, to weigh beavily upon.

έμ-βρτμάσμαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep .: to snort with rage,

of horses; of men, to be sore vexed, be indignant, Lat. commoveri: to charge strictly, censure. έμ-βροντάω, f. ήσω, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence έμβρόντητος, ov, thunder-stricken, stupid. έμ-βροχή, ή, (ἐν, βρόχοs) a noose, balter. έμ-βρύ-οικος, ον, (έν, βρύον, ολκέω) dwelling in seaweed. ἔμβρὔον, τό, (ἐν, βρύω) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. foetus. 2. a thing newly born: a lamb or kid.  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\beta\dot{\nu}\theta$ tos,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , or os,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\beta\nu\theta\dot{\phi}s$ ) at the bottom. έμ-βύω, f. ύσω [v], to stuff in, stop up. ěμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με. έμέγηρα, aor. I of μεγαίρω. έμέθεν, old poet. gen. for έμοῦ. έμει, Dor, for έμέ, as τεί for τέ (σέ). έμεινα, aor. I of μένω. έμειο, έμέο, Ep. gen. of έγώ. **ἐμέλλησα,** aor. 1 of μέλλω. έμέμηκον, Ep. redupl. 20r. 2 of μηκάομαι. έμέμικτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of μίγνυμι. έμεμνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μιμνήσκω. έμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμί sum. έμεν, έμεναι, Ep. for είναι, inf. of είμί sum. έμεν, έμεναι, Ep. for είναι, aor. 2 inf. of ίημι. έμενος, aor. part. med. of ἵημι. έμετικός, ή, όν, provoking sickness. II. one who uses emetics. From ἔμετος, ὁ, (ἐμέω) sickness, vomiting. έμεῦ, Ep. for ἐμοῦ, enclit. μεῦ: Dor. ἐμεῦs.  $\mathbf{EME'}\hat{\mathbf{\Omega}}$ , impf. ήμουν: f. ἐμέσω Att. ἐμῶ and ἐμοῦμαι: aor. ήμεσα Ερ. έμεσσα: pf. έμήμεκα: — Lat. VOMO, to vomit, throw up: absol. to be sick; ἐμεῖν πτίλω to make oneself sick with a feather. έμεωυτοῦ, Ion. for έμαυτοῦ. έμήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of μήδομαι. **ἐμίγην** [ἴ], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. έμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. ξμιξα, aor. I of μίγνυμι. ἐμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι. έμίν, poët. Dor. for έμοί, dat. of έγω. **ἔμμάθον,** Ep. for *ἔμαθον*, aor. 2 of μανθάνω. έμ-μαίνομαι, Dep. to be mad at. Hence έμμανής, έs, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -νωs. έμμαπέωs, Adv. forthwith, immediately, bastily. (Deriv. uncertain.) έμ-μάσσω, f. ξω, to impress upon. έμ-μάχομαι, f. –μαχέσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in. έμ-μειδιάω, f. άσω [ā], to smile at. έμμέλεια, ή, (ἐμμελήs) a kind of dance, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance. έμ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to exercise in a thing. Hence έμμελέτημα, ματος, τό, an exercise, practice. έμ-μελήs, έs, (έν, μέλοs) in tune, well-timed, barmonious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable: elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. έμμελωs, Ion. -λ*έω*ε.

έμμεμαώς, υία, όε, pressing eagerly on, eager, basty, ardent: pf. part. with no verb in use. έμ-μέμονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be lost in passion. έμμεν, έμμεναι, Ep. inf. of είμί sum. έμμενής, έs, abiding in: neut. έμμενέs as Adv., unceasingly. Adv. εμμενώs, Ep. and Ion. -έωs. From  $\epsilon$ μ-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I  $\epsilon$ νέμεινα:—to abide in: to abide by, stand by, cleave to, Lat. stare ab aliquo: absol. to continue. έμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure in or by. ξμ-μετρος, ον, (έν, μέτρον) in measure, measured, moderate. II. in metre, metrical. ἔμ-μηνος, ον, (ἐν, μήν) in a month, lasting a month. II. occurring every month, monthly. έμμί, Dor. for είμί sum. έμ-μίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix or mingle II. intrans. to encounter, meet.  $\epsilon \mu - \mu (\mu \nu \omega)$ , poet. for  $\epsilon \mu - \mu \epsilon \nu \omega$ . έμ-μισθος, ον, (έν, μισθός) in pay, in receipt of pay ἔμμονος, ον, (ἐμμένω) abiding in, steadfast. έμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι. ἔμ-μορος, ον, (ἐν, μείρομαι) partaking in or of. IJ (εν, μόροs) fortunate. έμ-μοτος, ον, (έν, μότος) spread on lint. έμ-μοχθος, ον, (έν, μόχθος) toilsome, painful. έμ-μυέω, f. ήσω, to initiate at the mysteries in. **ἔμνησα**, aor. ι of μιμνήσκω. έμνήσθην, aor. I pass. (in med sense) of μιμνήσκω. έμνώοντο, Ep. for έμνῶντο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι. ěμοί, dat. of ἐγώ. ξμολον, aor. 2 of βλώσκω. έμός, ή, όν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from έγώ. έμοῦ, mine, Lat. meus; joined with gen. to strengthen the possessive notion έμον αὐτοῦ mine own; έμη άγγελίη a message about me; τὸ ἐμόν mine, my part; also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τὰμά:—τό γε ἐμόν, τὸ μὲν ἐμόν, for my part, as far as concerns me. έμοθμαι, fut. of  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \omega$ . έμουs, Dor. gen. of έγώ. ἔμπα, Adv., v. ἔμπαs. έμπαγείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of έμπηγνυμι. έμπάζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. to busy oneself about, take beed of, care for. έμ-πάθής, έs, (èv, πάθος) in a state of emotion, much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθῶs, passionately.  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu\pi\alpha i\gamma\mu ov\dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta} = \dot{\epsilon}\mu\pi\alpha i\gamma\mu os.$ έμπαιγμός, ό, a jesting, mocking. From έμ-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι, to mock, Lat. illudere: to trick, deceive. II. to sport in or on. Hence έμπαίκτης, ov, o, a mocker, deceiver. έμπαῖξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ξμπαίζω. έμπαιχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of έμπαίζω. έμπαιοs, ον, (B) = έμπειροs, knowing, practised in, c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.) εμπαιοs, ov, (B) bursting upon one, sudden. From έμ-παίω, f. -παίσω or -παιήσω, to strike in. stamb. II. intr. to burst in upon.

έμ-πακτόω, f. ώσω, to close up, caulk.

έμ-πάλάσσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together. έμ-πάλιν, poet. also έμ-πάλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. backwards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in

return. IV. τὸ ἔμπαλιν, τὰ ἔμπαλιν, by crasis τοὕμπαλιν, τἄμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.

\*μ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to band over, put in one's power.

- ξμ-πας, Ion. and Ep. ξμ-πης, Adv. (properly εν

πασι) altogether, at all events.

II. on the whole,

nevertheless, still. much, ever so much.

έμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. άσω [ἄ]: aor. 1 ἐνέπάσα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in,

III. joined with  $\pi \epsilon \rho$ , bowever

έμ-πατέω, f. ήσω, to tread in, walk into.

ἐμπεδό-μοχθος, ον, (ἔμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-painful. ἐμπεδ-ορκέω, f. ήσω, (ἔμπεδος, ὅρκος) to abide by one's oath.

ξμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, unsbaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II. Advs. ξμπεδον and ξμπεδα, ἐμπέδως, fast, of a surety, truly, certainly.

έμπεδο-σθενής, ές, (ἔμπεδος, σθένος) with force un-

sbaken.

ἐμπεδόω, f. ώσω, (ἔμπεδοs) to make firm, establish. ἐμπείραμος, ον, = ἐμπέραμος.

έμπειρία, ή, experience: experience in or acquaint-

ance with a thing. From

έμ-πειρος, ον, (έν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-πειρότερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπείρως τινὸς ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.

έμπελαδόν, Adv. near, bard by. From

ξμ-πελάζω, f. σω: 201. 1 ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near or close to:—also intrans. to come near.
 II. Pass. to be brought near, approach.

έμπέπηγα, pf. intr. of έμπήγνυμι.

έμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of έμπίπλημι.

έμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of έμποδίζω.

έμπέπτωκα, pf. of έμπίπτω.

έμ-πέραμος, ον, = έμπειρος, acquainted with.

έμ-περιπάτέω, to walk about in: to tarry among. έμ-περονάω, f. ήσω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence

έμπερόνημα, Dot. - αμα, ματος, τό, a garment fastened with a brooch or buckle.

έμπεσον, Εp. for ενέπεσον, 201. 2 of εμπίπτω.

έμπεσοθμαι, fut. of έμπίπτω.

έμ-πετάννυμι or -ύω, f. -πετάσω [α], to unfold and spread on or out.

ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω: ἐμπεφυῖα, Ep. part. fem.

έμ-πήγνυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. 1 ἐνέπηξα:—to fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγην [α], with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plqpf. -ήγειν:—to stick in.

έμ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap or jump in. έμ-πηρος, ov, crippled, maimed, deformed. έμ-πης, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for έμπας.

έμπιείν, aor. 2 inf. of έμπίνω.

έμ-πικραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter against.

έμπίμπλημι, έμπίμπρημι, ν. έμπίπ-.

έμ-πίνω, fut. –πίομαι: αοτ. 2 ἐνέπιον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα: to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἴματος to drink of the blood.

έμπίπληθι, imperat. of έμπίπλημι.

έμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. 1 ἐνέπλησα:—to fill full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι, aor. 1 ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied.

11. in Med. also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to bave enough of, enjoy.

έμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.

έμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: 201. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ερ. έμπεσον:--to fall upon: to break in, burst in: 201. 2 part. ἐμπεσών, rusbing in violently: also to light on, fall in with.

'EMII'Σ, ίδος, ή, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. culex.

έμ-πίτνω, poet. for έμπίπτω, to fall upon. έμπλακήναι, 201. 2 inf. of έμπλέκω.

έμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. άσω [α]: 201. I ἐνέπλασα: -to plaster up, daub over with a thing.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\pi\lambda\epsilon\iota\sigma$ , Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\pi\lambda\epsilon\sigma$ s.

ἐμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat.
 implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing.
 metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.

εμ-πλεος, α, ον, Ερ. εμπλειος οτ ενίπλειος, η, ον,

Att. ἔμπλεως, ων, quite full of a thing. έμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in.

ἐμπλήγδην, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rasbly.
 ἔμπληκτος, ον, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stupified, senseless.
 II. Att. unsteady, rasb:—Adv.
 ἔμπλήκτως, madly.

ἐμπλήμενος, Εp. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπίπλημ. ἔμπλην, (ἐμπελάζω) Adv. near, close by. ἔμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλήν, besides, except. ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. 1 part. act. and med. of

έμπλησας, -αμένος, acr. 1 part. act. and med. έμπίπλημι: έμπλήσατο, Ep. for ένεπλήσατο. έμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of έμπίπλημι.

έμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ένιπλ-: f ξω:- to strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.

ξμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπίπλημι:—ἔμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.

ἐμπλοκή, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) a platting of the hair. ἔμπνευσα, Ερ. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. 1 of ἐμπνέω.

έμ-πνέω, poët. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. 1 ἐνέπνευσα: --to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc., lστίον ἐμπνεῦν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live, be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire: --to blow into, swell the sail.

έμπνοια, ή, in-breathing, inspiration. From έμ-πνους, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (ἐν, πνοή) having the breath in one, breathing, alive.

έμ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (ἐν, πούs):—to entangle the feet, fetter; ἐμπ. ἰσχάδαs to tie together figs by their stalks. II. generally, to hinder, stop, check. ἐμ-πόδιοs, ον, (ἐν, πούs) in the way, obstructing.

έμ-ποδών. Adv. for εν ποσίν ων, before the feet, in the way; εμποδών είναι to be in the way: - with the Art.. τὸ ἐμποδών what is in the way, a bindrance. also, before one, patent. Opp. to ἐκποδών.

έμ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2. to

produce or create in, introduce, cause.

έμπολαίος, a, ov, (έμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith, of Hermes.

έμπολάω, impf. ήμπόλων: f. έμπολήσω: pf. ήμπόληκα: (ἐμπολή):—to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: Med., βίστον πολὺν ἐμπολόωντο (Ερ. for ἡμπολώντο) they were getting much substance by traffic. absol. to be a merchant, traffic. III. to purchase, buy.

έμ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to wage war in.

έμ-πολέμιοs, ov, of belonging to war, bostile. έμπολεύς, έως, δ, (έμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker. έμ-πολή, ή, (έν, πωλέω) merchandise: traffic. gain made by traffic, profit.

έμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (έμπολάω) matter of traffic, a

cargo: in plur. wares, merchandise.

έμπολητός, ή, όν, ( $\epsilon$ μπολάω) bought and sold. εμ-πολις, εως, δ, ή, (έν, πόλις) in the city or state: δ έμπολίς τινι one's fellow-citizen

έμ-πολιτεύω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, hold

civil rights in.

έμπολόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of έμπολάω. έμπορευμα, aros, τό, an article of commerce. From έμπορεύομαι, f. – εύσομαι: 201. 1 ένεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ξμπορος):—to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic. to trade or traffic in a thing. Hence έμπορευτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. one must go.

ἐμπορία, ἡ, (ἔμπορος) traffic, trade, commerce: a II. goods trafficked in, merchandise. trade. έμπορικός, ή, όν, (ξμπορος) of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα ξμπορικά imported goods. έμπόριον, τό, (έμπορος) Lat. emporium, a tradingplace, factory, mart. ἐμπόρια, τά, merchandise.

ἔμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) a passenger on shipboard, II. a traveller, wanderer. Lat. vector. one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat, mercator, institor; metaph., έμπορος βίου a trader in life.

έμ-πορπάω, f. ήσω, to fix on with a brooch or buckle:-Pass., είματα ένεπορπέατο (Ion. for -ηντο), they wore garments buckled on the shoulder.

"Eμπουσα, ή, Empusa, a bobgoblin assuming various

shapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εμπρακτος, ον, (εμπράσσω) practicable.

έμπρεπήs, έs, conspicuous in or by a thing. From έμ-πρέπω, to be conspicuous in or among. to be conspicuous for.

έμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. =  $\xi \mu$ πίπρημι. to burn to asbes.

έμπρησιε, εωε, ή, (ἐμπίπρημι) a setting on fire. έμ-προθεν, Adv., poet. for έμπροσθεν.

Prep. I. of Place, before, in front of. II. of Time, before, earlier, of old. Hence έμ-πρόσθιος, ον, front, fore; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες)

the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to oi ὁπίσθιοι.

έμπτύω, f. ύσω [τ], to spit upon.

έμ-πυκάζω, f. άσω, to wrap up closely:-Pass., νόος οί ξμπεπύκασται his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery. έμ-πύος, ον, (έν, πύον) discharging matter.

έμ-πυρεύω, f. σω, (έν, πυρ) to set on fire.

έμ-πύρι-βήτης, ου, δ, (έν, πῦρ, βαίνω) standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to άπυρος.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ μ-πύρος, ον,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\nu, \pi \hat{v}\rho)$  in or on the fire. scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ξμπυρος τέχνη the art of divination by fire:—as Subst., τά έμπυρα [ίερά] burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt

ξμύκον, aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

έμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): -to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

έμ-φαίνω, f. -φἄνῶ: aor. τ ἐνέφηνα:-to shew, make appear:-Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανοῦμαι, to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself.

έμφανήναι, aor. 2 pass. of έμφαίνω.

ἐμφανής, ές, (ἐμφανῆναι) appearing ın, visible, plain, manifest. 2. open, in public. 3. palpable, real, actual. Hence

έμφανίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to shew forth: to make clear, explain.

έμφανώs Ion. - έως, Adv. of έμφανής, visibly, openly, Lat palam.

ἔμφασις, εως, ή, (ἐμφαίνομαι) an appearing in, reflexion · outward appearance.

έμφέρεια, ή, resemblance. From

έμφερήs, és, resembling, similar. Adv. -ρωs, similarly, just as. From

έμ-φέρω, f. έν-οίσω, to bear or bring in. II. to object to one, cast in one's teeth.

έμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up in.

έμ-φλοξ, oyos, δ, ή, with fire in it.

έμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φύβος) fearful, terrible. II. pass frightened, afraid.

 $\epsilon\mu$ - $\phi$ op $\beta$  $\iota$ 6 $\omega$ , f.  $\omega$  $\sigma\omega$ , ( $\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\phi$ op $\beta$  $\iota$ 6) to put on the fluteplayer's mouthpiece.

έμ-φορέω, f ήσω, like έμφέρω, to bear or bring in: -Pass. to be borne about or on. II. in Med. and Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use III. to inflict on.

έμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to stop up, block up. έμφρουρέω, f. ήσω, to keep guard in. From

ἔμ-φρουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) on guard in a place: liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

έμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) in one's right mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible, shrewd, prudent.

ἐμφτής, έs, (ἐμφύω) implanted by nature, innate.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\phi\bar{\upsilon}\lambda$ os,  $o\nu$ , and  $\hat{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\phi\dot{\upsilon}\lambda$ ιos,  $\iota o\nu$ ,  $(\hat{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\phi\hat{\upsilon}\lambda$ o $\nu$ ) of the same tribe or race; εμφύλιον αίμα kindred blood; έμ-προσθεν, poët. before a conson. -θε, Adv. and | τουμφυλον αίμα a kinsman's blood, i.e. murder of a kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσιε ἔμφυλος intestine, civil discord.

εμφυλοε intestine, συτί discord. - ἐμφύs, 20r. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

έμ-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon. έμφυτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

έμ-φύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I ἐνέφῦσα: in these tenses trans. to implant. II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, with act. pf. ἐμπέφῦκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφῦν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἔμφῦναι χειρί

to cling fast to his hand.

μ-φωνος, ον, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ĕμ-ψοφοs, ov, notsy, sounding.

έμ-ψυχος, ον, (έν, ψυχή) baving life in one, alive, living.

έμ-ψυχόω, f. ώσω, (ξμψυχοι) to animate.

ev, Dor. and Aeol. for els, into.

EN poet. evi Ep. eiv, eivi, PREP. with DAT. IN:I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν ᾿Αθήνησι, ἐν Τροίη. 2. on, upon; ἐν ουρεσι on the mountains, etc. 3. of clothing; εν εσθητι in (i. e. wearing) a garment; έν δπλοιs in or under arms. 4. in the number of, amongst; έν τοις πρώτοι among some of 5. within one's the very first: -in presence of, before. power, in one's bands; νίκης πείρατ' έχονται έν άθανάτοισι θεοίσι are in their bands; έν έμοί έστι it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II. OF THE INSTRUMENT OF MEANS, with, by, by means of; έν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; έν δεσμῷ δησαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; ev τούτ $\varphi$  τ $\hat{\varphi}$  χρόν $\varphi$  within this space;  $\hat{\epsilon} \nu$   $\hat{\varphi}$  (sub. χρόν $\varphi$ ) while, during the time that; έν βραχεί in short IV. Ellipt. in such phrases as ἐν ᾿Αλκινόοιο, είν 'Αίδαο Att. έν "Αιδου, etc., where οἴκφ or δόμοιε is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD-VERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: especially.

VI. Position:—èv sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form  $\tilde{\epsilon}\nu \hat{\iota}$ , then written žvi. VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e.g. έμ-πικρος, έν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ev-aimos, with 3. in compos. èv- becomes èu- beblood in it. fore  $\beta \mu \pi \phi \psi$ ;  $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma$ - before  $\gamma \kappa \xi \chi$ ;  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda$ - before  $\lambda$ ; and in a few words  $\epsilon \rho$  - before  $\rho$ .

ev, neut. of els; and eva, acc. masc. ev-aβρύνομαι. Pass. to be vain of.

ėν-ἄγήs, έs, (ėν, ἄγοs) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accurst. Hence

ἐνἄγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. parentare. Hence

ένάγισμα, ατος, τό, an offering to the dead.

ev-aγκαλίζομαι, Med. to take in one's arms.

έν-αγκύλάω, f. ήσω, (έν, ἀγκύλη) to fit thongs to javelins to throw them with.

èν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of èναγείρω. èν-αγχος, Adv. (èν, ἄγχι) just now, even now, lately.

iv-άγω, f. ξω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade.

2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

έν-ἄγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενή εναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in. έν-ἄγώνιος, ον, (ἐν, ἀγών) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game.

2. ἐναγώνιος θεοί the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-αθλέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, =  $\dot{\alpha}$ θλέω  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, to contend in or among.

έναιμή εις, εσσα, εν, = έναιμοε.

έν-αιμος, ον, (ἐν, αἶμα) with blood in it. ἐναιρέμεν, Ερ. for ἐναίρειν, ιπf of ἐναίρω.

έναίρω Ep. ένναίρω: fut. ένδρῶ: aor. 2 ἡνᾶρον, poét. also ἔνᾶρον: aor. I med. ἐνηράμην. Ep 3 sing. ἐνήρατο: (ἐναρα):—to slay, kıll: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ėv-aloτiμos and ėv-alorios, ον, (ἐν, aloa) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. -ίμως, fitly, becomingly.

έν-αιχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

ev-alwoéoual, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ένάκις, Adv. = ἐννάκιε.

ένακόσιοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine bundred

έν-ἄκούω, f. -ούσομαι, to bear in a place.

ev-aλείφω, f. ψω: pf pass. evaλήλιμμα:—to anoint: Med to anoint oneself or for oneself.

ev-alignos, ov, like, resembling.

έν-άλιος, α, ον, and οε, ον: Ep. and Lyr also eivάλιος: (ἐν, ἄλε) —in, on, of the sea, Lat marinus. ἐναλλαγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ėναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim.

From

iv-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I - ήλλαξα: pf. - ήλλαχα, pass. - ήλλαγμα: --to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

έν-άλλομαι, f. -ἄλοῦμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep.:-

to leap in or on, to rush against.

ev-allos, ov, changed, contrary.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}v$ - $\tilde{\alpha}\lambda os$ , ov,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}v$ ,  $\tilde{\alpha}\lambda s) = \tilde{\epsilon}v\hat{\alpha}\lambda \iota os$ .

έν-αμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk into.

έν-άμιλλος, ον, (έν, ἄμιλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

έναμμένος, Ion. for ένημμένος, pf. part. pass. of έναπτω.

έν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ξν-αντι, (ξν, ἀντί) Adv., = ξναντίον.

ev-avribios, ov, struggling against: neut. evavri-

Biov against, in opposition to.

èv-avτίos, a, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of.

2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing.

II. opposite, contrary, reverse; το εναντίον the contrary, the reverse.

III. neut. εναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of.

2. εξ εναντίον over against, opposite.

Adv. εναντίωs, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

evartion, f. ώσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. | έναντιδομαι, f. ώσομαι: 20r. Ι ήναντιώθην: pf. ήναντίωμαι poët. έν-:-to set oneself against, oppose, with-2. to contradict, gainsay, stand: to be adverse to.

έναντίωμα, ματος, τό, (έναντιόω) an obstacle.

έναντίωσις, εως, ή, (έναντιόω) opposition.

**ἔναξα**, aor. I of νάσσω.

έναπέθανον, 20r. 2 of έναποθνήσκω.

έναπηκε, Ion. for έναφηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of έναφίημι. έναπηπτε, Ion. for έναφηπτε, 3 sing. impf. of έναφάπτω.

ev-αποδείκνυμι, to display in a thing: - Pass. to be

distinguished or manifest.

έν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνοῦμαι, to die in.

έν-αποκλάω, f. -κλάσω [ă], to break short off in. έν-απολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in.

**ἐν-απόλλ**ῦμι and -ὑω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ:—to destroy in or among.

έν-απομόργνυμι, f. -απομόρξω:— to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

έν-απονίζω, f. -απονίψω, to wash clean in a thing. ev-aποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω, to pay as a penalty.

ev-aποψύχω, f. fw, to give up the ghost, expire.

ev-aπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:-Pass. and Med., pf. ἐνημμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle. set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

"ENA PA, ων, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a

slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

έν-αραρίσκω, aor. I ένηρσα, to fit or fasten in. II.

intr. in pf. ev-apppa, to be fitted in.

ένάργει, Dor. for ενήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ενεργέω. έναργήs, έs, (έν, άργόs) distinct, visible, in bodily 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

έναργωs Ion. -έωs, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ένάρεες or ένάριες, οί, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυνοι.

έναρηρώς, υία, ός, part. pf. 2 of έναραρίσκω.

έναρη-φόρος, ον, (έναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils. έναρίζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I έναριξα:-Pass., aor. I ηναρίσθην: pf. ηνάρισμαι: (ξναρα):—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; έναρίζειν τινά έντεα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay: - Pass., νὺξ ἐναριζομένα night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

έν-ἄριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account: - Med. to make account

of, value.

έν-ἄρίθμιος, ον, (έν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero babitus.

έναρίμ-βροτος, ον, (ἐναίρω, βροτός) slaying men. έν-αρμόζω and -ττω: f. όσω Dor. όξω:-to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

**ἔνἄρον,** τό, see ἔναρα.

έναρον, poët. for ήναρον, 201. 2 of εναίρω.

έν-άρχομαι, f. foμαι Dep. to begin with.

sacrifices, ἐνάρχεσθαι τὰ κανα to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οὐλοχύται) from the baskets (κανᾶ, pl. of κανοῦν); cf. κατάρχομαι.

έν-ασελγαίνω, = ἀσελγαίνω έν, to be insolent in :-

Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

έν-ασπιδόομαι, Pass. (έν, άσπίε) to fit oneself with a sbield.

**ἔνασσα**, Ep. aor. I of ναίω.

ένατος, Ep. and Ion. είνατος, η, ον, (ἐννέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἔνατα (sub. lepá) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia. έν-αυλάκτο-φοίτις, ιδος, ή, (έν, αὐλαξ, φοιτάω)

roaming in the fields.

έν-αυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to dwell or lodge in:-Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

έναυλιστήριος, ον, to be dwelt in, babitable.

έν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

I. (ἐν, αὐλόs) a bollow ev-auλos, δ, as Subst., channel: a water-course, a torrent. II.  $(\epsilon \nu, \alpha \dot{\nu} \lambda \dot{\eta})$ a dwelling, shelter; baunt.

I. (έν, αὐλόs) on or to ev-auλos, ov, as Adj., the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. (ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at bome.

έν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

έν-αυχένιος, os, ον, (έν, αὐχήν) in or on the neck. έν-αύω, aor. I inf. έν-αθσαι, to kindle or light a fire: -Med. to light oneself a fire.

έν-αφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

έν-αφίημι, Ion. έν-απ-: f. -αφήσω, to let drop in. έν-δαις, αιδος, ό, ή, (ἐν, δαίς) with lighted torch.

ev-δαίω, to kindle in:-Med. to burn in.

έν-δάκνω, f. δήξομαι: 2 οτ. 2 έν έδακον:-- to bite into, bold in the teeth.

ev-δακρύω, f. ύσω [v], to weep in.

ένδάπιος, a, ov, (ἔνδον) native of the country.

έν-δατέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speak-II. to speak of; either in bad sense, ing: hence to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ένδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ένδέμω.

ένδεδυμένος, pf. part. pass. of ένδύω

ένδεεστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ένδεως, in a less degree. ένδεήσω, fut. of ένδέω, to be in want.

ένδεήs, és, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak: -τὸ ἐνδεέε lack, want, defect. Hence

ένδεια, ή, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ένδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof.

έν-δείκνυμι οτ -ύω: f. -δείξω: αοτ. Ι ενέδειξα:--Pass., aor. Ι ἐνεδείχθην: pf. ἐνδέδειγμαι:-to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, against. make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ενδειξιε, εωε, ή, a pointing out: a token, evidence, 2. in | proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

disqualified.

έν-δεκα, ol, al, τά, (εν neut, of είs, δέκα) indecl., II. οἱ ἔνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ένδεκά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εos, eleven cubits long.

ένδεκά-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long or broad.

ένδεκάς, άδος, ή, (έν-δεκα) the number eleven.

ένδέκατος, η, ον, (ξν-δεκα) the eleventh. ένδεκ-ετής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. -έτις, ιδος, eleven years old.

έν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ένδέχομαι.

ένδελεχής, έs, continual, constant. Adv. ένδελεχωs, fair, right, just: legal. constantly.

ένδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.

έν-δέμω, f. μω, to wall up:—to build in a place.

ev-δεξιόομαι, Dep. to grasp with the right band, clasp, embrace.

ev-δέξιος, a, ov, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. pitious, favourable; ενδέξια σήματα right, good omens.

ένδετος, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in. έν-δέχομαι, Îon. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: Dep.:to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; εκ των ενδεχομένων by every possible means: - Adv. ἐνδεχομένωs, possibly.

ev-δέω, f. -δήσω: aor, I ενέδησα:--to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in :- Med to

tie or pack up.

ev-δέω, f. -δεήσω, to be in want of: also to be want-II. impers. ¿vôcî, there is need or ing, to fail.

want of: there is a deficiency; πολλων ένέδει αὐτώ III. Pass. to be a dwelling. he was in want of many things. in want or need of.

ένδεωs, Adv. of ένδεήs, insufficiently.

ἐνδήλωs, clearly, Sup. -ότατα.

ένδημέω, f. ήσω, (ένδημοι) to live in or at a place. ev-δημος, ov, dwelling in a place: esp. at bome: native, opp. to févos: attached to home: of war, civil, II. of or belonging to a state. intestine.

ένδιάασκον, Ion. impf. of ένδιάω.

ev-διάγω, f. ξω, to pass one's time in. έν-διαθρύπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle

έν-διαιτάομαι, Ion. - έομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to live

or dwell in a place.

έν-διατάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to arrange in order throughout.

ev-διατρίβω [1], f. ψω, to spend or consume in a place: absol. (sub. xpovov) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon.

έν-δζάω, (ἔνδιοε) to rest in the open air: to linger in II. trans. to let go into the open air, Pass, to acquire strength. a place.

one who undertook an office for which he was legally | ποιμένεε μήλα ἐνδιάασκον (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

έν-διδύσκω, = ένδύω, to put on:—Pass. to wear.

έν-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor, I ένέδωκα:--to give into one's bands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to up. III. to shew, exhibit, give proof of. intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease. V. of a river, to empty itself.

έν-δίημι, (έν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ενδίεσαν,

to chase, pursue.

έν-δίκος, ον, (έν, δίκη) of things, according to right, II. of persons, righteous, just, upright. 2. possessed of right. III. Adv. ἐνδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικώτατα.

έν-δινα, τά, (ένδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

ένδινεῦντι, Dor. for ἐνδινοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω. ev-δινέω, f. how, to revolve in.

ένδιον, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From

II. in the open ev-διος, ov, at midday, at noon. air. (From èv, Diós genit. of Zeús, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

έν-δίφριος, ον, (έν, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat. ένδοθεν, Adv. (ένδον) from within: from one's beart, of oneself. II. within, c. gen.

ένδοθι, (ένδον) Adv. within: also, at home.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ νδοι, Adv. =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ νδοθι.

ένδοιάζω, = έν δοι $\hat{\eta}$  είναι, to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. 1 inf. pass, ἐνδοιασθῆναι, to be matter of doubt. Hence

ένδοιαστός, ή, όν, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully. ένδο-μάχης, ου, ό, Dor. -χας, (ἔνδον, μάχομαι) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

ev-δόμησις, εως, ή, (èv, δόμος) a thing built in, a building, structure.

ένδό-μύχος, ον, (ένδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of

ένδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen, (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at bome, Lat. domi: in one's own counέν-δηλος, ον, (ἐν, δηλος) manifest, clear: -Adv. try; of ένδον those of the house, esp. the domestics; τὰ ἔνδον bousebold affairs.

έν-δοξος, ον, (έν, δόξα) beld in repute, bonoured.

of things, glorious. Adv. - Ews.

ένδόσιμος, ον, (ένδίδωμι) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδόσιμον (sub. μέλοs) a key-note.

ένδότερος, a, ov, Comp. formed from ένδον, inner: Sup. evootatos, n. ov. inmost.

έν-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall in with a beavy sound. έν-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (έν, δρόμος) to run in, fall into.

έν-δρομίς, ίδος, ή, (έν, δρόμος) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

έν-δροσος, ον, (έν, δρόσος) dewy, dank.

έν-δρύον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦς) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (lστοβοεύs). ένδὔκέωs, Adv. zealously, beartily, earnestly. Adj. ἐνδυκήs is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έν-δυναμόω, f. ώσω, (έν, δύναμις) to strengthen :-

φέρω: inf. ἐνεικαι.

evelkeov, impf. of veikéw.

Every, 3 sing. aor. I of véuw.

to be within: to be in or among.

ξνειμα, aor. I of ν έμω.

ένεικέμεν, Ep. for ένεγκέμεν, 20r. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ev-eiμi, f. evéσομαι, (èv, eiμί sum) to be in a place,

sible; impers., Evecti tivi it is in one's power, one may

or can: part. neut. evóv used absol., it being possible.

ev-clow: pf. pass. ένερμαι:— to entwine, interweave.

II. to be pos-

έν-είλλω and έν-ειλέω, f. ήσω, to wrap up in.

έν-ειμεν, Ep. for ένεσμεν, I pl. of ένειμι: but

evels, ενείσα, aor. 2 part. of ενίημι. έν-δύναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among. to prevail by authority. ένδύς, ῦσα, ύν, 20r. 2 part. of ἐνδύω. έν-δυστυχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky in or with. έν-δύτήρ, ηρος, ό, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on.  $\dot{\epsilon}$   $\nu \delta \dot{\nu} \dot{\tau} \dot{\eta} \rho \cos \alpha$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon} \nu \delta \dot{\nu} \omega) = \dot{\epsilon} \nu \delta \nu \dot{\tau} \dot{\eta} \rho$ . έν-δύτός, όν, put on: as Subst., ενδύτόν, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in. From έν-δύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. I ἐνέδυσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ενδύσειν τινά τι to put II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in on one, clothe one in. Med. ἐνδύομαι, with 20r. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter; ακοντιστὺν ἐνδύσεαι thou wilt enter the contest of 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into. ἐνέβἄλον, aor. a of ἐμβάλλω. ἐνέβην, 201. 2 of ἐμβαίνω. ένεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of έγγράφω. ένέγκαι and ένεγκείν, aor. I and a inf. of φέρω. ένέγραψα, aor. Ι οί έγγράφω. ένεγύησα, ένεγύηκα, ένεγύων, see έγγυάω. evéδειξα, eveδείχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of evδείκνυμι. ένέδησα, aor. I of ένδέω, to bind in. ėν-έδρα, ή, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae. ένεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ένέδρα: but in the augm, tenses, ενήδρευον, ενήδρευσα, ενηδρεύθην, ενήδρευμαι, as if compd. of έν, έδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari :- Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared. II. to place in ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambusb. ξν-ξρον, τό, = ξνξδρα. έν-εδρος, ον, (έν, έδρα) an inmate, inhabitant. ένέδυσα, ένέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ένδύω. έν-έζομαι, f. -εδούμαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in : cp. evnuai. ένέηκα, Ep. for ένηκα, 20r. I of ένίημι. ένέην, Ep. for ένην, impf. of ένειμι. ένεθυμήθην, aor. I of ένθυμέσμαι. έν-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by evopaw: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. ¿Toov. ένεικα, Ep. for ήνεικα (Ion. for ήνεγκα), 20r. I of

EVERG, Ion. and Ep. EVEREV, poet. also elverg, elve-KEV: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, II. with respect to, as far as regards, as for; ἕνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. means of; τέχνης είνεκα by force of art. ένεκάλυψα, aor. I of έγκαλύπτω. ένεκείμην, impf. of έγκειμαι. ένεκέρασα, aor. ι of έγκεράννυμι. ένέκραγον, aor. 2 of έγκρά(ω. ένέκρυψα, aor. I of έγκρύπτω. ένέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω. **ἐνέκυψα,** aor. Ι of ἐγκύπτω, έν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελώ: -to drive in or into. ένέλ τον, aor. 2 of έλλείπω. έν-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo. **ἐνεμαξάμην, a**or. I med. of ἐμμάσσω. ένέμεινα, aor. Ι of έμμένω. ένεμέσσα. Ep. 3 sing, impf. of νεμεσάω. ev-εμέω, f. έσω, to vomit in.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ νεμήθην, aor. I pass. of  $\nu \dot{\epsilon} \mu \omega$ . ένεμυήθην, aor, I pass, of  $\epsilon \mu \mu \nu \epsilon \omega$ . ένένευον, impf. of έννεύω. ένενήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl., (έννέα) ninety. ένέντπε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. 20r. 2 of ένίπτω. ένενώκασι, Ion. for ένενοήκασι, 3 pl pf. of έννοέα. ένένωτο, Ion. for ἐνενόητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ένέξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω. ένεός or έννεός, ά, όν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb. ένεπάγην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of έμπήγνυμι. ένεπαίχθην, aor. I pass. of  $\epsilon \mu \pi \alpha i \zeta \omega$ . ένέπαξα, Dor. for ένέπηξα, aor. I of έμπηγυυμι. ένέπασσα, Ep. for ένέπασα, 201. 1 of έμπασσω. ένέπεσον, aor. 2 of έμπίπτω.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν $\dot{\epsilon}$ πιον, aor. 2 of  $\dot{\epsilon}$ μπίνω. ένεπλάκην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of έμπλέκω. ένέπλησθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of έμπίπλημι. ένέπλησα, ένεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έμπίπλημι. ένέπνευσα, aor. I of έμπνέω. ένεπορπέατο, Ion. for ένεπόρπηντο, plapf. pass. of ἐκπορπάω. ένέπρηθον, impf. of έμπρήθω. ένέπρησα, aor. 1 of έμπίπρημι. ένέπτύσα, aor. 1 of έμπτύω. ένέπω, poët. also έννέπω: aor. 2 ένισπον, inf. ένι- $\sigma\pi\epsilon\hat{\imath}\nu$ : fut.  $\epsilon\nu_i\sigma\pi\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$  or  $\epsilon\nu\dot{\imath}\psi\omega$ :—to tell, tell of, describe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid. έν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: 201. I -ειργασάμην and -ειργάσθην: Dep.:-to make or create in: 201. I ἐνειργάσθην is also used in pass. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for bire ένέργεια, ή, (ἐνεργήs) an action, operation, energy.

ένεργέω, f. ήσω, (ἐνεργόε) to work, be active. Hence

everynus, aros, to, an effect, work, operation.

 $\dot{\epsilon}_{V} - \epsilon_{D} \gamma \dot{\eta}_{S}, \dot{\epsilon}_{S} = \dot{\epsilon}_{V} \epsilon_{D} \gamma \dot{\phi}_{S}.$ 

ev-eργόs, όν, (ev, έργον) working, active, busy: of soldiers, on service, fit for service: of land, in tillage, productive. Hence

ένεργως, Adv. of ένεργής or ένεργός, actively: pro-

ductively.

ev-epelδω, f. σω, to push in, to thrust in.

έν-ερεύγω, aor. 2 ένήρυγον, to belch on one.

ένερθε, before a vowel -θεν, from beneath: beneath. II. c. gen. beneatb. 2. below, in the power of.

evenuevos, pf. part. pass. of everpo.

ένεροι, ων, οἱ (ἐν) Lat. inferi, those in or beneath the earth, of the dead and the gods below.

ένερράφην [α], ένερραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. 1

med. of ἐνράπτω.

ένερσις, εως, ή, (ἐνείρω) a fitting or fastening in. ένέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of ένεροι, deeper, lower. ένεσαν, Ερ. for ενησαν, 3 pl. impf. of ένειμι. ένεσία, η, (ἐνίημι) a suggestion, counsel. ένέσκληκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκέλλω. ένέστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω.

ένέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ένστέλλω.

ένεστεωτος Ion. for ένεστωτος, gen. of ένεστώς (for ένεστηκώε), pf. part. of ενίστημι.

ένεστήρικτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ένστηρίζω. ένέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ένετάθην [a], aor. I pass. of έντείνω.

ένετειλάμην, aor. I med. of έντέλλω. ένετη, ή, (ἐνίημι) a pin, brooch.

ένέτραγον, 201. 2 οδ έντρώγω.

ένετράπην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of έντρέπω.

ένετράφην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of έντρέφω.

ένετρίβην [ί], aor. 2 pass. of έντρίβω.

ένετύλιξα, aor. I of έντυλίσσω. ένέτυχον, aor. 2 of έντυγχάνω.

έν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, to be bappy in.

ev-εύδω, fut. -ευδήσω, to sleep in or on.

έν-εύναιος, ον, (έν, εὐνή) in or on which one sleeps; δέρμα ενεύναιον a skin to sleep on; χήτει ενευναίων for want of bed-clothes.

ένευσα, aor. I both of νεύω and of νέω (B) to swim.

ενέφραξα, aor. 1 of εμφράσσω.

ένέφθσα, ένέφυν, aor. I and 2 of έμφύω.

ένεφύσησα, aor. I of έμφυσάω.

ένέχεα, Ερ. ένέχευα, aor. I med. of έγχέω.

ένεχείρησα, αυτ. Ι οf έγχειρέω.

ένεχευάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of έγχέω. ένεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ένέχθητι, ένεχθείην, ένεχθώ, ένεχθήναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ένεχ τράζω, f. άσω, (έν έχτρον) to take a pledge from 2. c. acc. rei, to take in pledge: Pass., èvexuράζεσθαι τὰ χρήματα to bave one's goods seized for debt: Med. to bave surety given one, τόκου for interest. έν-έχυρον, τό, (έν, έχυρός) a pledge, surety; ένέχυρον τιθέναι τι to make a thing a pledge.

έν-έχω, f. ενέξω or ενσχήσω:—to keep fast within: ενθένδε, (ένθεν) bence. Lat. binc.

entertain, cherish. II. Pass., with fut. med. eveξομαι, 20r. 2 ένεσχόμην, to be beld, caught, entangled

III. intr. to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon.

ένεχώρησα, aor. 1 of έγχωρέω.

έν-ζεύγνυμι, f. - ζεύξω, to bind fast in, to involve in.

ένη, ης, ή, see ένος, η, ον.

èv-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to spend one's youth in: to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in. Hence

ένηβητήριον, τό, a place of amusement.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ν-η $\beta$ os, ον, ( $\hat{\epsilon}$ ν,  $\tilde{\eta}\beta\eta$ ) in the prime of youth.

ένήδρευσα, -εύθην, aor, I act, and pass, of ένεδρεύω.

ένηείη, ή, (ἐνηήε) kindness, goodness.

ένηεν, Ep. for ένην, 3 sing. impf. of ένειμι.

ένηήs, έs, gen. ένηέοs, kind, friendly, good-bearted. (Connected with ἀπηνήs and προσηνήs)

ένηκα, aor. I of ένίημι.

ένήλατο, 3 sing. 20r. I of ένάλλομαι.

ἐνήλἄτον, τό, (ἐνελαύνω) anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα the pins driven into the axle, lınch-bıns.

ένήλλαγμαι, pf. pass, of έναλλάσσω,

ένήλλαξα, aor. 1 of έναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ėν-ημαι, Pass. (really pf. of ėν-έζομαι), to be seated in.

έν-ημμαι, pf. pass. of ένάπτω. ένήνεγμαι, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ένήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds.  $\epsilon \pi - \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \nu o \theta \epsilon$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \tau - \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \nu o \theta \epsilon$ ,  $\pi \alpha \rho - \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \nu o \theta \epsilon$ , with the notion of being upon or close to. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ένήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.

ένήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐναίρω,

ένήσω, fut. of ένίημι.

I. of Place, there, Lat. ibi . ἔνθα, (ἐν) Adv., also as relat. to δθι, where, Lat. ubi. case or state. 3. with a sense of Motion, thitber, bither, Lat. illuc. II. of Time, when. Hence

ένθάδε, Adv. tbitber, Lat. illuc: also, there: of Time,

bere, now.

έν-θακέω, f. ήσω, to sit in or on. Hence

ένθάκησις, εως, ή, a sitting in; ένθάκησις ήλίου a seat in the sun

έν-θάλπω, f. ψω, to warm in :- Pass., ένθάλπεσθαι ξρωτι to glow with love.

ένθανείν, aor. 2 inf. of ένθνήσκω.

ένθα-περ, (ένθα, περ) Adv. there where, where.

έν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury in a place.

ένθαθτα, ένθεθτεν, Ion. for ένταθθα, έντεθθεν.

ėν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ėν, θεόs) to be inspired. ένθέμεν, ένθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of έντίθημι.

ἔνθεν, (ἔνθα) Adv. thence, Lat. illinc; ἔνθεν καὶ ἔνθεν on this side and on that: also as relat. for 80ev, whence, whereof, Lat. unde. II. of Time, thereupon, after that.

ένθεο, Ep. for ένθεσο, 20r. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι. ] ev-Geos, ov, full of the god, inspired, possessed: found in a place: - Med. to found for oneself. given by inspiration.

έν-θερμαίνω, f. ανῶ, (ἐν, θερμόs) to beat:-Pass., ἐντεθέρμανται πόθφ bas been beated by passion.

II. a ένθεσις, εως, ή, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. piece put in, a mouthful.

έν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-

ένθετος, ον, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ένθεῦτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ένθη, ένθης, ένθοι, ένθω, ένθών, Dor. for έλθη, έλθης,

έλθοι, etc., 20r. 2 of έρχομαι.

έν-θηρος, ον, (έν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed. έν-θνήσκω, f. -θανοθμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or

torpid in. **ἔνθορε**, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. 2 or ἐνθρώσκω.

ένθοῦ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι. έν-θουσιάζω, f. άσω, or έν-θουσιάω, f. ήσω, (ἔνθεος,

contr. ¿voous) to be inspired.

ένθρέψασθαι, aor. r inf. med. of έντρέφω.

έν-θρίοω, f. σω, (έν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf, enwrap.

έν-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: αοτ. 2 ἐνέθορον Ερ. ἔνθοpov: - to leap into, upon, among.

έν-θυμέομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I ένεθυμήθην: pf. έντεθύμημαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to beart, consider well, ponder. 2. to take to beart, be concerned 3. to form a plan. 4 to infer, conclude. Hence

ένθύμημα, ατοι, τό, a thought: invention, device, II. an argument in Rhetoric answering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ένθύμησις, εωε, ή, consideration, esteem.

ένθυμία, ή, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion. έν-θύμιος, ον, (έν, θυμός) taken to beart, weighing upon the mind; ενθύμιον εστί μοι, Lat. religio est mibi, I feel a scruple.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ νθυμιστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\theta\dot{\nu}\mu\omega$ ος.

ev-θωρακίζω, f. low, to array in armour: pf. pass. part. ἐντεθωρακισμένοs, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poët. for ἐν. II. evi, dat. of els.

ένι, for ένεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible. ëviaύσιος, ον, also a, ον, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one year old. II. yearly, year by year. for a year, lasting a year; έν. βεβώς gone for a year.

ένιαυτός, δ, (ένος) a year; κατ' ένιαυτόν yearly, every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος ηλθε περιπλομένων ενιαυτών as times rolled on the year came.

έν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ένιἄχῆ, Adv. (ενιοι) in some places.

ένι-βάλλω, ένι-βλάπτω, Ep. for έμ-βάλλω, etc. ένιβλαφθείς, Ep. 20r. I pass. part. of ἐμβλάπτω. ev-lociv, inf. of aor. 2 evelbov.

ev-ιδρόω, f. ώσω, to sweat in, labour at.

έν-ιδρύνω, έν-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v], to set, settle, or

ένι-ζεύγνυμι or -ύω, poet. for ένζ-.  $\epsilon v - i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $-i \zeta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\epsilon v, i \zeta \omega)$  to sit in or on.

έν-ίημι, fut. – $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : aor. I – $\dot{\eta}\kappa\alpha$  Ep. – $\dot{\epsilon}\eta\kappa\alpha$ : pf. – $\dot{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\kappa\alpha$ , pass. - eiuai:-to send in or into: to implant, inspire: generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a 2. to send in secretly. thing. II. rarely intr. to enter.

ένιθρέψας, poët. aor. I part. of έντρέφω.

ένι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for έγκ-: hence ένικάτθεο, Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ėνι-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], Ep. for èγκ-, to break in, break off, Lat. infringo.

ένι-κλείω, Εp. for έγ-κλείω.

ένι-ναιετάασκον, Ion. impf. of έν-ναιετάω.

ξνι-οι, αι, α, (from ξνι οί = είσ<math>λν οί, as ξνίοτε = ξστινőτε) some, Lat. ali-qui.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ vi-ore. Adv. for  $\dot{\epsilon}$ vi  $\ddot{\delta}$ re =  $\dot{\epsilon}$  $\sigma$ riv  $\ddot{\delta}$ re, at times, sometimes: Dor. evi-óka.

ένιπή, ή, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ένί-πλειος, ον, Ep. for έμπλεος, filled.

ένι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθήναι, Ep. for έμ-πλ-, aor. I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ένι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. for έμ-πλ-, aor. I subj. of έμπλήσσω.

έν-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ένιπρησαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of έμπίπρημι.

ένίπτω, fut. ένίψω: Ep. redupl. 201. 2 ηνίπαπον, or ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-II. =  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \pi \omega$ , to tell of, announce.

ένι-σκήπτω, ένι-σκίμπτω, Ep. for ένσ-.

ένισπειν, ένισπήσω, 20r. 2 mf. and fut. of ένέπω. ev-ίσπω, aor. 2 subj. of eveπω.

ένίσσω, collat. form of ένίπτω, to reprove, reproach: also to maltreat, ill-use.

έν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα: also fut. and aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:--Causal in these 2. to begin. tenses, to put, set, place in. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέστηκα; plapf. ἐνειστήκειν: -to be set in, to stand in or within. 3. to be upon, 2. to be appointed. be close upon, to be at band; τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος μηνός in the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur; 4. to oppose, τὰ ἐνεστηκότα present circumstances. resist, object.

II. intr. ėν-ισχύω, f. ύσω [v], to strengthen. to gain strength.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $(\sigma\chi\omega, = \dot{\epsilon}v\dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega.$ ένι-τρέφω, ένι-χρίμπτω, Ep. for έντ – and έγχ –.

ένιχριμφθείς, Εp. aor. I part. pass. of έγχρίμπτω. έν-λαξεύω, f. σω, to carve in or upon.

ένναετήρ, ηρος, ή, (ἐνναίω) an inhabitant:--fem. évvaételpa.

έννα-έτηρος, ον, = sq.

έννα-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut. έννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.

έν-ναίω: Ep. fut. med. έννάσσομαι, aor. 1 ένενασσάμην: - to dwell in: inhabit. έννάκις, Adv. (ἐννέα) nine times, Lat. novies. έννακόσιοι, ν. ένακοσ-. έννάσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of ένναίω. evvaros, false form for evaros. ev-vaumηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships in. 'ENNE'A', indecl. nine, Lat. novem. έννεά-βοιος, ον, (έννέα, βοῦς) worth nine beeves. έννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. nineteen. Hence έννεακαιδεκά-μηνος, ον. (μήν) nineteen months old. έννεακαιδεκ-ετής, ές, (έτος) nineteen years old. evvea-κρουνος, ον, with nine springs, a well at dead. Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη. evvea-λίνος, ον, (εννέα, λίνον) of nine threads. έννεά-μηνος, ον, (έννέα, μήν) of nine months. έννεά-πηχυς, υ, (έννέα, πηχυς) nine cubits long. έννεάs, άδοs, ή, (ἐννέα) the number nine: a number of nine. II. the ninth day of the month. έννεά-φωνος, ον, (έννέα, φωνή) of nine tones or notes. έννεά-χιλοι, αι, α, Ep. for ένάκις χίλιοι, nine thousand. έννεά-χορδος, ον, (έννέα, χορδή) of nine strings. έννεν ήκοντα, worse form for ένεν ήκοντα, ninety. έννενηκοντα-εννέα, indecl. ninety and nine. έννενώκασι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of έννοέω. evveov, Ep. for eveov, impf. of νέω, to swim. έννε-όργυιος, ον, (έννέα, δργυιά) nine fathoms long. evveos, false form for eveos. έν-νεοσσεύω Att. -ττεύω, f. σω, to make a nest or batch young in: c. acc. to batch. evvéπω, poet. lengthd. for evéπω. έννεσία, ή, see ένεσία. έν-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon or make signs to. έννέ-ωρος, ον, (ἐννέα, ὥρα) nine years old or long. έννήκοντα, Ep. for ένενήκοντα, ninety. ένν-ήμαρ, (ένν έα, ήμαρ) Adv. for nine days. εννηφιν, Ep. for ενης, fem. gen. of ενος, as Adv. έν-νοέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ένενόησα Ion. part. έννώσας: pf. ἐννενόηκα Ion. ἐννένωκα:—also in Med., with aor. I pass. ἐνενοήθην:—to think of, have in one's mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend to do, c. inf. IV. to devise, plan, invent, Lat. excogitare. Hence έννοια, ή, a thought: an intent, design. έν-νομος, ον, (έν, νόμος) within the pale of the law, lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under

II. (ἐν, νέμομαι) feeding in, inbabiting.

ev-voos, ov, contr. -vous, ouv, (ἐν, νοῦs) thoughtful,

έννοσί-γαιος, δ, poet. for ένοσίη-, (ένοσις,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) the

έννοσί-φυλλος, ον, poët. for ένοσιφ-, (ένοσις, φύλ-

έννοχλειs, poet. for ένοχλειε, 2 sing. of ένοχλέω.

sensible:—Comp. ἐννούστερος, Sup. -ούστατος.

Earthsbaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

Nov) with quivering leaves.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $v\ddot{\alpha}\dot{\epsilon}\tau\eta s$ , ov,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $v\alpha\epsilon\tau\eta\rho$ .

έννα-έτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of ένναετής, nine years old.

έννυμι or έννύω, from root FE'Ω, = FEΣΘΩ, Lat. VESTIO: f. έσω Ep. έσσω; Ep. aor. I έσσα:-Med. έννυμαι: fut. έσομαι: 20r. Ι έσάμην Εp. έσσάμην, 3 sing. ἐέσσατο:-Pass., pf. είμαι, είσαι, είται, but Ep. also ἔσσαι, ἔσται: plopf. εἶμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. είατο:-to put clothes on another: -Med. c. acc. rei, to put on oneself, clothe oneself in, put on :- Pass. to be clad in, to wrap or sbroud oneself in: λάινον έσσο γιτώνα thou badst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried. έννυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of έννυμι. έν-νυχεύω, f. σω, (έν, νύξ) to sleep or lodge in. ev-vuxios, a, ov, or os, ov, (ev, vut) nightly, in the night, by night. II. dwelling in Night, of the  $\tilde{\epsilon}v$ - $v\check{\upsilon}\chi os$ , ov,  $= \dot{\epsilon}vv\acute{\upsilon}\chi \iota os$ .

έννωσαι, -νώσας, Ion. for έννοησαι, -νοήσας, 201. Ι inf and part, of evvoéo.  $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $\delta\delta \cos$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ep.  $\dot{\epsilon}iv$ - $\delta\delta \cos$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\delta\delta\delta s$ ) in, on, or by the road; σφήκες ενόδιοι wasps that bave their nests by the way-side. II. of or belonging to a journey.

ev-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence ένοίκησις, εως, ή, a dwelling in a place. έν-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to make to dwell in a place:-Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.

έν-οίκιος, ον, (έν, οίκος) in the bouse, keeping at bome. έν-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build in a place. to build up, block up.

εν-οικος, ον, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an inbabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.

èv-οινοχοέω, f. ήσω, to pour in wine.

ένόν, part. neut. of ἔνειμι, used absol., it being possible. ένοπή, ή, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp. a war-cry, battle-sbout.

έν-όπλιος, ον, (έν, ὅπλον) in or with arms: ὁ ένόπλιος (sub. ρυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.

ëv-oπλos, ον, (ἐν, ὅπλον) in arms, armed.

ένοπτρον, τό, (ἐνόψομαι) a mirror.

ev-oράω Ion. -έω: f. eνόψομαι (supplied from obsol. ένόπτομαι): 201. 2 ένείδον, q. v.:—to see or observe in a person or thing. II. to look at or upon.

ενόρκιος, ον, = ενορκος.

έν-ορκος, ον, (ἐν, ὅρκος) bound by oath, sworn. that to which one is sworn; ένορκον είπειν τι to speak on oatb.

έν-ορμίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (ἐν, ὅρμος) one who is in barbour. έν-όρνυμι, fut. ένόρσω: 20r. 1 ένωρσα: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐνῶρτο: (ἐν, ὅρω, ὅρνυμι):—to arouse or stir up in :- Pass. to arise in or among.

ev-opoύω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack. έν-όρχης, ου, δ, and έν-ορχις, ιος, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ένορχος. έν-ορχος, ον, (έν, όρχις) uncastrated, entire.

"ENOS or evos, & Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year: hence ἐνιαυτὸε ἄφενος, δίενος, etc.

"ENOΣ or evos, η, ov, Adj. a year old, last year's; ένος καρπός last year's fruit: generally, old, by-II. ένη καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and

I 2

new day, i.e. the last day of the month, so called because to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: this 30th day consisted of two balves, one belonging to 2. in oblique the old, the other to the new moon. cases of fem.: gen. ένης Εp. έννηφιν, = Lat. perendie, the day after to-morrow, αύριον καὶ έννηφιν; so too, Tŷ tvn, els tvnv.

evos, gen. of els and ev, one.

ένοσις, εως, ή, (\*ἐνόθω) a shaking, quake.

Ένοσί-χθων, ονοε, ό, (ἔνοσιε, χθών) the Earthsbaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ή, (είς) unity, concord.

ev-oupavios, ov, (ev, oupavos) in beaven, beavenly.

ev-ουρέω, f. ήσω, to make water in.

έν-οχλέω, f. ήσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ηνώχλουν, pass. ηνωχλούμην; aor. I ηνώχλησα: pf. ηνώχληκα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. molesto: absol. to be an annoyance:-Pass. to be troubled or annoyed.

ένοχος, ον, (ἐνέχομαι) beld in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.

ev-paπτω, f. ψω, to sew up in.

έν-ριγόω, f. ώσω, = ριγόω έν, to shiver or freeze in. έν-σείω, f. -σείσω: pf. pass. -σέσεισμαι:-to shake in or into, to drive into, burl or launch at.

έν-σημαίνω, f. ανώ, to mean, imply: -- Med. to give

notice of, intimate.

έν-σκέλλω, aor. I ἐνέσκηλα, to dry up:-Pass., with

pf. act. ἐνέσκληκα, to be dried up.

έν-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready, prepare:-Pass. to be dressed or equipped: - Med. to dress oneself up. έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-:-to burl, dart, launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on. έν-σκίμπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-: poet. form of ένσκήπτω, to dash in or upon :- Pass. to stick in.

έν-σκιρρόω, f. ώσω, (έν, σκίρρος) to barden :- Pass.

to become callous, inveterate.

ev-crocos, ov, wise in a thing.

έν-σπείρω, f. -σπερώ, to sow among:-Pass. to be sown or spread among.

έν-σπονδος, ον, (ἐν, σπονδή) included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.

ev-στάζω, f. ξω, to let drop in.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \mathbf{v} - \sigma \tau \mathbf{d} \lambda \dot{\alpha} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ,  $= \dot{\epsilon} \nu \sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ . ένστάτης, ου, ό, (ένίστημι) one who withstands, an

έν-στέλλω, f. –στελῶ:—to dress in:—Pass., Ιππάδα στολήν ένεσταλμένος clad in a horseman's dress.

ev-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix in.

έν-στράτοπεδεύω, or -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπεδεύομαι έν, to encamp in.

έν-στρέφω, fut. ψω, to turn about in :- Pass. to turn or move in. 2. c. acc. loci, to visit.

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.

evration, aor. I inf. pass. of evreive. έντακήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντήκω.

**ἔνταλμα, ατοε, τ**ό, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, precept. έν-τανύω, f. ύσω: 201. I inf. έντανύσαι:--poët. for eviction, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to extend, prolong.

έν-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to enrol, register in:-Pass. to be posted in battle.

ένταῦθα Ion. ένθαῦτα, Adv. (έν) = ένθα: Place, bere, there, Lat. bic : also bither, thither, Lat. huc. II. of Time, at the very time: then,

now. 2. like Lat. deinde, thereupon, then. Hence

ένταυθί [t], Att. form for ένταῦθα.

ένταυθοῖ, Adv. butber, Lat. buc.

ένταφιάζω, f. σω, (έντάφιοε) to bury. Hence

ένταφιασμός, δ, burial.

έν-τάφιος, ον, (έν, τάφος) of or used in burial. as Subst., ἐντάφιον, τό, a sbroud or winding-sheet; τὰ ἐντάφια, funeral bonours, obsequies.

"ENTEA, ων, τά, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; έντεα δαιτύς appliances for a banquet; ἔντεα νηόε rigging, tackle of a ship; ἔντεα ιππεια horse-trappings, barness.

έντεθύμημαι, pf. of ένθυμέσμαι.

έντεθωράκισμαι, pf. pass. of ένθωρακίζω.

έν-τείνω, fut. -τενω: aor. Ι ένέτεινα: pf. έντέτακα: —Pass., aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\epsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}\theta\eta\nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\tau\dot{\epsilon}\tau\check{\alpha}\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to stretch or strain tight, Lat. intendere; δίφρος ίμασιν ἐντέταται the chariot board is bung upon straps: to bend a bow; γέφυραι έντεταμέναι a bridge of boats with the cables all taut: - έντείνασθαι άρμονίαν to raise it to a higher pitch:—ἐντείνειν ναῦν ποδί to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet. II. to stretch out at or against; ἐντείνειν πλήγην Lat. intendere pla-III. to strain, exert, 2. to entangle in. φωνήν έντείνασθαι; hence in Pass. to be eager or vebement, έντεταμένοι είς τὸ έργον.

έν-τειχίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to wall in, fortify:-Med. to wall in, 1. e. blockade.

έν-τεκνος, ον, (έν, τέκνον) baving children.

έν-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to end one's life in a place. έν-τελής, έs, = έν τέλει ών, complete, entire, perfect :

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., έν-τέλλομαι, to enjoin, command:-Pass., ἐντεταλμένα commands.

έντελοῦμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to cut in, engrave or inscribe upon. II. to cut in pieces, to 2. to cut in, sbred in. sacrifice.

ëντερον, τό, (εντόε) a piece of gut:—in plur. the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence

έντερόνεια, ή, timber for the ribs of a ship, bellytimber.

έντεσι-εργός, όν, (έντεα, έργον) working in barness. έντεταγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω. έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω. έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐντείνω. Hence έντεταμένως, Adv. vehemently, strongly. έντέτατο, for ένετέτατο, plapf. pass. of έντείνω. έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω. έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω. έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.

έντεθθεν Ion. ένθεθτεν, Adv. (ἐνταθθα) bence or thence, Lat. binc or illinc. II. of Time, benceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

έντευθενί [τ], Att. for έντεῦθεν.

έντευξις, εως, ή, (ἐντυγχάνω) a lighting upon. 3. a petition, intercession, converse, intercourse.

tbanksgiving. 4. reading, study. έν-τευτλανόω, f. ώσω, (έν, τεῦτλον) to stew in beet. έν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while

molten:-Pass. with aor. 2 ἐνετάκην [α], and pf. act. ἐντέτηκα, to be melted in, to sink deep into one; μίσος έντέτηκέ μοι; έντακηναι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wbolly given up to love.

έντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί sum.

έν-τίθημι, fut. ένθήσω: aor. 2 ένέθην, Ep. inf. ένθέμεν: - to put in, Lat. imponere: metaph. to inspire, instil: - Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμη to bold in honour.

ev-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι: aor. 2 evéτεκον:-to bear or produce in: to create or cause in. II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκώs, inborn,

έν-τιλάω, f. ήσω, to squirt upon.

έν-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to value in or among.

έν-τιμος, ον, (έν, τιμή) in bonour, bonoured, prized: τὰ θεῶν ἔντιμα what is bonoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes :- Adv , εντίμως έχειν or άγειν τινά to hold him in bonour.

έντμημα, ατοε, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch.

ἔντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ίημι.

έντολή, ή, (έντέλλω) an injunction, command.

έντομος, ον, (έντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up; έντομα ποιείν to offer as victims.

έντονος, ον, (ἐντείνω) strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent. Adv. -vws, violently.

 $\dot{\epsilon}v$ - $\tau \dot{o}\pi \iota os$ , ov, =  $\dot{\epsilon}v \tau o\pi os$ .

ev-τοπος, ον, (èv, τόπος) in or of a place.

έντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. intus, intrinsecus, opp. to I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., evrds e maurou in my senses. this side, Lat. citra, c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., έντος είκοσι ήμερων within 20 days. Hence

εντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within,

within.

έντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of έντρώγω.

έντραπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντρέπω. έντραπήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of έντρέπω.

έν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about: metaph. to reprove, make ashamed :- Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give beed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

 $\epsilon v - \tau \rho \epsilon \phi \omega$ , f.  $-\theta \rho (\psi \omega) = \tau \rho \epsilon \phi \omega \epsilon v$ , to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural

to, c. dat.

 $\epsilon \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{p} \epsilon \mathbf{x} \mathbf{\omega}$ , f.  $-\theta \mathbf{p} \epsilon \mathbf{f} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{\mu} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i}$  or  $-\delta \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\mu} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{\mu} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i}$  (from obsol. δρέμω):-to run in, to move freely in. slip in, enter.

έντριβήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντρίβω. Hence

έντριβήs, έs, rubbed in: metaph. skilled, versed in. ev-τρίβω [1], f. ψω, to rub in unguents :- Pass. to bave rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. rub away, wear by rubbing.

έν-τριτωνίζω, f. ίσω, (έν, τρίτος) to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Toito-

έντριψις, εωε, ή, (ἐντρίβω) a rubbing in.

έν-τρομος, ον, (έν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

έν-τροπαλίζομαι, Frequent of έντρέπω. Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back.

έντροπή, ή, (ἐντρέπομαι) a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach.

έντροπία, ή, (έντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices. έντροφος, ον, (έντρέφω) brought up in, living in,

among, or with; έντρ. τινος a nursling. έν-τρυλλίζω, f. ίσω, to whisper in one's ear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-τρῦφάω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, ( $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

έν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 201. 2 ενέτραγον:-to eat up greedily, to devour.

έν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι; aor. 2 έν έτο χον: pf. έντετύχηκα:-to light upon, fall in with, meet with. to converse with: to intercede with. 3. to read. II. also =  $\tau v \gamma \chi \dot{\alpha} v \omega \dot{\omega} v \dot{\epsilon} v$ , to happen to be in.

έν-τυλίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up έν-τῦνον, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω; but also aor. I imperat. έντύνω [ū]: f. έντϋνω: Ep aor I έντϋνα: (έντεα): -to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινά to make one ready, urge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

έν-τύπας, Adv. (έν, τύπτω) of Priam, έντυπας έν χλαίνη κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as

to shew the shape of his limbs.

έν-τύπόω, f. ώσω, (έν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ν-τύφω, f.  $-\theta \dot{\nu} \psi \omega$ , to smoke.  $[\bar{v}]$ έντύω, Ep. impf. έντὔον, = έντύνω.

Ένυαλιος, ὁ, (Ἐννω) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [a]

έν-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to insult one in a thing.

ένυδρις, ιος, ή, an otter. From

evuδρό-βιοs, ov, living in the water.

έν-υδρος, ον, (έν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, holding II. of water, watery. III. living in or by water.

ἔνυξα, aor. Ι οf νύσσω.

ένυπνιάζω, f. άσω, to dream. From

ένύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ένύπνιος, ον, (έν, υπνος) appearing in sleep.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}v$ - $\upsilon\pi vos$ , ov,  $= \dot{\epsilon}v\dot{\upsilon}\pi v ios$ .

ένύσταξα, 2οι. Ι οί νυστάζω.

ev-υφαίνω, f. ανώ, to weave in as a pattern: - Pass. to be inwoven. Hence

ἐνῦφαντός, όν, inwoven.

'ENTΩ', óos, contr. oûs, ή, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ένωμοτ-άρχης, ου, ό, leader of an ένωμοτία.

ένωμοτία, ή, (ἐνώμοτος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a subdivision of the λόχος and containing 32 men.

έν-ώμοτος, ον, (έν, ὅμνυμι) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. - ότως, on oath.

ένωπαδίωs, Adv. to one's face. From

έν-ωπή, ή, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐνωπῆ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.

ένώπια, ων, τά, the inner walls fronting those who

enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.

ένώπιον, in the presence of, Lat coram. From έν-ώπιος, ον, (έν, ἄψ) in one's presence, face to face. ένωρσα, aot. I of ένορνυμι.

ένῶρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.

ένωσα, lon. for ένόησα, 201. I of νοέω. ένωτίζομαι, Dep. (έν, οὖs) to bearken to.

 $^{\prime}$ E $\Xi$ , Lat. EX, put for  $\epsilon \kappa$  before a vowel.

"EΞ, oi, ai, τά, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

έξαγαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of έξάγω.

έξ-αγγελία, ή, information sent out to the enemy. From

έξ-αγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to promise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., έξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

έξ-άγγελος, ό, ή, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer.

II. on the Greek stage the άγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the εξάγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.

έξάγγελτος, ον, (έξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered. έξ-άγιζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to drive out as a pollution.

έξ-αγινέω Ion. for έξάγω.

**ἐξάγιστος**, ον, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. I of things, devoted, mystical.

ἐξ-αγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.
ἐξ-άγνῦμι, f. -άξω, (ἐξ, ἄγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.

έξ-ἄγοράζω, f. άσω, to buy from: to redeem.

έξ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω, to speak out, publish, divulge. έξ-αγριόω, f. ώσω, (έξ, ἄγριοs) to make wild or waste: of hving things, to make savage, exasperate.

ěξ-άγω, f. -άξω: 20τ. 2 -ήγαγον: --to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export; τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3, to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III.

intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to go or march out. Hence

ξάγωγή, ή, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence

έξαγώγιμος, ον, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγώγιμα exports. ἐξαγώγιμος, ον, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγώγιμα exports. ἐξ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. Att. τοῦμαι, Dep. to struggle bard. ἐξάδ-αρχος, ον, (ἐξάς, ἄρχω) leader of a body of six. ἐξ-αδω, fut. -ἀσομαι to sing away; ἐξάδειν τὸν βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:— to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon. ἐξ-αξορω Ion. for ἐξαίρω.

έξα-ετής, ές, gen. έος, (ες, έτος) six years old: fem. έξαέτις, ιδος.—Adv. εξάετες, for six years. έξ-αθροίζομαι, Med. to collect out from.

έξ-αιάζω, strengthd. for αιάζω.

έξ-αιμάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to make quite bloody.

έξ-αίνυμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

 $\dot{\epsilon}_{k}^{\dagger}$ -alpeous,  $\epsilon_{\omega k}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}_{k}^{\dagger}$  a taking out:—a way of taking out.

έξ-αιρετέον, verb. Adj. of έξαιρέω, one must select.

et-alperos, ov, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2.
reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From

έξ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 ἐξεῖλον Ερ. ἔξελον (supplied from obsol. ἔλω):—Med., fut. ἐξελοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξειλόμην:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρημαι Ion. ἐξαραίρημαι: -to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove:—Med. to take away from one:—Pass. to bave a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V. to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

ig-alpω, contr. of Ion. form if-aeipω: fut. if-apω:
aor. I ifpa:—to lift up, lift off the earth.
2. to
raise, exalt, extol.
3. to arouse, stir up, excite.
II Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—
it is a disease on except earth.

έξαίρεσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be

excited, agitated.

if-aloros, ov. (if, aloa) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless.

II. of things, monstrous: wolent.

ἐξ-αϊσσω Att. – $\phi$ σσω, – $\phi$ ττω: fut. – $\alpha$ l $\xi$ ω, – $\phi$  $\xi$ ω: aor. I – $\hat{\eta}$  $\xi$ α:—to rush forth, start out.

έξ-αιστόω, f. ώσω, (έξ, αίστος) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.

έξ-αιτέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐξήτησα:—to demand from another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to

beg a person off, gain his release. Hence εξαίτησις, εως, ή, a demanding from another. 2

a begging off, intercession.

έξ-aiτos, ον, ('ξ, aiτέω) chosen, choice, precious.

ěξ-αίφνηs, Adv. on a sudden.

έξ ἄκέομαι, fut. έσομαι: Dep.:—to beal completely, apply a cure; χόλον εξακέσασθαι to appease it; ενδείαι εξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

έξάκεσις, εως, ή, a thorough cure.

efcicis, Adv. (ef) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence

έξακισ-χίλιοι, six thousand; and έξακισ-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

έξ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow up, imitate.

έξ-ακοντίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter. έξακόσιοι, αι, α, (ξξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti. Hence

ἔξἄκοσιοστός, ή, όν, siα-bundredth.

έξ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I -ήκουσα:--to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.

έξ-ακριβόω, f. ώσω, to make accurately, finish care-II. to inquire accurately. III. ééaκριβούν λόγον to speak distinctly.

έξ-ακρίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to reach the top of; έξα-

κρίζειν αιθέρα to skim the upper air. έξακτέον, verb. Adj. of έξάγω, one must march out.

έξ-αλαδω, f. ώσω, to blind utterly; δφθαλμόν έξαλαwoat to put out his eye.

έξ-ἄλἄπάζω, f. ξω, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.

έξάλατο, Dor. for εξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of εξάλ-

λομαι. έξαλέασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of έξαλέομαι.

εξάλειπτρον, τό, a box for ointment. From

έξ-αλείφω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ήλειψα:-Pass., pf. έξήλιμμαι Att. εξαλήλιμμαι: - to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; έξαλείφειν τινά έκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list :-- Med., εξαλείψασθαι πάθος φρενός to blot out the suffering from one's mind.

έξ-αλέομαι, Dep. to beware of, sbun, escape.

**έξ-άλεύομαι**, f. σομαι, = έξαλέομαι.

\*έξ-αλίνδω, only found in aor. I part. εξαλίσαs [i], pf. εξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; απαγε τον ίππον έξαλίσας οίκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀλινδήθρα); ἐξήλικάς με ἐκ τῶν έμων you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.

έξαλλαγή, ή, a changing: difference. From

έξ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. εω: aor. Ι -ήλλαξα: pf.  $-\dot{\eta}\lambda\lambda\check{\alpha}\chi\alpha$ : — Pass., aor. I and  $2-\eta\lambda\lambda\check{\alpha}\chi\theta\eta\nu$ , -ηλλάγην: pf. -ήλλαγμαι:—to change utterly or II. to withdraw or remove from. quite. to turn another way; ποίαν [δδον] εξαλλάξω which way shall I take; εξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.

**έξ-άλλομαι**, fut. -ἄλοῦμαι: aor. 1 -ηλάμην: Ερ. aor. 2 part. εξάλμενος: Dep.:-to spring out of or forth from; εξάλλεσθαι κατά του τείχους to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ-άλύσκω, f.  $\dot{\nu}$ ξω: aor. I  $-\dot{\eta}$ λ $\nu$ ξα:  $=\dot{\epsilon}$ ξαλέομαι. ἐξ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. –αμαρτήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 – ήμαρτον: to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against: -Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence

έξαμαρτία, ή, an utter mistake, error.

έξ-αμάω, fut. ήσω or ήσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι:-to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy:-Pass., γένους απαντος ρίζαν εξημημένος baving the stock of all the race cut off.

 $\mathbf{\dot{\epsilon}}\mathbf{\dot{\xi}}$ -αμβλόω, f. -αμβλώσω: pf. -ήμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ' εξήμβλωκας you bave

made my wit miscarry.

έξ-ἄμείβω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ήμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside: - Med. to take the retreat. place of, follow close on.

one for another, pass over from one place to another. withdraw from: -Med. to pass out. III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.

έξ-ἄμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out. II. to

press, as cheese.

έξ-αμελέω, f. ήσω, to be utterly careless of έξά-μετρος, ον, (έξ, μέτρον) of six metres: εξαμέτροs (sub. τόνοs), o, the heroic or hexameter verse.

έξά-μηνος, ον, (έξ, μήν) lasting six months, Lat. semestris: as Subst., εξάμηνος, ὁ οι ἡ, a balf-year.

έξ-αμηχανέω, f. ήσω, to get out of a difficulty, ex-

tricate oneself from it.

έξ-αμιλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. 1 med. - ημιλλησάμην, pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:-to struggle vebemently; ἀμίλλας εξαμιλληθείς baving gone through desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eve.

έξ-αμύνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive

away. [v]

έξ-ἄναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force or compel utterly. II. to force out, drive away.

έξ-ανάγω, f. άξω: 201. 2 -ανήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from :- Pass. to put out to sea, set sail. έξ-αναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ανέδυν:-- to

rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.

έξ-avaζέω, fut. έσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., εξαναζείν χόλον to let his fury boil forth. έξ-avaipέω, f. ήσω, to take up out of.

έξ-ανακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:-Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.

έξ-αναλίσκω, fut. -αναλώσω: 20r. I -ανήλωσα: pf. pass. -ανήλωμαι:-to consume or destroy utterly:-Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exhauriri.

έξ-avaλύω, f. ύσω, to set quite free.

έξανάλωσις, εως, ή, (έξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.

έξ-avaπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive. έξ-aváπτω, f. ψω, to bang up a thing from or by:

-Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle. έξ-avapπάζω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away.

έξ-avaσπάω, f. άσω [ă], to tear away from.

έξανάστασις, εως, ή, (έξανίστημι) a removal. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.

έξ-avaστέφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.

έξαναστήσω, έξαναστήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of **έ**ξανίστημι.

έξ-avaστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to burl beadlong from.

II. intr. έξ-avaτέλλω, to make spring up from to spring from.

έξ-avaφaνδόν, Adv. quite openly.

έξ-αναφέρω, f. -ανοίσω, to bring up from the II. intr. to emerge from: to recover water. from an illness.

έξ-avaχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, II. c. acc. to evade.

II. of Place, to change εξ-ανδράποδίζω, and Med. εξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

II. to

-έσομαι Att. -Ιοῦμαι: (ἐξ, ἀνδράποδον):—to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery: the Att. fut. ἐξανδραποδιοῦμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I -ηνδραποδίσθην, pf. -ηνδραπόδισμαι. Hence

έξανδραπόδισις, εως, ή, a selling for slaves.

εξ-ανδρόομαι, pf. εξήνδρωμαι: Pass.:—to come to man's years; λόχος δδόντων όφεος εξηνδρωμένος a band baving grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

έξ-aveyelpω, f. -εγερῶ, to excite, stir up.

έξανειλόμην, 20r. 2 med. of έξαναιρέω. έξ-άνειμι, to rise out from: to go up in.

come back from.

iξ-ανεμόω, f. ωσω: 201. I -ηνέμωσα: (εξ, ἄνεμος):
—to inflate: puff up.

II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.

έξ-ανέρχομαι, = εξάνειμι.

έξανέστηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor I of έξανίστημι.

έξανέστραμμαι, pf. pass. of έξαναστρέφω.

έξανέτειλα, 20τ. Ι οδ έξανατέλλω.

έξ-ανεύρισκω, fut. -ανευρήσω, to find out, invent.

έξ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to bold up or out: intr. to project.

II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm.

εξ-ηνειχόμην, -ηνεσχόμην:—to bear up against.

έξανήγαγον, aor. 2 of έξανάγω.

έξανήκα, aor. I of έξανίημι.

έξανήλωσα, aor. I of έξαναλίσκω: έξανήλωμαι, pf.

it-avθέω, f. ησω: pf. -ηνθηκα: — to put out flowers.

2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores.

3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

έξ-ανθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (έξ, ανθος) to deck as with

flowers, adorn, paint.

ig-avlημι, f. -avhσω or -avhσομαι: 20τ. I -avĥκα: -to send out or forth, let loose: c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken, loosen.

II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.

\*έξ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω, aor. I -ανέστησα: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat. 2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel. 3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, plapf. -ειστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station. 2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home. 3. to be depopulated.

iξ-avolyω, to lay open.

έξ-ανορθόω, f. ώσω, to set upright, restore.

**df-aντλ**έω, f. ήσω: aot. I -ήντλησα:—to draw out, Lat. exbaurire. II. metaph. to endure to the end,

see out, Lat. exantlare.

# Δτνύω Att. if - ἄνύτω, f. ύσω [τ]: aor. I & fήντοα:
—to accomplish, fulfil. 2. to dispatch, kill, Lat.
conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it.

4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut...
5. Med. to finish for oneself.

έξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (ξέ, πάλαιστή) of six bandsbreadths.

ξ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. I -απήλλαξα:--to free from, remove from:--Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.

έξ-ἄπᾶτάω, f. ήσω: 201. I -ηπάτησα:—to cheat or deceive thoroughly: to seduce:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be utterly deceived.

έξ-απάτη, ή, a gross trick or deception.

έξ-απατητήρ, ηρος, δ, (έξαπατάω) a deceiver.

έξ-απατύλλω, Comic Dim. of εξάπατάω, to cheat a little, impose upon.

έξ-απαφίσκο, Ep. form of έξ-απατάω: aor. 2 έξήπάφον, part. έξαπαφών: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. έξαπάφοιτο occurs in act. sense.

έξά-πεδος, ον, (έξ, πούς) six feet long.

έξ-απείδον, inf. έξαπιδείν, 201. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. είδον.

έξά-πηχυς, υ, (ξε, πηχυς) six cubits long.

έξάπινα, Adv., later form of έξαπίνης. έξαπίναιος, α, ον, = έξαιφνίδιος. From

έξαπίνης, Adv., collat. form for εξαίφνης [τ]

έξα-πλάσιος,α,ον, Ιοι. -πλήσιος, η,ον, (ξέ) sixfold. έξά-πλεθρος, ον, (ξέ, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, ι. c. 1 200 feet long.

έξ-απλόω, f. ωσω, to unfold, roll out: to explain.

έξ-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to step out of.

έξ-αποδίομαι, Dep. to chase away from.

έξ-αποδύνω, to put off.

έξ-αποθνήσκω, to be just on the point of death

έξά-πολις, εως, ή, (έξ, πόλις) a league of six cities. έξ-απόλλϋμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολῶ:—to destroy utterly:—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intt. to perisb utterly: to perisb out of.

έξ-απονέομαι, Pass. to return out of.

έξ-απονίζω, f. νίψω, to wash thoroughly.

έξ-αποξύνω, to sharpen well.

έξ-απορέω, also Mcd. έξ-απορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.

έξ-αποστέλλω, to send out or away: to divorce.

έξ-αποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω [t], to atone fully.

έξ-αποφθείρω, to destroy utterly.

ξ-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. t ξξῆψα:—to fasten from or to: c. dat. to attach to.
 II. Med. to hang from, cling to a thing.
 2. to fasten about oneself, wear.

έξαραίρημαι, Ion. pf. pass. of έξαιρέω.

έξ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. fw: aor. I έξηραξα:—to dash or knock out, shatter: metaph. to assail furiously. έξ-αργέω, f. ήσω, (έξ, άργόε) to be quite torpid:—

Pass. to be quite neglected.
ἐξ-αργυρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, and ἐξ-αργυρόω, f. ώσω,

to turn into money, sell.

εξ-αρέσκομαι, f. -αρέσομαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to: also to win over, conciliate.

έξ-αριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count throughout, Lat. enumerare.

II. to pay in ready money.

έξ-apκέω, f. έσω, to be enough for: impers., έξαρκεί μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf.

II. to

abound in, be content with: c. part, to be satisfied with doing. III. to assist, succour. Hence

έξαρκής, έs, enough, sufficient.

έξαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of έξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

E-apveoμai, f. ήσομαι: aor. I -ηρνησάμην and -ηρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

έξαρνητικός, ή, όν, good at denying or disowning. έξαρνος, ον, (έξαρνέομαι) denying, disowning.

έξ-αρπάζω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσω or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ήρπαξα Att. -ήρπασα: pf. pass. -ήρπασμαι:-to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

iξ-aρτάω, fut. ήσω, to bang from or upon. II. Pass., with fut. med. iξαρτήσομαι, pf. iξήρτημαι, to be bung upon, bang upon. 2. to bave fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. iξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

έξ-αρτίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to complete, finish:— Pass., pf. εξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

έξ-αρτύω, f. ύσω [v], to get ready: to fit out, equip—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. εξήρτυμαι, to be got ready.

έξαρχε, Dor. for έξηρχε, 3 sing. impf. of έξαρχω. έξαρχος, ον, beginning. II. as Subst., έξαρχος,

δ, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor.

2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps.

3. the leader of the chorus, = κορυφαίοs.

έξ-άρχω, f. fω, to begin, lead off; ξξάρχειν παιᾶνά τινι to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, ξξάρχειν τινα λόγοιs to address one with

words:—so also in Med. ξξάρχομαι.

εξ-ασκέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 -ήσκησα:—to adorn, deck
out.

II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass.

to be well trained in.
ξ-ατιμάζω, f. άσω, to dishonour utterly.

έξ-άττω, Att. contr. for έξαίσσω.

έξ-αυαίνω, 201. έξηύηνα: to dry up, parch up.

έξ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

έξ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to wear out by piping.

έξ-αυλίζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters έξ-αυτήs, Adv., for έξ αὐτήs [τήs ωραs], at the very point of time, at once.

iξ-aθτιs, Adv. for iξ-aθθιs, (iξ, aθτιs) over again, anew. II. of Place, back again, backwards.

έξ-αυτομολέω, f. ήσω, to desert from.

έξ-αυχέω, f. ήσω: 2οτ. Ι εξηύχησα: to boast loudly. έξ-ατώ, 2οτ. Ι εξήθσα, to seream or cry out.

έξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 – αφείλον, med. – αφειλόμην (from obsol. έλω): — to take quite away: — Med., ψυχήν τινος έξαφελέσθαι to take his life from him.

εξ-αφίημι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

έξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with 201. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστήκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

έξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Med. (έξ, άφρδs) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; έξαφρίζεσθαι μένοε to foam or fret away one's strength.

| έξ-αφύσσω, f. ύσω [ʊ]: 201. I - ήφυσα:—to draw fortb.

έξάψαι, 20r. I inf. of έξάπτω.

έξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐξ-εγγὕάω, f. ήσω, (ἐξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail. Hence

έξεγγύησις, εωε, ή, a giving bail or surety.

έξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερώ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 έξηγρόμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. έξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

έξέγραψα, aor. 2 of έκγράφω.

έξέγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εξεγείρω.

έξέδειξα, 201. 1 ος έκδείκνυμι. έξεδεξάμην, 201. 1 ος έκδέχομαι.

έξεδίδαξα, 201. Ι οί εκδιδάσκω.

έξέδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

\$\frac{1}{6}\$\tau\_0\$, \$\tau\_0\$, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a bouse.

έξέδραμον, 201. 2 of έκτρέχω. έξέδραν, 201. 2 of έκδιδράσκω

the first in ξξ-εδρος, ον, (ξξ, ξδρα) away from home: generally,
 the leader of the strange, extraordinary.
 c. gen. out of, away from; ξξεδρος φρενῶν out of one's senses.
 if έβαρχειν παιᾶνά omens, in a bad quarter.

έξέδομαι, fut. of έξεσθίω.

ἐξέδῦν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύω.

έξέδυσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

έξέδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι. ἐξέθἄνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.

 $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \theta \epsilon \mu \eta \nu$ , aor. 2 med. of  $\epsilon \kappa \tau i \theta \eta \mu \iota$ .

έξέθηκα, 201. I οι έκτίθημι.

έξέθορον, 201. 2 ος έκθρώσκω. έξέθρεψα, 201. 1 ος έκτρέφω.

έξει, for έξιθι, imperat. of έξειμι exibo.

έξ-είδον, inf. εξιδείν, 201. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also 201. 2 med. imperat., εξιδοῦ see well to it. Cf. έξοιδα.

έξείης, Adv. (ϵχω, ϵϵω) poet. for ϵϵῆs, in order, in

a row, one after another.

έξ-εικάζω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. έξηκασμένοs, represented by a likeness or portrait.

έξ-ειλέω, f. how, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \xi \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\lambda} \lambda \omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon} \xi \dot{\lambda} \lambda \omega$ .

έξείλον, έξειλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of έξαιρέω. ἔξ-ειμι, 2 sing. ἔξεισθα (for ἔξει), inf. ἐξιέναι Ερ. ἐξίμεναι: impf. ἐξήειν: (ἐκ, εἶμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army: to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξίη when the pain ceases.

έξ-ειμι (είμί sum), only in impers. ξεστι, q. v.

έξειν, fut. inf. of έχω. ἐξείναι, inf. of έξεστι.

έξ-εθπον. inf. ἐξειπεῦν, to speak out, to utter, avow: | έξέμαξα, έξεμάγην [α], aor. 1 act. and aor. 2 pass. also, to betray: cf. εἶπον. ος ἐκμάσσω. έξείρετο, 3 sing. impf. of έξέρομαι. έξειρύσα Ep. -είρυσσα, aor. I of έξερύω. II. to pull out. eξ-elpω, to put forth, thrust out. έξεισθα, for έξει, 2 sing pres. of έξειμι exibo. έξεκάθηρα, aor. 1 of έκκαθαίρω. έξέκαμον, aor. 2 of έκκάμνω. έξεκείνωσα, poet. 201. I of ἐκκενύω. έξεκέχυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω. έξέκλεψα, aor. I of ἐκκλέπτω. έξεκλησίαζον, έξεκλησίασα, irreg. impf. and aor. I οί ἐκκλησιάζω. έξέκλινα, 201. Ι οf έκκλίνω. έξεκόμισα, aor. I of ἐκκομίζω. έξέκοψα, έξεκόπην, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of | fight. ἐκκόπτω. έξεκρέματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of εκκρεμάννυμι. έξέκρουσα, έξεκρούσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω. έξεκύλισα, -ίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκυλίνδω. **ἐξέλαβον**, aor. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω έξελαs, a, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of έξελαύνω. έξέλασις, εως, ή, a driving out, expulsion. II. intr. a marching out, expedition. From **έξ-ελαύνω,** f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: pf. -ελήλἄκα: also poet, pres. έξελάω, inf. έξελάαν:—to drive out, 2. to beat out, hammer out, of me-ΙΙ. ἐξελαύνειν στρατόν to lead out an army: hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out. έξέλαχον, 201. 2 of έκλαγχάνω. έξελε, poet. for έξειλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of έξαιρέω: also 2 sing. imperat. έξ-ελέγχω, f. ξω, to search out, bring to the test: to convict, expose, confute: of things, to be proved against one. 2. οὐ τοῦτό γ' ἐξελέγχομαι I am not to blame in this. έξελειν, έξελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of έξαιρέω. έξέλιπον, aor. 2 of έκλείπω. έξ-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech. έξελεύσομαι, έξελθεῖν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of έξέρχομαι. έξελήλακα, pf. of έξελαύνω. έξελήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of έξελέγχω. έξ-ελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, unfold: metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. explicare, to expand the front by bringing up the rear men. έξελκτέον, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From  $\epsilon \xi - \epsilon \lambda \kappa \omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon \lambda \kappa \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega$  [ $\dot{\nu}$ ], as if from  $-\epsilon \lambda \kappa \dot{\nu} \omega : -to$ draw or drag out. 2. to draw out from, rescue from. II. to drag out, prolong, protract. **ἐξέλῦσα, 2**οτ. Ι οf ἐκλύω. έξέμαθον, 20r. 2 of έκμανθάνω. έξεμάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίνω. έξέμαξα, aor. I of έκμάσσω.

έξεμαργώθην, aor. I pass. of έκμαργόω.

έξέμεν, Ep. for έξειναι, 20r. 2 inf. of έξίημι. έξέμεν, Ep. for έξειν, fut. inf. of έχω. έξ-εμέω, f. –εμέσω: aor. I ἐξέμεσα:—to vomit forth, disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick. έξέμηνα, aor. I of ἐκμαίνω. έξέμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμείρομαι. έξ-εμπεδόω, f. ώσω, to keep fast or strictly, observe. έξ-εμπολάω Ιοη. – έω, f. ήσω, to traffic; κέρδος έξεμπολαν to drive a gainful trade; pf. pass. έξημπόλημαι I am bought and sold, betrayed. sell off. έξ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ἐξεναρείν, = ἐξεναρίζω. έξ-εναρίζω, f. ίξω, to strip or spoil a foe: to slay in έξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of εκφέρω. έξ-ενέπω, to speak out, proclaim. έξένευσα, aor. I of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω. έξένθοις, έξενθών, Dor. for έξέλθοις, έξελθών, 201. 2 opt. and part. of εξέρχομαι. έξενίκησα, aor. I of έκνικάω. ἐξένιψα, aor. ι of ἐκνίζω. έξ-επάδω, f. -επάσομαι, to charm away:-Pass., έξεπάδεσθαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature. έξ-επαίρω, f. –επἄρῶ, to stir up, elate. έξεπαίσα, aor. 1 of έκπαίω. έξεπάταξα, 20r. Ι of έκπατάσσω. έξέπαυσα, aor. I, of έκπαύω.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξέπεισα, aor. I of  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κπείθω. έξεπειράθην [ā], aor. 1 of ἐκπειράομαι. ϵξϵπϵμψα, aor. I of ϵκπϵμπω. έξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. 1 of έκπεράω. έξέπεσον, 20r. 2 of έκπίπτω. έξεπέτασσα, Ep. for έξεπέτασα, aor. 1 of έκπετάννυμι. έξ-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ξ-επι-και-δέκατος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κκαιδέκατος έξέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω. έξ-επίσταμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by beart. έξ-επίτηδες, Adv., =  $\epsilon \pi i \tau \eta \delta \epsilon s$ , on purpose, carefully. έξεπλάγην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω. έξέπλευσα, aor. I of έκπλέω. έξέπληξα, έξεπλήχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έκπλήσσω. έξέπλησα, έξεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έκπίμπλημι. έξέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐκπνέω. έξεποίησα, aor. I of έκποιέω. έξεπόνασα, Dor. 201. 1 of έκπονέω. έξεπόρευσα, -εύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω. έξεπόρισα, aor. I of έκπορίζω. έξέπραθον, 201. 2 of έκπέρθω. έξέπραξα, aor. 1 of έκπράσσω. έξέπριον, 20r. 2 of ἐκπρίω. έξεπτάμην or -όμην, 201. 2 of έκπέταμαι or -ομαι. έξέπταξα, Dor. for εξέπτηξα, aor. 1 of εκπτήσσω.

έξέπτην, 20r. 2 act. of έκπέταμαι. phecies, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally. έξέπτύσα, aor. I of έκπτύω. to reach its end. έξεπυθόμην, 201. 2 of έκπυνθάνομαι. έξ-ερωέω, f. ήσω, to swerve from the course, to sby. έξέραμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From εξ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to search out: to question. έξ-εράω, f. άσω [d]: aor. I έξέρασα:—to vomit forth, έξεσάωσα, aor. I of έκσαόω. έξέσεισα, aor. I of έκσείω. 2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of; έξεραν ταs ψήφουs to disgorge the ballots from the urn.  $\epsilon \xi - \epsilon \sigma \theta \omega$ , f.  $-\epsilon \delta \rho \omega$ : pf.  $-\epsilon \delta \eta \delta \rho \omega$ : to eat away. έξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg. έξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι used both in med, and pass. sense: aor. I -ειργάσθην alέξεσία, ή, (εξίημι) a sending out, mission. ways in pass.: Dep.:-to work out, finish, make comέξεσις, εως, ή, (εξίημι) a dismissal: divorce. έξεσκέδασα, 201. I of έκσκεδάννυμι. plete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. έξέσμων, impf. of ἐκσμάω. work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat. έξεσόβησα, aor. I of έκσοβέω. conficere: to overwhelm, ruin:-Pass., έξειργάσμεθα we are undone; τὰ ἐξειργασμένα desperate affairs; έξέσσϋτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. (in aor. sense) of έκσεύω. έξεστακέναι, for έξεστήκεναι, pf. inf. of έξίστημι. έπ' έξειργασμένοιs when all is over. Hence έξεστάναι, inf. pf. of εξίστημι, contr. for εξεστηκέναι. έξεργαστικός, ή, όν, able to accomplish. έξ-έργω Att. -είργω, to shut out, exclude from: έξέστειλα, aor. I of ἐκστέλλω. to binder, forbid: to drive away:-Pass., ἀναγκαίη έξεστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω. έξέργεσθαι to be forced to a thing. έξέστηκα, έξέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of έξίστημι. έξ-εστι, impers., subj. έξη, optat. έξείη: inf. έξείναι: έξ-ερεείνω, to inquire into or after: search of try. έξ-ερεθίζω, έξ-ερέθω, strengthd. for έρεθίζω, έρέθω. fut.  $\xi \in \sigma \tau \alpha i$ : impf.  $\xi \in \hat{\eta} \nu$ : ( $\xi \in \xi$ ,  $\xi \in \iota \mu i$  sum):—it is allowed, it is in one's power, is possible part. Efor Ion. iξ-ερείπω, to strike or bew off. II. intr. in aor. 2 εξήριπον, inf. εξεριπείν, and pf. εξήριπα:-to έξεόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. quum liceat. fall to earth; χαίτη ζεύγλης εξεριπουσα the mane έξεστράτευσα, 201. Ι οδ έκστρατεύω. έξεστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of έκστρατοπεδεύομαι. streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down. έξ-ερεύγομαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves. έξέστρεψα, aor. Ι of ἐκστρέφω. έξ-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out, examine. έξεσύρην [ŭ], aor. 2 pass. of έκσύρω [ū]. έξεσωρευόμην, impf. pass. of έκσωρεύω. έξ-ερέω Att. contr. -ερώ, (έξ, ἐρέω) fut. without έξέσωσα, έξεσώθην, aor. I act and pass. of έκσώζω. any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf. act. ἐξείρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξείρητο; and fut. ἐξει-ρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω, έξ-ετάζω, f. έξετάσω Att. έξετῶ: 201. Ι έξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. ι ἐξητάσθην: pf. έξήτασμαι:-to examine well or closely, to scrutithe aor. ἐξεῖπον. nise: hence to question, esp. by the torture: of things, έξ-ερέω, Ep. for έξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of. to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. έξ-ερημόω, f. ώσω, to make utterly desolate, desert utterly. troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly, to test: hence to estimate, compare: - Pass. to be proved, έξ-ερίζω, f. ίσω, (έξ, έρις) to be contumacious, resist. to stand the trial: to be examined. έξεριπείν, aor. 2 inf. of έξερείπω. έξετάθην [ἄ], aor. I pass. of ἐκτείνω. έξεριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant. έξετάκην [α], aor 2 pass. of ἐκτήκω. έξ-έρομαι, fut. – ερήσομαι: Dep.: (έξ, έρομαι).—to έξέταμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω. inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. έξερέω έξετάνυσσα, Ep aor. I of ἐκτανύω.  $\epsilon \mathbf{\dot{\xi}}$ -έρπω, f. -έρψω: aor. I -είρπὕσα (as if from -ερέξετανύσθην, aor. I pass of ἐκτανύω. πύω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out. έξερράγην [α], aor. 2 pass. of εκρήγνυμι. **ἐξετάραξα, a**or. Ι οf ἐκταράσσ∞. έξέτασις, εως, ή, (έξετάζω) a searching out: a έξέρρανα, aor. 1 of έκραίνω. military inspection or review. έξέρρηξα, 201. Ι ος έκρήγνυμι. έξεταστικός, ή, όν, (ξετάζω) skilful at examining: έξέρριψα, aor. I of έκρίπτω. absol, inquiring. έξερρύηκα, pf. of έκρέω. έξέτεινα, aor. I of ἐκτείνω. έξερρύην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω. έξέτεκον, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκτω. έξ-έρρω, (έξ, ἔρρω) to go out: only in imperat., έξερρε έξετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω. yaias away out of the land. έξετελεῦντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω. έξ-ερύκω, to ward off, repel. [v̄] έξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐκτοξούο. έξ-ερύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. I έξείρυσα Ep. έξέρυσα έξετεχνησάμην, aor. I of έκτεχνάομαι. and Effipuora:-to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest from: to tear out. έξετηκόμην, impf. pass. ot έκτήκω. έξ-έτης, εs, (ξε, έτος) six years old. έξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. - ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 - ήλυέξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἔτι) Prep. with gen. even until now. θον contr.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον: pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\upsilon\theta$ a:—to go out, come έξέτισα, aor, I of έκτίνω. out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. έξετόξευσα, aor. I of έκτοξεύω. of Time, to come to an end, expire. III, of pro-

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έξετραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of έπτρέπω.
 έξέτρεψα, aor. I of έκτρέπω.
 έξέτριψα, aor. I of ἐκτρίβω.
 έξέτρωσα, 201. Ι οf έκτιτρώσκα.
 έξ-ευλαβέομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.
 έξ-ευμαρίζω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρήs) to make easy, lighten.
Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.
 έξεύρεσις, εως, ή, (έξευρίσκω) a searching out: a
finding out, invention.
 έξεύρημα, aros, τό, a thing found out, an invention,
contrivance. From
 discover: to invent.
                         2. to seek out.
                                            3. to find
out, win, secure.
 έξ-ευτρεπίζω, to prepare.
 έξ-εύχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim.
                                                    II.
to pray for
 έξεφαάνθην Ep. for έξεφάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 έξεφάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 έξεφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.
 εξέφθινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of εκφθίνω.
 έξέφθιτο, 3 plapf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 έξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. έξεφίεμαι, to enjoin,
urge, bid.
 έξέφυγον, aor. 2 of έκφεύγω.
 έξέφυσα, έξέφυν, aor. I and 2 of εκφύω.
 έξέχεα Ep. έξέχευα, aor. I of ἐκχέω
 έξεχορευσάμην, aor. I med. of έκχορεύω.
 εξέχρησα, aor. I of εκχράω.
 έξεχύθην [\check{v}], act. I pass. of \check{\epsilon}\kappa\chi\acute{\epsilon}\omega.
 έξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from:
of the sun, to shine out, appear.
 εξέχωσα, aor. I of ἐκχώννυμι.
 ϵξϵψυξα, aor. I of ϵκψύχω.
 έξ-έψω, f. -εψήσω, to boil thoroughly.
 \xi-ηβος, ον, (ἐκ, ήβη) past one's youth.
 \epsilonξήγαγον, aur. 2 of \epsilonξάγω.
 έξήγγειλα, έξηγγέλθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έξ-
αγγέλλω.
 \epsilon \xi-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep:—to
be leader of, c. gen. pers.
                              2. c. acc. pers. to man-
age, direct, govern.
                              II. to go first, lead the
            2. έξηγεισθαί τινι to shew one the way
in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to com-
             III. like Lat. praeire verbis, to prescribe
a form of words:-to expound, interpret.
to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence
  έξηγητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: gene-
rally, a deviser.
                       II. an interpreter of oracles or
sacred rites, Lat. interpres religionum.
  έξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of έξεγείρω.
  εξήκασμαι, pf. pass. of εξεικάζω.
  έξηκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. (εξ) sixty, sexaginta.
  έξηκοντα-έτης, εε, (έξηκοντα, έτοε) sixty years old.
  έξηκοντάκις poët. -άκι, (εξήκοντα) Adv. sixty times.
  έξηκοντα-τάλαντία, ή, (έξηκοντα, τάλαντον) a sum
of sixty talents.
  Εηκόντισα, 201. Ι ο  εξακοντίζω.
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έξηκοστός, ή, όν, (έξήκοντα) sintleth, senagesimus.
 έξ-ήκω, f. ήξω, to have arrived at a point:--of Time,
to bave run out, expired: - of prophecies, to bave
turned out true.
 ξήλασα Ερ. ξέήλασσα, 201. Ι of ξεελαύνω.
 έξήλατος, ον, (έξελαύνω) beaten out, hammered.
 έξηλέγχθην, aor. 1 pass. of εξελέγχω: εξήλεγκτο,
3 sing. plqpf.
 έξηλειψα, aor. I of έξαλείφω.
 ἐξῆλθον, 201. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.
 έξ-ηλιάζω, f. άσω, (έξ, ήλιοs) to set in the sun: to
bang in the open air.
 έξήλλαξα, aor. 1 of έξαλλάσσω: έξήλλαγμαι, pf. pass.
 έξήλυσις, εως, ή, (εξήλυθον aor. 2 of εξέρχομαι) α
going out: a way out.
 έξ-ημαρ, Adv. (έξ, ημαρ) for six days, six days long.
 έξήμαρτον, έξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of έξαμαρτάνω.
 έξημβλωκα, pf. of έξαμβλόω.
 έξήμειψα, aor. 1 of έξαμείβω.
 έξ-ημερόω, s. ώσω, to tame or reclaim quite: me-
taph. to civilise, bumanise.
 έξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of έξαμάω.
 έξημιλλησάμην, -ήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of
ἐξαμιλλάομαι.
 έξημοιβός, όν, (έξαμείβω) quite changed; έξημοιβά
είματα changes of raiment.
 έξημπόλημαι, pf. pass. of έξεμπολάω.
 έξηνδραποδίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of
έξανδραποδίζω.
 έξηνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of έξανδρόσμαι.
  έξήνεγκα, έξήνεγκον, 201. I and 2 of έκφέρω.
 έξηνειχόμην, έξηνεσχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med.
(with double augm.) of έξανέχω.
  έξηνέμωσα, -ώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of έξανεμόω.
 έξήνθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of έξανθέω
 έξήντληκα, –ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of έξαντλέω.
  έξήνŭσα, aor. Ι of έξανύω or έξανύτω.
  έξηξα, Att. aor. 1 of έξαίσσω, έξασσω.
 έξηπάτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of έξαπατάω.
  έξήπαφον, 2 of έξαπαφίσκω.
 έξ-ηπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat utterly.
 ϵξῆρα, aor. I of ϵξαίρω.
  έξήραμμαι, pf. pass. of ξηραίνω.
 έξηράνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ξηραίνω.
  έξήραξα, aor. I of έξαράσσω.
  έξήρατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of έξαίρω.
 έξ-ήρετμος, ον, (έξ, ἐρέσσω) with six oars.
 έξήρκουν, impf. of έξαρκέω.
 έξήρπαξα or -ασα, 201. 1 of έξαρπάζω.
 έξήρτημαι, pf. pass. of έξαρτάω.
 έξήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of έξαρτίζω.
 έξήρτυμαι, pf. pass. of έξαρτύω.
  έξήρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of εξάρχω.
  έξηρώησα, aor. I of έξερωέω.
 έξήσκησα, aor. 1 of έξασκέω: έξήσκημαι, pf. pass.
 έξης Ep. έξείης, Adv. (έχω, έξω) one after another,
in order: also of Time, thereafter, next.
c. gen. next to.
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έξητάσα Dor. έξηταξα, 20r. I of έξετάζω.

igninga, aor. 1 of efairew.

έξηύηνα, aor. I of έξαυαίνω.

έξηύχησα, -ηύχουν, 201. I and impf. of έξαυχέω. έξηφυσα Ερ. έξηφυσσα, 201. I of έξαφύσσω.

έξ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound forth, publish.

έξηψα, έξήφθην, 201. I 2ct. and pass. of έξάπτω. έξιαομαι, f. -ιάσομαι Ιοη. -ιήσομαι: Dep.: — to cure

thoroughly: to make full amends for.

έξιδείν, inf. of έξείδον.

έξ-ιδιόομαι, Dep. (έξ, ἴδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.

έξ-ιδίω, f. ίσω [l], to exude.

έξ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [v], to place in a resting posture:-

Med. to establish oneself.

iξτέναι, inf. of ἔξειμι exibo; but ἰξτέναι, of ἐξίημι. ἐξ-ίημι, f. ήσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξείναι: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of.

2. to send from oneself, divorce.

έξ-ιθύνω [v], to make quite straight.

έξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.

ξ-ικνέομαι, f. ξέ[tομαι: aor. 2 ξεικόμην [I]: Dep..
 to reach, arrive at.
 to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for.
 to accomplish, execute.

έξ-ίκω, f. ξω, poët, for έξήκω.

εξ-ιλάσκομαι, f. -ιλάσομαι [d], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.

έξ-ίλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep

out from, bar from.

έξίμεναι, for έξιέναι, inf. of έξειμι exibo.

έξ-ιπόω, f. ώσω, to press out, press beavily.

έξ-ίπταμαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.

ξις, εως, ή, (ξρω fut. of ξχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or babit, of body or mind. ἐξ-ίστης, Adv. for ἐξ ἴσης (sub. μοίρας), equally; also ἐξ-ίστου (sub. μέτρου).

kξ-ἴσόω, f. ωσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for.

2. to put on a level.

II.

intr. to be equal or like.

έξ-ίστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter, ἐξιστάναι τινὰ φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξιστάναι τινά to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -ἐστηκα, plqpf. -ἐστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to sbrink from, shun.

III. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστῆναι naτρόs to lose one's father.

2. φρενῶν ἐξεστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished.

3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.

ἐξ-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to inquire into: inquire of.

έξ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [v], to be quite able.

έξ-ίσχω,= έξέχω: trans. to putforth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξισωτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξισόω, one must make equal. ἐξίτηλος, ον, (ἐξιέναι) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.

έξ-Υτητέον, verb. Adj. of έξιέναι, one must go forth. έξ-Υτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of έξιέναι, to be come out of; τοις οὐκ έξιτόν έστι for whom there's no coming out.

έξ-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out. έξ-ιχνοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to seek by tracking out.

έξ-μέδιμνος, ov, of, holding six medimni.

έξ-ογκόω, f. ωσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφω εξογκοῦν to bonour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise bigh. Hence

έξόγκωμα, ατοs, τό, anything raised up: a mound,

barrow, cairn.

έξ-οδάω, f. ήσω, (έξοδος IV) to sell.

έξ-οδία, ή, (έξοδος) a marching out, expedition.

έξ-όδιος, ον, (ξεοδος 111) of, belonging to an exit; to the finalé of a play. II. as Subst., το εξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finalé of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.

έξ-οδοιπορέω, f. ήσω, to go out of.

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έξ-οδυνάω, f. ήσω, to pain extremely.

έξ-6ζω, f. -o(ησω, to smell strongly.

έξ-οιδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plapf. ἐξήδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξείδον.

έξ-οιδέω, f. ήσω: pf. -ψδηκα:—to be swollen up. έξ-οικέω, f.ήσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence

έξοικήσιμος, ον, babitable, inbabited.

ig-oikiζω, f. low Att. iω: aor I -φκισα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove.

II. to depopulate, empty.

έξ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build up, build from the

ground, finish a building.

έξ-οιμώζω, f. -οιμώξομαι, to wail aloud.

έξ-οινόομαι, pf. έξώνωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk. έξ-οιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought ut. II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.

έξ-οιστράω or -έω, f. ήσω, to drive quite wild. ξοίσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοίσομαι also in

pass. sense. έξ-οιχνέω, f. ήσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. έξοιχνεῦσι.

έξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to bave gone out.

έξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground.

II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.

έξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of εξόλλυμι.

 $\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k}$ -ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor.  $\mathbf{2}$  -ωλισθον: to slip off, to glance off. II. c. acc. to slip out

of, elude.

έξ-όλλυμι and –ύω: fut. –ολέσω Att. –ολῶ: aor. I ἐξώλεσα:—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with perf. 2 ἐξόλωλα, to perish utterly.

ἐξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

¿ξ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to bowl aloud. εξομαι, fut. med. of έχω.

έξομήρευσις, εως, ή, a demand of bostages. From έξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking bostages: Med.

to take as bostages.

έξ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to bave intercourse, associate, live with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to be solitary.

iξ-6μίλος, ον, away from intercourse with others:

foreign, strange.

έξ-ομμάτοω, f. ώσω, (έξ, όμμα) to give sight to:— Pass. to be restored to sight. 2. metaph. to make clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

έξ-όμνυμαι, f. - ομοθμαι: aor. I - ωμοσάμην: -- to deny upon oath. II, to decline an office by an oath that one has not means or health to discharge it.

έξ-ομοιόω, f. ώσω, to make quite like:-Pass. to be-

come or be like.

έξ-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, and as Dep. έξομολογέομαι, f. ησομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree, promise. II, to make full acknowledgment for: praise, celebrate.

εξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, to wipe off from. Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to another: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

έξον, part. from the impers. έξεστι.

έξ-ονειδίζω, fut. ίσω Att. iω, to cast in one's teeth, object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

έξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

 $i \xi$ -ονομαίνω, 201. Ι –ονόμηνα,  $(i \xi, \delta v \circ \mu a)$  to name, speak of by name.

έξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name. έξ-όπίθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for εξόπισθεν.

¿E-omv, Adv. bebind.

ěξ-όπισθεν poët. -θε, Adv. backwards, bebind.

Prep. with gen. bebind, after.

έξ-οπίσω, (έξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back 2. Prep. with gen. bebind. II. Adv. of Time, benceforth, bereafter. [1]

-cπλίζω, f. σω, to arm completely, accourte:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. rally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. εξωπλισμένος, all ready. Hence

eξοπλίσία, ή, a being under arms: and έξόπλισις, εως, ή, a getting under arms.

έξ-οπτάω, f. ήσω, to bake bard: to beat violently:metaph. to scorcb, consume.

έξ-οράω, to see from afar : cf. εξείδον.

έξ-οργίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, to enrage:-Pass. to be furious.

εξ-ορθόω, f. ώσω, to set upright:—Pass. to stand upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

έξ-ορίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω: aor. I εξώρισα:-to send beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child. άλλην ἀπ' άλλης εξορίζειν πόλιν to wander from one city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

έξ-opίνω [τ], to exasperate.

**ϵξ-όριστος**, ον, expelled, banished.

έξ-ορκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to swear a person, administer an oath to him. II. to exorcise, 1, c, banish an evil spirit. Hence

έξορκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II.

an exorcist.

έξ-opkos, ov, bound by oath.

έξ-ορκόω, f. ώσω, to make one swear, bind by oath, c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by, έξορκοῦν τινα τό Στυγός ὕδωρ. Hence

έξόρκωσις, εως, ή, a binding by oath.

έξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to set out or start from: of pain, to break out. II. trans. to send forth; έξορμαν την vaûv to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:-Pass. to set out, start.

έξ-ορμίζω, fut ίσω Att. τω, to bring out of barbour; εξορμίζειν εs πύντον to let down into the sea.

έξ-opμos, ov, sailing from a barbour.

έξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

έξ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I έξώρυξα:-to dig out; εξορύσσειν τους όφθαλμούς to put out the eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

έξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance away: also to go through with a dance. betray by indiscreet gestures.

**ἐξ-όσδω**. Dor. for ἐξύζω.

έξ-οσιόω, f. ώσω, to dedicate, devote.

έξ-οστρακίζω, f. ίσω, to banish by ostracism. Hence

έξοστρακισμός, οῦ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

έξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

έξ-οτρύνω, f. ŭνω, to excite, arouse.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}$ -ουδενόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}$ ουθενέω.

έξ-ουθενέω, f. ήσω, (ἐκ, οὐθείε) to set at naught; pf. part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

έξούλης δίκη, ή, an action against one who neglected an order of a court, an action for contempt of court. The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

έξουσία, ή, (έξεστι) power or authority to do a thing: - absol. authority. 2. a magistracy: the body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. means, resources. Hence

έξουσιάζω, f. σω, to bave authority over :- Pass. to bave authority exercised over one.

έξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

έξ-όφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

έξοχή, ή, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominence: metaph. eminence; of kat' efoxhv the chief men.

έξοχος, ον, (εξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph. έξ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud. | eminent, excellent: c. gen., έξοχοε 'Αργείων eminent among or above them. Adv. neut. ¿foxov and ¿foxa; c. gen., ξεοχα πάντων far above all.

έξ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to break out into insolence, Tun riot, wax wanton; έξυβρίζειν είς τόδε to come to this pitch of insolence; έξυβρίζειν παντοΐα to commit all kinds of violence.

έξυνηκα έσυνηκα, for ξυνηκα συνηκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνίημι.

έξ-υπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμωδιξ μεταφρένου έξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

έξ-ύπερθε, Adv. (έξ, ὕπερθε) from above.

έξ-υπηρετέω, f. ήσω, to assist to the utmost. έξ-υπνίζω, f. ίσω, (έξ, υπνος) to rouse from sleep.

έξ-υπνος, ον, (έξ, υπνος) awakened out of sleep.

έξυπτιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

έξυράμην, aor. I med. of ξύρω. έξύρημαι, pf. pass. of ξυρέω.

έξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύω.

έξ-υφαίνω, f. ανώ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

έξύφασμα, ατος, τό, a finished web.

έξ-υφηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, to lead the way. έξω, Adv. (έξ, as είσω from els) without, on the out-

II. of Motion, outwards, away side, Lat. foris. out of the country, Lat. foras. III. like ἐκτόs, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; έξω βελών out of shot: Proverb., έξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα έχειν to keep IV. clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. of Time, beyond, over.

έξω, fut. of έχω.

έξφδηκα, pf. of έξοιδέω.

έξωθεν, Adv. (έξω) from without, c. gen., έξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also =  $\xi \in \omega$ , without. έξ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I έξέωσα:--to thrust out :- Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust

out of the sea, drive on shore.  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}\dot{\omega}$ κισα, aor. I of  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\xi}$ οικίζω.

έξώλεια, ή, utter destruction. From

έξώλης, εs, (έξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. act most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

έξωμίδο-ποιία, ή, (ποιέω) the making of an έξωμίς. έξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From έξ-ωμίς, ίδος, ή, (έξ, ωμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

έξ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy. έξ-ώπιος, ον, (έξ, ώψ) out of sight of, away from.

έξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of έξοπλίζω. έξ-ωριάζω, (έξ, ώρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

έξώρισα, aor. I of έξορίζω.

έξώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of έξορμίζω.

έξ-ωρος, ον, (έξ, ώρα) untimely: superannuated.

έξωρτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of εξόρνυμι. έξωσαι, aor. I inf. of ϵξωθϵω.

έξώστης, ου, ὁ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξῶσται άνεμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

έξώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of έξω: Adv. έξωτάτω outermost. έξώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of έξω: Adv. έξωτέρω.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \dot{\omega} \dot{\phi} \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda o v$ , impf. of  $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} o \phi \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \omega$ . to, Ep. for ou, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of bim;

åπd εo away from bim. έοι, Ep. for ol, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. ou, to bim.

έοι, Ep. for είη, 3 sing. opt. of είμί sum.

ἔοιγμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, Ι pl. of ἔοικα.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ οικα, as,  $\epsilon$ , etc., pf. with pres. sense, from  $\epsilon \tilde{\iota} \kappa \omega$ , to be like (see είκω), Att. I pl. ἔοιγμεν (for ἐοίκαμεν), είξασι (for ἐοίκασι); Ep. 3 dual ἔίκτον (for ἐοίκατον); inf. ἐοικέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part ἐοικώs, υῖα, όs, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰοικυῖαι; Att. εἰκώς, εἰκυῖα, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἶκα, αs, ε, part. οἰκώs: plapf. ἐψκειν, Ep. 3 pl. ἐοίκεσαν; of the plapf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ήικτο, and without augm. ἔίκτο. I. to be or look like. be fit: Homer has 3 sing. FOLKE as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. ¿oiκώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; ἐοικότι κείται ολέθρο he lies in fitting ruin; είκυια ακοιτιε a suitable wife, 'a help meet for bim.' III. Att. to seem likely, seem, foike it seems; ws foike, as it seems, as is fitting.

έοικότως Att. είκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. ἐοικώs, εἰκώs, οἰκώs, sımılarly, lıke: reasonably, fairly,

as was to be expected.

ξοιμι, ξοις, ξοι, Ion. for είην, είης, είη.

έοιο, Ep. for έου, gen. of έόs.

éoîs, dat. pl. of éós.

έοις, Ep. for είης, 2 sing. opt. of είμί sum.

έοισα, Dor. for ἐοῦσα, οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum. ἔολπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλπω: plapf. ἐώλπειν.

**ξον**, Ep. for ην, impf. of εἰμί sum; but **ἐόν** Ion. for  $\delta \nu$ , part. neut.

€6v, nom. or acc. neut. of €6s.

ἔοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

**ἔοργα**, poet. pf. of **ἔρδω**; 3 pl. ἔοργαν for ἐόργασιν; part. ἐοργώs: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐόργεε.

ἐορτάζω Ion. ὁρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, εωρταζον, and aor. I εωρτασα: (ξορτή): to keep festival or boliday: to celebrate by a festival. 'EOPTH', in Ion. Prose δρτή, ή, a feast, festival,

boliday; δρτην άγειν to keep a feast.

έόs, ἐή, ἐόν, lon. and Ep. for ős, ή, ὄν, (ἔο for οὖ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., bis or ber own. in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

ξουs, Boeot, for ξο, ου, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

έπ-αγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in. έπαγγελία, ή, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From έπ-αγγέλλω, f. ελω: aor. I ἐπήγγειλα: pf. act. ἐπήγγελκα, pass. ἐπήγγελμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιάν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. 10 demand, solicit, make application for a thing. Med. to promise, offer: rarely so in Act.

make a show of, profess. Hence

ἐπάγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement, promise. έπ-αγείρω, f. -αγερώ, to gather together, collect :-Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence

ἐπάγερσις, εως, ή, a gathering, assemblage.

έπάγην [α], aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

έπ-αγινέω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.

έπ-αγλαίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to bonour still more:-Pass, to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.

έπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to watch or brood over. έπ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to bring or lead 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose: to, bring upon. hence to instigate, impel: metaph, to bring one to a 3. to lay on ; ἐπάγειν κέντρον thing, lead one on. to lay on, apply the goad; έπαγε γνάθον lay your teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph, to devise, contrive. 2. to bring 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to on oneself. adduce, quote, cite. Hence

έπαγωγή, ή, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.

ἐπάγωγός, δν. (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive II. tempting, seductive.

έπ-άγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. τοῦμαι, Dep. to con-

tend against others.

έπ-ἄγώνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games. έπ-άδω Ion. and poet. ἐπαείδω: f. -άσομαι:--to 2. to lead the song. II. to sing to or over. sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. ἐπαείδων, by incantations.

έπ-ἄείρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-ἄέξω, to make to grow, enlarge.

ἔπάθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.

iπ-aθροίζω, f. σω, to assemble besides.

in-audζω, f. fω, to mourn over: to join in wailing. in-alγίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, alγίε 2) to rush upon or over. έπ-αιδέομαι, fut. -αιδεσθήσομαι: aor. I -ηδέσθην: to be asbamed: c. acc. to reverence.

inalveous, εως, ή, (ἐπαινέω) praise: and en-aiverηs, oυ, o, a praiser, eulogist.

έπαινετός, ή, όν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπαινετόν the object of praise. Adv. -τωε. From

έπ-αινέω, fut. έσω Att. έσομαι Ep. ήσω: 201. 1 ἐπήνεσα Εp. -ησα: pf. ἐπήνεκα:--Pass., aor. I ἐπηνέθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat. pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, eulogize.  $2. = \pi \alpha \rho \alpha i \nu \epsilon \omega$ , to advise, recommend, II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat.

benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαινῶ I thank you very kindly.

έπαίνημι, Acol. for έπαινέω.

tm-civos, δ, (tπί, alvos) approval, commendation.

έπ-αινός, ή, όν, only in fem. ἐπαινή, strengthd. for alvή, exceeding awful, dread.

έπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. έπαείρω: fut. έπαρω: aor. I ἐπῆρα poët. ἐπάειρα:---Pass., aor. I ἐπήρθην: pf. ἐπῆρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to II. intr. (sub. ξαυτόν), to rise up. (sub. στρατόν), to set out :- Pass. to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.

**ἔπαισδον**, Dor. for ἔπαιζον, impf. of παίζω.

έπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 -ησθόμην: Dep.:—to bave a perceptiom or feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive

έπ-αίσσω Att. -ασσω or -αττω: fut. -αίξω Att. -άξω:—to rusb at or upon:—to assaul, assault, attack: -Med., ἐπαίξασθαι ἄεθλον to rush upon, seize the II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to move the foot bastily: Pass.,  $\chi \epsilon i \rho \epsilon s \ \epsilon \pi a l \sigma \sigma o \nu \tau a i the hands move violently.$ 

in-aιστος, ον, (inatω) beard of, discovered. [a] έπ-αισχύνομαι, fut. -αισχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to be

asbamed of or at.

έπ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to ask in addition: to solicit. έπ-αντιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge.

έπ-altios, ov, (ἐπί, altía) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.

in-atω contr. in-dω: f. low: to hear, perceive, 2. to understand. feel. 3. to profess, be a professor.

έπ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to keep in suspense:—Pass. to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overhang, threaten.

έπ-ακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's 3. to follow, obey. Hence mind, understand.

έπακολούθημα, ματος, τό, a consequence: and έπακολούθησις, εως, ή, a following.

ἐπἄκουός, όν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive. έπ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: αοτ. Ι ἐπήκουσα:— το

listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey. έπ-ακρίζω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing; αίμάτων ἐπήκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.

έπ-ακροάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to bearken to. ἐπακτήρ, ῆροε, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) a bunter, a buntsman. έπ-άκτιος, a, ov, (ἐπί, ἀκτή) on the strand or coast. ἐπακτός, όν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad, imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.

ἐπακτρίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπάγω) a small row-boat, skiff. έπ-αλαλάζω, f. ξω, to raise the war-cry.

έπαλαλκέμεν, Ep. 20r. 2 inf. of έπαλέξω.

έπ-αλάομαι, aor. I ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through, over.

έπ-αλαστέω, f. ήσω, to be troubled at a thing. έπ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to grieve over.

έπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stop up by anointing.

iπ-aλiξω, f. ξήσω, to defend, aid, belp. ward, keep off: 201. 2 inf. ἐπαλαλκείν, Εp. -έμεν.

έπαληθείς, aor. I part. of έπ-αλάομαι. έπαληθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.

έπ-αληθεύω, f. σω, to prove true, verify.

έπ-αλήs, έs, (ἐπί, ἀλέα) open to the sun, sunny. [ā]

έπ-αλκής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.

ἐπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.  $\epsilon \pi$ -alla, Adv. =  $\epsilon \nu a \lambda \lambda d \xi$ , crosswise, alternately. έπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. άξω: pf. -ήλλαχα:

—Pass., aor. 1 –ηλλάχθην, aor. 2 –ηλλάγην [ἄ]: pf. -ήλλαγμαι:-to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory: -Pass. to be closely joined.

ϵπ-άλληλος, ον, (ϵπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another.

continuous.

έπ-άλμενος, ον, syncop. aor. 2 part. of έφάλλομαι. ἔπαλξιε, εωε, ή, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: battlement, a parapet: --- generally, a defence, protection.

**ἔπ-αλπνος**, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλπνιστος) *bappy*. έπαλτο, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 of έφάλλομαι.

έπ-αλώστης, ου, δ, (ἐπί, ἀλοάω) one who drives the

oxen in threshing. έπ-αμάομαι, f. ησομαι: Ερ. aor. Ι έπαμησάμην:

Med.:-to scrape together for oneself, heap up together.

έπαμβάτηρ, ήρος, δ, poet. for έπαναβάτης, (έπαναβαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκών ἐπαμβατήρεs maladies growing on the flesh, leprous eruptions.

έπ-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter:—Med. to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.

έπ-άμερος, ον, Acol. for έφ-ήμερος.

έπ-αμμένος, Ion. for έφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφάπτω.

έπ-αμμένω, poët. for έπ-αναμένω.

ἐπαμοιβαδίς, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.

έπαμοίβιος, ον, and έπαμοιβός, όν, (ἐπαμείβω) in

turn, one upon another: in exchange. έπ-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 ἐπημπισχον, inf. έπαμπισχείν:-to put on besides, or over all: to over-

wrap. ἐπαμύντωρ, οροε, δ, a helper, defender. From ἐπ-ἄμύνω, f. ὕνῶ, to come to aid, defend, assist.

έπ-αμφέρω, for έπαναφέρω.

έπ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. τω, (ἐπί, ἀμφότερος) to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to balt between two opinions.

έπαν, Conjunct., later form of έπην.

έπ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:--to get upon, mount on borseback. II. to go up inland.

έπ-αναβάλλω, f. -βάλω: pf. -βέβληκα:-to throw II. in Med., also, on or over :- Med. to put on. to put off, delay.

ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ:--Causal of ἐπαναβαίνω, to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβληδόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over another garment.

έπ-αναβοάω, f. ήσομαι, to cry out at a thing.

έπαναγαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of έπανάγω.

ἐπ-ἄναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel by force.

 $\epsilon\pi$ - $\bar{\alpha}\nu\dot{\alpha}\gamma\kappa\eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\epsilon\pi i, \dot{\alpha}\nu\dot{\alpha}\gamma\kappa\eta)$  only used in neut. ἐπάναγκεε (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary. also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάναγκες κομῶντες wearing long hair by law.

έπ-ανάγορεύω, to proclaim publicly: v. έπανειπον. έπ-ανάγω, f. άξω: aor. 2 -ανήγαγον:-to bring up, 2. to exalt, elevate. II. to stir up, excite. lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. to put ships out to sea: - Pass. to put to sea against. V. Pass. to be carried to a place. Hence

ἐπανἄγωγή, ἡ, a sailing out against, a naval at-II a recall, return.

έπ-avaδιπλάζω, to redouble, reiterate questions.

έπ-αναθεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to see again. em-avalpw, to lift up:-Med. to lift one against the other :- Pass. to rise up.

έπ-ανάκειμαι, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty.

έπ-avaκλαγγάνω, to give tongue again and again. έπ-avaκρούω, to drive back ·- Med. to draw back. έπ-avaκύπτω, f. ψω, to bave an upward direc-

έπ-αναλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take up again, resume, repeat.

έπ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to consume besides.

έπ-avaμένω, f. -μενώ, to continue waiting, stay II. to wait for one.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -avaμιμνήσκω, f.  $-\mu\nu\eta\sigma\omega$ , to remind one of, mention again to one.

έπ-avaveóω, f. ώσω, to renew, revive.

έπ-avaπaύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon:-Med. to rest upon.

έπ-αναπηδάω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to leap upon.

έπ-αναπλέω, f. - πλεύσομαι; Ion. έπαναπλώω, f. -πλώσω:-to sail up against. II. to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλώει ὑμιν ἔπεα κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back again.

έπ-αναρρίπτω and -έω, to throw up in the air (sub. έαυτόν) to spring high in the air.

έπανάσεισις, εως, ή, a brandishing of weapons.

From έπ-avaσείω, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish. έπανάστασις, εως, ή, (ἐπανίστημι) a rising up against, an insurrection.

έπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of έπανίστημι.

έπ-avaστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, resist :- Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.

έπ-avaτείνω, f. -τενω, to bold up towards; έπανατείνειν έλπίδας to bold out hopes.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -ava $\tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-ava\tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-av\epsilon \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda a$ :—to lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνοs the time which is coming to | with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργοs the upper tower. light, the future.

έπ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

έπ-αναφέρω poet. έπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the ac-3. to bring back a message. II. Pass. count. to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

έπ-αναφυσάω, f. ήσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

έπ-avaχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

έπαναχώρησις, εως, ή, a return, retreat.

em-aveiμi, to go back, return. II. to go up,

έπανείναι, έπανείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of έπανίημι. έπανειπον, 201. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:the pres. in use is ἐπαναγορεύω.

έπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for έπανέρομαι.

έπανελθείν, έπανελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of έπανέρχομαι.

έπ-aνέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and

again: generally, to question.

έπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta\sigma\nu$ , pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\upsilon\theta\alpha$ : (cf.  $\epsilon\rho\chi\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ ):—to go back, II. to go up, asreturn: to go over, pass over. cend.

έπ-avήκω, to have come back, return.

έπ-ανθέω, f. ήσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear

 $\epsilon \pi$ -av $\theta$ ( $\zeta \omega$ , f.  $i\sigma \omega$  Att.  $i\hat{\omega}$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \tilde{\alpha} \nu \theta o s)$  to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over

έπανθρακίδες, ων, ai, small fish for frying. From έπ-avθρaκίζω, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

έπ-ανίημι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dis-II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

έπ-ανζοόω, f. ώσω, to make equal, put on a par. έπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -aνέστηκa, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be bigb, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

έπ-ανορθόω, f. ώσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπηνώρθουν, aor. I ἐπηνώρθωσα, etc.:to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

έπανόρθωσις, εως, ή, a correcting: amendment.

έπ-αντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω.

έπ-άντης, ες, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάντης. έπ-αντιάζω, f. άσω, to fall in with, meet.

έπ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

έπ-ανύω, f. ύσω [v], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

έπ-άνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side: to get ready, prepare:—Med. 10 prepare for oneself.

of Time, before. Hence

έπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: oi έπ. men of former time.

II.

έπ-άξιος, ov, and a, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning: -- Adv. -iws. Hence

έπ-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -akovios, ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi i, \check{a} \xi \omega v)$  upon an axle.

έπάξω, Dor. 2 sing, aor. I med. of πήγνυμι.

έπαοιδή, ή, (ἐπαείδω) poet, and Ion. for ἐπφδή.

έπαοιδός, δ, poet. for ἐπωδός.

έπ-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to hold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

έπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

έπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοθμαι, to die with or after. έπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. - π- $\alpha \pi \epsilon \pi \nu i \gamma n \nu \Gamma$ 

έπ-άπτω, Ion. for έφάπτω.

έπ-απύω, Dor. for έπηπύω.

ểπ-apá Ion. ἐπ-apή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-αράομαι, f. άσομαι Ερ. ήσομαι; pf. ἐπήρᾶμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαρᾶσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

έπ-αραρίσκω, f. έπάρσω: aor. I έπήρσα:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα, to fit well: part. ἐπαρηρώs, close-fitting: so also ἐπάρμενος, η, ον.

έπάρας, aor. I part. of έπαίρω.

έπ-ἄράσσω Att. –ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

έπάρατος, ον, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

 $\epsilon \pi$ - $\alpha \rho \gamma \epsilon \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \alpha \rho \gamma \epsilon \mu o s)$  of the eye, with awhite speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

έπ-άργυρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄργυρος) overlaid with silver. ἐπ-ἄρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, belp. Hence

ϵπάρηξις, ϵωε, ή, belp, aid.

έπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plopf. of έπαραρίσκω. έπ-αρίστερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand:

left-banded, awkward, French gauche.

έπάρκεσις, εως, ή, aid, belp, succour. From έπ-αρκέω, f. έσω: 201. Ι ἐπήρκησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to belp, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπαραρίσκω, wellfitted, well-prepared.

έπ-άρουρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄρουρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

έπ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to bang on or over :- Pass., φόβοs ἐπήρτηται sear bangs over, impends.

έπ-αρτής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

έπ-αρτύω and -αρτύνω, to fit or fix on. II.

ἐπαρχία, ή, a prefecture, province. From έπ-apχos, ov, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a commander: a governor of a country, prefect.

έπ-άρχω, f. ξω, to be an έπαρχοs, governor of a province. 2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρξασθαι δεπάεσσιν to begin with the cups

again: generally, to supply, distribute.

ἐπάρωγός, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) a belper, aider.

έπαρφνουν, impf. of παροινέω.

**ἐπἄσάμην, 2**οτ. Ι οf πατέομαι.

έπ-ασκέω, f. ήσω: 201. I -ήσκησα:-to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

έπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἀσσον) one upon another,

one after another.

έπασσύτερο-τριβής, ές, (έπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

έπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

έπ-άττω, Att. for έπαίσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon. έπαύθην or έπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -au $\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : pf. pass.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\eta\dot{\nu}\lambda\eta\mu\alpha\iota$ : ( $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}$ ,  $\alpha\dot{\nu}\lambda\dot{\nu}s$ ): -to play the flute to, accompany:-Pass. to be played on the flute.

έπ-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to take up one's quar-

ters at a place.

έπ-αυλις, εως, ή, (ἐπί, αὖλις) a place to pass the

night in: quarters.

ἔπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἔπαυλοι, οί, and ἔπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, bome. έπ-αυξάνω οτ έπ-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment :- Pass. to grow, increase.

έπαυρείν Ep. -έμεν, 20r. 2 inf. of έπαυρίσκομαι.

έπ-αυρέω, = ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

έπ-αύρεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result

of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αύριον, on the morrow. έπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. έπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. έπηθρον Dor. έπαθρον, 3 sing. subj. έπαθρη, inf. έπαυρείν Ep.  $-\epsilon \mu \epsilon \nu$ : aor. 2 med.  $\epsilon \pi \eta \nu \rho \delta \mu \eta \nu$ , Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηαι, 3 pl. -ωνται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch: - Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ίνα πάντες ἐπαύρωνται βασιλήος that all may have a benefit of their king; δίω μιν ἐπαυρήσεσθαι I think be will feel the consequences. acc. to bring upon oneself.

έπάθσον, aor. I imperat. of έπαθω: έπαθσας, part. έπ-αυτέω, f. ήσω, to shout at a thing: to make a

noise beside. [v]

έπ-αυτοφώρφ, Adv., for έπ' αὐτοφώρφ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

 $\epsilon\pi$ -aux  $\epsilon$ vios, ov,  $(\epsilon\pi i, a \dot{\nu} \chi \dot{\eta} \nu)$  on or for the neck. έπ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to boast of, exult in.

 $i\pi$ - $\bar{a}\bar{v}\omega$ , f.  $-a\bar{v}\sigma\omega$   $[\bar{v}]$ , to shout over or upon.

in-aφavalvoual, Pass. to be dried up, worn out. έπ-αφάω, f. ήσω, to touch on the surface, stroke. ἐπἄφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, bandling.

έπ-αφίημι, f.  $-\alpha\phi\eta\sigma\omega$ , to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

έπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaph. to babble, divulge.

έπ-αφρόδιτος, ον, (ἐπί, ᾿Αφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating, Lat. venustus.

έπ-αφύσσω, f. ύσω [v], to pour over or in addition. ἐπαχθήs, έs, (ἐπί, ἄχθοs) beavy, ponderous: oppres-

sive, grievous. έπ-άχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi$ -ax $\lambda$  $\dot{\nu}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{\nu}$ ], ( $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi$  $\dot{\iota}$ ,  $\dot{a}\chi\lambda\dot{\nu}s$ ) to be obscure. **ἐπαχύνθην,** aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ěπεάν, Ion. for ἐπήν.

ἐπέβἄλον, 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

έπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and 1 of ἐπιβαίνω. έπεβίων, 201. 2 of έπιβιύω (2s if from έπιβίωμι).

έπέβρισα, aor. 1 of έπιβρίθω.

έπ-εγγελάω, f. άσομαι [ă], to laugh at, deride. έπεγέγραπτο, 3 plapf. pass. of έπιγράφω.

έπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερώ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite: -Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρύμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep aor. 2 pass.

trans. in pf. part. act έπεγρηγορώs, awake έπ-εγκάλέω, f. έσω, to bring a charge against. έπ-εγκάπτω, f ψω, to snap up, devour.

έπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

έπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

**ἐπεγρήγορα,** see ἐπεγείρω II.

έπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of έπεγείρω.  $\epsilon \pi \cdot \epsilon \gamma \chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , f.  $-\chi \epsilon \hat{\omega}$ , to pour in upon or in addition. έπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

έπέδησα, 10r. I of πεδάω.

 $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \delta \delta \theta \eta v$ , aor. I pass. of  $\epsilon \pi \iota \delta \iota \delta \omega \mu \iota$ .

έπέδρ**ἄμον,** aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ζπέδρη, ή, Ion. for ἐφέδρα. ἐπέδῦν, 20r. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

 $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \theta \eta \kappa \alpha$ , aor. I of  $\epsilon \pi i \tau i \theta \eta \mu i$ .

έπεί Ep. also έπειή, (ἐπί) Conjunct.: I. OF TIME, after that, when: from the time when. II. ΙΙΙ. ἐπεὶ OF CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that. άρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then. ἐπεὶ οὖν

when then. 3. ἐπεί περ since really.

**ΈΠΕΙΤΩ**, f. ξω: impf.  $\eta \pi \epsilon_i \gamma_{0\nu}$  Ep.  $\xi \pi \epsilon_i \gamma_{0\nu}$ : aor. I ήπειξα:-Pass., fut. med. ἐπείξομαι (in pass. sense): 201. I ήπείχθην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass. to be weighed down. 2. to press bard, press upon, in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, basten, burry on: - Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to baste to do: also absol. to basten, burry, speed: part. ἐπειγόμενοs as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. intrans. = Pass. to make baste.

έπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδή άν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

έπει-δή, (ἐπεὶ δή) Conjunction, I. of Time, since, after that, Lat. postquam. II. of Cause, seeing that, since, because : - so emeidhmep, since

really, since now.

έπ-είδον, inf. ἐπιδείν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφοράω being used instead), to look upon, behold, 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

έπειή or έπεὶ η, Adv. since certainly.

inelη, 3 sing. opt. of iπειμι.

έπ-εικάζω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τήνδ' ἐπεικάζων κυρώ; am I right in supposing her II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conhis wife? clude: ώs or δσ' ἐπεικάσαι so far as one may guess. ἐπείκεν, ἐπείκε, or ἐπεί κεν, ἐπεί κε, Ep. for ἐπεάν,

έπείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. έπ-ειμι, inf. ἐπείναι: impf ἐπην: fut. ἐπέσομαι. (ἐπί, εἰμί sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be imposed. IV. to be set over, Lat. coming on, to impend. pracesse. V. to be added, be over and above.

έπ-ειμι, inf. ἐπιέναι: Ep. impf. ἐπήϊα, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπήϊσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπιείσομαι: aor. I med. part. ἐπιεισαμένη: (ἐπί, εζμι ibo):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, ap-2. to come against, attack; of επιόντες the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come 4. to come on the stage. upon one, overtake. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; h ἐπιοῦσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπιών, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer: τὸ ἐπιόν what occurs to one. to traverse, bass over. IV. to go over, i.e. count over. έπ-είνυμι, Ion. for εφέννυμι. inf. med. επείνυσθαι,

Ιοπ. for ἐφέννυσθαι. έπεί-περ, for ἐπεί περ, Conj. since really, seeing that. έπ-ειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides:

to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπείπων. έπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

**ἐπείρομαι**, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

έπειρυσάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερύω. έπειρώατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πειράομαι.

ἐπειρωτέω, Ιοη. for ἐπερωτάω.

έπ-ειρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. for έπερώτημα, -ησις.

έπεισα, aor. ι of πείθω. έπ-εισάγωγή, ή, (ἐπί, είσάγω) a bringing in besides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-είσακτος, ον, (ἐπί, είσάγω) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ëπ-εισβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter. ἐπ-εισβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to pour into besides. intr. to invade again.

έπεισβάτης, ου, δ, (ἐπεισβαίνω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [a]

iπ-elσειμι, to come on besides: to come on the stage. έπ-εισέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον, pf. -ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in against, an attack by sea.

after. 2. to come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

έπεισέφρησα, aor. 1 of έπεισφρέω.

έπ-εισκυκλέω, f. ήσω, to roll in or on besides.

έπεισόδιος, ov, coming in besides, episodic. From έπ-είσοδος, ov, a coming in besides, an entrance.

έπ-εισπαίω, f. παιήσω, to burst in.

έπ-εισπηδάω, f. ήσω οτ ήσομαι, to leap in upon. έπ-εισπίπτω, f. –πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 – έπεσον:—to fall or burst upon: to burst in.

έπ-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

έπ-εισφέρω, f. -οίσω, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

έπ-εισφρέω, f. ήσω, to introduce besides.

έπ-ειτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἶτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereupon, thereafter, then, Lat. deinde. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic: 1. when a partic, of Time goes before, then; επειδή σφαίρη πειρήσαντο, ωρχείσθην δή έπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced. 2. after εl, then surely; εl δ' έτεον δη άγορεύεις, εξ άρα δή τοι έπειτα θεοί φρένας ώλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πωs; εί μεν δή έταρόν γε κελεύετε μ' αὐτὸν ελέσθαι, πῶs αν ἔπειτ' 'Οδυσήος λαθοίμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed? IV. then, therefore, much like ouv. V. and yet, nevertheless, still. with the Article, the following, the future; δ ἐπειτα

χρόνοs the time to come. έπεί-τε, or έπεί τε, since, for that, because.

έπειτεν, Ion. for έπειτα, thereupon, thereafter. έπεί-τοι, i. e. ἐπεί τοι, for in truth, since truly.

έπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

έπ-εκβοηθέω, f. ήσω, to rush out to aid. έπ-εκδίδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach in addition.

έπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

έπεκδρομή, ή, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, 201. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω)

an excursion or expedition against. έπεκέατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίκειμαι.

έπ-έκεινα, Adv., for έπ' έκεινα, on yonder side of, beyond: οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὸ ἐπέκεινα Att. τοὐπέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond. 2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier

έπεκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.

έπέκελσα, aor. Ι οf ἐπικέλλω.

έπέκερσα, aor. I of έπικείρω.

έπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπεκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπικλώθω.

έπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

έπ-έκπλοος contr. -έκπλους, δ, a sailing out

έπ-εκτείνω, f. -τενω, to stretch out, lengthen:-Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at. έπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμοθμαι: 20r. 2 -εξέδράμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

έπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far.

έπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to advance next or after. έπελάβετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

έπελαθόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

έπέλασις, εωε, ή, an attack, assault. From

**ἐπ-ελαύνω,** f. –ελάσω Att. –ελῶ: aor. I –ήλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. seemingly intr (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge. II. to beat out thin

upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota \beta o \nu$ , impf. of  $\epsilon \pi \iota \lambda \epsilon \iota \beta \omega$ .

έπελέλειπτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.

έπελήκεον, impf. of έπιληκέω.

έπελήλατο, 3 sing. plapf, pass. of ἐπελαύνω.

έπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι. έπέλησα, 201. 1 ος ἐπιληθάνω.

έπελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of επέρχομαι.

έπ-ελίσσω, έπ-έλκω, Ion. for έφελίσσω, έφέλκω.

ἐπέλλἄβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

em-ehmiζω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope,  $= \ell \lambda \pi i \zeta \omega$ . έπ-έλπομαι Ep. έπι-έλπομαι, Dep. to bave hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.

έπεμάνην [α], 20r. 2 of έπιμαίνομαι.

έπεμάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of έπιμαίομαι. έπ-εμβάδον, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.

έπ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ- $\epsilon \mu \beta \dot{a}s :$ —to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ερ. -βέβαα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβεβαώς; also c. dat., πύργοις ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

 $\epsilon \pi - \epsilon \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega$ ,  $f = \beta \check{\alpha} \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to put on or over. 3. to put in besides, inthrow down upon. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, δ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a borse-

ἐπεμβεβαώs, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω.

έπέμεινα, aor. I of ἐπιμένω.

έπ-εμελησάμην, -εμελήθην, aor. I med. and pass. οί έπιμελέσμαι.

έπεμήνατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ξπιμαίνομαι.

έπέμιξα, aor. τ of έπιμίγνυμι.

έπ-εμπηδάω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to leap upon, insult. έπ-εμπίπτω, f. -πεσοθμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; ἐπεμπίπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot 2. to fall to, set to work. towards a thing.

em-evapiζω, f. ξω, to slay one upon another. έπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινήχομαι.

έπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above. έπενδύτης, ου, ό, a tunic worn over another, an

outer or over tunic. From

έπ-ενδύνω, to put on over :--Pass. to have on over. έπενεικαι. Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπένειμα, aor. I of ἐπινέμω. **ἐπένευσα**, 20r. Ι οf ἐπινεύω.

έπενήνεον, impf. of ξπινην ξω.

 $\epsilon\pi$ -ev $\eta$ vo $\theta\epsilon$ ,  $(\epsilon\pi i, \epsilon\nu\eta\nu o\theta\epsilon)$  3 sing. pf., with no pres. έπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:-ψεδνή ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; ούλη ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οία θεούς επενήνοθεν αίεν εόντας such as appertains to the gods.

 $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \nu \eta \sigma \alpha$ , aor. I of  $\epsilon \pi i \nu \epsilon \omega$  (A).

έπ-ενθρώσκω, f. -ενθορούμαι: aor. 2 -ενέθορον, inf. -ενθορείν:-to leap upon; επενθρώσκειν ανω to leap up into.

έπενθών, Dor. aor. 2 part. of έπέρχομαι.

ἐπεντάθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπεντείνω

ἐπ-εντανύω, f. ύσω [τ], Ep. for ἐπεντείνω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

έπ-εντείνω, f. -εντενώ, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. I pass ἐπεντἄθείε stretched upon his sword. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

έπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.

έπ-εντύω and -εντύνω, to get ready, equip:-Med. to train oneself for a thing.

eπ-eξάγω, to lead out an army:-intr. to march out.

ἐπεξάγωγή, ή, a drawing out against, lengthening. έπ-έξειμι, inf. -εξιέναι: impf. ἐπεξήειν:-to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute. III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξιέναι τιμωρίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

έπ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελώ: pf. -εξελήλάκα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.

έπεξελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι. έπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

έπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξηλθον, pf. -εξεληλύθα;--to go out against an 2. to proceed against, prosecute. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplisb.

to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity: ωδ' ἐπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

έπ-εξέτασις, εως, ή, a review over again.

έπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.

έπ-εξήs, Ion. for έφ-εξήs.

έπ-εξιακχάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, "Ιακχος) to shout in triumph

έπ-εξόδιος, ov, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. lepá), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

έπ-έξοδος, ή, a march out against, expedition. έπ-έοικε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐπείκω in use:--it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely, reasonable, fitting: - ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπεοικότα, part. pf., what is seemly, fit. ἐπέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπίπτω. έπεπήγει, 3 sing. plapf. of πήγνυμι. έπέπιθμεν, for έπεποίθειμεν, I pl plapf. of πείθω. έπέπλως, 2 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 of ἐπιπλέω. έπεποίθει, 3 sing. plapf. of πείθω. έπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πάσχω. έπέπταρον, aor. 2 of έπιπταίρω. έπέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of έπιπέταμαι. έπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πυνθάνομαι. έπ-έπω, Ion. for έφέπω. έπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to work upon land, till, cultivate. Hence έπεργασία, ή, a working of another's land: an encroachment. II. the right of mutual tillage on each other's land. έπ-ερεθίζω, f. σω, to stimulate. έπ-ερείδω, f. -ερείσω, to urge on with all one's force; ἐπέρεισεν Ιν' ἀπέλεθρον he applied vast strength to it .- Pass. to lean or bear heavily upon. έπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, to cover with a roof. έπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπερείδω. έπ-έρομαι Ιοη. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ιοη. -ειρήσομαι: 2 επηρόμην,  $\inf$  επερέσθαι:—to ask, to consult, question. ἐπέρριψα, aor. I of ἐπιρρίπτω. έπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of έπιρρώομαι. έπερρώσθην, έπέρρωσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ξπιρρώννυμι. έπέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I of έπερύω. έπ-ερύω, f. -ερύσω [v]: 201. I -είρυσα:—to draw έπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.

on, pull to: to bring to a place:-Med. to draw on one's clothes.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ov Ep.  $-\hat{\eta}\lambda\ddot{\upsilon}\theta$ ov, pf.  $-\epsilon\lambda\dot{\eta}\lambda\ddot{\upsilon}\theta$ a:—to go or come to or towards: to come upon, esp. to come suddenly or unexpectedly upon. 2. in hostile sense, to come or go against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. to come on, come about, return; επήλυθον ώραι the seasons came round again. III. to come in after or over the head of another. IV. to occur to one, come into one's mind. V. to go over a space, traverse, visit. 2. to go through or over, discuss, 3. to go through, execute. έπ-ερωτάω Ion. έπειρ-, fut. ήσω, to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing:-Pass. to be

questioned, asked. Hence
questioned, asked. Hence
ἐπερώτημα Ιοπ. ἐπειρ-, ατοε, τό, a question: and
ἐπερώτησιε Ιοπ. ἐπειρ-, εωε, ἡ, a questioning.
ἔπεσα, rare aor. I of πίπτω.

έπεσαν, Ερ. 3 pl. impf. of έπειμι (εἰμί sum). ἐπεσβαίνω, = ἐπεισβαίνω.

ἐπεσβολία, ή, a using words at random, basty speech, unseemly language. From

έπεσ-βόλος, ον, (έπος, βάλλω) throwing words about: rash-talking, scurrilous.

έπ-εσθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, to eat after or in addition to.

ἐπεσκεψάμην, 201. Ι of ἐπισκοπέω. έπεσκίασμαι, pf. pass. of επισκιάζω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi\epsilon\sigma\sigma\nu$ , agr. 2 of  $\pi i\pi\tau\omega$ . ἔπεσπον, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω. ἐπέσσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί sum). ἐπέσσευεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω. έπεσσεύοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπισεύω. ἐπέσσϋμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, part. ἐπεσσϋμένοs. ἐπέσσὕτο, poet. for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plqpf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, in sense of aor. 2. έπεστάλθην, έπεστάλην [ă], aor. 1 and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω. έπέσταλτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω. έπεστράφην [α], aor. 2 pass. of έπιστρέφω. έπεστεώς, Ion. pf. part. of εφίστημι. έπέστην, aor. 2 of έφίστημι. ἐπεσφέρω, Ion. for ἐπεισφέρω. ἐπ-εσχάριος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσχάρα) on the bearth.  $\epsilon \pi - \epsilon \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o v$ , poet. aor. 2 of  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \chi \omega$ . ἐπ-έσχον, –εσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω. έπέταμον, 201. 2 οδ έπιτέμνω. ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω. έπ-έτειος, ον, and έπ-έτεος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔτος) annual, yearly, every year: changeable as the seasons. annual, lasting for a year. ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau \eta \delta \epsilon \nu \sigma \alpha$ , aor. I of  $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \eta \delta \epsilon \nu \omega$ . έπέτης, ου, ό, (ξπομαι) a follower, attendant.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\dot{\epsilon}\tau\dot{\eta}\sigma \cos$ , ov, =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\tau\dot{\epsilon}\cos$ , from year to year, lasting the whole year. έπετον, Aeol. for έπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω. έπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, = ἐπέτυχε, fell in or met with; part. ἐπιτόσσαιs = ἐπιτυχών, baving met with. (Origin uncertain) έπετράπην [ă], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω:--ἐπετράπόμην, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act. έπετράφθην, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω. ἐπέτυχον, 201. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω. έπευ, Ion. for έπου, imperat. of έπομαι. έπ-ευθύνω, to guide straight, direct. έπ-ευρίσκω, Ion for έφ-ευρίσκω. έπ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω: aor. I - ευφήμησα: - to shout assent. II. c. acc. to accompany in singing: to sing in praise of. έπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to pray to, make a vow: to pray or vow that: in bad sense, to pray a curse, II. to exult or triumph over. imprecate upon. έπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω. ἔπεφνον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of \*φένω. έπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plapf. of φέρβω. **ἐπέφράδον,** Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω. έπεφράσω, 2 sing. 20r. 1 med. of έπιφράζω. έπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of φράσσω. έπέφυκον, Ep. for ἐπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of φύω.

έπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φυσάω.

έπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of ἐπιχέω.

έπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of έπιχέω.

έπέχθην, aor. I pass. of πέκω.

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 $\epsilon\pi$ - $\epsilon\chi\omega$ , fut.  $\epsilon\phi$ - $\epsilon\xi\omega$ : aor. 2  $\epsilon\pi$ - $\epsilon\sigma\chi\sigma\nu$ , inf.  $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\chi\epsilon\iota\nu$ , poet.  $\xi \pi \xi \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o \nu :$  to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπώχατο:-to bold, keep:-Pass. and Med. to keep II. to bold out, present, offer. III. bold of. to hold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῷ ἐπέ-YELV to aim the bow at the mark;  $\tau i \mu o i \omega \delta' \epsilon \pi \epsilon \chi \epsilon i s$ ; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τούs Τεγεήταs to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχειν (sc. τοὺ ε ὀφθαλμού ε, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be IV. to keep in, bold back, check: to intent upon. stop or binder from. 2. intrans. (sub. ξαυτύν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:-Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to bave power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue. ἐπ-ηβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ηβάω.

έπ-ήβολος, ον, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) baving won or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense, νόσου ἐπήβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

έπήγαγον, 2 of ἐπάγω.

έπήγγειλα, έπήγγελκα, aor. I and pf. of έπαγγέλλω.

έπηγέρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

έπηγκενίδεs, ai, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνες) of the ship: v. sub ἴκρια.

έπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one. έπηεν, Ep. 3 sing impf. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί sum).

έπ-ηετανός, όν, and ή, όν, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπηεταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

έπήιεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of έπειμι (είμι ibo), be went

after, followed upon: ἐπήισαν 3 plur.

έπήϊσα, aor. I of ϵπαlω. έπήϊσσον, impf. of έπαίσσω.

ἐπῆκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ἐφίημι.

έπήκοος Dor. έπάκοος, ον, (έπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within bearing.

έπήκρισα, aor. I of έπακρίζω.

έπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακροάομαι.

έπηλα, aor. Ι οf πάλλω.

έπηλθον, aor. 2 of έπέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ηλυγάζω, (ἐπί, ἢλύγη) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ξπηλυγάζεσθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

έπήλυθον, Ep. for ἐπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπῆλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπηλυγάζω) oversbadowing; τὴν πέτραν ἐπήλυγα λαβείν to take the rock as a shelter. ἔπηλϋς, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπήλὔθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

έπ-ηλύσία Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἐπήλυθον) a coming over:

a bewitching.

έπ-ήλυσις, εως, ή, an approach, assault.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ - $\eta\lambda\dot{\upsilon}$ + $\eta$ s,  $o\nu$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}\pi\eta\lambda\nu$ s.  $[\ddot{\upsilon}]$ 

έπημαξευμένος, pf. part. pass. of έπαμαξεύω. έπημοιβόs, όν, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, alternate; χι-

τωνες έπημοιβοί changes of raiment.

έπ-ημύω, f. ύσω [t], to bend or bow down.

ἐπήν Ion. ἐπεάν late Att. ἐπάν, Conjunct. (ἐπεί, av) whenever, Lat. quandocunque.

 $\epsilon\pi$ - $\eta\nu\epsilon\mu$  ros,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon\pi i, \tilde{a}\nu\epsilon\mu\sigma s)$  windy. 2. vain.

έπηνεον, Ep. impf. of ἐπαινέω.

έπήνεσα Ερ. έπήνησα, aor. 1 of έπαινέω.

έπήνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ϵπανθϵω.

έπηνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθύω: so, έπηνώρθωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; έπηνώρθωμαι, pf. pass.

έπηξα, aor. 1 of πήγνυμι.

έπηξίωσα, aor. I of έπαξίοω.

έπ-ηόνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἡών) on the beach or shore.

έπηπείλησα, aor. I of έπαπειλέω.

έπ-ηπύω, f. ύσω [v], to shout to, cheer on.

έπ-ήρατος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

έπηρεάζω, f. σω, (έπήρεια) to threaten abusively: to deal despitefully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

έπήρεια, ή, wanton insult, contumely.

έπ-ηρεμέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, ήρεμος) to rest after.

έπ-ήρετμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, row-2. equipped with oars.

έπ-ηρεφής, έs, (ἐπί, ἐρέφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

 $\epsilon$ πήρθην, aor. 1 pass. of  $\epsilon$ παίρω.

έπήρκεσα, 201. 1 οδ έπαρκέω.

έπηρσα, aor. I of έπαραρίσκω.

έπησαν, Ep. for ἐπήισαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπειμι (€Ĭμι ιbo).

έπησθείεν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of έφήδομαι.

 $\epsilon \pi \eta \sigma \theta \omega$ , impf. of  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma \theta \omega$ .

έπησθόμην, 20r. 2 of έπαισθάνομαι.

έπήσκημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκέω.

έπητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔπος) affable, kind, gentle. έπητιάσω, 2 sing. aor. I of έπαιτιάομαι.

έπ-ήτρϊμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἥτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

έπητύς, ύος, ή, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

έπηθρον, έπηυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of έπαυρίσκομαι.

έπηύχησα, 201. Ι οδ έπαυχέω.

ἐπήφυσα, aor. I of ἐπαφύσσω. έπ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to resound, to reecho: to accom-

pany in shouting.

έπί, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc. Radic. sense, A. with gen., upon: I. of rest at a place, on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.; ἐφ' ὑμείων by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἐαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἐαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἐαυτῶν their own 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ini interest only. τριών, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρωs in single file. 4. before, in pre-5. over, of any one set over sence of, Lat. coram. a special business; οἱ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point; πλείν έπὶ Xίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν ἐπ' οίκου

to go home-wards. II. of Time, in or in the course of; επ' είρηνης in time of peace. the grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρία: on evidence: εἰπεῖν ἐπ' δρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' ότευ on what ground. B. WITH DAT., of Place: ἐπὶ χώρα on the spot: esp. where hostility is implied, opposite or against. II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτί in the night; ἐπ' ήματι τώδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event. III. in addition, over and above, one on another. IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ἐπὶ δόρπφ for supper; ἐπὶ κακφ ανθρώπου for mischief to man V. of the ground of doing a thing; γελαν ἐπί τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονείν ἐπί τινι to be proud at or of a VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτφ, ἐφ' ὧτε on condition, that ..; more briefly,  $\hat{\epsilon}\phi'$   $\hat{\phi}$  or  $\hat{\epsilon}\phi'$   $\hat{\phi}\tau\epsilon$ ;  $\hat{\epsilon}\pi'$   $\hat{o}\hat{u}\delta\epsilon\hat{\nu}\hat{\iota}$  on no condition; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίοις with strict justice; ἐπ' ἴσοις on reasonable terms. C. WITH ACCUS., of Place; extending over; ἐπ' ἐννέα κεῖτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους glory spread among all men. 2. motion towards or to a place; πλείν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against: - metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰθύν to labour, to an enterprize: esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, έπ' 'Οδυσσηα ήιε:-hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπὶ τί; for what? wherefore? 3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἴκοσιν five-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number, nearly, about. of Time, for or during a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον for 2. up to or till a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῶ till morning. III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμην by the line or rule;  $\tau \partial \ \tilde{\epsilon} \pi' \ \tilde{\epsilon} \mu \tilde{\epsilon}$  for me, as far as concerns me.

'Επί may follow its case, and then it is written ἔπι IN COMPOS. ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἔπ-ειμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατείω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἔπι-κειρέω, ἔπι-στρατεύω.

II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βιόω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω.

III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπί-κτητος, ἔπ-αυλέω.

IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία intermarriage.

V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, one and a tbird, = ‡.

VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἔπι-μάλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι- γοι ἔπεστι, it si εbare ready at hand.

ām, for ἔπεστι, it is there, ready, at band. ἐπ-τάλλω, f. -ιάλω: 20r. -ίηλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

έπιάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. ἐπι-ανδάνω, poét. for ἐφανδ-, to please, gratify. ἐπι-τάνω, το sleep among. ἐπι-τάνω [ἄ], to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud. ἐπιβά, for ἐπίβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend by ι a sading-ladder: a ganguay. ἐπίβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, perch. II. (ἐπιβάτης) a passenger's fare, Lat. naulum. ἐπιβαίνω, fut -βάσουμι: pf -βέβηνα: 2007 a ἐπίσ

έπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. 1 med. ἐπεβησάμην (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσετο, imperat.  $\epsilon \pi \iota \beta \dot{\eta} \sigma \epsilon o$ ): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon. upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίαs to take one's stand on piety. II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:-also, to set upon, attack, assault. III. c. acc. to light upon, Πιερίην έπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν IV. absol. to step ἐπὶ ἴππον to mount a horse. forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. I ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

 $\epsilon \pi \mathbf{i} - \beta \delta \lambda \lambda \omega$ , fut.  $-\beta \delta \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : 2 or. 2  $-\epsilon \beta \delta \lambda \delta \nu$ : to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine. to add: to add to, increase. II. intrans.. έπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. έαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go 2. to fall upon: to attack. straight towards. 3. (sub. voûv), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλών, absol., when he 4. to fall to one, come to one's thought on it. share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέροs] one's proper portion; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing. III. Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι baving their arrows on the string.

έπι-βαρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, βαρύε) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβάς, 2οτ. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπίβἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; είς τινα ποιείσθαι ἐπίβασιν to make means of attacking one

έπι-βάσκω, poët. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν υἶαs 'Αχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

έπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand. ἐπι-βάτεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp. II. to be an ἐπιβάτη», passenger or soldier. From

ἐπιβάτης [ā], ου, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; ol ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger.

2. the warrior in a chariot.

\* ἐπιβάτός, ή, όν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, accessible.

έπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

έπιβείομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. 201, 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

II.

έπι-βήσεο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίνω. έπι-βήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing, 20r. I med. of έπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήτωρ, ορος, δ. (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. of male animals, e.g. a boar.

ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ, Causal of ἐπιβαίνω, to put one upon.

ξπι-βίδω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 <math>ξπεβίων:—to survive. έπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look 2. to eye with envy, Lat. invidere.

ἐπίβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown on or over: a cover: a patch.

ἐπιβλής, ητος, δ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in or on a door.

έπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: 201. 2 ἐπέμολον:--to come upon, befall.

έπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι:--to call upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon, invoke; call to aid: -so also in Med.

ἐπιβοήθεια, ή, a belping, coming to aid, succour.

έπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, to come to aid, succour. έπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call to one.

έπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out against, ill spoken of.

έπιβολή, ή, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on;  $\epsilon \pi \iota \beta \circ \lambda \alpha \lambda$   $\epsilon \pi \lambda (\nu \theta \omega \nu \ layers or courses of bricks.)$ an infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing, an attempt, enterprise: a bostile attempt.

έπι-βομβέω, f. ήσω, to roar in answer.

ξπι-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon:—Med.of cattle, to graze or feed upon.

έπι-βουκόλος, δ, an over-cowherd, herdsman.

έπιβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against, a plot, attempt, scheme.

έπιβουλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plotter. From

έπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one; ἐπιβουλεύειν θάνατόν τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for, to aim at :- Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence ἐπιβουλή, ή, a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπιβουλη̂s by treachery.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\beta o \upsilon \lambda \dot{\iota} \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota \beta o \upsilon \lambda \dot{\eta}$ .

έπί-βουλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against, treacherous.

ἐπι-βράδύνω, f. ὔνῶ, to loiter at a place.

ἐπι-βράχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, for a short while.

έπι-βρέμω, to make to roar: - Med. to roar. intr. to roar or cry out to.

έπι-βρίθής, és, burdensome, grievous. From

έπι-βρίθω, f. ίσω [l], to be beavy upon, weigh II. metaph. to press beavily. down.

έπιβρίσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.  $\epsilon \pi \iota - \beta \rho \delta \nu \tau \eta \tau \sigma s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \mu - \beta \rho \delta \nu \eta \tau \sigma s$ , thunderstricken. ἐπι-βρύω, f. ύσω [v], to burst forth, as water: of flowers, to sprout, burst forth.

ἐπι-βύω, f. ύσω [v], to stop, caulk tight.

έπι-βωθέω, Ion. for έπι-βοηθέω.

έπι-βωμιο-στάτεω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στῆναι) to stand suppliant at the altar.

έπι-βώμιος, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) on or at the altar. έπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.

έπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, to shout to, call upon, clamour for.

έπί-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβόητος.

έπι-βώτωρ, opos, δ, an over-shepberd, shepberd.

 $\epsilon \pi i$ -yaios, ov,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \gamma a i a, = \gamma \hat{\eta})$  upon the earth;  $\tau d$ ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground.

έπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρύς) to marry a a widow as ber busband's next of kin.

ἐπι-γἄμέω, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γἄμῶ:-to marry besides; ἐπιγαμεῖν τέκνοις μητρυιάν to marry and set a stepmother over one's own children. Hence

έπι-γάμία, ή, an additional marriage. termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.

ἐπί-γἄμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) marriageable.

έπι-γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in. έπιγ-δουπέω, Ep. for έπι-δουπέω.

ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

 $\ell\pi\ell$ -yelos, ov,  $(\ell\pi\ell, \gamma\ell\alpha = \gamma\hat{\eta})$  on or of the earth.

έπι-γελάω, f. άσομαι [a], to laugh to or with, to laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh. έπι-γεραίρω, to give bonour to.

έπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.

 $\epsilon \pi_i - \gamma \eta \theta \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : pf.  $\dot{\epsilon} \pi_i \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \eta \theta \alpha$ :—to rejoice of triumph over: to exult in.

έπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην: pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γεγένημαι:--to be born after, έαρος έπιγίγνεται ώρη the season of spring comes next; οἱ ἐπιγιγνόμενοι posterity; χρόνου ἐπιγινομένου as time was going on. upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to bappen after, come to pass.

έπι-γιγνώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνων: pf. -έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recognise: hence to find out, discover: to become conscious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a judgment, decide.

έπι-γίγομαι, έπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for  $\epsilon \pi i \gamma i \gamma \nu -$ .

έπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. - ττάομαι: fut. ήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against, to upbraid.

έπι-γναμπτός, ή, όν, curved, twisted. From έπι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to curve, bend. II. metaph, to bow or bend another to one's purpose.

ἐπιγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω. έπιγνούς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπι-γνώμων, ονοφ, δ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon: as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.

έπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ίσω Att. lû, to make known, announce, signify.

ἐπίγνωσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιγιγνώσκω) full knowledge. έπιγνώωσι, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of ἐπιγιγνώσκω. **ἐπίγονος**, ον, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) born after: generally, offspring, posterity:—oi Ἐπίγονοι, the Afterborn, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.

έπιγουνίδιος, ον, on, set upon the knee. From έπι-γουνίς, ίδος, η, (έπί, γούνατος, Ion. gen. of γόνυ)

the region above the knee, the thigh.

ἐπιγράβδην, Adv. (ἐπιγράφω) scratching the surface,

grazing.

ēπ(γραμμα, ατοε, τό, (ἐπιγραφω) an inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering. 2. an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγραφεύς, έως, ὁ, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscriber: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc.

ἐπιγράφή, ἡ, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscription. II.

at Athens, a registration of property.

έπι-γράφω, f. ψω; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμα:

—to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράψαι κλῆρον to
put a mark on a lot. II. later, to write upon,
inscribe:—Pass., of the inscription, to be inscribed
upon. III. to enter in a public list or register:
esp. at Athens, to register the citizens' property:
ἐπιγράφειν τίμημα to lay the damages at so much:
—Med. to register oneself: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράψασθαι to enter the name of a patron in the public
register, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.
ἐπί-γρῦπος, ον, somewhat booked: somewhat book-

nosed. ἐπι-δαίομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, δαίω Β) to distribute, offer. ἐπι-δαίσιος, ον, (ἐπί, δαίω Β) assigned, allotted.

επι-δακρύω, f.  $\dot{v}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{v}$ ], to weep over or for.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \delta \bar{\alpha} \mu o s$ , ov, Dor. for  $\epsilon \pi i - \delta \eta \mu o s$ .

έπι-δαψίλεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to lavish upon a person, give freely.

έπιδέδρομα, pf. 2 of έπιτρέχω.

ἐπιδεής, ές, (ἐπιδέομαι) in want of : deficient : Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδεα.

επίδειγμα, ατος, τό, (επιδείκνυμι) a specimen: a

pattern, example, lesson.

έπι-δείελος, ον, (ἐπί, δείλη) at, towards evening; ἐπιδείελα, neut. pl. as Adv., towards evening.

em-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: 201. 1 -έδειξα Ion. -έδειξα:—to exhibit as a specimen or pattern: to shew forth, display, parade:—Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off:

2. to shew, point out:—to shew, prove, demonstrate. Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, ή, όν, fit for display; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λύγοι speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

 $\ell\pi$   $\delta \epsilon \hat{i} v$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\ell\pi \epsilon i\delta o\nu$ .

έπιδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ϵπιδείκνυμι.

έπιδειξις Ion. ἐπίδεξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιδείκνυμ) an exhibition, display: ἐς ἐπίδειξίν τινος ἀπικέσθαι to come within one's view, to his knowledge.

2. a pattern, example, Lat. specimen.

en-δειπνέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίδειπνον) to eat after dinner.

II. to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty.

έπι-δείπνιος, ον, (ἐπί, δείπνον) at or after dinner. ἐπί-δειπνον, τό, an after-meal, second course or dessert.

έπι-δέμνιος, ον, (ἐπί, δέμνιον) in or on the bed.

έπι-δέξιοs, ov, from left to right, towards the right, used chiefly in neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια as Adv., which therefore also means auspiciously.

2. = δεξιός, on the right side.

II. of persons, dexterous, skilful.

έπί-δεξις, Ion. for ἐπίδειξις.

έπι-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look upon, behold.

έπι-δεσμεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, δεσμός) to bind up.

ἐπι-δεσμός, ὁ, (ἐπί, δεσμός) a band, bandage. ἐπιδεσμο-χἄρής, ές, (ἐπίδεσμος, χαίρω) bandageloving, epith. of gout.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, f. όσω, to be lord over.

έπι-δευής, έs, poet. and Ion. for ἐπιδεής, in need or want of, lacking. II. lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen., βίης ἐπιδευέες failing in strength: also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέες 'Οδυσῆος inferior to Ulysses in strength: absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἤμεν far too weak were we. From

èπι-δεύομαι, poet. for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω Β) to be in want of, to lack: to need the help of.

II. to be lacking in a thing, fail in it.

ἐπι-δεύω, f. σω, to moisten on the surface.

έπι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to admit besides or in addition.

 $\epsilon m - \delta \epsilon \omega$  (A), f.  $-\delta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , to bind or fasten on. II. to bind up, bandage.

έπι-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want or lack so much of a number:—impers. ἐπιδεῖ, there is need of besides:
—Med. to be in want of, cf. ἐπιδεύομαι.

iπί-δηλος, ov, quite evident, manifest: open. distinguished. II. like, resembling.

ἐπι-δημεύω, f. σω, to live among the people. From ἐπιδημέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίδημος) to be at home, live at home: to sojourn among people, stay at a place.

II. to come home, from foreign travel. Hence

έπιδημία, ή, a staying at home, stay at a place.

ἐπι-δήμιος, ον, (ἐπί, δῆμος) among the people: dwelling at home; πόλεμος ἐπιδήμιος civil war; ἐπιδήμιοι ἐμποροι native merchants. II. sojourning at a place.

έπι-δημιουργοί,  $\hat{\omega}\nu$ , oi, magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies.

έπί-δημος, ον, = έπιδήμιος, of the people, popular.

έπι-διαβαίνω, fut.  $-\beta$ ήσομαι, to cross over besides or after another.

έπι-διαγιγνώσκω Ion. -γῖνώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: -to debate or decide afresb.

ἐπι-διαιρέω, f. ήσω, to divide over again: - Med. of several, to distribute among themselves.

ἐπι-διαπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail across besides. ἐπι-διαρρήγνῦμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear asunder after:—Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing.

em-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command be- ness. sides.

έπι-διαφέρομαι, Pass. to go across after.

έπι-διδάσκω, f. ξω, to teach besides.

έπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely: ΙΙ. ἐπιδιδόναι ἐαυto give with, give in dowry. τόν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper. IV. Med., θεούς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι 11.

έπι-δίζημαι. Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for

or demand besides.

έπι-δικάζω, f. σω, to adjudge to one :- Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to.

έπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much

contested.

έπι-δινέω, t. ήσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw: - Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:-Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air;  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi i \delta i \nu \eta \theta \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau \epsilon$ , aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διορθόω, f. ώσω, to correct or set in order after-

wards.

ἐπι-διπλοίζω or -οίζω, (ἐπί, διπλόοs) to redouble. έπι-διφριάς, άδος, ή, (έπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

έπι-δίφριος, ον, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \delta i \chi \alpha$ , Adv. for  $\epsilon \pi i \delta i \chi \alpha$ .

έπι-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue after: follow up:-as legal term, to prosecute again.

έπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω and -δόξω, to expect.

έπ-ιδόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπείδον; but έπι-δόντες, of έπιδίδωμι.

έπί-δοξος, ον, (ἐπί, δύξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

έπι-δόρπιος, ον, (ἐπί, δόρπον) for or of the banquet. έπίδοσις, εως, ή, (έπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state. II. increase, growth, progress.

έπιδοῦναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπι-

έπι-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise or clashing. ἐπιδοχή, ή, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new. έπιδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of έπιτρέχω; έπιδράμέτην,

3 dual indic. ἐπιδρομή, ή, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack. III. a place

for ships to run to, a landing-place. έπί-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τει-

χος ἐπίδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

έπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ύσω, to go down or set upon. έπι-δώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

έπ-ιδών, part. of ἐπείδον.

ἐπιδώσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ή, (ἐπιεικήs) likelihood, reasonable-II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild- off, assisting, governing.

2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \epsilon i \kappa \epsilon \lambda o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon i \kappa \epsilon \lambda o s$ , like.

έπι-εικής, έs, (ἐπί, εἰκόs) fitting, meet, suitable; ώs ἐπιεικέs as is meet; ὄν κ' ἐπιεικὲs ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear. II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, mo-2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ή, όν, (ἐπί, εἴκω) yielding; οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν

unceasing woe.

έπιεικώς Ion. έως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, 2. probably, reasonably. moderately.

čπιειμένος, η, ον, Ion. for έφειμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

έπιεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of έπειμι (είμι ibo). έπιείσομαι, Ion. fut. of έπειμι (είμι ιδο).

έπι-έλπομαι, poet. for ἐπέλπομαι. Hence

eπί-ελπτος, ov, to be boped or expected.

έπι-έννυμι, Ion. for έφ-έννυμι: aor. I έπί-εσα Ep. ἐπί-εσσα : pf. pass ἐπί-εσμαι or ἐπί-ειμαι :—to put on besides or over :- Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένος άλκήν, ἀναιδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκόν ἐπιέσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, bad brass upon it :- Med. to put on oneself besides : generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

έπιέσσαμεν, I pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

èπιέσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of èπιέννυμι.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\zeta$  $\ddot{\alpha}$  $\rho$  $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\beta\alpha\rho\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ον, (ἐπί, \*ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vebement, violent.—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶs (as if from ἐπι- $(a\phi \epsilon \lambda \eta s)$ , vehemently, furiously.

έπι-ζάω, f. - ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

έπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to the together, bind fast. yoke to.

έπι-ζεφύριος, ον, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

έπι-ζέφυρος, ov, lying towards the west.

έπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ή νεότης ἐπέζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. to make to boil, beat.

έπί-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous. έπι-ζήμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty II. liable to punishment. Hence upon, burtful.

έπι-ζημιόω, f. ώσω, to punisb. έπι-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting:

to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητοῦντες the beaters. ἐπι-ζώννῦμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf.

part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \zeta \omega \omega$ , Ion. for  $\epsilon \pi \iota \zeta \dot{\alpha} \omega$ .

 $\epsilon \pi i \eta \lambda a$ , aor. I of  $\epsilon \pi i \alpha \lambda \lambda \omega$ . έπ-ίημι, Ion. for έφίημι.

ἐπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνω. έπί-ηρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἦρα) things acceptable, pleasing

II. warding  $\epsilon \pi \iota - \eta \rho \Delta vos$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \pi i \eta \rho a)$  pleasing.

ininpos, ον, only in neut. pl. ininpa, q. v.

em. θαλάμιος, ον, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal, nuptial; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμιον (sub. μέλος), the nuptial song, epithalamium, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

έπι-θάλασσίδιος Att. -ττίδιος, ον, = sq.

έπι-θάλάσσιος Att. –ττιος, a, ον, (ξπί, θάλασσα) lying on the sea-shore, maritime.

έπι-θανάτιος, ον, (ἐπί, θάνατος) condemned to death.

ἐπι-θάνἄτος, ον, sick to death, like to die. ἐπι-θαρσύνω Att. -θαρρύνω, f. ὔνῶ, to cheer on.

em-θαυμάζω, f. σω, to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee (Lat. honorarium).

ἐπι-θειάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί, θεόs) to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence

έπιθειασμός, ό, an appeal to the gods, adjuration. έπιθείην, -θείναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι. ἐπιθείς, -θείσα, 2or. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι.

έπι-θεῖτε, for  $-\theta είητε$ , 2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of  $\epsilon \pi \iota$ -τίθημι.

em.θεράπείω, f. σω, to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.

έπι-θες, -θέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι.

inlθeσις, εωε, ἡ, (ἐπιτίθημι) a laying on, imposition. II. (from Med.) a setting upon, attack.

ἐπιθεσπίζω, f. σω, to prophesy upon.
ἐπιθετικόs, ή, όν, (ἐπιτίθεμαι) ready to attack: enterprising.

ier prissing.

ἐπί-θετος, ον, (ἐπιτίθημι) added, annexed: farfetched, foreign. II. as Subst., ἐπίθετον, τό, an
epithet.

- ἐπι-θέω, f.-θεύσομαι, to run upon os at: to run after, chase, pursue.

εσισε, pur suc. ἐπιθήκη, ἡ, (ἐπιτίθημι) an addition, accession: some-

thing given in or over in a hargain.
ἐπί-θημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτίθημι) anything put on, a

cover, lid. επι-θοάζω, f. σω, to sit as a suppliant at an altar,

to pray the gods for aid: cf. θοάζω. ἐπιθορείν, 201. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρώσκω.

έπιθορύβέω, f. ήσω, to shout in token of approval. έπιθράσσω Att. -ττω, contr. for ἐπιταράσσω.

έπι-θραύω, f. σω, to break besides.

έπιθρέξας, aor. I part. of ἐπιτρέχω.

έπι-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέθορον: — to spring or leap upon, c. gen.: c. dat. to insult over: absol, τόσσον ἐπιθρώσκουσι so far do they bound.

έπι-θυμέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, θυμόε) to set one's beart upon

a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence επιθύμημα, ατος, τό, the object of desire; and

έπιθύμησις, εως, ή, a longing desire; and έπιθυμητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who desires: a lover; and

έπιθυμητικόs, ή, όν, desiring, coveting. Adv. -κω̂s. ἐπιθυμία, ή, (ἐπιθυμέω) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.

έπι-θυμίαμα, ατος, τό, an incense-offering: from

em-θομιάω, f. άσω [ā], to offer incense.

im-ιθύνω, to aim straight at: to direct, govern.

ἐπζ-θύω, f. –θύσω [v], to offer sacrifice upon or after : —to offer sacrifice, offer.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \theta \acute{\nu} \omega$ , f.  $- \theta \acute{\nu} \sigma \omega$  [ $\bar{\nu}$ ], to rush eagerly at. 2. c. inf. to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (v.  $\theta \acute{\nu} \omega$  B.)

έπι-θωρακίζομαι, Med. to put on one's armour.

emi-θωθσσω, f. εω, to shout or call out.

έπι-ίδμων, ονος, δ, = έπιίστωρ. έπι-ίζομαι, Ion. for έφέζομαι.

έπι-ίστωρ, ορος, ό, ή, acquainted with, knowing.

έπι-καθαιρέω, f. ήσω, to pull down besides.

έπι-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Pass. to sit down upon. ἐπι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, to sit upon: to press upon, be beavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.

έπι-καθίζω, f. ίσω, to set upon. II. intr. to sit upon.

έπι-καινόω, f. ώσω, to innovate upon.

ϵπι-καίριος, ον, (ϵπί, καιρός) in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ϵπικαίριοι the chief persons.

έπί-καιρος, ον, = ἐπικαίριος: c. gen. fit, proper, convenient for a thing.

έπι-καίω Att. -κάω: f. καύσω:—to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.

έπι-καλέω, f. έσω, to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass. to to called by surname.

III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge.

IV. Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. provocare.

επικάλυμμα, ατοε, τό, a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of biding. From

ἐπι-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, shroud, hide. II.

to but over. Hence

ἐπικάλυψις, εωε, ή, a covering, concealment.

ἐπικαμπή, ἡ, (ἐπικάμπτω) a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπὴν ποιεῖσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.

έπικαμπής, έε, curved, curling. From

ἐπι-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend into an angle:—Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.

ἐπι-καμπύλος, ον, bent forward.

ἐπί-καρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. bead-foremost.

ἐπι-κάρσιος, α, ον, (ἐπίκαρ) properly on the head, head forwards. II. opp. to ὅρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὅρθια (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): c. gen., τριήρειε τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάρσιαι triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.

έπι-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to or upon a place. II. to go down after or against.

έπι-καταβάλλω, f. -βἄλῶ, to let fall down.

ěπι-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides:—Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.

έπικαταδαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομαι: 201. 2 -έδαρθον: -to fall aslesp at or upon.

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides. έπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place. έπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to catch up, overtake. έπι-καταμένω, f. -μενω, to stay yet longer.

έπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to throw oneself upon. èπι-κατάρατος, ον, yet more accursed.

έπι-καταρριπτέω and -τω, to throw down after or

upon. έπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ξω, to slay upon or over.

έπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition. έπικατέδαρθον, aor. 2 of έπικαταδαρθάνω.

έπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδείν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf.  $\epsilon l \delta o v$ .

έπι-κάτειμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into. έπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.

ἐπί-καυτος, ον, (ἐπικαίω) burnt at the end, Lat. praeustus.

ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [ā]

έπί-κειμαι, inf. -κεισθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed. 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; al ἐπικείμεναι νησοι the islands off the 3. to bang over, impend. II. to press beavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. III. of IV. to bave penalties, to be laid on, imposed. on one.

 $\epsilon \pi_i - \kappa \epsilon \ell \rho \omega$ , f.  $-\kappa \epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$  Ep.  $-\kappa \ell \rho \sigma \omega :$ —to cut down, mow II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.

έπικεκλόμην, 20r, 2 of έπικέλομαι.

έπικεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.

έπι-κελαδέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause, to cheer. έπικέλευσις, εως, ή, cheering, exhortation.

έπι-κελεύω, also in Med. έπι-κελεύομαι, to exbort and encourage, cheer on.

έπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα.--to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come to land, come asbore.

έπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.

έπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.

έπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ă]: aor. I έπεκέρἄσα Ep. -έκρησα:-to mix in, pour in again.

έπι-κέρδια, ων, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.

ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to jeer at, insult, teaze.

έπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of έφικνέομαι. έπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω Ι

will not bide it from thee. έπι-κήδειος, ον, (ἐπί, κήδος) of or at a burial.

ἐπικηρῦκεία, ἡ, (ἐπικηρυκεύομαι) the sending a berald or embassy to treat for peace.

έπικηρύκευμα, ατος, τό, a message or demand by berald. From

έπι-κηρῦκεύομαι, Dep. to send a message by a berald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.

έπι-κηρύσσω Att. - ττω: f. ξω:-to announce, proclaim; αργύριον ἐπικηρύσσειν τινί οτ ἐπί τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.

έπι-κίδνημι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικίδναμαι, to to share in common with.

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικίδναται ἡώε far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres. ἐπι-κίνδῦνος, ον, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νωs.

έπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for έπικεράννυμι.

έπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to send forth a sound in answer.

έπι-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι:--to weep upon or responsively. Hence

ἐπίκλαυτος, ον, tearful.

έπι-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.

έπι-κλάω, Att. for έπικλαίω. [ā]

ἐπι-κλεής, έs, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.

έπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to sbut up, close.

έπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέοε) to extol or praise the more.

έπι-κληίζω contr. -κλήζω, Ion. for έπι-κλείω (Β). έπίκλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.

έπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.

eml-κληροs, ov, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπίκληροs, ή, an only daughter and beiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.

έπι-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot.

έπίκλησις, εως, ή, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name: -absol. acc. ἐπίκλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.

ἐπίκλητος, ον, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as 2. specially summoned.

έπι-κλίνηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.

έπικλινής, ές, (ἐπικλινήναι) sloping, slanting.

έπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, armchair. From

έπι-κλίνω [7] : f. -κλἴν $\hat{\omega}$ : pf. pass. -κέκλἴμαι :—to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλίμέναι σανίδες closed doors. II. to bend towards: -Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to he 2. to recline at table. over against.

ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to stir up to commotion.

ἐπί-κλοπος, ον, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπίκλοπος μύθων cunning in speech.

έπι-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence

έπίκλυσις, εως, ή, an overflow, flood.

έπι-κλύω, to listen to, bear.

έπι-κλώθω, f. ώσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates: -so also in Med.

έπι-κνάμπτω, Att. for έπι-γνάμπτω.

έπι-κνάω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing. έπ-ικνέομαι, Ion. for έφ-ικνέομαι.

έπι-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fall asleep over.

ἐπί-κοινος, ον, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, pro-

miscuous: neut. pl. ἐπίκοινα as Adv. in common. έπι-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to communicate with.

em-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast bestdes, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

έπι-κομπέω, f. ήσω, to add boastingly: to boast of. ἐπίκοπος, ον, (ἐπικύπτω) cut sbort, lopped.

έπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:— Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat.

Med. to smite one s oreast ann wait for another, Lat. plangi.
ἐπικός, ή, όν, (ἔπος) Ερίς, of Ερίς poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί

the epic poets

έπι-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to adorn with: to celebrate. ἐπί-κοτος, ον, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant. Ἐπικούρειος, ου, ὁ, (Ἐπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a

follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίκουροs) to come to aid, to belp in war: generally, to belp at need; c. dat. rei, νόσοις ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

έπικούρημα, ατος, τό, belp, protection; and

έπικούρησις, εως, ή, aid, protection.

έπικουρία, ή, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

έπικουρικός, ή, όν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κοῦρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπίκουροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

έπι-κουφίζω, f. tow Att. τω, to lighten: to relieve of a burden.

II. to lift up, support.

2. metaph. to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate.

έπι-κράζω, f. ξω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κραίνω Ερ. -κραιαίνω: f. -κράνω: aor. I ἐπἐκρᾶνα Ερ. -ἐκρηνα, -εκρήηνα:—to bring to pass,
accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήηνον ἐἐλδωρ
grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to
achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κρῶνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, a head-dress.

II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ή, (ἐπικράτήs) mastery, dominion.

a government, dominion, province.

ěm-κρἄτέω, f. ήσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to bave power.

2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

έπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπικρατής, ές, (ἐπί, κράτος) baving control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior

έπικράτησις, εωε, ή, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest. ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and -ὑω: f. -κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμώ:--to bang over, cause to impend:--Pass. to overbang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

έπι-κρεμής, ές, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overbanging. ἐπικρήηνον, Ερ. aor. 1 imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

έπικρήνειε, Εp. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἐπικραίνω. ἐπικρῆσαι, Εp. aor. 1 inf. of ἐπικεράννυμι.

έπι-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

έπ-ίκριον, τό, (ἐπί, ἴκριον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

έπι-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to rattle on or over.

έπί-κροτος, ov, trodden bard, beaten.

 $\epsilon$ πι-κρούω, f.  $\sigma$ ω, to bammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ěπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 - έκρῦφον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπί-κρύφος, ov, bidden, secret.

έπι-κρώζω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπικτάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides; ἐπικτάσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

έπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anow.

ἐπίκτησις, εως, ή, (ἐπικτάομαι) fresb gain.

ἐπίκτητος, ον, (ἐπικτάομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῆ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπίκτητοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

έπι-κτύπέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῦν ποδοῦν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

έπι-κῦδής, ές, (ἐπί, κῦδος) glorious: brilliant. ἐπι-κῦίσκω, to impregnate again:—Pass, to become doubly pregnant.

έπι-κυκλέω, f. ήσω, to come round in turn to.

έπι-κύλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [τ]: 201. I -εκύλισα:— Pass., 201. I -εκυλίσθην:—to roll down upon.

έπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down. ἐπι-κύρέω and -κύρω: f. -κυρήσω and -κύρωω: aor. I -ϵκύρησα and -έκυρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in. ἐπι-κῦρόω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί, κῦρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

έπικύρσας, aor. I part. of έπικυρέω.

έπί-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρτός) bumpbacked. Hence

έπι-κυρτόω, f. ώσω, to bend forward.

έπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

έπι-κωκύω, f. ύσω [v], to lament over.

έπικώλῦσις, εως, ή, a binderance. From ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to binder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to make a riotous assault upon. ἐπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession.

2. laudatory.

ểπί-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κώπη) at the oar, a rower. 2 of a weapon, up to the very bilt.

έπιλαβέσθαι, 2 or. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλάβή, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a bandle.

ἐπιλαβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f. –λήξομαι, to receive by lot afterwards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards. ἐπι-λάζύμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight.

έπιλαθέσθαι, έπιλάθωμαι, 201. 2 med. inf. and subj.

of ἐπιλανθάνω.

έπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλᾶβον: pf. -εί-ληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack.
2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτὸς ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον.
3. to attain to, reach, over-live.
4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆε ὀπίσω ὁδοῦ to binder from getting II. metaph., πολύν χῶρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to back. get over much ground. B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπείλημμαι, to bold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσιοs to lay bold of a pretext. attack:-to seize upon, arrest:-to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence

ἐπίλαμπτος, ον, Ion. for ἐπίληπτος, caught, detected. έπι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμ-

ψάσης ημέρας when day bad dawned.

έπι-λανθάνω, ποτ. 2 έπέλαθον, to escape notice, be II.  $\epsilon$ πιληθάνω, f.  $-\lambda$ ήσω: aor. I  $-\epsilon$ λησα: Causal, to make to forget. III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, fut.  $-\lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu \alpha i$ , with pf. 2 act.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \eta \theta \alpha$ , and pf. pass. -λέλησμαι, to forget; ὀφείλων ἐπιλέληθα Ι forgot that I owed:—Pass., aor. I -ελήσθην, to be forgotten.

ἐπί-λασις, εως, ή, Dor. for ἐπίλησις.

έπι-λεαίνω, f. –λεἄνῶ, to smoothe over; aor. I part., ἐπιλεήνας τὴν Ξέρξεω γνώμην baving smoothed over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ , f.  $\epsilon \omega$ , to say in addition, to add fur-2. to call by name. II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:- Pass., ἐπιλελεγμένοι or ἐπειλεγμένοι chosen men. III. in Med. also, to read. 2. to think over, consider.

έπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi i - \lambda \dot{\epsilon} i\pi \omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ : aor. 2  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi \dot{\epsilon}\lambda i\pi o\nu$ : pf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi i\lambda \dot{\epsilon}\lambda oi\pi \alpha$ : Pass., 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελέλειπτο:—to leave behind II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδωρ μιν ἐπέλιπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ῥέεθρον to bave their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without βέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

έπίλειψις, εως, ή, failure, lack.

ἐπίλεκτος, ον, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπίλεκτοι picked soldiers.

έπιλέλησμαι, pf. pass of ἐπιλανθάνω.

έπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark. έπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.

έπι-ληθάνω, see έπιλανθάνω II.

ἐπίληθος, ον, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness. έπι-λήθομαι, poët. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.

έπι-ληίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.

έπι-ληκέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause.

έπι-λήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, ληνός) of a winepress or the vintage.

ἐπίληπτος, ον, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.

ἐπίλησις, τως, ή, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness. ἐπιλησμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλήσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, baving a bad memory: - Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμότατος.

έπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

έπίληψις, εως, ή, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

em-λίγδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

ἐπι-λιμνάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

έπι-λίνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

έπ-ιλλίζω, (ἐπί, ἴλλοs) to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.

έπι-λογίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ζουμαι: 20r. I -ελογισάμην and - ελογίσθην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.

ἐπίλογος, ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference. the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \lambda o \gamma \chi o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \lambda o \gamma \chi \eta)$  barbed.

ἐπίλοιπος, ον, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

έπι-λυπέω, f. ήσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence ἐπιλῦπία, ἡ, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λῦπος, ον, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.

επίλύσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιλύω) a release.

ἐπι-λύω, f. ύσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release. 2. to solve, explain.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \lambda \omega \beta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \lambda \dot{\omega} \beta \eta)$  to mock at.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\mu\dot{\alpha}\zeta\iota$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \mu\dot{\alpha}\zeta\dot{o}s)$  at the breast.

έπι-μαίνομαι, Pass, with aor. 2 - εμάνην [α], aor. I med.  $-\epsilon \mu \eta \nu \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ , pf. act.  $-\mu \dot{\epsilon} \mu \eta \nu \alpha := to be mad after$ , dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

έπι-μαίομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι: Ep. aor. I - εμασσάμην: Dep.: - to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at. II. c. acc. to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.

έπι-μαλλον, Adv. for έπὶ μαλλον, still more.

έπιμανδάλωτόν, τό, (ἐπί, μανδαλωτός) a wanton kiss. ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. – μἄθήσομαι, to learn besides or after. έπι-μαρτυρέω, f ήσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing. Hence

ἐπιμαρτύρία, ή, a witness, testimony.

έπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence. 2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat.

obtestari. 3. to declare before witnesses. Hence ἐπι-μάρτύρος, δ, a witness to anything.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\mu\dot{\alpha}$ prus, gen.  $-\ddot{\nu}$ pos,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\mu\dot{\alpha}$ prupos.

έπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of έπιμαίομαι.

έπι-μάσσω, f. ξω, to knead again: - Med. to stroke. έπι-μαστίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, μαστός) at the breast.

έπίμαστος, ον, (ἐπιμαίομαι) seeking after or for. ἐπιμαχέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence

ἐπιμάχία, ή, a defensive alliance. έπί-μάχος, ον, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) that may easily be at-

tacked, assailable, open to attack.

έπιμειδιάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ , and  $-\mu$ ειδάω, f.  $\eta$ σω:—to smile at or upon.

έπιμειναι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιμένω.

έπιμέλεια, ή, (ἐπιμελήs) care, attention, diligence;

ἐπιμέλειά τινος attention paid to a thing.

έπι-μελέομαι and έπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, aor. I -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, 20τ. Ι - εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, ατος, τό, an object of care, a care.

έπι-μελής, έε, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anzious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲε τῷ Κύρω ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελὲε μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲε τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελέομαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

έπιμελητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελέομαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

έπι-μέλομαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

iπι-μέλπω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελωs, Adv. of ἐπιμελήs, carefully. ἐπιμέμνημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμιμνήσκω.

έπι-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to

aim at, desire.

èm-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπίμεμψις, εως, ή, blame, complaint.

êπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: 20τ. I ἐπέμεινα:--to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. 2cc.

έπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send

for a reinforcement.

έπι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out to, assign to:— Pass., δ ἐπιμετρούμενος σῖτος the com measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ini-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

έπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Έπι-μηθεύς, έως, δ, (ἐπί, μῆδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought. ἐπι-μηθής, ές. (ἐπί, μῆδος) thoughtful.

Έπι-μηλίδες, ίδων, al, (ἐπί, μηλα) Nymphs protec-

tors of flocks.

έπι-μήνιος, ον, (έπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. lepá) monthly offerings.

im-μηνίω, f. ίσω [i], to be angry at or with.

έπι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions.

II. to devise besides.

έπι-μήχανος, ον, (ἐπί, μηχανή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμήχανος ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

έπ-μίγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -μίτω:--to mix in or with:--Pass. ἐπιμίγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

έπι-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. έπι-μιμνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνήσθησομαι; aor. I -εμνησάμην and -εμνήσθην: -to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησαίμεθα χάρμηε let us think of battle. III. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

έπι-μίμνω, poët. for ἐπιμένω.

έπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμιξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἐπιμίγνῦμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

 $\ell\pi i - \mu \iota \xi \iota s$ ,  $\ell \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\ell\pi \iota \mu \iota \xi \iota a$ .

em-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for em-μίγνυμι, to bave dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

έπιμνάομαι, -μνῶμαι, Ιοη. for ἐπιμμνήσκομαι. ἐπιμνησαίμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμμνήσκω. ἐπιμνησθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμμνήσκω.

έπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides. έπι-μολείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλώσκω. Hence

eπί-μολος, ον, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ή, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

έπίμομφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky. ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

έπι-μύζω, f. ξω, to mutter or murmur at.

έπι-μύθιος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story; τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

έπί-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

έπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμυζω, to mutter.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \mu \acute{\nu} ω$ , f.  $-\mu \acute{\nu} σω$  [ $\bar{v}$ ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

έπι-μωμάσμαι Ion. -έσμαι, Dep. to find fault with.

ἐπιμωμητός, ή, όν, blameworthy, blameable.

eπί-μωμος, ov, blamed, blameworthy

ἐπι-μώομαι, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι. ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

έπί-νειον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

έπι-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένειμα:
—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπενείματο τὰς ᾿Αθήνας.

έπινενησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

έπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

έπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I - ένευσα:—to nod forwards.

II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding.

III. to incline to or towards.

έπι-νέφελος, ου, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast. ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ου, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys. ἐπι-νέφι (Δ) f -νήσοι to soin to est of the Fates

ἐπι-νέω (A), f.-νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates. ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπινηνέω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπινενησμένοs piled up with.

έπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top. έπι-νήζος, ον, (ξπί, ναθς) on board ship.

έπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νέω) to beap or pile upon. ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

έπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface.

2. to swim to or over to.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ -vikios, ov,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \nu\dot{\iota}\kappa\eta)$  of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπινίκιον (sub. ἀσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θῦμα), a feast in bonour of a victory.

 $i\pi(-vikos, ov, = i\pi i vikios.$ 

έπι-νίσσομαι, fut. -νίσομαι, to go over: come upon.

emi-vlow, to snow upon. [vī]

έπι-νοέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπενόησα, but also with aor. I pass. επενοήθην in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol. to form a plan, design. Hence

έπίνοια, ή, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, de-

sign. II. after-thought.

έπίνομες, Dor. 1 pl. impf. of πίνω.

έπινομία, ή, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

έπίνομος, ον, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country. έπι-νύκτιος, ον, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.

έπι-νυμφίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νύμφα) of or for a bride, bridal. έπι-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface. ἐπι-νυστάζω, f σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.

έπι-νωμάω, f. ήσω, to bring or apply to. distribute, assign.

έπι-νωτίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-νωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\nu\dot{\omega}\tau\iota$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}, \nu\dot{\omega}\tau o\nu)$  on the back.

emi-ξavθos, ov, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares. έπι-ξεινόω, f ώσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξενόω.

ἐπι-ξενόω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest: -Pass, to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med., ἐπιξενοῦμαι ταῦτα Ι claim these offices as a stranger.

έπι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to scrape on the surface. dπί-ξηνον, τό, (ἐπὶ, ξηνός) a chopping-block, like

ἐπικόπανον: the executioner's block.

έπί-ξυνος, or, poet. for ἐπίκοινος, common to many; ἐπίξυνος ἄρουρα a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.

έπι-οίνιος, (ἐπί, οίνος) at or over wine.

έπι-οινοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

**ἔπιον**, aor. 2 of πίνω.

έπι-όπτης, ου, ό, poet for έπόπτης.

έπιορκέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπιώρκησα: (ἐπίορκος):to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρός δαίμονος by a deity; ταs βασιληίαs ίστίας ἐπιορκείν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence

έπιορκία, ή, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπί-ορκος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπίορκον δμνύναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπίορκον ἐπομνύναι to swear a bootless oath.

έπι-ορκοσύνη, ή, = ἐπιορκία.

έπι-όσσομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὅσσε) to bave before one's eyes, foresee.

έπί-ουρος, δ, (ἐπί, ουρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτη ἐπίουροε guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ψων επίουροs chief swine-berd.

έπ-ιοθσα, ή, part. pres. fem. of έπειμι (είμι ibo), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

έπιούσιοs, ov, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

έπι-όψομαι, poet. for ἐπόψομαι.

έπί-παγχύ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

έπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

έπι-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαμαι pf. of πάομαι) Dor. for ἐπίκληροs, falling to one's sbare.

έπί-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

έπι-παρανέω, to beap up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides :-- Med. to provide oneself with besides.

έπι-πάρειμι, inf. - είναι, to be present at or near. to be present besides or in addition to.

έπι-πάρειμι, inf. -ιέναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. to come forward to speak.

έπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ă].--to sprinkle

upon or over. Hence

έπί-παστος, ον, sprinkled on or over:---τὸ ἐπίπαστον a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster.

έπι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise at.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \pi \epsilon \delta o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \pi \epsilon \delta o \nu)$  on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; èν ἐπιπέδφ on a level:irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.

έπιπειθής, és, obedient, compliant. From

έπι-πείθομαι, f. –πείσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

έπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. 401. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the

coming year

έπί-πεμπτος, ον, containing I and 1 = 6; δάνεισμα έπίπεμπτον a loan at the rate of \ of the principal, or 20 per cent.

έπι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon.

to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence έπίπεμψιε, εωε, ή, a sending to a place.

έπιπέπτωκα, pf. of έπιπίπτω.

έπιπέπωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.

έπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripen-

έπί-περκνος, ov, somewbat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

έπιπεσούμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

έπιπεσών, ούσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of επιπίπτω.

έπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

έπι-πέταμαι or -πέτομαι, only found in aor. 2 έπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep.:—to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

έπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix upon. to make to freeze at top :- Pass. to congeal.

έπι-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring upon, rusb at.  $\epsilon \pi (-\pi \eta \chi v s, v, (\epsilon \pi i, \pi \hat{\eta} \chi v s)$  above the elbow.

ἐπι-πίέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πίλνἄμαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to

approach, come near.

έπι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing. ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: 201. 2 - ἐπιον: to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.

**ἐπι-πίπτω**, f. -πεσοῦμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2 - έπεσον:—to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.

έπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλοα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. supellex.

ἐπιπλαγχθείs, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω. ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω, to make to wander over, to drive about: --Pass, with fut. med. -πλάγξομαι: aor.

I pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.

έπιπλάσας, aor. I part. of έπιπλάσσω.

έπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [α]:—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

έπίπλαστος, ov, plastered over :- feigned, false.

 $\epsilon \pi \iota - \pi \lambda \epsilon \hat{\iota} o \nu$ ,  $A d v = \epsilon \pi \iota \pi \lambda \epsilon o \nu$ .

έπί-πλειος, ον, Ερ. for ἐπίπλειος.

έπι-πλείων, ον, gen. ovos, still more.

έπι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to platt into a chaplet. ἐπι-πλέον, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλέον, still more.

έπί-πλέος,  $\alpha$ , ον, Att. ἐπίπλέως, ων, (ἐπί, πλέος) quite full of a thing.

ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ή, a sailing against; ἐπίπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

έπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. 20τ. 2 ἐπέπλων, part. ἐπιπλών:—to sail upon or over: to float upon.

II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet.

III. to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.

ἐπί-πλεως, ων, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.

έπι-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι την ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresb.

em-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. fω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἔπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοοs, ον, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as ἄπλοοs from ἄμα, δίπλοοs from δίε.

**ἐπιπλόμενος**, Ep. for ἐπιπελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. omentum: also ἐπίπλοος, ὁ.

eπίπλοος contr. eπίπλους, ὁ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, hearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet.

2. a naval expedition against a place.

έπι-πλώς, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ερ. 201. 2 of ἐπιπλέω ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. 201. 1 part. of ἐπιπλέω.

έπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.

έπι-πνείω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

em-πνέω Ep. -πνείω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐπέπνευσα:—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive: —metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat, adspiro. έπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνῖ]

έπίπνοια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon: inspiration. ἐπι-πόδιος,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ , πούς) upon the feet.

έπι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence

έπιπόθησις, εως, ή, a yearning after: and

έπιπόθητος, ov, longed for, earnestly desired: and έπι-ποθία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = έπιπόθησις.

έπι-ποιμήν, δ, ή, an over shepherd or shepherdess.

ἐπιπολάζω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

έπι-πόλαιος, ov, on the surface: prominent, project-

2. superficial, ordinary. From

έπι-πολή, ή, (ἐπί, πέλω) a surface: gen ἐπιπολῆs, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above. II. al Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

έπι-πόλιοs, ον, growing boary, grizzled.

 $\epsilon \pi i$ - $\pi o \lambda o s$ , =  $\pi \rho o \sigma \pi o \lambda o s$ , an attendant.

έπι-πολύ, Adv, for έπὶ πολύ, generally. έπι-πονέω, f. ήσω, to toil on, persevere.

èπί-πονος, ov, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, pains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. aegre, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

έπι-πορεύομαι, f. med. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I pass. - επορεύθην: Dep.:—to go, march to: to march over.

 $\epsilon \pi i - \pi \delta \rho \pi \bar{a} \mu a$ ,  $\mu a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \pi o \rho \pi \dot{a} \omega)$  a mantle buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or bover over.

ent-πρέπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseem, be befitting.

έπι-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

έπι-πρηύνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πραύνω, = πραύνω.

έπι-πρίω [i], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

έπι-προβάλλω, f. - βαλῶ, to throw forward. ἐπιπροέηκα, Ερ. 201. 1 of ἐπιπροίημι.

έπιπροέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf of έπιπροίημι.

em-προϊάλλω, f. άλω: aor. I -προίηλα:—to set out or place before one.

2. to send out one before or after another.

έπι-προίημι, fut. -προήσω: aor. I -προήκα Ερ. -έηκα:—to send forth towards or at: to shoot at.

II. νήσοισιν έπιπροέηκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

eπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

έπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θεύσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθέω (B), f. ήσω, (ἐπίπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way; ἐπιπροσθεῖν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

 $\epsilon$ πι-προχέω, f.  $-\chi\epsilon\hat{\omega}$ , to pour forth over: to pour forth.

έπι-πταίρω: 201. 2 ἐπέπτάρον:—to sneeze at; viós μοι ἐπέπταρε πασιν ἔπεσσιν my son sneezed as I spoke

the words,—a good omen; hence of the gods, to be kindly to, favour.

έπιπτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of έπιπέτομαι.

ἐπιπτυχή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap. έπι-πωλέομαι, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire: of a general, to inspect, review of an enemy, to reconnoitre. Hence

έπιπώλησις, cws, ή, a going round, visitation.

ϵπι-πωτάομαι, = ϵπι-ποτάομαι.

έπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ήσω, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallop.

έπιρ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to be careless about a thing. emippalva, to sprinkle upon or over.

έπιρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew, stitch on

έπιρ-ράσσω Att. - ττω, Att. for ἐπιρρήσσω.

έπιρ-ρέζω, f. ξω, to offer sacrifices at a place; έπέρ-2. to sacrifice afterwards or ρεσκον Ion, impf.

έπιρρεπήs, és, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

έπιρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον to force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot.

ἐπιρρεπωs, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπήs, favourably inclined. έπιρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass (in act. sense)

ἐπερρύην:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. to flow to or into: of men, to stream on or towards; ούπιρρέων χρύνος onward-streaming time, i.e. the

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota \rho - \rho \dot{\eta} \gamma \nu \bar{\nu} \mu \iota$ ,  $= \dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota \rho \rho \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \omega$ .

 $\epsilon\pi$ (p-phois,  $\epsilon\omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon\pi$ i,  $\dot{\rho}\hat{\eta}\sigma is)$  a reproach.

a spell, charm.

έπιρ-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. έπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω:--to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρήσσεσκον. 2. to rend at or on bearing a thing. II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning.

έπιρ-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) to speak as an

orator to or over.

έπίρ-ρητος, ov, cried out against, infamous.

έπίρ-ρικνος, ov, sbrunk up.

έπιρ-ρίπτω and -έω: f. ψω: aor. I - έρριψα:—to cast at or upon. 2 metaph. to commit to, give up II. intr. to fall upon.

έπιρροή, ή, (ἐπιρρέω) an afflux, influx, a flood. έπιρροθέω, f. ήσω, to roar at, of the waves: to echo to repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh flag of a ship. against. Hence

έπίρ-ροθος, ov, basting to the rescue, aiding: generally, belping in need, giving aid against. ἐπίρροθα κακά reproaches bandied back and forwards. abusive language.

έπιρ-ροιβδέω, f. ήσω, to forebode rain by croaking. Hence

ἐπιρροίβδην, Adv. with noisy fury.

έπιρ-ροιζέω, f. ήσω, to croak to or at: c. acc. cognato, έπ. φυγάs τινι to sbriek or bode flight to one. έπιρρυείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

 $\epsilon$ πιρ-ρύζω, f.  $\epsilon \omega$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \dot{\rho} \dot{\nu} \zeta \omega)$  to set a dog on one. έπιρ-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

ἐπίρρῦτος, ον, (ἐπιρρέω) flowing in or to: coming 2. metaph. overflowing, in upon, adventitious.

II. overflowed, moist. abundant.

έπιρ-ρώννυμι and -ύω: fut. -ρώσω: aor. I -έρρωσa:-to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing: Pass. ἐπιρρώνυμαι; but the pf. ἐπέρρωμαι, plapf. - ερρώμην are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -ερρώσθην: to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in aor. 1, impers., κείνοιε ἐπερρώσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

έπιρ-ρώομαι, aor. ι - ερρωσάμην: Dep.: - to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing. II. to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at; ποσσίν ἐπερρώσαντο they moved

uimbly with their feet.

έπιρρωσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρρώννυμι.

έπι-ρύομαι, v. ξπιρρ-.

έπισα, 20r. I of πιπίσκω, to make to drink.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάττω) a pack-saddle : metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματοs a burden of disease.

έπι-σάττω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. load or saddle a horse.

έπι-σείω Ep. έπισσείω: f. σω:-to sbake at or 2. to wave or beckon on: hence to set at against. or upon one.

έπι-σεύω Ep. έπισσεύω; -to put in motion against one, set on. II Pass. to burry, basten towards: in hostile sense, to fall upon, rush at, attack: esp. in II. pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plopf. ἐπεσσύμην as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπεσσύμενος, to rush on, burry, basten; ἐπεσσύμενος πεδίοιο burrying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσσυτο διώκειν be basted on to follow:metaph. to be in excitement or agitation.

έπί-σημα, ατος, τό, device upon a shield.

έπι-σημαίνω, f. ανω, to set a mark or sign upon:-Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. II. to give a sign of approval: -Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

έπί-σημος, ον, (ἐπί, σημα) baving a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined. 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. σημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a deor answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing; vice: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or

έπ-ίσης, for ἐπ' ἴσης [sc. μοίρας], equally.

έπι-σίζω, to set on, as a dog.

έπί-στμος, ον, (ἐπί, σιμός) somewhat flat-nosed. έπι-στμόω, f. ώσω, to turn aside one's course.

έπι-σιτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω:—to furnish with food: -Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. acc., ἐπισιτίζεσθαι τὸ στράτευμα to provision the army; ξπισιτίζεσθαι άριστον to provide oneself with a meal.

έπισίτισμα,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and έπισίτισμα,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , = sq. έπισττισμός, δ, (ἐπισιτίζω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions.

int-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig superficially.

έπι-σκεδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon. ἐπι-σκέλζσις, εως, ή, (ἐπί, σκέλοι) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.

έπι-σκεπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of επισκέπτομαι, to

be considered, examined.

έπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.

ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

έπισκευαστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who restores.

έπι-σκευή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for

repairs, stores.

έπίσκεψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection.
2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

έπί-σκηνος, ον, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent. ἐπι-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, to lodge in a tent: generally,

to stay, abide at a place.

ent-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon.

II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee.

III. to prosecute or indict.

ἐπι-σκὶάζω, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασμα:—to tbrow a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαθραῖον ὄμμ' ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.
 ἐπί-σκῖος, ον, (ἐπί, σκιά) overshadowed.

shading, c. gen.

έπι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὀνείροιε οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.

emi-σκοπος, δ, (σκοπός 1) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop.

II. a scout, watch.

emi-σκοπος, ον, (σκοπός 11) hitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπίσκοπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.

έπι-σκοτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, σκότοι) to throw darkness or a shadow over.

έπι-σκύζομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.

ἐπι-σκύθίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to ply with drink like a Scythian.

έπι-σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, to look savage.

**ἐπι-σκύνιον**, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὀφρύε, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.

ἐπισκύσσαιτο, Ep. 201. 1 opt. med. of ἐπισκύζομαι. ἐπι-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence ἐπίσκωψις, εως, ή, raillery.

ἐπι-σμάω, inf. –σμῆν, f. –σμήσω, to rub ot smear over. ἐπι-σμῦγερός, ά, όν, (ἐπί, σμυγερός = μογερός) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμυγερῶς, sadly, to bis cost.

ἐπισπαστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἐπισπάω) the handle by which a door is pulled to.

II. a fishing-line, angle.
ἐπίσπαστος, η, ον, drawn upon oneself.

II.

επίσπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From

έπι-σπάω, f. –σπάσω [α]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause.

2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med.

3. ἐπισπῶν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to.

4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain. ἐπισπεῖν, 2011. of ἐφέπω.

έπι-σπείρω, f. ερω, to sow with seed: to sow among.

έπισπείσας, aor. 1 part. of ἐπισπένδω.

έπίσπεισιε, εωε, ἡ, a libation at a sacrifice. From έπι-σπένδω, f. σπείσω, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

ἐπισπερχής, έs, burried, eager:—Adv. -χῶs. From ἐπι-σπέρχω, ſ. fω, to urge on, basten. II. intr. to burry on, rage furiously.

έπισπέσθαι, 2 or. 2 inf. med. of έφέπω.

intr. to basten onward.

έπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπισπονδή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.

έπισπορία, ή, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.

έπίσπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: οἱ ἐπίσποροι posterity.

ěπι-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.

ἐπίσπω, ηε, η, ἐπίσποιμι, οιε, οι, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part.

ppt. οι εφενω:—επισπων, ουσα, ου, aor. 2 part. έπισ-σείω, έπισσεύω, Ep. for έπισείω, έπισεύω.

ěπίσ-σύτος, ον, (ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω) burrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.

έπίσσωτρον, Ep. for έπίσωτρον, a tire.

έπίστα, for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing of ἐπίσταμαι.

έπιστάδόν, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly. ἐπι-στάζω, f. –στάξω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.

έπι-σταθμάσμαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.

ἐπί-σταθμος, ον, at, belonging to a lodging or station. ἐπίστα μαι, 2 pers. ἐπίστασα poèt. ἐπίστα Ion. ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπίστα τω: impf. ἡπιστάμην Ερ. ἐπιστάμην: fut. med. ἐπιστήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἡπιστήθην: Dep.: (ἐπίστημ). I. c. inf. to know bow to do: to be capable of doing.

II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, η, ον, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέμους skilful or versed in war.

έπισταμένως, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) skilfully, expertly.

ἐπιστάs, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.

έπίστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking. II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a balt in a march. 2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety. ἐπιστάγενω, f. σω, and

έπιστάτέω, f. ήσω, (έπιστάτηs) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over.

II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτηs) in the assembly.

III. to

stand by, be present.

èπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτηε ἄθλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athen the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτανις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.

έπιστάτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of έπιστάτης.

ἐπιστέαται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι. ἐπιστέατο, Ion. for ἡπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.

έπι-στείβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.

έπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach. επι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach. επι-στείλω, f. -στελω: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I -εστάλθην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [α]: pf. -έσταλμαι:— to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in, tighten.

έπι-στενάζω, f. άξω, to groan over. έπι-στενάχω or -στενάχομαι, = έπιστένω.

έπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.

έπι-στεφάνόω, f. ώσω, to deck with a garland. έπιστεφής, έs, crowned to the brim; κρητῆραs ἐπι-

στεφέας οίνοιο goblets brimming over with wine. ἐπι-στέφω, ί, ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητήρας ἐπεστέψαντο ποτοίο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., yods ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an bonour to the dead.

έπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι. ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom.

2. scientific knowledge,

science: in plur. the sciences. επίστημι, Ion. for εφίστημι.

έπιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.

έπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.

έπιστητός, ή, όν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.

έπι-στίλβω, to glisten on the surface.

έπ-ίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἰστίη) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπ-ίστιον, τό, a dock for sbips.

ěπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [ἄ]

έπιστολεύς, έωε, ό, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary.

II. a vice-admiral.

ἐπιστολή, ή, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστο-λῆs by command.
2. c. letter, Lat. epistola.

έπι-στομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a borse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag.

II. to throw down on the face.

έπι-στονάχέω, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.

έπι-στορέννυμι, shorter -στόρνυμι or -στρώννυμι: f. -στρώσω: aor. i -εστόρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass. -έστρωμαι:--to strew or spread out upon.

επιστράτεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march

or expedition against one.

ἐπιστράτευσις, εως, ή, = ἐπιστρατεία. From ἐπι-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.

έπι-στράτητη, Ion. for έπιστρατεία.

έπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to encamp over against. έπιστράφείς, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπιστραφηναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφω subj.

έπιστρεπτος, ον, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards

or looked at: hence, to be admired.

έπι-στρεφής, έs, turning towards: attentive, careful, sharp, shrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρεφῶε Ion. --έωε, earnestly, sharply. From

έπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:--to turn or direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 –εστράφην [ἄ]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or converted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, mean. III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. eneστραμμένοs, η, ον, = ἐπιστρεφήs, earnest, pressing, vebement.

έπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways,

turning right and left.

έπιστροφή, ή, (έπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about.

II. (έπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice.

2. a moving about in 2 place; δωμάτων έπιστροφαί occupation of the palace.

ἐπίστροφος, ον, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: con-

cerned with or in.

έπι-στρώννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι. ἐπι-στρωφάω, f. ήσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but

έπιστρωφάω, f. ήσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place: to occupy one's bouse: also to come to. ἐπίστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.

iπι-συνάγω, f. άξω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence

έπισυνάγωγή, ή, an assembling together at a place. έπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.

έπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. - έστην, pf. | against. -έστηκα, to conspire against. έπι-συντρέχω, f. -δραμοῦμαι, to run together to. ἐπίσυρμα, ατος, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From έπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over. έπισύστασις, εως, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult. έπι-σφάζω, f. ξω, to slaughter over or besides, immolate. έπι-σφαλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαληναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious. έπι-σφάττω, f. ξω, later form of ἐπισφάζω. έπι-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight, fasten. έπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. τω, to put a seal on, seal 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence up. ἐπισφράγιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who seals or signs. έπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρόν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (κνημίδες) over the ancle: a covering for the ancle. ¿πι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at band.  $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \chi \in \theta \in \mathcal{V}$ , poet. aor. 2 inf. of  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \chi \omega$ . έπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω. έπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees. έπισχεσία Ion. –ίη, ή, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.  $\epsilon \pi i \sigma \chi \epsilon \sigma i s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon} \pi \dot{\epsilon} \chi \omega)$  a checking, stopping, bindrance: delay, reluctance.  $\epsilon \pi$ - $\iota \sigma \chi \dot{\upsilon} \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\upsilon} \sigma \omega \ [\bar{\upsilon}]$ , to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:-to be urgent. έπ-ίσχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards. II. to keep in, bold in, check. intr. to leave off, desist. έπισχών, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω. έπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρόs) to beap, pile up. έπί-σωτρον Εp. έπίσσ-, τό, the metal boop laid upon the felloe of the wheel, the tire. έπιταγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From έπιταγήναι, aor. 2 inf. of έπιτάσσω. ἐπίταγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order. ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές. éπιτακτήρ, ηροs, δ, and έπιτάκτης, ου, δ, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander. έπίτακτος, ον. (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, command-II. drawn up, behind; οἱ ἐπίτακτοι, the reserve in an army. έπι-ταλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more. έπιτάμη**ς** [ἄ], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω. έπι-τάμνω, Ion. for έπιτέμνω. έπι-τανύω, poët. for έπιτείνω, to stretch over. ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order;

ἐπίταξιε τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

έπίτασις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining. Επιτήδεια the necessaries of life.

yet more.

defender, ally.

έπι-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω: aor. I -έταξα:--Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:-to set over, put in 2. to enjoin, order :- Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τὰ ἐπιτασσύμενα orders given. II. to place bebind or in reserve a also, to place next or beside.  $\epsilon \pi i - \tau \dot{\alpha} \phi i \sigma s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon} \pi i, \tau \dot{\alpha} \phi \sigma s)$  on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq. έπι-τάχύνω, f. ὔνῶ, to basten on, urge forward. έπιτεῖλαι, aor. I inf. of ϵπιτϵλλω. έπι-τείνω, f. -τενω: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:--Pass, aor. I –ετάθην [ἄ]: pf. –τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or 2. to draw tight: to increase, beighten: to over. urge, excite: - Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure. έπι-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence έπιτείχισις, εως, ή, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and έπιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota \tau \epsilon \iota \chi \iota \sigma \mu \dot{o} s, \dot{o}, = \dot{\epsilon}\pi \iota \tau \epsilon \iota \chi \iota \sigma \iota s.$ έπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish. έπι-τελέω, f. έσω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελείσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήρως to bave to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτε-2. λεισθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death. έπι-τελής, έs, (ἐπί, τέλοs) brought to an end, accomplished, fulfilled. έπι-τέλλω, fut, -τελώ: aor. Ι - έτειλα: pf. -τέταλκα: -to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars. έπι-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτἄμον: -to make a cut or incision into, gash. sbort: to abridge. έπί-τεξ, εκος, ή, (ἐπί, τεκεῖν) at the birth, about to bring forth. έπιτερπήs, és, pleasing, delightful. From έπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in. ἐπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτείνω. **ἐπιτετήδευκα**, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω. έπιτέτραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω. έπιτετράφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of έπιτρέπω. έπι-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make for. II. έπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. to contrive against. Hence έπι-ταράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to trouble or disquiet έπιτέχνησις, εως, ή, contrivance for a purpose. έπιτήδειος, α, ον, Ιοη. έπιτήδεος, η, ον, (έπιτηδές) έπιτάρροθος, ό, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a belper, made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τά

2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. necessarius.

emitηδειότης, ητος, ή, fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose.

ἐπιτηδείως Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἐπιτήδειος, suitably, serviceably.

έπι-τηδέs, later ἐπί-τηδέs, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τάδε, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. consulto: designedly, artfully. ἐπιτήδευμα, ατοs, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, prac-

tice, Lat. studium, institutum.

ἐπιτήδευσις, εως, ή, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδέ); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπί with τηδεύω (which does not exist), aor. I ἐπετήδευσα, pf. ἐπιτετήδευκα:—to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. studere rei: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

έπίτηκτος, ov, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph.

superficial, counterfest. From

έπι-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted. έπι-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to look out or watch for.

έπι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: pf. -τέθεικα: -to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or incline towards. II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; ημέν ἀνακλίναι πυκινόν νέφος ηδ' έπιθείvar both to roll back the thick cloud and put it III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish. V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message. VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, 201. 2  $-\epsilon\theta\dot{\epsilon}\mu\eta\nu$ : to put on oneself or for oneself. 2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ent-τιμάω, f. ήσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. aestimare: to value, bonour, shew bonour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise.

2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτίμησις, εως, ή, a reproving, rebuking: and ἐπιτίμητής, οῦ, ό, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser; ἐπιτιμητής ἔργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτῖμητικός, ή, όν, censorious.

έπιτιμήτωρ, ορος, δ, (έπιτιμάω) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ἡ, (ἐπίτιμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges. II. rebuke: punishment,

έπι-τίμιοs, ον, (ἐπί, τιμή) done in one's bonour. II.
τὸ ἐπιτίμου or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or
estimate of a thing: the bonour due to a person.
2.
the assessment of damages, penalty; τάπιτίμια τῆs
δυσσεβείαs the wages of ungodliness.

έπί-τιμος, ον, (ἐπί, τιμή) in bonour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ατιμος.

έπι-τίτθιος, ον, (ἐπί, τίτθη) still at the breast, sucking. ἐπι-τιτρώσκω, f. –τρώσω, to wound on the surface. ἐπι-τίω, f. –τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punisb. \*ἐπι-τλώω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπ-

έτλην inf. ἐπιτλῆναι:—to bear patiently, submit. ἐπιτλήτω, 3 sing. 201. 2 imperat. of \*ἐπιτλάω.

έπιτολή, ή, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

έπι-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to submit or endure to do. ἐπίτονος, ον, (ἐπιτείνω) stretched, strained.

as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. iμάς), ὁ, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

έπιτόσσαις, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

έπιτραπέουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of έπιτρέπω.

έπι-τράπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

έπι-τρεπτέον, verb. Adj. one must permit. From έπι-τρέπω, f. ψω: aor. I - έτρεψα, aor 2 - έτραπον: --- Med., f. Ion. --τράψομαι: aor. 2 --ετρἄπόμην:---Pass., Ion. aor. Ι -ετράφθην: aor. 2 -ετράπην [ἄ]: -to turn to or towards: Med. to incline to. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:-Pass. to be entrusted;  $\hat{\phi}$   $\hat{\epsilon}\pi i \tau \epsilon \tau \rho \hat{\alpha} \phi \alpha \tau \alpha i$  (3 pl. pf., for  $\hat{\epsilon}\pi i \tau \epsilon$ τραμμένοι είσί) to whose charge they bave been committed; "Ωραις μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτέτραπται (3 sing. pf.); την ἀρχην ἐπιτραφθείε entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to make over to one's beir, leave, bequeath. III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

έπι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:-Pass.

to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

έπι-τρέχω, fut. I -θρέξομαι, aor. I -έθρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιδρέμω) fut. -δράμοῦμαι, aor. 2 -έδράμον: pf. -δέδράμηκα, pf. 2 ἐπιδέδρομα:—to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly. II. to run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. a.c. to overrun, as an army does a country. run over, treat lightly of, Lat. oratione percurrere. III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for. ἐπίτρεψον, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of

έπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [t]:—to
rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—

Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence entrpintos, ov, rubbed down, worn away: metaph.

worn, practised, backneyed.

έπί-τρίτοs, ον, one and one-third,  $\mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{8}$ , or  $\frac{4}{8} := -\frac{1}{8}\pi^i$ τρίτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the principal, i. e.  $33\frac{1}{8}$  per cent. per annum.

έπι-τροπαίος, α, ον, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated. ἐπιτροπεία, ή, (ἐπιτροπεύω) guardianship. ἐπι-τρόπευσις, εως, ή, = ἐπιτροπεία. Hence

έπντροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροποε) to be in charge, to be

guardian, trustee, governor.

ἐπιτροπή, ή, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person. an arbitration.

ἐπίτροπος, δ, (ἐπιτρέπω) one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

έπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently. έπίτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

έπι-τρύζω, to murmur beside or over.

έπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: 201. 2 -έτράγον:--to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

έπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 - έτυχον:--to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to bit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

έπι-τυμβίδιος, a, ov, (ἐπί, τύμβος) at or over a II. of the crested lark, with a crest or tomb.

top-knot.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$ - $\tau\dot{\nu}\mu\beta\iota\sigma$ s,  $\sigma\nu$ ,  $=\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota\tau\nu\mu\beta\dot{\epsilon}\delta\iota\sigma$ s.

έπι-τύφω [v], f. -θύψω:--to kindle, inflame:--Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

έπιτυχείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

έπιτυχής, ές, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) bitting the mark, effective, successful.

ἐπιφάγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθίω.

em-φαίνω, f. -φανω: aot. I -έφηνα:-to shew forth, 2. intr. (sub. φωs) to shine upon. Pass, and Med. to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

emidaveia, ή, the appearance, manifestation.

the surface, outside, of anything.

emiφανείs, aor. 2 pass. part. of emiφαίνω.

έπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup of έπιφανώς.

ἐπιφανήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence ἐπιφάνής, ές, (ἐπιφανῆναι) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph. famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

 $\epsilon m - \phi \dot{\alpha} v \cdot a$  (sub.  $i \epsilon p \dot{\alpha}$ ),  $\omega v$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , ( $\epsilon m \cdot \phi \alpha v \dot{\eta} v \alpha \iota$ ) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

έπί-φαντος, ον, (ἐπιφαίνομαι) visible, alive.

έπιφανώς, Adv. of επιφανής, openly.

έπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (έπί, φάτνη) at the manger.

έπι-φαύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φάοs) to shine upon. έπι-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. s -- ήνεγκα: aor. a -- ήνεγκον: (see  $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ ):—to bring, put or lay upon;  $\epsilon \pi \iota \phi \epsilon$ ρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make was upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer: -- Med. to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεσθαί τινι, to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:

emirpomeurikos, η, ον, flt for the office of guar- | -absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after.

> ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φήμη) to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

έπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ă], to arrive at, reach first. έπιφθάς, 20r. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπίφθημι.

έπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said.

έπι-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to grudge or withhold from jea-II. to bear bate against. lousy.

έπί-φθονος, ov, liable to envy or jealousy. act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

έπιφθόνως, Adv. so as to provoke envy. II. at

έπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα. έπι-φίλοπονέομαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

έπι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire, burn up. taph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illus-II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

11.

ėπί-φοβοs, ov, frightful, terrible, fearful.

pass. timid.

έπι-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

έπιφορά, ή, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally an addition.

έπι-φορέω, f. ήσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on

έπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert.

ἐπίφορος, ον, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. ot ground, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing. II.

έπι-φράζω, f. σω, to say after or besides. Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. I -εφράσάμην, and aor. - εφράσθην: -to think of doing, be minded to 2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive. notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

έπιφρασσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt. of ἐπι-

II.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to be shrewd, prudent.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ή, (ἐπίφρων) thoughtfulness.

ἐπί-φρουρος, ον, (ἐπί, φρουρά) keeping watch by. ἐπί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, φρήν) thoughtful.

έπι-φύλιος, ον, (ἐπί, φῦλή) distributed to tribes. έπι-φυλλίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, φύλλον) the small grapes

left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

έπι-φυτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon.

έπι-φύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ :—to make to grow upon. Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφον, pf. ἐπιπέφοκα, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

έπι-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to tell of, mention.

ἐπι-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶs) to grow towards dawn.

έπι-χαίνω, to gape for.

emi-γαίρω, f. -γαιρήσω, to rejoice over: c. acc., σè

μὲν εὖ πράσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to shew malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρῆναι.

έπι-χάλαζάω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower bail upon. ἐπι-χάλαω, f. άσω | ἄ], to relax, loosen. II. intr.

to yield or relent in a thing.

be gracious to the stranger.

έπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again.

2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose. έπί-χαλκος, ον, covered with copper, coppared over.

έπιχαρήναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχάρής, ές, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeabl., ἐπιχάρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. τοῦμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαρίτται (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένφ

ἐπί-χἄριs, ιτοs, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριτώτεροs, -ιτώτατοs, as if from ἐπιχάρι-

TOS. OV.

έπιχαρίτται, Dot. aor. I imperat. for έπιχαρίσαι. έπίχαρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπίχαρτος, ον, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful.

II. to be exulted over, ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

έπι-χειλής, ές, (ἐπί, χείλος) full to the brim.

έπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

έπι-χειρέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, χείρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do.

2. to set upon, attack. Hence

έπιχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and έπιχείρησις, εως, ή, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

έπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

έπιχειρητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χείρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour.
 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

έπι-χειροτονέω, f ήσω, to ratify a proposed decree,

strictly, by show of bands. Hence

emχειροτονία, ή, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of bands.

έπιχεῦαι, Ερ. for ἐπιχέαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιχέω. ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. 1 -έχεα: Ερ. pres. ἐπιχεύω,

aor. I - έχεω, in - χεω, aor. I - εχεω: Ep. pres. επιχευω, aor. I - έχεωα ;—to pour over or upon: sbed upon.

II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself.

2. to bave poured out for one to drink.

III. Pass., pf. κέχυμαι, plqpf. κεχύμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

έπι-χθόνιος, ον, οτ α, ον, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, οί, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ον, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ěπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in bonour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ểπι-χορηγέω, f. ήσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.

έπι-χραίνω, to stain, colour.

έπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack. ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. 1 -έχρησα:—to lend besides.

II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to bave dealings, be friends with one.

έπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

επι-χρίω, f ίσω [ī], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπί-χρῦσος, ov, overlaid or plated with gold.

έπι-χρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

έπιχυθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of έπιχέω.

 $\epsilon$ πίχῦσις,  $\epsilon$ ως,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon$ πιχ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

έπι-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

ἐπι-χωριάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the babit of coming to, Lat. ventitare.

έπι-χώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: of ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom of fastion of the country. Adv. -lws, in the fashion of the country.

έπι-ψάκάζω, old Att. for έπιψεκάζω.

έπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument. έπι-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

έπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

έπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

eπι-ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

έπί-ψογος, ov, exposed to blame, blameable.

act. blaming, censorious.

έπ-τωγαί, ων, αί, (ἐπί, lωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἔπειμι (είμι ibo).

ἐπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

έπλάθην  $[\bar{a}]$ , aor. I pass. of πελάζω.

ξπλάσα Ερ. έπλασσα, 20r. ι of πλάσσω.

ἔπλε, for ἔπελε, 3 sing. impf. of πέλω: so, ἔπλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. impf. med.; ἔπλευ for ἐπέλευ, ἐπέλου; ἔπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

έπλεξα, 201. 1 of πλέκω.

έπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

έπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

έπλήσθην, aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἔπλων, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι. ἔπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of πνέω. ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, –ιάζω.

έπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

έποδώκει, reputed to be Ion. for έφ-ωδώκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of έφ-οδόω, to bring on the way.

**ἐπόθην**, aor. I pass. of πίνω.

έπ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence

ἐπ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build upon or besides.

to build up, build again, rebuild.

em-olkos, ov, settling or sojourning among foreign-II. as Subst. εποικος, δ, a sojourner, stran-2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour

έπ-οικτείρω, to bave compassion on.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -οικτίζω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , =  $\epsilon \pi$ οικτείρω. Hence

έποίκτιστος, ον, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.

έπ-οικτος, ον, (ἐπί, οἶκτος) piteous.

έπ-οιμώζω, f. -οιμώξομαι, to wail over.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -oίσω, fut. of  $\epsilon \pi \iota \phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ .

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -οιχνέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ οίχομαι.

έπ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack. II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with 2. to go over, get through one's work : to set about; ίστον εποίχεσθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.

έπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run asbore.

έπ-οκριόεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.

ἐπ-ολισθάνω, f. –ολισθήσω, to glide upon.

ěπ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a cry of triumph at.

επομαι, to follow, Dep. from επω, q. v.

έπομβρέω, f. ήσω, to rain upon; and

έπομβρία, ή, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αὐχμός (drought). From

ἔπ-ομβρος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅμβρος) rainy: wet.

έπ-όμνῦμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα: —to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύναι τοὺs θεούs to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.

έπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπόμνυμι.

έπ-ομφάλιος, a, ον, (έπί, δμφάλδε) upon the navel of a shield, on the boss.

ἐπόνασα, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.

έπ-ονειδίζω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence ἐπονείδιστος, ον, to be reproached, disgraceful.

act. reproachful. Adv. -τωs, shamefully.

έπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to surname: - generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζειν ονομά τινος to call upon by name: - Pass. to be named after another.

 $\bar{\epsilon}\pi\sigma\sigma$ , acc. pl. of  $\bar{\epsilon}\pi\sigma\psi$ .

έπ-οπίζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίζεο, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.

έποποι, a cry to mimic that of the boopoe (έποψ).

έποποιία, ή, epic poetry. From

emo-moios, όν, (έπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:as Subst., ἐποποιόε, ὁ, an epic poet.

έπ-οπτάω, f. ήσω, to roast besides or after.

έπ-οπτεύω, f. σω. Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, όψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. II. to become an ἐπόπτηs, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ -o $\pi$ r $\dot{\eta}\rho$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\delta}\pi\tau\eta$ s, of tutelary gods.

έπ-όπτης, ου, ό, (ἐπόψομαι) an overseer, guardian, II. one initiated at the greater myswatcher. teries.

έπ-οράω, Ion. for έφοράω.

έπ-ορέγω, f. ξω, to hold out to, offer yet more. Med., fut. -opéfouai, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached 2. metaph. to be desirous of forward to strike. more, rise in one's demands.

έπ-ορέω, Ion. for έφοράω.

έπ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὅρθιος) to set upright: in:.. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but έπορθιάζειν γόοιs to lift up the voice in wailing

έπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβόαs) to utter

with a loud shout.

έπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for έφορκίζω, to adjure.

έπ-ορμέω, Ion. for έφορμέω.

ἐπ-όρνῦμι and -ύω: fut. -όρσω: aor. 1 - ῶρσα: (ἐπί, ορνυμι):-to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:-Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.

έπ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

έπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἔπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.

έπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune. "ΕΠΟΣ, εos, τό, a word; κατ' έπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. it is used also of 1. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance 3. ἔπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic of a speech. verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.

**ἐποτίσα**, aor. Ι of ποτίζω.

έπ-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.

έπ-οτρύνω, f. ὄνω, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against :- Pass. to basten on.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -oupaios, a, ov,  $(\epsilon \pi i, o \dot{v} \rho \dot{a})$  on the tail.

έπ-ουράνιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in beaven, bea-

2. in plur. as Subst., =  $\theta \epsilon o i$ .

έπ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I -ούρισα:---to blow favourably upon: metaph, to belp onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

έπ-ουρος, ον, (ἐπί, οὖρος) blowing favourably. έπ-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

έπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat, derivare.

έποχέω, f. ήσω, (έποχος) to carry towards or upon: -Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

 $\epsilon \pi$ -ox $\theta$ (8 $\cos$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i. \delta \chi \theta \eta)$  on the mountains.

ἔποχον, τό, the saddlecloth, housing. From ἔποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόγοι μανίας έποχοι words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted; keeping one's seat. "ΕΠΟΨ, oπos, δ, the hoopoe, so called from its cry, Lat. ubŭba. έπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) to eat with or as sauce. έπ-οψίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) used to eat with bread. έπ-όψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψομαι) to be looked on. ểπ-όψιοs, ον, also a, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψιs) visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious. II. act. overlooking all things. ἔπ-οψις, εως, δ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) a view over; ἔποψις τοῦ ipoù the view commanded by the temple: generally, the view or sight of a thing. ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from \*ἐπόπτομαι.  $\epsilon \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \theta \eta v [\bar{\alpha}]$ , aor. I pass. of  $\pi \iota \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \sigma \kappa \omega$ .  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ πράθον, aor. 2 of  $\pi \epsilon \rho \theta \omega$ . έπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for έπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω. έπρήθην, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of πιπράσκω. έπρηξα, Ion. for έπραξα, 20r. I of πράσσω. έπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω. έπριάμην, ίω, ίατο, aor. 2 of ωνέομαι. 'EΠΤΑ', oi, ai, τά, indecl., SEVEN, Lat. SEPTEM, Germ. SIEBEN. έπτα-βόειος, ον, (έπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides. έπτά-βοιος, ον, (έπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides. έπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (έπτά, γλώσσα) seven-tongued, seven-toned. έπτά-δραχμος, ον, (έπτά, δραχμή) worth seven drachms έπτα-ετής, ές, (έπτά, έτος) seven years old. of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv, for seven years. έπτά-ζωνος, ον, (έπτά, ζώνη) seven-zoned, of the planetary system. έπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω. έπτα-καί-δεκα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. seventeen. έπτάκις, also έπτάκι, (έπτά) Adv. seven times. έπτακισ-μύριοι, αι, a, seventy thousand. έπτακισ-χίλιοι, ai, a, seven thousand. έπτά-κλίνος, ον, (έπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches or beds. ἐπτακόσιοι, αι, α, (ἐπτά) seven bundred. έπτα-κότϋλος, ον, (έπτά, κοτύλη) bolding seven έπτά-κτύπος, ον, seven-toned, with seven chords. ἐπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of seven troops of spear-men. έπτά-λοφος, ον, (έπτά, λόφος) seven-billed. έπτάμην [ἄ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι. έπτα-μηνος, ον, (έπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month. έπτά-μίτος, ον, (έπτά, μίτος) of seven strings. έπτά-μύχος, ov. with seven recesses. ἔπταξα, Dor. aor. 1 of πτήσσω. έπτά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, seven cubits long.

έπτα-πόδης, ου, ό, (έπτά, πούς) seven feet long.

έπτά-πορος, ov, with seven tracks or paths. έπτά-πους, ό, ή, neut. πουν, seven feet long. έπτά-πύλος, ον, (έπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian Thebes, which was ξκατόμπυλοι. ἐπτά-πυργος, ov, seven-towered. **ἔπτάρον**, aor. 2 of πταίρω. έπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ουν, with seven channels or beds, of the Nile. έπτά-στολος, ον, consisting of seven bodies of men. ἐπτά-στομος, ον, (ἐπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed. έπτα-τειχής, έs, (έπτά, τείχος) with seven walls. έπτάτο, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of πέταμαι. ἐπτά-τονος, ον, seven-toned. έπτά-φθογγος, ον, (έπτά, φθογγή) seven-toned. έπτά-φωνος, ον, (έπτά, φωνή) seven-voiced. έπταχα, (έπτά) Adv. in seven parts. έπτ-έτης, εs, fem. έπτέτις, ιδος, (έπτά, έτος) seven years old. έπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτημι. **ἔπτηξα**, aor. I of πτήσσω. ἔπτίκα, pf. act., ἔπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω. έπτοίηθεν, poet. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass of πτοέω.  $\epsilon \pi \tau o \ln \mu a \iota$ , poet. pf. pass, of  $\pi \tau o \epsilon \omega$ . έπτοίησα, poet. aor. I of πτο έω. έπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι. έπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for έφυδρος. έπυθόμην, 20r. 2 of πυνθάνομαι. ἐπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἔπος, a versicle. "ΕΠΩ, poet. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔψω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf. σπείν, part. σπών:-- Med. επομαι: impf. εἰπόμην Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔψομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπόμην. imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέο Ep. σπεῖο, inf. σπέσθαι: I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy about. II. Med. to follow, Lat. sequi: to attend. to obey. 2. in hostile sense, to pursue. follow with the mind, understand; Lat. mente assequi. έπφδή, ή, contr. from έπαοιδή (ἐπάδω) a song over: an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell. έπφδιον, τό, Dim. of έπφδή. έπφδός, όν, contr. of έπαοιδός, (έπάδω) singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen. acting as a charm for or against. 2. sung or said II. Subst., ἐπφδόs, ὁ, ἡ, an enchanter after. or enchantress, wizard or witch. ΙΙΙ. ἐπωδός, ή, a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim. and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure. except Elegiac; used by Horace. ἐπ-ώδῦνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) painful.  $\epsilon \pi - \omega \zeta \omega$ ,  $(\epsilon \pi i, \omega)$  to wail over. έπ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω, to push upon or into. έπώκειλα, aor. I of ἐποκέλλω.  $\epsilon\pi$ - $\omega\lambda\epsilon$ vios,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon\pi i, \dot{\omega}\lambda\epsilon\nu\eta)$  upon the arm. έπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὧμος) on the shoulders. έπ-ωμίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐπί, ωμος) the upper part of the shoulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. the bighest part of a ship. έπώμοσα, aor. ι of έπόμνυμι.

ἐπώμοτος, ον, (ἐπόμνυμι) on oath, sworn. pass. sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.

ἐπωνύμια, ή, (ἐπώνυμος) a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπί τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σχείν χώραs to have the naming of it, have it named 2. a name significant of fate. after one. generally, a name.

ἐπωνύμιος, α, ον, poet. for ἐπώνυμοε.

ἐπ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄνυμα Acol, for ὅνομα) named after some person or thing; δνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; 'Αλκυόνην καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called. act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving bis name to the current year.

έπωπάω, to look over, observe. From

ἐπ-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὤψ) a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.

ἐπώπτων, impf. of ἐποπτάω.

έπώρα, Ion. for έφεώρα, 3 sing. 1mpf. of έφοράω. έπωρσα, aor. ι of ἐπόρνυμι.

έπώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπόρνυμι.

έπωτίδες, ίδων, al, (ἐπί, οὖs) beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.

έπ-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to belp in a thing, to be of use or service in. Hence

έπωφέλημα, ατος, τό, a succour, store.

ἐπωφελία, ή, (ἐπωφελέω) belp, profit, advantage. έπώχατο, 3 pl. Acol. and Ion. plapf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πάσαι γὰρ [πύλαι] ἐπώχατο all were shut to.

**ἐπφχόμην**, impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.

\*\*EPA, h, the Lat. terra, earth: only found in Adv.

Epage, to earth.

**ΈΡΑΜΑΙ**, Ερ. 2 pl. ἐράασθε: impf. ἡράμην:— Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι : 20r. Ι ἠράσθην : 20r. I med. ήρασάμην:—to love, desire, long after.

έρανίζω, f. σω, (ξρανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution. II. to give a contribution. III. to combine. Hence

έρανιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a contributor to an έρανος ot club.

**ἐραννόs**, ή, όν, (ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ipavos, o, a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, fes-2. any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service. 3. a club or society.

έρασδε, Dor. for έραζε.

έρἄσί-μολπος, ον, (ἐράω, μολπή) loving song.

έρασι-χρήματος, ον, (ξράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.

έράσμιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (έράω) lovely, beloved. έρασσαι, Ep. for έρασαι, 2 sing. of έραμαι.

έράσσατο, Ep. for ήράσατο, 3 sing. 201. I of έραμαι. έραστεύω, f. σω, = έράω, to love, desire.

έραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔραμαι) a lover: metaph. an adberent, partizan.

έραστός, ή, όν, (ἐράω) beloved, lovely.

έρατεινός, ή, όν, (ἐράω) lovely: welcome.

έρατίζω, = έραω, to desire extremely, be greedy for. έρατός, ή, όν, poët. for έραστός, beloved: lovely.

έρατό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (έρατός, χρόα) of face or complexion.

έρατύω, Dor. for έρητύω.

Έρατώ, οῦs, ἡ, (ἐρατόs) Ετάτο, Lovely, one of the nine Muses. 2. one of the Oceanides.

'EPA'Ω, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I pass. ήράσθην used in act. sense: see έραμαι:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐρῶν a lover; η έρωμένη the beloved: - Dep. έράομαι in

same sense is very rare.

έργάζομαι, fut. έργάσομαι Dor. έργαξοθμαι: aor. 1 είργασάμην: pf. είργασμαι Ion. έργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but έργασθήσομαι, aor. I είργά- $\sigma\theta\eta\nu$  always in pass. sense: Dep.:  $(\xi\rho\gamma\sigma\nu)$ :—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρημ' έργάζεται the matter works, i. e. goes on. trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. to work at or in; έργάζεσθαι χρυσόν to work in 3. to earn by working. 4. to make, build: III. to work at a trade, also to produce, cause. drive a trade.

ἔργαθον, Ep. for εἴργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἴργω; inf. ἐργαθείν.

έργαλείον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, (ἔργον) a tool, instrument.

έργαξή, Dor. for έργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of έργάζομαι. έργασείω, Desiderat. of έργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.

έργασία, ή, (έργάζομαι) work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; έργασίαν δός take pains II. a working at a thing; busbandry, tillage; έργασία μετάλλων working of mines. workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art. gain, earnings, profit.

έργάσιμος, ον, (ξργάζομαι) to be worked, that can

be worked: of land, arable.

έργασμαι, Ion. for είργασμαι, pf. of έργάζομαι.

έργαστέον, verb. Adj. of έργάζομαι, one must work the land. 2. one must do.

ἔργαστήρ, ῆροε, ὁ, (ἔργάζομαι) a workman, farmer. έργαστήριον, τό, (έργάζομαι) a workshop, manufactory, shop.

έργαστικός, ή, όν, (ἐργάζομαι) fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.

έργάτης, ου, ό, (έργον) a workman, husbandman: II. as Adj. bard-working, a practitioner, worker. diligent, energetic. [ă]

έργ**ατικός,** ή, όν, (ξργάζομαι) = ξργαστικό**ς**.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ py $\dot{\alpha}$  $\tau$ lv $\eta$ s, ov,  $\dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ py $\dot{\alpha}\tau\eta$ s. [ $\dot{\iota}$ ]

έργάτζε, ιδοε, fem. of έργάτηε, a work-woman: a II. as Adj. workbireling, mercenary woman. ing at. [d]

ξργμα, ατος, τό, = ξργον, α work, deed.

ἔργμα, ατος, τό, (εῖργω, ἔρκος) a fence, enclosure. έργνύω and -νυμι, poët. for είργω, έργω, to enclose.

έργο-δότης, ου, δ, (έργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out | ritate. work.

έργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; έργολαβείν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

έργο-λάβος, ον, (έργον, λαβείν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., έργολάβοs, ό, a contrac-

tor, Lat. conductor, redemptor. [ă]

ἔργον, τό, (\*ἔργω=ἔρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτη̂ε ἔργα κόμιζε mind your own 2. in the Il. mostly έργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of busbandry: tilled lands; έργα 'Ιθάκηs the tilled lands of Ithaca: ἔργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil boum labores; έργα γυναικών women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια έργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a bard piece of work, a se-4. often in Hom. opp. to εποs, deed, vere work. not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγοs. the following pecul. Att. phrases occur: ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is bard work, troublesome; σὸν ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; έργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

"EPΓΩ, in Homer mostly εέργω, Ep. forms for Att. είργω or είργω: fut. έρξω or είρξω: aor. I είρξα: pf. ἔεργμαι, 3 pl. ἔρχἄται: plqpf. ἐέργμην, 3 pl. ἔρχατο or έέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. έρχθείε:—to shut in, confine, include; έντδε έέργειν to enclose within; γέφυραι έεργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact. II. to sbut out: exclude or probibit from a thing:-also to binder or prevent from doing:

-Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

\*"EPFO, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἔρξω, aor. I ἔρξα, pf. ἔοργα, plapf. ἐωργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἔρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

"EPΔΩ, fut. έρξω, etc., see \*έργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κακὰ ἔρδειν τινά or absol. ἔρδειν τινά, to do one barm. 2. like Lat. sacra facere, ίερα έρδειν to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ίερά or θυσίαs, like facere or operari in Latin.

έρεβεννός, ή, όν, (Ερεβοε) dark, gloomy. Έρεβεσφι, Έρεβευσφι, v. sub Έρεβοs.

'EPE'BINΘΟΣ, ò, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicer. έρεβο-διφάω, (έρεβοε, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

epeβ6θev, Adv. from Erebos. From

Έρεβος, τό, gen. εος contr. ους, Ιοη. Έρέβευς, Έρέβευσφιν: - Erebos, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

"Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

έρεείνω, like έρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. έρεείνομαι.

έρεθίζω Dor. -ίσδω: f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 20r. Ι ἡρέθισα, later -ιξα: (ἐρέθω):-to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

II. later to excite, kindle; φέψαλος έρεθιζόμενοs the kindled spark. Hence

έρέθισμα, ατος, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

'EPE'ΘΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise,

'ΕΡΕΙ'ΔΩ, f. ἐρείσω: aor. I ήρεισα:--Pass., aor. I ηρείσθην: pf. ἐρήρεισμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ηρηρείστο:-to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρείδειν πληγήν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen: -generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press bard 4. to dash, burl. 5. of wagers, to match. upon. set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. intr. to lean against, withstand; άλλήλησιν έρείδουoal crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press 2. to go to work; ερειδε fall to (to bard on. III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support eat). oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part, έρεισάμενος baving set bimself firm, taken a firm stand; ούδει χαιται έρηρέδαται (3 pl. pf.) the hair 2. to be fixed firm; Aae rested on the ground. έρηρέδαται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend

'EPEI'KH, ή, beath, beather, Lat. erica.

'EPEI'KΩ, f. ξω: 201. ι ήρειξα:-to break, tear, rend; έρεικόμενος περί δουρί rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dash. II. intr. in aor. 2 πρίκον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

έρειο, Ep. for έρεο, έρου, imperat. of έρομαι.

έρειοί, oi, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

έρείομεν, Ep. for έρέωμεν, I pl. subj. of έρέω.

έρείπιον, τό, (ἐρείπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικά ἐρείπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν έρείπια dead carcases; πέπλων έρείπια remnants of

'ΕΡΕΙ'ΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. 1 ήρειψα:--Pass., aor. 1 ηρείφθην: pf. ερήριμμαι:—to dash down, tear down; έρείπει γένως θεών τις some god dasbes down their race :- -Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τείχοs έρεριπτο (Ep. plapf. for ηρήριπτο):-Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρἴπείs, dat. ἐριπέντι. fallen. trans. in aor. 2 ήρίπον Εp. ἔρίπον, pf. 2 ἐρήρίπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

έρεισαι, 20r. I inf. of έρείδω.

έρεισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ερείδω.

έρεισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήρων' ἔρεισμ' 'Ακράγαντος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. columen. II. = ξρμα, α sunken rock.

έρείψιμος, ον, (έρείπω) fallen down, in ruins. έρειψί-τοιχος, ον, (ἐρείπω, τοίχος) overthrowing

έρεμνός, ή, όν, contr. of ἐρεβεννός, black, dark; έρεμνή φάτιε a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

έρεξα, aor. I of ρέζω.

έρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of έρομαι, to ask.

έρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed | desolate, also destitute, belpless. on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έρέπτω, = ἐρέφω, to roof over: to crown.

έρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ἐρείπω.

έρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of έρομαι.

ΈΡΕ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. ἐρέσω: aor. 1 ήρεσα:-II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, πτερύγων έρετμοισιν έρεσσόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's remigio 2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, bandled.

έρέτης, ου, δ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

έρετμός, ό, οτ έρετμόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. remus, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμά is used. Hence έρετμόω, f. ώσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

έρέττω, Att. for έρέσσω.

EPET ΓΟΜΑΙ, f. ερεύξομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. eructare: absol. to belch, Lat. 2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. aor. 2 act. ήρυγον, inf. έρυγείν, part. έρυγών, to bellow, roar.

ἐρευθέδἄνον, τό, madder. From έρευθέω, f. ήσω, to be red. From

τρευθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blusbing: from ΈΡΕΥΘΩ, fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red. έρευνα, η ε, ή, ( $\epsilon \rho \epsilon \omega$ ) an inquiry, search. Hence έρευνάω, f. ήσω, to seek or search for, search after to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

έρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

έρεθσαι, aor. 1 inf. of  $\epsilon \rho \epsilon \theta \theta \omega$ ,

'EPE'ΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 ήρεψα:—to cover or roof in a building. II. to cover with a crown, wreathe with garlands :- Med. to crown oneself.

**ἐρέχθω**, to rend, break, shiver :—Pass., ναθε ἐρεχθομένη ανέμοισι a ship dashed bither and thither by the storm, sbattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

έρεψα, aor. I of έρέφω.

έρέω, Ion. and Ep. for έρω.

έρέω, Ep. pres. for έρομαι, to ask.

έρημάζω, f. σω, (έρημος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάζεσκον.

έρημαίοs, a, ov, poet. for έρημοs.

έρημία, ή, (έρημος) a solitude, desert, wilder-II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being laid waste, desolation, Lat. vastitas: of persons, desolateness, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

έρημιάς, άδος, ή, a solitary devotee.

έρημο-κόμης, εs, (έρημος, κόμη) destitute of bair. έρημο-λάλος, ον, (έρημος, λάλέω) chattering in the

έρημό-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος, (ξρημος, πόλις) reft of one's city.

έρημο-νόμος, ον, (έρημος, νέμω) baunting the desert. **EPH^MOΣ**, η, ον, also os, ον: Att. έρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary, triguing, Lat. ambitus: party-spirit, faction.

2. c. gen. refi of; destitute of, abandoned by; στέγαι φίλων έρημοι. II. as Subst.,  $\xi \rho \hat{\eta} \mu os$  (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\chi \omega \rho a$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , asolitude, desert, wilderness. III.  $\hat{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\eta}\mu\eta$  (sub.  $\delta(\kappa\eta)$ ), n, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; έρήμην δίκην έλειν to get judgment by default; δφλειν to let it go by default.

έρημοσύνη, ή, solitude. From

έρημόω, f. ώσω, (έρημος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of:-Pass. to be bereft, deprived of. II. to leave, abandon:-Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

έρήμωσις, εως, ή, desolation, devastation: and

έρημωτής, οῦ, ὁ, a desolator

έρηρέδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of έρείδω: έρηρέ δατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf pass.

έρήριμμαι, pf. pass. of έρείπω.

έρήριπα, intrans. pf. of έρείπω.

έρήτῦθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐρητύω. έρητύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I έρήτ $\bar{v}$ σα:  $(\epsilon \rho \dot{v}\omega)$ :—tobold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:-to keep

back from.

έρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of έρητύω.

ÉPΓ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

έρι-αύχην, ενος, ό, ή, with high-arching neck.

**ἐρι-βόαs**, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι–, βοή) clamorous, riotous. έρι-βρεμέτης, ου, ό, (έρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding,

thundering, roaring. έρι-βρεμής, ές, = ερίβρομος.

έρί-βρομος, ον, (έρι-, βρέμω) loud-shouting, roaring. έρι-βρύχης, ου, Ερ. εω, ό, and έρί-βρύχος, ον, (έρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

έρι-βωλαξ, ακος, ό, ή, and έρί-βωλος, ov, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.  $\epsilon \rho \mathbf{i}$ -γδουπος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\epsilon \rho i δουπος$ , thundering.

έριδαίνω, f. έριδήσω, (έρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to strive for :-- aor. I inf. med. ἐριδήσασθαι.

έρίδιον, τό, Dim. of έριον.

έριδμαίνω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. intr. to contend.

έρίδματος, ον, (έρι-, δμητός) strongly built · hence strong, excessive.

έρί-δουπος, ον, (έρι-, δοῦπος) loud-sounding.

έριζέμεναι, Ep. inf. of έρίζω.

έρίζω Dor. έρίσδω: Ion. impf. έρίζεσκον: fut. έρίσω: aor. 1 ήρισα, Ep. 3 sing opt. έρίσσειε: (έριs):-to strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also in Med.

έρί-ηρος, ον, (έρι-, \*άρω) fitting closely: metaph. as epith. of ¿raipos, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in heterocl. plur., ερίηρες εταίροι, acc. ερίηρας εταίρους. έριθακίς, ίδος, ή, (έριθος) a labouring woman.

έρι-θαλής, έε, Dor. for έριθηλής.

έρτθεία, ή, (ἐριθεύω) labour for wages. II. in-

έρι-θηλής, ές, (ἐρι-, τέθηλα) very luxuriant, flourisbing, fertile.

**loīθos**, δ, also η, a day-labourer, bired servant; in Homer, έριθοι, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, workers in wool.

έρϊκεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείκω.

έρι-κλάγκτης, ου, δ, (έρι-, κλάζω) loud-sounding. έρί κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (έρι-, κλαίω) much-II. pass. much-wept, bewailed. weeping.

έρί-κτύπος, ov, loud-sounding

έρι-κῦδής, ές, (έρι-, κῦδος) very famous, glorious. έρι-κύμων [v], ον, gen. ονος, (έρι-, κθμα) full of young, big with young.

έρι-μυκος, ον, (έρι-, μέμυκα) loud-bellowing.

'EPI'NEO'Σ, δ, the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.

έρίνεος, α, ον, (ἔριον) of wool, woollen.

'EPINY'Σ (not 'Eριννύs), gen. ύος, ή: pl. nom. 'Eρινύεs contr. – ûs, acc. – ύαs contr. – ûs, gen. – ύων contr. - υν: -the Erinys or Fury, an avenging deity: the names Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto do not occur till late. At Athens they were called Εὐμενίδεs or  $\Sigma \epsilon \mu \nu \alpha i$ , by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μητρός έρινύες curses from one's mother; φρενων έρινύς distraction, frenzy: also, blood-guiltiness.

εριον Ep and Ion. είριον, τό, (ερος) wool, Lat. lana; also in plur. 2. ἔρια ἀπὸ ξύλου wool from the tree,

i. e. cotton; so in Germ., baum-wolle.

έριο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἔριον, πωλέω) a wool-dealer. Hence

έριο-πωλικώς, Adv. like a wool-dealer, cheatingly. έριο-πώλιον, τύ, the wool-market.

έριό-στεπτος, ον, (ξριον, στέφω) wreathed with wool. έρι-ούνιος, δ, Homeric epith. of Hermes, from έρι-, δυίνημι, the belper, luck-bringer: also absol. Έριούvios, Helper, as a prop. n. of Hermes.

έρι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, to make woollen stuff.

έρι-ουργός,  $\dot{}$ ον, (ξριον, \*έργω) working wool.

έριπε, Ep. for ήριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of έρείπω. έριπειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of έρείπω.

έρί-πλευρος. ον, (έρι-, πλευρά) with sturdy sides. έρίπνη or έρίπνα, ή, (έρείπω) a broken cliff, crag, scaur: any sheer ascent.

έριπών, aor. 2 part. of έρείπω.

"EPIΣ, ιδος, ή: acc. έριν and έριδα: pl. έριδες, later έρειs:—strife, quarrel, debate: esp. rivalry, contention: discord, jealousy: also in good sense, fois dya- $\theta \hat{\omega} \nu$  zeal for good. II. as pr. nom., Eris, the Goddess of Strife.

έρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of έρίζω. έρίσδομες, Dor. for ερίζομεν.

έρι-σθενής, ές, (έρι-, σθένος) mighty in strength.

ἔρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) a cause of quarrel.

έρι-σμάραγος, ον, (έρι-, σμαραγή) loud-thundering. έρίσσειε, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. I opt. of έρίζω. έρίσσεται, Ep. for ερίσηται, aor. I subj. med. of ερίζω. έρι-στάφυλος, ον, (έρι-, στἄφυλή) large-clustering, rich in grapes: of wine, made of fine grapes.

έριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) a wrangler, disputer.

έριστός, ή, όν, (ξρίζω), to be disputed or contested. έρι-σφάραγος, ον, = έρισμάραγος, loud-roaring. έρί-τιμος, ον, (έρι-, τιμή) bigbly prized, precious. έρίφειος, ον, (έρϊφος) of or belonging to a kid. έρίφιον, τό, Dim. of έριφος, a goat, kid. [٢] "EPΓΦΟΣ, δ, also ή, a young goat, kid. έριφοι, oi, Lat. boedi, a constellation which brought

έριωλη, ή, a whirlwind, hurricane, tornado: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from epion and

δλλυμι, wool-consumption.

έρκεῖος Att. έρκειος, ον, and α, ον, (έρκος) belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house; Zevs 'Epκειos, the bousehold god, because his statue stood in the έρκος; έρκειοι πύλαι the gates of the court.

έρκιον, τό, (ξρκος) a fence, enclosure.

storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφοιs in stormy weather.

έρκος, εος, τό, (έργω, είργω) an enclosure, bedge, fence, wall; mostly of the wall round the court-yard, and so a court-yard · άγγέων έρκεα, periphr. for άγγη; σφραγίδος έρκος, for σφραγίς; έρκος όδόντων the ring-fence of the teeth, for δδύντες the teeth II. a net. snare: the coils of the themselves. III. metaph. any fence or defence, bulwark. lasso. ερκ-ουρος, ον, (ερκος, ουρος) watching an enclosure. ξρκτή, ή, Ιου. for είρκτή.

έρμα, ατος, τό, a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ἔρμα πόληος pillar of the state, Lat. colu-2. a sunken rock or reef, on which a vessel may strike; also a mound, cairn, barrow on land. ΙΙ. μελαινέων έρμ' όδυνάων, of a sharp ballast.

III. arrow, the foundation, i.e. cause, of pangs. ξρματα, earrings, akın to ὅρμος: generally, a neck-

lace, band: a chain.

ερμαιον, τό, ('Ερμηs) a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin Hercules.

'Eρμαΐος, α, ον, Att. 'Eρμαιος, ον, (Ερμη̂ς) of or from Hermes. II. "Ερμαια (sub. ίερά), τά, a festival in his honour.

ξρμάτίζω, (ξρμα) to ballast.

Έρμ-αφρόδιτος, δ, ( Ερμης, Αφροδίτη) an Hermaphrodite: an effeminate person.

Έρμάων ωνος, δ, poet. esp. Dor. for Έρμης. [ā] Έρμέας, δ. poet, for Έρμης, dat. Έρμέα.

Έρμείας, δ. Ερ. for Ερμής; gen. Έρμείαο, -είω;

dat. Έρμεία; acc. Έρμείαν; voc. Έρμεία. έρμηνεία, ή, (έρμηνεύω) interpretation, explana-

II. expression, power of speech. tion. ξρμήνευμα, ατος, τό, (ξρμηνεύω) an interpretation,

explanation. 2. a sign, monument.

έρμηνεύς, έως, δ, ('Ερμης) an interpreter, dragoman: generally, an expounder. Hence

έρμηνεύω, f. σω, to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear: hence to express, give utter-

Έρμηs, δ; Ερ. gen. Έρμέω; dat. Έρμη; acc. Έρμην; voc. Έρμη:—Hermes, the Lat. Mercurius. In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούνιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is δδιος, ἐνόδιος: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Έρμῆς.

Έρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ερμηs, a little figure of

Hermes: in vocat. my dear little Hermes.

έρμίς or έρμίν,  $\hat{v}$ νος,  $\hat{o}$ , dat. pl. έρμ $\hat{v}$ σ $\hat{v}$ ν, ( $\hat{e}$ ρ $\mu$ α) a prop, support: a bed-post.

Έρμο-γλύφεύς, έως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of Hermae: generally, a statuary. Hence

έρμογλυφικός, ή, όν, of or for a statuary: ή έρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

έρμο-γλύφος, δ, = έρμογλύφεύε.

έρμο-κοπίδης, ου, δ, (Έρμῆς, κύπτω) a mutilator of the Hermas.

"EPNOΣ, εος, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἔρνεϊ Ισος he shot up like a young plant.

II. metaph. a scion, a child.

ξρξα, aor. I of ξργω, ξρδω.

έρξείης or έρξίης, δ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from \*έργω, έρδω, the worker, doer.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ρξω, fut. of \* $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ργω, =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ρδω.

έρδεις, εσσα, εν, (έρος) lovely, pleasing.

έροιην, for έροιμι, pres. opt. of έρέω.

"EPOMAI Ion. εξρομαι: impf. εξρόμην: fut. ξρήσομαι Ion. εξρήσομαι: aor. 2 ήρόμην, imperat. ξρου Ερ. ξρείς, subj. ξρωμαι, opt. ξροίμην, inf. ξρέσθαι, part. ξρόμενος:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or for. II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing

έρος, δ, poët. form of έρως, love, desire.

"EPOΣ, eos, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

έρπετόν, τό, (ξρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp. a snake; pl. έρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that move on the earth.

έρπήστης, ου, ό, (ξρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

έρπύζω, f. σω, (ερπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

έρπυλλοs, ὁ and ἡ, (ἔρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. serpyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

έρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of έρπύζω or έρπω.

έρπυστήρ, ηρος, ό, and έρπυστής, οῦ, ό, (έρπύζω)

a reptile: a crawling child.

\*ΕΡΠΩ, impf ε[ρπον: fut. ξρψω Dor. ξρψω: aor. 1 είρποσα, formed from ξρπύζω (cf. ξλκω, είλκυσα):— the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ξρποντα creeping things.

2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

**ἔρπωμες**, Dor. 1 pl. pres. subj. of ἔρπω. **ἔρράγην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

έρράδαται, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ραίνω: έρράδατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

έρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of βάπτω.

έρράπισα, 201. Ι οξ βαπίζω. έρρέθην and έρρήθην, 201. Ι pass. οξ έρέω, έρῶ. ἔρρηξα, 201. Ι οξ βήγνυμι.

έρριγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ριγέω.

έρρίγησα, aor. 1 of βιγέω. έρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of διζύω.

έρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ρίπτω.

 $\epsilon$ ρριψα, aor. I of  $\delta l\pi \tau \omega$ .

έρρύηκα, pf. of ρέω;— έρρύην, aor 2 pass έρ-ρυθμος, ov, in rhythm, time or measure

"EPPΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. 1 ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἔρρων, limping. II. in a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἔρρων ἐκ ναόs gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐs κύρακαs, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; ἐρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἐρρέτω Ἰλιον let Troy perish! ἔρρει τὰ καλά the luck is gone!

έρρωγα, pf. 2 of ρηγυυμι.

έρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ρώννυμ, as Adj, in good bealth, vigorous. stout: Adv. έρρωμένως, stoutly: irreg. Comp. έρρωμενέστερος, Sup. –έστατος.

έρρώοντο, 3 pl. impf. of ρώομαι; έρρώσαντο, 3 pl.

aor. I med.; ερρώσθην, aor. I pass.

έρρωσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ρώννυμι. έρρωσο, έρρωσθε, pf imperat pass. of ρώννυμι.

ξρση Ερ. ἐέρση, ἡ, (ἄρδω) dew. Lat. ros; τεθαλυία ἐέρση plenteous dew: in pl rain-drops. II. metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp of lateborn lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. Hence

έρσηεις Ερ. έερσηεις, εσσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-

sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh

έρσην, ενοε, δ, Ion. for άρσην, άρρην.

έρυγγάνω, Att. form of έρευγομαι, to vomit.

έρυγειν, aor. 2 inf. of έρεύγομαι.

ερύγμηλος, η, ον, (ερεύγομαι) loud-bellowing.

έρυγών, aor. 2 part. of έρεύγομαι

έρυθαίνω, aor. Ι ξρύθηνα, poët. for ἐρυθραίνω, to redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence έρυθημα, ατοε, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush. ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (ἔρυθρόε) to dye red:—Pass. to become red, to blush.

έρυθριάω, f. άσω [ā], (ἐρυθρόε) to be apt to blusb. ἐρυθρο-βάφής, έε, (ἐρυθρόε, βαφήναι) dyed red. ἐρυθρό-πουε, ό, ἡ, gen. ποδοε, (ἐρυθρόε, πούε) redfooted: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

'ΕΡΥΘΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, red, Lat. RUBER. II. 'Ερυθρή θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian

ocean.
ἐρυκάκον, Ερ. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρῦκάκέειν.
ἐρῦκάνάω, poët. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.
ἐρυκανόωσι, Ερ. for ἐρυκανῶσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανάω.

έρθκάνω, poët. for έρύκω, to restrain. [ἄ] έρύκω, f. ξω: 201. Ι ήρυξα Ερ. έρυξα: Ερ. 201. 2

ήρύκακον, or without augm. ερύκακον, inf. ερθκακέειν: (έρύω):—to keep in, bold back, restrain, binder: to control, curb, keep in check; γfi έρύκει earth confines

(the dead); μή με έρυκε μάχης keep me not back 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward from fight. 4. to keep apart, separate, dioff, Lat. arceo. vide. II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be 2. to be guarded, safe. kept away.

ἔρῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bul-

wark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

έρυμάτιον, τό, Dim. of έρυμα.

έρυμνό-νωτος, ον, with impenetrable back.

έρυμνός, ή, όν, (ἐρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence έρυμνότης, ητος, ή, strength, security, of a place.

**ἔρυντο**, 3 pl. aor. 2 of δύομαι.

έρυσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. med of έρύω.

έρυσ-άρματος, ον, (έρύω, άρμα) chariot-drawing:

Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματες, -τας

έρὕσί-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb

ἐρὕσἴ-νηΐs, ίδοs, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναθε) preserving sbips. ἐρὕσί-πτολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλις) protecting the city.

 $\epsilon$ ρύσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \rho \dot{\nu} \omega)$  a drawing.

έρυσμός, δ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

έρύσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of έρύω.

έρύσσομεν, Ep. for ερύσωμεν, aor. I subj of ερύω. έρυστός, ή, όν, (ἐρύω) drawn.

ἔρῦτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἐρύω.

ΈΡΥ΄ Ω Ιοπ. εἰρύω: fut. ἐρύσω οτ ἐρύω: aor. I εἴρύσα Ερ. εἴρυσσα or έρὐσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροὺs or νεκρον ερύειν, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαίνης έρύειν τινά to pull him by II. Med. ἐρύομαι Ion. εἰρύομαι: fut. inf. the cloak. έρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also έρύσσομαι: aor. I εἰρῦσάμην Ep.  $\epsilon i \rho \nu \sigma \sigma \alpha \mu \eta \nu$  or  $\epsilon \rho \nu \sigma \sigma \alpha \mu \eta \nu$ : the foll. forms are pass, pf. είρθμαι both in med and pass, sense, Ep. 3 pl. elρύἄται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἴρῦτο or έρυτο, 3 pl. είρυντο or είρύατο:—to draw to one's own side; ξίφος ἐρύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρύσασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἐρύεσθαι νηαs to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, 3. to keep off, ward off; ή δ' οὐκ ἔγχος guard. έρυτο it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, bold in bonour; θέμιστας εἰρύαται they maintain laws.

ἔρχάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἔργω, εἴργω:--ἔρχά-

**το** (or ἐέρχατο), 3 pl. plqpf.

έρχατάομαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

έρχατος, ο, (έργω) a fence, enclosure, bedge.

έρχατόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of έρχατάομαι. έρχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of έργω, είργω.

**EPXOMAI**: impf. ηρχόμην:— the tenses are formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: 201. | μαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρειτη-

ήλδθον, syncop. ήλθον Dor. ήνθον; later also aor. 1 ήλθα: pf. ἐλήλϋθα Ep. εἰλήλουθα, t pl. εἰλήλουθμεν, part. είληλουθώε: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. έληλύθεε Ep. είληλούθει:-to come or go:-to come back, return: -in Homer with cognate words, as, ὁδόν or κέλευθον έλθεῖν; also poet., ἀγγελίην ἐλθεῖν to go on a mes-2. c. gen. loci, πεδίοιο έλθεῖν to go through sage. or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ξρχομοι οἰσόμενος έγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, έρχομαι έρέων I am going to tell, Fr. II. later phrases: είs λόγουs έρje vais dire. χεσθαί τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πῶν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. 3. παρά μικρον ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with 8id and its case, periphr. for a Verb, as, δια μάχης τινί έρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαί τινι, δια πολέμου έρχεσθαι for πολεμείν, etc.

έρψω, έρψουμες, Dor. 1 sing. and pl. fut. of έρπω.

έρω, dat. of έρος, love: see έρως.

'EPΩ' Ion. and Ep. έρέω, fut.  $(\phi \eta \mu i, \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$  and  $\dot{a} \gamma o$ ρεύω being used as pres. and εἶπον as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. είρηκα, pass. είρημαι, plqpf. pass.  $\epsilon i \rho \eta \mu \eta \nu$ ; aor. I pass.  $\epsilon \rho \rho \eta \theta \eta \nu$  and  $\epsilon \rho \rho \epsilon \theta \eta \nu$ , inf.  $\rho \eta \theta \hat{\eta}$ ναι; fut. pass. δηθήσομαι, fut. 3 είρησομαι:-- I will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do, είρητό oi, c. inf., it bad been told him to II. ἐρέω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres. =  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ poµai,  $\epsilon$ ipoµai, to ask for or after.

'EPΩΔΙΟ'Σ, δ, the heron or hern, Lat. ARDEA.

έρωείτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

έρωέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ήρώησα Ep. έρώησα:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at inter-2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος ούποτ' έρωει the cloud never leaves II trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to δώομαι.) Hence

έρωή, ή, any quick, violent motion; δουρός έρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λικμητήρος έρωή the force or swing of the winnower's (shovel). pulse, desire II. a retreat from, rest from;

πολέμου έρωή.

έρωησαι, aor I inf. of έρωέω · έρωησαιτε, 2 pl. opt. έρω-μανέω, f. ήσω, (έρως, μαίνομαι) to be madly in love. Hence

έρωμανία, ή, mad love.

έρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of έρωμενος, δ, έρωμένη, ή, pres. part. pass. of έράω, a loved one, one's love.

έρως, ωτος, δ: heterocl. dat. έρφ (from έρος), acc. ἔρων, for regular dat. ἔρωτι, acc. ἔρωτα: (ἔρο•):— II. as prop. n., the love: desire for a thing. god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. sportes the Loves. Hence

ἐρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

έρωτάω Ion. elp-, f. ήσω: nor, 1 ήρωτησα: (ξρο-

θέν the question. II. to question a person. to ask, solicit, beg. Hence έρώτημα, ατος, τό, a question; έρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήwater the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers. έρώτησις, εως, ή, (έρωτάω) a questioning. έρωτιάs, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of έρωτικός. έρωτικός, ή, όν, (έρως) of or caused by love, έρω-2. given to love, fond. τική ξυντυχία a love affair. Hence έρωτικώς, Adv. lovingly, fondly. έρωτίς, ίδος, ή, (έρως) a loved one, darling. II. as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νησοι islands of love έρωτο-γράφος, ον, (έρως, γράφω) writing on love. έρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (έρως, πλανάω) beguiling love έρωτο-πλοέω, f. ήσω, (έρωs, πλόοs) to sail on love's ocean. έρωτύλος, δ, (ξρως) a darling, sweetheart. as Adj., έρωτύλα ἀείδειν to sing love-songs. [v] és, Ion. and old Att. form for éis, to. for all compounds with  $\epsilon \sigma$  - see under  $\epsilon i \sigma$  -. «s, aor. 2 imperat. of ιημι. έσ-αγγελεύς, έσ-αγγέλλω, for είσαγγ-. έσ-αγείρω, v. είσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. impf. med. ἐσαγείρετο, Ep. aor. I med. ἐσαγείρατο. έσ-άγω, ν. είσάγω. έσ-αιέν, (έs, αίέν) Adv. for ever. έσ-αθρέω, έσ-ἄκοντίζω, έσ-ἄκούω, v. sub είσ-.  $\epsilon \sigma \alpha \theta \rho \dot{\eta} \sigma \alpha \iota \mu \iota$ , aor. I opt. of  $\epsilon i \sigma \alpha \theta \rho \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ έσαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. 2or. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι. έσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of είμί sum. ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἕννυμι. **ἐσάντα**, ν. εἰσάντα. έσ-άπαξ, Ion. for είσαπ-, (έs, απαξ) at once. **ἐσάπην [ἄ]**, aor. 2 pass. of σήπω. έσ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for είσαφικνέομαι. **ἐσ-ἄράσσω**, ν. εἰσαράσσω. έσατο, 3 sing. 20r. I med. of έννυμι. έσ-άχρι, Adv. for εls ἄχρι, until, c gen. έσάωθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σαύω, Εp. for σώζω. έσάωσα, aor. I of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω. **ἐσβαίην,** 20r. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίνω. έσ-βαίνω, έσ-βάλλω, ν. είσβαίνω, είσβάλλω. έσβάς, 20r. 2 part. of είσβαίνω. **ἔσβην**, 2οτ. 2 of σβέννυμι. έσ-βιβάζω, έσ-βολή, ν. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή. έσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for είσδέχομαι. **ἐσ-δίδ**ωμι, ἐσ-δύομαι, ἐσ-δύω, ν. εἰσδ-. έσδόμενοι, έσδώμεθα, Dor. for εζύμενοι, εζώμεθα. έσεαι, έσεται, poet. for έσει or έση, έσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of elui sum. έσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι. έσέδραμον, 2 of είστρέχω. **ἔσ-ειμι**, ν. εἴσειμι. έσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι. έσελθειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι. έσεμασσάμην, Ep. aor. I of είσμαίομαι (cf. έπιμαίομαι), to touch; μάλα γάρ με θάνὰν ἐσεμάσσατο | ἔσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ἢν, impf. of εἰμί sum.

III. | θυμόν for by his death he very much touched me in *beart*. έσέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of είσπέταμαι. έσεργνύναι, Ion. inf. of είσείργω, είσέργω. έσ-έρχομαι, ν. είσέρχομαι. έσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάττω έσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσχέω. έσ-έχω, έσ-ηθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσηθέω. έσήλατο, 3 sing aor, 1 med. of εἰσάλλομαι. έσημήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω. έσηνα, aor. I of σαίνω. εσθαι, aor. 2 mf. med. of ίημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of έννυμι. έσθέσθαι, Ion. aor 2 inf. med. of είστίθημι. έσθέω, (ἐσθήs) to clothe.—Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ήσθημαι Ιοπ. ἔσθημαι, ἐσθῆτα ἐσθημένοs clad in raiment. Hence ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, a garment, dress. έσθην, 3 dual plopf. pass. of έννυμι.  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\tau os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ , pf. mf. pass. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\nu\nu\mu\iota$ ) a garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ σθησις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}$ σθ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  clothing, raiment. έσθίω, Ep. mf. έσθιέμεν: mpf. ήσθιον. fut. έδομαι (from Ep. pres. ΕΔΩ): pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass. ἐδήδεσμαι: aor Ι pass. ἠδέσθην: aor. 2 act. ἔφἄγον (from Root \*ΦΑΓΩ):-the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease; ἐσθίειν ξαυτόν to vex or annoy oneself; ἐσθίειν τὴν χελύνην to bute the lip: - Pass. to be eaten: οἶκος ἐσθίεται the house is eaten up.  $\dot{\mathbf{E}}$ ΣΘΛΟ'Σ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , Dor.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ σλός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\alpha\theta\dot{\omega}$ ς, good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy: kind, good. 2. of omens, good, lucky. Subst., ἐσθλά goods: absol., ἐσθλόν good luck. έσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἐσθλός. έσθορον, Ep. 201. 2 of είσθρώσκω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\theta$ os,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau\dot{o}$ , =  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\dot{\eta}$ s, a dress, garment. έσθ' ὅτε, for ἐστὶν ὅτε, Lat. est quum, there is a time when, 1. e. now and then, sometimes. **ἐσ-θρώσκω**, ν εἰσθρώσκω. έσθω, Ep. inf. ἐσθέμεναι, impf. ἢσθον, poet. form of έσθίω, to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's means. ἐστγάθην [ā], Dor aor. I pass. of σιγάω.

έσιδέσθην, Ep 3 dual aor. 2 med. of είσείδον. έστεμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίημι. ἐσίζηται, for εἰσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι. έσ-ίημι, έσ-ικνέομαι, έσ-ίπταμαι, ν. είσ-. έσ-καταβαίνω, ν. είσκ-. ἐσκάτθετο, for εἰσκατέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of είσκατατίθημι. ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ην, 3 sing. impf. of εlμί sum. έσκέδασα, 201. I of σκεδάννυμι. ξσκεμμαι, pf. of σκοπξω. έσκίδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδνημι. ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2.

έστδειν, for είσιδειν, inf. of είσειδον.

έσλός, Dor. for ἐσθλός.

ξσμηχον, impf. of σμήχω.

έσμός or έσμός, δ, (ίημι) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἐσμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\mu\sigma$ - $\tau\dot{o}\kappa\sigma$ s,  $\sigma\nu$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\mu\dot{o}s$ ,  $\tau\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\hat{\iota}\nu$ ) producing swarms

of bees.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma o$ , Ep. for  $\tilde{\iota}\sigma\theta\iota$ , imperat. of  $\epsilon i\mu i$ .

έσ-οικέω, έσ-οικίζω, v. είσ-.

**ἔσοπτος**, ν. *ϵἴσοπτος*. Hence

**ἔσοπτρον**, ν. εἴσοπτρον.

έσ-οράω, ν. είσοράω.

έσορωμες, Dor. for είσορωμεν.

έσοῦμαι, Dor. for έσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum

έσόψομαι, fut. of έσοράω, είσοράω. έσπάθημαι, pf. pass of σπαθάω.

έσπαρμαι, pf pass. of σπείρω.

έσπεισα, aor. I of σπένδω.

ΈΣΠΕ'PA, ή, Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj. (sub. ωρα), evening; εσπερας (gen. of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἐσπέραs after evening, at nightfall; els or προς έσπέραν towards evening: in plur. the evening bours, eventide 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens; τὸ πρὸς ἐσπέρης the west country. Hence

έσπέριος, a, ov, and os, ov, (ἔσπερος) of Time, in II. of Place, western, the evening, at eventide. towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

έσπερίς, ίδος, ή, peculiar fem. of έσπέριος, at even-II as Subst., al Έσπερίδεs the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden

apples. "EΣΠΕΡΟΣ, δ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἐλθεῖν they waited for even to come on: irregul. plur. neut.  $\xi \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho a$ ,  $\tau \dot{a}$ , the bours of evening. eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i.e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; εσπερος αστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

έσπετε, for εἴπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.

έσπόμην, aor. 2 of επομαι: Homer retains ε- in all the moods, imperat. ἐσπέσθω, subj. ἔσπωνται, opt. έσποιμην, inf. έσπέσθαι, part. έσπόμενος.

έσπον, aor. 2 of έπω.

έσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of έννυμι; έσσαι, inf (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἐσσάμενος, aor. I part. med.

έσσειται, 3 sing. of έσσουμαι, Dor. fut. of είμί sum. έσσεσθαι, for έσεσθαι, fut. inf. of είμί sum.

ἔσσευα, Ep. for ἔσευα, aor. I of σεύω.

έσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εls, εl, 2 sing. of εlμί sum. έσσο, Ep. for έσο, imperat. of έννυμ. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of εννυμι.

έσσομαι, for έσομαι, Ep. fut. of είμί sum: but

έσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of έννυμι.

έσσόομαι, Ion. for ήσσάομαι: impf. έσσούμην: aor. Ι ἐσσώθην: pf. ἔσσωμαι: Pass.: (ἔσσων, Ion. for ήσσων):--to be beaten.

έσσύμαι, pf. pass. of σεύω: έσσύμην, plapf. with sense of aor. 2.

έσσύμενος, η, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres, but redupl, as if pf.), driven, burried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., έσσυμένως bastily, vehemently.

έσσυο, έσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.

έσσωθήναι, Ion. for ήσσηθήναι, v. έσσόω.

**ἔσσω**, Ep. fut. of ἕννυμι.

έσσων, Ion. for ήσσων.

\*έσταα, pf. 2 of ιστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual εστάτον, plur. εστάμεν, εστάτε, εστάσι; inf εστάναι Ep. έστάμεν, έστάμεναι; part. έσταώs Att. contr. έστώs Ion έστεώs and έστηώs, fem. έστῶσα.

ΙΙ. ἔσται. έσται, 3 sing. fut. of είμί sum: but 3 sing. pf. pass. of evvuui.

έστάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω. έστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: έσταλκα, pf. έστάμεν, έστάμεναι [ă], sce εσταα.

έσταμεν, I pl. of έσταα.

έσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ίστημι.

**έστάναι**, for έστηκέναι, **ν**. έσταα.

έσταότες, plur. of έσταώς, v. έσταα

έστασαν, 3 pl. poet. plapf. of ιστημι, they stood, v. ἔσταα: but 2. ἔστασαν, shortd. for ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ιστημι, they placed.

έστασι, 3 pl poet. pf. of ίστημι; v. έσταα.

εστάτε, 2 plur., and εστάτον, 2 and 3 dual; see ἔσταα.

έσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρόω.

έσ-τε Dor. έσ-τε: (έs, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.

**ἔστειλα,** aor. I of *στέ*λλω.

έστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

έστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

έστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of στεφανύω.

έστεώς, Ion. pf. part. of ιστημι; ν. έσταα. ἔστηκα, ἐστήκειν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἴστημι.

**ἔστην**, aor. 2 intr. of ἴστημι.

έστήξω, έστήξομαι, fut. intr of ίστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσκω. έστηρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στηρίζω: έστήρικτο, plqpf.

ἔστησα, ἐστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἴστημι. έστηώς, Ion. pf. part. of ίστημι; ν. έσταα.

έστία Ion. ίστίη, ή, (έζομαι) the bearth of a bouse; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the bouse itself, a dwelling, bome. 3. the bousehold, family. nom. pr., Eστία Ion. Ιστίη, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the bearth and bome, invoked first at festivals.

έστίαμα, ατος, τό, (έστιάω) a banquet,

έστιαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be master of a bouse. From έστι-άρχης, ου, δ, (έστία, άρχω) master of a bouse.

toriaois, εωε, ή, (ξοτιάω) a feasting, banqueting. Ep. part., ἐσχατόων, όωσα, of men, lurking about the έστιάω, impf. είστίων: f. έστιάσω [ā]: 20r. I είστίασα: pf. είστίακα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) έστιάσομαι: aor. ι είστιάθην: pf. είστίαμαι: (έστία):-- to receive into one's bome, to entertain bospitably, to feast: -Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei, to feast on; ξστιασθαι ξνύπνιον to bave a visionary feast. έστι-ούχος, ον, (έστία, έχω) guarding the house or 2. baving an altar or bearth. 3. on the state. bearth or altar. έστιοω, f. ώσω, (έστία) to found a hearth or house: -Pass., δώμα έστιοῦται the family is established. ϵστιχον, aor. 2 of στείχω. έστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω. έστιώτης, ου, δ, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, (έστία) of or from the bouse. έστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of έννυμι. έσ-τοξεύω, = είσ-τοξεύω. έστοργα, pf. of στέργω. έστόρεσα, aor. 1 of στορέννυμι. έστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω. έστράφην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω. έσ-τρίς, (έs, τρίς) Adv. until three times, thrice. έστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι. ἔστρωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρώννυμι. **ἔστρωτο**, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι. **ἔστύγον,** aor. 2 of στυγέω. έστωρ, opos, o, a peg or nail at the end of the pole. on which the ring, rpinos, for fastening the harness was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain) έστώς, -ωσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. Earaa. **ἐσύλησα,** 20τ. 1 of σῦλάω. έσύνηκα, irreg for συνηκα, aor. 1 of συνίημι. **ἔσῦρα, aor. 1** of σύρω. έσύρην [ŭ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω. έσ-ύστερον, Adv. for els υστερον, for the future. ἐσφάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω. ἔσφαγμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω. έσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of σφαιρόω. έσφάλην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλω. **ἔσφαλμαι,** pf. pass, of σφάλλω. **ἔσφαξα, aor.** Ι οί σφάζω, σφάττω. έσ-φέρω, ν. είσ-φέρω. έσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκύω. **ἔσφηλα**, 20r. Ι of σφάλλω. έσ-φορέω, ν. είσ-φορέω. έσφραγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω. 'EΣΧΑ'PA Ion. ἐσχάρη, ή: Ep. gen. and dat. ἐσχαρόφιν:-the bearth, fire-place, like έστία; πυρό: ἐσχάραι watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offer-III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence ings. έσχαρεών, ῶνοι, ὁ, = ἐσχάρα Ι. έσχάριος, ον, (ἐσχάρα) of or on the hearth. έσχαρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἐσχάρα. **ξσχάσα, aor.** Ι of σχάζω. έσχατάω, (ἔσχατος) to be at the edge; only used in | comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmate,

edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border. έσχατιά Ion. -ιή, ή, (έσχατος) the furthest part, the edge, border, verge. II. a remote, retired spot. έσχάτιος, ον, poet. for έσχατος.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\chi\tilde{a}\tau\sigma s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma\nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa, \tilde{\epsilon}\tilde{\epsilon})$  the furthest, uttermost, extreme; ἔσχατοι ἀνδρῶν most remote of mankind: the furthest each way: 1. the uppermost, highest, 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. Lat. summus. 3. the innermost, Lat. intimus. II. of sufferings, the uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἔσχατον, τὰ ἔσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἔσχατ' έσχάτων κακά worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ έσχατώτατα the extremest. III. Adv. ἐσχάτωε, to the uttermost, extremely: also neut. ἔσχατον as Adv. for the last time: Comp. ἐσχατώτερον more extremely, Sup. ἐσχατώτατα, most utterly. έσχατόων, όωσα, Ep. part. of έσχατάω. ἔσχεθον, poet. for ἔσχον, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέθον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι; inf. σχεθείν Εp. - έειν; part. σχέθων. έσ-χέω, for είσχέω. ἔσχηκα, ἔσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω. έσχίσα, aor. i of σχίζω  $\epsilon \sigma \chi (\sigma \theta \eta \nu, \text{ agr. I pass. of } \sigma \chi (\zeta \omega.$  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ σχισμαι, pf pass. of σχίζω. ἔσχον, ἐσχόμην, aor. 2 act and med. of ἔχω. **ἔσχων,** impf, of σχάω. έσω Ep. έσσω, fut. of έννυμι. έσω, Adv. for είσω, within: Comp. ἐσωτέρω, more within: inner: - Sup. ἐσωτάτω, most within. Hence εσωθεν and -θε, Adv. from within: within, inside.  $\epsilon \sigma \omega \theta \eta v$ , aor. I pass. of  $\sigma \omega \zeta \omega$ . έσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from έσω, innermost, Lat. intimus. Adv. ἐσωτάτω, v. ἔσω. έσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from έσω, inner, Lat. interior: Adv. ἐσωτέρω, v. ἔσω. **ἐτάγην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω. έτάζω, f. σω, (έτεύε) to examine, test. έτάθην [α], aor. I pass. of τείνω. έταίρα, ή, fem. of έταίρος. έταιρεία or -ία Ion. -ητη, ή, (έταιρος) companionship: an association, club, brotherbood. Athens, a political club or union for party pur-III generally, friendship, intimacy. έταιρείος, a, ov, lon. - ήιος, η, ov, (έταιρος) of comrades or fellowship: Zεùs èτ. presiding over fellowship. έταιρέω, f. ήσω, (έταίρα) to be a courtesan. έταιρητη, -ήϊος, Ion. for έταιρεία, -είος. έταιρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐταῖροs) to be one's comrade or companion in arms.  $2 = \xi \tau \alpha i \rho \epsilon \omega$ , to be a cour-II. Med. to choose for one's comrade. έταιρικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , = έταιρεῖος, of or like a comrade, social;  $\tau \delta \in \tau \alpha : \rho : \kappa \delta \nu = \epsilon \tau \alpha : \rho \in \epsilon \delta \alpha$ . έταιρίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = έταίρα, a courtesan. έταιρίσσαι, Ep. 20r. 1 inf. of έταιρίζω.

έταιρος Ep. and Ion. ετάρος, ό, (έτης) a companion,

a messmate: also a fellow-slave: -as Adj. associated; Sup. εταιρότατος. ΙΙ. **έταίρα** Ιοη. **έταίρη** Ερ. ἐτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, belper, friend. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

έταιρόσυνος, η, ον, friendly: as Subst. a friend έτάκευ, έτάκετο, Dor. for έτηκου, έτηκετο, 2 and 3 sing, impf. med. of  $\tau \dot{\eta} \kappa \omega$ .

ἐτάκην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω.

ἔτακον, -όμην, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω. έταλάσσας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 1 of ταλάω.

ἔταμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἔταξα, aor. Ι of τάσσω. ἐτάραξα, aor. I of ταράσσω.

έταρίζομαι, Ep. for έταιρίζομαι.

έταρος, έταρη, Ep. and Ion, for έταιρος, έταιρα. έτάρπην, aor. 2 pass. of τέρπω.

**ἐτάρφθην**, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of τέρπω.

έτας, acc. pl. of έτης.

έτάτυμος, Dor. for έτήτυμος.

έτάφην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

έτάχθην, aor. I pass, of τάσσω.

έτέθαπτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of θάπτω.

έτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

έτεθήπεα, Ep. plapf. of τέθηπα.

έτέθυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) of θύω. έτειος, α, ον, (έτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἔτεκον, ἐτεκόμην, 20r. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω έτελείετο, Ep. tor έτελείτο, 3 sing. impf. pass of τελέω.

 $\epsilon$ τελέσθην, aor. 1 pass. of τελέω. ἐτέλεσσα, Ep aor. I of τελέω.

**ἔτεμον**, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

Έτεό-κρητες, οἱ, (ἐτεοί, Κρῆτες) true Cretans. 'ETEO'Σ, ά, όν, (perhaps from elul sum) true, real,

genuine: in neut. ἐτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. revera: -Att. in ironical questions, ἐτεόν; so! indeed! Lat. itane? Ion. dat.

fem. ἐτεŷ is also used as Adv., in truth.

έτερ-αλκής, έε, (ετερος, άλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοίσι μάχης έτεραλκέα νίκην δούναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη έτεραλκής a decisive victory; δήμος έτεpaλκήs a body of men which decides the victory. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. anceps.

έτερ-ήμερος, ον, (ἔτερος, ήμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

έτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἔτερος.

έτερό-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (ἔτεροε, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.

έτερό-γνάθος, ov, with one side of the mouth barder than the other, of a horse.

έτερο-δίδασκαλέω, (έτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

έτερό-δοξος, ον, (ξτερος, δύξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, beterodox.

έτερό-ζηλος, ον, (ετερος, ζήλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -\u03bas, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

έτεροζυγέω, f. ήσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

έτερό-ζύγος, ον, (έτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: 2. unequally balanced. different.

έτεροιοs, a, ov, (ετερος) of a different nature or kind.

Adv. -οίωs. Hence έτεροιόω, f. ώσω, to make otherwise, alter: - Pass. to

become changed, alter. έτερο-κλίνης, έs, (ἔτεροs, κλινηναι) leaning to one

side: of ground, sloping. έτερο-μήκης, εs, (ἔτερος, μῆκος) with unequal sides,

oblong, rectangular.

έτερο-μήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (έτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.

έτερό-πλοος, ον, contr. –πλους, ουν, ( $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \rho o s$ , πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

έτερορ-ρεπής, ές, and έτερορ-ροπος, ον, (έτερος, βέπω) inclined to one side; έτερορρεπής Ζεύς who makes now one side and now another pre-

ponderate

"ETEPOΣ, a, ov, Lat. ALTER, the other, one of two; χειρί φέρειν έτέρη to carry in one of his hands; ἔτεροι ἐτέρων ἄρχουσι the one rule the other; ἕτερος τοιούτος another such; έτερα τοσαύτα as many more. Lat. alterum tantum; δεύτερος έτερος yet a se-2. also like Lat. alter, for δεύτεροs, second; ή ἐτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, 1. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλοs, Lat. alius, opp., not to one, but to many. III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like άλλοιοs; other (than good), Lat. sequior, evil. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τη ετέρα, θατέρα (sub. οδφ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner, also (sub. χειρί) with one band, 1 e. with the left hand, and (sub. ημέρα) on the next 2. also neut., τὸ ἔτερον, τὰ ἔτερα, as ἐπὶ θάτερα one or the other way; εκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα from the one side, opp. to els τα έπι θάτερα to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [α] for ἔτερος: whereas in Att. άτερος [ā] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἔτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρω, acc. θάτερον ]

έτερό-τροπος, ον, (έτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper.

ing another way: uncertain, inconstant. έτερό-φωνος, ον, (ξτερος, (φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

έτέρσετο, 3 sing. impf. of τέρσομαι.

έτέρφθην, aor. I pass, of τέρπω.

II. έτέρωθεν, (έτερος) Adv. from the other side. on the other side, opposite.

έτέρωθι, (ἔτερος) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: ξτέρωθι τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. at another time.

έτέρως, Adv. of έτερος, differently, otherwise.

έτέρωσε, (ἔτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side: | hence to another place.

έτέρωτα, Aeol. for έτέρωθι, at another time. έτέταλτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of τέλλω.

έτετεύχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

έτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκειν, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

έτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of τρέπω.

 $\epsilon$ τετμον, impf. of  $\tau \epsilon \tau \mu \omega$ .

έτέτυξο, -υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plapf. pass. of τεύχω.

έτευξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

έτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

έτέχθην, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

έτηξα, aor. 1 of τήκω.

"ETHΣ, ου, ὁ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. Att. a townsman, neighbour: a private citizen. III.

for  $\vec{\omega}$   $\tau \dot{\alpha} \nu$  or  $\vec{\omega}$  ' $\tau \dot{\alpha} \nu$ , v. sub  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \nu$ .

έτησίαι (sub. ἄνεμοι), ων, οί, (ετος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

έτήσιος, ον, (έτος) a year long, for a year.

yearly, annual.

έτητυμία, ή, truth. From

έτήτυμος, ον, lengthd. for έτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμωs, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

"ETI, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adbuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still. III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; έτι δέ nay more; έτ' άλλος yet another; ἔτι μᾶλλον yet more.

etileis, etilei, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of  $*\tau \iota \theta \epsilon \omega = \tau \iota \theta \eta \mu \iota$ .

ἔτιλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

**ἐτίμᾶσα**, Dor. aor. 1 of τιμάω.

**ἐτίναχθεν,** Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of τινάσσω.

**ἔτῖσα,** aor. 1 of τίνω.

ἔτλην Dor. ἔτλαν, aor. 2 of the root \*τλάω: but έτλαν, Ep. for έτλησαν, 3 plur.

**ἐτμάγην** [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

έτμήθην, aor. I pass. of  $τ \in μνω$ .

έτν-ήρυσις, εως, ή, (έτνος, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle. "ETNOΣ, εos, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans:

soup, pudding.

έτοιμάζω, f. άσω, aor. I ήτοίμασα: (ξτοίμος):--to make or get ready, prepare: - Med., with pf. pass. ητοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready: c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

έτοιμασία, ή, a being prepared, preparation: readiness.

έτοιμασσαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ξτοι μάζω.

**ETOI MOS** or **ETOILOS**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , or os,  $o\nu$ , at band, ready, prepared; έξ ξτοίμου immediately, off ΙΙ. τὰ ἔτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτοιμα μάλλον τρέπονται betake them- εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) the reward of good

selves rather to that which is close at hand. one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt. 2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile. III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

έτοιμότης, ητος, ή, a being prepared, readiness. έτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (έτοιμος, τεμείν) ready for cutting.

έτοίμως, Adv. of έτοιμος, readily: Comp. and Sup., έτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}$ τορον, aor. 2 of τορ $\hat{\epsilon}\omega$ .

"ETOΣ, εos, τό, a year; κατά έτος every year; dvd παν έτος every year; δι' έτους πέμπτου every fifth year; ἔτος είς ἔτος year after year.

έτόs, Adv., = έτωσίωs, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat, οὐκ ἐτόs not without reason:-mostly in questions, οὐκ ἐτὸs ἄρ' ὡς ἔμ'  $\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$  οὐδεπώποτε; it was not for nothing then? (Deriv. uncertain.)

**ἔτρἄγον**, 201. 2 of τρώγω.

ἔτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

έτρά $\theta$ ην, lon, aor, I of τρέπω.

έτραφον, έτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφω. **ἔτρεσα**, aor. I of τρέω.

έτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἔτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω. έτρωσα, έτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τιτρώσκω. **ἐτύθην** [ŭ], aor. J pass. of θύω

έτυμο-λογία, ή, (έτυμος, λόγος) the true account of analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology.

έτυμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἐτεός) true, real, actual: neut. pl. ἔτυμα, truths, the truth: neut. ἔτυμον is used as an Adv. like ereov, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

έτύπην [τ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπτω.

έτύφην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

**ἐτύφθην**, aor. 1 pass. of τύπτω.

έτύχησα, έτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

έτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

έτωσιο-εργός, όν, (ἐτώσιος, ἔργον) working in vain. έτώσιος, ον, (ἐτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

ευ Ep. also ευ, Adv., properly neut. of ευs, well, opp. to κακώs; εὖ καὶ ἐπισταμένωs well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, bappily: εὖ ἔχειν or ἥκειν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ήκειν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living: εὖ γεγονώς well born. Subst., τὸ εῦ good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ εὖ νικάτω may the right prevail. in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

ev, Ion. for ov, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers. εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελοε):—to bring good news, announce them. preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the gospel:—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to bave the gospel preached to one:—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

tidings :- Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναδησαί τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. the glad tidings, the gospel. εὐαγγελιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels. εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὖ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news. εὐ-ἄγέω, f. ήσω, to be pure, boly. From εὐ-ἄγήs, έs, (εὖ, ἄγοs) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat. castus, of persons and actions:—poet. Adv. εὐάγέωs. εὐ-ἄγήs, έs, (ἄγω) moving well, nimble. εὐ-āγήs, έs, = εὐαυγήs, far-seen, conspicuous; έδρα εὐαγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army. εὐ-άγητος, ον, = εὐ $\bar{a}$ γής, bright, clear.  $[\bar{a}]$ εὐ-άγκαλος, ον, (εὖ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the εὐ-αγκήs, έs, (εὖ, ἄγκοs) with fair valleys or glades. εὐ-āγορέω, Dor. for εὐηγορέω. εὐαγρεσία, ή, good sport in bunting. From εὐ-αγρέω, (εὖ, άγρα) to bave good sport. Hence εὐαγρία, ή, good sport in bunting, fishing, etc.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -aypos, ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \tilde{a} \gamma \rho a)$  lucky in the chase, successful.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{u}} - \mathbf{a} \gamma \omega \gamma \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}} \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}}, \ddot{\mathbf{a}} \gamma \omega)$  easily led, docile. εὐ-άγων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ă] **εὐἄδε**, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of ἀνδάνω. εὐάζω or εὐιάζω, (εὖα) to cry εὖα in bonour of Bacchus:-also in Med. εὐάζομαι. εὐ-āήs, έs, (εὖ, ἄημι) with a good breeze, airy. act. blowing fair: - metaph. prosperous, favourable. eυ-aθλos, ov, (ευ, άθλos) successful in contests.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -aivntos, ov.  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ , aiv $\epsilon \omega$ ) much-extolled. εὐ-αίρετος, ον, (εὖ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken. εὐ-αίων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, αἰών) of bappy life, generally, bappy; εὐαίων ὕπνος blessed sleep. εὐ-ἄκοέω, εὐάκοος, Dor. for εὐηκ-. εὐ-āλάκατος, ον, Dor. for εὐηλ-. εὐ-αλδής, ές, (εὐ, ἀλδαίνω) well-grown, luxuriant. εὐ-άλιος, ον. Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ā]  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \vec{\alpha} \lambda \vec{\phi} \vec{v} = 0$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \vec{\alpha} \lambda \phi \vec{v} = 0)$  of good meal. εὐ-άλωτος, ον, (εὖ, άλῶναι) easy to be taken. [ἄ] εὐ-άμπελος, ον, (εὖ, ἄμπελος) with fine vines. εὐάν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εὖα, εὐοῖ. εὐ-ανάκλητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back. εὐανδρία, ή, abundance of men, store of good men. II. manbood, manliness, courage, spirit. From  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -aνδροs, ον,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}$ ,  $\dot{a}v\eta \rho)$  abounding in good men II. prosperous to men. εὐ-ἀνεμος  $[\bar{a}]$ , ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος. εὐ-άνθεμος, ον, (εὖ, ἄνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery. εὐανθέω, f. ήσω, to be flowery or blooming. From εὐ-ανθής, ές, (εὖ, ἄνθος) blooming, budding. II. rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2. also blooming, fresb. εὐ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήνιος. [ā]

εὐ-āνορία, ή, Dor. for εὐηνορία. εὐ-άντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious. εὐ-ἀνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, Dor. for εὐήνωρ.  $[\bar{a}]$ εὐ-απάλλακτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid of: easy to dispose of.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \mathbf{\bar{\alpha}} \pi \hat{\mathbf{\alpha}} + \mathbf{\bar{\gamma}} \mathbf{\bar{\gamma}} \mathbf{\bar{\gamma}}, \ ov, \ (\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \ \hat{\mathbf{\alpha}} \pi \tilde{\mathbf{\alpha}} + \hat{\mathbf{\alpha}} \omega) \ easily \ cheated.$ εὐ-απήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος. εὐ-απόβάτος, ov, convenient for disembarking. εὐ-αποτείχιστος, ον, (εὖ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be walled off or blockaded. εὐάρεστέω, f. ήσω, to be well-pleasing. From εὐ-άρεστος, ov, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐαρέστωs, Comp. -τοτέρωs. εὐ-αρίθμητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.  $ε \ddot{v}$ -αρκτος, ον,  $(ε \ddot{v}$ ,  $\ddot{a}ρχω$ ) well-governed: submissive. εὐ-άρματος, ον, (εὖ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race. εὐαρμοστία, ή, easiness of temper, good nature. From εὐ-άρμοστος, ον, (εὖ, άρμόζω) well-adapted, accommodating. II. well-tuned, barmonious. ευ-apvos, ov, (ευ, άρνός gen) rich in sheep. εὐ-άροτος, ον, (εὖ, ἀρόω) well-ploughed, easy to be ploughed. εύ-αρχος, ον, (εδ, άρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning. εὐάς, άδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖα) Bacchic, Bacchanalian. εύασμα, ατος, τό, (εὐάζω) a Baccbanalian shout. εὐασμός, ὑ, (εὐάζω) the cry of εὖα, a shout of revelry, esp. of Bacchic revelry. εὐάστειρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem of εὐαστήρ. εὐαστήρ, ηρος, ό, and εὐαστής, οῦ, ό, (εὐάζω) α Bacchanal. εὐάτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος. εὐ-αυγήs, έs, (εὖ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \mathbf{a} \hat{\mathbf{v}} \chi \eta \mathbf{v}, \ \epsilon \nu o \mathbf{s}, \ \delta, \ \dot{\eta}, \ (\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \ a \hat{\mathbf{v}} \chi \dot{\eta} \nu) \ with \ beautiful \ neck.$ εὐ-αφήγητος Ιου. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὖ, ἀφηγέομαι) easy to describe.  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\upsilon}$ - $\ddot{a}\chi\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\upsilon}$ - $\dot{a}\chi\eta\tau\sigma s$  [ $\ddot{a}$ ], Dor. for  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\upsilon}\eta\chi\dot{\eta}s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\upsilon}\dot{\eta}\chi\eta\tau\sigma s$ . εὐ-βάστακτος,ον,(εὖ,βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear. ευ-βάτος, ον, (ευ, βατός) accessible: passable. εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὖ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids. Eύβοιa, as Ion. ηs, ή, Euboea, now Negropont, an island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica. εὐβολέω, f. ήσω, to make a good throw. From ευ-βολος, ον, (ευ, βαλείν) throwing luckily. Adv. εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως έχειν to be well off. εὐβοσία, ή, (εὕβοτος) good feeding. εὐ-βόστρυχος, ov, with beautiful locks. ευ-βοτος, ον, (ευ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good pasture. II. well-fed, thriving. εὐ-βότρῦος, ον, and εὖ-βοτρυς, v, gen. vos, (εὖ, βότρυs) rich in grapes. εύβουλία, ή, good counsel: prudence. From ευ-βουλος, ον, (ευ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent. ευ-βους, ουν, gen. oos, (ευ, βους) rich in cattle. ευ-βροχος, ον, (ευ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εύ-γαθής, έε, and εύ-γάθητος, ον. Dor. for εύγηθ-.

ευ-γε, Adv. for ευ γε, Lat. euge! well done! well said! capital! bravo! far-seen.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -γειος, ον,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}$ ,  $\gamma \hat{\eta})$  of or with good soil: fertile. εὐγένεια, ή, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, bigh de- feasts. II. nobility of soul, generosity. εὐ-γένειος Ep. ἡϋ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -yevérns, ov,  $\dot{v}$ , = sq. εὐ-γενήs Ep. εὐη-γενήs and ἡϋ-γενήs, έs, (εὖ, γένοs) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. of animals, bigb-bred, noble. εὐ-γενία Ion. -ίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = εὐγένεια.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \gamma \epsilon \omega \mathbf{s}, \ \omega \mathbf{v}, \ (\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \ \gamma \hat{\eta}) \ \mathrm{Att} \ \ \mathrm{tor} \ \epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \gamma \epsilon \iota o \mathbf{s}.$ εὐ-γηθής, έs, and εὐ-γήθητος, ον, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful. εύγηρία, ή, (εύγηρως) happy old age. ev-γηρυs, v, sweet-sounding. ευ-γηρως, ων, (ευ, γήρας) bappy in old age. εύ-γλάγετος, ον, εὐ-γλάγής, έε, and εὔ-γλάγος, ον, (εὖ, γλάγοι) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὕγλαγι, as if from εὖ-γλαξ.  $e\ddot{v}$ -γλυπτος, ον, and  $e\dot{v}$ -γλυφής,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ s,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\dot{v}$ , γλ $\dot{v}$ φ $\omega$ ) well carved or engraved. fashioned. εύγλωσσία Att. -ττία, ή, fluency of speech  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\gamma \lambda \omega \sigma \sigma \sigma s$  Att.  $-\tau \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \gamma \lambda \hat{\omega} \sigma \sigma a)$  with goodand ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. act. loosing the tongue, making fluent. εύγμα, ατος, τό, (εύχομαι) like εύχος, a boast. = εὐχή a prayer. εύ-γναμπτος Εp. έΰγν-, ον, (εὖ, γνάμπτω) well-bent, easily bent. thing. Hence εύγνωμοσύνη, ή, good feeling, candour. From εὐ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὐ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable, II. sensible. prudent: -Adv. εὐγνωμόνωs, prudently. εύ-γνωστος, ον, (εύ, γιγνώσκω) well-known, familiar. ευ-γομφος, ον, (ευ, γύμφος) well-nailed or fastened. εὐγονία, ή, fruitfulness, fertility. From ευ-γονος, ον, (ευ, γονή) fruitful, prolific. ευ-γραμμος, ον, (ευ, γραμμή) well-drawn. εὐ-γραφήs, έs, (εὐ, γράφω) well painted. act. writing or drawing well. εὐ-γώνιος, ον, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular. eὐ-8alδaλos, ov, beautifully wrought. εύδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well off or bappy. Hence throne. εύδαιμόνημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune. εὐδαιμονία, ή, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, bappiness. εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σω, (εὐδαίμων) to account bappy. εὐδαιμονικός, ή, όν, (εὐδαίμων) of or tending to happiness: of persons, bappy. Adv. - www. bappily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαίμων, bappily: Comp. and

εὐ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good

εὐ-δάκρῦτο, ον, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, la-

Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα.

mentable.

also wealthy, like Lat. beatus: bappy.

εὐ-δείελος, ον, (εὖ, δέελος for δηλος) very clear,  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \delta \epsilon_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \delta \epsilon_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v})$  bonoured with rich II. εύδαιτοι δαίτες luxurious feasts. εύδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εύδω.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\delta \epsilon v \delta \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \delta \epsilon v \delta \rho o v)$  abounding in fair trees. εύδεσκον, Ion. impf. of εύδω. ευ-δηλος, ον, (ευ, δηλος) very clear, manifest. εύδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj of εύδω. εὐδία, ή, (εὐδιοε) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, εὐ-διάβἄτος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable. εὐ-διαίτερος, a, ov, irreg. Comp. of εὔδιος. εὐ-δίαιτος, ον, (εὖ, δίαιτα) living temperately.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ - $\delta \iota \bar{u} v \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o} v$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{v} \delta \iota o s$ , warm. εὐδιάω, f. ήσω, (εὐδία) to be calm. εὐ-δικία, ή, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice. εὐ-δίνητος, ον, (εὖ, δινέω) easily turning or turned. ευ-διος, ον, (ευ, Διός gen. of Zεύς) calm, fine, clear: genial: of persons, cheerful .- irreg. Comp. and Sup. εὐδιέστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδιαίτερος.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\delta \mu \eta \tau o s$  Ep.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} \delta$ -, o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \delta \epsilon \mu \omega)$  well built or εὐ-δοκέω, f. ήσω: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δυκέω):to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence εὐδοκία, ή, satisfaction, approval. εύδοκζμέω, f. ήσω: impf, and aor. I ηὐδοκίμουν, ηὐδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδόκιμος):-to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular; εὐδοκιμεῖν έν τινι to be distinguished for a εὐδοκιμία, ή, good repute, credit. εὐ-δόκιμος, ov, in good repute, highly esteemed. εὐδοξέω, f. ήσω, (εὐδοξοε) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence εὐδοξία, ή, good report, a good name, credit, glory. ευ-δοξος, ον, (ευ, δόξα) of good report, glorious. εὐ-δρἄκής, ές, (εὖ, δρακεῖν) sbarp-sighted. εύ-δροσος, ov, well-bedewed, abounding in water.  $\mathbf{E}\Upsilon'\Delta\Omega$ , impf. ηδδον Ep. εδδον: fut. εδδησω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. metaph. to rest, be still or bushed: to cease. εὐ-έἄνος, ον, (εὖ, ἐἄνόν) richly-dight, well-clad. ευ-εδρος, ον, (ευ, εδρα) well-seated: with a fair II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse. eὐ-έθειρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-baired. εὐ-ειδής, ές, (εὖ, εἶδος) well-shaped, graceful. εύ-ειλος, ον, (εὐ, είλη) sunny, warm, Lat. aprīcus. εὐ-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, είμα) well-dressed. ευ-ειρος Att. ευερος, ον, (ευ, είρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \kappa \tau \sigma s$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \chi \omega)$  easy to be refuted. εύ-ελπις, δ, ή, neut. εύελπι, gen. ιδος, of good bope, genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. felix: bopeful, cheerful, sanguine; ενελπίε είμι, c. inf. to be of good bope that. ευ-εξάλειπτος, ov, easy to blot out or erase. εὐ-εξάπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.

«ὑ-ἐξοδος, ον, easy to get out of or escape from.
«ὑέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. =

εὐφημία, words of good omen. From
εὐ-επής, ές, (εὖ, ἔπος) well-speaking, eloquent.
making eloquent, inspiring.
II. well-spoken.

making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-sp σὐ-επία, ή, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.

εὐ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.

εὐ-επίθετος, ον, (εὖ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked; εὐεπίθετόν ἐστί τινι it is easy for one to make an attack.

εὐ-επίτακτος, ον, (εΰ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange: tractable.

εύεργετία, ή, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From εὐεργετέω, f. ήσω in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐτργέτουν, εὐτργέτησα, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργέτηs).—to do well, do good. II. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετεῖσθαί τι to have a kindness done one. Hence

εὖεργέτημα, ατοε, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.

εὐ-εργέτης, ου, ὁ, (εὖ, \*ἔργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as bad done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.

εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.

εὐεργετικός, ή, όν, (εὐεργέτης) disposed to do good. εὐ-εργέτις, ιδος, fcm. of εὐεργέτης.

eὐ-ϵργήs, έs, (εὖ, \*ἔργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐ-ϵργέα, good deeds, benefits. eὑ-ϵργός, όν. (εὖ, \*ἔργω) doing good, upright, vir-

tuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.

eὐ-ερκήs, έs, (εὖ, ερκοs) well-fenced, well-protected: sbutting close: of cities, well-guarded.

εὐ-έρκτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for εὐεργέτης.

εὐ-ερνής, έε, (εὖ, ἔρνος) sprouting well, flourishing. εὕ-ερος, Att. for εὕειρος.

εὐ-εστώ, οῦs, ἡ, (εὖ, εἰμί sum) well-being, prosperity. εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὖ, ἔτοs) a good season.

 $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{r}} \dot{\mathbf{l}} \mathbf{a}, \dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}, = \epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \epsilon \boldsymbol{\tau} \boldsymbol{\eta} \rho \dot{\mathbf{l}} \mathbf{a}.$ 

εύ-εύρετος, ον, (εύ, ευρίσκω) easy to find.

εὐ-έφοδος, ον, easy to assail.

eυ-ζηλος, ov, emulous in good --- Adv. -ζήλως.

eυ-ξύγος Ep. έυζυγος, ον, (ευ, ζυγόν III) of a ship, well-benched.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ - $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$   $\mathbf{v}$ 

εὐ-ζώα, Dor. for εὐζωία.

eu-Lovos Ep. ευζωνος, ον, (ευ, ζωνη) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Hotace alte praecinctus: unencumbered, Lat. expeditus.

εύ-ζωρος, ον, (εὖ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp -ζωρότερος, also irreg. -έστερος. εὖη-γενής, Ερ. for εὖγενής.

εὐ-ηγεσία, ή, (εὖ, ἡγέομαι) good government.

εύ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (εδ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, 2. praise.

einheta or einheta Ion. -in, ή, goodness of dispostion, singleness of beart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From

εὐ-ἡθης, εs, (εὐ, ἦθοs) well-di-posed, single-bearted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv εὐήθωε, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐηθίη, ή, Ion. for εὐήθεια.

einθικόs, ή, όν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character hence simple, foolish. Adv. -κῶς, in simple fashion.

εὖ-ἡκης, εε, (εὖ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged. εὖ-ἡκοος, ον, (εὖ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to

εὖ-ηλάκἄτος Dor. εὖάλακ-, ον, (εὖ, ἠλακάτη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.

 $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ 

εὐ-ἡλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ον, (εδ, ἥλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. aprīcus:—Adv. -lws, with bright, sunny weather.

εὐ-ημερέω, f. ήσω, (εὐήμεροs) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy to be successful in a thing. Hence

εὐημερία, ή, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.

εὐ-ἡμερος, ον, (εὖ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propitious. 2 cheerful, happy

εὐηνεμία, ή, a fair wind. From

ευ-ήνεμος, ον, (ευ, άνεμος) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.

εὐ-ήνιος, ον,  $(ε\mathring{v}, \mathring{\eta}ν'α)$  obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.

eὖηγορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From eὐ-ήνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (εῦ, ἀνήρ) giving manbood, inspiriting. II. of cities, abounding in brave men. eὐ-ἡράτος, ον, (εῦ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.

εὐ-ἡρετμος, ον, (εὖ, ἐρετμός) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.

εὐ-ήρηs, εs, (εὖ, ἀρἄρείν) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to bandle.

εὐ-ἡτριος, ον, (cὖ, ήτριον) well-woven. II. act. weaving well.

eŭ-ήχη**s**, es, (εὖ, ἦχοs) well-sounding, tuneful. εὖ-ήχη**τοs**, ον, well-sounding: loud-sounding.

εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὖ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.
εὐ-θάλης, έε, (εὖ, θάλοε) growing well, flourisbing.

εὐ-θαλήs, έs, Dor. for εὐθηλήs.

εὐθαρσέω, f. ήσω, to be of good courage. From εὐ-θαρσής, ές, (εὖ, θάρσος) of good courage:—Adv -σως. 2. giving courage, safe.

εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.

eu-θεράπευτος, ον, (ευ, θεραπεύω) easily bealed. easily won by kindness or attention.

Hence

bound to do so.

2. trans. to set in order, arrange well. εὐθετίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From ευ-θετος, ον, (ευ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use. εὐθέως. Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway. εὐ-θηγής, έs, (εὖ, θήγω) sharpening well. εὐ-θηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, rare form for εὐθηλής. εὐ-θηλήs Dor. -θαλήs, έs, (εὖ, θηλή) well-suckled: well-fed, thriving εύ-θηλος, ον, (εὐ, θηλή) with distended udder. εύθημοσύνη, ή, good order, good management: a babit of good order. From εὐ-θήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, τίθημι) well-arranged, II. act. orderly, setting in order. well-made. εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in : \_ so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθην. Hence εύθηνία, ή, abundance. εὐ-θήρāτος, ον, (εὖ, θηράω) easily caught or won εύ-θηρος, ον, (εδ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. (θηρεε) abounding in game. εὐ-θήσαυρος, ov, well-stored, precious. εὐ-θνήσιμος, ον, (εὖ, θνήσκω) with easy death.  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \theta \text{oivos}$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \theta \text{oiv} \eta)$  with rich banquet: copious.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \theta \mathbf{o} \hat{\mathbf{p}} \hat{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \theta \mathbf{o} \hat{\mathbf{p}} \mathbf{v} \hat{\mathbf{p}} \epsilon \omega)$  easily confounded. εύ-θριγκος, ον, (θριγκός) with good coping or cornice.  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \theta \rho \iota \vec{\xi}$  Ep.  $\epsilon \vec{v} - \theta \rho \iota \vec{\xi}$ ,  $-\tau \rho i \chi o s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \theta \rho i \dot{\xi})$  with fine bair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, wellplumed. II. made of stout bair, of a fishing-line. εύ-θρονος Εp. εύθρονος, ον, (εὐ, θρόνος) with beautiful seat or throne. εύ-θροος, ον, (ευ, θρόος) loud-sounding. εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύs, used as Adv. εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὐθύ, γλ $\hat{ω}$ σσα) of straight tongue, bonest of tongue εύθυδικία, ή, an open, fair trial From εὐθύ-δἴκος, ον, οτ η, ον, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging righteously. εύθυδρομέω, f. ήσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, running a straight course. εὐθυ-εργής, έs, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) accurately wrought. εύθυ-μάχης, ου, ό, and εύθύ-μάχος, ον, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting. εὐθῦμέω, f. ήσω, (εὕθυμος) to be of good cheer. trans. to make cheerful, cheer: - Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer. Hence ευ-θυμητέον, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful. εὐθυμία, ή, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity. ευ-θυμος, ον, (ευ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses. spirited. III. Adv. εὐθύμως, cheerfully; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύνας ἀπαιτεῖν

to call for one's accounts; εὐθύνας διδόναι to give

them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύνας ὀφλείν to be

εὐθετέω, i. ήσω, (εὕθετος) to be well-arranged, con-

eΰθῦνος, ὁ, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten. II. a corrector, chastiser. εὐθυντήρ, ηρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνω) a director, corrector. II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ olaf the guiding rudder. εύθυντηρία, ή, the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed fem. from εὐθυντήριος, α, ον, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling.  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \upsilon \nu \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $o \hat{\upsilon}$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \upsilon \nu \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \dot{\upsilon} v \omega$ , fut.  $\ddot{\upsilon} v \hat{\omega}$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \dot{\upsilon} s)$  = the Homeric  $\dot{\iota} \theta \dot{\upsilon} v \omega$ , to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, go-3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise. III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εύθυναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \dot{\upsilon} - \pi v \cos , \ ov, \ contr. - \pi v \cos , \ ovv, \ (\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \theta \dot{\upsilon}, \ \pi v \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$ straight-blowing. εὐθύ-πομπος, ον, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight. εὐθυπορέω, f. ήσω, to go straight forward: πότμος εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐθυπορείν δρόμον to go a straight course. From εὐθύ-πορος, ον, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, honest. eŭ-θυρσος, ov, with beautiful thyrsus. **EY'OY'** $\Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \epsilon \hat{\iota} a$ ,  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \theta \dot{\nu}$ , = the Ion. form  $i \theta \dot{\nu} s$ , straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, honest: - in Adverb. usages, είς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately. as Adv. εὐθύs and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct , εὐθὺ Πελλήfor: also c. gen. straight towards νηs. 2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θέρους εὐθὺς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer - So also the regular Adv. εὐθέωs. εὐ-θύσανος, ον, (εὖ, θύσανος) well-fringed. εὐθύτης, ητος, ή, (εὐθύς) straightness. taph. bonesty, justice. [v] εὐθύ-τομος, ον, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) cut straight, straight. εὐθύ-φρων, ον, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded. εὐθύ-ωρος, ον, also α, ον, (εὐθύ, ώρα) in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύs II.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ -θώρηξ, ηκος,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ , θώραξ) well-mailed. εὐιάζω, ν. εὐάζω. εὐιακός, ή, όν, (εὔιος) Bacchic: fem. εὐιάς, άδος.  $\epsilon \hat{v}$ - $l\epsilon \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}$ ,  $l\epsilon \rho o s$ ) very boly, ballowed. Eŭios, ô, Evius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry €**v**a. €voî. II. εύιοs, ον, Adj. Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus. ευ-ιππος, ov, of persons, delighting in borses, baving fine borses: of places, famed for borses. εύ-ιστος, ον, (εὖ, ἴσημι) of good knowledge.  $\epsilon \tilde{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \tilde{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \tilde{\boldsymbol{v}} \boldsymbol{\alpha}, \dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}, \text{ but mostly used in pl. } \epsilon \tilde{\boldsymbol{v}} \tilde{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \tilde{\boldsymbol{v}} \boldsymbol{v} \boldsymbol{\alpha}, \dot{\boldsymbol{\alpha}}, (\epsilon \dot{\boldsymbol{v}} \theta \dot{\boldsymbol{v}} \boldsymbol{v} \boldsymbol{\omega})$ εὐ-ίσχιος, ον, (εὐ, ἰσχίον) with beautiful hips.

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ον, (εὖ, καθαιρέω) easy to overthrow.

εὐκαιρέω, f. ήσω, (εὕκαιροε) to bave good opportu-

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ον, (εὖ, κατέχω) easy to keep down.

II. correction, chastisement.

nity, have leisure: - εὐκαιρεῖν εἴs τι, to devote one's | rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, poleisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ή, good season, opportunity, leisure.

prosperity. From

εύ-καιρος, ον, (εὖ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, welltimed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαίρωs opportunely: at leisure; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εύ-καλος, εὐ-καλία, Dor. for εὐκηλ-.

εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὖ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [a]

εὐ-καμπής, ές, (εὖ, κάμπτω) well-bent, curved. εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὖ, καρδία) good of heart, stoutbearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv.-iws, with stout heart.

εύ-καρπος, ov, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific. εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὖ, καταλλάσσω) easy to ap-

 $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ - $\kappa \alpha \tau \hat{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \tau \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \lambda \hat{\mathbf{v}} \omega)$  easy to overthrow.  $\epsilon \hat{v}$ - $\kappa \alpha \tau \hat{a} \varphi \circ \rho \circ s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}, \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \varphi \acute{e} \rho \circ \mu \alpha \iota)$  prone towards, Lat. proclivis

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὖ, καταφρονέω) easy to de-

spise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὖ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὖ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame. εὐ-κέἄτος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὖ, κεάζω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κέλάδοs, ov, sounding well, melodious.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \kappa \epsilon \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{pos}$ , or,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \kappa \epsilon \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{pov})$  well-pointed.

εὐ-κέραος, ον, and εὕκερως, ων, gen. ωτος, (εὖ, κέρας) with goodly borns.

εὐκηλήτειρα, ή, she that lulls, soothes. From εύκηλος Dor. εύκαλος, ον, lengthd. form of έκηλος, tranguil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ - $\kappa \iota \sigma \sigma \sigma \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\sigma \sigma \sigma \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$   $\sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \mathbf{s}$   $\sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \mathbf{s}$ 

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ovos, with goodly pillars. [1] εὐ-κλεής, έs, acc. εὐκλεέα contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλήs) acc. sing. εὐκλέα, pl. εὐκλέαs Ep. ἐυκλείαs: (εὖ, κλέοs):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὔκλειἄ Ep. ἐϋκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλεΐη, ή, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλείζω Ion. εὐκληίζω, f. σω, to praise, laud. έϋκλειής, ές, Ep. for εὐκλεής: Adv. ἐϋκλειῶς. εύ-κλεινος, ov, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήϊς or ἐϋ-κλήϊς, ῖδος, ἡ, (εὖ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐκληρέω, f. ήσω, to bave a good lot. From εύ-κληρος, ov, with a good lot or portion. εύ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὐ, κλώθω) well-spun. εὐ-κνήμις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, κνημίς) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. ἐὐκνήμῖδες, ἐυκνήμῖδας. [ῖ]

εύ-κνημος, ον, (ευ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs. εὐ-κοινόμητις, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel. ευ-κολλος, ον, (ευ, κύλλα) gluing well, sticky.

pular.

ευ-κολπος, ov, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds.

2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὕκολος, contentedly, calmly. εὐ-κομιδής, έs, (εὖ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

εύ-κομος Ep. ἡύκ-, ον, (εὖ, κόμη) thick-baired.

ευ-κομπος, ov, loud-sounding.

eυ-κοποs, ov, with easy labour, easy. εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὖ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ή, orderly behaviour, good order From εύ-κοσμος, ov, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:-Adv. - \mu ws, in good order. II. well-adorned. graceful.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\kappa \rho \alpha \iota \rho o s$ , or  $\alpha$ , or,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \kappa \rho \alpha \hat{\iota} \rho \alpha)$  with fine borns. εὐ-κράς, âτος, ὑ, ἡ, (εὖ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate.

ing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ή, good mixture or temperament From ευ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking: - metaph temperate, mild

ευ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II well-woven.

εΰ-κρηνος, ον, (εὖ, κρήνη) well-watered. εύ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εύκρατος.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\kappa \rho \tilde{v} \theta o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \kappa \rho v \theta \dot{\eta})$  rich in barley.

εὐκρἴνέω, f. ήσω, to keep distinct and in order From ευ-κρινήs, έs, (ευ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. -vŵs Ion. -ν έωs.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \kappa \rho \tilde{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \kappa \rho \hat{\mathbf{v}} = \omega)$  easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ερ. ἐϋκρ-, ον, (εὖ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

 $\epsilon \hat{v}$ - $\kappa \rho \delta \tau \eta \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma v$ ,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}, \kappa \rho \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega)$  well-welded, wellwrought, of metal.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \kappa \mathbf{p} \mathbf{v} \pi \mathbf{T} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \kappa p \hat{\mathbf{v}} \pi \mathbf{T} \mathbf{\omega})$  easy to hide.

εὐκταΐος, α, ον, (εὕχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέανος, ον, (εὖ, κτέανον) with fine possessions. εὐ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, κτῆμα) with fair possessions.

εύ-κτητος, ον, (εὖ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

έυ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (ευ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

έΰ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὔκτιστος, = ἐϋκτίμενο\$.

εὐκτός, ή, όν, (εὕχομαι) prayed for · to be prayed for. eυ-κυκλος, ov, well-turned, well-rounded. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλζκος, ον, (εὖ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup. εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβίη, ή, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From εὐ-λάβέομαι, fut. med. – ήσομαι or pass. – ηθήσομαι:

aoi. I pass. ηὐλαβήθην or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβήs): εύ-κολος. ον. (εδ, κύλον) of good digestion: gene- | —to be cautious, circumspect, discrect:—to bave a

284 II. c. acc. to beware of. care, beware, fear. to watch for, await quietly. εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg. εὐ-λάβήs, és, (εὖ, λαβεῖν) taking in band cautiously, 2. fearing the gods, cautious, circumspect, discreet. pious, devout. εὐ-λαβίη, see εὐλάβεια. εὐλαβῶs, Adv. of εὐλαβήs, cautiously: Comp. −εστέρωε, εὐλάζω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb, to plough.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{0}} - \lambda \hat{\mathbf{0}} \ddot{\mathbf{0}} \dot{\mathbf{0}} \dot{\mathbf{0}}, \ i \gamma \gamma o s, \ \dot{\mathbf{0}}, \ \dot{\mathbf{0}}, = \epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{0}} \lambda i \theta o s.$ εὐλάκα, ή, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\lambda \tilde{a}\lambda os$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \lambda a\lambda \epsilon \omega)$  sweet-spoken.  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ - $\lambda \hat{\mathbf{a}} \chi \tilde{\mathbf{a}} vos$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \lambda \hat{\mathbf{a}} \chi \mathbf{a} vov)$  fruitful in herbs. ευ-λειμος, ον, and ευ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ευ, λειμών) with fair meadows. εύ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: bappy in marriage. ευ-λεξις, ι, (ευ, λέξις) with good choice of words. εὐ-λεχής, έs, (εὖ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed. EΥ'ΛΗ', ή, a worm, maggot. εύ-ληκτος, ον, (εῦ, λήγω) soon-ceasing. ευ-ληπτος, ον, (ευ, λαμβάνω) easy to take bold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take bold: Sup. - ότατα. εύληρα, ων, τά, old Ep. word for ήνια, reins. εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὖ, λζμήν) with good harbours. εὐλογέω, f. ήσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ηύλ-, 20r. Ι εὐλόγησα or ηύλ-: (εὕλογοε):--to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence **εύλογητός**, ή, όν, blessed. εὐλογία, ή, (εὐλογέω) good-speaking, fair-speak-II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing ing. or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving. εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὖ, λογίζομαι) easy to reckon. rightly reckoning, prudent εύ-λογος, ον, (ευ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὕλογον a fair reason:-Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρωs. εὐ-λοέτειρα, ή, (εὖ, λουτρόν) with fine baths. «ύ-λοφος, ov, well-plumed. ευ-λοχος, ον, (ευ, λοχεύω) belping in childbirth.  $\epsilon \dot{v} - \lambda \dot{v} \rho \eta s$ , ov, Dor.  $\epsilon \dot{v} \lambda \dot{v} \rho \alpha s$ , a,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \epsilon \ddot{v} \lambda v \rho o s$ . ευ-λυρος, ον, (ευ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre. eŭ-λύτος, ον, (ευ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. metaph. easy to dissolve or break. **ͼὖμάθεια, ἡ**, docility. εὐ-μαθής, ές, (εὖ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθωs, readily: Comp. **-έστ**€ρον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar. εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ή, = εὐμάθεια. εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

ευ-μαλλος, ov, of fine wool.

εύ-μαλος. Dor. for εύμηλος.

2. | εὐ-μάραθος, ον, (εὖ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel. εύμαρεια, ή, easiness, ease, convenience; εύμαρεία χρησθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. alvum exonerare, to ease oneself. From εὐ-μἄρης, ές, (εὖ, μάρη =  $\chi$ είρ) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle. εύ-μαρίη, Ion. for εύμάρεια. εὐμαρίς, ίδος, ή, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.) εὐμαρῶs poet. - έωs, Adv. of εὐμαρήs, gently. εὐ-μεγέθης, εs, (εὖ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown. εὐ-μέλανος, ον, (εὖ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky. εὐ-μελής, έε, (εὖ, μέλοε) melodious, musical. εὐμένεια, ή, (εὐμενήε) good will, kindness, favour. εύμενέτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend : fem. εὐμενέτειρα. εύμενέω, f. ήσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc to be kind to, deal kindly with. From εὐ-μενής, έε, (εὖ, μένοε) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant. εὐ-μενία, ή, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια. Εύμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αί, (εὐμενής) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the illomened name Ἐρινύες. εύμενία, ή, poet for εὐμένεια. εύμενίζομαι, f ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι, Med., (εὐμενήs) to make propitious, propitiate. εὐμενῶs Ion. -έωs, Adv. of εὐμενήs, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρω. εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὖ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change. εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὖ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful. ευ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (ευ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master. ευ-μετρος, ον, (ευ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned. εὐ-μήκης, ες, (εὖ, μῆκος) of good length, tall.  $\epsilon \vec{v}$ - $\mu \eta \lambda o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \mu \hat{\eta} \lambda o \nu)$  rich in sheep. εὐ-μήρῦτος, ον, (εὖ, μηρύω) easy to spin or draw out. εύμηχανία, ή, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From εὐ-μήχανος, ον, (εὖ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious. εὐ-μίσητος, ον, (εὖ, μῖσέω) exposed to batred. ευ-μίτος, ov, with fine or stout threads. ευ-μιτρος, ον, (ευ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle. έϋμ-μελίης, δ, Ion. gen. ἐυμμελίω, Dor. –ίας, gen. -ία: (εξ, μελία) armed with good ashen spear. εὐ-μνήμων, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, μνήμη)$  easy to remember: comp. Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρως έχειν to be easier to remember.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\mu v \eta \sigma \tau o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \mu \iota \mu v \dot{\eta} \sigma \kappa o \mu a \iota)$  well-remembering, mindful. ευ-μοιρος, ον, (ευ, μοιρα) well off for fortuna, wealthy.

εύμολπέω, f. ήσω, to sing well. From

εὖ-μολπος, (εὖ, μολπή) sweetly-singing.
εὖμορφία, ἡ, beauty of form, symmetry. From
εὖ-μορφος, ον, (εὖ, μορφή) fair of form, comely.
εὖμουσία, ἡ, accomplishments. From

ϵυ-μουσος, ον, (ϵδ, Mο $\hat{ο}$ σα) skilled in the arts of the Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing musical, melodious.

εύμοχθος, ον, industrious, laborious.

ευ-μυθος, ον, well-spoken, eloquent.

εύ-μῦκος, ον, (εὖ, μυκάομαι) loud-bellowing.

eὐνάζω, f. άσω: in augin. tenses, aor. I εὖνασα or ηὐν-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ηὐν-: (εὐνή):—to lay in bed, put to sleep: also to lay in ambusb: of animals, to lay their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep.

2. met apply to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage.

II. Pass. to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep: of birds, to

roost III. intr. in Act. to sleep.

εὐ-ναιετάων, ουσα, ον, (εὖ, ναιετάω) well-peopled or well-situated.

 $\epsilon \hat{v}$ -vaió $\mu \epsilon vos, \eta, ov, (\epsilon \hat{v}, vai\omega)$  well-peopled or well-situated.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) in one's bed or couch; εὐναῖος λαγώς a hare in its form; εὐναῖαι πτέρυγες wings over the nest.

2. wedded.

3. of pain, making one keep one's bed.

II. (εὐνή II) of or for anchorage: hence steadying or guiding a ship.

εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάζω) convenient for sleeping in. εὐναστήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (εὐνάζω) a bedfellow. Hence εὐνάτειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνητ-.

εὐνατήριον, τό, a bed-chamber.

εἰνάω, f. ἡσω:—Pass., aor. 1 εἰνήθην: pf εὕνημαι. (εἰνή):—to lull to sleep: also to lay in ambusb. 2. metaph. to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage. II. Pass. to go to bed: go to sleep: also to be bedded with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged.

εὐνέτης, ου, δ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ οι εὐνήτηρ.

ETNH, η, a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a have, the nest of a bird:—also the grave.

2. the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage.

II. in plur. εὐναί, stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land; ἐκ δ' εὐνὰς ἔβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδησαν.

εὐνηθείς, 20r. 1 part. pass. of εὐνάω.

εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. out of bed. εὐνηθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.

εύνημα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) marriage, wedlock

εύνητειρα, fem. of εύνητήρ, a wife.

εὐνητήρ, ῆροε, δ, (εὐνάω) a bedfellow, busband. εὐ-νητος Ep. ἐὐν-νητος, ον, (εὖ, νέω) well-spun or woven, of fine texture.

εὐνήτρια, ή, = εὐνήτειρα. εὐνήτωρ, οροε, ό, = εὐνητήρ.

εὐνῆφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.

euvis, δ, η, gen. 103; in pl. ευνιες or ευνιδες:—reft of, bereaved of.

II. absol. bereaved, desolate.

εύνις, ιδος, ή, (εὐνή) a bedfellow, wife.

έθν-νητος, Ep. for εθνητος.

«ὖνοέω, f. ήσω, («ὖνοο») to be well-disposed of friendly:

—Pass. to be kindly treated.

εύνοιδ, ἡ, poėt. also εὐνοίδ Ερ. εὐνοίη, (εὕνοοs) good will, kindness; in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings:

κατ' εὐνοίαν ουι of kindness, favourably; so, μετ' εὐνοίας, ὑπ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοία. Hence

εὐ-νοϊκός, ή, όν, of kind, benevolent character. Adv.,

εὐνοϊκῶs ἔχειν to be kindly disposed.

εὐνομέομαι, f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην: (εὕνομος):—to bave good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, good order, order. From εὕ-νομος, ον, (εὖ, νόμος) under good laws, well-

ordered, orderly.

εύ-voos, ον, Att. contr. εύ-vous, ουν, pl. εὖνοι: (εὖ, νύοs, νοῦs):—well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent:—Comp. εὐνούστεροs Ion. -οξστεροs; Sup. -ούστατοs.

εὐνουχίζω, f. ίσω, to make an eunuch of. From εὐν-οῦχος, ό, (εὐνή, ἔχω) an eunuch: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἰ τὴν εὐνὴν ἔγοντεε, guardians of the bed).

εύντα, Dor. for εόντα, όντα, neut. pl. part. of είμί

sum

εύ-νώμας, ου, ὁ, (εὖ, νωμάω) swiftly moving. εὕ-νως, Adv. of εὕνοος, εὕνους, kindly.

εύξαίμην, aor. I opt. of εύχομαι.

ευ-ξαντος, ον, (ευ, ξαίνω) well-carded, of wool.

ευ-ξενος Ion ευ-ξενος, ον, (ευ, ξένος) kind to strangers, bospitable; ἀνδρων ευξενος the guest-chamber: πύντος ευξενου the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, α-ξενος the inhospitable.

εὖ-ξεστος Ερ. ἐὖξεστος, ον, or  $\eta$ , ον, well-polished. εὖ-ξοος Ερ. ἐὖξοος, ον, Ερ. gen. ἐὖξου, (εὖ, ξέω) =

εὔξεστο». εὐ-ξύμβλητο», εὐ-ξύμβολο», εὐ-ξύνετο», Att. for

εύσ-.

εὐοδέω, f. ήσω, (εὕοδοs) to bave a free passage, of running water. Hence

εὐοδία, ή, a good journey, fair voyage. εὕ-οδμος, ον. (εὖ, όδμή) sweet-smelling, fragrant.

εύ-οδος, ον, (εὖ, ὁδόs) easy to travel through: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδώτατος. Hence

eὐ-οδόω, f. ώσω: Pass, f. -οδωθήσομαι: aor. I -ωδώθην:—to put in the right way, help on the way: Pass. to prosper, he successful.

evoî, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. evoe!

εύ-ολβος, ον, (εὖ, ὅλβος) wealthy, prosperous. εὐοπλέω, f. ήσω, (εὕοπλος) to be well-equipt.

«ύοπλία, ή, the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments. From

ams and equipments.

εὖ-οπλος, ον, (εὖ, ὅπλον) well-armed, well-equipt.

εὖ-οργησία, ἡ, gentleness, mildness of temper. From

εὖ-όργητος, ον, (εὖ, ὀργή) good-tempered, free from

passion. Adv. -τωε, with good temper. εὐορκέω, f. ήσω, (εὔορκοε) to swear truly, take a true

oath, to keep one's oath. Hence

«υ-πεπλος, ov, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὖ, περιάγω) easily turned round. εὐορκησία, ή, an abiding by one's oath, good faith. εὐορκία, ή, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \epsilon \rho (\mathbf{v} \rho \mathbf{a} \pi \mathbf{v} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}, o \mathbf{v}, (\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \pi \epsilon \rho (\mathbf{v} \rho \hat{\mathbf{a}} \phi \omega)) easy to sketch out.$ ευ-ορκος, ον, (ευ, όρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths, εὐ-περίγραφος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, \pi \epsilon \rho i \gamma \rho \alpha \phi \hat{\eta}) = \text{foreg.}$  $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \epsilon \mathbf{p} (\pi \tilde{\mathbf{a}} \tau \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}, o \mathbf{v}, (\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}, \pi \epsilon \mathbf{p} (\pi \mathbf{a} \tau \hat{\mathbf{e}} \omega)) easy to walk on.$ διινύναι εύορκα (as Adv.) to swear truly; εύορκών [egti] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὖ, περισπάω) easy to pull off εὐ-περίστάτος, ον, (εὖ, περιίσταμαι) easily besetting. εὐόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath. εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὖ, περιτρέπω) easily turned εὐόρκωs, Adv. of εὔορκοs, according to one's oath. ευ-ορμος, ov, with good anchorage: of ships, safe at round, changeable, inconstant. anchor. εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὖ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves. εὐ-πέτεια, ή, ease; δι' εὐπετείαs easily.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -opvis,  $i\theta$ os,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}$ ,  $\delta \rho v$ is) of good augury, auspicious. II. abounding in birds. ness of getting or baving, Lat. copia. From εὐ-πετής, έs, (εὖ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily:  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \dot{\mathbf{o}} \rho \mathbf{o} \phi \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}}, \dot{\epsilon} \rho \dot{\epsilon} \phi \omega)$  well-roofed. II. pleashence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant, εὐ-όφθαλμος, ov, with beautiful eyes. III. specious. ing to the eyes. ευ-οφρυς, υ, (ευ, όφρύε) with fine eyebrows. εὔ-πετρος, ον, (εὖ, πέτρα) of good, bard stone εὐ-οχέω, f ήσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) to treat, tend well. εὖπετῶs Ion. -έωs, Adv. of εὖπετήs, easily, amply: Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ρωs. εὐοχθέω, f. ήσω, to be in plenty. From εὐ-πηγής, ές, (εὖ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout. ev-oxθos, ov, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich. εὐ-πἄγής, έs, (εὖ, παγηναι) well put together, comευ-πηκτος, ον, ( $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ , πήγνυμι) well put together, wellbuilt, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid. pact. εὐπάθεια Ion εὐπαθίη, ή, enjoyment of good things, εὐ-πήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful belmet. the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments,  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\pi \eta vos$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \eta v \eta)$  of fine texture. luxuries; έν εὐπαθίησι είναι to enjoy oneself, make ευ-πηχυς, v, with beautiful arms. εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in fountains. merry. [ă] From εὐπαθέω, f. ήσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \pi \mathbf{I} \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , =  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} \pi \epsilon \iota \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ . From  $\epsilon$ ὐ- $\pi$ ἴθή $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\epsilon$  $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $= \epsilon$ ὐ $\pi$  $\epsilon$ ιθή $\mathbf{s}$ , obedient, submissive merry, live comfortably. From εὐ-παθής, ές, (εὖ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case, εύ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credible. comfortable. II. act. easily believing, credulous :--- Adv. εὐ-παθίη, Ion. for εὐπάθεια. εύπαιδία, ή, a goodly race of children. From εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ovos, very fat, rich. [t] ευ-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (ευ, παις) blest with children, εὐ-πλατής, ές, (εὖ, πλάτος) of a good breadth. with many or good children; γύνος εύπαις a noble son. eŭ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled. εὐ-πλεκής Ep. ἐῦ-πλεκής, ές, (εὖ, πλέκω) wellευ-πακτος, Dor. for ευπηκτος. εὐ-πάλαμος, ον, (εὖ, παλάμη) bandy, ingenious: inplaited; δίφροι ἐυπλεκέες, see εὔπλεκτος, εὔ·πλεκτος Ερ. ἐὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὖ, πλέκω) wellventive. εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὖ, παράγω) easy to lead away. plaited, well-netted; εύπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with εὐ-πάρᾶος, ον, Dor. for εὐπάρειος, --ηος. sides of wicker-work. εύ-παράπειστος, ov, easily led aside. εύπλοια Εp. εὐπλοίη, ή, (εὕπλοος) a fair voyage. εὐ-πάρεδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to. εύ-πλόκαμος Ep. έϋπλ-, ov, with goodly locks: pecul. fem. έυπλοκαμίς, ίδος. εὐ-πάρειος, ον, (εἶν, παρειά) with beauteous cheeks. eu-πάρθενος, ov, famed for fair maidens.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \pi \lambda o \kappa o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \tilde{v} \pi \lambda \epsilon \kappa \tau o s$ . εὐπάρθενος Δίρκη Dirce, bappy maid!  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\pi \lambda oos$ , ov, contr  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\pi \lambda ovs$ , ovv,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  sailing εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὖ, παροξύνω) easily irritated. well, baving a fair voyage. εὐ-πάρῦφος, ον, (εδ, παρυφή) with a handsome border. εὐ-πλῦνής Ep. ἐϋπλ-, ές, (εὖ, πλύνω) well-washed. εὐ-πἄτέρεια, ή, (εὖ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire: εύ-πλωτος, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing. belonging to a noble father. εύπνοια poet. εύπνοίη, ή, easiness of breathing. II. εὐ-πατρίδης, ου, ὁ, (εὖ, πατήρ) of good or noble fragrance. From II. at Athens, the Eufather, of noble family.  $\epsilon \ddot{v}$ -πνοος Ep.  $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{v}$ -πνοος, ον, contr.  $\epsilon \ddot{v}$ -πνους, ονν,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ , πατρίδαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the  $\pi\nu\epsilon\omega$ ) breathing well or freely: good to breathe  $\gamma \in \omega \mu \delta \rho o \iota$  the second, the  $\delta \eta \mu \iota o \nu \rho \gamma o \iota$  the third. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant,—Comp. ευ-πατρις, ίδος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ευ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire. εὐπνώτ ερος, also irreg. -πνούστερος.  $\epsilon \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \dot{\mathbf{a}} \tau \omega \rho$ , opos,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ ,  $= \epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}} \pi \alpha \tau \rho \iota \mathbf{s}$ . εὐποδία, ή, (εὕπους) strength or speed of foot. εὐ-πειθής, ές, (εὖ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient, εὐποιητικός, ή, όν,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi o \iota \epsilon \omega)$  disposed to be kind, II. act. persuasive, convincing. beneficent.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\pi \epsilon \iota \sigma \tau \circ s$ , or,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \pi \epsilon i \theta \circ \mu a \iota)$  easily persuaded. εὐ-ποίητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὖ, ποιέω) well-made, εὐ-πέμπελος, ον, (εὖ, πέμπω) gently leading. well-wrought. ευ-πένθερος, ov, with a good father-in-law.

εὐ-ποιΐα, ή, (εὖ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εὐ-ποίκτλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εύ-ποκος, ον, (εί, πόκος) with fine wool, fleecy. εὐ-πόλεμος, ον, good at war.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ -πομπος, ον, ( $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ , πέμπω) well-conducting, propitious.

εὐπορέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 εὐπόρησα: (εὖποροs):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, bave plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. It to supply, provide: Pass. to bave plenty of, abound in. Hence

eὑπορία, ἡ, facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.

eŭ-πορος, ον, (εὖ, πόρος) easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.

εὐπόρωs, Adv. of εῦποροs, easily · in abundance.

ευ-ποτμος, ov, well-fated, bappy.

εύ-ποτος, ον, (εῦ, ποτόν) pleasant to drink.

εύπους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (εὖ, πούς) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.

εύπραγέω, f ήσω, to fare well, be well off, prosper.

κὐ-πρᾶγής, ἐς, (κὖ, πρᾶγος) faring well, flourishing.
 κὐπρᾶγία, ἡ, (κὐπραγέω) well-doing, welfare.

εὔ-πρακτος, ον, (εὖ, πράσσω) easy to be done. εὖπραξία Ion. εὖπρηξίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = εὖπραγία, good fortune, success. II. good conduct.

 $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ - $\pi \rho a \xi \iota \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$ , poet for  $\epsilon \dot{\boldsymbol{v}} \pi \rho a \xi \iota a$ .

ευ-πρεμνον, ον, (ευ, πρέμνον) with good stem.

«ὖπρέπεια, ἡ, fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From

εὐ-πρεπής, ές, (εὖ, πρέπω) well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious.
3. specious, plausible

ευ-πρεπτος, (ευ, πρέπω) conspicuous.

εύπρεπῶs Ion. -έως, Adv of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα. εὐπρηξίη, Ion. for εὐπραξία.

εὐπρήσσω, (εἶ, πρήσσω) to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. ἐυπρήσσεσκου.

εύ-πρηστος, ον, (εὖ, πρήθω) strong-blowing.

 $\epsilon \mathring{v}$ -πρήων, ωνος,  $\mathring{v}$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \mathring{v}$ , πρηών) with fair beadlands.

εὐ-πρόσδεκτος, ον, (εὖ, προσδέχομαι) acceptable. εὐ-πρόσεδρος, ον, = εὐπάρεδρος, assiduous, diligent. εὐ-προσήγορος, ον, (εὖ, προσηγορέω) of easy address, affable, courteous.

εὐ-πρόσιτος, ον, (εὖ, πρόσειμι) easy of access. εὐ-πρόσοδος, ον, of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus babet. II. of places, accessible; εὐπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach.

εὖ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (εὖ, προσφέρω) easy to be got : attainable, easy.

εὐπροσωπέω, f. ήσω, (εὐπρόσωπος) to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.

εὐπροσωπό-κοιτος, η, ον, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) lying or placed cheerfully; τύχη εὐπροσωποκοίτω πεσείν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.

εὐ-πρόσωπος, ον, (εὖ, πρόσωπον) well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.

εὐ-προφάσιστος, ον, (εὖ, προφασίζομαι) with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.

εὔ-πρυμνος, ον, (εὖ, πρύμνα) of ships, with bandsome stern

 $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ -πρώρος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\epsilon \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ , πρώρα) of ships, with bandsome

εὔ-πτερος, ον, (εὖ, πτερόν) well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὕπτεροι γυναίκες bigh-plumed dames of quality.

 $\epsilon \vec{v}$ - $\pi \tau \epsilon \rho v \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \vec{v}, \pi \tau \epsilon \rho v \xi) = \epsilon \vec{v} \pi \tau \epsilon \rho o s$ .

εὐ-πτόρθος, ον, finely branching.

εύ-πυργος, ov, with goodly towers.

εὐ-πώγων, or, gen wros, well-bearded.

ευ-πωλοs, ov, with fine colts: breeding fine borses.

εύράμην, aor. I med. of εύρω.

εὐράξ, (εὖροs) Adv. from one side, sideways. II. εὐράξ πατάξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds. εὐρέα, acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρός; also Ion. fem. εὐρέθην, aor I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ευρείν Ερ. ευρέμεναι, aor. 2 mf of ευρίσκω.

εύρετέοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ευρίσκω, to be discovered, found out.

ευρετής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. ευρέτις, ιδος, (ευρίσκω) a finder, inventor, discoverer.

ευρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ευρίσκω

εύρετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ευρίσκω, discovered: to be found out or discovered.

εύρηκα, εύρημαι, pf. act. and pass. of εξρίσκω.

εύρημα, ατος, τό, (εύρίσκω) that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.

εύρην, Dor. for εύρειν.

ευρησι-επής, ές, (ευρίσκω, έπος) inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.

 $ε \dot{v}$ ρήσω, fut. of  $ε \dot{v}$ ρίσκω.

εὑρήτωρ, opos, δ, (εὑρίσκω) an inventor, discoverer. εὕ-ρῖνος, ον, (εὖ, ῥινός) of good leather.

εύρινος, gen. of εύρις.

εὖ-ρῖπος, ὁ, (εὖ, ῥιπίζω) any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.

ϵὕ-ρῖs, ῖνos, ὁ, ἡ, (ϵὖ, ρίs, ρίν) with a good nose, keenscented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.

ΕΥΡΙΈΚΩ: fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὕρηκα or ηυρ-: aor. 2 εὕρον or ηῦρον, imperat. εἰρέ, inf. εὐρεῖν:— Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: aor. 2 εὐρόμην or ηὑρ-, later aor. 1 εὐράμην:— Pass., fut. εὐρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὐρήσομαι: aor. 1 εὐρέθην or ηὑρέθην: pf. εὕρημαι or ηὑρ—. I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὕρημα εὐρίσκεν to make an

unexpected discovery or gain.

glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-πεδος, ον, (εὐρύ, πέδον) with broad surface. εὐρύ-πορος, ον, with broad ways, of the sea.

εύρυ-πρωκτία, ή, the character of a lewd fellow.

**εὐρύ-οψ, ό, acc. ε**ὐρύοπα, α εὐρυόπηε.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain :-- Med.

2. to devise, in- | εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ον, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene:

reverent: of things, boly, ballowed.

banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -ίη, poet. for εὐσέβεια.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \sigma \epsilon \lambda \mu o s$  Ep.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} \sigma \sigma - \sigma \sigma (\epsilon \tilde{v}, \sigma \epsilon \lambda \mu \alpha)$  with good

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\sigma \epsilon \pi \tau \sigma s$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \sigma \epsilon \beta \omega)$  much reverenced, boly.

also an adulterer.

to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain. 2. of εὐρυ-πυλής, έs, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates. merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money: hence, to εύρυ-ρέεθρος, ον, (εὐρύ, ῥέεθρον) with broad channel. be worth, to sell for. εὐρυ-ρέων, ουσα, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέω) broad-flowing. II. me-ΕΥ ΥΥ΄Σ, εὐρεῖα, εὐρύ: gen. εὐρέοε, clas, έοε: acc. εὐροέω, f. ήσω, (εὕροοε) to flow well. taph. to flow or go on well. III. to be fluent. sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέα: Ion. fem. nom. εὐ-ροίζητος, ον, (εὖ, ροιζέω) loud-wbizzing. εὐρέα:-wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wideευροίμην, ευροιμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of ευspread:—Comp. εὐρύτερος; see cὐρύ. εὐρυ-σάκης, εs, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ă] εύρο-κλύδων, ωνος, ό, (Εὖρος, κλύδων) a tempestuεύρυ-σθενής, έs, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mighty. ous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name «ὑρύ-σορος, ον, with wide bier or tomb. seems to mean a storm from the East. εὐρύ-στερνος, ον, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted. ευρομες, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ευρίσκω. εὐρυτέρωs, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely. ευρον, aor. 2 of ευρίσκω.  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \rho \dot{\nu} - \tau \bar{\iota} \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{\nu} \rho \dot{\nu}, \tau_i \mu \dot{\eta})$  far-bonoured. eυ-ροος, ον, contr. ευρους, ουν, (ευ, ρέω) flowing well, ευ-ρυτος, ον, (εὐ, ῥέω) full-flowing. II. of words, flowing, fluent. fair-flowing. εύρυ-φαρέτρης, ου, ό, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide ευ-ροπος, ον, (ευ, ρέπω) easily inclining or slipping. quiver. Eυροs, δ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus. εὐρυ-φτής, ές, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely. ευρος, τό, (εὐρύε) breadth, width, opp. to μηκοε: εὖcὐρυ-χαδής, ές, (εὐρύ, χαδείν) wide-gaping, widepos, in breadth, opp. to byos, in beight. mouthed, of cups. έυρ-ραφής, Ep. for εύρραφής, (εὐ, ράπτω) wellεύρυ-χαίτης, ου, ό, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spreac' stitched. εύρ-ρεής, έs, Ep. gen. ἐϋρρείος (for εὐρρεοῦς), fairεὐρύ-χορος, ον, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος. flowing. εὐρυχωρία, ή, free space, plenty of room, έν εὐρυέυρ-ρείτης, ου, ό, = εὐρρεήε. xwpia in the open sea. From έθρ-ροος, Ep. for εύροος. εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious. εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύs, often used as Adv. εὐ-ρώγης, (εὖ, ρωξ) rich in grapes. εὐρὕ-άγυιος, α, ον, (εὐρύ, άγυιά) with wide streets, εὐρώδης, εs, poet, for cὐρύs. epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens. εὐρώεις, εσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and εὐρυ-αίχμας, ὁ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance. dark, squalid, οικια εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ. εύρυ-βίας Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ου, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) εύρών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of εύρίσκω. ruling widely, of far-extended power. EΥ 'PΩ'ΠΗ, ή, Europa, Europe, as a geographic εὐρυ-θέμεθλος poet. -θέμειλος, ον, (εὐρύ, θέμεθλον) name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo. with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.  $\epsilon \dot{v} \rho \omega \pi \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{v} \dot{v}$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{v} \rho \dot{v} s$ . EΥ'PΩ'Σ, ωτος, δ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs, εύρυθμία, ή, good time or proportion: orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From squalor. ευ-ρυθμος, ον, in good time or measure, rhythmical. εύρωστία, ή, stoutness, strength. From Lat. numerosus: --- of persons, orderly: well-proporεύ-ρωστος, ον, (εὐ, ρώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τως. tioned, graceful. εὐρῶτι, dat. sing of εὐρώs. εὐρύθμως, Adv. of εύρυθμος, in good order, gracefully. εὐ-ρωτιάω, (εὐρώs) to become or to be mouldy, to εὐρύ-κολπος, ov, with spacious bosom. decay: βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life. εὐρυ-κρείων, οντος, δ, wide-ruling. 'EΥ'Σ, o, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. έη̂os; gen. εύρυ-λείμων, ον, gen. ωνοε, with broad meadows. plur. neut. ἐάων [ā], as if from nom. ἐά, θεοί, δωτῆρες εὐρυ-μέδων, οντος, δ, wide-ruling. ἐάων the gods, givers of good things. εὐρυ-μέτωπος, ον, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted. εὖσα, Dor. for ἐοῦσα, οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum. εύρθναι, aor. τ inf. of εὐρύνω. eὖσα, aor. I of eΰω. εὐσέβεια, ή, (εὐσεβή») reverence towards the gods, εὐρύνω, f. ὕνῶ, (εὐρύε) to make wide or broad; εὐρῦναι ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance; τὸ μέσον piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character ευρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle. for piety. εὐρύ-νωτος, ον, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout. εὐσεβέω, f. ήσω, (εὐσεβήs) to live or act piously: to εύρυ-όδεια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (εὐρύ,  $\dot{\delta}\delta\dot{\delta}e$ ) with broad, open ways. be pious in a thing: c. acc. pers. to reverence. εύρυ-όπης Aeol. εὐρύοπα, δ, (εὐρύ, ὄψομαι) the fareὐ-σεβήs, έs, (εὖ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious,

ev-cromos,  $a\nu$ , ( $\epsilon \dot{v}$ ,  $\sigma \hat{\eta} \mu a$ ) of good omen, auspi-II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous. cious. củαθενέω, f. ήσω, to be strong, healthy. From εὐ-σθενής, ές, (εὖ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm. εὐ-σίπτος, αν, (εὖ, σῖπύα) with full pantry or larder. εὐ-σκάνδιξ, Ικοε, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in chervil. εύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, bigbbounding. εὐ-σκέπαστος, ον, (εὖ, σκεπάζω) well-covered: Sup. -bratos, serving as the best covering. εύσκευέω, to be well equipped. From εὐ-σκευος, ον, (εὖ, σκεῦος) well-equipped. εὐ-σκίαστος, ον, (εὖ, σκιάζω) well-shaded, shadowy. eŭ-σκίος, ον, (εὖ, σκιά) shadowy. εύ-σκοπος Ερ. έύ-σκοπος, ον, (εῦ, σκοπέω) keensighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or farseen, commanding a wide view. (εὐ, σκοπόε) shooting well, of unerring aim. εύ-σοια, ή, a healthy state, prosperity. From eυ-σoos, ov, well-secured, safe and well, bappy. εὐ-σπειρής, ές, and εὖσπειρος, ον, (εὖ, σπεῖρα) wellturned: wreathing, winding. εὐσπλαγχνία, ή, goodness of beart.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\sigma \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi v o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}$ ,  $\sigma \pi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \gamma \chi v o v)$  with bowels of compassion, compassionate. εύ-σπορος, αν, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed. έΰσ-σελμος, Ep. for εύσελμος. έυσ-σωτρος, Ep. for εὔσωτρος. εὐστάθεια, ή, (εὐσταθή) goodness of health. εὐσταθέω, f. ήσω, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From εὐ-σταθής Ep. έϋσταθής, ές, (εῦ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, bealthy εύσταθίη, Ep. for εὐστάθεια. εὐ-στάλής, ές, (εὖ, σταληναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable. εύ-σταχυς, υ, rich in ears of corn: fruitful. εὐ-στέφανος Ep. έϋστ-, ον, well-girded or wellcrowned: of a city, circled with towers. εὐ-στέφιος, ον, poet. form for εὐστέφανος εὐ-στζβής, ές, (εὖ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.  $\epsilon \ddot{v}$ - $\sigma \tau o \lambda o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \ddot{v}, \sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \omega) = \epsilon \dot{v} \sigma \tau \alpha \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ εὐστομέω, f. ήσω, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εδφημέω. From  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\sigma \tau o \mu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \sigma \tau o \mu a)$  with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping eloquent. silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περί τούτων μοι εύστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὕστομ' ἔχε peace, be still! ευ-στοος, ον, (ευ, στοά) with goodly colonnades. εὐ-στόρθυγξ, υγγος, δ, ή, from a good trunk, εύστοχία, ή, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, oleverness. From «ύ-στοχος, ον, aiming well, bitting the mark. pass. viell-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

289 ευστρα, ή, (εύω) a place for singeing swine. εύ-στρεπτος Ερ. άματρ-, οr, (εὐ, στρέφω) welltwisted: easily turned, lissom. εύ-στρεφής Ερ. έυστρ-, ές, (εὐ, στρέφω) welltwisted. εὐ-στρόφαλιγξ, ιγγος, ό, ή, well-curled, curly. εύ-στροφος Εp. έΰστρ-, ον, (εὖ, στρέφω) welltwisted: easily turning, nimble. εύ-στρωτος, ον, (εύ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus, ευ-στυλος, ov, with goodly pillars. εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, ον, (εὖ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, ον, (εὖ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. easy to deal with, honest, upright. εὐ-σύνετος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, ον, (εὖ, συνίημι) quiek of apprebension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible. εὐσυνέτως, Adv of εὐσύνετος, with quickness of apprebension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον εὐ-σύνοπτος, or, easily seen at a glance. εύ-σφυρος Εp. ἐύσφ -, ον, (ἐύε, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles. εύσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων. εὐσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.  $\epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ -σχημος,  $o\nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma \chi \dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$ . εὐσχημοσύνη, ή, grace of manner, elegance From εὐ-σχήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (εὖ, σχήμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \sigma \chi \dot{\eta} \mu \omega s$ , =  $\epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \sigma \chi \eta \mu \dot{\sigma} \nu \omega s$ . εὐ-σχίδής, ές, and εὕ-σχιστος, ον, (εὖ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave. εὐσωμάτέω, f. ήσω, to be sound in limb. From εὐ-σώματος, ον, (εὖ, σῶμα) sound in limb. εύ-σωτρος Ερ. έΰσσ-, ον, (εδ, σωτρον) with good felloes: with good wheels. εὐ-τἄκής, ές, (εὖ, τακηναι) easy to melt εὐτακτέω, f. ήσω, to be orderly, behave well. From εὖ-τακτος, ον, (εὖ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence εὐτάκτως, Adv. in good order. εὐταξία, ή, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline ev-rapoos, ov, delicate-footed. εὖτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the II. εὖτ' ἄν, hke time when : seeing that, since. όταν, so often as, whensoever, in the case that. εὐ-τειχής, ές, εὐ-τείχεος, ον, and εὐ-τείχητος, ον, (εὖ, τείχοι) well-walled, well-fortified, strong. εὐτεκνέω, (εὕτεκνος) to have good or fine children. εὐτεκνία, ή, the having good or fine children. ευ-τεκνος, ον, (ευ, τέκνον) baving many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εύτεκνος ξυνωρίς a pair of fair children.

εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτελίη, ή, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

πρός εὐτελίην cheaply; χην είς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμέvos a goose painted on cheap terms. II. tbrift, frugality, economy; ἐπὶ εὐτελεία for economy. εὐ-τελής, ές, (εὖ, τέλος) easily paid for, cheap, Lat. II. mean, paltry, worthless. vilis. thrifty, frugal. εὐτελίη, ή, Ion. for εὐτέλεια. εὐτελώs, Adv. of εὐτελήs, cheaply, at a cheap rate. εὐ-τερπής, έε, (εὖ, τέρπω) delightful, charming. εὐ-τέχνητος, ον, (εὖ, τεχνάομαι) wrought with skill. εὐτεχνία, ή, skill in art. From ευ-τεχνος, ον, (ευ, τεχνη) skilful, ingenious. εὐ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ovos, much-enduring, steadfast. ευ-τμητος Ερ. ἐύτμ-, ον, (εῦ, τέμνω) well-cut. εὐτοκέω, f. ήσω, (εὕτοκοι) to bring forth easily. Hence εὐ-τοκία, ή, an easy childbirth, happy birth. εύ-τοκος, ον, (εὖ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth easily εὐτολμέω, f. ήσω, (εὕτολμος) to be daring. Hence εὐτολμία, ή, courage, boldness. εύ-τολμος, ον, (εὐ, τόλμα) brave-spirited, courageous. ευ-τονος, ον, (ευ, τείνω) well-stretched, well-strung, sinewy, nervous. Hence εὐτόνωs, Adv. with main strength. εύ-τοξος, ον,  $(ε \hat{v}, τόξον)$  with good arrows. εὐ-τόρνευτος, ον. (εὖ, τορνεύω) well-rounded. EU-TOPVOS, ov, well-turned, round. εὐ-τράπεζος, ον, (εὖ, τράπεζα) with a good table, bospitable, luxurious, sumptuous. εὐτραπελία, ή, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. urba-2. coarse jesting, ribaldry. From εὐ-τράπελος, ον, (εὖ, τρέπω) easily turning: hence versatile, ingenious, clever. 2. witty, lively, Lat. 3. tricky, dishonest. facetus. εὐ-τρἄφής, ές, (εὖ, τραφηναι) well-grown, thriv-II. act. nourishing. εὐ-τρεπής, ές, (εὖ, τρέπω) ready to turn, prepared, ready. Hence εὐ-τρεπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: Pass., pf. ηὐτρέπισμαι: -to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly, conciliate: - Pass. to be ready: - Med. to get oneself ready. εύ-τρεπτος, ov, easily turned, changeable. εὐτρεπώς, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, in a state of prepaεὐ-τρεφής Ep. έῦτρ -, έs, (εὖ, τρέφω) well-fed. ευ-τρητος Ep. έυτρ-, ov, well bored or pierced. εὐ-τρίαινα, Dor. for -ης,  $\delta$ , (εὖ, τρίαινα) with goodly trident. ευ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of ευθριξ.  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\tau \rho i \chi o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \epsilon \tilde{v} \theta \rho \iota \xi$ . εύτροπία, ή, versatility, Lat. versutia. From ευ-τροπος, ον, (ευ, τρέπω) easily turning, versatile. εὐ-τρόχαλος Ερ. ἐὐτρ-, ον, (εὖ, τρέχω) running well, quick-moving. 2. (εὖ, τροχόs) well-rounded.

II. running easily.

εῦ-τὕκος, ον, rare poët. form for εῦτυκτος.

or well-rounded.

ευ-τυκτος, ον, (ευ, τεύχω) well-made, well-wrought: εύτυκτον ποιείσθαί τι to make ready. εὐτὕχέω, f. ήσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or ηὐτ-, 20r. Ι εὐτύχησα οτ ηὐτ-, etc.: (εὐτυχήs):-to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηταί Tive things have gone well with him. Hence εὐτυχέωs, Ion. for εὐτυχῶs. εὐτύχημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good luck, success. εὐ-τὕχής, ές, (εὖ, τυχεῖν) well-off, successful, lucky, fortunate, prosperous. εὐτὕχία, ἡ, (εὐτυχέω) success, good luck, prosperity: in plur. successes εὐτυχῶs Ion. -έωs, Adv. of εὐτυχήs, with good fortune, successfully: Comp. εὐτυχέστερον, Sup. -έστατα. ευ-υάλος, ον, (εὖ, ὕαλος) with or of good glass. ευ-υδρος, ον, (ευ, υδωρ) well-watered, abounding in water: of a river, with good water: Comp. εὐυδρό-TEPOS. eυ-υμνος, ov, celebrated in many bymns.  $\epsilon \dot{v} - v \phi \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}, \dot{v} \phi \dot{\eta})$  well-woven. εὐ-φαμία, εῦ-φαμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-.  $\epsilon \hat{v}$ - $\phi \hat{a} \rho \hat{\epsilon} \tau \rho \eta s$ , ov,  $\dot{o}$ , Dor. -as, a,  $(\epsilon \hat{v}$ ,  $\phi a \rho \hat{\epsilon} \tau \rho a)$  with beautiful quiver. εὐ-φεγγής, ές, (εὖ, φέγγος) with clear light, bright. εύφημέω, f. ήσω, (εύφημος) to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence; in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε, hush! be silent! Lat. fa-II. to shout in honour of any one. vete linguis. or in triumph. III. to sound auspiciously. Hence εὐφημία, ή, the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen: hence silence during religious rites. II. praise, worship: in plur. songs of praise. ευ-φημος, ον, (ευ, φήμη) of good sound or omen, auspicious: of persons, using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, religiously silent. II. interpreting favourably; πρὸς τὸ εὕφημον in a good sense.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \phi \theta o \gamma \gamma o s$ , o v,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \phi \theta \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \gamma o \mu a \iota)$  well-sounding, sweetmoiced.  $\epsilon \dot{v} - \phi i \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ . ( $\epsilon \dot{v}$ ,  $\phi i \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) well-beloved. loving well. εὐ-φίλητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὖ, φιλέω) well-beloved.  $\epsilon \dot{v}$ - $\phi \dot{i} \lambda \dot{o}$ - $\pi a i s$ ,  $\pi a i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\epsilon \dot{v}$ ,  $\phi i \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ,  $\pi a i s$ ) fond of children, or pass. beloved of children. ευ-φλεκτος, ον, (ευ, φλέγω) easily set on fire. εὐφορέω, f. ήσω, (εύφορος) to bring forth abundantly.  $\epsilon$ υ-φόρητος, ον, ( $\epsilon$ υ, φορ $\epsilon$ ω) easily borne, tolerable. εὐ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγοs, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful lyre: playing beautifully on it.  $\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ - $\phi \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\epsilon \tilde{\mathbf{v}}, \phi \epsilon \mathbf{p} \omega)$  well or patiently borne. easily worn, convenient, manageable. ευ-τροχος Ερ. έυτρ-, ον, (ευ, τροχός) well-wheeled bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the body, sound, bealthy. «υ-φορτος, ov, well freighted or laden.

εὐφόρως, Adv. of εὕφορος, patiently, readily. εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφραδής) correctness of language. εὐ-φράδής, ές, (εὖ, φράζω) speaking well or eloquently:—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέως, in set terms, eloquently

εὐφραδίη, ή, poet. for εὐφράδεια.

εὐ-φραίνω Ερ. ἐὐφρ -: f. εὐφρανῶ Ερ. εὐφρανέω: aor. I εὕφρανα Ερ. εύφρηνα: — Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι, but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense, Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεαι: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὕφρων): —to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part., ὁρῶν εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence

εὐ-φραντικός, ή, όν, cheering, delightful to.

εύφρηναι, Ep. aor. I inf. of εύφραίνω.

eὐ-φρονέων Ep. ἐῦφρ-, participial Adj. (εὖ, φρονέω) well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.

εὐ-φρόνη, ή, (εὕφρων) the kindly time, i.e. night, euphemism for νύξ. Hence

εὐφρονίδης, ου, ό, son of Night.

εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὕφρων, with good cheer: graciously.

εὐ-φροσύνη Ep. ἐϋφρ-, ἡ, (εὕφρων) cheerfulness, mirth, merriment: of a banquet, good cheer: in pl. glad thoughts, festivities. [v]

εὐ-φρόσυνος, ον, (εὕφρων) poët. form, cheery.

ευ-φρων Ερ. ευφρ-, ον, (ευ, φρήν) cheerful, gladsome, merry, light-hearted. 2. act. cheering, making glad or merry, comforting II. well-minded, well-disposed, gracious.

εὐ-φὕήs, έs, (εὖ, φυή) well-grown, shapely, goodly: graceful. II. of good natural parts: clever, witty; also of good disposition. Hence

εὐφυτα, ή, goodness of shape. II. goodness of disposition of good natural parts, cleverness.

eὖ-φύλακτος, ον, (εὖ, φὕλάσσω) easy to keep or guard; εὐφυλακτύτερα γίγνεται it is easter to keep watch.

εύ-φυλλος, ον, (ευ, φύλλον) with thick foliage.

εὐφυῶs, Adv. of εὐφυήs, cleverly: Comp. -υέστερον. εὐφωνία, ή, goodness of voice. From

 $\epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ -φωνος, ov,  $(\epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ , φονή) sweet-voiced; loud-voiced.  $\epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ -χαίτης, ov,  $\delta$ ,  $(\epsilon \ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ , χαίτη) with beautiful bair: of plants, with beautiful leaves.

εύ-χαλκος, ον, (εύ, χαλκός) wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass.

εὐ-χάλκωτος, ov, well wrought of brass.

εύ-χάρις, neut. εύχαρι, gen. ιτος, (εύ, χάρις) pleasing, engaging: agreeable: popular, Lat. gratiosus. εύχαριστέω, f. ήσω, to be thankful, return thanks:

hence to requite. Hence

gratefully disposed towards him.

εὐχἄριστία, ἡ, tbankfulness, gratitude. II. a giving of thanks, tbanksgiving: the boly Eucharist. εὐ-χάριστος οτ -ιτος, ον, (εὖ, χαρίζομαι) winning, agreeable, pleasant. II. grateful, tbankful, Lat. gratus: Αdv., εὐχαρίστων διακείσθαι πρόε τινα to be

εύ-χειρ, ειροs, δ, ή, ready of band, bandy, dexterous. εὐ-χείρωτος, ον, (εὖ, χειρόω) easy to overcome.

εὐχέρεια, ἡ, readiness of band, dexterity, readiness, skill. 2. proneness or inclination for a thing. 3. in bad sense, recklessness. From

εὐ-χερής, 'ές, (εὖ, χείρ) quick or ready of band, bandy, dexterous, expert. 2. in bad sense, reckless. II. easy to bandle or manage, manageable. Hence

εύχερωs, Adv. readily: recklessly.

εύχετάομαι, Ep. for εύχομαι, only used in pres. and impf; Ep. inf. εύχετάασθαι, 3 pl. impf. εύχετόωντο: Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows.

II. to boast oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχή, ή, (εὕχομαι) a prayer, wish or vow, Lat. votum. 2. a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation.

εύ-χίλοs, ov, rich in fodder. II. of a horse, well-fed, in good condition.

εὐ-χίμαρος, ον, (εὖ, χίμαρος) rich in goats.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ - $\chi \lambda oos$ , ov, contr.  $-\chi \lambda ous$ , ov,  $(\epsilon \tilde{v}, \chi \lambda o \acute{a})$  mak-

ing fresb and green.

**EY'XOMAI**: impf  $\epsilon \hat{v} \chi \delta \mu \eta \nu$  or  $\eta \hat{v}$ -: fut.  $\epsilon \hat{v} \xi \delta \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. ι εὐξάμην or ηὐ-: aor. ι part. εὐχθείs in pass. sense; so also pf. ηὖγμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ηὖκτο in act. sense: Dep.:-to pray, pay one's vows, Lat. precari: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti, II. to vow or proto pray for, long or wish for. mise to do; εύχεσθαι κατά χιμάρων to make a vow of goats, i. e. vow to offer them. 2. c. acc. rei, to vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but often, to profess, maintain, assert.

εύ-χορδος, ον, (εὖ, χορδή) well-strung, barmonious. εὖχος, εος, τό, (εὐχομαι) a thing prayed for, vow, Lat. votum. 2. a votive offering. II. one's boast or pride.

εύ-χρηστος, ον, (εύ, χράομαι) easy to make use of, serviceable. Adv. -τως.

εὐ-χροέω, ſ. ήσω, to be of a good complexion. From εὐ-χροήs, ἐs, poet. for εὕχροοs, of good complexion. εντροοs, ον, contr. -χρουs, ουν, (εὖ, χρόα) of good complexion, fresb-looking, bealthy: -- Comp. εὐχροώτιροs or -ούστεροs

εύ-χρῦσος, ov, rich in gold.

 $\epsilon \tilde{v} - \chi \rho \omega s$ ,  $\omega v$ ,  $= \epsilon \tilde{v} \chi \rho o o s$ .

εὐχωλή, ἡ, (εὕχομαι) pcet. form of εὐχή, a prayer, vow, Lat, vo!um.

II. boasting: a boast, vaunt, matter of boasting. Hence

natter of boasting. Hence εὐχωλἴμαῖος, α, ον, bound by a vow.

εὐ-ψάμαθος, ov, with good sands, sandy

εὐψυχέω, f. ήσω, (εύψυχος) to be of good courage. II. εὐψύχει farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. bave pia anima! Hence

εὐψθχία, ή, good courage, stoutness of beart.

ev-ψύχος, ον, (εὖ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of beart, Lat. animosus. Adv. -χωs, with good courage. ΕΥΩ, f. εὖσω: 201. I εὖσω:—to singe: metaph. of a scolding wife, εὖει ἀτερ δαλοῦ ἀνδρα she roasts her husband without the help of a fire.

292ອນພວກຮູ ເຮ. (ເບ້. ວັວພວັດ pf. of ວັ(ພ) sweet-smelling. εὐωδία, ή, a sweet smell, fragrance. εὐωδώθην, aor. I pass. of εὐοδόω. εὐ-ώλενος, ον, (εὖ, ἀλένη) fair-armed. εὐ-ώντμος, ον, (εὖ, ὅνομα) of good name, bonourable: II. euphemistic for the ill-omened of good omen. word aριστερόs, left, on the left band or side; έξ củωνύμου (sub. χειρόs) on the left hand. εὐ-ωπις, ιδος, fem. of εὐώψ, fair-eyed or fair-faced. ev-w\(\pi\)6s,  $\delta\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon v, \omega \psi)$  fair to look on, friendly. εὐ-ωχέω, f. ήσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) to treat well: to entertain bospitably, feast:—Pass., with fut. med. - ήσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχήθην, -ημαι, to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ make merry on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy. Hence cύωχία, ή, good cheer, feasting. εὐ-ώψ, ῶποs, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὤψ) fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly. έφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί. έφαάνθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φ- $\tilde{\alpha}$ βοs,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φαβικόs, Dor. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φηβ-. έφ-ἄγιστεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ἄγοε) to perform sacred rites over a thing. έφ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to make offerings on a grave.  $\epsilon \phi \Delta \gamma o v$ , aor. 2 of  $\epsilon \sigma \theta i \omega$ : see  $\phi \Delta \gamma \epsilon i v$ . έφ-αιρέομαι, Pass. to be chosen in addition or in succession to another.  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$ - $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\cos$ , or,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{l}, \ddot{\alpha}\lambda s) = \dot{\epsilon}\phi\alpha\lambda os$ . έφ-άλλομαι, fut. έφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 έπάλτο part. ἐπιάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.: — to spring upon, to assail: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλμενος ίππων baving leaped upon or into the chariot: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμενος he kissed him baving leaped upon him. έφ-ἄλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) on or by the sea. έφαλόω, Dor. for έφηλόω. έφάμαν [ā], Dor. for έφάμην, 201. 2 med. of φημί. έφ-αμαξεύω, (επί, αμαξα) to drive wains over: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξευμένοs traversed by wains. έφαμέριος, έφαμερος  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dor. for έφήμ-. έφ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄμιλλα) a match for, rivalling, vying with. 2. pass. to be striven, contended for. έφαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. iφ-aνδάνω, impf. -avov, to please, be grateful or welcome to: Ep. also έπιανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον. έφάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. έφανθην, aor. I pass. of φαίνω. έφαντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί. έφ-άπαξ, Adv. once for all: at once. έφ-απλόω, f. ώσω, to fold or spread over. έφ-άπτω Ion. έπάπτω: f. ἐφάψω: aot. I ἐφῆψα: pf. pass. εφημμαι:--to fasten on or to: hence to fix

II. Pass. to be bung over, impend

III. Med. to lay bold of.

over, in pf. and plapf. εφήπται, εφήπτο, like Lat. im-

minet, imminebat; Τρώεσσι κήδε' έφηπται woes im-

firmly, decree.

pend over the Trojans.

grasp, touch: to seize hold upon, claim. attain to, Lat. attingere; so Ion. pf. part. pass., elõeos ἐπαμμένοι possessed of beauty. Hence έφ-αρμόζω, f. σω, to fit on or to, to suit, coincide II. trans. to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate. έφαρμόσδων, Dor. for έφαρμόζων. έφαρμόσσειε, 3 sing. Ep. aot. 1 opt. of έφαρμόζω. έφ-αρμόττω, Att. for έφαρμόζω. έφαρξάμην, έφάρχθην, Att. for έφραξάμην, έφρά- $\chi\theta\eta\nu$ , aor. 1 med. and pass. of  $\phi\rho\dot{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$ . έφατο, έφαντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor 2 med. of φημί. έφ-έδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ή, a sitting at or by: a stege, blockade, Lat. obsessio. έφ-εδράω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) to sit or rest upon. έφ-εδρεία, ή, a sitting upon. II. a lying in wait, Lat. insidiae. From έφεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit or rest upon. II. to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for:—also to halt. From έφ-εδρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) sttting on; λεόντων ἔφεδρος seated on a chariot drawn by hons lying by or near. II. lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy. III. posted in reserve, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: an avenger, a successor. έφ-έζομαι, fut. -εδούμαι: Dep.:-to sit upon. to sit by or near. έφέηκα, Ep. aor. 1 of έφίημι. έφείην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of εφίημι. έφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of έφέννυμι. έφειναι, aor. 2 inf. of έφίημι. έφεισάμην, 201. 1 of φείδομαι. έφείω, η , η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφίημι.  $\tilde{\epsilon} \phi - \epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma s$ , or,  $(\tilde{\epsilon} \pi i, \tilde{\epsilon} \kappa \tau \sigma s) + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ :  $\tau \circ \kappa \sigma s \tilde{\epsilon} \phi \epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma s$ interest at the rate of & of the principal, = 16% p. cent. έφ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to roll on or along. ἐφελκύσαι [ʊ̆], aor. I inf. of ἐφέλκω. έφ-ελκυστικός, ή, όν, drawing on, attractive. From έφ-έλκω Ion. έπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλξω, but the aor. I in use is ἐφείλκύσα (formed from \*ἐφελκύω):—to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a ship, to tow after. 2. to drink off, drain. Pass., πόδες εφελκόμενοι feet dragged or trailing along; of ἐπελκόμενοι the stragglers of an army. III. Med. to draw or drag after one; ξφέλκετο μείλινον έγχο be trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot): ἐφέλκεται άνδρα σίδηρος iron draws men after it, i. e. attracts them, tempts them; ἐφέλκεσθαι την θύραν to pull to the door. 2. to bring on, entail consequences. 3. to claim, assume. έφέμεν, Ep. for έφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of έφίημι.  $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\phi} - \dot{\epsilon} \nu \nu \bar{\nu} \mu \iota$ , = more freq.  $\dot{\epsilon} \pi \iota \dot{\epsilon} \nu \nu \nu \mu \iota$ . έφ-εξής Ion. έπεξής poët. έφεξείης, Adv. (έπί, Exopai) in order, one after another, in a line.

of Time, successively: thereupon.

έφεξις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) an excuse, pretext.

έφ-έπω: impf. έφειπον Ep. έφεπον Ion. έφέπεσκον:

fut. εφέψω: aor. a επέσπον: inf. επισπείν: part. επι-

σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy 4 to seek out, search, traoneself about, manage. 5. πότμον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον καὶ πότμον έπισπείν, θανέειν καὶ πότμον ἐπισπείν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. Med., impf.  $\epsilon \phi \epsilon \iota \pi \delta \mu \eta \nu$ : fut.  $\epsilon \phi \epsilon \psi \delta \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2  $\epsilon \phi \epsilon$ σπόμην, inf. επισπέσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. έφ-ερπύζω, late form for έφέρπω. έφ-έρπω, f. έφέρψω: aor. I έφείρπὔσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from  $\epsilon \phi \epsilon \rho \pi \nu (\omega) : -to$  creep upon or to-II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: wards. absol., χρόνος έφέρπων advancing time. έφες, aot. 2 imperat. of έφίημι. έφέσιμος δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φεσις,  $\epsilon$ ως,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , ( $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φίημι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. έφ-έσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. έφ-έσπομαι, poet. for έφέπομαι. έφέσσαι, Ep. for έφέσαι, aor. I inf. of έφίζω. έφεσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of εφίζω. έφεσσάμενος, Ep. aor. τ part. med. of εφίζω έφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of έφίζω. έφεσταότες Att. -ωτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of έφίστημι. έφεστασιν, for έφεστήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of εφίστημι. έφ-έστιος Ion. έπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: baving a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards bome. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; εφέστιος δόμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or bousehold: hence, εφέστιον Ion. επίστιον, τό, α bousehold, family; θεοί ἐφέστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over bospitality έφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of έφεστρίε. έφ-εστρίς, ίδος, ή, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. έφεστώς, for έφεστηκώς, pf. part. of έφίστημι. έφέτης, ου, δ, (έφίημι) a commander. II. οἱ ἐφέrai, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. έφετμή, ή, (ἐφίημι) a command, behest. έφευξα, aor. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω). έφευρετής, οῦ, ὁ, an inventor, contriver. From έφ-ευρίσκω Ion. έπ-: fut. έφευρήσω: aor. 2 έφεῦpov:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. έφεψάσθω, poët. aor. 1 imperat. med. of έφέπω. έφ-εψιάομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφεώρᾶτο, 3 sing. plapf. of ἐφοράω. έφεώρων, Ion. impf. of έφυράω. φ-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to come to man's estate. έφηβεία, ή, (έφηβεύω) manbood, man's estate.  $\epsilon$ φήβειος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\epsilon \phi \eta \beta os)$  youthful. έφηβικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , Dor. έφαβικός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , of or for  $\alpha$ young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

έφ-ηβος Dor. έφαβος, ον, (ἐπί, ήβη) arrived at manbood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence έφηβοσύνη, ή, the age of an έφηβοε, manbood. έφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. έφ-ήδομαι, Pass to exult over. έφηκα, aor. I of έφίημι. έφ-ήκω, to bave arrived at:—to extend or reach to.  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi$ - $\hat{\eta}\lambda\iota\xi$ , thos,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\eta\beta\sigma$ s. έφ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί, ἡλοε) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. έφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. έφημερία, ή, a daily order or course. From έφ-ημέριος Dor. έφαμ-, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, (έπί, ήμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; έφημέρια φρονείν to take no thought for the morrow; of men, έφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. έφ-ήμερος Dor. έφαμ- Acol. έπαμ-, ον, (ἐπί, ήμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. daily. έφημοσύνη, ή, (ἐφίημι) a command, behest. **ἔφηνα, a**or. Ι of φαίνω. έφηπται, έφηπτο, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. ξφησα, aor. I of φημί. έφησθα, for έφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί. έφήσω, fut. of έφίημι. έφθαξα, Dor. for έφθασα, 201. 1 of φθάνω. **ἔφθαρμαι**, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάραται. **ἔφθάσα, a**or. 1 of φθάνω. έφθέγξατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of φθέγγομαι. **ἔφθειρα**, aor. Ι οί φθείρω. έφθ-ημιμερής, (έπτά, ήμιμερής) containing seven balves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a balf, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or lambic Trimeter: cf. πενθημιμερήs. έφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθημί). έφθίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω.  $\epsilon \phi \theta \iota \epsilon v$ , 3 sing. impf. of  $\phi \theta \iota \omega = \phi \theta \iota \nu \omega$ . έφθιθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of φθίνω. έφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω. **ἔφθορα**, pf. med. of φθείρω έφθός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of έψω, boiled, dressed. έφ-ιζάνω, = έφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. έφίζω Dor. έφίσδω: impf. έφίζον Ion. έφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι, έφέσσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon. έφ-ίημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. Ι ἐφῆκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέηκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἔφες, Ep. subj. ἐφείω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. εφίει (as if from \*έφιεω):--to

2. to send against, launch, or send

3. of events, to send upon one;

at: to set on, to do a thing; έφιέναι χείρας τινι to lay

to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

έφιέναι νόστον τινί to permit one a return.

send to one.

hands on him.

up, yield: also intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to give oneself up 2. to permit, allow. III. to put the male to. to the female, Lat. admittere. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. έφεσιε. Med. ἐφίεμαι, fut. ἐφήσομαι, to lay one's command or bebest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 2. to aim at, long after, desire.

έφ-ικνέομαι Ion. έπ-: fut. έφίξομαι: 20r. 2 έφικόμην: pf. ἐφίγμαι: Dep.:—to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, to bit exactly: metaph., εφικέσθαι λέγων or λόγφ, to touch the right point in II. to come upon, speaking: absol. to extend. visit, c. acc.; ἐπικέσθαι (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) μάστιγι πληγάε τον Έλλήσποντον to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

έφικτός, ή, ών, verb. Adj., easy to reach.

έφίλαθεν, έφίλασα, Dor. for έφίλησα, έφίληθεν.

έφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω.

έφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pass. of φιλέω.

έφ-ίμερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἵμερος) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [1]

έφιμώθην, aor. I pass. of φιμόω.

έφ-ίππιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἵππος) of or for a borse or riding: τὸ ἐφίππιον (sub. στρωμα), Lat. ephippia, a saddle-cloth, a borse's barness.

ἔφ-ιππος, ον, (ἐπί, ἵππος) on borseback; κλύδων έφιπποs a rushing wave of borses.

έφ-ίπταμαι, late form of ἐπιπέτομαι.

έφ-ισδάνω, έφ-ίσδω, Dor. for εφίζανω, εφίζω.

έφ-ίστημι Ion. έπ-: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I ἐπέστησα:—to set or place upon: to 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office. 3. ἐφιστάναι τινὶ ἀγῶνα to found or institute games in bonour of a person. Η. to set by or near. III. to check, make balt. IV. έφιστάναι τον νουν, to attend to, Lat. animum advertere: absol., έφιστάναι to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. ἐπέστην, pf. ἐφέστηκα, plaps. ἐφεστήκειν:—to stand upon: to be 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος, 1. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. praeesse; pf. part. Ion. οἱ ἐπεστεῶτεs Att. οἱ ἐφεστῶτεs, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppose: metaph. to impend, be close at band, Lat. instare; Κήρες έφεστασιν θανάτοιο the fates of death are close at band. III. to balt, stop. IV. to attend to.

**ἔφλἄδον**, aor. 2 of φλάζω.

έφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

έφ-οδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὁδόs) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over. έφ-όδια, τά, see έφόδιοs.

έφοδιάζω Ion. έπ-, f. άσω, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey: - Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

έφ-όδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὁδός) of or for a journey:—as Subst., ἐφόδιον, τό, Lat. viaticum, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., ἐφόδια);—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies.

έφ-οδος, ή, (ἐπί, ὁδός) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.

έφ-οδος, ό, one who goes the rounds, an inspector.  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ φ-οδος, ον, ( $\tilde{\epsilon}$ πί,  $\delta$ δός) accessible: Sup. -ωτατος.

έφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φοιτάω.

ἐφόλκαιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a rudder.

έφόλκιον, τό, (έφέλκω) a small boat towed after a ship: - generally, an appendage.

έφολκίς, ή, (έφέλκω) a burdensome appendage.

έφολκός, όν, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. drawling: absol. a laggard.

έφ-ομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow close upon.

έφ-οπλίζω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I inf. έφοπλίσσαι:--to equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

έφορατικός, ή, όν, looking over, watchful of. From έφ-οράω Ion. έπ-: impf. έφεώρων Ion. 3 sing. έπώρα: f. ἐπόψομαι Ερ. ἐπιόψομαι: 201. 2 ἐπείδον:--to 2. generally to look on, look over, oversee, observe. view:-Pass., δσον έφεώρατο της νήσου as much of 3. to look out for, choose. the island as was in view. έφορεία, ή, (έφορεύω) an overlooking:—the office

or dignity of έφοροs, the ephoralty. έφορείον, τό, the court of the ephori. From

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ φορεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ φοράω. II. (ἔφορος) to be an epbor.

έφορικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , (έφορος) of or for the ethori.

έφ-όριος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ὅρος) on the frontier.

έφ-opμαίνω, to rusb on.

έφ-ορμάω Ion. έπ-: f. ήσω: aor. I - ώρμησα:—to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. II. Pass. and Med., intr. to rush upon, attack. aor. I έφωρμησάμην and έφωρμήθην:—to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to burry, rush for-2. to make a dash at. ward.

ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. ἐπ-, f. ήσω, to lie at ancbor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch: -Pass. to be blockaded.

έφ-ορμή, ή, (ἐπί, ὑρμή) an entrance, access. an attempt upon a place, attack.

έφορμηθείεν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. pass. of έφορμάω.

έφόρμησις, εως, ή, (έφορμέω) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

έφ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἐπί, ὅρμοε) to bring a ship to ber moorings: - Med. and Pass. to come to ancbor.

έφ-ορμος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅρμος) at anchor.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ φ-ορμος,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\dot{\epsilon}$ φόρμησιε, a blockade.

έφορος, ον, (ἐφοράω) overseeing. II. as Subst.. ἔφοροs, δ, an overseer, guardian, ruler. Sparta, oi epopoi the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

έφ-όσον, Adv. for έφ' όσου, in so far as. έφρασάμαν, Dor. 201. I med. of φράζω.

έφραξα, aor. I of φράσσω.

**ἔφριξα**, aor. I of φρίσσω. έφρύαξα, 201. Ι οί φρυάσσω.

**ἔφρυξα**, aor. I of φρύγω.

έφ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.

**ἔφύγον**, aor. 2 of φεύγω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\phi}$ - $\upsilon\delta\rho\dot{\iota}\dot{\alpha}s$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}\delta\sigma s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\epsilon}\pi i$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}\delta\omega\rho)$  of the water.

έφ-υδρος Ion. έπ-, ον, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bring-

ing rain. 2. abounding in water.

έφ-υμνέω, f. ήσω, to sing or chant after: to chant II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. to sing of, descant on.

έφυν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. έφυσαν.

έφ-ύπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.

'**EΦΥ'PA** Ion.  $-\rho\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Epbyré, old name of Corinth

**ἔφυρσα,** aor. Ι of φύρω.

**ἔφῦσαν,** 3 pl. aor. 1 of φύω, 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω. ἐφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσā, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [v] έφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.

ἐφ-ὑω, f. ὑσω [v̄], (ἐπί, νω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. έφυσμένος έφ' ῷ, ἐφ' ῷτε, i. e. ἐπὶ τούτφ ὤστε, on the condition that.

έφ-ώριος, ον, (ἐπί, ὥρα) in season, ripe, mature.

ἔχάδον, 20r. 2 of χανδάνω.

έχανον, aor. 2 of χαίνω or χάσκω. έχάρην [α], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.

έχαρισάμην, έχαρίσθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.

έχεα, aor. I of χέω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\chi - \dot{\epsilon}\gamma\gamma \dot{\nu}$ os,  $o\nu$ , =  $\ddot{\epsilon}\chi\omega\nu$   $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\gamma \dot{\nu}\eta\nu$ , i. e. I. baving given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful II. baving received security, secure.

έχέ-θυμος, ον, (έχω, θυμός) controlling one's tem-

per, under self-control.

έχε-μυθέω, (έχω, μυθος) to hold one's peace. Hence

έχεμυθία, ή, silence.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \chi \epsilon - \nu \eta \dot{t} s$ ,  $-\nu \eta \dot{t} \delta o s$ , contr.  $\dot{\epsilon} \chi \epsilon - \nu \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $-\nu \dot{\eta} \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\ddot{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ , vaûs) bolding ships fast.

έχε-πευκής, ές, (έχω, πευκή) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.

έχέ-σαρκος, ον, (έχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.

έχεσκον, Ion. impf. of έχω.

έχέ-στονος, ον, (έχω, στύνος) bringing sorrows. έχέτλη, ή, (έχω) the plough-handle, Lat. stiva. Hence

έχετλήεις, εσσα, εν, of the plough-handle.

έχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of έχω.

έχευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. έχευάμην. έχεφρονέω, (έχέφρων) to be sensible or shrewd.

έχεφροσύνη, ή, good sense, sbrewdness. From

έχέ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (έχω, φρήν) sensible, sbrewd.

έχησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of έχω.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθαίρω, f.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθάρ $\dot{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\dot{\eta}$ χθηρα: fut. med.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθάρδυμαι in pass. sense: (έχθος):—to bate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, έχθος έχθαίρειν to bear hate:-Pass., ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἔκ τινος to be bated by one.

έχθαρτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of έχθαίρω, to be bated.

 $\dot{\epsilon} \chi \theta \dot{\epsilon} s$ , Adv., =  $\chi \theta \dot{\epsilon} s$ , yesterday.

έχθιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of έχθρός, formed from Subst. έχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most bated, most bateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.

έχθίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of έχθρός, formed from Subst. έχθος, as κερδίων from κέρδος:-more

bated: more bostile.

έχθοδοπέω, f. ήσω, to cause batred. From

έχθοδοπός, ή, όν, (έχθος) bateful, bostile.

"EXΘΟΣ, cos, τό, bate, batred, enmity, Lat. odium; έχθος τινός batred for one. II. a bated object.

έχθρα Ion. έχθρη, ή, batred, enmity; έχθρα τινό: batred for one; δι' έχθρας μολείν οτ ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.

ἐχθραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (ἐχθρόs) to bate: to be at enmity with. έχθρο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (έχθρός, δαίμων) bated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.

έχθρό-ξενος, ον, (έχθρός, ξένος) unfriendly to guests,

inbospitable.

έχθρός, ά, όν, (έχθος) bated, bateful. II. act. bating, bostile, at enmity with. III. as Subst. έχθροs, δ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides έχθρότέρος, έχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. έχθίων, ἔχθιστος, were in common use.

EXOΩ, to bate:—Pass. to be bated, bateful. Only

used in pres and impf.

ἔχιδνα, ή, (ἔχιε) a viper, adder. Hence

έχιδναίος, a, ov, of or like a viper.

'EXI'NAI, ων, al, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Έχινάδες.

exivées, oi, a kind of mice with rough bristling bair,

ın Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)

'EXI NOΣ, δ, the urchin, hedgebog: also the sea-2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as urcbin. II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, a jar: hence, 2. the vase in which the notes of evi-Lat. echinus. III. part of the bit of a dence were sealed up. bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.

"EXΓΣ, tos and εωs, δ, a viper, adder. ἔχμα, ατος, τό, (ἔχω) that which holds: bindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence II. a bold-fast, stay, support; έχματα against. νηῶν props, cradles for ships; έχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i.e. solid rock; έχματα πύργων sup-

porting towers. έχοισα, Dor. for έχουσα.

έχουν, impf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

ἔχρανα, aor. Ι of χραίνω.

**ἔχρησα**, aor. I of χράω.

έχρήσθην, anr. I pass. of χράομαι.

 $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\rho\bar{\iota}\sigma\alpha$ , aor. I of  $\chi\rho\dot{\iota}\omega$ .

έχύθην [τ], aor. 1 pass. of χέω.

έχυντο, έχύτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. έχυρόs, ά, όν, (έχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; έν έχυρῷ είναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence έχυρωs, Adv. securely: - Comp. έχυρωτερον.

**ΈΧΩ:** impf. είχον Ερ. έχον Ion. έχεσκον: fut.

έξω, or (in the sense of bolding) σχήσω: pf. έσχηκα | bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: Ep. ὄχωκα (in compd. συνοχωκότε): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σχές, subj. σχώ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σχείν Ep. σχέμεν, part. σχών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθείν: Pass. and Med. έχομαι: impf. εξχόμην: fut. έξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 έσχόμην Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, to bave, bold: bave, possess; of exortes those that have, i.e. the wealthy:-Pass. to be possessed by, belong to. bave to wife: to bave in one's bouse, to entertain: c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit: έν γαστρί έχειν (sub. βρέφος), to be pregnant, be with child. 3. of a State or Condition; γηρας έχειν to have reached old age, = the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, έν στύματι έχειν to be always talking of. 4. to imply, 5. like infer; αἰσχύνην έχειν to imply disgrace. Lat. teneo, to know, understand, comprehend. 11. to bold, keep: to bold fast: to keep with one, retain, detain: to bold tight, grip, grasp, of the hold of 2. to hold up, bear up, sustain: hence to wrestlers. bold out or bear up against, to resist, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. to direct to, aim: to guide, steer. in fut, σχήσω and aor. σχείν, to land. 4, to hold in, check, stop: also to keep fast or close, as a bar does a gate: to allay pain: c. gen. to stop or binder from a thing. keep, ward off: hence to guard, keep safe: of armour, to 6. to keep doing or making, cause. III. to have means or power to do a thing, to be able, like Lat. babeo: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, ποῦ, etc., I know not bow, know not where, etc.

B. Intrans., to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state: esp. with Advs., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶs or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. bene, male se babet, it is going on well, etc.; a gen. modi is often added, et exelv Tivás to be well off for a thing, abound in it; καλώς έχειν της μέθηs to be pretty well off for drink. 2. to be so and so, be; λόγος έχει the story goes, prevails. to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm. stand up, jut out, rise, project; κίονες ὑψάσ' έχαντες pillars rising high.
5. to point towards, glance at, be directed towards; έχθρα έχουσα ès 'Αθηναίουν enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, to extend, reach unto: also, έχειν άμφί or περί τι to be about, busy, occupied with. 6. in Att., έχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρύψαντες έχουσι for κεκρύφασι; αποκλείσας έχεις for αποκέκλεικας. 7. the part. Exam with the pres., adds a notion of duration to what is being done; τί δητα διατρίβειε έχων; why then keep wasting time? ληρείε έχων you keep on trifling.

C. Med. to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to: metaph. to bold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with: hence to lay bold on, claim, take possession of. 2. of Place, to be close, border on, next to; o exousous that comes next or nearest; TO EYOUEVOY ETOS the year next ensuing.

also to carry or conduct oneself; έχεο κρατερώς bear thyself resolutely. III. to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from: absol., σχέο, σχέσθε hold! cease!

έχωντι, Dor. for έχωσι. έχωσα, aor. I of χώννυμι.

έχώσατο, 3 sing, aor, 1 of χώομαι.

έχώσθην, aor, I pass. of χώννυμι.

έψάλαται, Ion. 3 pl pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

έψ-ανδρα, ή, (έψω, ἀνήρ) boiling men, epich. of Medea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.

**ἔψαυσα, 2**οr. 1 οf ψαύω. έψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.

έψευσάμην, aor. 1 of ψεύδομαι.

ἔψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

έψησις, εως, ή, (έψω) a boiling: generally, cookery  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ψήσω, fut. of  $\dot{\epsilon}$ ψω.

έψητήρ, ήρος, δ, (έψω) a pipkin, pan for boiling.

έψητός, ή, όν, (έψω) boiled, sodden.

έψία Ion, έψίη, ή, (ψτά, ψειά) a game played with pebbles: generally, amusement, pastime. Hence

έψιάομαι, Dep. to play with pebbles: generally, to disport, amuse oneself: to entertain oneself with.

έψιθυρίσδομες, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.

έψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω. ểψύγην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

"ΕΨΩ: impf.  $\hat{\eta}\psi$ ον (Ion.  $\hat{\epsilon}\psi$ εον as if from  $\hat{\epsilon}\psi$ έω). fut. εψήσω: aor. I ήψησα: -- Med., fut. εψήσομαι: --Pass, aor. I ἡψήθην: pf. ἡψημαι:—to boil, seethe, opp. to ἀπτάω: of metals, to smelt, refine: metaph. to cherish, nurse

εω, Ion. for ω, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

έω, contr for έάω

έφ, contr. for έάοι, 3 sing. opt. of έάω.

έψ, dat. of έψε.

εω, Ion. for ω, aor. 2 subj. of lημι

εω, gen and acc. sing. of εω, the dawn. έφγα, pf. 2 of οίγνυμι, to open.

ἔφγμαι, pf pass. of οίγνυμι.

εωθα, εώθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plapf. of εθω.

ἔωθεν Ep. ἡῶθεν, Adv. (ἔωs) from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\omega\theta\dot{\iota}\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\iota}\nu$ , ( $\dot{\epsilon}\omega s$ ) in the morning, early,  $\tau\dot{\delta}$   $\dot{\epsilon}\omega\theta\iota$ vov as Adv. early in the morning;  $\xi \xi \in \partial \theta$  ivo $\hat{\theta} = \partial \theta \in V$ .  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\omega}\theta$ ουν, impf. of  $\dot{\omega}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

έψκειν, plapf, of έοικα.

έωλο-κρασία, ό, (ξωλος, κρασις) a mixture or compound of dregs of wine: metaph., εωλοκρασίαν της πονηρίας κατασκεδάσαι τινός to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one.

εωλος, ον, (εωs) a day old, kept till the morrow: of food, stale: hence out of date, obsolete.

έώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of έλπω.

έωμεν, in Il. 19. 404, έπεί χ' έωμεν πολέμοιο when we have enough of war:-commonly considered as aor. 2 subj. of  $l\eta \mu_l$ , but sometimes referred to  $l\omega =$ ão, to satiate.

έωμεν, contr. from έάομεν, I pl. of έάο.

έψμι, contr. from έάοιμι, I sing. opt. of έάω. έών, Hom. and Ion. for άν, pres. part. of είμί ευπ. έώνημαι, έωνήμην, pf. and plapf. of ών έομαι.

έφνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοέω.

**ἔφξα**, aor. 1 of οἴγνυμι.

έφοs, a, ov, also os, ov, poët. έψτοs Ep. ἡοτος, (ἔως) in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break.

2. eastern, Lat. Eous.

έωρα, η, collat. form of alwpa, a being suspended, banging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for

banging.

έώρα, 3 sing. impf. of δράω.

έώρακα, έώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δράω. έώργει, for έόργει, 3 sing. plapf. of \*έργω.

ἐωρέω, collat. form of alwpéw, whence and 1 part. fem., ἐωρήσασα τουμὸν ὅμμα baving raised aloft mine eve.

έώρταζον, έώρτασα, impf. and aor. 1, with irreg. augm., of έορτάζω.

έωρτο, for ήορτο, 3 sing plaps. pass. of delpw.

έώρων, impf. of δράω

εωs, Att. for Ion. iωs, morn.

EΩΣ Ion. and Ep είως Ep. είος: I. as Conjunction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly relative to the antec.  $\tau$ έως Ep.  $\tau$ έως. 2. =  $\tau$ έως, for a time 3. till, until, until such time as. 4 εώς, όπως, ίνα, that, in order that. II. as Adv. ξως ότς, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too, ξως σὸς ξως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long? 2 with Advs. of Place, ξως ὧδε, ξως έσω οτ ξέω, up to this point, till within, etc.

ἔωσα, ἐωσάμην, aur. t act. and med. of ἀθέω. ἔωσι, Ion. for ἀσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum. ἔωσι, contr. for ἐάουσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἐάω.

έωυτοῦ, έωυτέων, Ion. for ἐαυτοῦ, ἐαυτῶν.

έωσμαι, pf. pass. of ωθέω

τωσ-περ, strengthd. for τωs, even until. εωσ-φόρος, ον, (τωs, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst, δ Έωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer

 $\mathbf{Z}$ 

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained

short, άστυ Ζελείης, υλήεσσα Ζάκυνθος.

ZA—, Aeol. for  $\delta(\dot{\alpha})$ : also as insep. Prefix with intensive sense, like  $d\rho_1$ ,  $i\rho_1$ —,  $d\gamma_2$ —, as in  $(\dot{\alpha}$ - $\theta$ eos,  $(\alpha$ - $\mu$ er $\eta$ s, etc. j'ayκλον,  $\tau$ 6, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. false. (Old Sicilian word.)

`ζū-ήs, έs, (ζū-, ἄημι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty; ζαῆν, irreg. acc. for ζαέα, ζαῆ.

ζά-θεος, a, ov, also os, ov, very divine, boly, ballowed.

ζα-θερής, ές, (ζα-, θέρος) very bot.

ξαίεν Att. ξφεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω. ζάκορος, ό, = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, ον, very wrathful.

ξάλη, ή, (ἄλs) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trouble, distress. (Akin to σάλοs, Lat. salum.)

ζαλοίσα, Dor. for ζηλούσα.

ζάλος, ζάλόω, ζάλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζαμενέω, f. ήσω, to be very violent, exert all one's strength From

ζά-μενήs, έs, (ζα-, μένοs) very strong or mighty: raging, violent.

ζαμία, Dor. for ζημία.

Zάν, Zavós, ὁ, Dor. for Zήν, Ζηνόs, old form of Zεύs, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.

ζά-πεδον, τό, = δάπεδον.

ξα-πληθής, έs, (ζα-, πληθοε) very full; ζαπληθηε γενειάs a busby beard: full-sounding.

ζά-πλουτος, ον, very rich.

ζά-πυρος, ον, (ζα-, πυρ) very fiery

ζατεύσα, Dor. for ζητούσα.

ζατεύω, ζατρείον, ζατρεύω, Dor. for ζητ-. ζα-τρεφής, ές, (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat

 $\zeta$ α-φλέγής, ές,  $(\zeta \alpha - , \phi \lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$  full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολοs, ov, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, ον, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζάχρειος όδοθ one who wants to know the way.

ζα-χρηής, ές, (ζα-, χράω B) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρῦσος, ov, rich in gold.

ZA'  $\Omega$  Ep. Low, in later Poets Low, Att. contr. Lo,  $\{\hat{\eta}_{S}, \hat{\zeta}_{D}\}$ ; imperat.  $\{\hat{\eta}_{O} \text{ or } \hat{\zeta}_{O}^{H}\theta_{1}; \text{ opt } \hat{\zeta}_{O}^{H}\nu_{1}; \text{ inf. } \hat{\zeta}_{G}^{A}\nu_{2}\text{ contr. } \hat{\zeta}_{D}^{H}\nu_{1}; \text{ impf. } \hat{\xi}_{O}^{H}\nu_{2}\text{ (as if from }\hat{\zeta}_{D}^{H}\mu_{2}), \hat{\xi}_{O}^{H}\nu_{3}, \hat{\xi}$ 

-ζε, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, Αθήναζε, δύραζε,

for 'Αθήνασδε, θύρασδε.

ξεγέριες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice. ZEIA', η, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for

horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ξεί-δωρος, ον, (ζειά, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful. ξειρά, η, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζείω, poët. for ζέω, as πνείω for πνέω. ζέσσα, Ep. for έζεσα, 20r. I of ζέω.

ζεστός, ή, όν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, bot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεῦγοι, a puny team of oxen. ζευγηλάτεω, f. ήσω, to drive a yoke of oxen. From ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (ζεῦγος, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a

yoke of oxen.

ζευγίτης [t], οῦ, ὁ, (ζεῦγος) yoked together, two and II. (ευγίται, oi, yeomen, the third two, in pairs. of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from their being able to keep a team ((\(\epsilon\)\(\gamma\)) of oxen: the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, the second  $i\pi\pi\epsilon is$ , and the fourth  $\theta \hat{\eta} \tau \epsilon s$ .

ζεύγλη poet. ζεῦγλα, ή, the collar or loop of the yoke (ζυγόν), through which the oxen's heads were II. the put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεῦγλαι.

rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεθγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) that which is linked together, a band, bond; ζεθγμα τοθ λιμένος a boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep inf. of ζεύγνυμι. ZEY'INYMI or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. έζεύγνὔσαν  $\{Ep.$ ζεύγνυσαν) or έζεύγνυον (Ερ. ζεύγνυον): fut. ζεύξω: aor. I έζευξα:—Pass., aor. I έζεύχθην, more frequent aor. 2 εζύγην [v]:—to join or link together, yoke:— Med., ίππους ζεύγνυσθαι to yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses; also to barness. II. generally, to join or fasten together, make fast; σανίδες έζευγμέναι close-sbut doors. 2. to join in wedlock, marry, unite: - Med. of the husband, to wed: - Pass. to be married. 3. to join by bridges, throw a bridge 4. to undergird ships with ropes. across.

ζεῦγος, εοε, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoke or team of beasts, a pair of borses. 2. the carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough: any pair or couple. more than two things or persons joined together, e.g.

(ευγος τριπάρθενον three maiden sisters.

**ζευκτηρία, ή, a fastening, band: see πηδάλιον.** From ζευκτήριος, a, ov, (ζεύγνυμι) fit for joining or yoking; τό ζευκτήριον a yoke.

ζεύξαι, aor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξειεν, 3 pl. opt.;

ζεθξον, imperat.

ζεύξις, εωε, ή, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoking or manner of

yoking oxen. 2. a joining by a bridge.

ZET'Σ, δ, voc. Zeû; but genit. Δίόs, dat. Διί, acc. Δία as if from \*Δίs: poet. Ζηνόs, Ζηνί, Ζηνα, Dor. Zάνοs, etc., as if from \*Zήν, Zάν: -Zeus, Jupiter, king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Kpovions, Kpovion: ruler of the lower air  $(d\eta\rho)$ ; hence rain and storms come from him, as Zeùs vei.

**Ζεφυρίη** (sub.  $\pi \nu o \dot{\eta}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , = **Z**έφυρο**s**, the west wind. Zέφυροs, δ, Zephyrus, the west wind, or properly the

north-west. (From ζόφοs, darkness or the West, as Eupos from Ews, morn or the East.)

ZE'Ω, fut. ζέσω: aor. 1 έζεσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to boil, seethe: generally, to boil up, esp. of hot springs: also simply to be bot, throb with heat; χθων έζεε the earth was bot: metaph. to boil with passion, like Lat. fervere. II. trans. to make to boil, beat.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\langle \hat{\eta} \lambda os \rangle$  jealous.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονοs, (ζηλέω) jealous.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ήρος, δ, (ζήλος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss. ζηλο-μάνής έs, (ζηλοs, μανηναι) mad with jealousy. **ζήλος**, δ, (ζέω) eager rivalry, emulation, in good sense, opp. to  $\phi\theta\delta\nu\sigma s$  (envy). 2. any strong passion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a II. pass. the object of emulation or rivalry, bappiness, blessedness.

ζηλοσύνη, ή, poet. for <math>ζηλοs.

ζηλοτϋπέω, f. ήσω, (ζηλότυπος) to emulate, rival, be jealous of. 2. to envy. 3. to affect, pretend to. Hence

ζηλοτύπία, ή, rivalry, jealousy, envy.

ζηλό-τὕπος, ον, (ζῆλος, τύπτω) jealous.

ζηλόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , (ζηλος) to rival, vie with, emulate, Lat. aemulari: c. acc. rei, to desire emulously, strive after. 2. to be jealous of, envy. 3. to emulate. envy, admire, commend. Hence

**ζήλωμα**, aros, τό, the object of emulation: in pl. bigb

II. rivalry, emulation.

 $\xi$ ήλωσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\xi \eta \lambda \acute{o}\omega)$  emulation, imitation. ζηλωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζηλόω) a rival, zealous imita-

2. a zealot. tor. **ζηλωτόs**, ή, όν, (ζηλόω) to be emulated, worthy of

imitation. 2. enviable, bappy, blessed. ζημία, ή, loss, damage, Lat. damnum, opp. to κέρδος;

φανερά ζημία a clear loss. II. a penalty, esp. in money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to make death the penalty. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιόω, f. ώσω, to cause loss to one, do one damage or burt: to punish; esp. in money, to fine:-Pass., with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι, aor. I έζημιώθην, to be fined.

\*Zήν, δ, gen Zηνόs, poet. for Zεύs, q. v.

Zηνο-δοτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ ,  $(Z\dot{\eta}\nu$ ,  $\delta\dot{\iota}\delta\omega\mu\iota) = Z\eta\nu\dot{\iota}\phi\rho\omega\nu$ . Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) knowing the mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles.

ζήσομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητεύω, poet. for (ητέω.

ZHTE'Ω, f. ήσω, to seek, seek for, seek after. to search out, inquire into, examine, investigate: c. inf. to seek to do. 3. to bave to seek. Hence ζήτημα, ατος, τό, that which is sought: an inquiry,

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα

places to be beaten for game.

ζήτησις, εως, ή, (ζητέω) a seeking for, searching after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation. II.

 $\zeta_{\eta \tau \eta \tau \epsilon o s, a, o \nu, verb. Adj. of <math>\zeta_{\eta \tau \epsilon \omega, to be sought.}$ 

ζητητέον, one must seek out.

ζητητήs, οῦ, ὁ, (ζητέω) a seeker, searcher, inquirer, examiner. II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were commissioners to inquire into state-offences.

ζητητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, sought for. ζιζάνιον, τό, a weed that grows in wheat, darnel, Lat. zizanium, lolium. (Eastern word.)

Con. Ion. for Can.

ζοτα, Aeol. for ζωή.

ζοός, ά, ύν, poët. for ζωύς, ζώς.

ζορκάς, άδος, ή, = δορκάς: also ζόρξ, ζορκύς, ή.

ζοφερός, όν, (ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy. **ZO'ΦOΣ**, δ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the nether world: hence the land of darkness, the nether world itself:-Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζόφοs the dark or night side, the west, is opposed προs 'Hω τ' 'Hέλιον τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

**ζοφόω**, f. ώσω, to darken:—Pass to be dark. ζοφ-ώδης, εε, (ζόφος, είδος) dusky, gloomy.

**ζόω,** for ζάω.

**ζύγαστρον**, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

ζύγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι,

ζύγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι

**ζύγη-φόρος**, ον, poet. for ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke. ζύγιος, a,  $o\nu$ , (ζῦγον) of or for the yoke; ζνγιος επ-

πos a draught-borse, wheeler.

ζύγίτης, ου, ὁ, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμίται, those on the highest θρανίται, [ī]

ζυγό-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or

band for binding the yoke to the pole.

ζύγο-μάχέω, f. ήσω (ζυγύν, μάχομαι) to struggle

with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel

ZΥΤΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ὁ, but in pl. always ζυγά: -Lat jugum, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγύδεσμοs to the end of the pole, and having (εῦγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγύν the yoke of slavery; κατα ζυγά in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. transtillum, joining the two horns of the φύρμιγξ. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. transtra. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. the cross-straps of sandals.

**ζυγός**, v. sub ζυγόν.

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of (υγόν.

ζυγόω, f. ώσω, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.

ζυγωθρίζω, to lock up. From

**ζύγωθρον**, τό, (ζυγύω) the bar or bolt of a door. ζυγωτός, ή, όν, (ζυγόω) drawn by a pair of horses.

ζύμη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ζέω) leaven.  $[\bar{v}]$  Hence ζυμίτης, ου, Adj. masc. leavened. [i]

ζυμόω, f. ώσω, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment. ζωάγρια, ων, τά, (ζωύε, ἄγρα) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγριος, ον, (ζωός, άγρα) for saving life. ζφάριον, τό, Dim. of ζφον, an animalcule. [d] ζω-αρκής, έε, (ζωή, ἀρκέω) maintaining life.

ζωγράφεω, f. ήσω, (ζωγράφοι) to paint from life.

ζωγράφίο ή, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ή, όν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ον,(ζφον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφοs, δ, a painter.

ζώγρει, ζωγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of

ζω-γρέω, f. ήσω, (ζωύε,  $\dot{α}γρεύω$ ) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζωγρία Ion. -ίη, ή, a taking alive, taking prisoner. ζωδιακός, ή, όν, (ζώδιον) of or containing animals;

ό ζωδιακύς (sub. κύκλος) the Zodiac. ζώδιον, τό, Dim. of ζώον, a small figure, painted or

carved. ζωέμεν, ζωέμεναι, for ζώειν, inf. of ζώω = ζάω.

ζώεσκον, Ion. impf. of ζάω

ζωή Dor. ζωά Ion. and poet. ζόη Acol. ζοΐα, ή, (ζάω) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods,

property. II. life.

ζω-θάλμιος, ον, (ζωή, θάλλω) giving vigour of life.

ζωϊκός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , (ζων) of or for animals

ζωμα, ατος, τό, (ζωννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζωστήρ. II. also =  $(\omega \nu \eta, \text{ or } (\omega$ στήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζώμευμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From

ζωμεύω, f. σω, (ζωμύε) to boil for broth, seethe.

ζωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζωμόs, a little sauce

ζωμός Dor. δωμός, δ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to eat with other dishes.

ζώνη, ή, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνην and τρέφειν ἐντὸε ζώνηε to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, zonam perdere to lose one's purse. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on a garment, armour.

 $Z\Omega'NN\Upsilon'MI$  or  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ : fut.  $\zeta\omega\sigma\omega$ : aor.  $\xi\zeta\omega\sigma\alpha$ :— Med. ζώννυμαι, fut. ζώσομαι: 201. Ι έζωσάμην:-Pass., aor. τ εζώσθην: pf. εζωσμαι:-to gird. esp to gird for battle. II. Med to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c acc., ζώνην, χαλκὸν ζώννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf med. of ζώννυμι. ζωο-γλύφος, ον, (ζώον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζωογλύφος, δ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζωογονέω, f. ήσω, to produce, propagate ani-II. to preserve alive. From mals.

ζωο-γόνος, ον, (ζώον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, ον, poët. for ζωγ-.

ζώον, τό, properly contr. from ζώιον, a living being, animal, Lat. animal. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζφα γράφειν οτ γράφεσθαι, for ζωγραφεῖν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζφα γράψασθαι την ζευξιν του Βοσπόρου to bave the passage of the Bosporus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ήσω, (ζωόε, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken. I the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.; ζωός, ή, όν, (ζάω) alive, living; ζωόν έλειν τινα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζωό-σοφος, ον, (ζωή, σοφόε) wise in life.

ζωο-φόρος, ον, (ζωός, φέρω) lifegiving. (ζώον, φέρω) bearing animals; δ ζωοφόροε (sub κύκ- $\lambda os) = \delta (\omega \delta i \alpha \kappa \acute{o} s.$ 

ζωοφύτέω, f. ήσω, to put forth live shoots. From ζωό-φύτος, ον, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants.

ζω-πονέω, f. ήσω, (ζωός, πονέω) to represent alive. ζωπυρέω, f. ήσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζώ-πύρον, τό, (ζωόε, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of bot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζωρός, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζωρός, όν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. ζωρόs (sub. οἶνοs), δ, or as neut., ζωρόν, To, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp. ζωρότερον κέραιε mix purer wine, i.e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, ζωρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink bard, be a drunkard, (Prob. for ζωερόs from ζωόs.) ζώs, neut. ζών, gen. ζώ, rarer form for ζωόs.

ζωσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζωννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ηρος, ο, (ζώννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζώνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζωστρον, τό, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζωτικός, ή, όν, (ζάω) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax: of works of art, true to life; το ζωτικον φαίνεσθαι πως ένεργάζη τοίς άνδριασιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

**ζωύφιον**, τό, Dim. of ζώον, = ζώδιον.

ζώ-φύτος, ον, (ζωός, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζώω, Ep. and Ion. for ζάω, to live.

## H

H, η, ήτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral η'--οκτώ and ὄγδοοs, but η =8000. The uncial form of Eta (H) was a double **ΕΞ**, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δηλος, (ηλος, from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one sign ( $\epsilon$ ) for the sound of e both long and short, till the long vowel  $\eta$ , with  $\omega$ , was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archorship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with  $\omega$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\psi$ . The sign H, before it represented long  $\epsilon$ , was used for the rough breathing, as HOX for os, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that I represented the rough, I the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for | a little from the cave.

in the Attic dialect, it often passed into a, as Ion. πρήσσω, θώρηξ are in Att. πράσσω, θώραξ. In later Att., et and ni were not seldom changed into n. e. g.

κλείθρον κλήθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρήδες.

ή poët. ήέ, Conjunction with three chief signfs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. # DISJUNCT-IVE, or, Lat. aut; and doubled, \$\hat{\eta}\_{\cdot}\$, \$\hat{\eta}\_{\cdot}\$, either. or ., Lat. aut .., aut ... II. # INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, είπε ή say whether..; and doubled 1, .., 1, .., whether .., or ?Lat. utrum ..., an ..? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an; τίπτ' ελλήλουθας; ή ίνα ύβριν ἴδη ᾿Αγαμέμνονος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see .? III. # COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, allo Ti  $\eta$ ..., some other thing than..;  $\epsilon \nu a \nu \tau los \eta$ ..., contrariwise than ..; οὐδ' ὄσον ή ..., not so much as ..; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ή .. to wish rather than ..; φθάνω ή . to come sooner than ... 2. 7 sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' άρησαίατ έλαφρότεροι πόδας είναι, ή άφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ή σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When  $\hbar$  où,  $\hbar$  où $\kappa$  come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μη ού.

η, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing;

ή, ή, σιώπα what bo, be silent!

1, Adv., with two signfs., strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN OF CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety; η μήν, Ion. η μέν, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater solemnity. II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. num? sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be ? 🐧 où ; Lat. nonne . . ?

 $\hat{\eta}$ , for  $\hat{\epsilon}\phi\eta$ , 3 sing. impf. of  $\hat{\eta}\mu\hat{\iota}$ .

η, for ην, ι sing. impf. of ειμί sum η, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εlμί sum.

ή, fem. of Artic. δ.

η, fem. of relat. Pron. ös, η, ö, who, what?

j, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. εs, ή, εν, bis, ber. η, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. os, η, ő: also used adverbially: I. of Place, which way, where, whither, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, bow, as; δ θέμιε ἐστί as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., η μάλιστα or η δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; η τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ηα, ηεν, Ep. for ην, I and 3 sing. impf. of εlμί sum. ήα, contr. of ήια, for ή ειν, Ep. impf. of είμι ιδο.

ήατο, Ion. for ήντο, 3 pl. impf. of ήμαι.

ήβαιός, ά, όν, Ion. for βαιός, little, small, poor, slight: mostly with a negat, οδ οί ένι φρένες, οὐδ' ήβaιal no sense is in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἠβαιόν not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ήβαιὸν ἀπὸ σπείους

ήβάσκω. Inceptive of ήβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. pubescere.

ήβάω, f. ήσω: aor. ι ήβησα: pf. ήβηκα: (ήβη):--to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. pubescere; ανήρ μάλα ήβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ήμερις ήβώωσα a young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

"HBH, ή, man's estate, manbood, youth, Lat. pubertas; also the strength and freshness of youth: -as a legal term \$\textit{\beta}\eta\$ was the time just before manbood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that of δέκα ἀφ' ήβηs were men of 28, οί τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ήβης men of 58 metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, 3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. nevenspirit. II. as fem. prop. n. "Hβη, Hebé, wife of tus. Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence

ήβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες

ήβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ήβητήρ, ηρος, δ, ήβητής, οῦ, δ, (ήβάω) in the prime

ήβητικός, ή, όν, (ήβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

 $\eta$ βόs,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\eta \beta \eta)$  youthful.

ήβουλήθην, ήβουλόμην, for  $\hat{\epsilon}\beta$ -, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ήβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ήβάω, to be youngish.

ήβώην, Att. opt. of ήβάω.

ήβῷμι Ερ. ἡβώοιμι, opt. of ἡβάω. ήβώων, ήβώωσα, Ep. part. of ήβάω.

ήγάασθε, ήγάμην, v. sub ἄγαμαι.

ήγαγον, ήγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of άγω. ἡγάθεος, η, ον, (ἄγαν, θεός) ballowed, most boly.

ήγανον, τό, Ion. for τήγανον. ηγάπευν, Dor. for ηγάπων, impf. of dγαπάω.

ήγάσσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of άγάομαι.

ήγγειλα, aor. 1 of άγγέλλω.

ήγγϊκα, ήγγισα, pf. and aor. 1 of έγγίζω.

ήγγύηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of έγγυάω. ήγγύησα, -ήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έγγυάω.

ήγγύων, impf. of έγγυάω.

ήγειρα, aor. I of αγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader. ήγεμονεύς, gen. έως Ep. ησς, δ, poet. for ηγεμών.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμών) to go before: to lead the II. to lead in war, to rule, way, guide on the way. command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ή, (ἡγεμών) a leading the way, going II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates; ήγεμονία της Έλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ηγεμονικός, η, όν, (ηγεμών) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading,

Lat. princeps.

ηγεμόνιος, α, ον, (ηγεμών) of or belonging to αguide: δ ήγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ήγεμόσυνος, η, ov, belonging to a leader: τὰ ήγεμόσυνα (sub. lepá), thank-offerings for safe-conduct. ήγεμών, όνος, ό, a leader, Lat. dux: I. a guide to show one the way, ηγεμών όδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. princeps, auctor; ἡγεμῶν γίγνεσθαί τινι to be one's guide or authority. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ηγέομαι, f. ηγήσομαι: aor. I ηγησάμην: pf. ηγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (άγω):to go before, lead the way, opp. to έπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:-with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding: -- absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, II. like Lat. ducere, to suppose, believe, bold; ἡγεῖσθαί τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ήγεισθαι θεούs to believe in gods, like νομίζειν. ηγερέθομαι, Ep. form of αγείρομαι Pass., to be ga-

thered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. in the impf.

θονται, ήγερέθοντο.

ηγερέομαι, Ep. form of αγείρομαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ηγερέεσθαι.

ήγερθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αγείρω.

ἡγηλάζω, Ep. form of ἡγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. agere, κακόν μόρον ήγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life.

ηγημαι, pf. of ηγέομαι.

ήγητέον, verb. Adj. of ήγεομαι, one must lead.

one must suppose.

ἡγητήρ, ηροs, δ, ἡγητής, ου, δ, ἡγήτωρ, οροs, δ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ήγήτορες ήδε μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of άγιάζω.

ήγίνεον, impf. of dyīνέω.

ήγκαλισάμην, ήγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αγκαλίζομαι.

ηγκύρισα, aor. I of αγκυρίζω ήγλάϊσα, aor. I of άγλαίζω.

ηγμαι, pf. pass. of. άγω.

ήγνόηκα, ήγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of άγνοέω.

ήγνισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of άγνίζω.

ηγνόουν, impf. of αγνοέω.

ηγξα, aor. I of ἄγχω.

ηγον, impf. of άγω.

ήγοράασθε, - όωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ήγορασθε,

ῶντο, 2 and 3 impf. of αγοράσμαι.

ηγόρακα, ηγόρασα, pf. and aor. I of αγοράζω.

ήγόρευκα, ήγόρευσα, pf. and aor. 1 of αγορεύω.

ήγουν, Conj. (ή, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. scilicet. ήγρίανα, aor. I of άγριαίνω.

ήγρίωκα, ήγρίωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of *άγριόω*. ηγρόμην, Ep. for η γερόμην, aor. 2 med. of έγείρω.

ηγρύπνησα, aor. I of άγρυπνέω.

ήγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of άγχω.

ήγωνίακα, -ίασα, -ίων, pf., aor. I and impf. of άγωνιάω.

ήγωνισάμην, 20r. I med of άγωνίζομαι. ήδυμος, ov, poet. for ήδύε, sweet, pleasant. ήγωνίσθην, ήγώνισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of άγωήδυνάμην, Att. for έδυνάμην, impf. of δύναμαι. νίζομαι. ήδυνήθην, Att. aor. 1 pass. of δύναμαι.  $\hat{\eta}$ - $\delta \hat{\epsilon}$ ,  $(\hat{\eta}, \delta \hat{\epsilon})$  and : if  $\kappa a \hat{\epsilon}$  follows  $\hat{\eta} \delta \hat{\epsilon}$ , it takes the ηδύνω, f. ŭνω: aor. I ηδῦνα: (ηδύς):—to sweeten,II. when it sense also, e. g. ήδὲ καί and also. ήδύ-olvos, ον, (ήδύs, olvos) producing sweet wine. answers to ἡμέν it means, as also.  $\delta \epsilon$ , fem. of  $\delta \delta \epsilon$ . ήδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling berb, mint. From ηδεα, Ion. resolved form of  $\eta \delta \eta$ , plapf. of \* είδω. ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, ὀσμή) sweet-smelling. ήδυπάθεια, ή, pleasant living, luxury. From ήδειν, ειε, ει, plapf. (with impf. sense) of \*είδω. 3 pl ήδεισαν or ήδεσαν. ήδυπαθέω, f ήσω, (ήδυπαθήs) to live pleasantly, ήδεσάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι. enjoy oneself, be luxurious. Hence ήδέσθην, aor. I pass. of ἐσθίω. ήδυπάθημα, ατος, τό, enjoyment. [ă] ήδέσθην, 201. I pass. of alδέομαι. ήδέω**s**, Adv. of ήδύs, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly, ήδυ-παθής, ές, (ήδύς, παθείν) living pleasantly. ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, ( $\dot{\eta}$ δύς, πνο $\dot{\eta}$ ) ήδέως έχειν to be kind: Comp. ήδιον, Sup. ήδιστα. "HAH, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, sweet-brea'bing: sweet-smelling. or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}$ δύς, πύλις) Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ήδη Αίγυπτος after this lake directly dear to the people. begins Egypt. ήδυ-πότης, ου, (ήδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking. ηδη, ηδησθα, ηδη Att. for ηδειν, plqpf. (with impf ηδύ-ποτος, ον, (ηδύς, πίνω) sweet to drink. sense) of \*είδω. ήδύς, ήδεία, ήδύ; Ion. fem. ήδέα Dor. άδέα; Dor. ήδίκεον, ήδίκηκα, ήδίκησα, impf, pf., and aor. I acc. sing άδέα, for ήδύν: - Comp ήδίων, Sup. ήδιστος: of άδικέω. later, also, ἡδύτεροs, ἡδύτατοs: (ἡδομαι):—sweet to ήδίων, ήδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ήδύs. the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleaήδολέσχεον, impf. of άδολεσχέω. sant. II. of persons, pleasant, welcome, dear, "ΗΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: 201. 1 ήσθην, rarely glad. in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take ήδυσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) that which sweetens or one's pleasure: with partic., ήσθη ακούσας be was flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce glad to have heard: often used in dat. of partic., ήδοήδυ-σώματος, ον, (ήδύς, σωμα) of sweet form. μένο γίγνεταί μοί τι I am well pleased at the thing ἡδυ-φαής, έs, (ἡδύs, φάοs) sweetly-shining. happening, like ἀσμένφ, βουλομένφ. Hence  $\dot{\eta}$ δύ- $\dot{\phi}$ ρων,  $\dot{\phi}$ ρονος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\eta}$ δύς,  $\dot{\phi}$ ρ $\dot{\eta}$ ν) sweet-minded. ήδομένως, Adv. pres part. of ήδομαι, gladly. ήδυφωνία, ή, sweetness of voice. From ήδονή, ή, (ήδος, ήδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleaήδύ-φωνος, ον, (ήδύς, φωνή) sweet-voiced. sure, Lat. voluptas; πρώς οτ καθ' ήδονην λέγειν to ἡδυ-χάρής, ές, (ἡδύς, χαρηναι) sweetly 10yous. speak so as to please another. ήδύ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ήδύς, χρόα)ήδος, εος, τό, (ήδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure. of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst, a kind † δ' δs, said be, for έφη ἐκείνος, v. ήμί. of perfume. ήδυ-βόης, ου, Dor -βόας, α, δ, (ήδύς, βοή) sweetήέ, Ep. for ή, or. sounding. ήε, Ep. for ήει, 3 sing. impf. of είμι ιδο. ἡδύ-γἄμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) sweetening marriage. ήει, 3 sing impf. of είμι. ηδύ-γελωs, ων, gen. ω, (ηδύs, γέλωs) sweetly**ἥειδον, ἥεισα**, impt. and aor. I of ἀείδω. laughing. ήείδειν, Ep. plapf. (with impf sense) of \*είδω. ήδύ-γλωσσος, ον. (ήδύς, γλώσσα) sueet-tongued. ήέλιος, δ. poet, and Ion, for ήλιος ήδυ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ήδύς, γνώμη) of plea- $\dot{\eta}$ ελιώτις, Ep. for  $\dot{\eta}$ λιώτις. sant mind, of kindly sentiments. ήεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum. ήδυ-επής, έs, (ήδύs, επος) sweet-speaking: sweet- $\dot{\eta} \dot{\epsilon} - \pi \epsilon \rho$ , poet, for  $\dot{\eta} \pi \epsilon \rho$ . sounding:—poet. fem. ήδυέπεια. ήέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of άήρ. ήδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (ήδύς, θρόος) ήερέθομαι, lengthd. form of αείρομαι Pass, to bang sweet-strained. floating or waving in the air: metaph., ὑπλοτέρων ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) taken with pleasure. φρένες ήερέθονται young men's minds are flighty. ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύε, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flatήέρθην, aor. 1 pass. οf ἀείρω tering, fawning. ήέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of άήρ. ήδυ-λύρης, ου, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the ήέριος, a, ov, Ep. for άέριος (άήρ) early, at morn, lyre. at day-break, when all things are yet wraft in mist ήδυ-μελής, ές, (ήδύς, μέλος) sweet-singing. (ἀήρ). 2. bigh in air. ἡδὔ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύε, μελί, φθόγγος) with ήερμαι, pf. pass of ἀείρω. boney-sweet voice. ήερο-δίνης, εs, (άήρ, δινέω) wheeling in mid-air [ī] ἡδυ-μιγής, έε, (ἡδύε, μιγηναι) sweetly-mixed. ήερο-ειδήs, έs, Ion and Ep. for άερ -, (άήρ, είδοs) of

III. of

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of | \*HKA, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly hills dim, gray.

ήερόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for  $\dot{\alpha}$ ερ-,  $(\dot{\alpha}\dot{\eta}\rho)$ clouded, dark, murky.

ήερόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ήέροs, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ήερο-φοῖτις, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτάω) walking in darkness.

ή ερό-φωνος, ον, (ά ήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

 $\dot{\eta}$ έρταζον, impf. of  $\dot{a}$ έρταζω.

ή έρτησα, ή έρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀ ερτάω. ηεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of είμι ibo.

ηην, Ep. 3 sing impf. of είμί sum.

ήήρ, ή, a late nom. formed after ή έρος, ή έρι, ή έρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of  $d\hat{\eta}\rho$ .

ήθαίοs, a, ov, Dor. for ήθείοs.

 $\dot{\eta}\theta\dot{\alpha}s,\dot{\alpha}\delta\sigma s,\dot{\sigma},\dot{\eta}, \text{Ion. for }\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\alpha}s,(\dot{\eta}\theta\sigma s) \text{ used, accustomed,}$ babituated to a thing. II. wonted, accustomed.

 $\eta\theta\epsilon\hat{\mathbf{los}}, a, o\nu, (\eta\thetaos)$  bonoured, respected: voc.  $\eta\theta\epsilon\iota\epsilon$ , Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ήθέληκα, ήθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of έθέλω.

 $\dot{\eta}\theta\epsilon\lambda$ ον, unpf. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ .

 $\mathring{\eta}\theta$ εος,  $\mathring{o}$ ,  $\mathring{\eta}$ , Att. for  $\mathring{\eta}i\theta$ εος. ΉΘΕ'Ω, f.  $\mathring{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to sift or strain.

ήθικός, ή,  $\dot{\phi}$ ν, (ήθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ηθληκα, ηθλησα, pf. and aor. I of dθλ ϵω.

 $\dot{\eta}\theta\mu\dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}\theta\epsilon\omega)$  a strainer.

ήθος, εος, τό, (εθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur.  $\eta\theta\epsilon\alpha$ , seats, baunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, babit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character. η θον, imp. of α i θω

ήθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ήθροίσθην, ήθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of  $d\theta$ ροίζω. ηια contr. η  $\dot{\eta}$ α,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , ( $\dot{\eta}$ ια, contr.  $\dot{\eta}$ α, impf. of  $\epsilon l \mu \iota ibo$ ) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, II. chaff, busks [i] food, meat.

ήια, Ion. for ήειν, impf. of είμι ibo: 3 sing. ήιε,

3 pl. Liov or higav

- ηίθεοs Att. contr. ηθεοs, δ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡϊθέη, a young girl. ήϊκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ξοικα (as if from ήλγμην).

ήιξα, aor. I of αίσσω.

ηιόκις, εσσα, εν, (ἢιών) with high, steep banks.

 $\tilde{\eta}$ iov, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of  $\epsilon l\mu \iota ibo$ .

ηιοs, δ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry η, η. ηισαν, Ep. for ήεσαν. 3 pl. impf. of είμι ibo.

ήισκον, impf. of είσκω. ήϊσσον, impf. of άἰσσω.

ΉΓΩΝ Att. ηών Dor. ἀιών, όνος, ή, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [t]

ήτων, ονος, ή, (dtω) a bearing, report.

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [a] ήκα, aor. I of ίημι.

ἤ caζov, Att. impf. of εἰκάζω.

ήκαιρεῖσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ήκασα, ηκάσθην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάζω.

ήκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάζω.

ήκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω

ήκέσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

 $\tilde{\eta}$ -κεστος,  $\eta$ , ον, for  $\tilde{\alpha}$ -κεστος, ( $\alpha$  privat., κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ήκή, ή, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκωκή.

ή ασάμην, aor. 1 med. of αλκίζω.

ηκίσθην, ήκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αλκίζω. ήκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ηκα, gent-

lest, slowest.

ήκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ήσσων, the worst, least, poorest, meanest: -Adv. ήκιστα, least (κακύς or μκρύs is used as positive).

ήκμασα, 20r. Ι of ἀκμάζω.

 $\dot{\eta}$ κολούθησα, aor. I of  $\dot{a}$ κολουθέω.

ήκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ή-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ήπου.

ήκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ήκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ήκροώμην, ήκροασάμην, impf and aor. I of άκροάομαι.

ήκρωτηρίασα, ήκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf.

pass. of άκρωτηριάζω.

"HKΩ, impf. ηκον: fut. ηξω:—properly I bave come, am bere, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plopf. sense, I bad come, was bere, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point; els τοῦτο τόλμης ήκειν to bave reached this pitch of au-2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ήκειν τινόs dacity. to be well off for a thing, bave plenty of it. bave come to, to relate or belong to.

ήλάθην [ἄ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ήλαίνω, Ion. and poet. for άλαίνω, (άλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ήλάκατα, ων, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ήλακάτη, ή, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like arpaktos, Lat. arundo.

ήλάλαξα, aor. ι of άλαλάζω.

ηλαλκον, poet. 2 of dλ έξω.

ήλάμην, aor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ήλάσα, ήλάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έλαύνω. ήλασκάζω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ήλασκάζει be flees from or sbuns my wrath. trans. to drive to and fro.

ήλάσκω, Ep. form of αλάομαι, αλαίνω, to wander,

stray, roam about.

ήλάστεον, impf. of άλαστέω. ήλατο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλάομαι έλασσόω.

ήλγησα, aor. I of άλγέω.

ήλγυνα, ήλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of άλγύνω. ήλδανε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αλδαίνω.

ήλεάμην, aor. Ι of αλέομαι.

ήλέγχθην, aor. I pass, of έλέγχω.

ήλειψα, ήλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of άλείφω. ήλεκτρον, τό, and ήλεκτρος,  $\dot{v}$  and  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ήλέκτωρ) electron, mentioned in the Odyssey along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a metallic substance consisting of pold alloyed with silver :- in Ar. Eq. 532 εκπιπτουσῶν τῶν ἡλέκτρων, it seems to mean, the pegs of bis lyre inlayed with electron. II. amber.

ήλεκτρο-φάήs, έs, (ήλεκτρον, φάοs) amber-gleaming. ήλέκτωρ, opos, δ, the beaming sun: as Adj., ήλέκτωρ Υπερίων beaming Hyperion. (Deriv. uncertain.) ήλέμἄτος Dor. άλ-, ον, (ήλεός, ήλός) distraught,

silly, trifling, vain.

ήλεός, ή, όν, (ήλός) wandering in mind, distracted, Il. act. distracting, crazing.

ήλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, to grind.

ήλεύατο, Ep. for ήλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of άλεύομαι - άλέομαι.

ήλήλαντο, 3 pl. plapf. pass. of έλαύνω. ήλήλατο, 3 sing. plopf. pass. of έλαύνω.

ήληλίμμην, plapf. pass. of αλείφω.

ήλθον, contr. of ήλυθον, acr. 2 of έρχομαι.  $\dot{\eta}\lambda \iota \dot{\alpha} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ , =  $\dot{\eta}\lambda \iota \dot{\alpha} \omega$ , ( $\ddot{\eta}\lambda \iota os$ ) to warm in the sun.

Med. ήλιάζομαι, to sit in the court 'Ηλιαία.

ήλιαία, ή, (άλήs, άλία) at Athens a ball in which the chief law-court was held: the Heliaea or supreme law-court.

ηλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing, fut, of ηλιάζομαι.

ήλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) a juryman in the court Heliaea, a Heliast. Hence

ηλιαυτικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to a Heliast.

ήλίβάτος, ov, steep, abrupt, precipitous; high, huge, enormous. II. like Lat. altus, deep, profound. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ήλίθα, Adv. (άλις) enough, sufficiently: abundantly. ήλιθιάζω, to speak or act idly, foolishly. From

ήλίθιος Dor. αλίθ-, α, ον, (ήλόε, ήλεός) idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly. Adv. -lws. Hence

ήλιθιόω, f. ώσω, to make foolish, to distract, craze. ήλικία, ή, (ήλιξ) time of life, age. 2. the vigour or prime of life, manhood; ol έν ήλικία men of age fit for service: - youthful beat and passion.

as Subst., = oi ήλικε, those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates, III. generally, age, time: later an age, Lat. seculum. IV. of the body, stature, growth, bulk. Hence

ήλικιώτης, ου, ό, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, an equal in age, fellow, comrade, Lat. aequalis.

haires, n, or, Relat. to thaires or thairestos, as Lat. quantus to tantus, as big as, as tall as, as great 2. in indirect questions, bow great or strong: also bow old, at what age: as old as. [t] From

ήλάττωσα, ήλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of \ 'ΗΛΙΕ, ϊκος, δ, ή, of the same age, Lat. neguals:as Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate.

ήλιό-βλητος, ον, (ήλιος, βάλλω) sun-burnt.

ήλιο-καής, ές, (ήλιος, κάω, καίω) sun-burnt.

ηλιό-καυστος, ον, = ηλιοκαής.

ήλιο-μανής, έs, (ήλιος, μανήναι) dotting on the sun, mad for love of the sun.

ήλιοs Dor. αλιοs poet. ή έλιοs, ό, (ελη Lat. sol) the sun; πρὸς 'Hῶ τ' 'Hέλιόν τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the East, opp. to πρὸs ζόφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρόs ήω τε καὶ ήλίου ανατολάς to πρὸς ἐσπέρην. day, like Lat. sol. 3. of haioi the sun-beams, like Lat. soles. II. as prop. n. Helios, the sun-god, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ήλιο-στερής, ές, (ήλιος, στερέω) shading from the sun ήλιο-στιβής, ές, (ήλιος, στιβείν) sun-trodden, ex-

posed to the sun.

II.

ἡλιόω, f. ωσω, (ήλιοs) to warm in the sun:—Pass. to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun

ἥλἴσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἁλίζω.

ήλισα, ήλικα, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίνδω.

ήλίτον, aor. 2 of άλιταίνω.

ήλιτο-εργός, ύν, (άλιταίνω, έργον) missing the work, failing in one's end or aim.

ηλιτό-μηνος, ον, (ἀλιταίνω, μήν) missing the right month, untimely born.

ήλίφην [ἴ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

'HΛΙΨ, ίπος, ό, said to be a Dorian shoe.

ήλίωσα, aor. 1 both of άλιόω and of ήλιόω.

ηλιώτης, ου, ό, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, poet. ήελ-, (ήλιοε) of or belonging to the sun

ήλκησα, aor. ι of έλκέω.

ἡλκωμένος, pf part. pass of ἐλκύω.

ήλλάγην, -χθην, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ήλλαγμένος, pf. part pass. of άλλάσσω.

**ήλλαξα, 2**01. Ι οί άλλάσσω.

ήλλοίωσα, ήλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of άλλοιόω.

ήλόησα, Ep. ήλοίησα, aor. I of αλοάω

ήλόκισμαι, pf. pass. of άλοκίζω.

 $\dot{H}\LambdaO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a nail, stud: more for ornament than use.

ήλόs, ή, όν, (ἄλη) wandering, crazy, silly. ήλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of έλπομαι.

ήλπίσα, ήλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of έλπίζω. ήλσάμην, aor. 1 med. of είλω.

ήλύγη [v], ή, (ἦλυξ) sbadow, darkness: metaph., δίκης ηλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit.

ήλυθον, Ep. for ήλθον, aor. 2 of έρχομαι. ήλυξ, υγοι, δ, darkness, only found in compd. επήλυξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ήλυξα, aor. I of αλύσκω.

Ήλύσιον πεδίον, τό, (έλεύσομαι, fut. of Ερχυμαι) the Elysian fields: later without πεδίον, Elysium. Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρων νήσοι.

ήλύσιος, a, ov, coming: or Elysian. [v] From

**ήλυσις, εως, ή,** (έλεύσομαι, fut. of έρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

**ήλφον, 2**01. 2 of άλφαίνω. **ήλωκα, Ιο**π. for ἐάλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ήλώμην, impf. of αλάσμαι.

ήλων. Ion, for έάλων, aor. 2 of άλίσκομαι.

ήμα, τό, (ίημι) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin. ήμαθόεις, εσσα, εν, (αμαθος) Ion. for άμ-, sandy.

ήμαι, ήσαι, ήται, 3 pl. ήνται Ion. έαται Ep. είαται; imperat. ήσο, ήσθω, etc.; inf. ήσθαι; part. ήμενος, impf. ήμην, ήσο, ήστο, 3 pl. ήντο Ion. ἔάτο Ep. είἄτο: —only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plopf. of E(ours), to be set, to sit: often with collat. sense to tarry, linger, lotter: ήμενος χώρος, like elaμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc.,  $\eta \sigma \theta \alpha i \sigma \epsilon \lambda \mu \alpha to sit on a bench.$ 

ήμαρ Dor. άμαρ, ἄτος, τό, poet. for ήμέρα, day; αίσιμον ήμαρ, μύρσιμον ήμαρ the day of destiny, day of death; ἐλεύθερον, δούλιον ημαρ the day of freedom, of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons, όπωρινόν, χειμέριον ήμαρ autumn, winter time; έπ' ήματι day by day, daily, but έπ' ήμαρ by day; κατ' ημαρ day by day; παρ' ημαρ every other day, Lat. alternis diebus: also, ημαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ. ήμάρτηκα, ήμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of άμαρτάνω.

ήμάτιος, a, ον, (ήμαρ) poet. for ήμερήσιος, by day: day by day, daily

ημάτωμαι, pf. pass. of αίματόω.

ημαρτον, aor. 2 of άμαρτάνω.

ημβλωκα, ημβλωσα, pf and aor I of άμβλίσκω.

ήμβροτον, inf αμβροτείν, Ep. aor. 2 of άμαρτάνω. ἡμεδάπός, ή, όν, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country, native, Lat nostras.

ήμειs, ήμαs, nom. and acc. pl. of έγώ.

 $\tilde{\eta}$ μελγον, impf. of  $\tilde{d}$ μέλγω.

ἡμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neglectful manner.

ήμελλον, Att. impf of μέλλω.

 $\dot{\eta}$ -μέν ,  $\dot{\eta}$ -δέ , ( $\dot{\eta}$ , μέν) poet. for καί . , καί as well . , as also . , Lat et , et . . : also disjunctive, if ., or if .., whether .. , whether .. , Lat. vel ... , vel., or sive, sive...

ήμεν, I pl. impf. of είμί sum.

huev, Dor. for elvai, inf. of elul sum.

'ĤME'PA Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἀμέρα, ἡ, day: the light of day; αμ' ήμέρα or αμα τη ήμέρα with dawn of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέραs all day long; δια τρίτης ημέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die; ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdiu; όψε της ημέρας late in the day; προς ημέραν towards or II. metaph. life: παλαιά ἡμέρα old near day. age; νέα ημέρα youth. Hence

ημερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ημερεύειν μαπραs κελεύθου to rest the day after a long journey.

to pass one's days, live.

ήμερήσιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , also os,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\eta \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha)$  of or for the day, by day. II. a day long; ἡμερησία ὁδύε a day's journey.

ημερία, η, = ημέρα.

ήμερϊνός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , = ήμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτε• ρινός by night; ἄγγελος ήμερινός a day-messen-II. =  $\xi \phi \eta \mu \epsilon \rho o s$ , for the day, perishable.

ήμέριος, ον, also a, ον, (ήμέρα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ήμερος, cultivated, opp. to άγριοs, wild .- as Subst. the vine.

ήμερο-δρόμος, ον, (ήμέρα, δραμείν) running the livelong day: -- as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θαλής, έε, Dor. for sq.

ήμερο-θηλής, ές, (ήμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting. ήμερό-κοιτος, ον, (ήμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i.e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every day, day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register. ημερο-λόγιον, τό, (ημέρα, λέγω) a calendar, almanack

"HMEPOS, ov, also a, ov, tame, reclaimed, domestic, of animals, of trees, cultivated: - opp. to applos, II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ἡμερο-σκόπος, δ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day as Subst. a day-watcher.

ἡμερό-φαντος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὑ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day ήμερό-φωνος, ον, (ήμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock, berald of day.

ημερόω, f. ώσω, (ήμερος) to tame, make tame, reclaim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men, to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue. ήμες, Dor. inf. of είμί sum.

ήμετέρειος, α, ον, = ήμεδαπόε.

ημέτερος, a, ov, (ήμεις) our, Lat. noster; els ήμετερον (sub. δωμα) to our bouse

ήμέων, Ion and Ep. gen. pl. of έγώ.

hunv, rare Att. form for ην, impf. of είμί sum.

ήμην, impf. of ήμαι.

ήμί, the same as φημί, I say, Lat. inquam; παι, ήμί, παι boy, I say, boy !-impf. I and 3 sing., ην δ' έγώ said I,  $\hat{\eta}$   $\delta$ ' os said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has only 3 sing. impf. A, be spoke.

HMI'-, freq. as a prefix, balf-, Lat. sēmi-: the

Adj. 18 ημσυ.

ημί-avδρos, ό, (ημι-, ἀνήρ) a balf-man, eunuch.

 $\dot{\eta}$ μι-άνθρωπος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , =  $\dot{\eta}$ μιάνδρος.

ημι-βρεχής, ές, (ήμι-, βρέχομαι) balf-watered. ήμι-βρώς, ωτος, ό, ή, and ήμί-βρωτος, ον, (ήμι-, βιβρώσκω) balf-eaten.

ήμι-γένειος, ον, (ήμι-, γένειον) with but half a beard. ἡμί-γυμνος, ον, (ἡμι-, γυμνόε) balf-naked.

ήμι-δαής, ές, (ήμι-, δαίω) balf-burnt.

ήμι-δαρεικόν, τό, (ήμι-, δαρεικός) a balf-daric. ήμι-δεής, έε, (ήμι-, δέω) wanting balf, balf-full. ήμι-διπλοίδιον Att. contr. -οίδιον, τό, (ήμι-, δι- $\pi \lambda o(s)$  a balf-shawl, or shawl doubled in balf.

ήμί-δουλος, ov, a balf-slave.

a medimnus. ἡμι-έλλην, ηνος, δ, ή, a balf-Greek. ήμι-εργής, έε, and ήμι-έργος, ον, (ήμι-, \*έργω) balfmade. ημί-εφθος, ον, (ημ-, έψω) balf-boiled, balf-cooked. ημι-θαλής, ές, (ήμι-, θαλείν) balf-green. ήμι-θανής, ές, (ήμι-, θανείν) balf-dead. ήμί-θεος Dor. άμ-, ό, balf a god, demigod. ἡμιθνής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{v}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\hat{\eta}\mu\iota -, \theta \check{a}\nu \epsilon \hat{\iota}\nu)$  half-dead. ημί-θραυστος, ον, (ημι-, θραύω) balf-broken. ήμί-κάκοs, ov, a rogue by balves, balf a villain. ήμι-κλήριον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , (ήμι-, κλήρος) balf the inheritance. ήμί-κραιρα, ή, balf the bead or face. ἡμί-λεπτος, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) balf-peeled, balfbatched. ἡμί-λευκος, ov. balf-white. ημιλλήθην, ημίλλημαι, aor. I and pf. of άμιλλάομαι. ήμι-μανής, ές, (ήμι-, μανηναι) balf-mad. ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραίνομαι) balf-withered or faded. [ă] ἡμι-μεθής, ές, (ἡμι-, μέθη) half-drunk. ήμι-μναίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\eta\mu\mu$ -,  $\mu\nu\hat{\alpha})$  of, amounting to  $\alpha$ balf-mina: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a balf-mina. ημιν or ημίν, dat. pl. of έγώ. ήμί-ξηρος, ov, balf-dry. ημιολία (vaûs), ή, e light ship with one and a half bank of oars. Fem. from ημι-όλιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\eta}\mu\iota$ ,  $\ddot{o}\lambda os)$  one and  $\alpha$  balf, balf as much again; ήμιύλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου balf as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον ου πρότερον έφερον one balf more than they used to receive before. ημιόνειος, α, ον, (ημίονος) of α mule; αμαξα ημιονεία a car drawn by mules, ζυγον ήμιονειον a team of mules. ημιονικός, η, όν, = ημιόνειος.ἡμί-ovos, ή or δ, (ήμι -, ὄνοs) a balf-ass, a mule. II. as Adj., βρέφος ημίονον a mule-foal. ἡμί-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) with half its proper number of boles; ἡμίοποι αὐλοί flutes with only three boles. ήμί-οπτος, ov, balf-roasted. ἡμι-πέλεκκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a balf-axe, a single edged axe, opp. to αμφιπέλεκκον. ημί-πλεθρον, τό, a balf-πλέθρον, i. e. 50 feet. ήμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ήμι-πλίνθος) a half-plinth, a brick. Lat. semilaterium. ήμί-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν,  $(\dot{\eta}\mu\iota$ -,  $\pi\nu\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$ balf-breathing, balf-choked. ήμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ήμι-, πυρόω) balf-burnt. [ὔ] ημίσεες, nom. pl. of ημισυς. ημίσεια, ή, a balf, fem. of ημισυς. ημί-σοφος, ov, balf-wise. ήμί-σπαστος, ον, (ήμι-, σπάω) balf torn down. ἡμι-στάδιαῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of balf a staημι-στρατιώτης, ov, b, a balf-soldier.

ήμι-στρόγγυλος, ον, Lalf-round.

ημι-εκτέον, τό, a balf-έκτεύs, i. e. a twelfth part of | "HMT ΣΥΣ, εια, v; Ion. fem. ημισέα: gen. ημίσεος rarely -εωs, fem. ἡμισείαs Ion. -εαs: nom. pl. ἡμίσεεs Att. -ειs: -balf, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσειε λαοί balf the people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αἰ ἡμίσειαι τῶν νεῶν balf the ships; ao also, ημισυς λόγος balf the tale; ήμισυ τείχος balf the wall; neut. sing. ήμισυ as Subst. a balf, balf, ήμισυ τιμῆs. ἡμἴ-τάλαντον, τό, a balf-talent, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον two talents and a half (cf. Lat. sestertius); but, τρία ημιτάλαντα three half-talents ἡμιτέλεια, ή, (ἡμιτελήs) a remission of balf. ἡμι-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) balf-finished. ήμι-τελής, ές, (ήμι-, τέλος) balf-finished, balfaccomplished, half-perfect; δόμος ήμιτελής a house but balf complete, 1. e. wanting its master. ημί-τομος, ον, (ήμι-, τεμείν) balf cut through: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον a balf. ἡμιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin. (Prob. an Egypt. word.) ήμι-φάήs, és, (ήμι-, φάοs) balf-shining. ήμι-φάλακρος, ov, balf-bald. ημί-φαυλος, ov. balf-knavisb. ἡμί-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) balf-burnt. ημιωβολιαίοs, a, ov, worth balf an obol ήμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, a balf-obol. From ἡμι-ώβολον,  $\tau$ ό, (ἡμι–, ὀβολόs) a balf-obol. ημι-ώριον, τό, (ήμι-, ώρα) a balf-bour. ήμμαι, pf. pass. of απτω ήμος Dor. άμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τημος as ότε to τότε: when, while, so long as. ήμπεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of dμπέχω. ἡμός, ή, όν, Aeol. ἀμός, for ἡμέτερος. ήμουν, impf. of  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \omega$ .  $\dot{\eta}$ μπέδουν, impf. of  $\dot{\epsilon}$ μπεδόω. ήμπόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of έμπολάω.  $\mathring{\eta}$ μπόλων, impf. of  $\mathring{\epsilon}$ μπολάω. ημπλακον, aor. 2 of άμπλακίσκα. ήμ**ῦνα,** 201. Ι of ἀμύνω. ήμύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ήμύω. ημύστικα, pf. of αμυστίζω. ἡμύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I ἡμ $\bar{v}$ σα:  $(\mu \dot{v}\omega)$ :—to sink, droop, bow down; ήμυσε κάρη his head dropped, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ημύει άσταχύεσσι it bows down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: later to fall, perisb. ήμφεγνόησα, ήμφεγνόουν, aor. I and impf. of  $d\mu$ φιγνοέω. ήμφεσβήτουν or ήμφισ-, impf. of άμφισβητέω. ήμφεσβήτησα or ήμφισ-, aor. I of άμφισβητέω. πμφίεσα, aor. I of αμφιέννυμι. ήμφίεσμαι, pf. pass. of αμφιέννυμι. ήμων, contr. impf. of αμάω.

> ημων, ονος, δ, (ίημι) a thrower, darter, slinger. ην, contr. from εάν, conditional Conj., always fol-

direct questions, if, whether.

lowed by Subj. if, in case that; for unless: in in-

nv, Interject. see ! see there! Lat. en! ήν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.  $\eta v$ , impf. of  $\eta \mu i = \phi \eta \mu i$ . ην, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. ős, who. ην, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. ős, εόs, bis. ήναίνετο, 3 sing. impf. of αναίνομαι. ήνάλωσα, ήνάλωκα, later forms for άναλ-, aor. I and pf. of dvaligne. ήναντιώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of έναντιόω ήναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of έναρίζω. ηνάρον, aor. 2 of έναίρω. ἥνδανε, 3 sing, impf. of άνδάνω. ήνδραπόδισα, -ίσθην, -ισμαι, ν. ανδραποδίζω. ήνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω. ἥνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω. ηνέθην, aor. I pass. of αίνέω. ήνεικα, Ion. aor 1 ος φέρω ήνειχόμην, impf. med. of ανέγω. ήνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω. ήνεκής, έs, (\* ένέκω, v. φέρω) continuous, long. ήνεμόεις, εσσα, εν, (άνεμος) windy, airy, high, ele-II. light as air, subtle: φρύνημα ήνεμύεν airy, winged thought. ήνεον, ήνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω ηνεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of ανέχωήνετο, 3 sing impf. pass of άνω ήνέχθην, aor. 1 pass. οf φέρω ήνέφγα, Att. pf. of ανοίγνυμι. ήνημαι, pf. pass. of aiν έω ήνηνάμην, aor. I of άναίνομαι. ήνησα, aor. 1 of αἰνέω ήνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ανθίζω. ἥνθομες, Dor. 1 pl. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι. ηνθον, Dor. 2 of έρχομαι. **ήνθράκωμαι**, pf. of άνθρακύομαι.  $\dot{\eta}$ νί, Interject., =  $\dot{\eta}$ ν, cf.  $\dot{\eta}$ νίδε. ήνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω. ήνία, ίων, τά, the reins: Homer uses this neut form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἡνία, ἡ. 'HNI'A, ή, a bridle, a rein : metaph., χαλάσαι τὰs ήνίας τοις λόγοις to give a free rein to one's words, Lat. immittere babenas. II. any lea'bern thong, a sboe-string. ήνιγμαι, pf. pass. of αινίσσομαι. ήν-ίδε, Interject., (ήν, ἵδε) see! see there! ἡνίκα, Adv., relat. to τηνίκα or τοτηνίκα, when, at which time, at the time when; c. optat. whenever. ηνιξάμην, aor. I of αἰνίσσομαι. ήνιοποιείον, τό, a saddler's shop. From ήνιο-ποιός,  $\dot{o}$ , (ήνία, ποιέω) a bridle-maker, saddler. ήνιοστροφέω, f. ήσω, to guide by reins, to drive. From ήνιο-στρόφος, ον, (ήνία, στρέφω) guiding by reins: -as Subst. a charioteer. ήνι-οχεύς, έως Ion. η̂ος, poët. for ήνίοχος. ήνι-οχεύω and -έω, to be charioteer, hold the reins, II. to bridle, govern, control. From drive.

fought. 2. metaph. one who guides or controls. ηνίπαπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ενίπτω. ηνίς, ιος, ή, nom. pl ήνις, (ένος) a year old, yearling. acc.  $\eta \nu \bar{\iota} \nu$ . ηνίχθην, aor. 1 pass. of αἰνίσσομαι. ήνον, impf. of άνω. ήνορέα Ep. and Ion. - έη, ή, (ἀνήρ) manbood ηνοψ, οπος, δ, ή, in Hom always in phrase, ήνοπι χαλκώ with glittering, flashing brass. (Deriv. uncertain ) τιντεβόλησα, aor. I of αντιβολέω. ήντεον, Ion impf of αντάω ήντίαζον, ήντίασα, impf. and aor. 1 of ἀντιάζω. ήντληκώs, pf part. of αντλέω.  $\tilde{\eta}$ ντο, 3 pl. impf. of  $\tilde{\eta}$ μαι. ηνύκα, ηνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αιίω, ανύτω. ήνυστρον, τύ, (ἀνύω) thefourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed. ήνῦτο, 3 sing. impf. pass of ανυμι. ήνώγεα, Ion plapf. of άνωγα ηνώγειν, plapf. (with impf. sense) of ανωγα. ήνώρθουν, impf of άνορθόω. τινώχληκα, τινώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ένοχλέω. ήνωχλουν, -ούμην, impf. act. and pass. of ένοχλέω. ήξα, aor. I both of aγω to lead, and aγνυμι to break. ηξα, aor. I of ασσω (contr. from αἰσσω). ήξειs, ήξω, Dor. for ήξειs, ήξω, fut of ήκω. ήξίωμαι, pf. pass. of ἀξιύω. 'Hoî, dat. of 'Hώs ηοῖος, ο, ον, (Hως) = ηφος, εφος, in the morning: toward morning, eastern, Lat. orientalis, opp. to έσπέριος II. as Subst., ἡοίη (sub. ωρα), ἡ, the morning, πασαν ήοίην all the morning. ηομεν, 1 pl. impf. of είμι ibo. ήόνιος, a, ον, (ἡιών) contr. from ἡιόνιος, on the shore. πάομαι, aor. I inf. of ήπήσασθαι to mend. 'HΠAP, ἄτος, τό, the liver, Lat jecur : represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love. ήπάτηκα, ήπάτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἀπατάω ήπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ήπαρ. ήπαφε, 3 sing aor. 2 of ἀπαφίσκω inεδανός, ή, όν, weak, infirm. maimed, balting: c. gen. void of. (Deriv. uncertain.) ήπείλησα, aor. I of άπειλέω. ήπειρο-γενής, ές, (ήπειρος,  $*\gamma$ ένω) living on the mainland ἥπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἤπειρος) to the mainland.  $\mathring{\eta}$ -πειρος, for  $\check{a}$ πειρος (sc.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\mathring{\eta}$ , the mainland, continent, of the land, as opp. to the sea; κατ' ήπειρον by land; hence even an island is called ἤπειροs. the mainland of Greece, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called Hπειροs as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ή ήπειροs the Continent; and al δισσαί ήπειροι, the two continents, are Europe and Asia. Hence ήπειρόω, f. ώσω, to make into mainland:—Pass. to ἡνί-οχος, δ, (ἡνία, ἔχω) holding the reins, a driver, | become so, when an island is joined to the mainland.

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραιβάτης)

ήπειρώτης, ου, δ, fem. –ωτις, ιδος, (ήπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ήπειρωτιε ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Ευμμαχία. Asiatic. ήπειρωτικός, ή, όν, (ήπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental. ή-περ poet. ή έ-περ, Conj. (ή, περ) than, than even. ή-περ, Adv., properly dat. of δσπερ, in the same way as, just as.  $\hat{\eta}$ - $\pi\epsilon\rho o\pi\epsilon \hat{v}s$ , gen.  $\hat{\epsilon}\omega s$  Ion.  $\hat{\eta}os$ ,  $\hat{o}_{i}=\hat{\eta}\pi\epsilon\rho o\pi\epsilon v\tau \hat{\eta}s$ . ήπεροπευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From ἡπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen. ήπητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἡπάομαι) a mender, cobbler. ήπιαλέω, to have a fever or ague. From ἡπίαλος (sub. πυρετός), δ, a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare. ήπιο-δίνητος, ον, (ήπιοε, δινέω) softly-rolling. ήπιό-δωρος, ον, (ήπιος, δώρον) giving welcome gıfts. ηπιό-θυμος, ον, (ήπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood. \*HIII OE, a, ov, Att. os, ov, gentle, mild, kind. II. act, soothing, assuaging, calming. ήπιό-χειρ, ό, ή, (ήπιοε, χείρ) with soothing hand. ήπίωs, Adv. of ήπιοs, gently, mildly. ήπλακον, for ήμπλακον, 201. 2 of αμπλακίσκω. ň-που, or ň που, Adv. or, as, or perbaps, as perbaps. ήπου or ή που, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then? ηπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of απτω. ἡπύτα [v], o, Adj. masc. calling, erying; ήπύτα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like iππότα. ήπύω Dor. ἀπύω [ā]: f. ύσω [ū]: aor. I ήπυσα: (ξποs, εlπείν):-to call on, call out or forth, invoke. II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to bowl, roar. \*HP, τό, poet. for έαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ηρος, ηρι are the only cases used in Prose. ήρα, 3 sing. impf. of έράω. ήρα, I sing. aor. I of αίρω. ήρα (ήραρον aor. 2 of αραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπίηρα. "HPA Ion. "Hρη, ή, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

'Hpaîos, a, oν, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ Ἡραῖον,

(leρόν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ Ἡραία,

ΉΡΑΚΛΕΉΣ contr. Ἡρακλης, δ: gen. Ἡρα-

κλέεος contr. Ήρακλέους Εp. Ἡρακλη̂ος: dat. Ἡρα-

κλέει contr. 'Ηρακλέει 'Ηρακλεί Εp. 'Ηρακληϊ: acc.

Ήρακλέεἄ contr. Ἡρακλέα Ερ. Ἡρακληα rarely Ἡρα-

κλή later also Ἡρακλήν: voc. Ἡράκλεεε, Ἡράκλειε:

in Ion. also declined 'Hoanhéos -κλευς, 'Hoanhéi, 'Hoa-

khéd:-Heracles, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and

Alemena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

(lepá) ber festival.

vocat. Ἡράκλειε is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence Ήράκλειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ερ. Ήρακλήειος, η, ov :--of or belonging to Hercules; βίη 'Ηρακληείη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules bimself; 'Ηράκλειαι  $\sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \alpha i$  the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta: -το Ἡράκλειον Ιοπ. -ήϊον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ Ἡράκλεια bis festival. Ἡράκλεια λουτρά bot baths. Ήρακλής, contr. from Ἡρακλέης. ηράμην, aor. I med. of αἴρω:—also impf. of ξραμαι. ήραρον, εs, ε, aor. 2 of άραρίσκω. ἡρἄσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐράομαι. ήράσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of εράομαι. ήράσσατο, Ep. for ήράσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of έράομαι. ῆρἄτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of αἴρω. ήρατο, 3 sing. impf. of άράομαι. τρέθην, aor. I pass. of αίρέω.  $\tilde{\eta}$ ρεθον, impf. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ρ $\hat{\epsilon}$ θω. ήρει, 3 sing. impf. of alρέω. ήρεισα, aor. I of έρείδω. ήρέμα and ήρέμας. Adv. gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly. The old Adj. ήρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. npeμέστερος; ήρεμαίος being used instead. ήρεμαĵos, a, ov, (ήρεμα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv -ωs. ήρεμέστερος, a, ov, irreg. Comp. of ήρεμαίος, see ι, ρέμα: Adv. ι ρεμεστέρως. ηρεμέω, f ήσω, (ήρεμα) to be still, keep quiet. ήρεμί [ī], Adv. for ήρέμα, gently. ήρεμία, ή, (ήρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest. ἡρεμίζω, f σω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass to be still, at rest. II intr. to be at rest. **ἥρεσα, 201. 1 ο** δεδοκω ήρέτισα, aor. 1 of αίρετίζω. ήρευν, Ion. for ήρουν, impf of αίρεω. Ήρη, Ion. for Ήρα ήρημαι, pf. pass. of αίρέω. ήρήμωσα, aor. Ι of έρημόω. ήρήρει, 3 sing. plapf. of αραρίσκω. ήρήρειστο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ερείδω. ήρθην, aor. I pass. of αίρω. ήρι, (ήρ) Adv. early, at early morn; αμα ήρι του θέρουs early in the summer. Hρτδανός, δ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine. ηρίθμεον, impf. of dριθμέω. ήρίθμημαι, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω. ήρικε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of έρείκω.  $\eta_{\rho}$  ivos,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\eta}_{\rho}) = \tilde{\epsilon} a \rho \iota \nu \delta s$ , of or in the spring: neut. ήρινόν and ήρινά as Adv., in spring. 'HPI'ON, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb. **ἥρἴπον,** aor. 2 of ἐρείπω. ήρι-πόλη, ή, fem. Adj. (ἦρι, πολέω) early-stirring:

as Subst. the morn, dawn.

**ἥρἴσα**, aor. 1 of ἐρίζω.

ήρκα, ήρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αίρω.

τίσθόμην, 20r. 2 of αlσθάνομαι.

ήρμένος, pf. part. pass. of αραρίσκω. ήρνειτο, 3 sing. impf. of αρνέομαι. ήρνησάμην, aor. I of αρνέομαι. **ἡρόθην**, aor. I pass. of ἀρόω. ηρόμην, impf. med. of αίρω. **ἥρπαξα** οι **ἥρπασα**, aor. 1 of ἀρπάζω. ήρρησα, aor. ι of έρρω. ήρσα, aor. I of άραρίσκω. also of ἄρδω. ήρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρτάω **ήρτύναντο**, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of ἀρτύνω. ἥρὕγον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεύγομαι. ήρύκακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω. ήρχόμην, impf. of έρχομαι; also impf. med. of άρχω. **ἡρῶ, 2** sing, impf. of ἀράομαι. ήρφ, poet. for ήρωι, dat. of ήρως; ήρω, acc. ηρώειον, τό, = ηρ $\hat{\varphi}$ ον. **ἡρώησα,** aor. I of ἐρωέω. ήρωϊκός, ή, όν, (ήρως) of or for beroes, beroic: ήρωικον μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter. ήρωίνη [τ], contr. ἡρώνη, fem. of ήρωs, a beroine. ηρώϊος, α, ον, = ηρωϊκός. ήρωτς, ίδος, ή, = ήρωίνη, a beroine. ήρώμην, impf. of άράομαι. ήρφον, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut, from ήρῷοs, a, ον, contr. of ἡρώϊοs, of or for beroes, beroic: ὁ ἡρφοs (sub. ρυθμύs), the heroic measure, bexameter. From ήρωs, δ: gen. ήρωοs Att. ήρω: dat. ήρωι contr. ήρω: acc. ηρωα contr. ηρω: pl. nom. ηρωες, acc. -as, rarely contr. ηρωs —a bero: in Homer not restricted to warriors, but applied to all free men of that age, as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the present race. III. Pindar represents them as a race between gods and men, denugods, ἡμίθεοι, whether those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities, etc.; as at Athens, the ήρωες ἐπώνυμοι were the heroes after whom the ten  $\phi \nu \lambda a l$  were named. The founders of a city were worshipped under this name. ηs, Dor. for ην, 3 sing. impf. of είμί sum. ήσα, Att. aor. 1 of άδω. ήσα, aor. 1 of ήδω. ήσαι, 2 sing. of ημαι. ησαν, 3 pl. impf. of είμί sum. ησαν, Att. for ήδεσαν, 3 pl. plapf. (in impf. sense) of olδa. II. for ήίσαν, 3 pl. impf. of είμι ιδο. ήσατο, 3 sing. Ep aor. 1 of ήδομαι. ήσειν, fut. inf. of ίημι. ησθα, Aeol. for ηs, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum. ησθαι, inf. of ημαι. ήσθένουν, impf. of ἀσθενέω. ήσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ήδομαι. ἥσθην, Att. aor. 1 pass. of ἀείδω.

 $\mathbf{\eta} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \boldsymbol{\theta} \boldsymbol{\omega} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ , impf. of  $\mathbf{i} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \boldsymbol{\theta} \boldsymbol{\omega}$ .

ħσθον, impf. of ἔσθω. ήσι-επής, ές, (ἵημι, ἔπος) a babbler. ήσκειν, contr. for ήσκεεν, 3 sing. impf. of ασκέω. ήσμαι, Att. pf pass. of ἀείδω. ησμεν, Att. for ήδειμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of olda. ησο, 2 sing. imperat. of ημαι. ήσσα Att. ήττα, ηs, ή, a defeat, discomfiture: c. gen. defeat by, yielding to. From ήσσάομαι Att. ήττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass. ήττήσομαι, ήσσηθήσομαι . aor. I ήσσήθην : pf. ήττημαι:—Ion. ἐσσόομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ήσσων): -to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten, worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause. ήσσητέοs, a, ον, and, in neut. plur ήσσητέα, verb. Adj.: one must be beaten, submit. ήσσον, Att. impf. of αίσσω ἥσσων, ἦσσον, gen. ονος: Att. ἤττων: Ion. ἔσσων: -less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing. (Used as irreg Comp of Positive κακύς: probably formed from haa, huotos being the Sup ) ήσται, 3 sing. of ήμαι. ήστε, Att. for ήδειτε, 2 pl. plapf of \*είδω ήστην, for ήτην, 3 dual impf. of είμί sum ηστην, Att. for ηδείτην, 2 and 3 dual plopf. of \*είδω. ήστο, 3 sing impf. of ήμαι. ήστον, for ήτον, 2 dual impf. of είμί sum. **ἥστωσα,** aor. 1 of ἀἰστόω. ἥστιχα, neut. pl of ἤσυχος, used like ἡσυχῆ. ήσυχάζω, f. σω, (ήσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest; τὸ ἡσύχαζον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead of night. hovxaîos, a, ov, poet, for hovxos, still, quiet, at rest. ἡσυχαίτερος, α, ον, irr Comp. of ήσυχος, ήσυχαίος. ἡσυχη Dor ἀσυχα, Adv. of ήσυχοs, quietly, gently. ήσυχία Dor. άσυχ-, ή, (ήσυχος) stillness, quiet, peace; ήσυχίαν άγειν or έχειν to keep quiet, be at 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium. beace or at rest. ἡσύχιμος Dor ἀσύχ-, ον, poet. for ήσυχος. ήσύχιος, ον, rarely a, ον, poet. for ήσυχος. "HETXOE Dor. Louxos, ov, still, quiet, at rest; 2. quiet, gentle. έχ' ήσυχος keep quiet. Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ήσυχαίτερος, -αίτατος; III. Adv.  $-\chi \omega s$ , also  $\eta \sigma v \chi \hat{\eta}$ , but also -ώτερος. and neut. pl. ήσυχα as Adv. [v] ήσχυγκα, pf. of αἰσχύνω. ήσχυμμαι, pf. pass. of αίσχύνω. ήσχυνα, aor. ι of αἰσχύνω. ἥσω, fut. of ιημι. ή-те or ή те, Conj. or also. नै-र€ or नै र€, Adv. surely, doubtless. ήτε, for ήειτε, 2 pl. impf. of είμι ibo. ητηκα, ητησα, pf. and aor. I of αlτ ϵω. ήτην, 3 dual impf. of εlμί sum. ήτιάασθε, ήτιόωντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of altiáoμαι. 310 αίτιάομαι. ή-τοι, Conjunct.:  $II = \hat{\eta} \tau o \iota, full, surely,$ verily. III. =  $\tilde{\eta}$   $\tau oi$ , either in truth, followed by  $\eta$  , either ..., or ... ήτοίμασμαι, pf. pass. of έτοιμάζω, in med. sense. \*HTOP, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the beart. "HTPION Dor. atplov, to, the warp in a web of cloth (the woof being  $\kappa \rho / \kappa \eta$ ): in pl.  $\eta \tau \rho \iota a$ , a thin, fine cloth: hence, ήτρια βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise. ήτρον, τό, (ήτορ) the belly, Lat abdomen. ήττα, ήττάομαι, ήττων, etc., Att. for ήσσ-. ήτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum. ηψ, neut. from ηψs In compds. with εὐ - or ἐυ-,. this is often lengthd. Ep. into  $\dot{\eta}v_-$ ; v. sub  $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{v}_-$ . ηύδησα, ηύδηκα, aor I and impf. of αὐδάω. ηύδοκίμουν, impf of εὐδοκιμέω. ηΰδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω. ηύλησα, aor. I of αὐλέω. η ιλίσθην, aor. 1 pass. of αὐλίζω. ηύξάμην, aor. I of εύχομαι. ηυξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω. ηὐξήθην, ηὕξημαι, aor. I and pf pass. of αὐξάνω. ήύξηκα, ηύξησα, pf and aor. I of αὐξάνωηύρον, ηὑρέθην, aor 2 act. and aor. I pass of εὑρίσκω. ήΰs, neut. ήΰ, Ep. for èὐs, good, brave. **ἥΰσα, aor**. I of ἀτω. [v̄] ήΰτε, Ep. Conjunct as, like as. II. for η, than; only once in Homer, νέφος μελάντερον ή ΰτε πίσσα, blacker than pitch. [v] ηὐτρέπισμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίζω. ηύχόμην, impf. of εύχομαι. Ήφαίστειος, a, ov, ("Ηφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: τδ ήμαιστείον or ήμαιστειον (sub. ίερύν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἡφαίστεια (sub. ἱερά), bis festival, Lat. Vulcanalia. Ήφαιστό-πονος, ον, ("Ηφαιστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan. "Hφαιστος, ov, δ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his bith, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp of working in metal. Ήφαιστό-τευκτος, ον, and Ήφαιστο-τευχής, ές, ("Ηφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan. ήφθα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of απτω. ήφι, Ep. for ή. ήφιε, for αφίει, 3 sing impf. of αφίημι (as if from άφίω). ήφίουν, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφιέω). **ήφύσα**, aor. τ of ἀφύσσω ήφυσσόμην, impf med. of ἀφύσσω. **ἡχα,** pf. of άγω.  $\eta$ χεσκον, Ion. impf. of  $\dot{\eta}$ χέω. ήχέτης, ου, δ, Ep. ήχέτα, (ήχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicada. ήχέω Dor. άχέω [ā]: f. ήσω:—to sound, ring, peal;

ήτιδοάμην, ήτίδιμαι, 201. I med. and pf. pass. of | c. acc. cognato, άχεῖν ὕμνον, κωκυτόν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From 'HXH' Dor. αχα, ή, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like  $la\chi\eta$ , a cry of sorrow, wail.  $\dot{\eta}$ χήεις, εσσα, εν,  $(\dot{\eta}$ χή) sounding, roaring, echoing. ήχημα, ατος, τό, (ήχέω) a sound. ήχητής, οῦ, ὁ, and ἡχητικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , =  $\mathring{\eta} \chi \acute{\epsilon} \tau \eta s$ ήχι, Ep. for η, Adv. where. ήχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἄχθομαι and ἔχθομαι. **ἥχθημαι,** pf. pass. of ἔχθομαι. ήχθην, aor. 1 pass. of άγω. ήχθηρα, 201. 1 ο έχθαίρω. ήχμασα, aor. 1 of αἰχμάζω.  $\hat{\eta} \chi os, \, \dot{o}, = \dot{\eta} \chi \dot{\eta}$  $\dot{\eta}$ χώ Dor.  $\dot{\alpha}$ χώ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , gen.  $-\dot{\omega}$ os contr.  $-\dot{\omega}$ s,  $= \dot{\eta}$ χ $\dot{\eta}$ , aII. as prop n. Ήχώ, reverberated sound, an echo Echo, personified as an Oread ήψατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἄπτομαι. ήψησα, ήψήθην, aor. I act, and pass of  $\xi\psi\omega$ . ἡῶθεν Dor. ἀῶθεν Att. ἔωθεν, Adv. (ἡώs) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn. ηωθι, old Ep. gen. of ηως, ηωθι πρό before dawn.

> ern. From  ${}^{\prime}\mathbf{H}\Omega'\mathbf{\Sigma}, \ \dot{\eta}, \ \mathrm{gen.} \ \dot{\eta}\acute{o}os \ \mathrm{contr.} \ \dot{\eta}\acute{o}\hat{v}s: \ \mathrm{dat.} \ \dot{\eta}\acute{o}i \ \mathrm{contr.}$ ήοι: acc. ή ύα contr. ή ω: - Att εωs, gen εω, acc. εω or εων: - Dor αως: - Aeol. ανως: - the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ημαρ mid-day, and δείλη evening; acc., ήω the whole morning long; ἄμ' 2. the East, opp. to ζύφοs. ηοι at day-break. as the Greeks counted by mornings, i'ws came to mean a day: also the light of day. II as prop. n. 'Hús, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

ηών, όνος, δ, Att. contr. for ήιών.

ήφοs, a, ov, at morn, at break of day.

 Θ, θ, θητα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral  $\theta' = \tilde{\epsilon} \nu \nu \hat{\epsilon} a$ ,  $\tilde{\epsilon} \nu \nu \alpha \tau o s$ , but  $\theta =$ 9000. In Donc,  $\theta$  was often changed into  $\sigma$ , as Lacon σείος 'Ασάνα σάω, for θείος 'Αθάνα θάω: so also in Ion.,  $\beta \nu \sigma \sigma \delta s$  for  $\beta \nu \theta \delta s$   $\Theta$  was also changed, Aeol and Dor., into φ, as φήρ φλάω φλίβω for θήρ θλάω θλίβω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ἄμα, θάλασσα for ἄλε.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος. θάάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θάασσον.

θαείτο, 3 sing impf. of Dor. θαέσμαι.

θάεο, imperat. of θάομαι.

θαίομαι, Dor. for Att. θεάομαι Ion. θηέομαι. Hence θάημα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, a sight, spectacle. θūητός ή, όν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός.

θαίμάτια, crasis for τὰ ἰμάτια

ΘAIPO'Σ, o, the binge of a door or gate. θακέω, f ήσω, (θακοε) to sit. esp. as a suppliant, to take a seat: c. acc. cognato, έδρας παγκρατείς θακείν to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκησις, εως, ή,  $(\theta \bar{\alpha} \kappa \epsilon \omega)$  a sitting, seat.

θακος, δ, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θωκος.

 $\theta \ddot{a} \lambda \dot{a} \mu a \dot{\xi}, \ \ddot{a} \kappa o s, \ \dot{o}, = \theta a \lambda a \mu i \tau \eta s.$ 

θάλάμευμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, a dark chamber of dwelling-place.

θαλάμη, ή, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, bole. [α]

θαλαμήτοs, η, ον, (θάλαμοs) of or for a chamber or dwelling: fit for building one.

θάλαμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in the lady's chamber. II. 2s Subst., θαλαμηπόλος,

δ or ή, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θαλάμιος, α, ον, (θάλαμος) belonging to the chamber. As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, δ, = θαλαμίτης. II. θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κώπη), the oar of the θαλαμίτης. 2. (sub. δπή), the bole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-bole.

θάλαμίτης, ου, ὁ, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης. θρανίτης. [ī]

θάλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

ΘΑ΄ΛΑΜΟΣ, δ, an inner room of chamber:

the women's apartment, inner part of the house.

a bed-room, bride-chamber.

3. the storeroom.

II.

the lowest part of hold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίται sat.

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ή, (ἄλs) the sea: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ήδε ή θάλασσα, ή καθ' ήμᾶs θάλασσα, ή έσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it nostrum mare), and the Ocean ἡ ξξω θάλασσα: metaph., θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of salt or brackish water. Hence

 $\theta \tilde{a} \lambda \alpha \sigma \sigma \tilde{a} i o s$ , a, o v,  $= \theta a \lambda \acute{a} \sigma \sigma i o s$ .

θάλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. marinus; θαλάσσια έργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια amals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαῖα.
2. skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θάλασσο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash: mctaph. to make nuch ado about nothing.

θάλασσο-κράτέω, f. ήσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be master of the sea.

θάλασσο-κράτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) master of the sea.

θάλασσό-πλαγκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) seadriven, tempest-tossed.

θάλασσό-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) seabeaten.

θάλασσο-πόρος, ον, (θάλασσα, πόρος) sea-faring. θάλασσ-ουργός, όν, (θάλασσα, \*ἔργω) working at sea: as Subst., θαλασσουργός, ό, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσ-.

θάλεα, τά, (θάλειν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλίθω, poet. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourisb.

θάλεια, ή, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, èv δαιτὶ θαλείη at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an obsol. Adj. θάλνε, derived from  $\theta αλείν$ . II. as prop. n.  $\theta αλείλεια, ή$ , one of the Muses, the blooming one: later esp. the Muse of Comedy.

 $\theta$ αλεῖν, aor. 2 mf. of  $\theta$ άλλω.

θάλερός, ά, όν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous, active.

II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θαλερ-ωπις, ιδος, ή, (θαλερός, ώψ) with bright eyes.

 $\theta \tilde{a} \lambda \epsilon \omega$ , Dor. for  $\theta \eta \lambda \epsilon \omega$ .

**Θά**λη̂s, δ, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλη̂, acc. Θαλη̂ν: but also Θάλητοs, ητι, ητα, and Θαλοῦ: *Tbales* of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θαλία, ή, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer, wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast. θαλλήσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω

from  $\theta \eta \lambda \epsilon \omega$ .

θαλλός, δ, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: δ της ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also, ἰκτηρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, ον, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olivebranches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑ'ΛΛΩ, fut. θᾶλῶ: aor. 2 ἔθᾶλον: pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τέθηλώς, Ερ. fem. τέθαλυῖα; 3 sing. plqpf. τέθηλει:—to bloom, flourish, to sboot out, to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τέθηλώς is used absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant 2. metaph. to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑ'ΛΟΣ, εος, τό, hke θαλλός, a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child, scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπιάω, Ep. part. θαλπιόων, (θάλπω) to be or become warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ή, όν, warming, fostering. From

θάλπος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$  $\dot{0}$ , (θάλπω) warnth, beat, esp. summerbeat;  $\tau$ à θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. metaph. a sting, smart, tingling.

θαλπτήριος, ov, warming. From

ΘΑ'ΛΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I έθαλψα:—Pass., aor. I έθάλφθην: pf. inf. τεθάλφθαι:—to warm, beat. Il metaph. to beat, inflame. 2. to forter, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ή, a warming: metaph. a comfort. θάλυκρός, ά, όν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

θαλύσια (sub.  $i\epsilon\rho\dot{a}$ ),  $l\omega\nu$ ,  $\tau\dot{a}$ ,  $(\theta a\lambda \epsilon \hat{i}\nu)$  the firstlings of the barvest, offering of first-fruits.  $[\bar{v}]$  Hence

θαλυσιάs, άδοs, ή, fem. Adj., of or for the offering of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (αμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II. of Time, often, oft-times, frequent.

θαμάκζε, Adv. = θαμά 11.

θαμβαίνω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ήσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θάμβος, εος, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stupor. (From Root TAΦ-, see τέ-θηπα.) θαμέες, ol, al, dat. θαμέσι. acc. θαμέας, (θαμά) poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύε), crowded, close, thick.

θάμειός, ά, όν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.

θαμίζω, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequenture:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμίνά, neut. plur. of θαμινύς, as Adv., = θαμά.

 $\theta \alpha \mu \nu \delta s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $= \theta \alpha \mu \epsilon \iota \delta s$ .

θάμνος, δ, (θαμινός) a bush, shrub.

**Θενόστμος**, ον, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. -μως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. 11. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανατάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die

θανάτηφορία, ή, a causing of death. From θανάτη-φόρος, ον, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.

θάνατιάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die. θάνατόεις, εσσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θάνατόν-δε, Adv. to death.

θάνᾶτος, δ, (θῶνεῖν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II. as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corme.

Sleep. III. a corpse. θάνατούσια (sub. ίερά), ίων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast

of the dead.

θάνατόω, f. ωσω, (θάνατοι) to put to death: metaph.
to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θάνον, Ερ. 201. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανείν Ερ. θανέειν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκω.

θανείσθαι Ερ. θανέεσθαι, fut. inf of θνήσκω. θανοίσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκω.

ΘΑ'OMAI, f. θήσομαι Dot. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθησάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire.

II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. Ι έθαψα: pf. τέτἄφα: Pass., fut. 2 τἄφήσομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. Ι έθάφθην, aor. 2 ἐτάφην [α]: pf. τέθαμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάμαται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ων, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ῶνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλέος, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-. θαρσάλέος, α, ον, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τθ θαρσάλεον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλεάτερος. Adv. -έως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part of θαρσέω.

θαρσέω Att. θαρρέω: f. ήσω: (θάρσοε):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured, θάρσει take courage! be of good beart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. tei, to feel confident about, bave no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρσησις, εωε, ή, confidence in, reliance on. ΘΑΎΣΟΣ or ΘΡΑΊΣΟΣ Att. θάρρος, τό, courage,

boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσούντως Att. θαρρούντως, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω

θάρσυνος, ov, relying on a thing.

θασαι, Dor. aor. 1 imperat. of θάομαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. 1 inf. of θάομαι. θασόμενος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι.

Θάσιος, α, ον, (Θάσοι) from Thasos, Thastan: ή Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκὰν Θασίαν to mux this pickle.

ΘΑ ΣΣΩ Ep. θαάσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσων Att. θάττων, ον, Comp. of ταχύs, quicker, swifter: θᾶσσον as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρα, see έτερο».

θάττων, Att. for θάσσων.

θαθμα Ion. θώνμα or θώμα, ατος, τό, (βάομαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαθμα ἰδέσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαθμα ἀκοθσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαύματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols.

II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Îon. θωϋμ- or θωμ-: fut. -άσομαι Ερ. -άσομαι, kater in act. form -άσω: aor. 1 ἐθαύμασα: pf. τεθαύμακα:--- Pass , fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐθαυμάσθην: (θαῦμα):-- to wonder, be astonished. 2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρών my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαίνω, fut. ἄνῶ Εp. ἄνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at. θαυμάστος, α, ον, Ion. θωϋμ- οτ θωμάστος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv.—los, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (θαυμάσιος, έργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglets.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θωυμ- or θωμ-, ή, όν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:
—admirable, excellent Adv. -τῶς, wonderfully.

θαυματόομαι, Pass. (θαθμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυμάτοποιέω, f. ήσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, όν, (θαθμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτος, ή, όν, Ερ. for θαυμαστός. θαυμάτουργέω, f. ήσω, = θαυματοποιέω. From θαυμάτ-ουργός, όν, (θαῦμα, \*ἔργω) = θαυματοποιός. θάψαι, 20τ. 1 inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, η, ον, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

Odinos, i, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

\*ΘΑ'Ω, Ep. for the prose θηλάζω: aor. 1 inf θησαι:
—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θησθαι, to suck,
milk, ἐπητανὸν γάλα θησθαι milk to suck the year
round; 3 sing. aor. 1, θησατο μαζόν be sucked the breast.

\*θάω, Lacon σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι. θεά, ή, fem. of θεώς, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεώ), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαἱ the Eumenides or Furres.

θέα, ή, (θεάομαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεάθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θέαινα, ή, poet, for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αίτητος, ον, (θεός, αίτεω) asked of the gods.

θέτιμα Ion. θέημα, ατος, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ $\bar{a}$ ]

θεάομαι, f θεάσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. I εθεάσμην: pf, τεθέαμαι: Dep.: (θάομαι):—to view, gaze at, bebold; oi θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I εθεάθην in pass. sense, to be seen. See θάομαι, θηέομαι.

θεαρός, δ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεατής Ion. θεητής, οῦ, ὁ, (θεαομαι) a spectator.

θεάτός, ή, όν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρίζω, f. σω, (θέατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θέατρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the speciators, the audience. 3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show.

θε-ειδής, ές, (θεάς, ε̄lδας) = θεαειδής.

θέειον, τό, poet, for θείον, brimstone. θέειος, η, ον, Ερ. for θείος, divine.

θεειούται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θεειόω.

θεειόω, Ep. for θειόω, to smoke with brimstone.

θέεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θέη, ή, Ion. for θέα.

θεήτος, η, ον, Ion. for θέειας, θείος, divine.

θε-ήλάτος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. 11. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ιοπ. for θέαμα.

 $\theta \in \eta$ - $\mu \check{\alpha} \chi \check{\alpha}$ ,  $\check{\eta}$ ,  $\theta \in \eta$ - $\mu \check{\alpha} \chi \circ \varsigma$ ,  $o \nu$ , poet. for  $\theta \in \partial \mu$ -.

θεήμων, ονος, ό, ή, Ion. for θεάμων.

θεη-πολέω, θεη-πολός,  $\delta \nu$ , poet. for  $\theta \epsilon o \pi$ -.

θεήσεαι, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι. θέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θεητής, οῦ, ὁ, Ιοπ. for θεατής.

θεητός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

 $\theta \epsilon la, \dot{\eta}, \text{ fem. of } \theta \epsilon \hat{los}, \text{ one's father's or mother's sister, aunt. Lat. amita and materiera.}$ 

θειάζω, f. σω, (θείος) to practise divinations. Hence

θειασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations. Θείβαθεν, Θείβαθι, Acol. for Θηβ-.

θείεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of  $\tau$ ίθημι.

θείην, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

 $\theta \in (\kappa \in \lambda_{0s}) = \theta \in \sigma \kappa \in \lambda_{0s}$ .

θειλό-πεδον, τό, (είλη, πέδον) a place in the sunshine, where things were put to dry.

θείμεν, for θείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείναι, aor 2 inf. of  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu$ ;—also aor 1 inf. of θείνω. ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενω: aor 1 έθεινα; aor 2 έθενον,

only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενείν, part. θενών:—to strike, dasb.

θειό-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δέμω) god-built.

θείομεν, Ερ. for θέωμεν, θωμεν, 1 pl. 201. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ερ. θέειον,  $τ\dot{0}$ , (θεῖοs) brimstone, Lat. sulfur. θεῖον,  $τ\dot{0}$ , neut. of θεῖοs, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity.

II.  $τ\dot{\alpha}$  θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods.

2. religious observances.

θείος, α, ον, (θεόε) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in bonour of a god, boly, sacred. 3. godlike, superbuman, extraordinary, excellent.

**ΘΕΙ'ΟΣ**, ό, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patryus and avunculus: fem. θεία.

θειστέρως, Adv. Comp. of θείως.

θειότης, ητος, ή, (θείος) divine nature, divinity.

θειό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ονν, (θείον, χρύα) brimstone-coloured.

θειόω Ep. θεειόω: f. ώσω; (θείον):--to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify

θείς, θείσα, θέν, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θείτε, θείσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θείω, poet, for θέω, to run.

θείω, Ep. for  $\theta$ έω,  $\theta$  $\hat{\omega}$ , aor. 2 subj. of  $\tau$ ίθημι.

θει-ώδηs, εs, (θείον, είδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θείωs, Adv. of θείοs, by divine providence. Comp. θειστέρωs, by more special providence

θελγεσί-μῦθος, ον, (θέλγω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θέλγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλγω,

θέλγητρον, τό, (θέλγω) a charm or spell.

 $\Theta$ E'ΛΓΩ, f.  $f\omega$ : aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda\xi\alpha$ :—Pass., aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\lambda\chi\theta\eta\nu$ :—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θέλεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary,

θέλημα, ατος, τώ, (θέλω) will.

 $\theta \in \lambda \eta \sigma \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ .  $(\theta \in \lambda \omega)$  a willing, will

θελκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, (θέλγω) a charmer. Hence θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means

or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλγω) charming, enchanting.

θέλκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a cbarm.

 $\theta \in \lambda \kappa \tau \omega \rho$ , opas,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\theta \in \lambda \kappa \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

θέλξαι, aor. I inf. of θέλγω.

θελξει, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλγω.

θελξί-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (θέλγω, νοόε) charming or witching the heart.

θελξί-πικρος, ον, (θέλγω, πικρός) deliciously bitter. θελξί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλγω, φρήν) = θελξίνοος.

θέλοισα, Dor. for  $\theta$ έλουσα, fem. part. of  $\theta$ έλω. θέλυμνα,  $\tau$ ά, =  $\theta$ έμε $\theta$ λα.

 $\Theta E' \Lambda \Omega$ , impf. έθέλον: fut. θελήσω: aor. I έθέλησα: shortened form of έθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; "Αμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμείλια, τά, Ερ. for θεμέλια, = θέμεθλα; θεμείλια θέσαν οι προβάλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus. θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμείλια, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμείλια, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), δ, a foundation stone; οἱ θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιόω, f. ωσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly:

—Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Ερ. for θείναι, 20r. 2 inf. of τίθημι. θέμενος, 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, όν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ- $\hat{\omega}$ πις, ίδος, ή, (θεμερός, ώψ) of serious countenance, bonest.

θεμίζω, (θέμιs) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poët. 201. I θεμίσσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control. θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θεμίς, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

 $\Theta$ E'MIΣ, ή, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν:—in Homer as prop. n. Θέμις, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc.  $\Theta \in \mu \nu$ ; Ion. gen.  $\Theta \in \mu os$ , voc.  $\Theta \in \mu$ : right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμις ἐστί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ή θέμις έστί as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl.  $\theta \dot{\epsilon}$ μιστεs, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence 3. existing laws or ordinandues, tribute, etc. 4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμις as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, Justice.

θεμι-σκοπός, όν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) keeping order.

θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, δ, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, –as, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμιs. θεμιστεῖοs,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (θέμιs) lawful, righteous.

θεμιστεύω, f. σω, (θεμιστόs) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμιs.

θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμις, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ή, όν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful. θεμίτός, ή, όν, Ep. for θεμιστός.

**ΘΕΜΟ'Ω**, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I,  $\nu \hat{\eta} a \theta \epsilon \mu \omega \sigma \epsilon \chi \epsilon \rho \sigma \sigma \nu l \kappa \epsilon \sigma \theta a \iota be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.$ 

-θεν, insep. Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to -δε, as, οἴκοθεν, οὐ-ρανόθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally  $-\theta \epsilon \nu$  was the genit. termination, as appears from  $\dot{\epsilon}\mu\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\nu$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ ,  $\ddot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\nu$ .  $\dot{\theta}\dot{\epsilon}\nu\dot{\alpha}\dot{\rho}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}\rho\sigma$ ,  $\dot{$ 

θέο, Ep 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι. θεοβλαβέω, to sin against the gods. From

θεο-βλαβήs, έs, (θεόs, βλαβηναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, ές, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god. θεό-γλωσσος, ον, (θεός, γλώσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ή, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

 $\theta \in \delta$ -yovos,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\theta \in \delta s$ , \* $\gamma \in \nu \omega$ ) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεύς, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

 $\theta$ εο-δήλητος, ον,  $(\theta$ εός, δηλέομαι) burtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-δίδακτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [t] θεό-δμητος, ον, Dor. -δμᾶτος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμω) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

 $\theta \in \delta - \delta \circ \sigma \circ \circ$ ,  $= \theta \in \delta \circ \delta \circ \sigma \circ \circ \circ$ .

θεο-ειδής, ές, (θεός, είδος) divine of form, beauteous as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup θεαιδέστατος.

θεο-είκελος, ον, (θεός, εἴκελος) godlike. θεοεχθρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a being bated by the gods. From θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) bated by the gods. θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. drumitus.

θέοισα, Dor for θέουσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλυτέω, f. ήσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θεός, κλύω) calling on the gods. θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κραίνω) wrought by the gods. θεό-κρūτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods. θεό-κτώτος, ον, and θεό-κτύτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μᾶνής, ές, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods; λύσσα θεομανής madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, δ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομάχέω, to fight against God: and

θεομάχία, ή, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God. θεο-μήστωρ, opos, δ, (θεός, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο μισής, ές, (θεός, μισέω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεύς, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods.

II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine. θεο-μύσής, ές, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the

θεό-παις, παιδος, δ, ή, (θεός, παῖε) child of the gods. θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods. θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God. θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From θεο-ποιόs, όν, (θεόs, ποιέω) making statues of gods. θεό-πομπος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.

θεο-πόνητος, ον, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god. θεο-πρεπής, ές, (θεός, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv. -πως.

θεοπροπέω, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέων; and

θεοπροπία, ή, οτ -ιον, τό, a prophecy. From θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divining: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, δ, a prophet. II. a

public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf.  $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho \delta s$ .

θεό-πτυστος, ον, (θεός, πτύω) abborred by the gods. θεό-πύρος, ον, (θεός, πῦρ) kindled by the gods.

θέ-ορτος, ον, (θεός, ὅρνυμαι) sprung from the gods. ΘΕΟ'Σ, ὁ, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God, as, Θεός δώσει God will grant; οι, θεός τις α god, some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θεῖον — σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἄνευθε θεοῦ, Lat. non sine diis, by the will of God; ὑπὶρ θεόν against bis will:—as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's name. II. fem. θεός, for θεά, θεαίνα, a goddess: esp. in Att. phrase τὰ θεώ the two goddesses, i. e. Ceres and Proserpine.

Βίζητερος, more diune.

θεόσ-δοτος, ον, (θείς, δίδωμι) given by the gods.

θεόσ-δωρος, ον, poet. for θεοδώρητος. θεοσέβεια, ή, the worship or fear of God. From

**θεο-σεβήs, έs**, (θεόs, σέβομαι) worshipping God, religious, devout. Adv. -βωs, religiously.

θεό-σεπτος, ον, (θεύς, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god. θεο-σέπτωρ, ορος, δ, = θεοσεβής.

θεοσ-εχθρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θεόs,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ χθρόs) batred of the gods, ungodliness, implety.

θεόσ-σύτος, ον, poet. for θεόσυτος, sent by the gods. θεο-στήρικτος, ον, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God. θεο-στιβής, ές, (θεός, στιβείν) trodden by God.

θεο-στύγής, ές, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or of God, abominable.

II. act. bating God.

θεο-στύγητος, ov, bated of the gods.

θεό-σύτος, poet. also θεόσ-συτος, ον, (θεύς, σεύω) sent by the gods.

θεό-ταυρος, δ, (θείς, ταῦρος) the god-bull, a name for Zeus changed into a bull.

θεο-τείχης, εs, (θεός, τείχος) walled by the gods. θεό-τευκτος, ον, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God. θεότης, ητος, ή, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.

θεο-τίμητος, ον, (θεύς, τιμάω) bonoured of God. θεό-τίμος, ον, bonoured of God.

θεό-τρεπτος, ον, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods. θεο-τρεφής, ές, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.

θεουδεία, ή, the fear of God, holiness. θεουδής, ές, (θείς, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence θεο-φάνια (sub, ίερά), τά, (θείς, φανῆναι) a festival

θεο-φάνια (sub. lepá), τά, (θεύs, φανηναι) a festival at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn to the people.

θεο-φίλης, ές, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods. θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός: esp. in phrase, θεόφιν μήστωρ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, ον, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II. act. carrying a god or goddess.

θεο-φόρος, ον, (θεύς, φέρω) bearing a god. II. θεύφορος, ον, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.

θεό-φρών, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded, godly, devout, Lat. pius.

θεόω, f. ώσω, (θεύs) to make into a god, deify.

θεράπαινα and -vls, ίδοs, ή, fem. of θεράπων, a waiting-maid, bandmaid.

θεράπεία Ion.  $-\eta$ îη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θεραπείω) a waiting on, service, attendance; θεραπεία θεών divine worship, 2. a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical treatment. 3. a courting, paying court. II. a body of attendants, suite, retinue.

θεράπευμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπεύω) service done, attendance, nurture: medical treatment.

θεράπευτέον, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cultivate: also one must cure.

θεράπευτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\hat{0}$ , and θεραπευτήs,  $\hat{0}$ , (θεραπείω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.

θεράπευτικός, ή, όν, (θεραπεύω) inclined to serve, attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; ή θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.

θεράπεύω, f. σω, (θεράπων) to wait on, attend, serve: to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to worship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, attend to, Lat. inservire commodo. 3. c. acc. τεί, to take care of, provide for; θεραπεύειν τὸ παρύν to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ἡμέρην to observe a day, keep it boly. 4. to tend the sick, to treat medically, to beal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate, till

 $\theta \in pannin$ , Ion. for  $\theta \in pan \in ia$ .

θεράπήϊος, η, ον, Ion. and poet. for θεραπευτικός. θεράπνη, ή, poet. for θεράπαινα, a bandmaid:—and, θεραπνίς, ίδος, ή, poet. contr. from θεραπαινίς.

θεράποντίς, ίδος, ή, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid. ΘΕΡΑ ΠΩΝ, ουτος, ό, an attendant, servant, differing from δοῦλος, as implying free service: in Homer, a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so, kings were Διὸς θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες Αρηος, poets Μουσάων θεράποντες. II. in Chios, the θεράποντες were slaves.

θέραψ, ὁ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in accus. θέραπα, nom. pl. θέραπες.

θέρειοs, α, ον, (θέροs) of, belonging to summer, in summer; αὐχμὸs θ. summer-drought; ή θέρεια, Ion. θερείη (with or without ώρα), summer-time, summer. θερέω, Ep. for θερώ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω.

θερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: aor. I ἐθέρισα syncop. ἔθρίσα:— Pass., aor. I ἐθερίσθην: pf. τεθέρισμαι: (θέροs):— to mow, reap, cut, barvest corn:—metaph. to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3 also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer; cf. ἐαρίζω, χειμάζω.

**Replyeos**, a, ov,  $\Rightarrow$  Repetor; roomal Replyeat the summer solstice, i. e. the 21st of June. [7]

θερίνος, η, ον, (θέρος) prose form for θέρειος, οf,

in, or during summer.

θερισμός, δ, (θερίζω) a mowing, reaping, barvesting. θεριστής, οῦ, δ, (θερίζω) a mower, reaper, barvest-man. θερίστριον οτ θέριστρον, τό, (θερίζω) a light summer-garment, opp. to χειμάστριον.

θερμαίνω, f. ανω: 201. 1 εθέρμηνα: (θερμόε):—to warm, beat:—Pass. to become warm of bot, grow bot, glow: metaph., θερμαίνεσθαι ελπίσι to glow with bobe.

**θ**έρμη, ἡ, (θερμόs) beat, feverish beat. II. θέρμαι, αὶ, bot-springs, Lat. thermae.

θερμό-βλυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλύω) hot-bubbling.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) bot in counsel, rash. θερμο-βότης, ου, ό, fem. θερμό-δοτις, ίδος, ή, (θερμός, δίδωμ) one who brought the bot water (Lat. calda) at baths or sacrifices, Lat. caldarius.

θερμο-εργός,  $\delta \nu_1 = \theta \epsilon \rho \mu o \nu \rho \gamma \delta \epsilon$ .

θερμό-vous, συν, (θερμός, νοθε) beated in mind.

**Θ**ερμο-πύλοι, ων, αl, (θερμός, πύλη) Hot-Gates, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [δ]

θερμός, ή, όν, also poët. όε, όν, (θέρω): warm, bot, boiling. II. metaph. bot, basty, rash, reckless. 2. active, ready. III. τ∂ θερμόν, beat, Lat. calor: also, θερμὸν (sub. ὕδωρ), bot drink, Lat. calda: τλ θερμά (sub. χωρία), bot places, or (sub. λουτρά), bot baths.

ΘE'PMOΣ, ò, the lupine.

θερμο-τράγέω, f. ήσω, (θέρμοε, τρώγω) to eat lupines. θερμ-ουργός, όν, (θερμός, \*έργω) doing bot and basty acts, rash, reckless, impetuous.

θέρμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) to warm, beat, make bot:—Pass. to grow bot.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) summer, summer-time: summerbeat: τὸ θέρος, absol., during summer; τοῦ θέρεος in the course of summer.

II. a barvest, a crop.

**ΘΕ**  $P\Omega$ , fut. θέρσω, to warm, beat:—Homer uses only Pass. **θ**έρομαι, with fut. med. θέρσομαι, 201. 2 έθέρην in subj. θερέω for θερῶ: to become warm, grow bot, warm oneself; πυρὸς θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire.

θές, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

θέσαν, Ερ. 3 pl. 20r. 2 of τίθημι.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημ.

θέστε, εωε, ή, (τίθημι) a setting, placing, arranging; επέων θέστε a setting of words in verse, poetry. II. a deposit of money, earnest-money. III. adoption as the child of some one; cf. θετόε. IV. (from Pass. τίθεσθαι) a being placed, position, situation. 2. a position or thesis to be proved. V. in metre the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (δρστε), in which it rises.

θέσ-κελος, ον, (θεός, έίσκω, ἴσκω) godlike: but generally, marvellous, wondrous, always of things, θεο-είκελος being used of persons; θέσκελα ἔργα works of wonder; neut. as Adv., ἔίκτο δὲ θέσκελον αὐτῷ he was wondrous like him.

θέσμιος Doi. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) according to law, lawful, legitimate: θέσμια, τά, as Subst. laws, customs, rites.

θεσμο-θέτης, ου, δ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) a lawgiver. II. the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the six junior archons: after their year expired they became members of the Areonagus.

θεσμο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (θεσμόε, ποιέω) to make laws. θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμόε, πολέω) conversant with laws or customs.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, δ: irreg. pl. θεσμά, τά: (τίθημ):—a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. institutum: a rute, form, institution.
2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called θεσμοί, because each began with the word θεσμός; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Hence θεσμοσύνη, ή, justice, like δικαιοσύνη.

θεσμοφόρια, ων, τά, (θεσμοφόροs) the Thesmophoria, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter Θεσμοφόροs: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. σω, to keep the Thesmophoria; al Θεσμοφοριάζουσαι, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, τό, the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρου.

θεσμο-φόροs, ον, (θεσμό», φέρω) law-giving: epith of Demeter, Lat. Ceres, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρω Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκοε, δ, mostly in pl, θεσμο-φύλακεε, like νομο-φύλακεε, guardians of the law, a magistracy at Elis. [v]

θεσ-πέστος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (θεόε, ἔποε) of the voice, divinely sweet. II. more than mortal or buman: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally = θεῖοε, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίη (sub. βουλῆ) as Adv., by the will of God. 2. wondrous, marvellous, excellent. 3. of anything sent by God, and so, awful, fearful. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. in divine manner; θεσπεσίωε ἐφόβηθεν they trembled unspeakably.

θεσπί-δάής, ε, (θεσπί, δαίω A) kindled by a god; θεσπίδαξε πῦρ supernatural, furious fire.

θεσπι-έπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσπιε, ξποε) prophetic. θεσπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, Ion. inf. θεσπιέειν: aor. I ξθέσπισα Dor –ιξα: (θέσπιε):—to declare by oracle,

prophesy, divine.
θεσπίξασα, Dor. for θεσπίσασα, Aor. 1 part. fem. of

 $\theta \in \sigma \pi \cos \theta$ ,  $\cos \theta = \theta \in \sigma \pi \in \sigma \cos \theta$ .

θέσ-πις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) inspired, prophetic, sarred.

II. = θείος II, divine, wondrous, awful.

θέσπισμα, ατος, τό, (θεσπίζω) an oracle.

θεσπιφδέω, f. ήσω, to sing in prophetic strain. From

θεσπι-ωδός, όν, (θέσπις, φίθή) singing in prophetic

strain, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, δ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ίδος, α Thessalian: also as Adj, Θεσσαλον σόφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people. θέσσασθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. I, of

which we find only 3 pl. θέσσαντο, part. θεσσάμενος.

(Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ον, (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic. θέσ-φάτος, ον, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, II. like  $\theta \in \hat{los}$ , made by God, divine.

Θετίδειον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From Θέτις, ιδος, ή, Thetis, one of the Nercids, wife of

Peleus, mother of Achilles. θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θετός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. adopted as one's child.

θεθ, Dor. and Ion aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ον. Dor. for θεόμορος.

θεῦς, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god. θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of  $\theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ .

θευ-φορία, ή, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕ'Ω Εp. also θείω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν πεδίοιο to run over the plain; περί τρίποδος θέειν to run for a tripod; περί ψυχης Εκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τον περί της ψυχής (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a III. of things which run in a conrolling stone. tinuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, άντυξ ή πυμάτη θέεν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεω, contr for θεάου, imperat. of θεάομαι.

 $\theta \in \omega \mu \in V$ , Ion. for  $\theta \hat{\omega} \mu \in V$ , I pl. aor. 2 subj. of  $\tau i$ -

θημι.

θεωρέω, f. ήσω, (θεωρύε) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to festivals. II. to be a θεωρόs or state contemplate, consider. ambassador to the oracle or at the games. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τουμών διμμα baving made my eyes behold; but see ¿wpéw. Hence

θεώρημα, ατοέ, τό, a sight, spectacle. thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced:

in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre. θεωρητικός, ή, όν, (θεωρέω) of or for speculation,

theoretic. θεωρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing:  $\theta \in \omega plas \in lv \in \kappa \in v$  for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflec-II. the sending of tempoi or state-ambastion. 'sadors to the oracle or games: also the body of  $\theta \epsilon \omega$ pol themselves. the office of θεωρόs. pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρικός, ή, όν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors ( $\theta \in \omega poi$ ). τα θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes. θεωρίς, ίδος, ή, with and without ναθε, a sacred ship

which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used

also for other state-purposes. From

 $\theta \in \omega \rho \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\theta \in \delta s$ ,  $\omega \rho a)$  a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:-the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, a, ον, Comp. of θεόs, more divine.

 $\Theta$ ηβα-γενής, ές, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θήβαθι, Adv. at Thebes.

Θήβαζε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘH BAI, ων, al, poet. also Θήβη, ή, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all.

 $\Theta$ ηβαι-γενής, ές, =  $\Theta$ ηβαγενής: and

Oηβαιεύς, έως Ion. έος, ό, ep. of Jove, the Theban:so Onβaios, a, ov, and Onβaikos, ή, όν, Theban.

Θηβαίs, ίδος, ή, (Θήβαι) the Thebass, i. e. territory II. the Thebard, a poem on the siege of Thebes. of Thebes.

Θήβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θήβαζε.

 $\Theta$ ήβη, v.  $\Theta$  $\hat{η}$ βαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes. θηγαλίος, a, ov, (θήγω) pointed, sharp.

act. sharpening

θηγάνη, ή, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ă]

 $\theta \eta \gamma \dot{\alpha} v \omega, = \theta \dot{\eta} \gamma \omega.$ 

ΘΗ ΓΩ, f. θήξω: aor, I έθηξα:-Pass., pf. τέθηγμαι .- to sharpen, whet :- Med., δύρυ θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. II metaph. to sbarpen, provoke, irritate.

θηείτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θαlouar:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. έθηείτο Ερ. θηείτο, Ion. 3 pl. έθηεύντο Ερ. θηεῦντο; ἐθηεύμεσθα Ιοη. t pl.; θηεύμενος Ιοη. part.: θηήσαιο, -αιτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.: cf θάομαι.

θήηs, Ep. for  $\theta \hat{\eta}$ s, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu i$ .

θηητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\upsilon}$ , Ion. for  $\theta$ εατής,  $(\theta \eta \hat{\epsilon} ο \mu \alpha \iota)$  one who gazes at, an admirer

θηητός, ή, όν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήιον, τό, Ep. for θείον, brimstone.

θήιοs, Ep. for θείοs, divine.

θηκα, Ep. aor. 1 of τίθημι.

Onkalos, a, ov, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἴκημα θηκαῖον a burial vault. From

θήκη, ή, (τίθημι) a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.

θηκτός, ή, όν, veib. Adj. of θήγω, sbarpened. θηλάζω, fut. άσω Dor. άξω: (θηλή):—to give suck, suckle. II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων sucking.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of  $\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda vs$ .

θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ήσω, (θηλή) to flourisb, abound; c. gen., λειμῶνες ἴου ήδε σελίνου θήλεον the meadows were rich with violets and parsley.

II. to make to bloom.

θηλή, ή, (τέθηλα) the part of the breast which gives

suck, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, ές, (θηλυς, γενέσθαι) of female sex. θηλύ-γλωσσος, ον, (θηλυς, γλώσσα) with woman's

ongue. θηλυδρίας, ου, ό, Ιοπ. -ίης, (θηλυε) an effeminate

θηλυδρι-ώδης, εs, (θηλυδρίας, είδος) of womanish kind, effeminate.

θηλυ-κράτής, ές, (θηλυς, κρατέω) swaying women. θηλυ-κτόνος, ον, (θηλυς, κτείνω) slaying by women's

bands.
θηλυ-μάνής, έε, (θήλυε, μανήναι) mad for women.
θηλυ-μελής, έε, (θήλυε, μέλοε) singing in soft

θηλυ-μίτρης, ου, ὁ, (θηλυς, μίτρα) with a woman's bead-dress: fem. θηλύμιτρις, ιδος, ὁ,  $\dot{\eta}$ .

θηλύ-μορφος, ον, (θηλυς, μορφή) woman-shaped. θηλύ-voos, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ουν, (θηλυς, νοῦς) of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. ὄνῶ: aor. I ἐθήλῦνα:—to make weak and womanish:—Pass. to become so.

θηλύ-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος,  $(\theta \hat{\eta} \lambda us, \pi o us)$ 

θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ές, (θῆλυς, πρέπω) befitting a woman. θῆλυς, εια,  $\nu$ , also fem. θῆλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλες, acc. θήλεὰν, pl. θήλεαι, -εαs: (τέθηλα):- of female sex, female, opp. to άρρην: θήλεια θεώς a goddess; θήλειαι ἵπποι mares. 2. generally, of or belonging to women; τ∂ θῆλυ the female sex. II. of things, I. fruiful, prolific, nourisbing. 2. tender, delicate: in bad sense, womanish, weak, effemate.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ον [v], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεραι θεαί or γυναίκες.

θηλύ-σπορος, ον, (θηλυς, σπείρω) born of woman; γέννα θηλίσπορος a race of females.

θηλύτερος, α, ον, ν. θηλυε sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θηλυε, τεκείν) bearing girls. θηλύ-φρων, ον, (θηλυε, φρήν) of woman's mind.

θηλυ-χίτων, gen. ωνος, δ, ή, (θηλυς, χιτών) with a woman's frock or dress. [7]

θημέρα, by crasis for τη ημέρα.

θήμετέρου, by crasis for του ήμετέρου.

θήμισυ, by crasis for το ήμισυ.

θημών, ῶνος, ὁ, (τίθημ) like θωμός, a beap.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely now; ἢ θην in very truth; ου θην surely not.

θηξάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of  $\theta \dot{\eta} \gamma \omega$ . θηρίο, Ep. for  $\theta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\varphi} \dot{\varphi}$ , 2 sing. opt. of  $\theta \dot{\eta} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\varphi} \dot{\varphi} \dot{\varphi} \dot{\varphi}$ .

OHP, θηρόs, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, δ, a wild beast, a beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as θήρ λέων. 2. any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) a bunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything.

II. in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ου, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) a hunter. , θήραμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that which is caught, prey,

θηράσιμος, ον, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

θηρατέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of θηράω, to be caught or won.

II. θηρατέον, one must catch or win.

θηρᾶτής, οῦ, ὁ, (θηράω) a bunter, bunter after. θηρᾶτικός, ή, όν, of or for the chase, devoted to bunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων the arts for winning

θήρῶτρον, τό, (θηράω) a thing to catch with, a net, trap. θηράω, f. άσω or θηράσομαι: (θήρα):—to bunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch. 2. metaph., like Lat. venari, to bunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly. II. the Med. θηρῶμαι is used in Act. sense, to bunt after, seek for: also in Pass. to be bunted, pursued.

 $\theta \hat{n} \rho \epsilon$ , dual nom. of  $\theta \hat{n} \rho$ .

θήρειος, ον, (θήρ) of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periphr. for δ θήρ, the centaur.

θήρεσσι, Ep. for  $\theta \eta \rho \sigma i$ , dat. pl. of  $\theta \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

θήρευμα, ατοs, τό, (θηρεύω) spoil, prey, game. II. bunting.

θήρευσις, εωε, ή, (θηρεύω) a bunting, the chase: metaph. a bunting after.

θηρευτής, οδ, ό, (θηρεύω) a bunter; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and buntsmen: also a fisher. Hence

θηρευτικός, ή, όν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες θ. hunting dogs, hounds: ή θηρευτική (with and without τέχνη), the art of hunting, the chase.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ) = θηράω, to bunt, run down, catch: to bit, strike: metaph. to bunt or seek after:—
Pass. to be bunted: also to be preyed upon.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θήρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ήρος, and θηρήτωρ, opos, δ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, a bunter.

θηριομάχέω, f ήσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight with wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, ov, fighting with wild beasts.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, a wild animal, beast; esp. of such as are bunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp. to birds and men.

III. as real Dim. of θήρ, a little animal.

III. as a term of reproach, beast! like Lat. bellua, & δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.

θηρι-ώδης, εε, (θηρίον, είδοε) full of wild beasts, infested by them, Lat. belluosus. II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

θηροβολέω, f. ήσω, to strike or kill wild beasts. From

θηρο-βόλος, ον, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts. θηρο-βότος, ον, (θήρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts.

θηρό-θυμος, ον, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, ον, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts. θηρ-ολέτης, ου, δ. (θήρ, ὅλλυμι) a slayer of beasts. θηρο-νόμος, ον, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-σκόπος, ον, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild

θηροσύνη, ή, (θήρ) bunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, ον, (θήρ, τεκείν) producing wild beasts. θηρο-τρόφος, ον, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild II. proparox. θηρότροφοs, pass. fed by beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (θήρ, \*φένω) slaying

wild beasts.

θηρσί, dat. pl. of  $\theta \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

θήρῶον, crasis for τὸ ἡρῶον.

 $\Theta H' \Sigma$ ,  $\theta \eta \tau \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , a serf or villain, who is bound to the soil, Lat. ascriptus glebae: also a bired labourer. They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other three being the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, ἱππεῖs, ζευγίται. This class took in all whose property in land yielded less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded from public service, but were employed as light-armed troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavyarmed. II. fem. θησσα Att. θηττα, ή, a labour-2. as Adj., θησσα τράπεζα a menial's fare. ing girl. θησαι, aor. I inf. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of θάομαι =  $\theta$ εάομαι. θησάμενος, aor. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, (θησαυρύς) to store or treasure up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence θησαύρισμα, ατος, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός,  $\dot{o}$ , (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up, II. a store or treasure-bouse: any retreasure. ceptacle for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησείον, τό, (Θησεύs) the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary for runaway slaves ΙΙ. τὰ Θησεία (sub. lepá), the festival of Theseus.

θησειs, θησώ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of τίθημι. θησείω, Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησέμεναι, θησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι. θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Oησεύs, έωs, δ, Theseus, the most famous of the heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler, Civiliser.)

θησθαι, pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσσα Att. θήττα, fem. of θήs.

θήσω, fut. of τίθημι.

θητεία, ή, (θητεύω) bired service.

θητεύω, f. σω, (θήs) to be a menial, serve for bire. θητικός, ή, όν, (θής) fit for menial service, menial. θηττα, Att. for θησσα.

-Ot, insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, αγρόθι, οἴκοθι, in the fields, at home. Like  $-\theta \epsilon \nu$ , it was originally a genitive termination, as in Ἰλιόθι πρό, ἢῶθι πρό

θτάσ-άρχης, ου, δ, (θίασος, άρχω) the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers.

θιασεία, ή, revelling. From

θίασεύω, (θίασος) to bonour with sacred revelry:-Pass., θιασεύεται ψυχάν be bas his soul imbued with Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΆΣΟΣ, δ, a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in bonour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company or troop. Hence

θίασόω, to make into a festive company.

θιάσως, Dor acc. pl. of θίασος.

θίασώτης, ου, ό, (θιασύω) the member of a company of revellers; c. gen., θιασώται τοῦ Έρωτος worship-

pers or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ- (which appears in aor. 2 and in te-tigi, pf. of tango): fut. Oifoμαι: aor. 2 ἔθτγον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less strong than απτομαι; then generally to touch: to touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγεῖν Ep. θιγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\theta$ ιγγάνω.

θίγημα, ματος, τό, (θιγείν) a touch.

 $\theta$ (ξομαι, fut of  $\theta$ (γγάνω.

**ΘΙ'Σ**, gen. θινό**s**, Ep. δ, later ή ·—a beap of sand on the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl. θίνεs, sand-beaps, sand-banks: - then any beap; θίνεs νεκρῶν beaps of dead; ὀστεόφιν θία a beap of 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; this κελαινά a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ὥs μου τὸν θίνα ταράττεις how thou troublest the very bottom of my heart.

θλαστός, ή, όν, crushed, bruised. From

 $\Theta \Lambda A' \Omega$ , inf.  $\theta \lambda \hat{a} \nu$ : fut.  $\theta \lambda \hat{a} \sigma \omega$  [ $\check{a}$ ]: aor. I  $\check{\epsilon} \theta \lambda \check{a} \sigma a$ Ep. θλάσσα:-Pass., pf. τέθλασμαι:-to crush, bruise, pound, bray.

 $\Theta$ **ΛΙ'Β** $\Omega$  [ $\bar{\imath}$ ]: fut.  $\theta$ λίψω: aor.  $\bar{\imath}$   $\tilde{\imath}\theta$ λιψα:—Pass, aor. Ι έθλίφθην, aor. 2 έθλίβην [τ]: pf. τέθλιμμαι: —to press, press bard, gall:—Med, θλίψεται ώμους be will rub bis shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress, afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένοs, bemmed in, confined, narrow. Hence

θλίψις, εως, ή, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph. oppression, affliction.

θνάσκω, Dor. for θνήσκω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θἄνοῦμαι, Ep. inf.  $\theta \alpha \nu \epsilon \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2  $\xi \theta \alpha \nu \sigma \nu$ , Ep. inf.  $\theta \alpha \nu \epsilon \epsilon \iota \nu$ : pf.  $\tau \in \theta \nu \eta \kappa a$ , whence syncop. pl.  $\tau \in \theta \nu \delta \mu \in \nu$ ,  $\tau \in \theta \nu \delta \tau \in \nu$ , τεθνάσι; imperat. τέθναθι; opt. τεθναίην; inf. τεθνάναι [ἄ] Ερ. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ἄ], rarely τεθναναι; part. τεθνεώς, τεθνεώσα, τεθνεώς (or τεθνεύς) Ερ. τεθνηώς, gen. ῶτος Ερ. also τεθνηότος; 3 pl. plapf. ἐτέθνἄσαν:—from τέθνηκα arose the Att. future forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:- to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior: - perf. τέθνηκα I bave died, am dead; so too aor. 2 έθανον I died, am dead; part. θανών dead, Lat. mortuus. II, metaph. of things, to die, perisb.

θνητο-γενής, ές, (θνητός, γενέσθαι) born of mortals, of mortal race.

θνητο-ειδής, ές, (θνητός, είδος) of mortal nature. θνητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν: Dor. θνατός, ά, όν, (θνήσκω):-mortal, opp. to ἀθάνατος; θνητοί mor-2. of things, befitting mortals, buman.

θοάζω, (θοόs) trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, 2. intr. to move oneself quickly, burry dispatch.

II. =  $\theta \dot{\alpha} \sigma \sigma \omega$ ,  $\theta \omega \kappa \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , to sit. along.

θοίματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἰματίδιον.

θοίμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἰμάτιον.

θοινάζω, (θοίνη) = θοινάω, to feast. Hence

θοίναμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θοινάτήρ, ήροε, δ, (θοινάω) a feaster.

θοινατήριος, ον, (θοινάω) of or for a feast.

θοινάτικός, ή, όν, (θοινάω) of or for a feast.

θοινάτωρ, ορος,  $δ_i = θοινατήρ [\bar{a}]$ 

θοινάω, f. ήσω, to feast on, eat. II. to feast, entertain: -- hence in Med. or Pass, with fut. med. θοινάσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐθοινήθην, pf. τεθοίναμαι:to feast: to feast on, eat. From

OOI'NH, ή, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: gene-

rally, food, provender.

θοινήτωρ, δ, Ion. for θοινάτωρ.

θοινίζω, f. σω, (θοίνη) to feast, entertain.

θοῖτο, for θεῖτο, 3 sing, 20r. 2 opt med. of τίθημι. θολερός, ά, όν, (θολός) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat. II. metaph. troubled turbidus, properly of water. by passion, turbid, agitated.

θολία, ή, (θόλος) a round bat to keep the sun off ΘΟ'ΛΟΣ, ή, a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined.

II. the dark juice of the  $\Theta O \Lambda O' \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , mud. cuttle-fish (sepia), which it emits to hide itself, Lat.

loligo. Hence

θολόω, f. ώσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like

Lat. perturbare, to trouble, disquiet.

θοός, ή, όν, (θέω) quick, active, ready; θοη νύξ quickly-passing night; bon bais a basty meal. sbarp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands

θοδω, f. ώσω, (θούs) to make sharp or pointed.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

θορείν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.

 $\theta \circ \rho \dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, = \theta \circ \rho \dot{\rho} s.$ 

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θρώσκω, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θορόs, δ, (θορείν) the semen genitale of the male.

θορούμαι, fut. of θρώσκω.

θορυβεῦσιν, Dor. 3 pl. of θορυβέω.

θορύβέω, f. ήσω, (θόρυβος) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence. I. to cheer. applaud. 2. to groan, murmur at one.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult :- Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence

θορύβητικός, ή, όν, inclined to riot, tumultuous. OO'PTBOZ, o, the noise of a crowded assembly, I. in token of approbation, applause, cheers 2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar, groaning.

θορών, aor. 2 part. of θρώσκω.

θοῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θούδωρ, θούδατος, by crasis for τὸ ὕδωρ, τοῦ ὕδατος. Θουριό-μαντις, εως, δ. (Θούριον, μάντις) a Thurian

prophet, generally a soothsayer. θούρις. ιδος, ή, fem. of sq.

θούρος, δ, (θορείν) leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager: -fem. θουρις, ίδος, mostly as epith. of άλκή, impetuous might; θουρίε ἀσπίε shield of impetuous warrior.

θόωκος, δ, Ep lengthd. from θῶκος, a seat. sitting, assembly.

θοῶs, Adv. of θοόs, quickly, soon.

Θράκη Ion. Θρηΐκη poet Θρήκη, ή, Thrace.

 $\Theta$ ράκιος, a, ον, Ion.  $\Theta$ ρηίκιος poet.  $\Theta$ ρήκιος,  $(\Theta$ ράξ) of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θρανεύω, f. σω, (θράνος) to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan: θρανεύσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, to be tanned.

θρανίον, τό, Dim of θρανος, a small bench, stool.

θρανίτης, ou, o, (θρανος) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτηs, [ī]

θρανίτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of θρανίτης.

OPANOΣ, δ, a bench, form esp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme.

Θράξ, Θρακός, δ; Ion. Θρήζξ, Θρήικος, poet. Θρήξ, Θρηκόε, a Thracian.

θράξαι, θράξον, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω. θράσεως, Adv. of θρασύς, boldly: Comp θρασύτερον,

Sup. -ύτατα.  $\Theta$ PA'ΣΟΣ, εος, τό, = θάρσος, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rashness, pre-

sumption, impudence. [ă] Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ή, Ion. and poet. Θρήσσα Dor. Opicooa, a Thracian woman.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. εω. Att. contr. from ταράσσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.

θράσύ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυιον) relying on strength of limb.

θράσυ-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύε, καρδία) bold of heart, stout-bearted.

θράσυ-μέμνων, ον, gen ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) bravely patient; cf. Méuvov.

θράσυ-μήδης,  $\epsilon s$ , (θρασύς, μήδος) bold of device, daring, resolute.

θράσύ-μητις, ιδος, ό, ή, (θρασύς, μητις) = θρασυμήδης. θράσυ-μήχάνος Dor. -μάχανος, ον, (θρασύε, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving.

θράσύ-μύθος, ον, (θρασύς, μύθος) bold of speech.

θρασύνω, f. ὅνῶ (θρασύs) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θρασύνεσθαί τινι to rely on one.

θράσυ-πόλεμος poet. θρασυπτόλεμος, ον, (θρασύε,

πόλεμοε) bold in war.

θράσύ-πονος, ον, (θρασύς, πόνος) bold at work. ΘΡΑΣΥΣ, εία, ύ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturous, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θρασύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (θρασύε, σπλάγχνον) bold-

bearted.

θράσυστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θράσυστομία, ή, licence of speech, insolence. From θράσύ-στομος, ον, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρασύτης, ητος, ή, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rasbness,

audaciousness. [v]

θράσύ-χειρ, χειρος, δ, (θρασύς, χείρ) ή, bold of hand. Θράττα, Att. for Θράσσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

θραυσ-άντυξ, ϋγος, δ, ή, (θραύω, ἄντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραισμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΩ, f. σω: aot. I ἔθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter.

II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

θρέξασκον, Ion. for ἔθρεξαν, 3 pl. aor. I of τρέχω. θρέξομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτειρα, ή, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτέος, έα, έον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτέον, one must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ῆροs, δ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριοs, ov, able to feed, feeding, nourisbing. II θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. 2. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρεττάνελό, a sound imitative of the cithara. θρέττε,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\tau \delta$  θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in

Ar. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἔνι μοι τὸ θρέττε the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, poët. for ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω. θρέψαιο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕ'Ω, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, sbriek out, wail, lament,

Θρηϊκίη, ή, Ep. for Θράκη.

Θρητικος, η, ον, Ερ. for Θρήκιος, Θράκιος.

Θρήϊξ, ϊκος, δ, Ion. for Θρήξ, Θρήξ. Θρήϊσσα, ή, Ion. for Θρήσσα, Θρήσσα.

Θρήκη, ή, Ion. for Θράκη. Hence Θρήκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρήκηνδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρήκιος, η, ον, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρηνέω, f. ήσω, (θρηνοι) to wail, lament, mourn: ἀοιδην θρηνείν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and

θρηνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , θρηνητής,  $\hat{o}\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , amourner, wailer. θρήνος,  $\delta$ , (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeralsong, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνυς, νος, δ, (θράνος) a footstool.
2. a beneb; θρήνυς ἐπταπύδης, the seven-foot bencb, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρήξ, ηκόε, δ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (θρησκεύω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκεύω, f. σω, (θρησκος) to observe religiously, bold scrupulously.

θρησκητη, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗ ΣΚΟΣ, ov, religious.

 $\Theta$ ρῆσσα, Ion. for  $\Theta$ ρῆσσα.

Θρταί, ῶν, αί, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρἴαμβεύω, f  $\sigma\omega$ , (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ή, όν, triumphal. From

θρίαμβος, δ, a bymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus.

II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκόε.

OPIΓΚΟ'Σ, δ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκὸς κυάνοιο a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finish.

II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θρίγκοω, f. ώσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλὴν ἐθρίγκωσεν ἀχέρδω be fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙ'ΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ή, lettuce, Lat. lactūca. [τ] θρίζω, poet. syncop. for θερίζω.

Θρΐν-ακία Ερ. -[η, η, and Θρῖν-ακρίς, ίδος, η, (θρῖνακ) the trident-land, sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  or  $\nu \hat{\eta} \sigma \sigma s$ , an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, ακος, δ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίε) a trident,

three-pronged fork.

 $\Theta$ PI'Ξ,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , gen. τριχύs, dat. pl. θριξί:—the bair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb., θρίξ ἀνὰ μέσσον only a bair's breadth off.  $\Theta$ PI'ON,  $\tau$ 6, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

OPIO∑, &, one of the reefs or little ropes on the

lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ήδεστος, ον, (θρίψ, έδω) worm-eaten. θρίψ, gen. θρίπός,  $\delta$ , (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ήσω, (θρόος) to cry aloud, sbrick forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟ'MBOΣ, δ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβ-ώδης, ες, (θρόμβος, είδος) curdled, cloued-

embroidered on cloth. II. later, θρόνα are flowers (Deriv. uncertain.) or berbs used as charms.

II. a chair of state. ΘPO'NOΣ, δ, a seat, chair. throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θροῦς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, II. a report, Lat. rumor. tumult, murmuring.

θρυαλλίδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυαλλίε. **ΘΡΥ ΑΛΛΙ Σ**, ίδοs, ή, a wick.

θρυλέω (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ήσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλημαι: (θρῦλος):-to make a noise, to keep bab-II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a bling. thing, make a great talk of :- Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρυλουμένον οι τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρῦλίζω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. iσω: (θρῦλοs):—to

make a false note in playing on the cithara

θρυλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces: -Pass. to be shivered; Ep aor. I θρυλίχθην. (Akın to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλοs), δ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥ'ON, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ή, όν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken; metaph. effeminate, enervated. From **ΘΡΥΊΤΩ**, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἔθρυψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense,  $\theta \rho i \psi o \mu a \iota$ : 201. 2  $\epsilon \tau \rho i \phi \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\nu}$ ]: pf. τέθρυμμα: - to break in pieces, crush: - Pass. to II. metaph. in Pass. to be be broken, crushed.

III. in Pass. also, to be enfeebled, enervated. affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαί τινι to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ή, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θοροῦμαι Ιοη. θορέομαι: aor. 2 έθορον, inf. θορείν Ep. θορέειν: -to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the hel-2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate.

θρωσμός, δ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of

a hill from the plain.

Θυβριάς, άδος, ή, and Θύβρις, ιδος, ή, =  $\Theta v \mu \beta$ -. ΘΥ ΓΑ'THP, ή, gen. θυγατέρος contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγάτέρι θυγατρί, acc. θυγάτέρα Ep. θύγατρα, voc. θύγατερ: a daughter. Hence

θύγατρίδη, ή, a daughter's daughter, grand-

daughter.

θύγατρίδους, οῦ, Ion. -ιδέος, έου, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl θυεία, ή, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns | tempest; πυρος θύελλαι storms of lightning; άτης  $\theta \dot{\nu} \epsilon \lambda \lambda a_i$  storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θύος.

θυη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύήεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fra-

θύηλή, ή, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ήσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices: -Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολία, ή, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγείν) consuming offerings. θυία or θύα [v], ή, (from θύω to smell): a sweetscented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar. θυῖαι,  $\hat{\omega}\nu$ ,  $\alpha$ i, = θνιάδεs.

θυιάς or θυάς, gen. άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύϊνος, η, ον, made of the wood of the tree θυία. θυίω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim of θύλακος, a small bag.

 $\Theta \Upsilon' \Lambda \Lambda' KO \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a bag, pouch, commonly of lea-II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern ther. nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence θύλημα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. |v|

θυμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγκαρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ανω, (θυμός) to be wroth or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ές, (θυμός, άλγέω) beart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ωπος, ό, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a bot coal or ember.

θυμαρέω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-άρης  $[\bar{a}]$ , ες, (θυμός, άρ-αρε $\hat{i}$ ν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

**ΘΥ'MBPA**, ή, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, ον, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δειπνον) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάs, άδοs, ή, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θύμβρις, ιδος, ή, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγείν) eating the berb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμέλη, ή, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. in the Athen, theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικόs, ή, όν, of or for the thymelé, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ήσω, (θύμος, άγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ές, (θύμος, ήδος) well-pleasing, dear. θυμίαμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιατήριον Ιοπ. -ητήριον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censer. θυμιάω, f. άσω, [ā]: Ion. 20r. ι ἐθυμίησα: (θυμα, θύελλα, ή. (θύω) a storm, a burricane, whirlwind, | θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμιηται, for -αται, to be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [τδ] θυμίημα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμιήται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμιάω.

θυμιητήριον, τό, Ion. for θυμιατήριον.

θύμινος, η, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [v] θύμίτης, ου, δ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ές, (θυμός, βαρός) beavy at beart.

θυμοβορέω, f. ήσω, to gnaw or vex the beart. From θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) beart-eating.

θῦμο-δακής, ές, (θυμός, δακεῖν) biting the heart. θυμο-ειδής, ές, (θυμός, είδος) high-spirited, coura-

geous, Lat. animosus. II. bot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θυμο-λέων, οντος, ό, (θυμός, λέων) lion-bearted.

θῦμό-μαντις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μάχεω, f. ήσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, ές, (θυμός, πληθος) wrathful.

θυμο-ραϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (θυμός, ἑαίω) life-destroying. θυμός, ὁ, (θώ) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμόν ἀφελέσθαι, ὀλέσαι to take away, destroy the life.

11. the soul, heart, Lat. animus; ἀνάγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμόν after my heart's destre; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's destre; ἐκ θυμοῦ το θυμῷ φιλέειν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most precious to my soul.

2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage.

III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαίζετο θυμός bis mind or purpose wavered.

θυμοσοφικός, ή, όν, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θυμό-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθορέω, f. ήσω, to break the heart. From θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying; θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs: of persons, beart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμόω, f. ώσω, (θυμόs) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. - ώσομαι, aor. I έθυμωσάμην and έθυμώθην: pf. τεθύμωμαι:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; το θυμούμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ες, = θυμοειδής.

θυμωθείς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμόω.

θύμωμα, ατος, τό, (θυμόω) wrath, passion. [v]

 $\theta \bar{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} (\omega) = \theta \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \omega$ .

θυννάζω, f. άσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fisb: to strike with a harpoon.

θύννειος, a, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θυννευτικός, ή, όν, fit for tunny-fishing. From θύννος, δ, (θύνω, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. thunnus.

θυννοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυννο-σκόπος, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θυνν-ώδης, ες, (θύννος, είδος) like a tunny-fish, simple. θύννως, Dor. for θύννους, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [v]

θύο-δόκος, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύδεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant. θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θυία.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part. θύων.

θύος, εος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύοσ-κέω, (θύος, κέω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

θύοσκόος, ou, δ, the sacrificing priest.

θύόω, f. ώσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass. έλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, η, Germ. THUR, our DOOR; θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖε θύραιε at the doors, i.e. close at band.

2. the door of a catriage.
βύρη καταπακτή α trap-door.

II. generally, an entrance, access.

III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft.

θύραζε, for θύρασδε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. for as, out;  $\epsilon \kappa$  μηροῦ δόρυ ὧσε θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ηθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; of θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖοs οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖοs ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρεε θυραῖοι stranger men; ὅλβοι θυραῖοι the good fortune of other men.

θύρδσι, -σιν, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θυραυλέω, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θυραυλία, ή, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αὐλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θυρέ-ασπις, ιδος, ή, (θυρεύς, ἀσπίς) a large shield. θυρεός, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut.

II. a large oblong shield, Lat. scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

θύρη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θίραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύρίδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window. θύροκοπτω, f. ήσω, to break a door open. From θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θυρόω, f. ώσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοᾶν, (θύρσοε) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μανήs, έs, (θύρσοs, μανηναι) raving with the

thyrsus.

θύρσος, δ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in 1vy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing. θυρσο-χαρής, ές, (θύρσος, χαρηναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρωμα, ατος, τό, (θυρόω) a room with doors to II. a door with its frame.

θύρων, ωνος, δ, (θύρα) the door-way: a ball, ante-

chamber, Lat. atrıum, vestibulum. θύρωρός, δ, ή, (θύρα, ώρα) a door-keeper, porter. θθσαι, aor. I inf of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed.

θύσἄνος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the alvis. [v]

θύσανωτός, ή, όν, (θυσανόω) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, ων, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship

θύσία, ή, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar. θύστμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [v]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ερ. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, άδος, ή, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστάδες λιταί the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσώ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θυτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θύτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\hat{o}$ , (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θὕτήριον, τό, =  $θ \hat{v} \mu a$ 

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of  $\tau \dot{\nu} \phi \omega$ .

 $\Theta \Upsilon'$ Ω (A), fut. θύσω [ $\bar{v}$ ]: 201. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ θ $\bar{v}$ σα: pf.  $\tau \hat{\epsilon}$ θ $\bar{v}$ κα: —Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:—Pass., 201. I ἐτύθην [v]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense: -to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοίs to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμουε θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν έκατὸν βοῦε to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence to take the auspices.

 $\Theta \Upsilon \Omega$  (B), f.  $\theta \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega$  [ $\bar{v}$ ], like  $\theta \dot{\nu} \nu \omega$ ,  $\theta \nu \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along:

generally, to storm, rage.

θυ-ώδης, εs, (θύος, είδος) like incense, sweet-smelling. θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θυόω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

 $\theta \hat{\omega}$ ,  $\theta \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\theta \hat{\eta}$ , 20r. 2 subj. of  $\tau i \theta \eta \mu u$ .

θωή, ή, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή 'Αχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θῶκος, Ep. lengthd. θόωκος, δ, Ion. for θᾶκος, a seat, cbair. II. a sitting, assembly; θωκόνδε to the sitting.

θώμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for  $\theta a \nu \mu$  -.

 $\Theta\Omega$ MIF $\Xi$ ,  $\iota\gamma\gamma$ os,  $\delta$ , a cord, string, esp. a bowstring. θωμίζω, f ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θώμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ήμισυ, the balf. θωμός, δ, (τίθημι) a beap.

θωπεία, ή, (θωπεύω) a flattering, flattery.

θώπευμα, ατος, τό, (θωπεύω) a piece of flattery, a

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θώπευμα, a bit of flattery. θωπεύω, f. σω, (θώψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle. θωπικός, ή, όν, (θώψ) fawning, flattering.

θώπλα, crasis for τὰ ὅπλα.

θώπτω, f. ψω, = θωπεύω. θωράκεῖον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to sheath in armour, cover with armour.

θωράκο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\theta \omega \rho \alpha \xi, \pi o \iota \epsilon \omega)$  making breastplates. θωρακο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wear-

ing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, āκοs, Ion. θώρηξ, ηκοs, δ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλόος θώρηξ a double currass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica. 2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest. II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οῦ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θώρηξ, ηκος, δ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for

 $\theta\omega\rho\eta\xi\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ , aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, barness:-Pass. θωρήσσομαι, f. –ξόμαι: 20τ. I ξθωρήχθην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk: -- Med. to get drunk. Hence θωρηχθείς, θωρηχθήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf.

 $\Theta\Omega'\Sigma$ ,  $\theta\omega\delta s$ ,  $\delta$  or  $\eta$ , the jackal.

θωϋκτήρ, ήρος, ό, (θωύσσω) a barker, roarer.

θωθμα, θωυμάζω, θωυμάστος, θωυμάστης, θωυμαστός, less correct Ion. forms for θῶμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θωύσσω, f. εω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a gnat, to buzz, bum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:-c. acc. to call on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπόs, δ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

## I

1, I lora, 76, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, i' = 10, but i = 10,000.

The  $\iota$  subscriptum was always adscriptum or written by the side, not under (as  $\tau \hat{\omega}_{\iota}$ , not  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as  $T\Omega I$ .

 $\overline{\iota}$  was easily exchanged with  $\epsilon_{\iota}$ , whence forms like  $\epsilon \hbar \lambda \omega$   $\hbar \lambda \lambda \omega$ ,  $\epsilon \hbar \lambda \eta$   $\hbar \lambda \eta$ :  $\overline{\iota}$  was sometimes exchanged with  $\epsilon_{\iota}$  as  $\epsilon \sigma \tau i \alpha$   $i \sigma \tau i \eta$ : but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in  $\epsilon i \nu$   $\epsilon i \nu$   $\epsilon i \nu$   $\epsilon \nu$   $\epsilon$ 

The Quantity of a varies.

-ί, iota demonstrativum, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e.g. οὐτοσί, αὐτηΐ, τουτί, Lat. bicce, baecce, bocce, ἐκεινοσί, όδί, τουτογί, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as οὐτωσί, ἀδί, ἐνθαδί. Those that end in σί take the ν ἐφελκιστικών before a vowel, as οὐτοσίν, ἐκεινοσίν, οὐτωσίν. I all these, the last syll is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult is shortened, e.g. αὐτῆί, οὐτοῖί.

'ΙΑ' Ιου. ἰή, ή, = βοή, a voice, cry.

ἴα, ἰῆς, ἰῆ, ἴαν, old Ion. fem. of  $\epsilon \hat{l}$ s for  $\mu$ ία,  $\mu \hat{a}$ s, etc. ἰά,  $\tau$ ά, πreg. pl. of  $\hat{l}$ όs, an arrow.  $[\bar{l}]$ 

ία, τά, pl. of ἴον, a violet.

ιαθήσομαι, fut. pass. of lάομαι.

iai, exclam. of triumph.

laiβoî, strengthd. form of alβoî, to express disgust. 'IAI'NΩ, fut. lάνῶ: aor. I ἵηνα: aor. I pass. lάνθην:
—to warm, beat.
2. to melt, soften by heat. metaph., θυμὸν lαίνειν to melt the heart.
3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

Ίακχάζω, (Ίακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

Ίακχέω, f. ήσω, = Ίακχάζω.

"Ιακχος,  $\delta$ , (iάχω) Iaccbos, mystic name of Bacehus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ίᾶλεμίζω Ion. ἰηλ-, f. ίσω, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence ἰᾶλεμίστρια Ion. ἰηλ-, ή, a wailing woman.

iάλεμος [ā] Ion. iήλεμος, δ, (lá) a wail, lament, dirge.

II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

lάλλω, f. lάλω: aor. I lηλα, inf. lηλαι:—to send forth; èn' ὀνείατα χείρας ίαλλον they put forth their hands to the dishes; περί χειρί δεσμόν ίηλα Ι put chains on thy hands.

2. to attack, assaul; ἀτιμίησων lάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults.

5 send.

II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτύν), to send oneself on, to flee, run, burry. [l] Hence

iaλτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ίδμα Ion. ίημα, ατος, τό, (lάομαι) a means of bealing, treatment, remedy.

laμβεῖος, ον, (laμβος) in iambics; τὸ laμβεῖον iambic verse.

laμβιάζω, f. άσω, and laμβίζω, f. ίσω, (ίαμβοε), to assail in iambics: generally, to lampoon.

"IAMBOΣ, δ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long syll., as εγω. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

'Iáv, δ, pl. 'Iâνεε, contr. for 'Iáων, 'Iáωνεε, an Ionian. Ιάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of Ιαίνω.

'IA'OMAI, fut. lάσομαι Ion. lήσομαι: aor. I lασάμην Ion. lησάμην: Dep.:—to beal, cure: metaph. to remedy, beal, correct. II. aor. I lάθην [ā], and pf. lāμαι, in pass. sense, to be bealed, to recover.

'Iāovaθ, barbarism for the vocat. of 'Iάων.

'Iάονες, pl. of 'Ιάων.

TAΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; lάπτειν δρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, burt.

II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to rush, burry, speed.

'IA'IITE Ion. 'Iηπυξ, υγος, ό, the north-west or

west-north-west wind.

'Iás, άδοs, ή, Adj. fem. of Ίων, Ionic.
Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman.
γλῶσσα οτ διάλεκτοs), the Ionic dialect.

taσt, 3 pl. pres. of είμι ibo.

ίασι, for ίέασι, 3 pl. of ίημι.

lάσιμος, ον, (lάσμαι) admitting of cure, remediable:
—appeasable.

taois Ion. inois,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(lao \mu a \iota)$  a cure, remedy.

"IAZIII'Z, toos, \u00e0, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἰαστί, Adv. (ʾIás) in the Ionic fashion or dialect. Ἰασώ, gen. oos, contr. oûs, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) Iāso, the goddess of healing and health.

lāτήρ Ep. lητήρ, ηρος, δ, poet. for laτρός, a chirurgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [1]

iâto, 3 sing. impf. of láouai.

ίατορία, ή, (lάτωρ) the art of medicine.

lāτόs, ή, όν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ίατρείον, τό, (ἰατήρ) a surgery.

ἰατρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (ἰατρός) of or for the art of healing:  $\dot{\eta}$  laτρικ $\dot{\eta}$  (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of healing. ἰατρό-μαντις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἰατρός, μάντις) the physician-

seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

larpós Ion. lητρόs, ὁ, (láoμαι) = laτήρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., laτρὸs κακῶν, ὀργῆs, etc., a bealer.

ιατρο-τέχνης, ου, ο, (ιατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of

the bealing art.

ιαττάταί, ιαττάταιάξ, Interj. ab, woe is me!

lάτωρ, opos, δ, Ion. lήτωρ, poët. for lατρόs. [lā] laū, a shout in answer, bo l bolla!

lavoi, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [i]

laύω, f. σω: 20τ. I ἴαυσα: (αἴω):—to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place:—laύειν πόδα to rest the foot.

i-αφέτης, ου, δ, (lós, ἀφίημι) an archer. [I]

lάφθην, aor. I pass. of lάπτω.

laxalos, a, ov,  $(la\chi\eta)$  glad-sounding.

 $l\ddot{\alpha}\chi\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , =  $l\dot{\alpha}\chi\omega$ , to shout, cry aloud.

 $la\chi\dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, (l\dot{\alpha}\chi\omega) \ a \ cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [ta]$ 

lάχημα, ατος, τό, (laχέω) a cry, shout. [la]

ίάχω, f. laχήσω: pf. laxa, fem. part. laxvia: (lá):

--to cry, sbout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim.

II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to biss. [ta]

'Ιάων, ονος, δ, Ep. for 'Ιων, an Ionian.

τβιε, gen. Ion. Ϊβιοε Att. Ίβιδοε, acc. Ϊβιν, ἡ, the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

'ΠΔΗ or ίγδις, ή, a mortar.

ίγμαι, part. ίγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

lyrún, ή, (γύνυ) the bollow or hinder part of the knee, Lat. poples. [v]

 $[\gamma \nu \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\mathbf{s}}, \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\mathbf{o}} \hat{\mathbf{s}} ], \hat{\mathbf{\eta}}, = l \gamma \nu \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\mathbf{\eta}}, \text{ acc. } l \gamma \nu \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\mathbf{a}} \text{ or } l \gamma \nu \hat{\mathbf{v}} \hat{\mathbf{v}}.$ 

"Îδα Ion. "Îδη, ἡ, Ida, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse. 2. timber; ἴδη ναυπηγήσιμοs timber for ship-building. [τ]

ίδάλιμος, ον, (ίδος) causing sweat.

ίδέ, Ion for ήδέ, and. [1]

ίδε or lδε, imperat. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω, lo, be-bold. [γ]

ίδε, Ep. 3 sing. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω. [1]

Ιδέα Ion. -έη, ή, (ίδεῶν) form.
 2. generally, the look or appearance of a thing, as opp. to its reality,
 Lat. species.
 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [1]

ίδειν Ep. ίδέειν, inf. of είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω.

ίδέσθαι, inf. med. of είδον, 201. 2 of \*είδω.

ιδέσκον, Ion. for είδον, aor. 2 of \*είδω. [t]

ίδέω, Ion. subj. of είδον, 20r. 2 of \*είδω.

ἴδηαι, Ep. 2 sing. of  $\epsilon$ ἰδόμην, aor. 2 med. of \* $\epsilon$ ἴδω. [ $\tilde{l}$ ] lδησώ, for  $\epsilon$ lδήσω, Dor. fut. of \* $\epsilon$ ἴδω. [ $\tilde{l}$ ] lδία, v. sub  $\tilde{l}$ διο.

ίδιαίτερος, ίδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ίδιος,

totatrepos, totatraros, Comp. and Sup. of totos, formed from lδία.

iδιο-βουλεύω, f. σω, (ίδιοs, βουλεύω) to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way.

"IAIOΣ, a, ov, Att. also os, ov: one's own, personal, private, Lat. privus, privatus: opp. to public (δημόσιος).

2. one's own, opp. to άλλότριος; τὸ ίδιον or τὰ ίδια private property or concerns.

3. pecu-

or τὰ ίδια private property or concerns.

3. peculiar, separate, distinct: hence strange.

II. dat.

lδία is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσία; lδία

πρενόε away from one's senses.

2. on one's own

account.

III. irreg. Comp. and Sup ἰδιαίτεροε,

lδαίτατοε (formed from lδία).

ίδιο-συγκρίσία, ή, (ΐδιος, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or babit of body, idiosyncrasy.

ίδίω, f. ίσω [i]: aor. I ίδισα: (ίδοι):—to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually ίδρόω.

idios, Adv. of idios, privately.

ίδιωτεία, ή, (ίδιώτης) private life, a business.

ίδιωτεύω, f. σω, to live as a private man. II. to

who has; laτρòs καl lδιώτης a mediciner or an unprofessional man; ποιητὴς ἡ lδιώτης a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in a thing.
2. an ill-informed, common-place fellow.

III. lδιῶται one's countrymen, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ιδιωτικός, ή, όν, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public. 2. commonplace, trivial,

awkward.

ίδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for  $i\sigma\mu\epsilon\nu$ , 1 pl. of oloa. II.

Ep. for είδέναι, inf. of οίδα.

ίδμεναι, Ep. for είδεναι, inf. of οίδα.

ίδμοσύνη, ή, knowledge, skill. From

ίδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴδμεναι = εἰδέναι) practised, skilled, versed in a thing.

TΔNO'Ω, f. ώσω, to crook, bend:—Pass. to double oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

ίδνώθην, aor. I pass. of ίδνόω.

ίδοιατο, Ion. for ἴδοιντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of \*ϵἴδω. ἰδοῖσα, Dor. for ἰδοῦσα, aor. 2 part fem. of \*ϵἴδω. ἴδον, Ep. for ϵἶδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of \*ϵἴδω.

\*IΔΟΣ, εος, τό, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent heat. 18οῦ, imperat. med. of είδον. II. as Adv. written 18οῦ, lo! bebold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there! 2. well! as you please! 3. ironically in repeating another's words, ίδοῦ γ' ἄκρατον yes to be sure, sheer wine.

ίδρεία Ion. ίδρείη οτ ίδρίη [I], ή, (ἴδριs) knowledge, practice, skill; ίδρείη πολέμοιο skill in war.

ἴδρις, gen. ἴδριος Att. ἴδρεως, ό, ή, neut. ἴδρι, (ἴδμεναι, = εἰδέναι) experienced, skilful: as Subst., ἴδρις the provident creature = μύρμηξ, the ant.

ίδρόs, δ, poet. for ίδρώs. [τ] Hence

ίδρόω, f. ώσω, to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like  $\dot{\rho}_i \gamma \dot{\rho}_i \omega$ , is contracted into  $\omega$  and  $\dot{\varphi}$  instead of ou and oι (as if it were  $i\delta \dot{\rho} \dot{\omega} \dot{\phi}_i$ ), hence 3 pl. pres.  $i\delta \dot{\rho} \dot{\omega} \dot{\sigma}_i$ , 3 sing. opt.  $i\delta - \rho \dot{\phi} \eta$ , fem. part.  $i\delta \dot{\rho} \dot{\omega} \dot{\sigma} ai$ .

ἴδρῦμα, τό, (ἰδρύω) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; ἴδρυμα πόλεωs the stay, support of the city, like Lat. column rerum.

ίδρύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ίδρύω.

Ιδρῦτέον, verb. Adj. of Ιδρύω, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue. II. pass. οὐχ Ιδρυτέον one must not sit still, loiter.

ίδρω, ίδρω, Ep. for ίδρωτα, ίδρωτι, acc. and dat. of sacred things. ίδρώς.

ίδρώην, opt. of ίδρόω.

ίδρώς, ῶτος, δ: Ep. dat. and acc. ίδρφ, ίδρῶ: (Ιδος): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum. II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ίδρῶσαι, pres. part. fem. of ίδρόω.

ίδυῖα, ή, Ep. for εἰδυῖα, part. fem. of οἶδα (v. \*εἴδω), in phrase ίδυίησι πραπίδεσσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ίδω Ep. ίδωμι, aor. 2 subj. of \* είδω.

ίδων, ίδοῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of \*εἴδω.

[ε, [εν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of είμι ibo.

lei, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of lημι (as if from leω). leiη, Ep. for ioι, 3 sing. opt. of είμι ibo.

leis, leiσa, lév, pres. part. of ίημι.

leîσι, 3 pl. of ιημι.

ίεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ίημι

ίέμεν, ίεμέναι, Ep. for Ιέναι, inf. of ίημι.

léμενοs, η, ον, pres. part. pass. of ίημι.

lev, Aeol. for leσav, 3 pl. impf. of lnμι. iévaι, pres. inf. of είμι ibo.

léval, pres. inf. of in \mu.

lepakloros, δ, Dim. of lépat, a small bawk.

ΤΕΡΑΞ, ακος, Ion. ίτρηξ contr. τρηξ, ηκος, δ, α bawk, falcon.

ίεράομαι Ion. ip-, Pass. (ίερόs) to be a priest or fashion.

priestess.

lepāτεία, ή, (lepατεύω) the priest's office, priesthood. lepáτευμα, ατος, τό, (iepāτεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.

lepūτεύω, f. σω, (iepeús) to be priest or priestess. ίέρεια Ion. ίρεια, ή, fem. of ίερεύς, a priestess.

lepelov Ion. lepήlov or lpήlov, τό, (lepós) a victim,

sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal. lepeus, έως Ion. lpeus, ησε, δ, (lepos) a priest,

sacrificer. lépeuro, for lepevero, 3 sing. impf. pass. of

lepeύω Ion. lpeύω, f. σω, (iepós) to offer, sacrifice. to kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

leρή, ή, = lέρεια.

lepήϊον, τό, Ion. for lepelov.

lepía, ή, Att. poët. form of léρεια.

lepo-γλύφικός, ή, όν, (lepós, γλύφω) bieroglypbic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters. ίερο-γραμματεύς, έως, ό, (ίερός, γραμματεύς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

lepo-δόκος, ον, (lepόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices. lepo-θύτος, ον, (lepo's, θύω) sacrificed to a god; leρόθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.

lepo-λογέω, (lepós, λέγω) to discuss sacred things. ίερο-λογία Ιου. Ιρολογίη, ή, mystic language. lepo-μηνία, ή, or lepo-μήνια, τά, (leρόs, μήν or μήνη) the boly moon, or the boly-day of the month. ίερομνημονέω, f. ήσω, to be ίερομνήμων. From **ἰερο-μνήμων**, ονος, δ, (ἱερός, μνήμων) mindful of

II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphictyonic state to their Council along with the πυλαγόραs.

**ξερόν**, τό, ν. ξερό**s** 11.

lepo-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (ἱερός, νῖκάω) conqueror in the games. lepo-ποιός, όν, (ίερός, ποιέω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the *lεροποιοί* were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemisb.

lepo-πρεπής, ές, (lepós, πρέπω) beseeming a sacred

place, person or matter: boly, reverend.

'IEPO'Σ, ά, όν, also όs, όν: Ion. and Ep. also iρόs, η, όν:-of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. boly, ballowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; leρds καὶ ὅσιος sacred and profane; v. sub ὅσιοs. 1. ίερόν Ιοη. ίρόν, τό, a temple. Subst.: lepá Ion. lpá, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: lepà ρέζειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. III. special phrases: Ι. ἱερὰ νύσος. the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. 2. h lepà odos the sacred road to tbe epilepsy. Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis.

ίερὰ τριήρηs the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos. lepó-στεπτος, ον, (lepóν, στέφω) wreathed in boly

leροσυλέω, f. ήσω, (leρόσυλοs) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ίεροσῦλία, ή, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

ίερό-σύλος, ον, (ίερον, συλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sa-

leρουργέω, f. ήσω, (leρουργόs) to perform sacred rites; ιερουργείν το εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel. Hence

ίερουργία Ion. ίροεργίη, ή, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

lep-oupyos, όν, (lepós, έργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

leροφαντέω, f. ήσω, to be an initiating priest. From ίερο-φάντης Ion. ίρ-, ου, ό, (ίερός, φαίνω) one wbu expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence ίεροφαντικός, ή, όν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. –κω̂s.

ίερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (ίερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v] **ἰερό-χθων** Ion. **ἰρ-,** ὁ, ἡ, (ἱερώs,  $\chi$ θών) of ballowed soil.

ίερόω, f. ώσω, (iερύs) to ballow, dedicate.

lep-ώνυμος, ον, (iepós, őνομα) of boly name.

leρωστί, (leρόs) Adv. in boly manner, piously. ίερωσύνη Ion. ip-, ή, (ίερός) the office of priest, priestbood: a priest's salary.

lέσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of ίημι. ie0, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!

iζάνω, (ίζω) Causal, to make to sit, seat.

2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. | nuine, of the good old stock. intr. to sit. sidere.

"IZ $\Omega$ , impf. Ifor Ion. If  $\epsilon \sigma \kappa o \nu$ : for the aor. 1, v. είσα: later fut. ίζήσω, 201. Ι ίζησα: I. Causal. to make to sit: see €Îσa. II. intr. to sit, sit down: ίζειν ès θρόνον to take one's seat: ίζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ίζομαι also occurs in same sense; ίζεσθαι έν τῶ Τηυγέτω or ès τὸ Τηύγετον to take post at 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. Taygetus. siděre.

in, io! exclam. of joy. [i]

iή, ή, Ion. for iá, voice, sound.

ifios, a, ov, also os, ov, (if) wailing, mournful, plaintive; l'hios Boá a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry in.

ίηλα, inf. ίῆλαι, aor. I of ἰάλλω.

ίήλεμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμίστρια, Ion. for iάλεμ-.

"iημα, τό, = "iαμα."

ίημι, ίηε, ίησι, 3 pl iaσι or leiσι; imperat. ίει; subj. ίω; opt. leinv; inf. lévai Ep. léμεναι or léμεν; part. ieis:—impf. "ην, Aeol. 3 pl. "εν:—fut. ήσω:—aor. 1 used in compds.; imperat. εs, subj. ω, opt. είην, inf. είναι, part. είε:--pf. είκα: plqpf. είκειν. Pass. and Med., pres. ιέμαι: impf. ιέμην: aor. I pass. έθην, also  $\epsilon l\theta \eta \nu$ : aor. I med  $\eta \kappa \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ : aor. 2 med.  $\epsilon \ddot{\iota} \mu \eta \nu$  or  $\ddot{\epsilon} \mu \eta \nu$ : pf. pass. είμαι: plqpf. είμην. Causal of είμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, utter, emit. send, let fly, throw, burl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that "\u03c4\ 4. of water, to seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός έπὶ γαιαν ιησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., κάδ δὲ κάρητος ἡκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. léuevos, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπεὶ πόσιος καὶ ἐδητύος ἐξ ἔρον ἕντο when they bad put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink. inva, aor. i of  $laiv\omega$ .

Ίη-παιήων, ονος, δ, epith. of Apollo from the cry lη παιάν: also a bymn sung to him. Hence

ίη-παιωνίζω, f. ίσω, to cry in παιών οι παιάν! iήσασθαι, Ion. 20r. I inf. of lάομαι.

inσι, Ep. for iη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of είμι ibo.

inor, 3 sing. pres. ind. of inμι. inoupos, inous, Ion. for lao-.

Inσουs, οῦ, dat. also οῦ, acc. οῦν, Greek form of the Hebrew Joshua, Saviour.

ίητήρ, ήρος, δ, Ion. for laτήρ.

ίητορίη, ίητρός, ίήτωρ, Ion. for lat-.

ίθα-γενής poët. ίθαιγενής, ές, (ἰθύς, γένος) of bonest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge- leaves in turber sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to δρυκτά.

'ΙΘΑ'ΚΗ, ή, Itbăca, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

'Ίθάκηνδε, Adv. to Itbaca: and

Ίθακήσιος, a, ov, of Ithaca, an Ithacan.

 $i\theta \in \mathbf{a}, \dot{\eta}$ , Ion. fem. for  $i\theta \in i\alpha$ , v.  $i\theta \circ s \in [\bar{\imath}]$ 

iθέωs, Adv. of iθύs, directly, straight, Lat. recta via. (θ), imperat. of είμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ίθμα, ατος, τό,  $(\epsilon l \mu \iota)$  a step, movement

ίθύ, neut. of *lθύs*, used as Adv., like *lθέωs*.

ίθυ-δίκης, ου, δ, (ιθύς, δίκη) giving simple justice. ίθυ-δρόμος, ον, (ίθύς, δραμείν) straight-running.  $i\theta \dot{v} - \theta \rho i \xi$ ,  $\tau \rho i \chi o s$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $(i\theta \dot{v} s$ ,  $\theta \rho i \xi) straight-barred,$ 

opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [τθ]

ίθυμαχία, ή, a fair, stand-up fight. From ίθυ-μάχος, ον, (ἰθύε, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and bonestly.

iθύ-voos, ον, (iθύs, νόοs) bonest.

ιθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ιθέως, most straight, most

rightly.

ίθύνω, f. ὄνω: aor. ἴθῦνα:—Pass, aor. 1 ἰθύνθην:— Ion. and Ep. for εὐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:-Pass. to become straight or even; τω δ' ίθυνθήτην they ran even with one another. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ιθύνειν ίππους to drive the horses straight: - Pass. of a boat, to be guided, 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, steered. correct: also to chastise.

ίθυ-πόρος, ον, (ιθύς, πορεύομαι) going straight on. ίθυ-πτίων, ωνος, δ, ή, (ίθύς, πέτομαι) straight-flying,

of an ashen spear-shaft.  $\lceil \tau \overline{\iota} \rceil$ 

'ΙΘΥ'Σ,  $i\theta\epsilon\hat{i}\alpha$ ,  $i\theta\dot{\nu}$ , Ion, fem.  $i\theta\dot{\epsilon}\alpha$ : Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εὐθύς: - of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ιθύτερος, ιθύτατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem.  $\tau \eta \nu i \theta \epsilon i a \nu$  (sub.  $\delta \delta \delta \nu$ ), straight on, Lat. recta via: so, ἐκ τῆs lθείηs, straightforward, openly. II. as Adv., iθύs or lθύ, straight at, straight towards; ίθὺε μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway.

ίθύς, ύος, ή, Homer only in acc. lθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also dv' ίθύν, = ἀν' ὀρθόν, straight upwards. [ī]

ίθυ-τενής, ές, (ἰθύς, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [ī]

 $i\theta\dot{\upsilon}$ -rovos,  $o\nu$ ,  $(i\theta\dot{\upsilon}s$ ,  $\tau\epsilon\dot{\iota}\nu\omega) = i\theta\upsilon\tau\epsilon\nu\dot{\eta}s$ .

ίθύ-τρίχες, οί, αί, plur. from ἰθύθριξ.

 $i\theta\dot{\nu}\omega$ , f.  $\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$ : aor. I  $i\theta\bar{\nu}\sigma\alpha$ :  $[\bar{\nu}]$ :  $(i\theta\dot{\nu}s)$ :—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἴθυσε νεόs drove right against the ship. II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

iκανόs, ή, όν, (iκ-έσθαι) befitting, becoming: of persons, sufficient, competent. able to do a thing; considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; luavdv χρόνον a long time; τὸ ἰκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

ίκανότης, ητος, ή, sufficiency, fitness.

 $\mathbf{k}$ κανόω, f. ωσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.  $\mathbf{k}$ κάνω  $[\bar{a}]$ . Ep. lengthd, for  $\mathbf{i}$ κω,  $=\mathbf{i}$ κνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med.  $\mathbf{i}$ κάνομαι.

iκανωs, Adv. of iκανόs, sufficiently, Lat. satis; iκα-

νως έχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ίκανώτατα.

Τκάριος, α, ον, (Τκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegaean sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἴκελος,  $\eta$ , ον, poet. form for εἶκελος, like. [τ] Hence ἰκελόω, t. ώσω, to make like.

ίκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ίκέσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἰκνέομαι.

iκεσία, ή, (iκέτηε) the prayer of a suppliant. I as fem. of iκέσιοs, a female suppliant.

inforces, a, ov, also os, ov, (interns) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ίκετα-δόκος, ον, (ίκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting suppliants.

ίκετεία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , =  $i\kappa\epsilon\sigma i\alpha$ , q v.

ικέτευμα, ατος, τό, (Ικετεύω) a mode of supplication. **ικετευτέος**, α, ον, proper to be supplicated. From **ικετεύω**, f. σω: aor. I Ικέτευσα [i Att., t Ep.]: (Ικέτης):—to approach as a supplicant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

kετήριος sync. iκτήριος, α, ον, (iκέτης) of or fit for suppliants.

II. ἡ iκετηρία (sub. έλαία), the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

**lkέτηs**, ov, δ, (lkέσθαι) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive.

II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

iκετήσιος, a, ov, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

iκέτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of iκέτης.

ίκηαι, Ep. for ίκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἰκνέομαι. iκμάζω and ἰκμαίνω, to moisten. From

TKMA'Σ, άδος, ή, moisture of any kind.

ἴκμενος or ἴκμενος, only in the phrase ἴκμενος οὖρος a fair breeze, (from ἰκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

ikνέομαι, lengthd. from "IKΩ [i]: fut. ξομαι Dor. lξούμαι: aor. 2 iκόμην: pf. lγμαι, part. lγμένος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (lκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him. 3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, beseems; τοὺς μάλιστα lκνέται whom it most concerns; τὸ lκνεύμενον that which is fitting, proper.

Ικνεύνται, Dor. for Ικνούνται, 3 pl. of Ικνέομαι. Ικνουμένως Ion. Ικνεομ-, Ικνευμ-, Adv. part. pres. of Ικνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

ικοίμαν, Dor. for ικοίμην, 201. 2 opt. of ικνέσμαι.

"IKPIA, τά, the balf-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benebes.

ίκταρ, Adv. (ίκω) at once, close together. II. of Place, close to, bard by, c. gen.

ἴκτήρ, ηρος, δ, (ἴκω) a suppliant. II. Zeùs ἴκτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ίκτήριος, α, ον, syncop, for iκετήριος.

iκτίδεος, α, ον, (ίκτίs) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer κτίδεος. II. as Subst., ἰκτιδέα, contr. ἰκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

TKTΓΝΟΣ, o, a kite, Lat. milvus.

"IKTΓΣ, τδοs, ή, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ίκτο, 3 sing. plapf. of ἰκνέομαι.

"ΙΚΩ, impl. lkov: aor. 2 lfov: root of lkvέομαι, a form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time; à σὰ γοῦνα lκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. lkvέομαι 2, lκέτηs):—metaph, to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc; εβριε τε βίη τε σιδήρεον ούρανον ίκει violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρειὰ ίκει με necessity is upon me; επνος, γῆρας, lκάνει με come upon or over me.

**ἴκωμαι**, aor. 2 subj. of *ἰκν έομαι*.

ίλα, Dor. for ίλη. [i]

iλαδόν, Adv. (ἴλη) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [τ]

ίλαθι, pres imperat. of ίλημι. ίλάομαι, Ep. for Ιλάσκομαι.

Thao 2, ov, Att. Thews, ov, nom. pl. Theo, neut. Thea:—of gods, propulous, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. Theosol, (sc.  $\varepsilon\sigma\tau\omega$  &  $\Theta\epsilon$ (s) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

iλαρία, ή, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

iλάροs, ά, όν, (ίλαοs) cheerful, gay, joyous, murthful, Lat. bilaris. Adv. -ρωs. Hence

ίλαρότης, ητος, ή, gaiety, Lat. bilaritas.

tλάσκομαι, fut. ἱλάσομαι [ά] Ερ. ἰλάσσομαι Dor. ἱλάξομαι: aor. I ἰλασάμην: Dep.: (ἰλασε):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atome for. III. aor. I imperat. pass. ἱλάσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

iλασμός, δ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation,

sacrifice. [1]

ίλασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of ίλάσκομαι.

ιλάσσει, Ερ. for ιλάση, 2 sing. 2 or. I subj. of ιλάσκομαι.

ίλαστήριος, α, ον, (ἰλάσκομαι) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., ἱλαστήριον, τό, propitiation or the mercy seat.

ίλεα, Att. neut. pl. of ίλαοε.

Thews, Att. for Thaos

ίλη οτ εἴλη Dor. ἴλα, ἡ, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) a crowd, band,
 troop, company.
 a troop of borse, squadron,
 Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop,

company.
3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

τληθι, imperat. of ίλημι.

ἰλήκω, (ἴλαοs)\*to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ἰλήκησι, and 2 sing. opt. ἰλήκοις.

ίλημι, = ίλήκω, esp. in imperat. ίληθι Dor. ίλαθι, be

gracious, propitious!

Thus,  $\delta\delta\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακόs.

Subst. Ἰλιάs,

I (sub.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ) the land of Ilium.

2.

(sub.  $\gamma\nu\gamma\eta$ ), a woman of Ilium.

3. (sub.  $\pi o(\eta\sigma \iota s)$ , the Iliad, of Homer.

ιλιγγιάω, f. σω: cor. I ιλιγγίασα:—to bave a swim-

ming in the bead. From

tλιγγος, δ, (ΐλλω, είλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [7]

ἴλιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (ἴλλω) a whirling, whirlpool. Ἰλιόθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

'Iλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of 'Iλιοs, Adv. at Troy.

Ίλιορ-ραΐστης, δ, (Ίλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy.

'Ίλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of 'Ίλιος.
'ΊΛΙΟΣ, ου, ή, or 'Ίλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city

of Ilus, also called Troy.

iλλάς, άδος, ή, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) a rope, band.

iλλόs, δ, (ĭλλω) squinting.

"IAA $\Omega$ , v. sub  $\epsilon i\lambda \omega$ .

TΛΥ΄Σ, νοs, ή, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. Ιλῦος Homer, later Ιλῦος.]

**Ιμάντεσσι**, Εp. dat. pl. of *lμ*άs.

**ἰμαντίδιον**, τό, Dim. of *ἰμά*ς

ἰμάντίνος, η, ον, (iμάs) of leathern toongs.

**ἰμάντιον**, τό, Dim. of *ἰμάs*.

ίμαντο-πέδη, ή, (ίμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: me-

taph. one of the feelers of the polypus.

TMA'Σ, άντος, δ, dat. pl. ἶμᾶσι Εp. ἰμάντεσσι:—
a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or barness
of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip. 2. the
cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put
round the hand:
3. the magic girdle of Aphrodité, Lat. caestus.
4. a latch, by which the bolt
was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet:
later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb, ἰμὰς κύνειός
ἐστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ίμάσθλη, ή, (ίμάς, ίμάσσω) the thong or lash of a

whip, generally a whip. [1]

ἰμάσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἵμασα: (ἰμάs):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ίματιδάριον, τό, Dim. of Ιμάτιον. [τμ-δα]

**Ιμάτίδιον**, τό, Dim. of *Ιμ*άτιον.

**ἰμᾶτίζω**, f. ίσω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένοs, clothed.

ίματιο-κάπηλος, δ, (ἰμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

iμάτιον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, eloak or mantle worn above the χιτάν, answering to Homer's χλαῖνα; ἰμάτια, τά, generally, elothes.

II. a cloth.

ίμαπ-φυλακέω, f. ήσω, (ίματιον, φυλακέω) to take care of clothes.

**ἰμᾶτισμός**,  $\delta$ , (ἰματίζω) clothing, apparel. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

**Ιμείρω** Aeol. **Ιμέρρω**, (*Ἰμεροs*) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. **!μείρομαι** as Dep., with aor. I med. *!μειράμην*, pass. *!μέρθην*.

ίμεν, I pl. of είμι ibo.

ίμεν, ίμεναι, Ep. for lévai, inf. of είμι ibo.

ίμερο-δερκής, ές, (ἵμερος, δέρκομαι) looking longingly.

ίμερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἵμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ίμερο-θαλής, ές, (ἵμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἱμεροθηλής sweetly growing or blooming.

"IMEPOS [1], b, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

**ἰμέρρω**, Aeol. for ἰμείρω.

ίμερτός, ή, όν, (ἰμείρω) longed for, lovely.

τμμεναι, poët. for τμεναι, ιέναι, inf. of είμι ibo.

iμονιά, ή, (lμάs) the rope of a draw-well: acc. lμονιάν, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

iv, Dor. for e, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

"INA". Conjunction:—that, in order that, =  $5\pi\omega s$ , Lat. ut: 1. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; heeis, iv' ions thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλα εδωκε μένος, ϊν' εκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ίν' ην τυφλόε in which case be would have been blind. ΙΙ. ίνα μή. that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptic with other Particles, ίνα δή, ίνα περ, ίνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb, I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἵν' ἔτραφεν ἤδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅποι, Lat quo, to what place, whither; ἵν' οἵχεται whither he is gone.

iνδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλιμος, εἰδάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἰνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλείωνι he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ίνδικός, ή, όν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ίνδ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὁλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus

TNΔΟ'Σ, δ, an Indian:—as Adj.='Ινδικόs, Indian.

II. the river Indus.

Ίνδώος, α, ον, = Ἰνδικόε.

Ives, pl. nom. of is.

lvlov, τό, ("s) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [iv] "INIΣ, δ, a son, child.

Tνώ, όοε, contr. οῦε, ή, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

iv-ώδηs, εs, (is, είδοs) sinewy, fibrous. [i]

ἴξαλος, ον, (from ἀἰσσω, as if contracted from ἀἰξαλος) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing. 
ἴξεσθαι, fut. inf. of lw ϵ ϵ ρ ω ω.
ἰξευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἰξεύω) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.
ἰξεύω, f. σω, (ἰξός) to catch birds by birdlime.
ἰξοβολέω, f. ήσω, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From iξο-βόλος, ον, (ἰξός, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.
ἰξο-εργός, ὁ, (ἰξός, \*ξργω) one who uses birdlime, a

fowler. **ξομαι**, fut. of lπνέομαι.

Leov, Ep. aor. 2 of ίκω.

"IEO'Z, &, Lat. VISCUM, misseltoe: also, the misseltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry, Lat. viscus.

iξο-φορεύς, έως, δ, (lξός, φέρω) bearing misseltoe. ΤΕΥ Σ, ύος,  $\dot{\eta}$ : dat. lξύι contr. lξυ $\hat{\iota}$ : the waist. 'Ιό-βακχος, δ, (lώ, βάκχε) Bacchus invoked with the cry of lώ:—a song beginning lè Βάκχε!

lo-βλέφαροs, ον, (lov, βλέφαρον) violet-eyed. loβολέω, f. ήσω, to shoot arrows. From lo-βόλοs, ον, (los, βάλλω) shooting arrows. lo-βόστρύχοs, ον, (lov, βύστρυχοs) dark-haired.

ίο-δετος, ον, (ἴον, δέω) violet-twined.
lo-δόκος, ον, (los, δέχομαι) bolding arrows.

lo-ειδής, ές, (ἴον, εῖδος) violet-coloured, of the sea. lóεις, εσσα, εν, (ἴον) violet-coloured, dark.

loίην, Att. for ίοιμι, opt. of εξμι ibo.

ίοισαι, Dor. for ἰοῦσαι, part. fem. of εἶμι ιδο. τομεν, Ερ. for ἴωμεν, I pl. subj. of εἶμι ιδο

lo-μίγης, ές, (los, μιγηναι) mixed with poison. lo-μωρος, ον, (ίον, μόρος) dark-fated, nuserable.

TON, 76, the violet, Lat. viola. [7]

lov, Ep. form of impf. of εlμι ibo. lovθás, άδοs, ή, sbaggy, bairy. From

τονθος, δ, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [t]

'Iovios, α, ον, ('Iώ) of Io; 'Ιόνιος κόλπος the Ionian sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the Ionian sea.

lovres, part. pl. of elm ibo.

io-πλόκαμος, ον, (ἴον, πλόκαμος) with violet locks, dark-baired. [٢]

iós [1], ὁ, with irreg. pl. lá, (lévaι inf. of εlμι ibo) an arrow.

'ΙΟ'Σ, δ, rust, verdigris, Lat. aerugo.

'IO'E, &, poison, esp. of serpents.

los, la, Ep. for els, μία; dat. lφ for evl.
lo-στέφανος, ον, (los, στέφανος) violet-crowned.

ιο-στεφανός, ον, (ιος, στεφανός) violet-crowned. **Ιότης**, ητος, ή, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεῶν lότητι by the will or pleasure of the gods.

lo-τϋπής, έs, (lós, τυπῆναι) struck by an arrow. loū, a cry of woe, Lat. beu! seldom, like lώ, a cry of joy. [Υ]

'Ioυδαίζω, f. σω, to live as a 7ew. From

**Toubaikos**, ή, ών, of or for the Jews. Adv. -κω̂s. From

Tovδαιοs, α, ον, of the tribe of Judab: as Subst.: 1
a Jew. 2. 'Ιουδαια (sc. γη) the land of Judaea.

Touδαϊσμός, δ, ('Iovδαίος) Judaism.

louhis, ίδοs, ή, a red fish.

ίουλος, ον, (οὖλος) down, the first growth of the beard; ὑπὸ κροτάφοισιν ἴουλοι the young bair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.

lo- $\chi \epsilon$ aipa,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (lós,  $\chi a i \rho \omega$ ) delighting in arrows, or (from  $\chi \epsilon \omega$ ) showering arrows.

ίπνο-καής, ές, (ἐπνός, καῆναι) baked in the oven.

lπνο-λέβης, ητος, δ, (lπνός, λέβης) a boiler, caldron. ἰπνο-ποιός, όν, (lπνός, ποιέω) working in an oven or furnace; as Subst. a potter.

'IINO'S, &, an oven of furnace, Lat. furnus. II the place of the oven, kitchen. III a lantern.

lmos, δ or ἡ, (ἴπτομαι) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence

iπόω, f. ώσω, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; είσφοραι̂s ίπούμενοs squeezed hard

by taxes. [7]

lππ-αγρέται, ων, ol, (iππεύs, ἀγείρω) three officers at Lacedaemon, who chose 300 youths to serve as iππειs or body-guard for the kings.

ίππ-ἄγωγός, όν, (ἱππός, ἄγω) carrying borses: ἱππαγωγοί (sub. ναῦς) al, transport-ships for borses.

inπάζομαι, fut. άσομαι Dep. (ίπποs) to drive or guide a borse, to drive a cbariot: later, to ride; inπάζεσθαι χώραν to ride over a country.

II. as Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.

ἴππ-αιχμος, ον, (ἵππος, αἰχμή) fighting on borseback. ἐππ-ἄλεκτρὕών, όνος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀλεκτρυών) a borsecock: a gryphon, dragon.

iππαλίδας, ου, ό, poet. form for iππεύs.

iππαπαί, (ἴππος) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry ρυππαπαί.

Ιππάριον, τό, Dim. of ἵππος, a little borse, pony. Ιππ-αρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀρμοστής) Lacedae-

monian word for εππαρχος.

inπαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence

iππαρχία, ή, the command of the cavalry.

iππαρχικόs, ή, όν, of or for cavalry. From

<sup>t</sup>ππ-αρχος, and <sup>t</sup>ππ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (<sup>t</sup>ππος, ἀρχω) ruling the borse, epith. of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

lππάs, άδοs, ή, fem. of lππικόs; lππάs στολή a riding-dress, borseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. τάξιs), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

Inπασία, ή, (Ιππάζομαι) riding, borse-exercise. 2. chariot-driving.

lππάσιμος, η, ον, (lππάζομαι) fit for borses or for riding: easily ridden.

Îππαστήρ, ηροι, and Îππαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐππάζομαι) a borseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.

a borseman.

11. as Adj. jt for riding.

lππεία, ἡ, (lππεύω) borsemansbip, riding, driving,
esp. racing.

II. cavalry.

ἴππειος, α, ον, (ἴππος) of a borse or borses; ἔππειος λόφος a crest of borse-bair.

ίππ-ερος, δ, (ίππος, έρος) love for borses, a borse-

ιππευμα, ατος, τό, (iππεύω) a ride on borseback. expedition in a chartot.

iππεύς, έως Ion. η̂ος, δ, (ίππος) in Homer, either a driver of borses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a borseman, rider. at Athens the iππει̂s Att. iππη̂s, Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback; see ἐππαγρέται.

ίππευτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\delta$ , and  $\hat{\iota}$ ππευτής,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , a rider,

borseman: from

ίππεύω, f. σω: aor. Ι ίππευσα: (ἱππεύε):--to be a borseman, to ride: metaph, of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαίε ίππεύσαντοε when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, Eurus equitavit per undas. serve on borseback.

iππηαs, Ep. pl. acc. of iππεύs.

immηδόν, Adv. (ἵπποε) like a borse. II. like a borseman.

**ἐππήεσσι**, Ep. for ἐππεῦσι, pl. dat. of ἐππεύs. ίππ-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵπποε, ἐλαύνω) fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.

 $\mathbf{i}\pi\pi$ ·ηλάτα, δ, Ep. form for  $\mathbf{i}\pi\pi\eta$ λάτηs.

ἱππηλατέω, f. ήσω, to ride or drive.

ίππ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, Ερ. ίππηλάτα, (ίππος, έλαύνω) a driver of borses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [a]

ίππ-ήλατος, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) fit for borsemanship

or driving.

Ίππ-ημολγοί, ων, οί, (ἵπποε, ἀμέλγω) the Maremilkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe: -- as Adj. milking

iππι-ávaξ, ακτος, (ἵππος, ἄναξ) chief of borsemen. **ἱππικός**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\~ιππος)$  of a borse or borses; åγωνiππικόs a borse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or borsemen, equestrian: skilled in rid-2. ή iππική (sub. τέχνη), borsemansbip, ing. riding. III. τὸ ἰππικόν the cavalry. Adv. -κω̂s, like a borseman.

iππιοs, a, ον, (iπποs) of a borse or borses.

ίππιο-χαίτης, ου, ό, (ἵππιος, χαίτη) sbaggy with borse-bair.

ίππιο-χάρμης, ου, δ, (ἵππιος, χάρμη) one who fights from a chariot. 2. a borseman, rider.

ίππο-βάμων [ā], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίνω) going on borseback, equestrian. metaph., ἡήματα ἱπποβάμονα bigb-paced words, bombast.

ίππο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (ἴππος, βαίνω) a borseman. ίππο-βότης, ου, δ, (ἵππος, βόσκω) a feeder of borses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ίπποβόται were the knights, nobles.

ίππό-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βέσκω) fed on by borses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

ίππο-γέρανοι, οί, (ίππος, γέρανος) crane-cavalry. ίππό-γύποι, οί, (ἵππος, γύψ) vulture-cavalry.

ἴππό-δἄμος, ον, (ἴππος, δαμάω) borse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of borses.

ίππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. ίππόδασυς in use, (ἴππος, δασύς) epith. of κόρυς, thick with borsebair, with rough borse-bair crest.

lmπό-δεσμα, ων, τά, (lmπος, δεσμός) reins, a balter.ίππο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἴππος, δέω) a halter.

ίππο-διώκτης, ου, δ, Dor. -τας, (ίππος, διώκω) α driver or rider of borses.

ίππο-δρομία, ή, (ἱππόδρομος) a borse-race or chariotrace. Hence

iππο-δρόμιος, ov, of the horse-race.

of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of borses. ίππό-δρομος, δ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

ίππο-δρόμος, δ, (ἵππος, δραμεῖν) a borse-courser.

lmπ6θεν, Adv. (lmπos) forth from the borse.

ἴπποιϊν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵπποs.

ίππο-κάνθαρος, δ, (ἴππος, κάνθαρος) a borse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ίππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) driving borses: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ίππο-κένταυρος, δ, (ἴππος, κένταυρος) a borse-centaur, balf-borse balf-man.

ἱππο-κομέω, f. ήσω, to keep or groom borses; ἱπποκομείν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ίππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵπποε, κομέω) keeping or grooming II. as Subst., ἱπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian lππεύs in war

ίππό-κομος, ον, (ίππος, κόμη) decked with borse-bair. ίππο-κορυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἴππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a borse, a borseman, knight.

ἱππο-κράτέω, f. ήσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in borse: Pass. to be inferior in borse. Hence

ἱπποκρἄτία, ή, victory in a skirmish of borse. ίππό-κρημνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) tremendously steep; ιππόκρημνον βήμα a neck-breaking word.

ίππό-κροτος, ον, (ἴππος, κροτέω) sounding with the tramp of borses.

ἐππό-λοφος, ον, (ἴππος, λόφος) with borse-bair crest. iππο-μανής, ές, (ίππος, μανηναι) mad for borses: II. as Subst., lππομανές, έος, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad.

excrescence on the forebead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a bumour which falls from mares.

iππο-μανία, ή, a mad love for horses, racing, etc. ἱππομάχέω, f. ήσω, (ἱππομάχος) to fight on borseback. Hence

iππομάχία, ή, a borse-fight, skirmish of borse. ίππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) fighting on borseback: as Subst., ἐππομάχος, δ, a trooper.

ίππο-νώμας, ου, δ. (Ίππος, νωμάω) driving borses. ξππο-πόλος, ον, (ζππος, πολέομαι) busied with borses: as Subst., lπποπόλοs, o, a rider or driver of borses.

ίππο-πόταμος, δ, (ίππος, ποταμός) the river-borse of ίππο-βουκόλος, δ, (ἔππος, βουκόλος) a borsekesper. | Egypt, bippopotamus: in Herodotus, ἔππος ποτάμιος.

"IIIIOΣ, δ, ή, a borse, mare, Lat. equus, equa: the pl. ιμποι is the pair of borses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀφ' ιμπον from the chariot; λαίο τε καὶ ιμποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ιμποι καὶ πεζοί borse and foot. II. ή ιμποι, the borse, cavalry, Lat. equitatus, always in sing., as, χιλίη ιμποι a thousand horse. III. ιμποι ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our borsechestnut, horselaugh, ν. ιμπό-κρημνος, etc.

ίππο-σόας, ου, δ, (ἵππος, σεύω) driver of borses.

lmπo-σόος, a, ov, borse-driving.

ἱππό-στασις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable · metaph, 'Αελίου κνεφαία ἱππόστασις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

iπποσύνη, ή, (ἵπποs) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of borsemanship.

II. the borse

of an army, cavalry

ίππόσυνος, η, ον, Ιππικός.

**ἱππότἄ**, Ep. for ἱππύτηs.

tππότης, ου, ὁ, (ἴππος) a driver or rider of borses, a borseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form Iππότα, esp. of Nestor.

II. as Adj., λεωs Ιππότης the borse-folk, borsemen.

ίππο-τοξότης, ου, ό, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted

bowman, borse-archer

lπποτροφέω, f. ήσω, to breed or keep borses. And lπποτροφία, ή, a breeding or keeping of borses, esp for racing. From

ίππο-τρόφος, ον, (ίππος, τρέφω) borse-feeding.

breeding or keeping borses.

ίππο-τυφία, ή, (ίππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

Ίππου-κρήνη, ή, Hippocrene, the borse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἴππ-ουρις, ιδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a borse-tail, with crest of borse-bair.

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**Ιππο-φόρβιον**, τό, (ἵππο**s**, φέρβω) a stable. II a troop of borses.

iππο-φορβόs, όν, (iπποs, φέρβω) a borse-keeper, trainer.

lmπο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (ἴππος, χάρμη) = lmπιοχάρμης.<math>lmπ-ωδης, ες, (ἵππος, εἶδος) borse-like.

ίππων, ωνος, ὁ, (ἵππος) a place for borses, a stable:

a halting-place, station.

ἐππωνεία, ἡ, a buying of borses. From

ιππωνέια, η, a buying of borses. From iππωνέω, f. ήσω, to buy borses. From

Ιππ-ώνης, ου, δ, (εππος, ἀνέομαι) a buyer of borses. Ιπτάμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ίπτομαι, f. ίψομαι: (Іποι): Dep.:—to press bard,

oppress: generally, to burt, barm. ιρά, τά, Ιοη. for leρά.

ίραξ, ακοι, ό, contr. for lépaf, a bawk.

iράομαι, Ion. for leράομαι. ipela, Ion. for léρεια.

**ἱρεύεσκον**, Ion. impf. of *ἱερεύω*.

lpeus, nos, d, Ion. for lepeus.

**Ιρεύω**, Ion. for *Ιερεύω*.

ίρήϊον, Ion. for lepelov.

ἰρήν, ένοε, δ, Ιοπ. for εἰρήν. ἴρηξ, ηκοε, δ, Ιοπ. for ἰέραξ.

ipia, Dor. for lépeia.

Tρις, ιδος, ή: acc τριν as well as τριδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων). II. impersonated Tρις, ιδος, ή, acc. Τριν, voc. Τρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumas (the Wonderer).

ίρισσιν, Ep. for Ιρισιν, dat. pl. of Ιριε.

ipo-δρόμος, δ, (iρός, δραμείν) Ion. for leροδρ-, running in the sacred races. [τ]

**ἱρο-εργίη**, Ion. for *ἱερουργία*. **ἰρόν**, τό, Ion. for *ἱερόν*. [*ī*]

**ἰρός**, ή, όν, Ion. for  $i\epsilon\rho$ ός.  $[\bar{\iota}]$  **ἰρο-φάντης**, δ, Ion. for  $i\epsilon\rho$ οφ-.

ίρωσύνη, Ion. for leρωσύνη, priesthood.

"Σ, η, gen. lvós, acc. lva: pl. nom. lves, dat. lveσι Ep. lveσσι:—Lat. VIS, strength, force, nerve, thew and sinew: very freq. in periphr. like βίη, as, is Τηλεμάχοιο the strong Telemachus.

II. a muscle: the neck. [1]

loa, loa, neut. pl. of loos, loos, used as Adv.

ίσ-άγγελος, ον, (ίσος, άγγελος) like an angel. ίσ-άδελφος, ον, (ίσος, άδελφός) like a broiber.

iσάζω, f. άσω, (ἴσοs) to make equal:—Med. to make or bold equal to another, c. dat.

ίσαμι, Dor. for ίσημι.

iσ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμιλλα) equal in the race. ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ιδο. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἥδεισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of εἴδω.

ίσ-άνεμος, ον, (Ισος, άνεμος) swift as the wind. [ă]

ίσαντι, Dor. for ίσασι, 3 pl. of ίσημι.

ίσ-άργύρος, ον, (ίσος, άργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ίσαs, Dor. part. of ίσημι.

ἴσᾶσι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι, and of οἶδα (v. εἴδω B).

lσάσκετο [I], Ion. for lσάζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of lσάζω, she likened berself.

ίσατι, Dor. for ίσησι, 3 sing. of ίσημι.

iσ-ηγορέω and Med. - έομαι, (ἴσοι, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

loηγορία, ή, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ίσ-ηλιξ, ϊκος, ό, ή, (ἴσος, ήλιξ) of the same age with. ἰσ-ημέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ήμέρα) lasting an equal time.

"ΙΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσāμι, ἴσāτι; pl. ἴσἄμεν, ἴσᾶσι οτ ἴσαντι; part. ἴσαs.

ίσ-ήρετμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἐρετμός) with as many oars iσ-ήρης, ες, (ἴσος, ἀραρεῖν) equally fitted, equal. ἴσθι, know, imperat. pf. of \*εἴδω.

Π. ἴσθι, be,

imperat. of elui sum.
"Τσθμια (sub. lepá), ων, τά, (lσθμόs) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence Τσθμιάζω, f. άσω, to attend the Isthmuan games.

'Ισθμίδικός, ή, όν, (ἴσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Ίσθμιάς, άδος, pecul. tem. of Ἱσθμιος : al Ἰσθμιάδες | ἱσονομέομαι, Pass. (Ισόνομος) to bave equal rights. (sub. ἐορταί), the Isthmian games.

ίσθμιον, τό, (ἰσθμός) a necklace.

"Iσθμιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (lσθμόs) of the Isthmus,

'Ισθμόθεν, Adv. from the Isthmus; and 'Ισθμόθι, Adv. on the Isthmus; and

Ίσθμοῖ, Adv. on the Isthmus. From iσθμός, οῦ, ὁ, (εἶμι ibo) a neck: any narrow pas-2. a neck of land between two seas, an istb-

mus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth ίσθμ-ώδης, εε, (ἰσθμόε, είδος) like an isthmus. Irias, abos, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From

Tous, i, gen. Ioidos Ion. Ioios: dat. Ioi: acc. \*Iow:-Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the

Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

\*ΙΣΚΩ or είσκω, to make like; ισκε ψεύδεα πολλά λέγων ἐτύμοισιν ὁμοῖα speaking many lies be made them like truths. II. to bold or think like; ἐμὲ σολ ἴσκοντες thinking me like you: absol., ἴσκειν ἔκαστος ανήρ each man imagined or supposed. in late Poets,  $l\sigma\kappa\epsilon$ ,  $l\sigma\kappa\epsilon\nu$ ,  $= \tilde{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\nu$ , be spake, said.

ίσμεν, I pl. of οίδα, for which Homer always uses

. ίδμεν ; ν. είδω Β.

ίσο-βαρής, έs, (ἴσος, βάρος) of equal weight.

iσο-δαίμων, ον, gen ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god. II. equal in fortune or bappiness. iσο-δίαιτος, ον, (ἴσος, δίαιτα) living on an equal footing.

iσο-ζυγής, έε, (ἴσος, ζυγηναι) equally balanced:

equal.

loo-θεοs, ον, (ἴσοs, θεύs) equal to the gods, godlike. ίσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger. ίσό-κληρος, ον, (ἴσος, κλήρος) equal in property. ico-κράτής, έε, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or

power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence iσοκράτία, ή, equality of power and rights, political equality.

ίσ-όμαλος, ον, (ἴσος, ὁμαλός) equally level, nearly equal.

ίσο-μάτωρ, Dor. for Ισο-μήτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) like one's mother.

iσό-μαχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) equal in the fight. ίσο-μεγέθης, ες, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size.

ίσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ίσος, μέτωπον) with equal forebead or front.

ίσο-μήκης, εε, (ἴσοε, μῆκοε) equal in length. ίσομοιρέω, f. ήσω, (Ισόμοιρος) to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence

lσομοιρία Ion. -ίη, ή, a sbaring equally, equal partnership.

iσό-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοίρα) baving an equal sbare of a thing; γη̂s Ισόμοιρος ἀήρ earth's equal partner 2. generally, equal, close, resembling; φάοε σκότφ Ισόμοιρον light close akin to darkness.

 $i\sigma b$ -μορος, ov,  $(i\sigma os, μόροs) = i\sigma δμοιρος, resembling.$ lo-όνειρος, ον, (ίσος, όνειρος) dream-like, vacant. ίσο-νεκυε, υος, ο, ή, (ἴσος, νέκυε) dying the same death.

Hence

lσονομία, ή, equality of rights, political equality. ίσό-νομος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) baving equal rights,

enjoying freedom.

iσό-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (ἴσος, παι̂ς) like a child. ίσο-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long. ίσοπαλέω, f. ήσω, to be a match for. From ίσο-παλής, ές, (ἴσος, πάλη) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

 $i\sigma \dot{o} - \pi \ddot{a} \lambda o s$ ,  $o\nu_{i} = i\sigma o \pi a \lambda \dot{n} s$ .

ίσό-πεδον, τό, level ground, a flat: neut. from ίσό-πεδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level. ίσο-πλάτής, ές, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadth. ίσο-πλάτων, ωνος, ὁ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato. ίσο-πληθής, έs, (ἴσος, πληθος) equal in number or quantity.

ίσό-πρεσβυς, υ, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man. ίσορροπία, ή, equipoise, equilibrium. From ἰσόρ-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ροπή) equally balanced, in

equipoise: equally matched.

\*IΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσον, Att. ἴσος [٢], ἴση, ἴσον, Ep. also εισος [ī]: -equal to, the same as, like; ισα προς ισα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ., equally with; ἴσον ἐμοί equally with me. II. equally divided or distributed, equal; ἴση μοίρα an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοίρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measure; προστυχείν των ίσων to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνήρ a fair, upright man. 2. at Athens, of the equal division of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; ἴσαι (sub. ψηφοι) votes equally di-III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus; είs τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere; δι' ίσου at an equal distance or interval. ίσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. Ισον Att. ίσον, Ισα Att. ioa, are also used adverbially: in Att. ioa generally means equally, lows perhaps:—so also if loov equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσφ equally; cp. ἐπίσηs. V. Att. Comp. ἰσαίτερος. ἰσοσκελής, ές, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs; Ισο-

σκελές τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal. Ισοτέλεια, ή, (Ισοτελήs) equality of taxation.

ίσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τελέω) accomplished for all alike.

iσο-τελήs, és, (ἴσοs, τέλοs) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the iooteless were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ίσο-τενής, ές, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.

ίσότης, ητος, ή, (ἴσος) equality.

ίσοτιμία, ή, equality of bonour or privilege. From ίσό-τῖμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) beld in equal bonour: baving the same privileges.

ίσο-φαρίζω, (Ισος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; lσοφαρίζειν τινὶ έργα to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.

ισοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ισοφαρίζω.

ίσο-φόροs, ον, (ίσοs, φέρω) bearing equal weights, equal in strength.

loo-χειλής, έs, or loo-χειλος, ον, (loos, χείλος) level with the edge or brim.

ἰσό-χνοος, ον, (ἴσος, χνόος) equally woolly with.

ισοχρονέω, f. ήσω, to be contemporary with. From ισό-χρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) equal in age or time. ισοψηφία, ή, equal right to vote. From

iσ6-ψηφος, ον, (ίσος, ψηφος) baving an equal number of votes. II. baving an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.

III. equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum

ίσό-ψῦχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) of equal spirit or soul: κράτος ἰσύψυχον power of like spirit with men.

ἴσοω, ſ. ώσω, (ἴσοs) to make equal; ἰσώσας τἀφέσει τὰ τέρματα baving made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. baving run the whole course:—Med., ὄνιχας χεῖράς τε ἰσώσαντο they made their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass, to be made like or equal to.

Ιστάμεν, Ιστάμεναι, Εp. for Ιστάναι, inf. of ἴστημι. ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἵστημι.

ίστάω, rare collat. form of ίστημι, in 3 sing. pres. ίστα, and 3 sing. impf. ίστα.

ίστε, 2 pl. of οίδα, v. \*είδω Β.

Ιστέαται, Ion. for ιστανται.

ἴστημι (lengthd. from \*ΣΤΑ'Ω):—the tenses of ἴστημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, to make to stand, pres. ἴστημι, impf. ἴστην, fut. στήσω, and aor. 1 ἔστησα, of Ατμ.

Β. Intrans. to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plqpf ἐστήκειν, together with pres. pass. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι), aor. 1 ἐστάθην [α], pf. ἔσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, as well as aor. 1 ἐστησάμην, must also be regarded as med., in which case they take a causal sense, to place.

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἴστασκε: 3 pl. aor. 1 Ep. ἔστάσαν for ἔστησαν: syncop. dual and plur. perf. ἔστάτον, ἔστάμεν, ἔστάτε (οr ἔστητε), ἔστάσι; imperat. ἔστάθι; subj. ἔστῶ; opt. ἔσταίην; inf. ἔστάναι Ep. ἐστάμεν, ἐστάμεναι [α]; part. ἔστών ἔστῶσα, ἔστών (or ἔστός), gen. ἐστῶτος; Ion. ἔστωνς, ῶτος, also ἐστηώς (Homer uses gen. ἔστάότος, acc. ἔσταύτα, nom. pl. ἔστάότες): aor. 2 στάσκον, ες, ε, 3 pl. ἔσταν, στάν [α]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στῆς, στή, 1 plur. στέωμεν and στείομεν for στῶμεν: inf. στήμεναι for στῆναι.

A. Causal, to make to stand, set, place.

to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.

III. to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; lardwal tive Xalkouv to set

up a person in brass, raise a brazen statue to him. 2. to raise, raise up, stir; ἔριν στῆσα, to begin a quarrel. 3. to set up, appoint, establish.

IV. to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρός τι one thing against another.

B. Intrans. to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; "iva xpeias ἔσταμεν in what need we are: — στηναι είς  $\pi$ apà..., to set oneself towards, go to. 2. to lie, be II. to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease. to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ιστασθαι ὀρθώs to rear up. 2. generally, to arise, begin; έαρος νέον Ισταμένοιο as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μέν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' Ισταμένοιο as one month ends and the next begins:-thus in Homer the month is divided into two parts, μην ίστάμενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν Ιστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων. 3. to be appointed.

ίστίη, Ion. for έστία.

ιστιήσθαι, Ion. for είστιᾶσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of έστιάω. ιστιητόριον, τό, Ion. for έστιατ-.

ίστίον, τό, (ίστόs) a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet: a sail, ἄκροισι χρησθαι ίστίοιs to keep the sails reefed.

ίστιορ-ράφος, ον, (Ιστίον, βάπτω) sail-patching: metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.

ίστιο-φόρος, ον, (ἱστίον, φέρω) carrying sails. ἱστο-βοεύς, gen. - έως Ιοη. - η̂ος, ὁ, (ἰστός, βοῦς) the plough-tree or pole.

 $l\sigma\tau o$ -βόη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = foreg.

ἴστο-δόκη, ή, (ἰστός, δέχομαι) the mast-holder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down. ἴστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of \*εἴδω.

ίστο-πέδη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ίστός, πέδη) a bole in the keel for

fixing the mast in.

lστο-πόνος, ον, (ιστός, πονέω) working at the loom. lστορέω, f. ήσω, (ιστωρ) to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc pers.: of things, to inquire about something.

Il. to narrate what one has learnt, narrate bistorically. Hence

ιστορία, ή, a learning by inquiry: knowledge or information obtained by inquiry. II. a narration of what one has learnt, historical narrative.

lotos, δ, (ιστημι) a sbip's mast; lotoν στήσαι or στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole. II. the web-heam of the loom (which in ancient looms stood upright), the loom; lotoν ἐποίχεσθαι to be busy about the heam, and so to weave. 2. the warp that was fixed to the heam: the web.

ιστό-τονος, ον, (ιστός, τείνω) stretched on the web-

beam.

ίστ-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (iστόs, \*έργω) to work at the loom. ίστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of \*είδω.

ίστω, Dor. gen. of lστόε: but lστω, dat. of the same. ίστωρ or lστωρ, opos, δ, ή, knowing, acquainted with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ισχάς. [ă]

ίσχαδό-πωλις, ιδος, ή, (ἰσχάς, πωλέω) a woman wbo sells figs.

ΐσχ-αιμος, ον, (ἴσχω, αίμα) quenching blood: ἴσχαιμον, τό, a styptic.

ισχαίνω, f. l. for ισχναίνω.

ίσχαλέος, α, ον, poet. for Ισχνός, dry, dried.

ίσχανάα, Ep. 3 sing. of Ισχανάω.

ίσχανάω, Ep. lengthd. form of Ισχάνω, Ίσχω, to bold back, check, binder :- Pass. to check oneself, II. intrans. to bold on by, cling to a thing, wait. and so to desire eagerly.

iσχάνω, = lσχανάω, to check, hinder: c. gen. to keep

back from a thing. [ă]

ίσχάς, άδος, ή, (ἰσχνός) a dried fig.

ισχέμεν, ισχέμεναι, Εp. inf. of ίσχω.

ίσχεο, imperat. med. of iσχω.

iσχίον, τό, (is, lσχύs) the socket in which the thighjoint turns, the hip-joint: -- in pl. the hips or loins.

iσχναίνω, (lσχνόs) to make thin, dry, withered:-Pass. to become so: - metaph., σφριγώντα θυμόν loxvalves to bring down the proud stomach.

ίσχνο-πάρειος, ον, (Ισχνός, παρειά) with withered cheeks.

 $log \chi vos, \eta, \delta v, (log \chi \omega)$  thin, lean, withered, mea-II. of style, poor, meagre.

ίσχνό-φωνος, ον, (lσχνός, φωνή) with thin or weak

II. stuttering, stammering

ισχυρίζομαι, f ίσομαι Att. τουμαι: aor. I Ισχυρίσάμην: (ἰσχυρόs): Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately: - Pass. to be strengthened, gain greater force.

iσχυρός, ά, όν, (lσχύω) strong, mighty, powerful. 3. severe, great, excessive: stiff, firm, lasting, bard. κατά Ισχυρόν by violence, force, opp. to δύλφ. Hence ίσχυρωs, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vebementer: - Sup. loχυρότατα, most certainly.

ίσχύς, ύος, ή, (ίς, ἴσχω) strength, force, might, esp.

bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.

ίσχύω, impf. ἴσχῦον: f. ἰσχύσω: aor 1 ἴσχῦσα [v]: (lσχύs):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

 $\mathbf{l}\sigma\chi\omega$ , a form of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ , only found in pres., and in impf. lσχον:—to bold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to bold oneself in, check oneself: loxeo bold! be still! c. gen., ἴσχεσθαί τινος to desist from a thing; ἴσχετο II. later like έν τούτφ (impers.) here it stopped. exω, to bold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

lσ-ωνία, ή, (ἴσος, ἀνή) a fair price.

iσ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνομα) bearing the same name. lows, Adv. of loos, equally, in like manner. fairly, equitably. III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with dv or  $\tau d\chi' dv$ . IV. with numerals, about.

ισωσαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of Ισόω.

Ίταλία Ion. -ίη, ή, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.] |

Ίταλίδης, ου, δ, poët. for Ἰταλιώτης. 'Ιταλικός, ή, όν, ('Ιταλος) Italian.

'Ιταλίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of 'Ιταλικός.

Ίταλιώτης, ου, ό, an Italiote, one of the Greek inbabitants of Italy: fem. Υταλιώτις, ιδος, Italian.

'ITA'ΛΟ'Σ, δ, an Italian :—as Adj. Italian.

iτăμόs, ή, όν, (ἴτηs) headlong, hasty. 'TTE'A Ion. -έη and -είη, ή, a willow, Lat. sa-II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

lτέτνος, η, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

itéov, verb. Adj. of elui ibo, one must go.

ίτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of είμι ιδο.

ἴτης, ου, δ, (είμι ibo) basty, impetuous: impudent.

iτ6s, ή, όν, (είμι ibo) passable.

iτρίνεοs, a, ov, like boney-cake. From

ίτριον, τό, a cake, made of sesamé and honey. ίττω, Boeot. for ἴστω, 3 sing. pf. of \*εἴδω; ἴττω

Zeύs Zeus be witness!

"ITY" Z, vos, h, the edge or rim of anything round, the felloe of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ίτω, 3 sing. imperat. of είμι ibo.

ίτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of είμι ibo.

ἰῦγή, ἡ, (ἰύζω) a bowling, shrieking, yelling.

luyμόs, δ, (lύζω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, sbriek.

τυγξ or τυγξ, τυγγος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\iota}\dot{\iota}\dot{\zeta}\omega$ ) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong de-

'IY'ZΩ, fut. ἰύξω: aor. I ἴυξα:—to shout, holla: also to bowl, shriek. (Formed from the sound.) ίυκτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἰύζω) one who shouts or cries: a

singer, whistler, piper. [ī]

 $\vec{\iota}$ φθ $\vec{\iota}$ μος,  $\eta$ , ον, also os, ον, ( $\vec{l}$ φι) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

'IAI, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from is.

Ίφι-γένεια, ή, (ἶφι, γένω) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ίφιάνασσα.

**I** $\phi$ **ios**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , ( $I\phi$ i) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly. "IΦΥΟΝ, τό, a kind of pot-berb.

iχθυάζομαι, Dep. = iχθυάω.

iχθυάω, f. άσω, (iχθύs) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing. lχθυάφ, impf. lχθυάασκον.

ἰχθυβολέω, f. ήσω, to strike fish, spear them. From **lxθυ-βόλοs**, ον, (lxθύs, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish; Ixθ. θήρα a spoil of speared fish:—as Subst. lχθυβόλοs, δ, an barpooner, spearer.

ίχθύ-βοτος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκω) fed on by fish. lχθύδιον, τό, Dim. of lχθύs, a little fish.  $\mathbf{i}$ χθ**ὕ-δόκοs**, ον, ( $\mathbf{i}$ χθύs, δέχομαι) holding fish.

 $\mathbf{i}$ χθυηρός,  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ν,  $(\mathbf{i}$ χθ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ε) fisby, scaly, foul.  $i\chi\theta$ υο-βολέω,  $i\chi\theta$ υο-βόλοs, =  $i\chi\theta$ υ $\beta$ -.

ίχθυο-ειδής, έε, (ίχθύε, είδοε) fish-shaped, fish-like.

**ἰχθυόεις**, εσσα, εν, ( $l\chi\theta$ ύ**s**) full of fish, fishy. consisting of fish.

ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, θηράω) a fisherman. ίχθύο-λύμης, ου, δ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.

iχθύο-φάγος, ον, (iχθύς, φiχεiν) fish-eating; οί Ίχθυοφάγοι άνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe.

ἰχθυ-παγής, ές, (ἰχθύς, παγηναι) fish-piercing.

'IXΘΥ'Σ, ύος, ὁ: acc. ἰχθύν and later ἰχθύα: the nom. and acc. pl. ιχθύες, ιχθύας are contr. into lχθûs:—a fish, Lat. piscis. II. plur ol lχθύεs, the fish-market. [v in sing. nom. and acc., v in genit. and in all compds.

 $i\chi\theta$ τσι-ληϊστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $(i\chi\theta)$ ς, ληστής)  $\alpha$  stealer of fish.

 $i\chi\theta$ υ-φάγος, ον, =  $i\chi\theta$ υοφάγος. [α]

 $i\chi\theta$ υ-ώδης, ες,  $(i\chi\theta\dot{\nu}$ ς, ε $i\delta$ ος) =  $i\chi\theta$ υοειδής full of fish.

ixvaîos, a, ov,  $(i\chi vos)$  following on the track. ίχνεία, ή, (ἰχνεύω) a casting about for the scent ίχν-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἴχνος, ἐλαύνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out.

ἰχνεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἰχνεύω) the tracker · an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the ichneumon or Pharaoh's rat, which hunts out crocodiles' eggs.

ἴχνευσις, εως, ή, (ἰχνεύω) a tracking.

ίχνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a tracker, bunter. 2. the ichneumon: and

ίχνευτικός, ή, όν, good at tracking. From

ixveύω, f. σω, (ixvos) to track or trace out, hunt after. ίχνιον, τό, (ίχνος) a track, trace, footstep.

ίχνο-πέδη, ή, (ἴχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap "IXNOX,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau o$ , a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.

ίχνο-σκοπέω, (ἴχνος, σκοπέω) to examine the track. 'IXΩ'P, ωροs, δ, ichor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc.  $l\chi\hat{\omega}$ , for  $l\chi\hat{\omega}\rho\alpha$ 

ίψ, δ, gen. iπόs, nom. pl. îπεs: (ἴπτομαι):—a worm that eats born and wood. [i]

ίψαο, 2 sing. aor. I of ίπτομαι.

ίω, subj. of είμι ιbo.

ίω, contr for lάου, imperat. of lάομαι

iú, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. 10 triumphe! but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., oh!

ίω, ίων, ίωνα and ίωννα, Boeot, for έγω, έγων, and έγωγε.

ίωγή, ή, (ίέναι) shelter; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγη under shelter from the north wind.

 $i\omega\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(i\dot{\alpha}, i\dot{\omega})$  any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

ίωκα, heterocl. acc. of lwκή, as if from lώξ.

lwkh, ή, (διώκω) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.

ίων, ίωνγα, ν. ίω, ίων.

"ION, wvos, &, Ion, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creüsa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; of Iwves the Ionians. [7]

lωνιά, as, ή, (lov) a violet-bed, Lat. violarium.

Ίωνικός, ή, όν, (Ίων) Ionic, Ionian:—Adv. -κως, in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately.

ίωτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. an iota, a jot.

lωχμός, δ, = lωκή, dν lωχμόν in chase, pursuit.

## K

K, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet As numeral  $\kappa' = 20$ , but  $\kappa = 20,000$ .  $\kappa$  is near akin to  $\gamma$  and  $\chi$ ; hence the older Att. changed χνόοs into κνόοs, γνάπτω into κνάπτω, δέγχω into ρέγκω; so the Ion. χιτών into κιθών, δέχομαι into δέκομαι, etc.— $\gamma$  before  $\kappa$ , as in ἄγκαθεν, is pronounced like our ng.

 $\kappa \bar{a}$ , Dor. for the Ion.  $\kappa \epsilon_1 =$  the Att.  $\tilde{a}\nu$ .

κάββαλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, 20r. 2 of καταβάλλω. καββάs, poet for καταβάs, aor 2 part of κατα-

Kάβειροι, oi, the Cabeiri, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Εp. for κατά before γ, as κάγ γόνυ.

κάγκανος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, dry.

καγχάζω, fut.  $\dot{\alpha}\sigma\omega$ , = καχάζω. Hence καγχάλάω, to laugh aloud, Lat. cachinnor; Ep. 3 pl. καγχαλόωσιν; Εp. part. καγχαλόων, -όωσα.

κάγχρυς, see κάχρυς.

κάγώ, crasis for καὶ ἐγώ. κάδ, Ep for κατά before δ, as κάδ δέ.

καδδράθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 οί καταδαρθάνω.

καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατά δύναμιν.

καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor 2 part. fem. of καταδύω

καδεμών, Dor for κηδεμών.

Ionic,  $\eta \omega \theta \phi \chi (\xi \psi)$ .

καδίσκος, δ, Dim. of κάδος: the balloting-urn. Καδμείος, a, ov, (Κάδμος) Cadmean; of Καδμείοι

the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; 7 Καδμεία the citadel of Thebes. Proverbial, Καδμεία νίκη a Cadmean victory, i.e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polynices and Eteocles).

Καδμείων, ωνος, ό, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, Theban.

Καδμήϊος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος.

Καδμητs, toos, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείοs. Kάδμοs, o, Cadmos; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμήϊα γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight

κάδοs, δ, (χαδείν) a pail, jar, cask, Lat cadus. an urn or box for collecting the votes. [a] κάδος, εος, τό, Dor. for κήδος.

Κάειρα, ή, fem. of Κάρ, a Carion woman. Adj. fem. for Καρική, Carian.

καείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.

κάήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of καίω.

καήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.

καθά, Adv., contr. from κατά, α, according as.

καθ-ἄγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, ἁγίζω) to devote or II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn dedicate by fire. Hence as incense: devour.

καθάγισμός, δ, a devoting or dedication by fire.

a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.

καθ-αγνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κατά, άγνύς) to make pure, cleanse, ballow. II. to offer as an atonement or expiation.

καθαιμακτός, ών, bloodstained, bloody. From καθ-αιμάσσω, f. ξω, (κατά, αἰμάσσω) to make bloody, stain with blood.

καθ-αιμάτόω, = καθαιμάσσω.

καθαίρεσις, εως, ή, (καθαιρέω) a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.

καθαιρετέος, έα, έον, and καθαιρετός, ά, όν, verb.

Adj. of καθαιρέω, to be put down: to be accomplished. καθαιρέτης, ov, ò, a destroyer. From

καθ-αιρέω Ion. καταιρέω: fut.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : fut. 2 καθελ $\hat{\omega}$ : 201. 2 καθείλον, inf. καθελείν: - to take down; καθελείν ίστία to lower the sails; οφθαλμούς καθελείν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαιρείν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. coelo deducere lunam: generally, to take down anything bung up; hence Med., καθαιρείσθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the 2. to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to humble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., катаρέεσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. like alpeiv, to take and carry off, seize.

κ**ἄθαίρω,** fut. κἄθἄρῶ: aor. Ι ἐκάθηρα:—Pass, aor. Ι ἐκαθάρθην: pf. κεκάθαρμαι: (καθαρόs):—to make pure or clean, cleanse: in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to bave oneself purified. to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.

κάθ-άλλομαι, fut. - αλοθμαι: 2 or. 1 καθηλάμην: Dep.: -to leap down, Lat. desilire: of a storm, to rush down. κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) anything tied, a knot, κάθαμμα λύειν λόγου to untie a knotty point.

καθ-ανύω, Att. for κατανύω.

καθ-άπαξ, Adv. once for all: altogether.

καθά-περ Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit. weρ, even as, just as.

καθαπτός, ή, όν, fastened on or to; καθαπτός δοραίς clad in skins. From

**καθ-άπτω**, f. ψω: 201. Ι καθήψα: (κατά, ἄπτω): to tie or fasten cn:-Pass., βρόχφ καθημμένου (pf.

II. | part.) fastened or attached to a noose.  $2. = \mu \alpha \theta \dot{\alpha} \pi$ τομαι, to lay bold of. II. Med. καθάπτομαι, fut. -άψομαι:-to lay bold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost II. one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. antestari.

κάθαρευτέον, one must keep clean, be pure, τινός from a thing; verb. Adj. from

κάθαρεύω, f. σω, (καθαρός) to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.

κάθαρίζω, fut. ίσω Att.  $ι\hat{\omega}_{i} = \kappa \alpha \theta \alpha i \rho \omega_{i}$  to cleanse, purify, make clean.

κάθάριος, ον, (καθαρός) cleanly, neat. Hence κάθαριότης, ητος, ή, cleanliness, neatness.

κάθαρισμός, δ, (καθαρίζω) a cleansing, purifying. κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) that which is thrown awayin cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. metaph. a wortbless fellow, castaway, outcast. a space purified with proper rites; έντος καθάρματος within the purified ground.

καθ-αρμόζω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to join or fit to.

καθαρμός, δ. (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purifying. an atonement, expeation.

KA ΘΑ PO'Σ, ά, όν, clean, pure spotless, unsoiled, of garments. clear, open, free; ἐν καθαρῷ (sub. τόπφ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθαρῷ ἡλίφ in the open sun, opp. to the shade. III. in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offence. IV. pure, bright, clear; V. generally, perfect, comhence genuine, true. plete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service. Hence

κάθαρότης, ητος, ή, cleanness, purity.

καθ-αρπάζω, fut. άσω οτ άξω, to tear or snatch down. καθάρσιος, ον, (καθαίρω) cleansing, purifying, ex-II. as Subst., τὸ καθάρσιον (sub. ξερόν). an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.

κάθαρσις, εως, ή, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purification. κάθαρτής, οῦ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleanser, purifier.

καθεδουμαι, fut. of καθέζομαι.

καθ-έδρα, (κατά, έδρα) ή, a seat; ή καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ the hare's seat or form. II. a sitting still, lounging, delaying.

καθ-έζομαι: impf. καθεζόμην, but also ἐκαθεζόμην (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδοῦμαι: aor. I part. καθεσθείε: Dep.:—to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.

καθέηκα, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθίημι.

καθείατο, Ep. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι. καθείλον, aor. 2 of καθαιρέω.

καθείμαι, pf. pass. of καθίημι.

καθ-είργνυμι and καθείργω, Att. for κατ -: f. -είρξω: aor. I -ειρξα: (κατά, είργω):—to sbut up, enclose, confine.

καθ-είs, for καθ' είs, one by one, one after another; also els καθείε, for els καθ' ένα.

καθείσα, Ep. 20r. I of καθίζω.

**καθεκτόs**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (κατέχοι) to be beld back. καθελείν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαιρέω. καθ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plopf. pass. κατειλίχατο, for καθειλιγμένοι ήσαν. **καθ-έλκω**, f. - έλξω or - ελκύσω (as if from - ελκύω): aor. 1 καθείλκύσα: pf. καθείλκύκα:—Pass., aor. 1 καθειλκύσθην: pf. καθείλκυσμαι:--to draw down, esp. of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco. καθελοίσα, Dor. for καθελούσα, fem. of καθελών. καθελώ, fut. of καθαιρέω. καθελών, aor. 2 part, of καθαιρέω. καθ-έννυμι, to clothe; see καταέννυμι. καθεξής, Adv. (κατά, έχω) in order, in succession. κάθεξις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κατέχω) a holding, keeping hold of. καθέξω, fut. of κατέχω. κάθ-ερμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, έρμα) a necklace. καθ-έρπω, f.  $-\epsilon \rho \pi \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega$  (as if from  $-\epsilon \rho \pi \dot{\nu} \omega$ ): aor. I καθείρπὔσα: (κατά, ερπω):—to creep or steal down: metaph. of the first down, to steal down the cheek. κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of καθίημι. καθεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καθέζομαι. καθέσταμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι. καθεστηκώς, νία, ός, pf. part. of καθίστημι. καθεστήξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense. καθεστώτα, ων, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages. καθ-εύδω: impf. Εp. καθεῦδον, Att. also καθηῦδον and ἐκάθευδον: fut. καθευδήσω:—to lie down to sleep, sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, to find out, discover. καθ-εψιάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, εψιάομαι): Dep.: —to mock at, deride; Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιόωνται. καθ-έψω, fut. – εψήσω, (κατά, έψω) to boil down, di-II. metaph. to soften, temper. κάθη, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημαι. καθηγεμών, όνος, δ, ή, (κατά, ήγεμών) a leader, guide. καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.: -to lead the way, be guide: hence to shew the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe, Lat. praeire verbis. Hence καθηγητής, οῦ, δ, a leader, guide, teacher. καθήγισα, aor. I of καθαγίζω. καθήγνισα, aor. I of καθαγνίζω. καθ-ηδύπαθέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ήδυπαθέω) to squander in luxury. καθήκα, aor. ι of καθίημι. καθ-ήκω, f. ξω, (κατά, ήκω) to come or go down, go down to fight. 2. to come down to, come or reach to, extend to. II. to reach as far as, to suffice or be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper.

καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ήλιος) to bring the sun in upon,

κάθ-ημαι: imperat. κάθησο; subj. κάθωμαι; opt.

καθοίμην; inf. καθήσθαι; part. καθήμενος; impf. ίστημι.

to illuminate.

ἐκαθήμην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, to bave seated oneself, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait. καθ-ημέριος, α, ον, also καθημερινός, ή, όν, (καθ' ημέραν) bappening every day, daily. κάθηρα, Ep. for ἐκάθηρα, 20r. I of καθαίρω. κάθησθε, 2 pl. of κάθημαι: but καθήσθε, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same. κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημαι: — καθήστο, 3 sing. impf. καθηῦδον, impf. of καθεύδω. καθ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : — Causal of καθέζομαι, to make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of sacred things, to consecrate: - Pass. to sit down, settle. καθ-ίεμαι, Pass. of καθίημι. καθ-ιερόω, f. ώσω, to dedicate, consecrate, devote, ballow. καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ίζω) to sit down. καθίζεο, Dor. for καθίζου, med. imperat. of sq. καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον οτ κάθιζον Att. ἐκάθιζον (as if the Verb were not a compd.); fut, καθίσω Att, καθιῶ Dor. καθίξω: aor. 1 ἐκάθἴσα Dor κάθιξα, Ep. part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. I is καθείσα, also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense: (κατά, ϊζω): I. Causal, to make to sit down; άγορὰs καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e. open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute. to place or settle in a place, establish. 3. to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so. intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals: of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp. καθ-ίημι, fut. καθήσω: aor. Ι καθήκα Ερ. καθέηκα: pf καθείκα, pass. καθείμαι: (κατά, ἵημι):- to send down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto, καθιέναι την ἄγκυραν to let go the anchor; καθιέναι καταπειρητηρίην to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., καθιέναι to sound:—metaph to put forward, attempt: -Pass. to be carried down, reach or stretch down seawards; καθείτο τὰ τείχη the walls were carried down to the sea. II. to send down into the place of contest, enter for a contest. III. intr. to come down upon, attack. καθίκεο, 2 sing. 2 of καθικνέομαι. καθ-Ικετεύω, to intreat earnestly. καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 - ικόμην: (κατά, iκνέομαι): Dep.:—to come down, come to, reach to: hence to touch, probe. καθ-ιμάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ίμάω) to let down by a rope. καθίξας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. I part. of καθίζω. τὸ καθηκον, οντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, that which is καθίξη, Dor. for καθίση, 2 sing. 2 or. 1 of καθίζω. meet or proper, one's duty: but also τὰ καθήκοντα = καθ-ιππάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:--to ride down, τα καθεστώτα, the present state of things, circumoverrun with borse: generally, to trample down.

καθ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride down, trample under foot.

καθίστα or -τη, for καθίσταθι, imperat of καθίστημι.

καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-

καθίσα, Att. 20r. 1 of καθίζω.

I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίκαθ-ίστημι: στημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, 201. Ι κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, 201. Ι κατεστησάμην:-to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νήα to bring a ship to land, put in. settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore: -- Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans. in 20r. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plapf. καθεστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass. :- to be placed, set down : 2. to be set, established, apto settle oneself. pointed. 3. to stand quiet or calm, πνεθμα καθεστηκόε a calm: of persons, to become calm and com-4. to be in a certain state; εὖ καταστῆναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστηκώς Ion. κατεστεώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστώτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστώντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.

καθ-6, Adv. for καθ δ, in so far as, according as. καθολικόs, ή, όν, (κάθολοs) general, universal. καθ-6λου, for καθ όλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δμολογέω) to con-

ess. II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to equip or array fully. καθ-οράω, f. κατόψομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεόρᾶκα: αοτ. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εῖδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to set in motion, impel. καθ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ:—to bring into barbour, bring to ancbor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθωρμισάμην, to come into barbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, δσιος) to offer sacrifice:

—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.
καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ότι, in what manner.
καθοῦ, for καθέσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθίημι.
καθ-υβρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to treat despitefully, to
insult wantonly.

II. absol. to wax insolent.

κάθ-υδρος, ον, (κατά, ὕδωρ) full of water; κάθυδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periphr. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ήσω, to sing of, to descant upon. καθ-υπερακοντίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, ὑπερ-ακοντίζω): to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-ύπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὕπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ϋπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of καθύπερθε, upper, bigher, above: of persons, baving the upper band, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ον, bighest, uppermost.

καθ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνόω, f. ώσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances. II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing. καθ-υφίημι, f. -υφήσω: (κατά, ὑφίημι):—to let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions. 3. Med., καθυφίεσθαί τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

κάθωμαι, subj. of κάθημαι,

καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ώς) according as, as.

KAI', Conjunct., and, also. I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. Te answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, άρκτοι τε καὶ λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind: θαυμάζονται ώς σοφοί τε καὶ εὐτυχείς γεγενημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortu-II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἔπειτά με καὶ λίποι αἶών then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, "Εκτορα, καὶ μεμαῶτα, μάχης σχήσεσθαι όἰω Hector will I keep away, bow much soever or although 3. even, to increase or diminish the force he rage. of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεδs καὶ ἀμείνονας ίππους δωρήσαιτο; καί is often used in this way before οὖτος; with neut. pl, καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i. e. especially an old one). 4. so also in diminishing, lέμενος καὶ καπνόν ἀποθρώσκοντα νοῆσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i. e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἶε ἡδὺ καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak. after ομοιος, ίσος, δ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aeque, simul, perinde, etc.; γνώμησι έχρέοντο δμοίησι καὶ σύ they held the same opinion as you. of number, about; και έε έβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καιάδας, ου, Dor. a, δ, a chasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραθρον. (Lacon. word.)

καλ γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καλ γὰρ δή for of a surety.

καί γε, and indeed, Lat. et. quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καὶ λίην κεῖνόε γε ἐοικότι κεῖται ὁλέθρφ and indeed very deserved. Γε is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καὶ δή, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero. III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καὶ δη καὶ and besides that also, and moreover.

kal εl, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εl καί the thing is supposed as existing.

καιέμεν, Ep. for καίειν.

καί κε, καί κεν. Ep. for καὶ ἄν, κάν.

Kaiklas, ov, &, the north-east wind.

καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, aye and very much.

καl μήν, and verily, and certainly, Lat. et vero. II. and further, and besides. III. in answers, well,

be it so.

καινίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (καινόs) to make new, to bave new; καί τι καινίζει στέγη the house bas something new about it; καίνισον ζυγόν bear thy new yoke; καινίσαι εὐχάs to offer strange, new-fangled prayers. καινο-πάθής, έξ, (καινός, παθείν) newly suffered,

never before suffered.
καινο-πηγής, ές, (καινός, πήγνυμι) newly fastened,

new-made

καινο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (καινός, πημα) newly

suffering, new to suffering.

καινο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καινός, ποιέω) to make new, renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιηθέν λέγεις; what new pbrases art thou using? Hence

καινοποιητής, οῦ, ὁ, an inventor of new pleasures. KAINO'Σ, ἡ, όν, new, fresb, Lat. recens; καινοὶ λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresb, Lat. de novo.

II. newly introduced, new-fangled, strange; καινοὶ θεοί strange gods

καινό-τάφος, ον, (καινός, τάφος) of a new tomb. καινότης, ητος, ή, (καινός) newness, freshness: novelty. καινοτομέω, f. ήσω, (καινοτόμος) to cut fresh into; in mining, to open a new vein: metaph, to begin something new, institute anew; to make innovations in the state, Lat. res novas tentare. Hence

καινοτομία, ή, a cutting anew: innovation.

καινο-τόμος, ον, (καινός, τεμεῖν) cutting newly: beginning something new, innovating.

καινουργέω, f. ήσω, (καινουργός) to make new.

to innovate, make innovations. Hence

καινουργία, ή, innovation.

καιν-ουργόs, όν, (καινόs, \*έργω) making new, innovating: τὸ καινουργόν a novelty.

καινόω, f. ώσω, (καινό») to make new, innovate:— Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καί νύ κε, and now perbaps.

KAI'NTMAI, impl. ἐκαινύμην [ἔ]: pf. (in pressense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpl. (in impl. sense) ἐκεκάσμην, formed as if from κάζω:—fo surpass, excel; ἐκαίνὕτο φῦλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβεργόσαι be surpassed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέκαστο Πανέλληναs be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear; so in part., δύλοισι κεκασμένοs surpassing all in wiles; but κεκασμένοs also well-furnisbed.

kal vûv, and now, even now.

**ΚΑΙ'Ν**Ω, fut. κὰνῶ: 20τ. 2 ἔκὰνον, inf. κὰνεῖν: pf. κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

καί-περ, (καί περ) although, albeit.

καl πωs; and how? but how? when a thing is supposed to be impossible: only interrog.

kal ba, Ep. and then, and so.

kalpios, a, ov, also os, ov, (kaipos): in season, seasonable, bappening at the right of critical time, Lat.

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. of Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, vital; ἐν καιρίφ οι κατὰ καίριον in a vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καιρία (sub. πληγή) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καίρια accidents. Hence

καιρίως, Adv. seasonably. II. mortally.

KAIPO'Σ, δ, due measure, right proportion, fitness; καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly. II. of Time, the right season, the right time for action, the critical moment, Lat. opportunitas: generally, convenience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. καιρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely; ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι οι γίγνεσθαι to suit one's convenience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπό or ἀνευ καιροῦ οι παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tempore.

III. of Place, the right point, right spot: also a vital part of the body.

KATPOS, o, the webbing or thrums to which the threads of the warp are fastened. Hence

καιροσέων, a gen. pl. in Od. 7 107, καιροσέων όθον νέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be for καιροέσσων, gen. pl. fem. of καιρόεις.

καιρο-φιλάκεω, f. ήσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch for the right time, Lat. tempora observare.

καὶ ταῦτα, and that, and besides, especially.

καί τοι or καί-τοι, and indeed: and yet, although.

ΚΑΙ'Ω Att. κάω [ā]: impf. ἔκαιον Att. ἔκᾶον Ερ.
κεῖον: fut. καύσω: aor. 1 ἔκαισα, Att. also ἔκεα, Ερ.
ἔκηα or ἔκεια (or without augm. κῆα, κεῖα):—Pass,
aor. 1 ἐκαύθην: aor. 2 ἐκάην: pf. κέκανμαι: 1.
to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kındle fires for
oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn.
Il.
to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.

κάκ, Ep for κατά before κ, as in κακ κεφαλής.

κάκ, crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

κἄκ-άγγελος, ον, (κακά, άγγέλλω) bringing ill tidings.

κάκ-άγγελτος, ον, (κακά, άγγέλλω) caused by ill tidings; κακάγγελτα άχη the sorrow of ill tidings.

κακ-άγορος, Dor. for κακήγορος. κακ-ανδρία, ή, (κακός, ἀνήρ) unmanliness, coward-

ice.

Η.

κάκει, by crasis for και έκει, and there, there also. κάκεινος, κάκεινον, by crasis for και έκεινος, etc. κάκ-εστώ, οῦς, ἡ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp. to εὐεστώ well-being.

κάκη, ή, (κακόs) badness, baseness: cowardice.

κάκηγορέω, f. ήσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse, slander. Hence

κάκηγορία, ή, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, salumny; κακηγορία δίκη an action for defamation.

κάκ-ήγορος, ον, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking, abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. κακηγορίστερος, -ίστατος.

κάκία, ή, (κακόs) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. pravitas. II. disgrace. disbonour.

κάκιζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κακόs) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach.

II. to make cowardly:

—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιστος, η, ον, irreg Sup. of κακός.

κάκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [τ Ep., τ in Att. poets.]

κακκάω, (κάκκη) the Lat. cacare.

κακκείαι, Ep. for κατακείαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω. κακκείοντες, Ep. κατακείοντες, part. of κατακείω. κακ-κεφάλης, better divisim κάκ κεφαλης, Ep. for κατά κεφαλης.

KA'KKH, ή, buman ordure, dung.

κακκήσι Ερ. κατακήσι, 20r. 1 inf. of κατακαίω. κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κάκ κορ-, Ερ. for κατά κορύθα, κατά κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ep. for κατα-κρύπτω.

κακ-κύνηγέτις, ιδος, ή, for κατακυνηγέτις.

κάκό-βίος, ου, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a bard life, faring bardly.

κακοβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From κακοβουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise. κακο-βουλος, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad

neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.
κάκδ-γλωσσος, ον, (κακόε, γλωσσα) ill-tongued;
βοή κακόγλωσσος a cry full of misery.
2. slanderous.

κάκοδαιμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

κάκοδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unbappy or unfortunate. Hence

κάκοδαιμονία, ή, unbappiness, misfortune.
a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

κάκο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος (κακός, δαίμων) baving an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unbappy, wretched.

II. as Subst. an evil genius.

κάκοδοξέω, f. ήσω, (κακόδοξοs) to be in ill repute. κάκοδοξία, ή, (κακόδοξοs) ill repute, infamy.

κάκό-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κάκο-δρομία, ή, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage. κάκο-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, είμα) ill-clad.

κάκοεργία, ή, poet. for κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From κάκο-εργόs, όν, (κακόs, \*έργω) doing ill; κακοεργόs γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. fames improba.

κάκο-ζοία, ή, (κακό», ζοία poët. for ζωή) a miserable life.

κάκοήθεια, ή, badness of disposition, maliciousness. II. bad manners or babits. From

κάκο-ήθης, εε, (κάκοε, ήθοε) of ill babits, ill-disposed, malicious: τὸ κακόηθεε an ill babit, Lat. scribendi cacoëthes, an itch for writing.

κἄκοθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From κἄκο-θήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-arranged, disorderly, careless.

κάκό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ίλιος, ή, = κακή Ίλιος, evil or unbappy Ilium. κάκοκέρδεια, ή, base love of gain. From

κάκο-κερδής, έε, (κακόε, κέρδοε) making base gain. κακό-κνάμος, ον, (κακόε, κνήμη) Dor. form, thinlegged.

κάκο-κρίσία, ή, (κακός, κρίνω) a bad judgment. κάκο-λογέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of, rail at.

κἄκολογία, ή, evil-speaking, railing, abuse. κἄκο-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing,

slanderous, abusive.

κάκό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, = κακός μάντις, prophet of ill. κάκο-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding. κάκομετρέω, f. ήσω, to give bad measure. From κάκό-μετρος, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κάκο-μηδής, ές, (κακός, μῆδος) contriving ill, crafty. κάκο-μήτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (κακός, μῆτις) = κακομηδής.

κἄκομηχανέω, f. ήσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base arts. Hence κἄκομηχανία, ή, a practising of base arts, ingenuity

in mischief.
κάκο-μήχάνος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting,

mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (κακός, μοίρα) ill-fated.

κάκό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοιά, ή, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὔ-νοια.

κάκονομία, ή, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government. From

κάκό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κάκό-voos, ον; contr. -vous, ouv, pl. κακόνοι; (κακόs, νόos) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστεροs, -νούστατος.

κἄκό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II. as Subst., κακόνυμφος, δ, a bad or unbappy bridegroom. κἄκό-ξενος Ιοπ. -ξεινος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) baving ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξεινώτερος. II. unfriendly to guests, inbospitable.

κάκο-ξύνετος, ον, (κακός, ξυνετός) wise only for evil. κάκοπάθεια, ή, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κάκοπάθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed.

κάκο-παθής, ές, (κακός, παθείν) suffering ill, distressed.

κάκο-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a maid.

κάκό-πατρις, ιδος, δ, ή, (κακύς, πατήρ) baving a low-born father, of low descent.

κἄκο-πἴνής, ές, (κακός, πίνος) foul and loatbsome. κἄκοποιέω, f. ήσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a rogue. II. trans. to burt, spoil, lay waste. Hence κἄκοποιία, ἡ, ill doing, damage.

κάκο-ποιός, όν, (κακός, ποιέω) doing ill, mischievous, κάκό-ποτμος, ον, (κακός, πότμος) ill-fated.

κακό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) | with bad feet, weak in the feet.

κάκο-πράγέω, f. ήσω, (κακός, πράγος) to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise. Hence

κακοπραγία, ή, ill-success, failure.

κάκο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πράγμα) doing evil, mischievous.

κάκό-πτερος, ον, (κακός, πτερόν) ill-omened.

κάκορ-ράφία, ή, (κακύς, βάπτω) contrivance of ill, mischievousness. 2. ill contrivance, unskilfulness. κάκορ·ρήμων, ον, (κακός, δημα) evil-speaking. telling of ill, ill-omened.

κάκορ-ροθέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (κακόs,  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\phi}\theta\sigma$ s) to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him

κακόρ-ρύπος, ον, (κακύς, δύπος) foul and filthy KAKO'Σ, ή, όν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. bad at one's trade; κακός άλήτης a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-bearted; cf. κάκη. 3. of low birth, mean, vile. moral sense, bad, evil, wicked. 5. of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul. II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss. also bodily ill, injury. 2 in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι έρδειν to do evil or III. Degrees of Comparison:ill to any one. irreg. Comp. κακίων, ον, Sup. κάκιστος, η, ον: but χείρων χείριστος, ήσσων ήκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of kakós. IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = άγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of burtful, unlucky, = δυσ-, as in κακό-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακύπιστοs: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as Kako-ilios for kakds "Ilios.

κάκο-σκελής, ές, (κακός, σκέλος) with bad legs. κάκο-σκηνής, ές, (κακός, σκηνος) of a bad, mean body. κάκ-οσμος, ον, (κακός, όσμή) ill-smelling, κάκό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) faint-

bearted, cowardly.

κάκο-σπορία, ή, (κακός, σπόρος) a bad crop. κάκοστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak evil of. From

κυκό-στομος, ον, (κακός, στόμα) evil-speaking, foulmouthed.

κακό-στρωτος, ον, (κακύς, στρώννυμι) ill-spread, rugged.

κάκο-σύνθετος, ον, (κακός, συντίθημι) ill put together, ill composed.

κάκό-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) inactive, idle, II. act., κακόσχολοι πνοαί winds that wear men out in idleness.

κάκοτεχνέω, f. ήσω, (κακότεχνος) to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago. Hence

κάκοτεχνία, ή, the practice of bad arts, mal-practice. esp. forgery, malversation.

κακό-τεχνος, ον, (κακός, τέχνη) using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.

κακότης, ητος, ή, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη. II. moral badness, ickedness. worthlessness. III. evil, distress, suffering.

κάκοτροπία, ή, bad babits, maliciousness, wickedness.

κακό-τροπος, ον, (κακός, τρόπος) of ill babits, mischievous, malignant.

κάκοτυχέω, f. ήσω, to be unfortunate. From κάκο-τύχής, έs, (κακόs, τύχη) unfortunate.

κάκουργέω, f. ήσω, (κακοῦργος) to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, burt, barm: to ravage a country. Hence

κάκουργία Ep. κακοεργίη [ι], ή, the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villany. From

κάκ-οῦργος Ερ. κακο-εργός, ον, (κακός, \*ἔργω) doing ill, knavish, villanous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal. II. doing barm to one, damaging, burtful.

κάκ-ουχέω, f. ήσω, (κακός, έχω) to treat ill, wrong, burt, injure. Hence

κάκουχία, ή, ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία yθονόs the devastation of a country.

κακό-φατις, ιδος, ή, (κακός, φάτις) sounding ill, illomened.

κάκο-φράδής, ές, (κακός, φράζομαι) devising ell, thoughtless, foolish. Hence

κάκο-φράδία Ion. -ίη, ή, folly, thoughtlessness κακο-φρονέω, f ήσω, to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will

or malice. From κἄκό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακύς, φρήν) evil-minded, malicious, malignant. II. thoughtless, beedless.

κακό-χαρτος, ον, (κακός, χαίρω) rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.

κάκο-χράσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακύς, χράομαι) τυιτb scanty means, poor.

κακό-ψογος, ον, (κακός, ψέγω) malignantly blaming. κακόω, f. ώσω, (κακόs) to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to barm, destroy:-Pass. to be illtreated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκακωμένοs, disfigured, befouled.

κακτάμεναι, Ερ. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι, ιnf. of κατέκτην, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κάκτανε, Ep. for κατάκτανε, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτεινε, Ep. for κατέκτεινε, 3 sing. impf. of κατακτείνω.

KA'KTOΣ, ή, the cactus, a prickly plant.

κακύνω, f. υνω, (κακός) to damage, injure:-Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to muti-II. to revile, reproach: - Pass to be reproached. κακχεθαι, Ερ. for καταχέαι, 20r. I inf. of καταχέω. κακώs, Adv. of κακόs, ill, badly: with difficulty, scarcely. Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κάκωσις, εως, ή, (κακύω) ill-treatment: a distressing,

wearing out: damage, misfortune.

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακύς: cf. κακίων. καλαθίσκος, δ, Dim. of κάλαθος, a small basket. KA'ΛΑ'ΘΟΣ, δ, a basket, a wicker band-basket, Lat. calathus. II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

καλάϊνος, η, ον, coloured like the κάλαϊς, between blue and green, of changeful hue. From

κάλαϊς, ό, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the topaz or chrysolite.

καλάμαία, ή, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.

κάλαμευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower.

an angler.

KAAA'MH, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat calamus, stipula: a fishing-rod. II. stubble: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμην γέ σ' δίομαι είσορόωντα γιγνώσκειν thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e the relics) of former strength.

κάλάμητομία, ή, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From κάλάμη-τόμος, ον, (καλάμη, τεμεῖν) cutting stalks,

reaping.

κάλαμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

κάλαμη-φέρος, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds

κάλαμίνθη, ή, (καλόs, μίνθα) mint. Hence Κάλαμίνθιος, ό, Minty, name of a frog.

κάλάμινος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane. κάλάμις, ίδος, ή, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

κάλαμίσκος, δ, Dim. of κάλαμος

κάλαμιτις, ιδος, ή, (κάλαμος) a kind of grassbopper. κάλαμό εις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμύ εσσα ἰαχά the sound as of a reed-flute. From

**KA'AA'MOS**,  $\delta$ , Lat. calamus, a reed or cane, Lat. arundo: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush  $(\emptyset \lambda \eta)$ , nor tree  $(\delta \acute{e} \kappa \delta po \nu)$ .

καλάμο-στεφής, ές, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crowned or

covered with reed.

κάλαμό-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάστρις, ιος, ή, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

κάλαθροψ, οπος, ή, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκετο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, aor. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. I med. imperat. of καλέω. κάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

καλεθνται, Dor. for καλοθνται.

καλεύντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλούντο, 3 pl. impf.

pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑ΄ ΛΕ΄ Ω: Ion. impf. καλέσκον: fut, καλέσω Ion. and Ερ. καλέω Att. καλώ: aor. 1 ξκάλεσα Ερ. ξκάλεσα οι καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):— Med., fut. καλέσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. 1 ξκαλεσάμην:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paullopost f. κεκλήσομαι: aor. 1 ξκλήθην: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing. 2. to call to one's house, to invite, 3. to call on or invoke the Lat. vocare ad coenam. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλείν gods. Tiva to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλείσθαί τινα to sue at law, Lat. vocare II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλείν τινα ἐπίκλησιν to call by name: - Pass, to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τάδε μέν Περσών πιστά καλείται these are called (i e are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλήμεναι, poet. for καλείν, inf of καλέω.

καλήτης, Dor. and Att for κηλήτης.

καλήτωρ, opos, δ, (καλέω) a crier

καλία Ion -νή, ή, (καλον) a wooden bouse, but, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden shrine for a statue.

κάλτάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = καλιά, a but.

κάλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. ined. καλινδήσομαι, = άλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

κάλινδήθρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\alpha}$ λινδήθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλαια, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. palea: also a cock's tail.

καλλείπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as  $\kappa \alpha \lambda \lambda (\pi \alpha i s = \kappa \alpha \lambda) \pi \alpha i s$ .

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beau-

tiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόαs, ου, ὁ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding καλλί-βοτρυs, υ, gen. vos, (καλλι-, βότρυs) with beautiful clusters.

καλλί-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil. καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γἄλήνη) sweetly-tranquil.

καλλί-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beauteous things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναιξ, gen. αικος, ό, ή, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never

to have been used. [v]

καλλί-δίνηs, ου,  $\delta$ , (καλλι-,  $\delta$ (νη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [ $\delta$ ī]

καλλί-διφρος, ov, with beautiful chariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, δ, η, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-έλαιος,  $\delta$ , (καλλι-, έλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to  $\dot{\alpha}$ γριέλαιος.

καλλι-επέω, f. ήσω, to speak in fair set terms, in bigh-flown phrases; κεκαλλιεπημένοι λόγοι bigh-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ές, (καλλι-, έπος) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-ζερέω Ιοπ. καλλ-ιρέω, f. ήσω, (καλλι-, ίερόν): -to bave favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. litare, perlitare: -c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, έs, (καλλι-, ζυγηναι) beautifully-yoked. καλλί-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful

girdles.

καλλί-θριξ, τρῖχος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful bair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτέω, f. ήσω, to offer auspiciously. From καλλί-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλί-καρπος, ov, with fine fruit, rich in fine

fruit.

καλλί-κερως, ωτος or ω, ό, ή, (καλλι-, κέρας) with beautiful borns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ή, Fair-bill, a district near Troy. καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας, δ, ή, and καλλίκομος, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with beautiful fillets or bair-bands.

καλλί-κρηνος Dor. -κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ου, δ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautifulshining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly :- Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλί-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully sbaped.

κάλλιμος, ον, poët. for καλός, beautiful.

καλλί-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing. καλλί-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling victory; το καλλίνικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίων, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poet. Καλλι-όπεια, ή, (καλλι-, όψ) Calliope, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced,

καλλί-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, with beautiful children. = καλή παίε, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρηος, ον, (καλλι-, παρειά) beautiful-

cheeked. καλλι-πάρθενος, ov, of, with beautiful maidens or

κάλλιπον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν. καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλί-πεπλος, ov, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλί-πηχυς, v, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκαμος, ov, with beautiful locks. καλλί-πλουτος, ov, adorned with riches.

καλλί-πολις, εωε, ή, beautiful city.

κάλλιπον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, 201. 2 of καταλείπω. καλλί-πονος, ov, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ov. of beautiful rivers.

καλλί-πρώρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρώρα) with beautiful prow, of ships: metaph, of men, with beautiful face. καλλί-πύλος, ον, (καλλι-,πύλη) with beauteous gates. καλλί-πυργος, ov, with beautiful towers, towering. καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργόω) built with beauteous towers.

καλλί-πωλος, ov, with beautiful steeds or colts. καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully

flowing.

καλλ-ιρέω, Ion. for καλλ-ιερέω. καλλί-ροος, poet. for καλλίρ-ροος.

καλλίρ-ρους, ον, contr. καλλίρ-ρους, ουν, (καλλι-, pέω) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλωs, most beautifully. καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστείον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., = ἀριστεῖα, the meed of valour. καλλίστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-

fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty. καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beau-

tiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty

καλλι-στέφανος, ov, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beauteous towers.

κάλλιστος, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλί-σφυρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλί-τοξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow. καλλίτριχας, acc. pl. of καλλίθριξ.

κάλλιφ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ές, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautifulshining.

καλλί-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautifulsounding.

καλλί-φλοξ, φλογοι, δ, ή, beautiful-blazing. καλλί-φυλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful

καλλί-χορος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χώρος, with beautiful II. (χόροs) of or for beautiful dances: places. beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp of καλός.

καλλονή, ή, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. εος Att. ους, τό, (καλός) beauty. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works; κάλλεα κηρού beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ή, poet. for κάλλος, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ϋνω, (καλός) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over: - Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίζω, f ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κάλλος, ὤψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing: - Med. to adorn oneself, to

pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence καλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment; and καλλωπισμός, δ, an embellishing or adorning one-

self, making a display.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, δ. = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ή, nobleness and goodness. From κάλο-κάγαθός, ον, i. e. καλός καὶ άγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλον, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

καλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

κάλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good. κάλό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλύς, πούς)

with beautiful feet.

KAΛO'Σ, ή, όν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; 'Αλκιβιάδης ὁ καλός Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like II. serving a good purpose, fair, κάλλο**s** beauty. good; καλὸς λιμήν a fair harbour; ἐν καλφ̂ (sub. τόπφ or χρόνφ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious. III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. ho-IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, η, ον. V. Adv. κα- $\lambda \hat{\omega} s$ , q. v.:—but neut.  $\kappa \alpha \lambda \delta \nu$  is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion for κάλως, a rope.

καλούμαι, εί, είται, Att. fut med. of καλέω.

ΚΑ'ΛΠΙΣ, ιδος, ή, асс. κάλπιν οτ κάλπιδα:—α vessel for drawing water, a pitcher, urn: a drinkingcup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

κ**ἄλύβη**, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a but, cabin, cell. [vັ] καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small but.

καλύκεσσι, poet. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

κάλυκο-στέφανος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

κάλυκ-ώπις, ιδος, ή, (κάλυξ, ώψ) like a flower-bud, blusbing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, τύ, (καλύπτω) a covering, a bood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ϋκος, ή, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος έν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting. II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

κάλύπτειρα, ή, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

κάλυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. -πτρη, ή, a woman's veil; δνοφερά καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥ ΠΤΩ, f. ύψω: aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύψας baving covered with night; γαία ἐκάλυψέ νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, con-3. to cover with disbonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor I med. of καλύπτω.

Καλυψώ, gen. - 60s contr. - 00s, ή, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Kάλχαs, αντοs, δ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy: properly the Searcher.

KA'ΛXH, ή, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλώ, εîs, εî, Att. fut. of καλέω.

κάλώδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a small cord or rope. καλώs, Adv. of καλόs, beautifully, well; καλώς έχειν or πράττειν to be well off, fare well; c. gen, καλω̂s έχειν τινός to be well off for a thing. right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ'ΛΩΣ, δ, gen. κάλω, acc. κάλων: Ep and Ion. κάλος, ου, δ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλείν to sail at a cable's end, i.e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατείναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a

sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων ξέιασι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort. καλω-στρόφος, ύ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister. κάμ, Ep. for κατά before μ, as κάμ μέν for κατά μέν.

καμάκινος, ov, made of brittle wool. From KA'MAΞ, ἄκος, ή or ό, a pole, stake, a vine-

prop. II. the shaft of a spear. KAMA'PA, h, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κἄμἄ]

καμασήνες, oi, a kind of fish.

καμάτηρός, ά, όν, toilsome, troublesome, weari-II. pass. broken down, worn out. From κάμἄτος, ὁ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. II. that which is bardly earned; riness, distress. ημέτερος κάματος our bard-won earnings [κα]

κάμάτ-ώδης, ες, (κάματος, είδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαίνω, Ep. for καταβαίνω.

κάμε, Ep. for έκαμε, 3 sing aor. 2 of κάμνω. κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, δ and ή, a camel:—ή κάμηλος, like ή ίπ- $\pi$ os, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gâmal.) κάμινευτήρ, ήρος, δ, (κάμινος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows

 $\kappa \ddot{a}\mu \bar{b}\nu \epsilon \nu \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \kappa a\mu \nu \epsilon \nu \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ 

καμινοῖ, dat. of καμινώ.

κάμτνος, ή, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence κάμινώ, οῦs, dat. οῖ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better καμ μέν, Ερ. for κατά μέν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ άμμες. Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ερ. for κατά μέσον

καμμίξας, Ep. for καταμίξας, aor. I part. of καταμίγνυμι.

καμ-μονίη, ή, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ον. Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated.

καμ-μύω, Ep. for καταμύω.

ΚΑ΄ΜΝΩ, fut. καμοθμαι, εί, είται: 201. 2 εκαμον. καλχαίνω. (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish: inf. καμεῖν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκμηκα, Εp. pf. part. κεκμηώε, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα, acc. pl. κεκμηότας: I. intr. to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out: c. part., κάμνει πολεμίζων, έλαύνων one is weary of fighting, rowing. 2. to feel trouble or annoyance; οὐκ ἔκαμον τανὖων I found no trouble 3. to be worsted or beaten. in bending the bow. to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, barassed. 5. οἱ καμόντες and οἱ κεκμηκότες Ep. κεκμηότες or κεκμηώτες, Lat. defuncti, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, of κάμνοντες the sick; and κεκμηκύτες are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. dii manes. II. trans. to work bard at, to bestow labour upon. 2. to work out, earn by toil; in aor. 2 med., νησον ξκάμοντο they worked, tilled the island for themselves.

κάμοί, by crasis for καὶ ἐμοί.

KAMΠΗ', ἡ, (κάμπτω) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. the turning in a race-course, turning-post: metaph., μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point.

III. καμπαί, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπιμος,  $\eta$ , ον, (καμπή) bent, turning, double. καμπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , a bend, an angle. II. the

turning-point in a race-course.

ΚΑ ΜΠΤΩ, fut. κάμψω: aor. I ἔκαμψα: Pass., aor. I ἐκάμφθην:—to bend, bow:—esp., I. γόνυ and γούνατα κάμπτειν to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest. 2. γύνυ κάμπτειν 10 3. γόνυ κάμπτειν to bend bend the knee in prayer. the knee in running, to run. II. to bend, turn, guide anything. 2. absol. to turn round a point; κάμπτειν ἄκρην to double a headland; κάμπτειν κόλπον to skirt the bay: metaph., κάμπτειν βίον to turn the middle point of life, i. e. to draw near to its close; cf. καμπή. III. like Lat. flecto, to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent: generally, to bend, bumble.

καμπύλος, η, ον, (κάμπτω) bent, curved. [v] καμφθείς, καμφθήναι, 201. I pass. part. and inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψί πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κάμπτω, ποῦς) bending the foot, swift-running.

κάμψις, εως, ή, (κάμπτω) a bending, curving.

καμών, aor. 2 part. of κάμνω.

καν, crasis for καὶ αν:—also for καὶ ην, and if, even if. καν, crasis for καὶ èv, and in.

κάν, Ερ. for κατά before ν, as κάν νόμον for κατά νόμον. κάναθρον or κάνναθρον, τό, (κάνη) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.

Kavaviτηs, ου, δ, Syriac word, of which the Greek Ζηλωτήs, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with Xavavaĵos, a Canaanite.

KANA ΣΣΩ, f. fw, to make a gurgling sound with water. (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (κάνη) a wicker basket, Lat. canistrum. II. an earthen vessel, dish.

κανα-φόρος, Dor. for κανηφόρος.

καναχέω, t. ήσω, to ring or clash, clang, of metal: to plash, of water. From

καναχή, ή, (κανάσσω) a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clash of metal; also of the tramp of mules; καναχή δδόντων the gnashing of teeth; καναχαὶ αὐλῶν the shrill sound of flutes. Hence

κάναχηδά, Adv. with a sharp, ringing noise.

κάναχής, ές, (κανάσσω) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, plashing.

κανάχησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I ot καναχέω. κανάχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf of καναχίζω.

 $\kappa \breve{\alpha} v \breve{\alpha} \chi (\zeta \omega, f. i \sigma \omega) = \kappa \alpha v \alpha \chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega.$ 

κάνδυς, vos, δ, a Median garment with sleeves, also κανδύκη. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ion. κάνειον Att. contr. κανοῦν, τό, (κάννη) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a breadbasket, Lat. canistrum, used esp. for carrying the sicred barley (οὐλαί) at sacrifices.

κάνε**ιν, aor. 2** inf. of καίνω.

κάνη, ή, a rarer form of κάννα. [ă]

κανίν, Dor. for κανείν, aor. 2 mf. of καίνω

ble. κάνηφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry the sacred basket in II. the procession. From

κάνη-φόροs, ον, (κάνεον, φέρω) carrying a basket: ἡ Κανηφόροs the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

KA'N⊕A'PO∑, ô, Lat. cantharus, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinkingcup, Lat. cantharus. III. a kind of Naxian 
boat. IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, 
on the tongue of the Egyptian god Ap's.

κανθήλια, ων, τά, Lat. clitellae, a pack-saddle, or

the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

κανθήλιοs, ό, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass.

κάνθων, ονος, δ, (κάνθος) = κανθήλιος, a pack-ass. ΚΑΝΝΑ οτ κάννη, ης, ή, a reed or cane, Lat. canna: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a reed-fence.

καννάβίνος, η, ον, bempen, made of bemp. From KANNA BIΣ, η, gen. ιος, acc. ιδα, also gen. εως: —bemp, Lat. cannabis. II. anything made of it, tow.

καννεύσας, Ep. for κατανεύσας.

 $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu \nu \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu \nu \alpha$ .

καννόμον, better καν νόμον, Ep. for κατα νόμον.

κανονίς, ίδος, ή, (κανών) a ruler.

κανόνισμα, τό, poet. for κανών, a rule: also a ruler. κανοῦν, Att. contr. of κάνεον.

κάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καίνω.

κανώ, fut. of καίνω.

Kάνωβος or Κάνωπος, δ, Canobus, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

κάνων, όνος, δ, (κάνη, κάννα) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, κανόνες are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the woof (πηνίον) were passed between the threads of the warp 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or (μίτοε). level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. norma, a rule or standard of excellence :--so, the old Greek authors were called κανόνες, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the Canon or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of καίνω. Κάνωπος, δ, see Κάνωβος.

κάξ, crasis for καὶ έξ.

κάπ, Ep. for κατά before  $\pi$  or  $\phi$ , as κὰπ πεδίον for κατά πεδίον.

κάπειτα, by crasis for καὶ ἔπειτα, and then, and next. κάπετος, ή, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. fossa: a vault, grave: generally, a bole.

KAПH, ή, a crib, manger.

κάπηλειον, τό, the shop of a κάπηλος, a tavern, Lat. caupona. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (κάπηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to bawk about, biggle in; καπηλεύειν μάχην to make a trade of war, Ennius' bellum cauponari:-also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ή, όν, (κάπηλος) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., καπηλικώς έχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλίς, ίδος, fem. of κάπηλος, Lat. copa.

κάπηλος, δ, (κόπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. caupo, opp. to εμπορο:: esp, a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave. κάπί, by crasis for καὶ ἐπί.

καπίθη, ή, (κάπτω) a measure containing two χοί-

VIKES.

κάπνη, ή, (καπνός) a smoke-bole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (καπνόε) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense. κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of καπνίζω.

καπνο-δόχη Ion. -δόκη, ή, (καπνόε, δέχομαι) α smoke-receiver: a bole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

KAΠNO'Σ, δ, smoke, Lat. fumus. Hence καπνόω, f. ωσω, to turn into smoke:-Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to asbes.

καπν-ώδης, εs, (καπνός, είδος) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for κηποι.

κάπος, δ, Dor. for κηπος.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππάδοκίζω, f. σω, to favour the Cappadocians. to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From Καππάδοξ, οκοι, δ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for κατέπ-, 201. 2 of καταπίπτω.

καππο-φόρος, ον, (κάππα, φέρω) of a horse, marked with a κάππα: cf. κοππατίαs.

καπ-πυρίζω, poet. for καταπυρίζω, (κατά, πυρ) to catch fire.

καπράω, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, δ, poet. for κάπρος, a wild boar. II. as Adı. like a wild boar.

**KA'IIPO** $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , Lat. APER, the wild-boar.

καπρο-φόνος, ον, (καπρός, \*φένω) killing wild boars. KA'ΠΤΩ, fut. κάψω: aor. I ἔκαψα: Ep. pf. part. κεκαφηώs, for κεκάφωs:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. κάπτειν θυμόν to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II metaph. of sound, loud and

clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see ἀποκαπύω

καπ-φάλαρα, better κὰπ φάλαρα, for κατὰ φάλαρα. κάρ, Ep. for κατά before β, as κάρ βόον for κατά βόον. KA'P, καρός, τό, the bair of the head, akin to κάρα; τίω δέ μιν έν καρὸς αἴση I value him but at a bair's worth. II. also for κάρα, κάρη, bead, as in ἐπὶ κάρ bead-long.

Kάρ, δ, gen. Kāρόs, pl. Kâρes: \_a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:-Proverb., èv Kapí or έν τῷ Καρὶ κινδυνεύειν to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. experimentum facere in corpore vili: - Fem.

Κάειρα.

KA'PA Ion. κάρη [α], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like κεφαλή, Lat. caput, to express a person, as Οιδίπου κάρα for Οιδίπουs:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. κάρης, κάρη, κάρην. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. κάρητος κάρητι, κάρήατος κάρήατι.

καράβο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κάραβος, πρόσωπον) with

the face of a crab.

KA'PA BO∑, ò, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. II. a prickly kind of crab. scarabaeus.

καρα-δοκέω, f ήσω, (καρά, δοκεύω) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

καρανιστήρ, ήρος, δ, (κάρα) touching the head, bebeading.

κάρανον, τό, Dor. and Att. for κάρηνον.

κάρūνος, δ, (κάρα) a head, chieftain, chief. Hence κάρανόω, f. ώσω, like κεφαλαιόω, (κάρανον) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

καρά-τομος, ον, (κάρα, τεμείν) with the head cut off, 2. cut from the head bebeaded.

κάρβανος, ον, = βάρβαρος, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

KAPBA'TINAI or καρπάτιναι, al, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κάρδαμον) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent; τί καρδαμίζεις; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

KA'PAA'MON, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. nastur-

tium: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. κάρδαμον βλέπειν to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

KÁΡΔΙΑ, poet. κράδία Ion. καρδίη, κράδίη, ή, the heart, Lat. cor; ἀπό καρδίας λέγειν, like Lat. ex animo, to speak from the heart.

11. the stomach. καρδίακος, ή, όν, (καρδία) of the heart or stomach: hence.

11. dyspeptic.

καρδιο-γνώστης, ου, ὁ, (καρδία, γιγνώσκω) knower of bearts.

καρδιό-δηκτος, ον, (καρδία, δάκνω) gnawing the heart. καρδι-ουλκέω, (καρδία, έλκω) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπείον, τό, the cover of a kneading-trough. If a muzzle. From

KA'PΔΟΠΟΣ, ή, a kneading-trough, any trough. Κάρεσσι, dat. pl. of Κάρ.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for κάρα, the head.

καρήατος, καρήατι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κάρα.

κάρηβάρεια Ion. -ίη, ή, beauness in the head: topbeauness. From

κάρηβαρέω, f. ήσω, to be beauy in the bead, topbeauy. From

κάρη-βαρήs, έs, (κάρη, βάροs) beavy in the bead.

κάρη-κομόωντες, or better κάρη κομόωντες, oi, with bair on the head, long-baired, of the Achaians, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called ὅπιθεν κομύωντες. κομόωντες is Ep. part. pl. of κομάω; but there is no Verb καρηκομάω.

καρηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of κείρω.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. κάρηνα, (κάρη) the head; ἀνδρῶν κάρηνα, = ἄνδρες; βοῶν κάρηνα so many head of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, κάρητι, Ep. gen. and dat of κάρη.

Κūρικο-εργής, ές, (Καρικός, έργον) of Carian work. Κūρικός, ή, όν, (Κάρ) Carian: Καρική μοῦσα, ή, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

KAPI'Σ, gen. ίδος or ίδος, ή, Dor. also κουρίς or κωρίς, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. squilla. [ā]

καρκαίρω, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

KAPKINOΣ, δ, with heterog. pl. καρκίνα, τά, a crab, Lat. cancer: also Cancer, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac.

II. a pair of tongs. [?]

καρκίνό-χειρες, ων, pl. Adj. (καρκίνος, χείρ) with crab's claws for bands.

KA'PNEIA or Κάρνεα, τά, a festival beld in bonour of Apollo Κάρνειος by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attıc month Metageitnion, hence called Καρνείος μήν.

καρός, Dor. for κηρός.

**Κάρπάθοs**, ή, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer Κράπαθοs.

καρπαία, ή, a mimic dance of the Thessalians. καρπάλτμος, ον, (άρπάζω, Lat. carpo) tearing, swift, rapid. Adv. καρπαλίμως, rapidly.

κάρπασος, ή, with heterog. pl. κάρβασα, τά, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. earbasus. (Eastern word.) καρπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ (καρπός) to pluck or gather fruit: — Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return.

11. to make fruitful, fertilise.

κάρπιμος, η, ον, (καρπός) bearing fruit, fruitful. καρπο-γένεθλος, ον, (καρπός, γενέθλη) producing

καρπό-δεσμα, ων, τά, (καρπός, δεσμός) chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

καρπο-ποιόs, όν, (καρπόs, ποιέω) producing fruit. KAPΠΟ Σ, ό, fruit; καρπόs άρούρης corn, but also of wine; of καρπό the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing. KAPΠΟ Σ, ό, the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist, Lat. carpus.

καρπο-τελής, ές, (καρπός, τελέω) bringing fruit to

perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, ον, (καρπός, τεκεῖν) bearing fruit. καρπο-φάγος, ον, (καρπός, φάγεῖν) eating fruit. καρπο-φθόρος, ον, (καρπός, φθείρω) spoiling fruit. καρποφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear fruit. From καρπο-φόρος, ον, (καρπός, φέρω) fruit-bearing.

καρπο-φόλαξ, ακος, δ, (καρπός, φύλαξ) a watcher of fruit. [v]

καρπόω, f ώσω, (καρπόε) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. καρπόομαι to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing.

κάρπωμα, ατος, τό, (καρπόω) fruit: produce, profit. κάρπωσις, εως, ή, (καρπύομαι) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.

κάρτα, Adv. (κάρτος) very, very much, Lat. valde; καὶ τὸ κάρτα very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερέω, f. ήσω, (καρτερύs) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c acc. to endure manifully. 3 with a Prep. to bold out or bear up against a thing. 4. with part, to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

καρτέρησις, εως, ή, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία,  $\dot{\eta}_i = \kappa \alpha \rho \tau \dot{\epsilon} \rho \eta \sigma \iota s$ .

καρτερικός, ή, όν, (καρτερός) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θυμος, ον, (καρτερός, θυμός) stout-bearted. καρτερός, ά, όν, (κάρτος) = κρατερός, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; καρτερὰ ἔργα valiant deeds; καρτερὰ δρκος a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3. master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II. Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are κρείσσων, κράτιστος.

καρτερό-χειρ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καρτερόs, χείρ) strong of band.

καρτερώς, Adv. of καρτερός, strongly; καρτερώς ὑπνοῦσθαι to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, η, ον, Ερ. for κράτιστος.

κάρτος, εοε, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, strength, vigour, courage. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, to strengthen; aor. 1 med., ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγαs they strengthened their ranks; χείρας έκαρτύναντο they strengthened or armed their hands.

Κάρυάτίδες, ων, ai, (Καρυαί) the women of Caryae in Laconia. II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [ā]

κάρύκη, ή, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and

rich spice. [v] Hence

καρύκινος, η, ον, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red. κάρυκο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.

KA'PYON, the nut; κ Περσικόν the walnut; κ. Εὐβοικόν the chestnut; κ. Ποντικόν the filberd.

κάρυο-ναύτης, ου, ό, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutsbell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφάλέος, a, ov, (κάρφω) dry, parched: of sound, bollow.

κάρφη, ή, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass. καρφηρός, ά, όν, (κάρφος) of dry straw.

καρφίτης [t], ου, ὁ, (κάρφος) built of dry straw. κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. palea . dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. busks, 2. the dry sticks of cinnachaff, Lat. quisquiliae. mon were also called κάρφη.

**KA'PΦΩ**, f. κάρψω, to make dry or withered:—Pass.

to wither away.

καρχάλέος, α, ον, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's siti asper.

καρχαρ-όδους οι -όδων, όδοντος, ό, ή, (κάρχαρος,

δδούs) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχάρος, ον, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sharp, biting.

Καρχηδών, όνος, ή, Carthage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ον, and Καρχηδονιακός, ή, όν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the

masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.)

**κάρψε**, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κάρφω.

καρώ, Dor. for κηρώ.

Kas, by crasis for kal els or kal es.

κάσαλβάζω, f. σω, to abuse in barlot's language.

κασαλβάς, άδος, ή, a barlot, strumpet.

κάσας, κασάς or κασής, ou, o, a borse's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to ĸŵs, ĸŵas.`

KA ΣΙ'A Ion. -(η, ή, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ή, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κάσί-γνητος, δ, (κάσις, γεννάω) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nepbew or niece. II. as Adj. κασίγνητος, η, ον, brotherly, sisterly.

KA'ΣΙΣ, ιος, δ οτ ή: vocat. κάσι· a brother or sister. [a]

Κασσίτερίδες, ων, al, the Cassiterides or tin-islands. ΚΑΣΣΙ ΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καττίτερος, δ, tin, Lat. stannum;  $\chi \in \hat{v} \mu \alpha$   $\kappa \alpha \sigma \sigma \iota \tau \in \rho \circ \iota \circ \alpha$  plating of  $\iota \iota n$ .

κάσσυμα Att. κάττ-, ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

KAΣΣΥ'Ω Att. καττύω, to stitch, sew together. metaph. to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot.  $\lfloor \bar{v} \rfloor$ 

κάστόν, by crasis for καὶ ἐστόν.

Καστόρειος, ον, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; Καστόρειος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used

καστορίδες, αί, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of bounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also kaστόριαι κύνες.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστόρνυμι.

**Κάστωρ**, opos, ό, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

 $KA'\Sigma T\Omega P$ , opos,  $\delta$ , the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κασώριον, τό, a brothel. From

 $\kappa \bar{\alpha} \sigma \omega \rho (s, i \delta o s, \dot{\eta}) = \kappa \alpha \sigma \alpha \lambda \beta \dot{\alpha} s, \alpha \ barlot.$ 

KATA', Prep. with gen. and acc.: I. denoting motion from above, down NIT.: II. down towards, down upon; κατά χθονδε όμματα πηξαι to fix the eyes down upon the ground; of a dart, κατά γαίης φχετο it went down to the ground: - so, τοξεύειν κατά τινος to shoot at one (because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παίειν κατά τινος to strike at one; δμόσαι κατά τινος to swear upon a thing. III. against, in opposition to; λόγος κατά τινος, Lat. oratio in aliquem, a speech against one accused; but, πρός τινα, Lat. adversus aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, κατά δόον down the stream. 2. of motion or extension, over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as kata γαΐαν, πόντον: throughout, all along: also of Place, υροπ, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα. 3. generally, of Place, as, κατά γην καί κατά θάλατταν by land and II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; κατὰ φῦλα, κατὰ φρήτραs by tribes and clans; κατά σφέας by themselves; so, of time, κατ' ἐνιαυτόν year by year; and of numbers, κατ' δλίγου: few at a time. III. of object or purpose, πλείν κατά  $\pi \rho \hat{\eta} \xi i \nu$  to sail on a business;  $\pi \lambda \hat{\alpha} \xi \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha i \kappa \alpha \tau \hat{\alpha} \lambda \eta l \delta \alpha$  to rove in search of booty. IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; κατά θυμόν according to one's mind; so, καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον after our liking; κατ' ἄνθρωπον according to the capacity of a man; κατά φύσιν naturally; κατά δύναμιν to the best of one's power; κατά τὰ συγκείμενα according to the 2. in relation to, concerning; terms agreed upon. τα κατά πόλεμον all that belongs to war; το καθ' ύμαs as far as concerns you; κατά τοῦτο in this way; | a place and leave there: - Med. to lay as a foundaκατά ταὐτά in the same way. V. of numbers, nearly, about; κατὰ ἐξηκόσια ἔτεα about 600 VI. of Time, throughout, during, in the course of; κατά τον πόλεμον in the course of the war: κατά "Αμασιν about the time of Amasis; of καθ' ήμαs those that live about our time, our contem-VII. the Comp. is followed by ħ κατά... when the qualities of things are compared; μείζον η κατ' ἄνθρωπον greater than is suited to man, too great for man; μείζω ή κατά δάκρυα greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

Position: when katá follows its case, it is wri ten κάτα.

As ADV., like κάτω, downwards, from above, down. I. downwards, down, as in καταβαίνω. II. over against, in answer to, as in kat. III. against, in hostile sense, άδω, Lat. occino. IV. often only to strengthen as in κατ-ηγορέω. the simple word, as in κατα-κύπτω, κατα-φαγείν.

Kaτά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into κάγ before  $\gamma$ , κάκ before  $\kappa$ , κάμ before  $\mu$ , κάν before  $\nu$ , κάπ before  $\pi$  or  $\phi$ , κάρ before  $\rho$ , κάτ before  $\tau$  or  $\theta$ In compd. Verbs, κατά sometimes changes into καβ, καλ, καρ, κατ, as κάββαλε, κάλλιπε, καρρέζουσα, κάτθαν ε.

κατά, Ion. for καθ' α.

κάτα, crasis for καὶ εἶτα, and then.

κατάβα, for κατάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of καταβαίνω. καταβάδην, Adv. (καταβαίνω) going down below, down-stairs, opp. to  $dva\beta d\delta \eta v$ .  $[\beta a]$ 

καταβαθμός, δ, (καταβαίνω) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of

κατα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα; aor, 2 κατίβην, Ep. 1 pl. subj. καταβείομεν, for καταβῶμεν: κατάβα imperat. (for κατάβηθι): aor. 1 med. κατέβησίμην, Ep. 3 sing. κατεβήσετο, Ep. imperat καταβήσεο:--to σο or come down, Lat descendere · c. gen. to go down from; καταβαίνειν δίφρου to come down from a chariot; c. acc. to go down to; θάλαμον κατεβήσατο she came down to her chamber; but also, κλίμακα καταβαίνειν to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs. 2. to go down to the 3. to go down into the arena, to fight, consea. 4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, tend. e. g. in speaking. II. rarely in Pass., εππος καταβαίνεται the horse is dismounted from.

κατα-βακχιόομαι, Pass. (κατά, Βακχιόω) to be full

of Bacchic frenzy.

κατα-βάλλω, fut. -βἄλῶ: 20r. 2 κατέβἄλον, Ep. 3 sing.  $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \beta \beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \iota$ :—to throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; καταβάλλειν είε γύνυ to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down. to strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge. 5. to put down into

tion, ground, found.

κατα-βάπτω, f. ψω, (κατά, βάπτω) to dip down or into. κατα-βάρέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, βάρος) to weigh down,

καταβάs, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.

κατάβάσις, εως, ή, (καταβαίνω) a going down, descending. 2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

κατα-βασμός, Att. for καταβαθμός.

καταβάτω [ă], 3 sing. 2 or. 2 imperat. of καταβαίνω. κατάβαύζω, f. ξω, to bark or bay at, τινός.

κατα-βεβαιόομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταβάλλω.

καταβείομεν, Ep. for καταβωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj of καταβαίνω.

καταβήμεναι, Ep. for καταβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατα-

καταβήσεο, Ep. for κατάβησαι, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat, of καταβαίνω.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of καταβαίνω.

κατα-βϊβάζω, f. – βιβάσω Att. – βιβῶ, Causal of καταβαίνω, to make to go down, bring down.

κατα-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 κατέβρων: -Pass., aor. Ι κατεβρώθην: pf. -βέβρωμαι:--to eat up, devour.

κατα-βζόω, f. -ώσομαι: 2οτ. 2 κατεβίων:--to bring life to an end, pass life.

κατα-βλακεύω, f. σω, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

κατα-βλάπτω, f.-βλάψω, to damage.

κατα-βλητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega)$  likely to throw off. κατα-βληχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bleat aloud.

κατα-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: 201. 2 κατέμολον:--to go down or through, pass through.

κατα-Βοάω, fut. - βοήσομαι Ion. - βώσομαι: — to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c gen. c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, η̂s, ή, a cry or outery against one: and καταβόησις, εως, ή, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ή, (καταβάλλω) a laying down · a foundation, beginning. 2. a paying down. periodical attack of illness, a fit.

κατα-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, (κατά, βύσκω) to feed flocks upon a place:-Med. to feed upon.

κατα-βόστρυχος, ov, with long flowing locks.

κατα-βράβεύω, f. σω, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:-Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

κατα-βρέχω, f. -βρέξω: Pass., aor. 1 κατεβρέχθην: -to wet through, drench.

κατα-βρίθω  $[\bar{t}]$ , f. -βρίσω:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh. II. intr. to be beauty laden, weighed down by a thing. [7]

\*καταβρόχω, 20r. Ι κατέβροξα, opt. καταβρόξεια, to gulp or swallow down: cf. αναβρόχω.

κατα-βροχθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, βρόχθοι) to gulp down.

κατα-βρύκω [v], f. ξω, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρώσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρώσκω.

κατα-βυρσόω, (κατά, βύρσα) to cover over with bides.

καταβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβοάω.

κατά-γαιος Att. -γειος, ον, (κατά, γαῖος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground; κατάγαιοι στρουθοί birds that run instead of flying, patriches.

καταγγελεύς, έως, δ, (καταγγέλλω) a proclaimer. κατ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

κατ-άγγελτος, ov, denounced, betrayed.

κατά-γειος, Att. for κατάγαιος.

Κατα-γέλα, ή, (κατά, γελάω) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.

κατα-γέλαστος, ον, ridiculous. From

κατα-γελώω, f. άσομαι [ἄ]: 20r. I κατεγέλᾶσα:— Pass., 20r. I κατεγελάσθην: pf.  $-\gamma \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \lambda \alpha \sigma \mu \alpha i$ :—io laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.

κατά-γελως, ωτος, δ, (κατά, γέλως) ridicule, mock-

ery: also absurdity.

κατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass of κατάγνυμι.

κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράσω οι άσομαι: aor. I κατεγήρᾶσα οι -εγήρᾶνα: pf. -γεγήρᾶκα: --to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3 sing. impf. κατεγήρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in μι, cf. γηράσκω):--to grow old, Lat. senesco.

κατα-γίγαρτίζω, f ίσω, (κατά, γίγαρτον) to take out

the kernel: metaph. for stuprare.

κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside

at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: aoī 2 κατέγνων:—
to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c.
gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγιγνώσκειν τινὸς ἀνανδρίην to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—
Pass., καταγνωσθείς πρήσσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγιγνώσκειν τινὸς θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare
aliquem mortis; καταγιγνώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or
decide a suit.

κατ-αγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.

κατ-ἄγινέω, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down.

II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γίνωσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-. κατ-αγλαίζω, f. ίσω, strengthd. for άγλαίζω.

κατα-γλωττίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: pf. pass. κατεγλώττισμα: (κατά, γλῶττα):—to kiss by joining tongues: μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον α wanton, licentious song.

II. to use the tongue or speak against one.

III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence

καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanton kiss.

κάτ-αγμα, ατοι, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a piece or flock of wool.

κατα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend down. καταγνοίην, 201. 2 opt. of καταγιγνώσκω.

καταγνούς, 201. 2 ορτ. οι κατα η γνωσκω. καταγνούς, 201. 2 part. οι καταγιγνώσκω. κατ-άγνυμι, fut. κατάξω: aor. I κατέαξα, part. κατάξαs: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέᾶγα Ion. κατέηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατεάγην [ἄ], inf. καταγῆναι:—to break in pieces, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken.

II. in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέᾶγα, to be broken; κατεᾶγέναι οι κατἄγῆναι τὴν κεφαλήν to bave the head broken.

κατάγνωσις, εως, ή, (καταγιγνώσκω) an unfavourable opinion.

II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.

κατ-άγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.

κατάγράφος, ov, engraved, embroidered. From κατα-γράφω, (ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to pain! over, fill with letters.

II. to write down: to register, enroll.

κατ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to catch, overtake.

κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. άσω, to exercise constantly.

κατ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 κατήγάγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp to the sea-coast.

2. to bring down from the bigh sea to land.—Pass. to come to land, opp. to ἀνάγεσθαι (to put out to sea).

3. to draw out, spin.

4. to bring down, lower.

II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

κατάγωγή, ή, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into barbour, landing. 2 a landing-place: hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place

κατάγωγίον, τό, (κατάγω) a flace to lodge in, resting-place, inn.

κατ-άγωνίζομαι, fut -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut -δήξομαι, to bite in pieces. κατα-δακρυχέων, ουσα, better divisim, κατά δάκρυ χέων sbedding tears

κατα-δακρύω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δαμάζω, f. άσω· aor. I inf. med. καταδαμάσασθαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.

κατα-δάπανάω, f. ήσω, to squander, waste utterly. κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρθάνω: 201. 2 κατέδαρθον, by poet metath. κατέδραθον; also, in same sense, 201. 2 pass. κατεδάρθην, poet. subj. καταδραθώ, part. καταδαρθείς:—10 sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.

καταδεής, ές, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. καταδεέστερος, weaker, inferior, see καταδεώς.

κατα-δεί, impers. there is wanting: see καταδέω. κατα-δείδω, f. -δείσω: aor. 1 κατέδεισα:—to fear

very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνθμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατ-έδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew clearly, point out, make known: c. inf. to shew how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā]:—to shew signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδείκνυμι.

κατα-δέομαι, f. -δεήσομαι, Dep. to want or need very much: to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρακον, and in same sense pass κατεδέρχθην: Dep.:—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band: a magic knot, love-knot. κατα-δεύω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδευσα, to wet through: to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: Dep.:—to receive, admit.
2. to receive back, take bome again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast:

Med. to bind to or for oneself.

2. to put in bonds, imprison.

3. metaph. to convict of a crime.

II. to tie down, shut up, close, check

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers: καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect: Comp. καταδεεστέρως έχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-δίαιτάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην: pf. καταδεδίκασμαι:—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινόs: absol. to condemn:—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation:—Pass., καταδεδικασμένος one who bas judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence: a fine. [τ]

κατά-δικος, ον, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect: to think, suppose: also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave: also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, - εδουλωσάμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω, t ήσω, to fall with a beauy sound. Κατά-δουποι, ων, οί, (κατά, δοῦποs) the Cataracts of the Nile: also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero Catadupa as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting. καταδράθῶ, 201. 2 subj. pass. οf καταδαρθάνω. καταδράμειν, 201. 2 inf. οf κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ov, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, ατος, τό, a tearing or rending. From κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend. καταδύναι, 201. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

κατα-δύναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύω.

κατάδύσις, εως, ή, (καταδύω) a going down under water: of the stars, a setting: generally, a descent. κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω: fut. -δύσω: aor. I κατέδυσα: aor. 2 κατέδυν: I. Causal, in pres. κατα-δύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσα: -to make to sink, Lat. mergere; καταδύσαι ναῦν to sink or disable a ship. II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυκα, -δεδύκειν: --to go under water, sink, set, of the sun; ἄμ' ἡελίφ καταδύντι with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into: to get into the midst of; τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep bidden, lie bid.

κατ-άδω Ion. - ἄείδω: f. - άσομαι: rarely - άσω:to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere: absol. to sing a spell, charm. II, to deafen by singing.

κατα-δωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes, κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατάδω.

κατα-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered.

II. pf. part. pass. of καθίημι, let down, banging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Epic 3 sing. aor. I med. of κάτειμι.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι: impf. καταείνυον: to clothe, cover, overspread.

καταζάνω: Ιοπ. 201. ι καταζήνασκον: (κατά,

άζαίνω, ἄζω):—to make quite dry, parch up.
κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζην, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω: -- to the or yoke together, yoke: -- Pass. to be bound fast, straitened: to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζαίνω. κατα-ζώννϋμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast: Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against:

—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [v]

κατα-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθείναι, 20r. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείο, 2 sing. 201. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημ. καταθείομαι, Εp. for -θέωμαι, 201. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείομεν, Ep. for -θέωμεν, I pl. 201. 2 subj. of | κατ-αικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to wound severely: to κατατίθημι.

κατα-θέλγω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθελξις, εως, ή, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing. κατα-θεματίζω, f. σω, (κατάθεμα) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι. κατάθεσις, εως, ή, (κατατίθημι) a putting down: a

paying down, discharging. κατα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι:—to run down: of ships, to run into barbour. II. to make inroads or incur-

sions: c. acc., καταθεῖν χώραν to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. ξω, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θηλύνω, (κατά, θηλυς) to make womanish. καταθησώ, Dor. for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι. κατα-θνήσκω, fut. -θανοθμαι: aor. 2 κατέθανον Ερ. κάτθανον: pf. -τέθνηκα, part -τεθνηκώς or τεθνεώς Ερ -τεθνηώς, ῶτος, ιης. -τεθνάναι Ερ. -τεθνάμεν [a]:-to die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased. Hence

καταθνητός, ή, όν, mortal.

καταθορείν, 20r. 2 inf. of καταθρώσκω.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ήσω, to cry down

κατα-θρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρώσκω, f. -θοροθμαι: aor. 2 κατέθορον, inf -θορείν:-to leap or jump down: c. acc, καταθρώσκειν την αίμασιην to leap down from the wall

κατ-αθυμέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άθυμέω) to lose all beart, to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ov, also η, ov, in or upon the mind, at beart; μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος έστω let not death sit beavy at thy beart. II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ύσω [v], to sacrifice: to offer, dedi-II. Med, καταθύεσθαί τινα to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βάσις, εως, ή, poet. for κατάβασις.

καται-βάτης, ου, δ, poet. for καταβάτης, (κατα-Baiva) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, burled down, descending 2. epith. of 'Aγέρων, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καται-βάτός, ή, όν, poet. for καταβατός, giving a passage downwards; θύραι καταιβαταὶ ἀνθρώποισι

gates by which men descend.

κατ-αιδέσμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αιδέσομαι, 201. I pass. -ηδέσθην:—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατ-αιθαλόω, f. ώσω, to burn to asbes.

κατ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, of motion, to float or bover over; πλόκαμοι νῶτον καταίθυσσον his locks floated down his back.

κατ-αίθω, to burn down, burn to asbes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

ill-treat, disfigure.

κατ-αινέω, f. έσω poët. ήσω:—to agree to, assent to, approve of; καταινείν επί τινι to agree to a thing on certain conditions. II. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατ-αιρέω, Ion. for καθαιρέω

κατ-αίρω, fut. -αρω, (κατά, αἴρω):—to take or put down. 2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατ-αισθάνομαι, f.-αισθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend

κατ-αίσιος, ον, (κατά, αίσιος) righteous.

καταισχυντήρ, ηρος, δ, a disgracer. From

κατ-αισχύνω, f. ĕνω, to shame, disgrace, dis-II. Med. to feel shame before another, bonour. to reverence.

κατα-ΐσχω, poet. for κατίσχω

κατ-αιτιάομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with c acc. to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute II. the aor 1 part. καταιτιαθείs occurs in pass sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταῖτυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, a low belmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain)

κατ-αιωρέομαι, Pass. (κατά, αἰωρέω) to hang down. κατα-καγχάζω, f. άσω, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for κατακαήναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of κατακαίω.

κατακαιέμεν, Ep. for κατακαίειν.

κατα-καίνω, fut. -κανω. aor. 2 κατέκανον:—like κατακτείνω, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. –κάω [ā] : fut –καύσω : aor. Ι κατέ καυσα Εp. κατέκηα: 201. I pass. κατεκαύθην, 201 2 κατεκάην:-to burn, burn down, consume by burning .- Pass., κατά πῦρ ἐκάη the fire had burned down or out.

κατα-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call down, summon, in-II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, envelope:---Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. -κάμψω, to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty; κατακάμπτειν έλπίδαs to bend down, break down hopes

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:-Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσας, 20r. I part. of κατακαίω.

κατα-καυχάομαι, f ήσομαι, Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακείαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακειέμεν, Ep. pres inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακείετε, 2 pl. of κατακείω

κατά-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Dep. to lie down: to lie bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 3. to recline at meals.

κατακείομεν, another form of κατακήομεν, q. v.:but also Ep. for κατακείωμεν, pres. subj. of κατακείω. κατα-κείρω, f. κερώ, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κείω, Desiderat. of κατάκειμαι, to wish to lie over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. down: κακκείοντες, Ep. part. for κατακείοντες. κατακέκλζο, 2 sing. plapf. pass. of κατακλίνω. κατακεκράκτης, ου, ο, (κατακράζω) a brawler. κατα-κελεύω, f. σω, to give the word of command:

of the κελευστήs, to give the time in rowing.

κατα-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce through, sting severely. κατα-κεραυνόω, f. ώσω, to strike down by thunder. κατα-κερδαίνω, f. ανώ or ήσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.

κατα-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to rail violently: to mock at. κατακηέμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of κατακαίω.

κατα-κηλέω, f. ήσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant. κατακήομεν, Ep. for κατακήωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj of κατακαίω.

κατα-κηρόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, κηρύs) to cover with wax. κατα-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ύξω, to proclaim or command by berald.

κατα-κίρνημι, poet. for κατακεράννυμι, to mix wel: -Pass. to be well mixed.

κατά-κισσος, ον, (κατά, κισσός) ivy-wreathed.

**κατα-κλαίω** Att. -**κλάω** [ā]: fut. -κλαύσομαι. -- to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.

κατακλάξασθαι, Dor. 201. 1 inf. med. of κατακλείω. κατα-κλάω, f. άσω [ŭ]: aor. 1 κατέκλἄσα:--Pass., aor. 1 κατεκλάσθην .—to break down, break short off, II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.

κατακλαχθήναι, Dor aor. I pass. inf. of κατακλείω κατα-κλάω, Att. for κατακλαίω. [ā]

κατακλείς, είδος, Ion. and Ep. κατακληίς, ηίδος, ή, (κατακλείω) a fastening for doors.

κατα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω old Att. -κληίω: f - κλείσω Dor. κλάξω:-- Med., αοτ. 1 κατεκλεισάμην Dor. κατεκλαξάμην: - Pass., aor. κατεκλείσθην Ion. - εκλη $l\sigma\theta\eta\nu$  Dor.  $-\epsilon\kappa\lambda\dot{\alpha}\chi\theta\eta\nu$  (not  $-\epsilon\kappa\lambda\dot{\alpha}\sigma\theta\eta\nu$ ).—to shut up, sbut fast. 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade. κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ήσω, (κλήρος, δίδωμι) to distribute by lot.

κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, to inherit, obtain by inberitance.

κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ήσω, to receive as one's allotment. 11. to assign to another as bis lot, give to inherit.

κατακλίθηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατακλίνω.

κατακλϊνής, ές, (κατακλινήναι) lying down, stretched at length. II. sloping, steep.

κατα-κλίνο-βάτής, ές, (κατά, κλίνη, βαίνω) making one lie abed.

κατα-κλίνω [i], f. -κλίνω: aor. I κατέκλϊνα:---to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius:-Pass. to lie down, esp. at table. II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence

κατάκλίσις, εως, ή, a making to lie down or sit at table: ή κατάκλισις τοῦ γάμου the celebration of a marriage.

κατα-κλύζω, f. ύσω [v]: 201. I κατέκλυσα:—to wasb ]

II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence κατακλυσμός, δ, a deluge, flood.

Κατα-κλώθες, al, (κατακλώθω) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate. Moipai, Lat. Parcae.

κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates. κατα-κνάω, f. -κνήσω: aor. I κατέκνησα: - to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.

κατα-κνήθω, = κατακνάω.

κατα-κνίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I κατέκνζσα.—to pull to pieces, Lat. vellico:-Pass. to itch.

κατα-κοιμάω, f. ήσω, like κατακοιμίζω, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. I inf. pass. κατακοιμηθηναι, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to sleep through, sleep out; κατακοιμησαι την φυλακήν to sleep out the watch.

κατα-κοιμίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , = κατακοιμάω, to lull to sleep. κατα-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to make one a sharer, give one a share.

κατ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow closely.

κατα-κολπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κατά, κόλπος) to run into a bay or gulf.

κατα-κομίδή, ή, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From

κατα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att.  $\iota \hat{\omega} := to bring down, esp.$ 2. to bring to land or into barbour: to bring into a place of refuge.

κατά-κομος, ον, (κατά, κόμη) with falling bair.

κατ-ἄκονά, ἡ, (κατά, ἀκονή) destruction. κατα-κονδύλίζω, f. ίσω, to buffet severely.

κατ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (κατά, ἀκοντίζω) to strike down with daris.

κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκοψα:---Pass., p. post f. κατακεκόψομαι: 2 αστ. 2 κατεκόπην: -- to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.

κατα-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange, set in order; έπὶ νευρή κατακοσμείν to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.

κατ-ἄκούω, f. - ακούσομαι, to bear and obey, be subject to. II. to bearken to, give ear to, bear plainly. κατα-κράζω, fut. -κεκράξομαι, to cry down, outdo in crying.

κατα-κράτέω, f. ήσω, to prevail over, subdue:absol. to prevail, become master: to become current. κατα-κρέμαμαι, Pass to bang down, bang suspended.

κατα-κρεμάννυμι or  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ , fut.  $-\kappa\rho\epsilon\mu\dot{\mathbf{a}}\sigma\omega$  [ $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}$ ]: aor i κατεκρέμασα:—to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.

κατα-κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, to cut up like a butcher. κατα-κρήθεν, (κατά, κάρα) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom: - metaph. entirely, utterly. κατα-κρημνάμαι or -άομαι, = κατακρέμαμαι.

κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ίσω Ait. ιῶ, (κατά, κρημνός) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.

κατά-κρημνος, ον, precipitous.

κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω: aor. I κατέκρῖνα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [1] Hence

κατάκρισις, εως, ή, condemnation.

κατα κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. 11. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύφή, ή, a hiding: metaph. a subterfuge. κατα-κρώζω, f. -κρώξω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: αοτ. Ι -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακέκτημαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass.

κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω, fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτἄνῶ Ερ. -κτἄνέω: aor. 1 κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτάνον poet. κατέκταν, as, a, Ερ. imperat. κάκτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass, aor. 1 κατεκτάθην: Ερ. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμενου: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε:—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κυβεύω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice,

gamble away.

κατα-κὄλίνδω, f. ίσω [τ]:—Pass., aot. 1 - εκὔλίσθην: pf. - κεκὖλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 κατέκυψα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κυριεύω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κῦρόω, (κατά, κῦρος) to ratify: aor I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακριθείς, condemned to something. κατα-κωλύω, f.  $\acute{v}\sigma\omega$  [ $\bar{v}$ ]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to

attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβείν, 20r. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ἄλαζονεύομαι, (κατά, ἀλαζών) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλιά, ή, evil report, slander: and

κατάλαλος, ον, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμψομαι: aor. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατείληφα Ion. καταλελάβηκα:--Pass., aor. Ι κατελήφθην Ion. κατελάμφθην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize: - Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath. III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers., καταλαμβάνει it happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ σύμ-Barra, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to shine upon: to shine. κατ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to suffer greatly, be in great

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατελέγην:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατελέξάμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγμην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγμενοs.

II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as solders, levy, enlist, enrol

III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed

tears:-Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue.

κατάλειπτος, ον, (καταλείφω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιπον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath.

II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another.

III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f. ήσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burthens.

κατ-ἄλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλέξῶ, Dor. for καταλέζω, fut. of καταλέγω. κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ήσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λεύω, f. σω, (κατά, λεύω) to stone to death. κατα-λέχθαι, Εp. aor. 2 mf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-αλέω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. ξω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτίκός, ή, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ή, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning.

II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λίθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death. κατα-λιπαρέω, f. ήσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγή, ή, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. άξω: aor. I κατήλλαξα: --to change: --Med. to exchange, give in exchange. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile: --Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγην [α]. to become reconciled.

κατ-αλοάω, f. ήσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαί, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ἴοῦμαι: Dep.:-to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing
to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, δ, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army; of έκ καταλόγου those on the list for service. κατά-λοιπος, ον, left, remaining.

κατ-αλοκίζω, f. ίσω, to cut into furrows.

κατα-λούω, ί. σω, to wash completely: — Med., καταλούειν τον βίον to spend one's life in bathing.

κατα-λοφάδεια,  $\overline{\text{Adv}}$ . = κατὰ λόφον, on the neck. κατα-λοχίζω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , to distribute into troops. Hence

κατα-λοχίζω, i. σω, to distribute into troops. Hene καταλοχισμός, δ, distribution into troops.

κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλούω.

κατά-λύμα, (κατά, λύω) an inn, lodging.

κατα-λυμαίνομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.

καταλύσιμος, ον, (καταλύω) to be made an end of. κατάλύσις, εως, ή, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding: κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: generally, a conclusion, finishing.

11. a resting, lodging:

also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.

καταλῦτής, οῦ, ὁ, one wbo lodges in a place. From κατα-λύω, t. -λύσω: aor. I κατέλῦσα:—to dissolve, put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put down a form of government: to depose from command: to dissolve, dismuss, disband.

2. to bring to an end, termunate; καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace with him.

II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absolto take up one's quarters, balt, rest, lodge.

κατα-λωφάω, f. ήσω, to rest from a thing.

κατα-μάγεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μάγοs) to bewitch κατα-μαλάκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ.—to make soft or

effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so. κατα-μάλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. άξω, to soften much,

appease, pacify.
κατα-μανθάνω, fut. - μἄθήσομαι: 201. 2 - έμἄθον:
pf. - μεμάθηκα: -- to learn or observe well: to understand: to consider well.

κατα-μαργάω Ion. - έω: f. ήσω: — to be stark

κατα-μάρπτω, t. -μάρψω, to catch hold of, catch. κατα-μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness against:— Pass. to have evidence given against one.

ката-µаσσоµа, Med. to wipe off.

κατ-αμάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀμάω) to pile up, beap up: Ep. aor. I med. κατάμησάμην.

κατ-αμβλύνω, (κατά, ἀμβλύνω) to take the edge off, make blunt or dull.

κατα-μεθύσκω, f.  $-\mu$ εθύσω [ $\breve{v}$ ], to make drunk with sheer wine.

καταμείναι, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.

κατ-ἄμελέω, f. ήσω, to give no beed to, neglect: absol. to be beedless:—Pass. to be neglected.

κατα-μελίτόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed boney over, of the nightingale's voice.

ката́µєµттоs, ov, blamed by all, abborred: neut. pl. as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From

κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μέμψομαι: 201. t med. -εμεμ-ψάμην, pass. -εμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse, find fault with. Hence

κατάμεμψις, εως, ή, a blaming, finding fault, accusing.

κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay bebind: to remain, continue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. low Att. i.w., to cut in pieces: to distribute.

κατα-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure or mete out to: to measure.

κατα-μηλόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the probe: metaph., κημὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-box like a probe down another's throat, i.e. make him disgorge stolen goods.

κατα-μηνύω, f. ύσω [v], to give information as

gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.

καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. I med. of καταμάω. κατα-μίαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pas. to wear uniwashen garments in sign of grief, Lat. squalere.

κατα-μίγνυμι οτ -ύω, f. -μίζω: aor. I κατέμιξα, Ep. part. καμμίζαs:—to mix, mix up, compound.

κατα-μίσγω, = καταμίγνυμι.

κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to spend in paying public officers.

κατάμομφος, ον, (καταμέμφομαι) faulty.

κατα-μόνας, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.

κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ήσω, to conquer in single combat. κατ-αμπέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover. καταμύζωτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω. κατάμῦσις, εως, ή, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes. κατ-αμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend. κατα-μυττωτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτόν) to make mincemeat of.

κατα-μύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ : 20r. I κατέμυσα, poët. inf. καμμῦσα:—to sbut or close the eyes: to nod, drop asleep, dose: also to die.

κατ-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force down into a place. II. to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.

κατ-ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, a curse. Hence

καταναθεμάτιζω, f. ίσω, to curse.
κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασσάμην:—Pass. to
take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.
κατ-αναλίσκω, f. –αναλώσω: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:

κατ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω: aor. I κατηνάλωσα: -to spend lavisbly, είς τι upon a thing: --Pass., with pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavisbed.

κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press beavily upon.

κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.
κατα-ναυμάχξω, fut. ήσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
beat at sea.

κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign among. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among themselves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.

to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.
κατάνευστε, εως, ή, a nodding to, assent. From
κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. καννεύσαε:
-to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονεύω; ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατένευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a
nod: to make a sign by nodding the bead.

κατα-νεφόω, f. ώσω, to overcloud.

κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to beap or pile up. κατανήσαι, 20r. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθρακίζω, f. ίσω, and κατ-ανθρακόω, f. -ώσομαι: (κατά, ἄνθραξ):-to burn to cinders:-Pass. to be foot: metaph. to trample on. burnt to asbes.

κατα-νίφω, f. -νίψω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένιψε χιόνι την Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἄνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act. is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ήσω, to come down to, arrive at. κατ-άντης, εs, (κατά, άντα) down-bill, opp. to άν-

άντης.

κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, άντάω) opposite. κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. 2. absol. outover against, right opposite, facing. right, downright. [1 of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

Kat-avtlov, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting. κατ-αντιπέρας, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξις, εως, ή, stupefaction, slumber. κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:-Pass. to be pricked at beart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-ἄνύω Att. -ύτω: f. ύσω [ŭ]: aor. I κατήνὔσα: -to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προξένου κατηνύσαν they bave reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νωτίζω): -to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω, f.-ξανω: αοτ. Ι κατέξηνα:-Pass., αοτ. I κατεξάνθην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing. καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-άξιος, ον, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξιόω, f. ώσω, to deem worthy, esteem, ho-ΙΙ. to bid; πολλά χαίρειν ξυμφοραίς καταξιω I bid a long farewell to calamities. resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ύσω [v]: Pass., pf. - έξυσμαι:—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάορος, Dor. for κατήορος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ή, όν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down οι downwards; καταπακτή θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαίω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ă]: aor. I κατ. έπασα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πάτέω, f. ήσω, to trample down, trample under

κατάπαυμα, ατος, τό, a check, hindrance; and

κατάπαυσις, εως, ή, a putting a stop to, putting down, deposing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From κατα-παύω poet. καπ-παύω: f. σω:--to put to rest, 2. to make one stop from a thing, calm. assuage. binder or check from: to stop, hinder, keep in check: -to put down, depose one from power. and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ἄπειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten loudly; καταπει- $\lambda \in \mathcal{U} \notin \pi \eta$  to use threatening words.

κατα-πειρατηρία Ιου. -πειρητηρίη, ή, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελτάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with lightarmed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθέω, f. ήσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπεπτηυία, Ep. pf. part. fem of καταπτήσσω. κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. - πέρδομαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέπορδα:—to break wind at one. κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to boil down

or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising. καταπεσών, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or - ύω, fut. - πετάσω [α]: -to spread II. to spread or cover with. Hence out over.

καταπέτασμα, ατος, τό, a curtain, veil. κατα-πέτομαι, fut. - πτήσομαι: aor. 2 κατεπτάμην,

part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down. κατα-πετρόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω. καταπεφνών, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνῦμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω: aor. τ κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:— Pass., with intr. pf. act. κατα-πέπηγα, 3 sing Ep. 201. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f.  $-\pi\lambda \dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to fill quite full. κατα-πίμπρημι, f. - πρήσω, to burn to asbes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ερ. κάπmιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσκω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Εp. κάππεσον: pf.  $-\pi \epsilon \pi \tau \omega \kappa \alpha := to fall down: metaph. to$ fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισσόω Att. -ττόω: f. -ωσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ἄ]: aor. I

κατέπλάσα:—to spread or smear over, plaster with: -Med., καταπλάσσεσθαι την κεφαλήν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ή, όν, plastered over.

κατα-πλαστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

κατα-πλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine, plast: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, ον, also a, ον: Att. -πλεως, ων, gen. ω: (κατά, πλέος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

κατα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: αοτ. Ι κατέπλευσα:--Ion. pres. -πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the bigh sea to shore, put into port, put in:-to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατά-πλεως, ων, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ηγος, ο, ή, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken. κατάπληξις, εως, ή, amazement, consternation. From κατα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I κατέπληξα: --Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλάγην [ἄ] Ερ. κατεπλήγην:-pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:-Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατά-πλοος contr. –πλους,  $\delta$ , (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into barbour. II. a sailing back, return.

κατα-πλουτίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιω, to make very rich, enrich.

κατα-πλύνω [v], to bathe with water. Hence κατάπλύσις, εως, ή, a bathing in water.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνείω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:---to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence

καταπνοή, ή, a breathing or blowing. κατα-πόδα and κατα-πόδας, Adv, for κατά πόδα, κατά πόδαs, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθή, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπίνω. κατα-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war. Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ήσω, to wear out by toil or suffering. κατα-ποντίζω, f ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence

καταποντιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

κατα-ποντόω, f.  $\omega \sigma \omega = \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \pi \sigma \nu \tau i \langle \omega \rangle$ 

κατα-πορνεύω, f. -εύσω, to prostitute.

κατα-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve: -Med. to achieve for oneself.

κατα-πρηνήs, έs, bead foremost, with the forepart downwards; χειρί καταπρηνεί with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηνόω, f. ώσω, to throw down headlong. κατα-πρίω [i]: aor. I κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. - προδώσω, to betray.

κατα-προίσσομαι, f. -προίξομαι Att. προίξομαι:-to do for nothing, i.e. with impunity, always with shudder, borrible.

I. absol., οὐ καταπροίnegat., and in bad sense: ξεσθαι έφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπροίξει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος έμὲ καταπροίξεται be shall not escape for baving thus insulted me; οὐ καταπροίξει τοῦτο δρῶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. 3 c. gen. pers., ἐμεῦ δ' ἐκεῖνος οὐ καταπροίξεται be sball not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτος, ον, = καταπύγων.

καταπτάκών, ύντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω. κατά-πτερος, ον, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. -πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατάπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poët. aor. 2 part. καταπτακών occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or -χα, Ep. part. καταπεπτηώs:-to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-άπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ον, also η, ον, (καταπτύω) to be spai upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτυχής, έs, (κατά, πτυχή) with ample folds. κατα-πτύω, f. ύσω [v]: aor. I. κατέπτvσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτώσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπυγοσύνη, ή, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ονος, ή, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πῦγή) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. κατέπ $\bar{v}$ σα:—to make rotten :- Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πυκνος, ον, very thick.

κατα-πυρίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, πυρ) to catch fire.

κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ήσω, to consume with fire. κατ-άρα Ion. -άρη [ă], ή, an imprecation, curse. καταραιρημένος, Ion. for καθηρημένος, pf. part. pass.

of καθαιρέω.

κατ-αράομαι, f. -άσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:---to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά κατηpâto be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:-pf. part. κατηραμένος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to burl down.

κατάρατος, ον, (καταράομαι) accursed, abominable. κατ-αργέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, άργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make useless or void:-Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά, άργόs) to make to tarry. κάταργμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργυρόω, f. ώσω, to cover or plate with sil-II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατ-άρδω, f. άρσω, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατ-αρέομαι or - έωμαι, Ion. for καταράομαι. κατα-ρίγηλός, ή, ύν, (κατά, ριγέω) making one καπ-ἄριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count or reckon among. to count up:—Med. to recount.

κατ-αρκέω, f. ήσω, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-αρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.

κατ-αρνέσμαι: Dep. with fut. med. -αρνήσομαι, 201.

1 pass. -ηρνήθην:-to deny stoutly.

r pass. -ηρυησην :--το deny stouty. κατ-ἄρόω, f. -αρόσω, to plough up.

καταρράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμ. καταρ-ραθυμέω, f. ήσω, to lose or miss from earelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ κατερραθυμημένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle. καταρ-ρακόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, ῥάκος) to tear into sbreds: Pass., pf. part. κατερρακωμένος, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

κατάρραφος, ov, sewn together, patched.

καταρ-ρέζω, f ξω: Ep. aor. 1 κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.

καταρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.

καταρ-ρέω, f. - ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρυήσομαι: pf. - ερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form κατερρύην: — to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2 to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρυείs, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταρ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down.

2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρ-ρήξαντο τοὺε κιθώναε they rent their coats.

3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies.

II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 κατερράγην [ἄ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrains. in pf. act. κατέρρωγα to break out, burst forth.

καταρ-ρινάω or -έω, f. ήσω, to file down: κατερρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or wellturned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow. κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου,  $\delta$ , (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφέω, f. ήσω, to gulp or swallow down.

καταρρύηναι, 201. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence καταρρύηs, έs, flowing down, falling away, ebbing. κατάρρὖτος, ον, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ήσω, Ion. for κατορρωδέω.

καταρρώξ, ῶγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged. κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (κατάρω) a landing-place.

κατ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρῆμα κατηρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίζω, f. low, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: κατηρτισμένοε (pf. part. pass.)
 well furnished, complete. Hence

κατάρτίσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστήρ, ηρος, δ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. ύσω [v]: pf -ήρτϋκα pass. -ήρτϋμαι: aor. I pass. -ηρτύθην [v]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined. II. κατηρτϋκώε, pf. part. act. in in-

trans sense, of suppliants, baving performed all the

κατά-ρύτος, ον, poet. for κατάρρυτος.

κατ-αρχάs, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάs, in the beginning. κατ-άρχω, f ξω, (κατά, ἄρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., όδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγον. 2. Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χέρνιβά τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen. κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ leρείου to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in bonour of one, to celebrate, honour.

κατα-σβέννυμι and -ύω: f. -σβέσω: aor. 1 κατέσβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήν, ξριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.

κατα-σείω, f. – σείσω: pf. – σέσεικα:—to sbake and throw down; κατασείειν  $\tau \hat{\eta}$  χειρί to sign with the band, beckon.

κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασήπω.

κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.

κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ἄ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα. to grow rotten, rot away.

κατ-ασθενέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.

κατ-ασθμαίνω, to pant or snort against.

κατα-σιγάω, f. ήσομαι, to become silent.

κατα-σἴκελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicilise, i.e. make away with.

κατα-σιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on. κατα-σίωτάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rci, to keep silent, pass over.

II. trans. to
make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence

κατασκάφή, ή, a rasing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.

κατασκάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence

κατασκάφής, έε, dug down, deep-dug.

re- κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, f. -σκεδάσω [ά]: 201. I II. κατεσκέδάσα:--to seatter upon or over: also in bad sense; κατασκεδάσαι φήμην τινόs to spread a report | sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget. against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up. II. Pass., with pf.

act. κατέσκληκα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up. κατα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build :-- Med. to build, construct a bouse:-Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so :- Med to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκεύασμα, ατος, τό, a contrivance, device: and

κατασκευασμός, δ, contrivance.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (κατά, σκευή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or tempoτατy (παρασκευή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. ήσω, = κατασκηνόω.

κατα-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, ατος, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνωσις, εως, ή, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be burled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. ΙΙ. λιταις κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκτάζω, f. -σκιάσω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκιάω, poët, for κατασκιάζω,

κατα-σκίδναμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι. κατά-σκίος, ον, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: aor. r -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι:to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence κατασκοπή, ή, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, ον, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκώπτω, fut. -σκώψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ὄνω, to lessen, abridge:-Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμύχω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:— Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit: -also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπάράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to pull to pieces. κατα-σπαταλάω, f. ήσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. άσω [ă], to draw or pull down; κατασπαν τινα των τριχων to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to baul down, set affoat. II. to quaff or swallow down.

κατα-σπείρω, f.  $-\sigma \pi \epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

besprinkle.

κατα-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω: aor. I κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:--Pass., aor. I -εσπείσθην: pf. -έσπεισμαι:-to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. to bonour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, σποδός) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep, with aor. I pass. -εσπουδάσθην, pf. – εσπούδασμαι ; (κατά, σπουδάζω) :-- to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

κατα-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle; νόσφ καταστάζειν πόδα to have one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

καταστάθείς, aor. I part, pass, of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. I part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στασιάζω, f. άσω, to form a counter-party. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατάστασις, εωε, ή, a settling, appointing, establishing an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presenta-II. intrans, a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

καταστάτέον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must

appoint.

καταστάτης, ου, δ. (καθίστημι) an establisher. κατα-στεγάζω, f άσω, to cover over. Hence καταστέγασμα, ατος, τό, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, ον, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed. κατα-στείβω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to tread on.

καταστείλαι, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f.  $-\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to put in order, arrange: 2. to keep down, check. clothe, dress, array.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανόω, f. ώσω, to crown.

καταστεφήs, és, wreathed, crowned. From κατα-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreathe,

κατα-στηλίτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάστημα, ατος, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition. κατα-στηρίζω, f. ίξω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. t inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι: καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στίζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence

ката-отиктоs, ov, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled. κατα-στίλβω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation. κατα-στονάχεω, f. ήσω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: sor. 1 κατεστόρεσα:--to spread or cover with a thing. to spread or strew on the ground: to overthrow, lay low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. sternere aeguor.

κατ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to hurl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

κατα-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

κατα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med. to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμαι ἀκούειν I am compelled to hear. III. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end,

καταστρέψαs, aor. 1 part. of καταστρέφω. καταστρέψοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω. κατα-στρηνιάω, to bebave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ή, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overthrowing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II. a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

κατα-στρώννῦμι and -ὑω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέστρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

κατα-στὕγέω, f. ήσω: 2οι. 2 κατέστὕγον:—to be borror-struck:—c. 2cc. 1ei, to sbudder at, abbor.

κατα-στύφελος, ον, very bard or rugged. κατα-στωμύλλω, to bave a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατα-σύρω, aor. I -έσῦρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere. κατασφάγή, ή, a slaughtering or killing. From κατα-σφάζω or -σφάττω: f. ξω: aor. 2 pass -έσφάγην [ά]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατα-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένοs, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεθεῖν Ερ. – έειν, poët. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω. κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ή, (κατέχω) a bolding back, bindering.

II. a bolding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) beld back, kept back. I possessed.

κατα-σχίζω, f. ίσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. άσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνου τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long, κατασχώμεν, 1 pl. 201. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατα-σώχω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray. κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τἄνύω, f.  $\dot{v}\sigma\omega$  [ $\ddot{v}$ ], = κατα-τείνω.

καταταξείs, Dor. for κατατήξειs, 2 sing. fut. of κατατήκω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest.

2. to appoint.

κατατεθναίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθνήσκω. κατατεθνεώs and Ep. -ηώs, gen. ωτοs, pf. part. of καταθνήσκω.

κατατέθνηκα, pf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert. II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself: to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in . . 2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnessly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέτἄμον: pf. κατατέτμηκα, pass. κατατέτμημαι. -to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνειν τινὰ καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέτμηντο τάφροι trenches bad been cut.

κατά-τεχνος, ον, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 1 κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II. Pass., with pf. act. κατατέτηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f.  $-\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : pf.  $-\tau \dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \kappa \alpha$ : aor. 2  $\kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\epsilon} \theta \eta \nu$ , Ep. pl. κάτθεμεν, κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν; καταθείομεν, Ep. subj. for  $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \theta \hat{\omega} \mu \epsilon \nu$ ; Ep. inf  $\kappa \alpha \tau \theta \hat{\epsilon} \mu \epsilon \nu$ ; and in Med., κατθέμεθα, κατθέσθην, κατθέμενοι, Ep. for κατέθεμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθώμαι:-to place, put or lay down; καταθείναι ἄεθλον to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθείναι τισί τι ès μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαί τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τιλάω, f. ήσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ή, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, flesbly circumcision.

κατα-τοξεύω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω.

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ίσω Att. ιω:
—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δράμοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέδράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack. III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [1]: pf. -τέτριμμα: :-to rub down, wear away with rubbing: of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander: --Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diem terere: --Pass, esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [1]

κατα-τρίζω, to squeak, scream shrilly. κατα-τροχάζω, f. άσω, to run down or over. κατα-τρύζω, f. ύσω, to chatter against. κατα-τρύχω, to rub down, wear out, exhaust. [v] κατα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 κατέτράγον:-to gnaw in pieces, eat up. κατα-τρωματίζω, lon. for κατατραυμ-. κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι, to bit one's mark, reach, gain, obtain: absol. to be successful. κατ-αυαίνω, to dry, parch, or wither up. κατ-αυγάζω, f. άσω, to illumine or light up:—Med. to gaze at. κατ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak aloud, declare. κατ-αῦθι, or better κατ' αὖθι, Adv. on the spot. κατ-αυλέω, f ήσω, to play upon the flute to one. of cities. Pass. to bave the flute played to one: to resound with the flute. II. c. acc. to overpower by fluteplaying: generally, to strike dumb. κατ-αυλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι: 20r. 1 med. κατηυλισά- $\theta\eta\nu$ , to be afraid of. μην and pass. κατηυλίσθην: Dep.:-to take up one's quarters, encamp, settle, lodge. κατ-αυτίκα, better κατ' αὐτίκα, κατ-αυτόθι, Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αὐτόθι. carried down. κατ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to exult much in. κατα-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to eat up, de-2. to consume in eating. observe. κατα-φαίνω, f. -φανώ, to make visible. II. Pass

to become visible, appear. 2. to be clear or plain. καταφάνηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence καταφάνής, έs, clearly seen, conspicuous. nifest, clear. κατάφαρκτος, ον, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.

κατα φαρμάκεύω, f. σω, to anoint with drugs: to charm, bewitch.

κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. ξω, to poison. κατα-φαυλίζω, f. σω, to depreciate.

καταφερής, ές, (καταφέρομαι) sloping, slanting;  $\epsilon \tilde{v} \tau \epsilon \, \tilde{\alpha} \nu \, \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \phi \epsilon \rho \dot{\eta} s \, \gamma (\gamma \nu \eta \tau \alpha \iota \, \dot{\sigma} \, \dot{\eta} \lambda \iota \sigma s \, \text{when the sun is}$ near setting. II. inclined to a thing.

κατα-φέρω, f. κατοίσω οι κατοίσομαι: 201. Ι κατήνεγκα:—to bring down:—Pass. to be brought down, as by a river: to be weighed down by sleep. to bring down from the high sea, bring to land:-Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.

κατα-φεύγω, f. ξομαι: aor. 2 κατέφϋγον:—to flee for refuge or betake oneself to, to bave recourse to.

κατα φευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must betake oneself. κατά-φευξις, εωε, ή, flight for refuge. 2. a place of refuge.

κατά-φημι, to say yes, assent to.

κατα-φημίζω, f. σω and ξω, to spread a report, announce, proclaim.

κατα-φθατέομαι, Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω =  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\nu\omega$ ): - to take first possession of, occupy.

κατα-φθείρω, f.  $-\phi\theta\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ , to bring to nothing, ruin.

κατα-φθίνύθω, = καταφθίω. [ĭ]κατα-φθίνω: aor. Ι κατεφθίνησα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα: -to waste away, decay, perisb.

κατα-φθίω. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [τ], 201. Ι κατέφθισα, to ruin, destroy, kill. trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθζμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην [τ], inf. -φθίσθαι:-to be destroyed, ruined, waste away, perish; ώς καταφθίσθαι ώφελες Ο that thou badst perished: part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed.

καταφθορά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (καταφθείρω) destruction, ruin, death: metaph. confusion, distraction.

κατα-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to kiss tenderly, caress,

κατα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to burn down, consume. καταφλεξί-πολις, δ, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) inflamer

κατά-φλεξις, εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) a burning. κατα-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to strike with fear or dismay: –Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. 1 κατεφοβή-

κατα-φοιτάω Ion -έω, to come down regularly. κατα-φονεύω, f. σω, to slaughter, butcher, slay. κατα-φορέω, f. ήσω, to carry down or along: of a river, to carry down with the stream: - Pass. to be so

κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to declare. II. Med., with fut. -φράσομαι, aor. 1 med. -εφρασάμην, pass. -εφρά- $\sigma\theta\eta\nu:$ —to think upon, reflect upon: to remark,

κατάφρακτος, ov, covered, decked: shut up in. From κατα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f ξω, to cover, fence in. κατα-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to think slightly of, disdain, II. to fix one's despise: to scorn, contemn. thoughts upon, think of: also to aim at, Lat. affec-III. to think arrogantly, to presume: and simply to think, suppose. Hence

καταφρόνημα, ατος, τό, contempt of others; μή φρόνημα μόνον, άλλα καταφρόνημα not only spirit, but a spirit of disdain: and

καταφρόνησις, εως, ή, a low opinion of others: presumption: and

καταφρονητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a despiser: and

καταφρονητικός, ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful. Adv. - κω̂s, scornfully.

κατα-φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to think or study a thing away.

κατα-φρύγω, f. ξω, to burn away.

κατα-φυγγάνω, = καταφεύγω.

καταφύγειν, 2 or. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence καταφυγή, ή, a refuge, place of refuge.

κατα-φυλάδον, Adv., for κατά φυλάs, in tribes, by tribes or clans.

κατα-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to guard well.

κατα-φυλλοροέω, f. ήσω, to shed leaves: to decay. κατά-φύτος, ον, (κατά, φυτόν) well-planted.

κατα-φωράω, f. άσω [ā], to catch in a theft: generally, to catch in the act, detect, discover.

κατα-φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to illuminate, light up. κατα-γαίρω, f. -γαρούμαι, to exult over one.

κατα-χάλαζάω, f. ήσω, to shower down like bail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, ον, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleaming with brasen armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκόω, f. ώσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χάρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, ατος, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέζω, f. -χέσομαι, to befoul, Lat concacare. κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to vote by show of bands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ή, condemnation by show of bands.

καταχέθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ερ. –χεύω: fut. –χεῶ: aor. I κατέχεα Ερ. κατέχενα:—Pass., aor. I κατέχύην [v]: Ep. aor. 2 κατέχύην [v], 3 sing, and pl. κατέχῦτο, χατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down. II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχήνη, ή, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery. κατα-χηρεύω, f. σω, to pass in widowbood.

κατ-αχής, έε, Dor. for κατηχήε.

κατ-άχθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed. κατα-χθόνιος, ον, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-γράομαι, f.-χρήσομαι: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch. II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατάχρα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., dντὶ λόφου η λοφιη κατέχρα the mane sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρειόομαι, Pass. to be ill treated. κατα-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign

of contempt.

κατα-χρήστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, or, covered with gold, gilded. Hence καταχρύσόω, f. ώσω, to cover with gold, to gild. κατα-χρώζω, also -χρώνυμι and -ύω: f. -χρώσω: -to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύδην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. pro-

fusely, lavishly. [v]

κατάχυσμα, ατος, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. bandfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννθμι οι -ύω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a beap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχώσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάζω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

κατα-ψάω, f. -ψήσω, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. -ψακάζω, f. άσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, invent; καταψεύδεσθαί τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτὕρέω, f ήσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, ον, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous. κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, f. -ψήξω, to rub or grate down — Pass. to crumble away.

II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to cool, refresb.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

κατέαγα, pf. of κατάγνυμι :—κατεάγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass.

κατέδγῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι. κατέαξα, aor. I of κατάγνυμι.

κατεάξω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κάθηνται, 3 pl. of κάθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι. κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. 20r. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω. κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατεβήσετο, Ερ. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλακευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλακεύω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγύάω, f. ήσω: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible, compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγύη, ή, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, impf. of καταγελάω

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγχέω, f. -χεω, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, 20r. 1 of καταδέω (A).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδαρθον, 201. 2 of καταδαρθάνω.

κατέδραμον, 201. 2 of κατατρέχω. κατέδυν, 201. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατ-έδω, Ερ. for κατεσθίω.

κατεηγώs, Ion. pf. part. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέθηκα, aor. I of κατατίθημι.

κατ-είβω, poet. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., alw κατείβετο life ebbed or passed away.

κατειδέναι, inf. pf. of \*κατείδω.

\*κατ-είδω, Ι. in 201. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδείν (which serves as 201. 2 το καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in 201. 2 med. κατείδόμην, inf. κατείδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα, inf. κατείδέσαι, to know well, to be assured of.

κατ-είδωλος, ον, (κατά, είδωλον) given to idols. κατ-εικάζω, f. άσω, to liken to:-Pass. to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture: of evil, to suspect. κατ-ειλέω, f. ήσω, to force into a place, coop up :-Pass. to be cooped up. κατείληφα, κατείλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω. κατ-ειλίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω. κατειλίχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω. κατ-ειλύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to cover up, wrap up. κάτ-ειμι: Ep. aor. ι med. καταεισάμην: (κατά, είμι ibo) to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river, to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down. come back, return: of exiles, to return bome. κατείναι, Ion. for καθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of καθίημι. κατ-είνυμι, Ion, for καθέννυμι,  $\kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \pi \alpha$ , aor.  $I = \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \hat{\imath} \pi o \nu$ . κατείπον, inf. κατειπείν, without any pres. in use: (κατά, είπον): to speak against, to accuse, charge. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of. κατειργαθόμην, poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείργω  $\kappa \alpha \tau - \epsilon i \rho \gamma \nu \bar{\nu} \mu \iota$  and  $-i \omega$ ,  $= \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon i \rho \gamma \omega$ . κατ-είργω Ion. - έργω, f. ξω, to sbut in, enclose, confine:-to press bard, reduce to straits. II. to binder. κατ-ειρύω, Ion. for κατερύω. κατ-ειρωνεύομαι, Dep. to use irony towards, banter: to dissemble. κατ-εισάγω, f. άξω, to bring in to one's own loss. [ă] κατέκειρα, aor. I of κατακείρω. κατέκηα, 201. Ι οf κατακαίω. κατέκλάσα, aor. ι of κατακλάω. κατεκλάσθην, aor. 1 pass. of κατακλάω. κατεκλάχθην, Dor. 201. 1 pass. of κατακλείω. κατέκλύσα, aor. ι of κατακλύζω. κατέκλων, contr. impf. of κατακλάω. κατεκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κατακρίνω. κατέκταν, Ep. 201. 2 of κατακτείνω. κατέκταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατακτείνω. κατέκτάνον, 201. 2 of κατακτείνω. κατέλάβον, aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω. κατ-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω Att. -ελώ: aor. I κατήλασα:-to drive down: to master. κατ-ελέγχω, f. -γέω, to convict of falsebood: to belie. κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω. κατ-ελεύσομαι, fut. of κατέρχομαι. κατελήφθην, aor. 1 pass, of καταλαμβάνω. κατελθείν Ep. -θέμεν, 20r. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι. κατ-ελίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω. κατ-ελκύω, Ion. for καθελκύω. κατ-ελπίζω, f. ίσω, to bope confidently. κάτεμεν, Ion. 1 pl. aor. 2 of καθίημι. κατ-εναίρομαι, Dep., with aor. 1 med. κατενηράμην, and also aor. 2 act. κατήναρον:-to kill, slay, slaughter.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, Adv. (κατά, ἐναντίοι) over against, opposite, fronting. κατ-ενάρίζω, f. ξω, strengthd. for έναρίζω, to kill. κατένασσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καταναίω. κατενεχθείς, aor. I part, pass, of καταφέρω. κατ-ενήνοθε, pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνις κατενήνοθεν ώμους: cf. επ-ενήνοθε, παρ-ενήνοθε; the simple ενήνοθε does not occur. κατενήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I of κατεναίρομαι. κατενθείν, Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι. κατενύγησαν [v], 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω κατ-ένωπα and κατ-ενώπιον, Adv. (κατά, ένωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting. κατ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. - εξανέστην, to rise up against, contend against. κατέξανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of καταξαίνω. κατεξενωμένος, δ, received as a guest, pf. part. pass. οί καταξενόω. κατ-εξουσιάζω, f. άσω, to exercise authority over. κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, Med. to make a contract or engagement with one. κατ-επάγω, f. άξω, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another. κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεφάλλομαι. κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω. κατ-επείγω, f. ξω, to press down, oppress. urge, impel, stimulate, basten; τὸ κατεπείγον urgent necessity. II. intr. to burry, make baste. κατέπεσον, 201. 2 οf καταπίπτω. κατεπέστην, aor. 2 of κατεφίστημι. κατέπεφνον, redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω. κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι. κατέπηξα, aor. Ι of καταπήγνυμι. κατέπλάσα, 20r. I of καταπλάσσω. κατέπλευσα, 201. Ι οf καταπλέω. κατεπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω. κατέπτύσα, 201. Ι οί καταπτύω. κατ-εργάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι: 20r. Ι κατειργάσθην: pf. κατείργασμαι: Dep. (but aor. I and pf. are also used in pass. sense):-to effect, accomplish, achieve. 2. like Lat. conficere, to make an end of, destroy, despatch: hence to overpower, conquer:-pf. in pass. sense, to be overcome. 3. m good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence :- aor. I in pass. sense, to be prevailed on. II. to work in, make; κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey: also to manufacture. III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour: absol. to go to work. κατ-έργω, Ion. for κατείργω. κατερεικτός or -ερικτός, όν, bruised. From κατ-ερείκω, to tear, rend:-Med. to rend one's gar-II. to bruise or grind down; metaph., κατερείκειν θυμόν to wear away one's mind. κατ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to throw or cast down: to demolish, dismantle, lay waste. II, intr. in sor. 2

κατήριπον, pf. κατερήριπα, to fall down, fall in.

κατέρεξα, Ερ. 201. Ι οί καταρρέζω.

κατ-ερεύγω, f. fw, to beleb at or upon.

-Pass, to fall asleep.

κατευνάω, f. ήσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep.

κατευνήσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of κατευνάω.

for oneself.

κατ-ερέφω, f. ξω, to cover, roof: - Med. to roof over

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερώ, serving as fut. (with pf.

κατείρηκα) of the aor. κατείπον:-to speak against, κατ-ευτρεπίζω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arκατ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to praise loudly, extol. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατειraign. phoerai it shall be declared. κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to gladden or delight much. κατερήριπα, intr. pf. of κατερείπω. κατευχή, ή, a wish, prayer, vow. From κατ-ερητύω, fut. -ερητύσω [v]:-to keep in, detain, κατ-εύχομαι, t. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray κατέρρωνα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι. for evil on one, invoke a curse II to boast. κατερῦκάνω, poët. for κατερύκω. [ă] κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry. κατ-ερύκω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. ξω, to bold back, detain κατέφαγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω. κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush κατ-ερύω Ion -ειρύω: f. ύσω [v]: aor 1 κατείρυσα. Pass., pf. κατείρυσμαι:—to draw or baul down: of upon; κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deduκατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην, cere naves. κατ-έρχομαι, fut κατελεύσομαι: aor. 2 κατήλὔθον pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again. contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθείν: Dep.:—to go down, κατέφυγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω. esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, κατέχῦτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing, and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. II. to come back, return: to flow or run down. οί καταγέω. κατ-έχω, fut. καθέξω and κατασχήσω: aor. 2 κάτof exiles, to return bome. κατερώ,  $\mathbf{v}$ . sub κατερέω.  $\epsilon \sigma \chi o \nu$  poët.  $-\epsilon \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta o \nu$ : I. trans. to hold, keep κατέσβεσα, 20r. I of κατασβέννυμι. back, withbold: to check, restrain: - Pass. to stop, κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to κατασβέννυμι. verze, take possession of, occupy with soldiers κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατcover, encompass: also in Med., πρύσωπα κατέσχετο έδηδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, she covered ber face: generally, to bide, keep con-III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold, prey upon. κατέσκαμμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, stop, cease. κατεσκεύασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω. land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, bappen; εὖ κατασχήσει it will turn out well. κατεσκεψάμην, aor. I med. of κατασκοπέω. 4 of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper κατέσκληκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω. κατέσπειρα, aor. Ι οf κατασπείρω. IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, emκατέσπεισα, 201. Ι οί κατασπένδω. bezzle: also to blind. κατέσσύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασεύομαι. κατήγαγον, 2 of κατάγω. κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω. κατέσταθεν, Acol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of καθίστημι. κατηγεμών, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθη $\gamma$ -. κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω. κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω. κατέστειψα, aor. Ι of καταστείβω κατ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, κατεστεώs, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι. 2. to lay a thing to one's to accuse, arraign. κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. I. charge: - Pass, κατηγορείται τι τινός a charge is κατεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καθίστημι. brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser, κατεστόρεσα, aur. ι of καταστορέννυμι. 4. generally, to signify, inappear as prosecutor. κατεστράφατο, Ion. for κατεστραμμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. dicate, prove, intimate. Hence plopf pass. of καταστρέφω. κατηγορία, ή, an accusation, charge. κατέστρωσα, aor. I of καταστρώννυμι. κατήγορος, δ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer. κατέστυγον, aor. 2 of καταστυγέω. κατήκισμαι, pf. pass. of καταικίζω. κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατήκω. κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as κατέτηξα, aor. I of κατατήκω. Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearkenκατετρίβην [ $\tilde{t}$ ], aor. 2 pass. of κατατρίβω. ing to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearkenκάτευγμα, τό, (κατεύχομαι) avow, wish, prayer: esp. ing to, giving ear to. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering. κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω. κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύs, Adv. straight forward. κατήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι. κατ-ευθύνω, f. ŭνω, to make straight, set right: to κατηλιψ, ιφοs, ή, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.) guide, direct, conduct. κατ-ευνάζω, fut. άσω, to lull to sleep:-Pass. to lie κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ă], aor. 1 and 2 pass. down to sleep; Acol. 3 pl. 20r. Ι κατεύνασθεν. of καταλλάσσω.

κατ-ηλογέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, λόγοs) to make of small account, slight, despise. κατήλυθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence κατήλυσις, εως, ή, a going down, descent. κάτημαι, Ion. for κάθημαι. κατημέλημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω. κατηναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατεναρίζω. κατήνεγκα, aor. I of καταφέρω. κατηνθρακώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατανθρακύω. κατήνύσα, 201. I of κατανύω. κατήσρος οι κατήσρος, ον, Dor. -άσρος, (κατά, αί- $\omega \rho \in \omega$ ) banging down: banging on or to. κατ-ηπιάω, f. άσω, (κατά, ήπιος) to soothe, assuage: -Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιίωντο κατηραμένος, pf. part. of καταράομαι. κατηράσω [ā], 2 sing. aor. 1 of καταράομαι. κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράομαι. κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ίσω, to calm, appease, quiet. κατ-ηρεφής, ές, (κατά, ερέφω) covered over, overbanging, overarched: δάψνησι κατηρεφές overshadowed with laurels; κατηρεφή πόδα τιθέναι to keep the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who stands still, opp. to δρθον πόδα τιθέναι. covered with, laden with. κατ-ήρης, εs, (κατά, ἀρἄρεῖν) fitted out, furnished, supplied: of ships, furnished with oars. κατηριθμημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω. κατήρίπον, aor. 2 of κατερείπω. κατηρτίσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω. κατήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing impf. of κάθημαι. κατήφεια Ion. -είη,  $\dot{η}$ , (κατηφήs) a casting the eyes downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame. κατηφέω, f. ήσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From κατη-φήs, έs, (κατά, φάοs) with downcast eyes, dejected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence κατηφών, όνοs, δ, one who causes shame, a disgrace. κατ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to resound. II. to sound a thing in one's ears, din it into one:-Pass. to be informed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth, teach the elements of religion: - Pass. to be instructed in these elements; aor. Ι κατηχήθην, pf. κατήχημαι. κατ-ηχής, ές, (κατά, ήχος) sounding, resounding. κατήχθην, aor. ι pass. of κατάγω. κάτθάνον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταθνήσκω. κατθάνοθμαι, fut. of καταθνήσκω. κατθάψαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταθάπτω. κατ-θείην, poët. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι. κατθέμεν, Ep for καταθείναι, 2 or, 2 inf. of κατατίθημι: but κάτθεμεν, Ep. 1 plur. aor. 2 of same. κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατα-

κατθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κάτθεο, Ep. for κατάθου, 20r. 2 imperat. med. of

κατθέμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med of κατατίθημι.

κατατίθημι.

κατθέσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι. κατ-τάπτω, f. ψω, to barm, burt, damage. κατίσσι, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (εζμι ibo). κατιᾶσι, Ion. for καθιᾶσι, 3 pl. of καθίημι. κατίδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω. κατιδέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω. κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω. κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίημι. κατ-**ιθύνω**, Ion. for κατευθύνω κατ-ἴκετεύω, Ion for καθικετεύω. κατ- $\tilde{\iota}$ λύω, f.  $\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$  [ $\tilde{\nu}$ ], (κατά,  $\dot{\iota}$ λ $\dot{\nu}$ s) to fill with mud or dirt. κατίμεν, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (είμι ιδο). κατιππάζομαι, κατιρόω, κατίστημι, Ion for καθ-. κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. \*κατείδω. κατ-ισχναίνω, to make to waste away, bring down. κατ-ισχύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to bave power over, prevail against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to one's full strength, be in full vigour. κατ-ίσχω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to bold back, bold in, restrain, Lat. detineo: - Med. to keep II. to possess, occupy by one. III. to guide or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέλας κατίσχει έξ οὐρανοῦ the light comes down upon the place from heaven. κατιών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (εἶμι ibo). κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος. κάτ-οιδα, pf of \*κατείδω. κατ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in, inhabit: - Pass. to be dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated. Hence κατοίκησις, εως, ή, a settling in a place: dwelling. κατοικητήριος, α, ον, (κατοικέω) fit for inbabiting; κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place. κατοικία, ή, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, babitation. a colony. κατ-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιω, to bring or remove into a dwelling persons as colonists :- Pass. to be placed, II. to colonise a place: - Pass., of places, to bave colonies planted there, to be colonised or established. III. to bring bome, restore to one's country. Hence κατοίκίσις, εως, ή, a planting with inhabitants, colonisation. κατ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build on or in a place. κάτ-οικος, ον, (κατά, οίκος) dwelling in, inhabiting: as Subst., κάτοικος, δ, an inbabitant. κατ-οικτείρω, to bave compassion on. II. intr. to feel compassion, shew pity. κατ-οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to bave compassion on another: - Med., with aor. I pass. κατφκίσθην, to pity oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite pity. Hence κατοίκτίσις, εως, ή, a pitying, compassion. κατ-οιμώζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to bewail, lament. κάτ-οινος, ον, (κατά, οίνος) drunken with wine.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to bave gone down; ol κατοιχόμενοι, the departed. κατ-οκνέω, f. ήσω, to sbrink from doing a thing. κατοκωχή, ή, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence κατοκώχιμος, ov, beld in possession, detained. capable of being possessed, frantic. κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip down. κατ-όλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα: (κατά, ὅλλυμι):--to perish utterly. κατ-ολολύζω, f. ύξω, to shriek over. κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [v] κατ-ομβρέω, t. ήσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) to rain upon: -Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain. κατ-όμνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομούμαι: aor. 1 -ώμοσα. -to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc pers. to 3. c. gen. pers. to take call to witness, swear by. an oath against, accuse on oath. κατ-ονίνημι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage: - Med. to have the benefit of, enjoy. [vi] κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to blame, slight. κάτ-οξυς, εια, υ. (κατά, δεύς) very sharp, piercing. κατ-οπάζω, f. άσω, to follow after. κατ-όπιν,  $Adv_{,} = κατόπισθε$ . κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel  $-\theta \epsilon v$ , (κατά, ὅπισθε) Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. Time, bereafter. κατ-οπτεύω, f σω, (κατόπτης) to spy out. observe. κατ-οπτήρ, ήρος, δ, (κατά, δπτήρ) a spy, scout.  $\kappa \alpha \tau - \delta \pi \tau \eta s$ , ov.  $\delta = \kappa \alpha \tau \sigma \tau \tau \eta \rho$ , κάτ-οπτος, ον, (κατά, ὄψομαι) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of. κατοπτρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to shew as in a mirror: Med. to behold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal. κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω κατ-οργανίζω, f. ίσω, to sound with music through κατ-ορθόω, f. ώσω: aor. I κατώρθωσα:—to set upright, erect. 2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a

termined or purposed.

right action.

in the ground.

go on prosperously. Hence

2. a success.

II. to charm by dancing.

кат-боторы, Dep. to contemplate, behold.

κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ő τι.

II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to waft with a fair 11. wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port. κατ-ουρόω, f. ώσω, = κατουρίζω. κατ-οφρυόομαι, (κατά, ὀφρύs) to contract the eyebrows, frown. κατοχή, ή, (κατέχω) a holding fast, detention. possession by a god. κατόχίμος, ον, incorrect form of κατοκώχιμος. κάτοχος, ον, (κατέχω) bolding fast. II. pass. beld fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed, κατ-όψιος, ον, (κατά, όψις) full in sight, opposite. κατόψομαι, used as fut. of καθοράω κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατά τάδε. κατ-τάνδσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of κατατανύω. καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin. κάττυμα, καττύω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύω. κατ-τῶ, Dor. for κατὰ τοῦ. κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-ύπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for II. of каθ-. κατ-υπνόω, Ion. for καθυπνόω. κάτω. Adv. (κατά) down, downwards. II beneath, below, underneath, opp. to ἄνω. 2. οἱ κάτω, those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on 3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, or ἄνω κάτω upside down. III. c. gen under, below: down from. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω. κατ-ώγειος, ον, Att. κατώγεως, ων, gen.  $ω_r = κατά$ γειος. κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below. II. below, beneath. κατ-ωθέω, f. --ήσω: aor. I --έωσα, to thrust down κάτω-κάρα, Adv (κάτω, κάρα) bead downwards [κά] κατφκησα, aor. I of κατοικέω κατψκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κατοικίζω. thing:-Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well deκατ-ωμάδιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (κατά, ωμος) down from the II. intr. to be successful, sboulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down II. borne on the shoulder. from the shoulder. κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a κατ-ωμάδον, Adv. (κατά, ώμος) from the shoulder, with the whole arm. κατωμοσία, ή, (κατόμνυμι) an oath taken against κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ήσω, to be dismayed one, accusation on oath. κατω-νάκη, ή, (κάτω, νάκος) a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκοε). [να] **κατ-ορύσσω** Att. -**ττω**: f. ξω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορὕχήσομαι:—to bury, inter: to bide κατ-ωράζομαι, Ion. for καθωραζομαι. κατώρθωσα, aor. I of κατορθόω: but κατώρθωσαι, κατ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph 2 sing. pf. pass. κατ-ῶρυξ,  $\breve{v}_{\chi os}$ ,  $\eth$ ,  $\ddot{\eta}$ , (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the over, Lat. insultare: hence to treat despitefully, inearth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground. III. as Subst., κατώρυξ, ή, a pit, cavern. κατώτατος, η, ον, (κάτω) the lowest.

κατ-ουδαίος, ον, (κατά, οδδας) under the earth.

κατ-ουρέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to make water upon.

κατ-ουλόω, f. ώσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cica-

trise or form a scar over: - Pass. to cicatrise, heal over.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part. κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later. κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.

κατω-φάγαs, οῦ or  $\hat{a}$ ,  $\delta$ , (κάτω, φαγε $\hat{i}\nu$ ) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερής, ές, (κάτω, φέρομαι) banging downwards, precipitous.

κατ-ωχράω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ἀχρύs) to turn very pale. κανάξαις, for καΓ Γάξαις (with the digamma), 2 sing Ep. aor. I opt. of κατάγνυμι.

καύλινος, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From

KAYAO' $\dot{\mathbf{z}}$ ,  $\delta$ , a stalk, stem 2. a bandle, shaft: spear-shaft the bilt of a sword.

καθμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) burning beat, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. in the beat.

II feverish beat.

Hence

καυμάτίζω, f ίσω, to scorch, wither by heat. καυνάκης, ου, ό, a Persian garment. [ă] (Foreign word.)

KAΥNO'Σ, ὁ, a lot.

καυσία, ή, (καίω) a beat-shade, name of a broadbrimmed Macedoman hat.

καύστμος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible. καθσις, εως, ή, (καίω) a burning: burning beat. Hence

καυσόομαι, Pass to be on fire, intensely bot. καύστειρα, fem Adj. with no masc. in use, burning καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

καύσω, fut. of καίω.

καύσων, ωνος, δ, (καίω) burning heat: a scorebing wind.

καυτήρ, ηρος, ό, (καίω) a burner.

metaph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτης, ου,  $\delta$ , = καυτήρ. καὐτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυχάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf κεκαύχημαι: Dep.: —to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akut to αὐχέω, εὕ-χομαι.)

καυχάσαι, for καυχά, 2 sing. of καυχάομαι. καύχη, ή, = καύχησιs, a boasting, vaunting. καύχημα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. a subject of boasting.

καυχήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (καυχάομαι) boastful. καύχησις, εως, ή, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of

boasting.

καχάζω, f. άξω Dor. aξŵ, to laugh loud, Lat. cachinnor: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.) κάχασμός, ό, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh. κάχ-εταιρεία, ή, (κακός, έταιρος) ill company. καχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ήμέρα) living sad days,

wretched.
καχλάζω, f. άσω, redupl. from χλάζω, to dash, plash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ηκος, δ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, sbingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισία, ή, (κακόε, δρμίζω) ill barbourage. κάχρυς, τοι, ή, = κάγχρυς, parched barley. κάχ-ύποπτος, ον, (κακός, ὑποπτος) suspecting evil, meanly suspicious.

KAΨA, ή, a box, chest, case, Lat. capsa.

κάω [ā], Att. for καίω, to burn.

KE, and before a vowel κεν, Ep. and Ion. for αν, Dor. κα: αν κε, κεν αν, are sometimes found together: κε is always enclit.

κεάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ἐκέἄσα Ερ. ἐκέασσα, κέασα, and κέασσα: Pass, aor I ἐκεάσθην Ερ. κεάσθην: (κέω, κείω):—to split, cleave · of lightning, to sbiver, sbatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.

κέζιρ, ἄροι, τό, Lat. cor, the heart:—contr κήρ, q. v. κέας, part. of Att. aor. 1 of καίω

κέασα, κέασσα, Ερ aor. I of κεάζω.

κέἄται, κέἄτο, Ep and Ion 3 pl pres and impf. of κείμαι.

κέβλη οτ κεβλή, ή, contr for κεφαλή, the head. κεβλή-πύρις, (κεβλή, πύρ) a bird called the redcap. κεγχριαίος, α, ον, (κέγχροε) of the size or shape of a grain of mullet.

κεγχρίτης [t], ου, δ, fem. -îτις, ιδος, (κέγχρος), like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχρος, βάλλω) scattering millet

KE'ΓXΡΟΣ, δ, and η, millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish

κεγχρώματα, ων, τά, (κέγχρος) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-holes in the run of the shield.

κεδάννυμι, f κεδάσω: Εp. aor. 1 ἐκέδασσα: aor. I pass. ἐκεδάσθην:—poet. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, dusperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθείς, aor. I pass part. of κεδάννυμ. κεδνός, ή, όν, (κῆδοι) careful, discreet, trusty II. pass. cared for, dear · of things, valued, prized κεδρίνος, η, ον, (κέδροι) of cedar, made of cedar.

κεδρίς, ίδος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a jumper-berry.

KE'ΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. II. anything made of cedar. a cedar coffin or chest. κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὑν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.

κέεσθαι, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.

κέεται, Ion 3 sing of κείμαι.

κεία, Ep. aor. I of κείω κειάμενος, Ep. aor. I med part. of καίω.

κείαντες, Εp. aor. 1 part. pl. of καίω. κείαται, κείατο, Εp. 3 pl. pres and impf. of κείμαι. κείθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence.

κείθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

KEI MAI, κείσαι, κείται Ιοι. κέεται; 3 pl. κείνται, Ion. and Ep. κέάται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion. κέονται: so 3 pl. impf. ἔκειντο Ion. ἐκέατο Ep. κείατο, κέατο; subj. κέωμαι, κέη, κέηται Ep. κῆται: opt. κεοίμην: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενος:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κεισεῦμαι. Used as Pass. to τίθημι.

Radic. sense, to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep. 2. to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also to lie still, rest; κακόν κείμενον abated, allayed 3. of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacere: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, he in 4. of a corpse, to he unburied: also to he uncared for, neglected. II. of places, to lie, be situated. 2. of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied. III generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand. IV. to be laid up, laid in store. τὰ κείμενα deposits. to be fixed, settled, laid down; κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται ἄεθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed. freq. in Homer, ταθτα θεών έν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι έν τινι to be dependent on a person. κείμαν, Dor. for ἐκείμην, impf. of κείμαι. κειμήλιον, τό, (κείμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: beirloom. κείμην, Ep. impf. of κείμαι. κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, thai, be, she, it; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner. **κεινόs**, ή, όν, Ion. and poet. for κενόs, empty. κείνως, Adv, Ion. for ἐκείνως, in that way. Keîos, δ, (Keώs) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Xîos. κείρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω. κειρία, ή, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swathing-II. the cord or sacking of a bedstead. κειρύλος, δ, for κηρύλος, a kingfisher. [ŭ] ΚΕΙ'ΡΩ, fut. κερω Ion. κερέω Εp. κέρσω: aor. I έκειρα Εp. έκερσα: - Med., fut. κερουμαι: - Pass., 201. Ι ἐκέρθην: 201. 2 ἐκάρην [ἄ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to clip, cut short, esp. the hair: - Med. to cut off one's own hair or bave it cut off:--Pass., κεκάρθαι ταs κεφαλάs to bave their heads shorn. 2. to cut out. bew off. II. to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees. 2. generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy. κείς, contr. for καὶ είς. κείσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, thither. κεισεθμαι, Dor. fut. of κείμαι. κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμαι. κείσομαι, fut. of κείμαι. κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κείμαι, to wish to lie down or sleep; βη κείων he went to lie down. KEI'Ω, to cleave, radic. form of κεάζω. κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω. κεκάδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω. κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v. κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 med. of χάζω. **κεκάδών**, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω. κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω. κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plopf. pass. of καλύπτω.

 pl. κεκάμωσι. κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω. κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω. κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of καίνυμαι. κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω. κεκαύχημαι, pf. of καυχάομαι. κεκάφηώς, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω. κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενύω. κεκεύθει, 3 sing. Ep. plapf. of κεύθω. κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω. κεκλέαται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημαι, pf. of καλέω. κέκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω. κεκλείσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, to sbut. κέκλεμμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω. κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι. κεκλήστο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ot καλέω. κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκλήγοντες, as if from κεκλήγω. κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω. κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλήμην, - ηο, -ητο: mf. κεκλησθαι: part. κεκλημένος. κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω. κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω κεκλίαται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω. κέκλζμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω. κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω. κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help. κέκλοφα, pf. act. of  $\kappa\lambda$ έπτω. κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat, of κλύω. κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύζω. κέκλὕτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω. κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμνω. κεκμηώs, gen. ωτος or ότος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμνω. κέκναισμαι, pf. pass of κναίω. κέκομμαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω. κεκονιαμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονιάω. κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. οι κονίω. κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω. κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω. κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι. κεκορηώs, ότοs, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε. κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω. κεκοτηώs, gen. ότοs, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω. кекраачта, кекраачто, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of κραίνω, κρααίνω. κέκραγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry. κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying. κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κέκαμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμνω:-subj. κεκάμω,

κέκράμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.

κεκραξι-δάμας, αντος, δ, (κέκραγα, δάμάω) be who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.

κεκράξομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράζω κέκραχθι, imperat. of κέκρ $\bar{\alpha}$ γ $\alpha$ , pf. of κράζω κέκριγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.

κεκρζμένος, pf pass. part. of κρίνω.

Κεκροπίδαι, ων, oi, the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.

Κεκρόπιος, α, ον, (Κέκροψ) Cecropian, i. e. Atheman : Κεκροπία (γη), η, Attica; οι Κεκρόπιοι, the Athenians.

Κεκροπίς, ίδος, pecul fem. of Κεκρόπιος.

κεκροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.

Kέκροψ, οπος, ό, Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens. κεκρυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.

κεκρύφαλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) a woman's bead-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum. the pouch or belly of a hunting-net. III. part of

the beadstall of a bridle. κεκρύφαται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω. κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κεκτησθαι.

κεκύθωσι [τ], Ep 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω. κεκύλισμαι, pf pass. of κυλίνδω.

κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω

κελάδεινός, ή, όν, Dor. κελαδεννός, ά, όν, (κέλαδος) murmuring, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.

κελάδέω, f. ήσω also ήσομαι: Ep aor. I κελάδησα: (κέλαδοs):—to murmur, roar, like the rushing of 2. to utter a cry or sound to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke. Hence κελάδημα, ατος, τό, a murmur, din, roaring.

κελάδητής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. - ήτις, εδος, (κελαδέω) loud-

sounding, vocal, barmonious.

KE'ΛΑΔΟΣ, δ a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting: rarely of the sound of music. Hence

κελάδω, = κελαδέω, to murmur, roar, esp. of water. κελαιν-εγχής, έs, (κελαινός, έγχος) with dark,

bloody spear.

κελαι-νεφής, ές, (κελαινός, νέφος) black with clouds: 2. cloud-black, livid. cloud-wrapt.

κελαινό-βρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) gnawed black.

κελαινός, ή, όν, cognate form of μέλας, black, swart: dark, gloomy: murky.

κελαινο-φάής, ές, (κελαινός, φάος) dark-shining, murky.

κελαινό-φρων, ον, (κελαινός, φρήν) black-bearted. κελαινο-χρώς,  $\hat{\omega}$ τος,  $\hat{v}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κελαιν $\hat{v}$ ς, χρ $\hat{\omega}$ ς) blackcoloured

κελαινόω, (κελαινόs) to make black:-Pass. to become black.

κελαιν-ώπης, ου, Dor. -ώπας, ό, fem. -ώπις, ιδος. (κελαινόs, ωψ) := black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.

κελαιν-ωψ, ωποs, δ, ή, = κελαινωπηs.

κελαρύζω Dor.  $-\sigma \delta \omega$ , = κελαδέω, to babble, murmur. κελάρυσδεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελαρύζω.

κέλεαι, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.

κελέβη, ή, a drinking vessel: an urn or pail. κελέοντες, ων, οί, (καλον, κήλον) the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched.

κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing, impf. of κέλομαι,

κελευθήτης, ου, δ, (κέλευθος) a wayfarer.

κελευθο-ποιός, όν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) road-making. κελευθο-πόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πύρος) a wayfarer.

κέλευθος, ή, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καὶ ήματος the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day. ling, journey, voyage: an expedition. III. a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing

κέλευσμα οι κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) an order, command . the word of command in war: the call of the κελευστήs, which gave the time to the rowers.

κελευσμός, δ, (κελεύω) an order, command.

κελευσμοσύνη, ή, Ion. for κελευσμός.

κελευστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κελεύω) a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.

κελευστός, ή, όν, (κελεύω) ordered, commanded. κελευτιάω, Frequentat. of κελεύω, to be continually bidding or urging on

κελεύω, f. σω: Ep. aor. Ι κέλευσα: (κέλλω):--to urge on: to exbort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently: -of the κελευστήs, to give time to the rowers by bis call. II. c. dat. pers. to call to,

κελέων, ὁ, obsol. sing. of κελέοντες.

κέλης, ητος, ὁ, (κέλλω) a courser, race-borse, driven or ridden singly. II. a fast-sailing vessel, with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.

κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.

κελητίζω, f ίσω, (κέλης) to ride a race-borse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.

κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλης.

ΚΕ'ΛΛΩ, f. κέλσω: αοτ. Ι έκελσα: I. trans. of seamen, to drive on, push ashore; νηα κέλσαι to run a ship asbore. II. intr. of ships, to run asbore, put into barbour: --- generally, to reach a baven. κέλομαι, f κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and έκεκλόμην, 3 sing. κέκλετο, ἐκέκλετο, part. κεκλόμενος: (κέλλω):—poet. for κελεύω, to urge on, exbort, cheer on, command. II. also like καλέω, to call, call to . to call by name.

κέλσαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.

Κελτοί, oi, the Kelts or Celts: later Κέλται. Hence Κελτιστί, Adv. in Keltic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.

κέλυφος, εos, τό, a busk, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικασταί, ἀντωμοσιῶν κελύφη mere affidavitbusks. (Deriv. uncertain.)

KE'ΛΩP, wpos, δ, a son

κεμάς and κεμμάς, άδος, ή, a young deer.

**kév.** before a vowel for  $\kappa \epsilon$ .

κεν-αγγής, έε, (κενός, ἄγγος) emptying vessels, breed-

ing famine, bungry.

κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From  $\kappa \dot{\epsilon} v$ -av $\delta \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\kappa \dot{\epsilon} v \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{a} v \dot{\eta} \rho)$  empty of men, dispeopled. κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κενεός,  $α \dot{v} χ \dot{\eta}$ ) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβρειος, ον, dead: in pl , κενέβρεια, τά, carrion.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβάτέω, f. ήσω, (κενύs, εμβάτηs) to step into a bole, stumble.

κενεός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

**κενεό-φρων**, ον, (κενεύs, φρήν) empty-minded. κενεών, ωνος, δ, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any bollow space.

κεν-οδοντίς, ίδος, fem. of κενόδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vain-glory, vanity. From  $\kappa \epsilon v \delta - \delta o \xi o s$ , o v,  $(\kappa \epsilon v \delta s$ ,  $\delta \delta \xi a) vain-glorious$ .

κεν-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, όδούς) tootbless.

KENO'Σ Ion. κεινός, ή, όν; Ep. κενεός:—empty: empty-banded. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενεά as Adv. in vain. III. exhausted: c gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a honess, bereaved of ber IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -όταyoung. τοs: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφεω, (κενός, τάφος) to bonour with a cenotaph. κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb,

cenotath.

κενό-φρων, ον, (κενόs, φρήν) empty-minded. κενοφωνία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding,

κενόω Ion. κεινόω: f. ώσω, aor. I ἐκένωσα:--Pass., 201. I  $\ell \kappa \in \nu \omega \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\kappa \in \kappa \in \nu \omega \mu \alpha \iota$ :  $(\kappa \in \nu \delta \epsilon)$ :—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:-Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. to make void or of no account :- Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from \*κέν-II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κέντασε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κενταύρειος, a, ov, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ου, δ, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κω̂s.

**Κενταυρο-πληθής**, έε, (Κένταυρος, πλ $\hat{\eta}\theta$ ος) full of

**Kév-taupos**,  $\delta$ ,  $(\kappa \epsilon \nu \tau \epsilon \omega)$  a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae. II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, balf man and balf borse.

**ΚΕΝΤΕ'**Ω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from \*κέντω: -to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for ἐκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ἤνθον.

κεντόω, false form for κεντρόω.

κεντρ-ηνεκής, ές, (κέντρον, \* ἐνέγκω) goaded on. κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μανής, έε, (κέντρον, μανηναι) spurring to

madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a borse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρός κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 3. metaph. a spur, instrument of torture. II. the point round which a circle is centive. described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπής, ές, (κέντρον, τυπηναι) struck by a

κεντρόω, f. ωσω, to furnish with a sting:-Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρων, ωνος, δ, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντυρίων, ανος, δ, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, ορος, δ, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενώs, Adv. of κενόs, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κέσμαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Kέos, ή, Ion. for Kέωs.

 $KE'\Pi\Phi O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράασθε, Ep. 2 pl pres. med. of κεράω. κεράεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of κέραs.

II anything like a κεραία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κέρα $\dot{s}$ ) a born. born, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam of timber. 2. a born of promontory 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.' of land. anything made of born, e.g a bow.

κεράζω, f. ίσω, later ίξω: aor. 1 ἐκεράϊσα: (κέραs): II. of persons, to kill, —to lay waste, ravage.

slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράις, ίδος, ή, (κέρας) a worm that eats born. κεραϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κεραίζω) a ravager, robber.

κεραίω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix; ζωρότερον κέραιε mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικός, ή, όν, (κέραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικός, δ, (κεραμεύς) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κέραμος) of clay, earthen. κεράμεύς, έως, δ, (κέραμος) a potter: -- proverb., κε-

ραμεύς κεραμεί κοτέει potter envies potter. κεράμεύω, f. σω, (κέραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph, to botch or patch up the state.

κεραμήτος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος. κεράμητε, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμινος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , and κεραμικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ , = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κέραμος) an earthenware vessel, a tot. jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.

κεράμίε, ίδος Att. ίδος [τ], ή, (κέραμος) a tile: also a tiled roof.

**ΚΕ'ΡΑ ΜΟΣ,** δ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery. III. a tile; collectively, the tiles;  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$  κεράμ $\varphi$  βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur. IV. χαλκέ $\varphi$  èν κεράμ $\varphi$  seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ώω: fut. κεράσω [α]: aor. 1 ξκέρδσα Ep. κέρασσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 κεράσσατο: —Pass., aor. 1 ξκεράσθην and ξκράθην [α]: pf. κεκέρασμαι and κέκραμαι: (κεράω):—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητήρα κεράσασθαι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass, κύλιξ ίσον ίσω κεκραμένη a cup mixed half and half. 2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. attemperare.

**κεράο-ξόοs**, ον, (κέραs, ξέω) polishing born, working in born; esp. for bows.

κεράός, ά, όν, (κέρας) borned. II. made of born. κερα-οῦχος, ον, (ἔχω) = κερα-οῦχος.

κέρας, τό; gen. κέρατος Εp. κέραος Att. contr. κίρω: ; dat. κέρατι, κέραϊ, κέρα:-dual κέραε, κέρα, gen. and dat. κεράοιν, κερών: plur. κέραα, κέρα; gen. κεράων, κερών; dat. κέρασι Ep. κέρασι and κεράεσσι: - Ion. declension κέρας, κέρεος, κέρεϊ: (akın to  $\kappa \acute{a}\rho a$ ):—the born of an animal: hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of born; esp. a bow: later, a born for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a born a born or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape. the wing of an army or fleet; επὶ κέρας Att. επὶ κέρωs, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast. VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, born.

κέρασσε, Εp. 3 sing. aor. I οf κεράννυμι.

κεραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κέρας) borned.

κεραστός, ή, όν, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered. κερασ-φόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) horn-bearing.

κερατέα or -ία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κέρα $\hat{s}$ ) the locust-tree: its fruit was κεράτιον.

κεράτινος, η, ον, (κέρας) of born, made of born. κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρας, a little born. II.

the fruit of the κερατέα or locust-tree.
κερ-αύλης, ου, ὁ, (κέρας, αὐλέω) a born-blower.

κεραύνειος, ον, (κεραυνός) thundering. κεραύνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κεραυνός) of a thunder-

bolt. II. thunder-stricken.
κεραυνοβολέω, f. ήσω, to burl the thunderbolt: to

strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ον, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) burling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ου, δ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) the lightener and thunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ου, δ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

KEPATNO'Σ, δ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. fulmen: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. tonitru, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. fulgur: plut. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φάής, έε, (κεραυνός, φάος) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνόω, f. ώσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

KEPA'Ω, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμι, to mix. Κέρβεροs, δ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaou and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανῶ Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρδηνα: fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομα: aor. I ἐκέρδησα: (κέρδοs):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited.

2. hence to traffic, make merchandise.

II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ον, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: sbrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλεό-φρων, ον, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded. κερδανης, 2 sing. aor. 1 subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κερδίων (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty.

II. most profitable.

κερδίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

KE'PΔΟΣ, εος, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ή, (κέρδοs) cunning, craft, sbrewdness: dat. κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, sbrewdly.

κερδώ, όσε contr. οῦς, ή, (κέρδος) the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδφος, α, ον, (κέρδος) bringing gain. κέρεα, Ιοη. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέρας.

κερέω, Jon. for κερώ, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίζω, f. ίσω, to close the web with the κερκίς. From κερκίς, ίδος, ή, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius.

11. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum.

2. a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

KE'PKOΣ, ή, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda. κέρκουρος or κερκοθρος, δ, a boat, pinnace

Κέρκυρα, ή, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραῖος, δ, a Corcyraean: Adj Κερκυραϊκός, ή, δν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κέρω) a slice: in plur. small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, to mince up. II. to eoin into small money: to change large coin for small Hence

as impf, I concealed, contained.

be concealed, lie bidden.

II. intrans. to

κερματιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a money-changer. **κερο-βάτηs**  $[\check{a}]$ , ου, δ, (κέραs, βαίνω) born-footed, born-boofed, epith of Pan. κερο-βόαs, ου, ή, (κέραs, βοάω) sounding with born, of a flute tipped with horn. κερό-δετος, ον, (κέρας, δέω) bound with born. κερόεις, όεσσα contr. οῦσσα, όεν, (κέρας) borned. κερ-olaξ, āκos, δ, (κέραs, olaξ) a rope belonging to the sailyards; cf. κέραs VI. κερο-τύπέω, f. ήσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the born; generally, to dash or knock about. κερ-ουλκός, ή, όν, (κέρας, έλκω) drawing a bow of born. 2. of the bow, drawn by the borns κερουτιάω, (κέραs) to toss the borns or head. κερ-ουχίς, ίδος, fem. of sq. κερ-οῦχος, ον, (κέρας, έχω) baving borns, borned. κερο-φόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) borned. κέρσαs, Ep. aor I part. of κείρω. κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κείρω. κερτομέω, f. ήσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol to sneer, scoff. Hence κερτόμησις, εως, ή, jeering, mockery **κερτόμια**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κερτόμησι**s**. κερ-τόμιος and κέρ-τομος, ον, (κέαρ, τέμνω) beartcutting, stinging; κερτόμια έπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words. II mocking, delusive κέρχνη, ή, (κέρχνω) a kind of bawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel. κερχνηίς, ηίδος, and κερχνης, ήδος, ή, collat. forms οf κέρχνη.  $KE'PXN\Omega$ , to make rough or hoarse. II. intr. and in Pass. to be boarse, of the voice. κερώ, fut. of κείρω. κερών, part. of κεράννυμι. κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κεράω. κές, v. sub κάς. κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι. κεστός, ή, όν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστὸς iμάs of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst. κεστόs, ό, a girdle, Lat. cestus. κέστρα, ή, (κεντέω) a pickaxe, poleaxe. II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger. κευθάνω, poet. for κεύθω. κεῦθμα, ατοs, τό, and κευθμός, δ, = κευθμών. κευθμών, ωνος, δ, (κεύθω) any secret place, bole, biding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the nether world, the abyss.  $3. = \tilde{\alpha}\delta v \tau o \nu$ , the inmost place, sanctuary. κεύθοισα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω. **κεύθος**,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, (κεύθω) = κευθμών : in pl., κεύθεα

yains the depths of the earth.

thing concealed from one.

2. to keep bidden or secret, conceal,

3. the pf κέκευθα is

disguise: with dupl. acc., κεύθειν τινά τι to keep a

used as pres., I keep concealed; and plapf. ἐκεκεύθειν

to lie bidden.

κεφαλά, Dor. dat. of κεφαλή. κεφάλαιος, a,  $o\nu$ , (κεφαλή) of or belonging to the bead: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal, ΙΙ κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλή, chief. the head, as κεφάλαιον βαφανίδοs the head of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-2. a summary, the sum of the matter; ev κεφαλαίο or έν κεφαλαίοις είπειν to speak summarily. 3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence κεφάλαιόω, f ώσω, to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily. II. to smite on the head, slay. κεφάλαι-ώδης, ες, (κεφαλή, είδος) principal, capital. κεφάλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαιόω) the sum total κεφάλ-αλγής, ές, (κεφαλή, άλγος) causing pains in the bead. Hence κεφαλαλγία, ή, bead-acbe.ΚΕΦΑΛΗ', ή, the head, Lat caput; ès πόδας èκ κεφαλήs from bead to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλήν bead fore-2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person, just as Lat caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλή, Lat carum caput; in bad sense, & κακαὶ κεφαλαί 3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use bead, παρθέμενοι κεφαλάs setting their beads on the cast; είς κεφαλήν τρέποιτ' έμοί on my bead be ıt! II. the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall; in pl. the head or source of a river. III. κεφαλή περίθετος a wig or beaddress. IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion. κεφαλήφι, κεφαληφι, Ep. gen and dat. of κεφαλή. κεφαλίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κεφαλή, a little head or II. a head, chapter, division, Κεφαλλήν, ηνος, δ, a Cephallenian:—hence Κεφαλληνία, ή, Cephallema, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia. κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω. κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχανδότα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει. κεχαραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω. κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω. κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω. κεχάρησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω. κεχαρήσομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαίρω κεχάρητο, κεχάρηντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of xaipw. κεχάρηώs, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω. κεχάρισμένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένως, charmingly, gracefully. **ΚΕΥΘΩ**, fut.  $\kappa\epsilon\dot{\nu}\sigma\omega$ : 201. 2  $\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa\ddot{\nu}\theta\sigma\nu$ , Ep. redupl. κεχάριστο, 3 sing. plapf. of χαρίζομαι. subj. κεκύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Εp. κεκεχαρίτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαριτόω. κεύθειν:—to cover up, bide, conceal, sbroud:—Pass. κεχαριτωμένως, agreeably, welcome.

κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.

κεχάροιατο, Εp. for κεχάροιντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl.

κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 med. of χαίρω.

κέχηνα, pf. of χαίνω or χάσκω, to gape. Hence Κεχηναίοι, ων, oi, Gapers, comic for Αθηναίοι. κεχλάδωs, pf. part. of χλάζω: there is also an acc. pl. κεχλάδονταs, as if from κεχλάδω, like κεκλήγονταs from κεκληγώs. pf. of γλιαίνω.

κεχλίαγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω. κεχλίδώs, pf. part. of χλίω.

κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολόω.

κεχολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολύω.

κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass of χρηματίζω.

κεχρημένος, pf. part. of χράομαι.

κέχυμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.

κέχυτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl Ep plqpf. pass. of χέω.

κεχωρίδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω. κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.

κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.

κέωμαι, subj. of κείμαι.

Κέως Ion. Κέος, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago. κῆ, Ion. for πῆ (interrog.): but κη enclit. for πη. κῆαι, Ερ. aor. I inf. of καίω: but κήαι, 3 sing. opt. κηάμενος, Ερ. aor. I part. of καίω:

κήγώ οτ κήγών, Dor. for κάγώ, i. e. καὶ ἐγώ. κηδεία, ἡ, (κῆδοs) care for the dead: obseques. II.

affinity, connexion by marriage.

κήδειος, ον, (κήδος) cared for, dear, beloved. careful for. II. of or for a funeral, sepulchral.

κηδεμονεύς, έως,  $\delta$ , (κηδέω) = κηδεμών.

κηδεμών, όνος, δ, (κηδέω) one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian.

II. a relation by marriage, Lat, affinis.

κήδεος, ον, = κήδειος.

κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κήδω.

κήδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κήδω.

κηδεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κῆδος) a connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brotherin-law. Hence

κηδεστία, ή, connexion by marriage, affinity.

κήδευμα, ατος, τό, (κηδεύω) alliance by marriage, affinity. 2. one who is so connected, a connexion,

Lat. affinis.

κηδεύω, f. σω, (κήδοs) to take charge of, care for, tend.

2. to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one.

II. to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied.

2. to make a person one's kinsman by marriage.

κηδήσω, fut. of κήδω (as if from κηδέω).

κήδιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed from κήδος, like κέρδιστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most beloved.

II. most nearly allied by marriage.

κήδος Dor. κάδος, εος, τό, (κήδω) care, concern, regard for another.

2. trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral.

3. an object of care, a care.

II. connexion by marriage, Lat. affinitus.

κηδόσυνος, ον, (κηδοε) anxious.

KH'ΔΩ, f. κηδήσω, to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. κεκάδήσομαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, η, ον, distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησύμεθα.

κήδωκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε. κήεν, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 1 of καίω.

κηθάριον, τό, a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κήκ, Dor. for κάκ, by crasis for και έκ.

KHKI'Z, îdos, ô, matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink. Hence

κηκίω. Ep. impf. κήκιον:—to gush or ooze forth: also in Med., αίμὰς κηκιομένα έλκέων clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [ἴ Ep, τ Att.]

κήλεος οι κήλειος, ον, (καίω) burning, blazing. ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, f. ήσω, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wheedle, beguile, seduce.

KH'ΛH, ή, a rupture, Lat. berma.

κηληθμός, δ, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination.

κήλημα, ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell. κήλησις, εως, ή, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming. κηλητήριος, ον, (κηλέω) charming: appeasing. κηλιδόω, f. ώσω, (κηλίε) to stain, sully: metaph. to

stain, dishonour, disgrace.

KHΛΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace. KH'ΛΟΝ, τό, the shaft of an arrow an arrow.

κήλων, ωνος,  $\delta$ , (κήλον) a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well.

κηλώνειον Ιοπ. -ήϊον, τό, = κήλων.

κήμαυτόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμαυτόν.

κήμέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

KHMO'Σ,  $\delta$ , a muzzle or balter, put on a led horse. 2 the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (κάδοs) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψ $\hat{\eta}$ φοι) were dropped in the urn.

κημόω, f. ώσω, (κημός) to muzzle a horse.

κήν, Dor. for κάν, 1. e. καὶ ἐν: but κήν for καὶ ἄν. κήνθε, Dor. by crass for καὶ ἢνθε (i. e. καὶ ἢλθε).

κήνος, Aeol. for κείνος, ἐκείνος.

κήνσος, δ, the Lat. census, an assessment: tribute. ΚΗΈ, κηκός, ή, a sea-gull, sea-mew.

κήσμεν, Ep. for κήωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of καίω. κήπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.

κἦπεί, κἥπειτα, Dor. for κἀπεί, κἄπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐπ-. κήπευμα, ατος, τό, (κηπεύω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-berb or flower.

κηπεύς, έως, δ, (κηπος) a gardener.

κηπεύω, f. σω, (κήπος) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster.

κήπί, Dor. for κάπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.

κηπίον, τό, Dim. of κήπος, a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament.

κηπο-λόγος, ον, (κῆπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden. ΚΗΠΟΣ Dor. κᾶπος, ό, a garden, an orchard or plantation; also the enclosure for the Olympic games: ol 'Αδώνιδος κῆποι, cresses and other plants grown II.

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός,  $\delta$ , (κηπος, οὐρος) a gardener.

KH'P, ή, gen. Κηρόs, acc. Κήρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, II. any evil fate; disease; and, of evil itself. moral evil, disgrace.

ΚΗ P, τό, gen. κήρος, acc. κήρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κήρι is in Homer freq used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (κήρ, η) to barm, burt, destroy. κηραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (κῆρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted. Κηρεσσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kηρεs or fates.

κήρινος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, δ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of boneycombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρός) a honeycomb, Lat. favus.

a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρεφής, έε, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die. κηρο-δέτης, ου, δ. Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος. κηρό-δετος, ον, (κηρός, δέω) bound together by wax

κηρο-δομέω, f. ήσω, (κηρόε, δέμω) to build with wax. κηρόθεν, Adv. (κηρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κηρ) in the heart, with all the heart, beartily.

κηρο-πάγής, έε, (κηρόε, παγήναι) fastened with wax. κηρο-πλάστης, ου, ο, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller

κηρό-πλαστος, ον, (κηρόε, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, II. = κηρύδετοs.waxen.

KHPO'Σ, δ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing. κηρο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax. κηροχυτέω, f. ήσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χύτος, ον, (κηρός,  $\chi \epsilon \omega$ ) moulded of or in wax. κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by berald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρύκαινα, ή, fem. of κήρυξ, a female berald. κηρυκεία Ion. -ητη, ή, (κηρυξ) the office of berald. κηρύκειον Ion. - ήιον, τό, a berald's wand, Lat. ca-

duceus. [v] Properly neut. from κηρύκειος, a, ov, (κήρυξ) of or for a berald. [v]

κηρύκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ. κηρύκευμα, ατοε, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a berald's procla-

mation, public notice. [v κηρυκεύω, f. σω, (κηρυξ) to be a berald, give public

notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of. κηρῦκητη, -κηϊον, Ion. for -εία, -ειον.

κηρύλος Att. κειρύλος, δ, a sea-bird, the balcyon. [v] κήρυξ, υκος, δ, (κηρύσσω) a berald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκήπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

KHPΥ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. κεκήρδχα:— Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass. sense: pf. κεκήρυγμαι:—to be or act as berald: to make proclamation as a berald, summon, convene as berald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κῆpuf) notice is given, proclamation is made. to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2 to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρόω) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωμάτικός, ή, όν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ή, όν, (κηρόω) waxed:—hence, as Subst., κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ή, a cerate or ointment.

kn's, Dor. for nai eis.

κήται, Ep. for κέηται, 3 sing subj. of κείμαι. κήτειος, a, ov, (κητος) of sea-monsters.

**KHTOS**,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau b$ , any sea-monster or huge fish: in

Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete κητο-φόνος, ον. (κητος, \*φένω) killing sea-monsters. κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon, κοίλη Λακηδαίμων κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κήτος as

if = καίαδαs, a gulf, abyss) sunken, bollow.

κηθ, by crasis for καὶ εδ.

κήυξ, ὑκος  $[\bar{v}]$ , ὁ, (κήξ) a sea-gull. κήφα, Dor by crasis for καὶ έφη.

KHΦH'N, ηvos, δ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Kηφηνεs, oi, Cephenes, old name of the Persians.

κήφθα, Dor. by crasis for καλ ήφθη.

Κηφισόs, δ, the Cephisus, a river in Boeotia; hence II. a famous river of Athens: fem. λίμνη Κηφισίs. also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, εs, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented. κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κἴάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [α]

κιβδηλεύω, t.σω, (κίβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κίβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, disbonesty.

κίβδηλος, ον, (κίβδος) adulterated, spurious, II. metaph. of men, base, false. base. 2. baseborn, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.  $KI'B\Delta O\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , dross, alloy.

κίβζοις, ή, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κτβωτάριον and κτβώτιον, τό, Dim of κιβωτύε.

KΓBΩΤΟ'Σ, ή, a wooden box, chest, coffer. κιγκλίζω, f. ίσω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the

κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly. KIFKAI'E, idos, h, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed

gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar. KITKΛΟΣ, δ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιγχάνω [a], Att. for κιχάνω [a].

κίδνόμαι, Pass., poët. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread. ΚΙΘΑ'PA Ion. –η, also κίθαρις, ιος, ή, Lat. cithara, a lyre, harp or lute, like the φόρμιγξ οι λύρα.

κίθαρ-aoibós contr. -φδός, δ, (κιθάρα, ἀοιδός) one who plays and sings to the lyre or harp, a harper:—

Sup. κιθαραοιδότατος. [ă]

κιθαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κίθαριs) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the φόρμιγξ and λίρα, so that the κιθάρα, λύρα, and φόρμιγξ must have been nearly the same.

κίθαρις, ιος, ή, αcc. κίθαριν, = κιθάρα: also music, barping, playing.

κίθαριστής, οδ, οδ, (κιθαρίζω) a player on the lyre or barp, a barper. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of κιθαριστής.

κίθαριστύς, ύος, ή, (κιθαρίζω) a playing the lyre or barp, the art of playing it.

κτθαρφδικός, ή, όν, of or for barp-playing. From κτθαρ-φδός, ό, contr. for κιθαρασιδός.

κίθών, ῶνος, δ, Ion. for χιτών.

κίκειν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἔκικον; see κίκω.

κίκι, τ = κροτών. II. the berry of the κροτών, castor-berry.

KIKINNOS, &, a curled lock of bair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. cincinnus.

κικκάβαῦ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, toowbit, toowboo.

KIKKOΣ, δ, the busk, shell of fruit, Lat. ciccus. κικλήσκω, poot. redupl. form of καλέω, to call, summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name. κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμ, κιρνάω.

KI KY∑, n, strength, vigour.

\*ΚΙΚΩ, a verb only found in aor. 2 ἔκἴκον, inf. κἴκεῖν, and Dor. aor. 1 ἔκιξα, med. ἐκιξάμην:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικεῖν.)

Kilikios, a, ov, Cilician. From

Kίλιξ, ἴκοs, ὁ, a Cilician. [ĭ] Hence

**Κίλισσα, ηs, ἡ, a** Cilician woman. 2. as Adj., fem. of Κιλίκιοs.

κιλλί-βαs, αντος, δ, a trestle, stand or support for anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλος, ass, βαίνω: so Germ. esel, our easel and borse.) [ $\tilde{t}$ ]

KI'ΛΛΟΣ, δ, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμμέριοι, oi, the Cimmerians, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the Palus Maeotis.

Κίμωλία  $(\gamma \hat{\eta})$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Cimolian earth, a kind of white elay, like fuller's earth, from Cimōlus in the Cyclades. **KΓNA'BPA**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , the rank smell of a goat. Hence

κίναβράω, to smell like a goat. κίναδος, εος, τό: vocat. κίναδε, as if it were masc.: —Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κἴνάθισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling. (From κιναθίζω, = κινέω.)  $\lceil \nu \breve{\alpha} \rceil$ 

κιν-αχύρα, ή, (κινέω, ἄχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.

κινδύνευμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδῦνευτέον, verb. Adj. one must venture; and κινδῦνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an adventurous person:—from κινδῦνεύω, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, bazard.

2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. κινδύνευμα to venture the risk.

II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὖτοι γόητες εἶναι they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύει as impers it seems to be, is likely:—Pass to be bazarded, exposed to danger. From

KINΔΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a danger, ri-k, bazard, venture, Lat. periculum. an experiment, trial; κίνδυνον ποιεῖν, Lat. periculum facere, to make an experiment.

κινεῦ, Dor. for κινοῦ, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω. κτνέω, f. ἡσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set agoing, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2 to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to arger, provoke. 4. κινεῦν πῶν χρῆμα to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut. med. κινήσομαι and pass. κινηθήσομαι, aoτ I ἐκινήθην. to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κινέω.

κίνηθμός,  $\dot{\phi}$ , = κίνησις, motion.

κίνησις, εως, ή, (κινέω) a moving or being moved:
motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance. [κτ]

κῖνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho$ os,  $\delta$ , = κινητήs. Hence

κινητήριοs, a, ov, liable to move or excite.

κίνητής, οῦ, ὁ, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κῖνητικός, ή, όν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κίνυγμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or bovering body, a phantom. [τ]

κίνυμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κίνυμι), = κινέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [τ]

κίνυντο, Ep. for ἐκίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κίνυμαι. κἴνύρομαι [v], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan,

lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινοί κινύρονται φόνον the bridles ring or clash murderously. From

κἴντρόs, ά, όν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from the sound)

κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion: —Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, ους, ή, Dor. for κίνησις.

 $\kappa \tilde{i} \delta - \kappa \rho \tilde{a} v o v$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\kappa i o \nu \delta \kappa \rho a \nu o \nu$ .

κίομεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, I pl. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for ἔκιον, impf. of κίω.

κτονό-κράνον, τό, (κίων, κρανίον) the capital of a column.

κίοσι, dat. pl. of κίων, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ή, Circe, an enchantress who changed

Ulvsses' companions to swine, v. Odyss. lib. 10, Hor. !

Epist. 1. 2, 23.

κιρκ-ήλατος, ον, (κίρκος, έλαύνω) chased by a bawk. KI'PKO∑, &, a kind of bawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κρίκος. Hence

κιρκόω, f. ώσω, to boop in, secure by rings.

κιρνάω and -ημι, poet. forms of κεράννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κιρνάω comes 3 sing. pres. κιρνα, 3 sing impf. ξκίρνα: from κίρνημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. κίρνη, part. κιρνάs.

KI'Σ, δ, gen. κιδs, acc. κίν, a worm in wood or in

corn, the weevil, Lat. curculio.

κίσηρις, εως, ή, (κίς) the pumice-stone, Lat. pumex. KI'ΣΣΑ Att. κίττα, ή, a chattering bird, the II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσαβίζω Att. κιτταβίζω, f ίσω, to scream like a jay. κισσάω Att. κιττάω, f. ήσω, (κίσσα 11) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσήρης, εs, (κισσόs) ivy-clad.

κίσσηρις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κίσηρις, q. v. κίσσίνος, η, ον, (κισσός) of ivy.

κισσο-δέτης, ου, δ. Dor. -δέτας, (κισσύς, δέω) bound or crowned with wy.

κισσο-κόμης, ου, δ, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

ΚΙΣΣΟ'Σ Att. κιττός, δ, ivy, Lat. hedera.

κισσο-στέφανος, ον, and κισσο-στέφής, ές, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed

κισσοφορέω Att κιττ-, to be decked with ivy From κισσο-φόρος, ον, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivycrowned: luxuriant with wy.

κισσόω Att. κιττ-, f. ώσω, (κισσός) to deck with wy. κισσύβιον [v], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

κισσωτός, ή, όν, (κισσόω) decked with ivy.

KI'ΣTH, ή, a box, chest, Lat. cista.

κιστίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κίστη, a little chest.

KITPE'A or κιτρία, ή, the citron-tree. **κίτρῖνος**, η, ον, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κιτρέα, citron.

κίττα, κιττάβίζω, κιττάω, Att. for κισσ-.

**κιττόs**, δ, Att. for κισσ-.

κιχάνω [ā], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κιχάνειν, and Med. κιχάνομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from kiχημι :—Ερ. subj. κιχείω, opt. κιχείην, inf. κιχῆναι Ερ. κιχήμεναι, part. κιχεί $\mathbf{s}$  and Med. κιχήμενο $\mathbf{s}$ : so impf.  $\epsilon \kappa i \chi \eta \nu$ , 2 sing.  $\epsilon \kappa i \chi \epsilon \iota s$  (as if from  $\kappa \iota \chi \epsilon \omega$ ); I pl. κίχημεν, 3 dual κιχήτην: fut. κιχήσομαι: 20r. 2 έκιχον Ερ. κίχον, part. κιχών: aor. I med. ἐκιχησάμην: Att. κιγχάνω [a], q.v.:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κιχείην, opt. of κιχάνω.

 $\kappa \iota \chi \epsilon \iota s$ , pres. part. of  $\kappa \iota \chi \eta \mu \iota$ , =  $\kappa \iota \chi \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .

κιχείομεν, Ep. for κιχῶμεν, Ep. 1 pl. subj. of κίχημι. κίχήλα, ή, Dor. for κίχλη.

κιχήμεναι, κιχήμενος, v. sub κιχάνω.

\*κίχημι, v. sub κιχάνω.

κιχήσομαι, fut. of κιχάνω.

κίχον, aor. 2 of κιχάνω.

KI'XΛH, ή, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. turdus.

κιχλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to titter, giggle, formed like καγχλάζω from the sound. II.  $(\kappa i \chi \lambda \eta)$  to eat κίχλαι, to live daintily

κιχλίσδοντι, Dor. for κιχλίζουσι, 3 pl. of κιχλίζω. κιχλισμός, ό, (κιχλίζω) a tittering, giggling. (κίχλη) dainty living.

κίχρημι, fut. χρήσω: aor. I έχρησα: (see χράω C. II): -to lend. ΙΙ. Med. κίχραμαι, fut. χρήσομαι: aor I έχρησάμην: - to have lent to one, to borrow.

\*KI'Ω, to go, pres. not used in indicat.; subj κίω, Ερ. I pl. κίομεν; opt. κίοιμι, part. κιών, κιοῦσα: impf. έκιον Ep. κίον: - to go: of ships, to sail.

KI'ΩN, ovos, δ and ή, a pillar, column. II = στήλη, a gravestone, Lat. cippus [i]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κλαγγεύντι, Dor. for κλαγγούσι, 3 pl. of κλαγγέω, = κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κλαγγή, ή, (κλάζω) any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγηδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, din. κλάγερός, ά, ύν, (κλάζω) screaming, screeching.

κλάγξας, aor. 1 part. of κλάζω.

κλαδαρός, ά, όν, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle. κλάδαs, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδοs.

κλάδας, Dor. for κλείδας, acc. pl of κλείς.

κλαδί, Dor. for κλειδί, dat. of κλείς. κλάδίον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαδίσκος, δ, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλάδοs, ov, δ, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree: a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

ΚΛΑ'ΖΩ, f. κλάγξω: aor. I ἔκλαγξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἔκλἄγον, inf. κλαγείν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγγα and κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, ότος, also κεκλήγων, οντος (as if from a new pres. κεκλήγω):- Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλάγξομαι:-to make a sharp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle; of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, balloo, shriek forth, cry out.

κλαίεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαίω.

κλαts, gen. κλαίδος, ή, Dor for κληts, κλείς, Lat. clavis.

κλαίστρον, Dor. for κλείστρον, κλείθρον.

KΛΑΙ'Ω Att. κλάω  $[\bar{a}]$ : f. κλαύσομαι Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι: also κλαιήσω Att. κλαήσω: 201. Ι έκλαυσα Ep. κλαῦσα:—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλαύσομαι: pf. κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμα: :- to weep, lament, wail: hence Att. phrase, κλαύσεται be shall weep, i. e. be shall repent it, have cause to rue it: so, khalow at II.

your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. plorare te jubeo. II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also κεκλαυμένος bathed in tears, weeping.

κλάξ, ακός, ή, Dor. for κλείς, a key.

κλαξώ, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλάπηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλάρος) apportioning by lot. [ā] κλάρος, κλάροω, κλάρονομέω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάσε, Ερ for εκλάσε, 3 sing aor. 1 of κλάω κλάσι-βώλαξ, άκος, δ, ἡ, (κλάω, βώλαξ) clod-bred

κλἄσἴ-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλάω, βῶλαξ) clod-breaking.

κλάσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\eta$ , (κλάω) a breaking.  $[\breve{a}]$ 

κλάσμα, ατος, τύ, (κλάω) that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσε, κλάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 act. and med

of κλάω.

κλαστάζω, f. άσω, (κλάω) to prune a vine, Lat. pampunare: metaph. to bring down, bumble.

κλαστός, ή, όν, (κλάω) broken in pieces. κλάσῶ, Dor. for κλάσω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, δ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence

κλαυθμός, δ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence κλαυθμύρίζω, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence

κλαυθμυρισμός, δ, a crying like a child.

κλαῦμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. a trouble, misfortune

κλαύσάρα, by crasis for κλαύσει άρα. [σā]

κλαῦσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of κλαίω.

κλαυσιάω, (κλαθσιε) to wish to weep, το θύριον φθεγγόμενον άλλως κλαυσιά the door is like to weep, i. e. shall suffer, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσί-γελως, ωτος, and ω, δ, (κλαίω, γέλως) smiles

and tears. [t]

κλαυσί-μάχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the

name of Lamachus, Rue-the-fight.

κλαύσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ή, όν, (κλαίω) wept, bewailed:

to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑ'Ω, f. κλάσω [ἄ]: aor. τ ἔκλάσα Ερ. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάs, as if from κλημι —Pass., aor. 1 ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break, break off, break in pieces: of plants, to prune:—metaph. to weaken, enervale.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κάω for καίω. [ā]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέεα, plur. of κλέος κλεεινός οτ κλεεννός, ή, όν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.

κλεηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλεΐα, contr. of κλέεα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος. κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδουχέω Att. κληδ-, to bold the keys, have the charge or custody of; κλειδουχεῖν θεᾶs to be priestess of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλείδ-οῦχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ξχω) bolding the keys, having charge or custody of: of a goddess, tutelary. κλείδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg. κλείζω, f. κλείζω, Dor. for κληίχω.

κλείθρον Att. κλήθρον Ιοπ. κλήθρον, τό, (κλείω)

a bolt on bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ή, όν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious. κλείξαι, aor I inf. of κλείζω, Dor. for κλήζω.

κλείς, ή, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείν: pl. nom. κλείδες, acc. κλείδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς, gen. κληίδοs, acc κληίδα: old Att. κλήs, gen κληδόs, acc. κληδα.—a thing to close the door with: a key, by which the bolt (οχεύs) was shot or unshot from the outside: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (iµás) by which the bolt was made fast to the handle (κορώνη). bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. metaph. of silence, κλη's έπὶ γλώσση a key on the tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down; κλήδας έχειν, like κληδουχείν, to watch, bave the charge of. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. the collar-bone, Lat. jugulum; κληιs ἀποέργει αὐχένα  $\tau \in \sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \theta \hat{v} s \tau \in locks$  the neck and breast together. a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass, such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as, Κλείδες της Κύπρου.

κλεις, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κλήστος, Ion. κληϊστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , to be shut or closed.

κλεῖστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. claustrum. κλειτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{ο}\nu$ , (κλείω B), renowned, famous: of

things, splendid, excellent.

ΚΛΕΙΏ (Λ), f. κλείσω: aor. 1 ἔκλείσα.—Pass, aor. 1 ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:— lon. and Ep. prcs. κληίω, f. κληίσω: aor. 1 ἐκλήῖσα Ep. κλήῖσα — old Att. κλήω, f. κλήσω: aor. 1 ἔκλησα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat. CLAUDO, to sbut, sbut up, close, keep fast: to confine:—Pass. to be sbut up.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλειώ, οῦς, ἡ, (κλέος) Clio, the Celebrator, the Muse of Epic Poetry and History.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a

theft. 2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα, κλεία for κλέεα:— a rumour, report, common fame, news; σὸν κλέος news of thee.—a mere report, opp. to certainty; ἡμεῖς δὲ κλέος οἶον ἀκούομεν, οὐδὲ τι ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not anything. II. good report, fame, glory: also repute, whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν ἀείδειν to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρέσθαι to win bonour.

κλέπταν, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτέον, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, one must withhold.

κλέπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.

κλεπτήρ, ηροε, δ, and κλέπτης, ου, δ, (κλέπτω) a thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέπτης the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, ν. κλέπτω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ή, thievishness, knavery. From KΛΕ'ΠΤΩ, f. ψω, or med. κλέψομαι: 201. ι έκ-

λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:--Pass., 201. 1 έκλέφθην: 201. 2

ξκλάπην [d], inf. κλαπηναι: pf. κέκλεμμαι:-to steal, filch, purloin: of women, to carry off: part. κλέπτων, ουσα, ον, thievish; κλέπτον βλέπει he II. to cozen, cheat, beguile, has a thief's look. deceive: hence to mislead. III. to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise. IV. generally, to do a thing stealthily or treacherously: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεί he does it secretly.

κλεψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of deceptive mind, dissembling.

κλεψί-χωλος, ον. (κλέπτω, χωλός) disguising lameness. [7]

**κλεψ-ύδρα, ή**, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a water-clock, with  $\mathbf{a}$ narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses); -used to time speeches in law-courts.

**ΚΛΕ'**Ω Ερ. κλείω (κλέος) = κλήζω, to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol :- Pass. to be famous.

καλέω, to call.

κλήδεs, Att. for κλείδεs, nom. pl. of κλήs.

κλήδην, Adv. (καλέω) by name.

**κληδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (κληδών)** a sign or omen. κληδ-ουχέω, κληδ-ούχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληδών, όνος, ή, Ερ. κλεηδών and κληηδών: (κλέω): an omen, presage, boding. II. a rumour, report: reputation, glory. III. a calling, invocation.

**κλήζω** (A), f. ήσω: aor. I ἔκλησα: pf. pass. κέκλησμαι:—Ion. pres. κληΐζω Dor. κλείζω: (κλέος):—to make famous, to celebrate. II. to name, call :-Pass. to be spoken of, be mentioned.

κλήζω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, to

κληηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κληθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

KAH'OPA Ion. κλήθρη, ή, the alder, Lat. alnus. **κληθρον**, τό, Att. for Ion. κληίθρον, = κλείθρον.

κληίδεσσι, Ep. for κληίσι, dat. pl. of κληίε. κληίζω, f.  $t\sigma\omega$ , Ion. for  $\kappa\lambda\eta'(\omega)$ .

κλήϊθρον, τό, Ion. for κλήθρον, κλείθρον. κλητs, toos, ή, Ion. for κλείε.

κλήτσα, Ep. aor. I of κληίω, κλείω.

κληϊστός, ή, όν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κλητω, f. tow, Ion. for κλείω, to shut.

κλήμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting: esp. a vine-twig, Lat. palmes. Hence

κλημάτινος, η, ον, made of vine-twigs.

κλημάτίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κλημα: mostly in pl. brushwood, fagot-wood.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a small portion.

κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, (κληρονόμος) to obtain a portion or lot: to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, an inheritance: and

**κληρονομία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κληρονομέω) an inheritance, patrimony: generally, possession, property.

κληρο-νόμος, ον, (κλήρος, νέμομαι) receiving one's portion: as Subst., κληρόνομος, δ, an inheritor, beir.

κληρο-πάλής, έε, (κλήρος, πάλλω) distributed by shaking the lots.

κλήρος Dor. κλάρος, ου, δ, a lot: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot. 2. a casting lots, drawing lots. II. an allotment, portion, often of conquered land: an inheritance, estate, property: generally, lands. III. the clergy, as opp. to the laity.

κληρουχέω, fut. ήσω, (κληροῦχος) to possess or bold by allotment, to have allotted to one. Hence

κληρουχία, ή, the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a 2. the body of citizens among whom it was divided. - An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρούχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

**κληρουχικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ , (κληρουχία) of or for a κλη-

pouyla or apportionment of land.

κληρ-οῦχος, ον, (κλήρος,  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ χω) bolding or possessed of an allotment of land; esp. of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens: as Subst., κληροῦχος, ό, a portion-holder. 2. metaph., πολλων έτων κληρούχοs possessed of many years, i.e. advanced in years.

κληρόω, f. ώσω, (κληροε) to choose by lot, and generally, to choose: of the lot, to fall on one, designate: -Pass. to be chosen by lot: -Med. to cast lots for a thing, to bave a thing allotted one. II. to allot, assign, apportion:-Pass., κληροῦσθαι δούλη to be allotted as a slave, to bave slavery for one's lot. Hence

κλήρωσις, εως, ή, a choosing by lot. κληρωτός, η, όν, (κληρύω) appointed by lot.

κλής, κληδός, old Att. for κλείς, κλειδός.

κλήσις, εως, ή, (καλέω) a calling: a calling into court, legal summons, citation: hence an indictment, 2. a calling or invitation to a impeachment. feast. 3. a name, appellation.

κλησιs, εωs, η, (κληω = κλείω) a shutting up, closing, blockading.

κλήσω, fut. of κλήω = κλείω :—also of κλήζω.

κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητόε) to cite or summon into court. II. to be a witness, give evidence.

κλητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs, δ, (καλέω) one who calls, a sum-II. a witness, called to prove that this moner. legal summons has been served.

κλητός, ή, όν, (καλέω) called, invited: welcome: called out, chosen.

κλήω, old Att. for κλείω, to sbut.

κλίβανίτης, κλίβανος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλίθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [τ], τό, (κλίνω) an inclination, slope. II. a region or zone of the earth, clime: climate.

κλτμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a small stair or ladder, a flight of steps.

round of a ladder.

κλιμαξ, ἄκος, ή, (κλίνω) a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a sbib's ladder. II. an instrument like a ladder, III. in Soph. on which persons were tortured. Trach., κλίμακες άμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other. IV. in Rhetoric, a climax, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, abiit evasit erupit.

κλίναν, Ep. for ἔκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ή, (κλίνω) that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier. [i]

κλίνηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ες, (κλίνη, ἀρἄρεῖν) bed-ridden.

κλίνθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, a small couch.

κλινίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of κλίνη, a small couch.

κλίνο-πετής, ές, (κλίνη, πεσείν) bedridden. κλινο-χαρής, ές, (κλίνω, χαρηναι) fond of bed.

**κλιντήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρο**s**,  $\delta$ , (κλίνω) a couch, bed, sof a.

**ΚΛΙ'ΝΩ**  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , fut. κλἴν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor.  $\bar{\imath}$  ἔκλῖν $\alpha$ : pf. κέκλἴκ $\alpha$ . -Med., aor. Ι ἐκλῖνάμην:-Pass., aor. Ι ἐκλίνθην and  $\hat{\epsilon} \kappa \lambda (\theta \eta \nu)$  [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ], aor. 2  $\hat{\epsilon} \kappa \lambda (\nu \eta \nu)$  [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ]: pf.  $\kappa \hat{\epsilon} \kappa \lambda \tilde{\iota} \mu \alpha \iota$ : to make slope or slant, incline. 2. to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against. to turn aside: ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the 4. to make recline or sit down, esp. at eyes. meat. II. Pass. to be bent: to bend aside, swerve. 2. to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing. 3. to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discum-4. of Places, to be sloping; λίμνη κεκλιμένη 5 to wander from the sloping towards the lake. right course. III. Med. to decline, verge: so later in Act., ὁ ήλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν έπὶ τὸ χείρον to fall away for the worse.

κλίσία lon. - lη, ή, (κλίνω) a place for lying down. a but, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of fruit. peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the κλισίαι, but burned them on the spot: the collected κλισίαι formed a camp. II. a couch, bed. a company of people sitting at meals.

κλισιάδες, ων, αί, (κλίνω) folding-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from κλείω to sbut.

κλισίηθεν, Adv. (κλισία) out of a cot or tent. κλίσίηνδε, Adv. to a cot or tent.

κλίσιον, τό, (κλζσία) the outbuildings round a berdsman's lodge.

κλίσιs, εωs, ή, (κλίνω) a bending, inclination. II. a lying down, reclining. [1]

κλισμόs, δ, (κλίνω) a couch or chair for reclining. κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, a clime. [ $\tilde{t}$ ]

κλιτύς, ύος, ή, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) a sloping place, slope, bill-side, Lat. clivus.

κλοιός, δ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί: learn by bearing, ascertain.

κλίμακτήρ, ηροε, δ. (κλίμαξ) the step of a staircase, Att. κλφός: (κλείω):—a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.

κλονέω, f. ήσω, (κλόνο) to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract :- Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.

KΛO'NOΣ, b, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.

κλοπαιοs, α, ον, (κλώψ) stolen: furtive, stealthy. **κλοπεύs**, έωs,  $\dot{o}$ , (κλέπτω) a thief: a secret doer.

κλοπή, ή, (κλέπτω) theft.II. a stealthy act, fraud; ποδοίν κλοπάν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot.

κλόπιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (κλοπή) thievish, artful.

**κλοπόs**, δ, (κλέπτω) a thief.

κλοτοπεύω, to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλωπεύω.

κλύδων, ωνος,  $\delta$ , (κλύζω) a wave, billow, surge. metaph., κλύδων κακῶν a flood of ills. Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. to be tossed by the waves.

κλύδώνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, a little wave, rip ple: but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea. KΛΥ'ZΩ: Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον. fut. κλύσω [ $\breve{v}$ ] Ερ. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. 1 ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυσμαι: - to wash or dash against, break over:-Pass. of the sea, to be stormy, dash bigh: so intr. in Act., κύματα κλύζεσκον ἐπ' ήιόνος the waves dashed, broke against the shore. II. to wash off or away: to wash 2. κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρφ a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax.

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, famous. [v]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύζω) a liquid used for washing out: a clyster or drench. II. the part washed by the waves, the beach.

κλυστήρ, ηρος, ό, (κλύζω) a clyster-pipe, syringe.

κλῦτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύτό-δενδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) famed for trees. κλύτο-εργός, όν, (κλυτός, έργον) famous for work. κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) famous with

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μητις) famous for skill. κλυτό-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) famous for toils. κλυτό-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν, (κλυτός, νόος) famous for wisdom.

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, (κλυτός, παι̂ς) with famous cbildren.

κλυτό-πωλος, ον, (κλυτός, πώλος) famous for borses. κλύτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , also  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (κλ $\dot{\omega}\omega$ ) beard of, to be beard of, famous, glorious, renowned. 2. of things, glorious, noble, splendid, beauteous.

κλύτο-τέχνης, ου, ό, (κλυτός, τέχνη) famous for art, renowned artist.

κλυτό-τοξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) famous for the bow, renowned archer.

ΚΛΥ'Ω: impf. or aor. 2 ἔκλυον, imperat. sing. and pl (as if from κλῦμι), κλῦθι, κλῦτε, Ep. redupl. κέκλύθι, κέκλύτε:-to bear, to give ear to, listen to, bearken to: but also c. gen. to obey. 3. generally, to ber-

II. to bear oneself called, be called so ceive. and so, like ἀκούω, Lat. audio; κακῶς κλύειν to be ill spoken of.

**KAOBO'S**,  $\delta$ , a cage, bird-cage.

κλωγμόs, δ, (κλώζω) the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.

KΛΩ'ZΩ, f. κλώξω, to croak, bave a boarse note, properly of jackdaws.

**ΚΛΩ'ΘΩ**, fut. κλώσω, to twist, spin, esp. of the

goddesses of fate. Hence

Κλωθώ, οῦs, ή, Lat. Clotho, one of the three Moipai or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμακόεις, εσσα, εν, stony, rocky, rugged. From ΚΛΩ MAΣ or κρώμαξ, ακος, à, a heap of stones. **κλών**, gen, κλωνός, δ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, α young

shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. surculus.

κλωνίον, Dim. of κλών. κλωός, Att. for κλοιός.

**κλωπεύω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , = κλοπεύω, to steal.

κλωπικός, ή, όν, (κλώψ) thievish, furtive

κλωπο-πάτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (κλώψ, πατήρ) of a thievish or unknown father. [ă]

**κλωστήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (κλώθω) a thread, yarn, line.

κλωστός, ή, όν, (κλώθω) spun, twisted.

κλώψ, κλωπός, δ, (κλέπτω) a thief, Lat. fur. κναίω, = Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc

κνάκων, ωνος, δ, Dor. for κνήκων, the goat: see κνηκός. κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη.

κναμός. Dor. for κνημός.

κνάμπτω, old Att. for γνάμπτω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω, f. ψω: (κνάω): to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used. taph. to mangle, tear, lacerate.

κνάσαιο, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of κνάω. κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and

aor. I inf. of κνάω.

κνάφεῖον Ion. -ἡϊον, τό, (κνάπτω) a fuller's shop. κνάφεύς or γναφεύς, έως, δ, Lat. fullo, a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.

κναφεύω, f. σω, (κναφεύs) to full or card cloth.

κναφήιον, Ion. for κναφείον.

κνάφος, δ, (κνάω) the prickly teasel, Lat. spina fullonica, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.

KNA'Ω, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνηs, κνη, inf. κνην; impf. 3 sing. ἔκνη Ep. κνη (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I έκνησα:—to scrape or grate, Lat. radere: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away: - Med, κνασθαι τὰ ὧτα to tickle one's ears. κνεφάζω, f. άσω, (κνέφας) to cloud over.

κνεφαίος, a, ov, also os, ov, (κνέφας) dark, gloomy, murky. 2. in the dark, either at nightfall or be-

fore daybreak.

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα poöt. κνέφει: (νέφος) darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. diluculum.

κνή, Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ κνη, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνάω) to scratch. tickle :- Pass. to itch.

κνηκίας, ου, ό, v. sub κνηκός.

KNH KOΣ, ή, Lat. cnēcus or cnīcus, a plant of the thistle kind.

II. to

κνηκός, ή, όν, Dor. κνακός, ά, όν, (κνηκος) pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf δ κνηκίαs.

κνήμ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, dργός) white-legged.

KNH'MH, h, the part of the leg between the knee and ancle, the leg, Lat. tibia.

κνημίδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημίς, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.

κνημίς, ίδος, ή, (κνήμη) a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ancle; the κνημίδεs consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφύρια); but βόειαι κνημίδες are boots or leg-

gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.

κνημός, δ, (κνήμη) the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to πούs (the foot).

κνησιάω, f. άσω, Desiderat, of κνάω, to wish to scratch, to itch.

κνήσμα, τό, (κνάω) an itching.

κνη τμονή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\kappa \nu \hat{\eta} \sigma \mu \alpha$ .

κνήστις, εως and ιος, ή; contr. dat. κνήστι: (κνάω) a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.

κνίδη, ή, (κνίζω) a nettle, Lat. urtica  $[\bar{\imath}]$ 

Kvidios, a, ov, Cnidian, of or from Cnidos. From Kvίδοs, ή, Cnidus.

 $κνίζη, ηs, \dot{η} = κνίδη$ . From

κνίζω, f. κνίσω: aor. I έκνισα Dor. έκνιξα:-Pass., aor. 1 ἐκνίσθην: (κνάω):—to scrape or grate, II. to make to itch: hence metaph. to nettle, tease, chafe, vex:-Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.

 $\kappa \nu \bar{\iota} \pi \delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\kappa \nu i \zeta \omega)$  scraping, niggardly, miserly. KNI ΣΑ Ep. κνίση, ης, ή, Lat. nidor, the smell or

savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice. the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence

κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισήεις.

κνισάντι, Dor. for κνισάεντι, dat. of κνισάειs

κνισάω, f. ήσω, (κνίσα) to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice. II. mtr. to raise the steam of sacrifice.

κνίσδω, Dor. for κνίζω.

κνισήεις Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίσα) full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.

**κνίσμα**, τό, (κνίζω) that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.

κνισμός, δ, (κνίζω) an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.

κνίσο-διώκτης, ου, ὁ, (κνίσα, διώκω) bunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.

κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσα. κνισάει**s**, etc.

κνίσωτός, ή, όν, (κνισόω) steaming wi. b burnt sacrifice.

κνίψ, δ, also ή, gen. κνίπόs, pl. κνίπεs, (κνίζω) a kind of emmet, which gnaws figs.

κνύζα, contr. for κόνυζα.

κνυζάομαι and - έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to whine, whimper, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.)

κνυζηθμός, δ, a whining, whimpering.

κνύζημα, τό, = κνυζηθμόs.

κνυζόω, f. ώσω, to disfigure, make dim and dark. κνύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : (κνάω) to scratch or touch gently.

κνώδαλον, τό, any dangerous animal, a monster,

beast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, δ, (όδούς) a sword: pl. κνώδοντες, two projecting teeth on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφους διπλοΐ κνώδοντες a cross-hilted sword.

ΚΝΩ'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. to nod, slumber, sleep. κοάλεμος, δ, a stupid fellow, booby. [ā]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.

κοάω, ν. κοέω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a knavish trick. From

κοβαλίκεύω, to play the knave. From

κόβūλος, δ, an impudent rogue, an arrant knave: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, knavish tricks, rogueries. (Denv. uncertain)

KOTXH,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a muscle or cockle, Lat. concha · also a muscle-shell. II. the case round a seal attached to documents : (hence ἀνακογχυλιάζω), to unseal) κόγχος,  $\hat{\phi}$ , also  $\hat{\eta}$ , = κόγχη, a muscle or cockle.

κογχύλη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κόγχη.  $[\ddot{v}]$  Hence

κογχύλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ου, δ, a shelly marble. [ā] κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a muscle or cockle: also its shell, generally, a bivalve-shell. [v]

κοδράντης, ου, ό, Greek form of the Lat quadrans,

 $=\frac{1}{4}$  of an as, about  $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

 $KOE'\Omega$  or  $\kappaod\omega$  contr.  $\kappao\omega$ , Ion. for  $vo\ell\omega$ ,  $vo\omega$ , to mark, perceive, bear, observe.

κόθεν, Ion. for πόθεν.

κόθορνος, δ, Lat. colburnus, a buskin or high boot, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles.

2. the κόθορνος was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the soccus of Comedy.

3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, δ Κόθορνος was a nickname for a trimmer or time-server in politics.

κόθουρος, ον, = κόλουρος, without a sting.

KOI<sup>\*</sup>, sound to express the grunting of young pigs.  $\kappa \circ t_{\infty}$ , f.  $l\sigma \omega$ , ( $\kappa ol$ ) to grunt like a young pig.

κοίη, Ion. for ποία, dat. sing. of ποίος, Ion. κοίος, used as Adv. bow? in what manner? in what respect? κοιλαίνω, fut. ἀνῶ: αοτ. ι ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλῆναι, Att. ἐκοίλανα, inf. κοιλᾶναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι:

(κοίλοs):—to make bollow, scoop, bollow out.
κοίλη, ή, a bollow, properly fem. of κοίλοs; the name of a δημος or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion, -ίη, ή, (κοίλος) the bollow of the belly.

the belly, Lat. venter. 2. the contents of the belly, the bowels: tripe: black-puddings.

κοιλιο-πώλη $\hat{s}$ , ου, δ, (κοιλία, πωλέω) a tripe or black-pudding seller.

κοιλο-γάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοίλος, γαστήρ) bollow-bellied hence bungry, ravenous.

κοιλό-πεδος, ον, (κοίλος, πέδον) lying in a bollow. ΚΟΓΛΟΣ, η, ον, bollow, bollowed; κοίλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς οι κοίλη alone was the bollow or bold of the ship: of Places, lying in a bollow or vale: of a road, cut deep, overhung: κοίλον, τό, a bollow place, bollow, recess; κοίλος χρυσώς gold made into bollow vessels, i e plate.

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ον, (κοίλος, όφθαλμός) bollow-eyed. κοιλο-χείλης, ες, (κοίλος, χείλος) bollow to the rim. κοιλόω, f. ώσω, (κοίλος) to make bollow

κοιλ-ώδης, εs, (κοίλος, είδος) bollow-looking.

κοίλωμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλόω) a bollow.

κοιλ-ῶνυξ,  $\dot{v}χοs$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (κοίλοs,  $\dot{o}νυξ$ ) bollow-boofed. κοιλ-ώπης, ov,  $\dot{\phi}$ , fem. κοιλῶπις,  $\iota δos$ , = κοιλωπόs. κοιλ-ωπός,  $\dot{o}ν$ , (κοίλοs,  $\ddot{\omega}\psi$ ) bollow-looking.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. - έω, fut. ήσω, (κείμαι) 10 lull to sleep, put to sleep, souther assuage.

II. Med and Pass., fut κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμησάμην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην — to fall asleep, go to bed: of animals, to lie down; κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον be sleep a brasen sleep, i.e. the sleep of death.

2 to sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθήναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοίμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) sleep; κοιμήματα αὐτογέννητα intercourse of the mother with her own son.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing, aor. I med. of κοιμάω. κοίμησις, εως, ή, (κοιμάω) a sleeping: also rest, repose.

κοιμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, = κοιμάω, to put to sleep:—
to lay asleep, of the sleep of death.
2. generally,
to lay to rest, to quench; to appeare, assuage. Hence
κοιμιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one putting to sleep.

κοινάν, ανος, δ, Dor. for κοινών, κοινωνός.

κοινανέω, Dor. for κοινωνέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσομαι, fut. of κοινύω. κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. 1 part. of κοινύω.

κοινη, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., in common, by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοινο-βουλέω, (κοινός, βουλή) to deliberate in common.

κοινο-βωμία, ή, (κοινός, βωμός) community of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.

κοινό-λεκτροs, ον, (κοινόs, λέκτρον) baving a common bed, a bedfellow, consort.

κοινο-λεχής, ές, (κοινός, λέχος) sbaring the same bed, a paramour.

κοινο-λογέσμαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, 201. I

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. -ήθην: pf. κεκοινο- nest. λόγημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (κοινός, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κοινός, πούς)

with common foot, coming together.

KOINO'Σ, ή, όν, also όs, όν, common, shared in II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθόν the common weal. 2. τὸ κοινόν the state, Lat. respublica; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινοῦ by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury; -τα κοινά the public moneys, public af-III. of persons, impartial, affable, accesfairs. IV. of 2. of common origin, kindred. sible. forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινότης, ητος, ή, a sharing in common, fellow-II. affability.

κοινό-τοκος, ον, (κοινός, τεκείν) born of common

parents.

κοινο-φιλής, ές, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common. κοινό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded. κοινόω, f. ώσω: Dor. fut. κοινάσομαι, aor. ι ἐκοίvāσa: (κοινός):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in. 2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or un-II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. 2. 3. to be partaker or sharer take counsel, consult. in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or III. Pass. to bold communion, bave sbare in. intercourse with.

κοινών, ῶνος, Dor. κοινᾶν, ᾶνος,  $\delta$ , = κοινωνός. κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, (κοινωνός) to be a partaker. have a share of, to take part in; κοινωνείν τινι to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινώνημα, ματος, τό, a communication: and κοινωνία, ή, communion, fellowship, intercourse. κοινωνικός, ή, όν, communicative, social. From κοινωνός, ό, also ή, (κοινός) a companion, partner, fellow, associate. as Adj. = κοινόε.

κοινώς, Adv. of κοινός, in common, jointly: by common consent. 2. publicly.

**kolos**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ion. for  $\pi olos$ , a,  $o\nu$ .

κοιράνέω, f. ήσω, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master, to rule, command. 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence κοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ή, lordship, rule.

κοιράνίδης, ου, ό, = κοίρανος.

KOI'PA NOΣ, ò, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοισύροομαι, Pass. (Κοισύρα) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i e. live a gay, fashionable life. κοιτάζω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. I κοιταξάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταίοs, a, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, asleep. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ή, (κείμαι) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed; κοίτην έχειν to be pregnant; koîtai in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

II. sleep, the act of going to bed; τη̂ε κοίτης ώρη bed-time. κοῖτος, δ, = κοίτη. 2. a going to bed: sleeping,

sleep. Hence

κοιτών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος,  $\delta_{i} = (\kappa o i \tau \eta)$  a bed-room, bed-chamber. κόκκινος, η, ον, scarlet, Lat. coccineus. From KO'KKOΣ, ή, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermes-

berry, used to dye scarlet.

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo hence a cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go. κοκκύζω Dor. κοκκύσδω: f. ύσω: pf. κεκόκκϋκα; (κόκκυξ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry. κόκκυξ, υγος, ό, (κόκκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσδω, Dor. for κοκκύζω.

κόκκων, ωνος, δ, (κόκκος) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκύαι, oi, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολά, 2 sing. fut. med of κολάζω.

κολάζω, f. κολάσω: aor. 1 ἐκύλασα also in Med., fut. κολάσομαι, Att. contr. κολῶμαι, κολᾶ: aor I ἐκολασάμην:--Pass., fut. κολασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκολάσθην: pf, κεκύλασμαι: (κύλος, akm to κολούω): -to prune, retrench: metaph. to bold in check, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:-Pass. to be punished.

Koλαινίs, ίδοs, ή, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and

meaning uncertain.)

κολάκεία, ή, (κολακεύω) flattery, fawning.

κολάκευμα, τό, (κολακεύω) a piece of flattery.  $[\breve{a}]$ κολάκευτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be flattered.

κολάκευτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ , (κολακεύω) flattering, fawning. κολάκεύω, f. σω, (κύλαξ) to flatter, favon on:-Pass. to be flattered.

Κολάκ-ώνυμος, δ, (κόλαξ, δνομα) parasite-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

KO'ΛΑΞ, ακος, δ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ηρος, δ, a chisel, graver. From

**KOAA'IIT** $\Omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ , to hew, cut, chisel: of birds to peck.

κόλάσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κολάζω) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment.

κολάστειρα, ή, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, ον, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. as Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = κολαστήs.

κολαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κολάζω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολάστρια, ή, fem. of κολαστήρ. κολαφίζω, f. ίσω Att.  $ι\hat{\omega}$ , (κόλαφος) to give one a

box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, δ, (κολάπτω) a box on the ear, cuff. κολεόν Ion. κουλεόν,  $\tau \dot{o}_{i} = \kappa o \lambda \epsilon \dot{o} s$ , a sheath.

κολεός, δ, or κολεόν, τό, κουλεόν, τό, (κοῖλος) asheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, f. ήσω, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ης, ή, glue, Lat. gluten.

κόλλαβος,  $\delta$ , = κόλλοψ. II. a kind of wheaten cake, named from its shape.

κολλάω, f. ήσω, (κόλλα) to glue, cement. 2. to inlay: to weld. II. to join together, unite:—Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to. κολλήεις, εσσα, εν, (κόλλα) glued together, close-joined.

κόλλησις, εως, ή, (κολλάω) a gluing, cementing: κόλλησις σιδήρου a welding of iron.

κολλητόs, ή, όν, (κολλάω) glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.

κολλίκο-φάγος, ον, (κόλλιξ, φάγεῖν) roll-eating. ΚΟ'ΛΛΙΞ, τκος, δ, a long roll of coarse bread.

**ΚΟ΄ΛΛΟΨ**, οπος, δ, the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλοπα δργής ἀνείναι to unscrew your passion.

κολλύβιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) a money-changer. ΚΟ'ΛΛΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, a small coin. 2. in plur., κόλλυβα, τά, small round cakes. [ἔ]

κολλύρα, ή, = κόλλιξ. [v]

κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, eye-salve, Lat. collyrium, so called because it was made up in small cakes. [v]

κολοβός, όν, (κόλος) docked, curtal, Lat. curtus: of animals, short-borned: also mained, mutilated. Hence κολοβόω, f. ώσω, to dock, curtail, shorten.

κολοι-άρχος, ου, ό, (κολοιός, άρχω) a leader of jackdaws, a jackdaw-general.

κολοιάω, f. άσω, (κολοιόs) to scream like a jackdaw. κολοιός, δ, a jackdaw, Lat. graculus: proverb., κολοιόν ποτὶ κολοιόν = 'birds of a feather flock together.'

κολοκᾶσία, ή, or κολοκάσιον, τό, the colocasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κῦμα, τό, (κόλος, κῦμα) a large beavy wave before it breaks, the beavy swell before a storm

κολοκύνθη or -κύντη, ηs, ή, the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. cucurbita. Hence

κολοκυνθιάς, άδος, ή, food prepared from pumpkins. κολοκύνθινος, η, ον, made from pumpkins.

κόλον, τό, the colon or lower part of the bowels. From ΚΟΛΟΣ, ov, docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. curtus; κόλον δόρυ a spear broken short off: esp. of oxen, etc., bornless, short-borned.

κολοσσός, δ, a colossus, gigantic statue; also simply a statue. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcētes.

κολοσυρτός, ό, a rabble or noisy crowd: uproar. κολούω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐκολουσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκολούθην and -ούσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -ουσμαι: (κόλος):—to dock, clip, curtail, cut sbort, abridge: metaph., ἔπος μεσσηγὸ κολούειν to cut sbort a word in the middle, Lat. praecidere, i.e. leave it unfinished; δώρα κολούειν to abridge, limit gifts: also

2. like κολαζω, to check, restrain, put down.

κολοφών, ωνος, δ, a top, finishing, end.

κολπίας, ου, ὁ, (κόλπος) swelling in folds.

KOΛΠΟΣ, δ, the bosom, lap: later also the mother's womb.

II. the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket.

III. any lap or bollow; θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδῦναι to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the deep hollow between two waves.

2. a bay or creek of the sea.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. sinus. Hence

κολπόω, f. ωσω, to form into a lap or fold: to make

a sail belly or swell.

κολπ-ώδης, ες, (κόλπος, είδος) embosomed, embayed. ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ήσω, to dive to swim. Hence κολυμβήθρα, ή, a place for diving, a swimming-bath: and

κολυμβητήρ, ήρος, δ, and κολυμβητής, οῦ, δ, (κολυμβάω) a diver, swimmer

κολυμβίς, ίδος, ή, (κολυμβάω) a sea-bird, a diver. κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) a diver, swimmer. II. = κολύμβησις, a diving, swimming.

Kόλχοs, ὁ, a Colchian:—hence Ādj. Κολχικόs, ἡ, όν, Colchian; pecul. fem. Κολχίs, ίδοs.

κολφάω Ion -έω, f. ήσω, (κολφύs) to brawl, scold. κολώμενος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω ΚΟΛΩ'NH, ή, a bill, mound: esp. a sepulcbral mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. tumulus.

κολωνία, ή, the Lat. colonia, a colony.

κολωνός, ό, (κολώνη) a bill; κολωνός λίθων a heap of stones.

II. Colonos, a demos of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.

κολφός, οῦ, ὁ, (κολοιός) a brawling, wrangling. ΚΟΜΑ ΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, ibe strawberry-tree, arbūtus. κομάρο-φάγος, ον, (κόμαρος, φάγεῦν) eating the fruit of the arbūtus.

κομάω Ion. -έω, Ep. part. κομόων: fut. ήσω: aor. I ἐκόμησα: (κόμη):—to let the bair grow long, wear long bair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to plume oneself, to be proud, baughty, arrogant; οὖτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι be aimed at the monarchy. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομόωντες 'Αχαιοί in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year. II. of horses, to be decked with manes.

III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to bave leaves or foliage.

κομέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

KOME'Ω, f. ήσω, to take care of, attend to, tend. κομέω, Ion. for κομάω.

KOMH, ή, the hair, Lat. coma; κείρασθαι κόμην to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like coma, the foliage, leaves, of trees.

Κομητ-ἄμῦνίας, ου, ὁ, (κομήτης, 'Αμυνίας) Coxcomb-Amynias.

κομήτης, ου, δ, (κομάω) long-baired; lòs κομήτης a feathered attow. 2. leafy, grassy. II. a comet. κομίδή, ή, (κομίζω) attendance, attention, care: also the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. commeatus frumenti, a gathering in of harvest:-also 2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a provisions, stores. carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομιδή, dat. of κομιδή used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wbolly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομιδή μέν οὖν very much so indeed, just

so, ay and more than that.

κομιεύμεθα, Dor. for κομιούμεθα, I pl. contr. fut.

med. of  $\kappa o \mu (\omega)$ .

κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I ἐκόμισα Ερ. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα: - Med., Att. fut. κομἴοῦμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκομισσάμην and κομισσάμην:--Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: 201. Ι έκομίσθην: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομέω):-to take care of, provide for, supply: -Med. to receive bospi-2. of things, to take care of, take beed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμιζε mind thine own II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρον κομίζειν to carry away a corpse: - Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ἐρύομαι; κόμισαί με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off: -Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive. 3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import. 4. to conduct, escort. 5. to fetch back, redeem :- Med. to III. Pass. to be carried, to get back, recover. convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return.

κομιοθμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω. κομίσαιο, 2 sing. 2 or. 1 med. opt. of κομίζω. κόμισα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

κομιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken

care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = κομιστήs.

κομιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor. κόμιστρα, τά, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομιώ, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω.

κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηροῦ κόμματοs of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. comma. Hence

κομματικός, ή, όν, framed in short clauses. KO'MMI', τό, gum, Lat. gummi; indecl.

κομμός, οῦ, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. planetus, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομόωντε, κομόωντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of

κομάω.

κομόωντι, Dor. for κομῶσι, 3 pl. of κομάω. κομπάζω, f. άσω, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζειν λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν | μένοι plastered, whited sepulchres.

τέχνην to boast one's art :- Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύs, δ, Comic word, one of the borough Κόμποs, a Bragsman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπά(ω) a boast: in pl. boasts,vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ήσω, (κόμπος) to ring, clash, rattle. metaph. to utter bigb-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:-Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακέω, f. ήσω, (κόμπος, λακέω) to talk big,

be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακύθης, ου, δ, braggart, boaster. [v] KO'MΠΟΣ, δ, a noise, din, clash, as of a boar's

tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, metal.

κομπός, δ, (κομπέω) a boaster.

κομπο-φακελορ-ρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κύμπος, φάκελος, δημα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, ες, (κύμπος, είδος) boastful.

κομψεία, ή, (κομψεύω) elegance, refinement: affec-

κομψ-ευριπικώς, Adv. (κομψός, Εὐριπίδης) with the prettiness or affectation of Europides.

κομψεύω, f. σω, (κομψόs) to make elegant, refine; κύμψευε την δύξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. argutari: - Med. to refine overmuch: - Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, έs, (κομψόs, πρέπω) dainty-seem-

κομψόs, ή, όν, (κομέω) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. comptus: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. bellus bomo. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομψως, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομψοτέ-

ρως έχειν to be better in health.

κονάβέω, f. ήσω, (κύναβος) to resound, clash, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κοναβηδόν, Adv. with a clash, ringing.

κοναβίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , = κοναβέω.

KO'NA BOΣ, δ, a clashing, ringing.

KONAΥΛΟΣ, ò, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles. κονέω, f. ήσω, (κύνιε) to raise dust, to basten.

κονία Ion. and Ep. κονίη, ή, (κόνιε) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδων ὑπένερθε κονίη ιστατ' ἀειρομένη from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. κονίαι, in collective sense, like Lat. arenae; πίπτειν εν κονίησι to fall in the dust. 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or asbes, also in plur., like Lat. cineres. powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [7" in Homer; in Att. mostly [.]

κονίατός, ή, όν, plastered, whitewashed. From κονιάω, pf. pass. κεκονίαμαι: (κονίω):--to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. dealbare; τάφοι κεκονιακονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι; see κονίω.

κονι-ορτός, ό, (κόνις, όρνυμι) dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: κονιορτὸς ὕλης κεκαυμένης a cloud of woodashes.

II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

κόνιος, α, ον, (κόνις) dusty.

**KO'NIΣ**, ιοs Att. εωs,  $\dot{\eta}$ : dat. κόνι for κόνι := κονία, dust. II. the dust of ashes, ashes. III. the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil.  $[\tilde{\iota}]$ 

κονίσἄλος [τ], δ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust. κονίω, fut. ίσω [τ]: aor. τ ἐκόντσα:—Pass., pf. κεκόντμαι. Ep. 3 sing. plapf. κεκόνττο: (κόνις):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκονιμένος all covered with dust, i.e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόντσαι λαβών make baste and take. 2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over. II. intr. to raise dust, make baste, speed.

κοννέω, contr. κονν $\hat{\omega}$ , =  $\gamma \iota \gamma \nu \dot{\omega} \sigma \kappa \omega$ .

**ΚΟΝΝΟΣ**,  $\delta$ , the beard. 2. **Κόννοs**, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; **Κόννου** ψ $\hat{\eta}\phi$ os, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντόs, οῦ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. contus.

2. the shaft of a pike.

**κοντο-φόροs**, ον, (κοντόs, φέρω) carrying a pole or pike: burling a pike.

KO'NYZA contr. κνύζα, ηs, η, fleabane, pulicaria. κοπάζω, f. άσω: aor. ι ἐκύπασα: (κύποs):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κόπἄνον, τό, (κόπτω) an instrument for braying, a pestle: also  $2. = \kappa \circ \pi i s$ , an axe.

κοπείν, aor. 2 inf. οf κύπτω: κοπείς, aor. 2 part. pass. κοπετός, δ, (κόπτομαι) a wailing, mourning. κοπεύς, έως, δ, (κύπτω) a chisel.

κοπή, ή, (κόπτω) a striking: a cutting in pieces,

slaughter.

κοπιάω, f. άσω [ā]: aor. I ἐκοπίᾶσα: pf. κεκοπίᾶκα: (κόπος):—to work bard, work till one is weary. II. to be tired, grow weary; κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν to be exhausted by good things.

κόπις, εως, δ, (κύπτω) a babbler, wrangler. κοπίς, ίδος, ή, (κύπτω) a chopper, cleaver, billbook.

κόπος, ου, δ, (κόπτω) a striking, beating. II. toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence κοπόω, f. ώσω, to weary:—Pass. = κοπιάω.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was  $\Omega$ , cf. κοππατίαs. In the alphabet Koppa stood between  $\pi$  and  $\rho$ , like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also  $\sigma$ ταῦ and  $\sigma$ άμπ, qq. v. Hence

κοππάτίας, ου, ό, ίππος, a borse branded with the letter Κορρα ( ? ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόρας.

κοπράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry dung. From κοπρ-άγωγός, όν, (κόπρος, άγω) carrying dung. κόπροιος, a, ον, (κόπρος) full of dung, filthy. κοπρία, ή, (κόπρος) a dunghill.

κοπρίζω, f. ίσω Ερ. ίσσω, (κόπροs) to dung, manure. κοπρο-λόγοs, ον, (κόπροs, λέγω) collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.

KO'ΠΡΟΣ, ή, dung: manure: filth, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κόπρο-φόρος, ον, (κόπρος, φέρω) carrying dung κόφινος κοπροφόρος a dung-basket.

κοπρών, ῶνος, ὁ, (κόπρος) a place for dung, privy. κόπτοισα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω. κοπτός, ἡ, ὑν, (κόπτω) beaten, brussed, pounded.

ΚΟΊΤΤΩ, f. κύψω: aor. 1 ἔκοψα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπώε:--Pass., αοτ. 2 ἐκόπην: pf. κέκομμαι: -to strike, smite, cut. 2. to knock down, fell, 3. to cut off, chop off; δένδρα κόπτειν to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., κόπτειν την χώραν to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, burt; φρενών κεκομμένος deprived of 4. to bammer, forge: also to sense or reason. stamp, coin money, Lat. percutere nummos: - Med. 5. κόπτειν την θύραν to to coin oneself money. knock or rap at the door, Lat. pulsare. 6. to cut 7. of birds, to peck at, strike with small, chop up the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, II. Med. κόπτομαι, to beat or strike deafen. oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. plangere: also, κύπτεσθαί τινα to mourn for any one, Lat. plangere alıquem.

κοράκινος, δ, (κόραξ) a young raven.

KO'PAE, ακος, δ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοί κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; έρρε ἐς κόρακας, or ἐς κόρακας alone, like Lat. pasce corvos, go and be hanged! βάλλ ἐς κόρακας hang him! hang it! II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, I. an engine for grappling ships. 2. a booked bandle of a door, like κορώνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόραυνα, ή, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορβῶν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering.

2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ίσω, (κύρδαξ) to dance the κύρδαξ. κορδακισμός, δ, the dancing the κύρδαξ.

KO'PAAΞ, ακος, δ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κόρδακα ελκύσαι to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

KOPΔΥΛΗ [v], η, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; whence εγκεκορδυλημένος wrapt or rolled up.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κορέννυμι, f. κορέσω Ερ. κορέω: aor. I ἐκόρεσα Ερ. κόρεσσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκορεσάμην Ερ. ἐκορεσάμην Επ. ἐκορεσάμην Ερ. ἀκορεσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκορέσθην: pf. κεκόρραμα: lon. κεκόρημα:; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κεκορηώε, ότοε: (κόροε):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

bave one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσαofat to have one's fill of strife.

κορεσαίατο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι. κορέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenbood. From

κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κόρη):--to be a maid, grow up to maidenbood.

**KOPE'** $\Omega$ , f. ήσω, to sweep, brusb; κορείν την Έλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κόρη Ιοπ. κούρη Dor. κώρα, ή, fem. of κόρος, κουpos, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κουραι II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. Διόε. pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. Κούρη, ή, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τη Μητρί και τη Κούρη.

κόρηθρον, τό, (κορ εω) a besom, broom.

κόρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

 $κορθύνω, = κορθύω. [\overline{v}]$ 

κόρθυς, vos, ή, (κύρυς) a rising, heap.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κόρθυς) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:-Pass., κῦμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

**KOPI'ANNON**, τό, coriander, the plant or seed. **κορίδιον**, τό, Dim. of κόρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κόρη, κύριον): Dep.:-to fondle, caress, coax.

Koρίνθιος, a, ov, also Koρινθιακός, η, όν, and fem. Κορινθιάς, άδος, ή:—Corinthian. From

**Κόρινθος**, ή, Corinth, the city and country: anciently Έφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθι, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl.

KO'PIΣ, 10s Att. εωs, δ, a bug: pl. κόρειs, οί.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη.

κόρκορος οι κόρχορος, δ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpernel. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορυγή, ή, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any bollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound)

κορμός, δ, (κείρω) the trunk of a tree with the

boughs lopped off, a log.

KO POΣ, ov, o, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον έχειν τινόε to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satisty, surfeit: hence insolence, petulance; πρόε κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ου, δ, Ion. κοθρος Dor. κώρος, (κείρω) α boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. κόρη.

κόρος, δ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρση, ή, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; επὶ κόρρης πατάσσειν to slap on II. the bair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ον, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορύβαντιάω, f. άσω, (Κορύβαs) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορτβαντίζω, f. ίσω, (Κορύβαs) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορύβαντ-ώδης, εs. (Κορύβας, είδος) Corybant-like,

Κορύβαs, αντος, δ, a Corybant priest of Cybele in Pbrygia. [v]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίε, -αλλός, = κύρυδος.

κόρυδοs, δ, and κορυδόs, ή, (κόρυs) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κόρυζα, ης, ή, (κόρρη, κόρυς) a cold in the bead. a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold. κόρυθα, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύρυς.

κορυθ-άιξ, ικος, (κόρυς, αίσσω) belmet-shaking, with waving plume. [ā]

κορύθ-αιόλος, ον, (κόρυς, αίύλος) with glancing belm. κόρυμβος, δ, pl. κορύμβα as well as κόρυμβοι: (κόρυε, κορυφή):-the top, peak, summit; κόρυμβα νηῶν II. the cluster of the the high poops of the ships. wy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers. κορυνάω, f. ήσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορύνη, ή, (κόρυ**s**) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [v]

κορυνήτης, ου, ό, (κορυνάω) a club-bearer, one wbo fights with a club or mace.

κορύνη-φόρος, ον, (κορύνη, φέρω) club-bearing: κορυνηφόροι, oi, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορυνιάω, = κορυνάω: in Ep. part., κορῦνιόωντα πέτηλα sprouting leaves.

κορυπτίλος, o, one that butts with the head. [7] From κορύπτω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ύθος, ή, acc. κόρυθα and κόρυν, (κάρα) a belmet, belm, casque. II. the head Hence

κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:--Med., aor. I ἐκορυσσάμην, part. κορυσσάμενος:-Pass., pf. κεκόρυθμαι:-to arm with a belmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:-Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, δουρε κεκορυθμένα χαλκώ spears 2. generally, to furnish, probeaded with brass. II. to make crested; κόρυσσε κυμα the vide. river reared his wave to a crest:-Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence κορυστήs, οῦ, ὁ, a man armed with a belmet, an armed warrior.

κορύφαία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κορυφή) the head stall of a bridle. κορυφαίον, τό, the upper rim of a bunting-net:strictly neut, from sq.

κορύφαίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , (κορυφή) at the head:—δ κορυ-

φαίοs the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορυφή, ή, (κόρυε) the head, top, summit: the crown 2. the top or peak of a mounor top of the head. 3. metaph. the bighest point, acme, prime. κορυφόω, f. ώσω, (κορυφή) to bring to a bead, make peaked:-Pass., κυμα κορυφούται the wave rises to a II. like κεφαλαιόω, to bring to an end, crest. sum up.

κορων-εκάβη, ή, (κορώνη, Έκάβη) an old woman as

old as a crow and Hecuba. [a]

κορώνεως, ω, ή, of a raven-gray colour. From κορώνη, ή, (κορωνός) a kind of sea-fowl, seacrow. 2. a crow or raven, Lat. cornix. anything booked like a crow's bill, as, I. the 2. the tip of a bow, on which bandle on a door. the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. άσω, (κορώνη 11) to bend, curve · of a

horse, to arch the neck.

κορωνίς, ίδος, ή, (κορώνη II) as Adı. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, booked. kine, with crumpled borns. II. as Subst. any-1. a wreath or garland, Lat. cothing curved: rona. 2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion. κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλείν) shooting crows:

-as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-sbooting.

κορωνός, ή, όν, (κόραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled borns.

κοσκίνηδόν, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve. κοσκίνό-μαντις, ιος Att. εως, δ, and ή, (κόσκινον, μάντις) a diviner by a sieve.

KO'ΣΚΙ'NON, τό, a sieve.

κοσκυλμάτια, ων, τά, (σκύλλω) parings or sbreds of leather: metaph, of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ήσω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσμησάμενος πολιήτας baving marsballed bis countrymen; δόρπον κοσμείν to arrange a repast. to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick 2. of persons, to bonour them, out, embellish. IV. in Pass. adorn, be an bonour or ornament to. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorner.

κοσμητός, ή, όν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular. κοσμήτωρ, opos,  $\delta$ , (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμικός, ή, όν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; τὸ κόσμιον order. decorum. Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ή, propriety, decorum, orderly bebaviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμιος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ου, δ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) dressing the

κοσμο-κράτωρ, opos, δ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [a]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or bolding together the world.

κόσμος, ου, δ, (κομέω) order; κατά κόσμον οι κόσμφ in order, duly; οὐδενὶ κόσμφ in no sort of order. 2. good order, good behaviour, decency. a set form or order: of states, government. mode or faction of a thing II an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments.

from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

III. the world or universe,

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroy-

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

an bonour, credit.

κόσσαβος, ό, Ion for κότταβος. κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, δ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, to bear batred against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion, for πότερον, πότερα, κοτέω, Εp. aor. Ι κοτέσα: Εp. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:---

Med., κοτέομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut. κοτέσσομαι: Ερ. 201. Ι έκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην: (κότος):—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invideo: proverb., κεραμεύε κεραμει κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύs.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jea-

κοτίνη-φόρος, ον, (κότινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

KOTINO∑, & or \(\delta\), the wild olive, Lat. ole-

κοτίνο-τράγος, ον, (κότινος, τράγειν) eating the wild olive.

κότορνος, δ. Ion for κόθορνος.

KOTOΣ, ov, δ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοττάβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κότταβοs) to play at the cottabus.

κότταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, δ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinkingparties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

KO'TTA'NON, τό, a small fig, Lat. cottănum. KOTY ΛH, ή, a small cup or vessel. measure containing 6 κύαθοι or a 1/2 ξέστηs, nearly a + pint. II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone. Hence

κοτύληδών, όνος, ή, any cup-like bollow: in pl. the

δονόφιν. II. the socket of a joint.

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, ον, (κοτύλη, ἀρύω) that can be drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτϋλίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , –ίσκιον,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , and –ίσκος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , Dimi-

nutives of κοτύλη, a small cup. κότŭλος, δ, = κοτύλη.

κού, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κοῦ and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and που.

κοὐκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κουλεόν, κουλεός, Ιοπ. for κολεόν, κολεός.

κοῦμι, Hebrew word, arise.

κουρά, âs, ή, (κείρω) a clipping or cropping of the lightly. hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock cut off.

κουρείον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop

κουρεύς, έως, δ, (κείρω) a barber, bair-cutter, Lat. tonsor: hence a tatler, gossip.

κούρη, ή, Ion. for κύρη. II. also Ion, for κουρά. κουρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for κόρειος, youthful.

κούρητες, ων, οί, (κόρος, κοῦρος) young men, young

Κουρήτες, ων, oi, the Curētes, inhabitants of Pleuron copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην) in Aetolia.

κουρίαs, ου, δ, (κουρά) one who wears his bair short. κουριάω, f. άσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουρίδιος, α, ον, (κοῦρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully wedded; κουρίδιος πόσις her wedded husband; then. as Subst., (without πόσις), κουρίδιος φίλος her dear busband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κουριδίη άλοχοs his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concubine (παλλακίε); so, 3. κουρίδιον λέχος the bed of lawful marriage. 4. nuptial, bridal; κουρίδιος χιτών the bridal robe.

κουρίζω, f. ίσω, (κόρος, κοῦρος) intr. to be a youth. II. trans. to bring up to manbood.

κούριμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (κουρά) fit for cutting or shaving hair, trenchant. II. pass. sborn, cropped, clipped:—as Subst., κούριμος, ή, a mask with the bair cut short.

κουρίξ, Adv. (κουρά) by the bair.

κουρο-βόρος, ον, (κοῦρος, βιβρώσκω) devouring children; κουροβόρος πάχνη the blood of eaten children. κούρος, δ, Ion. for κόρος, a boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ή, (κοῦρος) y suthful prime, youth: hence youthful spirits, mirthfulness.

κουρότερος, a, ov, Comp. of κοῦρος, younger, more youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κοῦρος, τεκείν) bearing boy-chil-

κουρο-τρόφος, ον, (κοῦρος, τρέφω) rearing boys: so Ithaca is called άγαθή κουροτρόφοs a good nursingmother of boys.

κουστωδία, ή, the Lat. custodia, a watch, guard. κουφίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (κοῦφος): I. intr. to be light. II. trans. to lighten: to lift up, raise: κουφίζειν άλμα to make a light leap.

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλη- 'to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them from burthens. Hence

κούφίσις, εως, ή, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, ατος, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ή, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κοῦφος, λέγω) lightly-talking. **ΚΟΥ ΦΟΣ**, η, ον, light, nimble: neut. pl. κοῦφα as Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light :- empty, vain, idle. Hence

κούφως, Adv. lightly: Comp. κουφότερον, more lightly, with lighter beart: Sup. κουφότατα, most

KO'ΦΓΝΟΣ, δ, a basket.

κοχλίαs, ου, ὁ, (κόχλοs) a snail with a spiral shell, II. anything twisted spirally, a Lat. cochlea. screw: a spiral stair.

κοχλίον, τό, Dim. of κόχλοs, a small snail

KO'XΛΟΣ, ov, o, a shell-fish with a spiral shell: the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat. concba.

κοχυδέω, Ion. impf. κοχύδεσκε:—to stream forth

KOXΩ'NH, ή, dual κοχώνā, the hams. κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπτω.

κόψιχος,  $\delta_{i} = \kappa \acute{o} \sigma \sigma \upsilon \phi o s$ , a blackbird.

Kόωνδε, Adv. (Κόως Ep for Kŵs) to Cos. κράατος, κράατι, κράατα, lengthd. forms of κρᾶτος,

κρᾶτι, κρᾶτα, gen., dat., acc. of κράs = κάρα, a bead. κράββάτος, δ, a couch, Lat. grăbatus. (Maced. word.) κράγόν, Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

κράδαίνω, (κραδάω) to swing, brandish, shake: - Pass. to vibrate, quiver.

**KPA** $\Delta$ **A** $'\Omega$ , to brandish, shake.

κράδη, ή, (κραδάω) the light quivering spray at the end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a figtree: hence a fig-tree. [a]

κράδία, ή, Dor. for κραδίη, καρδία. κραδίη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for καρδία.

KPA'ZΩ: fut. κράξω, but Att. in paullo-post form κεκράξομαι: 201. 1 έκραξα: 201. 2 έκραγον: pf. with pres. sense κέκραγα, I pl. contr. κέκραγμεν, imperat. κέκραχθι, part. κεκραγώς, inf. κεκραγέναι: to croak, properly of the raven: generally, to scream, screech, cry: hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for a thing.

κράθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

**ΚΡΑΙΝΩ**, fut. κράνω: aor. I έκρανα Ερ. έκρηνα: -Pass., fut. κρανθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass. sense  $\kappa \rho \alpha \nu \epsilon \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ : aor. I  $\epsilon \kappa \rho \alpha \nu \theta \eta \nu$ : Homer mostly uses the Ep. form κραιαίνω, 3 sing. impf. εκραίαινεν: aor. 1 imperat. κρήηνον κρηήνατε, inf. κρηήναι: 3 sing. pf. pass. κεκράανται, and plapf. κεκράαντο:-to accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute :- Pass. to be accomplished, brought to pass; ου μοι δοκέει τηδέ γ' όδω κρανέεσθαι it seems to me that it will not be accomplished by this journey; κέκρανται ψηφος the 2. metaph. vote bath been determined; also of workmanship, χρυσφ ἐπὶ χείλεα κεκράανται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραίνειν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. III. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing. κράσ

KPAIΠA'ΛΗ [ă], ħ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. crapula; ἐκ κραιπάλης after the debauch was over.

κραιπάλό-κωμος, ον, (κραιπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ή, όν, (άρπ-άζω, like rapidus from rap-io) tearing, sweeping, rushing: cf. καρπάλιμος.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph. basty, bot, impetuous. κραιπνό-σύτος, ον, (κραιπνόε, σεύομαι) swift-rusbing.

κραιπνο-φόρος, ον, (κραιπνός, φέρω) swift-bearing. κρακτικός, ή, όν, (κράζω) clamorous.

KPA'MBH, n, cabbage, kail, Lat. crambe.

**KPA'MBO** $\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , ov, dry, parched, shrivelled. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγεῖν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κράνδή-πεδος, ον, (κραναός, πέδον) with stony soil. κράναι, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

KPA'NA'O'Σ, ή, όν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. λεπτύγεωs: of Kpavaol the people of Attica.

κράνεσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κραίνω.

κράνεια Ion. -είη, ή, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. cornus: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κρανέϊνος, η, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, κρανέϊνον ἀκόντιον, cf. Virgil's spicula cornea.

κράνα, ή, Dor. for κρήνη.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

κρανθήναι, aor I inf. pass. of κραίνω.

Κρανιάς, Κρανίς, Dor. for Κρηνιάς, Κρηνίς.

κράνιον, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull. KPA'NON, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. CORNUS.

κράνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make belmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνο-ποιός, όν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making belmets: as Subst., κρανοποιός, ό, a belmet-maker.

κράνος, εος, τό, (κάρα) a belmet. [ἄ]

κράντειρα, ή, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (κραίνω) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, ορος, δ, (κραίνω) a ruler, sovereign.

KPA'Σ, δ, collat. form of κάρα, gen. κρᾶτύς (which is sometimes fem.), dat. κρᾶτί, acc. κρᾶτα: plur., gen. κράτων, dat. κρᾶσί Ερ. κράτεσφι: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen. and dat., κράἀτος, κράἄτι, pl. nom. κρά άτα:—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

κράσις, εως, ή, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. temperies. III. in Gramm., crasis, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. τούνομα for τὸ δυομα, ἀνήρ for ὁ ἀνήρ.

KPA'ΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, hem of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδόω, f. ώσω, to surround with a border of fringe.

κράσσων, ον, Dor. for κρέσσων, κρείσσων.

κράτα, τό, indecl., = κάρα:—but also κράτα, τόν, acc. of κράs.

κρατα-βόλος, ον, (κραταιός, βάλλω) burled with violence.

κράται-γύάλος, ον, (κραταιός, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corslet.

κράταιτς, ή, = κράτος, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότ ἀποστρέψασκε κραταιίς αὖτις then did mighty force turn it back again. II. Κράταιις, as pr. n. Crataeis, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κράταί-λεως, ων, gen. ω, (κραταιός, λ $\hat{a}$ s) stony, rocky, rugged.

κράταιόs, ά, όν, (κράτοs) poet for κρατερόs, mighty, strong, resistless.

κράταιόω, f. ώσω, later form for κρατύνω.

κράταί πεδος, ον, (κραταιός, πέδον) with hard ground or soil.

κράταί-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also καρταίπους: (κραταιός, πούς): stout-footed, sure-footed. κράταί-ρῖνος, ον, (κραταιός, ρίνός) strong-sbelled.

κράτερ-αίχμης, ου, ό, also καρτ-, (κρατερύς, αίχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

κράτερός poet. καρτερός, ά, όν, (κρατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valuant; but also bard-bearted, cruel, barsh, rough: so, χώρος κρατερός bard, solid, ground.

2. also strong, violent.

κράτερό-φρων, ον, gcn. ονος, (κρατερός, φρήν) stoutbearted, dauntless.

κράτερό-χειρ, χειρος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κρατερός, χείρ) stout of band.

κράτερ-ῶνυξ, ἔχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὄνυξ) strong-boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws.

κρατερώs, Adv. of κρατερώs, strongly, stoutly: sternly, roughly.

κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of κράs. [ā]

KPA TETTAI', wv, oi, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κράτέω, f. ήσω: (κράτοs):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι κρατεῖν.

2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper band; of reports, to prevail, become current.

II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel.

III. c. acc. rei, to bold fast, seize, secure.

IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κρατήρ Ion. κρητήρ, ηρος, δ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; κρητήρα κεράσασθαι to mix a bowl.

II. any bollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κράτησί-μάχος, ον, (κρατέω, μάχη) victorious in the | not alive, than living blind. fight.

κράτησί-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κρατέω, πούε) victorious in the foot-race.

κράτήσ-ιππος, ον, (κρατέω, ίππος) victorious in the borse-race.

κρατί, dat. sing. of κράs.

κράτιστεύω, f. σω, (κράτιστος) to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.

κράτιστος Ep. κάρτιστος, η, ον, and as irreg. Sup. of dyaθos, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος

from κέρδοs: -strongest, mightiest, fiercest. best, most excellent.—The Comp. in use is κρείσ-

σων. [ἄ]

KPA TOΣ poët. κάρτος, εως, τό, strength, might, prowess: force, violence; πόλιν έλείν κατά κράτος to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατά κράτος with all one's might; so also, ανα κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally, might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power III. mastery, victory.

κράτός, gen. of κράς.

κράτύνω Ερ. καρτύνω: f. ὔνω: (κράτος): - to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks: -Pass. to become strong, be strengthened. 2. to II. to rule, govern, c. gen. 2. to become master, get possession of: to conquer.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

κράτύς, masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτος) strong, mighty. [v]

κραυγάζω, fut. άσω, (κραυγή) to scream, sbriek. Κραυγάσίδης, ου, ό, (κραυγή) Croaker, name of a

κραυγή, ή, (κράζω) a crying, screaming, shrieking. **κρε-άγρα**, δ, (κρέα $\mathbf{s}$ , άγρέω)  $\mathbf{a}$  flesh-book.

 $\kappa \rho \epsilon - \alpha \gamma \rho i s$ ,  $i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \kappa \rho \epsilon \dot{\alpha} \gamma \rho \alpha$ .

κρεάδιον, τό, Dim. of κρέαs, a slice of flesh.

κρεάνομέω, f. ήσω, (κρεανόμοι) to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:-Med. to divide among themselves. Hence

κρεανομία, ή, a distribution of the flesh of a victim

amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.

κρεά-νόμος, ον, (κρέας, νέμω) distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεανόμος, δ, a carver, Lat. dispensator.

ΚΡΕ'ΑΣ Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέως: plur. κρέα: gen κρεών Ερ. κρειών; dat. κρέασι Ερ. κρέεσσι:-flesb, a piece of meat: meat. 2. a carcase: a body, person. κρεη-δόκος, ον, and κρειο-δόκος, ον, (κρέας, δέχοuai) containing flesh.

κρείον, τό, (κρέαε) a meat-tray, dresser.

κρείουσα, fem. of κρείων, q. v.

κρεισσό-τεκνος, ον, (κρείσσων, τέκνον) dearer than children.

κρείσσων, ον, gen. ονοε, Att. κρείττων Ιοπ. κρέσσων Dor. κάρρων: - stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with elmi sum and part., as kpeiggov γαο παθα μηκέτ' ων π ζων τυφλός thou wert better

II. too great for, exceeding; ύψος κρείσσον έκπηδήματος a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσον' άγχόvns too bad for hanging. III, superior to, master of; κρείσσων χρημάτων superior to bribes. in moral sense, better, more excellent. (κρείσσων is used as irreg. Comp. of αγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also Sup. κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, Att. form of foreg

KPEI'ΩN, οντος, δ: fem. κρείουσα, ή:—a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like

κρειών, Ep. for κρεών, gen. pl. of κρέαs.

κρεκάδια, ων, τά, (κρέκω) a kind of tapestry.

κρεκτός, ή, όν, struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; played, sung. From

KPE'KΩ, f. ξω: aor. I έκρεξα:—to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave. to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instru-3. generally, to make any sharp sound, to ment. rustle.

κρεμάθρα, ή, (κρεμάννυμι) a basket to bang things up in.

κρέμαμαι, shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμωμαι; opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρέμασθαι: impf. ἐκρεμάμην: fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννυμι rarely -ύω: fut. κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾳ̂s, ᾳ̂, Ep. lengthd. κρεμόω: 201. Ι ἐκρέμἄσα Εp. κρέμασα:-- Med., aor. Ι έκρεμασάμην:-- Pass., κρεμάνν**ϋμαι: fut. κρ**εμασθήσομαι: 20**τ. Ι ἐκρ**εμάσθην: -to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι την ἀσπίδα to bang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι to bang up one's rudder, i.e. give up the II. Pass. to be bung up or suspended, to sea. swing from, bang down from. 2. metaph. to be in suspense.

κρεμάσας, aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμαστός, ή, όν, (κρεμάννυμι) bung up, bung, banging: c gen. bung from or on a thing; κρεμαστὸς αὐχένος bung by the neck.

κρεμάστρα, η, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, Root of κρεμάννυμι, to bang, bang up.

κρεμβάλτάζω, f. άσω, (κρέμβαλα) to keep time with castanets. Hence

κρεμβάλζαστύς, ύος, ή, a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.

KPE'MBA'ΛΑ, τά, castanets.

κρεμήσομαι, fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρέμαμαι. κρεμόω, Ep. for Att. κρεμώ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρέξ, ή, gen. κρεκός, Lat. crex, (κρέκω) a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.

κρεό-βοτος, ον, (κρέας, βόσκω) fed on flesh.

κρεο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (κρέας, δαίω) the carver at a public meal.

κρεοκοπέω, Att. for κρεωκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλης, ου, ό, (κρέας, πωλέω) a butcher.

κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, (κρεουργόs) to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher. Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. like a butcher: in joints or

pieces: and

κρεουργία, ή, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering. κρε-ουργόs, όν, (κρέαs, ἔργον) cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργόs, δ, a butcher of a carver:—κρεουργόν ήμαρ a day of feasting.

κρεο-φάγος, ον, (κρέας, φάγειν) eating flesh, carni-

vorous.

κρέσσων, ον, gen. ονος, Ion. for κρείσσων.

κρέων, οντος, = κρείων.

κρεών, gen. pl. of κρέαs.

κρήγύος, ον, good, agreeable. II. true, real. κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρά-δεμνον, τό, (κάρα, δέω) a sort of bead-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets. II. metaph. in plur. the battlements which crown the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

κρηήναι, aor. I inf. of κραιαίνω, Ep. for κραίνω. κρήηνον, aor. I imperat. of κραιαίνω, Ep. for κραίνω. κρήθεν, Adv. (κραs) from the bead, from above.

κρημνάs, part. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνάω and κρήμνημι, = κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a beight, cast down, hang down: — Pass. κρήμνημι, to hang down, be suspended: to float or hover in air.

κρήμνη, for κρήμναθι, iniperat. of κρήμνημι. κρημνο-βάτηs [ἄ], ου, δ, (κρημνόs, βαίνω) baunter

of the steeps.
κρημνο-ποιός, όν, (κρημνός, ποιέω) talking precipices,

using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.

κρημνός, δ, (κρεμάννυμ) an overbanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.

κρημν-ώδης, ες, (κρημνός, είδος) precipitous, steep. κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραίνω.

κρηναίος, α, ον, (κρήνη) of or from a spring or fountain; κρηναίον ύδωρ spring water.

KPH'NH Dor. κράνα, ή, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water. II. a source, fountain-bead. Hence κρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring; and

κρήνηνδε, Adv. to a well or spring.
κρηνιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of κρηναΐος, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρᾶνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρᾶνίδες.

κρηνίς, εδος, ή, Dim. of κρήνη. [τ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραίνω. **ΚΡΗΠΙ΄ Σ.** ίδοs, ἡ, a kind of man's boot: in Theoritus, κρηπίδεs poët. for booted men.

II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆs κρηπίs self-command is the foundation of virtue.

2. the side of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido; generally, an edge. [τ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρήs, δ, gen. Κρητόs: pl. Κρήτεs, gen. Κρητών: a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα. Hence

Κρήσιος, a, ov, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κεράσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι. κρησφύγετον, τό, a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, ή, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence Κρήτηθεν, Adv. from Crete; and

Κρήτηνδε, Adv. to Crete.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι. Κρητίζω, f. σω, (Κρήs) to lie like a Cretan.

Κρητίκόs, ή, όν, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv.—κωs, in Cretan fashon. ΙΙ. κρητικόν (sub. Ιμάτιον), τό, a garment of Cretan fashon. ΙΙ. κρητικόν κρητικόs (sub. πούs), ό, a metrical foot, e g. Άντιφών [–ν–] called also amphimacer (ἀμόμακροs).

κρητισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (Κρητίζω) lying.

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley. κρίβανίτης [τ], ου, ό, baked under a pot or pan:—κριβανίτης (sub. άρτος), ό, a loaf so baked. From κρίβανος, ό, Att. for κλίβανος, a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked

by putting hot embers round it. [7] Hence

 $\kappa \rho \bar{\iota} \beta \bar{\alpha} \nu \omega \tau \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , =  $\kappa \rho \iota \beta \alpha \nu i \tau \eta s$ .

KPIZΩ, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἔκρῖκον: pf. κέκρῖγα:—to creak, Lat. stridēre: to screech, squeak. (Formed from the sound.)

κριηδόν, Adv. (κριός) like a ram κριθαία, ή, (κριθή) a mess of barley pottage.

κριθάω, f. ήσω, (κριθή) to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.

κρίθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of κρίνω.

**κρίθεν**, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κρίνω.

KPIOH',  $\eta$ , and in plut.  $\kappa \rho \iota \theta a i$ , ai, barley; of vos  $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \rho \iota \theta \epsilon a \nu$  (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley.  $[\bar{\imath}]$ 

κρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κριθίσοις, εως, ή, (κριθή) a disease of borses, caused by feeding them with barley. Lat. bordeatio.

κριθίζω, f. σω, (κριθή) to feed with barley.

κρίθίνος, η, ον, (κριθή) made of barley. κρίθο τράγος, ον, (κριθή, τράγειν) barley-eating.

κρίθω, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἔκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω.

κρίκος, δ, = κίρκος, a ring, circle: also an eyeletbole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνω) a judgment, sentence. 2. a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κριμν-ώδης, es, (κρίμνον, elδos) like coarse meal; κατανίφει κριμνώδη it snows thick as meal.

κρίνας, aor. 1 part. of κρίνω.

KPI'NON, τό, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνου, εου, τό. [1]

KPINΩ [ī], fut. κρίνω: aor. 1 έκρινα: pf. κέκργκα:—Med., fut. κρινοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐκρινάμην:—Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐκρίθην [τ], older ἐκρίνθην, whence part. κρινθείs: pf κέκργμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι: the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out.

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or dis- κροκύς [v], ύδος, ή, (κρόκη) the flock, nap. pile of 2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. tinguished. for a prize; σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν to judge crooked judgments, i.e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. fron robe. κρίνομαι, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, 3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a II. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign: - Pass. to be brought to trial, tried. 2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:-Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριξός, δ, Dor. for κρισσός, κιρσός.

κριο-βόλος, ον, (κριός, βάλλω) ram-slaying.

κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κριός, πρόσωπον) ram-faced.

KPΓO'Σ, δ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. a batteringram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ηs, ή, Crisa or Crissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi: Adj. Kpīraîos, a, ov, Crissaean. **κρίσις** [ $\check{\iota}$ ], εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κρίνω) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision. κρίτήριον, τό, (κριτήs) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κρίτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κρίνω) a discerner, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. κριτής ένυπνίων an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κρίτικός, ή, όν, able to discern and decide, critical. κρίτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρίνω, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep for κρούω, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the boof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of κρύκη.

**κροκάλη, ή,** = κρόκη  $\Pi$ : in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [a]

κρόκεος, ον, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured.

κρόκες, ai, heterocl. nom. pl. of κρύκη.

κρόκη, ή, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. κρόκεs, as if from a nom. κρύξ: (κρέκω):—the woof or weft, Lat. subtemen, opp. to στήμων the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, η, ον, poët. for κρόκεος, saffron-coloured. κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed. κροκο-βάφής, έs, (κρύκος, βαφηναι) crocus-dyed, of crocus-bue, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see κρόκοs). κροκόδειλος, δ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, δ κροκόδειλος δ ποτάμιος, called by the natives χάμψα.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured. as Subst., κροκόειε (sub. πέπλοε) δ, a robe of saffron. κροκό-πεπλος, ον, (κρόκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed. KPOKO∑, ov, o, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool. κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of κροκωτός, a short, saf-

κροκωτός, ή, όν, (κροκόω) saffron-dyed or co-II. as Subst., κροκωτός (sub. πέπλος). loured. ò, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear a saffron robe. From κροκωτο-φόρος, ον, (κροκωτός, φέρω) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμυ-οξυ-ρεγμία, ή, (κρόμμυον, όξος, έρευγμός) a belch of onions and vinegar.

KPOMΥ ON or κρόμμυον, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ου, ο, patronym from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, i. e. Zeus: cf. Κρονίων, Κρόνος. [τ] Κρονικός, ή, όν, (Κρόνος) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (Κρύνος) of Cronos or Saturn; τά Κρόνια (sub. iερά), τά, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon; Κρονίων όζειν to smell of old times, to smack of anti-

Κρόν-ιππος, δ, (Κρύνος, ἵππος) an old fool, old dotard.

Kρονίων, δ, gen. ίονος [τ], but also Κρονίωνος, patronym. from Kpóvos, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zeus.

Kρόνos, δ, Cronos, Lat. Saturnus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

 $KPO^{T}\Sigma AI$ ,  $\hat{\omega}\nu$ , al, battlements on walls. courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροταλίζω, f. ίσω, (κρόταλον) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

**κρότἄφοs**,  $\dot{o}$ , (κροτέω) the side of the forebead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora. also the sides of the 2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ήσω: (κρότος):—to make to rattle or II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to bammer or weld together, forge :- Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; εὐθὺς τὸ πραγμα κροτείσθω let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.' 2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud. III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a

κροτησμός, δ, a striking, beating.

clatter. Hence

face.

**κροτητόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ , verb. Adj. of κροτέω, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled 3. played with the plectrum. rattling along.

κρότος, ου, δ, (κρούω) the sound of striking; κρότος χειρων a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

II. the

κροτών, ωνος, δ, a tick, Lat. ricinus.

2. a

palma Christi or ricinus, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κροῦμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke.
sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρούνισμα, aτοs, τό, a gusbing or stream. From KPOΥΝΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a spring, well-bead: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραιος, δ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος)
a pourer forth of weak, washy twaddle.

κρουσι-δημέω, f. ήσω, (κρούω, δημος) to play upon the people, impose upon them.

κρούσις, εως, ή, (κρούω) a striking: a playing on

a stringed instrument.

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, one must knock at. κρουστικός, ή, όν, fit for striking. II. metaph. striking, astomishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικόν striking eloquence. From

KPOΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέκρουμαι and -σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χείραs to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα to strike the foot against the ground in dancing.

2. to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door.

4. Μεδ. κρούεσθαι πρύμναν to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδα, Adv. (κρύπτω) without the knowledge of;

κρύβδα Διόs, Lat. clam Jove.

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:
—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.

κρὔβῆναι, aor. 2 mf. pass, of κρύπτω. κρὔερόs, ά, όν, (κρύοs) icy, chill, chilling.

κρυμός, δ, (κρύος) icy cold, chill, frost.

κρῦμ-ώδης,  $\epsilon$ s, (κρυμός,  $\epsilon$ lδος)  $\iota$ cy-cold: frozen,  $\iota$ cy. κρῦδ $\epsilon$ ις,  $\epsilon$ σσα,  $\epsilon$ ν, = κρυ $\epsilon$ ρός,  $\iota$ cy-cold, chilling.

KPΥ'OΣ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, borror.

κρυπτάδιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (κρύπτω): secret, bidden, clandestine.

κρυπτάζω, f. άσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω. κρυπτεία, ή, (κρυπτείω) a secret service or commis-

sion; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.

κρυπτέον, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, one must conceal. κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. II. to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπτεύομαι, to bave snares laid for one.

κρύπτη, η, a covered place, vault, crypt. From κρυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, bidden, secret. ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impl. κρύπτασκον: fit. κρύψω: aor. I ἔκρυψα: pf. κέκρῦψα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρῦβησομα, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύψομα: aor. I ἐκρύφθην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [τ]: pf. κέκρυμμα:—to bide, cover, conceal:—Pass. γο bide oneself, lie bidden. II. metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψης τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

κρυσταλλίζω, f. ίσω, (κρύσταλλοε) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλίνος, η, ον, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal. κρυσταλλό-πηκτος, ον, οι κρυσταλλο-πήξ, ηγος, δ, ή, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) congeated to ice, frozen. κρύσταλλος, δ, (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies. 2. extreme cold, torpor. II. δ and ή, crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [v]

κρύφαίος, α, ον, and os, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, covert. Adv. -ωs.

κρύφη Dor. -φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, in secret. κρύφηδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω

κρύφιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, clandestine. [v]

κρυφός, δ, (κρύπτω) concealment, obscurity.

κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψι-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) biding the forehead.

κρυψί-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν: (κρύπτω, νύοs): biding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρύψις, εως, ή, (κρύπτω) a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

KPΩBY ΛΟΣ, δ, a roll of bair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head.

II. the crest on a helmet. [ĕ]

κρωγμός, ό, (κρώξω) the croaking or cawing of a crow. ΚΡΩ ΖΩ, f. κρώξω, to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to croak out. (Formed from the sound.)

κρῶσσαι, Ion. for κρύσσαι.

κρωσσίον, τό, Dim. of κρωσσός.

KPΩΣΣΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a water-pail, pitcher, jar. a cinerary urn.

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταίην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίνω. Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. 201. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ἄ] κτάμενος, Ep. 201. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [α] κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω. ΚΤΑ ΌΜΑΙ Ιοη. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullop. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι Ιοη. ἔκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt κεκτημην οτ - ψμην: plapf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι οτ ἔκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to bave acquired or got, and so, to possess, to bave or bold; ὁ κεκτημένο an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτημένοs my masters; ἡ ἐμὴ κεκτημένη my mistress. III. aor. 1 ἐκτήθην is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. 201. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτᾶσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι. κτέζνον, δ, (κτάομαι) = κτῆμα: but mostly in pl. possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, flock. ' as if from κτέαρ. | mestic,

κτεάτειρα, ή, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that puts one in possession of. [α]

κτεάτηρ, ηρος, δ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτίζω, f. ίσω: Ep. aor. ι κτεάτισσα: (κτέαρ):—
to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hence

ктейтотов, ή, от, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτενέω or κτανέω: aor. I ἐκτάνον: aor. 2 ἔκτάνον: pf. ἔκτονα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτάνθην: pf. ἔκτάναι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἔκτά, ἔκτάν (as if from κτῆμι); subj. κτέω, I pl. κτέωμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [α], for κτάναι; part. κτάs: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [α], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενοs: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. ἔκτάθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

KTEI', δ, gen. κτενόs, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, harrow. 4. the hand, with the fingers spread open. Hence κτενέω, lon. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ίσω, to comb: to curry horses: -- Med., κτενίζεσθαι κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτείs, a small comb.

**κτενισμός**, δ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτήμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral bonours, obsequies; see κτερείζω, κτερίζω.

κτερείζω, f. tfω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due bonours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερείζειν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω, fut. κτεριώ: aor. I ἐκτέρίσα: (κτέρεα): to bury with due bonours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat. justa facere, exequias facere.

κτεριούσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερέα.

κτέω, κτέωμεν, I sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτηθήναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense. κτήμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτήματα, possessions, property, goods.

II. a thing, like χρήμα.

κτηνηδόν, Adv. (κτηνος) like beasts.

κτήνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτήμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτήνεα, contr. κτήνη, property in berds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single bead of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτήσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of κτάομαι.

κτήσιος, α, ου, also os, ου, (κτήσιε) of or from one's property; κτήσιου βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock. II. belonging to one's own bouse, domestic, Lat. penetralis; κτήσιοι θεοί bousebold gods. κτήσις, εως, η, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κτώομαι, that may be gotten or gained.

II. acquired, held as property,

possessed.

κτήτωρ, opos, δ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

**ktldeos**, a, ov,  $(k\tau is) = l\kappa \tau i\delta eos$ , of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [7]

KTI'ZΩ, f. ίσω: aor. I ἔκτίσα Ερ. ἔκτισσα, κτίσσα:

—Pass., aor. I ἔκτίσθην: pf. ἔκτισμα: —to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—
of a festival, to institute, establisb. II. to produce, create.

2. generally, to make or render so and so.
3. to perpetrate a deed.

KTI'ΛΟΣ, ov, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτί-

λos, δ, a ram. [t] Hence

κτίλόω, f. ωσω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην:—-to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτίμενος, η, ον, Ερ. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτίζω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐυ-κτίμενος. [τ]

κτίς, ή, = lκτίς, a marten-cat, marten

ktious,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(k\tau i \langle \omega \rangle)$  a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2. a created thing, creature. [7]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίζω) a created thing, creature. κτίσσα, Εp. aor. I of κτίζω.

κτίστης, ου, δ, (κτίζω) a founder, establisher.

κτιστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτίστωρ, ορο $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ , = κτίστη $\mathbf{s}$ .

κτίτης [τ] ου, ὁ, (κτίζω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 ἐκτύπησα poèt, κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἔκτύπον Εp. κτύπον: (κτύποs): I. intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass, to ring, resound.

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [v]

κτύπος, ου, δ, (τύπτω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [v] κύδθος, δ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the

κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure bolding two κόγχαι, about 10 of a pint. III. a cupping-glass.

κύἄμευτός, ή, όν, (κυαμεύω) chosen by beans, i. e. by lot. κύἄμεύω, f. σω, (κύαμος) to choose by beans or lot. κύἄμιωίος, a, ον, (κύαμος) of the size of a bean.

**ΚΥ'ΑΜΟΣ**,  $\delta$ , a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens;  $\delta$  κυάμφ λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτόs.

κυάμο-τρώξ, ῶγος, δ, (κύαμος, τρώγω) bean-eater. κυάμο-φάγία, ἡ, (κύαμος, φαγεῖν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κύαν-αιγίς, ίδος, ή, (κύανος, alyis) with dark Aegis.

κύἄν-ἀμπυξ, ὕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, ἄμπυξ) with dark blue band or margin

κύαν-αυγής, ές, (κύανος, αὐγή) dark - gleaming, murky.

Κυάνεαι (sc. νησοι οτ πέτραι), al, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κυάνεαι Συμπληγάδεs. [ἄ]

κυάν-έμβολος, ον, (κυάνεος, έμβολον) with dark blue prow or peak.

κυάνεος, α, ον, (κύανος) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [v]

κὺἄνο-βλέφἄρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) dark-eyed. κὺἄνο-ειδής, ές, (κύανος, είδος) dark blue, deep blue.

κύανό-θριξ, τριχος, δ, ή, (κύανος, θρίξ) dark-baired. κυδνό-πεζα, ή, (κύανος, πέζα) with feet of cyanus. κυδνό-πεπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-weiled. [κῦ-, metri grat.]

κύἄνο-πρώρειος and κυἄνό-πρώρος, ον, (κύανος, πρώρα) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

κύἄνό-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.

KΥ'A'NOΣ, ov, δ, cyanos, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel.

II. the blue corn-flower.

κύἄνο-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) dark-robed. κύἄν-όφρυς, ν, gen. νος, (κύανος, όφρύς) dark-browed. κύἄνο-χαίτης, ου, δ, (κύανος, χαίτη) dark-baired; of a horse, dark-maned.

κύἄν-΄χροος, ον, -χρως, ωτος, δ, ή, (κύανος, χρόα, χρώς) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion. κύἄν-ώπης, ου, δ, (κύανος, ἄψ) dark-eyed: fem. κύἄν-ώπης, ίδος.

κύβδδ, Adv. (κύπτω) with the headforwards, stooping. κύβεία, ἡ, (κυβεύω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.

Kἴβέλη, ή, Cybele, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the Idaean Mother.

KY BEPNA' $\Omega$ , fut.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , Lat. guberno, to steer: metaph. to bold the belm of the state, guide, govern. Hence

κυβέρνησις Dor. -āσις, εως, ή, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κυβερνήτα, νος. οί κυβερνήτη ...

κύβερνήτειρα, ή, fem. of κυβερνητήρ. κύβερνητήρ, ήροε, δ, rarer form for κυβερνήτηε.

κυβερνήτης, ου, δ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, belmsman, Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κύβερνητικόs, ή, όν, skilled in steering or governing. κύβενω, f. σω, (κύβοs) to play at dice: to run a bazard, take the chances.

2. trans. to set upon a throw.

κύβιστάω, f. ήσω, (κύπτω) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κύβίστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κύβιστητήρ, ηροε, δ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper beadforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

KΥΒΟΣ, δ, Lat. cubus, a solid square, a cube. II. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; τρὶε ἐξ βαλεῖν to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίνειν τι ἐν κύβοιε to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κυδάζω, no fut. in use, (κύδοs), to revile, abuse:— Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κυδάζω is used in bad,

κυδαίνω in good sense.)

κυδαίνω, f. άνω: aot. I ἐκύδανα Ερ κύδηνα: (κῦδοs):

—to bonour, do bonour to, glorify, praise: also of
the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of bonour.

II. seldom in bad sense,
to flatter. See κυδάζω.

κυδάλιμος, ον, (κῦδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κυδάλιμον κῆρ noble heart.

κῦδάνω [ἄ], = κυδαίνω, to bonour, bold in bonour.

II. intr. = κυδιάω, to vaunt aloud, boast.
κυδήναι, 20τ. Ι inf. of κυδαίνω.

κύδηνεν, Ερ. 3 sing. 20r. I of κυδαίνω.

κυδήεις, εσσα, εν, (κύδος) glorious, noble.

κυδι-άνειρα, ή, (κυδος, άνήρ) fem. Adj like ἀντιάνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κυδιάω, Ep. part. κυδιώων, no fut. in use: (κῦδοs):
—to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence to exult, rejoice.

κύδζμος, ον, = κυδάλιμος.

κυδιόων, Ep. part. of κυδιάω.

κύδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κυδρός (formed from κύδος, as αίσχιστος from aίσχος), most glorious, most bonoured, noblest: the greatest.

κῦδίων [τ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κυδρός (see κύδιστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

 $\kappa \nu \delta \nu \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ ,  $= \kappa \nu \delta \rho \dot{\omega} s$ .

κύδοιδοπάω, f. ήσω, (κυδοιμός) to make a bubbub or uproar.

κύδοιμέω, fut. ήσω, (κυδοιμόs) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm.

II. trans. to drive in confusion.

KΥΔΟΙΜΟ Σ, ὁ, uproar, confusion, tumult, bubbub.
KΥΔΟΣ, εοs, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κῦδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κῦδος ᾿Αχαιῶν the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat, decus.

κυδρός, ά, όν, (κῦδοε) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδων or Κύδωνία, ή, Cydonia, a city of Crete.

Κύδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κύδώνιος, α, ον, (Κύδον) Cydonian, 1. e. Cretan; μήλον Κυδώνιον the quince.

II. metaph, swelling like a quince, round and plump.

αντ. Ι έκύησα: I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. gestare.

II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθε, Ep. for ἔκῦθε, 3 sing. 2 of κεύθω.

**Κυθέρεια, ή, Cytherea**, surname of Venus, from the city Κύθηρα in Crete, or from the island Κύθηρα.

Κύθηρα, αν, τά, Cythera, an island on the south of Laconia, now Cerigo.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, ου, δ, (Κύθηρα, δίκη) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of Cythera.
Κύθηρόθεν, Adv. (Κύθηρα) from Cythera.

κύθρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κύτοκω, only used in pres. (κύω, κυέω) to impregnate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

nate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive. κὔκἄνάω, collat. form of κυκάω, to confound.

KT KA'Ω, f. ήσω, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. miscere, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panicstricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κύκεών, ῶνος, δ: acc. κυκεῶνα, shortd Ερ. κυκεῶ and κυκεῶ: (κυκάω):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refresbing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κὔκήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. r pass. of κυκάω.

κύκηθρον, τό, (κυκάω) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [v]

κύκησί-τεφρος, ον, (κυκάω, τέφρα) mixed up with ashes.

κυκλάμτνος, ή, cyclamen, sow-bread, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, άδος, ή, (κύκλος) encircling: al Κυκλάδες (sub. νήσοι), the Cyclades, islands in the Aegaean sea, which encircle Delos.

II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλοs) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; πόδα κυκλεῖν to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle.

II.

intr. to revolve, come round and round.
κυκλιάς, άδος, ή, (κύκλος) fem. Adj. round, circular.
κυκλικός, ή, όν, (κύκλος) circular.

Epic poets were called oi Κυκλικοί, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of Ulysses.

κυκλιο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (κύκλιος, διδάσκω) a teacher of the cyclic chorus, a dithyrambic poet.

κύκλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύκλος) round, circular: neut. τὸ κύκλιον, as Subst. a circle. II. κύκλιοι χοροί, ol, circular or cyclic cboruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of Bacchus, dithyrambic cboruses; hence, κύκλια μέλη dithyrambs.

Κυκλοβορέω, f. ήσω, to roar like the torrent of Cycloborus.

Κυκλο-βόρος, δ, (κύκλος, βιβρώσκω) a mountaintorrent in Attica.

κυκλο-δίωκτος, ον, (κύκλος, διώκω) driven round in a circle.  $[\Upsilon]$ 

κυκλόεις, εσσα, εν, (poët. for κυκλικός) circular. κυκλόθεν, Adv. (κύκλος) in a circle all around. κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ό, (κύκλος, μόλιβδος) a round lead-pencil.

κυκλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλος, ποιέω) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥ'ΚΛΟΣ, ου, δ, also with irreg. pl. κύκλα, a ring, round, circle: κύκλφ as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., κύκλφ σημα round about the monument; and c. gen., κύκλφ τοῦ στρατοπέδου. II. any circular body: as, 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. cowbeel. rona, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people. 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. *the* balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (κύκλοs) in or into a circle, around. κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ήσω, (κύκλοs, σοβέω) to drive round in a circle, whirl round

κυκλο-τερήs, έs, (κύκλοs, τείρω) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; κυκλοτερές τόξον ἔτεινεν he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλόω, f. ώσω, (κύκλοs) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med.

II. to drive round and round, whirl round.

III. to form into a circle:—Pass to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κύκλωμα, ατος, τό, (κύκλοω) anything made into a circle, as a wheel.

2. βυσσότονον κύκλωμα a circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum.

Κυκλώπειος, a, ov, (Κύκλωψ) Cyclopean, of or befitting the Cyclopes, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called Πελασγικός).

Κυκλωπικός, ή, όν, of or like the Cyclops. Adv. -κως. Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of Κύκλωψ.

Κυκλώπιος, a, ον, = Κυκλώπειος:—pecul. fem. Κυκλωπίς. ίδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ή, (κυκλόω) a surrounding, enclosing. κυκλωτός, ή, όν, (κυκλόω) rounded, round.

Κύκλωψ, ωπος, δ, (κύκλος, ὤψ) a Cyclops, i.e. Round-eye; as Hesiod says, Κύκλωπες δ' ὄνομ' ἦσαν επάννυμον, οὕνεκ' ἄρα σφέων κυκλοτερὴς ὑφθαλμὸς ἔεις ἔνέκειτο μετάπφ:—in sing. of Polyphemus; but Hesiod mentions three Cyclopes, Brontes, Steropes, and

Arges, who forged the thunderbolts for Zeus. κύκνειος, α, ον, (κύκνος) of or like a swan.

κυκνό-μορφοs, ον, (κύκνοs, μορφή) swan-sbaped. ΚΥ'ΚΝΟΣ, δ, a swan, Lat. cycnus. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κύκν-οψις, εως, ό, ή, (κύκνος, όψις) like a swan.

ΚΥ΄ΛΑ, ων, τά, the parts under the eyes. κύλινδέω, f. ήσω, late form of κυλίνδω. Hence κύλινδήθρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = ἀλινδήθρα: and

κυλίνδησις, εως, ή, a rolling, wallowing. 2. e

ercise, practice.

ΚΥ ΑΙΝΔΩ, fut. κυλίσω [I]: 201. I ἐκύλῖσα, inf. κυλίσαι: 201. I pass. ἐκυλίσθην:—older form of κυλιδέω, to roll, roll on or along.

II. Pass. κυλίσδομαι, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. jactari. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. versari.

**ΚΥ'ΛΙΞ** [v], ικος, ή, a cup, drinking-cup. κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass of κυλίω.

κύλισμα, ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [v]

κυλίχνη, ή, (κύλιξ) a small cup. Hence κυλίχνιον, τό, a little cup or box.

κύλίω  $[\bar{i}]$ , late form for κυλίνδω.

κύλλαστις Ion. κύλληστις, 108, δ, Egyptian bread made from ὀλύρα.

κυλλή, ή, see κυλλόε.

Κυλλήνη, ή, Cyllene, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Κυλλήνιος, ό.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [τ], ονος, ό, (κυλλός, πούς) maimed of foot, balting, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλόs, ή, όν, crooked, crippled, balt. 2. κυλλή  $\chi \epsilon i \rho$  is the hand with the fingers bent to make a bollow for alms; έμβαλε κυλλη (sub. χειρί) put it into the bollow of the band.

κυλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οἰδάω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κθμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swoln, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ώs τὸ κῦμα ἔστρωτο when the waves abated. II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κυμαίνω, f. ανώ, (κυμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence κυματίας, ου, ό, Ion. ίης, (κυμα) surging, billowy. act. causing waves, stormy.

κυμάτο-αγής, ές, (κυμα, άγνυμι) breaking like waves, stormy.

κυματόεις, εσσα, εν, poet, for κυματίας.

κυμάτο-πλήξ,  $\hat{\eta}$ γος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (κ $\hat{v}$ μα, πλ $\hat{\eta}$ σσω) wave-

κυματόω, f. ώσω, (κυμα) to drive the waves over:-Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κυμάτ-ωγή, ή, (κυμα, άγνυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβάλίζω, f ίσω, (κύμβαλον) to play the cymbals. κύμβάλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. cymbalum. κύμβάχος, ον, (κύπτω) bead-foremost, Lat. pro-II. κύμβαχος, δ, as Subst. the crown or top of a belmet, in which the plume is placed.

KY'MBH, &, a bollow vessel: 1. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. cymba. Hence

κυμβίον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύμινδις, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the nightbawk; χαλκίδα κικλήσκουσι θεοί, ανδρεε δε κύμινδιν.

κυμινεύω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin. KT'MI'NON, 76, cummin, Lat. cuminum.

κυμίνο-πρίστης, ου, δ, (κύμινον, πρίω) α cumminsplitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κύμινο-πριστο-καρδάμο-γλύφος, ον, (κυμινοπρίστη ε, καρδαμογλύφο ε) a cummin-splitting cressscraper, of an excessive miser. [v]

κυμο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κυμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων.

κυνάγεσία, κυνάγέτας, Dor. for κυνηγ-. κυν-αγός, όν, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, ἄγω):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a bunter, buntsman.

κύν-άγχη, ή, (κύων, ἄγχομαι) cynanche, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-ἄγωγός, δ, (κύων, ἄγω) a dog-leader, buntsman. κύν-ἄλώπηξ,  $\epsilon$ κος, ή, (κύων, ἀλώπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κὕνά-μυια, ή, (κύων, μυῖα) dog-fly, sbameless fly. κυνάριον, τό, Dim. of κίων, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [a]

κυνάς, άδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. caninus. as Subst., κυνάs (sub. θρίξ), ή, dog's bair, of a bad fleece. κτινάω, f. ήσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic

κὔνέη, Att contr. κυνη, (properly fem. of κύνεοε, sub. δορά), ή, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a belmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for ἐκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κυνέω.

κύνειος, a, ov, also os, ov, (κύων) of a dog.

κύνεος, a, ov, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. sbameless, unabashed.

κύνες, nom. pl. of κύων.

**ΚΥ ΝΕ'Ω**, fut. κὔνήσομαι, but also κύσω [ŭ], poet. κύσσω: aor. I ἔκὔσα Ερ. κύσα, ἔκυσσα, κύσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κὔνη, ή, Att. contr. for κυνέη.

 $\kappa \nu \nu \gamma \gamma \epsilon \sigma (a, \dot{\eta}, = \kappa \nu \nu \gamma \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \iota o \nu.$ κύνηγέσιον, τό, a bunting establishment, buntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a bunting-ground. III. that which is taken in bunting, the game. From

κύνηγετέω, f. ήσω, to bunt: to chase, pursue. to persecute, barass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. κυναγέτας, (κύων, ήγέομαι): a bunter, buntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ή, όν, of or for bunting.

κύν-ηγέτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of κυνηγέτης, a buntress.

κύνηγία, ή, a bunt, chase. From

κύνηγός, v. sub κυναγός.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κυνήποδες, οί, (κύων VI, πούς) the fetlocks of a horse. Kύνθοs, δ, Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis; whence Apollo is called Kúvθιος, Cynthian, and Kuvθo-γενής, Cynthos-born.

κυνίδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνικός, ή, όν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. caninus. κύνίσκη, ή, (κύων) a bitcb-puppy.

κύνίσκος, δ, (κίων) a young dog, whelp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, δραμείν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph, to bunt after.

κύνο-θαρσής οτ -θρασής, έε, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κέφαλος, ον, (κύων, κεφαλή) dog-beaded. as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, δ, the dog-headed ape. κύνο-κλόπος, ον, (κύων, κλέπτω) dog-stealing.

κύνο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, κόπτω) to beat like a dog. κυνόμυια, = κυνάμυια.

κύνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κύων, πρόσωπον) dog-faced. κύνο-ραιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κύων, ραίω) a dog-tick. κυνός, gen. of κύων.

Κυνόσαργες, εος, τό, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κυνόσ-βάτος, ή, (κύων, βάτος) dog-thorn, a kind of κύρβις is used later of a pettifogging lawyer. wild rose.

κῦνόσ-ουρα, ἡ, (κυνός, οὐρά) a dog's-tail: esp. the Cynosure, name of the constellation Ursa Minor.

κύνο-σπάρακτος, ον, (κύων, σπαράσσω) torn by dogs. κυν-οῦχος, δ, (κύων, ἔχω) a dog-holder, dog-leash, II. a dog-skin sack, used in hunting.

κυνό-φρων, ον, gen ovos, (κύων, φρήν) dog-minded, sorded or shameless of soul.

κύντερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from κύων, more dog-like, 1. e. more shameless, more audacious:—Sup. κύντατος, η, ον, most shameless.

κυνώ, οῦs, ἡ, (κύων) a she-dog, bitch.

κύν-ώπης, ου, ό, (κύων, ωψ) = κυνόε ὅμματ' ἔχων, the dog-eyed, i. e. shameless one: — fcm. κυν-ωπις, κύπαιρος, Dor. for κύπειρος.

κυπαρίσσινος Att. - ττίνος, η, ον, (κυπάρισσος) made of cypress wood.

**ΚΥΠΑ'ΡΙΣΣΟΣ** Att. -ττοs, ή, a cypress, Lat.

KΥ'ΠΕΙΡΟΝ, τό, or κύπειρος, ό, a marsh-plant,

used to feed horses, galingal.

κύπελλο-μάχος, ον. (κύπελλον, μάχομαι) at which they fight with cups, cf. Horace's scyphis pugnare. κύπελλον, τό, (κύπη) a capacious drinking-vessel,

a beaker, goblet. [v]

κύπερος, δ, Ιου. for κύπειροε.

κύπη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\gamma \dot{\nu} \pi \eta$ , a hole, hollow.

Κυπρίδιος, a, ov, (Κύπριε) of or like Cypris, lovely, tender, delicate. [tb]

Κύπριος, α, ον, (Κύπρος) of Cyprus, Cyprian.

Κύπρις, ίδος, ή, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, Cypris, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. love.

Κυπρο-γενής, ές, (Κύπρος, \*γένω) Cyprus-born: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια Εp. -γενέα, ή.

Kυπρόθεν, Adv. from Cyprus: and

Κύπρονδε, Adv. to Cyprus. From

Κύπροs, ov, ή, Cyprus, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. cyprium, our copper.)

κυπτάζω, f. άσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about a thing.

ΚΥΠΤΩ, f. κύψω: 201. Ι έκυψα: pf. κέκυφα:--to bend forward, stoop: to bow down under a burden; κέρεα κεκυφότα ès τὸ ἔμπροσθεν horns growing bent | bodies.

forward; often in 201. I part. with another Verb, Ofer κύψας runs with the head down; κύψας έσθίει eats stooping, i. e. greedily.

Κύρβαs, αντος, δ, shortd, form of Κορύβας.

κυρβάσία, ή, a Persian bonnet or bat, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥ PBEIΣ οτ κύρβιες, gen. κύρβεων, dat. κύρβεσι, triangular tables, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

KΥΡΕ'Ω and ΚΥ'ΡΩ [v]: impf. ἐκύρουν [v] and έκθρον with Ep. 3 sing. κθρε: fut. κθρήσω and κύρσω: aor. Ι ἐκύρησα [v], inf. κυρησαι, part. κυρήσας; and Ερ. έκυρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας: I. followed by a case, I. dat. to bit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with; as λέων σώματι κύρ- dat. with ἐπί or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. gen to reach to, as far as: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain. to reach, obtain; also to find by chance. II. intrans. to bappen, come to pass, turn out. 2. absol. to be right, but the exact truth: with part., τόδ' αν λέγων κυρήσαιε you would be right in saying this. as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. to turn out, ιδος, ή, the shameless woman; also fierce-eyed, terrible. prove, happen to be so and so; κυρεί ων be happens

> κυρηβάζω, f. άσω, (akin to κυρίσσω) to butt with the borns: generally, to strike. Hence

κυρηβασία, ή, a butting: fighting.

KΥ PH'BIA, ων, τά, chaff, busks, bran.

Kυρηναίοs, a, ov, of Cyrene. From

Κυρήνη, ή, Cyrene, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κυρία, ή, the mistress, lady.

κυριακός, ή, όν, (κύριος) of, belonging to a lord or master; esp. belonging to the LORD (CHRIST): hence ή κυριακή (sub. ήμέρα), the Lord's day, dies dominica: τὸ κυριακόν, the Lord's bouse, whence our kyrk, cburch.

κυριεύω, f. σω, to be lord or master of. From κύριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κῦρος): I. of men, baving power or authority over, lord or master of, c. gen.: κύριό είμι c. inf., I have the right or am entitled to do. II. of things, decisive, valid: cri-2. authorised, ratified. tical. 3. of times, fixed, appointed, regular: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία an ordinary assembly, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (one specially summoned). 4. principal, chief. esp. of language, strict, literal. III. as Subst., κύριοs, δ, a lord, master: an owner, possessor: δ Κύριοs = Hebr. JEHOVAH, THE LORD: in N.T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, ητος, ή, power, rule, dominion.

κύρισσω Att. -ττω, fut. ifω, (κόρυε) to butt with the borns: also to strike or dash against, of floating κυρίως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, au- in labour with a thought. thoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly. act. ἔκῦσα, of the male, to

κυρκανάω, rare form for κυκανάω.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

KΥΡΟΣ, εοs, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Kûpos, δ, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κυρόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass, aor. I ἐκυρώθην: pf. κεκύρωμα:—to make valid or sure, Latraium facere: to settle, accomplisb: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it bad been decided to engage.

κύρσαι, κύρσας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of κύρω.

κύρσω, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κύρτη) a fisherman.

KY'PTH, ή, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa

κύρτος,  $\delta$ , = κύρτη.

KTPTO Σ, ή, όν, curved, bent, arched; ώμω κυρτώ round, humped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave. κυρτόω, (κυρτόs) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form. κύρωσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (κυρόω) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

κύσα, Ερ. for ἔκῦσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι. κῦσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, δ, (κύω) any bollow.

κύσί, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἔκῦσα, aor. 1 of κυνέω.

κύστις,  $\epsilon \omega s$  and  $\iota o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\kappa \dot{\iota} \omega) = \kappa \dot{\iota} \sigma \tau \eta$ , the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΊΓΣΟΣ, ό, cyttsus, a sbrubby kind of clover. κυτμίς, ίδος, ή, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γάστωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a bollow: a bollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis κύτρα, κύτρος, Ιου. for χύτρ-.

κύτταρον, τό, = sq , a pine-cone.

κύττἄρος, δ, (κύτος) any bollow or cavity; κύτταρος obpavoû the vault of heaven, Lat. cavum coeli: the cell of a boneycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone. κῦφ-ἄγωγός, δ, (κυφός, ἄγω) with arching neck. κῦφάλέος, α, ου, poët, for κυφός.

κυφός, ή, όν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed

forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, ωνοs, δ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of fillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κθψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω. κυψέλη, η, (κύπη) any bollow vessel: a chest, box,

bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Kuψελίδαι, ol, the descendants of Cypselus.

KΥΩ, to bold, contain: I. c. acc., like κυέω, to earry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, he pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἔκῦσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκῦσάμην, to conceive.

**ΚΥ'ΩN**, δ and η, gen. κυνόs, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύον:---plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνών, dat. κυσί Ep. κύνεσσι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τρα- $\pi \in (\hat{\eta} \in s \text{ house-dogs}, \text{ that fed while their master was at})$ table; κύνες θηρευταί bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian. a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity. III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διὸς πτηνὸς κύων; the griffing also are IV. a sea-dog. Ζηνός κύνες. V the dog-VI the fetlock-joint of a borve. star.

 $\kappa\omega$ , Ion. for  $\pi\omega$ .

κῶας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc κώεα, dat. κώεσι: (κεῖμαι):—a soft fleece, sbeepskin κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κώδιον. [ἄ]

κώδεια, ή, the bead: the bead of a poppy. κώδιον, τό, Dim. of κωαs, a fleece, sheepskin.

KΩ'ΔΩN, ανοs, ὁ Att. ή, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κώδωνος παρευεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds.

alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow.

II. the mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence κωδωνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to try or prove by ringing. κωδωνό-κροτος, ον, (κώδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρό-πωλος, ον, (κώδων, φάλαρα, πω-

λos) with bells on his borses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (κώδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κώδων):—so in Pass., ἄπαντα κωδωνοφορείται everywhere the bell goes round, i.e. the sentinels are challenged.

κώεα, κώεσι, Ep. nom. and dat pl of κωαs.

KΩΘΩN, avos, δ, a Laconian earthen drinkingvessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κώθων.

κωίλος, α, ον, Acol. for κοίλος.

Κώϊος, α, ον, contr. Κώος, q. v.

κώκτυμα, ατος, τό, (κωκύω) a sbriek, wail, lament κωκττός, δ, (κωκύω) a sbrieking, wailing. Il as pr. n., Κωκττός, δ, Cocytus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥ'Ω, f. ύσω [v] οι ύσομαι: 201. 1 ἐκώκῦσα Ερ κώκῦσα:—to sbriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης οτ -ακρέτης, ου, δ, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλῶς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneium, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κώλον.

κωλή, ή, contr. from κωλέα or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ηπος, ή, (κῶλον, κωλῆ) the bollow or bend | κῶμος, ου, δ, (κωμη) a revel, carousal, merrymaking, of the knees.

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), άδος, ή, Colias, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

 $K\Omega^{\Lambda}ON$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , a limb, member of a body. generally, a member or part of anything. I. of a building, the side or front. 2. one limb or balf of the race-course. 3. a member or clause of a sen-

κώλυμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) a bindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum. II. a defence or precaution against a thing.

κωλύμη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κώλυμα.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

κωλῦσί-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) checking the

κωλυτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, one must binder. κωλυτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κωλύω) a binderer.

κωλυτικός, ή, όν, (κωλύω) bindering, preventive. κωλύω [v], f. ύσω [v]: aor. I ἐκώλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. Ι ἐκωλύθην: pf. κεκώλυμαι: (κόλος): akin to κολούω, to cut short: hence to let, bin-1. c. inf. to binder one from doing, forbid to do. 2. c. gen. rei, to let or binder one from a thing. 3. c. acc. rei, to binder, prevent a thing. absol., esp. in part., δ κωλύσων one to binder, a preventer; τὸ κωλῦον a bindrance; also οὐ κωλύει there is no bindrance. II. Pass. to be hindered.

κώμα, ατος, τό, (κείμαι, κοιμάω) a deep, sound sleep.

Lat. sopor. 2. a lethargy, a trance

κωμάζω, fut. άσω οι άσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκώμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσδω, f άξομαι, aor. 1 ἐκώμαξα: (κῶμος):—to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry. 2. to celebrate a κωμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to bonour or celebrate in or with the κωμος. 3. generally, to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.

κωμ-άρχης, ου, δ, (κώμη, ἄρχω) the bead of a village. κωμάσδω, Dor. for κωμάζω.

κωμαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κωμάζω) a reveller, merrymaker: —of Bacchus, the jolly god.

κωμάστωρ, opos, ό, poet. for κωμαστής

 $K\Omega'MH$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Lat. vicus, an unwalled village or country town, a Dor. word = the Att. δημος; κατά κώμας οίκεισθαι to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns. II. of a city, a quarter, ward, district.

κωμηδόν, Adv. in villages, Lat. vicatim.

κωμήτης, ου, δ, (κώμη) a villager, countryman. in a city, one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.

κωμήτις, ιδος, fem. of κωμήτης.

κωμίκεύομαι, Dep. to speak like a comic poet. From κωμϊκός, ή, όν, (κωμος) of or for comedy, comic. κωμό-πολις, εως, δ, (κώμη, πόλις) a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.

Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κωμοι, festal processions, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at II. the band of revellers; metaph. any riotous band or company. III. the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.

κωμφδέω, f. ήσω, (κωμφδόs) to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature: - Pass. to be so satirised. κωμφδία, ή, (κωμφδέω) a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition. There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμωδικός, ή, όν, of or for comedy, comic.

κωμφδό-γελως, ωτος, ό, (κωμφδός, γέλως) a comic actor.

κωμφδο-γράφος, δ, (κωμφδός, γράφω) a comic writer. κωμωδοδίδασκαλία, ή, the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art. From κωμφδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (κωμφδός, διδάσκαλος) α comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμφδο-λοιχέω, f ήσω, (κωμφδύς, λείχω) to play the parasite and buffoon.

κωμφδο-ποιητής, οῦ, δ, and

κωμφδο-ποιός, δ, (κωμφδός, ποιέω) a maker of comedies, comic poet.

κωμ-φδός, δ, (κώμη, ἀοιδός) a comedian: comic actor. 2. a comic poet.

κωμφδο-τράγφδία, ή, (κωμφδύς, τραγφδία) a tragι-

comedy. KΩ'NEION, τό, hemlock, Lat. cicūta. 2. bemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κώνος, a small cone.

κωνίτης [t], ou, o, fem. -îtis, ιδος, extracted from pine-cones.

KONOS, ov, ò, a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fem. a pine or fir tree. 2. the cone or peak of a helmet. κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κωνος, φέρω) cone-bearing, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.

κωνωπείον, τό, = κωνωπεών, Lat. conopium.

κωνωπεών, ωνος, δ, (κώνωψ) an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.

KΩ'NΩΨ, ωπος, δ, a gnat, Lat. culex.

Kộos, a, ov, of, from the island Cos, Coan. ό Kφos, often written κωος (sub. βόλος), the highest throw with the dice, counting six, opp. to Xios, which counted one: hence the proverb, Kφos πρόs Χίον.

κωπεύς, έως, δ, (κώπη) a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.

κωπεύω, f. σω, (κώπη) to propel with oars. fit out with oars.

κώπη, ή, (from κάπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) any handle, as the handle of an oar: then, the oar itself. 2. the handle or haft of a sword, the

3. the bandle of a key. bilt, Lat. manubrium. the bandle or baft of a torch. Hence

κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, bilted.

κωπηλάτέω, f. ήσω, to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards. From

κωπ-ηλάτης, ου, δ, (κώπη, ἐλαύνω) a rower, Lat. remex.

κωπ-ήρης, εε, (κώπη, ἀραρείν) furnished with II. bolding the oar.

κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, a small oar.

κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κύρη.

κώριον, Dor. for κούριον, κόριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.

 $K\Omega'P\Upsilon'KO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at, like the quintain.

Κώρτκος, δ, Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi.

Kŵs Ep. Kóws, ή, gen. Kŵ, the island Cos, in the Aegaean sea, opposite Caria.

 $\kappa \hat{\omega}$ s, Ion. for  $\pi \hat{\omega}$ s: but enclit.  $\kappa \omega$ s, Ion. for  $\pi \omega$ s. κωτιλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem of κωτίλλω.

**ΚΩΤΙ'ΛΛΩ**, to prate, chatter, Lat. garrire: to wheedle, coax. II. trans. to chatter to, talk over.

κωτίλος, η, ov, chattering, prattling: of a swallow, II. coaxing, wheedling. [7] II.

κωφάω, f. ήσω, (κωφόs) to make deaf or dumb. to dull, blunt.

κωφός, ή, όν, (κόπτω) blunt, opp. to ὀξύς. И. 1. dumb, Lat. mutus; κωφὸν κῦμα of the senses, a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, dumb, mute, speechless; also insensate, unmeaning. also dull of bearing, deaf, Lat. surdus. 3. dull of mind, stupid, obtuse.

κώχετο, by crasis for καὶ ψχετο, impf. of οἴχομαι.

κώψον, by crasis for καὶ ὄψον.

 $\Lambda$ , λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\lambda' = 30$ , but  $\lambda = 30,000$ . The Lacedaemonians bore  $\Lambda$  upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Z, the Messenians M.

Changes of  $\lambda$ : Dor. into ν, as ħνθον φίντατος for ήλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as, λίτρον πλεύμων for νίτρον πνεύμων. Ion.,  $\lambda$  beginning a word is dropped, as  $\epsilon i \beta \omega$  for λείβω, αἰψηρύs for λαιψηρύs. III. Ep. poets use  $\lambda\lambda$  for  $\lambda$ , esp. after the augment, as  $\xi\lambda\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon$  for  $\xi\lambda\alpha\beta\epsilon$ ; and in compds., where the latter part begins with A, as in τρίλλιστοs. IV. Att., λ is sometimes | changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκραρος for ναύκληροs. V. Aeol.,  $\delta$  is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. lacryma corresponded to δάκρυον, olere | bare.

4. | to δζειν, δδ-ωδέναι. VI. in some words  $\gamma$  and  $\lambda$ are interchanged, as in μόγιε and μόλιε. VII. v before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλίλλογος έλλείπω.

AA, insep. Prefix with intensive force (like hair, λι-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. m λά-μαχος very warlıke, λα-κατάρατος much accursed.

ΛΑ ΑΣ, δ, gen. λâos, dat. λâü, acc. λâaν: plur., gen. λάων, dat. λάεσι Ep. λάεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λâs, acc λâν :—a gen. λάου also occurs: Lat. LAPIS, a stone. II. a rock, crag. λάβειν Ion. λαβέειν, aor. 2 inf of λαμβάνω

λαβέν, Dor. for λαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf of λαμβάνω but λάβεν, Ep 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor 2 of λαμβάνω.

 $\lambda \delta \beta \dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, (\lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu)$  the part to bold by, a bandle, baft, bilt; λαβην δούναι to give one a grip or bold, metaph. to give one a bandle, something to lay bold of, Lat. ansam praebere. II. the act of grasping, a takıng, acceptance.

λαβην, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of  $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ . λαβοίσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβρ-ἄγόρης, ου, δ, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, άγορεύω) a bold, rash talker, braggart.

λάβραξ, ακος, ὁ, (λάβρος) a sea-wolf.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) to talk boldly, brag.

 $\lambda \alpha \beta \rho o - \pi \delta \delta \eta s$ , oυ,  $\delta$ , ( $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \beta \rho o s$ ,  $\pi o \dot{\nu} s$ ) rapid of foot,

λαβροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink bard. From

λαβρο-πότης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (λάβρος, πίνω) a bard drinker. ΛA'BPOΣ, ov, furious, boisterous, blustering, vebe-2. of persons, boisterous, furious, turbulent: also gluttonous, greedy.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρύστομος) to talk boldly. Hence λαβροστομία, ή, bold, rash talking

λαβρό-στομος, ον, (λάβρος, στύμα) talking rashly. λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) boisterousness: also greedi-

λαβρό-σύτος, ον, (λάβρος, σεύω) rusbing furiously. λάβρωs, Adv. of λάβροs, violently, greedily.

λάβύρινθος, δ, a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete. II. anything of spiral or twisted shape. (Foreign word.)

λάβυρινθ-ώδης, εs, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) like a labyrinth, intricate.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω. λαγαρίζω, f. σω, (λαγαρός) to make slack or bollow: -Med. to become bollow or gaunt from hunger.

λάγάρόs, ά, όν, slack, bollow, sunken. pliant, flexible. (Akin to λαπαρόs.) Hence λάγαρόω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. to become slack or

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λακτίζω) = λάξ, with the heel.

λάγειος, ον, also a, ον, (λαγός, λαγώς) of or from a

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, δ, (λαός, ήγέομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑ'ΓΗΝΟΣ, δ, a flagon, Lat. lagena. λάγινος, η, ον, (λαγώς) of or from a bare. λαγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγώs, a leveret. hayvela, lewdness, lust, desire. From

ΛΑΤΝΟΣ, ov, lewd, lustful.

λάγο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, δαίω) bare-devourer. λάγο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λαγός, θηράω) a bare-bunter. Hence

λαγοθηρέω, to bunt bares.

λάγοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill bares. From **ΛΑΤΟ'Σ**, οῦ, ὁ, collat. form of λαγώs, a bare.

λάγῦνος, ὁ, also ἡ, =  $\lambda$ άγηνος. [Later also  $\tilde{v}$ .] ΛΑΓΧΑ'ΝΩ, fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: 201. 2 έλαχον Ερ. έλλαχον: pf είληχα poet. λέλογχα:---Pass., aor. I ἐλήχθην: pf. εἴληγμαι:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχείν to bave a post assigned one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κήρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate bad him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by in-3. absol. to draw lots: to beritance, succeed to. obtain an office by lot, to east lots for: c. inf., & haχων πολεμαρχέειν be who bad the lot to be polemarch: absol., oi λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. as Att. law-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue

Causal, in Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 λέλαχον, to put in possession of; λελαχείν τινά πυρός to grant one the right of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or sbare: to be assigned by lot. λάγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγώς, βάλλω) a staff for fling-

receive a share of, become possessed of a thing.

II. with partitive gen. to

ing at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. pedum: and

for one's inheritance.

λάγωδάριον and λάγωδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγώς, α leveret.

 $\Lambda\Lambda^*\Gamma\Omega'N$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$   $\dot{\nu}$   $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , also  $\dot{\delta}$ , poët. dat. pl.  $\lambda\alpha\gamma\dot{\nu}$   $\dot{\nu}$   $\dot{\nu}$   $\dot{\nu}$   $\dot{\nu}$ any bollow: esp. like κενεών, the bollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. hayoves, the flanks, loins.

λάγωο-βόλος, ον, (λαγωός, βαλείν) bitting bares. ΛΑΥΩΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, Ερ. for λαγώε, λαγόε, a bare.  $\lambda$ **ἄγ\hat{\varphi}os**,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , contr. for  $\lambda \alpha \gamma \hat{\omega} \epsilon i \alpha s$ , ( $\lambda \alpha \gamma \hat{\omega} s$ ) of or from a bare:—τὰ λαγῷα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

**ΛΑΓΩ'Σ**, δ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. λάγωός, οῦ, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS. a bare.

λάδἄνον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see. λαε, dual nom. of λααε a stone.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λâas a stone.

λαζεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize grasp, catch, bold; λάζεσθαί τινα άγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάζεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ή, Dor. for  $\lambda$ ήθη.

λαθ-άνεμος, ον, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

λάθε, Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λάθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of λανθάνω λάθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λαθι-κηδής, ές, (λαθείν, κήδος) banishing care.

 $\lambda \bar{a}\theta i$ -πονος, ον,  $(\lambda \dot{\eta}\theta \omega, \pi \dot{o} vos)$  forgetful of sorrow. grief; βίοτος όδυναν λαθίπονος a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.

 $\lambda \bar{\alpha} \theta \hat{\iota} - \phi \theta o \gamma \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\lambda a \theta \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu, \phi \theta o \gamma \gamma \dot{\eta})$  robbing of voice striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοίατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

 $\lambda \hat{a} \theta o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , Dor. for  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \theta o s$ ,  $= \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta \eta$ .

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραίοs, a, ov, also os, ov, secret, bidden, stealthy, covert. Adv. -ωs, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

 $\lambda$ άθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att.  $\lambda$ άθρ $\bar{a}$ : ( $\lambda$ αθε $\hat{i}$ ν):

secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

 $\lambda$ άθρηδόν, Adv. =  $\lambda$ άθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [ $\chi$ ] λάθριος, ον, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

 $\lambda$ αθρο-βόλος, ον, ( $\lambda$ άθρα, βα $\lambda$ εῖν) bitting secretly.  $\lambda a \theta \rho o - \delta \dot{a} \kappa v \eta s$ , ου,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\lambda \dot{a} \theta \rho a$ ,  $\delta \dot{a} \kappa v \omega$ ) biting secretly. λαθρό-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τύ, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, πούs) stealtby-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λἄθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω. λαι-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λᾶϊγξ, iγγοs, ή, Dim. of λâas, a pebble.

 $\lambda \alpha i\theta - \alpha \rho \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \alpha \rho \gamma o s$ .

**λαικάζω**, f άσομαι, (ληκώ) to wench.

λαικαστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ , δ, (λαικάζω) a wencher: fem. λαικάστρια, a barlot.

**ΛΑΙ ΛΑΨ**, αποs, ή, a tempest, storm, burricane. λαῖμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \alpha$ , αίμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ον, (λαι-, μάργος) greedy, glutton-II. talkatıve. OUS.

λαιμάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμόε) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαιμη-τόμος, ον, poet, for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δακής, ές, (λαιμός, δακείν) throat-biting. λαιμοπέδη, ή, (λαιμός, πέδη) a dog-collar.

a springe for catching birds. λαιμο-ρυτός, ον, (λαιμός, βέω) gushing from the

ΛΑΙΜΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, the throat, gullet.

λαιμό-τμητος, ον, (λαιμός, τμητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαιμο-τόμος, ον, (λαιμός, τεμεῖν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. Lauhotomos, ov, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

 $\lambda \bar{a} \bar{t} \nu \epsilon o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \lambda \dot{a} \bar{t} \nu o s$ . [ $\tilde{t}$ ]

λάϊνος, η, ον, (λâαs) of stone, stony; λάϊνον έσσο χιτῶνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαΐον, τό, Dor. for λήίον. λαιόs, ά, όν, left; λαιᾶs χειρόs on the left hand; so

πρ λαι $\hat{q}$  χερί;  $\hat{\epsilon}π$  λαιο $\hat{v}$  on the left.

λαιο-τομέω, f. ήσω, (λαίον, τεμείν) to plough land. λαισήϊον, τό, (λάσιος) a shield or target lighter than the ἀσπίε, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΓΤΜΑ, τό, the deep sea.

ΛΑΓΦΟΣ, τό, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαιψηρό-δρομος, ον, (λαιψηρός, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

λαιψηρός, ά, όν, (λαι-, ψαίρω) light-footed, swift. λάκάζω, =  $\lambda$ ακέω,  $\lambda$ άσκω, to shout, howl.

Λάκαινα, ή, fem. of Λάκων, Lat. Lacaena, Lacoman. 2. (sub. γυνή), a Lacoman woman.

Λακαιναν, Dor. gen. pl. of Λάκαινα.

λάκάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λα-καταπύγων, ον,  $(\lambda a - \kappa a \tau a \pi \dot{v} \gamma \omega v)$  very lustful.  $[\bar{v}]$  λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσκω.

Αἄκεδαίμων, ovos, ή, Lacedaemon, the capital of Laconia; also Laconia itself.

λάκειν, 20r. 2 inf. of λάσκω.

λἄκέρυζα, ή, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a cawing crow; λακέρυζα κύων a yelping dog. λακέω, Dor. for ληκέω.

λακήσω, fut. of λάσκω.

λακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to rend, tear.

λάκίς, ίδος, ή, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending, λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, ατος, τό, (λάκίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λάκιστός, ή,  $\dot{\phi}v$ , (λακίζω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λακκό-πρωκτός, ον, (λάκκος, πρωκτός) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πύγος, ον, (λάκκος, πυγή) = λακκύπρωκτος. ΛΑ'ΚΚΟΣ, ό, any bollow, a bole, pit: a cistern, tank also a cellar, storebouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. vivarium.

λάκος, wrong form of λάκκος.

λακ-πάτητος, ον, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot, trodden down.  $\lceil π \check{\alpha} \rceil$ 

λακτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (λάξ) to kick with the beel or foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζειν τὸν πεσόντα to trample on the fallen.
2. absol. to kick; λακτίζειν πρὸς κέντρα to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

λάκτισμα, τό, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λακτίζω) one who tramples;  $\lambda$ ακτιστής ληνοῦ a treader of the wine-press.

**Λάκων**, ωνο**s**, δ, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and as Adi. Laconian: fem. Λάκαινα. Hence

Αδκωνίζω, f. ίσω, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. II. to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Λάκωνικός, ή, όν, Laconian; τὸ Λακωνικόν the Laconian people:— ἡ Λακωνική, I. (sub.  $\gamma$  $\hat{\eta}$ ), Laconia. 2. (sub. κρηπίs), a kind of man's shoe.

Αἄκωνίς, ίδος, fem. of Λακωνικός, I. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the Laconian land. Λάκωνισμός,  $\delta$ , (Λακωνίζω) the imitation of the La-

Adκωνισμος, δ, (Λακονίζω) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Λάκωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Αἄκωνο-μἄνέω, (Λάκων, μανῆναι) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to have a Laconomania.

λαλαγεῦντες, λαλαγεῦντι, Dor. for λαλαγοῦντες, λαλαγοῦσι, pres. part. and ind of λαλαγέω.

λάλαγέω, f. ήσω, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, ατος, τό, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling. λάλάζω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

λάλαξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμες, Dor. pres ind. of λαλέω

 $\Lambda \tilde{\Lambda} \tilde{E}'\Omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, τό, talk II. a talker, prater.

λάλητέος, α, ον, verb Adj. of λαλέω, to be talked of.

λάλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

λάλητικός, ή, όν, (λαλίω) given to talking. λάλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem of λαλητής, a gossip.

λάλιά, ή, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλιος, a, ov, poet. for λάλος.

λάλλαι, al, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, ον, (λαλίω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος. λαμά, Heb. for what? why?

**Λαμαχ-ίππιον**, τό, (Λάμαχος, lππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey Lamachus.

λά-μἄχος, ον, ( $\lambda \hat{a}$ -,  $\mu \acute{a} \chi \eta$ ) very warlike, name of an Atheman general.

λαμβάνω, fut. λήψομαι Ion. λάμψομαι Dor. λαψούμαι, -εῦμαι: -αοτ. 2 ἐλάβον Ερ. ἔλλαβον Ion. λάβεσκον, imperat. λάβέ, inf. λαβεῖν, part. λαβάν, οῦσα, οῦν: -- pē. εἶληφα Ion. λελάβηκα: plapf. εἶλήφειν: -- Med., αοτ. 2 ἐλαβόμην, Ερ. redupl. mf. λελαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: αοτ. Ι ἐλήφθην Ion. ἐλάμφθην: pf. εἶλημμαι poet. λέλημμαι Ion. λέλαμμαι. Το take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, την πτέρυγος λάβεν he caught her by the wing: -- metaph., φρενὶ λαβεῖν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend: -- Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., λαβέσθαι τῶν ὀρῶν to take to the hills. II.

λά-γέτης, ου, Dor. λάγέτας, α, δ, (λαός, ήγέομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑ'THNOΣ, δ, a flagon, Lat. lagena. λάγινος, η, ον, (λαγώς) of or from a bare. λάγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγώs, a leveret. hayvela, lewdness, lust, desire. From

 $\Lambda A'TNO\Sigma$ , ov, lewd, lustful.

λάγο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, δαίω) bare-devourer. λάγο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λαγός, θηράω) a bare-bunter. Hence

λάγοθηρέω, to bunt bares.

λάγοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill bares. From **ΛΑΤΟ'Σ**, οῦ, δ, collat, form of λαγώs, a bare. λάγῦνος, ὁ, also ἡ, =  $\lambda$ άγηνος. [Later also  $\check{v}$ .]

**ΛΑΓΧΑ'ΝΩ**, fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: aor. 2 έλαχον Ερ. έλλαχον: pf είληχα poet. λέλογχα:---Pass., aor. I έλήχθην: pf. εἴληγμαι:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχείν to bave a post assigned 2. to bave assigned to one, to bave for one by lot. one's share; esp. of the gods, Κήρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate bad him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by in-3. absol. to draw lots: to beritance, succeed to. obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., & haχων πολεμαρχέειν be who bad the lot to be polemarch:

absol., oi λαχόντε those on whom the lot fell. as Att. law-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue II. with partitive gen. to for one's inheritance. receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. Causal, in Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 λέλαχον, to put in pos-

session of; λελαχείν τινά πυρόε to grant one the right of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or share: to be assigned by lot. λάγω-βόλον, το, (λαγώε, βάλλω) a staff for fling-

ing at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. pedum: and

λάγωδάριον and λάγωίδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγώε, a leveret.

 $\Lambda$ **ΑΤΩ'N**, όνο**s**, ή, also δ, poët, dat. pl.  $\lambda$ αγόνεσσι, any bollow: esp. like κενεών, the bollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. hayoves, the flanks, loins.

λάγωο-βόλος, ον, (λαγωύς, βαλείν) bitting bares. **ΛΑΓΩΟ'Σ**, οῦ, ὁ, Ερ. for λαγώε, λαγόε, a bare. λάγφος, α, ον, contr. for λαγώειος, (λαγώς) of or from a bare: -τὰ λαγφα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

**ΛΑΓΩ'Σ**, δ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. λάγωός, οῦ, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a bare.

λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

Ale, dual nom. of Alas a stone. λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λâas a stone.

λαζεθ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize grasp, catch, hold; λάζεσθαί τινα ἀγκάε to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάζεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

 $\lambda$ άθα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dor. for  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \eta$ .

 $\lambda \bar{a}\theta$ -άνεμος, ον, (λήθη, ἄνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \theta \epsilon$ , Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\lambda \alpha \nu \theta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of λανθάνω λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λάθι-κηδής, ές, (λαθείν, κήδος) banishing care.

 $\lambda \bar{a}\theta (-\pi o vos, ov, (\lambda \dot{\eta}\theta \omega, \pi \dot{v} vos))$  for getful of sorrow, grief; βίοτος όδυναν λαθίπονος a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.

 $\lambda \bar{\alpha} \theta l - \phi \theta o \gamma \gamma o s$ , ov,  $(\lambda a \theta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu, \phi \theta o \gamma \gamma \hat{\eta}) \imath$  obbing of voice striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοίατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of  $\lambda \alpha \nu \theta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ .

**λâθοs**, εο**s**, τό, Dor. for  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \theta o s$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \eta$ .

 $\lambda \acute{a}\theta \rho a$ , v. sub  $\lambda \acute{a}\theta \rho \eta$ . Hence

λαθραῖος, a, ov, also os, ov, secret, bidden, stealthy, covert Adv. -ωs, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρ $\bar{a}$ : (λαθε $\hat{i}\nu$ ): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

 $\lambda$ άθρηδόν, Adv. =  $\lambda$ άθρη.

 $\lambda$ aθρίδιος, a, oν, poet. for  $\lambda$ áθριος. Adv.  $-\omega$ s. [Υ] λάθριος, ον, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

 $\lambda \alpha \theta \rho o - \beta \delta \lambda o s$ ,  $o \nu$ , ( $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \theta \rho \alpha$ ,  $\beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ) bitting secretly.  $\lambda a \theta \rho o - \delta a \kappa v \eta s$ , o v,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $(\lambda a \theta \rho a, \delta a \kappa v \omega)$  biting secretly. λαθρό-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, πούs) stealtby-paced, silent-footed.

 $\lambda$ άθω,  $\lambda$ ἄθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of  $\lambda$ ανθάνω. λαι-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λᾶϊγξ, ιγγος, ή, Dim. of λâas, a pebble.

 $\lambda$ aίθ-aργοs, ον, =  $\lambda$  $\dot{\eta}\theta$ aργοs.

**λαικάζω,** f άσομαι, (ληκώ) to wench.

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**ΛΑΙ ΛΑΨ**, απος, ή, a tempest, storm, burricane. λαΐμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on  $\lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \alpha$ , αίμα, and λαιμός.

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λαιμάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμός) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

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**ΛΑΙΜΟ'Σ**, οῦ, δ, the throat, gullet.

λαιμό-τμητος, ον, (λαιμός, τμητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαιμο-τόμος, ον, (λαιμός, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. Laimotomos, ov, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

 $\lambda \bar{a} \bar{t} \nu \epsilon o s$ , a,  $o \nu$ ,  $\Rightarrow \lambda \dot{a} \bar{i} \nu o s$ . [ $\gamma$ ]

λάϊνος, η, ον, (λâas) of stone, stony; λάινον έσσο χιτώνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαΐον, τό, Dor. for λήιον. λαιόs, ά, όν, left; λαιᾶs χειρύs on the left hand; so

πρός λαιά χερί; έπὶ λαιού on the left.

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ΛΑΙ TMA, τό, the deep sea.

**ΛΑΙ ΦΟΣ**, τό, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαιψηρό-δρομος, ον, (λαιψηρός, δραμείν) swift-running.

λαιψηρός, ά, όν, (λαι-, ψαίρω) light-footed, swift.  $\lambda \delta \kappa \delta \delta \omega$ , =  $\lambda \alpha \kappa \delta \omega$ ,  $\lambda \delta \sigma \kappa \omega$ , to shout, bowl.

Λάκαινα, ή, fem of Λάκων, Lat. Lacaena, Laco-2. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman.

Λακαινάν, Dor. gen. pl of Λάκαινα.

λάκάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λα-καταπύγων, ον, (λα-, καταπύγων) very lustful. [v] λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσκω.

Λάκεδαίμων, ovos, ή, Lacedaemon, the capital of Laconia: also Laconia itself.

 $\lambda \Delta \kappa \in \mathbb{N}$ , aor. 2 inf of  $\lambda \Delta \sigma \kappa \omega$ .

λακέρυζα, ή, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a cawing crow; λακέρυζα κύων a yelping dog. λάκέω, Dor. for ληκέω.

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λακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to rend, tear.

λάκίς, ίδος, ή, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending; form of speech, dialect. λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

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λάκος, wrong form of λάκκος.

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Λάκωνικός, ή, όν, Laconian; τὸ Λακωνικόν the Laconian people: — ή Λακωνική, I. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), Laconia. 2. (sub. κρηπίε), a kind of man's shoe.

Λάκωνίς, ίδος, fem. of Λακωνικός, I. (sub. γυνή), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the Laconian land.

Λάκωνισμός, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Λάκωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (Λακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Λ**ἄκωνο-μἄνέω**, (Λάκων, μανηναι) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to have a Laconomania.

λαλαγεύντες, λαλαγεύντι, Dor. for λαλαγούντες, λαλαγούσι, pres. part. and ind. of λαλαγέω.

λάλαγέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, a τ o s, τ o, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling. λαλάζω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

 $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha \xi$ , ( $\lambda \alpha \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) a prattler, babbler.

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λάλητικός, ή, όν, (λαλέω) given to talking

λάλητρίς, ίδος, ή, fem of λαλητής, a gossip.

II. a λάλιά, ή, (λαλέω) talkıng, chat, gossip.

 $\lambda$ άλιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , poet. for  $\lambda$ άλος.

λάλλαι, ai, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, ον, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.--Irreg. Comp λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος. λαμά, Heb. for wbat? wby?

Λαμαχ-ίππιον, τό, (Λάμαχος, Ιππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey Lamachus.

 $\lambda \dot{a}$ - $\mu \ddot{a} \chi o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\lambda \hat{a}$ -,  $\mu \dot{a} \chi \eta)$  very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω, fut. λήψομαι Ion. λάμψομαι Dor. λαψοῦμαι, -εῦμαι:-- 2 οτ. 2 ἔλάβον Ερ. ἔλλαβον Ion. λάβεσκον, imperat. λάβέ, inf. λαβείν, part. λαβών, οῦσα, όν: -- pf. είληφα Ιου. λελάβηκα: plqpf. είλήφειν: --Med., 201. 2 έλαβύμην, Ep. redupl. mf. λελαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: aor. Ι ἐλήφθην Ion. ἐλάμφθην: pf. εἴλημμαι poet. λέλημμαι Ion. λέλαμμαι. To take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, The TTEρυγος λάβεν he caught her by the wing:-metaph., φρενί λαβείν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend: - Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., λαβέσθαι τῶν ὀρῶν to take to the hills.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, de-III. to take in, receive bospitably, entertect. V. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire. tain. λαμβάνειν τινὰ ὁρκίοισι to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense. VII. to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to 2. of a woman, to conceive. 3. δίκην λαβείν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. sumere poenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment. Lat. dare poenas.

 $\lambda$ άμβδα,  $\tau$ δ, indecl, v. sub  $\lambda$ .

Λάμια, ή, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδη-δρομία, ή, (λαμπάs, δρύμοs) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδηφορία, ή, a carrying of torches, =  $\lambda \alpha \mu \pi \alpha$ -

δηδρομία. From

λαμπάδη-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδηφόρος, ό, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάs, a small torch. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-οῦχος, ον, (λαμπάς, έχω) torch-carrying,

bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάs, άδοs, ή, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδηδρομία. II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρόs, gleaming with torches.

λάμπεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετάω, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετόων.

λαμπέτης, ου, δ, fem. λαμπέτις, ιδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

AA'MIIH, \$\delta\$, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, όνος, ή, (λάμπω) lustre.

**Λάμπος**, δ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a

dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ά, όν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρον ύδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 3. of the wind, fresh, keen. 4. metaph. evident, clear, manifest. II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ή, brilliancy, splendour II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμπροφωνία, ή, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced. λαμπρύνω, f. ὔνω: Med., 20r. I ἐλαμπρῦνάμην:-

Pass., 3 sing. pf.  $\lambda \in \lambda \hat{\alpha} \mu \pi \rho \nu \nu \tau \alpha \iota := (\lambda \alpha \mu \pi \rho \delta s) := to$ make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in.

Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι δμμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted. 2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρώs, Adv. of λαμπρώs, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπτέος, ον, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , ( $\lambda \hat{\alpha} \mu \pi \omega$ ) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch,

λαμπτηρ-ουχία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λαμπτήρ,  $\ddot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ ) a bolding of torches; λαμπτηρουχίαι the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήρσι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑ'ΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor I ἔλαμψα: pf. λέλαμπα: to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to sbine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious.

trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine. λάμὕρός, ά, όν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton. of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρώs, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον. λαμφθήναι, Ion. aor. 1 pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or AH'OΩ, whence the tenses are formed. fut. λήσω Dor. λασω: aor. 2 έλαθον: pf. λέληθα. plaps. έλελήθειν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed, c. acc. pers., λάθεν "Εκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector. 2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπτων be escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part, as, μη διαφθαρείε λάθη lest he perish without bimself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ξων σαυτὸν λάθην διαρpayeis until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it. II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I έλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λέλἄθον, subj. λελάθη:—to make to forget: hence, III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λασεῦμαι paullo-post fut λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλἄθύ- $\mu\eta\nu$ : aor. I pass. ελήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:— to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανώ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνοῦ.

ΛΑ'Ε, Adv. with the heel or foot; λάξ πατείσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ή, όν, bewn in stone. From

λαξεύω, (λα̂s, ξέω) to cut stones: to hew in stone.

λάξις, (λάξομαι) an allotment of land. λάξις, ιος, δ, Dor. for λήξις, cessation.

λάξομαι, Ion. for λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λαο-δάμας, αντος, δ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing. λαο-ξόος, ον, (λααε, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst., λαοξόοs, δ, a sculptor.

 $\lambda \bar{a}o-\pi \bar{a}\theta \hat{\eta}s$ ,  $\hat{\epsilon}s$ ,  $(\lambda a \delta s, \pi a \theta \hat{\epsilon}\hat{\imath}v)$  suffered by the people. λαο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πόρος) conveying the people. ΛΑ ΌΣ, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. ληός Att. λεώς:—the people:

—in the Il. the soldiery, host, army; also a landarmy opp. to a fleet; also the common men opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, the subjects of a prince.

λâos, irreg. gen. of λâas, a stone.

λαο-σεβής, ές, (λαός, σέβομαι) revered by the people. λαοσ-σόος, ον, (λαός, σεύω) rousing or stirring nations.

λαο-τέκτων, ονος, ό, (λάας, τέκτων) a worker in stone, mason.

λαο-τίνακτος, ον, (λάας, τινάσσω) stirred by a stone. λαο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) nourtsbing the people. λαο-τύπος, ον, (λάας, τύπτω) cutting stones: as Subst., λαοτύπος, δ, a stone-cutter, stone-mason.

λᾶο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) ruining the people. λᾶο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, \*φένω) slaying the people. λᾶο-φόρος Att. λεω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) bear-

ing people; λαοφόρος δδός a road, highway.
λάπάζω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάζω, to plunder, spoil, pillage;

λδπάζω, f. ξω, = άλαπάζω, to plunder, spoil, pillage: also, to carry off.

λάπάρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins, Lat. ilia. Properly fem. of λαπαρόs.

λάπαρός, ά, όν, (λαπάζω) slack, loose, relaxed. ΛΑ/ΠΗ, ή, pblegm, Lat. pituita: metaph., ἀνηλίφ λάπα in sunless damp, cf. Virgil's loca senta situ. [a]

λάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω. Λάπιθαι, ol, the Lapithae, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [Υ]

λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. 1 έλαψα: pf. λέλαφα:—to lap with the tongue, like Lat. lambo: generally, to drink, drain, suck. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρινός, ή, όν, (λαρός) fatted, fat.

 $\lambda \check{a}\rho is$ ,  $i\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\lambda \acute{a}\rho os$ , a gull.

**Λάρτσα** Ion. **Λήρ-, ή,** *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λαρισαίος, α, ον, Larissaean, of or from Larissa. λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim of λάρκος. [κτ]

ΛΑ'ΡΚΟΣ, ό, a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket.
ΛΑ'ΡΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ή, a coffer, box, chest: a cinerary urn: an ark.

**ΛΑ'ΡΟΣ**, δ, a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant. [ă, except in one passage.]

**ΛΑΡΟΣ,** ά, όν, dainty, sweet, pleasant:—irreg. Sup. λαρώτατοs: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον occurs as Adv.

λάρυγγιάω, (λάρυγξ) to scream, screech.

λάρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ιῶ, (λάρυγξ) to bawl, bellow. II. to outdo in shouting.

AA'PYPE, gen. vyyos, &, the larynx or upper part of the windpipe: also the gullet, throat.

λâs, λâos, δ, a stone, Att. contr. for λâas.

**ΛΑ'ΣΑ'ΝΟΝ**, τό, always in pl. a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron.

II. Lat. lasanum, a night-stool. [λά]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζου, imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάσεῦμαι, Dor. for λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω: I pl. λασεύμεσθα, for λησόμεθα. ΛΑ'ΣΘΗ, ή, mockery, insult.

λασθημέν, Dor. for λασθηναι, λησθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λάσι-αύχην, ενος, (λάσιος, αὐχήν) with shaggy neck. λάσιό-θριξ, τρἴχος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λάσιος, θρίξ) shaggy-baired.

λάσιος, α, ον, Att. os, ον, shaggy with bair or wool, bairy.

II. shaggy with bushes, bushy. (Akin to δασύs.) [ἄ] Hence

λασιδ-στερνος, ον. (λάσιος, στέρνον) with hairy chest. ΛΑ ΣΚΩ. (the tenses formed from obsol. \*λἄκέω, λάκω): fut. λἄκήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐλάκησα [ἄ]: aor. 2 ἔλάκον, inf λἄκεῦ: pf. λέλᾶκα Ion. λέληκα, Ep part, fem. λέλἄκοια:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλᾶκόμην, Ep redupl. λέλακόμην, whence 3 plur. λέλάκοντο [ἄ]:—to ring, clash, crash, crackle: of axles, to creak: commonly of things, but also II. of animals, to sbriek, scream: of dogs, to howl, bay. III. of men, to speak loud, shout, shout forth: rarely to sing.

λασω, Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛΑ'ΤΑΞ, ἄγοs, ή, a drop of wine.

Λατο-γενής, ές, (Λατώ, \*γένω) born of Latona.

λατομέω, f ήσω, (λατόμος) to quarry stones. Hence λατομία, ή, a stone-quarry.

λα-τόμος, ό, (λας, τέμνω) a stone-cutter, quarry-man λατρεία, ή, (λατρεύω) bired labour, service, servitude esp. the service of the gods, worship

λάτρευμα, τό, bired service, servitude: esp. service paid to the gods, worship.

II. a slave. From λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτριε) to work for bire or pay.

2. to serve, be bound or enslaved to, c. dat pers.: but also c. acc. pers. to serve.

3. to serve the gods, c. dat.

λάτριος, a, ov, of a servant or service. From λάτρις, ιος, δ and ή, a bired servant, Lat. latro: generally, a servant, slave.

**ΛΑ'TPON**, τό, pay, bire; λάτρων ἄτερθε without rent or quittance.

λαυκανίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = λαιμόs, the throat. (Deriv. uncertain.)

AAT'PA Ion. λαύρη, ή, an alley, lane, narrow passage between bouses: also a pass between rocks, ravine, defile.

II. a sewer, drain.

λάφυγμός, δ, (λαφύσσω) greediness, gluttony.

ΛΑ'ΦΥΡΑ, τά, spoils taken in war, Lat. spolia.

λαφύρ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, to make booty of. From λαφύρ-αγωγός, όν, (λάφυρα, άγω) carrying off booty. λαφυροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell booty. From

λάφυρο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) a retailer of booty, Lat. sector.

λάφύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) to swallow greedily, eat up, devour: of men, to eat gluttonously, gorge, Lat. belluari. Hence

λάφύστιος, a, ov, gluttonous.

ΛΑ ΧΑΙΝΩ, f. ἀνῶ: aot. I ἐλάχηνα:—to dig. λάχὰνεύω, f. σω, (λάχανον) to plant with potherbs:
—Med. to gather berbs.

λάχανη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) gathering berbs.

λάχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather berbs. Hence | aor. 2 ἐλέγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγμην, 3 sing.

λάχανισμός, δ, a gathering of berbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λαχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά, garden-berbs, opp. to wild plants, potherbs, vegetables, greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the vegetable-market, the green-market.

λάχανο-πώλης, ου, δ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a greengrocer: fem. λάχανο-πωλήτρια, and λάχανό-πωλις,

ιδοs, ή, a woman who sells garden-stuff

λάχε, Ep. for έλαχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω. λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχύε, small; or fem. of an Adj. λαχύε (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled, fertile.

λάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of λαγχάνω

Λάχεσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (λάχειν) Lachesis, one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ή, (λαχαίνω) a digging.

haxvaîos, a, ov, woolly, bairy, downy. From

**ΛΑ'XNH**, ή, soft woolly bair, down: the soft nap or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, bairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυίον) with bairy limbs.  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi vos$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi v \eta$ , wool. Hence

λαχνόω, f. ώσω, to make bairy:—Pass. to grow downy.

λαχν-ώδης, εs, (λάχνη, είδος) like down, downy. λάχοίην, Att. for λάχοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω.  $\Lambda A'XO\Sigma$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $(\lambda \check{a} \chi \in \hat{i} \nu)$  one's lot, fate, destiny. the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [a] λάχών, aor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαψεθμαι and λαψοθμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

 $\lambda$ άψων, fut. part. of  $\lambda$ άπτω.

λαψη, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

 $\Lambda A'\Omega_{,} = \beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \omega_{,}$  to see, behold, look at; old Ep. word used by Hom. in part. λάων and Ep. 3 sing. impf. λάε. [ἄ]

\* $\Lambda A'\Omega$ , =  $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ , to wish: see  $\lambda \hat{\omega}$ .

**λέσινα**, ή, fem. of λέων, a lioness. λεαίνω, f. λεάνω Εp. λειάνέω: aor. I έλέηνα Εp. λέηνα: (λείοs):-to smooth, polish, work smooth;

λεαίνειν κέλευθον to smooth the way. rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or stroy. soften down.

λεάντειρα, ή, fem of λεαντήρ

λεαντήρ, ήροε, δ, (λεαίνω) a polisher.

**λέβηs**,  $\eta \tau o s$ ,  $\delta$ , (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνιψ) was handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan III. a cinerary urn.

λεγεών, ωνος, ή, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion. λέγομες, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and

3 pl. of λέγω.

**ΛΕΤΩ**, f. λέξω: aor. ι έλεξα: pf. είλοχα:--Med., fut. λέξομαι: aor. I ἐλεξάμην: Pass., fut. λεχθήσομαι: paullo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. I pass. ελέχθην, λειότης, ητος, ή, (λείος) smoothness.

 $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \tau \sigma$ : pf.  $\dot{\epsilon} i \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \mu a \iota$  or  $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \mu a \iota$ : I. Act. TO LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep: - Pass. and Med. TO LIE, to lie down. II. to lay in order, arrange, and so to gather, pick up :- Med. to gather for oneself: hence to choose, pick out. IV. to recount, reckon, count, tell or reckon up. tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of oracles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τινος to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινά ποιείν τί to tell, bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, 1. e. to speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak of, mean, refer to, as, είσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν λέγω go thou within, I mean Cassandra:-Pass. λέγεται, it is said, on dit; το λεγόμενον, absol. as the saying goes.

λεηλάσια, ή, a driving off booty, pillaging. From λεηλατέω, f. ήσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle, to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

 $\lambda \epsilon$ - $\eta \lambda \dot{\alpha}$ - $\eta \dot{\alpha}$ , ou,  $\dot{\phi}$ , ( $\lambda \epsilon \dot{\alpha} \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\alpha} \dot{\nu} \nu \omega$ ) one who drives off booty, a plunderer, marauder. [a]

**ΛΕΙ'A** Ion. ληΐη, ή, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle; hence what can be driven off as booty.

λειαίνω, fut. λειανέω, Ion. and Ep. for λεαίνω.

 $\mathbf{\Lambda EIB}\Omega$ ,  $\psi\omega$ : 201. I  $\check{\epsilon}\lambda\epsilon\iota\psi\alpha$ :—to pour, pour forth: mostly like  $\sigma\pi\epsilon\nu\delta\omega$ , to pour a libation. let flow, shed:-Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβεσθαι δακρύοι to melt into tears: hence to melt or pine away :- Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λείζομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληίζομαι.

λείηναν, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. 1 of λεαίνω. λειήνας, Ep. aor. I part. of λεαίνω.

λεῖμαξ, ἄκοε, ή, =  $\lambda$ ειμών, a meadow: a garden.

λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains. λειμών, ωνος, ό, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a meadow, mead, Lat. pratum.

λειμωνιάς, άδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος; νύμφη λειμωνιάs a meadow-nymph.

λειμώνιος, a, ον, (λειμών) of a meadow.

λειμωνίς, ίδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.

λειμωνόθεν or  $-\theta \epsilon$ , Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow. **λειο-γένειος**, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-chinned. λειο-κύμων, ον, (λείοs, κῦμα) with gentle waves.

λειό-μίτος, ον, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads of the warp.

λειοντή, ή, poët. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.

λειοντο-μάχης, ου,  $\delta$ , ( $\lambda \epsilon \omega \nu$ ,  $\mu \dot{\alpha} \chi \eta$ ) poet. for  $\lambda \epsilon o \nu \tau$ -, a lion-fighter.

 $\lambda$ ειοντο-πάλη**s**, ου, δ, ( $\lambda$ έων, πάλη) poët. for  $\lambda$ εοντ-, wrestler with a lion.

**AEIOS**,  $\alpha$ , ov, or os, ov, Lat.  $L\bar{E}VIS$ , smooth: of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth: c. gen., λείος πετράων level and free from rocks. 3. metaph. smootb, with a smooth chin, heardless. soft, gentle.

λείουσι, poët. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.

λειπτέον, verb. Adj. of λείπω, one must leave.

**ΛΕΙΠΩ**, f.  $\lambda \epsilon i \psi \omega$ : 2 or. 2 act.  $\tilde{\epsilon} \lambda \tilde{\iota} \pi \sigma \nu$ , inf.  $\lambda \tilde{\iota} \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ ; (aor. I ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα:--Med., fut. λείψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειφθήσομαι, paullo-post fut. λελείψομαι: aor. I έλείφ- $\theta\eta\nu$ : aor. 2  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\eta\nu$  [ $\hat{\epsilon}$ ]: pf.  $\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\iota\mu\mu\alpha\iota$ : plqpf.  $\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\hat{\iota}\mu$ μην:-Lat. LINQUO, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memo-2. to desert in danger, abandon, forrıal. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left resake. maining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf part. λελειμμένοs, left behind, lingering behind, inferior to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of , be inferior, worse, weaker 4. to be wanting or lacking. than another. intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be wanting, cease, Lat. deficere.

λειριόεις, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-

white, delicate.

ΛΕΙ'PION, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. lilium.

λεϊστός, see ληϊστώς.

λέϊτος or λείτος, ον, (λαός, λεώς) of the people, Ion. for Att. δημόσιος.

λειτουργέω, f. ήσω, (λειτουργόs) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own cost: cf λειτουργία.

II. to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence

λειτουργία, ή, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy, i.e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II. dwine service, whence our word Liturgy.

λειτουργικόs, ή, όν, performing public service, mini-

stering. From

λειτ-ουργός, όν, (λέιτος οτ λείτος, έργον) performing public duties, serving the state.

II. a priest, minister of God.

**ΛΕΙΧΗΝ**, ηνοs, δ, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of the ground, a blight, canker.

**ΛΕΙ'ΧΩ**, f. ξω: aor. I ἔλειξα:—Lat. LINGO, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf part. λελειχμύτες. λείψας, aor. I part. of λείβω.

λειψάνη-λόγος, ον, (λείψανον, λέγω) gatbering remnants.

λείψανον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic, wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. reliquiae. Λειψ-ύδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered dis-

trict near mount Parnes in Attica.

λείων, δ, poét. for λέων, hence Εp. dat, λείουσι.

λεκάνη, ή, (λέκοs) a disb, pot, pan. [ā] Hence

λεκάνις, ή, λεκάνιον, τό, λεκάνισκη, ή, Diminutives
of λεκάνη:—a little disb or pan, platter.

λεκίθο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, fem. -πωλις, ιδος, (λέκιθος, πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

ΛΕ'ΚΙΘΟΣ, δ, pulse-porridge.

ΛΕ'ΚΟΣ, eos, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

λεκτικός, ή, όν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent.

II. suited for speaking.

λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

λεκτός, ή, όν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked out.

II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. lectus: λέκτρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage. λελάβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω. λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor 2 subj. of λανθάνω. λελάθοντο, λελάθέσθω, λελάθέσθαι, 3 pl indic., 3 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λανθάνω.

λέλακα, pf. of λάσκω.

λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσκω.

λελάκυια, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσκω.

λέλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω. λέλασμαι, Ion and Ep. pf. pass. of λανθάνω.

λέλαχον, Ep. redupl. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λέλάχω, Ep. redupl. 2 or. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω. λέλειπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf, pass. of λείπω.

λελειφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.

λελειχμότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.

λέλευσμαι, I f. pass. of λεύω.

λελέχἄται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.

 $\lambda$ έληθα, pf. of  $\lambda$ ανθάνω.

λέληκα, Ion pf of λάσκω: part. λεληκώς.

λέλημμαι, poet. pf pass. of λαμβάνω

λέλησμαί, Ion. pf. pass. of λανθάνω: but λέλησμαι, pf pass. of ληίζομαι.

λέλιημαι, old Ep. pf. of λιλαίομαι, (and therefore properly λέλίλημαι), to strive eagerly, long for, be z-alous for: participle λέλιημένος, zealous, basty, eager.

λελιμμένος, pf. part. of λίπτομαι

λελογισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part of λογίζομαι, deliberately, advisedly.

λέλογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

λελόγχη, poët. for  $\hat{\epsilon}$ λελόγχει, 3 sing. plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

λέλοιπα, pf. of λείπω.

λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

λελύμασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμαίνομαι. [τ]

λέλυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω: —λέλυντο, Ep. for ἐλέλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

λελῦτο, Ep. for λελύοιτο, 3 sing. pf. opt pass of λύω. λελώβημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.

**ΛΕ'MBOΣ**, δ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a felucca.

λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, peel, busk, skin, scale.

λέντιον, τό, the Lat. linteum, a linen cloth, napkin. λέξει, Ερ. for λέξει, 201. I imperat. med. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

 $\lambda$ έξις,  $\epsilon$ ως,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$  a speaking, speech. 2. a way of speaking, diction, style.

λέξο, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I med. imperat. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

λεοντέη contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ή, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντεος.

λεόντειος, a, ov, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

**λεοντό-διφροs**, ον, (λέων, δίφροs) in chariot drawn by lions.

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-beaded. λεοντό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τδ, (λέων, ποῦς) lion-footed.

λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, \*φένω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing. λεοντο-φύής, ές, (λέων, φυή) of lion nature.

λεοντό-χλαινος, ον, (λέων, χλαινα) clad in lion's

skin.

ΛΕΠΑΔΝΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ). λεπαῖος, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scaur or crag: craggy. λέπ-αργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

λέπας, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

λεπάs, άδοs, ή, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπαs).

λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπαs) a lumpet-sbaped drinking-cup λεπιδόομαι, Pass. (λεπίs) to be covered with scales Hence

λεπίδωτός, ή, όν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτός θώρης scale-armour.

II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ίδος, ή, (λέπω) a scale, busk, sbell.

λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ή, (λεπρός) the leprosy

λεπράς, άδος, ή, poet. fem. of  $\lambda$ επρός, rough.

λεπρός, ά, όν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy. λεπτακίνός, ή, όν, poet. for λεπταλέος.

λεπτάλέος, α, ον, (λεπτόε) fine, slender, delicate. λεπτ-επί-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be. λεπτό-γειος, ον, Αtt. λεπτό-γεως, ων, (λεπτόε, γαια, γη) of a thin or poor soil.

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle

in mind. λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λεπτός, γραμμή) drawn fine. λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λεπτός, γράφω) written fine.

λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λεπτός, δέμω) slightly built : slight.

λεπτολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak subtly, to chop logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι, as Dep From λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτύς, λέγω) speaking subtly,

subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λεπτός, μίτος) of fine threads.

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα) τό συντική small coin about

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ή, όν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the busks:
—hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre.

II. slight, small, insignificant, τὰ λέπτὰ του.

row. III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτὰ foaming oars. τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λευκ-ἡρης, ε λεπτὰ πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. Λευκιππίδες metaph, fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, worshipped at fine, delicate.

 $\lambda$ επτοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\lambda$ επτότηs.

λεπτότης, ητος, ή, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness.

II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτουργέω, f. ήσω, (λεπτουργόs) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτ-ουργής, ές, (λεπτός, εργον) finely worked.

λεπτ-ουργός, όν, (λεπτός, εργον) producing fine work.

λεπτο-ϋφής, ές, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [v] λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fine sand. λεπτύνω, f. υνῶ, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out:—Pass. to grow lean.

λεπτωs, Adv. of λεπτόs, slightly: subtly.

λεπύριον, τό, Dim. a small busk, thin rind. From λέπυρον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, busk, rind.

**ΛΕΊΙ**Ω, fut.  $\psi\omega$ : aor. 1 ξλεψα:—to strip off the busks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ή, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Λερναΐος, a, ov, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From Λεσβιάς, άδος, ή, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, = Λεσβιάζω. Λέσβιος, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian, of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv from Lesbos. From

Λέσβοs, η, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip

λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-hall. II. talking, gossip in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχηνεύω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

λευγάλέος, a, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευΐτης, ου, ὁ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λευί), a Levite. [ι] Hence

Λευϊτικός, ή, όν, Levitical.

λευκαίνω, (λευκόs) to whiten, blanch, bleach.
to make bright or light.

λευκαν, Dor. for λευκών, gen. pl. of λευκός.

λευκάναι, 20r. I inf. of λευκαίνω.

λευκ-ανθής, έs, (λευκύs, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθές κάρα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκόs, ανθοs) to bave white blossoms: generally, to be white.

λευκάς, άδος, poet. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

λευκαs, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκόs.

λεύκ-ασπις, ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded. λεύκη, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II the white popular, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ήρετμος, ον, (λευκύς, έρετμύς) with white or

λευκ-ήρης, ες, (λευκός, άραρεῖν) white, blanched. Λευκιππίδες, al, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs

worshipped at Sparta.

λεύκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης [i], ου, δ, =  $\lambda \epsilon \nu \kappa \delta s$ .

Λευκο-θέα, ή, (λευκή, θεά) the white goddess; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.

λευκό-θριξ, τρίχος, δ, ή, (λευκός, θρίξ) white-baired. λευκο-θώραξ, ακος, δ, ή, (λευκός, θώραξ) with white

λευκό-ϊον, τό, (λευκός, ἴον) the stock or wall-flower. λευκο-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κῦμα) white with waves, surfy.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

λευκό-λίνον, τό, (λευκόs, λίνον) white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.

λευκο-λόφας, ου, ό, and λευκό-λοφος, ον, (λευκός, λόφος) white-crested:—λευκόλοφον, τό, a white hill. λευκο-όπωρος, ον, (λευκός, ὀπώρα) with white autumn fruits.

λευκο-πάρειος Ion. -πάρηος, ον, (λευκός, παρειά) fair-cheeked.

λευκό-πεπλος, ον, (λευκός, πέπλος) white-robed. λευκό-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, (λευκός, πηχυς) whitearmed.

λευκο-πληθής, ές, (λευκός, πληθος) filled with white or with persons in white.

λευκό-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς, white-footed: barefooted.

λευκο-πρεπής, ές, (λευκός, πρέπω) white-looking. λευκό-πτερος, ον, (λευκός, πτερόν) white-winged. λευκό-πωλος, ον, (λευκός, πῶλος) with white borses: riding a white borse.

AETKO Σ, ή, όν, light, bright, brilliant, clear: of water, bright. II. white, gray, bcary: of the skin, white, fair, but also, blanched, pale, wan. 2. λευ-κὸε χρυσός pale (i. e. alloyed) gold, opp. to ἄπεφθος or refined. 3. metaph. fair, bappy, joyful, gay. 4. of sound, clear, like λαμπρός.

λευκο-στεφής, ές, (λευκός, στέφω) white-wreathed. λευκό-στικτος, ον, (λευκός, στίζω) speckled with white, grizzled.

λευκό-σφύροs, ον, (λευκόs, σφυρόν) white-ankled. λευκό-τροφοs, ον, (λευκόs, τρέφω) white-growing. λευκο-φάήs, έs, (λευκόs, φάοs) white-gleaming. λευκο-φόροs, ον, (λευκόs, φέρω) white-robed. λεύκ-οφρυs, υ, (λευκόs, ὐφρύs) white-browed.

λευκο-χίτων, ανος, δ, ή, (λευκός, χιτών) white-coated. [I]

λευκό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χρύα) white-coloured: heterocl. acc. λευκόχροα.

**λευκό-χρωs**, ωτο**s**, δ, ή, (λευκό**s**, χρώs) white-skinned. **λευκόω**, f. ώσω, (λευκόs) to whiten: to paint white: —Med., λευκοῦσθαι ὅπλα to whiten their shields. II. λευκοῦν πόδα to bare the foot.

λευκ-ώλενος, ον, (λευκός, ἀλένη) white-armed. λεύκωμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκόω) anything whitened: a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album. λευρός, ά, όν, (λείος) smooth, level, even. II.

smooth, polished.

\*AET'Σ, δ, = λâas, a stone: hence λήθαργος, ον, (λί λεύστμος, ον, stoning; λεύσιμος θάνατος death by forgetful, letbargic.

stoning; λεύσιμοι apal curses that will end in stoning; λεύσιμος δίκη the penalty of death by stoning.

λευσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λεύς, λεύω) a stoning. λεύσσω, fut. λεύσω (only in late authors), to look or gaze upon, see, behold. 2. absol. to look; ὁ μη λεύσσων he that sees not, 1. e. one that is dead.

λευστήρ, ηρος, δ, (λεύς, λεύω) one who stones or deserves stoning:—as Adj., λευστηρ μόρος death by stoning.

λεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην: (λεύs):—to stone. λεχε-ποίη, ἡ, (λέχοs, ποία) with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy.

λεχ-ήρης, εs, (λέχος, ἀραρεῖν) bed-ridden.

λεχθείς, aor. I part. pass of λέγω.

λέχος, εος, τό, (λέγω 1) a couch, bed. 2. a bier. II. the marriage-bed: a marriage. Hence λέχοσδε, Adv. to bed.

λέχριος, α, ον, slanting crosswise, oblique. From ΛΕΧΡΓΣ, Adv. slanting, crosswise, athwart λεχώ, όος contr. οῦς, ἡ, (λέχος) a woman in child-bed λεχώτος, ον, (λεχώ, όο, belonging to child-bed. Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεύς, κόρα) the temple of the daughters of Leos.

 $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{E}'\Omega\mathbf{N}$ , οντος, ό, Ep dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, a lion: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεύς σε λέοντα γυναιξί θηκε Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i.e. their destroyer

λε-ωργόs, όν, (Adv. λέωs, έργον) all-daring, audacious: as Subst., λεωργόs, ό, a knave, villain.

λεώς, ώ, δ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεψ, people; ἀκούετε λεψ hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations

λέωs, Adv., Ion. for λίαν, entirely, wbolly.

λεω-σφέτερος, ον, (λεώς, σφέτερος) only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον εποιήσαντο Τισαμενόν they made him one of their own people.

λεω-φόρος, ον, (λεώς, φέρω) bearing people, frequented: λεωφόρος (sub. όδύς), ή, a thoroughfare.

λῆ, 3 sing. of \*λάω, λῶ. ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ερ. inf. of λήγω.

AHTΩ, f. εω, to LAY, allay, abate, like παίω: c. gen., λήγειν χείρας φύνοιο to stay one's hands from nurder. II. more freq. intr, to leave off, or cease from, λήγειν ἔριδος to cease from strife; c. part., λήγωρίζων I cease slaying.—also absol. to cease, nucle an end.

nake an end. λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) gum ladanum, gum masticb. ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λήδοs, a light dress. [α]

 $\Lambda$ H^ $\Delta$ ON,  $\tau \delta$ , the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \delta a \nu o \nu$  is found.

λήδος, εος, τό, (λείος) a thin cloth, light dress.

λήζομαι, Att. for ληίζομαι. λήθαιος οτ ληθαίος, α, ον, (λήθη) of or for forget-

fulness, oblivious. II. of or from Letbe, Letbean. ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω II. ληθαργικός, ή, όν, drowsy, slottful. From

λήθαργος, ον, (λήθη) forgetting, c. gen.: absol. forgetful, letbargic.

ληθεδανός, ή, όν, (ληθάνω) causing forgetfulness.  $\lambda \eta \theta \epsilon \delta \omega \mathbf{v}$ ,  $\delta \nu o \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , poët. for  $\lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \dot{\eta}$ .

λήθη Dor. λάθα, ή, (λήθομαι) a forgetting, forget-II. Letbe, the river of oblifulness. Lat. oblivio. vion in the lower world.

 $\lambda \hat{\eta} \theta o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , Dor.  $\lambda \hat{\alpha} \theta o s$ ,  $= \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta \eta$ .

 $Λ\dot{H}'\Theta\Omega$ , λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνoμαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.

ληι-άνειρα, ή, (ληίs, ἀνήρ) making prey of men. ληιάs, άδοs, poet. fem. of ληίδιοs, captive.

ληι-βοτήρ, ηροε, δ, fem. ληϊ-βότειρα, (λήιον, βόσκω) crop-devouring.

ληίδιος, a, ov, (ληίε) taken as booty, captive.

ληίζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. ληίσομαι Ερ. ληίσσομαι: aor. Ι έληισάμην Att. έλησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ληίσσατο:--Pass., pf. λέλησμαι: Dep.: (ληίs):--to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. pf. λέλησμαι occurs in pass. signf., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

ληίη, Ion. for λεία.

ληι-νόμος, ον, (λήιον, νέμω) dwelling among the corn-fields.

**ΛΗ' ΙΟΝ**, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field. ληίς, ίδος, ή, Ion for λεία, booty, spoil. berd or flock, cattle.

ληίσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor 1 of ληίζομαι.

ληιστήρ, ήροε, δ, (ληίζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληστής.

ληιστής, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. for ληστής.

ληίστωρ, οροε, δ, = ληιστήρ.

ληιστός or λεϊστός, ή, όν, (ληίζομαι) carried off as booty, to be won by force.

ληιστύς, ύος, ή, (ληίζομαι) plundering, spoiling. ληίτις, ιδος, ή, (ληίε) she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

λήιτον [t], τό, Achaian name for the Athen πρυτανείον, the town-ball. Properly, neut. of λήιτος.

λήιτος, η, ον, (λεώς, λαός) of the people, public. ΛΗΚΕ'Ω Dor. λακέω, to sound, = λάσκω. Hence ληκίνδα, Adv. sounding; παίζειν λ. to beat time. ληκύθιον, τό, Dim. of λήκυθος, a small oil-flask.

**ΛΗ ΚΥΘΟΣ**, η, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [v] λήμα, τό, (\*λάω, λω) wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance. λημάλέοs, a, ov, (λήμη) bleared, purblind, of the

eyes, Lat. lippus.

λημάτιάω, ( $λ \hat{η} μ a$ ) to be spirited or resolute. λημαω, (λήμη) to be bleared: to be purblind.

**ΛΗ'ΜΗ**, ή, Lat. gramia, a bumour that gathers in the eye, rheum: al λημαι, sore eyes.

λήμμα, τό, (είλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.

Λήμνιος, a, ov, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From

Λήμνος, ή, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegaean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ή, όν, (Λήναια) belonging to the Λήναια. Anvaîos, a, ov, (ληνόε) belonging to the winepress: 1. Anvaios, Lat. Lenaeus, epith. of Bacchus | Diana.

as god of the wine-press. 2. Λήναια (sub. lepá), τά, the Lenaea, an Athenian festival held in the month Anvailor in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. Λήναιον, τό, the Lenaeum, or place at Athens where the Lenaea were beld.

 $\Lambda$ ηναΐτης, ου,  $\delta$ , =  $\Lambda$ ηναϊκός.

Ληναιών, ωνος, δ, old name of the Att month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

AHNO'Σ Dor. λāvós, οῦ, ἡ or ὁ, a trough, Lat. alveus: 1. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for water-

3 a kneading-trough. ing cattle.

AH NOΣ Dor. λâvos, εος, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.

λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

ληξιs, εωs, η, (ληγω) a cessation, end.

 $\lambda \hat{\eta} \xi \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\eta} \xi o \mu a \iota)$  appointment by lot, allot-II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. ληξιε τοῦ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

**ληόs**, rare Ion, form for λαόs.

ληπτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take hold: one must take or accept.

ληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , ( $\lambda\hat{\eta}\rho$ os) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly; ληρεί έχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

AH POΣ, ò, idle talk. frivolousness, nonsense.

ληρόs, οῦ, ὁ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

 $\lambda \hat{\eta} s$ , 2 sing. of  $\lambda \hat{\alpha} \omega$ ,  $\lambda \hat{\omega}$ .

λησίμ-βροτος, ον, (λήθω, βροτός) taking men unawares, a cheat.

λησμοσύνη, ή, forgetfulness. From

λήσμων, ον, gen. ονος,  $(\lambda \eta \theta \omega)$  for getting, unmindful. **λήσομαι**, fut. med. of  $\lambda \alpha \nu \theta \dot{\alpha} \nu \omega$ 

ληστεία, ή, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστήε) to be a robber or pirate. c. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λήζομαι) a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.

ληστικός, ή, όν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κωs, in the manner of

pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the manner of pirates.

ληστις, ή, (λήθω) a forgetting.

ληστο-κτόνος, ον, (λήστης, κτείνω) slaying robbers. ληστρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ , = ληστικός, piratical;  $\dot{r}$  ληστρικόν a pirate-vessel.

ληστρίε, ίδοε, pecul. fem. of ληστρικόε.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

 $\Lambda \eta \tau \sigma - \gamma \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ , Dor.  $\Lambda \ddot{\alpha} \tau - (\Lambda \eta \tau \dot{\omega}, * \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \nu \omega)$  born of Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Aaroyéveia. of **Λητοίδηs** Dor. Λάτ-, ου,  $\delta$ , (Λητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [ $\tilde{I}$ ]

Αητώ, δος contr. οῦς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητοῦς, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητώ, voc. Λητοῖ.

Λητῶοs Dor. Λατ-, α, ον, (Λητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Λητωls, ίδοs.

ληφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψις, ή, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing.
2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

AI -, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-. AI A'ZOMAI, aor. I ἐλιάσθην: Pass.:—to bend sidewards, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λιασθείε baving fallen; πτερὰ πυκνὰ λίασθεν the thick wings drooped.

λίαν Ion. λίην, Adv. (λι-) too much, over-much, like the later ἄγαν, Lat. nimis.

II. very much, exceeding, right well. [i both long and short.]

**λἴἄρόs**, ά, όν, =  $\chi$ λιαρόs, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λιασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λίασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λιάζομαι.

λιβάζω, f. σω, (λιβάs) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

λίβανος, δ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτός.

II. = λιβανωτός, frankincense.

λίβανο-φόρος, ον, = λιβανωτοφύρος.

λίβανωτός, οῦ, ὁ, (λίβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree λίβανος.

II. a censer.

λίβανωτο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτύς, φέρω) bearing : frankincense.

λίβάς, άδος, ή, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύον λιβάδες streams of teats.

λιβερτινος, δ, the Lat. libertinus, and λίβερτος, δ, the Lat, libertus, a freedman.

λίβοs,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\lambda \iota \beta \dot{a}s$ , tears: but  $\lambda \iota \beta \dot{o}s$ , gen. of  $\lambda \dot{\iota} \psi$ .  $\lambda \iota \beta \rho \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , ( $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\iota} \beta \omega$ ) dripping, wet.

Λιβύη, ή, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Λίβύς, vos,  $\delta$ , fem. Λίβυσσα,  $(\Lambda\iota\beta \dot{\nu}\eta)a$  Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Λιβυστικός, ή, όν, of or for Libya, African.

ΛΙΤΑ, Adv. of λιγύε, as ὧκα of ὧκύε, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, shrilly. [7]

λίγαίνω, (λιγύε) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

λίγγω, (λιγύε) only found in Ep. aor. 1, λίγξε βιύε the bowstring twanged.

λίγδην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim. λιγεων, poet. for λιγειων, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύε. λίγεως, Adv. of λιγύε, loudly, clearly, sbrilly.

AIΓNY Σ, ύοι, ή, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

λίγξε, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. τ of λίγγω.

λίγυ-ηχής, έε, (λιγύε, ήχή) clear-sounding.

λίγύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (λιγύε, θρόοε) clear-singing.

λίγύ-μολπος, ον, (λιγύε, μολπή) clear-singing. λίγύ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθοε) clear-speaking. λίγυ-πνείων, οντος, (λιγύε, πνέω) sbrill-blowing,

whistling, rustling.

λίγύ-πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοιή) - λιγυπνείων

λίγυ-πτέρυγος, ον, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) chirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγυρίζω, f. σω, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear. λιγυρός, ά, όν, (λιγύς) sbrill, sbarp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λίγυρωs, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥΣ, λιγεια, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sbarp, piercing, sbrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, tbrilling. [τ]

Λίγυς, vos, δ, ή, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

 $\lambda$ ίγύ-φθογγος, ον, ( $\lambda$ ιγύε, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λίγύ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, scream-

ΛΙ'ΖΩ, f. ξω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λίγδην and ἐπι-λίγδην.

λίην, Adv , Ion. for λίαν. λῦθάLω, f. σω, (λίθο $\vartheta$ ) to throw stones. λίθαL, ακος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λίθο $\vartheta$ ) stony, rocky. Subst. λίθαL,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a stone.

λιθάς, άδος, ή, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, α, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. λίθη-λογής, ές, (λίθος, λέγω II) built of stones.

λίθίδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθοs, a small stone, pebble. λίθινος, η, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -νως, like stone, with stony look.

λίθό-βλητος, ον, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. Il set with stones.

λίθοβολέω, f. ήσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From λίθο-βόλοs, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, felting with stones; ol λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers.

11. λιθόβολοs, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

 $\lambda$ ίθο-γ $\lambda$ ύφος, ον, ( $\lambda$ ίθος, γ $\lambda$ ύφω) carving stone; as Subst.,  $\lambda$ ιθογ $\lambda$ ύφος,  $\delta$ , a sculptor. [v]

λίθο-δερκής, ές, (λίθος, δέρκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λϊθό-δμητος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λίθο-δόμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδύμος, δ, a mason.

λίθο-εργός, όν, (λίθος, \*έργω) turning to stone. λίθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with

stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone. λίθο-κτονία, ή, (λίθοs, κτείνω) death by stoming.

λίθό-λευστος, ου, ό, (λίθος, λεύω) stoned with stones; λιθύλευστος 'Apps death by stoning.

λίθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From λίθο-λόγος, ον, (λίθος, λέγω 11) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγοs, δ, a mason, = λιθο- a baven, retreat, refuge. δόμοs.

 $\lambda$ tθο-ξόος, ον, ( $\lambda$ ίθος, ξέω) polisbing stone: as Subst.,  $\lambda$ ιθοξόος,  $\delta$ , a marble-mason.

**λίθο-ποιόs**, όν, (λίθος, ποιέω) turning to stone.

λίθόρ-ρίνος, ον, (λίθος, ρίνος) with stony skin.
ΛΙΘΟΣ [τ], ου, ό, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔψειν to boil a stone, i.e. to lose one's labour.

2. stone as a substance.

II. λίθος, ἡ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx.

IV. the piece on a draught-board.

 $\lambda$ ίθο-σπάδής, ές, ( $\lambda$ ίθος, σπάω) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

λίθο-στρωτος, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with stones, inlaid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tesselated pavement.

λίθοτομία, ή, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

λίθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

λίθουργέω, f. ήσω, to work in stone: turn into stone. λίθ-ουργός, όν, (λίθος, \*έργω) working in stone: as Subst., λιθουργός, δ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry stones. From λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones. λιθ-άδης, εs, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, είδος) like stone, stony.

λικμαΐος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From λικμάω, f. ήσω, (λικμόs) to winnow corn. metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ηροε, δ, a winnower of corn

λικμητός, δ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

**ΛΙΚΜΟ** Σ, οῦ, δ, = λίκνον.

AIKNON,  $\tau \delta$ , a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan. II. a fansbaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iacchi. III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λίκνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred nets to see whether anything is caught. winnowing-fan in procession. 

λίνορ-ράφης, ές. (λίνον, ἐάπτω) sewe.

λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, athwart. (From λινορραφής a ship having her sails of linen. λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριε, λέχριος.)

λίλαίομαι, (λι-, λελίημαι) Dep. to long, crave; of Urania. a lance, λιλαιομένη χροδέ δσαι longing to taste flesh: of Lines.

c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λτμαίνω, (λιμόs) to bunger, be starved, famished.

λιμένεσσιν, Εp. for λιμέσιν, dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λίμενίτης [1], ov, δ, fem. - ττις, ιδος, (λιμήν) of the barbour: presiding over the barbour.

**λίμεν-ορμίτης** [i], ου, δ, (λιμήν, δρμίζω) stationed in the barbour.

AI'MH'N, évos, o, a barbour, baven. 2, metaph.

a baven, retreat, refuge. 3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

λῖμηρόs, ά, όν, (λιμόs) bungry, starved, famisbed. Λίμναι, al, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

λιμναίοs, a, oν, (λίμνη) marshy, of or from the mere, ὅρνιθες λιμναίοι water-fowl: stagnant.

λιμνάs, άδος, ή, poet fem. of λιμναίος.

λιμνάτης [ā], fem. -âtis, Dor for λιμνήτης, - ητις. λίμνη, η, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marsby lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

λιμνήτης, ου, δ, sem. - ήτις Dor. - âτις, ιδος, (λίμνη) living or growing in marshes.

λιμνο-φυής,  $\epsilon$ s, (λίμνη, φύω) marsb-born.

λιμν-ώδης, ες, (λίμνη, είδος) like a marsh, marshy. λίμο-θνής, ήτος, ό, ή, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of bunger.

ΛΙΜΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, also ἡ, bunger, famine.

λιμο-φορεύς, δ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger. λίμ-ωδης, ες, (λιμός, είδος) like hunger, famished. λιμώσσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

Niveos, a, ov, contr. -oûs,  $\hat{\eta}$ , oûv,  $(\lambda i \nu o \nu)$  of flaw, flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

λίνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (λίνον) a hunter with nets. λινό-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος

λίνό-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

λίνο-θήρας, ου, δ, (λίνον, θηράω) a bunter with nets. λίνο-θώρηξ, ηκος, δ, ή, Ion. for λινοθώραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

λἴνο-κλωστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώθω) spinning flax. λἴνό-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

AINON, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνου σπέρμα lint-seed. [τ]

λίνό-πεπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe. λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting.

λινοπτάομαι, Dep. (λινόπτη\$) to watch the nets. λίνό-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged.

λίν-όπτης, ου, ὁ, (λίνον, ὄψομαί) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

λίνορ-ράφής, ές, (λίνον, βάπτω) sewed of flax, δόμος λινορραφής a ship baving ber sails of linen.

Aívos, ov, δ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Aívos, δ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αίλινον.

λίνοστάσία, ή, a laying of nets. From

λινο-στατέω, f. ήσω, (λίνον, ίστημι) to lay nets.

 $\lambda$ ίνοθε,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οθν, contr. for  $\lambda$ ίνεοε.

λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.
λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases
ἀλεῖψαι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίφ, probably used as
2. metaph.

an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίποε.) [τ]

λίπαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (λίπαs, λίποs) to oil, anoint: metaph, to make fat, enrich: - Med, to anoint oneself.

λίπαρ-άμπυξ, ϋκος, ό, ή, (λιπαρός, άμπυξ) with bright

fillet or trara.

λιπαρέω, f. ήσω, to persist, bold out, persevere; c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c. inf., λιπαρείε τυχείν thou art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΓΠΑ PH'Σ, έs, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. Il. earnest in praying, im-

portunate,

λιπάρητέον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be im-

portunate, beg bard.

λιπαρία, ή, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity. λίπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled. λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned. **λίπαρο-κρήδεμνος**, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright bead-band or fillet.

λίπαρο-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λίπαρός, ά, όν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: metaph sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly: ample. IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λίπαρό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, and -χρως, ωτος, ό, ή, (λιπαρός, χρύα, χρώς) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λίπαρωs, Adv. of λίπαρώs, sleekly, comfortably.

λιπάρωs, Adv. of λιπάρήs, earnestly, importunately.  $\Lambda I'\Pi \Lambda' \Sigma$ ,  $\alpha os$ ,  $\tau o'$ ,  $= \lambda i \pi os$ , fat, oil. [i]

 $\lambda$ ίπ-αυγής, έs, ( $\lambda$ ιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λίπάω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

 $\lambda$ ίπε,  $\lambda$ ίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\lambda$ είπω.

λιπείν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

λιπερνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem.  $-\hat{\eta}$ τις, ιδος,  $(\lambda \iota \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu, \phi \epsilon \rho \nu \eta)$ without dowry, destitute.

 $\lambda$ lπό-γάμος, ον, ( $\lambda$ ιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or busband, adulterous: ή λιπογάμος the adulteress.

**λίπο-γνώμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπείν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age : hence generally, of unknown age.

 $\lambda$ ίπό-γυιος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

λιποίσα, λιποίσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

 $\lambda$ ίπο-μήτωρ, ορος,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda \iota \pi \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$ , μήτηρ) without amother, orphan.

 $\lambda$ ίπό-ναυς Dor. also  $\lambda$ ίπό-νας,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda$ ιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λίπο-ναύτης, ου, ό, (λιπείν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

 $\lambda t \pi \delta - v \epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\omega v$ ,  $= \lambda t \pi \delta v \alpha v s$ .

**λἴπό-πἄτρις**, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λι $\pi$ εῖν,  $\pi$ ατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

λύπο-πάτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (λιπείν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

 $\lambda$ ίπό-πνοος, ον, contr. –πνους, ουν, ( $\lambda$ ιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

**ΛΙΠΟΣ**, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow; or vegetable, as oil: metaph, λίπος αιματος a clot of blood.

λίπο-σαρκής, ές, (λιπείν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λίπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπείν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λίπο-στράτία, ή, and λίπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπείν, στρατιά) desertion of the army.

 $\lambda$ ίπο-ταξία, ή, and  $\lambda$ ίπο-τάξιον, τό, ( $\lambda$ ιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λίπο-τρίχής, έs, (λιπεῖν, θρίξ) scant of bair, bald. **λ**ἴπο-ψῦχέω, f. ήσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. II. to lack spirit

λιπόων, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

λίπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι: (formed from prefix  $\lambda_{i-}$ :—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part, λελιμμένοι μάχηs eager for battle.

λιπών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

 $\lambda \hat{i}s$ ,  $\delta$ , acc.  $\lambda \hat{i}\nu$ , Ep. for  $\lambda \hat{\epsilon}\omega\nu$ , a lion:—later nom. and dat. plur. λίες, λίεσσι.

λίs, ή, Ep. apocopate form for λισσή, smooth; λìs πέτρη a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [1]

λίση, 2 sing fut of λίσσομαι. [τ]

 $\lambda$ ίσπος,  $\eta$ , ον, ( $\lambda$ ισσός,  $\lambda$ εῖος) smooth, polished.

λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat of λίσσομαι.

λισσάs, άδοs, pecul. fem of λισσόs, smooth.—as Subst, λισσάs, ή, a smooth bare cliff; cf. λισσύs.

λισσέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι. **ΛΙ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ**: aor. 1 ἐλἴσάμην Ερ. ἐλλἴσάμην: aor. 2 έλζτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep -to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c inf, λίσσεσθαι μή προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λισσός, ή, όν, (λείος, λίσπος) smooth; λισσή πέτρη a smooth, bare cliff; cf λισσάs.

λιστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λιστρεύω, f. σω, to dig, boe; φυτὸν λιστρεύειν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λισσόs) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, boe.

λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes; v sub λίε 11. λίταίνω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.

λιτανεύσομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, 201. 1 subj. of λιτανείω. λίτανεύω, f. σω:—the augm. tenses are used in Ep with λλ metri grat., impf. έλλιτάνευον, aor. I έλλιτάνευσα: (λιτή):—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λίτανος, η, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as Subst.,  $\lambda i \tau a \nu a$ ,  $\tau \dot{a}$ ,  $= \lambda \iota \tau a \dot{\iota}$ , prayers.

λίταργίζω, f. σω, to basten, run, burry. From λίτ-apyos, ov, (λι-, dpyós) running quick. **λίτέσθαι**, 20r. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

tion. II. Λιταί, Prayers, personified as goddesses, in Il. q. 502, sq.

λίτοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσομαι.

λίτομαι [t], rarer pres. for λίσσομαι, to pray. **λιτόs**, ή, όν, (λείοs) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex. λίτός, ή, όν, (λίσσομαι) praying, supplicatory.

λίτρα, as, ή, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12

ounces. Hence

λιτραῖος, a, ov, worth a λίτρα.

λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτυέρσης, ov, o, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Aivos, Mavépos.

λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

λίχανός, όν, (λείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχανος (sub. δάκτυλος), δ, the fore-finger.

λιχήν, ηνος, δ, v. sub λειχήν.

λιχμάζω, f. άσω, (λείχω) to lick.

λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

λιχνεία, ή, daintiness, greediness.

λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty. **λίχνος**,  $\eta$ , ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerisb, greedy. metaph. curious, eager.

λίψ, δ, gen. λιβόο, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus.  $\lambda$ ίψ, δ, gen.  $\lambda$ ĭβόs, acc.  $\lambda$ ίβα, ( $\lambda$ είβω) any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

 $\lambda 6$ , for  $\lambda 6 \epsilon$ ; see  $\lambda 6 \omega$ .

λοβόs, οῦ, ὁ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the 2. a pool. ear:-the lobe of the liver.

λογάδην, Adv. (λογάs) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [d] λογάs, άδοs, δ and ή, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

λογείον, τό, (λόγοs) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

**λογία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγοs, a little fable. [[]] λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι: aor. 1 med. έλο-

γισάμην, pass. έλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγοs):-to count, reckon, calculate, compute; ἀπὸ χειρόε λογίζεσθαι to calculate off hand. take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon upon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conclude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, to be computed or calculated

λογικός, ή, ών, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speak-II. belonging to the reason, rational. fit for reasoning: hence ή λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

λόγιμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (λόγος) worth mention, remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λόγιος. **λόγιος**, a, ov. (λόγος) skilled in words:

λίτη, ή, (λίσσομαι) a prayer, entreaty, supplica- learned, esp. learned in history: as Subst., λόγιοε, δ. a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp. to ποιητή8. II. eloquent.

> λογισμός, δ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computa-II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a conclusion.

> λογιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator, computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

> λογιστικός, ή, όν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculat-II. skilled in reasoning of arguing. ing.

> λογογράφία, ή, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From λογο-γράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: as Subst., λογογράφος, δ, a chronicler, annalist. writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

λογο-λέσχης, ου, δ, (λόγος, λέσχη) a prater.

λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) to strive about words. Hence

λογομάχία, ή, a war about words.

**λογο-μάχος,** ον, (λόγος, μάχη) warring about words. λογοποιέω, (λογοποιόs) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

λογοποιία, ή, invention of stories, tale-telling.

λογο-ποιός, όν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making: -as Subst., λογοποιόs, ό, a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deli-2 an inventor of stories, tale-teller, newsver. monger.

 $\lambda \delta \gamma os, \delta, (\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega)$ I. the word by which the inward thought is expressed: also II. the inward

thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or spoken: I. a word, in pl. words, language; ws είπειν λύγφ in a word: — in Att., talk, pretence, τῷ λόγφ in pretence, opp. to ἔργφ in reality. saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. conversation, discussion; είs λύγους έλθειν to have a conference or interview. 4. a speaking or talking about a thing; λόγου άξιος worth talking of, worth mention: - a report, rumour; λόγος έστί or έχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable ( $\mu \hat{\nu} \theta o s$ ) and to regular history (ἰστορία): a. fictitious story, fable, such as those of Aesop. b. a story, narrative, mostly in pl., bistory, chronicles: in sing. one part of the narrative. λόγοι, prose-writing, prose, opp. to  $\pi \circ i \eta \sigma \iota s$ , a book. b. at Athens, speeches : a speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copia dicendi, λόγον τινὶ διδόναι to give one the right of speaking, i. e. a hearing. 8. like βημα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the hoyos.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; κατά λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον ξαυτώ διδόναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think I. over a thing. 2. account, consideration, esteem. regard; λόγου ποιείσθαί τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινθε έχειν to make account of a person; opp. to έν οὐδενὶ λόγφ ποιεῖσθαί τινα to make one of no account; έν ἀνδρὸς λόγος ἔχειν to regard in 3. calculation, reckoning: the the light of a man. account or reckoning: λόγον διδόναι to give an ac-4. relation, proportion, analogy. reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγο or ἐπὶ τοῖε λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος alpei it stands to reason that. Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., 'O AO'TOE, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason. ΛΟΤΧΗ, η, a spear-bead, javelin-bead, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

λογχ-ήρης, εε, (λόγχη, dpapείν) armed with a spear

λογχίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

**λόγχῖμος**, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear **λογχο-ποιόs**, όν, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears. λογχο-φόρος, ον, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:-as Subst., λογχοφύρος, δ, a spearman, pikeman. λογχωτός, ή, όν, (λύγχη) lance-beaded.

λόγωs, Dor. acc pl. of λόγοs.

λ6e, 3 sing Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ερ. for λούσας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω

λοέσσομαι, Εp. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω. λοετρόν, λοετρο-χόος, oldest form of λουτρ -. λοέω, Ep. form of λούω.

**λοιβή, ή**, (λείβω) a pouring  $\cdot$  a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

λοίγιος, ιον, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΓΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, rum, mischief, death · plague. λοιδορέω, f ήσω: 20r. I έλοιδόρησα: -- Med. and Pass., f. -ήσομαι: aor. I έλοιδορησάμην and έλοιδορήθην: (λοίδορος):-to rail at, abuse, revile against the gods, to blaspheme: - Med. to rail at one another; but the med, and pass, forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

λοιδορησμός, οῦ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing. λοιδορία, ή, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

λοίδοροs, ov, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΜΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis. λοιπός, ή, όν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, benceforward; of hoinof all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπόν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τά λοιπά the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήϊος, ον, Εp. for λοίσθιος, λοίσθος; λοισθήϊον  $\tilde{a} \in \theta \lambda o \nu$  the prize for the last in the race.

λοίσθιος, a,  $o\nu$  or os,  $o\nu$ , = λοίσθος.

λοισθος, ον, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λοισθό-Tatos, last of all.

λόκκη (not λόκη), ή, a cloak.

II. as Subst. Λοκρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. (sub. γf) Locris. From

Λοκροί, oi, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians | λοφείον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

opp. Euboea; the Epicnemidian, on the Maliac Gulf: the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

Λοξίας, ου, δ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος,

as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

λοξο-βάτης, ου, δ, (λοξύς, βαίνω) walking sideways. ΛΟΞΟ'Σ, ή, όν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus: λοξον or λοξά βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipo.

λοξο-τρόχις, ιδοε, fem. Adj. (λοξύς, τρέχω) ablique-

running

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

λοπάδ-αρπάγίδης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (λοπάς,  $\dot{a}$ ρπάζω)  $\dot{a}$  dish-

λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. ot λοπάς, a little dish, platter. [ă]

ΛΟΠΑ'Σ, άδοs, ή, a flat disb, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \lambda \epsilon \pi i s$ 

λοπός, οῦ, οτ λόπος, ου, ὁ, (λέπω) a shell, busk, bark, peel.

λουέω, Ερ. for λούω

λοῦμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. 20r. 1 med. of λούω.

λοῦσεν, Ep 3 sing. aor. 1 of λούω.

λοθσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσῶ, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτιάω, Desiderat of λούω, to wish to bathe.

λούτριον, τό, (λούω) water that bas been used in a bath.

λουτρο-δάϊκτος, ον, (λουτρύν, δαίζω) slain in the bath.

λουτρόν Ερ. λοετρόν, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place II. water for bathing; έν λουτρφ while bathing. III. libations.

λουτρο-φόρος, ον, (λουτρύν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; hourpo-

φύρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

λουτροχοέω, to pour water into the bath. From λουτρο-χόος, ον, Hom. λοετρ-, (λουτρών, λοετρόν,  $\chi(\omega)$  pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτρών, ωνος, δ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath. ΛΟΥ'Ω, fut. λούσω Dor. λουσῶ: aor. I έλουσα Ερ. λοῦσα:-- Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I ἐλουσάμην, Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:—Pass, 201. 1 ἐλούσθην:—pf. λέλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form λοέω come the Ep. impf, λύεον, aor. I inf. and part. λοέσσαι, λοέσσαs: Med., fut. λοέσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 1 ind. and part. λοέσσατο, λοεσσάμενος - Several forms also come from λόω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λόε, λόον; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλοῦμεν (contr. from ἐλόομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. έλούτο, έλοῦντο, inf. λόεσθαι, λοῦσθαι. To wash, esp. to wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen, λελουμένος 'Ωκεανοίο (of a star just risen) II. to wash off or away. fresh bathed in Ocean. λοφάω, f. ήσω, (λόφος) to bave a crest. sick, ill of a crest.

λοφία Ion. -ιή, ή, (λόφος) the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ή' λοφιή κατέχρα the mane served for a crest. II. the ridge of a bill, a bill.

λοφιήτης, ov, δ, (λόφος) a dweller on the bills. λοφνίς, ίδος, ή, (λέπω) a torch of vine-bark.

λοφο-ποιός, όν, (λόφος, ποιέω) making crests: as

Subst., λοφοποιόs, δ, a crest-maker.  $\Lambda O'\Phi O\Sigma$ , ov,  $\delta$ , the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph, ὑπὸ ζυγῷ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke. II. a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill. III. the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair. 2. a tuft of bair on the

crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds. Lat. crista, a cock's comb. λόφωσις, ή, (λόφος) the wearing a crest: the crest

itself. λοχ-αγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγό**ε**, q v.

λοχαγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) to lead a λόχοs or company. Hence

λοχαγία, ή, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, the rank or office of λοχαγόs.

λοχ-αγός, οῦ, ὁ, (λόχος, ἄγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγόs, the leader of a λόχοs, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.

 $\lambda o \chi \dot{\alpha} \dot{\zeta} \omega$ , =  $\lambda o \chi \dot{\alpha} \omega$ .

λοχάω, f. – $\eta$ σω and – $\eta$ σομαι: aor. 1 ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχόωσι, part. pl. λοχόωντες: (λόχος):to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc pers. absol. to lie in wait or ambush. III. c. acc. loci, to beset with an ambush.

λοχεία, ή, (λοχεύω) child-birth. II. a child. λοχείος, a, ov, (λόχος) of or for child-birth. τά λοχεία (sub. χωρία), a birth-place.

 $\lambda$ οχεός, οῦ, ὁ, =  $\lambda$ όχος, an ambush.

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) that which is born, a II. child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος II) to bring forth, bear. to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth. II. Pass. to travail, bear children. 2. to be brought forth, born. 3. generally, to lie imbedded.

λοχηγέτης, –ηγέω, –ηγός, Ion. for  $\lambda o \chi a \gamma$ –. λοχήσαι, aor. I inf. of λοχάω.

**Aoxia**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , fem. of  $\lambda \delta \chi ios$ , name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

λοχίζω, f. ίσω, (λόχος) to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for. 2. to place in ambush. to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.

**Aóxios**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\lambda o \chi \epsilon \hat{i} o s$ , of or for child-birth. λοχίτης [i], ov, o, fem.  $-\hat{\iota}$ τις,  $\iota\delta os$ ,  $(\lambda \acute{o}\chi os)$  one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade. λοχμαΐοs, a, ov, baunting the woods. From λόχμη, ή, (λόχοε) a thicket, lair of wild beasts: | Λυδιστί, Adv. (Λυδόε) in the Lydian tongue or generally, copse-wood, a coppice. Hence

λόχμιοs, ov, also a, ov, dwelling in the coppice. as Subst., λόχμια, τά, a thicket, coppice.

λοχμ-ώδης, εs, (λόχμη, είδος) overgrown with copsewood, busby.

λόχονδε, Adv. to ambush, for ambuscade. From λόχος, δ, (λέγω I, λέγομαι) a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambuscade: the lair of wild beasts. the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambusb; λόχον είσαι to place an ambuscade; λόχονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας άριστηας to pick out the best men for an ambuscade. 3. any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:-among the Spartans a λόχοs was the fourth or fifth part of a mora (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people. II. a lying in: child-birth, like λοχεία.

λοχόωντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

λόω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω,

 $\lambda \dot{\nu} \dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\lambda \dot{\nu} \omega)$  dissolution: faction, riot, sedition. Aualos, δ, (λύω) the looser or deliverer from care. epith of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.

λύγδην, Adv. (λύζω) with sobs.

λυγδίνεος, a, ov, and λύγδινος, η, ov, of white mar-2. white as marble, dazzling white. From  $\Lambda \Upsilon' \Gamma \Delta O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a dazzling white stone, white marble.

**ΛΥΤΗ**, ή, shadow, darkness, gloom. [v̄]

λυγίζω, f. ίσω Dor. λυγιζω: Pass., aor. τ pass. έλυ- $\gamma i \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : pf  $\lambda \epsilon \lambda i \gamma i \sigma \mu \alpha i$ : ( $\lambda i \gamma o s$ ):—to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling. II. Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe. 2. to be thrown or mastered.

λύγινος, η, ον, (λύγος) of willow or withy, Lat.

λυγιξείν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λυγισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.

λύγκειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (λύγξ, δ) lynx-like.

 $\Lambda\Upsilon$ TE,  $\lambda\nu\gamma\kappa\delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , a lynx.

**λύγξ**, λυγγό**s**, ή, (λύζω) a biccough or biccup.

ΛΥ ΓΟΣ, ή, any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen. II. a willow-like tree, a withy, Lat. vitex agnus castus. [v]

λύγο-τευχής, ές, (λύγος, τεύχω) made of withs.

 $\lambda \dot{\nu} \gamma \dot{\rho} \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\omega} \sigma \omega$ , =  $\lambda \nu \gamma i (\omega$ .

**ΛΥΓΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal. φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; είματα λυγρά sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, bane, misery, ruin. II. of men, baneful, mischievous. sorry, weak, cowardly. Hence

λυγρώs, Adv. sadly, sorely.

Λυδία, ή, Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.

Λυδίζω, f. ίσω, (Λυδόs) to imitate the Lydians.

Λυδίος, a, ον, (Λυδός) Lydian; ή Λυδία λίθος, 2 stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.

fashion.

Lydian.

Λυδός, οῦ, ὁ, a Lydian.

 $\Lambda \Upsilon' Z \Omega$ , f.  $\xi \omega$ , to have the hiccough or hiccup. to sob, Lat. singultire: to whine, whimper.

λύθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of λύω. λύθέν, aor. I part neut. pass

λυθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, δ, filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood. (Akın to λύμη.)

λυθρώδης, εs, (λύθρον, είδος) like gore, defiled with

λυκά-βαs, αντος, ό, (\*λύκη, βαίνω) the path of light, the sun's course, the year. II. as Adj. making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ώραι.

**λύκαινα**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (λύκο**s**) a she-wolf. [ $\ddot{\nu}$ ]

Λύκαῖον, τό, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

Λύκαιος, a, ov, Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter. II. as Subst, Λυκαΐος, ό, or Λυκαΐον, 2. Λύκαια (sub. lepá), running another. τό, a mountain in Arcadia. τά, the festival of Lycaean Jupiter:—also the Roman Lupercalia.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. in the Lycaonian language. λύκ-αυγής, ές, (\*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twilight: as Subst., λυκαυγές, τό, early dawn.

Λυκάων, ονος, δ, a Lycaonian, inhabitant of Lycaoma, in the South of Asia Minor.

λυκέη, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορά), ή, a wolf's-skin: a belmet of it, cf. κυνέη.

Λύκειον, τό, the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λύκειος.

λύκειος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, I. from λύκοs, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος: 2. from Aukia, the Lycian god, like Λυκηγενής; οι, 3. from \*λυκή (light), the god of day.

λύκη, ή, Att. contr. for λυκέη.

\*ΛΥ'KH, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκάβαs, λυκόφωs, λευκόs, Lat. luceo, lux, etc.

Αϋκη-γενής, έs, (Λυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, poor, sorry. Lycian-born.

λύκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) wolf-like.

Λυκία, ή, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor:—Λυκίηθεν, Adv. from Lycia: Λυκίηνδε, Adv. to Lycia. Λύκιο-εργής contr. -ουργής, ές, (Λυκία, έργον) of Lycian workmanship.

λύκο-εργής, έs, (λύκος, έργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.

λύκο-θαρσής, ές, (λύκος, θάρσος) bold as a wolf. λύκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.

λύκορ-ραίστης, ου, δ, (λύκος, βαίω) a wolf-worrier. **ΛΥ'ΚΟΣ**, δ, a wolf:—proverb., λύκον ίδειν to see a wolf, i.e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Virgil, Moerim lupi videre priores. II. in pl. spikes on the

Αυδο-παθής, ές, (Λυδός, παθείν) luxurious as a bits of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. lupi, lupata, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

> λύκό-φως, ωτος, δ, (λύκη, φως) twilight, both of II. morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. diluculum.

> λύκόω, f. ώσω, (λύκοs) to tear like a wolf:—Pass. to II. be torn by wolves.

λύμα, ματος, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, offscourings. moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man. (From λούω, Lat. luo.)

λυμαίνομαι, f. λυμάνουμαι: aor. I έλυμηνάμην: also aor. I pass έλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage: -to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy: also, to persecute. II. the pres.

λυμαίνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence λυμαντήρ, ηρος, δ, a spoiler, destroyer: and

λύμαντήριος, a, ov, injurious, destructive: c. gen.,

 $\lambda \tilde{v}$   $\mu$   $\alpha v \tau \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \lambda v \mu \alpha v \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

**λ**ύμασις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \mu \eta$ .  $[\bar{v}]$ 

**λ**υμεών, ωνο**s**, δ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

 $\Lambda\Upsilon'MH[\bar{v}], \dot{\eta}$ , outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace: generally, maltreatment, maining, mutilation, destruction; ἐπὶ λύμη for the sake of insult.

λύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λυμηνάμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι

**λύντο**, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λυπέω, f. ήσω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy: of light troops, to barass, annoy:—Pass, with f. med. λυπήσομαι, to be sad, to be grieved

**ΛΥΊΗ** [v̄], ή, pain, either of body or mind, Lat. dolor: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λυπέω) tain, distress.

 $\lambda \bar{\nu} \pi \hat{\eta} v$ , Dor. inf. of  $\lambda \nu \pi \epsilon \omega$ .

λύπηρός, ά, όν, (λυπέω) painful, Lat. molestus.

λύπητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, one must feel pain. λυπρός, ά, όν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) wretched, distressed, II. painful, distressing.

ΛΥ'PA [v], ή, Lat. lyra, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμιγξ. λύρ-αοιδός, ὁ, (λύρα, ἀοιδός) one who sings to the

λυρίζω, f. ίσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

λυρικός, ή, όν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre: as Subst., λυρικόs, δ, a lyric poet.

λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

λύρο-γηθής, ές, (λύρα, γηθέω) delighting in the lyre. λύρο-θελγής, ές, (λίρα, θέλγω) charmed by the lyre. λύρο-κτύπία, ή, (λύρα, κτυπέω) a sounding the lyre. λύρο-ποιός, όν, (λύρα, ποιέω) making lyres.

λύρ-ώδης, ες, (λύρα, είδος) adapted to the lyre,

λύρφδός, δ, contr. for λυρασιδύε.

λυσ-avias, ou, o, (λύω, avia) ending sadness. **λύσειαν**, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of λύω.

λυσί-γάμος, ον, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage. λυσί-ζωνος, ον, οτ η, ον, (λύω, ζώνη) loosing the zone: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail.

λυσί-κάκος, ον, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.

λυσί-μάχος, ον, οτ η, ον, (λύω, μάχη) ending strife.

λυσι-μελής, ές, (λύω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.

λῦσι-μέριμνος, ον, (λύω, μέριμνα) driving care away. λύστμος, ον, (λύσις) able to loose or relieve.

λῦσί-ποθος, ον, (λύω, πόθος) delivering from love.

λυσί-πονος, ον, (λύω, πύνος) freeing from toil.

λύσις [v], gen. εως Ion. ιος, η: (λύω): a loosing, setting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσις χρειῶν liquidation of debt.

means or power of releasing or loosing.

λυσιτελέω, f. ήσω, = λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: impers., λυσιτελεῖ, it profits, benefits: with a comp. force, τεθνάναι λυσιτελεῖ ἡ ζῆν it is better to be dead than alive; οὐ λυσιτελεῖ μοι it profits me not; neut. part. τὸ λυσιτελοῦν, τὰ λυσιτελοῦντα profit, gain, advantage. From

λῦσι-τελής, ές, (λύω, τέλος) paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. Comp.

-έστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

λυσιτελούντως, Adv. pres. part. of λυσιτελέω, usefully, profitably.

λυσι-φλεβής, ές, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins. λυσι-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the mind.

AΥΣΣΑ Att. λύττο, ή, rage, fury, esp. 111 wat, martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence λυσσοίνω, to be raging-mad, to rave.

λυσσάς, άδος, ή, (λύσσα) raging-mad, raving. λυσσάω Att. λυττάω, (λύσσα) to be raging, furious, esp. in battle. 2. to be raging-mad, to rave.

λύσσημα, τό, (λυσσάω) a fit of madness: m pl. ravings.

λυσσην, Dor. inf of λυσσάω.

λυσσητήρ, ηροs, and λυσσητήs, οῦ, ὁ, (λυσσάω) one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman.

λυσσο-μάνής, es, (λύσσα, μανῆναι) raging-mad. λυσσ-ώδης, es, (λύσσα, elδos) like madness: ragingmad, raving.

λυτέον, verb. Adj. of λύω, one must loose.

λυτήρ, ηρος, δ, (λύω) one who looses, a deliverer, releaser.

II. an arbitrator, settler.

λυτήριος, α, ον, οτ os, ον, (λύω) loosing, releasing: c. gen. delivering or setting free from.

λύτο [v], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. 2 or. 2 pass. of λύω; but λύτο, contr. for λύετο, Ep. impf. pass. of λύω.

λύτρον, τό, (λύω) the price paid:
1. a ransom, price of redemption, mostly in pl.
2. an atonement.

λυτρόω, f. ωσω, (λύτρον) release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom. 2. Med. to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem. 3. Pass. to be ransomed. λύτρωσις, εωε, ή, (λυτρύω) a ransoming. Redemption.

λυτρωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (λυτρόω) a ransomer, redeemer.

λύττα, λυττάω, Att. for λύσσα, λυσσάω.

λύχνα, τά, irreg. pl. of λύχνος.

 $\lambda$ υχνείον οτ  $\lambda$ υχνίον,  $\tau$ ό,  $(\lambda \dot{\nu} \chi \nu os) = \lambda \nu \chi \nu i \alpha$ .

λυχνεών, ῶνος, ὁ, (λύχνος) a place to keep lamps in. λυχνία, ἡ, (λύχνος) a lamp-stand.

λυχνίδιον, τό, Dim. of λύχνος, a small lamp.

λυχνο-κατά, ή, (λύχνος, καίω) a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns

λυχνο-ποιός, όν, (λύχνος, ποιέω) making lamps or lanterns.

λυχνό-πολις, ή, (λύχνος, πόλις) city af lamps. λυχνο-πώλης, ου, ό, (λύχνος, πωλέω) a dealer in

lamps or lanterns
ΛΥΧΝΟΣ, δ, pl λύχνοι and λύχνα, a light, lamp;
περὶ λύχνων ἀφάs about the time for lamp-lighting,
i. e. at dusk.

λυχνοφορέω, f ήσω, (λυχνοφύροs) to carry a lantern: Lacon part. λυχνοφορίοντες.

λυχνο-φόρος, ον. (λύχνος, φέρω) carrying a lamp.  $\Lambda \Upsilon' \Omega$ , fut.  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega \ [\bar{\nu}]$ , aor. I έλ $\bar{\nu} \sigma \alpha$ : pf.  $\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\nu} \kappa \alpha$ :— Pass, fut. λυθήσομαι and paullo-post fut λελύσομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor. I  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\dot{v}\theta\eta\nu$   $[\check{v}]$ : Ep. aor. 2 pass.  $\lambda\dot{v}\mu\eta\nu$   $[\check{v}]$ , 3 sing. λύτο, 3 pl. λύντο: pf. λέλὔμαι, plqpf. ἐλελύμην [v], 3 sing. Ep. opt.  $\lambda \in \lambda \hat{v} \tau o$ , for  $\lambda \in \lambda v o \iota \tau o$ .—To loose: to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; λύειν όφρυν to unbend the brow; λ. στόμα to open the mouth; etc.:-Med. to loosen or undo for oneself. 2. of horses, 3. generally, to loose, reto unyoke, unbarness. 4. to release a captive on receipt lease, set free. of ransom, to bold to ransom, release: - Med. to release by payment, ransom, redeem. II. to loosen, weaken, relax; λύειν γυία, γούνατα to loose the limbs, knees, i. e. unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to III. to dissolve, break up. slay, kill. 3 generally, to break down, lay low, demolisb. undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; λύειν σπονδάs to break a treaty. 4. to dismiss, assuage, calm. undo, atone, make up for, Lat. luere, rependere; so IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθούs λύειν λύειν άμαρτίας. to pay rates or taxes: hence, 2.  $\lambda \dot{\nu} \epsilon i \nu \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \eta = \lambda \nu$ σιτελείν, to profit, avail; οὐ λύει τέλη it boots not; also λύειν, absol. without τέλη, to profit.

λῶ, contr. from λάω, *I will*, wisb or desire, a Doric defect. Verb only used in sing. λῶ, λῆε, λῆ, 3 pl. λῶντι; subj λῆε, λῆ; opt. λψη; inf. λῆν; also part. dat. τῷ λῶντι.

λωβάομαι Ion. - έομαι: f. - ήσομαι Dor. λωβασοῦμαι: aor. 1 med. ἐλωβησάμην: (but aor. 1 ἐλωβήθην and pf. λελώβημαι in pass. sense): Dep.: (λώβη):— to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mutilate: to disbonour.
2. absol. to act outrageously or despitefully.

II. pf. part. λελωβημένος, in pass. sense, mutilated.

λωβεύω, t.  $\sigma\omega$ , (λώβη) to mock, make a mock of. AΩ'BH, ή, ill-usage by word or deed, despiteful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium λωβηθηναι, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.

 $\lambda \omega \beta \dot{\eta} \tau \epsilon \iota \rho a$ , fem. of  $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

λωβητήρ, ήρος, δ, (λωβάομαι) one who treats despitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: muti-II. pass. a worthless wretch. lator, murderer.

λωβητής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ ;  $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} s$   $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta s$   $\alpha$  dis-

grace to his trade.

λωβητός, ή, όν, (λωβάομαι) ill-treated, outraged, II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful. disbonoured.  $\lambda \omega \beta \dot{\eta} \tau \omega \rho$ , oρos,  $\dot{\delta}$ , =  $\lambda \omega \beta \eta \tau \dot{\eta} \rho$ .

λώια, λωίτερος, ν. λωίων.

λωίων, ονος, δ, ή, λώιον, τό: Att. contr. λώων,  $\lambda \hat{\varphi} o \nu$ : neut. pl.  $\lambda \omega i o \nu a$ , syncop.  $\lambda \dot{\omega} \iota a$ :  $(\lambda \hat{\omega} \ to \ w \iota s b)$ : -more desirable; better :- Sup. λώιστος, η, ον, contr. λώστος — There is also a second Comp. λωίτερος, ον. **ΛΩMA**, atos, to, the hem or border of a robe. Hence

λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.

λώντι, 3 pl of Dor verb λώ, to wisb.

 $\lambda \omega \pi \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\lambda \epsilon \pi \omega$ ,  $\lambda o \pi \dot{o} s$ ) a covering, mantle. a skin, busk, shell.

λωπίζω, f ίσω, (λώπη) to cover, wrap up.

λωποδύτέω, f. ήσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From

λωπο-δύτης [v], ov, δ, (λωπος, δύω) one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.

 $\lambda \hat{\omega} \pi o s$ ,  $\dot{\phi}_{i} = \lambda \hat{\omega} \pi n$ .

λωίων, most desirable, best.

λωτεῦντα, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτόεις.

λωτίζω, f. ίσω, (λωτόs) to pluck flowers -- Med. λωτίζομαι, to cull flowers for onevelf, choose the best. λώτινος, η, ον, (λωτός) of lotus.

λώτισμα, τό, (λωτίζω) a flower: metaph. the flower. choicest, best.

λωτόεις, εσσα, εν, (λωτύς) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτεῦντα, Ion. for λωτόεντα, lotus-plains.

 $\Lambda\Omega TO'\Sigma$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , the lotus, name of several plants: the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed. II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called Lotophagi: the fruit was boney-sweet, μελιηδήs: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτόs is used poët, for a flute.

λωτο-τρόφος, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing lotus. λωτο-φάγος, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, oi, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

λωτρόν, λωτρο-χόος, Dor. for λουτρ-.

λωτώ, Dor. for λωτού, gen. of λωτό».

λωφάω Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, (λόφος) to rest from toil. take rest: c. gen. to bave rest, abate from. abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφήσειε, 3 sing aor I opt. of λωφάω.

λώφησιε, ή, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, ces-

λώων, neut. λώον, Att. contr. for λωίων, λώιον.

## M

M, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\mu' = 40$ , but  $\mu = 40,000$ .

Changes of  $\mu$ , esp. in the dialects: I. Acol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Acol. 4 doubled, e. g. ἄμμες ὕμμες, for ἡμεῖς ὑμεῖς. III. μ becomes ν, as, μίν Dor. νίν; μή, Lat. ne. IV. u is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ία μία, όσχος μόσχος, όχλεύς μοχλεύς, 'Aρηs Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as πίμπλημι πίπλημι, πίμπρημι πίπρημι, ἄμβροτος άβρο-V.  $\mu$  sometimes has τος, ὄμβριμος ὄβριμος, etc. a or o prefixed, as, μέλγω ἀμέλγω, μέργω ἀμέργω, μόργνυμι δμόργνυμι. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as, σμάραγδος μάραγδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρύε, σμυγερύε μογερύε.

 $\mu$ , apostr. for  $\mu\epsilon$ . II. very rarely for μοι.

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and λώστος, η, ον, Att. contr. from λώιστος, Sup. of oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the con-I. in affirmation; ναί μὰ τόδε σκήπτρον yea by this sceptre. II. in negation; οὐ μὰ γὰρ 'Απόλλωνα nay by Apollo. III. Att. μά is used absol., μὰ Δία by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, vai μα τόν, οὐ μα τόν (sub. Δία). V μά is sometimes omitted after οὐ; as, οὐ τὸν Δία, οὐ τὸν θεόν, no by love, etc.

> μα, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μα  $\gamma \hat{a}$  for  $\mu \hat{\eta} \tau \epsilon \rho \ \gamma \hat{\eta}$ : cf.  $\beta \hat{a}$ ,  $\delta \hat{\omega}$ ,  $\lambda \hat{i}$ .

> μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [ă] From μάγαδις, ή, gen. ιδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μάγαδιν .—the magadis, a barp with twenty strings.

> μαγγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

μαγγάνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεύω, f. σω, (μάγγανον) to cheat by sleight of

band: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks. MATΓANON, τό, any means for tricking of bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus.

= γάγγαμον, a bunting-net. μάγεία, ή, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi.

magic, art.

μαγειρείον, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-sbop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μάγειρικός, ή, όν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ή μαγειρική (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence

μαγειρικώs, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος, δ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μαζα, because the baking of bread was originally the

chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μαγεύω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγεύω, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician; μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations.

trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, δ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Mayvησία in Thessaly: also Mayvήτηs, II. λίθος Μαγνητις, ή, the magfem. Maγνητιs.

net, also called λίθος 'Ηρακλεία.

MA'ΓΟΣ, ov, δ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [ă]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγοs, φύνοs) the slaughter of

the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτεροs, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγοs, more magical.

μάδαρός, ά, όν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of

the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ήσω, (μαδόs) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald.  $\mu \acute{a} \delta \delta a$ , Dor. for  $\mu \acute{a} (a)$ 

\*ΜΑΔΟ'Σ, ή, όν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός. μαζα, ή, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barleycake, opp. to άρτος, wheaten bread; μαζαν μεμάχώς having baked him a cake, with a pun on  $\mu \dot{\alpha} \chi \eta$ .

μαζίσκη, ή, Dim. of μαζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, δ, (μᾶζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or

charger, Lat. mazonomus.

**MAZO'Σ**, οῦ, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέρνον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men.  $\mu\alpha\sigma\tau\delta s$  differs from  $\mu\alpha\zeta\delta s$  only in dialect. μάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of μανθάνω.

μαθεθμαι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μανθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθείν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήцата mathematics. Hence

μάθηματικός, ή, όν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ή μαθηματική (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικό: a mathematician.

μάθησις, ή, (μἄθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire of power of learning.

μ**αθήσομαι**, fut. of μανθάνω.

μάθητέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of μανθάνω, to be II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn. μάθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From

μάθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. dis-

cipulus: a disciple.

μαθητιάω, Desiderat. of μανθάνω, to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μάθητός, ή, όν, (μαθείν) learnt, that may be learnt. μαθήτρια, ή, fem. of μαθητήs, a female pupil.

μαθοίσι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μανθάνω. μάθον [ἄ], Ep. 20r. 2 of μανθάνω.

 $\mu \acute{a}\theta os [\breve{a}], \tau \acute{o}$ , poet. and Ion. for  $\mu \acute{a}\theta \eta \sigma \iota s$ .

μ**ἄθών,** 201. 2 part. of μανθάνω.

MAIA, ή, good mother, dame. II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Maîa, ή, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Maiás, άδος, ή.

Maίανδροs, δ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαιεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαΐα III) to serve as a

midwife: trans. to batch.

Μαιμακτηριών, ωνος, ή, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Maiμάκτη**s** held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, δ, (μαιμάσσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as

being the god of storms, etc.

 $\mu$ αι $\mu$ άσσω, =  $\mu$ αι $\mu$ άω, to burst forth.

μαιμάω, Ερ. 3 pl. μαιμώωσι, part. μαιμώων, -ώωσα: f. ώσω: Ep. aor. 1 μαίμησα: (redupl. of μάω, as παι- $\phi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \sigma \omega$  from  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \omega$ ):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαινάς, άδος, ή, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, fran-2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a tıc. Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

MAI'NH, h, maena, a small sea-fish, like our her-

μαινίς, ίδος [τ], ή, Dim. of μαίνη, a strat.

μαινόλης, ου, ό, fem. μαινόλις, ιδος, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

 $\mu a i v \delta \lambda i o s$ , a, o v,  $= \mu a i v \delta \lambda \eta s$ .

μαίνομαι, fut. μανήσομαι and μανουμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμηνα, also (in pass. form) μεμάνημαι: aor. I med. ἐμηνάμην, aor. 2 pass ἐμάνην, part. μἄνείs, inf. μανηναι: (\*μάω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαινόμενος Διόνυσοs the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot - μαίνεσθαι ὑπό τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god :- Att. phrase, πλείν ή μαίνομαι more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. Causal in aor. 1 act. έμηνα, to make mad, madden.

MAI'OMAI, fut. μάσομαι [α], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαιδομαι, f. =ώσομαι, Dep. = μαι εύομαι.

Maιρa, ή, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i.e. the dog-star. Maiwriort, Adv. in Maeotic (i.e. Scythian) fashion. ΜΑ'ΚΑ Ρ [μα], αροε, δ: fem. μάκαρ or μάκαιρα:blessed, bappy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαρε, the blessed ones, i.e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate: but also, prosperous, wealthy. III. the dead were esp. called warapes, the blessed, as being beyond the reach of pain: — μακάρων νησοι the islands of the blest, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., μακάρτερος, -τατος. μακάρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of μάκαρ.

μακαρία, ή, (μάκαρ) bappiness, bliss. II. the

abode of the blessed.

μακαρίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιω, (μάκαρ) to call or esteem bappy: to bless. μακάριος, a, ov, or os, ov, collat. form of μάκαρ,

blessed, bappy, fortunate: -in Att. one of the upper classes: - Comp. and Sup. μακαριώτερος, -τατος.

μακαρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or

esteeming bappy, a blessing.

μακαριστός, ή, όν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced bappy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. -τωs.

μακαρίτης [t], ov, o, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μακαρίτις, ιδος.

μάκαρτός, ή, όν, = μακαριστός.

μάκεδνός, ή, όν, (μ $\hat{\eta}$ κος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side : or, to speak Macedonian.

Maκεδόνιος, a, ov, and -ovikos, ή, όν, Macedonian.

Μάκεδών, όνος, δ, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet. also μακέλη, ή, (μία, κέλλω, as δίκελλα from δίς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point. μάκελλον, τό, Lat. măcellum, a slaughter-bouse, shambles, market.

μακεστήρ, ηρος, δ, (μακος) used as Adj., μῦθος μα-

κεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μάκηδών, όνος, ό, poet for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μῆκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρόs, = μέγιστοs, greatest.

μακκοάω, f. άσω,  $[\bar{a}]$ , to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακ-

κοāκώs, dreaming, mooning.

μακος, τό, Dor. for μηκος, length: acc. μακος as

 $Adv. = \mu \alpha \kappa \rho \dot{\alpha} v$ , afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ή, the long line which the δικαστήs drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line ( $\beta \rho \alpha \chi \epsilon i \alpha$ ), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αίων, ωνος, δ, η, (μακρός, αίων) lasting long: of persons, long-lived; of μακραίωνες the immortals. μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; μακράν είπειν to speak at great length: also long, μακράν ζην to live long.

μακρ-αύχην,  $\epsilon vos$ , δ, ή, (μακρόs, αὐχήν) long-

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (μακρόs, άγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ή, long-windedness, prolixity, prosing.

μακρ-ημερία, ή, (μακρόε, ήμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρό-βίος, ον, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: of Maκρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρο-βίοτος, ον, (μακρός, βίοτος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρό-γηρωs, ων, gen. ω, (μακρόs, γηραs) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ον, (μακρόε, δραμείν) far-running.

μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar. μακροθυμέω, f. ήσω, (μακρόθυμος) to be long-suffer-

ing, patient; μακροθυμεῖν είς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ή, long-suffering.

μακρό-θύμος, ον, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. - uos, patiently.

μακρολογέω, f. ήσω, (μακρολόγοs) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ή, a speaking at length. μακρο-λόγος, ον, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length. μακρό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ά, όν, (μᾶκος, μῆκος) long, whether of Space or Time: I. of Space, long, far-stretching. 3. far, far distant; μακραί tall, lofty: also deep. ἐπιβοήθειαι succours from a distance: ἐπὶ μακρόν far, for a long way; ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possible. 4. dat. μακρώ is often used, like πολύ, by far, much; μακρῷ πρῶτοs by far the first. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring; διά μακροῦ (sc. χρόνου) after a long time; είs μακρόν for a long 2. long, tedious; δια μακρών at great length. III. regul. Comp. μακρότερος; Sup. μακρότατος: Irreg. Comp. μάσσων, μᾶσσον; Sup. μήκιστος Dor. μάκιστος, formed from μηκος, as αίσχιστος from aloxos. IV. the neut. pl. μακρά is used as Adv., μακρά βιβάs taking long strides; μακρά μεμῦκώς loudly bellowing; μακρά προσεύχεσθαι to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., μακρον ἀϋτείν to shout aloud.

μάκρος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, = μ $\hat{a}$ κος, μ $\hat{\eta}$ κος, lengtb.

μακρο-τένων, οντος, δ, ή, (μακρός, τείνω) farstretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρό-τονος, ον, (μακρός,  $\tau \epsilon i \nu \omega$ ) = μακροτένων.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, δ, ή, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ου, δ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ον, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring. μάκτρα, ή, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω.

μάκών, old poët. aor. 2 part. of μηκάομαι.

μάκων [ā], ωνος, Dor. for μήκων, ωνος. MA'AA, Adv. very, very much, exceedingly,

quite : I. strengthening the word with which it stands; μάλα πολλά very many; μάλ' εὖ right well; μάλ' αὐτίκα quite directly; μάλα διαμπερές right through; οψ μάλα by no means, on no account,

strengthening a whole sentence;  $\bar{\eta}$   $\mu \dot{\alpha} \lambda a \delta \dot{\eta} ..., now$ in very truth.; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμαώς though desiring never so much. II. Comp. μαλ-Nov, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. po-2. too much, far too much. 3. μᾶλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; δηίτερος μάλλον more easier; εχθίων μαλλον; etc. 4. μᾶλλον n is often followed by ou (where ou seems redundant), 25, πόλιν δλην διαφθείρειν μαλλον ή οὐ τοὺε αἰτίουε: in this case μαλλον ή οὐ is preceded by another 5. παντόε μάλλον more than anything, negat. i. e. by all means. III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; έν τοίε μάλιστα (sc. οὖσι), Lat. imprimis, as much as any; ès τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as έχθιστος μάλιστα. numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πεντήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is fortynine: hence about, pretty near, ès μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. vel maxime.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, malobathrum, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μάλακαι-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μάλακία, ή, (μαλακόs) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλακιάω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλακίζω, f. σω, (μαλακόs) to make soft, enervate.

II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοθμαι: aor. I med. ξμαλακισάμην, pass. ξμαλακίσθην:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate.

2. to be softened or appeased.

μάλακίων, ωνος, δ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κτ] μάλακο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη)

gentle of mood.

MA ΛΑ ΚΟ΄ Σ, ή, όν, Lat. MOLLIS, soft; μαλακό λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μάλακό-χειρ, χειρο**ε**, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μαλακύε, χείρ) soft-banded, soothing.

μάλακύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλακώς, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, care-

lessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (μαλακόε) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him. II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ή, (μάλακόε) a mallow, Lat. malva. μαλερόε, ά, όν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vebement.

MA'ΛH, η, the arm-pit, Lat. ala: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλην or ὑπὸ μάλην, under the arm.

MA'ΛΘΑ or μάλθη, η, a mixture of wan and pitch for calking ships.
2. the wan laid over writingtablets.

μαλθάκίζω, f. ίσω Att.  $\iota\hat{\omega}$ , = μαλακίζω, to soften:— Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθάκινος, η, ον, poet. for μαλθακός.

μαλθακιστίον or -ία, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθάκόs,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta v$ , =  $\mu \alpha \lambda \alpha \kappa \delta s$  (with  $\theta$  inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθακώs, Adv softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθάσσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:— Pass., μαλθαχθήναι ύπνφ to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, a, ov, Dor for μήλινος.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλλόs) bair, a lock of bair. [ $\check{a}$ ] Maλίs, ίδοs, ή, Dor. for Mηλίs, (μάλον, = μ $\hat{\eta}$ λον) a nymph who protects the flocks (μ $\hat{\eta}$ λα).

μάλιστα, Adv, Sup of μάλα: ν. μάλα III. μαλλα, by crasis for μη άλλά, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μάλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: ν μάλα 11. ΜΑΛΛΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep,

a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of bair.

μαλόβαθρον, ν μαλάβαθρον. μαλον, Dor. for μήλον Β.

μαλο-πάρηος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρηος. μαλός, ή, όν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ... μάμμα and μάμμη, ή, a child's attempt to call to its

mother; like ἄππα, ἀπφά, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother. III later a grandmother.

Maμμάκτθοs, δ, proverb. word for a blockbead. μαμμάν alτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ή, (μάμμα) a mother.

Mαμμονάs or Μαμωνάs, οῦ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλοῦτοs: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μήν. MA'NΔPA, ή, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. mandra: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. pala, funda. μανδράγόρας, ου, ό, mandrake, a narcotic plant.

μάνείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Maveρωs, δ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Λίνοs.

μάνες, Dor. for μηνες, pl. of μην. μάνηναι, aor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

MANΘΑ'ΝΩ, fut. μάθησομαι Dor. μάθεθμαι: aor. 2 ἔμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἔμμαθες, ἔμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to bave learnt; i. e. to understand, be acquainted with. II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about. III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. teneo; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πάνν μανθάνω, perfectly!—c. part., μάνθανε ὧν know that you are.

in Att., τί μαθών; comes to mean wherefore? properly, having ascertained what? for what fresh reason? almost = τί παθών;

μανία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) madness, frenzy. II. generally, mad passion, rage, fury. III. enthusiasm, Bacchic frenzy.

μανίως, άδος, (μαίνομαι) fem. Adj. frantic, mad, frenzied: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., μανιάσιν λυσσήμασι with mad fits of raving, like victricia arma μανίκος, ή, όν, (μανία) inclined to madness, mad; βλέπειν μανικόν to look mad. Hence

μανικώς, Adv. in mad fashion, madly.

μανις, ίδος, Dor. for μηνις

μανίω, Dor. for μηνίω

μάνι-ώδης, εs, (μανία, είδος) mad-like, mad: τὸ μανιῶδες madness.

MANNA, ή, a morsel, grain. 2 manna. MA'NNOΣ or μάνος, δ, Lat. monile, a necklace, collar.

μαννο-φόρος, ον, (μάννος, φέρω) wearing a collar. MANO Σ, ή, όν, Lat. rarus, thin, loose, slack, flaccid. II. of number, few, scanty. See μανῶς. μαντεία Ion. - ηίη, ή, (μαντεύομαι) prophesying, power of divination: also the mode of divination. II. an oracle, prophesy.

μαντείον Ion. - τιον, τό, (μαντίs) an oracle, i.e., I. an oracular response. II. the seat of an oracle.

μαντείος, α, ον, οτ ος, ον, Ion. - ήιος, η, ον, (μάντις) oracular, prophetic.

μάντευμα, atos, τό, an oracle. From

μαντεύομαι, f. -σομαι: 201. Ι ξμαντευσάμην: pf. μεμάντευμαι: Dep.: (μάντις):—to divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle.

1. to presage, forebode, surmise: of animals, to scent.

3. to seek divinations: to consult an oracle.

II. 201. Ι ξμαντεύθη, impers. in pass sense, an oracle was given: and pf. part. τὰ μεμαντευμένα, the oracles delivered. Hence

μαντευτέον, verb. Adj. one must divine, prophesy. μαντευτός, ή, όν, (μαντεύομαι) foretold or ordained by an oracle.

μαντηίη, -τήιον, -τήιος, Ιοπ. for μαντεία, etc. μάντι, voc. of μάντις.

μαντικόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ ν, of or for a soothsayer or diviner, prophetic: as Subst., μαντική (sub.  $\dot{\tau}$ έχνη),  $\dot{\eta}$ , the art or faculty of divination. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}$ s.

μαντίπολέω, f. ήσω, to prophesy. From

μαντί-πόλος, ον, (μάντίς, πολέω) inspired, frenzied. μάντις, δ, gen. εως Ion. ιος: (μαίνομαι): a diviner, sootbsayer, seer, prophet: also as fem., a prophetess. 2. metaph. a foreboder. II. a kind of locust or grassbopper.

μαντοσύνη, ή, the art of divination, divining. [ $\delta$ ] μαντόσϋνος, η, ον, (μάντιε) oracular, prophetic. μαντώος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = μαντεῖος.

μανύω, μανυτής, μανυσις, Dor. for μην-.
μανώς, Adv of μανός, rarely: comp. μανότερον,
less often.

μάομαι, see μαίομαι.

μάπίων, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of μάρπτω.

μάραγνα,  $\eta$ , = σμάραγνα, a lash, whip, scourge. [μά] μάραθον, τό, Dor. and Att. form of μάραθρον.

MA'PAΘPON, τό, fennel, Lat. maraibrum. [μα] Μαραθών, ῶνος, ἡ, Maraibon, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (μάραθον).

Μάραθωνο-μάχης, ου, δ, (Μαραθών, μάχομαι) one who fought at Marathon: hence a brave veteran.

MA PAI'NΩ, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐμάρηνα Att. - ἄνα:— Pass, aor. I ἐμᾶράνθην: pf. μεμάραμμαι or μεμάρασμαι:—to put out, quench, extinguish:—Pass. to die away, burn low.

II. metaph. to quench: to weaken, make to waste or pine away:—Pass. to die away, waste away, languish.

μαρὰν ἀθά, Syriac, the Lord cometh, sc. to judgment. μαργαίνω, only in pres., (μάργοs) to rage furiously. μαργαρίτης [i], ου, ὁ, a pearl, Lat. margarita.

μαργάω, only in part., (μάργοε) to rage furiously. Μαργίτης [τ], ου, ό, (μάργοε) Margites, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

MA'PΓΟΣ, η, ον, οι os, ον, raging mad, Lat. furiosis. 2. greedy, gluttonous. 3. lustful. Hence μαργότης, ητος, ή, rage, madness. 2. greediness, gluttony. 3. lust.

MA'PH,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \chi \dot{\epsilon} i \rho$ , a band. (Hence  $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} - \mu a \rho \dot{\eta} s$ )
MA'PI'AH,  $\dot{\eta}_1$ , the embers of charcoal. [1]

μαρίλο-πότης, ου, δ, (μαρίλη, ΠΟ – Root of some tenses of πίνω) gulper of coal-dust.

MAPMAIPΩ, only in pres. and impf, to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam, mostly of metal; δμματα μαρμαίροντα sparkling eyes. Hence

μαρμάρεος, α, ον, (μαρμαίρω) flashing, sparkling, glistening, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρίνος, η, ον, (μάρμαρος) of marble

μαρμάρδεις, εσσα, εν, = μαρμάρεος, bright, gleaming. μάρμάρον, τό, = μάρμαρος.

μάρμαρος, ου, δ, (μαρμαίρω) any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it: also as Adj., πέτρος μάρμαρος a sparkling stone. II. μάρμαρος, ή, Lat. marmor, marble: also a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble.

μαρμαρύτή, ή, (μαρμαρύσσω) a flashing, sparkling: of any quick motion, μαρμαρυγαὶ ποδῶν ibe quick twinkling of the dancers' feet.

μαρμάρ-ωπός, όν, (μάρμαρος, ώψ) with sparkling eyes. MA'PNA'MAI, ασαι, αται, imperat. μάρναος, subj. μάρνωμαι, opt. μαρνοίμην, inf. μάρνασθαι, part. μαρνάμενος; impf. ξμαρνάμην, αο, ατο, dual ξμαρνάσθην: no other tenses in use: Dep.:—to fight, do battle, contend:—of boxers, to contend, encounter.

1. to quarrel, wrangle.

3. metaph. to struggle, strive. μαρναμένουν, Ep. part. gen. dual of μαρναμαι.

μάρνατο, μάρναντο, Fp. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of μάρναμαι.

μαρπτίς, δ. (μάρπτω) a seizer, ravisber.

μαστήριος, a, ov, searching.

μαστιγέω, false form for μαστιγόω

μαστιγίαs, ov, δ, (μάστιξ) one who deserves whip-

ping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. verbero.

**ΜΑΤΠΤΩ**, fut. μάρψω: 201. Ι ἔμαρψα: Ep. redupl. 20r. 2 μέμαρπον: and a shortd. 20r. 2 έμαπον, inf. μαπέειν, whence 3 pl. opt. μεμάποιεν: pf. part. μεμαρπώ: - to grasp, bold, catch: to lay bold of. seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch. MA'PΣΓΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. marsupium. MA'PTΥ P, υρος, δ and η, Aeol. for μάρτυς. Hence μαρτύρέω, f. ήσω:-Pass., fut. 1 μαρτύρηθήσομαι, but also f. med. in pass. sense, μαρτυρήσομαι: aor. I ξμαρτυρήθην: pf. μεμαρτύρημαι:—to be a witness: to bear witness: μαρτυρείν τινί to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is :- Pass. to bave witness borne to one. later, to be or become a martyr. Hence μαρτύρημα, ατοε, τό, testimony. μαρτύρία, ή, (μαρτυρέω) a bearing witness. witness, testimony, evidence. μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., μαρτύρια, τά, evidence. [v] From **μαρτύρομαι** [v], f. υρούμαι: aor. I ἐμαρτυράμην: Dep.: (μάρτυς):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. μαρτύρομαι, I call witnesses, I protest. μάρτυρος, δ, Ερ. form of μάρτυς, a witness. ΜΑΥΤΥΣ, δ οτ ή, gen. μάρτυρος, acc. μάρτυρα, as if from μάρτυρ, but also acc. μάρτϋν: pl. μάρτϋρες, dat. μάρτυσι poet. μάρτυσσι:—a witness. μαρυκάομαι, μαρύκημα, Dor. for μηρυκ-. μαρύομαι, Dor. for μηρύομαι. μάρψαι, aor. 1 inf. of μάρπτω. μασάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep., (μάω, μάσσω) to chew. μάσασθαι [ă], aor. I inf. of Root \*μάω, to touch. μάσδα, μασδός, Dor. for μᾶζα, μαζός.  $μάσθλη, \dot{η}, = iμάσθλη, a leathern thong.$  Hence μάσθλης, ητος, ό, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave. μασθός, δ, a Dor. form of μαστός, μαζός. **μασί**, Dor. for μησί, dat. pl. of μην. **μάσομαι** [α], fut. of \*μάω 11. Maσσαλία, ή, Lat. Massilia, Marseilles. Hence Μασσαλιώτης, ov, ò, a man of Marseilles. μασσάομαι, etc., = μασάομαι. μάσσω Att. μάττω: fut. μάξω: aor. I έμαξα: pf. μέμαχα:--Pass., aor. 1 έμαχθην: pf μέμαγμαι: (\*μάω):-to touch, bandle.

μαγμένος dough ready kneaded.

chews or eats, the jaws, mouth.

μάστειρα, ή, fem. of μαστήρ.

deavour to do: to seek or search after.

chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

(Formed from the sound.)

Comp. of μακρόε for μακρότεροs, longer, larger.

μαστίγο-φόρος, ον, (μάστιξ, φέρω) carrying a whip: as Subst., μαστιγοφόροs, δ, a sort of constable. μαστίγόω, f. ώσω: aor. I έμαστίγωσα:-Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense μαστιγώσομαι: pf. μεμαστίγωμαι: (μάστιξ):—to wbip, flog, beat. Hence μαστιγώσιμος, ov, that deserves whipping. μαστιγωτέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of μαστιγόω, to be whipped, deserving a whipping. μαστίζω, f. εω: aor. Ι έμάστιξα Ερ. μάστιξα: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog. **μαστίκτωρ**, opos, δ, (μαστίζω) a scourger. μάστιξ, ίγος, ή, (μάω, μάσσω) a whip, scourge; ἵππου μάστιξ a horse-wbip. II. metaph. a scourge, plague; μάστιξ Πειθούs the lash of eloquence. μαστίοων, Ep. part of μαστίω. μάστις, τος, ή, Ion. for μάστις; dat. μάστι. μαστίσδω, Dor. for μαστίζω. μαστίχάω, (μάσταξ) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. μαστιχόωντι. μαστίω, collat. form of μαστίζω, to whip, scourge, beat, lasb:—Med., μαστίεται πλευράς ούρη [the hon] lashes his sides with his tail. μαστό-δετον, τό, (μαστός, δέω) a breast-band μαστός, οῦ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. μαζόε. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets. μαστροπεία, ή, a pandering. From μαστροπεύω, f. σω, (μαστροπόε) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce. μαστροπός, δ and ή, (μάω, μαστήρ) a pander, pimp, Lat. leno, lena. μασχάλη, ή, (μάλη) the armpit, Lat. ala, axilla. [χά] μασχαλίζω, f. ίσω, (μασχάλη) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence μασχάλιστήρ, ηροε, ό, a broad strap passing behind the borse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the λέπαδνον: generally, a girdle, band. ματάζω, (μάτην) to act unmeaningly or foolisbly. II. to work with the  $\mu \Delta \tau \alpha i \Delta L \omega$ . ( $\mu \Delta \tau \alpha i \alpha s$ ) =  $\mu \alpha \tau \Delta L \omega$ . bands, to knead dough, Lat. pinso :- Pass., σίτος μεμάταιολογία, ή, idle talking. From μάταιο-λόγος, ον, (μάταιος, λέγω) idly talking. μάσσων, δ, ή, neut. μᾶσσον, gen. μάσσονος, irreg.  $\mu \acute{a} \tau a \iota o s$  [ $\check{a}$ ], a,  $o \nu$ ,  $o \iota o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\mu \acute{a} \tau \eta) idle$ , foolish,  $u n \iota o s$ meaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence μάσταξ, ἄκος, ή, (μασάομαι) that with which one II. that which is μάταιότης, ητος, ή, folly, vanity. μάταίως, Adv. of μάταιος, idly, without reason. μασταρύζω or -ίζω, to mumble, of an old man. MATA'Ω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , ( $\mu \dot{\alpha} \tau \eta$ ) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag; οὐ ματᾶ τοὖργον the work lags not. be in vain, fruitless. μαστεύω, f. σω, = ματεύω, to seek: to seek or enμάτεύω, f. σω: 201. Ι ἐμάτευσα: (\*μάω):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after: uaστήρ, ηροε, δ. (\*μάω) a seeker, searcher. Hence to search, explore.

μάτέω, rare form for ματεύω. II. Aeol. form of  $\pi a \tau \in \omega$ , to tread on. MA'TH,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \mu \alpha \tau i \alpha$ , a folly, a fault. [ $\check{\alpha}$ ] Hence μάτην Dor. μάταν [α], Adv. in vain, idly, foolisbly, 2. senselessly, at random, Lat. te-3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. mere. Originally acc. of μάτη, hence είs μάτην at random. [α]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ā]

ματήs, Dor. for ματάs.

μάτια Ion. -ίη, ή, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρ-αδελφέος, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-. ματτύη, ή, a rich, high-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea and mattya. (Foreign word.)

ματτυο-λοιχός, όν, (ματτύα, λείχω) licking up

dainties.

μάττω, f. ξω, Att. for μάσσω.

μαθλις, ιδος or ιος, ή, a knife.

μαυρόω, like άμαυρόω, to darken: metaph. to make powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:-Pass. to become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μα], ή, a large knife, worn like a dirk next the sword-sheath. II. as a weapon, a short sword or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφοs (the straight sword). III. a kind of rasor: διπλη μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιρίδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small knife. 2. a small rasor.

μάχαιροποιείον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From μάχαιρο-ποιός, όν, (μάχαιρα, ποιέω) a cutler.

μάχαιρο-φόρος, ον, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μ**ἄχατάς**, δ, Dor. for μαχητή**ς.** 

Maxάων [ā], ovos, δ, Machaon, son of Aesculapius. μάχειόμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχέομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μάχεούμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχευ, Dor. for μάχου, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι. MA'XH [a], ή, a battle, fight, combat; properly an engagement between armies, but also, a single combat; μάχην νικάν to win a battle; but μάχη νικάν τινά to conquer one in battle. II. a quarrel, strife, wrangling. III. an amicable contest, as tor a prize in the games. IV. a mode of fighting, way of battle. V. a field of battle. Hence

μάχήμων, ον, gen. ovos, warlike.

μάχητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj.

warlike. Hence

μάχητικόs, ή, όν, of or for fighting, pugnacious. μάχτμος, η, ον, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike: οί μάχιμοι or το μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective

μάχιμ-ώδηs, εs, (μάχιμοs, είδοs) warlike, conten-

ιαχλάς, άδος, poët. fem. of μάχλος. MA'XΛΟΣ, ov, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence μαχλοσύνη, ή, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχοίατο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [ă], Ep. part. μαχειόμενος and μαχεούμενος: fut. μαχέσομαι Ερ. μαχέσσομαι or μαχήσομαι Att. μαχοῦμαι: 201. Ι ἐμαχεσάμην, Εp. mf. μαχέσσασθαι or μαχήσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι: Dep.: (μάχη):—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σύν τινι with the sanction of; κατά σφέας μάχεσθαι to fight by themselves: but, καθ' ένα μάχεσθαι to fight one against one, in single combat. II. generally, to quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, withstand one. III. to contend for the prize in the

MA'Ψ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μὰψ ὀμόσαι to swear lightly, unmeaningly. II. thoughtlessly,

rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αθραι, ων, al, (μάψ, αθρα) squalls, gusts of wind. μαψίδιος, ον, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence μαψιδίωs, Adv, =  $\mu$ άψ, foolisbly, thoughtlessly: without reason: recklessly.

 $\mu$ αψζ-λόγος, ον, ( $\mu$ άψ,  $\lambda$ έγω) idly talking.

μαψί-τόκος, ον, (μάψ, τεκείν) bringing forth in

μαψ-τλάκας, ου, δ, (μάψ, ύλακτω) idly yelping, re-

peating again and again. [ha]

games: to measure oneself with.

\*MA'\O, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in Med.: I. μέμαα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. μεμάσσι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μέματον, μέμαμεν, μέματε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμάτω [α]; 3 pl. plapf, μέμασαν; but most often in part. μεμαών, μεματιία, μεμαώτος, μεμαώτες, but also μεμαότες, μεμαότε:-to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly c. inf.: also absol., πρόσσω μεμαυίαι pressing forward; μεμαότες έγχείησι pressing forward with their spears. 2. to wish or claim to be. Med., μάομαι, μῶμαι, part. μώμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, imperat. μώεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc of έγώ.

μέγα, neut. of μέγαs. μεγά-θαρσής, ές, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μέγαθος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μεγά-θύμος, ον, (μέγας, θυμός) bigb-minded, magnanimous.

μεγαίρω, aor. I  $\epsilon$ μέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withbold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγά-κήτης, εs, (μέγας, κήτος) buge, unwieldy. μεγα-κλεής, έs, declined (as if from μεγακλής) με- $\gamma$ ακλέος,  $-\dot{\epsilon}$ ι,  $-\dot{\epsilon}$ α,  $-\dot{\epsilon}$ ες, cf. εὐκλεής: (μέ $\gamma$ ας, κλέος): -very famous. 2. pr. n. of several of the family

of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens. μεγά-κῦδής, έs, (μέγας, κῦδος) much renowned.

 $\mu \epsilon \gamma \dot{\alpha} \lambda a$ , neut. pl. of  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma as$ .

μεγάλ-ανορία, μεγάλ-άνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-. μεγάλ-αυχέω, f. ήσω, (μέγαs, αὐχέω) to boast bigbly, speak baughtily: -- Med. to boast oneself.

μεγάλ-αύχητος and μεγάλ-αυχος, ον, (μέγας, αύχέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

men, baughty. Hence

μεγάλειότης, ητος, ή, grandeur, splendour, majesty. μεγαλείωs, Adv. of μεγαλείοs, magnificently.

μεγάληγορέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλήγοροs) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγάληγορία, ή, big talking.

μεγάλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, άγορεύω) talking big, vaunting, boastful

μεγάληνορία, ή, manliness, courage. 2. in bad

sense, baughtiness. From

μεγάλ-ήνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (μέγας, ἀνήρ) beroic, bigbminded. 2. in bad sense, baughty.

μεγάλ-ήτωρ, opos, δ, ή, (μέγαs, ήτορ) great-bearted. magnanimous.

μεγαλίζω, (μέγαε) to magnify:-Pass to be exalted, to bear oneself baughtily.

μεγάλογνωμοσύνη, ή, loftiness of sentiment. From μεγάλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of

lofty sentiments, high-minded.

μεγαλό-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious. μεγαλοδωρία, ή, munificence, liberality. From μεγάλό-δωρος, σr, (μέγας, δώρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγάλ-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, oltos) very wretched. μεγάλο-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κεύθω) concealing much: hence capacious.

μεγάλο-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling. μεγάλο-μητια, ι, (μέγαι, μητικ) of high design, ambitious.

μεγαλό-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large

μεγάλό-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast

μεγαλό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, 'Αθηναι μεγαλοπόλιεs the great city of Athens.

μεγάλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πράγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs. μεγάλοπρέπεια, ή, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγάλο-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting preatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγάλοπρεπώs Ion. -έωs, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

μεγάλος, ν. μέγαε.

μεγάλο-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength. μεγάλό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχνον) highspirited.

μεγάλό-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous. μεγάλοσύνη, ή, = μέγεθοε.

 $\mu$ εγάλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, ( $\mu$ εγας, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγαλό-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγάλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be highminded: in bad sense, to be proud, haughty.

μεγάλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγάλειος, a, ον, (μέγαs) magnificent, splendid: of | μεγάλοφροσύνη, ή, greatness of mind: in bad sense, pride, baughtiness.

> μεγάλο-φρων, ονος, δ, η, (μέγας, φρην) bigh-minded,noble, generous: in bad sense, proud, baughty.

μεγάλοφωνία, ή, big talking, vaunting. From μεγαλό-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγάλοψυχία, ή, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, arrogance. From

μεγάλό-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) high-souled, greatbearted, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγαs) to make great or powerful:-Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγάλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, ὅνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

 $\mu$ εγάλως, Adv. of  $\mu$ έγας, greatly.

μεγαλωστί, Adv. of μέγαs, over a large space: greatly, bugely: also magnificently.

μεγάλωσύνη, ή, (μέγαs) greatness.

 $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha v$ , acc. masc. of  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha s$ .

μεγ-άνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (μέγας, άνηρ) manly, beroic. [ā] Μέναρα, ων, τά, Megara: - Μεγαρεύς, έως, ό, α Megarian. Hence

Meyaρlζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγάρικός, ή, όν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian. Meyapis, ίδοs, fem. Adj. Megarian: — as Subst. (sub  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the Megarian territory, Megarid

Meyapόθεν, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and

Meyapoî, Adv. at Megara. μέγαρον, τό, (μέγα) a large room or chamber, the 3. a bedball2. a woman's apartment. chamber. II. a bouse, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a bouse in plur. III. the sacred chamber in the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μέγαρόνδε, Adv. homewards, home. ΜΕΤΑΣ, μεγάλη [ἄ], μέγα: gen. μεγάλου, ης, ου: dat. μεγάλφ, η, φ, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγα: dual μεγάλω, a, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, aι, a, etc., like a regul. Adj. in os: but the regul. form MEΓA'ΛOΣ is never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.: large, big, great: - hence, 1. great, vast, tall. 3. long. II. of 2. spacious, wide. degree, great, powerful, mighty; weighty, impor-3. of sounds, loud. 2. strong, violent. tant. in bad sense, over-great, excessive; μέγα φρονείν to have too high, presumptuous thoughts. sides the Adv. μεγάλως and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μεγάλα are used as Adv., very much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with Adjs., far, μέγ' ἀμείνων far better. IV. Comp. μείζων, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. prose μέζων, ον; Dor. μέσδων, Boeot. μέσσων: greater, larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. μέγιστος, η, ov, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty. μεγ-αυχής, ές, (μέγας, αθχέω) vaunting, braggart.

μέγεθος Ion. μέγαθος, εοε, τό, (μέγας) greatness, beight: magnitude, bulk, size; μεγάθει σμικρός small in size; μεγάθει μέγας large in size:—the acc. μεγάθοs is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like μεγάλωs, greatly, λάμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly: so too in pl., ποταμοί οὐ κατά τὸν Νείλον ἐόντες μεγά- $\theta \epsilon a$  rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in

μεγήραs, aor. I part. of μεγαίρω.

μεγ-ήράτος, ον, (μέγας, έρατός) passing lovely. μεγιστανες, oi, (μέγιστος) the nobles, chief men.

μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πύλιs) making cities greatest or most blest.

μέγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of μέγας.

μεγιστό-τιμος, ον, (μέγιστος, τιμή) greatest in

μεδέων, οντοs, δ, = μέδων, one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; Ίδηθεν μεδέων guardian of Ida. 2. fem.  $\mu \epsilon \delta \epsilon o v \sigma a$ , =  $\mu \epsilon \delta o v \sigma a$ , always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over. Properly the part, of an old Verb, μεδέω, to rule.

μεδήσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.

ME'ΔΙΜΝΟΣ, δ, Ion. also  $\dot{\eta}$ , the medimnus or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἐκτείs, 48 χοίνικές, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12

ME'ΔOMAI, fut. μεδήσομαι: Dep.: to give heed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., πολέμοιο μέδεσθαι to be thinking of, preparing for battle. II. to plan. contrive or devise.

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδων, like μεδέουσα, a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

μέδων, οντος, δ, one who rules over: a guardian, lord. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

 $\mu \epsilon \xi \epsilon a$ ,  $\omega \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{a}$ , =  $\mu \dot{\eta} \delta \epsilon a$ , the genitals.

**μεζόνωs**, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.

 $\mu \epsilon \zeta \omega \nu$ , or, Ion for  $\mu \epsilon i \zeta \omega \nu$ , Comp. of  $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha s$ .

μεθ-αιρέω, aor. μεθείλον Ion. μεθέλεσκον:—tocatch in turn.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. μετάλμενοs: - to leap or rush upon. II. to rush after, overtake.

μεθ-αμέριος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.

 $\mu \epsilon \theta$ -αρμόζω, f.  $\sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $\mu \epsilon \theta \dot{\eta} \rho \mu \sigma \sigma \alpha$ :—to dispose differently, to correct, reform :- Med., with pf. pass. μεθήρμοσμαι, to alter one's way of life; μεθάρμοσαι (aor. 1 imperat.) νέους τρόπους adopt new habits.

μεθέηκα, Ep. for μεθηκα, aor. I of μεθίημι.

**μεθείην**, aor. 2 opt. of μεθίημι.

μεθείλον, 201. 2 οf μεθαιρέω.

μεθείναι, μεθείς, aor. 2 inf and part. of μεθίημι. μεθείω, Ep. for μεθέω, μεθώ, aor. 2 subj. of μεθίημι. μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. of μετέχω, one must share in. μεθέλεσκε, Ion. for μεθείλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of μεθαιρέω.  $\mu \in \theta \in \mu \in V$ , Ep. for  $\mu \in \theta \in \Omega \cap \Omega$ , 2 or. 2 inf. of  $\mu \in \theta \in \Omega \cap \Omega$ . μέθεν, Dor. for  $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \theta \epsilon \nu = \epsilon \mu \sigma \theta$ , gen. of  $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ .  $\mu \in \theta \in \xi \circ \mu \circ \iota$ , fut. of  $\mu \in \tau \in \chi \circ \iota$ .

μεθ-έπω, impf μεθείπον Εp. μέθεπον: fut. μεθέψω: poet. 201. 2 μετέσπον, inf. μετασπείν, part. μετασπών: aor. 2 med. μετεσπόμην:—to follow after, follow closely, hard upon, chase, Lat. insequi. 2. to seek 4. metaph. to or search after. 3. to visit. manage, dispose; άχθος νώτφ μεθέπων disposing a burden on his back. II. trans., Τυδείδην μέθεπεν inπovs be turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.

 $\mu \in \theta - \epsilon \rho \mu \eta \nu \in \dot{\nu} \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ , to translate.

μεθέστηκα, pf. of μεθίστημι.

 $\mu$ έθη, ή, ( $\mu$ έθυ) strong drink. II drunkenness. μεθηκα, aor. I of <math>μεθίημι.

μεθ-ήκω, to bave come in quest of

μέθ-ημαι, properly pf. of μεθ-έζομαι, to be seated among.

 $\mu \in \theta$ - $\eta \mu \in \rho \text{Ivos}$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\mu \in \tau \dot{\alpha}, \dot{\eta} \mu \dot{\epsilon} \rho a)$  happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. diurnus.

 $\mu \in \theta$ - $\eta \mu \in \rho \cup \sigma_s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $= \mu \in \theta \eta \mu \in \rho \cup \nu \circ s$ .

μεθημοσύνη, ή, remissness, carelessness. From μεθ-ήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μεθίημι) remiss, careless. μεθήρμοσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of  $\mu$ εθαρμόζω.

μεθησέμεναι, μεθησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθίημι. μεθίεν, Ep. for μεθίεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of μεθίημι. [1] μεθ-ίημι, inf. μεθιέναι part. μεθιείς: fut. μεθήσω: aor. 1 μεθηκα Ερ. μεθέηκα: aor. 2 inf. μεθείναι part. μεθείs:—Med. μεθίεμαι: f μεθήσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 2 $\mu\epsilon\theta\epsilon\hat{\iota}\tau o$ , inf.  $\mu\epsilon\theta\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ .—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing. pres.  $\mu\epsilon\theta\iota\epsilon\hat{\iota}s$ ,  $\mu\epsilon\theta\iota\epsilon\hat{\iota}$  (as if from  $\mu\epsilon\theta\iota\epsilon\omega$ ), Ep inf.  $\mu\epsilon\theta$ ιέμεν, μεθιέμεναι: 2 and 3 sing. impf. μεθίειs, μεθίει (as if from  $\mu \in \theta \in \omega$ ), 3 pl.  $\mu \in \theta \in \psi$  (for  $\mu \in \theta \in \sigma \in \omega$ ); aor. I  $\mu \epsilon \theta \hat{\eta} \kappa a$  and  $\mu \epsilon \theta \epsilon \eta \kappa a$ : aor. 2 subj.  $\mu \epsilon \theta \epsilon i \omega$  for  $\mu \epsilon \theta \hat{\omega}$ , inf. μεθέμεν for μεθείναι: - Herodotus has 3 sing. pres.  $\mu \epsilon \tau i \epsilon i$  (not  $\mu \epsilon \tau i \epsilon i$ ), and also 3 sing. impf. pass.  $\mu\epsilon\tau i\epsilon\tau o$  or  $\epsilon\mu\epsilon\tau i\epsilon\tau o$  (for  $\mu\epsilon\theta i\epsilon\tau o$ ); fut. pass.  $\mu\epsilon\tau h$ σομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμετιμένος (for μεθειμέvos). I. trans. to set loose, let go, I c. acc. pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at liberty. 2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw; μεθιέναι χύλον to let go, give up one's wrath; μεθιέναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i.e shed them; μεθιέναι γλωσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. II. Med. μεθίεto forgive, excuse one a fault. σθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, παιδώς οὐ μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, παίδα οὺ μεθήσω. III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally, to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., κλαύσας καὶ όδυράμενος μεθέηκε having wept and bewailed be left off. [I in Att.; I in Ep., except metri gratia.]

μεθ-ιστάνω, collat. form of μεθίστημι.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut. μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. μετέστησα and med. -εστησάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change.

2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετεστάθην [ἄ]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθίστηκα, plqpf. μεθεστήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατώ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ή, craft, artifice. From

**μεθοδεύω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

**μέθ-οδος**, ή, (μετά, όδόs) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, őpos) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμίω, f. ήσω, (μετά, δρμάω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., αοτ. 1 μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθορμηθείs following close.

**μεθ-ορμίζω**, f. low Att. ιῶ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with véas omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ME'ΘΥ, vos, τό, wine, Lat. merum.

μεθ-υδριάs, άδος, ή, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Meθ-ύδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnia.

μεθύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gusbing with wine.

 $\mu$ εθύ-πληξ,  $\hat{\eta}$ γοι, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\mu$ έθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, ὑποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μέθυσις, ή, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσκω, f. ύσω (ἔ), aor. I ἐμέθὔσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk

μεθύσο-κόττάβοs, ον, (μέθυσοs, κύτταβοs) drunk with playing at the κύτταβοs.

μεθύσοs, η, ον, also οs, ον, (μεθν) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οι μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later. μεθυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (μεθύω) a drunkard.

μεθυ-σφάλής, έε, (μέθυ, σφαληναι) reeling-drunk. μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine. μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσκω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking.

II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid.
2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of μεθίημι.

μει-άγωγέω, f. σω, (μείον, άγωγόs) to bring too little; μειαγωγείν την τραγωδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μείον.

ΜΕΙΔΑ'Ω, f. ήσω: 20τ. 1 ἐμείδησα Εp. μείδησα: —to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μειδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος. Hence

μείδημα and μειδίᾶμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling. μειδιάω, f. άσω  $[\check{\alpha}]$ , collat. form of μειδάω, to smile: Ep. part. μειδιόων.

μειζόνως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree.

μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγαs, greater.

μείλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ίων, τά, (μείλισσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μείλιγμα, ατος, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμού scraps to appease hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae. 3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. lepá), τά, atonements.

μείλινος, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, asben.

μειλίσσω, f. ξω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδέ τί μ' αἰδύμενος μειλίσσεο μηδ' ἐλεαίρων extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχία Ion. -[η, ἡ, (μείλιχοs) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.
μειλίχιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, sootbing: in neut. pl., προσαυδάν μειλιχίοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with sootbing words: cf. κερτόμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλιχό-γηρυς, v, (μείλιχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced. μειλιχό-δωρος, ον, (μείλιχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μείλιχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μεῖναι, aor. I inf. of μένω

μεῖναν, μεῖνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω. μεῖον, ονοε, τό, neut. of μείον, less, too small. II. μεῖον, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μεῖον, too light! see μειαγονγέω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ήσω, (μεῖον, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence μειονεξία, ή, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως έχειν to be too mean.

μειδω, f. ώσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish.

2. to lessen in bonour, degrade.

3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease.

2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to

fall short of.

μειράκι-εξάπάτης, ου, δ, (μειράκιον, ξε-απατάω) α

boy-cheater. [a]

μειράκιεύομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. adolescenturire. μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling. μειράκιδομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad. μειρακίσκη, ή, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl. μειράκίσκος, δ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling. μειρακύλλιον, τό, Dim of μείραξ, a mere lad. MEI PAΞ, δ, and η, a boy or girl, lad or lass. **MEI'POMAI**: pf. ἔμμορα pass. εῖμαρμαι: Dep. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ήμισυ μείρεο τιμής take half the honour as thy II. in pf. εμμορα, to have or obtain one's due. sbare of a thing; c. gen., ξμμορε τιμηs be bath gotten bis share of honour. III the pf. pass. is used as impers. είμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plapf. είμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. είμαρμένος, η, ον, allotted, decreed; ή είμαρμένη (sub. μοίρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπρωμένη from πέπρωται.

μείς, δ, Ion and Aeol. for μήν, a month. μείωμα, ατος, τύ, (μειύω) a dimunution: a fine. μείων, neut. μείον, gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρύς and δλίγος.

μελάγ-γαιος, ον, μελάγ-γειος, ον, and μελάγ-γεως, ων, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαία = γη) with black soil, loamy. μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned. μελαγ-κόρῦψος, ό, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black bead: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ό, a bird, the blackcap. μελάγ-κροκος, ον, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-baired. μελάγχειμα, ων, τά, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχιμος, ου, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination –χιμος, ας δύσ-χιμος from δυσ-). μελαγ-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, ον, (μέλας, χλαΐνα) black-cloaked: οἱ Μελάγχλαινοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολοs) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγχολος, ον, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced.

II. dipped in black bile.

μελαγ-χροιής, ές, (μέλας, χροιά) = μελάγχροος. μελάγ-χροος, ον, contr. - χρους, ονν, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swartby: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχροες.

μελαγ-χρώς,  $\hat{\omega}$ τος,  $\hat{v}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (μέλας, χρώς) = μελάγ-χροος.

μέλαθρον, τό, (μέλαε) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice.

II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. tecta, a bouse.

μελαθρόφιν, poet. gen. of μέλαθρον.

μελαίνω, f. ανῶ:—Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. με- in usc. μέλασμαι: (μέλαs):—to blacken, make black:—Pass. μελεί to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθης, έε, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάφής, ές, (μέλας, βαφῆναι) dark-dyed.
μελάμ-βωλος, ον, (μέλας, βώλος) with black soil.
μελαμ-πάγής, ές, Dor. for μελαμπηγής, (μέλας,
πήγνυμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured.
μελάμ-πεπλος, ον, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.
μελαμ-πέτάλος, ον, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.
μελάμ-πτερος, ον, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.
μελαμ-φάής, ές, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φυλλος, ον, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved:

with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μέλαν, ανος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink. μελάν-αιγίς, ίδος, ό, ή, (μέλας, αἰγίς) with dark aegis. μελάν-αυγής, ές, (μέλας, αἰγή) dark-gleaming. μελάν-δετος, ον, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black; σάκος μελάνδετον an iron-rimmed shield μελαν-δόκος, ον, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) bolding ink; κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελάν-δρυον, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) beart of oak. μελάν-είμων, ον, (μέλας, είμα) with black raiment. μελάνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελάνω = μελαίνω), or to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθήs, έs, (μέλαs, ἄνθοs) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελανία, ή, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελανό-ζυξ, ύγος, ό, ή, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελἄνο-κάρδιος, ον, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearted. μελάν-όμμάτος, ον, (μέλας, όμμα) black-eyed. μελάνο-νεκὔο-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέλας, νέκυς, είμα) clad in black sbroud.

μελάνό-πτερος, ον, and μελάνο-πτέρυξ, ϋγος, ό, ή, (μέλας, πτερύν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελάν-οσσος, ον, (μέλας, ὅσσε) black-eyed.

μελάν-οστος, for μελάνόστεος, ον, (μέλας, δστέον) black-boned.

μελάν-ουρος, ον, fem. μελάν-ουρίς, ίδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελάνό-χροος, ον, = μελάγχροος. μελάνό-χρως, οος, δ, <math>γ, = μελάγχρως.

μελαν-τειχής, ές, (μέλας, τείχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, ον, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τράγής, ές, (μέλας, τραγείν) black when eaten. μελάν-υδρος, ον, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [ἄ] ΜΕ ΛΑ Σ, Λεοι. μέλαις, μέλαινα, μέλαν: gen. μέλανος, μελαίνης, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

Τέρος, α, ον.

 $ME'\Lambda\Delta\Omega$ , only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:

-Pass. μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὧ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαίνω, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen. II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

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μελέδημα, ατος, τό, care, anxiety, concern.
the thing cared for. Hence
 μελεδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, caring for, anxious
              II. busy.
about.
 \mu \in \lambda \in \delta \omega \nu, \hat{\omega} \nu \circ s, \hat{\eta}, = \mu \in \lambda \in \delta \omega \nu \eta.
 μελεδωνεύς, δ, poet. for μελεδωνός.
 μελεδώνη, ή, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) care, sorrow.
 μελεδωνός, δ, and ή, (μελεδαίνω) one who takes care
of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender.
 μέλει, impers., see μέλω.
 μελεϊστί, Adv. (μελείζω) limb from limb.
 μελεο-παθής, έε, (μέλεος, παθείν) suffering misery
 μελεό-πονος, ον, (μέλεος, πύνος) labouring in misery.
 μέλεος, α, ον, also os, ον, (μέλω) fruitless, vain,
empty: neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain.
                                                 2. un-
bappy, wretched.
 μελεό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (μέλεος, φρήν) wretched in fields. []
 μελεσί-πτερος, ον, (μέλος, πτερόν) singing with its
wings.
 μέλεται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.
 μελετάω, f. ήσω:—to care for, c gen.
                                                  II. c.
acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. excolere: to
court: to practise, exercise; μελεταν σοφίαν to prac-
tise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελεταν τύξο to prac-
tise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself;
έν τῷ μὴ μελετῶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of
practice: absol. to take beed, take thought.
acc. pers. to exercise or train one. From
 μελέτη, ή, (μέλομαι) care, attention
                                            2. practice,
exercise.
                II. care, anxiety.
 μελέτημα, ατος, τό, (μελετάω) a practice, study.
 μελετηρός, ά, όν, (μελετάω) practising diligently.
 μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, one must
practise.
 μελέτωρ, opos, δ, (μέλω) one who cares for, a
guardian, avenger.
 μεληδών, ύνοε, ή, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.
 μέλημα, ατοs, τό, (μέλω) an object of care: a be-
                    II. a charge, duty: care, anxiety.
loved object.
 μελησέμεν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.
 μελησίμ-βροτος, ον, (μέλησις, βροτύς) cared for
by men.
 Μελητίδηs [τ], ου, δ, proverbial name at Athens for
a blockbead, as if patronym. from Μέλητοs.
 ME'AI', l'τοs, τό, Lat. MEL, boney.
 μελία Ion. -ίη, ή, the ash, Lat. fraxinus: from its
toughness it was used for spears.
                                          II. a spear.
 μελί-βόαs, δ, (μέλι, βοή) with honey-tone.
 μελί-βρομος, ον, (\muέλι, βρέ\muω) boney-toned.
 μελί-γδουπος, ον, (μέλι, δουπέω) sweet-sounding.
 μελί-γηρυς Dor. -γαρυς, υος, δ, ή, (μέλι, γηρυς)
boney-voiced, musical.
 μελί-γλωσσος, ον, (μέλι, γλώσσα) boney-tongued.
 μέλιγμα, a \tau o s, \tau \dot{o}, (\mu \epsilon \lambda \dot{i} \zeta \omega) song: a \rho i \rho e.
 μελίζω Dor. μελίσδω, (μέλοε) to modulate, warble,
play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι.
trans. to sing of, celebrate in song.
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II. μελι-ηδής, ές, (μέλι, ήδύς) boney-sweet: metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing. μελί-θρεπτος, ον, (μέλι, τρέφω) boney-fed. μελί-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (μέλι, θροέω) sweet-sounding. μελί-κηρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) a boneycomb.  $\mu$ ελί-κομπος, ον, ( $\mu$ έλι, κομπέω) sweet-sounding. μελί-κράτος Ιοη. -κρητος, ον, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) mixed with honey: μελί-κρητον Att. –κρᾶτον, τό, a drink of boney and milk offered as a libation. μελικτής, οῦ, Dor. μελικτάς,  $\hat{a}$ ,  $\delta$ , (μελίζω) a singer, player, esp. a flute-player.  $\mu \in \lambda(-\lambda \omega \tau o v, \tau \delta, also \mu \in \lambda(-\lambda \omega \tau o s, \delta, (\mu \in \lambda_i, \lambda \omega \tau \delta s))$ melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained. MEAINH, ή, millet, Lat. panicum. in pl milletμέλινος Εp. μείλινος, η, ον, (μελία) asben, Lat. fraxineus. Μελίνο-φάγοι, οί, (μελίνη, φάγειν) the Millet-eaters. name of a Thracian tribe. μελί-παις, παιδος, δ and ή, (μέλι, παι̂s) with honeychildren, epith. of the bec-hive.  $\mu \in \lambda (-\pi v \cos \theta, ov, contr. -\pi v \cos, ov, (\mu \notin \lambda_i, \pi v \notin \omega)$ boney-breathing, sweet-breathing. μελίρ-ροος, ον, (μέλι, ρέω) flowing with boney.  $\mu \in \lambda(\rho - \rho \tilde{v} + \sigma s)$ ,  $\sigma v_{,} = \mu \in \lambda(\rho \rho \circ \sigma s)$ . μελίσδω, Dor. for μελίζω: μελίσδεν, Dor. mf. μέλισμα, ατος, τό, (μελίζω) a song, chant: a tune. μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ή, (μέλι) a bee. a priestess of Delphi. II. boney itself. μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, a, ον, (μέλισσα) of, belonging to bees; μελίσσειον κηρίον a honeycomb μελισσό-βοτος, ον, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) fed on by bees. μελισσο-νόμος, ον, (μέλισσα, νέμω) keeping bees. II. (μέλισσα 1. 2) a priestess. μελισσο-πόνος, ον, (μέλισσα, πονέω) tending bees. μελισσο-σόος, ον, (μέλισσα, σύοι) guardian of bees. μελισσό-τοκος, ον, (μέλισσα, τεκείν) produced by bees, bonied. μελισσο-τρόφος, ον, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) feeding bees. μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ώνος, δ, (μέλισσα) a beebouse, apiary. μελι-σταγής, έν, (μέλι, σταγήναι) dropping boney  $\mu \in \lambda \ell$ -στακτος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\mu \in \lambda \iota \sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \gamma \eta s$ . μελίτεια, ή, (μέλι) a herb, baulm, Lat. apiastrum. μελί-τερπής, έε, (μέλι, τέρπω) boney-sweet. Μελιτίδηs, false form for Μελητίδηs μελίτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) bonied, sweet. made of boney: as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτοῦττα (sub. μαζα), ή, a boney-cake. μελίτο-πώλης, ου, ό, (μέλι, πωλέω) a dealer in bonev. μελίτοθττα, ν. μελιτόειε. μελίτοω, f. ώσω, (μέλι) to sweeten with boney. μέλιττα, ή, Att. for μέλιασα, a bee.

μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, a small bee.

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.

**μελ**νττ-ουργός, -ουργία, ή, Att. for με-| μελο-ποιός, δν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: λισσ-.

μελίτ-ώδης, ες, (μέλος, είδος) like boney.

μελίτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτόω) a honey-cake. [τ] $\mu \in \lambda(-\phi\theta \circ \gamma \gamma \circ s, \quad o\nu, \quad (\mu \in \lambda_i, \quad \phi\theta \circ \gamma \gamma \dot{\eta}) \quad boney-voiced,$ sweet-toned, bonied.

 $\mu$ ελί- $\phi$ ρων, ονο**s**,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\mu$ έλι,  $\phi$ ρ $\dot{\eta}$ ν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

 $\mu$ ελί-φυρτος, ον,  $(\mu \acute{\epsilon} λι$ , φύρω) mixed with boney. μελί-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρύς) yellow or pale as boney, tawny.

**μελί-χροος**, ον, contr. **–χρους**, ουν, (μέλι, χρόα)

boney-coloured, tawny.

 $\mu$ ελιχρ-ώδης, εs, ( $\mu$ ελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.  $\mu$ ελί-χρως, ωτος, δ, ή, ( $\mu$ έλι, χρώς) =  $\mu$ ελίχρους. μέλλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for έμέλλησα, nor I of μέλλω. μέλλησις, ή, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending

or threatening to do; an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay. μελλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γάμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ή, όν, (μέλλω, δείπνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering, with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

**μελλό-νυμφος**, ον, (μέλλω, νύμ $\phi\eta$ ) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of mar-

riageable age.

 $\mathbf{ME}'\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , impf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda\delta\nu$ : fut.  $\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda\eta\sigma\omega$ : aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm is doubled, ήμιλλον, ημέλλησα. - to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer. hence to intend, design, purpose. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι έμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must: μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι Διὶ πατρί it must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλετ' ἀκουέμεν you are likely to have heard of it; ὅθι που μέλλουσιν ἄριστοι βουλάς βουλεύειν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, besitate, scruple. μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; ο τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as δ μέλλων χρόνοs the future time; η μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλώ, οῦς, ἡ, poét, for μέλλησις. μελογράφία, ή, song-writing. From μελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs. μελοποιέω, f. ήσω, (μελοποιόε) to make lyric poems. μελοποιητής, οῦ, δ, = μελοποιόε.

as Subst., μελοποιόε, δ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕ'ΛΟΣ, εοε, τό, a limb; κατά μέλεα limb by lımb. II. a song, strain; plur.  $\mu \in \lambda \eta$  lyric poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπέω, f. ήσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

 $\mu$ έλπηθρον, τό, ( $\mu$ έλπω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέλπηθρα κυνών a sport for dogs.

Mελπομένη, ή, Melpomene, the Songstress, the Muse

of Tragedy. From

μέλπω, f. ψω: anr. I ξμελψα: (μέλοs):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλπομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι κιθαρίζων to sing to the harp,  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \pi \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \theta \alpha i$  to dance in honour of Mars, i e to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

**ME'** $\Lambda\Omega$ , fut.  $\mu\epsilon\lambda\eta\sigma\omega$ :—to be an object of care or thought; πασι μέλω I am a care to all. m 3 sing, μέλει, impf. ἔμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf μέλειν and μελήσειν .- something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mubi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρη τάδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II pres. and fut. Med. μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as έμολ δέ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plapf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλότα έργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plapf pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, also occur in pres and impf. sense; ἢ νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' 'Αχιλλεύs surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οἱ τεῖχος the wall was a care to him. III. the Act. μέλω, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτών to take care of mortals; so in pf. part, πτολέμοιο μεμηλώς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθηναι, to care for, take care of.

μελφδέω, f. ήσω, (μελφδύs) to sing. Hence μελφδία, ή, a singing.

μελ-φδός, όν, (μέλος, φδή) singing, musical. μέμαα, pf. of \*μάω: 3 pl μεμάασι.

 $\mu$ εμάθηκα  $[\mu \bar{\alpha}]$ , pf. of  $\mu$ ανθάνω.

μεμάκυια, Ep. pf. part, fem. of μηκάομαι. μέμαμεν, Ep. for μεμάσμεν, I pl. pf. of \* μάω.

μεμάνημαι [μά], pf. of μαίνομαι, formed as if from \* μαν έο μαι.

μεμαότες, pf. part. pl. of \*μάω.

μεμάποιεν [μα], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω. μεμαρπώς, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μέματε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of \*μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.

μεμαώs, μεμαυία, pf. part. of \*μάω: μεμαώτες, μεμαώτας, lengthd. for μεμαότες, μεμαότας, nom. and acc. plur.

μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plapf. pass. of μέλω.

μέμβλωκα, pf. of βλώσκω.

μεμβράνα, ή, Lat. membrāna, a parchment, skin. MEMBPA'Σ, άδος, ή, a small kind of anchovy. [ă] μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίημι.

μεμηκώς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μέμηλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plopf with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχάνημένως, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίασμαι, pf. pass. of μιαίνω.

μέμιγμαι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμναμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μιμνήσκω. μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μιμνήσκω.

μεμνέωτο, Ion. for μέμνωτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass, of

μιμνήσκω. μέμνημαι, pf. pass. of μιμνήσκω, inf. μεμνήσθαι.

μεμνήμην, μεμνώμην, pf. opt. pass. of μιμνήσκω. μεμνηστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μνηστεύω.

μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μιμνήσκομαι.

Μέμνων, ονος, δ, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute. μεμόλυγκα, -υσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω. μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (\*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθά δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι.

μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύσσω. μεμούνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονόω.

μεμπτόs, η, όν, (μεμφομαι) to be blamed, blameworthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μέμθκα, pf. of μυκάομαι: also of μύω. ΜΕ ΜΦΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμψομαι: aor. 1 med. έμεμψάμην, pass. ἐμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., δ μάλιστα μέμφονται ήμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) complaining of

one's fate, repining, discontented.

**μέμψις, εως, ή,** (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, re-2. a complaint.

ME'N, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by be in the corresponding clause. Generally, when and de temper, disposition.

may be expressed by on the one band .. on the other; as well .. as, while; μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause:  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$  is not always answered by  $\delta \dot{\epsilon}$ , but by other Particles, as by άλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὖτε,  $a\bar{v}\theta is$ ; also by  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau o i$ ,  $\epsilon l \tau a$ . Mé $\nu$  is often found without δέ expressed, as, ώs μεν λέγουσι as they say, (but as I do not believe). Mé $\nu$  was orig. the same as μήν, and ἢ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἢ μήν as a form of protestation. II. μέν before other Par-1. μέν άρα, Ep. μέν βα, accordingly, and ticles: 2. μέν γε or μεν γε, yet at least, certainly, so. Lat. certe. 3. μέν δή bowever. 4. μεν ουν or μενοῦν, Lat. imo vero, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μέν οὖν γε οι μενοῦνγε, yea rather. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate b. to recall what has gone before, now. c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, bowever, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ου, δ, (μένω, αίχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένοs) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., µεν cαίνειν μάχηs to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious :- to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγχης, ες, (μένω, έγχος) steadfast in fight. μενε-δήϊος, ον, (μένω, δήιος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεήναμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μενεαίνω.

Mevé-λāos, Att. Mevéλεωs Dor. Mevéλas, o, pr n., (μένω, λαύs) Menelaus, 1. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πτόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πύλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Μενεσθεύs, έωs, Ion. η̂os, δ, (μένω) Menestheus, i. e. the Abider.

μενετέον, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετός, ή, όν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, longsuffering; οί καιροί οὐ μενετοί opportunities will not wait.

**μενε-φύλοπις**, ιο**s**, δ, ή, (μένω, φύλοπι**s**) = μενεπτόλεμοs. [ŭ]

μενε-χάρμης, ου, δ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εικής, ές, (μένος, είκύς from \*είκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste

μενοινάω, f. ήσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινώω, 3 sing. μενοινάα: Ep aor. 1 μενοίνησα, 3 sing. opt. μενοινήσειε: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for. 2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ή, eager desire.

μενοινώω, Ep for μενοινάω.

ME'NOΣ, εοs, τό, force, strength of body, prow-2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένος a flow of black blood. II. spirit, ardour: μένει, dat. with fury, violently. 2. wish, bent, purpose. 3. generally. III. μένοε is also used in

II.

periphr. like βίη, ίs; as leρον μένος 'Αλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinous himself.

μενοῦν, μέντοι, etc , ν. sub μέν II. 4, 5.  $\mathbf{ME'}\mathbf{N}\Omega$ : Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. uncontr.  $\mu \in \nu \in \omega$ : aor. I  $\in \mu \in \nu \in \omega$ : pf.  $\mu \in \mu \in \nu \in \omega$ :—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. 3. to stay behind, linger, to stay at bome, tarry. 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, stand. bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opin-II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἔσπερον έλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

**μερίζω**, f. ίσω Att. ιω: Dor. **μερίσδω**, f.  $\xi \omega$ : (μερίε): II. to divide, distribute: -to divide into parts.

-Med. to divide among themselves.

**μέριμνα, ή,** (μερί**s**, μερί $(\omega)$  care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. thought, mind. Hence

μεριμνάω, f. ήσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλά μεριμναν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, aτοs, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who is careful about things μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμνα, τεκείν) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (μέριμνα, φροντίζω) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ίδος, ή, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

**μερισμόs**,  $\delta$ , (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

**μεριστήs**, οῦ, ὁ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributer. μερίτης, ου, ό, (μερίς) a partaker. [i]

μέρμερος, ον, (μέριμνα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέρμερα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέρμηρα, ή, poet. for μέριμνα, care, trouble. Hence μερμηρίζω, f. ίξω: Ep. 201. 1 μερμήριξα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to besitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ME'PMIΣ, τθos, ή, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπήϊος, ον, (μέροψ) buman. ΜΕΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, sbare: a portion, beritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος οτ κατά μέρος in turn, successively; κατά τὸ έμον μέpos as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοὐμὸν or το σον μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me at-3. Ev μέρει τινός τιθέναι, to put in the class of ..., consider as so and so, like έν λόγφ ποιείσθαι, Lat. in numero babere.

μέρ-οψ, οπος, δ, (μείρομαι, δψ) dividing the voice. i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

ués, Dor. for uév.

μέσα-βον, τό, (μέσος, βοῦς) a leathern strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. sub-

μεσ-άγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, άγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολιός) poët. for μεσοπόλιοs, balf-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον. Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost: -- Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτή) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρίη, ή, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor for μεσημ-.

μεσάτιος, ον, μέσᾶτος, η, ον, poet. for μέσοs: so also Ep. μέσσατος and μεσσάτιος

μέσ-αυλος Ερ. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ov, inside the αὐλή or ball:—as Subst, μέσσαυλος, δ, or μέσσαυλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλοs (sc. θύρα), ή, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the bouse, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μείζων.

μεσηγύ, and before a vowel -ύs, Ep. μεσσηγύ, -ύs, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle, be-2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III as Subst. μεσηγύ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγύ ήματος midday, noon.

μεσήεις, εσσα, έν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσ-ημβρία Ion. μεσ-αμβρίη, ή, (for μεσημερία, from μέσοs, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ίσταται 'tis high II. the country towards the meridian, noon. the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβρτάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridiari.

μεσημβρίνος,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , commoner form for  $\mu \epsilon \sigma \eta \mu \epsilon$ ριόs, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάλπη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. soutbern

μεσημέριοs, ον, = μεσημβρινόs. μεσ-ήρης poet. μεσσήρης, ες, (μέσος, άραρειν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος έτι μεσήρης Sirius is still in mid-beaven.

μεσττεύω, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator.

μεσίτης, ου, δ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor.  $[\bar{\iota}]$ μεσίτις, ιδος, fem. of μεσίτης.

μεσό-γαιοs or -γειοs, ov, also a, ov, also μεσό-γεωs, ων, (μέσος, γη, γαία) inland, in the beart of a country: as Subst., ή μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-δμη, ή, (μέσος, δέμω, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κοίλη μεσόδμη the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poët. μέσσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle. μεσο-λάβήs, έs, (μέσος, λαβείι) beld by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, ον, (μέσος, λευκος) middling white, balf white.

μεσ-όμφαλος, ον, (μέσος, όμφαλός) in mid-navel, gentral, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσο**s** III.

**μεσο-νύκτιος**, ον, (μέσος, νύξ) of or at midnight: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv, at midnight.

μεσο-πάγής Εp. μεσσοπ-, έs, (μέσοs, παγηναι) driven to the middle.

μεσο-πάλής, έs, Εp. μεσσοπ-, (μέσος, παληναι) swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, ον, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ή Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

**μεσο-πύλη**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \eta \pi \dot{\nu} \lambda \eta$ , the middle gate.  $[\ddot{\nu}]$ ME'ΣΟΣ Ep. μέσσος, η, ον: I. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; μέσον ημαρ mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between .- proverb. from the wrestling ring, έχεται μέσοs he is caught by the II. middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank III. as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ès μέσον τιθέναι τινί τι to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in medio ponere; so, έε μέσον αμφοτέροιε δικάζειν to judge fairly or impartially for both; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; δια μέσου between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime. IV. neut. μέσον, as Adv. in the middle, like μέσωs, moderately. poët. Comp μεσαίτερος, Sup μεσαίτατος.

**μεσο-σχ**ίδής, ές, (μέσος, σχίζω) split in two. μεσότης, ητος, ή, (μέσος) a middle, a mean between

two extremes, Lat. mediocritas.

μεσό-τοιχον, τύ, (μέσος, τοῖχος) a partition-wall. μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From μεσό-τομος, ον, (μέσος, τεμείν) cut through the middle, cut in twain.

μεσ-ουράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος, οὐρανός) the meridian or zenith. 2 the mid-beaven.

μεσόω, f. ώσω, (μέσος) to be in the middle, be balf over, to reach the height, culminate; ημέρα μεσούσα midday, noon; θέρος μεσούν midsummer. gen. to be in the middle of, μεσούν της αναβάσιος to be in the middle of the ascent.

ME'ΣΠΙ ΛΟΝ, τό, the medlar-tree: a medlar. **μέσσἄτος**,  $\eta$ , ον, = μέσατος, poet. for μέσος.

μέσσ-αυλος, δ, or μέσσ-αυλον, τό, poet. for μέσαυλ -. μεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύς, poet. for μεσηγ-.

μεσσ-ήρης, εs, poet. for μεσήρης.

Merrias, ov, o, Heb. the Messiah, i.e. the Anointed. μεσσόθεν, Ep. for μεσόθεν, Adv. (μέσοε) from the middle.

μεσσο-πάλής, μεσσο-πόρος, poët. for μεσοπ-. μέσσος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος.

MEΣΤΟ Σ, ή, όν, full, filled, filled full:—c. gen. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., μεστός ην θυμούμενος he had bis fill of anger.

μεστόω, f. ώσω, (μεστόs) to fill full, glut, cram: -Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφα, poet. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.; μέσφ' ήουs till morn :-- μέσφ' ότε until.

μέσως. Adv. of μέσος, middlingly, moderately.

META', poet. μεταί, Dor. πεδά or πέδα:--when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen, dat., and acc.

WITH GEN. in the midst of, among, between. in common with, with the help or favour of; μετ' 'Aθηναίης with the help of Athena. III. with, by means of; as μετ' αρετής πρωτεύειν.

WITH DAT. only poet, properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματος μετά οίε έταιροίσιν last over and above his 2. of things, in the midst of, with, as, companions. μετά νηυσί, κύμασι, άστράσι; so also, μετά πνοιήs ανέμοιο in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, coming into or among, as μετά φῦλα θεων, μετά λαύν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence with a view to, looking to;  $\pi \delta \lambda \epsilon \mu \rho \nu \mu \epsilon \tau \alpha \theta \omega \rho \eta \sigma \sigma \rho \nu \tau \rho$ II. of Place, after, they armed for the battle. next after, bebind; μετά κτίλον έσπετο μήλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether. 2. of Time. after, next to: μετά ταῦτα thereafter: -also, μεθ' ἡμέpar in the course of the day, Lat. interdiu. order of Rank, next to, next after, after; κάλλιστος άνηρ μετ' αμύμονα Πηλείωνα the fairest man after the son of Peleus. III. after, according to; μετά σον και έμον κήρ as you and I wish. IV. among, in, between, as with dat.; μετά πάντας άριστος best of all, among all.

As ADV. among them, with them. II. and then, next afterwards. III. thereafter, afterwards; μετά γάρ καὶ ἄλγεσι τέρπεται ἀνήρ one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Méτα is often used for μέτεστι, q. v.

In compos. μετά implies community or participa-II. interval of space or tion, as in μετα-δίδωμι. time, between, during, as in μετ-αίχμιον. succession of time, as in μετ-αυτίκα. IV. towards, in pursuit, following, as in μετα-διώκω, μετοίχομαι. V. letting go, as in μεθ-ίημι. after, behind, as in μετά-φρενον. VII. backwards, back again, reversely, as in μετα-τρέπω, μεταστρέφω. VIII. most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in μετα-βαίνω, μετα-βάλλω, μετα-γιγνώσκω, etc.

μετάβα, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω. μετα-βαίνω, f. –βήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 μετέβην: pf. μεταμεσσόθι, Ep. for μεσόθι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle. βέβηκα:—to pass over, to pass on: generally, to pass from one place to another. II. Causal in act. I μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.

μετα-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: aot. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μετα-βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημα: —to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i. e. plough, the carth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ΰδατα to change one's det or way of life. II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose. III. Mcd. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose 3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round. μετα-βάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain,

μετα-βάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to s dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, ᾶσα, άν, 2οτ. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω. μετάβἄσις, ή, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over. shifting, changing. II. change, alteration.

μετα-βέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βιβάζω, f.  $-\beta\iota\beta\acute{a}\sigma\omega$  Att.  $-\beta\iota\beta\acute{a}$ , Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ή, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing in plut. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party, μεταβολή ε's τοὺs Έλληναs going over to the Greeks 2 μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρης an eclipse.

μετα-βουλεύω, or as Dcp. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeful, fickle

μεταβ $\hat{\varphi}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-άγγελος, ov, & and ή, a messenger between two

parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Meta-γειτνιών, ῶνος, ὁ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Laconian Καρντίος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γιγνώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γῖνώσκω: fut. -γνώσομα: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

11. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree.

2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιδ, ή, = μετάνοια, refentance, remorse. μετάγνωσις, εως, ή, (μεταγνῶναι) change of mind. μετα-γράφω, ί.ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 μετήγαγον:—to convey from one place to another.

II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαίνϋμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμαι, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μετα-δέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

II. Causal in aor. I  $\mu$  era- $\delta\eta\mu$ ios,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\mu$ erá,  $\delta\hat{\eta}\mu$ os) in the midst of or y over or away. among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share.

II. to give after.

μετα-δίομαι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω. μεταδίωκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From

μετα-διώκω, f. –διώξομαι later –διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely. II. intr. to follow close after. μετα-δοκέω, f. –δόξω: 201. 1 – έδοξα: pf. pass. –δέ-

δογμαι:—to change one's opinion: impers. μεταδοκεῖ, μετάδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι μή στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δόρπιος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδόs, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετάδοσις, ή, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, im-

μεταδούναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ή, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, bunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταζε, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

φετάθεσις, ή, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά

μετα-τζω, poët. for μεθίζω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίσσω

μετ-αίρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to go away, depart.

μετ-αίσσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αιτέω, f ήσω, to demand one's sbare of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-altros, ov, also os, ov, (μετά, aiτιos) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνου an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. πεδ -, (μετά, αίχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground.

2. generally, midway between, in mid air. μετα-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καινίζω, f. σω, to model anew μετα-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετά-κιάθω, only used in impf., to follow after: μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' άλλα, in either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II. quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.) ΙΙΙ. παν πεδίον μετεκίαθον μεταλλό-χρῦσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσόε) containto go to visit, c. acc. they were marching over the whole field. ing gold ore. μετα-κινέω, f. ήσω, to remove: to change, alter:μετάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part pass. of μεθάλλομαι. μετα-μάζιος, ον, (μετά, μαζός) between the breasts: Med. to go from one place to another. Hence μετακίνητός, ή, όν, transposed, changed: to be μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest. μετα-μαίομαι, Dep. to search after, chase. changed or disturbed. μετα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterμετα-μανθάνω, f. --μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 μετέμαθον: 2. to weep for. to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn μετα-κλάω, to break and so change. another, Lat. dediscere. μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινω, to turn in a new direction: μετ-ἄμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, άγαθον κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. -Pass. to take another course, set the other way. 2. to change, reμετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep. II. Med. to change one's condition, escape μετά-κοινος, ον, (μετά, κοινός) sbaring in common, from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns. μετα-μέλει, fut. – μελήσει: aor. I μετεμέλησε: partaking. μετα-κομίζω, f. ίσω, to transport, carry over. impers. it repents ine, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μετα-κυλινδέω, f. ήσω, to roll away; μετακυλινδείν μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me fact: αυτόν to roll oneself over. also, μεταμέλει μοι ούτως απολογησαμένω I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it μετα-κύμιος, ον, (μετά, κῦμα) between the waves; άτας μετακύμιον between two waves of woe, i.e. bringrepents me; and in part., μεταμελόν μοι, Lat. quum II. also with a nom., τφ 'Αρίστωνι ing a short lull or pause from wee. [v] poeniteat me. μετα-λαγχάνω, f -λήξομαι, to get a share of. μετέμελε το είρημένον what had been said caused μετα-λαμβάνω, f.  $-\lambda \eta \psi ο \mu \alpha i$ : pf.  $-\epsilon i \lambda \eta \phi \alpha$ : pass. sorrow to Ariston. Hence μεταμέλεια, ή, change of purpose, regret, repent--είλημμαι:--to bave or get a share of, to partake in: -Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαί τινος to claim a thing to ance. II. to take instead, take in exμετα-μελητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , full of repentance, repentant. oneself, assume. change, as πόλεμον αντ' είρηνης; μεταλαμβάνειν μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. παλτόν to take a fresh dart. μετεμελήθην: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repent-2. to interchange. ance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose. μετ-αλγέω, f ήσω, to feel remorse, to repent. μετά-μελος, δ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret. μετα-λήγω Εp. μεταλλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, μετα-μέλπομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among. cease from. μετα-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with. μετάληψις, ή, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, com- $\mu \in \tau a - \mu (\sigma \gamma \omega) = \mu \eta \tau a \mu (\gamma \nu \nu \mu)$ . μετα-μορφόσμαι, Pass (μετά, μορφή) to be transmunion in a thing. μεταλλάγή, ή, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, formed: to be transfigured. a changing, change: μεταλλαγή της ήμέρας an μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress. μεταλλακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, μετ-ἄμώνιος, ον, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μεταμώνια βάζειν to talk idly. changed, altered. μετάλλαξις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = μεταλλα $\gamma\dot{\eta}$ , a change. μετ-αναγιγνώσκω, to persuade one to change bis μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 μετήλλαξα: purpose: - Pass. to be changed in purpose. to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take μετα-ναιετάω, to dwell with. μετα-ναιέτης, ου, δ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. intr. to undergo a change, change. place, a wanderer. μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετάλλητος. μετ-ανάστασις, ή, (μετανίσταμαι) migration. μετ-αλλάω, f. ήσω, (μετ' άλλα) to search after other μετα-νάστης, ου, δ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also bis bome, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον. inhabitant. Hence μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: μετανάστιος, ov, like a wanderer, wandering. to dig mines. II. =  $\mu\epsilon\tau$ a $\lambda\lambda$ á $\omega$ , to explore. μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστηs. μεταλ-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω. μετανεγνώσθην, aor. ι pass. of μεταγιγνώσκω. μεταλλήσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω. μετ-ανέστηκα, -ανέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετμετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be ανίστημι. searched, sought out. μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the μεταλλικόs, ή, όν, of or for mines. From other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue. **μέτ-αλλον**, τό, a mine, quarry; άλδε μέταλλον a μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his

II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.

salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρύσεα καὶ ἀργύρεα country.

aor. 2 μετανέστην, pf. μετανέστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to perceive afterwards or too late.

2. to change one's mind or opinion.

3. to repent. Hence

ueravoua, n, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv of Place, betwist, between; τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards.

II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-παυσωλή, ή, rest between times

μετα-πείθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over. μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτέοs, a, ov, to be sent for : and

μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb Adjectives from μετα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. –πτήσομαι: 2οτ. 2 –επτόμην: Dep.

to fly away

μετα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap from one to another. μετα-πίπτω, f. –πεσούμαι: 20τ. 2 – έπεσον: pf πέπτωκα:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly.

2. of votes, to change sides.
3. of conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ă], to mould differently,

remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:— Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen. μετα-ποίνιος, ον, (μετά, ποινή) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med -εύσομαι: aor. I pass. μετεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish.

II. to emigrate.

μεταπρέπής, έs, distinguished among. From μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, aor. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργόs) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-δρίθμιος, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among. μεταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to turn upside down.

merap-ρυθμίζω, f. low, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσίο-λεσχέω, f. ήσω, (μετάρσιος, λέσχης) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ή, a talking on lofty subjects. μετάρσιος, ον, also a, ον, Dor. πεδάρσιος: (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like μετέωρος, out at sea. Hence μεταρσιόω, f. ώσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ερ. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ερ. 201. 2 μετ τεσσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσϋτο: Pass.:—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. 2cc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. άσω [ἄ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπών, aor. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μέτασσαι, al, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and έρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περισσός from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Εp. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασταθώ, aor. 1 subj. pass. of μεθίστημι. μεταστάς, ασα, αν, aor. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ή, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ήλίου an eclipse. 2. μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. decease. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue. μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, aor. 1 part., and fut, of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -ί, Adv. (μετά, στοίχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάχίζω, to sigb or wail afterwards. μετα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to sbift

one's camp.

μεταστράφήσομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω. μεταστρεφθείs, aor. I pass. part. of μεταστρέφω. μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:— Pass., aor. 1 μετεστρέφθην, aor. 2 μετεστράφην [α], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in aor. 1 part. μεταστρεφθείs.

2. to turn round upon, retort.
3. to change, alter.

II. intr. to change one's course.
2. to care for, regard, c. gen.
3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχείν, aor. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετάσχεσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μετέχω) a participation, sbaring in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (μετά, σχημα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently: -Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I μετέθηκα:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—
Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι την γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring for b after. μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. to care for, regard, take care of. μετα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: 2 οτ. 2 μετέδραμον (from obsol.  $\delta \rho \in \mu \omega$ ):—to run after. μετα-τροπαλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat. μετατροπή, ή, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing. μετατροπία, ή, = μετατροπή.μετάτρο πος, ον, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; έργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance. μετα-τρωπάω, f. ήσω, poet. for μετατρέπω. μετ-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for. μετ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak among, to address, c. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc. μετ-αθθίς Ion. -αθτις, Adv. afterwards, thereupon. μετ-αυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon. μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2 to change, alter: to pervert: -Pass. to change one's course. μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among μεταφορά, ή, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope. μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω. μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after. **μετά-φρενον**, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part bebind the midriff (poéves), the broad of the back. μετα-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to speak among, address. μετα-χειρίζω, f. ίσω, or more often as Dep. μεταχειρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι: 201. Ι μετεχειρισάμην: -to bave in one's bands, bandle. take in band, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίζεσθαι πράγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to bave in band, pursue, practise, Lat. exercere. bandle, treat in a certain way. II. in Poets, = μετάρσιοs, aloft, on bigb. μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards. μετα-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage. μετα-ψαίοω, to brush against. μετέασι, Ep. for μέτεισι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι. μετέβάλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω. μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω. μετ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφήσεται. μετέγνων, 20r. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω. μετέδοξα, 201. Ι οί μεταδοκέω. μετέδωκα, 20r. Ι οf μεταδίδωμι. μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετείπε, etc. μετέησι, Ion. for μετη̂, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι. μετέθηκα, sor. I of μετατίθημι. μετείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω, μέτ-ειμι, f. μετέσομαι Εp. -έσσομαι: (μετά, είμί | μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

2. to turn and look after, | sum):—to be among, live with, associate with. impers, μέτεστί τοί τινος I bave a share of a thing; part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or cle im: -sometimes with a nom., μέτεστι πασι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all. μέτ-ειμι, (μετά, είμι ibo) to go between II. to go after or behind, follow. among. to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near III. to pass over, go over to the other side. μετ-είπον Ερ μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετάφημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among. thereafter, afterwards. μετείς, Ion. for μεθείε, aor. 2 part. of μεθίημι. μετεισάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (είμι μετείω, Εp. for μετω, subj. of μέτειμι (είμί sum). μετ-εκβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another. μετεκίαθον, impf. of μετακιάθω. μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω. μετέλάχον, 201. 2 οf μεταλαγχάνω. μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι. μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι. μετέμαθον, 201. 2 of μεταμανθάνω μετ-εμβαίνω, f. - βήσομαι, to go on board another ship. μετ-εμβίβάζω, f.  $-\beta$ ιβάσω Att.  $-\beta$ ιβ $\hat{\omega}$ , Causal of μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship. μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μεταμέλει. μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf of μέτειμι (είμί sum). μετ-έμφυτος, ον, (μετά, έμφύω) engrafted afresh. μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a per-II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on son. other clothes. μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω. μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι. μετ-εννέπω, to speak among. μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Mcd. to take out and put elsewhere. μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another. μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἔτεροι) some others.μετέον, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (είμί μετ-έπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter. μετέπεσον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω. μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with 201. 2 act. - ηλθον, pf. - ελήλυθα: -- to come among. to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger: 4. to approach with in legal sense, to prosecute. 5. to court or woo. prayers, supplicate.

μετέσσύτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 of μετασεύομαι.

μετ-εύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to change one's wish | or prayer, to wish something else. μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μετάφημι. μετ-έχω, f. μεθέξω, to partake of, have a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ίσον (sc μέρος) dγαθων τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another. μετέω, Ion and Ep. subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum) μετεωρίζω, f. ίσω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a beight, raise, lift up: Pass., μετεωρισθείς έν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the high sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false bopes. μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ήσω, (μετέωρος, κύπτω) to prate about the beavenly bodies. μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \omega \rho o - \lambda \delta \gamma o s$ . μετεωρολογέω, f ήσω, (μετεωρολύγος) to talk of bigh things, or of the beavenly bodies. Hence μετεωρολογία, ή, a treatise on the heavenly bodies. μετεωρο-λόγος, ον, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies. μετ-έωρος Ερ. μετ-ήορος, ον, (μετά, έώρα or αἰώρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. metaph. of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. spe erectus: hence wavering, fluctuating, III. τà μετέωρα, things in the air, the beavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, abstruse, lofty speculations. μετεωρο-σοφιστής, δ, a meteorological philosopher μετεωρο-φέναξ, ακος, ό, a meteorological quack. μετήγάγον, aor. 2 of μετάγω. μετήλθον Ep. μετήλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι. μετήλλαξα, aor. I of μεταλλάσσω. μετ-ηνέμιος, ον. (μετά, ανεμος) swift as the wind. μετ-ήορος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος. μετήρα, anr. I of μεταίρω μετήσεσθαι, Ion. for μεθήσεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθίημι. μετηύδων, as, a, impf. of μεταυδάω. μετίει, Ion. 3 sing impf. of μεθίημι; also 3 sing. pres. μετίετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθίημι. μετ-ίημι, μετ-ίστημι, lon, for μεθ-.  $\mu \epsilon \tau \cdot (\sigma \chi \omega) = \mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \chi \omega$ . 2. the Captivity of μετοικεσία, η, = μετοικία 1. the lews. From μετοικέω, f. ήσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle II. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence μετοίκησις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = μετοικία Ι. μετοικία, ή, change of abode, migration. II. a settling as µ\(\xi\) toikos, a settlement: society. the condition of a µέτοικος or sojourner. μετ-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to lead to another abode: -Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate. μετοικικός, ή, όν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος:

τὸ μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικοι or aliens.

the peroison at Athens. From

μετοίκιον, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by

μέτ-οικος, ον, (μετά, οίκος) changing one's abode. settling elsewbere. II. at Athens, μέτοικος, δ and h, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοίκιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. inquilinus. μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, the guardian of the μέτoikoi or aliens at Athens. μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through. μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω μετ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush. μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to change the name, call by a new name:-Pass, to take a new name.  $\mu \epsilon \tau \cdot \delta \pi i v$ ,  $A dv = \mu \epsilon \tau i \pi \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon$ . μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv of Place, from behind, backwards: - of Time, after, afterwards. II. as Prep. with gen. behind. μετοπωρίνος, ή, όν, of or like the end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal. From μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὀπώρα) the season after  $\delta\pi\omega\rho\alpha$ , late autumn; cp.  $\phi\theta\iota\nu\delta\pi\omega\rho\sigma\nu$ . μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω μετ-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ύρχος) the stace between rows of vines. μετ-ουσία, ή, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of μέτειμι intersum) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment. μετοχή, ή, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion. μετ-οχλίζω, f. ίσω, (μετά, ὅχλος) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way. μετοχλίσσειε, Ep. 3 sing aor. 1 opt of μετοχλίζω μέτοχος, ον, (μετέχω) partaking of .- as Subst a partaker, partner, accomplice. **μετρέω**, f ήσω, (μέτρον) to measure: I of Space, to measure, 1 e. pass over, Lat. metiri, emetiri: \_ Med., μετρείσθαι ίχνη to measure the footmarks with the eves. II. of Number, to count: to measure out, dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence. μέτρημα, aros, τό, that which is measured out: a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole. μέτρησις, η, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement. μετρητής, οῦ, ὁ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύς, Lat. meirēta, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12 χόεs, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held & of a μετρητήs μετρητός, ή,  $\dot{\phi}$ ν, (μετρέω) measured, measurable. μετριάζω f. σω, (μέτριος) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans to moderate. μετριοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From μετριο-πάθής, ές, (μέτριος, παθείν) bearing moderately.

μετριο-πότης, ου, δ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ ) a moderate drinker, moderate in po-

tations: Sup. μετριοποτίστατος.

μέτριος, a, ov, also os, ov, (μέτρον) within measure. moderate: of Size, of average or ordinary beight. II. III. of Degree, bolding to the of Number, few. mean, moderate: of middle condition or rank: τδ 3. of Persons, 2. tolerable. μέτριον the mean. moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. =  $\mu \epsilon \tau \rho i \omega s$ .

μετριότης, ητος, ή, (μέτριος) moderation.

μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure. 2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comparative μετριώτερον, Superlative -ωτατα.

**ME'TPON**, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure 3. any space measured or measurable; µέτρον ορμου the size of the harbour; μέτρον ήβης the full measure or prime of youth. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fit-III. metre, opp. to μέλος (tune) and δυθμό**s** (time).

μετώκισα, aor. I of μετοικίζω.

μετ-ωνυμία, ή, (μέτα, ονομα) change of name: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy. μετ-ωπηδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) with the forehead foremost, fronting: of ships, in line; opp. to έπὶ κέρως, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) on or of the forehead. μετ-ώπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, the forehead.

μέτ-ωπον, τό, (μετά, ώψ) the space between the eyes, II. the front or fore part of the forehead, front. anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) with ingenuous countenance.

μεῦ, Ēp. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.

ME'XPI, rarely μέχρις even before a vowel: Prep. with gen. until, unto, to a given point, I. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης as far as the sea. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρις until when? μέχρις ου; μέχρις όσου; until when? how long? μέχρι τινός for a II. in Ion., μέχρι space; μέχρι τοῦδε until now.  $o\bar{v}$  is sometimes followed by another gen., as,  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \rho \iota$ οδ δικτώ πύργων as far as eight towers, instead of μέχριε οῦ ὀκτὰ πύργοι εἰσίν. III. Conjunct. until, with indic., μέχρι έως έγένετο till morning came: with αν and subj., μέχρι αν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν till we see this: also, μέχρι ου in same sense.

MH, Adv. not, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while où denies absolutely: μή expresses that one thinks a thing is not, où that it is not: hence uh always follows εἰ, ἐάν, ἥν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἔωε ἄν, because these speak of a thing not as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas ἐπεί, ἐπειδή are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact. 2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ίνα, ώs, ὅπωs, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ω μή .. ὅλωνται that

they perish not. 3. with infin., as, τ∂ μη πυθέσθαι μ' ἀλγύνειεν ἄν the not-knowing would grieve 4. with the Participle, as, μη ἀπενείκαs = εl μη ἀπήνεικε, if he had not carried away. is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. ne, it stands first in the sen-1. with the pres. imperat,  $\mu \dot{\eta} \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon$ . with the subjunctive aorist, μη λέξηs. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wisb, μη γαρ ὅγ' ἔλθοι ἀνήρ O that he may not come!

B. μή, Conjunction, that not, lest, Lat. ne: with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μη ληφθω I flee lest I may be II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ξφυγον μη ληφθείην I fled lest I might be caught. III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μη γένηται, Lat. vereor ne fiat, I fear lest it happen, i e. I fear it will happen. - For this subj. the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μή is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ΐστω Ζεὺs μὴ μὲν χειρ' ἐπενεικαι Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat, wishes, δὸs μη 'Οδυσσηα οίκαδ' ίκέσθαι. V. μή is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνείσθαι, κωλύειν, είργειν, φεύγειν, as, άρνεισθαι τὸ μὴ ποιείν to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like sense, as κώλυμα; or Adverbs, as έμποδών.

C. As Interrogat., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, η μή που .. φάσθε; surely ye did not say? 2. μή is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by whether, as, δείδω μη δη πάντα νημερτέα  $\epsilon l \pi \epsilon \nu$  I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true,

i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μή γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, no certainly, Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μη λεγέτω τδ ονομα let him not say the name; Answ. μη γάρ [λεγέτω] no, certainly.

μή γε, not at least, strengthd. for μή.

μηδ-ἄμά and μηδ-ἄμη, Adv. of μηδαμόε, no-II. in nowise, not at all.

μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμόε) from no place; μηδα- $\mu \dot{\theta} \epsilon \nu \ \tilde{a} \lambda \lambda \delta \theta \epsilon \nu \ from \ no \ other \ place.$ 

μηδαμόθι, Adv. nowhere: and

μηδαμοί, Adv. nowbither. From

μηδ-αμός, ή, όν, for μηδε άμός, not even one, not any one, no one, none. Hence

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. nowhere.

μηδαμώs, Adv. of μηδαμόs, in no way, not at all. μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) but not, and not, nor, Lat. neque, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδέ .. μηδέ .. , neither .. nor . , Lat. ne-II. strengthening the negative, que .. neque ... which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, not even, Lat. ne. quidem.

μηδ-είς, μηδ-εμία, μηδ-έν, gen. μηδενός, μηδεμιας,

μηδενόs, etc.:—declined like είs μία εν, (μηδέ, είs) | —to lengthen, prolong. not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. 0 or n μηδέν (sc. ών, οὖσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody: - τὸ μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, person. by no means

μηδέ-ποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.

μηδέ-πω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

μηδε-πώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet. μηδ-έτερος, a, ov, (μηδέ, ετερος) neither of the two. μηδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. to neither side.

μή δή, nay do not.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μηδος) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the

Medes, opp. to Έλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ή, όν, (Μῆδος) Median: τὰ Μηδικά (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Μηδική ποία, berba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman. **Μηδισμόs**, δ, (**Μηδί**(ω) a leaning towards the

Medes, the being in their interest.

Μηδο-κτόνος, ον, (Μήδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying. μήδομαι, f. μήσομαι: aor. ι έμησάμην: Dep.: (μηδοs):-to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδ-οπότερος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ , (μηδέ, ὁπότερος) neither of the

two. MH ΔΟΣ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , only used in plur.  $\mu \dot{\eta} \delta \epsilon a$ , counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μητιε, care, anxiety; σὰ μήδεα care for thee. II. m pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδ-οστισούν, neut. μηδοτιούν, for μηδέ όστις ούν, μηδέ ο τι ουν, no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ή,  $(\mu \hat{\eta} \delta o s)$  counsel, prudence. Μηδο-φόνος,  $o \nu$ , = Μηδοκτύνος.

μηθείς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδείς, μηδέν. ΜΗΚΑ ΌΜΑΙ, Dep., with 201. 2 part. μακών: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part. μεμηκώs, shortd. fem. μεμάκυια (so βέβρυχα, μέμυκα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον: -to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, sbriek, cry.

μηκάς, άδος, ή, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith.

of she-goats as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μή, ἔτι) no more, no longer, no further. μήκιστος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. and Att. μάκιστος,  $[\bar{a}]$ , a,  $o\nu$ , (μηκοs), Sup. of μακρόs, but formed from μηκοs, as aισχιστοs from alσχοs, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far: -also at length, at last.

MH KOΣ, εοs, τό, length: also beight, tallness, 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. ΙΙ. τὸ μῆ-

κος or μηκος, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness. μή-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. - ϋνω Ion. - ϋνέω: Dor. μακύνω: (μηκοε): fines the breasts.

2. to protract: to delay, put off; μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 4. Med. ἐμᾶκύναντο νειν βοήν to raise a loud cry. κόλοσσον erected a tall statue.

MH'KΩN Dor. μάκων, ωνος, ή, the poppy. the bead of a poppy. 3. poppy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ή, (μηλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus.  $\mu$ ήλειοs, ον, also α, ον, (μηλον) of or belonging to a sbeep.

Mηλιακόs, ή, όν, of or for Melis or Malia.

**Μηλιάδες** or **Μηλίδης**, ai, (μηλον A or B) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύs.

Μηλιεύς, έως, ό, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis II. as Adj., Μηλιεί's κύλποs the Maliac gulf.

μήλζνος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. μάλινος, a,  $o\nu$ , (μ $\hat{\eta}$ λον B) of an apple-tree.

Mήλιos, a, ov, of or from the island of Melos, Melıan.

Mylis, idos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , with or without  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ήρος, ό, and μηλο-βότης, ου, ό, Dor. -τας, (μῆλον, βόσκω) a sbepberd.

μηλό-βοτος, ον, (μηλον, βόσκω) grazed by sheep. μηλο-δόκος, ον, (μηλον, δέχομαι) sheep-receiving. μηλο-θύτης,  $[\ddot{v}]$ , ου, δ, (μηλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sbeep, a priest; βωμός μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar. μηλολόνθη, ή, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

MH ΛΟΝ, ov, τό, (A) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: ἄρσενα μῆλα rams, wetbers: the pl. μῆλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to βύεs

MH ΛΟΝ, ov, τό, (B) Dor, MA ΛΟΝ, Lat MA-LUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as, μηλον Κυδώνιον the quince, μηλον Περσικόν the peach, μηλον Μηδικόν the orange of citron. II. metaph, in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. malae. μηλο-νομεύς, έως, οτ μηλο-νόμης, ου, Dor. - μας, α, ό, (μηλον A, νέμω) a shepherd, goatherd, herdsman.  $\mu\eta\lambda o$ -νόμος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\mu\hat{\eta}\lambda o\nu$  A,  $\nu\epsilon\mu\omega$ ) feeding sheep or

goats. μηλο-πάρειος, ον, Dor. μαλοπάρηος, (μηλον Β. παρειά) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλό-σκοπος, ον, (μηλον  $\mathbf{A}$ , σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλό-σπορος, ον, (μῆλον Β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σόος, ον, poet. for μηλοσόος, (μηλον Α, σώ-(ω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφαγέω, f. ήσω, to slay sheep; ίερα μηλοσφαyelv to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ον, (μῆλον Α, σφάζω) slaying sheep.μηλο-τρόφος, ον, (μηλον Α, τρέφω) sheep-feeding. μηλ-οῦχος, δ, (μῆλον Β. ΙΙ, έχω) a girdle that con-

μηλο-φόνος, ον, (μηλον Α, \*φένω) sheep-slaying. μηλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry apples. From μηλο-φόρος, ον, (μήλον Β, φέρω) bearing apples. μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, and  $\hat{\eta}$ , (μ $\hat{\eta}$ λον A or B, φύλαξ) one who watches sheep or apples. [v] μηλωτή, ή, (μῆλον A) a sbeep's skin. μήλ-ωψ, οπος, δ, ή, (μηλον Β, ωψ) looking like an

apple, yellow, golden.

μή μάν, nay verily.

μή μέν, Ion. for μή μάν.

μήν, Dor. and Ep. μάν, a Particle strengthening affirmation, yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth; η μήν or  $\bar{\eta}$   $\mu \dot{\alpha} \nu$ , in very truth, yea verily, used at the beginning of an oath: καὶ μήν, Lat. et vero, and yet, nay more: άλλα μήν yet truly, Lat. verum enimvero: οὐ μήν assuredly not, so too μη μήν; τί μήν; what then? 1. e. of course. II =  $\mu$ έντοι, bowever.—Μήν was orig. the same as  $\mu \hat{\epsilon} \nu$ , but after the introduction of the long vowel  $\eta$  it became the more emphatic form. but  $\vec{\eta}$   $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$ ,  $\mu \dot{\eta}$   $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$ , were retained in Ep. and Ion., = Att.  $\hat{\eta}$   $\mu \hat{\eta} \nu$ ,  $\mu \hat{\eta}$   $\mu \hat{\eta} \nu$ .

MH'N, δ, gen. μηνός: dat. pl. μησί, Aeol and Dor. μείς:-Lat. MEN-SIS, Α MON-TH: κατά μηνα month by month, monthly. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, μην ίστάμενοs, the month rising, and μην φθίνων the month waning. The Attic division was into three, μην Ιστάμενος, μεσών, φθίνων: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as μηνὸς τετάρτη φθίνοντος the fourth day from the end of the month; sometimes onwards, as τη τρίτη ἐπ' εἰκάδι on the three-and-twentieth day of the month. II. =  $\mu\eta\nu i\sigma\kappa os$  II.

μηνάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = μήνη, the moon. μήνατο, Ep. 3 sing. 20r. I med. of μαίνομαι.

μήνεσι, corrupt form of μησί, dat. pl. of μήν, μηνός.

μήνη, ή, (μήν) the moon, Lat. luna. Hence

μηνίαιοs, a, ov, monthly.

μηνιθμός,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (μηνίω) wrath.

μήνιμα, ατος, τό, (μηνίω) the cause of anger; μήνιμα  $\theta \in \hat{\omega} \nu$  the cause of divine wrath. 2 guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness.

MH NIΣ Dor. μανις, ιος, ή, Att. gen. μήντδος,

wrath, anger: also, malice.

μηνίσκος, δ, Dim. of μήνη, a crescent, Lat. lunula. II. a crescent-shaped body, to protect the bead of statues.

μηνίω Dor. μανίω: f. μηνίσω [ι]: aor. I έμηνισα: (μηνιs):-to cherish wrath, be wroth against: also to

declare one's wrath against a person.

μηνο-ειδής, έs, (μήνη, είδοs) crescent-shaped, Lat. lunatus: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed. **μήνυμα**,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau o$ ,  $(\mu \eta \nu v o)$  an information.

μηνῦτήρ, ηροs, ὁ, (μηνύω) an informer, guide. μηνυτήs, ου, δ, (μηνύω) masc. Adj. bringing to II. as Subst. an informer, Lat. delator. μήνυτρον, τό, (μηνύω) the price paid for information, reward: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, ορος,  $\delta_1 = \mu \eta \nu \nu \tau \eta \rho$ .  $[\vec{v}]$  From

ΜΗΝΥ'Ω Dor. μανύω: f. μηνύσω [v]: 201. 1 έμήνῦσα:- Pass., 20τ. Ι έμηνύθην [v]; pf. μεμήνυμαι:to disclose, reveal, make known: betray. Athens, to inform or lay public information against another: impers. in Pass., μηνύεται information is

laid: but in Pass. also of persons, to be informed against.

μή δπως (an ellipse for μή ὑπολάβητε ὅπως. ), followed by ἀλλά, do not suppose that ..., but ..; not only not so ..., but ...

 $\mu$ η δτι, =  $\mu$ η ὅπως, followed by ἄλλα, not only not so , but .; not to mention that . , let alone, Lat.

ne dicam.

μη ού, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as δέδοικα μη οὐ γένηται I fear it will not be, opp. to δέδοικα μη γένηται I fear it will be. Here both negatives have their proper force; but, II. with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as οὐδείε σοι ἀντιλέγει τὸ μὴ οὐ λέξειν no one disputes your right to speak (where μη ού may be translated by Lat. quin, quominus), nemo te impediet quin dicas. generally, after all clauses in which a negat, is expressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύναμαι, οὐκ ἔστι, etc.; as οὐ οἰκός ἐστι 'Αθηναίους μη οὐ δοῦναι δίκας it is not reasonable that the Athemans should not Lat. non potest fieri quin ; so also, with a negat. implied, as, δεινὸν ἐδόκει .. μὴ οὐ λαβείν it seemed III. with a Participle, δυstrange not to take. σάλγητος γάρ ήν, μη οὐ κατοικτείρων for I were unfeeling, did I not pity.—In II, and III. μή might stand without où.

μή πολλάκις, lest perchance, Lat. ne forte.

μή-ποτε, = μή ποτε. I. with subj. that at no time, lest ever, Lat. ne quando. 2. with infin. never. μή που, lest anywhere: lest perchance.

μη-πω, = μη πω, not yet, Lat. nondum: μηπω γεnay, not yet.

μή πώποτε, never yet.

μή-πωs, = μή πωs, lest in any way, lest any how, lest perchance. II. in case of doubt, whether or no.

μηρά, τά, = μηρία, tbigb-bones.

μηρία, τά, never used in sing., (μηρόs) the thighbones, which by old usage they cut out from the leg (ἐκ μηρία τάμνον), and wrapped in two folds of fat (μηρία κνίση ἐκάλυψαν, δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες): they were then laid on the altar and burnt. ροί, the thighs.

unplaios, a, ov, (unpos) of or belonging to the thigh.

Lat. femoralis: ή μηριαία, the thigh.

μήρινθος, ου, ή, (μηρύω) a cord, line, string; proverb., ή μήρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε the line caught nothing, i. e. it was of no avail.

MHPO'S, oû, o, the upper part of the thigh, the ham. μηρο-τράφής, ές, (μηρός, τραφήναι) nursed in the thigh, ep th. of Bacchus.

μηρο-τύπής, ές, (μηρός, τυπηναι) striking the thigh. μηρυκάσμαι, Dep. to chew the cud, Lat. rumingre.

MHPT'OMAI, f. -ύσομαι [v]: aor. I ἐμηρῦσάμην:
—to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.
2. In weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι μηρύσασθαι to weave the woof into the warp.

II. μηρύσμαι is sometimes used as Pass., κισσὸ μηρύται περὶ χείλη ivy is twined around the edge.

μήσαο, μήσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 1 of μήδομαι. μήσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. of μήσομαι, fut. of μήδομαι.

μήστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. 20r. 2 of μήδομαι.

μήστωρ, ωρος, δ, (μήδομαι) an adviser, counseller; μήστωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.

μή-τε, = μή τε, and not. II. repeated, μήτε ... μήτε, neither ... nor.

MH'THP Dor. MA'THP, ἡ, gen. μητέρος, contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας.—Lat. MATER, MOTHER: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μήτηρ μήλων mother of flocks; γῆ μήτηρ Mother Earth:—ἡ Μήτηρ sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybele.

μήτι, neut. of μή-τιε, μήτινος.

μήτι, contr. for μήτιι, dat. of μῆτις, μήτιος

μητιάασθαι, μητιάασθε, Ep. for μητιάσθαι, μητιάσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω.

μητίω, f. μητιάσω. (μητις):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind.

If to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητίτης Ep. μητίτα, ου,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (μ $\dot{\eta}$ τιs) counseller. μητί $\dot{\phi}$ ισς,  $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\sigma\alpha$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ , (μ $\dot{\eta}$ τιs) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητίομαι, f. -ίσομαι  $[\bar{t}]$ . aor.  $\bar{t}$  έμητ $\bar{t}$ σάμην : Dep.:  $(\mu \hat{\eta} \tau \bar{t} s)$ :—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιόων, Ερ for μητιών, part. of μητιάω.

μητιόωσι, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and unpf. med. of μητιάω.

MH TIΣ, ιος, ή; Att. gen. τδος. Ep. dat. μήτι for μήτι; acc. μῆτιν:—counsel, wirdom, skill, cunning, craft

II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, ό, ή, μήτι, τό, gen. μήτινος: (μή, τίς):—
lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing,
Lat. ne quis, ne quid.

II. μήτι is freq. as Adv. lest
by any means, that by no means: also separately, μή
τι: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

μή-τοι, stronger form of μή, in nowise, nay: μήτοι γε nay upon no account.

μήτρα, ή, (μήτηρ) Lat. matrix, the womb.

μητρ-ἄγύρτης, ου, δ, (μήτηρ, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybele, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-ἄδελφεός or μητρ-άδελφος,  $\delta$  and  $\eta$ , Dor. ματρ-, (μήτηρ, άδελφός) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-άλοίας οτ μητρ-αλώας, ου, δ, (μήτηρ, άλοιάω) striking one's mother, a matricide,

μήτρη, ή, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητριάs, άδοs, ή, pecul. fem. of μήτριος. μητρίδιος, α, ον, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. ματρ-, ον, (μήτηρ, δέχομαι) reserved by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. ματρόθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ή, (μήτηρ, κασιγνήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ήσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ον, (μήτηρ, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide. 11. μητρύκτονος, ον, pass. killed by one's mother

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ  $[\bar{a}]$ , opos,  $\hat{\eta}$ , == μητρὸs μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [α], opos,  $\dot{o}_{,} = \mu \eta \tau \rho \partial s$  πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. ματρ-, εως, ή, (μήτηρ, πόλις) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, bome

μητρο-πόλος, ον, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending methers. μητρόρ-ρυπτος, ον, (μήτηρ, βίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ον, (μήτηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (μήτηρ, \*φένω) α matricide. μητρυιά, α̂s, Ion. μητρυιή, η̂s, ἡ, (μήτηρ) α stepmolber, Lat noverca: metaph a rocky coast is called μητρυιά νεῶν.

μητρώοs Ep μητρώϊοs, a, ον, (μήτηρ) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μήτρωs,  $\delta$ ; gen. μήτρωos and  $\omega$ ; acc. μήτρωα and  $\omega v$ ; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle.

2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάασθαι, -άασθε, Ep. for μηχανάσθαι, -ασθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάσμαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor 1 εμηχανησάμην: pf. μεμηχάνημαι: Dep.: (μηχανή);—Lat. machinari, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare.
2. to contrive, devise, scheme.
II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part. μηχανωνταs: but perf. μεμηχάνημαι is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοώμην, -ύφο, -ύφτο, Ερ. for μηχανώμην, pres. opt. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανέομαι, lon. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανή, ή, (μήχος) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights.—

2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, ares, who is a contrivance against

device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, arts, wiles: c. gen., μηχανή κακῶν a contrivance against ills: μηδεμιή μηχανή by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance

μηχάνημα, ατος, τό, (μηχανάομαι) an engine. II a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of μηχανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ή, όν, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικός.

446 clever. II. as Subst., ή μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), mecbanics. μηχανιώτης, ου, δ, poet. for μηχανητής. μηχανο-δίφης, ου, δ, (μηχανή, διφάω) inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious. μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) inventive, ingenious. μηχανο-ποιός, όν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) making machines: as Subst., μηχανοποιώς, ώ, an engineer, maker of warengines. μηχανορραφέω, f. ήσω, to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily. From μηχάνορ-ράφος, ον, (μηχανή, βάπτω) contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving. μηχάν-ουργός, όν, (μηχανή, ξργον) = μηχανο-II. pass. cunningly contrived. ποιό\$. μηχανόωνται, -όωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι. ιήχαρ,  $\tau \delta_{,} = \mu \hat{\eta} \chi o s$ , a means, contrivance MH XOΣ, τό, a means, expedient, contrivance.  $\mu$ ία, ή; gen.  $\mu$ ια̂s Ion.  $\mu$ ιη̂s; dat.  $\mu$ ια̂,  $\mu$ ιη̂; acc.  $\mu i \check{\alpha} \nu :$ —fem. of  $\epsilon \hat{l} s$ , one. **MIAI'NΩ**, f.  $\mu$ ιἄν $\hat{\omega}$ ; aor. I ἐμίηνα Att. ἐμίᾶνα: pf. μεμίαγκα:-Pass., aor. 1 έμιάνθην: pf. μεμίασμαι or -aμμαι:-to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. vio-2. to stain, defile, soil. lare. 3. metaph. to taint, defile, pollute. μζαιφονέω, f. ήσω, (μαιφόνος):—to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous. Hence μιαιφονία, ή, blood guiltiness. μται-φόνος, ον, (μιαίνω, \*φένω) blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty: - Comp. - ωτερος; Sup. - ώτατος. μιάνθην, Ep. for ξμιάνθην, aor. I pass. of μιαίνω. μιαρία, ή, (μιαρόε) brutality. II. defilement. μίαρός, ά, όν, (μιαίνω) defiled with blood. generally, polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting. Adv. mapus, brutally. μίασμα, ατος, τό, (μιαίνω) a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution. μίασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μιαίνω) pollution. μιάστωρ, οροs, δ, (μιαίνω) a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. bomo piacularis. II. ἀλάστωρ, an avenger of such guilt. μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) mixed or blended with. μιγάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μίγνυμαι. μίγάs, άδοs, ὁ, ἡ, (μίγα) mixed up, promiscuous. μίγδα and μίγδην, Adv. promiscuously. μιγείην, 20r. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνυμι. μιγείs, aor. 2 part. pass. of μίγνυμι. μίγεν, for εμίγησαν, 3 pl. 201. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι. μιγήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf pass. of μίγνυμι. μίγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι. ι**ιγμα, α**το**ε,** τό, (μίγνυμι) a mixture, compound. MI'TNYMI and -ύω, also MI'ΣΓΩ: f. μίξω: aor. I

ἔμιξα, inf. μίξαι:-Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μί-

**μηχάνικός.** ή, όν, (μηχανή) inventive, ingenious,  $| f. 2 \mu Y \gamma f \sigma o \mu a_i, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: 2 or. 1 έμίχθην, 2 or. 2$ ἐμίγην [t]; 3 smg. Ep. aor. pass. ἔμικτο, μίκτο: pf. μέμιγμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:-Lat. MIS-CEO, to mix, mix up, mingle, properly of liquids, e. g. οίνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, to join, bring 3. to make actogether, bring in contact with. quainted with, unite with: also, μίξαι τινα άνθεσι to cover one with flowers. II. Med. and Pass. to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; κλισίησι μιγηναι to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at: hence to meet, live, associate with: but also in hostile sense, to encounter: more rarely μίσγεσθαι ès 'Axaιούs to go to join the Achae-2. to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to.  $\mu$ ιγνύω, =  $\mu$ ίγνυ $\mu$ ι.

μιήνη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μιαίνω.

 $\mu i \eta - \phi \delta v o s$ , o v,  $= \mu i \alpha i \phi \delta v o s$ μικκός, ά, όν, Dor. for μικρός, little.

μῖκρ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αὖλαξ) with small furrows: hence small, scanty.

μικρ-έμπορος, ὁ, (μικρύς, έμπορος) a pedlar

μικρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep, (μικρολύγος) to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness. Hence μικρολογία, ή, minute discussion, frivolity.

μικρο-λόγος, ον, (μικρός, λέγω) reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean. cavilling about trifles, captious.

μῖκρο-πολίτης  $[\bar{i}]$ , ου, δ, fem -ιτις, ιδος, ή, (μικρός,  $\pi \circ \lambda(\tau \eta s)$  a citizen of a petty town or state.

MI-KPO'Σ, Ion. and old Att. σμικρός Dor. μικκός, ά, όν, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, in ignificant: of Time, little, short. II. Adv. usages: gen. μικροῦ (sub. δεί) it wants but little, almost:-dat. μικρφ by a little: acc. μικρόν a little. Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν for a little, but a little; κατὰ μικρόν little by little, or into small parts; μετά μικρόν after a little; παρά μικρύν within a little, almost — Besides the regular Comp. and Sup μικρότεροs, μικρότατος, the irr. forms έλάσσων, έλάχιστος, μείων μείστος, μειότερος μειότατος are used.

μικροφιλοτιμία, ή, petty ambition. From μικρο-φιλότιμος, ον, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) ambitious

μικροψυχία, δ, littleness of soul, meanners of spirit.

μικρό-ψυχος, ον, (μικρός, ψυχή) little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry.

μίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

of petty distinctions.

μικτός, ή, όν, (μίγνυμι) mixed, compound.

μίλαξ, ἄκοε, ή, Att. for σμίλαξ, the yew-tree. a convolvulus.

11.

Miletus. From Miletus. From Mίλητος, ή, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria. μιλιάριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. milliarium. II. a copper vessel for boiling water in.

μίλιον, τό, a Roman mile, Lat. mille passus, = 8 σγομαι: fut. med. μίξομαι, fut. I pass. μιχθήσομαι, stades, = 1680 yards, i.e. 80 yards less than our mile.

μιλτείον, τό, a vessel for keeping μίλτοs in. μιλτ-ηλζφής, έε, (μίλτοε, άλιφηναι) painted red. μιλτο-πάρηος, ον, (μίλτος, παρειά) red-cheeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

MI'ΛΤΟΣ, ή, red earth, red chalk or ochre, ruddle, Lat. rubrica. II. vermilion, Lat. minium. μιλτο-φυρής, έε, (μίλτοε, φυρήναι) smeared with

ocbre.

μιλτόω, f. ώσω: pass pf. μεμίλτωμαι: (μίλτοε):to colour with ochre, paint red; σχοινίον μεμιλτωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, ες, (μίλτος, είδος) of the nature or colour

of μίλτοs.

μίμαρκυς, ή, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Mίμας, αντος, ό, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

ΜΙ ΜΕ ΌΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: αοτ. Ι ξμιμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:-to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένοs, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ή, όν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μιμέομαι) an imitation, copy.  $\mu$ ίμησις, ή, ( $\mu$ ι $\mu$ έο $\mu$ αι) imitation.

μιμητίοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. of μιμέσμαι, to be imi-II. μιμητέον, one must imitate. tated.

μτμητής, οῦ, ὑ, (μιμέομαι) an imitator, copyist. μιμητικός, ή, όν, (μιμέομαι) imitative.

μιμητός, ή, όν, (μιμέομαι) to be imitated or copied. μιμνάζω, Frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying,

II. trans. to expect, await. to stay, remain. μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: aor. ι έμνησα: (μνάω):--to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory vull.

of others. II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form MNA'OMAI, μνωμαι, whence the tenses are formed fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor. I med. έμνησά- $\mu\eta\nu$ , pass.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\mu\nu\tilde{\eta}\sigma\theta\eta\nu$ :—the pf.  $\mu\tilde{\epsilon}\mu\nu\eta\mu\alpha\iota$  is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. memini, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct, μέμνωμαι; optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνώμην, φο, φτο, Ion. μεμνέφτο: infin. μεμνησθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐμεμνέατο: -to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλκη̂s μνήσασθαι to betbink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι έλθών I remember baving come. mention, make mention of. 3. to give beed to,

judge of. μίμνοντι, Dor. for μίμνουσι, 3 pl. of μίμνω.

dat. pres. part. of the same Verb. μίμνω, for μι-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μίμο-λόγος, ον, (μι̂μος, λέγω) mocking one's II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

MI^MO∑, ov, &, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime. II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μίν [τ], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers. | μισ-άμπελος, ον, (μίσος, άμπελος) bating the vine.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νιν: μὶν αὐτὸν bimself; but. αὐτόν μιν oneself, for ξαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτούs, αὐτάs, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. ξαυτόν.

MI'NΘΟΣ, δ, buman ordure, dung. μινθόω, f. ώσω, to befoul with dung.

Mivou, oi, the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Mινύειος, α, ον, Ep. Mινυήϊος, of the Minyans.

ΜΕΝΥ ΘΩ [v], Ion impf. μινύθεσκον, Lat. minuo, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence μίνυνθα, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a sbort time. Hence

μινυνθάδιοs, a, ov, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυνθαδιώτερος.

μινυρίζω, f. ίσω, (μινυρόs) to moan, whine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. minurire. Hence μινύρισμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, bumming. μινυρισμός, δ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling. μίνυρομαι, Dep. =  $\mu \nu \nu \rho i \langle \omega, \text{ of the nightingale, } to$ warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [v

MINT PO'S, a, ov, complaining in a low tone, moaning, whining, whimpering.

μινύ-ώριος and μινύ-ωρος, ον, (μινύθω, ώρα) sbortlived.

Mivws, o, Minos, king of Crete: gen. Mivwos and Míva; dat. Míva, Mívo; acc. Mívaa, also Míva and Mίνων:—hence Adj. Mīvώιοs Att. Mivωos, a, ov, of Minos.

μίξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγ-

μίξις, εως, ή, (μίξω fut, of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others. μιξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος)

balf barbarian balf Greek.  $\mu$ ιξό-θηρ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\mu$ ίξω,  $\theta$  $\dot{\eta}$ ρ) balf beast.

μιξό-θροος, ον, (μίξω, θρύος) with mingled cries. μιξό-λευκος, ον, (μίξω, λευκύς) mixed with white. μίξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μιξόμ-βροτος, ον, for μιξό-βροτος, (μίξω, βροτός) balf mortal.

μιξο-νόμος, ον, (μίξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μιξο-πάρθενος, ον, (μίξω, παρθένος) balf a maiden, balf woman.

 $\mu$ ίξω, fut. of  $\mu$ ίγνυ $\mu$ ι.

μισαγαθία, ή, batred of good. From

μίσ-άγαθος, η, ον, (μίσος, άγαθύς) bating good. μισ-αθήναιος, ον, (μίσος, 'Αθηναίος) bating the Atbenians.

μισ-αλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μίσος, αλάζων) bating boasters.

μισ-αλέξανδρος, ον, (μίσος, 'Αλέξανδρος) bating Alexander.

μίσ-άνθρωπος, ον, (μισος, ἄνθρωπος) bating man- mercenaries; μισθοφίροι τριήρειs galleys manned with kind, misantbropic

μισγ-άγκεια, ή, (μίσγω, άγκος) a place where several mountain glens (ἄγκη) meet, a meeting of glens μίσγεσθαι, pres. inf. pass of μίσγω.

μίσγοισαι, Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω **ΜΙ΄ΣΓΩ**, see μίγνυμι.

μισ-έλλην, ηνος, δ, ή, (μίσος, Ελλην) a bater of

the Greeks. μισέω, f. ήσω: pf. μεμίσηκα:--Pass., f med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι: aor. τ ἐμισήθην: pf. μεμίσημαι: (μίσος):-to bate:-Pass. to be bated

μίσηθρον, τό, (μισέω) a charm for producing batred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.

μίσημα, ατος, τό, (μισέω) an object of bate. μισητέος, verb. Adj. of μισέω, to be bated. μισητία, ή, (μισέω) bateful lewdness or greedi-

ness. μισητός, ή, όν, (μισέω) bated, bateful, odious.

μίσητρον, τό, = μίσηθρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ή, payment of wages, recompense.

μισθ-αποδότης, ου, δ. (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.

μισθάριον, τό, Dim. of μισθόε, a small fee. μισθαρνέω, f. ήσω, (μίσθαρνος) to work or serve for bire, receive pay. Hence

μισθαρνία, ή, a receiving of wages, bired service. μίσθ-apvos, δ, (μισθόε, άρνυμαι) a bired servant. μισθ-αρχίδης, ου, δ, (μισθός, άρχή) a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.

μίσθιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (μισθός) bired, salariea. μισθοδοσία, ή, payment of wages. From μισθοδοτέω, f. ήσω, to pay wages. From

μισθο-δότης, ου, ό, (μισθός, δίδωμι) one who pays

wages, a paymaster.

ΜΙΣΘΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, wages, pay, bire: μισθὸς βητός fixed wages: ἐπὶ μισθῷ for bire; διδόναι τάλαντον μηνδε μισθύν to give a talent as a month's pay. at Athens the pay of the soldiery: also, μισθός βουλευτικόε the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting; μισθός δικαστικός or ήλιαστικόs the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury: μισθός συνηγορικός the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day. generally, recompense, reward: in bad sense, punishment, retribution

μισθοφορά, ή, (μισθοφόρος) receipt of wages · wages

received, wages, pay, salary.

μισθοφορέω, f. ήσω, (μισθοφύροε) to receive wages, to serve for bire: c acc. rei, to receive as pay. Hence

μισθοφορητέον, verb Adj. one must keep in pay. μισθοφορία, ή, (μισθοφορέω) service for wages of pay, bired service.

μισ co-φόρος, ον, (μισθύε, φέρω) receiving wages, serving for bire; of μισθοφόροι bireling soldiers,

mercenaries.

μισθόω, f. ώσω: 20r. Ι ἐμίσθωσα: pf. μεμίσθωκα: (μισθόs):—to let out for bire, farm out, Lat. locare: c. inf., μισθούν τὸν νηδν τριηκοσίων ταλάντων έξεργάσασθαι to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents, Lat. locare aedem exstruendam. II. Med., f. μισθώσομαι: aor. ι έμισθωσάμην: pf. (in med. sense) μεμίσθωμαι:--to engage or bire at a price, Lat. conducere: to retain, as an advocate or physician; μισθοῦσθαί τινα ταλάντου to engage bis services at a talent; c. inf., μισθοῦσθαι νηὸν εξοικοδομησαι to contract for the building of the temple, Lat. conducere aedem aedificandam. III. Pass., aor. 1 έμισθώθην: pf. (in pass. scnse) μεμίσθωμαι:-- to be bired for pay. Hence

μίσθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is let for hire, a bired bouse. II. the price agreed on, the contract-

price: rent.

μισθώσιμος, ον, (μισθόω) that can be hired. μίσθωσιs, εωs, ή, (μισθύω) a letting for bire. 11. (μισθύομαι) a biring. III. =  $\mu l \sigma \theta \omega \mu a$ , rent. μισθωτής, οῦ, οἱ, (μισθόω) one who pays rent, a tenant.

μισθωτικός, ή, όν, (μισθίω) mercenary. $\mu$ ισθωτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , ( $\mu$ ισθ $\dot{o}\omega$ ) bired or to be bired: as Subst. a bireling, mercenary, of soldiers.

μισό-γάμος, ον, (μίσος, γάμος) marriage-hating. μισό-γελως, ωτος, ό, ή, (μίσος, γέλως) laughterbating.

μισο-γόης, ου, ό, (μίσος, γόης) bating imposture μισοδημία, ή, batred of democracy. From μισό-δημος, ον, (μίσος, δημος) bating the commons, bating democracy.

 $\mu \bar{\iota} \sigma \acute{o} - \theta \epsilon o s$ , ov. ( $\mu \hat{\iota} \sigma o s$ ,  $\theta \epsilon \acute{o} s$ ) bating the gods, godless. μισό-θηρος, ον, (μίσος, θήρα) bating the chase μισο-καίσαρ, ἄρος, ὁ, (μίσος, Καίσαρ) hating Caesar μισο-λάκων, ωνος, δ, (μίσος, Λάκων) a Laconianbater. | a]

μισο-λάμαχος, ον, (μίσος, Λήμαχος) bating Lamachus. [\lambda a]

μισολογία, ή, batred of argument From μισό-λογος, ον, (μίσος, λόγος) bating argument. μίσο-νοθος, ον, (μίσος, νόθος) bating bastards μισό-παις, παιδος, δ, ή, (μίσος, παίς) hating children. μίσο·πέρσης, ου, δ, (μίσος, Πέρσης) a Persian bater. μΙσό-πολιε, ιοε, δ, ή, (μίσοε, πόλιε) bating the state. μισοπονηρέω, f. ήσω, to bate the bad. From μίσο-πόνηρος, ον, (μίσος, πονηρός) bating the bad μισο-πονία, ή, (μίσος, πόνος) hatred of work. μισο-πόρπαξ,  $\bar{\alpha}κοs$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μισοs, πόρπαξ) bating the shield-handle, i. e. hating war: Sup. μισοπορπακίστατοs.

μισό-πτωχος, ον, (μίσος, πτωχός) hating the poor. μισο-ρώμαιος, ον, (μίσος, 'Pwpaios) Roman-bating. MΓΣΟΣ, τό, bate, batred: I pass. bate borne 2. act. a bating, a grudge, strong disone. like. a bateful object, = μίσημα.

μίσο-σύλλας, ου, ὁ, (μίσος, Σύλλας) bating Sylla. μισο-τύραννος, ον, (μίσος, τύραννος) tyrant-bating μισο-φίλιππος, ον. (μίσος, Φίλιππος) bating Philip μισό-χρηστος, ον, (μίσος, χρηστός) hating the good. μισο-ψευδής, έs, (μίσος, ψεῦδος) bating lies.

MIΣΤΥ'ΛΛΩ, f. υλω, to cut up meat before roasting. μἴτο-εργός, όν, (μίτος, \*έργω) working the thread μίτορ ράφής, ές, (μίτος, ραφηναι) sewn with thread,

baving meshes of thread.

MI'TOΣ, ov, o, a thread of the warp, Lat. tela:generally, a thread: a web. [7] Hence

μἴτόω, f. ώσω, to stretch the warp in the loom:— Med. to ply the loom; metaph, φθόγγον μιτώσασθαι —to be remembered, had in memory, mentioned to let one's voice sound like a barp-string

μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ή, (μίτοs) a linen girdle or memory, το μνημονικόν = μνήμη, memory. or band, worn below the θώραξ: generally a girdle, II. a beadband, a snood, 2. a Persian cap, like κυρβασία.

Μίτρα, ης, ή, the Persian Aphrodite or Venus. μιτρη-φόρος, ον, (μίτρα, φέρω) wearing a μίτρα,

whether girdle or head-dress

μιτρό-δετος, ον, (μίτρα, δέω) bound with a μίτρα. μιτροφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear a μίτρα From μιτρο-φόρος, ον, = μιτρηφόρος.

MI'TΥ ΛΟΣ or μύτιλος, η, ον, Lat. mutilus, cur-

tailed, csp. bornless. [7]

μίτ-ώδης, ες, (μίτος, είδος) like thread, of linen. μίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of μίγνυμι. μιχθήμεναι, Ep. aor. 1 pass. inf. of μίγνυμι. μιχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

MNA Ion. μνέα, ή; gen. μνας; nom. pl. μναί: the Lat. MINA. I. a weight, = 100 drachmae  $= 15 \text{ oz } 83^3 \text{ grs.}$ II. a sum of money, also =

100 drachmae, = 41. Is. 3d.:—60 μναί made a talent. μνάμα, μνάμειον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ-.

MNA'OMAI (Λ), contr. μνωμαι, used in the contr. forms 3 sing., I and 3 pl μνᾶται, μνώμεθα, μνῶνται; imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνᾶσθαι; part. μνώμενος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνάφ mf. μνάασθαι; 3 sing Ion. impf μνάσκετο for εμνατο, Ep. 3 pl. μνώοντο, part. μνωύμενος:- to woo to wife, woo, court. canvass for, Lat. ambire.

MNA'OMAI (B), contr. μνωμαι, to remember, Ep. and Ion. for μιμνήσκομαι.

μνάσθαι, inf. of μνάσμαι to woo.

μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάσμαι to woo. μνάσομαι, Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μιμνήσκω. μναστήρ, δ, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ-.

μναστις, ή, Dor. for μνηστις, q. v.

μνέα, Ion. for μνα.

μνεία, ή, (μνάσμαι B) remembrance, memory. mention; μνείαν ποιείσθαί τινος, Lat. mentionem facere.

μνήμα Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι Β) Lat. monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monu- marriage; to espouse: Pass. to be courted. ment. II. =  $\mu\nu\eta\mu\eta$ , memory.

μνημείον Ion. -ή τον Dor. μναμείον,  $τ \delta$ , (μν ημα)Lat. monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument

μνήμη, ή, (μνάσμαι Β) remembrance, memory, recollection. 2. the faculty of memory; μνήμης υπο from memory 3. a memorial, monument. mention or notice of a thing

μνημήϊον, τό, Ion. for μνημείον

μνημονεύω, f. σω, (μνήμων) to remember, call to mind, 2. to call to another's mind, mention, recollect. say, Lat. memorare. II. Pass, with f. med.

 $-\epsilon$ ύσομαι and pass.  $-\epsilon \nu \theta \dot{\eta}$ σομαι: αοτ  $1 \dot{\epsilon} \mu \nu \eta \mu \rho \nu \epsilon \dot{\iota} \theta \eta \nu$ :

μνημονϊκός, ή, όν, (μνήμων) of or for remembrance of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικώς, Adv. from or by memory, readily.

μνημοσύνη, ή, (μνήμων) remembrance, memory, Lat II. as prop. n. Mnemosyne, the mother memoria of the Muses; because before the invention of writing memory was the Poet's chief gift

μνημόσυνον Dor. μναμ-, τό, (μνήμων) a remembrance, memorial, record of a thing also a reminder, refresber. 2 bonourable mention, fame

 $\mu$ νήμων, δ, ή, neut.  $\mu$ νήμον, ( $\mu$ νάομαι Β) mindful, remembering: c. gen mindful of. 2 ever mindful, unforgetting.

μνήσαι, aor. I inf. and aor. I med imperat. of μιμνήσκω

μνησαίατο, Ion for μνήσαιντο, 3 pl aor 1 med. opt. οι μιμνήσκω.

μνήσασθαι, aor 1 mf med ο μιμνήσκω

μνησάσκετο, lon. for εμνήσατο, 3 smg. aor. 1 med. οί μιμνήσκω.

μνησθήναι, aor. I pass inf of μιμνήσκω

μνήσθητι, 2 sing aor. t imperat. pass. of μιμνήσκω.  $\mu\nu\eta\sigma$ ι-δωρέω Dor  $\mu\nu\bar{\alpha}\sigma$ -, i  $\eta\sigma\omega$ ,  $(\mu\nu\eta\sigma\iota s$ ,  $\delta\hat{\omega}\rho\rho\nu)$ to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be grateful.

μνησικακέω, f. ήσω, to remember old injuries: to bear ill-will or malice; ου μνησικακείν to bear no malice, pass an act of amnesty. II also c acc. II. generally, to court, sue for, solicit, rei, την ηλ.κίαν μνησικακείν to remind of the ills of age. From

μνησί-κάκος, ον, (μνάομαι Β. κακόν) remembering old injuries, bearing malice.

μνησί-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μιμνήσκω, πήμα) reminding of misery.

μνήσις Dor. μνάσις, εως, ή, (μνάσμαι Β) remembrance, memory.

μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μιμνήσκω.

μνήστειρα, ή, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) a II. fem. Adj. (µváoµai B) reminding of. bride. μνήστευμα, ατος, τύ, (μνηστεύω) courtsbip, wooing:

in plur., espousals.

μνηστεύω, f. σω: αοτ. ι έμνήστευσα: (μνάομαι Β): -Pass., aor. 1 ἐμνηστεύθην:-to woo, court, seek in to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. to be betrothed.

450 μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ήρος, δ, (μνάομαι A) a wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom. ΙΙ. (μνάομαι B) calling to mind, mindful of. μνηστήρεσσι, Ep. for μνηστήρσι, dat. pl. of foreg. μνήστις Dor. μναστις, ιος, ή, (μνάομαι Β) a remem-II. reputation, fame. bering, remembrance. μνηστός, ή, όν, (μνάομαι A) wooed, wedded. μνηστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for μνηστεία, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage. μνήστωρ, opos, ό, (μνάομαι B) mindful of. μνήσω, fut. of μιμνήσκω μνίαρός, ά, όν, mossy, soft as moss. From MNI'ON, τό, moss, sea-weed. μνόος contr. μνοῦς, δ, fine down. μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo. μνώνται, 3 pl. of μνάσμαι, to woo. μνωόμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember. μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι A and B. μογερόs, ά, όν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From μογέω, f. ήσω, (μόγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part.  $\mu \circ \gamma \in \omega \nu = \mu \circ \gamma \circ s$ , with trouble, bardly; μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, bardly he moved. II. to labour at. μογι-λάλος, ον, (μύγις, λάλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb. μόγις. Adv. (μόγος, μογέω) with toil and trouble: bardly, scarcely: like the later μόλις. Hence MO'TO∑, ov, ô, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow. μογοσ-τόκος, ον, (μόγος, τεκείν) belping women in bard travail. μόδιος, δ, a dry measure, Lat. modius,  $=\frac{1}{R}$  of a medimnus, = 2 gallons. **MO'OO**,  $\delta$ , battle, the battle-din;  $\mu \delta \theta \circ \delta = \pi \pi \omega v$  the noise or trampling of horses. μόθων, ωνος, δ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a

Helot: such children being brought up as fosterbrothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance. μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of έγώ. μοίρα, gen. as Ion.  $\eta s, \dot{\eta}$ : (μείρομαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an II. a part or party in a state, Lat. pararmy. III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, pa-2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. trimony. 3. that which is one's like μόροs, one's fate, doom. due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατά μοίραν έειπες thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοίραν νέμειν τινί to give one bis due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; έν μοίρη ἄγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect. Moipa, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos. **μοιράω,** f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$  Ion.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ : (μοίρα):—to share,

distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοιρη-γενής, έε, (μοίρα, γένοε) fated from birth.

μοιρίδιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (μοιρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis. μοιρό-κραντος, ον, (μοίρα, κραίνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Moισα, ή, Aeol. for Moυσα: Moισαν, Aeol. for

Mουσῶν, pl. gen.

Moισαίοs, a, ον, Aeol. for Μούσειοs. μοιχ-άγρια,  $\tau$ ά, (μοιχώς, ἄγρα) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχάλίς, ίδος, ή, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, άδος, ή, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress. μοιχάω, f. ήσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν την θάλατταν to bold dalliance with the II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari. sea.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. II, intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari. μοιχίδιος, α, ον, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοίχιος, a, ov, adulterous. From

MOIXO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μιᾶ μαχαίρα to have the head shaven with a rasor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

MOΛΕΙ N, 2 or. 2 inf. of βλώσκω. **μολίβ-αχθήs**, έs, (μύλιβοs, άχθοs) loaded with lead. μόλιβος, ου, ό, poet, for μύλυβδος, lead.

μόλιs, Adv., later form for μόγιs, hardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μόλιs not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρόs, οῦ, ὁ, a glutton, greedy beggar. **μολοΐσα,** Dor. for μολοῦσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοσσός Att. -ττός, όν, Molossian; κύων Μολοττικύs the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. ΙΙ. δ μολοσσός (sub. πούς), in Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g πρυμνήτηs

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλώσκω

μολπάζω, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence μολπαστής, οῦ, ὁ, a minstrel or dancer.

μολπή, ή, (μέλπω) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it.

generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπήτις Dor. - âτις, ιδος, ή, (μολπή) a songstress. μολύβδαινα, ή, (μόλυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.

μολύβδϊνος, η, ον, (μόλυβδος) leaden, of lead. μολυβδίς, ίδος, ή, (μόλυβδος) like μολύβδαινα, the II. a leaden ball or bullet. leaden weight on a net. MO'ΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ov, δ, lead. II. plumbago,

black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χοέω, f. ήσω, (μόλυβδοε, χέω) to fix with melted lead.

μολύνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πράγμα):-to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel.

**MOAT'NΩ** [ $\overline{v}$ ]: f.  $\overline{v}v\hat{\omega}$ : pf. pass.  $\mu \in \mu \delta \lambda v \sigma \mu a \iota$ :—to stain, sully, defile, corrupt: also to seduce a woman:—Pass. to be or become vile, wallow.

**μολυσμόs**, δ, (μολύνω) defilement, pollution. **μολών**, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of βλώσκω.

μομφή, ή, (μέμφομαι) blame, reproof, complaint:—
a cause of complaint.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.

μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνος) to be alone, live in solitude. μοναμπϋκία, ή, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, a race-borse that runs single.

μον-άμπυξ, ϋκος, δ, ή, (μόνος, άμπυξ 11) baving one frontlet; μονάμπυκες πῶλοι horses that run single, raceborses: also of a bull, baving no yokefellow.

μοναρχέω Ion μουν-: f. ήσω: (μόναρχος):—to be monarch or sovereign; ἐπὶ τούτου μουναρχέοντος in this king's reign. Hence

μουαρχία Ion. μουν-, ή, absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy.

μόν-αρχος Ion μουν-, ον, (μόνος, άρχω) ruling

alone, sovereign. μονάs Ιοιι. μουνάs, άδοs, ή, (μύνοs) properly a fem.

Adj, solitary, single also masc of a man, alone, by oneself.

II. as Subst, μονάs, ή, a unit.

**μονάχ**η, Adv. properly dat fem. of μοναχόs, in one way only: singly or alone.

μονάχός, ή,  $\partial v$ , (μόνος) solitary;—as Subst. μοναχός, δ, a monk

μον-ερέτης Ion. μουν-, ου, δ, (μόνος, ερέτης) one who rows singly, a sculler.

μονή, ή, (μένω) a staying, abiding, tarrying.
a place to stay in, mansion.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) a bunt of one day. μον-ήρης, ες, (μόνος, ἀραρεῖν) single; ναῦς μονήρης a ship with one bank of oars.

μόντμος, ον, οτ η, ον, (μονή) staying, fixed: of persons, steadfast, constant.

2. of conditions, abiding, lasting, Lat. stabilis.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μύνος, ἵππος) with one borse, a

borseman, opp. to a chartoteer μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) walking

alone: of metre, consisting of one foot. [βā] μονό-γἄμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) marrying one wife.

μονο-γένεια Ion. μουνογ-, ή, pecul. fem. of sq. μονο-γενήs Ep and Ion. μουνογ-, έs, (μόνοs, γένοs) only-begotten: born from one and the same mother.

μονό-γληνος, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) one-eyed. μονο-δάκτύλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) one-fingered.

μονο-δέρκτης, ου, ό, (μόνος, δάρκομαι) one-eyed. μονό-δουπος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) of unvaried sound, monotonous.

μον-όδους, - όδοντος, ό, ή, (μύνος, όδούς) one-toothed. μονό-δροπος, ον, (μύνος, δρέπω) plucked from one stem: cut or carved from one block.

μονο-ειδής, ές, (μόνος, είδος) of one kind, simple. μονο-ζυγής, ές, and μονόζυξ, ύγος, ό, ή, (μόνος, ζυγῆναι) baving one borse yoked: generally, single, alone. μονο-ήμερος, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) lasting but one day.

μονο-κέλης Ion. μουνο-κ-, ητος,  $\delta$ , (μόνος, κέλης) a single borse.

μονό-κερω**s**, ων, gen. -κερω, acc. -κερων, (μόνοs, κέραs) one-borned: as Subst. a unicorn.

μονό-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) with one mourner. μονό-κλίνον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) a bed for one only, a coffin.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ήσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) to sleep alone. μονο-κρήπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (μόνος, κρηπίς) with but one sandal.

μονό-κροτος, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) with one bank of oars.

μονό-κωλος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) with but one limb: of buildings, with but one room: περίοδος μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one clause.

μονό-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κωπή) with a single oar: with a single ship.

μονό-λίθος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) made out of one stone.

μονο-μάτωρ, opos, Dor for μονομήτωρ. [ā] μονομάχέω Ion. μουν-, f. ήσω, (μονομάχοs) to fight in single combat: of the Athenians at Marathon, μοῦνοι μουνομαχήσαντες τῷ Πέρση baving fought single-banded with the Persian. Hence

μονομάχία Ion. μουνομαχίη, ή, single combat.

μονομάχιον, τό, = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) fighting in single combat: wielded in single combat.

μονο-μήτωρ, opos,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μόνοs, μήτηρ) left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother.

μονο-νυχί Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) in a single night.

μονό-ξὔλος, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) made from a single log. II. made of wood only.

μονό-παις, -παιδος, δ,  $\eta$ , (μόνος, παῖς) act. baving but one child. II. pass. = μόνος παῖς, an only child. μονο-πάλης Ion. μουν-, ου,  $\delta$ , (μόνος, πάλη) one

who conquers alone in wrestling. [α]
μονό-πελμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) with but one sole.

μονό-πετμος, ον, (μόνος, πετμα) with our one site. μονό-πεπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) left without a robe, clad in a tunic only: v. απέπλος.

μονό-πουs, δ, η, -πουν, το΄, gen. -ποδοs, (μόνοs, πούs) one-footed.

μονό-πωλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) with one borse. μον-ορύχης, ου, δ, (μόνος, ὀρυγῆναι) digging with one point.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

MÔNOΣ Ion. μοῦνος, η, ον, Dor. μῶνος, α, ον, alone, left alone, forsaken: c. gen., μόνος σοῦ reft of, deprived of thee.

II. alone, only: often with gen. added, μοῦνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων alone of all men.

III. like Lat. unus for unicus, standing alone, single in its kind, unique.

IV. Sup. μονώτατος, the one only person, one above all others, cardiviratos.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., alone, only, merely; μόνον οὐ, Lat. tantum non, all but, well nigh. μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only.

μονο-σίδηροs, ον, (μόνοs, σίδηροs) made of iron only. μονοσίτεω, f. ήσω, to eat but once in the day. From μονό-σίτοs, ον, (μόνοs, σίτοs) eating but once a day.

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μονό-σκηπτροs, ον, (μόνοs, σκηπτρον) wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.

μονο-στίβής, ές, (μύνος, στιβείν) walking alone, unaccompanied.

μονό-στίχος, ον, (μύνος, στίχος) consisting of one verse.

μονό-στολος, ον, (μόνος, στολή) going alone: generally, alone, single.

μονο-στόρθυγξ, υγγος, δ, ή, (μώνος, στύρθυγξ) carved out of a single block.

μονο-σύλλαβοs, ον, (μόνοs, συλλαβή) of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.

μονό-τεκνος, ον, (μύνος, τέκνον) with but one child. μονο-τράπεζος, ον, (μύνος, τράπεζα) at a solitary board, caten apart.

μονό-τροπος, ον, (μύνος, τρύπος) solitary, unsocial. μον-ούατος, ον, (μύνος, ούς) one-eared: with one bandle.

μονο-φάγος, ον, (μύνος, φάγειν) eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup μονοφαγίστατος.

μον-όφθαλμος lon μουν-, ον, (μόνος, ὀφθαλμός) one-eved.

μονό-φρουροs, ον, (μόνοs, φρουρά) watching alone. μονό-φρων, ον, gen ονος, (μόνος, φρήν) single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.

μονο-φύής Ion μουν-, ές, (μόνος, φυή) of simple nature: made of one piece.

 $\mu$ ονό-χηλος Dor. -χαλος, ον, ( $\mu$ όνος,  $\chi$ ηλή) solid-boofed.

μονό-ψηφος Dor. -ψαφος, ον, (μόνος, ψῆφος) voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.

μονόω Ion μουν-: f. ώσω: aor. 1 ἐμόνωσα Ερ. μούνωσα:—Pass, aor. 1 ἐμονώθην, Ion. part. μουνωθείs: pf. μεμόνωμαι Ion. μεμούνωμα: (μόνοs):—to make single or solitary; μουνοῦν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation:—Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken: also to be taken apart, without witnesses: c. gen, μεμουνωμένοι συμμάχων deserted by allies.

μονφδέω, f. ήσω, (μονφδύε) to sing alone, to sing a monody. Hence

μονφδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.

μον-φδός, όν, (μόνος, φδή) singing alone.

μονωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of μονόω.

μόνωs, Adv. of μόνοs, only.

μον-ώψ poet. μοῦν -, ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἄψ) one-eyed.
μόρα, ἡ, (μείρομαι) = μοῦρα
2. one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.

μορίαι (sc. ἐλαῖαι), al, the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορημέναι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis. Hence Zevs Móριος as the guardian of these sacred olives.

II. μορία  $[\bar{l}]$ , = μωρία, folly.

μόρτμος, ον, poet. for μόρσιμος.

μόριον, τό, Dim. of μόρος, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.

μόριος, α, ον, poët. for μόρσιμος.—For Ζεὺε Μόριος see μορίαι.

μορμολύκεῖον, τό, a bugbear, bobgoblin. From μορμολύττομα, Dep. (μορμώ) to fright, scare. μορμορ-ωπόs, όν, (μορμώ, ἄψ) bideous to bebold. μορμύρω [v], formed from μύρω, as πορφύρω from φύρω, of water, to roar, boil, Lat. murmuro.

MOPMΩ', gen. 60s, contr. oûs, η, a bideous shemonster, to frighten children with; a bigbear, hobgoblin.

II in Aristophanes, a mere exclamation, μορμώ τοῦ θράσουs a fig for his courage!

μορόεις, εσσα, εν, skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining. (Deriv. unknown.)

MO'PON, τό, the black mulberry.

μόρος, δ, (μείρομαι) like μοῖρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπὲρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate.
2. csp an unhappy lot, ruin, death,

Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death

μόροτμος, ον, (μόρος) appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to diehence μόροιμον ήμαρ the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόροιμον fate, doom, destiny.

MOPT ΣΣΩ, to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμορυγμένος, soiled, defiled.

μορφά, μορφάν, Dor. for μορφή, μορφήν.

μορφάζω, (μορφή) to make gesticulations.

μορφάω, f ήσω, (μορφή) to shape, fashion, mould Μορφεύς, έως, ό, Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper. From

MOP&H', \$\, form, sbape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma.

2. generally, form, fashion, appearance.

3 a form, kind, sort. Hence

μορφήεις, εσσα, εν, formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat formosus.

μόρφνος, ον, (epith of the eagle) of colour, dusky,  $dark = \partial \rho \phi \nu \delta s$  (from  $\delta \rho \phi \nu \eta$ ), Lat. furvus.

μορφόω, f. ώσω, (μορφή) to form, give shape to. Hence

μόρφωμα, ατος, τό, form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.

μόρφωσις, ή, (μορφόω) a shaping : form, semblance. μορφωτήρ, ήρος, ό, (μορφόω) one who shapes :—fem. μορφώτρια; συῶν μορφώτρια changing men into swine.

μόσσυν οι μόσυν, τνος, δ, a wooden house or tower. Μοσσύν-οικοι οι Μοσύν-οικοι, οί, (μόσσυν οι μόσυν, οίκέω) an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.

μόσχειος, α, ον, (μύσχος) of a calf; μύσχειος κυνοῦχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μύσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.

μοσχεύω, f. σω, (μόσχοε) to plant a sucker, propagate. μοσχίδιον, τό, Dim. of μόσχοε, a young sucker. [τ] μόσχιοε, a, or, (μόσχοε) like μόσχειοε, of a calf. μοσχο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (μόσχοε, ποιέω) to make a calf. μόσχοε, δ, also ή, the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion.

II. metaph. of the young of animals, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer. boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. juvenca. any young animal.

μουνάξ. Adv. (μοῦνοε) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ion. for μοναρχέω.

For all Ion. forms beginμοῦνος, Ion. for μόνος ning with mouv-, see under mov-.

Mουνυχία, ή, Munychia, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræeus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Mouvix(afe, Adv. to Munychia: and

Μουντχίασι, Adv. at Munychia.

Mουνυχιών, ωνος, δ, Munychion, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of Munychian Artemis, = the latter part of April and beginning of

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of μονόω.

μουν-ώψ, Ion for μονώψ.

MOΥ ΣΑ, ηs, Acol. Moîσa Dor. Mŵσa Lacon. Mωa, as, ή, the Muse, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,-Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpomene, Terpsichore, Erato, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliopo. later, music, song. also eloquence; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.

Μουσ-αγέτης, ου, δ, Dor. for Μουσηγ-, (Μοῦσα, ήγέομαι), the leader of the Muses, 1. e. Apollo.

Mouσείον, τό, the temple of the Muses, seat or baunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεία θρηνήμασι ξυνφδά balls resounding with lamentations; μουσεία χελιδύνων places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μούσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. Μοισαΐος, α, ον, also os, ον, (μοῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.

μουσίζομαι, Dep. (μοῦσα) to sing or play. μουσικός, ή, όν, (μοῦσα) of the Muses or the fine arts, devoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., μουσικόs, δ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to αμουσος. 2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ή, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric

poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική: -generally, arts, letters, ac-III. Adv. -κω̂s, barmoniously, complishments. elegantly: Sup. -κώτατα.

μουσίσδω, Dor. for μουσίζω.

μουσό-δομος, ον, (μοῦσα, δέμω) built by song.

μουσομάνέω, f. ήσω, to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses. From

μουσο-μάνής, ές, (μοῦσα, μανηναι) smitten by the Muses.

μουσό-μαντις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μοῦσα, μάντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, opos, ή, (μοῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to write poetry about. From μυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μύζω) a moaning, muttering.

μουσο-ποιός, όν, (μοῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: μουσοποιόs, ή, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ον, (μοῦσα, πολέω) serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσοπόλοs, δ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ον, (μοῦσα, πρόσωπον) musicallooking.

μουσουργία, ή, a making poetry, singing. From μουσ-ουργός, ών, contr. for μουσο-εργώς, (μοῦσα, ἔργον) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing: -as Subst., μουσουργός, ή, a singinggırl.

μουσο-φίλης, ου, δ, and μουσό-φίλος, ον, (μοῦσα, φιλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χάρής, έs, (μοῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσόω, f ώσω, (μοῦσα) to devote to the Muses:-Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεύντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of μοχθέω. μοχθέω, f. ήσω, (μύχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly. c. acc. cognato, μοχθείν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo bardsbip, toils; μοχθείν μαθήματα to toil at learning.

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, bardsbip

μοχθηρία, ή, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

 $\mu$ οχθηρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ν,  $(\mu$ οχθ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  in sore distress, 2 of things, toilsome, laborious: but wretched. also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavish, villainous, rascally, Lat. pravus. Hence

μοχθηρώs, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of μοχθέω, one must labour.  $\mu \circ \chi \theta i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega_1 = \mu \circ \chi \theta i \omega$ , to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

 $\mu \dot{o} \chi \theta o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\mu o \gamma \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardships: - μόχθος differs from πόνοs, in that μόχθοs always implies distress, bardship, Lat. aerumna, while πόνοs is merely work, labour, Lat. labor.

μοχλευτής, οῦ, ὁ, one who beaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής be who makes the sea to beave, καινών ἐπών μοχλευτής one who beaves up new words.

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλός) to prise up, to beave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ήσω, Ion. for μοχλεύω.

μοχλίον, τό, Dim. of μοχλόs.

MOXΛO'Σ, oû, δ, a lever or bar for prising or beaving up, a crowbar, Lat. vectis. or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. obex.

MY' or MY', an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. imitate the sound of sobbing.

μυ-άγρα, ή, (μῦς, άγρα) a mouse-trap.

μυάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μῦ-γαλη, (μῦς, γαλέη) the field-mouse, shrew-mouse, Lat. mus araneus.

454 II. the subject of conversation, the matter itself. μυδαλέος, a, ov, wet, dripping, soaked. damp, mouldy. From μύδάω, f. ήσω, (μύδος) to be damp, wet, dripping. II. to be damp or clammy from decay. MΥ'ΔΟΣ, δ, damp: clamminess, decay, Lat. situs. [v] μυδροκτύπέω, f. ήσω, to forge red-bot iron. From μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μύδρος, κτϋπέω) forging or welding red-bot iron. MΥ'ΔΡΟΣ [v], δ, any red-bot mass; μύδρους αίρειν χεροίν to lift masses of red-bot iron in the hands, as an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.  $\mu\nu\epsilon\lambda \tilde{\iota}\nu os$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\mu\nu\epsilon\lambda \dot{o}s) = \mu\nu\epsilon\lambda \dot{o}\epsilon\iota s$ . μυελόειs, εσσα, εν, (μυελόs) full of marrow. MΥΕΛΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, Lat. MEDULLA, marrow: metaph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυελός ἀνδρῶν. 2. the marrow 3. generally, the inmost of the skull, the brain. part, core. [v in Hom., v in Att.] μυέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐμύησα:-Pass., aor. I ἐμυηθην: pf. μημύημαι: (μύω):—to initiate into the mysteries. - Pass. to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυείσθαι τὰ Καβείρων οργια to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυείσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries. 2. generally, to μύζω, f. μύξω, (μῦ) to murmur with closed lips, II. to drink with closed lips, moan: to mutter. to suck in. μυθέομαι, Ep. 2 sing, μυθείαι, contr. for μυθέεαι, and omitting one ε, μυθέαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσομαι: aor. I έμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μῦθος):-to say, speak, tell, name. II. to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider. μυθεῦ. Dor. for μυθοῦ, imperat. of μυθέομαι. μυθεθμαι, Dor. for μυθέομαι. μυθεύω, = μυθέομαι:—Pass. to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.  $\mu \nu \theta \eta \sigma \alpha i \mu \eta \nu$ , aor. I med. opt. of  $\mu \nu \theta \epsilon \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ . μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθέομαι. μῦθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μῦθοs, a short tale or fable. μυθίζω Dor. -ίσδω, later form for μυθέσμαι. μύθικός, ή, όν, (μῦθος) mythic, legendary. μυθίσδω. Dor. for μυθίζω. μῦθο-λογεύω, (μῦθος, λέγω) to tell word for word. μῦθο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (μυθολόγοs) to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or become mythical. 2. to tell tales, talk. Hence μυθολογητέον, verb. Adj. one must tell legends. μυθολογία, ή, (μυθολογέω) a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology. Hence μυθολογικός, ή, όν, versed in mythology. μύθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθολόγοs, δ, a teller of legends. μύθο-πλόκος, ον, (μῦθος, πλέκω) weaving tales. MY 60∑, &, anything delivered by word of mouth,

word, speech: as opp. to epyov, a mere word, without

II. talk, conversation: also,

the deed: a speech.

advice, a command, order. 1V. a purpose, design, plan. V. a tale, story: afterwards, μῦθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the bistorical account. 2. a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables. μῦθ-ώδης, εs, (μῦθος, είδος) like a fable, legendary, MΥΙ A Att. μύα, ή, a fly, Lat. musca. μυιο-σόβη, ή, (μυῖα, σοβέω) a fly-flap. μυιο-σόβος, ον, (μυία, σοβέω) flapping away flies. ΜΥΚΑΌΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἔμὔκον: Ep. pf. μέμῦκα (so βέβρυχα, μέμηκα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to bellow: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.; of things, to grate, jar, roar: also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάσμαι from that of asses ) μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 of μυκάομαι. μυκηθμός, δ, (μυκάομαι) a bellowing: and μύκημα, ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thunder. [v] Mυκηναίοs, ov, of or from Mycenae. From Μυκήνη, ή, and Μυκήναι, al, Mycene, Mycenae, an ancient Pelasgic city, superseded by the Doric Argos: -Adv. Μυκήνηθεν, from Mycenae Μύκηνίς, ίδος, ή, pecul. fem. of Μυκηναίος. MΥΚΗΣ, ητος, δ, also μύκης, ου, δ, a musbroom, Lat. fungus. II. any round body, shaped like a mushroom, as, 1. the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard. 2. the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concrescere fungos. μὔκήτίνος, η, ον, (μύκηε) made of musbrooms. μυκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ , (μύζω) the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils. Hence μυκτηρίζω, f. ίσω, to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere. μυκτηρόθεν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) out of the nose. μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κύμπος) sounding from the nostril. μυλαλος, ov, (μύλη) working in a mill. μύλακρίς, ίδος, ή, (μύλη) of a mill; μυλακρίς λάας a millstone. μύλαξ, ἄκοε, δ, (μύλη) a millstone, any large rouna stone. μύλ-εργάτης, ου, δ, (μύλη, έργάτης) one who works in a mill, a miller. [ă] II. μύλη [v], ή, a mill, Lat. möla, a band-mill. the nether millstone. μύλή-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pf. pass. of \*φένω) bruised or crushed in a mill. μύλτάω, (μύλη) to gnash or grind the teeth. μύλικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\mu\dot{\nu}\lambda\eta)$  of or for a mill;  $\lambda\dot{\theta}$ οε  $\mu\nu$ λικόs a millstone. μύλλω, (μύλη) to crush, pound, Lat. molère.

μύλο-ειδήs, έs, (μύλοs, είδοs) like a millstone.

μύλος, δ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. δνικός. [τ] μύλωθρος, δ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller. μτλών, ῶνος, δ, a mill-bouse, mill, Lat. pistrīnum; βάλλειν εἰς μυλῶνα, Lat. detrudere in pistrinum, to condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

condemn [a stave] to work the mit. μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνω) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [v̄] μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off: μύξα, ἡ, (μύζω, μύζω) the discharge from the nose,

mucus, phlegm.

μυξωτήρ, ήρος,  $\delta$ , =  $\mu$ υκτήρ,  $\alpha$  nose, nostril.  $\mu$ ύο-κτόνος,  $\sigma$ , ( $\mu$ ûς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.

μύραινα, ή, (μῦρος) Lat. muraena, a sea-eel or lam-

prey: also a sea-serpent.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μυρίος) ten thousand times. μυρι-άμφορος, ον, (μυρίος άμφορεύς) bolding ten

thousand measures (άμφορείς).

μῦρι-άρχηs, ου, δ, and μῦρί-αρχοs, δ, (μυρίοs, ἄρχω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μῦριάς, άδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. μυριαδών, (μυρίος) the number 10,000, a myriad —when μυριάς, μυριάδες are used alone of money, δραχμών must be supplied; when of corn, μεδίμνων.

μυρι-ετής, έs, gen. έos, (μυρίος, έτος) lasting ten

thousand years: of countless years.

μυρίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. μεμύρισμαι: (μύρον):—to anoint.

MΥ PIKH [i], ή, Lat myrica, the tamarisk. Hence μυρικίνεος, α, ον, of the tamarisk; and

μυρίκινος, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [i]

μυριό-βοιος, ον, (μυρίος, βους) with ten thousand oxen.

μυρι-όδους, όδοντος, δ, ή, (μυρίος, όδούς) baving immense teeth.

μῦριό-καρπος, ον, (μυρίος, καρπός) bearing countless fruit.

μὖριό-κρῶνος, ον, (μυρίος, κρῶνον) with numberless beads, many-headed.

μυριό-λεκτος, ον, (μυρίος, λέγω) said ten thousand times.

μῦριό-μορφος, ον, (μυρίος, μορφή) of countless sbapes. μῦριό-μοχθος, ος, (μυρίος, μόχθος) of endless toil. μῦριό-ναυς, αος, ό, ή, (μυρίος, ναῦς) of numberless sbips.

μυριόντ-αρχος, ον, = μυρίαρχος.

μῦριο-πάλαι, Adv. (μυρίος, πάλαι) time out of mind. μῦριο-πλᾶσίων, ον, gen. ονος, (μυρίος) ten thousand fold: infinitely more than.

μυριο-πληθής, ές, (μυρίος, πληθος) of infinite num-

ber, countless.

MTPI'OΣ, a, ov, numberless, countless, of Number mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον alμa, χαλκός, etc. 2. of Size, buge, vast, immense, infinite; αχος μυρίον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless, infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μύριοι, aι, a, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing, may be used, as, ἵππος μυρίη 10,000 horse. [v]

μυριοστός, ή, όν, (μυρίοε) the 10,000th.

μθριοστύς, ύος, ή, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μῦριο-τευχής, ές, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand armed men.

μῦριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand talents burthen.

 $\mu\bar{\nu}\rho\iota c$ - $\phi\delta\rho\tau cs$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\mu\nu\rho\iota c\phi\delta\rho cs$ .

μῦριό-φωνος, ον, (μυρίος, φωνή) with countless voices. μὕρί-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω) breathing of unguents or essence.

μῦρι-ωπός, όν, (μυρίος, ἄψ) with countless eyes. μυρμηκιά, α̂ς,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill. μυρμηκίας, ου,  $\dot{\delta}$ , (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.

MTPMHΞ, ηκος, δ, the ant, Lat. FORMICA. II. a beast of prey in India. III. a sunken rock on the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia. Μυρμιδόνες, of, the Myrmidons, a warlike people of

Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μῦρο-βόστρῦχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with perfumed locks.

μυρόεις, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub μύρω.  $[\bar{v}]$ MT PON  $[\bar{v}]$ , τό, sweet oil extracted from plants: generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, balsam.

II. the place where unguents were sold, the perfume-market.

III. metaph. anything sweet or charming.

μυρό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω)

breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώληs, ου, ό, fem. -πωλιs, ιδοs, ή, (μύρον, πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μὕρόρ-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, βαίνω) wet with unguent. μὕρο-φεγγής, ές, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with unguent.

μύρό-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστύς) anointed with sweet oil.

μὕρόω, f. ώσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint. MYPPA, ή, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat. myrrha, murrha.

μυρρίνη  $[\tilde{t}]$ ,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , later Att. for μυρσ-, a myrtle twig or wreatb. II. μυρρίναι, ai, the myrtle-market. μύρρζνος,  $\eta$ , ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. myrteus. μυρρζνών, ῶνος,  $\delta$ , (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.

myrtetum.

MΥΡΣΙΝΗ [τ] later Att. μυρρίνη, ή, the myrtle.

II. a myrtle-branch. [τ]

μυρσίνο-ειδής, έs, (μυρσίνη, είδοs) myrtle-like. μύρτον, ου, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτοs), the myrtle-berry, Lat. myrtum.

MΥ'PTOΣ, ή, the myrtle, Lat. myrtus.

MΥΡΩ [v], only used in pres. and impf, to flow, run, trickle, stream. II. Med. μύρομαι, to melt into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, ατος, τό, (μυρόω) plaster.

MΥΣ, δ, gen. μῦις, acc. μῦν, voc. μῦ, a mouse, Lat. MUS: μῦς ἀρουραῖος a field-mouse. II. a muscle of the body, Lat. musculus.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = μύσος. μύσαν [ $\ddot{v}$ ], Ep. 3 pl. 201.  $\dot{v}$  of μύω. μύσαρός, ά, όν, (μύσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. impurus: τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.

μυσάττομαι, f. μυσαχθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι έμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μύσος):—to loathe, abominate.

μύσος [v], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust: metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. piaculum.

Mῦσός, ὁ, a Mysian.

μυσ-πολέω, (μῦs, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.

μυστηρίκός, ή, όν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation.

μυστηρίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρικός.

μυστηριώτης, ου, δ, fem. -ωτις, ιδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.

μύστης, ου, δ, (μυέω) one initiated. Hence

μυστικός, ή, όν, of or for the mysteries: secret, mystical.

eat it with. From

MYZTI'AH [t],  $\hat{\eta}$ , a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

μυστζ-πόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.

μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

μυστο-δότης, ου, ό, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.

μυτίλος [t], δ, (μυ̂s) the fish muscle, Lat. mytilus.

μυττωτεύω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From MΥΤΤΩΤΟ Σ, δ, a mess of cheese, honey, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

μύχατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μυχός, as μέσατος from μέσος. [v]

μιχθίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθίσδω, (μύζω) to breathe bard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion. 2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

μυχθισμός, δ, a snorting: sneering.

μύχίος, α, ον, (μυχός) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. intimus: irreg. Sup. μὔχοίτατος.

μυχμός, δ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.

μύχόθεν, Adv. (μύχοι) from the inmost part of the bouse, from the women's chambers.

μύχοίτατος, η, ον, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος; μυχοίτατος ίζε he sat in the farthest corner.

μυχόνδε, Adv. (μυχόε) to the far corner.

μύχόs, οῦ, ὁ, (μύω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. sinus: the inmost part of a bouse, the women's apartments, Lat. penetralia.

2. a bay or creek running far inland.

MY'Ω, f. μύσω: aor. ἔμῦσα: pf. μέμῦκα: I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμυκεν all

his wounds bave closed.

2. of persons, to sbut the eyes, keep one's eyes sbut: absol., µtoas with one's eyes sbut.

3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate.

II. trans. to sbut, close.

μιών, ωνος, δ, (μυς) a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body.

μυῶν, gen. plur of μύs

μύωπόζω, (μύωψ) to be purblind, to see dimly.

μυωπίζω, (μύωψ) to spur, prick with the spur, goad.

II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

 $\mu \ddot{\mathbf{v}} - \omega \mathbf{m} \dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\mu \dot{\mathbf{v}} \omega, \, \ddot{\omega} \psi) = \mu \mathbf{v} \dot{\omega} \psi$  1

μύ-ωψ, ωπος, δ, ή, (μύω, ώψ) closing the eyes, short-sighted. II. as Subst., μύωψ, ωπος, b, the horsefly or gad-fly. 2. a goad, spur. [v]

Mωα, ή, Lacon. for Μοῦσα.

μώλος, δ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil

MΩΛΥ, vos, τό, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

 $\mathbf{M}\Omega'\mathbf{\Lambda}\Omega\Psi$ ,  $\omega\pi os$ ,  $\delta$ , the mark of a blow, a weal, bruse

μωμάσμαι, Ion. - έσμαι: f. - ήσομαι: aor. έμωμησάμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μωμάσατο: Dep.. (μῶμοε):
—to find fault with, blame, chide, c acc.:—aor. pass. έμωμήθην in pass. sense, to be blamed.

μωμεύω, f σω, (μῶμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.

μωμητός, ή, όν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable.

μῶμος, ου, δ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace.

II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μὴ οὖν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. num? e.g. μῶν ἐστι...; Answ. οὐ δῆτα. Sometimes however it asks doubtingly, Lat. num forte? and may be answered in the affirmative.

μώνος, α, ον, Dor, for μοῦνος, μόνος

μω-νυξ, υχος, δ, ή, (μόνος, ὄνυξ) with single, solid, uncloven boof, Lat. solipes, epith. of the horse.

 $\mu \hat{\omega} v v \chi o s$ ,  $o v = \mu \hat{\omega} v v \xi$ .

μωραίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐμώρᾶνα: (μωρύs):—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool · c. acc., πείραν μωραίνειν to make a senseless attempt. II. to make foolish, convuct of folly.

2. to make tasteless: Pass. to become so.

μωρανθείς, aor. I pass part. of μωραίνω. μωρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (μώρος) silliness, folly, absurdity.

μωρολογία, ή, a speaking foolishly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγος, ον, (μωρόε, λέγω) speaking foolishly. ΜΩΡΟ Σ, ά, όν, dull, beavy: generally, stupid, silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.

μωρό-σοφος, ον, (μῶρος, σοφός) foolishly wise.

μωρώς, Adv. of μωρύς, foolishly. Μώσα, ή, Dor. for Μοῦσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. \*μάω c.

## N

N. v. v0, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral,  $\nu' = 50$ , but  $\nu = 50,000$ .

I. into y before the gutturals Changes of  $\nu$ :  $\gamma$ ,  $\kappa$ ,  $\chi$ ,  $\xi$ , as  $\xi\gamma$ - $\gamma$ ovos,  $\xi\gamma$ - $\kappa$ aipos,  $\xi\gamma$ - $\chi$ \u00fcpios,  $\xi\gamma$ -II. into  $\mu$  before the labials  $\beta$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\psi$ , Èέω. as σύμ-βιοε, συμ-πότηε, συμ-φυήε, έμ-μανήε, έμ-ψυ-III. into  $\lambda$ , before  $\lambda$ , as  $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda$ - $\lambda\dot{\epsilon}i\pi\omega$ . into ρ before ρ, as συρ-ράπτω. V, into  $\sigma$  before σ, as σύσ-σιτοs VI v is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ίδρύνθην from ίδρύω.

The νῦ ἐφελκυστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs m σι, as εἰλήφασιν for εἰλήφασι; 3 pers sing, in ε and ι, as έκτανεν δείκνυσιν, for έκτανε δείκνυσι: with the local termin. -σι, as 'Αθήνησιν 'Ολυμπίαnumeral είκοσιν for είκοσι; the Advs. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν νύν, for κέ νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

vaes, vaas, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of vaûs.

νάετήρ, ηροε, ό, and νάέτης, ου, ό, (ναίω) an inhabitant, dweller.

Nataphyos and Natupalos, o, a Nazarene, inbabitant of Nazareth.

val, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use val by itself, yea, yes, aye.

vat, Dor. and Att poet. dat. of vaûs

Naïaκόs, ή, όν, (Naiás) of or for a Naiad.

Naïás, άδος, ή, mostly in pl. Naiáδes Ion. Νηιάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

valeσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναίω.

ναιετάασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιετάω.

ναιετάω: Ep part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάεσκον: (ναίω): 1. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be: - c. acc loci, to dwell in, in-2. of places, to be situated, he: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited

valov, Ep. impf. of valo B.

váios, a, ov, Dor. for vhios.

valoura, Dor, for valoura, pres. part. fem. of valou A.

Nats, toos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ion. Nnis,  $(v\acute{a}\omega) = Na\ddot{a}s$ . [1]

valxt, Adv. for val, like oùxi for où.

 $NAI'\Omega$  (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf. of persons, to dwell:-c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inba-2. of places, to lie, be situated. bit.

Causal, in Ep. aor. I ένασσα or νάσσα, for ένασα, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καί κέ οι "Αργεϊ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given bim a town in Argos for bis bome. 2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him: -in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατηρ έμος Αργεί νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἄγχ' Ελικῶνοs be settled near Helicon.

valω (B), = váω, to flow, overflow. NA'KH, ή, a goat-skin; a sheep's fleece, Lat. vel-

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [α]

νâμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence

ναμάτιαĵos, a, ov, flowing, running.

ναμερτής, ναμέρτεια, Dor. for νημ-.

vav, Dor. for vauv, acc of vaus.

NA NOΣ, δ, a dwarf, Lat. nānus

vavo-φυήs, έs, (vavos, φυή) of dwarfish stature. Nátios, a, ov, (Nátos) from the isle of Naxos: Náfioi, ol, the Naxians: Nafía λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Naξι-ουργής, ές, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work. Nάξοs, ή, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

ναο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ον, (ναός, πολέω) dwellσιν; the Epic termin. φι, as δστεύφιν; with the ing or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, δ, the keeper of a temple, Lat aedituus.

vāós Ion. vηόs Att. νεώs, ὁ, (ναίω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

vāós, Dor and Att. poet gen. of vaûs

vaπaîos, a, ov, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell NA'ΠΗ, ή, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [ă] váπos, τό, later form of váπη

NA  $\Pi\Upsilon$ , vos,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\sigma i \nu \alpha \pi \iota$ , mustard.

vapδo-λιπής, ές, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil

vaρδos, ή, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. 11 nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθηξ, πληρόω) filling the bollow of the vapent or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυρσοφόρος: a rod-bearer.

NA POHΞ, ηκος, δ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth; a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκάω, f. ήσω: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:-to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From

NA'PKH, h, stiffness, numbness, Lat torpor.

νάρκισσος, δ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties )

vāρόs, á, úv, (váω) flowing, liquid. -

vas, ή, Dor. for ναθέ.

váσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναίω; v. ναίω 11 2. νασιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

vaσμός, δ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring. vaσos, Dor. for νησοs.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἔνἄσα, aor. 1 of ναίω.

vâσσα, Dor. for νησσα, νηττα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ναίω: v. ναίω II. 2.

NA ΣΣΩ, f. νάξω: aor, I έναξα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

compress: to pile up.

vaστόs, ή, όν, (νάσσω) close-pressed, firm, well-II. as Subst., ναστόs, δ, a wellkneaded. kneaded cake.

**νάττω**. Att. for νάσσω.

ναυᾶγέω Ion. ναυηγ-: f. ησω: (ναυαγόs):—to suffershipwreck, be shipwrecked: to crash, smash, of chariots. Hence

vauayía Ion. vaunyín, ή, sbipwreck, wreck.

ναυάγιον Ion. ναυήγιον, τό, a piece of a wreck, wreck; ναυάγια iππικά the wreck of a chariot. From ναυ-άγός Ion. ναυηγός, όν, (ναθε, άγνυμι) shipwrecked, stranded, Lat. naufragus: generally, ruined, wrecked.

ναυαρχέω, f. ήσω, (ναύαρχος) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

vavaρχία, ή, the command of a fleet, office of admi-2. the period of his command.

ναύ-αρχος, δ, (ναθε, άρχω) the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

ναυάτης, ου, ό, poet. for ναύτης. [α]

vau-βάτης [ă], ou, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) one who embarks in a sbip, a seaman. Il. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

**ναύ-δετον**, τό, (ναῦ**s**, δέω) a ship's cable.

ναυηγός, ναυηγέω, ναυηγία, Ion. for ναυάγ-.

**ναυκληρέω**, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (ναύκληρο**s**) to be a ship-owner, master of a ship. II metaph to manage, govern. Hence

vauκληρία, ή, the life and calling of a master of a ship, a seafaring life. 2. poet a voyage: gene-3. also a ship. rally, an enterprise.

ναυκληρικός, ή, όν, (ναύκληρος) of or for the master of a ship.

ναύ-κληρος, δ, (ναθς, κλήρος) the owner or master of a ship, who carried goods or passengers. poet. a seaman.

ναύ-κράρος, δ, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the member of a division (vaukpapia) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 ναύκραροι belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκράτέω, f. ήσω, to bave the mastery at sea, to command the sea: - Pass. to be mastered at sea.

ναυ-κράτης,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , (ναθς, κράτ $\epsilon$ ω) baving the mastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (ναθς, κρατέω) commanding II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [a] vaûλos, δ, or vaûλov, τό, (vaûs) passage-money,

fare, Lat. naulum. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ήσω, (ναύλοχος) to lie in a barbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to sally out upon ships passing: c. acc. to lie in wait for.

vaú-λοχος, ον, (ναθε, λόχοε) affording safe an- to go by sea. chorage, having a good roadstead.

or νέναγμαι:-to press or squeeze close, stamp down, ναύλοχος, δ, with irreg. pl. ναύλοχα, an anchorage, Lat. statio navium.

ναυμάχεω, f. ήσω, (ναυμάχος) to fight in a ship, to fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. vaυμαχία, ή, a sea-fight.

ναύ-μάχος, ον, (ναθε, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight; ξυστά ναύμαχα boarding pikes. parox. ναυμάχοs, ον, act fighting at vea.

ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, (ναυπηγός) to build sbips:— Med., ναυς ναυπηγέεσθαι to build oneself ships:-Pass. of the ships, to be built.

**ναυπηγήσιμος**, ον, (ναυπηγέω) suited for shipbuilding.

ναυπηγία, ή, (ναυπηγέω) ship-building.

ναυπήγιον, τό, a place for ship-building, a dockyard. From

ναυ-πηγός, όν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) building ships: as Subst., ναυπηγόs, δ, a ship-builder, shipwright.

vaύ-ποροs, ον, (ναθs, πόροs) traversed by ships, na-II. parox. ναυπόρος, ον, propelling a ship. NAΥ Σ, ή, Lat. NA V-IS, a ship; ναθε μακρά a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., ναῦς, νεώς,  $\nu \eta t$ ,  $\nu \alpha \hat{\nu} \nu$ ; dual gen.  $\nu \epsilon o \hat{\iota} \nu$ ; pl.  $\nu \hat{\eta} c s$ ,  $\nu \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu$  or  $\nu \eta \hat{\omega} \nu$ , ναυσί, ναθε:--Ιοπ., νηθε, νεόε, νηί, νέα, pl. νέεε, νεων, νηυσί, νέας:—Ep. νηθς, νηθς, νηί, νηα, pl. νηες, νηων, τηυσί or νήεσσι, νηα, (but also gen. and acc. νεόs, νέα, pl. νέες, νεων, νέεσσι, νέας):-Dor. ναῦς, ναδος, ναί, ναθν, pl. ναες, νάων, ναυσί οι νάεσσι, ναας.

ναυσθλόω, contr. for ναυστολέω, to carry by sea. Med. to take with one by sea: to bire a ship for oneself: - Pass., with fut. med. ναυσθλώσομαι, to go by sea.

vauσίa Att. vauτίa, ή, (ναθε) sea-sickness, qualmisbness, retching, Lat. nausea. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. ναυτιάω, (ναυσία) to be qualmish, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness.

ναυσι-κλειτός, ή, όν, (ναθε, κλειτόε) renowned for ships, famous by sea.

ναυσι-κλῦτός, όν, = ναυσικλειτός.

ναυσί-πέδη, ή, (ναῦς, πέδη) a ship-cable.

ναυσί-πέρατος Ιοη. νηυσιπέρητος, ον, (ναθε, περάω) to be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships, navigable. ναυσι-πόμπος, ον, (ναθε, πέμπω) ship-wafting; ναυσιπόμποε αύρα a fair breeze. [τ]

**vaυσί-πορος.**  $o\nu$ .  $(\nu a \hat{\nu} s, \pi \acute{\nu} \rho o s) = \nu a \acute{\nu} \pi o \rho o s$ , traversed by ships, of a river, navigable. II. parox. vaugiπόρος, ov, act. going in ships, sea-faring. pelling a ship, ship-speeding.

ναυσί-στονος, ον, (ναθε, στένω) lamentable to the

ναυσι-φόρητος, ον, (ναθε, φορέω) carried in a ship, going by ship.

ναύ-σταθμον, τό, (ναῦε, σταθμόε) a barbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. statio navium.

ναυστολέω, f. ήσω, (ναυστόλοε) trans. to carry or convoy by sea:-Pass., with fut. med. ναυστολήσομαι, 2. to guide, govern. II. intr., II. as Subst., like Pass., to go by sea, sail. Hence

II.

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, α voyage.

vaυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship. vaυ-στόλος, ον, (ναῦς, στέλλω) sending by ship.

voyaging, sailing.

vaύτης, ου, ὁ, (vaῦs) Lat. nauta, a seaman, sailor. one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.

ναυτία, ναυτιάω, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω. ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναῦς, ναύτης) of or for a sbip; ναυτικός στρατός a sea-force, opp. to πεζός: also, ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, naval power.

2. of persons, skilled in seamansbip, nautical.

**ναυτίλία, ή,** (ναυτίλο**s**) sailing, seamansbip: in pl. **νογαges.** Hence

vaυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to go by sea, make a voyage, sail.

vauriλos [τ], δ, (ναύτηs) a seaman, sailor. 2. Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilus, a shell-fish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for a sail.

vaυτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) to enlist seamen, take on board: generally, to receive.

ναυφθορία, ή, shipwreck, loss of ships. From ναύ-φθορος, ον, (ναῦς, φθείρω) shipwrecked; ναύφθορος στολή the gath of shipwrecked men.

ναῦφι, ναῦφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναῦs.

ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναῦς, φράσσω) sbip-fenced, sbip-girt; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look like a sbip of war.

NA'Ω, only found in pres. and impf. to flow.

véa, Ion. acc. sing. from vaûs.

νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, ἀγγέλλω) newly told. νεū-γενής, ές, (νέος, \*γένω) newly born.

veáζω, only found in pres. (véos), intr. to be young or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young again.

νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αίρέω) newly caught.

veaίτεροs, irreg. Comp. of νέος: veaίτατοs and véaτos, irreg. Sup.

νε-ακόνητος, ον, (νέος, ἀκονάω) newly-whetted, keenedged.

veūλήs, és, (νέοs) fresh with youth: generally, fresh, vigorous.

ve-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, άλωναι) newly caught. [ἄ] ve-ανθής, ές, (νέος, ἀνθέω) new-budding, blooming. veανίας, ον, Ερ. and Ion. νεηνίης, εω, δ, (νέος) a young man, youth: often with another Subst., as, άνδρες νεηνίαι, παῖς νεηνίης.

II. as masc. Adj. youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.

νοūντεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίαs) to be a youth: to act like a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youth-

ful boasts.

veāvǐκόs, ή, όν, (νεανίαs) youthful: fresh, impetuous, vigorous.

2. high-spirited, noble.

3. in bad sense, basty, wanton, insolent.

4. generally, great, mighty, strong.

νεανικώς, Adv. of νεανικός, vigorously.

veâves Ion. veῆves, gen. ιδος, acc. veáveδα and veávev, fem. of veavías, a young woman, girl, maiden.

II. as Adj. youthful: new.

νεανισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκοε) to be in one's youth, be a stripling.

νεūνίσκος Ιοη. νεηνίσκος, δ, (νεανίας) α youth,

young man. νε-αοιδός, όν, (νέος, ἀοιδός) singing youthfully.

veapos, ά, όν, (νέοs) young, youthful: fresh, new, recent, late.

νεάρο-φαής, ές, (νεαρύς, φαύς) coming fresh to light, new-appearing.

véas, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of vaûs

véctos Ion. νείστος, η, ον, irreg Sup. of νέος, as μέσατος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, extreme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border of Pylos.

II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.

νέατος, δ, the ploughing up of fallow land. From νεάω, f. άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till anew: νεωμένη (sc. γῆ), ή, land ploughed anew. νεβρίδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίδ, πέπλος) clad in a

fawn-skin. νεβρίζω, f. σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at

the feast of Bacchus. From

veβρίs, ίδοs, ή, (νεβρόs) a fawn-skin, worn at the feasts of Bacchus.

NEBPO'Σ, oû, ò, the young of the deer, a fawn.

vées, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of vaûs.

νέεσσι, rarer Ep dat. pl. of ναῦs.

νέηαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι. νεη-γενής Att. and Dor νεαγενής, έs, (νέοs, γένοs) new-born, just born.

νεη-θάλής, ές, (νέος, θαλείν) fresh-shooting, fresh-blown.

νε-ηκής Dor. νεūκής, ές, (νέος, ἀκή) newly wbettea or sbarpened.

νε-ηκονής, ές, (ν εος, ἀκόνη) = νεηκής.

νε-ήλάτος, ον, (νέος, ἐλαύνω) newly pounded, fresb ground; as Subst, νεήλατα, τά, cakes of fresb flour. νέ-ηλύς, δδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ήλυσις) one newly come, a new-comer, Lat. advěna.

νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεάνις.

νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.

νεή-φάτος, ον, (νέος, φημί) fresb-uttered, new-sounding.

vei, Boeot. for νή.

velat, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.

νείατρα Ion. νειαίρη, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as νείατος for νέατος in Sup., latter, lower; νειαίρη έν γαστρί in the lower part of the belly.

νείστος, η, ον, Ion. for νέατος, Sup. of νέος.

νεικείω, νεικείησι, νεικείεσκον, ν. νεικέω.

νεικέστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (νεικέω) a wrangler, disputer, brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.

νεικεθσι, Aeol. for νεικοῦσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.

νεικέω, Ion. and Ep. νεικείω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νεικείησι, Ion. impf. νείκειον and νεικείεσκον: Ep. fut. νεικέσσω, Ep. aor. Ι νείκεσσα: (νείκου):—to quarrel,

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, velkea | νεικείν: part. νεικέων, bolding out obstinately, con-II. trans. to vex, annoy, esp. by word, tentiously. to taunt, upbraid, to accuse, criminate.

νείκη, ή, =νείκοs.

NEI KOΣ, τό, a quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife: esp. railing, a taunt, reproach. 2. a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge. 3. also, battle, II. the cause of strife, matter or ground figbt. of quarrel.

Neilaieus, o, (Neilos) a native of the Nile. Neιλαίος, a, ov, (Neίλος) of or from the Nile.

Νειλο-γενής, ές, (Νείλος, γενέσθαι) Nile-born. Νειλο-θερήs, έs, (Νείλοs, θέρω) fostered by the Nile.

Νειλόρ-ρύτος poet. Νειλό-ρύτος, ον, (Νείλος, ἡέω) watered by the Nile.

Neilos, o, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer Aivuntos.

Neιλωίs, ίδοs, ή, (Nείλοs) built on or by the Nile. Neιλώτης, ου, δ, fem. - ώτις, ιδος, (Neîλos) living in or on the Nile; χθων Νειλωτις the land of Nile.

**νείμας**, aor. I part. of  $ν \in μω$ . veiμev, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of νέμω: νείμαν, 3 pl.: νείμον 2 sing. imperat.

veιδθεν, Ion. for νεόθεν, Adv. (νέοε) from the bottGm;  $v \in i \circ \theta \in v \in \kappa$   $\kappa \rho \alpha \delta i \eta s$  from the bottom of his II. anew.

the inmost part.

νειο-κόρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for νεωκόρος.

νείομαι, Ion. for νέομαι.

νειο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (νειύς, ποιέω) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

**νειόs**, οῦ, ἡ, (νέο**s**) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. novāle.

velos, Ion. for νέος: Sup. νειότατος, η, ον.

νειο-τομεύς, δ, (νειός, τεμείν) one who breaks up a fallow.

νείρα or νείρα, ή, contr. for νείαιρα, the belly, stomach. νείται, contr. for νέεται, 3 sing. of νέομαι.

νεκάs, άδοs, ή, (νέκυε) a beap of slain: Ep. dat. pl. νεκάδεσσι.

νεκρ-άγγελος, ον, (νεκρός, άγγελος) messenger to the dead.

νεκράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to conduct the dead. From νεκρ-άγωγός, όν, (νεκρός, άγω) conducting the dead. νεκρ-ἄκαδημεία, ή, (νεκρόε, 'Ακαδημεία) a school of

νεκρϊκός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\nu \epsilon \kappa \rho \delta s)$  of or for the dead.

νεκρο-βαρής, ές, (νεκρός, βάρος) laden with corpses. νεκρο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead.

νεκρο-δόκος, Ion. for Att. -δόχος, ον, (νεκρός, δέ-

χομαι) receiving the dead. Hence

νεκρο-δοχείον, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery. νεκρο-θήκη, ή, (νεκρύε, θήκη) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

νεκρο-πομπός, όν, (νεκρός, πέμπω) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

νεκρός, οῦ, ὁ, (νέκυς) a dead body, carcase, corpse. corse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj., νεκρός, ά, δν, dead.

νεκρο-στολέω, (νεκρύλ, στέλλω) to ferry over the

νεκρόω, f. ώσω, (νεκρόs) to make dead: - Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless. 2. metaph. to deaden, mortify

νεκρών, ωνος, δ, (νεκρύς) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

νέκρωσις, ή, (νεκρόω) a making dead. II. pass. a becoming dead, death: deadness.

**NE'KTA'P**, αρος, τί nectar, the drink of the gods. as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the nectar is red (ἐρυθρόν), poured like wine by Hebe, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρεος, a Ion. η, ον, like nectar, scented, fragrant: generally, divine. [ă]

νεκύ-ηγός, όν, (νέκυς, άγω) = νεκροπομπός, conducting, guiding the dead

νεκύο-μαντείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (νέκυς, μαντείον) απ oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned

νεκύο-στόλος, ον, (νέκυς, στέλλω) ferrying the dead. NE'KΥΣ, vos, δ, Ep. dat. sing. νέκυι: Ep. dat. pl. νειόθι, Ion. for νεόθι, Adv. (νέοs) at the bottom, in νεκύεσσι contr. νέκυσσι: acc. pl. νέκυαs contr. νέκυδ -a dead body, a corpse: in pl the dead. Adj. dead, lifeless. [v

> Nεμέα Ion. -έη, ή, Nemea, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. Nέμεα, τά.

> Νέμεα poet. Νέμεια, τά, the Nemean games, cclebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Némeos or Némeios, a, ov, of or from Nemea.

νεμέθω, poet. for νέμω, in 3 pl. impf. mcd. νεμέθοντο, Ep. for ένέμοντο, they grazed, fed.

νεμεσάω, Ion. impf. νεμέσασκον: fut. ήσω: Ep. aor. Ι νεμέσησα:—Ερ. pres. νεμεσσάω, f νεμεσσήσω, etc.: (νέμεσιε): - to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, II. Med. and Pass, νεμεσώμαι: f. -hσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐνεμεσήθην Ερ. νεμεσσήθην; Ερ aor. I med opt. νεμεσσήσαιτο: - to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with 2. c. acc. rei, νεμεσσάται κακά έργα be shews just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.

Neμέσεια, (sub. lepá), τά, the feast of Nemesis. νεμεσητός Ep. νεμεσσητός, ή, όν, (νεμεσάω) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; ούτοι νεμεσητόν it is not a thing fit to raise indignation.

to be regarded with awe, awful. νεμεσίζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised. μεσάομαι, to be ashamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc., θεούς νεμεσίζετο be stood in awe of the gods. From

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσσις, εως, ή, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment. 2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy. II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment; οὐ νέμεσίς [έστι] there is not cause for indignation, remorse

Nέμεσις, ή, as prop. n., voc Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσατά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νεμέσσα, Ep for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσάω, f ήσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass of νεμεσάω. νεμεσσηθώμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσητός, ή, όν, Ερ for νεμεσητός.

νέμεσσις, ή, Ep. for νέμεσις

νεμέτωρ, opos, δ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, εος, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

NE'MΩ, fut. νεμω, later νεμήσω: aor. ι ένειμα Ερ. νείμα: pf. νενέμηκα:—Med νέμομαι: f. νεμοῦ- $\mu$ αι, later  $\nu$ εμήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην: pf  $\nu$ ενέμημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense): -to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, al-

lot. II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc, to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, bave in 2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy. later also in Act. to bold, possess: Pass. of places, to 2. to sway, manage, wield, control. 3. like vouiso, to esteem, consider

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πυρί χθών νέμεται the land is consumed by fire. II. later in Act., ὅρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πυρὶ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire. III in Med also of ulcers, to spread.

νένασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

vevéaται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to heap.

νενέμηκα, pf of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf of νέω, to spin.

νένιμμαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω. νενόμισμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νένωμαι, νενωμένος, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι, founded or built: new-made. νενωμένοs, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.

νεο-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, άλῶναι) = νεάλωτος.

νεο-αρδής, ές, (νέος, αρδω) newly watered νεό-γάμος, ον, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst., νεόγαμος, ὁ or ή, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ές, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

 $veo-\gamma v \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $= veo \gamma v \delta s$ .

νεο-γνός, όν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεό-γονος, ον, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεό-γραπτος and νεό-γράφος, ον, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written

νεό-γυιος, ον, (νέος, γυιον) with young, fresh limbs. νεο-δαμώδης, εs, a Spartan word, lately made one of III. in one's own person, a sense of sin. the people (véos,  $\delta \hat{a} \mu os = \delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$ ), newly enfranchised: hence those Helots were called Nεοδαμώδειs, who were set free in reward for services in war

**νεό-δαρτος**, ον, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripted off, newly

**νεο-δίδακτος**, ον, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of

a play newly brought out, newly exhibited. νεο-δμής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , and νεό-δμητος,  $o\nu$ , (νέος, δα-

μάω) newly tamed or broken in . metaph, newlywedded

νεό-δμητος Dor. -δματος, ον, (νέος, δέμω) newbuilt.

**νεό-δρεπτος**, ον, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεό-δρομος, ον, (νέος, δράμειν) just baving run

 $v\epsilon \delta$ -δροπος, ov,  $= v\epsilon \delta \delta \rho \epsilon \pi \tau \sigma$ vεό-ζευκτος, ον, (νέος, (εύγνυμι) = νεο(υγής)

νεο-ζύγής, ές, and νεό-ζύγος, ον, (νέος, ζυγηναι)newly yoked: metaph newly married

 $\mathbf{v} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\delta} - \boldsymbol{\zeta} \boldsymbol{\upsilon} \boldsymbol{\xi}, \ \boldsymbol{\upsilon} \boldsymbol{\gamma} \boldsymbol{o} \boldsymbol{s}, \ \boldsymbol{\delta}, \ \boldsymbol{\dot{\eta}}, = \boldsymbol{v} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{o} \boldsymbol{\zeta} \boldsymbol{\upsilon} \boldsymbol{\gamma} \boldsymbol{\dot{\eta}} \boldsymbol{s}$ 

**νεο-θαλής**, ές, Dor for  $\nu$ εοθηλής.

νεόθεν, Adv. (νέοs) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, ές, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph fre.b, cheerful.

 $v\epsilon \dot{o} - \theta \eta \lambda o s$ , o v,  $= v \epsilon o \theta \eta \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ .

**νεο-θήξ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ γος, δ, ή, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened. νεο-θλιβής, ές, (νέος, θλιβηναι) newly pressed

νεοίη, ή, (νέος) poet for νεότης, yourbful spirit. vé-οικος, ον, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, ον, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, ές, (νέος, κήδος) baving a freeb grief. νεο-κληρόνομος, or, having lately inherited

νεό-κλωστος, ον, (νέος, κλώθω) newly spun or woven. νεο-κόνητος, ον, (νέος, καίνω) newly shed; νεοκύνητον αίμα χεροίν έχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεό-κοπτος, ον, (νέος, κόπτω) fresb-chiselled.

veδκοτος, ov, (véos) strange, unbeard of:—generally, fresb, new

νεο-κράs, âτοs, δ, ή, (νέοs, κεράννυμι) newly mixed; νεοκράε φίλος a newly made friend.

**νεό-κτιστος**, ον, also η, ον, (νέος, κτίζω) newly

veó-κτονος, ον, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed

νεο λαία, ή, (νέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juventus.

νεό-λουτος poet. νεόλλουτος, ον, (νέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. νεθμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νείαι, νείveoγthos, ή, όν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.) ται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νείσθαι: Dep., only used in pres. and impf. :- to go or come: commonly with a ! ling, chicken. of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ή, (νέος, μήν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-πάθής, έs, (νέος, παθείν) suffering from a late calamity.

veo-πενθής, έs, (νέος, πένθος) fresb-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, έs, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or

νεό-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious; opp. to ἀρχαιόπλουτος.

νεό-πλύτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly wasben. νεό-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) newly sborn.

νεό-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresh-sawn.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, δ, (νέος, πτόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

**νεό-πτολις**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (νέος, πτόλις) newly founded. νεόρ-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) newly sprinkled: freshreeking.

νεόρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, ρέω) fresh-flowing. νεόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (νέος, ρύω) just drawn.

**νέ-ορτος**, ον, (νέος, ὄρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

NE'OΣ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also os, ον: Ion. **νείος**, η, ον:—of men, young, youthful: as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths; ik viou from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέαs anew, afresb, Lat. denuo: hence νέον Ion. νειον, as Adv, newly, lately, anew: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ένη καὶ νέα, see II. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατοs Ion. νειότατος, ν. νείος. Hence

**ve6s** (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , fresh land, fallow, Lat. novāle. veós, Ion. gen. of ναῦε.

νεο-σίγάλος, ον, (νέος, σιγαλύεις) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκύλευτος, ον. (νέος, σκυλεύω) newly plundered. ferus. **νεό-σμηκτος**, ον, (νέοε, σμήχω) newly cleaned. νεο-σπάδής, έε, and νεο-σπάς, άδος, ό, ή, (νέος, σπάω) newly plucked or gathered.

**νεό-σπορος**, ον, (νέο**ε**, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοσσεύω Att. νεοττεύω or νοττεύω: f. σω: (νεοσσόε): to batch; pf. part. pass. νενοσσευμένοε.

νεοσσιά Ion. -ιή Att. νεοττιά, ή, (νεοσσός) α nest of young birds, a nest: the brood of young birds.

νεόσσιον Att. νεόττιον or νόττιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσσόε, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

veoσσίς Att. voττίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of νεοσσύς, α cbicken.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσσός, κομέω) rearing young birds or chickens.

**νεοσσός** Att. **νεοττός**, δ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

2. any young animal, as the young fut, sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a crocodile: a young child: in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσώς, Dor. for νεοσσούς.

νεό-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted. νεο-σφαγής, ές, (νέος, σφαγήναι) newly slaughtered. νεότας, ατος, ή, Dor. for νεότης.

νεό-τευκτος, ον, and νεο-τουχής, ές, (νέος, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ητος, ή, (νέος) youth: also 2. youthful spirit, rasbness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juventus.

νεό-τμητος Dor.-τματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) newly cut. $v \in b$ -tokos, ov,  $(v \in os$ ,  $t \in k \in lv)$  new-born νεοτόκος, ον, act. baving just brought forth.

νεό-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμείν) fresh cut or ploughed; νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. fresb cut off, plucked.

νεο-τρεφής, ές, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young. νεοττεύω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττός. Att for νεοσσ-.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds. νεουργέω, f. ήσω, to make new, renew From νε-ουργός, όν, (νέος, \*έργω) making new, renewing. νε-ούτάτος, ον, (νέος, οὐτάω) lately wounded. νεό-φοιτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

 $v \in \delta - \phi o v \circ s$ , o v,  $(v \in \sigma \circ s, *\phi \in v \circ \omega)$  lately killed: fresh-shed.  $\mathbf{v}$ εό-φὕτος,  $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ , ( $\mathbf{v}$ εဴος, φύω) newly planted. a new convert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χαράσσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, όν, (νέος) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμόω, f. ώσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

νεό-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνόος) with the first down. νεόω, f. ώσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change véποδεs, ων, oi, children; an old Epic word. νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., = ενερθε, under, beneatb: also from below. II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) underground, Lat. in-

νερτερο-δρόμος, ου, ό, (νέρτερος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρτερος, a, ov, = ἐνέρτερος, lower, nether, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also as a Posit. = νερτέριοs, nether, infernal, underground; oi νέρτεροι the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

**NE'PTOΣ**, δ, a bird of prey.

νεθμα, ατος, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign: a command. νεθμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέομαι.

NETPA' Ion. νευρή, ή, a sinew, tendon. II. a string or cord of sinew: 1. a bow-string. a musical string or chord.

νευρειή, ή, poet, for νευρά. νευρή, ή, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

νευρο-λάλος, ον, (νεθρον, λάλέω) with sounding strings.

NET PON, τό, Lat. nervus, a sinew, tendon: esp. in pl. νεθρα, the tendons of the feet; νεθρα τέμνειν to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. strength, vigour, nerve. II. a string, cord, lace made of sinew: hence 2. a bowstring: also cord of a sling. a musical string or chord.

νευρο-πλεκής, έs, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) planted with sinews. νευρορραφέω, f. ήσω, to stitch with sinews: to mend sboes. From

νευρο-ράφος, ον, (νεῦρον, βάπτω) stitching with sinews: as Subst. a cobbler.

νευρο-σπάδής, ές, (νεθρον, σπάω) drawn or strained back with a sinew or string; νευροσπαδής άτρακτος the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρό-σπαστος, ον, (νεῦρον, σπάω) drawn by strings; αγάλματα νευρόσπαστα puppets moved by strings.

νευρο-τενής, ές, (νεῦρον, τείνω) stretched by sinews. νευρο-χάρής, ές, (νεῦρον, χαρηναι) delighting in the bowstring.

νεύσομαι or νευσοθμαι, fut. of νέω Β.

νευστάζω, (νεύω) to nod, Lat. nūto; νευστάζειν κόρυθι to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; νευστάζειν κεφαλή to nod with the head, of one fainting; νευστάζειν δφρύσι to make signs with the evebrows.

NEΥ'Ω, f. νεύσω, to nod, beckon, as a sign or com-2. in token of assent, to nod, bow, promise, mand. confirm by a nod. 3. generally, to nod, bend forward; νεύειν κάτω to stoop; νεύειν κεφαλάς to bow down, droop the head; νεύειν είς τι to incline towards a thing. 4. metaph. to decline, fall away.

νεφέλη, ή, (νέφος) a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. nebula: metaph. the cloud of death; άχεος νεφέλη α cloud of sorrow. II. a fine bird-net.

νεφελ-ηγερέτα, Ep. for  $-\tau \eta s$ , δ, only used in nom. and gen. νεφελεγερέταο, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) cloudgatherer, cloud-compeller.

Νεφελο-κένταυρος, δ. (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a cloud-

Νεφελο-κοκκυγία, ή, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) Cloud-cuckootown, built by the birds in Aristoph. Aves. Hence

Νεφελο-κοκκυγιεύς, δ, citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-town. νεφελόω, f. ώσω, (νεφέλη) to make cloudy. Hence νεφελωτός, ή, όν, made of clouds.

νεφο-ειδής, έs, (νέφος, είδος) like a cloud.

NE'ΦΟΣ, εos, τό, a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. nebula: metaph. the cloud of death, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος; so, νέφος δφρύων a cloud upon the brow. metaph. also, a cloud or dense throng of men, birds,

νεφρίτις, ιδος, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ή νεφρίτιε (sc. νόσοε), a disease in the kidneys. NEΦPO'Σ, oῦ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the kidneys.

 $NE'\Omega$  (A), to go, v. sub  $v \in \rho u$ a.

NE'Ω (B), impf.  $\epsilon \nu \epsilon o \nu$  Ep.  $\epsilon \nu \nu \epsilon o \nu$ : fut.  $\nu \epsilon \nu \sigma o \mu a \iota$ and νευσοθμαι: aor. I ένευσα: - to swim, Lat. 2. of shoes that are too large; veîv ev euβάσιν to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

NE'Ω (C), fut.  $\nu \eta \sigma \omega$ : Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med.  $\nu \eta \sigma \sigma \nu \tau \sigma$ :

aor. 1 pass. ἐνήθην:—to spin, Lat. nēre.

NE'Ω (D), fut. νήσω: Ion. νήω, νηέω, νηνέω: pf. pass. vévnµai or vévnøµai:—to pile, beap, beap up. νεωκορέω, f. ήσω, (νεωκόρος) to be a bedel, to bave charge of a temple. II. metaph. to keep clean and pure. Hence

νεωκορία, ή, the office of a bedel.

νεω-κόρος, ό, (νεώς, κορέω) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a bedel, verger, Lat. aedituus. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patrongod: hence Ephesus was called νεωκίρος Αρτέμιδος.

νέων, gen. pl. of νέος: but νεων, gen. pl. of ναῦς. νεών, ωνος, ό, (ναῦς) a dock or basin for ships.

νε-ώνητος, ον, (νέος, ωνέομαι) newly bought.

νε-ωρής, ές, (νέος, ωρα) new, fresh, late. νε-ώριον, τό, (νεωρός) a place where ships are overbauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

νεώς, ώ, δ, Att. for vaós, a temple, like λεώs for λαόs. veωs, Att. gen. of ναῦς

νεώσ-οικος, ό, (νεώς gen. of ναθς, οίκος) literally a ship's bouse, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-bouse, being a part of the νεώριον. νεωστί, Adv. of νέοs, lately, just now, recently.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωσε, νέωτε, next year, for next year; also, είs νέωτα.

νεώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of νέος: Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.

νεωτερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (νεώτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary II. trans. to change entirely; vewτερίζειν την πολιτείαν to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερικός, ή, όν, (νέος) natural to a youth, youthful. νεωτερισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) innovation.

νεωτεροποιία, ή, innovation, revolution. From νεωτερο-ποιός, όν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) innovating, revolutionary.

νεώτερος, α, ον, Comp. of νέος, younger: newer, fresber: m bad sense, strange, unusual; τὰ νεώτερα οι νεώτερα πράγματα, revolutionary movements, Lat. res novae. Adv. vewtépos, more recently.

vn-, insep. Prefix, being a strengthd form of avaprivat., as in νη-πενθήs; cf. Lat. ne- in ne-fas, etc.

NH', Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; vì Δία or vì τὸν Δία, also vì μὰ τὸν Δία yea by Zeus!

via, vias, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of vaus.

νηγάτεος, η, ον, (for νεηγάτος by transposition of ε

and η, from νέος, γέγαα,) new-made.

νή-γρετος, ον, (νη-, έγείρω) unwaking; νήγρετος υπνος a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., νήγρετον without waking.

νήδυια, ων, τά, (νηδύs) the entrails, howels, Lat. intestina.

νηδυιόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen of νηδύs.

νήδυμος, ον, Homeric epith. of υπνος: either like νήγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ήδυς, sweet, delighful, as if for ήδυμος.

NHΔΥ Σ, ψos, ή, the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the howels, entrails; ἐξελεῖν τὴν νη-δύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.

vήεον, Ep impf. of vη έω.

νηεs, nom. pl. of ναθs.

νήεσσι, Ep dat pl. of ναθs.

νηέω, fut. νηήσω, Ion and Ep. for νέω, to beap or pile up. II. to pile, load.

νήησαν, Ep. 3 pl aor. 1 of νη ϵω := νηησάσθω, 3 sing. aor. 1 imper. med.

 $v\dot{\eta}\theta\omega$ ,  $(v\dot{\epsilon}\omega c)$  to spin.

νηί, Ion dat. sing. of ναθε.

Nηιάs, άδυs, ή, Ion. for Naïás.

νήιος, η, ον, Dor. νάιος, α, ον, also os, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δύρυ νήιον ship-timber.

Nηis, ίδος, ή, Ion. for Nais

v\hat{\eta}\_1^{\text{i}}s, i\delta s, \delta, \hat{\eta}, \langle \psi, \delta \psi, \langle \psi, \langle \psi, \langle \psi, \langle \psi, \delta \psi, \langle \psi, \langle \psi, \langle \psi, \delta \delta \psi, \delta \p

νήίτης, ου, ό, (ναῦς) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [τ]

νη-κερδής, ές, (νη-, κέρδος) without gain, unprofitable.

νή-κερωs, ωτος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ep. νή-κεροs,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\nu\eta$ -, κέραs) not borned, without borns.

νή-κεστος, ον, (νη-, ἀκέομαι) incurable.

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, ἀκούω) to give no beed to, disobey: Ep. aor 1 νηκούστησα.

νη-λεής, έs, dat. and acc. νηλέι, νηλέα, as if from νηλής, (νη-, ἔλεοs) without pity, pittless, ruthless, remorseless; νηλέε ήμαρ the ruthless day, 1. e. the day of death.

11. unpitted.

νηλειής, έε, Ερ. for νηλεήε. Adv. νηλειώε.

νηλεό-θυμος, ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of ruthless spirit. νηλεό-ποινος, ον, (νηλεής, ποινή) punishing ruthlessly.

νηλεωs, Adv. of νηλεήs, without pity.

νηλής, έs, see νηλεήs.

νηλίπους,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $-\pi$ ουν,  $\tau\delta$ , gen.  $-\pi$ όδος,  $= \dot{\alpha}\nu$ -ηλίπους, unshod, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [ $\Upsilon$ ]

νη-λιτής, έε, (νη-, ἀλίτειν) guiltless, harmless, unoffending.

νημα, ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.

νη-μερτής, ές, (νη-, άμαρτεῖν) unfalling, unerring, infallible; νημερτές ἐνισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.

νηνεμία Ion. -ίη, ή, stillness in the air, a calm: γαλήνη ἔπλετο νηνεμίη there was a calm and perfect stillness. From

 $v\dot{\eta}$ -νεμος, ον,  $(v\eta$ -, dvεμος) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, to beap.

νηνις, ιος, η, contr. for νεανις, a girl, maiden.

 $\mathbf{v}$ ηξις,  $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}\omega$ s,  $\boldsymbol{\eta}$ ,  $(\boldsymbol{v}\boldsymbol{\eta}\chi\omega)$  a swimming.  $\mathbf{v}\boldsymbol{\eta}$ ξομαι, fut. of  $\boldsymbol{v}\boldsymbol{\eta}\chi$ ομαι.

νηο-βάτης, ου, δ, lon. for ναυ-βάτης. [ἄ]

vηο-πόλος Att. vao-, ον, (νηύς = ναὖς, πολέω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηυπύλος, ό, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.

νηο-πορέω, f. ήσω, (ναῦς, πόρος) to go in a ship.

νηός, οῦ, ὁ, Ion. for ναός, a temple.

νηόs, Ion gen. of ναῦs

νηό-σοος poet. νηόσ-σοος, ον, (ναῦς, σαύω) protecting ships.

νηο-φόρος, ον, (ναθε, φέρω) bearing ships.

νη-όχος, ον, (ναθε, έχω) bolding ships.

νη-πενθής, ές, (νη-, πένθος) free from sorrow. II. act. soothing or a suaging sorrow

νηπία Εp. νηπιάα and νηπιέη, ή, (νήπιος) ebild-bood, infancy: in plur ebildishness, folly

νηπιάζω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , = νηπιαχεύω

νηπίαχεύω, to be childish, play like a child. From νηπίαχος, ον, poet. for νήπιος, childish.

νηπίέη, ή, Ion for νηπία.

vήπιοs, α Ion. η, ον, Att. also es, ον, (νη-, εποs) properly, not speaking, Lat. infans; νήπια τέκνα infant children: also νήπια alone, the young of an animal.

II. metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.

νηπιότης, ητος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\nu \eta \pi i \alpha$ .

νή-πλέκτος, ον, (νη-, πλέκω) not planted: with unbraided bair.

νη-ποινεί or -i, Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. impune, with impunity.

νή-ποινος, ον, (νη-, ποινή) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτών νήποινος without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.

νηπύτιεύομαι, Dep to behave childishly. From νη-πύτιοs, α, ον, (νη-, ἀπύω) childish, infantine; and as Subst. a child, like νήπιοs, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, beedless.

Nηρείs Ion. Νηρηίs, ίδοs, ή, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηίδεs: they were fifty in number. Cf Natás

Nηρεύs, gen. έων Ion η̂os, δ, Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence

Nηρή, poet for Nηρηίε.

Nηρηίς, ίδος, ή, Ion. for Nηρείς.

νή-ριθμος, ον, (νη-, ἀριθμός) countless, numberless. νή-ρίτος, ον, poet. form of νήριθμος.

viscal, aor. I inf. both of  $\nu \in \omega$  (c) to spin, and  $\nu \in \omega$  (d) to pile up.

νησαίος, α Ion. η, ον, (νησος) of or for an island, insular.

νήσαντο, Εp. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of νέω (c) to spin. νησίδιον, τό, Dim. of νήσοι, an islet.

νησίον, τό, Dim. of νησος, an islet. νησίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of νησος, an islet.

νησιτις, ιδος, ή. [ ]

νησίώτης, ου, ό, fem. -ώτις, ιδος, ή, (νησος) an II as Adı. of an islander: insular, islander. living, situated on an island. Hence

νησίωτικός, ή, όν, of or for an island or an islander; τδ νησιωτικόν insular situation.

νησο-μάχία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ν $\hat{\eta}$ σος, μ $\dot{\alpha}$ χ $\eta$ ) an island-fight.

NH ΣΟΣ Dor. vaσos, ov, ή, an island, Lat. insula also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.

νῆσσα Att. νῆττα, ή, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas. fruits of victory. νησσάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim of νησσα, a duckling.

νηστεία, ή, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast. νηστεύω, f σω, (νηστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινύς conquering

to fast from, abstain from a thing. νήστις, ισε or έως, δ, and ή: nom pl νήστιες or νήστει: (νη -, έσθίω):—not eating, fasting.

act, causing bunger, starving.

νησύδριον, τό, Dim of νησος, an islet.

νή-τίτος, ον, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished **νητόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\nu \dot{\epsilon}\omega \ to \ beap)$  beaped up, piled up.

**νητός**, ή, όν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted. νηττα, ή, νηττάριον, τύ, Αιτ for νησσ-.

νηῦς, ή, Ion. for ναῦς

νηυσί, Ion dat. pl. of ναῦs.

νηυσι-πέρητος, ον, ν ναυσι-πέρατος.

νή-υτμος, ον, (νη-, ἀυτμή) breathless.

 $vηφαλιεύς, \dot{v}_{i} = vηψαλιος$ 

νηφάλιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine; νηφάλια μειλίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [a] νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl part.

 $NH'\Phi\Omega$ , f.  $\nu\eta\psi\omega$ , to drink no wine, to be sober, live

soberly νή-χῦτος, ον, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, fullflowing

 $v\eta\chi\omega$  Dor.  $v\dot{\alpha}\chi\omega$ , f  $\xi\omega$ ,  $(v\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f ξομαι, αοτ 1 ἐνηξάμην.

νηων, Ion gen. pl. of vaûs.

νηώs, Dor. for ναούs, acc pl of ναόs

viγλαροs, δ, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the

κελευστήs to give the time in rowing.

NI'ZΩ, f. νίψω: aor. 1 ξνιψα:—Med, f. νίψομαι: aor. Ι ἐνιψάμην. pf. νένιμμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet, villaobai alis to wash one's bands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, pu-II. to wash off.— $\nu i \zeta \omega$  is properly used of rify. washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικαξώ, Dor. for νικήσω, fut. of νικάω.

νικασείν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικατήρ, δ, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, opos, ό, Dor. for νικήτωρ.

νικάω, f. ησω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper band; τὰ χερείονα νικά the worse prevails; τδ εδ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικάν τινι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

νησίτης, ου, δ, (νησος) of or for an island: fem. | prevail, carry the day; η νικώσα γνώμη the prevail-3. as law-term. ing opinion, vote of the majority. to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:-Pass., νικασθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νίκην νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχείν to win a seafight.

νίκειος, ον, (νίκος) victorious.

NI'KH [t], ή, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the

νίκη, Aeol. and poet for ενίκα, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω. νικήεις Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious,

νικηθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημι, Aeol for νικάω. [τ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut inf. of νικάω. νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νῖκητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριοs, a, ov, belonging to a conqueror or to II as Subst.  $\nu_{i\kappa\eta}\tau\dot{\eta}\rho_{i}$ ον (sub.  $\tilde{a}\theta\lambda$ ον),  $\tau\dot{o}$ , the prize of victory. 2 νικητήρια (sub. lepá), τά, α festival in bonour of victory; νικητήριον έστιαν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, οῦ, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικητικός, ή, ών, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducing to victory.

νικήτωρ, opos, δ, poet, for νικητήρ, a conqueror. νικηφορέω, f. ήσω, (νικηφύρος) to carry off as trize, Hence

νικηφορία, ή, a conquering, victory.

νῖκη-φόρος, ον, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. 11 bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.

νικό-βουλος, ον, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

νικο-μάχας, ου, δ. (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

vîκos, εοs, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικώεν, Att. contr. for νικάσιεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω. viv, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing, and pl, but the pl. is much more rare: Hom. and Ion. writers use μίν.

νιπτήρ, ηρος, δ, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver. νίπτρον, τό, (νίζω) water for washing: mostly in plur. νίπτω, later form for νίζω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσομαι  $[\bar{\iota}] = \nu \acute{\epsilon}$ ομαι, to go, to go away. NITPON, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, car-

bonate of soda, soda. νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάs, as if from a nom. \*vi\u00e4.

ντφάς, άδος, ή, (νίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-2. generally, a shower: flakes, a storm of snow. ---metaph., νιφά**s** πολέμου the storm or sleet of II. as Adj., fem. of νιφόειs, snowy, snow-capt.

ντφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω.

νίφετός, οῦ, ὁ, (νίφω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm. νζφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νἴφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt. νἴφο-στἴβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβεῖν) tbick with snow. ΝΙ  $\Phi\Omega$  [ $\bar{\imath}$ ], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; δ θεδε νίφει,

snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf. τω, τομα.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίζω. νίψω, fut. of νίζω, and also of νίφω.

voερόs, ά, όν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.

νοέω, fut. νοήσω Ion. νώσω: 20r. Ι ἐνόησα Ion. ένωσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα: - Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος:- Pass., aor. 1 ένοήθην:-Pass., aor. Ι ένοήθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion. νένωμαι: Ion. plapf. ἐνενώμην: (νύος):--to see so as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely seeing, as, τον δε ίδων ενόησε when he saw him be perceived who he was: to notice, remark. think; absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. vo ew, 2. of words or expressions, to discreet, thoughtful. mean, imply, bave a certain sense. III to think IV. to think or deem that out, devise, contrive. a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) that which is thought, a thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III. generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence νοήμων, ον, gen. ovos, thoughtful, sensible: also in

one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.

νόησις, εως, ή, (νοέω) thought, intelligence.

νοητικός, ή, ύν, (νοέω) intelligent.

νοητός, ή, όν, (νοέω) perceptible, intelligible.

νοθα-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέσθαι) base-born.

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ή, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious cbarms. NO ΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also os, ον, illegitimate, born out of wedlock; νόθος viός a natural son, opp. to γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus.

II. generally, spurious, counterfeit, adulterated.

voίδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a notion.

νομαίος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging. νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ νόμαια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.

voμ-άρχης, ov, δ, (νομός, άρχω) the chief of an Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians. νομάς, άδος, δ, η, (νομός) roaming, ranging, wandering from one place to another: Nομάδες, οί, pastoral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads, and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidiae.

grazing, feeding.
νόμευμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to

graze, a flock or berd.

νομεύς, έως Ερ. ῆος, ὁ, (νέμω, νομός) a shepherd or herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributer. III. plur. νομέες = ἐγκοίλια, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεύσι, dat. pl. of νομεύε.

νομευσώ, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut of νομεύω.

νομεύω, (νομεύε) to pasture, feed, drive afield; βουσί

νομούς νομεύειν to feed down the pastures with oxen, Lat. depascere.

voμή, ή, (νέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder, food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, distribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήες, Ep. for νομείς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.

νομίζω, fut. νομίσω Ion. νομιέω Att. νομιώ: pf. νενόμικα:--Pass., aor. Ι ἐνομίσθην: pf. νενόμισμαι: (νόμος):—to bold or own as a custom or usage: said of things recognised by convention or prescriptive right; νομίζειν τούς θεούς to recognise the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν θεούs to recognise the existence of the gods generally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the custom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα or νενομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. insti-2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage; Έλληνες ἀπ' Αίγυπτίων ταῦτα νενομίκασι the Greeks bave adopted these customs from the Egyptians. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺs κακοὺs χρηστούς νομίζειν: -- m Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to which of the gods is it beld sacred? 4. absol. to be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old II. c. dat, like χρησθαι, to laws and customs. be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current III. c. acc. et iiif. to expect that a thing will be.

voμἴκός, ή, όν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting on the authority of law.

II. learned in the law:

as Subst., νομικόs, ὁ, a lawyer.

vόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law:
hence I. conventional, prescriptive 2. lawful,
legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμμα, usages, customs;
νόμμα ποιείν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary
offices, Lat. justa facere. II. of persons, observant
of law. Hence

νομίμωs, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώτερον.

νόμιος, a, ον, also os, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμισις, ή, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a

mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a state, Lat. nummus: ct. νομίζω, fin. 2. an established weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any institution of custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as Subst., νομογράφος, δ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δείκτης, ου, δ, (νόμος, δείκνυμι) an explainer of the laws.

νομο-δίδάσκαλος, ό, (νύμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher of the law so, νομο-διδάκτης, ου, ό.

νομοθεσία, ή, law-giving, legislation. From

νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver, make laws:—Pass. to bave a code of laws:—Med. to make laws for oneself.

II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματοε, τό, a law, ordinance. νομο-θέτης, ου, δ, (νόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.

νομόνδε. Adv. (νομός) to the pasture. νομός, οῦ, ὁ, (νέμω) a pasture, place for cattle to νόστιμον ήμαρ the day of return. graze; νομὸς ὕλης a woodland pasture. 2. pasturage, berbage: generally, food. 3. metaph., ἐπέων : πολύs νομόs ample pasture, a wide range for c. gen. loci, return to a place. words. department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

νόμος, ου, δ, (νέμω) anything assigned or apportioned, viz., positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum, νόμφ, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at aloof from. contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called 2. χειρων νόμοs the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμος; έν χειρών νόμφ διαφθείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; ès χειρών νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows. II. a musical strain: a song, ode: νόμοι πολεμικοί war-songs.

νομο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, τό, (νύμος, φύλαξ) a guardian

of the laws. [v]

voo-πληκτος, ον, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind,

mind-distracting.

NO'OΣ, νόου, contr. voûs, νοῦ, ὁ; later also gen. νούs, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόεs:-mind. Lat. mens; νόφ οι σὺν νόφ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόοs the mood or temper of men; έκ παντός νόου with all his beart, κατά νόον according to one's mind. II. a thought, purpose, resolve. III. the sense or meaning of a word or expression.

voσερός, ά, ύν, (νύσος) sickly, ill.

νοσέω, f. ήσω, (νόσος), to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind. 2. metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ή, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a

running sore.

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, 2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction. νοσημάτ-ώδης, εs, (νόσημα, είδοs) sickly.

νοσηρός, ά, όν, (νοσέω) unbealthy, unwholesome, of

places.

NO ΣΟΣ Ion. vo 3σos, η, sickness, disease: a malady, ailment. II. metaph. distress, affliction, 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

νοσο-φόρος Ion. νουσ-, ον, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing

sickness or disease.

νοσσεύω, contr. for νεοσσεύω, to batch.

**vortia**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and **vortiov**,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , Att. contr. for  $\nu \epsilon \sigma \sigma \sigma$ . voσσίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of νοσσός, Att. contr. for νεοσσίε, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

νοστέω, f. ήσω, (νύστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country. 2. to return safe after danger. 3. generally, to go, come, travel.

νοστήσειε, Acol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I of νοστέω. νοστησέμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ον, (νόστοι) of or belonging to a return; 2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.

νόστος, ου, δ, (νέομαι) a return bome or bomeward: 2. generally, travel, II. an abode allotted to one, a district, 'journey; νύστος φορβης a journey to bring food bome,

in e. in search, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. an usage, custom, convention: a as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart, hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπό, c. gen, like νόσφι ΙΙ, II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, alonf Athens νύμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from. 2. of mind or disposition, νύσφιν 'Axaiwv apart from the Achaeans, 1. e. differing from 3. besides, except.

νοσφίδιος, α, ον, (νόσφι) taken away, abstracted. νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. νοσφιώ, (νύσφι) to put away, II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι, remove, part. f. -ίσομαι: aor. I med ἐνοσφισάμην Ερ. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισσάμενος: aor. I pass ενοσφίσθην:to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon. 2. metaph, of the mind, to become estranged or alienated. act. to abstract, steal; c. dupl. acc. to rob one of a thing:-Med. to appropriate. 2. to make away with, kill, despatch

νοσφισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. 20r. I part. med. of νοσφίζω. voσ-ώδης, εs, (νόσος, είδος) sickly, ailing: generally, diseased. II. act. unwholesome, unhealthy.

νοτερός, ά, ύν, (νότος) wet, damp, moist; νοτερός χειμών a storm of rain.

νοτία, ή, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτίαι είαριναί spring rains.

νοτίζω, f. ίσω, (νύτιος) to moisten -- Pass. to be wet. νότιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (νότος) wet, damp, rainy; ὑψοῦ δ' ἐν νοτίφ τήν γ' ὥρμισαν they moored her [the ship far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach.

voτίs, ίδοs, ή, (νότοs) moisture, damp, wet.

southern, southerly.

NO'TOΣ, ov, o, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus. II. the south or south-west quarter.

νοττεύω, νοττίον, etc., contr. for νεοττ-. νου-βυστικός, ή, όν, (νοῦς, βύω) choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κωs, cleverly. vouθεσία, ή, awarning, admonishing: reproof. From νου-θετέω, f. ήσω, (νουε, τίθημι) to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonition, warning.

νουθετητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, to be warned, advised.

νουθετικός, η, όν, (νουθετέω) admonitory. νου-μηνία, ή, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.

vouv-extis, és, (voûs, έχω) baving understanding, sensible, discreet. Adv. - xws, discreetly, prudently.

voûs, ô, contr. for vóos, mind.

voθσos, ή, Ion. for νόσοs.

νουσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.

νύ, see νῦν, νύν.

νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) by pricking, Lat. punctim.

νὕγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω. νυκτερείσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, nightly.

νυκτ-ερέτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, ερέσσω) onewborows by night.
νυκτερευτικός, ή, όν, fit for watching by night, fit
for bunting by night. From

νυκτερεύω, f σω, (νύκτερος) to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to bunt, fish, etc., by night.

νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) nightly.

vuκτερίνός, ή, όν, (νύξ) nightly, by night, Lat. nocturnus.

νυκτερίς, ίδος, ή, (νύξ, νύκτερος) a night-bird, a bat, Lat. vespertilio.

νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) nightly

νυκτερ-ωπός, όν, (νύκτερος, ώψ) night-faced, dusky. νυκτ-ηγορέω or in Med. νυκτ-ηγορέομαι, (νύξ, άγορά) to assemble by night. Hence

νυκτηγορία, ή, a nightly assembly or discourse νυκτ-ηρεφής, έε, (νύξ, ερέφω) shrouded by night, cloomy.

νυκτί-βρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέμω) roaring by night. νυκτί-γάμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) marrying by night or clandestinely.

**νυκτι-κλέπτης**, ου,  $\delta$ , = νυκτοκλέπτης.

νυκτί-κόραξ, ακος, δ, (νύξ, κύραξ) the night-jar, goatsucker: also the screech-owl.

νυκτί-λαθραιο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραίος, φάγείν) eating secretly by night.

νυκτιλάλος, ον, (νύξ, λάλέω) nightly-sounding, serenading.

**νυκτ**ί-λαμπής, ές, (νύξ, λάμπω) illumined by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky.

**νύκτιοs**, a, ον, (νύξ) nightly.

**νυκτἴ-πἄται-πλάγιοs**, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιοs) roaming about by night.  $[\breve{a}]$ 

νυκτί-πλαγκτος, ον, (νύξ, πλάζω) making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also 2. pass, νυκτίπλαγκτος εὐνή a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed.

νυκτι-πλάνής, έε, and νυκτί-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλανάω) wandering, rambling about by night.

νυκτί-πόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) roaming by night. νυκτί-σεμνος, ον, (νύξ, σεμνόε) solemnised by night. νυκτι-φανής, έε, (νύξ, φανήναι) sbining or appearing by night.

νυκτί-φαντος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) appearing by night: nightly.

νυκτι-φρούρητος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) keeping night-watches.

νυκτο-θήρας, ου, δ, (νύξ, θηράω) one who hunts by night. νυκτο-κλέπτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) athief of the night. ντο-μάχεω, f. ήσω, (νύξ, μάχη) to fight by night. Hence

νυκτομάχία, ή, a night battle, a battle in the dark. νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλάνάω) rambling about at night.

νυκτοπορέω, f. ήσω, to go or travel by night. From νυκτο-πόροs, ov, (νύξ, πόροs) travelling by night. νυκτο-φάήs, έs, (νύξ, φάοs) giving light by night, shining by night

νυκτοφύλακέω, f ήσω, to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch. From

νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) one that keeps watch by night, a warder, Lat excubitor.

νυκτῷον, τό, (Νύξ) a temple of Night νυκτ-ωπός, όν, (νύξ, ἄψ) with the look of night, i e.

murky, obscure

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) by night, Lat noctu

νύμφα, poet. for νύμφη, in νος νύμφα φίλη.

**νύμφα**, Dor. for νύμφη

vuμφ-άγωγός, όν, (νύμφη, άγω) the leader of the bride; esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the fixed of the bridegroom vuμφαίον, τό, a temple of the Nymphs, Lat Nymphaeum. From

νυμφαίος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or sacred to the Nymphs. νυμφάν, Dor. gen pl of νύμφα

νυμφείος, α, ον, (νύμφη) belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial.

II as Subst., νυμφείον (sub δῶμα), τό, the bridechamber.

2 νυμφεία (sub ἰερά), τά, nuptial rites, marriage :—but, also, the bride berself.

νύμφευμα, τό, (νυμφεύω) marriage, espousal.

II. the person married, a match

νυμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεύω) bridal, nuptial. νυμφευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (νυμφεύω) the friend of the bridegroom, = παρανύμφιος. Il. a bridegroom, busband. νυμφεύτρια, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) a bridesmaid. Il. the bride lierself

νυμφεύω, f σω, (νύμφη) to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber. 2 to marry, mostly of the woman, Lat nubere: but also of the man, Lat. ducere. II Pass, with fut. mcd. νυμφεύσομαι, aor I both med and pass. ἐνυμφευσάμην, ἐνυμφεύθην:—to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman. III. Mcd., of the man, to take to wife

NΥ MΦH. ή, voc. also νύμφα: a bride, Lat. nupta: 3. any married hence, 2. a young wife. 4. a marriageable woman, like Lat. nympha. II. as prop. name, a Nymph, a godmaiden. dess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαί Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: springnymphs were Naiads, Naiδεs; sea-nymphs, Νηρηίδεs; mountain-nymphs, Νύμφαι δρεστιάδες or δρεάδες; tree-nymphs, from the oak their favourite tree, Apvάδες, 'Αμαδρυάδες, 'Αδρυάδες; rain-nymphs, Νύμφαι υάδες; meadow-nymphs, Νύμφαι λειμωνιάδες; rocknymphs, Νύμφαι πετραίαι. 2. the Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, vuuφόληπτοι, Lat. lymphati. pupa of moths.

νυμφίδιος, a, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride:

bridal, nuptial.

νυμφικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , =  $\nu \nu \mu \phi \dot{\delta} \delta \iota o s$ .

νυμφίος, δ, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, busband. as Adj, νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: bridal.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. to dress a bride, lead bome as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking care of a bride: bridal.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by Nymphs, i e rapt, entranced, Lat lymphatus.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) bonouring the bride, μέλο νυμφότιμον the song in honour of the bride. νυμφών, ωνος, δ, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

NY'N, enclit vuv Ep. vu, Adv. now, at this very time, Lat nunc; οἱ νῦν ἄνθρωποι men of the present day; ὁ νῦν χρόνος the time present. 2 with the Article, τὸ νῶν or τὰ νῶν, τονῶν or τανῶν, as to the present, i. e at the present moment, a stronger form of II. vûv also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, then, thereupon. 2 also an Inference, then, therefore, μη νῦν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me. 3. in enclit, form vvv, used to strengthen a command, as, δεῦρό νυν quick then!  $\phi \epsilon \rho \epsilon \nu \nu \nu$ ,  $\delta \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \nu$  come then.

νῦνί Att. νῦν, strengthd. hkc οὐτοσί for οὖτος, now, at this moment.

vûv ote, =  $\xi \sigma \tau_i \nu$  ote, at times, sometimes

NΥΈ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat NOX, whether the night-season or a night; νυκτόε by night, Lat. noctu; νύκτα during the night, the night long: -so also with preps., ανα or δια νύκτα all night long; δια νυκτόs in the course of the night; ἐκνυκτόs just after night-fall; so also ὑπὸ νύκτα; πόρρω τῆς νυκτός far into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murki-2. the night of death, 1. e. death 1tself. ness. the nether world. III. Nύξ, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl νύκres, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of beaven, i e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξε, Ep. for ένυξε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of νύσσω.

NΥO'Σ, oῦ, ἡ, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as yaußoos meant a man connected by marriage. II. generally, a bride, mistress.

νύσσα, η, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a racecourse, viz., 1. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the inf. of νοέω.

III. the chrysalis or | right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. meta: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, εν νύσση εγχριμφθήναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the 2. the starting-post, pillar. turning-post. generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥ ΣΣΩ Att. νύττω: fut, νύξω: aor, I ένυξα:-Pass, aor 2 ἐνύγην, inf. νῦγῆναι:—to prick, spur,

pierce, puncture.

**νυστάζω**, fut. άσω and άξω — to nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat. dormito: also to bang down the head Hence

νυστακτής, οῦ, ὁ, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att, for νύσσω

**νύχἄ**, Adv  $(νύξ) = νύκτωρ, by night <math>[\breve{v}]$ 

νυχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the being roused at night, rising by night

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, I at. pervigilium.

[v] From

ντιχεύω, f. σω, (νίξ) to watch the night through. νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμέρα) a day and night  $v\acute{u}\chi \cos [\breve{v}], \alpha, o\nu, also os, o\nu, (v\acute{v})$ : 1. act. doing

a thing by night: as if a leep. 2 dark as night,

νώ, for νωι, nom, and acc dual of έγώ, we two νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, όδούς) toothless, Lat e-dentulus. νωδυνία, ή, ease or relief from pain. From νώδυνος, ον, (νη-, ιδούνη) = ανώδυνος, without pain,pleasing, grateful. II act. soothing pain. νῶε, pe et. for νωι.

NΩΘH'Σ, és, gen. éos, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid Comp. νωθέστερος.

νώθητι, Ion contr. for νοήθητι, aor 1 pass imperat. of voéw.

vωθρόs, ά, όν, = vωθήs, sluggi b, lazy, dull.

NΩI, nom. and acc dual of έγώ, we two, us two, Att. vώ: poet. vῶε: gen. and dat. dual vῶιν, of us two, to us two; Att. vwv. Hence

νωίτερος, a, ov, of, from, or belonging to us two. [t] νωλεμές, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain)

νωλεμέως, Adv = νωλεμές.

νώμα, τό, Ion. for νόημα.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dis-II. to direct, guide, control: weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

**νῶν**, Att. for νῶἰν; see νῶἰ.

νώνυμνος, ον, Ep collat. form of νώνυμος, like δίδυμνος for δίδυμος, ἀπάλαμνος for ἀπάλαμος.

νώντμος, ον, (νη -, όνυμα Acol. for όνομα) witbout name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νῶροψ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, only in dat. and acc., νώροπι χαλκώ, νώροπα χαλκόν flasbing, gleaming brass. νωσάμενος, νώσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and

νωτ-άγωγέω, f. ήσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγόs) to carry on chestnut marcs. the back.

νωτ-άκμων, ονος, δ, ή, (νωτον, άκμων) with mailed back.

νωτίαιοs, a, ov, (νωτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτιαία άρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ίσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight. II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee. III. to cover the back of another: -- πύντον νωτίσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βάτέω, f. ήσω, (νῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

NΩ TON, τό, the back, Lat. tergum: the plural νωτα often used for the sing., like Lat. terga, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. dare terga; κατά νώτου from behind. II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, 2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back. νωχελής, έs, moving sluggisbly, slothful, inactive.

(Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -ίη, ή, laziness, sluggisbness.

Ξ, ξ, ξι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral &, 60, but &, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of  $\gamma \sigma$ ,  $\kappa \sigma$ ,  $\chi \sigma$ . In Att. Greek, & came in with the Samian alphabet (see H,  $\eta$ ); before this it was represented by  $\chi \sigma$ .  $\xi$  in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with  $\kappa$  and  $\sigma$ , as, κοινόε ξυνόε; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξω for κλήσω, παίξαι for παίσαι, etc. III. & also is often interchanged with  $\sigma\sigma$  or  $\tau\tau$ , not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσύε τρισσύε Ion. διξύε τριξύε.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before & are always long by position.]

**ΞΑΙΝΩ**, f. ξἄνῶ: aor. I ἔξηνα:—Pass., aor. I ἔξάνθην: pf. έξαμμαι:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning. cloth, to full, clean. II. metaph. to treat as in

fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθαs, Dor. for ξανθηs, fem. gen. of ξανθόs.

**ξανθίζω**, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (ξανθόε) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξάνθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

**ξανθό-γεωs**, ων, (ξανθόs,  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ) of yellow soil. **ξανθό-θριξ**, τρίχος, δ, ή, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-baired. **ξανθο-κόμης**, ου, δ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

flavus; favθal τρίχες golden hair; favods sumous foreign, outlandisb.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., I. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φυής, ές, (ξανθός, φυή) yellow by nature. ξανθο-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθύς, χἴτών) with yellow coat

ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθύς, χρώς) with yellow skin. ξάντης, ου, δ, fem. ξάντρια, (ξαίνω) a wool-carder. ξειν-ἄπάτης, ου, δ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

**ξείνη,** ή, Ion. for  $\xi \epsilon \nu \eta$ . ξεινη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινοδ-.

ξεινήιον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξενείον, a bost's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl. also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξεινίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

**E**eivin, **E**eivikos, Ion, for Eev - ...

ξείνιον, τό, ξείνιος, η, ον, Ιοπ. for ξεν-. ξεινίσαι, Ep. for ξενίσαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίζω.

ξείνισσεν, Ep. for εξένισεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ξενίζω.

ξεινο-δοκέω, ξεινο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξενοδ-. ξεινο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξενοκτονέω.

ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος

ξεινοσύνη, ή, Ion. for ξενοσύνη.

ξεινόω, Ion. for ξενόω.

ξεν-αγέτης, ου, δ, (ξένος, άγέτης) one who takes charge of guests

ξεναγέω, f. ήσω, (ξεναγύς) to be a guide of strangers: -Pass. to be conducted to see sights. or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-āγόs, ύν, (ξένος, ἡγέομαι) conducting strangers or guests. II. as Subst., ξεναγός, δ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-απάτης ου, δ, poet. ξειν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. |a]

ξεν-αρκής, έs, (ξένος, άρκέω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ή, fem. of ξένος: I. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman. II. (sub.  $\chi \omega \rho \alpha$  or  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), a foreign country.

ξενηλάσία, ή, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλάτέω, (ξένος, έλαύνω) to banish foreigners.

ξενία Ep. ξενίη Ion ξεινίη, ή, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment. 2. a friendly relation between two princes or states. 11. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion, ξεινίζω: fut, ξενίσω Ep. ξεινίσσω: 201. 1 efévida Ep. efeividda or feividda: (févos):-to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain bospitably, Lat. bospitio excipere:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest. II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ή, όν, also όε, όν, Ion. ξεινικός: (ξένος): -of or for a stranger, foreign. 2. of soldiers. **ξανθός, ή, όν, yellow** of various shades, golden or mercenary, bired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = ol

Eévios, a, ov, Att. also os, ov, Ion. Eévios (Eévos, treaty of bospitality with one. feivos):—belonging to a guest, bospitable, belonging to bospitality; Eévios Tivi bound to one by ties of bos-II. ξένια (sub. δώρα), τά, a guest's pitality. gifts: friendly gifts.

**E**evious,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\xi \in \nu i \zeta \omega$ ) the entertainment of a guest.

**ξενισμός**,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\xi \dot{\epsilon} \nu \iota \sigma \iota s$ .

ξενίτεύω, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service

ξενο-δαίκτης, ου, ό, (ξένος, δαίζω) a murderer of a guest.

ξενο-δαίτης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

ξενο-δοκείον and -χείον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

ξενοδοχέω Ion. ξεινοδοκέω, (ξενοδόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

ξενοδοχία, ή, the entertainment of a guest or stranger ξενο-δόχος, ον, Ιοη ξεινο-δόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., Ecivoδύκοs, b, the bost, opp. to ξείνοs, the guest.

ξενο-δώτης, ου, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the Lost. ξενόεις, εσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

strangers. From

ξενο-κτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers

EE'NOΣ Ion. ξείνος, δ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes: I. the friend, with whom one has a either as treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are Eévoi, and the relation was hereditary. II. m Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the bost. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospi-3. later, & Eéve, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger Eévos came to signify a bireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. 5. simply for βάρβαροs a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. os, ον, Ion. ξεῖνος, η, ον, foreign, strange. 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξενό-στάσις, ή, (ξένος, ιστημι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

ξενοσύνη Ion. ξειν-, ή, (ξένος, ξείνος) bospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

ξενό-τιμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμάω) bonouring guests or strangers.

ξενοτροφέω, f. ήσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp, to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενο-τρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

ξενοφονέω, f. ήσω, to murder guests or strangers.

**ξενο-φόνος**, ον, (ξένος, \*φένω) murdering strangers. ξενόω Ion. ξεινόω, f. ώσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest: to entertain. II. Pass., with fut. med. ξενώσομαι: 201. Ι έξενώθην: to enter into a the sabre, μάχαιρα. [τ]

2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

ξενών, ωνος, ὁ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

ξένως, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως έχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ή, (ξενόω) estrangement: innovation.

**ΞΕΡΟ'Σ**,  $\acute{a}$ ,  $\acute{o}\nu$ , Ion. for  $\xi\eta\rho\acute{o}s$ , dry; ποτὶ  $\xi\epsilon\rho\acute{o}\nu$  to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατο,  $\tau c$ ,  $(\xi \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  that which is smoothed, polished: hence = foavov, a statue or image.

ξεσμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out. ξέσσε, Ep. for έξεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέστης, ου, ο, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

ξεστός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\xi \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

 $\Xi$ E'Ω, f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσσω. aor. I ξξεσα Ep. ξέσσα: -to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. to carve or work in wood or stone.

ξήναs, part. aor. I of ξαίνω. ξηραίνω, f. ανω: aor. I ϵξήρανα:—Pass., aor. I ϵξηράνθην: pf. εξήρασμαι οτ εξήραμμαι: (ξηρύs):ξενοκτονέω Ion. ξεινοκτ-, f. ήσω, to slay guests or to parch up, dry up -Pass. to become or be dry, 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare. ξηρ-αλοιφέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρύς, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

> ξηρ-αμπέλϊνος, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἄμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηρανθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

**ΞΗΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air. of persons, withered, baggard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, barsb. III. generally, drained, exbausted. as Subst.,  $\xi \eta \rho \dot{\alpha}$  (sub.  $\gamma \dot{\eta}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , dry land, opp. to  $\dot{\nu} \gamma \rho \dot{\alpha}$ ; so also τὸ ξηρύν.

ξηρότης, ητος, η, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of tunber

Eπρο-φάγέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρύς, φαγείν) to eat dry food. ξίφ-ήρηs, εs, (ξίφοs, ἀραρείν) armed with a sword, sword in band.

ξίφη φόρος, ον, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in band

ξιφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [ĭ]

ξίφο-δήλητος, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξίφο-κτόνος, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. proparox. ξιφύκτονος, ον, pass. slain by the sword.

ξίφο-μάχαιρα, ή, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [a] ΞΙ ΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, εος, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from Είφ-ουλκός, όν, (ξίφος, έλκω) drawing a sword. ξίφ-ουργός, όν, (ξίφος, έργον) making swords.

ξόσνον, τό, (ξέω) an image carved of wood: the statue of a god.

ξοάνο-ποιία, ή, (ξόανον, ποιέω) a carving of images.

**ξοΐs**, tδοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\xi \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  a sculptor's chisel.

ξουθό-πτερος, ον, (ξουθός, πτερόν) baving dusky

wings.

**ΞΟΥΘΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, akm to ξανθύs, a colour between ξανθόs and πυρρόs, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, shrill, thrilling; TETTIE ξουθά λαλῶν the cicada with its shrill note

ξυγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-. ξύγκλησις, εως, ή, old Att. for σύγκλεισις.

ξυγκλήω, f. ήσω, old Att. for συγκλείω.

ξυήλη, ή,  $(\xi \dot{\nu}\omega) = \kappa \nu \hat{\eta} \sigma \tau \iota s$ , a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp. II a curved dagger,

used by the Spartans. ξύληγέω, f. ήσω, to carry wood or timber. From **ξύλ-ηγός**, όν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) carrying wood. Ευλίζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) to carry or gather wood,

Lat. lignari.

**ξύλινος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (ξύλον) of wood, wooden. [v]ξυλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-. ξύλο-κόπος, ον, (ξύλον, κόπτω) hewing, felling

2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, δ, a wood-cutter **ξύλον**, τό, (ξύω) wood ready for use, firewood, timber,

etc.: in pl, ξύλα νήια ship-timber. II. a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel. 2. a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him, δησαί τινα έν ξύλφ: the πεντεσύριγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the 3. a bench, table, esp. a moneyarms and legs. changer's table. 4. πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the act-III. later, a tree; cp. είριον

ξύλο-τόμος, ον, (ξύλον, τεμείν) cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, δ, a wood-cutter.

ξύλουργέω, f. ήσω, (ξυλουργός) to work wood Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ή, the working of wood.

**ξύλ-ουργόs**, όν, (ξύλον, έργον) working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργόs, δ, a joiner, carver of images. ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχίσδομαι, Dep. to gather

wood. From

**ξύλ-οχος**, ή, (ξύλον, έχω) a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast.

**ξύλόω**, f. ώσω, (ξύλον) to make of wood. Hence **ξύλωσιs**, ή, the wood-work, framework of a bouse. **Ευμβαίη**, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of Ευμβαίνω.

ξυμβλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμβάλλω: ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξυμμ -, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-. EYN, used in old Att. for the later and more common σύν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of fur-, v. sub our-.

ξυνάγείρατο, Εp. for συνηγείρατο, 3 sing. 201. I med. of συναγείρω.

ξυνάν, ανος, δ, = ξυνάων, ξυνήων, η. ν. ξυνάων, ovos, δ, Dor. for ξυνήων. [ā]

**ξυνέαξα,** aor. I of συνάγνυμι.

ξύν-εείκοσι, Ep. for ξυνείκοσι, συνείκοσι, (ξύν, είκοσι) twenty at a time, twenty together.

ξυνέηκα, Ep. for ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνίημι.

ξυνέκληον, old Att. impf. of συγκλείω.

ξυνελάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνελαύνω.

ξύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνίημι. ξυνεών, ῶνος, ὁ, Ιοη. for ξῦνήων.

ξονη, Adv., = κοινη, in common, properly dat. fem. of Eurós.

ξυνήιος, η, ον, Ep. for ξύνειος, (ξυνός) public, common: as Subst., ξυνήια, τά, public property.

ξυνήκα, 201. 1 οf ξυνίημι.

ξυνήων, ονος, δ, Dor. ξυνάων [ā], Ion. ξυνεών Dor. ξυνάν: (ξυνύε). a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: αλε ξυνάων the salt on the common table.

ξύνζε, pres. imperat. of ξυνίημι, as if from \*ξυνίω. **Ευνίει**, pres. imperat. of Ευνίημι, as if from \*Ευνιέω. [1] ξύντον, Ep. for ξυνίεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνίημι [ŭ] **ξυνόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\xi \dot{\omega} \nu) = \kappa o \iota \nu \dot{\omega} s$ , from which it only differs in dialect, common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ξυνά λέγειν to speak for the common good. dat. fem. ξυνη as Adv. = κοινη, in common; so too neut. pl. Euvá. Hence

ξυνό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ξυνός, φρήν) like-minded ξυνο-χαρής, ές, (ξυνύς, χαρήναι) rejoicing with all alike.

ξῦνωνία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = κοινωνία, partnership, fellowship.

ξῦον, Ep for ἔξῦον, impf. of ξύω.

ξυράω or -έω: f. ήσω: (ξυρύν):-to shave; proverb, ξυρείν εν χρφ to shave to the quick —Med, with pf. pass εξύρημαι: to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc, ξυρείσθαι κεφαλήν to shave one's head or get it shaved.

ξύρ-ήκης, εs, (ξυρόν, ἀκή) keen as a rasor, with a

rasor's edge. II. close-shaven.

ξύρο-δόκη and ξύρο-δόχη, ή, (ξύρον, δέχομαι) a rasor-case.

ξύρόν, τό, (ξύω) a rasor: proverb. of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἴσταται ἀκμῆς.... ὅλεθρος ἡὲ βιῶναι death or life stands on a rasor's edge; so, επὶ ξυροῦ της άκμης έχεται ημίν τὰ πράγματα our affairs rest on a rasor's edge.

**ξυρο-φορέω**,  $\bar{f}$  ήσω, (ξυρύν, φέρω) to carry a rasor. ξυρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

ξύρω, = ξυράω: aor. I med. ϵξυράμην.

ξυσαι, aor 1 inf. of ξύω

ξυσθείς, aor. r pass. part. of ξύω.

ξύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ή, (ξύω) that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings.

ξυστήρ, ηροε, δ, (ξύω) a graving tool, Lat. scal-

ξυστίς, ίδος, Att. ξύστις, ιδος, ή, (ξύω) a robe with a sweeping train.

**ξυστο-βόλοs**, ον, (ξυστόν, βαλεῖν) spear-darting, famous son of Tydeus; Νέστωρ ὁ γέρων Nestor, that burling the favelin.

II. without a Subst., he, she, it, as,

ξυστόν, τό, (ξίω) the polished shaft of a spear, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, a spear, dart, javelin: generally, a pole, shaft. (Properly neut. of the Adj. ξυστόε.)

ξυστός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\xi \dot{\nu}\dot{\omega})$  a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor. II. in Roman villas, a terrace with a colonnade, also xystum. (Properly masc. of the Adj. ξυστός, sub. δρόμος.)

ξυστός, όν, (ξύω) scraped, polithed, Lat. rasus. ξυστο-φόρος, ον, (ξυστόν, φέρω) carrying a spear. ξύστρα, ή, = ξυστρίς

ξυστρίς, ίδος, ή, (ξύω) a tool for scraping or rubbing

off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing.

**ΞΥ**Ω: impf. ἔξὖον Ερ. ξὖον: f ξύσω: aor. I ἔξὖσα:
—Pass., aor. I ἔξὖσθην: pf. ἔξυσμα:—to scrape, plane, smooth or polith 2 generally, to make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately.

ξὖσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὁλοιόν to rub away, get rud of sad old age.

## $\mathbf{C}$

O, o, δ μικρόν, little, i e short o, (in opp. to δ μέγα great, i. e. long and double o, ω being for oo). fitteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral o'. 70, but ,0, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. ou, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μοῦνος νοῦσος for μύνος νύσος.

Acol., o is often changed into ŏ, as ὅνυμα μύγις for ὅνομα μόγις. II. Dor. often for oι, as ἀγνοίω πτοιέω πνοιά for ἀγνοέω πτοέω πνοά. III. like a, o is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω δκέλλω, δύρομαι ἔδύρομαι. IV. in compds., esp Adjectives, o, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. η, as θεογενής θεοδόκος ξιφοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεᾶγενής) θεηδόκος ξιφηφόρος.

O, 'H, TO', 1s, A. demonstr. Pronoun; B. the definite Article; C accentuated in masc. and fem sing, and plur. 5, #, 76, relative Pronoun for 5s, #, 5

Gen.  $\tau o \hat{v}$ ,  $\tau \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\tau o \hat{v}$ : dat.  $\tau \hat{\omega}$ ,  $\tau \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \hat{\phi}$ : acc.  $\tau \dot{\omega} \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\sigma}$ :—dual nom. and acc.  $\tau \dot{\omega}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ : gen. and dat.  $\tau o \hat{v} \dot{\nu}$ ,  $\tau o \hat{v}$ :—plur. nom. ol,  $\alpha l$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ : gen.  $\tau \dot{\omega} \dot{\nu}$  dat.  $\tau o \hat{s} \dot{s}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \dot{s}$ : acc.  $\tau o \dot{v} s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha} s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ . Homer has also gen. sing.  $\tau o \hat{v} \dot{\sigma}$  for  $\tau o \hat{v}$ , nom. pl.  $\tau o l$ ,  $\tau \alpha l$ , gen. pl. fem.  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \omega \nu$  [ $\bar{\alpha}$ ], dat. pl.  $\tau o l \dot{\sigma} \iota$ ,  $\tau \dot{\eta} \dot{s}$  and  $\tau \dot{\eta} \dot{\sigma} \iota$ , as demonstr. Pronouns.

A.  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , demonstr. Pronoun, for  $\delta \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\eta \delta \epsilon$ ,  $\tau \delta \delta \epsilon$ , in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways:

1. joined with a Subst. not as the Article, but like Lat. ille,  $\delta$  Tv $\delta \epsilon l \delta \eta s$  the

aged man. II. without a Subst., be, sbe, it, as,  $\delta$  γαρ  $\delta \lambda \theta \epsilon$  for be came. III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: I. before relat. Pronouns δs. δσος, olos, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐφάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλων, τῶν, ὅσσοι Αυκίην ναιετάουσιν I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, namely those who, etc.  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$ .,  $\dot{\delta} \delta \dot{\epsilon}$ , from Homer downwards a very common phrase, sometimes in opposition (where δ μέν refers to the former,  $\delta$   $\delta \dot{\epsilon}$  to the latter), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, the one. , the other ., Lat. bic .. , ille : in neut τὸ μέν ., τὸ  $\delta \epsilon$  , in adverbial sense, partly . , partly . · also au d $\mu \acute{e}\nu$  ,  $\tau \grave{a}$   $\delta \acute{e}$  — O  $\delta \acute{e}$  often occurs without  $\delta$   $\mu \acute{e}\nu$  . before. On the other hand oi µév. . 18 often answered by some similar word, as  $d\lambda\lambda\dot{a}$ , or by  $\tilde{\epsilon}\tau\epsilon\rho\sigma$   $\delta\dot{\epsilon}$ . ένιοι δέ , etc.

B.  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , the definite Article, the, the indefin Pron being  $\tau ls$ ,  $\tau l$ . The use of  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as  $\tau \delta v$  approtov, bim that was bravest, came to mean simply the bravest;  $\phi(\hat{\lambda}ous \pi oie\hat{\iota}\sigma\theta ai$  to make friends, but  $\tau o \dot{\delta}s$   $\phi(\hat{\lambda}ous \pi oie\hat{\iota}\sigma\theta ai$  to make the friends one does make.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I it may stand with prop names, as δ Σωκράτης; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σωκράτης ύ φιλύσοφος 2 before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as,  $\tau \delta$  elvai the being,  $\tau o \hat{v}$  $\epsilon l \nu \alpha \iota$ , etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take ait Adject. sense, as, τὸ νῦν the present; οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι the men of that time The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αύριον (sc ἡμέρα) the morrow 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gend, as, τὸ ἄνθρωπος the word or notion man; τὸ λέγω the word λέγω, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα εἶναι τῶν ζωύντων όλβιον the fact or statement that no living 5. absol with Adverbs of time man is happy. and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as  $\tau d \nu \hat{\nu} \nu$ now, τὸ πρίν formerly. 6. before the interrog. Pron, τίs or ποιοs, mostly in neut. sing., τὸ τέ; τὸ ποίον; to make the question more precise. in elliptic expressions: I before gen, of a prop. name, δ Διόs the son of Jupiter, ή Λητουs the daughter of Latona, where viús or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as brother, wife, 2. before a neut, gen, it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as τὸ τῆs πόλεωs that which belongs to the state, nearly the same as ή πόλιs; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, τὰ τῶν Περσῶν the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.; τὰ τῶν ᾿Αθηναίων φρονεῖν to hold the sentiments of the Athemans, i. e be on their side: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., τὸ ἐμόν, τὸ σόν what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put

for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. The of Place, there, that way, here, this way, Lat. bac. 2. with 3. of Manner, a notion of motion towards, thither. τηπερ in this way, thus. 4. repeated τῆ μέν..., τη δέ ., of Place, bere ., there : also on the one part .., on the other ... 5. relative, where, for \$\tilde{\eta}\$, II.  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ , dat. neut., therefore, on this aconly Ep. 2. thus, so, in this wise, only Ep. III. count. τό, acc, neut. (like Att. ő neut. from ős), where-IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. wherefore. V. with Prepositions, of Time, ἐκ τοῦ ever since, ἐν τῷ wbilst.

C. ő, η, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE Pronoun, for  $\delta s$ ,  $\tilde{\eta}$ ,  $\tilde{o}$ : very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. Tov, To, are used for τινός, τινί, from the indefinite Pronoun τὶς τὶ. So Ion. τεο, contr. τευ: dat. τεφ: gen. and dat. pl. τεων, τεοι τεοισι :-- but τοῦ; Ιοη. τέο; τεῦ; for τίνος; interrog., wherefore? dat, τέφ for τινί; pl. gen. τέων; dat. τέοις, τέοισι.

δ. Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ös; v. δ. ή, τό c. 5, neut. of relat. Pron. ös.

ôá, woe! Lat. vae! [ŏā]

"OA P, ὄἄρος, ή, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὀάρων: contr. nom. ωρ, with dat. pl. ωρεσσι. Hence

όἄρίζω contr. ώρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, bold converse with. Hence

όἀρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, familiar converse, fond discourse. οδριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosomfriend.

όἄριστύς, ύος, ή, Ιοπ. for δάρισμα, (δαρίζω) famihar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, inter-3. a band or company. course.

"OA POΣ, δ, = δαρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

"Oāois, \(\delta\), Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

όβελίσκος, δ, Dim. of δβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a

pointed pillar, obelisk. όβελός Aeol. and Dor. όδελός, οῦ, ὁ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.  $(\delta \beta \epsilon \lambda \delta s, = \beta \epsilon \lambda o s \text{ with o prefixed.})$ 

όβολός, οῦ, ὁ, collat. form of ὁβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, ith of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

όβολοστατέω, f. ήσω, to practise petty usury. From όβολο-στάτης, ου, δ, (δβολός, ίστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [a]

"OBPIA, τά, the young of animals.

δβρίκαλα, τά, = δβρια. [Υ]

violence or wrong.

όβριμό-θύμος, ον, (όβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded. | bodies.

όβριμο-πάτρη, ή, (ὅβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

"OBPI MOS, ov, also  $\eta$ , ov, strong, mighty. ογδοάs, άδοs, ή, (ὀκτώ) the number eight.

όγδόἄτος, η, ον, poet. for ὄγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:— $\dot{\eta}$  ογδοάτη (sub.  $\dot{\eta}$ μέρα), the eighth day.

ογδοήκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

όγδοηκοντά-ετής, ές, οι όγδοηκοντ-ούτης, ες, (ὐγδοήκοντα, έτος) eighty years old.

ογδοηκοστός, ή, όν, (ὀγδοήκοντα) the eightieth.

ογδοος, η, ον, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. octavus. ογδώκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl., contr. for ογδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

ογδωκοντά-ετής, ές, contr. for ογδοηκονταετής,

eighty years old.

ο-γε, ή-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. δ, ή, τό, made more emphat. by the addition of  $\gamma \epsilon$ , Lat. bicce, baecce, bocce, be, sbe, it. 2. fem. dat.  $\tau \hat{\eta} \gamma \epsilon$ , used as Adv. of place, bere, on this spot. acc. neut. τύγε on this account, for this very reason.

"Ογκα poet. 'Ογκαίη, ή, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her

'Ογκαίοι οτ 'Ογκαίδη\$.

όγκάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ογκηθμός, δ, a braying.

όγκηρός, ά, ύν, (ύγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. molestus.

ογκητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀγκάομαι) a brayer, i. e. an ass. ογκιον, τό, (όγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

"ΟΓΚΟΣ, ό, (A), (άγκος) a bend, curve, hence a book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head

"ΟΓΚΟΣ, ό, (B), bulk, mass; όγκος φρυγάνων α beap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height II. metaph. bulk, weight, imto the person. portance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2 trouble, difficulty.

όγκόω, f. ώσω: aor. I ώγκωσα:-- Pass., aor. I ώγκώθην: pf ώγκωμαι: (σγκος B):-to make bulky, enlarge: - Pass to be beaped up, swollen. metaph. to exalt, raise to bonour: but also, to puff up with pride .- Pass. to be puffed up, swoln, elated.

όγκύλλομαι, Pass., = όγκύομαι.

όγκ-ώδης, εε, (ΰγκοε Β, είδοε) bulky, swollen, rounded: turgid.

όγκωτός, ή, ύν, (ὐγκύω) beaped up.

ογμεύω, f. -εύσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ωγμευον αὐτῷ they were marching in file before him: metaph., δγμεύειν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man From

όγμος, δ, (άγω) anything traced in a straight line; όβρίμο-εργός, όν, (όβριμος, έργον) doing deeds of a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly "OΓXNH, ή, a pear-tree. II. a pear.

όδ-αγός, δ. Dor. for δδηγόε.

όδαῖος, a, ov, (ὑδός) belonging to a way or jour-II. δδαία, τά, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

δδάξ, Adv. (δάκνω with o euphon.) with the teeth, by biting, Lat. mordicus. Hence

όδάξω or as Dep. όδάξομαι: impf. ώδαξον: pf. pass. ώδαγμαι:-to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

οδάω, f. ήσω, (ὁδύs) to export and sell, traffic in:-Pass, to be carried away and sold.

δ-δε, ή-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit.  $-\delta \epsilon$  to the old demonstr Pron.  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\delta}$ , and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc, and fem. τοισδεσσι, τοισδεσσιν, as well as τοισδε: Att. more emphat.  $\delta\delta i$ ,  $\dot{\eta}\delta i$ ,  $\tau o\delta i$ , etc.  $[\bar{\imath}]:=\ddot{o}\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\ddot{\eta}\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}\delta\epsilon$  is much the same as ovros, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat. bicce, baecce, bocce: as opposed to ουτος, όδε marks what is to follow, while ουτος refers to what has been before mentioned. II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. bic, as Adv. of Place, bere, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as, έγχος μέν τόδε κείται έπι χθονός bere hes the lance upon the ground; 'Αχιλλεύε έγγὺς ὅδε κλονέων bere is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers Pron., δδ' εἰμί, δδ' εγω ήλυθον bere am I. 3. with τίς, τίς ὅδε Ναυσικάς ἔπεται; who is bere following 4. also with Verbs of motion, like Nausicaa? δεῦρο, bither III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῷδ' ἐνὶ δήμφ bere amid this very people. ΙΝ. ὅδ' αὐτώς, stronger form for o autos, the very same, this very; τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντοs this very year. Att. dialogue, the masc, and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, δδ' ἀνήρ, or δδε alone, this man bere, the man before you, i. e. myself, emphatic for ŧγώ. VI. ellipt. with gen, ès τύδε χρύνου to this point of time.

B. absol. usage of some cases: τηδε of Place, bere, 2. of the Way or Manner, on the spot, Lat. bac. II. acc. neut. τόδε, bitber, to this spot. therefore, on this account. III. acc, neut. pl.  $\tau \delta \delta \epsilon$ , 2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. on this account. pl. τοισόδε, τοισίδε on this wise, after this fashion; also, with these words.

όδελός, δ. Acol. and Dor. for δβελός and δβολός.

δδευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a wayfarer, traveller. From

δδεύω, f. σω, (ὑδύs) to go, journey, travel. δδηγέω, f. ήσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew one the way, guide, act as guide. From

όδ-ηγός Dor. όδ-αγός, δ, (δδύς, άγω) a guide. δδί, ήδί, τοδί, Att. for  $\delta\delta\epsilon$ , ήδε, τόδε, q. v.  $[\tilde{\iota}]$ 

δδιος, ον, (ὑδόε) belonging to a way or journey:

auspicious for the journey.

δδισμα, ατος, τό, (δδός) a means of passing, way. acc. öbitav. [1]

όδμή Ion. όσμή, ή, (όζω) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

δδοιπλανέω, f. ήσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

δδοι-πλανής, ές, (δδύς, πλανάσμαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

οδοιπορέω: impf. ωδοιπόρουν: f. ήσω: pf. ωδοιπόρηκα: (ὁδοιπόροε).—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

όδοιπορία, ή, a journey, way. a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

δδοιπορικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , of or for a journey Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}s$ , like a traveller.

δδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From

όδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὑδύς, πόρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὁδοιπόροs, ὁ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

όδόντα, όδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of όδούε.

όδοντο-φόρος, ον, (όδούς, φέρω) bearing teeth; κόσμος όδ, an ornament consisting of strings of teeth όδοντο-φυής, έs, (ὐδούς, φίω) sprung from teetb.

όδοντόω, f. ώσω, (όδούs) to furnish with teeth.

όδοντωτός, ή, όν, furnished with teeth.

όδοποιέω; impf ώδοποίουν: f ώσω: pf pass ώδοποίημαι: (ὑδοποιύs):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:-Pass., of roads, to be made 2. to make practicable or passfit for use. 3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:-Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat progredi.

όδοποιία, ή, road-making, the duty of a pioneer.

δδο-ποιός, όν, (δδός, ποιέω) making roads: asSubst, ὑδοιποιόs, ὁ, a road-maker, pioneer: a roadsurveyor

όδόs, οῦ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδόs, a thresbold.

'ΟΔΟ'Σ Acol. οὐδός, οῦ, ἡ, a way, ṭath, road, highway: a track, pathway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the way; κατ' ὁδόν by II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: οἰωνῶν ὑδοί the flight of birds; λογίων όδόs the way, i.e. meaning, of the III metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also. a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

δδ-ουρος, ον, (όδύς, ουρος) watching or guarding the road: as fcm Subst., δδούροs, ή, a conductress.

'ΟΔΟΥ'Σ, in Ion. Prose δδών, δ, gen. δδύντος: dat. pl. δδουσι:—a tooth, Lat. dens; έρκος δδόντων, see ζρκος.

δδο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (δδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [v]

δδόω, f. ώσω: 20r. I ώδωσα: (δδύε):—to lead into δδίτης, ου, δ, (δδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dot. the right way: to put in the way: c. 111f, ώδωσε βροτουs φρονείν be guided mortals to be wise; also to bring, send: -Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

όδυνασαι, for όδυνα, 2 sing pres. pass. of όδυνάω. όδυνάω, f ήσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

'ΌΔΥ'NH, ή, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, of mind, grief, distress. [v]

όδυνηρός Dor. - αρός, ά, όν, (ὐδύνη) painful. grievous: distressing. Adv. - ρως.

δδῦνή-φἄτος, ον, (ὐδύνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φένω) killing (i. e stilling, assuaging) pain.

δδυρμα, ατος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and δδυρμός, δ, a wailing, lamenting. From

"ΟΔΥ POMAI, Trag. also δύρομαι Ion 3 sing impl. δδυρέσκετο: fut. δδυρούμαι. aor 1 ωδυράμην, part. δδυράμενοs:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of. c. dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absolto wail, mourn. [v] Hence

όδυρτός, ή, όν, mourned for, lamentable: όδυρτά,

as Adv., lamentably.

**ὀδύσαντο,** Ep. for ἀδίσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ὀδύσσομαι.

'Όδυσσεία, ή, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey.

From

'Όδυσσεύς, έως, ὁ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulixes, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the Odyssey: Ep. declens, 'Οδυσσεύς,  $-\hat{\eta}_0$ s,  $-\hat{\eta}_0$ s, Ep. nom also 'Οδυσεύς: Aeol. gen. 'Οδυσεύς.

\*\*ΌΔΥ'ΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in 201. 1 med. ἀδῦσάμην, Ep 2 and 3 sing ἀδύσαο, ἀδύσατο, Ep. 3 pl. δδύσαντο, part. ὁδυσσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf pass. ὁδώδυσται (redupl. for ἄδυσται):—to be grieved or wroth at, c. dat.

 $\delta\delta\omega\delta\alpha$ , pf. (with pres. sense) of  $\delta\omega$ .

δδώδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf sense) of  $\ddot{\upsilon}\zeta\omega$ . δδωδή,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\ddot{\upsilon}\zeta\omega)$  smell, scent, odour, also the sense of smell.

όδώδυσται, 3 sing. pf (with pres sense) of ὀδίσ-

όδών, όντος, ό, Ion for όδούς, a tooth

δδωτός, ή, όν, (ὁδόω) passable. practicable.

ocor, Ep. dat. plur. of ois, ols

όζαλίος, α, ον, (όζος) branching

όζήσω, fut. of όζω.

'Οζόλαι, oi, the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.
"OZOΣ, ov, o, a bough, branch, twig, shoot.

metaph. an offsboot, scion; ὄζος Αρησε scion of Mars: cf. έρνος, θάλος.

όζό-στομος, ον, (όζω, στόμα) with bad breath.
"OZΩ, fut. ὀζήσω· pf. with pres. sense ὅδωδα: plapf. with impf. sense ἀδώδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ὀδώδει: —to smell, to bave a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to

to bave a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, δζειν law to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid; Κρονίων δζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., της κεφαλής δζω μύρου I smell of ointment from the

head. II. often used impers., όζει ήδυ τῆς χρόας there is a sweet smell from the skin; lματίων όζήσει δεξιότητος there will be an odour of wit from your clothes

δθεν, Adv. (ὕs) whence, from whence, Lat. unde: also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like oῦ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὕθι, ὅπου, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. II. in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

80t, relat. Adv , poet. for ov, where, Lat. ubi.

όθνεῖοs, α, ον, also os, ον, (ξθνοs) strange, foreign. "ΌΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep, only used in pres. and impf., to bave a care or concern for, take beed, regard. c part., οὐκ ὅθετο ῥέζων be recked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ὅθυμαι κοτέοντοs I do not beed bim when he is angry.

'OΘO'NH, η, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a

sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

όθόνινος, η, ον, made of linen. όθόνιον, τό, Dim of όθόνη, a piece of fine linen, in

pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.
δθ-ούνεκα, for ὕτου ἕνεκα, because: sometimes also

for ὅτι, that, Lat quod. ὅ-θριξ, gen. ὅτρῖχος, poet, for ὁμό-θριξ, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ,

θρίξ) with like hair.

'OI', exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, ob! ab! Lat. beu or vae: sometimes c. nom., of έγω: mostly c. dat., of μοι.

oi, nom. pl. masc. of Art. o. oi, nom pl. masc. of relat. Pron. os.

of, dat sing, of third pers Pron., masc. and fem., for  $\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \hat{\varphi} \ \alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \hat{\eta}$ , to bim, to ber: more rarely used in the reflexive sense bimself, as the Ep.  $\dot{\epsilon} \omega \hat{\tau}$  is always used; often also of  $\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \hat{\varphi}$ , to bimself. The Nom. is wanting, gen. of, acc.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ .

ct, relat. Adv, properly dat. of relat. Pron. ös, whither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen, οἶ κακῶν

to what a beight of miseries.

olūκίζω Ion. oiηκ-, f. σω, (οίαξ) to steer, manage olάκισμα, τό, (οlακίζω) the act of steering or governing. [ā]

olako-voμos, ον, (οιαξ, νέμω) bolding the belm,

steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἰακοστροφέω, f. ήσω, to turn the belm, steer. From οἰακο-στρόφοs, ον, (οἴαξ, στρέφω) guiding the belm, steering.

Ol'AE, απος, Ion. οίηξ, ηπος, ὁ, the tiller, handle of the rudder, the helm.

2. pl. οίηκες, the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Olâτις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Ola.

οίγνυμι or -ύω, lengthd, from Ol ΓΩ: f. οίξω: aor. I ψέα Ερ. άιξα, part. οίξα:—Pass., Ερ. 3 pl. impf. ωίγνυντο: aor. I ψχθην:—to open, unlock: of a cask, to broach.

olda, I know, pf. with pres. sense of \* $\epsilon$ ldo, v.  $\epsilon$ ldo B. oldavo [ $\alpha$ ] or oldalvo, (oldeo) to make to swell,

tumere. II. intr. =  $0i\delta\epsilon\omega$ .

oldas, 2 sing. of olda, for the Att. olσθα.

οίδίω, f. ήσω: 201. Ι φόησα: pf. φόηκα: (οίδος):-intr. to swell, swell up, become swoln, Lat. tumere, turgere; οίδειν τὰ πόδε to swell in the feet, i.e. to II metaph, to be inflamed or have swollen feet. troubled; πράγματα οιδέοντα unsettled, disordered circumstances Hence

οίδημα, τό, a swelling, tumour

Oίδι-πόδης, ου, ό, properly patronym. of Οίδίπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Olδίπουs, Oedipus bimself.

Oίδί-πους, ποδος,  $\dot{o}$ : acc. -ποδα and -πουν: voc. -πους, more rarely -που: (οίδέω, πούς):- Oedipus, i. e. the swoln-footed. poet. Οίδίπος, ov, o. [7]

οίδμα, ατος, τό, (οίδέω) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow II. the swelling of the wind.

ΟΙ ΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

oleos, a, ov, (ols) of or from a sheep;  $\dot{\eta}$  ole  $\dot{\eta}$  (sub. δορά) a sheepskin.

oteor, Ep. dat pl. of ois.

ol-έτης, εs, (ὑμός, ἔτος) contr. for ὁμοέτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ύθριξ.

 $\delta i \xi vos, ov, = \partial i \xi vos.$ 

οιζυρός Att. οιζυρός, ά, όν, (διζύς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οιζυρώτερος, ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ότατος

όιζύς Att. οίζύς, ύος, ή, as dissyll.. contr. dat. διζυί for διζύι: (οί):—woe, nusery, distress, bardsbip. | υ

in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. v.] Hence

όϊζύω Att. οίζύω (as trisyll): f. ύσω [v]: aor. 1 όίζυσα:-to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer . absol. to be muserable, or to suffer.

oinθηναι, aor. I inf. of οἴομαι.

οίήιον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , = οἴηξ, οἴαξ, a rudder, belm. [ $\check{i}$ ]

οίηκίζω, Ion. for olakiζω.

οίηξ, ηκος, lon. for σίαξ, ακος.

οίήσομαι, fut. of οἴομαι.

olis, ιδυς, ή, poet for ois, a sheep: acc. οίιδα olka, as, ε, Ion. for εσικα.

οἴκάδε Dor. οἴκάδις, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἶκόνδε, to one's bouse, bome, or country, bome, bomewards. olkoi, at home.

οίκέαται Ion. for φκηνται, 3 pl. pf pass. of οἰκέω. οἰκεῖος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ : Ion. οἰκήιος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , (οἶκοs): —belonging to a bouse or household affairs, domestic: —τà olκεία bousebold affair, a bousebold; also, bousehold goods, Lat. res familiaris. ing to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. familiaris; of olkeioi friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., oi οικηιώτατοί τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ olk۔ov relation\bip. III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar;  $\dot{\eta}$  olkeia  $\dot{\eta}$  olknin (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, bomegrown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

swell, Lat. tumefacere: Pass. to be swoln, well, Lat. fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: 70 ol- $\kappa \epsilon \hat{i} \circ v = \tau \delta$   $\kappa \alpha \theta \hat{\eta} \kappa \circ v$ , what is suitable, befitting.

οίκειότης Ion. οίκηιότης, ητος, ή, relationship: in-

timacy, friendship: also marriage.

οίκειόω Ιοη. οίκηιόω: f. ώσω: (οίκειοε):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med to claim, reckon as one's own.

οίκείως, Adv. of οίκεῖος, in a friendly manner, familiarly, οἰκείως ἔχειν πρός τινα to be intimate with 2. as if it was one's own. properly, naturally, dutifully.

οικείω, poet for οἰκέω.

οίκεί ωσις, ή, (οίκειόω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οίκετεία, ή, the bousehold, the servants, Lat. familia. From

οίκετεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οίκέτης, ου, ό, (οίκέω) an inmate of one's bouse: a bouse-slave, mental, domestic, Lat. verna: -in pl. olκέται, one's family, women and children.

οίκέτις, ίδος, ή, fem. of οίκέτης, a female domestic or slave II. the mistress of the bouse, bousewife

οίκεῦντες, Dor. for οἰκοῦντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω. οίκεύς, έως Ion η̂ος, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's II. a domestic servant.

οίκεω, impf. ώκεον contr. - οῦν Ion οἴκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor 1 φκησα: pf φκηκα: -- Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass sense: Pass, aor. I ψκήθην pf. ψκημαι Ion. I. trans. to inhabit hence to οίκημαι: (οίκος): possess, occupy  $-\dot{\eta}$  olkov $\mu$ év $\eta$  (sub  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$ ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like olκίζω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf pass. ψκημαι Ion οίκημαι is used as pres to be settled, c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be 3. like διοικέω, to manage, placed or situated. II. intr. to dwell, live, to bave as govern 2. of states, to be settled, situated, one's abode. lie -also to be managed, governed, ή πόλιε οίκει κακώs the state is ill managed.

οίκηας. Ep for οίκεις, acc. pl. of οίκεύς

oiκήιος, η, ον, Ion. for οἰκείος.

οἰκηιότης, ητος, η, Ion. for οἰκειότης.

οίκηιδω, Ion. for οίκειόω.

οίκημα, τό, (οίκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwellingbouse, a chamber in a bouse, the story of a bouse. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. a prison.

II. a

οίκην, Dor, for οίκειν, pres. inf. of οίκεω. οἰκήσιμος, ov, babitable. From οικησις, ή, (οlκέω) the act of dwelling.

place for dwelling, a bouse, dwelling. οίκητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta_{\gamma} = olkητής$ .

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling. οίκητής, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκέω) an inbabitant, dweller. οίκητός, ή, όν, (οίκεω) inhabited: babitable.

οἰκήτωρ, ορος,  $δ_i = οἰκητήρ_i - τής, an inhabitant.$ 

oiκία Ion. - in, ή, (οίκος) a bouse, dwelling. a bousebold: also the inmates of the bouse, Lat. fa-III. a bouse or family from which one is Hence descended.

οἰκιακός, ή, όν, of one's own bouse, domestic.

οίκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οίκος, a small bouse.

οίκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. Ι ωκισα Ion. οίκισα:--Med., fut. οἰκιοῦμαι:-Pass., fut. οἰκισθήσομαι: aor. ι φκίσθην: pf φκισμαι Ion. οίκισμαι: (οίκος):--to build a bouse: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant: -Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inbabit.

οίκίον, τό, (οίκος) always used in pl. οίκια, τά, like Lat. aedes, a bouse, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οίκισις, ή, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of 2 colony: colonisation.

οίκίσκος, δ, Dim. of οίκος, a small bouse or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οίκισται, Ion. for ψκισται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω. οίκιστήρ, ήρος, δ, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οίκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οίκο-γενής, ές, (οίκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, bome-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οίκοδεσποτέω, f. ήσω, to be master of a bouse, to manage the bousehold. From

οίκο-δεσπότης, ου, ό, (οίκος, δεσπότης) the master of a bouse or family: the good-man of the bouse.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ήσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a bouse. generally, to build, construct:-Med., οἰκοδομείσθαι olknua to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ή, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building: - u building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a bouse built, building. οίκοδόμησις, ή, = οίκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ή, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, editice.

οἰκοδομικός, ή, όν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ή οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οίκο-δόμος, ον, (οίκος, δέμω) building a bouse:as Subst., οἰκοδόμοs, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οικοθεν, Adv. (οίκος) from one's own bouse, from 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἴκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οίκοθι, Adv. (οίκος) at bome, Lat. domi.

οίκοι, Adv. (οίκοι) at bome, Lat. domi: τὰ οίκοι one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἴκαδε, (οἶκοε) bomeward, bome. οίκονομέω, f. ήσω, (οίκονόμος) to be a bouseholder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange. οίκονομία, ή, (οίκονομέω) the management of a | 201. 1 ώκτειρα, (οίκτος):-- to pity, have pity or com-

bousehold or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ή, όν, conversant with the management of a bousebold or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy, also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κωs. From

οίκο-νόμος, ον, (οίκος, νέμω) managing a bousebold or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a bouse-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκό-πεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the bouse itself.

οίκο-ποιός, όν, (οίκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a bouse.

οικόριος, a, ov, Dor. for οικούριος.

OIKOΣ, ov, ò, a bouse, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον οι κατ' οἴκουs at bome. part of a bouse, a room, chamber. hence oikoi in pl. often stands for a single bouse, like Lat. aedes. a temple. II. household affairs, bouse-wifery: bousehold property, bouse and goods. bousebold, family. IV. a bouse, race, family.

οίκός, Ion. for ἐοικός, part. neut. of ἔοικα.

οἰκό-σῖτος, ον, (οἶκος, σῖτος) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a bouse.

οίκο-τρίβής, ές, (οίκος, τρϊβηναι) ruining a bouse or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the bouse, Lat. verna.

οίκο-τύραννος, δ, (οίκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant. οικότωs, Ion. for ἐοικότωs, Adv. of ἐοικώs (part. of ёоіка), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\dot{\eta}$ , v. sub olκέω.

οίκουρέω, f. ήσω, (οίκουρύs) to watch or keep the bouse: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at bome. Hence

οίκούρημα, τό, the watch of a house. generally, watch and ward; οἰκούρημα ξένων watch kept by 11. one who keeps bouse, a stay-at-home. strangers. οίκουρία, ή, (οίκουρέω) a keeping at bome: inactivity.

οίκούριος, ov, belonging to bousekeeping; hence τά οἰκούρια (sub. δώρα), wages for bousekeeping. keeping within doors: έταιραι ολκόριαι (Dor. for olκούρ-) female bouse-mates. From

οίκ-ουρός, όν, (οίκος, ούρος) watching or keeping the II. staying at bome, domestic: as Subst., οίκουρόs, ή, the mistress of the bouse.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ήσω, (οἰκοφθόροε) to ruin a bouse or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

olκοφθορία, ή, ruin of a house or family.

οίκο-φθόρος, ον, (οίκος, φθείρω) ruining a bouse: as Subst., ολκοφθύροs, δ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a bouse-guara. οίκτείρημα, τό, and οίκτείρησις, ή, pity. From οίκτείρω: impf. ψκτειρον Ion. οίκτειρον: fut. οίκτερω:

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οίκτ. τινά τινός to pity one for or because of a thing.

οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: 20τ. 1 ψκτισα: (οίκτοs): to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Mcd. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οίκτιρμός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκτείρω) pity, compassion.

οἰκτίρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτείρω) merciful. οἴκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οίκτισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οίκτιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οίκτρός (formed from οίκτος, cf. αισχρός, αίσχιστος; but the Comp. is οίκτρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οίκτιστα as Adv. most miserably.

OI'KTOS, ov, b, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.

olκτρό-βιος, ον, (οικτρός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οἰκτρός, ά, όν, (οἶκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκτρότερος, οἰκτρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἴκτιστος.

οἰκτρο-χοέω, (οἰκτρόs, χέω) to pour forth piteously, οἰκτρῶs, Adv. of οἰκτρόs, piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα. οἰκώs, νῖα, όs, Ion. for ἐοικώs, part. of ἔοικα.

οίκ-ωφελής, ές, (οίκος, ὡφελέω) profitable to a house. οἰκωφελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (οἰκωφελής) profit to a house hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οίμα, ατος, τύ, (\*οίω = φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.
οίμαι, Att. contr. from οίομαι.

οίμάω, f. ήσω, (οίμα) = ἐρμάω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.

OI'MH,  $\hat{\eta}_1 = ol\mu os$ , a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οίμοι, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, woe's me! οίμοι is used with a nom., as, οίμοι εγώ ab me! woe's me! or with a gen., as, οίμοι τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

OIMOS, ov,  $\delta$ , a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph. like  $\delta(\mu\eta)$ ,  $\delta(\mu\sigma)$  doid  $\delta(\delta\eta)$  the course of strain of song, a song, lay.

οἰμωγή, ή, (οἰμώζω) properly a crying οἴμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οίμωγμα, ατος, τό a cry of lamentation, wail: and οίμωγμός, δ, a lamenting. From

οἰμώζω, fut. οἰμώξομαι later οἰμώξω: aor I φμωξα: (οἴμοι):—to cry οἴμοι, (as alάζω to cry αἴ, αῖ), to wail, lament; οἴμωζε, as a curse, go bowl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἰμώξεται; shall he not bave to cry out? i.e. sball be not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc.

οίμωκτός, ή, όν, (οιμώζω) to be pitied or bewailed. οίμωξειε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of οιμώζω.

olv-ávθη, ή, (οἴνη, ἀνθη) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine.

2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

olv-av0(s,  $i\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $olv\acute{a}v\theta\eta$ .

οἰνάρεον, τό, = οἴναρον.

οίναρίζω, f. σω, (οίναρον) to strip off vine-leaves.

οἰνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνοs, weak, poor wine. οἴνάρον, τό, (οἴνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.

Ol'NH, ή, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2. = οἶνοs, wine. οἰνηρόs, ά, όν, (οἶνοs) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat.

vinosus. Il. containing wine. III. of countries, rich in wine.

οίν-ήρὕσις, ή, (οίνος, ἀρύω) a vessel for drawing wine

olvizw, (olvos) to smell of wine.

procure wine by barter, buy wine.

II. Med. to

olvo-βαρείων, ό, an Ion. participial form (as if from olvo-βαρέω) = olvoβαρής From

oivo-βαρής, έs, (οίνος, βαρύs) beavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis

οίνο-βρεχής, ές, (οίνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. e. drunken.

oivo-δόκος, ον, (olvos, δέχομαι) receiving or bolding wine.

οίνο-δότης, ου, Dor. -δότας, α, ὁ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus

olvoeis, -όεσσα, -όεν, contr. olvoûs, -οῦσσα Att. -οῦττα, -οῦν, (οἶνοs) made of or with wine. II. as Subst., οἰνοῦττα, ἡ, a cake or porridge of pearlbarley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οινό-μελι, ίτος, τό, (οίνος, μέλι) boney mixed with wine, mead.

olvo-πέδη, ή, and olvó-πεδον, τό, (οίνος, πέδον) land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

oivo-πεδοs, ov. (οινος, πέδον) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.

οίνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οίνος, πεπαίνω) ripe for making wine.

οίνο-πίπης [i], ου, ὁ, (οίνος, ἐπιπτεύω) gaping after wine, formed like the Homenc παρθενοπίπης.

οἰνο-πληθής, ές, (οἶνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine. οἰνο-πλήξ,  $\hat{\eta}$ γος,  $\hat{\upsilon}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (οἶνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken, i. c. drunk

οινοποτάζω and οινοποτέω, (οινοπότηs) to drink wine.

οἰνο-ποτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , and οἰνο-πότης,  $\alpha \nu$ ,  $\delta$ , fem. οἰνο-πότις,  $\iota\delta$ os, (οἶνοs, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

OINOΣ, ου, ὁ, Lat. VINUM, wine; ἐν οἴνφ, ἐπ' οἴνφ, παρ' οἴνφ, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. 2 the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry: οἶνοs ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palmwine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from grape-wine (οἶνοs ἀμπέλινοs).

οίνο-τρόφος, ον, (οίνος, τρέφω) producing wine. οίνοθς, οίνοθσσα Att. – οθττα, – οθν, contr. for οίνόεις, εσσα εν.

olvo-φάγία, ή, (οἶνοs, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine. oἰνοφλῦγία, ή, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From οἰνό-φλυξ, ἔγοs, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνοs, φλύω) given to drinking, drunken.

olvo-φόρος, ου, (οἶνος, φέρω) carrying, bolding wine, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, ό, Lat oenopborus, a wine-cask. οἰνο-χάρής, ές, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) rejoicing in wine. οἰνο-χάρων, ουτος, ό, (οἶνος, Χάρων) the Wine-Charon, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

olvoχοεύω, Ep. form of οlvoχέω, to pour out wine. olvoχοέω: 3 sing, impf. φνοχόει Ep. έφνοχόει: f. ήσω: aor. I inf. οlvoχοήσαι: (οlvoχόοs):—to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νέκταρ έφνοχόει she was pouring out nectar for wine olvo-χόη, ή, (olvos, χέω) a cup or can for ladling

oivo-χόη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (olvos,  $\chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups

oivo-x60s, ον, (οίνος, χέω) pouring out wine to drink: as Subst., οίνοχόος, δ, a cup-bearer.

**olvó-χὕτοs**, ον, (οໂνοs,  $\chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) poured of or with wine; πῶμα οἰνόχυτον a draught of wine

οίν-οψ, οπος, ό, = οίνοψ, wine-coloured, wine-dark οίνοω, f ώσω:—Pass., aor. I ωνώθην: pf ωνωμαι Ion. οίνωμαι: (οίνος):—to make drunk with wine —Pass. to get drunk, be drunken.

olvών, ῶνος, ὁ, (οἶνος) a wine-cellar, wine-\hop olv-ωπός, ἡ, όν, οι ός, όν, and olv-ώψ, ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, ὤψ) wine-coloured.

olfas, aor. I part. of οίγνυμι

olo, Ep. for ου, gen. of possess. Pron os, his, her. olo-βάτος, ον, (olos, βαίνω) walking alone: lonesome. olo-βουκόλος, ον, (olos, βουκόλος) herdsman of a single cow.

olo-βώταs, δ, (olos, βόσκω) one who feeds alone; φρενδε οἰοβώταs feeding his mind apart, self-willed olo-γάμος, ον, (οlos, γαμέω) married only to one. olo-ζωνος, ον, (οlos, ζώνη) with one girdle, i.e. single-banded, alone.

oióθεν, Adv. (olos) from one side alone, hence gene-

rally, alone; oió $\theta \in \nu$  oios all alone.

OI'OMAI Ep. ότομαι: impf. ψόμην, Ep 3 sing. δίετο: fut. οἰήσομαι: aor. I Ep. δίσθην part. ὁἰσθείς, Att. ψήθην inf. οἰηθῆναι part. οἰηθείς: Ep aor. I med. δισάμην, 3 sing. δίσατο part. ὀισάμενος. The Act. οἰω or ὁἰω is also found: Dor. pres. οἰω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. ψμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.; of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear:—often used absol, aled bleat thou art ever suspecting; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμός δίσατό μοι my heart foreboded it: it is also once found impersonal, δίεται μοι ανα θυμόν there comes a boding into my heart. 2. to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, έν πρώτοισιν (δίω) κείσεται among the first (methinks) will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι 1mpf. φμην, I think, I suppose, I believe, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, πωs οἶει; πω̂ε οἶεσθε; how think you?

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the  $\iota$  is it, i.e. I am able to do it: in neut. sin long in all tenses,  $\delta i\omega$ ,  $\delta i\omega a\tau o$ , etc.: only the act,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau_i$  and  $\delta i\dot{\alpha} \tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau_i$ , it is possible.

olvo-φόροs, ου, (olvos, φέρω) carrying, bolding wine, pres. olw has sometimes it in the middle of the s Subst., οlvoφόροs, δ. Lat oenophorus, a wine-cask., verse.]

olov-el, for olov el, as if: Dor. olov al.

olo-νόμος, ον, (οἶος, νέμω) feeding alone: lonely. olo-νόμος, ον, (οἶς, νέμω) feeding sheep: as Subst. a shepherd.

οίόν-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible: v. οἶος III. οἰό-ποκος, ον, (οἶε, πέκω) shorn from a sheep. οἰοπολέω, f. ήσω, to roam or haint alone. From οἰο-πόλος, ον, (οἶος, πέλομαι) heing alone: lonely, solitary. Β. (οῖε, πολέω) tending sheep.

olóρ, Scyth. for ἀνήρ. Hence

οίορ-πατα, Scyth word in Herodotus, = ἀνδροκτόνοι. ΟΙ'ΟΣ, οίη, οἶον, alone, by oneself, lone, lonely · it can often only be rendered by an Adv., alone, only: strengthd, εἶs οἶοs, μία οἴη one alone, one only: also in dual, δύο οἴω, and in pl, δύο οἴου. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶοs left alone by them; οἶοs θεῶν alone of all the gods; οἶοs ᾿Ατρειδῶν apart from the sons of Atreus. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat unicus.

olos, οἴα Ion. οἵη, οἶον, (ὕs) such as, of such sort, manner or kind α , Lat. qualts; relat. Pronouu, answering to ποῶs interrog and indef, and to demonstr. τοῖοs; ὄσσοs οἶόs τε, Lat qualts quantusque: c. acc., οἶοs ἀρετήν what a man for virtue: often only to be rendered by an Adv, as, οἶοs μέτεισι πόλεμόνδε how he tushes into war

Olos in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd by  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ , olov  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ τον μύθον ἔειπας what a word hast thou spoken! the neut. of ov is often used as an Adv, of ov  $\delta \dot{\eta}$  vu θεούς βροτοί αιτιόωνται bow do men now find fault with gods ! II implying a Comparison, the anteced. τοίοs or τοιόσδε being often omitted; ofos αστήρ είσι like as a star wanders; and so as an exclam, of αγορεύεις what art thou saying! ofά μ' ξοργαs what hast thou done to me! 2. olos often introduces a reason for what has gone before,  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ being sometimes added to express certainty; olos  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ , olov δή, such as all know. 3. If the Comparison is general, Homer uses olds  $\tau \epsilon$ , in some such way as, οδός τε πελώριος έρχεται "Apns some such one as Ares; so, olos ris the sort of person. Comparison involves Time, olos ote is used, like as 5. olos is used in many brief Att. expreswhen. sions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself: -it adds force to the Superl, χωρίον οΐον χαλεπώτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οἶόν ἐστι χωρίον, ground the most difficult possible. III. olos c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, olos έην τελέσαι έργον τε έπος τε bow able was he to make good both deed and word; οίος έην βουλευέμεν ήδε μάχεσθαι bow able was he to counsel and to fight: in this sense olos τε is more usual, οδός τε είμὶ ποιεῖν I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it: in neut. sing. and pl., olov

in neut., οδόν τε έστί it is possible; οὐχ οδόν τε IV. olos is in Att. often ἐστί it is im-possible.

repeated in the same clause, as, οδ' έργα δράσαs οδα λαγχάνει κακά having done what kind of actions, what kind of sufferings he receives! olar ανθ' olar θυμάτων χάριν what thanks, for what offerings! as Adv. in neut. sing. olov, also in pl. ola, bow; also with Adj. olov expansis bow fresh. Comparisons, as, like as, just as: ofor ore as 3. as, like, for instance. 4. about, bard upon, Lat. quasi, οδον δέκα σταδίους about ten stades. olós, diós, gen. of ols dis.

οίό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (οlos, φρήν) single in one's

opinion: generally, lonely.

οίο-χίτων, ωνος, ὁ, ἡ, (οlos, χιτών) with nothing but a tunic on, lightly clad.

olóω, (olos) to leave alone: Pass. οίδομαι, Ep aor. 1

olώθην, to be forsaken

"OI"Σ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ὅιος acc. ὅιν; plur., nom. ὅιες gen. δίων, dat. οἴεσι Ερ. δίεσσι shortened ὅεσσι: acc oias; contr. nom. and acc. pl. ois:-Att. nom. ois gen. olós, dat. olí, acc. olv: pl. nom. oles, gen. olŵv, dat. oloi, acc. olas; nom. and acc. pl. also ols. Lat. OVIS, a sheep, whether ram or ewe; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, our ἀρνειός οι άρσην a ram, δις θηλυς a ewe.

όίσατο, οισάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of οισμαι. [7]

οίσε -έτω, -ετε, fut. imperat. of φέρω.

οίσέμεν, οίσέμεναι, Ep. for οίσειν, fut. inf. of φέρω. οίσευμες, Dor. for οισομεν, I pl fut. of φέρω. oloba, thou knowest, 2 sing. of olda.

δίσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of οίομαι.

οίσθήσομαι, fut. pass of φέρω.

οίσομαι, fut. med, with pass. sense, of φέρω.

OI ΣΠΗ, ή, the grease in unwashen wool, greasy wool.

οίσ-πώτη, ή, (δίε, οίε, πάτοε) the dirt on the hinder part of a sheep.

οίστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne. neut. οἰστέον one must bear

οιστευτήρ, ηρος, ό, and οιστευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (διστεύω) a bowman, an archer.

δίστεύω, f. σω, (ὀϊστός) to shoot arrows: 201. I part. διστεύσας. II. trans. to shoot with an arrow.

διστο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (διστός, δέχομαι) bolding arrows.

oloτόs, ή, όν, (οισω) that must be borne, endurable. δίστός Att. οίστός, οῦ, ὁ, (οἴσω, fut. of φέρω) an arrow, Lat. sagitta.

οίστράω or οίστρέω: f. ήσω: aor. I act. φστρησα inf. οίστρησαι:-Pass., aor. Ι οίστρηθην inf. οίστρηθηναι: (οΐστρος):—properly of a gadfly, to torment by stinging: generally, to sting or goad to madness: Pass. to be driven mad. II. intr. to go mad, run wild, rage.

οίστρ-ήλατος, ον, (οίστρος, έλαύνω) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οιστρημα, ατος, τό, (οιστράω) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving.

οίστρο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (οίστρος, βαλείν) to strike with a sting, esp of love.

οίστρο-δίνητος, ον, (οΐστρος, δινέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild.

οίστρο-δόνητος, ον, and -δονος, ον, (οίστρος, δοvέω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild.

οίστρο-πλήξ, ηγος, δ, ή, (οίστρος, πλήσσω) stung by a gadfly, driven mad.

OI ΣΤΡΟΣ, ov, b, the gadfly, breese, Lat. asilus, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io. II. metaph. a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony. any vehement passion: madness, frenzy,

οίστρο-φόρος, ον, (οίστρος, φέρω) maddening. OI ΣΥ'A, ή, a tree of the oster kind. Hence

οἰσύϊνος, η, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work. οἰσύπη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = οἴσπη

οἰσϋπηρόs, ά, ύν, (οἴσυποs) greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool, Lat. lana succida.

οἴσῦπος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(o\hat{i}s) = oἴσπη$ , oἰσὑπη. οίσω Dor. οἰσῶ, fut. of φέρω, from Root \*οίω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἰσέμεν,

OI TOΣ, ov, b, fate, lot, doom: in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death, κακὸν οἶτον ἀπόλλυσθαι to die a sad death.

Οίτόσυρος, δ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

οἰχέομαι, = οἶχομαι, q ν.

οῖσ ειν

οίχνέω, Ion. impf. οίχνεσκον, = οίχομαι, to go, come; of birds, to fly:—generally, to walk, live.

ΟΙ ΧΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. ο χόμην: fut. ο λήσομα: pf. φχημαι Ion. οιχημαι: also pf. med. φχωκα Ion. οίχωκα: Ion. 3 sing. plapf. οίχώκεε. The pres. oiχέσμαι Ion. οίχεθμαι also occurs: I. of persons, to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to how to have come: c. part., οίχεται φεύγων he has fled and gone: οίχεται θανών be is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato, όδον οίχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers. to bave escaped from. 2. for θνήσκω, to be gone bence, to bave departed, be deceased; Att. part. olxóuevos the departed. 3. pf. φχωκα, like όλωλα, to II. of things, as of darts, be undone, runed. etc., to rush, sweep along. 2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished.

οίω and όίω, used by Ep. Poets for οίομαι.

\*οίω, see φέρω.

οίώθην, aor. I pass. of οίόω.

οίωνίζομαι, Att. fut. ιοῦμαι: Dep.: (οίωνός):--to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. augurium capere. II. to look upon as an omen, forebode, Lat. augurari.

οίωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οιωνίζομαι) divination by the

flight or cries of birds, Lat. augurium.

οίωνιστήριον, τό, (οίωνίζομαι) a place for watching the flight of birds, Lat. templum augurale. the omen or augury itself.

oloviστήs, οῦ, ὁ, (οloνίζομαι) one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.

οίωνο-θέτης, ου, ο, (οίωνός, τίθημι) an interpreter of

auguries, an augur.

οἰωνό-θροος, ον, (οἰωνός, θρόος) of the cry of birds. οἰωνο-κτόνος, ον, (οἰωνός, κτείνω) killing birds. οἰωνό-μαντις, εως, δ and ἡ, (οἰωνός, μάντις) an in-

terpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.

οἰωνο-πόλος, ον, (οἰωνός, πολέω) observing the flight

and cries of birds: as Subst., οιωνοπόλος, δ, an augur οιωνός, οῦ, δ, (οἶos) a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.

II. a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey

were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ὅρνιθες. III. an omen, presage, Lat. auspicium or augurium; εἰοιωνὸς ἄριστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰωνοὶ ἀγαθοί

good omens.

οίωνοσκοπέω, f. ήσω, to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury. From

olwvo-σκόπος, ον, (ολωνός, σκοπέω) watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., ολωνοσκόπος, δ, an augur, soothsayer.

οίως, Att. Adv. of osos, olos ἀν οίως έχεις; being such a man in what a state art thou!

δκά poet. δκκά, Dor. for ὅτε, when

'OKE' ΛΛΩ, aor. I ὁκείλα, inf. ὀκείλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on sbore, strand it. II. intr. of the ship, to run aground.

δκη, Ion. for δπη. δκκα poet. for δκα.

δκ-κα οτ δκ κα, for ότε κεν, like κάκ κεφαλήs for κατά κεφαλής.

όκλαδίας (sub. δίφρος), ου, ὁ, (ὀκλάζω) a seat with

folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.

\*\*OΚΛΑ ΖΩ, f. σω: aor. 1 ωκλασα:—to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to hend, sink down: to sink from wearmess, to sit down to rest.

2. to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.

II. c. acc. to let sink, to hend, lower.

όκναλέος, α, ον, (δκνοε) poet. for ὀκνηρόε.

όκνείω, poet. for δκνέω.

οκνέω poet. ὀκνείω: impf. ὥκνειον: f. ήσω: (ὅκνοι):
—to sbrink from doing, scruple or besitate to do a thing.

οκνηρός, ά, όν, (ὅκνος) sbrinking, besitating, unready.

II. of things, grievous, troublesome.

"OKNOΣ, δ, a sbrinking, besitation, unreadiness: cowardice.

δκόθεν, δκοῖος, δκόσος, δκότε, δκότερος, δκου, Ion. for  $\delta \pi \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\delta \pi o i o s$ , etc.

δικρίω, (δικριε) to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.

δκρίδει**s**, εσσα, εν, (ὅκριs) rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.

όκριδωντο, Ερ. for ὀκριῶντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὀκριάω. ὅκρις, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, α jagged point, a rag. II. as Adj. ὀκρίς, ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, rugged, jagged.

οιρύδεις, εσσα, εν, (κρυύεις, with o euphon.) = κρυερός, cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, borrible.

οκτά-βλωμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, βλωμός) consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὀκτάβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.

όκτα-δάκτυλος, ον, (όκτω, δάκτυλος) eight-fingered όκτα-ήμερος, ον, (όκτω, ήμερα) for eight days: on

the eighth day.

όκτάκις, Adv. (δκτώ) eight times. [ă]

οκτάκισ-μύριοι, aι, a, eighty thousand.

**ὀκτάκισ-χίλιοι**,  $\alpha$ ι,  $\alpha$ , etgbt thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὀκτακισχιλίη = ὀκτακισχίλιοι ἔππεῖς, '8000 horse.'

οκτά-κνημος, ον, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) with eight spokes.

όκτακόσιοι, αι, α, (ὀκτώ) eight hundred.

οκτά-μηνος, ον, (ὀκτώ, μήν) eight months old, in the eighth month. [α]

οκτά-πεδος, ον, Dor for δκτάπους

οκταπλάσιος, α, ον, and οκταπλάσίων, ον, gen. ονος, (δκτώ) eightfold, Lat. octuplus.

ὀκτά-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (ὀκτώ, πούς) eight feet long ὀκτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀκτώ, πούς) eight-footed II. eight feet long.

οκτάρ-ριζος, ον, (ὁκτώ, ρίζα) with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.

οκτάρ-ρυμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρυμός) drawn by eight fairs. δκτά-τονος, ον, (ὀκτώ, τείνω) eight-stretched; ελικες ὀκτάτονοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.

'OKTΩ', oi, ai, τά, indecl. eight, Lat. OCTO.

όκτω-δάκτυλος, ον, with eight fingers. όκτω-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. eighteen.

όκτωκαιδεκά-δραχμος, ον, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, δραχμή) weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.

οκτωκαιδέκατος, η, ον, the eighteenth: δκτωκαιδέ-

κάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighteenth day.
δκτωκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, ὁ, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, ἔτοε) eighteen

years old:—fem ὀκτωκαιδεκ-έτις, ιδος. ὀκχέω, poet. form of ἀχέω, to bear, convey, carry.

όκχος, δ, poet. form of ὅχος, a chariot.

δκωs, Ion. for ὅπωs.

ὅκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

δλβίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: 20τ. Ι ἄλβισα:—Pass., 20τ. Ι ἀλβίσθην: pf. ἄλβισμαι: (ὅλβοs):—to make bappy: to deem or pronounce bappy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.

όλβιο-δαίμων, ovos, δ and ή, (ὅλβιος, δαίμων) of blessed lot or fortune

δλβιό-δωρος, ον, (ὅλβιος, δῶρον) bestowing blies, bounteous.

όλβιο-δώτης οτ -δότης, ου, ό, fem. -δώτις, ιδος, (όλβιος, δίδωμι) bestower of bliss.

όλβιο-εργός, ών, (ὅλβιος, ἔργον) making bappy. όλβιό-μοιρος, ον, (ὅλβιος, μοῖρα) of bappy fate.

όλβιοs, ov, or a, ov, (όλβοs) happy, blest, esp. with worldly goods, prosperous, wealthy, rich, Lat. beatus: generally, bappy, blessed: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὄλβια δοῦναι to bestow rich gifts; δώρα ὔλβια ποιείν to make gifts blessed: so in Adv. όλβια ζώειν to live bappily. Irreg. Sup. ὅλβιστος, η, ον, formed directly from ολβοs, as αίσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αΐσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιώτατος also occurs. Adv - iws.

ολβιό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (όλβιος, φρήν) leaning to- furrows, having but little land for ploughing. wards the rich.

όλβιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of όλβιος.

όλβίωs, Adv. of ὅλβιοs, bappily, blissfully.

όλβο-δοτήρ, ηρος, δ, and όλβο-δότης, ου, δ, fem. όλβο-δότειρα, (ὅλβος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss or prosperity.

'ΟΛΒΟΣ, ov, ὁ, happıness, bliss, wealth.

όλβο-φόρος, ον, (ὅλβος, φέρω) bringing bliss.

όλεεσθαι, Ion. for όλεισθαι, fut. med. inf. of όλλυμι.

όλέεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὅλλυμι.

όλέθριοs, ov, also a, ov, (ὅλεθρος) destructive, deadly; δλέθριον ήμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. lost, undone.

όλεθρος, ὑ, (ὅλλυμι) ruin, destruction, undoing; ούκ είs ὅλεθρον (sc. ἐρρήσειs); wilt thou not go to unfruitful, barren. perdition? 1 e. run seize thee, answering to Comic phrase ouk és kúpakas; II. like Lat. permicies, that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest.

όλει, όλειται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὅλλυμι.

 $\delta \lambda \epsilon \kappa \rho \bar{\alpha} v \sigma v$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\omega \lambda \epsilon \kappa \rho \alpha v \sigma v$ .

'OΛE'KΩ, only used in pres. and impf. ὅλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of ὅλλυμι:-to ruin, destroy, kill:-Pass. to perish, die.

όλέσαι, όλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὅλλυμι.

όλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὅλλυμι.

όλεσ-ήνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (όλλυμι, ἀνήρ) man-destroying. όλέσθαι, aor. 2 mf. med. of ὅλλυμι.

όλεσί-θηρ, ηρος, ό, ή, (ὅλλυμι, θήρ) destroying wild

όλεσίμ-βροτος, ον, (όλλυμι, βροτός) man-destroying. όλεσι-τύραννος, ον, poet. όλεσσιτ-, (όλλυμι, τύpavvos) destroying tyrants.

όλέσκω, collat. form of ὅλλυμι.

όλέσσαι, όλέσσας, Ep. for όλέσαι, όλέσας.

όλεσσε, Ep. for  $\check{\omega}$ λεσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of  $\check{o}$ λλυμι.

όλέσσει, Ep. for ολέσει, 3 sing. fut. of όλλυμι.

**όλέσω**, lut. of ὅλλυμι.

όλέτειρα, ή, fem. of όλετήρ, a murderess.

όλετήρ, ηρος, δ, (ὅλλυμι) a destroyer, murderer.  $3\lambda \epsilon \tau s$ ,  $\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $= \dot{0}\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \tau \epsilon i \rho a$ .

όληαι, όληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of

όλιγάκις, Adv. (όλίγος) but few times, seldom. [α] όλιγ-άμπελος, ον, (ολίγος, άμπελος) scant of vines. όλιγανδρέω, (ὀλίγανδρος) to be scant of men. Hence όλιγανδρία, ή, fewness of men.

ολίγ-ανδρος, ον, (ολίγος, ανήρ) scant of men.

δλίγανθρωπία, ή, scantiness of people. From ολιγ-άνθρωπος, ον, (όλίγος, ἄνθρωπος) scant of people. όλιγ-αρχέομαι, Pass. (όλίγοι, άρχω) to be governed

by a few, be subject to an oligarchy. Hence όλιγαρχία, ή, an oligarchy, government by a few

families or persons. Hence

όλιγαρχικός, ή, έν, oligarchical. inclined to oligarchy.

ολίγ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁλίγος, αὖλαξ) having few

όλιγαχόθεν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) from few parts or places;

c. gen, δλιγαχύθεν της 'Agins from few parts of Asia. ολίγηπελέων, εουσα, (participial form, as if from a pres. όλιγηπελέω), baving little power, powerless.

From όλιγη-πελής, ές, (ὀλίγος, πέλομαι) powerless. Hence

όλτγηπελία Ion. -ίη, ή, feebleness.

 $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ λίγήριος,  $o\nu_{\mathbf{v}} = \dot{\mathbf{o}}$ λίγος, small, little.

ολίγ-ηροσίη, ή, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσις) want of arable land. όλιγη-σίπτος, ον, (ὀλίγος, σιπύα) with a small cornbin: with little corn.

όλίγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, least.

όλιγογονία, ή, scantiness of produce, barrenness.

ολιγό-γονος, ον, (ολίγος, \*γένω) producing little,

ολιγοδρανέων, εουσα, participial form, as if from a pres. ολιγοδρανέω, able to do little, feeble, powerless.

ολίγο-δράνής, ές, (ὅλιγος, δραίνω) of little strength, towerless. Hence

όλιγοδρανία, ή, feebleness.

όλιγο-έτης, εs, (όλίγος, έτος) of few years. Hence ολίγοετία, ή, fewness of years, youthfulness.

όλιγό-ξύλος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) untb little wood.

όλιγό-πιστος, ον, (ὀλίγος, πίστις) of little faitb. 'ΟΛΙΤΟΣ, η, ον, of Number or Quantity, few, little, opp to modified. The governing body in Oli-

garchies was called of δλίγοι, the Few, opp. to τδ πληθος or oi πολλοί (the Many, the People). inf. too few to do a thing. II. of Size, small, little, opp. to µέγαs: the neut δλίγον as Adv., little, a little, in a small degree: so also dat. ὀλίγφ. special phrases: ὀλίγου δεῖ there wants but little, i.e. almost; c. inf, όλίγου έδέησε καταλαβείν it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook: hence ὀλίγου alone (δει being omitted), wibin a little, all but, nearly, almost. 2. δι' ὀλίγου at a sbort distance; or of Time, after a short space, shortly after: -but δι' ὀλίγων in few words. 3. ἐν δλίγφ in a small compass; and of Time, in sbort, briefly: also, like δλίγου, almost. 4.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ \$  $\dot$ κατ' ολίγον by little and little : but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, ovroi κατ' δλίγους γιγνόμενοι έμάχοντο these fought forming themselves into small parties. 6. παρ' δλίγον

within a little, all but, almost, IV. Degrees of

Comparison :- μείων, ον, gen. ονος, as also ελάσσων,

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. δλίγιστος, η, ον: δλιγίστον, genit. used Adv. (see δλίγος III) very nearly. δλίγοστιχία, η, the consisting of few lines. From δλίγο-στίχος, ον, (δλίγος, στίχος) consisting of few

lines or verses.

δλίγοστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ ,  $(\partial\lambda\dot{\nu}\gamma)$  one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστός.

όλιγότης, ητος, ή, (όλίγος) fewners, smallness. όλιγοτροφέω, to give little nourishment. From όλιγο-τρόφος, ον, (όλίγος, τρέφω) giving little nourishment.

όλιγο-φιλία, ή, (δλίγοs, φίλοs) fewness of friends. όλιγο-χρόνιοs, ον, also α, ον, (ὐλίγοs, χρύνοs) lasting but little time, of short duration.

όλιγοψυχέω (ὀλιγύψυχος), to be faint-bearted.

Hence

όλιγοψυχία, ή, faint-beartedness.

ολιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ολίγος, ψυχή) faint-bearted.

ολίγωρέω, f. ήσω, (ολίγωρος) to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen. Hence

δλίγωρία, ή, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt. δλίγωρος, ον. (όλίγος, ώρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising: contemptious. Hence όλιγώρως, Adv. carelessly: όλιγώρως έχειν οι διακέσθαι to be careless, beedless. [τ]

όλίγωs, Adv. of ὀλίγοs, a little.

δλισθάνω and later -αίνω: fut. δλισθήσω: aor. I ωλίσθησα: pf. ωλίσθηκα: aor. 2 ωλισθον, part. δλισθών, inf. δλισθεῖν: (όλισθοs):—to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηδε όλισθών baving slipped from the ship. δλισθέ, Ep. for ωλισθέ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of όλισθάνω.

όλισθεῖν, 20r. 2 inf. of όλισθάνω. όλισθήεις, εσσα, εν, = όλισθηρός.

ολίσθημα, ματος, τό, (όλισθεῖν) a slip, fall.

όλισθηρός, ά, όν, (όλισθεῖν) slippery, sliding.

όλισθο-γνωμονέω (όλισθεῖν, γνώμη), to make a slip or error in judgment.

"ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, δ, slipperiness: a slip.

όλκάς, άδος, ή, (ξλκω, ὁλκή) a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel.

δλκή, ή, (ξλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. I a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

δλκός, ή, όν, (ξλκω) attractive.

δλκός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἔλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; ὁλκοί machines for hauling ships on land. 2. a strap or trace for drawing. II. a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. sulcus: the trail of a serpent. III. periphr., ὁλκοί δάφνης drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

\*\*OλΛ\*\*ΜΙ and δλλύω: impf. ιλλύν: f. ιλέσω Ep. ιδλέσσω Ion. ιδλέω Att. ιλῶ: 2or. I ικέσα Ep. ιλεσσα, ιδλέσσα: pf. ιδλώλεκα:—Med. ιδλώμαι, Ion. fut. ιδλέομαι Att. ιδλοῦμαι: 2or. 2 ι ιδλώμαν: pf. 2 ιδλωλα: plqpf. ιδλώλεν:—ινλόμενοs, properly 2or. 2 ιδλώμα: pdf. ιδλώλεν became a mere Adj., ν. sub voce.

I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to

kill. 2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. perdere. II. Med. to perish, come to an end, die: ὅλοιο, ὅλοιτο, ὅλοισθε, etc., may'st thou, may he, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined.

2. so pf. 2 ὅλωλα, I am undone, ruined: ol ὁλωλότες the dead.

όλλύς, ῦσα, ύν, pres. part. of ὅλλυμι.

δλμος, δ, (είλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone, a roller.

2. a mortar.

3. a kneading-trough.

 $\dot{\delta}$ λόεις, εσσα, εν, =  $\dot{\delta}$ λο $\dot{\delta}$ ς, destructive.

ολοθρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀλοθρεύω) a destroyer. ολοθρεύω, f. εύσω, (ὅλεθρος) to destroy.

όλοίτος, ον, poet. for sq., like ὁμοίιος for ὅμοιος.

όλοιόs, όν, poet. for όλοόs, destructive.

δλοί-τροχος οτ όλοί-τροχος,  $\delta$ , Ep. όλοοί-τροχος, (prob. from  $\epsilon$ ίλω volvo,  $\tau$ ρόχος) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

δλοκαυτέω, f. ήσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From δλό-καυτος, ον, (ὅλος, καίω) burnt whole: as Subst.,

δλόκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

δλοκαυτόω, f. ώσω, to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering. Hence

δλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a whole burnt-offering.

δλοκληρία, ή, soundness in all parts. From δλό-κληρος, ον, (δλος, κλήρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

όλολῦγή, ἡ, (ὀλολύζω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation.

όλόλυγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀλολύζω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

όλολυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀλολύζω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy.

όλολῦγών, όνος, ή, an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog. From

ολολύζω, f. -ύξομαι: aor. ἀλόλυξα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

ολόμην, όλοντο, Εp. for ωλ., aor. 2 med. of όλλυμι. όλοοί-τροχος, ό, poët. form of όλοίτροχος.

όλο6s poet. όλοι6s, όλοιτοs, η, ον, (ὅλλυμι) destructive, destroying, burtful, deadly; όλοὰ φρονεῖν to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. δλοώτεροs, όλοώτατοs.

II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus.

ολοό-φρων, ονος, δ and ἡ, (ὐλοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful.

II. crafty, sagacious.

δλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to strip off.

(Akin to  $\lambda o \pi o s$ ,  $\lambda \epsilon \pi \omega$ .)

"ΟΛΟΣ Ερ. ούλος, η, ον, whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὅλα one's all. 2. entire, utter; ὅλον ἀμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., ὅλον and τὸ ὅλον altogether. II. whole,

i. c. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

οτ δλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub δλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρατος, ον, (δλος, σφύρα)

I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to bammered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

δλο-σχερής, ές, (δλος, σχερός) whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer. 2. relating to the whole, important, considerable. II. Adv. -ρως, completely, entirely.

δλο-τελής, ές, (όλος, τέλος) quite complete, perfect.

όλοῦμαι, fut. med. of ὅλλυμι.

όλο-φυγδών, όνος, ή, (όλος, φύω) a large pimple, pustule.

όλοφυδνός, ή, όν, (όλοφύρομαι) lamenting, wailing:

--neut. pl. ὀλοφυδνά, às Adv., miserably.

ολοφυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, a lamenting, lamentation From 'ΟΛΟΦΥΡΟΜΑΙ [v], Dep.: f. ὁλοφύροῦμαι: aor. I ἀλοφυράμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὁλοφύραο, ὁλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ὁλοφυρθείε, in same sense. I. intr. to lament, wail, moan, weep. 2. to lament of mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to bave fity upon. 3. to beg with tears and lamentations II. c. acc. to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn. 2. to pity. Hence

ολόφυρσις, ή, lamentation.

ολοφώιος, ον, lengthd. for όλούς, όλωιός, destructive, deadly; όλοφώια είδώς versed in pernicious arts.

"OATH, h, a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.

"OATIIX, tos and toos,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \ddot{0}\lambda\pi\eta$ .

'Ολυμπία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Olympia, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem of 'Ολύμπιοs (sub.  $\gamma\hat{\eta}$  or χώρα).

'Ολύμπια, τά, the Olympic games, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of Olympian Zeus by the Greeks assembled at Olympia in Elis; 'Ολύμπια νικαν to conquer at the Olympic games: also, 'Ολύμπια ἀνελέσθαι οτ ἀναιρηκέναι to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.

'Ολυμπιάζε, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) to Olympia.

'Ολυμπίαθεν, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) from Olympia.

'Ολυμπιαθέν, Αdv. (Ολυμπια, η) from Olympia.
''Ολυμπια, άδος, η, pecul. fem. ot 'Ολύμπιος, Olympian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on Olympus, a goddess.

2. 'Ολυμπια ελαία the olivecrown of the Olympic games.

11. as Subst.,

1. the Olympic games.

2. a victory at Olympia (sub. νίκη); 'Ολυμπιάδα ἀναιρεῖσθαι, νικῶν to gam a victory in the Olympic games.

3. an Olympiad, 1. e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B.C.

'Ολυμπίασι, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) at Olympia: cf.

θύρᾶσι.

'Ολυμπιάσι [ἄ], dat. pl. of 'Ολυμπιάs.

'Ολυμπιείον or 'Ολυμπίειον, τό, ('Ολύμπιος) the temple of Olympian Zeus.

'Ολυμπικός, ή, όν, ('Ολυμπος) Olympic; δ 'Ολυμπικός άγών the Olympic games.

'Ολυμπίο-νίκης, ου, δ, ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Olympic games. [νί]

'Όλυμπιό-νίκος, ον, ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) conquering

in the Olympic games.

'Ολύμπιος, ον, ('Όλυμποε) Olympian, dwelling on Olympus, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who

όλο-σχερήs, έs, (δλοε, σχερόs) whole, entire, sound, is called also simply Όλύμπιος; Όλύμπια δώματα the omplete, Lat. integer.

2. relating to the whole, mansions of Olympus.

"Ολυμπόνδε Ep. Ούλ-, Adv. to or towards Olympus, "Όλυμπος Ep and Ion. Ούλυμπος, δ, Olympus, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

 ${}^{\bullet}O\Lambda\Upsilon N\Theta O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a fig which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: an untimely fig. Lat. grossus.

"OAT PA', \(\hat{\eta}\), mostly in pl, a kind of grain, spelt, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (\(\kappa\right)\); used in Egypt for making bread.

όλώιος, collat. form of όλούς, όλοιός

δλωλα, pf. med of ὅλλυμι.

όλώλεκα, pf of δλλυμι.

ity δλως, Adv. of öλος, wholly, altogether, on the whole:
II. in short, Lat. desique. οὐχ ὅλως not at all, Lat. om2. nino non.

δμα. Adv. Dor. for δμη.

δμάδεω, f. ήσω, (ὅμαδος) to make a noise or din ὅμάδος, ὁ, (ὁμός) a noise, din, made by many voices together II. a tumultuous crowd, throng. III. the din of battle, the battle-throng.

δμαίμιος, ον, related by blood, kindred From δμ-αιμος, ον, (δμός, αΐμα) of the same blood, related by blood, akin, Lat consanguineus: as Subst., ὅμαιμος, δ, ħ, a brother or sister Hence

δμαιμοσύνη, ή, relationship by blood

δμ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, = δμαιμος: - Comp. δμαιμονέστερος, more nearly akin.

δμαιχμία, ή, a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league From

ομ-αιχμος, ον, (δμός, αλχμή) fighting together: as Subst., ομαιχμος, δ, an ally.

δμαλής, ές, (δμαλύς) even, level τὰ δμαλῆ level ground.

δμαλίζω, f. σω, (δμαλόs) to make even or level, to level: to equalize.

e- | δμάλός, ή, όν, (όμός) even, level; τὸ όμαλόν level

I. ground.

2. of equal, like degree; όμαλὸς γάμος
ib. marriage with one of like degree.

3. metaph.
ic- middling, average, ordinary. Hence

δμαλότης, ητος, ή, evenness, equality.

όμαλῶς (ὁμαλός), Adv. evenly; ὁμαλῶς βαίνειν to march in even line.

δμ-αρτέω: impf. ωμάρτουν Ion. -ευν: f. δμαρτήσω: aor. I ωμάρτησα: (ὁμοῦ, ἀρτάω):—to meet; I. in hostile sense, to meet in fight:—Med. to attack in fight.

2. to walk together, esp. in part., βήσων όμαρτήσωντες they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed: c. dat. to walk beside, accompany.

3 to pursue.

δμαρτή or δμαρτή, Adv. together, jointly, another

form of δμαρτή, δμαρτή.

δμάρτη, Dor. for δμάρτει, 3 sing. impf. of δμαρτέω. δμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ωμ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δμαρτέω.

δμαρτήσειεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of δμαρτέω.

δμαρτήτην, Ep. for  $\dot{\omega}\mu$ -, 3 dual impf. of  $\delta\mu\alpha\rho\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ . δμ-ασπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (δμοῦ, ἀσπίς) allied in arms: as Subst., δμασπιε, δ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

όμ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, αὖλαξ) with adjoining furrows or lands.

δμαυλία, ή, a dwelling together, union. From ομ-auλos, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλή) living together: hence, neighbouring.

ομ-auλos, ον, (όμοῦ, aὐλόs) playing together on the flute, barmonious, blending, in unison.

όμβρέω, f. ήσω, (δμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to rain or shower down upon . to bedew, wet.

ομβρηρός, ά, όν, (ομβρος) rainy, watery.

 $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ μβρίμος,  $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $= \ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ βριμος.

ομβριος, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, ( $\delta\mu\beta\rho\sigma$ s) rainy: of or belonging to rain, Lat. pluvialis; ύδωρ όμβριον rain-

όμβρο-δόκος, ον, (όμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or receiving rain.

ομβρο-κτύπος, ον, (ομβρος, κτϋπέω) striking with

"OMBPOS, o, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

όμβρο-φόρος, ον, (όμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

όμειται, 3 sing. fut. of όμνυμι.

όμ-έστιος, ον, (όμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth. όμ-ευνέτης, ου, ό, fem. όμευνέτις, ιδος, =  $\tilde{o}$ μευνος. ομ-ευνος, ον, (όμοῦ, εὐνή) sleeping together: as Subst., ομευνος, δ, ή, a bedfellow, consort.

 $\delta\mu$ -έψιος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\delta\mu o\hat{v}, \dot{\epsilon}\psi ia)$  a playmate. δμη or δμη, Adv. ( $\delta \mu \delta s$ ) poet. for  $\delta \mu \delta v$ .

όμ-ηγερής, έε, (ὁμόε, ἀγείρω) assembled together. ομηγυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call togetber. From

όμ-ήγυρις Dor. όμαγ-, ιος, ή, (δμός, άγυρις) an as-

sembly, meeting: a throng, company.

δμηλίκία Ion. – (η, ή, ( $\delta \mu \hat{\eta} \lambda_i \xi$ ) equality of age: as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends, playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, = . δμηλιξ.

δμ- $\hat{\eta}$ λιξ, ἴκο $\hat{s}$ , δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\hat{b}$ μο $\hat{v}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ λιξ) of the same age, esp. of young persons: as Subst. an equal in age, comrade, playmate. II. of like stature.

δμηρεία, ή, (δμηρεύω) a giving bostages or securities: a security, pledge.

'Ομήρειος, a, ov, ('Ομηρος) of Homer, Homeric. δμηρεύσαι, Ion. for δμηρούσαι, part. fem. pl. of

δμηρεύω, f. σω, (δμηρος) to be a bostage, serve as a pledge or bostage. II. trans. to give as a bostage, pledge or security.

όμηρέω, f. ήσω, (δμηρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to

accord, agree.

Όμηρίδης, ov, δ, mostly in plur. Όμηρίδαι, of, the Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his poems: generally, the admirers of Homer.

δμ-ηρος, ον, (όμοῦ, ἀραρείν) joined tagether, united, wedded. II. as Subst., ομηρος, δ, a pledge to preserve peace, a surety, security, bostage.

δμιλαδόν, Adv. (όμιλος) in groups, bands, Lat. turmatim: in crowds.

δμιλέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ωμίλησα: (ὅμιλος):—to be together or in company with; μετ' Αχαιοίς δμιλείν to associate with the Achaeans; ένλ πρωτοίσιν όμιλείν to be in company among the foremost; περί νεκρον δμιλείν to throng about the corpse. to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter: absol. to meet one an-III. of social intercourse, to bold converse: to live familiarly with, associate with: to have dealings with. 2. absol. to be friends. pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be at band. V. of a place, to come into, be in: to baunt, frequent a spot.

 $\delta$ μῖληδόν,  $Adv. = \delta$ μιλαδόν.

δμιλήσειν, fut. inf. of δμιλέω.

δμίλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁμιλέω) a scholar, bearer

δμιλητός, ή, όν, (ὁμιλέω) to be conversed with; οὐχ δμιλητός unapproachable, savage

δμιλία, ή, (ὅμιλος) a being or living together, intercourse, converse, dealings with another; ή έμη όμιλία converse with me; δμιλία χθονός intercourse with a country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, assembly; vads όμιλία ship-mates.

ομ-iλos, δ, (δμοῦ, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle, tumult.

όμιχέω, f. ήσω, = ὀμίχω.

ΌΜΙ ΧΛΗ Ion. ομίχλη Dor. ομίχλα, ή, misty air, a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

ομιχλήεις Ion. ομιχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty. 'OMI'XO, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [1]

ομμα, ατος, τό, (ώμμαι, pf. pass of ὁράω) the eye; δμματι λοξφ ίδειν to look with eye askance at; opp. to δρθοίε δμμασιν δράν or έξ δρθών δμμάτων, Lat. rectis oculis videre, to look straight at; κατ' όμμα face to face, in full sight; ων ἀπ' ομμάτων to judge by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu; ἐν ὅμμασι, Lat. in oculis, before one's eyes; so also παρ' ὅμμα, πρὸ ὁμμάτων; II. that which one sees, ἐξ ὀμμάτων out of sight. a sigbt. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. ὄμμα νυκτόs, i. e. the moon; so ὅμμα alθέροs, of the sun; generally, light; ὅμμα φήμης the light of happy tidings. IV. nietaph. anything dear or precious. V. periphr. of the person, ὅμμα πελείαs for πελεία, δμμα νύμφας for νύμφα; cf. κάρα. Hence

όμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of όμμα, a little eye.

όμματο-στερής, έε, (όμμα, στερέω) deprived of II. act. depriving of eyes: blighting, cankering, esp. the buds of plants.

όμματόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ώμματωμαι: (ὅμμα):--to give eyes to:-Pass., φρην ώμματωμένη a mind quick of sight.

II. metaph. to make distinct,

explain.

\*OMNYMI or ὁμνύω, imperat. ὅμνυθι οτ ὅμνυ, 3 pl. ὁμνύντων: impf. ὅμνυν οτ ὅμνυο: fut. ὁμοῦμαι, εί, είται, inf. ὁμεῖσθαι, later fut. ὁμόσω: aor. I ὅμοσα Ερ. ὅμοσα, ὅμοσσα: pf. ὁμώμοκα: plapf. ὁμωμόκειν: —Pass., aor. I ὑμόσθην οτ ὑμόθην: pf. ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 pers. ὁμώμοσται οτ ὁμώμοται:—to swear; ὅρκον ὁμόσαι to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will...: ¾ μήν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν ὀμόσαs to say with an oath.

II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

όμο-βώμιος, ον, (όμοῦ, βωμόι) baving one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

δμο-γάλαξ, ακτος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $(\delta \mu \delta s$ ,  $\gamma \delta \lambda a)$  suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

δμό-γαμος, ον, (όμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

δμο-γάστριος, ον, (δμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασίγνητος δμο-γάστριος an uterine brother.

όμο-γενέτωρ, ορος, δ, born of the same parents, a

brother. From

όμο-γενής, ές, (όμοῦ, \*γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with. όμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρων) a contemporary in old age.

δμογλωσσέω Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ομό-γλωσσος Att. -γλωττος, ον, (ὁμός, γλῶσσα) | l speaking the same tongue or language with.

δμό-γνιος, ον, contr. for δμογένιος, (δμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; δμό-γνιοι θεοί gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

δμογνωμονέω, f. ήσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

όμο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (όμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. - μόνως.

δμό-γονος, ον, (όμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

δμό-γραμμος, ον, (όμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

δμό-δαμος, Dor. for δμόδημος.

δμο-δέμνιος, ον, (δμοῦ, δέμνιον) sbaring one's bed. δμό-δημος Dor. –δαμος, ον, (δμός, δημος) of the same people or race.

δμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From δμό-δοξος, ον, (δμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion. δμό-δουλος, ον, (δμοῦ, δοῦλος) a fellow-slave.

δμο-δρομία, ή, (δμοῦ, δρόμοι) a running together or meeting.

δμο-εθνής, ές, (όμοῦ, ἔθνος) of the same nation.
δμό-ζύγος, ον, (όμοῦ, ζυγῆναι) yoked together: as
Subst. a yoke-fellow.

II. yoked in wedlock,
married.

όμο-ήθης, ές, (όμοῦ, ήθος) of the same character.

δμο-ηλιξ, γκος, δ, ή, (δμοῦ, ηλιξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

δμόθεν, Adv. (δμόs) from the same place, of the same origin: δ δμόθεν a brother.

II. from near at band, hand to hand: close upon.

δμό-θρονος, ον, (όμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

δμοθυμάδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

δμό-θυμος, ον, (δμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

όμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble.

**ὁμοίιος**, Ερ. for ὅμοιος. [τ Ερ.]

όμοιο-κατάληκτος, ον, (ὅμοιος, καταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

δμοιοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

δμοιο-παθής, ές, (ὅμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, baving like affections, sympathising.

δμοιο-πρεπής, ές, (ὅμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ομοιος, α, ον, Ion. and old Att. δμοίος, η, ον, Att. also os, ov; Ep. δμοίτος, ον: (δμός): - like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, ώs αίελ τὸν ὁμοιον άγει θεθε ώε τον όμοιον 'birds of a feather flock together;' τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδιδόναι, Lat. par pari referre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. par. 4. in unison with, agreeing. 5. ή όμοία (sub. δίκη οτ χάρις), την όμοίαν διδόναι, ἀποδιδόναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; την δμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ¿n' lon και όμοία on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίφ ποιεῖσθαί τι to hold a thing II. of the same rank or station: in like esteem. ol ὅμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers .-The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat, but also like Lat. similis in genit.:also followed by a Relat., ὅμοιος ὥσπερ ..., like as ..; δμοιος καί ..., Lat. aeque ac ..., like as ...; cf. δμοίως. δμοιότης, ητος, ή, (ομοιος) likeness, similitude.

δμοιό-τροπος, ον, (δμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πως, in like manner with.

δμοιόω, f. ώσω: aot. I ώμοίωσα:—Pass. and Med., δμοιώσομαι and -ωθήσομαι (in same sense): aot. I ώμοιώθην: (ὅμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, ὁμοιωθήμεναι ἄντην to be made like before one. II. Med. to make a like return. Hence ὁμοιωθήμεναι, Ερ. for ὁμοιωθήναι, aot. I inf. pass. of ὁμοιώο.

δμοίωμα, ατος, τό, that which is made like, a like-

ness, image.

δμοίως, Adv. of δμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the neuters δμοιον and δμοια, Ion. δμοΐον, δμοΐα, were also common as Adv.:—δμοίως ώς ., like as .; so, δμοίως καί .., Lat. aegue ac .., perinde ac ..; δμοιον δστε ., like as; δμοια τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

δμοίωσις, ή, (ὁμοιόω) a making like, likening. a becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.

δμό-κλαρος, Dor. for δμόκληρος.

ομο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf. ομόκλ $\bar{a}$ , = ομοκλέω.

δμοκλέω, f. ήσω: 20τ. 1 δμόκλησα, ion. 3 sing. δμοκλήσασκε:—to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From

δμο-κλή, ή, (όμοῦ, καλέω) a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.

δμό-κληρος, ον, (όμοῦ, κλῆρος) baving an equal lot, sbare or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., δμόκληρος, δ, a cobeir, Lat. consors.

δμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. τ of δμοκλέω.

δμοκλητήρ, ηρος, δ, (δμοκλέω) one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.

δμό-κλίνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλίνη) reclining on the same couch at table.

δμό-λεκτρος, ον, (όμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same bed.

δμολογέω, f. ήσω: 20r. Ι ώμολόγησα: pf. ώμολόγηκα: - Pass., aor. Ι ωμολογήθην: pf. ωμολόγημαι: (όμόλογοs):-to speak together, to speak one lan-2. to bold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with. make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπί τισι on certain terms. 4. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant 5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be con-II. Med. to agree, nected with, bear affinity to. assent to: much like the Act. III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμένα and pf. part. ωμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence

δμολόγημα, ματος, τό, a thing agreed on, a postu-

late; and

δμολογία, ή, agreement. 2. an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.

δμό-λογος, ον, (όμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting.
 2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv.—γως, confessedly, avowedly.

δμολογουμένως, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ὁμολογέω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.

**δμο-μαστιγίαs**, ου, δ, (όμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.

όμο-μήτριος, a, ov, (όμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.

δμό-νεκρος, ον, (όμοῦ, νεκρός) companion in death. όμονοέω, f. ήσω, (όμόνοος) to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common. Hence

δμονοητικός, ή, όν, conducing to agreement.

δμόνοια, ή, sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From

δμό-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν, (δμοῦ, νόοε) of one

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors.
 Adv., δμονδως, unanimously.

δμο-παθής, ές, (όμοῦ, πάθος) having the same passions. δμο-πάτριος, ον, (όμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father. δμο-πλεκής, ές, (όμοῦ, πλέκω) inter-laced.

δμό-πλοος, ου, contr. -πλους, ουν, (δμοῦ, πλόος) sailing together or in company.

δμό-πολίς poet. δμόπτολις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , δ, ή, (δμοῦ, πόλις) from the same city or state.

δμό-πτερος, ον, (όμοῦ, πτέρον) with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμό-πτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; νᾶες ὁμό-πτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.

ομό-πτολις, poet. for δμόπολις.

όμοργάζω, = δμόργνυμι, to wipe off

δμόργνυ, Ep for ωμόργνυ, 3 sing impf. of

'OMO PRNY MI, fut. δμόρξω: - Med , 201. I ωμορξάμην: -- to wipe, to wipe off, dry up: -- Med to dry for oneself; δάκρυα δμόρξασθαι to dry one's tears.

όμορξάμενος, aor. 1 part. med. of δμόργνῦμι. δμορέω Ion. δμουρέω, to bave the same boundaries with, to border on. From

δμ-οροs Ion δμουροs, ον, (όμοῦ, δροs) baving the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst, σμοροs, ό, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ὅμορον neighbourbood.

όμορροθέω, f. ήσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And

όμορρόθιος, ov, rowing or swimming together. From δμόρ-ροθος, ov, (όμοῦ, ροθέω) rowing together: generally, acting together.

'OMO'Σ, η, όν, one and the same · belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat communis. (Akin to ἄμα: hence ὅμοιος, ὁμῶς, ὅμως, ὁμοῦ, ὀμῆ, ὁμόθεν, ὁμόσε)

δμόσαι, δμόσας, 20τ. I inf and part. of δμνυμι. δμόσε, Adv. (όμός) to one and the same place, to the same spot: δμόσε ίξναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; δμόσε ίξναι τοις έχθροις to go to meet the enemy.

όμο-σθενής, ές, (όμοῦ, σθένος) of equal might. ὁμοσῖτέω, f. ήσω, to eat or live together with. From ὁμό-σῖτος, ον, (όμοῦ, σῖτος) eating together. ὁμό-σκευος, ον, (όμοῦ, σκευή) arrayed in the same

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δμοσκηνία, ή, a living in the same tent. From δμό-σκηνός, ον, (δμοθ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.

δμο-σκηνόω, f. ωσω, to live in the same tent with. δμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (δμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.

δμό-σπονδος, ον, (όμοῦ, σπονδή) sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.  $\delta$ μό-σπορος, ον, (όμοῦ, σπείρω) sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.

όμόσσαι, όμόσσας, Εp. for δμόσαι, δμόσας. δμο-στίχάω, (δμοῦ, στείχω) to walk together with.

δμό-στολος, ον, (δμοῦ, στέλλω) sent together with.

in company with. II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) clad alike: of the same kind.

όμό-τάφος, ον, (όμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.

όμό-τεχνος, ον, (όμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft: as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

δμό-τίμος, ον, (όμοῦ, τιμή) equally bonoured, held in equal bonour: of δμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

δμό-τοιχος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τοῖχος) baving one common wall, separated by a party wall: metaph. bardly different from.

δμο-τράπεζος, ον, (δμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating

at the same table with.

δμό-τροπος, ον, (όμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same babits: δμότροπα ήθεα like habits:—as Subst., δμότροπος, δ, a comparison.

ομό τροφος, ον, (όμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with; ὁμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts

brought up with men.

δμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμόs), together, of Place:—also together, at once; γαῖαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον earth and sea together.

2. together with, along with; c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκύεσσι with or among the dead.

3. near, bard by: nearly, almost.

4. ὁμοῦ καὶ, in like manner as, just like as, Lat. aeque ac. ὁμοῦμαι, fut. of ὅμνυμι.

δμουρέω, δμουρος, Ion. for δμορέω, δμορος.

δμό-φοιτος, ον, (όμοῦ, φοιτάω) going together with: as Subst., δμόφοιτος, δ, a companion

δμοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (δμόφρων) to be of one mind with; πόλεμος δμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously.

πολεμος ομοφρονέων α war resolved on undatamosis; δμοφροσύνη, ή, a being of the same mind, unity. From δμό-φρων, ovos, δ, ή, (όμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.

ομο-φνής, ές. (όμοῦ, φνή) of the same age or nature. ομό-φυλος, ον, (όμοῦ, φυλον) of the same race or people: as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, οί, men of the same race: τὸ ὁμόφυλον sameness of race.

δμοφωνέω, f. ήσω, to speak the same language

with. 2. to chime in with. From δμ6-φωνο3, ον, (όμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same language with. 2. agreeing in tone, in unuson with. διμο-χροία, ή, (όμοῦ, χρόα) sameness of colour. II.

smoothness of surface: the surface, skin.

δμοχρονέω, f. ήσω, to keep time with. From δμόχρονος, ον, (όμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with. δμό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (όμοῦ, χροιά) of the same colour.

δμό-ψηφος, ον, (όμοῦ, ψῆφος) voting with.
baving an equal right to vote with.

δμόω, f. ώσω, (ὁμός) to join together, unite:—Pass., aor. I ώμώθην, to be united.

"ΟΜΠΝΗ, ή, corn, food. δμπνιακός, ή, όν, = δμπνιος.

δμπνιος, α, ον, (ὅμπνη) of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large:—'Ομπνιά [α], ή, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

ομφάκιαs, ου, δ, (όμφαξ) wine made from unripe grapes. II. metaph. as masc. Adj. barsh, austere, buter, crabbed.

ομφακο-ράξ, αγος, δ, ή, (όμφαξ, ράξ) with sour or

unripe grapes.

ομφάλιος, ον, (δμφαλόε) belonging to the navel: as Subst., δμφάλιον, τό, = δμφαλος. 2. baving a boss. like a boss.

ομφαλόεις, εσσα, εν, (δμφαλός) baving a navel or boss; ἀσπὶς ὁμφαλόεσσα a shield with a central boss.

'OMΦA' ΛΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, the navel, Lat. umbilieus. II. anything like a navel: the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. umbo 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3. the centre: so Calypso's island Ogygia is called δμφαλό βαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea: and Delphi was called δμφαλόs as the navel or centre of Earth.

'OMAAZ, акоз, ή, an unripe grape. 2. metaph.

a young girl.

ομφή, ή, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή: a prophecy, oracle, warning voice any token conveying divine intimation: later, tuneful voice, melody.

II. fame, report; ση δμφή the report about thee.

δμωθήναι, aor. I mf pass of  $\delta\mu\delta\omega$ . δμ-ωλαξ, ακος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , =  $\delta\mu\alpha$ υλαξ.

**ὀμώμοκα**, pf. of ὅμνυμι.

δμώμοσμα, 3 sing. δμώμοται, pf. pass. of ὅμνυμι. ὁμ-ωνύμιος, α, ον, and ὁμ-ώντιος, ον, (ὁμός, ὅνομα) baving the same name:—as Subst., ὁμώνυμος, ὁ, ἡ, a namesake. II. ambiguous, equivocal.

δμ-ωρόφιος, ον, and δμ-ώροφος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἐροφή)

living under the same roof with.

δμῶs, Adv. of δμόs, equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. pariter. 2. like δμοῦ, together, at once, alike. II. c. dat. like as, equally unth, Lat pariter ac; ἐχθρὸς ὁμῶς ᾿Ατδαο πύλησι hated like the gates of Hell.

ομως, Conj. (όμός) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen; δμως μήν οτ μέντοι but still, for all that:— όμως is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. quanvis, κλθθί μου νοσῶν όμως hear me although thou art diseased.

δμ-ωχέτης, ου, ό, (δμός, έχω) bolding or dwelling together; θεοί όμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

ον-αγός, δ, Dor. and Att. for δνηγός.

ov-appos, δ, (ovos, appros) the wild ass.

dvalimy, δναιο, δναιτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐνίνημι. \*ONAP, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὕπαρ): only used in nom. and acc. (ὅνειροε and ὅνειροε being used in the other cases):—proverb of anything fleeting or unreal, σκιᾶς ὅναρ ibe dream of a shadow. II. in Att., ὅναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep; οὐδὲ ὅναρ not even in a dream: often opp. to ὑπαρ, ὅναρ ἡ ὑπαρ ζῆν to live in a dream ot awake.

ονάριον, τό, Dim. of ονος, a young ass.

ονασει, Dor. for δνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of δνίνημι.

δνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of δνίνημι.

ovacus. Dor. for σνησιε.

ονειαρ, τό, gen. ὀνείατος, (ὀνίνημι) anything that profits or is belpful, advantage, succour: a refresbment, refection: plur. ὀνείατα, food, victuals.

ονείδειος, ον, (ονειδος) reproachful: disgraceful. ονειδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I ωνείδισα: pf. ωνείδικα:-Pass., with fut. med. ὀνειδιοῦμαι: (ὄνειδος): -to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. objicere. reproach, upbraid.

ονείδισμα, τό, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproach.

ονειδισμός, ό, (ὀνειδίζω) a reproaching: reproach. ονειδιστήρ, ήρος, δ, (δνειδίζω) a reproacher, up-

braider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

'ONEΙΔΟΣ, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. fama: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

ονειος, ον, (ονος) of an ass; ονειον γάλα ass's milk. ονείρατα, τά, used as pl. of ονειρον.

oνείρειος, a, ον. (ονειρος) dreamy, of dreams: έν δυειρείησι πύλησι at the gates of dreams.

ονειρο-κρίτης, ου, ο, (ονειρος, κριτής) an interpreter of dreams.

ονειρό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (ονειρος, μάντις) an interpreter of dreams.

ονειρον, τό, collat. form of ονειρος, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is ονείρατα, -άτων, -ασι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., ονείρατος, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. öveipap.

ονειροπολέω, f. ήσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, ίππουs of horses. cheat by dreams. From

ονειρο-πόλος, ον, (ονειρος, πολέω) versed in dreams: as Subst., ὀνειροπόλοs, ὁ, an interpreter of dreams.

"ONEIPOE, &, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf.  $\delta v \alpha \rho$ ,  $\delta v \epsilon \iota \rho o v$ . 2. as prop. n, "Overpos, god of dreams.

ονειρο-σκόπος, ον, (ονειρος, σκοπέω) an interpreter

ονειρό-φαντος, ον, (ὅνειρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, baunting one's dreams.

 $\dot{o}$ νειρ $\dot{o}$ - $\dot{o}$ ρων, oνο $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ νειρο $\dot{o}$ ,  $\phi$ ρήν) understanding dreams.

όνειρώσσω Att. -ττω, (ὅνειρος) to dream.

ονεύω, (ονος II) to draw up with a windlass, to

ον-ηγός Dor. ον-αγός, δ, (ονος, ήγεομαι) an assdriver.

ον-ηλάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (ὅνος, ἐλαύνω) an ass-driver. ονήμενος, 2 or. 2 part. med. of δνίνημι; όνησα, Ερ. for ανησα, 20r. I; ονήσει, 3 sing. fut.

ονήσιμος, ον, (ονησις) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

öνησιε, εωε, ή, (ὀνίνημι) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

"ONOOΣ, o, dirt, dung.

ονία, ή, Aeol. for ἀνία.

ονίδιον, τό, Dim. of ονος, a little ass, donkey.

ονικός, ή, όν, (όνος) of or for an ass; ονικός μύλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones

of the common hand-mills.

ονίνημι, ονίνης, ονίνησι, inf. ονζνάναι [α], part. ονίvas: fut. ὀνήσω: aor. I ώνησα: as if from obsol. \*'ONE' Ω: — Med. and Pass. ὀνίναμαι, impf. ώνινάμην: fut. δνήσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 ωνήμην, -ησο, -ητο, οτ ωνάμην; imperat. ὅνησο, opt. ὀναίμην, inf. ὅνασθαι, part. ὀνήμενος: 20τ. Ι ἀνήθην. I. Act. to profit, benefit, belp, support; and, like Lat. juvo, to gratify, delight. II. Med. to bave profit or advantage, to enjoy belp; esp. to bave delight of enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, bave enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. freq. in aor. 2 opt. ὀναίμην, αιο, αιτο, to express good wishes, ουτως δναίμην so may I thrive! δναιο, Lat. sis felix! mayest thou be bappy! also with χάριν, οναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase έσθλός μοι δοκεί είναι, όνήμενος (sub. είη or έστω), he seems brave, may be be fortunate!:-also ironical, οναιο μένταν εί τις ἐκπλύνειέ σε you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

ovis, ίδοs, ή, (ονος) ass's dung.

öνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of ὅνομαι.

"ΟΝΟΜΑ, ἄτος, τό, Ιοη. οῦνομα Acol. ὅνῦμα:--Lat. NOMEN, a name; ὄνομα θεῖναί τινι to give one a name; ὄνομα φέρεσθαι to bear a name; ὅνομα καλείν τινα to call one by a name. fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name. as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to έργον, like λόγος. a false name, pretence, pretext; ἐπ' ὀνόματι under IV. ὅνομα is also used with the the pretence. names of persons, for the person, like κάρα, as ω φίλτατον ὄνομα Πολυνείκους V. a word, expres-VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. sion: a saying. nomen, opp. to βημα, Lat. verbum, a verb.

ονομάζω Ιοπ. οὐνομάζω: fut. ὀνομάσω Aeol. ὀνυμάξω: 201. Ι ἀνόμασα: pf. ἀνόμακα:—Pass., 201. Ι ἀνομάσθην: pf. ἀνόμασμαι: (ὄνομα):— to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as ὅνομα opp. to ἔρ-3. to call one by a name, δνομάζειν τινά τι; γον. also σοφιστήν δνομάζουσιν τὸν ἄνδρα είναι they call the man a sophist by name: ὀνομάζειν ἀπό οτ ἔκ τινος to name or call from or after another; so also ἐπί Tivos or Tivi: - Med. to have one called by a name,

name: ... Pass. to be called by a name.

"ONOMAI, 2 sing. ὄνοσαι, 3 pl. ὄνονται; imperat. όνοσο, 3 sing. opt. όνοιτο: fut. ονόσομαι Εp. ονόσσομαι: aor. 1 ώνοσάμην, opt. δνοσαίμην, αιο, αιτο, Ep. inf. δυδσσασθαι; also aor. I pass. ἀνδσθην: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. οὖνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. I ὧνατο: Dep.:-to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., οὐδ' ὥε σε ἔολπα ὀνόσσεσθαι κακότητος not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

όνομαίνω, fut. όνομανώ Ion. οὐνομανέω: aor. I ἀνόμηνα Ερ. δνόμηνα: (ὅνομα):—poet. for δνομάζω, to name, call by name, Lat. nomino: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

όνομα-κλήδην, Adv. (ὅνομα, καλέω) calling by name,

by name, Lat. nominatim.

δνομα-κλύτός, όν, (ὅνομα, κλυτός) of famous name,

renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ονομαστί, Adv. (ονομάζω) by name, Lat. nominatim. ονομαστός Ion. ούν-, ή, όν, (δνομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ονοματο-λόγος,  $\delta$ , (ὅνομα, λέγω) one who tells

people's names, Lat. nomenclator.

ονόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of ονομαίνω.

"ONOΣ, & and h, an ass, Lat. asinus, asina. Proverbs: περί ὄνου σκιαs for an ass's shadow, like Lat. de lana caprina, i. e. for a mere trifle: ὄνου πόκαι ass's wool, like δρνίθων γάλα, of something not ex-II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to. I. a windlass, crane, pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker, wine-cup, prob. from its shape.

όνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὅνομαι. ονόσσεσθαι, Ερ. for ονόσεσθαι, fut. inf. of ονομαι. ονοστός, ή, όν, (ὄνομαι) to be blamed or scorned. ονοτάζω, like ονομαι, to blame, rail at.

ονοτός, ή, όν, for ονοστός.

 $\dot{o}$ νο-φορβός,  $\dot{o}$ ν, ( $\ddot{o}$ νος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper.

οντα, τά, pl. part. neut. of είμί, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future: -also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

οντως, Adv. part. of εἰμί sum, really, actually.

ονύμα, τό, Aeol. for ονομα. Hence

ονυμάζω, ονυμαίνω, Aeol. for ονομ-.

ονυξ, υχος, ό, dat. pl. ύνυξι Ερ. ονύχεσσι: pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. unguis; of cattle, a boof; ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἄκρους στηναι to stand on tiptoe, Lat. summis digitis. 2. ἐξ ἁπαλῶν ὀνύχων, Horace's de tenero ungui, from a tender age. a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of it.

ονύχεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of δνυξ.

όξ-άλμη, ή, (ὄξος, ἄλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

όξέα, Ion. for δξεία, fem. of δξύs: - δξέσι, dat. pl. όξέωs, Adv. of ὀξύs, sharply.

όξηρός, ά, όν, (όξος) of or for vinegar; κέραμος δέηρός a jar for vinegar.

όξίνης [t], εs, (όξος) sour, of wine. 2 metaph. sour-tempered, crabbed.

όξίς, ίδος, ή, (όξος) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. acetabu-II. a sort of sbrimp.

όξος, εος, τό, (ὀξύς) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. acētum.

'OΞΥ'A or ὀξύη, ή, a kind of beech. II. a spearshaft made from its wood: generally, a spear. όξυ-βάφων, τό, (ὀξύs, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat.

acetabulum: a shallow dish or saucer.

όξυ-βελήs, έs, (ὀξύs, βέλοs) sbarp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

όξυ-βόαs and όξυ-βόηs, ου, ό, (όξύs, βοάω) sbrillscreaming: sharp-buzzing.

όξύ-γοος, ον, (όξύς, γόος) shrill-wailing.

ὀΕὔ-δερκής, ές, (ὀΕύς, δέρκομαι) sbarp-sigbled, quicksighted: Sup. δευδερκέστατος όξύ-δουπος, ον, (όξύς, δοῦπος) sharp-sounding, shrill-

sounding.

όξυ-έθειρος, ον, (ὀξύς, έθειρα) with sharp, pointed bair: irreg. plur. δξυέθειρεs.

όξύ-θηκτος, ον, (ὀξύς, θήγω) sharp-edged, sharppointed: metaph. sharply goaded.

όξυθυμέω, f. ήσω, (ὀξύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:-also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

όξυθυμία, ή, quickness to anger, choler.

όξύ-θυμος, ον, (όξύε, θυμός) quick to anger, quicktempered, passionate, choleric.

όξυ-κάρδιος, ον, (όξύς, καρδία) quick-tempered. όξυ-κίνητος, ον, (όξύς, κινέω) moved quickly. [i] όξύ-κομος, ον, (όξύς, κόμη) with pointed bair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

όξυ-κώκυτος, ον, (ὀξύς, κωκύω) loudly wailed. δξύλαβέω, (δευλαβήs) to seize quickly: to seize the

opportunity.

ὀξυ-λαβής, ές, (ὀξύς, λαβείν) seizing quickly. **ὀξυ-λάλος**, ον, (ὀξύς, λαλέω) glib-tongued. όξυ-μελής, ές, (όξύς, μέλος) clear-singing.

όξυ-μέριμνος, ον, (όξύς, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or

όξυ-μήνιτος, ον, (όξύς, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath; φόνος δξυμήνιτος murder in bot blood.  $\dot{\delta}$ ξύ-μολπος, ον, ( $\dot{\delta}$ ξύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

ὀξύ-μωρος, ον, (ὀξύς, μῶρος) pointedly foolisb:—as Subst., δξύμωρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, insaniens sapientia or concordia discors.

όξυνθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ὀξύνω.

όξυντήρ, ήροs, ό, a sbarpener. From

όξύνω, f. υνω, (όξύs) to make sharp or pointed, to 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen: also to provoke: - Pass. to be provoked.

όξυόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for όξύς, sbarp-pointed; or

from deía with beechen shaft.

όξυ-όστρακος, ον, (όξύς, ὅστρακον) with a sharp jagged shell.

δξυ-παγής, ϵs, (δξύs, παγηναι) sharp-pointed.

όξυ-πευκής, έs, (όξύς, πεύκη) sharp-pointed.

όξύ-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (όξίς, πούς) swift-footed.

δξύ-πρωρος, ον, (δξύς, πρώρα) baving a sharp prow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

 $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ξυ-ρεπής, ές, poèt. for  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ξυρρεπής, =  $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ξύρροπος. όξύρ-ροπος, ον, (όξύς, ρέπω) quick-turning, nicely poised, of a delicate balance; easily swayed: metaph.

easily roused or led on, Lat. propensus.

'ΌΞΥ'Σ, ὀξεία Ion. ὀξέα, ὀξύ, sbarp, keen, pointed; λίθος δεύς a sharpened stone for a knife; ès δεθ ἀπιγμένον brought to a point; το δεύ the sharp point or II. of impressions on the vertex of a triangle. senses, sharp, keen, piercing; of the sun, like rapidus sol in Virgil, dazzling. 2. of sight, keen, piercing; δξύτατον δέρκεσθαι to be most keen of sight; δξύ άκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, sbarp, 4. of taste, sbarp, punsbrill, opp. to βαρύs. 5. of pain or grief, sharp, piercing. quick, sbarp, keen, basty, esp. quick to anger. IV. of motion, quick, swift.—Besides Adv of ins, the neut. δξύ, and pl. δξέα, are often used as Adv. sbarply, etc. όξύ-στομος, ον, (ὀξύς, στόμα) sharp-toothed; of the gad-fly, sharp-stinging; of a sword, keen-edged. δξυ-τενής, έε, (δξύε, τείνω) = δξύτονος.

οξύτης, ητος, ή, (οξύς) sbarpness, pointedness. II. of sound, bigbness of pitch or tone. 2. of taste, pungency. III. metaph. sbarpness, cleverness. 2.

of action, quickness, baste.

δξυ-τόμος, ον, (δξύς, τεμεῖν) sharp-cutting, keen. δξύ-τονος, ον, (δξύς, τόνος) stretched to a point: sharp, piercing: violent. II. having the acute accent, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

οξύ-τόρος, ον, (δέύς, τείρω) piercing, pointed, prickly. 
δξύ-φθογγος, ον, (δέύς, φθόγγος) = δξύφωνος. 
δξύ-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (δξύς, φρήν) \ barp-witted. 
δξύ-φωνος, ον, (δξύς, φωνή) with clear, shrill voice 
δξύχειρ, χειρος, δ, ή, (δξύς, χείρ) quick of band. 
2. 
δξύχειρ κτύπος  $\mathbf{z}$  sound of quick-beating with the bands. 
δξύ-χολος, ον, (δξύς, χόλος) quick to anger.

όξυ-ωπής, ές, (όξύς, ώψ) sbarp-sighted.

ου, Ep. for oυ, gen. of δs or δ.

όπα, Dor, for όπη.

οπαδέω, οπαδός, Dor. for οπηδέω: οπηδός, an at-

tendant.

'ΟΠΑ'ΖΩ, f. δπάσω Ερ. δπάσσω: aor. 1 ώπασα Ερ. όπασσα:--Med., Ep. fut. ὁπάσσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὁπασσάμην:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολύν λαδν δπάζειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many :-Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος ὀπάζειν τινί to give him glory to follow: to add, attach, annex to: -generally, to give, grant, bestow; έργον προς ἀσπίδι ὁπάζειν to put a work of art on the shield. III. to follow, pursue, press bard: absol. to force one's way:-Pass., χειμάρρους ὁπαζόμενος Διδε δμβρφ a torrent forced on (i. e. swoln with) the rain.

όπαῖος, α, ον,  $(\delta n \dot{\eta})$  with a hole or opening: as Subst.,  $\delta n a \hat{\iota} o \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\iota}$ , a hole in the roof.

δπανίκα, Dor. for δπηνίκα.

**όπάσαιμι**, aor. 1 opt. of δπάζω.

οπασσε, διπάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep 201. I act. and med of διπάζω.

οπάσσεαι, Ep. for  $\delta$ πάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of  $\delta$ πά $\delta$ ω.

 $\tilde{o}$ -πατρος, ov, for  $\dot{o}\mu\dot{o}$ -πατρος,  $(\dot{o}\mu\dot{o}s$ , πατήρ) by the same father.

οπάων  $[\bar{a}]$ , ονος, Ion. δπέων,  $-\epsilon ωνος$ , δ, (δπάζω) like δπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

"ΟΠΕΑΣ, ἄτος, τό, an awl, Lat. subula: Aeol. υπεας, which is the usual form.

δπερ, Ep. for  $\delta\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$ .

όπέων, ωνος, ό, Ion. for όπάων.

'OIH', \(\hat{\eta}\_s, \hat{\eta}\_t\), an opening, bole: a bole in the roof,

for a chimney.

δηη Ερ. δηπη Dor. ὅηᾶ Ion. ὅκη, Adv of Place, by which way, Lat. qua, and so where, like ὅπου, Lat. ubi · also like ὅπου, wbither, Lat. quo. 2. c. gen., ὅηη γᾶs, Lat. quo terrarum? to which part of the land? also like Lat. ubi terrarum? where? II. of Manner, in what way? how?

όπηδέω, Dor. ὁπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From

όπηδός, όν, Dor. όπαδύς, (ὁπάζω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. όπηδύς, ό, an attendant.

όπηνίκα, Adv. when, at what time. II. since, Lat. quoniam.

δπίαs, ου, δ, (ἐπόs) cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (ἐπόs): in full τυρὸs ἐπίαs.

oπίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: Dep.: (ὅπις):—to bave respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, bonour, obey.

ὅπτθε and ὅπτθεν, Adv., poet. for ὅπισθε, ὅπισθεν ὁπτθόμ-βροτος, ον, poet. for ὁπισθύμβροτος, (ὕπιθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; ὑπιθόμβροτον αὕχημα the glory that lives after men.

'Οπικοί, oi, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. 'Οπικός, ή, όν, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

όπιπτεύω, f. σω, (\*ὅπτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch.

öπ's, iδos, ή, acc. ὅπ'ν οι ὅπίδα, (ὅψ) regard paid to a person or thing;

I. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; ὅπις θεῶν the vengeance of the gods.

2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard.

3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. reverentia.

όπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for ὅπισθϵ.

όπισθε, and before a vowel ὁπισθεν, Ερ. ὁπίθε, όπίθεν: (ὅπισ): Lat. pone:

I. of Place, after, bebind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; ol ὅπισθε those left bebind; ol ὅπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ or τὰ ὅπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; els τοὕπισθεν back, backwards.

2. as Prep. with gen., bebind: also inferior, second to.

II. of Time, after, in future, bereafter.

όπίσθιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (όπισθε) binder, Lat.

posticus: δπ. σκέλεα the bind-legs.

όπισθο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὅπισθ $\epsilon$ , βαίνω) walking backwards. [ $\bar{a}$ ]

δπισθό-γράφος, ον, (ὅπιαθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

backwards.

όπισθό-δομος,  $\delta$ , (ὅπισθε,  $\delta$ όμος) the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of τὸ ὁπλιτικόν, = οἱ ὁπλίται. Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.

δπισθο-νόμος, ον, (δπισθε, νέμω) grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.

όπισθο-νυγής, έε, (όπισθε, νυγήναι) pricking from bebind.

όπισθό-πους,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ , πουν, τ $\delta$ , gen. ποδος, ( $\delta$ πισθ $\epsilon$ , πούε) walking behind, following, attendant

δπισθοφυλακέω, f. ήσω, (δπισθοφύλαξ) to guard the rear, form the rear-guard. II. to command the rear-guard. Hence

όπισθοφυλάκία, ή, the command of the rear.

όπισθο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ὅπισθε, φύλαξ) one who watches behind: of δπισθοφύλακεs the rear-guard of an army.

 $\delta \pi l \sigma \sigma \omega$ , Adv, Ep for  $\delta \pi l \sigma \omega$ .

όπίστατος, η, ον, (ὅπισθε) hindmost, Lat. postre-

όπίσω Ep. όπίσσω, Adv. (όπιε) of Place, behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίσω, contr. τοὐπίσω, also είε τοὐ- $\pi i \sigma \omega$ , backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, bebind. II. of Time, afterwards, hereafter. over again, again. [1]

όπλαs, Dor. for όπληs, gen of όπλή.

δπλέω, (ὅπλον) poet. for  $\delta$ πλίζω, to make ready.  $\delta \pi \lambda \dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\delta \pi \lambda o \nu$ ) a boof, properly the solid boof of a horse: but also the cloven boof of horned cattle. δπλήεις, εσσα, εν, (δπλον) armed.

"Oπλητές, of, = ὁπλιται, name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.

δπλίζω, f. ίσω Att, ιω: aor. ωπλισα Ερ. ωπλισσα: -- Med., Ep. aor. I ὑπλισσάμην:-- Pass., aor. I ὑπλί- $\sigma\theta\eta\nu$ , Ep 3 pl.  $\delta\pi\lambda\iota\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$ : pf.  $\delta\pi\lambda\iota\sigma\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δύρπον όπλίζεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get of a person, esp. of what country, Lat cujas. ready, barness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, barness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as δπλίται. Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

δπλίσις, ή, a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.

δπλισμα, ατος, τό, (δπλίζω) equipment, armour an army, armament.

δπλισμός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta \pi \lambda i \zeta \omega) = \delta \pi \lambda \iota \sigma \iota s$ .

δπλιστέον, verb. Adj. of δπλίζω, one must arm. οπλιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁπλίζω) of a warrior.

δπλίτ-ἄγωγός, όν, (δπλίτης, ἄγω) commanding the beavy-armed.

δπλίτεύω, f. σω, to be an δπλίτης, serve as a beauyarmed soldier. From

δπλίτης [I], ου, ό, (ὅπλον II. 2) beauy-armed, armed in full armour; δπλίτης στρατός an armed host. as Subst., δπλίτης, ου, δ, a beavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (δπλον),

όπισθό-δετος, ον, (όπισθε, δέω) bound behind or a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνητε, γυμνηται. Hence

οπλιτικός, ή, όν, of or for a beaug-armed soldier:

δπλομαι, Med. (ὅπλον) poet. for ὁπλίζομαι, to get ready for oneself.

δπλομανέω, f ήσω, to be madly fond of arms, bave a mania for war. From

δπλο-μανής, ές, (ὅπλον, μανηναι) madly fond of

όπλομαχία, ή, the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics. From

δπλο-μάχος, ον, (ὅπλα, μάχομαι) fighting in heavy II. one who drills soldiers.

"ΟΠΛΟΝ, τό, any tool or implement: ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords; δπλα χαλκήια a blacksmith's tools; ἀρούρης ὅπλον a sickle; II. mostly in plur. implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, barness, armour; rarely in sing. a weapon: èv ὅπλοις μένειν to remain under arms mostly the beavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, 3.  $\tau \dot{a} \ddot{o} \pi \lambda a$ , =  $\dot{o} \pi \lambda \hat{i} \tau a i$ , whence the name δπλίται. beavy-armed soldiers. 4. τὰ ὅπλα also, the camp, quarters.

 $\delta$ πλότερος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , and  $\delta$ πλότατος,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Comp. and Sup. without any Posit in use: poet. for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὕπλα):—those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:-then, generally, of age, δπλότερος γενεή younger by birth, Lat. minor natu: —also, ἄνδρε**s** ὑπλύτεροι men of later days.

δπλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear beavy arms, be a beavyarmed soldier —Pass. to have a body-guard. From δπλο-φόρος, ον, (δπλα, φέρω) bearing arms, armed: as Subst., δπλοφόροs, δ, an armed man, a warrior. II one of the body-guard

δποδαπός, ή, όν, (ποδαπός) relat. Adj. what sort

οπόθεν Ep. οππόθεν Ion. οκόθεν, relat Adv. wbence, II. from what place

ὁπόθι Ερ ὁππόθι, relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.

οποι Ion. δκοι, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where; ὅποι ποτέ whithersoever; μέχρι ὅποι up to what place, how far. 2. c. gen., ὅποι γῆs wbither II. of Manner, II. in the world, Lat. quo terrarum. for ὅπωs, bow, bow far.

όποιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ , Ep. όπποιος,  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ , Ion. όκοιος,  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ : (ποιοs) relat. Adj. of what ort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis. II. the correlat. of ὑποῖοs is τοῖοs; τοῖοs .. ύποιοs such as; ύπποιύν κ' είπησθα έπος, τοιύν κ' ἐπακούσαις such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again. III. ὁποῖύs τις refers to a special subject; ὁποιος τις η what manner of man was IV. ὁποιοs ουν of what kind soever, Lat. qualiscunque. V. Adv. ὁποίωs: also in neut. pl ὁποῖα, like as, Lat. qualiter.

'OΠO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:metaph., οποs ήβηs the juicy freshness of youth.

δπ6s, gen. of δψ.

δποσάκις, Adv. (ὁπόσος) as many times as ..., as often as ... [a]

δποσάχη, Adv. (ὁπόσος) at as many places as ... δπόσε Ep. δππόσε, Adv., poet. for ὅποι, whither. δπόσος, η, ον, Ερ. δππόσος, δπόσσος, δππόσσος Ion. δκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as ..., Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as ..., Lat. quantus.

δπότ-ἄν Ερ. δππότ-ἄν, for  $\delta$ πότ' ἄν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whensoever, Lat. quando-

cunque.

ὁπότε Εp. ὁππότε Ion. ὁκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since. δπότερος,  $\alpha$ , ον, Ep. δππότερος,  $\eta$ , ον: (πότερος): -which of two, whether of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὑποτεροσοῦν and ὁπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, utercunque. 3. neut. ὁπότερον and ὁπότερα as Adv., for ὁποτέρως, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὁποτέρωθε, -ωθεν Εp. ὁπποτ-, relat. Adv. from

which of the two, from whether of the twain. όποτέρως, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways. ὁποτέρωσε, relat. Adv. (ὁπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

δπου Ion. δκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. also c. gen., ὅπου γη̂s where in the world, Lat. ubi ter-3.  $\xi \sigma \theta$ '  $\delta \pi \sigma v$  there are places, where i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi., for ali-4. ὅπου ἄν οι ὅπουπερ ἄν, wherever:cubi. όπουοῦν, όπουδή, όπουδήποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque. II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time wben. III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. \*őποs.)

οππα, Adv. poet. for οπα, Dor for οπη.

**ὅππατα**, Dor. for ὅμματα.

δππη, Adv., Ep. for  $\ddot{o}_{\pi\eta}$ .

δππόθεν, δππόθζ, Ep. for δπόθεν, δπόθι.

δπποίος, δππόσε, Ep. for δποίος, δπόσε.

δππόκα, Dor. for δπότε.

όππόσος, η, ον, Ερ. for δπόσος.

δππόταν, δππότ' αν, Ep. for δπόταν, δπότ' αν.

**όππότε**, Ep. for  $\dot{ο}πότε$ .

δππότερος, όπποτέρωθεν, Ep. for δποτ-.

δππωs, Ep. for ὅπωs. οπτάλέος, a, ον, (ὀπτάω) roasted: also baked.

όπτάνιον, τό, (όπτάω) a kitchen.

όπτασία, ή, (όψομαι) a sight, a vision.

'OΠΤΑ'Ω, impf. ωπτων: f. δπτήσω:—Pass., aor. I ἀπτήθην: pf. ἄπτημαι:—to roast or broil meat; opp. to  $\xi\psi\omega$ , to boil. pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, barden by saw.

exposure to the sun. 4. metaph. of love, to scorcb, burn.

όπτεύμενος, Dor. for όπτωμενος, pres. pass. part. of δπτάω.

όπτεύω, = ὑράω, to see.

όπτήρ, ηρος, δ, (ὕψομαι) one who looks after a thing,

a spy, Lat. speculator. όπτήριος, a, ov, (ύψομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὀπτήρια (sub. δωρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

όπτίλος [τ], ὁ, (ὄψομαι) the eye, Dor. also ὁπτίλλος. \*όπτομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὁράω

are formed: see ὁράω.

όπτός, ή, όν, (όπτάω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; έφθὰ καὶ ὀπτά boiled meats and roast:

also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

'ΟΠΥΙ'Ω Att. ὀπύω, f. ύσω [v̄]: the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: όπυίοντες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ήί-II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, θεοι). become a wife.

οπωπα, Ion. pf. med. of δράω. Dor. 3 sing. δπώπη. δπωπή, ή, (ὅπωπα) poet, for ὄψιs, a sight, view, vi-11. sight, power of seeing.

όπωπητήρ, ηρος, ό, (ὅπωπα) a spy, looker out. 'OΠΩ'PA lon οπώρη, ή, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy sea-II. from being the fruit-time, ἀπώρα also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manbood.

όπωριεύντες, Ion. for όπωριούντες, part. Att. fut. of *ὑπωρίζω*.

όπωρίζω, f.ίσω Att.ιω, (όπώρα) to gather fruits. to gather fruits off a tree.

όπωρινός, ή, όν, (ἐπώρα) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal, άστηρ όπωρινός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὁπώρα. [ι is long Ep., when last syll. is long]

όπωροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear fruit From όπωρο-φόρος, ον, (ἐπώρα 11, φέρω) bearing fruit. όπως Ep. όππως Ion. όκως:-relat. Conj. of Manner, bow, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. sometimes put for olos, as, τοιόν με έθηκεν, ὅπως ἐθέλει, for οἶον ἐθέλει, he has made me such as he 3. ὅπωs ἔχω as I am, 1. e. immediately, wılls. 4. c. gen., σοῦσθε ὅπωε ποδῶν (sub. on the spot. έχετε), run as you are off for feet, i.e. as quick as 5. δπωσδή, δπωσοῦν, δπωσδηποτοῦν, ύπωστιοῦν, howsnever, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὁπωστιοῦν, not in any way whatever, not in the 6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπωε it is not (i. e. cannot be) least. that . . ; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπωε οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin , it cannot but be that . . II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τρῶες ἐρρίγησαν, ὕπως 2. to bake bread; also of ίδον αίολον όφιν the Trojans shuddered when they III. like ωs and δτι, Lat. quam, with Sup.

of Adv. ὅπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. quam celerrime; ὅπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὅπωs as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, that, in order that, so that, Lat. quo, ut, fol-I. by the Subjunct, when the anteced. lowed. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὁρα ὅπως γένηται he is looking that he may be; πείρα, ὅπως κεν ἵκηαι keep trying that thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ορα, ορατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with  $\mu\dot{\eta}$ , as,  $\ddot{o}\pi\omega s$  τοῦτό  $\gamma \epsilon$   $\mu\dot{\eta}$  ποιήσηs, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὅπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε see that ye be men! II. by the Optat., if the anteced. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, έλεγον (είπον) ὅπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) that it might be done. III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὅπως Ἰθάκης ἐπιλήσεται she fertile tract of land, a meadow. beguiles him with the view that he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δεί σ' ὅπως δεί-£€ι\$. IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὅπωs, άλλά or άλλὰ καί. not only not so, but ..., οὐχ ὅπως χάριν αὐτοι̂ς ἔχεις, άλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τουτωνὶ πολιτεύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them; —in full, οὐ λέγω ὕπωs I do not say that, etc.; so, οὐχ ὅπωs, ἀλλ' οὐδέ V. ὅπως  $\mu\dot{\eta}$ , = the not only not so, but not at all. Conjunction  $\mu\eta$ : generally used only with aor. 2 subj, or with indicat fut.

oράas, Ep. for δραs, 2 sing. of δράω.

οράμα, τό, (ὑράω) that which is seen, a view, sight.

ὄραμνος, δ, later form of ὀρόδαμνος.

οράσις, εως, ή, (ὑράω) seeing, the sense of sight. ορατός, ή, όν, (ὑράω) to be seen, visible; τὰ ὑρατά

visible objects.

'OPA'Ω, impf. Att. ξώρων: Ion. δρ έω impf. ὥρεον. Ep. also δρόω: pf. εύρακα later εώρακα, pass. εύραμαι later εωράμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root \*OΠT-OMAI, fut. οψομαι, with a rare aor. I ώψάμην: Pass., fut. ὀφθήσομαι: aor. 1 ώφθην inf.  $\partial \phi \theta \hat{\eta} \nu a_i$ : pf.  $\hat{\omega} \mu \mu a_i$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \psi a_i$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \pi \tau a_i$ , inf.  $\hat{\omega} \phi \theta a_i$ : there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὅπωπα, plqpf. ὁπώπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root \*'IΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 act. elbov inf. lbeiv: aor. 2 med.  $\epsilon l\delta \delta \mu \eta \nu$ , inf.  $l\delta \epsilon \sigma \theta a i$ : pf. with pres. sense olda, olo  $\theta a$ , 1 know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see οἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αλέν δρα (3 Ep. impf.) be kept looking continually at them. 2. to bave sight, like  $\beta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \pi \omega$ , opp. to  $\mu \dot{\eta}$  opar to be blind;  $\delta \sigma'$ ἀν λέγοιμι, πάνθ' δρώντα λέξομαι my words sball bave eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; έν σκότφ δψοίατο may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be 3. to see, look to, take beed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὅρα ϵl . . . 4. c. acc. cognato, δραν άλκάν to look prowess, look like a warrior. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; δράν φάοε 'Ηελίοιο (Hom.), and φως δράν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive. II. Pass. to be seen,

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὁρώμενα things visible. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

όργάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ώργασα: pf. pass. ώργασμαι: (ὀργάω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. subigo.

 $\dot{o}$ ργαίνω, f.  $\ddot{a}$ ν $\dot{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\dot{\omega}$ ργ $\ddot{a}$ να:  $(\dot{o}$ ργ $\dot{\eta}$ ):—to make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry. όργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὅργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

 $\ddot{o}$ ργάνον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{\epsilon}$ ργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαίνεα 'Αμφίονος οργανα the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. cal instrument. III. the material of a work. the work, product itself.

ὄργανος, η, ον, (\* έργω) working, fashioning.

 $\dot{o}$ ργάς (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{o}$ ργάω) a well-watered,

 $\dot{o}$ ργάω,  $(\dot{o}$ ργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. iif, ὀργά ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting. II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at beat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

οργεών, ῶνοε, Ερ. οργειών, όνοε, ὑ, (ὅργια) a priest. οργή, ή, (ὀρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., δργαί αστυνόμοι social dispositions. II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath, δργη χράσθαι to indulge one's anger; δργην άκρος prone to anger, passionate: δργη as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὀργήs, κατ' όργήν, μετ' όργης, πρός όργήν. 2. Πανός όργαί panic passions, terrors.

οργία, ίων, τά, (ἔργον) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacri-2. any mysteries, without reference to relifice. gion. Hence

ὀργιάζω, f. άσω, to celebrate orgues. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

όργίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: aor. I ώργισα: (ὀργή):to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate. Pass., with fut. med. δργιοῦμαι, but also pass. δργισθήσομαι: aor. I ὦργίσθην: pf. ὧργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wroth.

δργίλοs[τ], η, ον, (δργή) prone to anger, passionate.όργιο-φάντης, ου, ό, (όργια, φαίνω) one who ini-

tiates others into orgies.

ὄργυια or ὀργυιά, ή, (formed from ὀρέγω, as ἀγυιά from aγω) the length of the outstretched arms. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχειs or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 δργυιαί make one stadium. Hence

όργυιαίος, a, ov, a fathom long or large. ορεγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρέγω) a stretching out: a bolding out, offering.

δρέγνυμι, = δρέγω, whence <math>δρεγνύs (part. pres.)

'OPETΩ, fut. δρέξω: 201. 1 ώρεξα:-to reach, also to appear; c. part, ωφθημεν οντες αθλιοι we were stretch out, extend, Lat. porrigo: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. to reach out, hand, offer, II. Med. δρέγομαι, with aor. I med. ώρεξάμην, and pass. ωρέχθην: pf. pass. δρώρεγμαι:—to stretch oneself out, reach out; χεροί δρέξασθαι to reach with the hands; ὀρέξασθαι έγχει to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσσίν δρωρέχαται (pf.) πολεμίζειν of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (1. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ôpé-Eat' lww be stretched bimself as he went, i. e. went at 2. c. gen. to reach at or to a thing, full stride. grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph, to reach after, grasp at, desire. 3. c. acc. to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.

**δρει-άρχης**, ου, δ, (δρος, ἄρχω) lord of the mountains. **ὀρειάς**, άδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) pecul. fem. of ὅρειος, of or belonging to mountains. II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

ορειβάτεω, to roam the mountains. From

όρει-βάτης, ον, δ, (όρος, βαίνω) mountain-ranging. όρειδρομία, ή, a running wild over the bills. From όρει-δρόμος, ον, (όρος, δραμεῖν) running on the bills όρει-νόμος, ον, (όρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

όρεινός, ή, όν, (ὅρος) mountainous, billy. II on or of a mountain: as Subst., ὀρεινός, δ, a mountaineer.

δρειο-νόμος, ον, = δρεινόμος.

όρειος, a, ον, also os, ον, Ion. ούρειος, (ὅρος) mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains.

όρειο-χάρής, ές, (ὄρος, χαρηναι) delighting in the

όρεί-πλαγκτος, see δρίπλαγκτος

όρει-τύπος, ον, (όρος, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.

όρει-φοίτης, ου, (όρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging. όρει-χαλκος, δ, (όρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass. όρειώτης, ου, δ, (όρος) a mountaineer.

ορεκτός, ή, όν, (ὀρέγω) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

δρεξάμενος, δρέξας, aor. 1 part. med. and act. of δρέγω.

ορέξις, εως, ή, (ὀρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

όρεό-κομος, ον, incorrect form of δρεωκόμος.

όρ έοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of δρνυμι.

ορεοπολέω, to baunt the mountains. From

όρεο-πόλος, ον, (όρος, πολέω) mountain-baunting. όρεσί-τροφος, ον, (όρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

όρέ-σκίος, ον, (όρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains. όρέσ-κοος Ερ. όρεσ-κῶος, ον, (όρος, κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.

φρέσσ-αυλος, ον, (ὅρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the judging.

mountains. ὁρθο-δ

δρεσσι, Ep. for δρεσι, dat. pl. of δρου.

όρεσσί-βάτης, ου, δ. = ὀρειβάτης. [ἄ]

όρεσσι-γενής, έs, and όρεσσι-γονος, ον, (όρος, γένος, γόνος) mountain-born.

δρεσσί-νόμος, ον, (όρος, νέμω) Ep. for δρεινόμος, feeding on the mountains, mountain-baunting.

'Ορεστεία, ή, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choephoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

ορέστερος, a, or, (υρος) poet, for υρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains

όρεστιάς, άδος, ή, (όρος) = 'Ορειάς; Νύμφαι ορεστιάδες, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

ὄρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of ὄρος ὀρεύs Ion. οὐρεύς, έως, ὁ, (ὄρος a mountain) a mule.

ορευs, Dor. for όρεοs, gen. of όροs.

όρεχθέω, f. ήσω, = δρέγομαι, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βόες δρέχθεον σφαζόμενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slam: θάλασσαν έα ποτὶ χέρσον δρεχθῆν (Dor. inf. for δρεχθεῖν) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

δρέω pl. δρέσμεν, Ion. for ὑράω, ὑράομεν. δρητι or δρήτι, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὑράω.

όρημι, Aeol. for δράω, inf. δρην, part. δρείε.

δρητός, ή, όν, Ion for δρατός.

ορθαι, inf. of ώρμην, Ep. 201. 2 pass. of όρνυμι. ορθεύω, f σω, (δρθύs) = δρθύω, to set upright: set straight

'Ορθία, ή, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia. ὄρθια, neut. pl. of ὄρθιοs: used also as Adv. aloud. ὄρθιάδε, Adv. (ὄρθιοs) straight up, upwards.

όρθιάζω, f. άσω (ὄρθιός) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud.

II. to set upright.

δρθίασμα, ατος, τό, (δρθιάζω) a high pitch of the

voice, a loud shout or cry.

ορθιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (ὀρθός) straight up, rising upwards, steep; ορθιον πορεύεσθαι οτ πρώς ορθιον lévai to march up bill; τα ύρθια the country from the coast upwards. 2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing. 3. straight, right. of the voice, bigb-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; vouos ορθιο a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., υσθια hvσε she cried aloud. ΙΙΙ. ὄρθιοι λύχοι, Livy's recti ordines, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in φάλαγξ the men stood in line; δρθίους τοὺς λόχους άγειν to bring the com-IV. generally, like δρθόs, panies up in column. straight, opp. to crooked.

ορθο-βάτέω, (δρθός, βαίνω) to go straight on or upright.

δρβό-βουλος, ον, (ὀρθός, βουλή) right-counselling. δρθο-δάής, ές, (ὁρθός, δαῆναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

δρθο-δίκαιος, ον, (δρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

δρθο-δίκας, Dor. for δρθοδίκης, ου, ό, (δρθύς, δικάζω) a righteous judge. [٢]

ορθοδρομέω, to run straight forward. From

δρθο-δρόμος, ον, (ὀρθός, δραμείν) running straight to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. forward.

ορθο-έπεια, ή, (ὀρθύs, έπος) correct language.

 $\dot{\delta}\rho\theta\dot{\delta}$ - $\theta\rho\iota\xi$ ,  $\tau\rho\iota\chi os$ ,  $\dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\delta}\rho\theta\dot{\delta}s$ ,  $\theta\rho\iota\xi$ ) with bair upstanding, or making the bair stand on end.

όρθό-κραιρος, α, ον, (ὀρθός, κραίρα) with straight or upright horns, epith. of horned cattle: with upright beaks, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem.  $\delta \rho \theta o$ κραιράων.

όρθό-κράνος, ον, (ὀρθός, κράνον) baving a high bead or crown: with a lofty mound.

όρθομαντεία, ή, true prophecy. From

όρθό-μαντις, εως Ιου τος, ό, ή, (ὀρθός, μάντις) α

true prophet.

 $\delta \rho \theta o - \pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\delta \rho \theta \dot{\nu} s, \pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \eta)$  wrestling upright. [δ]  $\dot{o}$ ρθό-πλους,  $o\nu$ , contr. –πλους,  $o\nu\nu$ , ( $\dot{o}$ ρθύς, πλέω) sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful.

όρθοποδέω, (ὀρθόπουs) to walk straight or uprightly όρθό-πολις, εως, ό, ή, (ὀρθός, πόλις) upholding cities  $\dot{o}$ ρθό-πους,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , -πουν,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , gen. -ποδος, ( $\dot{o}$ ρθ $\dot{o}$ ς, πούς) with straight feet: standing upright. steen.

'OPOO'Σ, ή, όν, straight, Lat. rectus: in height, upright, standing erect. II. in line, straight, straight forward, in a straight line; oρθds avt' ήελίοιο τετραμμένοs turned straight to front the sun; υρθών πύδα τιθέναι to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατηρεφήs when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; βλέπειν ὀρθά to III. metaph. right, safe, see straight or well. 2. right, true, exact; δρθ' ἀκούειν to prosperous. be rightly called: ὀρθφ λόγφ in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθωs λέγειν to speak true. 4. upright, righteous, just, true, genuine, real. Lat. rectus; κατά τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν to judge right-5. on tiptoe, in eager expectation, Lat. cously. IV. ή ὀρθή (sub. πτῶσις) the erectus animo. nominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique

όρθο-στάδην, Adv (ὀρθόs, στηναι) standing upright, in a standing posture.

όρθο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ὐρθός, στηναι) one who stands II. an upright shaft, pillar: as Adj, κλίμακες δρθοστάται upright ladders. III a sort of cake used in funeral oblations. [a]

όρθότατα, Adv. Sup. of  $\partial \rho \theta \hat{\omega} s$ .

όρθότης, ητος, ή, (ὀρθός) straightness, upright posture.

δρθο-τομέω, (δρθύs, τέμνω) to cut straight: bandle ariebt.

**ὀρθόω**, f. ώσω: aor. I ἄρθωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἀρθώ- $\theta \eta \nu :$  ( $\delta \rho \theta \delta s$ ) :—to set straight: set upright, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, again:—Pass. to stand or sit upright.

metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc. to exalt, bonour, extol. 3. δρθώσαι υμνον to raise the lofty song 4. to guide aright. III. Pass. of actions, to succeed; prosper; τὸ ὀρθούμενον success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper. to be right, be true. 3 to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.

όρθρεύοισα, Dor. for -εύουσα, part. fem. of δρθρεύω, f. σω, (δρθροs) to rise or wake early.

δρθρίδιοs, α, ον, poet. for δρθριοs. [τ] ορθρίζω, f. σω, (ορθρος) to rise, wake early.

ορθρινός [i], ή, όν, (ὅρθρος) later form for ὅρθριος. δρθρίος, α, ον, also οs, ον, (δρθροs) at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early: irreg. Comp. and Sup. ορθριαίτερος, -αίτατος -- Neut τὸ ὅρθριον οτ ὅρθριον, as Adv in the morning, early

όρθρο-βόαs, ου, δ, (ὅρθροs, βοάω) the early caller, Chanticleer, i. e. the cock.

 $\dot{o}\rho\theta\rho o$ -γ $\dot{o}\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\ddot{o}\rho\theta\rho os$ , γο $\dot{a}\omega$ ) early-wailing, of the swallow

 $\dot{o}$ ρθρο- $\lambda \dot{a}$ λος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\ddot{o}$ ρθρος,  $\lambda a\lambda \dot{\epsilon}\omega$ ) early-twittering "OPOPOS, b, the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn; τὸν ὅρθρον, absol, in the morning; so, ὅρθρου γενομένου at dawn; and άμα ὅρθρορ, ἐs ὅρθρον, κατ' ορθρον, περί ορθρον; but πρώς ορθρον towards dawn: ύρθρος βαθύς early morn.

όρθρο-φοιτο-συκοφαντο-δίκο-τάλαίπωρος, ον, (ορθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαίπωρος) όρθ. τρόποι early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious

flaguy wavs

ορθωθείς, aor I pass part. of ὀρθύω.

όρθ-ώνυμος, ον, (ὀρθός, ὅνομα) rightly-named. όρθωs, Adv. of opθos, rightly: uprightly, justly:

truly, really.

'Ορθωσία, ή, = 'Ορθία.

όρθωτήρ, ηρος, δ, (ὀρθόω) one who sets upright, a restorer

όρι-βάτης, ου, ό, dub. for δρειβατής.

'OPITA'NON, \(\tau'\), and opiyavos, \(\theta\), an acrid herb, marjoram: δρίγανον βλέπειν to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed. [i]

όριγνάομαι, Med., with fut. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. ωρ. γνήθην: (ὀρέγομαι): - to stretch oneself out. c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at,

grasp at.

δρίζω, fut. δρίσω Att. δριω: aor. Ι ώρισα Ion. ουρισα: pf ώρικα:-- Med., fut. δριούμαι: aor. I ώρισάμην:--Pass, fut. ὑρισθήσομαι: aor. Ι ὑρίσθην: pf. II. metaph. rightness, fitness: the right ωρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (δροs): to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary; ποταμός οὐρίζει τήν τε Σκυθικήν καί την Νευρίδα γήν a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris :- Pass., of a country, to be bounded. 1. in height, to ὑρίζειν τινὰ ἀπὸ γῆs to part, banish one from the II. to mark out by boundaries, lay down, land. repair: hence, δρθωθείε raised up, set on one's legs mark out: to limit, define:-Med. to mark out for 2. in a line, oneself, set up, dedicate. III. generally, to determine, appoint: to settle. 2. to define a word. 3. to assign, ὁρίζειν ψῆφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

ορικός, ή, όν, (όρεύς) of or for a mule. δρινθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of δρίνω.

δρίνω, aor. I ἄρίνα Ερ. ὅρῖνα:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. 
άρίνετο: aor. I ἀρίνθην Ερ. ὀρίνθην: (ὄρνυμι):—to 
stir, raise, Lat. agitare: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: 
to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

δριον, τό, = δρος, a bound, goal: ὅρια, τά, bound-

aries, borders, frontier.

**δριοs**, ον, (ὄροs) of or presiding over boundaries. **δρισμα** Ion. ούρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

δριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

δρί-τροφος, ον, (ορος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

δρκάνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = έρκάνη, έρκος, from έργω, είργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pufall. [ $\dot{\alpha}$ ]

δρκ-απάτης, ου, δ, (ὅρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker.

[ă]

δρκίζω, f. ίσω, (δρκοs) to make one swear, adjure. δρκιον, τό, (δρκοs) an oath. also a pledge, surety. II mostly in plut., δρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὕρκια πιστά ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. foedus ferire, icisse foedus: of two parties, in Med., ὅρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὅρκια συγχεῦαι, ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι, οpp. to ὅρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like lερά.

δρκιοs, ov, more rarely a, ov, (ὅρκοs) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὅρκιοι θεοί the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος ὅρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

"OPKOΣ, ov, δ, an oath; δρκον δμόσαι to swear an oath; δρκον θεῶν an oath by the gods; δρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself.

2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods.

II ΤΟρκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (δρκος was orig. equiv. to ἔρκος, as δρκοῦρος to ἐρκοῦρος.)

δρκ-οῦρος, δ, = ξρκοῦρος.

όρκοω, f. ώσω, (ὅρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

δρκωμα, τό, (δρκόω) an oath.

δρκωμοσία, ή, (ὁρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath. δρκωμόσιον, τό, the place of an oath. II. it pl. asseverations on oath. From

pr. asseveranous on outs. From

δρκωμοτέω, f. ήσω, to take an oath, swear; δρκωμοτείν θεούs to swear by the gods. From δρκ-ωμότης, ου, δ, (ὅρκος, ὅμνυμι) = ὁρκωτής.

ορκωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁρκόω) one who administers an oath.

δρμάθειν, an aor. 2 form of δρμάω, to rusb, whence subj. δρμάθω: but δρμάθη is Dor. for δρμηθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. pass. of δρμάω.

ορμαθός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὅρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string

of things hanging one from the other.

δρμαίνω, 1mpf. Ερμαινον: aor. I Ερμηνα: (δρμάω):

—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider.

2. to long for, desire.

later,

I. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame.

2. intr. to basten, burry, be impatient.

δρμάω, f. ήσω: aor. I ωρμησα: pf. ωρμηκα: I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, (δρμή): rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to burry or rush on: c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. III. Pass. with fut. med. ὁρμήat one, c. gen. σομαι; aor. I med. ὑρμήσασθαι and pass. ὑρμηθηναι; pf. pass. ώρμημαι .—in same sense as intr. act.: to burry, basten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσύνων ὁρμώμενοs setting out from or beginning with smaller 3. absol. to rusb on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ώρμηται the report flies abroad.

όρμέατο, lon. for ὤρμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὁρμάω.

δρμειά, ή, = δρμιά.

ορμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δρνυμι.

δρμέω, f. ήσω, (υρμος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δυοῖν ἀγκυραῖν ὑρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say to have two strings to your bow: metaph. to anchor one's bopes upon, depend upon.

δρμεώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of δρμάω.

δρμή, ή, (όρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. impetus; mostly of things, as, έγχεος όρμή the force of a spear; πυρός όρμή the rage of fire; κύματος όρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία όρμη with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

όρμηθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of ὁρμάω.

τρμημα, τό, (δρμάω) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

δρμήσειε, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of δρμάω.

δρμητήριον, τό, (ὁρμάω) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, bead-quarters.

δρμιά, ή, (ὅρμοs) a fishing-line of horse-hair, Lat. linea. [τ]

δρμίζω, fut. -ίσω Ερ. -ίσσω Att. -ιῶ: 2 or. I ὕρμισα: (ὅρμος):—to bring to anchorage, bring into barbour, to moor, anchor.

2. generally, to make fast or sure.

II. Med., with fut. med. ὁρμοῦμαι, aor. I med. ὑρμισάμην and pass. ὑρμίσθην: pf. pass. | ωρμισμαι:-- to come to anchor, anchor; δρμίζεσθαι πρός πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. metaph, to be in baven, to reach the barbour, i e, to be at rest; δρμίζεσθαι έκ τινος to be dependent on a thing. δρμίη-βόλος, ον, (ὁρμιά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

δρμο-δοτήρ, ηρος, δ, (όρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into

barbour, a pilot.

ορμος, δ, (είρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων ὅρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring. II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a barbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a baven, place of shelter or refuge.

όρναπέτιον, τό, Boeot. for ὄρνεον.

 $\delta \rho \nu \epsilon o \nu$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , =  $\delta \rho \nu \iota s$ . II. τὰ ὄρνεα, the bird-market. όρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (ὔρνεον, φοιτάω) baunted by birds.  $\dot{o}$ ρνίθ- $\alpha$ ρχος,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{o}$ ρνις,  $\dot{a}$ ρχ $\dot{o}$ s) king of birds. [ $\bar{i}$ ] όρνίθειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ὅρνις) of or belonging

to a bird; κρέα ὀρνίθεια birds' flesh.

όρνιθευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From ορνίθεύω, f. σω, (ορνις) to catch, net, snare birds. oρνίθίαs, ου, (ορνιε) masc. Adj, a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμών δρνιθίας a storm of birds. ορνίθικός, ή, όν, (όρνις) of or for birds.

όρνίθιον, τό, Dim. of υρνις, a little bird: a nestling,

chicken. |vi]

όρνιθό-γονος, ον, (ὅρνις, \*γένω) sprung from a bird. ορνίθο-θήρας, ου, ό, (όρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

όρντθο-λόχος Dor. όρντχ-, ό, (ὅρνις, λοχάω) a bird-

catcher, fowler.

όρντθομανέω, f ήσω, to be mad for birds. From όρντθο-μάνής, ές, (ὕρνις, μανηναι) mad after birds. ορνίθο-πέδη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ὅρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds. **ὄρνιθος**, gen. of *ὄρνι***s**: Ep. dat. pl. ὀρνίθεσσι.

όρνιθο-σκόπος, ον, (ὅρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θακος δρνιθοσκόποs an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale. όρνιθο-τροφία, ή, (Ερνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

όρνίος, ον, also os, ον, poet. for ὀρνίθειος.

"OPNIΣ, δ, but also ή: gen. δρνίθος, etc.: acc. sing. ὄρνῖθα and ὅρνιν: pl. ὄρνῖθες, etc.: Att. pl. ὄρνεις, gen. ὅρνεων, acc. ὅρνεις: Dor. forms, gen. ὅρνῖχος, pl. ὅρνῖχεs, etc, as if from a Nom. ὅρνιξ:—a bird: often added to the names of birds, as υρνις ἀηδών, ορνιε πέρδιξ, the nightingale, the partridge. also like olωνόs, a bird of omen, όρνις κακόs a bird of

evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III. in Att., δρνις, δ, a cock; δρνις, ή, a ben. IV. in

pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ooveov. poët. Mουσων ὅρνιθες the birds of the Muses, i. e.

VI. proverb , ὀρνίθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,' poets. i. e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ορνίχος, -χα, Dor. gen and acc. of ορνιε: poët. dat. pl. όρνίχεσσι.

ὄρνῦθι, ύτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνυμι.

όρνύμεν, όρνύμεναι, Ep. for δρνύναι, pres. inf. of

ορνύμενος, η, ον, pres. med. part. of δρνυμι.

ορνυμι or ορνύω [v], lengthd. form of Root \* OPΩ: imperat. ὄρνῦθι, ὑτω, etc.: impf. ἄρνυον: fut. ὅρσω: aor. I ωρσα, part. ορσας, Ion. 3 sing. ορσασκε: 3 sing. redupl. aor 2 ὅρωρε:—Med. ὅρνῦμαι, imperat. ύρνυσο, ύσθω, υσθε, part. δρνύμενος: impf. ώρνύμην, 3 sing. and pl. ωρνύτο, ωρνυντο: fut. ὅρσομαι, also οροθμαι, 3 sing. ορείται: 2 οτ. 2 ωρόμην, 3 sing. ώρετο contr. ωρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὅροντο also ὁρέοντο; 3 sing. subj. ὄρηται; imperat. ὄρσο or ὅρσεο Ion contr. ὄρσευ; inf ὄρθαι, contr. for ὀρέσθαι; part. ὄρμενος, η, ον, for δρόμενος -pf. δρωρα, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. ὀρώρη: 3 sing. plqpf. ὀρώρει, also ἀρώρει. Act, to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:-Med, with pf ὅρωρα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσόκε μοι φίλα γοῦνατ' δρώρη while my limbs bave power 2. Act. to make to arise, call fortb: of to move. animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase: - Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on :- Pass. and Med to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, inflamed. 4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, excite, Lat. ciere: - Med. to come on, to arise, Lat.

ορνύτο, ορνυντο, Ερ. for ώρνυτο, ώρνυντο, 3 sing and pl. impf. of opvupi.

"OPOBO∑, ô, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

όρόγυια, ή, poet. for ὀργυιά.

όροδαμνίς, ίδος, ή, Dim of δρόδαμνος, a sprig.

όρόδαμνος, b, a bough, branch.

όρο-θεσία, ή, (ὕρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries, boundaries.

όροθύνω: Ep. impf. δρόθυνον: also aor. I imperat. δρόθυνον. -like όρνυμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on. δροί-τυπος, ον, = δρείτυπος.

ορομαι, Dep (οδρος a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

όρο-μαλίδες, αί, (ύρος, μήλον) Dor. for ὐρομηλίδες, a kind of wild apples.

'OPO'Σ or oppos, o, whey, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2 the watery parts of the blood.

"OPOΣ Ion. ουρος, εος, τό, a mountain, bill: a range

or chain of bills.

"OPOZ Ion. oupos, ov, b, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark. 2. οὖροι, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit, III. the definition of a word. measure.

'Opogayyai, oi, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, = εὐεργέται.

όρούω, fut. σω: aor. Ι όρουσα: (όρνυμι):-intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to basten, dart or start forward.

οροφή, ή, (ερέφω) the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a bouse.

οροφη-φάγος, ον, (ὀροφή, φαγεῖν) roof-devouring. οροφη-φόρος, ον, (ὀροφή, φέρω) bearing a roof.

**ὀροφίαs**, ου, δ, living under a roof; μῦs ὀροφίαs the domestic mouse, opp. to μῦs ἀρουραῖοs (the field mouse); ὀροφίαs ὄφιs a tame snake.

οροφος, δ, (ερέφω) the reeds used for thatching bouses.

II. a roof: in pl. a bouse, temple.

δρόω, Ερ. for δράω: part. δρόων for δρών.

δρόωντι, Dor. for δρώσι, 3 pl. of δράω.

"OPΠΗΞ Att. δρπηξ, ηκος, Dor. δρπαξ, ακος, δ:
—a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a
lance.

II. metaph. a scion, descendant.

όρρανός, ό, Aeol. for οὐρανός

όρρο-πύγιον, τό, (δρρος, πυγή) the tail or tail-feathers of birds. 2. the tail-fin of fish. 3. the tail or rump of any animal.  $\lceil \bar{\nu} \rceil$ 

'OPPOΣ, ò, the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.

'OPPO'Σ, δ, = δρόs, whey, serum.

δρρωδέω Ion. άρρωδ-: f. ήσω:—to sbudder at, sbrink from, dread, Lat. borreo, c. acc: c. gen rei, to fear for or because of a thing. Hence

ορρωδία, ή, a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.

όρσαs, aor. I part. of ὄρνυμι.

δρσασκε, Ion. for ὥρσε, 3 sing aor. 1 of ὅρνυμι. ὅρσεο, ὅρσευ, Ερ. for ὅρσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of ὅρνυμι.

ορσί-κτύπος, ον, (όρνυμι, κτύπος) noise-arousing;

Zeùs δρσίκτυποs the rouser of thunder.

όροτ-νεφής, έε, (δρνυμ, νέφοε) cloud-raising. όροτ-πους, -ποδοε, ό, ή, (δρνυμι, πούε) raising the foot, light-footed.

όρσο, Ep. for όρσαι, 201. 1 med. imperat. of όρνυμι,

bestir thee! up! arouse thee!

 $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ρσο-θύρη,  $\dot{\bar{\eta}}$ , (ὄρνυμι, θύρ $\mathbf{a}$ ) a raised door approached

by steps. [v]

όρσολοπείνω and -έω, to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμός δρσολοπείται my heart is troubled From όρσόλοπος, ον, provoking strife, turbulent. (Deriv. uncertain.)

όρσόs, Lacon. for δρθόs.

όρσο-τρίαίνης Dor. -τριαίνας, α, δ; a poet. nom. -τρίαινα: (δρυυμι, τρίαινα):—wielder of the trident. όρσω, fut. of δρυυμι.

δρτάζω, Ion. for ξορτάζω.

όρταλίς, ίδος, ή, (όρνυμ) the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken. Hence

δρτάλιχεύs and δρτάλιχοs, δ, a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.

δρτή, ή, Ion. for έορτή.

'Ορτύγία, ή, (ὅρτυξ) properly Quail-island, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Nâσοs or the Island.

ορτύγο-κόπος, ον, (ὅρτυξ, κύπτω) playing at knocking down quails.

ορτύγο-μήτρα, ή, (ὅρτυξ, μήτηρ) a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Όρτυγία.

"OPTΥΞ, υγος, δ, the quail, Lat. coturnix, - icis.

όρυγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δρύσσω.

δρυγμα, τό, (δρύσσω) a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown. II. = ὅρυξις.

όρυγμαδός, ό, late form for δρυμαγδός.

όρυκτός, ή, όν, (ὀρύσσω) dug, formed by digging. II. dug out, quarried, mined

ορύμαγδός, ό, a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice

ορυξ, ἔγος, δ, (ὀρύσσω) a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Libya, so called from its pointed borns.

ορύξαι, aor. I inf. of δρύσσω.

**όρυξις**, εως, ή, (ὀρύσσω) a digging.

όρυς, vos, δ, an unknown wild animal in Libya.

'ΟΡΥΈΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. δρύξω: aot. 1 ἄρυξα Ερ. δρύξα: pf. δρώρυχα: plqpf. ἀρωρύχειν: --Pass., aot. 1 ἀρύχθην: pf. δρώρυγμαι: plqpf. ἀρωρύγμην: -to dig, Lat. fodio. 2. to dig up: Med., λίθους δρύξασθαι to bave stones dug or quarried: Pass, δ δρυσσόμενος χοῦς the soil that was dug up. 3. to dig through, make a passage through, burrow. 4. to bury.

δρφάνευμα, τό, orpban state. From

όρφανεύω, f. σω, (δρφανύs) to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut med -εύσομαι, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.

όρφανία, ή, (δρφανός) orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.

opφάνίζω, f. σω, (δρφανύς) to make or phan: to bereave, deprive:—Pass to be left an orphan.

όρφανικός, ή, όν, (ὀρφανός) orphan, fatherless; ημαρ ὀρφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.

όρφάνιος, ον, = δρφανικός.

 $\dot{o}$ ρφ $\dot{a}$ νι $\dot{o}$ τή $\dot{s}$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{c}$ ,  $(\delta \rho \phi \alpha v'(\zeta \omega))$  one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.

'OPΦA'NO'Σ, ή, όν, Att ós, όν, Lat ORBUS, left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless. 2. c. gen. reft or bereft of a thing; δρφανολ γενεάs reft of offspring, childless.

όρφάνο-φύλαξ, άκοε, ό, (ὀρφανόε, φύλαξ) the guardian of an orphan. [v]

όρφανόω, f. ώσω, (ὀρφανός) to make orphan: - Pass. to be bereft of a thing

"Opperos, a, ov, of Orpheus. From

'Όρφεύς, έως, δ, Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard. δρφναίος, α, ον, (δρφνη) dark, dusky, murky. II. nightly, by night.

"OPΦNH Dor. ὄρφνā, ἡ, darkness, night: gloom. Hence

δρφνίνος, η, ον, dark, dusky; δρφνινον χρώμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between πορφύρου and φοινίκινος.

δρφνίτηs, ου, δ, (δρφνη) dusky. [I]

'OPΦO'Σ Att. δρφώς, δ, a kind of sea-perch. δρχάμος, δ, (δρχος) the first of a row, a file-leader, 'ugle-man: the Coryphaeus or leader of the chorus. δρχάτος, δ, = δρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchat, an orchard, garden. (From δρχος, like μέσατος from μέσος.)

ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι: 201. 1 δρχησάμην: Dep.: (όρχος):—to dance: c. 201. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὀρχείσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat Cyclopa movers, to dance the Cyclops.

2. to leap.

όρχηδόν, Adv. (όρχοε) one after another, all in a row, man by man, Lat. viritim.

 $\dot{\delta}$ ρχηθμός Ion.  $\dot{\delta}$ ρχησμός,  $\dot{\delta}$ , ( $\dot{\delta}$ ρχέομαι) a dancing, the dance.

ὅρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) a dance, dancing.

ορχησις, ή, (ὀρχέομαι) dancing, the dance: panto-minus dancing.

όρχησμός, δ, Att. for δρχηθμός.

ορχηστήρ, ηροε, ό, and όρχηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancer. Hence

ορχηστικός, ή, όν, of, fit for dancing.

ορχηστο διδάσκαλος, ό, (δρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) a dancing-master

ορχηστο-μανέω, f. ήσω, (δρχέομαι, μανηναι) to be dancing-mad.

δρχήστρα, ή, (δρχέομαι) an orchestra, in the Atuc theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced. II generally, a place for dancing.

danced.

If generally, a place for annung.

δρχηστρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of δρχηστής, a dancing girl.

δρχηστύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δρχησις, (ὑρχέομαι) the dance, dancing; contr. dat. δρχηστύ.

'OPXI'ΛΟΣ, ό, a bird, prob. the wren. [t]

ορχίπεδάω, f. ήσω, (δρχίπεδον) to seize the testicles.

όρχι-πέδη, ή, (ὄρχιε, πέδη) impotence. όρχι-πεδον, τό, in pl. δρχίπεδα, τά, (ὅρχιε, πέδον)

the testicles, Lat. testiculi
"OPXIΣ, ios and εως, ό, pl. δρχεις or δρχίς Ion. δρχιες, a testicle, the testicles.

\*Oρχομενός, ή, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was 'Ορχομενός Μινύειος in Bocotia.

'OPXOΣ, δ, a row of trees; cf. δρχατος.

δρωρα, pf. of δρνυμι.

δρώρει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of δρνυμι.

όρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὅρνυμι, equiv. to ὅρωρε: subj. ὁρώρηται.

όρωρέχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of δρέγω. όρωρέχατο, Ion. 3 pl plqpf. pass. of δρέγω. όρωρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δρύσσω.

δρώρυχα, pf. of δρύσσω.

"OΣ, η, δ; gen. οὖ, η\*, οὖ, dat. οὖ, η, ω˙; acc. δν, ην, ὕ: pl., nom. οἵ, αἵ, αϊ; gen. ων; dat. οἶ\*, αἶ\*, οἶ\*; acc. οὕ\*, αˇ\*, α¨. There is also an Ion. gen. δου, fem. ἔη\*; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. η\*\* and ησι.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, who, which or that, Lat. qui: service of God, rites, the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced. perform the due rites.

by attraction, as, τῆs γενεῆs, ῆs Ζεὺs δῶκε, for ἡν Ζεὺs δῶκε: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, δ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, δ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but wbat is greatest of all, wbat is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for ἕνα, as in Lat. qui for ut, to express an end or intention, as, ἄγγελον ῆκαν, δε ἀγγείλειε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. nuncium muserunt, qui nunciaret.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing, of Time, έξ οῦ (sub. χρόνου) from the time when, since: also ου alone, when; εστιν ου sometimes, at times. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. where; ἔστιν οδ in some places II dat sing. fem. n, of Place, Lat. qua, at which place, where .later, of motion to a place, whither :—in full  $\tau \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta}$ ... there, where ..., thither, whither . 2. of the Way or Manner, like ὅπωs, as Lat. quomodo; ἢ θέμις ἐστίν as is right: so far as, Lat. qua, quatenus. Sup. Adv., η μάλιστα, η άριστον, etc., like ώς μάλιστα, III. acc. sing neut. etc., Lat. quam maxime, etc. ο, for δι' δ, that, because, Lat. quod. 2. wherefore, Lat. quapropter.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it:

I. ες, Lat qui quidem or quippe qui, gives the Relat a limiting force, who at least, since it was be who ...

II. ες κε οτ κέν Att. ες αν είν με το μισινησιε, με το με το

whosoever, who if any . . .

B. Os is also used as a Demonstr. Pron., for obtos or δδε, this, that; chiefly in nom. masc. Es or of, sometimes in fem. H and neut. E: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, H & S said be. II. in opposition, of , of ... these..., those , the one party, the other: Att. Ss μέν..., Os δέ the one , the other: Att. Ss μέν..., Os δέ the one , the other: Att. Att. Ss μέν..., Att. Sc partly ... partly ... III. Ss καὶ Ss such and such a person, so and so.

C. There is also a Possessive Pron., δs, ħ, δν, mostly of the third person, for εόs, bis, ber: Ep gen. of o.

II. of the second person, for σόs, thy, thine.

III. of the first person, for εμόs, my, mine

δοάκι Ep δοσάκι, Adv. (ὅσος) as many times as, as often as, Lat. quoties.

δσάτιος, α, ον, ton. δσσάτιος, poet. for δσος. [α] δσαχού, Adv. (δσος) in as many places as.

όσδος, Aeol. for όζος.

**ὄσδω**, Dor. for ὄζω.

δσ-ημέραι, Adv., for δσαι ήμέραι, as many days as are, i. c. daily, day by day, like Lat. quotidie for quot dies.

δοία Ion. -ίη, η, properly fem. of δοιος, divine law, the law of nature, answering to Lat. fas: hence ούχ δοίη Att. ούχ δοία, c. inf., it is against the law of nature to do; πολλην δοίαν τοῦ πράγματος νομύσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing.

II. the service of God, rites, offering; δοίης ἐπιβήναι to perform the due rites.

III. proverb., δοίας ἔνεκα

ποιείσθαί τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake ! of the propriety of the thing, Lat. dicis caussa. [7]

Socios, a, ov, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τα δσια και δίκαια things of divine and human ordi-2. as opp. to lepús (sacred, reserved to the gods), botos means what is not so reserved, i.e appropriated or permitted to man's use; lepà καὶ ὕσια the property of gods and men, Lat. sacra et profana; όσιον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so =  $\beta \xi \beta \eta \lambda o s$ , Lat profanus. II. more rarely of persons, pious, devout, scrupulous, religious; c gen., ἱερῶν πατρώων ὅσιος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; ooiai χειρε pure, clean hands.

δσίότης, ητος, ή, (ὅσιος) observance of divine law,

religiousness, piety, boliness.

οσίοω, f. ώσω, (οσιος) to make boly, to ballow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. explare:-Med., στόμα όσιουσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

δσίωs, Adv. of őσιοs, religiously, piously: Comp.

δσιώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

όσμάομαι, Dep., like όδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

δσμή, ή, (ὅζω) like ὀδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

όσον-ων, Ion. for ὅσον οὖν, however little, Lat. quan-

tulumcunque.

"ΟΣΟΣ, ὅση, ὅσον, Ερ. ὅσσος, ὅσση, ὅσσον, Lat. quantus: - of Size, as great as, bow great: of Quantity, as much as, bow much: of Space, as far as, bow far: of Time, as long as, bow long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud: —its Antecedent is τόσοs, after which ὅσοs must be simply rendered as; ὅσα πλεῖστα or πλεῖστα ὅσα as much as possible. In plur. all that, as many as, often after πάντεs. 2. of Time, ὅσοι μῆνες, ὅσαι ἡμέραι every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. quot menses, quot dies; cf. δσημέραι. 3. őσος δή and δσοσδήποτε, bow great soever be be, Lat. quantuscunque; οσοs αν bow great soever. II. neut. οσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion, ὅσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὅσον τ' δργυιαν about a fathom; ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ ἡμισυ to about 3. őσον μόνον, Lat. tantum non, all but; so also, δσον οὐ; but Att. ὅσον and ὅσον μόνον only so far as, only just; οσον οσον only just. ἐπί and ὅσσον τ' ἐπί as far as, Att. ἔφ' ὅσον. with Comp. and Sup., ὅσον βασιλεύτερός ἐστι so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6 δσον τάχοι as quick as possible: more usu. ὅσον τάχιστα. όσον αὐτίκα, also, ὅσον οὐκ ἤδη all but now, instantly. 8. οὐχ ὅσον not only not, Lat. ne dicam. δσφ inasmuch as, with Comp. δσφ πλέον, δσφ μαλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ốơ with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσούτφ, the more . . , so much the more ..., like Lat. quo or quanto melior. eo , etc. 3. δσωπερ by bow much, in so far as.

δσοσ-περ,  $\delta$ ση-περ,  $\delta$ σον-περ, bowever great or much, as great or as much as.

δσ-περ, ή-περ, ő-περ, (Ep. also ὅπερ masc., as ὅ τε masc. for ὅστϵ), who, which, indeed, the very man who or thing which, Lat. qui quidem.

"OΣΠΡΙΌΝ, τό, pulse, beans: vegetables.

"ΟΣΣΑ, ή, a rumour, Lat. fama. a divine voice or II. generally, a voice. sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. όμφή.

δσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of őσοs.

δσσάκι, Adv., Ion. for δσάκι. [α] δσσάτιος, Ion. for δσάτιος. [ἄ]

"ΟΣΣΕ, τώ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, ὅσσε φαεινά, ὅσσε αἰματόεντα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὕσσων, ὕσσοις, όσσοισι.

δσστχος, η, ον, Dim. of ὅσος, ὅσσος, as little, bow little, Lat. quantulus.

"ΟΣΣΟΜΑΙ, (ὅσσε) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):-to see. one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

όσσος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for őσος.

όστάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀστέον, a little bone.

οσ-τε, ή-τε, ό-τε, (Ep. also ό τε for masc., as όπες masc. for  $\delta\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$ ) who, which.

όστέϊνος, η, ον, (ὀστέον) made of bone, bony.

'ΟΣΤΕ'ΟΝ Att. contr. όστοῦν, τό, pl ὀστέα Att. contr. δστâ:—a bone, Lat. OS, OSSIS.

όστεόφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of όστέον.

οστίνος, η, ον, (ἐστέον) = ἐστέινος, bony, of bone: neut. pl. ὄστινα, τά, as Subst., Lat. tibiae, bone

pipes.

όσ-τις, ή-τις, ὅ τι οι ὅ, τι; gen. οὖτινος, ἦστινος; dat. ψτινι, ήτινι, etc.: pl. οἶτινεs, αἶτινεs, ἄτινα, etc.; (Ep. also ő-τις tor masc., as ὅπερ for ὅσπερ, ὅ τε for  $\delta\sigma\tau\epsilon$ ); neut.  $\delta\tau\tau\iota$ . II. also declined, gen, ὅτου, dat. ὅτφ: Ep. gen. ὅττεο contr. ὅττευ and ὅτευ, dat. ὄτεφ: acc. ὅτινα:—plur., nom. neut. ὅτινα; gen. ύτεων Att. ὅτων; dat. ὁτέοισιν, also feni. ὁτέησιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. ἄσσα Att. ἄττα. Whosoever, which soever, any one who, anything which, differing from os, as Lat. quisquis, quicunque, from qui; ő τι**s κ' ἐ**πίορκον ὀμόσση wboso forswears himself; οὐδεὶs ὄστιε οὕ there is none who does not, i. e. every one; οὐδέν ὅ τι οὕκ everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for os, qui. III. neut. δ τι or ö, ri absol. as Adv. wherefore, for what reason.

όστο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ὀστέον, λέγω) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

όστοῦν, τό, Att. contr. for όστέον.

όστο-φυής, ές, (ὀστέον, φυή) of bony nature.

όστρακεύς, έως, δ, (ὄστρακον) a potter.

όστρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (ὅστρακον) to banish by potsberds, ostracise; see δστρακισμύε.

όστρακίνδα, Adv. (όστρακον) played with potsberds, of a game in which potsherds black on one side and or tails.

όστράκινος, η, ον, (ὅστρακον) like earthenware:

earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

όστρακισμός, δ, (δστρακίζω) banishment by potsherds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

όστρακό-δερμος, ον, (ὅστρακον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

όστρακόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δστράκινος.

"OΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsberd, Lat. testa: the earthen tablet used in voting. 2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware. II. the bard shell of testacea, as smalls, tortoises.

όστρακό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ὅστρακον, χρόα) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

όστρειο-γραφής, ές, (ὅστρειον, γράφω) purplepainted.

όστρεον or -ειον, τό, (ὀστέον) an oyster, Lat. os-II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum. όστ-ώδης, ες, (ὀστέον, είδος) like bone, bony.

όσφραίνομαι, fut. ὀσφρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀσφρόμην, part. δσφρόμενος: Dep.: (ὄζω):—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, δσφραίνεσθαι όδμήν. Hence

όσφραντήριος, a, ov, smelling, that can be smelt.

act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

όσφρέσθαι, aor. 2 mf. of δσφραίνομαι.

οσφρησις, εως, ή, (ὀσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of

όσφρόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δσφραίνομαι.

όσφροντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

'ΟΣΦΥ'Σ, vos, acc δσφύν and δσφύα, ή, the bip, Lat. coxa.

" $O\Sigma XO\Sigma$ , ov,  $\delta$ , =  $\mu \delta \sigma \chi os$  1, a sucker, shoot. a vinebranch.

δτα, Aeol. for  $\tilde{v}\tau\epsilon$ , like  $\pi \dot{v}\tau a$  for  $\pi \dot{v}\tau \epsilon$ .

δταν, for  $\delta \tau$  άν, equivalent to Ep.  $\delta \tau \epsilon \kappa \epsilon \nu$ , ( $\delta \tau \epsilon$ , αν):-Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quandocunque, foll, by subj.

ότε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:—the proper Antec. 1s  $\tau \delta \tau \epsilon$ , sometimes  $\tilde{\epsilon} \nu \theta a$ , or any Adv. of Time. 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quandoquidem. 3. ὅτε μή is used for εἰ μή, unless, except, save when; οὕτέ τεφ σπένδεσκε  $\theta \in \hat{\omega} \nu$ ,  $\delta \tau \in \mu \eta$   $\Delta \iota \dot{\tau} \pi \alpha \tau \rho \dot{\iota}$  nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove. ΙΙΙ. πρίν  $\gamma$   $\delta \tau \epsilon$  ere the time when, before that. 2. €ls őτ€ IV. ἔσθ' ὅτε or KEV against the time when. έστιν ότε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, V.  $\delta \tau \epsilon$  is also used without any sometimes. conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, ore  $\mu \notin V \dots$ ,  $\delta \tau \in \delta \notin \dots$ ,  $now \dots$ ,  $now \dots$ ; sometimes  $\dots$ , sometimes; at one time... at another time...; but

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads | in Il. often answered by άλλοτε, as, ὅτε μὲν κακόs, άλλοτε δ' έσθλόε.

> ότε, neut. of ὅστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of ὅστε. οτέοισιν, Ep. for οἶστισιν, dat. pl. of ὅστιε.

ότευ, Ion. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὅστις.

ότεφ, Ep. for φτινι, dat. of σστιε.

ότεων, Ep. for ὧντινων, gen. pl. of ὅστις.

οτί Εp. όττι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of ootis, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. ότι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English. III ὅτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οἶδ' ὅτι (sub οὕτως ἔχει) I know that ιt ις so; so οἶσθ' ὅτι, ἴσθ' ὅτι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον ὅτι οὕτως ἔχει. οτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like  $\epsilon i \mu \dot{\eta}$ . V. μη ὅτι . . . ἀλλά . . , like μη οπωs and μη ίνα, not that so and so is the case ..., but ..; not only so, but .. , Lat. non modo non . , sed ne quidem ... VI. μη ὅτι alone, without an answering alla, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that ..., not to say that

B. ort, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod. 2 in Ep. sometimes for τούν εκα, therefore. II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep ὅττι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime. Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, ὅτι πλεῖστον χρόνον as long a time as possible; ὅτι πλεῖστοι, Lat. quam 3. with a Subst. plurimi, as many as possible. only in phrase ὅτι τάχος for ὅτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

ο τι, neut. of οστις, anything which; often written ő, τι, to distinguish it from ὅτι, that.

ότιή, Conjunct., (ὅτι) because.

ότινα, Ep. for ὅντινα and ἄτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl of ὅστις.

ότινας, Ep for ούστινας, άστινας, acc. pl. of όστις. ŏ-τις, Ep. and Ion. for ὅστις.

ότλεύω, f. -εύσω, or ότλέω, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure. From

ŏ-τλοs, δ, suffering, distress. (ὅτλοs is formed from τλημι, with o euphon.)

ότοβέω, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From οτοβos, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

ότοτοι, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab! woe! also lengthd. ὀτοτοτοί, ὀτοτοτοτοί.

ότοτύζω, (from ότοτοι, as aláςω from alai) to cry ότοτοι, to wail, lament:—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence 'Οτοτύξιοι, oi, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

ότου, ότω, gen. and dat. sing., ότων, ότοις, gen. and

dat. pl. of δστιs.

ότραλέωs, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. ότραλέος = ότρηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

δτρηρός, ά, ύν, (δτρύνω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous. öτρίχες, nom. pl. of öθριξ.

**ὀτρῦναι**, 20τ. Ι inf. of ὀτρύνω. ότρύνεια, Ep. aor. I opt. of ότρύνω. **ὀτρῦνέμεν**, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω. ότρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of δτρύνω. ότρυνέω, Ep. and Ion, fut. of ότρύνω

ότρυντύς, ύος, ή, Ion. for ότρυνσις, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

'ΟΤΡΥ'ΝΩ [v̄]: impf. ἄτρῦνον Ιου. ὀτρύνεσκον: fut. ἄνῶ Ep. and Ion. ἄνέω: aor. 1 ἄτρῦνα:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:-Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to basten. 2. of animals, to spur, goad, cheer on. 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

**ὅττα, ἡ**, Att. for ὄσσα

όττεο contr. όττευ, Ep. for οὐτινος, gen of ὅστις. δττί, Ep. for ὅτι, that.

**δ ττι**, Ep. for δ τι, neut. of δστιs.

όττοβέω, ὅττοβος, wrong forms for ὀτοβέω, ὅτοβος.

όττομαι, Att. for ὅσσομαι. δτφ, Att. for φτινι, dat. of δστιs.

OΥ', before a vowel with smooth breathing ούκ, before one with rough breathing oux: in Att. also ούχί [t] Ep. ούκί [t]: negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas  $\mu\dot{\eta}$  is used in de-

pendent; οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι it is not good; οὐ δοκεί it seems not. II. où may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative os, after the Conjunctions ότι because, ἐπεί, ἐπειδή since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. où is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by though or since with a verb, but  $\mu \dot{\eta}$  is used when the Participle is expressed by if or unless, as, où hé- $\gamma \omega \nu = \delta \tau_i \ o \dot{\iota} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$ ; but  $\mu \dot{\eta} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega \nu = \epsilon \dot{\iota} \ \mu \dot{\eta} \ \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$ .

greatest. III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by any, even, anywhere, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμοῦ οὐδείs no one ever did it. is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν "Ολυμπον no, by Olympus.

ού is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνυ not

by any means, ούχ ήκιστος not the least, i.e. the

Où in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οῦ νυ καὶ ἄλλοι ξασι; are there not others too? implying that there are. the fut. with ou is used interrog, instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσειs; wilt thou not do it? i. e. do it.

Of takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ην καλδε μέν, μέγαε δ' II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοίε τέθνηκεν οὖτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὕ he is dead to the gods, not to them, no. III. when ob is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody:—if the vowel  $\eta$  precede où, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in † οὐ, μὴ οὐ: so also eyù où.

où, gen. of relat. Pron. 8s, q. v.

ov, Lat. sui, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αύτοῦ, αύτηs, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτηs.

ouá, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. vab! oùal, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. vae, ab! woe! ουάs, aros, τό, poet, for ous, the ear. Hence

οὐἄτόεις, εσσα, εν, with ears, long-eared. with ears or bandles.

ού γάρ, for not. II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, no-wby should you?

οὐ γὰρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μη σκῶπτέ μ' οὐ  $\gamma d\rho d\lambda \lambda' \tilde{\epsilon} \chi \omega \kappa \alpha \kappa \hat{\omega} s$ , which in full would be  $\mu \eta$ σκῶπτέ με· οὐ γάρ σκωπτικῶs, ἀλλὰ κακῶs ἔχω do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

où yap ouv, a negat. answer, why no, certainly not. ου γάρ ποτε, for never.

ού γάρ που, for in no manner.

ουγώ, Att crasis for δ έγώ

οὐδαμά and οὐδαμη, Adv. of οὐδαμόs, nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way. II. m no way, in no wise.

οὐδαμόθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμός) from no place, from no side.

οὐδαμόθι, Adv. (οὐδαμός) poet. and Ion for οὐδαμοῦ, nowhere, in no place: c. gen., οὐδαμόθι τῆς Εὐpώπηs in no part of Europe.

οὐδ-ἄμός, ή, όν, for οὐδὲ ἀμός, not even one, i.e.

οὐδαμόσε. Adv. (οὐδαμός) to no place, no way

οὐδαμοῦ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, nowhere: c. gen, οὐδα- $\mu o \hat{v} \gamma \hat{\eta} s$  in no part of the earth;  $o \hat{v} \delta \alpha \mu o \hat{v} \lambda \hat{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon_i \nu$ , or οὐδαμοῦ ποιεῖσθαί τινα to esteem as naught, Lat nullo loco babere. II. of manner, in no way, not at all

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμός) in no wise.

ΟΥ ΔΑΣ, τό, gen. ούδεος, dat ούδει, ούδει:-the surface of the earth, ground; οδδας όδας έλειν to the floor or pavement in houses - Proverb., έπ' ούδεϊ καθίζειν τινά to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has

οὐ-δέ, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) but not, and not, nor, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ, οὐδέ.. at the beginning of two following clauses, not even . nor yet ..; as, και μην ούδ' ή έπιτείχισιε ούδε τδ ναυτικόν ἄξιον φοβηθηναι and so not even their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing: -οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ξμπεδον οὐδέ τίς άλκή. II. strengthening the negat., not even; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advs., as οὐδ' ήβαιόν, οὐδε τυτθόν, οὐδε μίνυνθα, etc. not even a little, not even for a short space.

ούδ-είς, οὐδε-μία, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμιας, οὐδενός, etc. declined like είς, μία, εν: (οὐδε είς):and not one, i. e. no one, none, no, as Lat. nullus for ne ullus: the neut. obbév is used as Adv., in nothing,

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένεε, gen. οὐδένων, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. o and η οὐδέν (sub. ών, οὖσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc οὐδείs, a nobody, one wbo 4. οὐδὲν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. nibil non, goes for nothing. every, all; so in masc. οὐδεὶs ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέ-κοτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.

οὐδενόσ-ωρος, ον, (οὐδείς, ώρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

ούδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.

οὐδέ-ποτε Ion. οὐδέ-κοτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέ-πω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.

οὐδε-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet. οὐδ-έτερος, α, ον, (οὐδέ, ἔτερος) neither of the two, ΙΙ. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. Lat. neuter. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδ-ετέρως, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways οὐδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowbither.

ούδ' έτι, Adv. and no more, no longer.

ού δή, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.

οὐ δή που or οὐ δήπου, no I surely imagine not. οὐδός, δ, Ion. for δδύς (δ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., έπὶ γήραος  $o\dot{v}\delta\hat{\omega}$  on the threshold or verge of old age.

οὐδός, ή, Aeol. for ὑδύς (ή), a way.

ΟΥ ΘΑΡ, ατος, τό, properly of animals, the UD-DER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὖθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

ούθατα, neut. pl. of οὖθαρ.

οὐθάτιος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (οὖθαρ) of the udder.

ούθ-είs, ούθ-έν, later form for οὐδείs, οὐδέν.

ου θην, surely not, certainly not.

our, for ou before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for ovx) before a rough breathing.

ούκ, crasis of ὁ ἐκ.

οὐκ ἄρα, so not, not then: surely not.

ουκ-έτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.

οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὕκ. [τ]

ουκ-ουν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non 2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? ergo. and so not? like I at. nonne ergo? is it not?

ούκ-οῦν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo. When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of our only remains.

ού-κω or ού κω, Ion. for ούπω, not yet.

ούκ-ων, ούκ-ων, Ion. for ούκουν, οὐκοῦν.

ού-κως or ού κως, Ion. for ούπως, by no means.

où la Att. dal, al, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from oblos, blos, as if οὐλαί or ὀλαί were the whole, unground barleycorns.)

OY'AH', η, a wound bealed or scarred over, a scar. Lat. cicatrix.

ούλιος, a, ov, (οὖλος, ὀλείν) baneful, deadly.

οὐλό-θριξ, - τρίχος, δ, ή, (οὖλος, θρίξ) with curly bair. ούλο-κάρηνος, ον, (οὐλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling bair.

οὐλόμενος, η, ον, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὅλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

**ΟΥ'ΛΟΝ**, τό, mostly in plur οὖλα, the gums.

ούλοός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ , Ep. for  $\dot{\omega}$ λοός.

 $O\Upsilon^{3}\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Ep. and Ion. form of  $\delta\lambda os$ , whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer, ούλος άρτος a whole loaf. 2. of full force, able, substantial. of sound, continuous, incessant; οὖλον κεκλήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleecy, ουλαι κύμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adı. of  $\delta \lambda \lambda \nu \mu \iota_{i} = o \dot{\nu} \lambda \dot{\nu}$ μενος, οὐλούς (for ὀλύμενος, ὀλούς), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χυται, ai, (οὐλαι, χέω) bruised or coarselyground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin

the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley

Ούλυμπος, ό, Ion. for "Ολυμπος: Ούλυμπόνδε for 'Ολυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

ούλω, (οὖλος 1) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well, imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χαίρε, bealth to thee, bail, Lat. salve.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, in truth not, assuredly not ου μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for ου μήν.

ού μεν δή, in truth not, nay verily.

οὐ-μεν-οῦν, for οὐ μὲν οὖν, then not.

ού μέν πως, like ούπως, by no means, in nowise.

ού μέν-τοι, not bowever.

ού μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj. : I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. with aor, subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν έστι or the like, as, οὐ μή ληφθώ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἐστι, μη ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

ού μήν, indeed not, surely not.

οὐ μὴν ἀλλά, also οὐ μὴν ἀλλά καί, nevertbeless, notwithstanding, yet still.

ού μήν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

ού μην ούδέ, nay not even.

ούμός, by Att. crasis for ὁ ἐμός.

OY'N Ion. wv, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech. 2. when a speech has been interrupted, oบีv serves to resume. 3. in repetitions our implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, οὐλἄμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ϵίλϵω) a band or throng of warriors. | ϵί δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὖν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: άλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, certainly, 4. attached to a relat. Pron. but ..., but still . or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις wboever, όστισοῦν whosoever; ὅπως how, ὑπωσοῦν howsoever. οῦνεκα, before a vowel οῦνεκεν, Adv., for οῦ ἔνεκα, on which account, wherefore. 2. the anteced. Tovveka being omitted, therefore since, for that, be-3. after certain Verbs, so far as, bow or so cause. tbat. 4. that, like ὅτι. II. οὖνεκα (in this

sense never οῦνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, on account of, mostly following its case. οῦνεσθε, Ion. for ὅνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὅνομαι. ούνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομαίνω, οὐνομαστός, Ion.

for ὄνομα, ὀνομάζω, etc. out, contr. for & if.

ούξιών, by crasis for ὁ ἐξιών, part. of ἔξειμι exibo. ouπa, Dor. for ouπω.

ού περ or ού-περ, Adv. by no means.

ού πη, Adv. nowbere, in no wise.

ού ποθι, Adv. nowbere.

ου-ποτε Dor. ου-ποκα, Adv. not ever, never. ούποψ, by crasis for δ έποψ.

ού-πω, Adv. not yet, Lat. nondum.

οὐ-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

oũ-πωs, Adv. no bow, in nowise, by no means.

OΥ'PA' Ion. οὐρή, ή, the tail, Lat cauda. generally, the binder parts, the after part of anything; of a ship, the stern. 2. of an army, the rear-guard, rear: the rear-rank; κατ' οὐράν in rear, behind; δ κατ' οὐράν the rear-rank-man; ἐπὶ οι κατ' οὐράν to the rear, backwards.

οὖρα, τά, for οὖροι, ὅροι, boundaries: see οὖρον. οὐρ-αγός, όν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) leading the rear of an army: as Subst., οὐρᾶγόε, ὁ, leader of the rear-guard. ούραιος, a, ον, (οὐρά) in or of the tail; τρίχες οὐpaiat the hairs of the tail. 2. generally, bindward, bindmost, οὐραίοι πόδες the bind feet; τὰ οὐραία the binder parts.

Οὐρἄνία, ή, (οὐρανός) Urania, i.e. the heavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astro-II. epith. of Aphrodite or Venus, the nomy.

beavenly.

Οὐρανίδης, ου, δ, (οὐρανός) son of Uranus: generally, a dweller in beaven, Lat. coelicola, like Οὐρανίων. οὐράνιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (οὐρανός) beavenly, of or in beaven, dwelling in beaven; θεοί οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίωνες, Οὐρανίδαι, Lat. coelites, coelicolae, the dwellers in beaven, beavenly beings. II. coming from beaven, of rain. reaching to heaven, high as heaven. 2. metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ὅσον, like θαυμάσιον δσον, Lat. immane quantum: - neut. pl. οὐράvia, as Adv., vehemently, tremendously.

Οὐράνίων, ωνος, ὁ, (οὐρανός) like Οὐρανίδης, the beavenly one: in plur. Οὐρανίωνες θεοί or Οὐρανίωνες, the gods, Lat. coelites: fem. Oupaviavai.

οὐράνο-γνώμων, ον, (οὐρανός, γνῶναι) skilled in the beavens.

οὐρανό-δεικτος, ον, (οὐρανός, δείκνυμι) sbewn from beaven, shewing itself in beaven.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, from beaven, down from beaven: properly an old gen. of oupavos, and therefore used with Preps, aπ' οὐρανόθεν, έξ οὐρανόθεν.

οὐρἄνόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, in beaven, in the beavens: but οὐρανόθι πρό is for πρὸ οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανόθι is gen. for οὐρανοῦ, as ὅρεσφι for ὅρεοs.

οὐράνο-μήκης, εs, (οὐρανός, μηκος) as high as beaven, reaching to beaven. 2. enormous, stupendous. οὐρἄνό-νικος,ον, (οὐρανός, νικάω) conquering beaven.

OΥ PANO Σ Dor. ώρανός Acol. όρανός, ὁ, heaven, Lat. coelum: in Homer the vault or firmament of beaven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανδε ἀστερόειs the starry firmament. 2. beaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πύλαι οὐρανοῦ Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down. II. as masc. prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.

οὐράν-οῦχος, ον, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) bolding beaven. ούρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of ούροs, Ion. for ύροs, τό, a mountain.

ούρεί-θρεπτος, v. l. for οὐρί-θρεπτος, q v.

ούρειος, η, ον, Ion. for όρειος, (ύρος, τό) of the mountain; Νύμφη οὐρείη a mountain-nymph.

ούρεό-φοιτος, ον, (ούρος, τό, φοιτάω) mountainroaming: - fem. οὐρεο-φοιτάς, άδος.

οὐρεσι-βώτης, ου, ὁ, (οὖρος, τό, βόσκω) poet. for δρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains.

ούρεσί-οικος, ον, (ούρος, τό, οίκέω) mountaindwelling.

οὐρεσι-φοίτης, ου, δ, and -φοίτος, ον, = οὖρεδφοιτος. οὐρεύs, η̂os, ὑ, Ion. for ὀρεύs, a mule.

ουρέω, impf. ἐούρουν: f. οὐρήσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐούρησα: (οὖρον):-to make water.

οὐρῆας, Ep. acc. pl. of οὐρεύς: οὐρήων, gen. pl. ούρησείω, Desiderat. of οὐρέω, to want to make water.

οὐρητιάω, = οὐρησείω.

οὐρίαχος, δ, (οὐρά) the bindmost part, lowest part; έγχεοs οὐρίαχοs the butt-end of a spear.

ούρι-βάτας, ου, δ, poet. for δρειβάτης, mountainwalking.

ούρίζω, Ion. for δρίζω, to bound, limit.

οὐρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (οὖροs) to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosper-II. intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage. οὐρί-θρεπτος,  $\eta$ , ον, (οὖρος, τό, τρέφω) poet. for δρείθρεπτος, mountain-bred.

ούριος, a, ov, also os, ov, (ούρος) with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship. 2. of a voyage. prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:neut. plur. as Adv., ούρια θείν to run before the wind: but έξ οὐρίων δραμεῖν (sub. πνευμάτων), to run with a fair breeze. II. prospering, favouring, propiti-2. οὐρία (sub. πνοή), ή, = οὖροs, a fair wind. ούριο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ούριος, ἴστημι) standing prosperous or secure. [ŭ]

οὐριόω, (οὕριοs) to give to the winds, let flow. οὕρισμα, ατοε, τό, Ion. for ὅρισμα, α boundary line. οὕρνις, by crasis for ὁ ὕρνις.

ΟΥ PON, τό, Lat. URINA, urine.

ούρον, τό, poet. for ούρος, ὅρος, ὁ, a boundary; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκου ούρα πέλουται as far as the boundaries of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of a quoit's throw; (2) ὅσσον τ' ἐν νειῷ οὖρον πέλει ἡμόνοιν τόσσον ὑπεκπροθέων . ἵκετο; and (3) ὅσσον τ' ἐπὶ οὖρα πέλονται ἡμόνων; in which two passages, a certam distance is expressed by οὖρον ἡμιόνοιν and οὖρα ἡμόνων, and the distance meant is that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time. οὖρός, οῦ, ὁ, (εῖρω) a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again.

ΟΥ POΣ, ου, ό, a fair wind, right astern; πέμπειν κατ' οῦρον to send down (1. e. with) the wind, to speed on its way: metaph., οῦρός [ἐστι], like καιρός [ἐστι],

it is a fair time.

OTPOS, ov,  $\delta$ , a watcher, warder, guard. oipos, ov,  $\delta$ , Ion. for opos, a boundary oipos,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau \delta$ , Ion. for opos, a mountain. OTPOS,  $\delta$ , a wild bull, Lat. URUS.

OΥΣ, τό, gen. ἀτός, dat. ἀτί: pl. nom. ἀτα, gen. ἄτων, dat. ἀσίν: Ion. and Ep οὐας, ούατος: Dor. ἀς, ἀτός:—Lat. AURIS, the ear; εἰς οὖς, εἰς ἀτα in or into one's ear, i.e. secretly.

II. an ear or

bandle, of pitchers, urns, etc.

οὐσία, ἡ, (οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition; τὰs ἄπαιδας ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὐσίας her childless state for the future, i. e. her bearing no children for the future.

II. the being, substance, essence of a thing.

οὖτἄ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὖτᾶ, 3 sing. impf., of οὖτάω.

ούταε, imperat. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάζω, f. οὐτάσω: aor. I οὕτάσα: pf. pass. οὕτασμα:—like οὐτάω, to wound; οὕταζον σάκος they bit, sbattered the shield; c. acc. cognato,  $\tilde{\kappa}$ λκος,  $\tilde{\nu}$  με βροτὸς οῦτασεν ἀνήρ the wound which a man struck me withal.

οὐτάμεν, οὐτάμεναι, Ερ. 2011. 2 111f. of οὐτάω. οὕτασται, 3 smg. pf. pass. of οὐτάζω.

οὐτάω, imperat. οὐταε: Ion. impl. οὐτασκον: fut. οὐτήσω: aor. I οὕτησα Ion. οὐτήσασκον: aor. I pass. οὐτήθην:—Ep 3 sing. aor. 2 οὖτά (as if from οὔτημμ), inf. οὐτάμεναι and οὐτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὐτάμενος [α]:—to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile):—Pass., οὐταμένη ἀτειλή the wound inflicted.

οῦ-τε, Adv., and not. II. repeated οῦτε.., οῦτε.., neither.., nor.., Lat. neque.., neque..: but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οῦτε in the first, both not.., and...

ούτερος, Ion for ὁ ἔτερος: neut. τούτερον. οὐτηθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of οὐτάω. οὐτήσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 1 of οὐτάω. οὐτήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of οὐτητήρ.

οὐτητήρ, ηρος, δ, (οὐτάω) one who wounds.

ού-τι, neut. of ούτις.

οὐτίδανός, ή, όν, Att. also ός, όν, (οὕτις) useless, worthless, good for naught.

ού-τι-πω, Adv., for οὕ τί πω, like οὕπω, not at all yet.
ού-τιs, gen. οὕτινοs, no one, nobody, Lat. ne ullus, nullus; neut. οὕ-τι, nothing, Lat. nihil:—neut. also as Adv. by no means, not at all hence II. with changed accent, Οὖτιs, ὁ, acc. Οὖτιν, Noman, Nobody, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

ού-τοι, Adv (οὐ, τοί) indeed not, Lat. non sane. ούτος, αύτη, τούτο, gen. τούτου, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron, this, as opp. to ἐκεῖνοs, the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. bic opp. to ille. II. when opp. to  $\delta\delta\epsilon$ ,  $\delta\hat{v}$ - $\tau$  os generally refers to what has gone before,  $\delta\delta\epsilon$  to what is to follow. III. οὖτοs, αὕτη are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. beus! you there! bollo you! also ovros σύ, beus tu! but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ῶ οὖτος, οὖτος Οιδίπους! ΙΝ. τοῦτο μέν..., τοῦτο δέ..., οτ ταῦτα μέν..., ταῦτα δέ..., stronger than  $\mu \in \nu_{-}$ ,  $\delta \in \cdot$ , on the one band, on the other..; partly.., partly... V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, and that too, and more than that, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικοῦτος and that too being such an one; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one? καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δή ταῦτα, like εἶεν, so much for this, Lat baec bactenus. VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv for this reason, like διά ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν for this reason then, accordingly. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ',  $\vec{ω}$  δεσπότα yes, master. VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτη was also used as Adv., of Place (sub. χώρφ), in this spot, here. 2. of Manner, in this way, 3. in this respect, so far, for the matter of IX. οῦτος is often strengthd. in Att. by the demonstr. τ, ούτοσί, αύτηί, τουτί, gen. τουτουί, nom. pl. ούτοιί, neut. ταυτί, etc., this man bere, Lat. bicce:—before a vowel ι becomes τν, as οὐτοσίν: neut. τουτογί, ταυταγί.

ούτως, before a conson. ούτω, Adv. of ούτος, in this way or manner, so thus, Lat. sic. II. with a qualifying power, so, only so, simply, no more than. III. in wishes, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὰν οὕτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἴην would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as . 2. in protestations, as, ἔγωγ' οὕτως ὑναίμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἀνόρα I, so help nie my children, hate the man. IV. οὕτω μέν..., οὕτω δέ..., parily..., parily..., on the one hand..., on the other..; cf. οὖτος iγ. V. m beginning a

story, ούτω ποτ' ήν μθε καὶ γαλή so there were once oculis, before the eyes; έξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight; upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

ούτωσί, ούτωσίν, = ούτως. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ] oùxi, Adv. for où, not. [ĭ]

ούχινος, by crasis for ὁ ἐχινος.

όφειλέτης, ου, ό, fem. όφειλέτις, ιδος, ή, (όφείλω) a debtor.

όφειλή, ή, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

όφείλημα, τό, (όφείλω) that which is owed, a debt. 'ΟΦΕΙ'ΛΩ, impf. ἄφειλον: fut. ὀφειλήσω: aor. 1 ἀφείλησα: aor. 2 ἄφελον Ion. ὄφελλον Εp. ἄφελλον, οφελλον: pf. ωφείληκα:-to owe, be indebted for, bave to pay: absol. to be in debt:-Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενοs, bounden, due, fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2 ζημίαν όφείλειν to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.: of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινί to owe one an ill turn. II. to be under an obligation, to be bound to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ἄφελον, I ought..., of what one has not done; ἄφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εύχεσθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this aor, comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, την ὄφελ' έν νήεσσι κατακτάμεν 'Αρτεμι would that Diana had slain her! Lat. utinam eam interfecisset! properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction είθε Ep. αίθε, as, αίθ' ὄφελες άγονος έμεναι Ο that thou badst been unborn! είθ' ὤφελ' 'Αργούε μη διαπτάσθαι σκάφος would that the Argo bad not sped through: also with ώs, ώs ὄφελον or ὤφελλον O that I bad .! also with negat., μη ὄφελες would thou III. of anything binding upon us, badst not.. 1 esp. in Pass.; πασιν ήμιν τουτ' οφείλεται παθείν this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πασιν ήμιν κατθανείν οφείλεται, Horace's debemur morti, we must all pay the debt of nature.

**ΌΦΕ΄ΛΛΩ**, Ερ. for δφείλω, impf. ὤφελλον or ὄφελλον, to owe: Pass., χρειός μοι ὀφέλλεται a debt II. to be obliged, bound. is due to me.

'**ΌΦΕ'ΛΛΩ**, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. 1 ἄφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. ὀφέλλειεν:-poet. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply words; δφέλλειν τινά τιμή to raise one in honour, Lat. bonore augere: generally, to belp, make to thrive :- Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

**ὄφελον,** Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

όφελος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) advantage, help, profit, usance; c. gen., των ὄφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i. e. who were of no use; so, ő τι ὄφελος στρατεύματος what was really serviceable of the army.

όφθαλμία, ή, (ὀφθαλμόs) a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia. όφθαλμιάω, (όφθαλμία) to have the ophthalmia, to bave sore eyes.

δφθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of δφθαλμός. [Υ]

όφθαλμο-δουλεία, ή, (όφθαλμός, δουλεία) eye-service. **όφθαλμός,** οῦ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) the eye; ἐε ὀφθαλμούς ναι τὰς ὀφρῦς to smoothe or unknit the brow.

κατ' ὀφθαλμούs to one's face. II. like ouua and ανθοs, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; δφθαλμός στρατιαs the flower of the army, as we say, the apple of the eye. III. in Persia, δφθαλμοί βασιλέως, the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects

όφθαλμό-τεγκτος, ον, (όφθαλμός, τέγγω) wetting

the eyes.

όφθαλμ-ώρυχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ὀρύσσω) tearing out the eyes.

όφθαλμώς, Dor. for ὀφθαλμούς. όφθείς, aor. I pass part. of ὁράω. όφθηναι, aor. I pass inf. of ὑράω.

όφθήσομαι, fut pass. of ὁράω.

όφίεσσι, Ep. for ὕφισι, dat. pl. of ὄφιs. όφιο-βόλος, ον, (όφις, βαλείν) serpent-slaying.

όφιό-πους, ποδος, (ύφις, πούς) with snakes for legs. "ΟΦΙΣ, gen εωs Ion. 10s, ô, a serpent, snake.

όφι-ώδης, εs, (ὄφις, είδος) of serpent shape, snaky. όφλειν, aor. 2 act. mf. of δφλισκάνω.

ὄφλημα, ατος, τό, (ὀφλείν) a debt or a fine incurred in a lawsuit, damages.

όφλήσω, fut. of όφλισκάνω.

όφλισκάνω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὤφληκα: aor 2 ὧφλον, inf. ὀφλείν, part. ὀφλών .--to owe, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλείν οτ δφλισκάνειν, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause; 25, όφλων άρπαγής τε καί κλοπής δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, θανάτου δίκην όφλισκάνειν to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, ὀφλισκάνειν ἀστρατείαs (sub δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving; absol to be cast, be found guilty, convicted: also, ζημίαν όφλειν to incur a penalty. II. generally, of anything one brings on oneself; γέλωτα οι αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, δειλίαν οφλισκάνειν to incur the charge of cowardice; μωρίαν ὀφλισκάνειν τινί to bring on oneself the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

όφλών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλισκάνω.

"OPPA", Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat ut. Adv of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while: until.

όφρύη, ή, Ion. for όφρύs, the brow or edge of a bill. [v

όφρυόεις, εσσα, εν, (όφρύς) on the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

'ΟΦΡΥ'Σ, ύος, ή; acc. ὀφρύν later ὀφρύα; acc. pl. δφρύαs, ὀφρῦs:—the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or pride; as, τds οφρύε ανασπάν to draw up the eyebrows in token of grief; ταs όφρῦς συνάγειν to knit, contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύειν and μεθιέτινοε before one's eyes or face; έν δφθαλμοῖε Lat. in | δφρύε, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity: scorn,

11. metaph. the brow of a bill, the edge | of a cliff, a beetling or overhanging crag.

όφρθs, contr. for όφρύαs, acc. pl. of όφρύs.

οχα, (έχω) Ep. Adv. by far, enunently, always with Sup. αριστος: later εξοχα.

οχάνη, ή, and οχάνον, τύ, (οχέω, έχω) the bandle of a shield, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arin.

όχέεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἀχέω.

όχέεσσι, Ep. for ὅχεσι, dat. pl. of ὅχοs.

οχεία, ή, (ὀχεύω) a covering, of the horse.

οχεσφι, -ιν, Ep. for οχεσι, dat. pl. of τὸ οχος. οχετεύω, f. σω, (οχετός) to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct:-Pass.,

ύδωρ ὀχετευόμενον water carried off by a canal. όχετ-ηγός, όν, (όχετός, άγω) drawing off water by a conduit of canal.

όχετός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὀχέω) a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a

2. metaph. a channel or means of escape. οχεύs, gen έως Ion. η̂os, δ, (ἔχω) any fasten-I. the band or strap for fastening the belmet ing: 2 in pl the clasps of the belt. under the chin. a bolt which fastened the door within.

οχευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀχεύω) a stallion: a lewd person οχεύω, f. σω, (οχέω) to ride: of male animals, to cover.

οχέω, f. ήσω, (οχος, δ) collat. form of έχω, as φορέω of φέρω, to bear, endure, support, bold, φρουράν ὀχείν to keep watch. 2. to let ride, mount. Pass., with fut. med. ὀχήσομαι, to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσίν, ϊπποισιν όχεισθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc. hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. vebi, to drive, ride, sail; èn' άγκύρας όχεισθαι to ride at anchor.

όχῆα, Ep. acc. of ἀχεύs: ἀχῆες, nom. pl.

 $\delta$ χημα, τό,  $(\delta \chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  that which bears or supports, a support, stay. II. a carriage, a chariot, Lat. vebiculum: also a vessel, ship.

οχθέω, f. ήσω, to be beavy laden: metaph. to be beavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at beart; ωχθησαν they were beavy at beart. (From αχθομαι, as ἀχέω from έχω)

"OXOH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , older form of  $\ddot{o}\chi\theta os$ , any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river of trench, dyke, etc.; also, crags by a river. Hence

οχθηρόs, ά, όν, raised, billy.

 $\delta \chi \theta o s$ , δ, later form of  $\delta \chi \theta \eta$ , rising ground, a bill. δχλέω, = μοχλεύω, to beave or move by a lever :-Pass. to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες απασαι όχλεῦνται (Aeol. for δχλοῦνται) all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.

οχλέω, f. ήσω, (ἄχλος) to disturb by a mob or tumult; generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.: absol. to be troublesome.

οχληρός, ά, όν, (όχλέω) troublesome, importunate.

 $\dot{\delta}$ χλίζω, f.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ σω,  $=\dot{\delta}$ χλ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω,  $\dot{\delta}$ χλε $\dot{\epsilon}$ υω, to move or beave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.

όχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ὀχλίζω.

όχλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (ὄχλος, ποιέω) to make a riot; οχλοποιείν την πόλιν to set the city in an uproar. 'ΟΧΛΟΣ, b, a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. turba, opp. to  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$  (the people in a constitutional sense). noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. turba: -generally, disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity

 $\dot{c}$ χλ-ώδης, εε, contr. for  $\dot{c}$ χλο-ειδήε, ( $\ddot{c}$ χλοε, ε $\ddot{l}$ δοε) like a mob, turbulent, rioious; τὸ όχλωδες troublesomeness, turbulence.

οχμα, ατος, τό, (έχω) a hold, fastening. Hence οχμάζω, f. άσω, to grip, bold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.

οχνη, ή, a wild pear, late form of σγχνη.

 $\delta \chi os$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , ( $\tilde{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ ) a chartot, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὅχεσφι, ὅχεσφιν, for ὅχεσι.

όχος poet. ὅκχος, ου, ὁ, (ἔχω) that which holds; νηῶν ὄχοι places to bold ships, i. e. harbours, road-II. that which bears, a carriage, chariot, steads. car; but, οχοι ἀπήνηs bearers of the chariot, i. e the wheels.

οχυρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\ddot{\epsilon}\chi\omega)$  like  $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\nu\rho\dot{\omega}$ , firm, lasting, stout, strong: esp of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable, of a fortress or the like

όχυρόω, f. ώσω, (όχυρόs) to make fast, fortify. Hence

οχύρωμα, ατος, τό, a stronghold, fortress.

όχυρωs, Adv. of όχυρόs, firmly, strongly. ὄχωκα, by metath. for ὄκωχα, perf of ἔχω.

όψ, ή, gen. ὀπόs, dat. ὀπί, acc. ὅπα (εἰπεῖν, ἔποs) II. a discourse, word.

όψ-āμάτης  $[μ\bar{a}]$ , ου, δ, νος. ὀψ $\bar{a}μ\hat{a}τa$ , (ὀψέ, ἀμάω) one who mows till late at even, cf δψαρότηs.

 $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ ψ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ νον, τό, ( $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ ψομαι) =  $\ddot{\mathbf{o}}$ ψι $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{a}$  sight, vision.

όψάριον, τό, Dim. of όψον, esp. fisb: a small fisb όψ-αρότης, ου, ό, (όψέ, ἀρόω) one who ploughs late,

cf. ὀψαμάτης.

'OYE', Adv. after a long time, at length, late, Lat. sero; οψε μανθάνειν to learn too late. 2. late in the day, at even, opp to \powi: late in the season; όψε hv it was late: c. gen., όψε της ημέρας late in the day, Lat. serum diet: also, όψε των Τρωικών long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. δψιαίτερον later; Sup δψιαίτατα, latest.

όψείω. Desiderat. of ὁράω, formed from fut. όψομαι, to wish to see.

όψεσθαι, fut. inf. of δράω.

όψι, Aeol. for ὀψέ.

όψία (sub. ωρα), ή, properly fem. of όψιοs, the latter part of the day, evening, often joined with δείλη. Opp. to δρθρος: see δείλη.

όψιαίτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of όψιος:

see ỏ√é.

όψί-γονος, ον. (όψέ, γενέσθαι) late-born, after-born, born in a later age. 2. of a son, late-born, born in 3. later-born, i. e. younger. [t] one's old age. όψτέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of όψιος.

οψίζω, f. ίσω, (οψϵ) to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.

όψί-κοιτος, ον, (όψέ, κοίτη) going late to bed, late

watching or wakeful.

όψτμαθέω, f. ήσω, to learn late or too late. From όψι-μαθής, ές, (όψε, μαθείν) late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, c. gen.

οψτιος, ον, (ὀψέ) poet. for όψιος, late, slow, tardy:

τέρας ὄψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.

δψ(-voos, ον, (δψ ξ, νόοs) late of thought, inobservant. όψιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\partial\psi\dot{\epsilon})$  late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρώιος. -Att. Comp. δψιαίτερος, α, ον, Sup. δψιαίτατος, η, ον: Neut. ὀψιαίτερον, -τατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of δψέ. The forms δψιέστερος and δψιέστατος also occur.

όψις, gen. εωε Ion. ιος, ή, (ύψομαι) a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition: -- όψις οἰκοδομημάτων a sbow of buildings. 2. outward appearance, look: the face, visage. II. the power of sight or seeing, eyesight. 2. a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; απικέσθαι ès ὄψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.

 $\dot{\phi}$ **ψ** $\dot{\iota}$ - $\dot{\tau}$ **έλεστοs**, ον,  $(\dot{o}$  $\psi$ **έ**,  $\tau$ ελέω) late of fulfilment, to

be late fulfilled.

ὄψομαι, fut. of ὁράω, formed from \*ὅπτομαι.

 $\delta$ ψον, τό, ( $\tilde{\epsilon}$ ψω) properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesb. II. anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὄψον ποτῷ, α zest or relish to drink. III. generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, of πόνοι όψον τοι̂s άγαθοι̂s labour is a sauce to good things. any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties. ٧. at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians. 2. the market-place, esp. the fish-market. όψοποιέω, Dep. (όψοποιόs) to dress meat delicately:

Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence όψοποιία, ή, the art of cookery: and

όψοποιϊκόs, ή, όν, of or for delicate cookery.

όψο-ποιός, όν, (όψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὀψοποιόs, δ, a cook.

όψο-πόνος, ον, (όψον, πονέω) dressing food elabo-

όψοφαγέω, f. ήσω, (όψοφάγος) to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence

όψοφαγία, ή, dainty living: eating delicacies.

όψο-φάγος, ον, (όψον, φάγειν) eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., δψοφάγοs, δ, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. δψοφαγίστεροε, δψοφαγίστατοι.

όψ-ωνέω, f. ήσω, (όψον, ωνέομαι) to buy or purvey

fish: generally, to buy victuals. Hence

όψώνιον, τό, properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.

## П

II, π, πî, indecl.: sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral  $\pi' = 80$ , but  $\pi = 80,000$ .

Changes of  $\pi$ : it is often interchanged with  $\beta$ , as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀφικ-, ἀπηγέεσθαι for ἀφηγ-; and so before an aspirate,  $\pi$  was retained by the Ion., e.g.,  $\dot{\alpha}\pi'$ ήμων, ὑπ' ὑμων for ἀφ' ἡμων, ὑφ' ὑμων. Ion. Prose,  $\pi$  becomes  $\kappa$  in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κως όκως κοίος όκοιος κόσος όκόσος for πως ύπω**ς ποίος όποίος ὅσος όπ**όσος. used for μ, as ὅππα for ὅμμα, πεδά for μετά. in Aeol, and Dor, π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρόs VI.  $\pi$  is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e. g. ὅππη, ὅππωs, ὑπποῖοs, ὑππόσος for ὅπη, etc. VII. Poet.,  $\tau$  is sometimes inserted after  $\pi$ , esp. in  $\pi \tau \delta \lambda \iota s$ ,  $\pi \tau \delta \lambda \epsilon \mu o s$  for  $\pi \delta$ - $\lambda \iota s$ ,  $\pi \delta \lambda \epsilon \mu o s$  with their derivatives.

 $\pi\hat{a}$ ,  $\pi\bar{a}$ , Dor. for  $\pi\hat{\eta}$ ,  $\pi\eta$ .

παα, Lacon. for πάσα.

πāγά, Dor. for πηγή.

παγγενέτειρα, ή, mother of all. From  $\pi$ αγ-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, ( $\pi$ âs, γενέσθαι) father of all.  $\pi \alpha \gamma - \gamma \lambda \tilde{\upsilon} \kappa \epsilon \rho \acute{o} s$ ,  $\acute{a}$ ,  $\acute{\upsilon} \upsilon$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s, \gamma \lambda \upsilon \kappa \epsilon \rho \acute{\upsilon} s)$  sweetest of all.

παγ-γλωσσία, ή, (πâs, γλωσσα) wordiness. πάγείς, είσα, έν, 201. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.

πάγεν [ă], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγετός, ὁ, (πάγος) frost, ice.

 $\pi \alpha \gamma \epsilon \tau - \omega \delta \eta s$ ,  $\epsilon s$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \gamma \epsilon \tau \delta s$ ,  $\epsilon \delta \delta s$ ) frosty, icy-cold. πάγη [ă], 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

 $\pi \dot{\alpha} \gamma \eta \ | \ddot{\alpha} |$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \gamma \hat{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota)$  anything that fixes or bolds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the toils used in fowling: a fowling-net. 2. metaph. a snare, stratagem

πάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.

παγίδεύω, f. σω, (παγίε) to lay a snare for, entrap. πάγιος, a, ov, (πἄγῆναι) fixed, firm, solid, steadfast. Adv. -ίωs, firmly, steadily.

 $\pi \bar{a} \gamma i s$ ,  $i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi a \gamma \hat{\eta} \nu a \iota)$  like  $\pi \dot{a} \gamma \eta$ , a snare, trap, gin: - άγκυρα παγίε νεων the anchor which holds ships

like a trap.

From

παγ-καίνιστος, ον, (πα̂s, καιν δs) all new or fresb. πάγ-κάκος, ον, (πâs, κακός) quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιστος. Adv. παγκάκωs, all miserably.

πάγ-κάλος, ον, (πᾶς, καλός) all-beautiful, all-good. παγκαρπία, ή, an offering of all kinds of fruit.

πάγ-καρπος, ον, (πα̂ε, καρπόε) of or consisting of

all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit. παγ-κάτάρατος, ον, (πας, καταράομαι) all-accursed. παγ-κευθής, έε,  $(\pi \hat{a} s, \kappa \epsilon \hat{v} \theta \omega)$  all concealed.

act. all-concealing.

πάγ-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (πᾶε, κλαίω) alllamented, most woeful. II. act. all-tearful.

παγκληρία, ή, a sole inheritance, full possession. From

πάγ-κληρος, ον, (πᾶς, κληρος) held in full possession. πάγ-κοινος, ον, (πᾶς, κοινός) common to all.

παγ-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (πῶς, κοίτη) giving rest to all; θάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.

παγ-κόνιτος, ον. (παs, κονίω) covered all over with dust; ἄεθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.

παγ-κράτής, ές,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \kappa p \hat{\alpha} \tau o s)$  all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.

παγκράπιάζω, f. σω, to perform the exercises of the pancratum.

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτήs) a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.

παγ-κρότως, Adv. (πα̂s, κρότος) sounding all at once,

of rowers who keep good time.
πάγος, δ, (πάγηναι) a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky bill: δ "Αρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens. [ἄ]

πάγος, δ, (πάγηναι) anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost. [ά]

πάγ-ουρος, δ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) a kind of crab.

παγ-χάλεπος, ον, (πας, χαλεπός) very difficult and dangerous. Adv. -πως.

παγ-χάλκεοs and πάγ-χαλκοs, ον, (πâs, χαλκόs) play. all-brasen, all of brass.

πάγ-χρηστος, ον, (πας, χρηστός) good for all work. πάγ-χριστος, ον, (πας, χριστός) all-anointed; πάγ-χριστον πειθούς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγ-χρύσεος, ον, and πάγ-χρύσος, ον, (πâs, χρυσόs) all gold, of solid gold.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

πάγχο, Adv. (πâs, πâν) Ion. for πάνυ, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.

**πάγῶ**, 2 or. 2 subj. pass. of πήγνυμι.

παδάω, Dor. for πηδάω.

πάθε [d], Ep. for ἐπαθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω. πάθειν Ep. πάθέειν, aor. 2 inf of πάσχω. Hence πάθη [d], ή, anything that befals one: suffering, misfortune.

πάθημα, ατος, τό, = πάθος, a suffering, misfortune; τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to

lcarn by.

πάθησθα, Ep. 2 sing. 2 or. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω. πάθητός, ή, όν, (παθεῖν) baving suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer.

πάθος, εος, τό, (πάθείν) anything that befals one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity.

2. a passive condition: a passion, affection.

3. an incident.

πάθω [α], aor. 2 subj. of πάσχω.

πάθών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πάσχω. παῖ, Ερ. πάϊ, vocat. of παῖs. Παιάν, ανος, δ, Ep. and Ion. Παιήων, ονος, later Παιών, ωνος, Paeon or Paean, the physician of the gods; Παιήονος γενέθλη the race of Paeon, i. e. physicians. 2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ifiε Παιάν; also to his son Aesculapius. 3. a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer. II. as appellat. παιάν Ion. παιήων, a paean, i.e. a choral song, a bymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Ilai-2. a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song. 3. any solemn song or chant. pl., παιήονες paean-singers. Hence

maiavila, f. σω, to chant the paean, sing a song of

triumph.

Παιάων, ονος, ο, Dor for Παιήων. [a]

παίγμα, ατος, τό, (παίζω) play, sport; λωτοῦ π. flute-playing.

παιγνιά,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , (παίζω) play, sport, a game, pastime. II. a feast, festival.

παιγνια-γράφος, ον, (παιγνιά, γράφω) writing sportive poetry.

παιγνιήμων, ον, gen ονος, (παιγνιά) fond of a joke. παίγνιον, τό, (παίζω) a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. deliciae, a darling. II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακά παίγνια, roguish cheats. III a sportive poem: merry noise.

παίγνιος, ον, (παιγνιά) sportive, droll, done in

παιγνι-ώδης, εε, (παιγνιά, είδος) playful, sportive, merry; το παιγνιωδες playfulness.

παιδιάγωγείον, τό, (παιδαγωγός) a school-room. παιδάγωγέω, f ήσω, (παιδαγωγός) to attend boys:

to lead like a child, to train, educate. Hence παιδάγωγία, ή, an attending boys, education:—attendance.

παιδ-ἄγωγός, όν, (παῖς, ἄγω) attending or training boys: as Subst., παιδαγωγός, ό, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.

παιδάριον, τό, Dim. of παîs, a young child, a little boy or girl.

II. a young slave.

παίδδω, παιδδοάν, Lacon, for παίζω, παίζειν.

παιδεία, ή, (παιδεύω) the rearing or bringing up of a child: tenching, education, discipline, correction. II. youth, childhood. III. bandiwork.

malδειος, ον, (παι̂s) childish, concerning or suited to children; υμνοι παίδειοι hymns sung by the boys.

παιδεραστέω, f. ήσω, to love boys. From παιδ-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (παῖς, ἐράω) a lover of boys.

παιδεραστία, ή, (παιδεραστέω) love of boys. παίδεσσι, Ep. for παίσι, dat. pl. of παίδ.

παίδευμα, ατος, τό, (παιδεύω) that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil. II. that which is taught, lesson.

παίδευσις, ή, (παιδεύω) a rearing, training, education. II. a place of teaching, school; ή ήμετέρα πόλις Έλλάδος παίδευσις our city is the school of | παιδοτρίβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to Greece.

παιδευτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an educator, instructor.

a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. Ι ἐπαίδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα: -- Pass., aor. Ι ἐπαιδεύθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παι̂s): -to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; δ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαίδευτο: - Med. to bave any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or 4. to correct, chasten. inure to a thing.

παιδήιος, η, ον, Ion. for παίδειος.

παιδιά, âs, ἡ, (παίζω) child's play, sport, pastime: a game

παιδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ων, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. deliciae. ΙΙ. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ή, όν, (παι̂s) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. puerilis. 2 playful, sportive. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παι̂s, a young child.

a young slave. παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl. παιδίσκη, ή, Dim. of παιs (ή), a young girl, maiden, II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, δ, Dim. of δ παίς, a young son, boy, lad. παιδνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , also  $\delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \alpha i \zeta \omega)$  childish, silly, II. as Subst.  $\pi \alpha \iota \delta \nu \delta s$ ,  $\delta = \delta \pi \alpha i s$ , a boy, lad: παιδνή, ή, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παι̂s, \*γένω) begetting chil-II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παι̂s, κομέω) to take care of a child. παιδο-κόραξ, ακος, δ, (παις, κύραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder children. From παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παι̂s, κτείνω) child-murdering. παιδ-ολετήρ, ηρος, δ, and παιδ-ολέτωρ, opos, δ, (παίε, ὅλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολέτειρα and παιδόλετις, ιδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖε, λύμη) destroying chil-

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παι̂ε, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, oi, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ήσω, (παιδοποιόε) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαιδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιία, ή, a begetting or bearing of children. παιδο-ποιός, όν, (παι̂ς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παι̂ε, πείρω) through which a child

παιδοσπορέω, f. ήσω, to beget children. From παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τρίβης, ου, δ, (παι̂ς, τρἴβηναι) a trainingmaster for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτρίβου in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [7] Hence

παιδοτρίβικός, ή, όν, of or fit for a training-master ot bis art. Adv. -κω̂s, like a gymnastic master.

παιδό-τριψ, ϊβος, ό, (παις, τριβήναι) a slave ibat attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ήσω, (παιδοτρύφος) to rear children. Hence

παιδοτροφία, ή, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παι̂ς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst, παιδοτρύφος, ή, a mother.

παιδό-τρωτος, ον, (παι̂ς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδ-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (παι̂s, έργον) = παιδοποιέω.

παιδουργία, ή, a begetting children: also of the wife berself

παιδοφίλέω, f. ήσω, to be fond of boys. From παιδο-φίλης, ου,  $\delta$ , (παις, φιλέω) fond of boys. παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παι̂s, \*φένω) killing children; συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a son; παιδοφόνον αίμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖs, φορέω) to waft away a boy. παίζω, f παίξομαι οτ παιξουμαι, rarely παίξω, aor. I ἔπαισα and ἔπαιξα: pf. πέπαικα:-Pass, aor. I έπαίχθην: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμαι: (παίs).-to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. to play at a game; σφαίρη οτ σφαίραν παίζειν to play 4. to play (on an instrument). make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing.

transit to treat jocosely. Παιηόνιος, a, ov, also fem. Παιηονίς, ίδος, (Παιήων) bealing.

6.

παιήσω, fut. of παίω to strike.

Παιήων, ονος, δ, Ion. for Παιάν, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παιήων as appellat. for παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

 $\Pi$ αιήων, ονος, ό, ή, as Adj. =  $\Pi$ αιηύνιος.

παίκτης, ου, ο, (παίζω) a dancer or player. παίξομαι or παιξούμαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπάλη, ή, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. pollen: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [a] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπαλόειs, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙ Σ, παιδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παίδων Dor. παιδων; dat. pl. παισί, παίδεσσι: the Ep. preferred the dıssyll. nom. πάϊs, vocat. πάϊ: I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παι̂s παιδός a child's 2. periphr., Λυδών παίδεε sons child, grandchild. of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. of Age, a child: παι̂ε, δ, a boy, youth, lad; παι̂ε, ή, a

maiden, girl: - ἐκ παιδόε, ἐκ παίδων from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. puer, & or \$\eta\$, a slave, servant.

πάις, δ, Ep. for παιε.

παίσατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of παίζω. παίσδα, Dor. for παίδα, acc. of παίs.

παίσδω, Dor. for παίζω

παιφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦA-, the Root of φαίνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, palpitate.

 $\Pi AI'Ω$ , fut. παίσω and παιήσω: aor. I έπαισα: pf. πέπαικα:---Pass., aor. Ι ἐπαίσθην: pf πέπαισμαι:-to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαίσατο τον μηρόν be smote bis thigh. 2 to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away 4. to bit II intr. to strike against, to bard in speaking. dash against or upon, Lat. illido.

Παιών, ῶνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, Paeon, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, beal-II. like παιάν, a solemn song or chant. in Prosody, a paeon, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll, with four variations, -----

0-00, 00-0 and 000-.

Παιωνιάς, άδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω,  $f \sigma \omega$ , = παιανίζω, to raise the Paean.

Παιώνιος, a, ov, (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, bealing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ή, Παιωνιάς, άδος, ή, and Παιωνίς, ίδος, ή, with and without  $\tau \in \chi \nu \eta$ , the healing art, medicine:  $\tau \dot{a}$ Παιώνια a festival of Paeon.

παιωνισμός, ό, = παιανισμός, a chanting of the paeanπακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτή, etc.

πακτόω, f. ώσω, (πακτύε) to fasten, make fast or close; δωμα πακτούν to make fast the house. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3 to bind fast.

ΠΑ ΛΑ ΘΗ, ή, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [Ad]

ΠΑ'ΛΑΙ, Adv long ago, in olden time, of old. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp to the present: also τὸ πάλαι

πάλαι-γενής, ές, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλαί-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής. $\pi \delta \lambda \alpha \mu o \nu \epsilon \omega$ ,  $f \eta \sigma \omega$ ,  $= \pi \alpha \lambda \alpha \epsilon \omega$ , to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ές, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιό-γονος, ον, = παλαίγονος.

πάλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ, ορος, δ, (παλαιός, μήτηρ) ancient mother.

 $\pi d\lambda a i \acute{o} - \pi \lambda o u \tau o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\pi a \lambda a i \acute{o} s$ ,  $\pi \lambda o \hat{u} \tau o s) = d\rho \chi a i \acute{o} - d\rho \chi a i \acute{$ πλουτοs, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νεύπλουτο».

πάλαιορ-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιός, ρίζα) with aged roots  $\pi$ āλαιός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha \iota)$  old, aged. of olden time; of παλαιοί the ancients; παλαιός χρόvos time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιοῦ from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-bonoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαίτερος, παλαίτατος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιτέρου from the older time. Hence

πάλαιότης, ητος, ή, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

παλαιό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

πάλαιόω, f.  $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$ , (παλαιώs) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. anuquare :- Pass. to become obsolete.

πάλαισμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge

πάλαισμοσύνη, ή, (παλαίω) poet. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

πάλαιστή, ή, = παλάμη, the palm of the band. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches)

πάλαιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. metaph, a trickster, cunning fellow

πάλαιστιαῖος, a, ον, (παλαιστή) a falm long of

παλαιστικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (παλαιστ $\dot{\eta}$ s) of or for wrestling. παλαίστρα, ή, (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestlingschool · generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [1], ov, o, presiding over the palaestra. παλαίτερος and παλαίτατος, irreg Comp. and Sup. of παλαιύs, formed from the Adv πάλαι.

πάλαί-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith, of ancient oracles. II spoken of long ago, III. primitive, ancient, olden legendary

πάλαί-χθων, ονος, δ, ή, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land · as Subst, παλαίχθων, δ, an old inbabitant, Lat. indigena.

 $\pi$ **aλαίω**, f αίσω: aor. I ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. luctare. II metaph to wrestle with. struggle against .- Pass to be wrestled with. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat laborare. πάλαμάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):--to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα παλαμήσασθαι to plan

a daring deed

ΠΑ ΛΑ'ΜΗ, ή, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμηφι, παλάμηφιν: - the Lat. PALMA, the palm of the band, the band : metaph. force of band, violence, murder. metaph a device, skilful plan or method, means, con-2. a thing made by art, an instrument. trivance.

πάλαμναίος, ό, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suffliant not yet

burified. II. the avenger of blood.

παλαξέμεν, Fp for παλάξειν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.  $\pi \delta \lambda \dot{\alpha} \sigma \iota o v, \tau \dot{v}, = \pi \alpha \lambda \dot{\alpha} \theta \eta.$ 

πάλάσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. πεπάλαγμαι: (πάλλω): - to besprinkle .- Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 plqpf.) the II. brain was scattered about. II. to shake the lots in a belmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρον πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

πάλαστή, ή, and παλαστιαίος, α, ον, more correct

forms for παλαιστή, παλαιστιαίοs.

ΠΑΛΕΥΩ, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds. παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ή, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. lucta; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ή, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, Lat. pollen: hence παιπάλη.

πάληναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ă]

πάλιγ-γενεσία, ή, (πάλιν, γένεσιs) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

πάλίγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλώσσα) doubletongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

πάλιγκάπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail.

From

πάλιγ-κάπηλος, δ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

**πάλιγκοτος**, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. recrudescens. II. metaph. malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλίγκοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οὶ παλίγκοτοι adversaries.

πάλίγ-κραιπνος, ον, (πάλιν, κραιπνός) very swift. πάλιλλογέω, f. ήσω, to say again, reiterate. From πάλίλ-λογος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

πάλίμ-βάμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards. πάλιμ-βλαστής, ές, (πάλιν, βλαστεῖν) shooting up again.

παλιμβολία, ή, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλίμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

πάλιμ-μήκης, εs, (πάλιν, μῆκοs) as long again: generally, very long.

πάλίμ-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, (πάλιν, παίς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

πάλιμ-πετής, έε, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ - Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλιμπετέε as Adv. back, back again.

πάλίμπλαγκτος, ον, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

πάλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. 1 part. παλιμπλαγχθείε: to wander back.

πάλιμ-πλάνής, έε, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

πάλίμ-πλύτος, ου, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vamped up.

II. act. vamping up old wares.

πάλιμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποινή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλίμποινον requital, retribution.

πάλιμ-πους, ποδος, ό, ή, (πάλιν, πούς) going back, returning.

πάλιμ-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

πάλίμ-φημος Dor. -φάμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) dissonant, discordant.

πάλιμ-οδής, ές, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

IIΑ'ΛΙΝ, Αdv. back, backwards; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυ-γατέρος ης she went back from her daughter.

πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν ἐρεῦν to say to the contrary, i. e. gain-say; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man

II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

πάλιν-άγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, άγρεω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled; έπος οὺ παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word.

revocavie word.

πάλιν-αυξής, ές, (πάλιν, αύξω) growing again.

πάλίν-αυτόμολος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

π**āλιν-δίνητοs**, ον, (πάλιν, δῖνέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. <math>[α]

πάλινδρομέω, f. ήσω, (παλινδρύμοs) to run back again. Hence

πάλινδρομία, ή, a running back, going backwards. παλιν-δρόμος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμείν) running back again, recurring.

παλι-νηνεμία, ή, (πάλιν, νήνεμος) a returning calm. πάλιν-όρμενος, η, ον, rushing back: cf sq

πάλίν-ορσος Att. -ορρος, ον, (πάλιν, ὕρνυμαι)
bastening or darting back. II recurring, inveterate.

 $\pi \check{a} \lambda \check{i} v - \sigma \kappa \check{i} o s$ , o v,  $= \pi a \lambda \check{i} \sigma \kappa \iota o s$ .

πάλίν-σοος, ov, safe again, recovered.

πάλιν-στομέω, f. ήσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again. πάλίν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

πάλίν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith, of the bow, παλίντονα τόξα, I of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to hun to discharge the arrow with more force. 2. of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

πόλιν-τράπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλίντροπος. πόλιν-τράβής, ές, (πάλιν, τριβήναι) rubbed again and again: bardened, obdurate, villainous.

πάλίν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. retortus.

II. turning back.

III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

πάλιν-τύχής, έε, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

πάλιν-φδέω, f. ήσω, (πάλιν, φδή) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence πάλινφδία, ή, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΙΌΥΡΟΣ, ή, a kind of thorny shrub, rhammus

paliurus.  $\pi \tilde{\mathbf{a}} \lambda \tilde{\mathbf{t}} \text{ovpo-$\phi \delta pos}$ , ov,  $(\pi \epsilon \lambda \tilde{\mathbf{t}} \text{ovpos}, \ \phi \epsilon p \omega)$  with a bandle of paliurus-wood.

πάλιρ-ρόθιος, a, ον, (πάλιν, βόθος) back-flowing; κῦμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, cbbing and flowing.

πάλιρ-ροθος, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθοε) ebbing and flowing.
παλίρροια, ή, (παλίρροοε) the reflux of water, backwater, ebb.

παλίρ-ροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλίρροος.

παλίρ-ροος, ον, contr παλίρρους, ουν, (πάλιν, βέω) flowing backwards, refluent: ebbing and flowing. II. metaph. returning on one's bead, retributive.

παλίρ-ροπος, ον, (πάλιν, βέπω) sliding back, sinking. παλί-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) shadowed over, gloomy, dusky.

πάλίσ-σύτος, ον, (πάλιν, σεύω) rusbing burriedly back; δρόμημα παλίσσυτον a backward course.

πάλ-(ωξις, ή, (πάλιν, lωκή) a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally.

πάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) concubinage.

Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλαs) the statue of Pallas.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) of or sacred to Pallas παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) to keep as a concubine.

παλλακή, ή, (πάλλαξ) a concubine.

παλλακίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = \pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \alpha \xi_{i}$ , a concubine.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ή, a concubine, Lat. pellex, opp. to

the lawful wife (ἄκοιτις, ἄλοχος).

Παλλάs, άδος [α],  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πάλλω) Pallas, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάs Άθήνη or Παλλάs Άθηναίη, but later used alone, = Άθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, δ, Pallas, masc prop. n. πάλ-λευκος, ον, (πᾶν, λευκός) all white.

ΠΑ'ΛΛΩ: aoτ. ἔπηλα Ερ. πῆλα: Ερ. aoτ. 2 part. πεπάλών (in compd. ἀμπεπαλών):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμα: Ερ. 3 sing aoτ. 2 pass. πάλτο:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself. 2 κλήρους πάλλειν to shake the lots together till one leapt forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots.

II. πάλλο, intt. like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake.

παλμός, δ, (πάλλω) intr. a quivering: the beating

of the heart or pulse.

πάλος,  $\delta$ , (πάλλω) the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; ἀρχὰς πάλω ἄρχειν to hold public offices by lot.

πάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.

παλτόν, τό, anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerreed: properly neut. from παλτός. παλτός, ή, όν, (πάλλω) brandished, hurled.

παλύναs, aor. I part. of παλύνω.

πάλύνω, f. ὄνῶ: 20τ. I ἐπάλῦνα: (πάλλω):—to strew or scatter upon. II. to bestrew, besprinkle. πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) property.

παμ-βασίλεια, ή, (πâs, βασίλεια) queen of all, all-powerful queen.

παμ-βδελυρός, ά, όν, (πα̂ς, βδελυρός) all-loathsome or abominable.

παμ-βίαs, ου, δ, (πα̂s, βία) all-subduing. πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πα̂s, βόσκω) all-nourisbing. παμ-βῶτις, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (πα̂s, βώτης) all-feeding, all-nourishing.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πᾶε, μάταιοε) all-vain, all-useless. πάμ-μἄχος, ον, (πᾶε, μάχη) all-conquering, triumphant. II. = παγκρατιαστήε

παμ-μέγας, –μεγάλη, –μεγα, (πας, μέγας) very great. παμ-μεγέθης, ες, (πας, μέγεθος) of enormous size.

παμ-μέλας, αινα, ἄν, (πᾶς, μέλας) all black. παμ-μήκης, ες, (πᾶς, μῆκος) very long, prolonged. πάμ-μηνος, ον, (πᾶς, μήν) through every month,

through the live-long year.
παμ-μήτειρα, ή, = παμμήτωρ

παμμήτις, ιδος, ό, ή, (πας, μήτις) all-knowing, allplanning.

παμ-μήτωρ, opos,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (π $\hat{a}$ s, μ $\dot{\eta}$ τηρ) mother of all. Il. altogether a mother, a very mother

παμ-μίαρος, ον, (πâs, μιαρόs) all-abominable.

παμ-μἴγής, έs, (πα̂s, μιγῆναι) all-blended, all-confounded, promiscuous.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πâs, μικρός) very small.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμιγής.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πᾶς, μόρος) all-bapless.

παμ-μῦσαρός, ά, όν, (πᾶς, μύσος) = παμμίαρος. πάμπαν, Adv. (πᾶς) like πάνυ, quite, wholly, alto-

gether; οὐ πάμπαν not at all, by no means.

παμ-πειθής, ές, (πᾶς, πείθω) all-persuasive. παμπήδην, Adv. (πᾶς) like πάμπαν, entirely, totally. παμ-πησία, ή, (πᾶς, πέπᾶμαι) entire possession.

παμπληθεί, Adv. with the whole multitude. From παμ-πληθής, ές, (πας, πληθος) of or with the whole multitude. II very numerous. III. neut. παμπληθές as Adv entirely.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πᾶς, πλήσσω) in which all kinds of blows are inflicted.

παμ-ποίκίλος, ον, also  $\eta$ , ον, (πâs, ποικίλος) allvariegated, of rich and varied work.

πάμ-πολις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\pi \acute{o} \lambda \iota s)$  prevailing in all cities, universal.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολυ, (πα̂s, πολύs) very much, very great, and in pl. very many: — neut. πάμπολυ as Adv. very much.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πᾶς, πονηρός) all-depraved, utterly base or bad.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πᾶς, πορφύρα) all-purple. παμ-πότνια, ἡ, (πᾶς, πότνια) all-venerable.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πα̂s, πρέπω) all-conspicuous, splendid, refulgent.

παμπρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, πρῶτος) the very first, first of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., first of all. παμ-φἄής, ές, (πᾶς, φάος) all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent. Adv. -ως.

παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, to shine or beam brightly: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημι; πρώτον παμφαίνων, of a star first rising.

παμφάνόων, fem. -όωσα, gen. -όωντος, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφάνάω) all-sbining, bright-beaming, glistening.

παμ-φάρμακος, ον, (π $\hat{a}$ s, φάρμακον) skilled in all charms or simples.

παμ-φεγγής, έs, (παs, φέγγος) all-shining, resplen-

πάμ-φθαρτος, ον, (πας, φθείρω) all-destroying. πάμ-φλεκτος, ον, (πας, φλείγω) all-burnt, all-blazing. πάμ-φορβος, ον, also η, ον, (πας, φορβή) all-feeding. παμ-φόρος, ον, (πας, φερω) all-bearing, all-produc-

ive. II. bearing all things with it.

πάμ-φῦλος, ον, (πα̂s, φυλή) of all tribes or sorts. πάμ-φωνος, ον, (πα̂s, φωνή) with all tones, full-toned generally, expressive.

παμ-ψηφεί, Ådv. (πᾶs, ψῆφοε) with all the votes. πάμψῦχος, ον, (πᾶs, ψυχή) in all life, in full possession of life.

πâv, neut. of πâs.

**Háv**, gen.  $\Pi \bar{a} \nu \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , Pan, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—plur.  $\Pi \hat{a} \nu \epsilon s$ , = Lat Fauni.

πάν-αβρος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀβρύς) quite or very soft. παν-ἄγής, ές, (πᾶς, ἄγος) all-ballowed, Lat. sacro-

παν-άγρετος, ον, (πα̂ς, άγρέω) all-catching.

πάν-αγρεύς, ϵως, δ, (πâs, δγρϵω) one wbo catches everything.

πάν-αγρος, ον, (πâs, άγρα) catching all.

πάν-άγρυπνος, ον, (πâs, ἄγρυπνος) quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.

παν-άγυρις, Dor. for πανήγυρις

Παν-αθήναια (sub. lερά), τά, (πας, 'Αθήνη) the Panathenaea, two festivals of the Athenians, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence Παναθηναϊκός, ή, όν, of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenaea.

παν-άθλιος, α, ον, (πα̂s, ἄθλιος) all-wretched.

πάν-αιγλήεις, εσσα, εν, (πᾶς, αἴγλη) all-sbining. πάν-αιθος, η, ον, (πᾶς, αἴθω) all-blazing.

παν-αίολος, ον, (πας, αίόλος) all-variegated, glittering, glancing.

II. metaph. manifold.

πάν-αισχρος, ον, (πας, αισχρύς) utterly ugly or sbameful: Sup. παναίσχιστος.

πάν-αίτιος, ον, (πα̂s, αἰτία) the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp to μεταίτιοs.

παν-άκεια,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (π $\hat{a}$ s,  $\hat{a}$ κοs)  $\hat{a}$  panacē $\hat{a}$ , universal remedy: also πανάκη,  $\hat{\eta}$ .

παν-αλάστωρ, opos, δ, (πα̂s, ἀλάστωρ) an allavenging genius.

πάν-ἄληθής, έε,  $(π \hat{a} s, \dot{a} \lambda \eta \theta \eta s)$  quite true: all too true. Adv.  $-\theta \hat{\omega} s$ , all truly.

παν-αλκής, έs, (παs, άλκή) all-powerful.

πάν-άλωτος, ον, (πᾶς, άλωτός) all-catching, all-encompassing. [ἄ]

πάν-άμερος, -αμέριος, Dor. for παν-ήμερος, -ημέρος.

παν-άμμορος, ον, (πâs, ἄμμορος) without any share in. II. all-luckless.

παν-άμωμος, ον, (πα̂ε, άμωμοε) all-blameless.

παν-ἄοίδιμος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀοίδιμος) sung by all. παν-άπἄλος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) all-tender or delicate

παν-απενθής, ές, (πα̂ς, α privat., πένθος) wholly without grief, sorrowless.

παν-απήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πας, ἀπήμων) all-barmless, all free from burt.

παν-άποτμος, ον, (πας, αποτμος) all-bapless.

παν-άργυρος, ον, (πâs, άργυρος) all of silver.

παν-άρετος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) all-virtuous. παν-άριστος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄριστος) best of all.

παν-αρκέτας, gen. fem of πανάρκετος, all-sufficing, all-powerful.

πάν-αρμόνιος, α, ον, (πᾶς, άρμονία) embracing all modes or tones, of full compass.

2. barmonising with all, all-barmonious.

πάν-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) all-powerful, ruling all. παν-ατρεκής, ές, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) all-exact, infallible πἄν-ἄφῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, ΄πᾶς, ἀπό, ἡλιξ) all away from the friends of one's youth.

πāν-άφθῖτος, ον, (πâs, άφθιτος) all-imperishable.

πάν-άφυκτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄφυκτος) all-inevitable. πάν-άφυλλος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄφυλλος) all-leafless.

Παν-αχαιοί, oi, = πάντες 'Αχαιοί, all the Achaians. παν-άχραντος, ον, (πας, άχραντος) all-unstained. παν-αώριος, ον, (πας, άωρος) all-untimely, doomed

to an all-untimely fate. παν-δαισία, ή, (πᾶs, δαίs) a complete banquet, a

banquet at which nothing fails
παν-δάκρῦτος, ον, (πᾶς, δακρύω) all in tears, all-

tearful. II. all-bewept, most lamentable.

παν-δαμάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πᾶς, δαμάω) all-subduer. [ἄ] παν-δαμεί, Dor for πανδημεί.

πάν-δεινος, ον, (πᾶς, δεινός) all-dreadful, frigbtful.
πανδελέτειος, α, ον, (Πανδέλετος) knavisb like Pandeletus.

παν-δερκέτης, ου, masc. Adj. and πανδερκής, ές,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \delta \hat{\epsilon} \rho \kappa o \mu a \iota)$  all-seeing observing all.

παν-δημεί and -δημί, Adv of πάνδημος, with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse

πανδημία, ή, the whole people: in dat. πανδημία as Adv, altogether. From

mav-δήμιοs, ον, (πâs, δημοs) of all the people, hence public, general, common.

πάν-δημος, ον, (πας, δημος) of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πάν-δημος πόλις the whole body of the city.

Πάν-δια (sub. lepá), τά, (πâs, Δίs gen. Διόs) a fes-

tival of Jupiter in Athens.

πάν-δίκος, ον, (πα̂ς, δίκη) all-righteous Adv. παν-δίκως, all-justly.

**Πανδτονίs**, ίδο**s**, ή, fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow. II. (sub  $\phi \nu \lambda \dot{\eta}$ ), one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.

παν-δοκείον, τό, a bouse for the reception of strangers, an inn. From

παν-δοκεύς, έως, ό, = πάνδοκος, a bost: hence fem. παν-δοκεύτρια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a bostess.

παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a bost, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πα̂ς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp receiving guests, bospitable: - as Subst, πάνδοκος, ό, an innkeeper, bost.

πανδοξία, ή, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From  $\pi \dot{\alpha} v$ - $\delta o \dot{\xi} o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s$ ,  $\delta \dot{\phi} \dot{\xi} a)$  all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πα̂ς, δοῦλος) all a slave, an utter

 $\pi a v \delta o v \in \hat{l}o v$ ,  $\pi a v \delta o v \in \hat{u}s$ , etc., v.  $\pi a v \delta o \kappa - c$ .

πάν-δυρτος, ον, poet, for πανύδυρτος, (πα̂ς, ὕδυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δύσία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πâs, δύω) the total setting of a star.  $\pi$ aν-δώρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi$ âs, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the II. as fem. prop n, Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

 $\pi \dot{\alpha} v - \delta \omega \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\delta \hat{\omega} \rho o v)$  all-giving, all-bounteous.  $\pi \vec{\alpha} \vec{v} - \epsilon \lambda \vec{\epsilon} \vec{\upsilon} \theta \epsilon \rho o s$ ,  $o \vec{v}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} s, \vec{\epsilon} \lambda \vec{\epsilon} \vec{\upsilon} \theta \epsilon \rho o s)$  entirely free. Παν-έλληνες, οί, = παντες Έλληνες, all the Hellenes

or Greeks

παν-επήρατος, ον, (πα̂ς, ἐπήρατος) all-lovely.  $\pi \alpha v - \epsilon \pi i \sigma \kappa \circ \pi \circ s$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s, \hat{\epsilon} \pi i \sigma \kappa \circ \pi \hat{\epsilon} \omega)$  all-surveying. παν-επ-όρφνιος, (πα̂s, ἐπί, ὄρφνη) all night long. π**αν-εργέτηs**, ου, ὁ, (πâs, ἐργάτηs) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (πα̂s, έρημοs) all-desolate.

παν-έσπερος, ον, (πας, έσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

 $\pi \alpha v - \epsilon \sigma \tau \cos \sigma v$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s, \epsilon \sigma \tau i \alpha)$  with the whole household παν-έτης, εs, (παs, έτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάνετες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εύτονος, ον, (παs, εύτονος) much-strained, very

 $\pi \acute{a}v - \epsilon \acute{\phi}\theta os$ , ov,  $(\pi \acute{a}s$ ,  $\acute{\epsilon}\phi \theta \acute{o}s)$  quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

παν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυρις) to keep or attend apublic festival; πανηγυρίζειν ès πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

παν-ηγυρικός, ή, όν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγοs), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. -κωs, pompously. From

παν-ήγυρις Dor. πανάγυρις, εως,  $\dot{η}$ ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πας, άγυρις Aeol, for άγορά):an assembly of a whole nation, esp, for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγύρις πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πάν-ημαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day. πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole

day in a thing.

 $\pi \bar{\alpha} v - \eta \mu \epsilon \rho \cos \alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha v$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s, \dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha)$  lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηθε πανημερίη a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long. neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

παν-ήμερος, ον, (πα̂s, ημέρα) doing all the day | παν-οπλίτης, ου, δ, a man in full armour. [τ]

long; πανήμερος μολείν to be a whole day in coming: neut, πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day. παν-θελκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρου,  $\hat{o}$ , fem. –κτειρα,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\pi \hat{a}$ υ,  $\theta \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \omega$ ) charmer of all.

παν-θηλής, ές, (πας, τέθηλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑ'ΝΘΗΡ, ηρος, δ, a panther, Lat. panthēra.

παν-θυμάδον, Adv. (παs, θυμόs) in high wrath. πάν-θύτος, ον, (πâs, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πανικός, ή, όν, (Π $\hat{a}$ ν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δείμα), τύ, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan

 $\pi a v - i \mu \epsilon \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\pi a s$ ,  $i \mu \epsilon \rho o s$ ) all-lovely, all-desired. [7]

πανίσδομαι, Dor. for πηνίζομαι.

 $\Pi \vec{a} \vec{v} \cdot \vec{l} \vec{\omega} \vec{v} = \vec{v} \vec{a} \vec{v} \vec{v} \vec{v} \vec{v} \vec{v} \vec{v}$ , the whole body or community of Ionians; their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple. ΙΙ. τὰ Πανιώνια (sub. lepá), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λώβητος, ον, (πᾶs, λωβάομαι) all-disfigured, bideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίε) to celebrate a festival II. to watch or do anything the liveby night. long night, παννυχίζειν την νύκτα to spend the livelong night.

παννυχικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \nu \nu \nu \chi is)$  of or for a vigil.

 $\pi \alpha \nu - \nu \dot{\nu} \chi \cos$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega \nu$ , Att. also os,  $\omega \nu$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s, \nu \dot{\nu} \xi)$  all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night;  $\pi \alpha \nu \nu \nu \chi i \eta \nu \eta \hat{\nu} s \pi \epsilon \hat{i} \rho \epsilon \kappa \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu \theta \nu \nu$  the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νυχίς, ίδος, ή, (πας, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

 $\pi \dot{\alpha} v - v \dot{\nu} \chi o s$ , o v,  $= \pi \alpha v v \dot{\nu} \chi \iota o s$ : neut. pl.,  $\pi \dot{\alpha} v v v \chi \alpha$  as Adv., the livelong night.

πάν-όδυρτος, ον, (πα̂ς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, alllamentable.

 $\pi \alpha v - o(t) \dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , gen.  $\dot{v}$ os,  $(\pi \hat{\alpha} s, o(t) \dot{v})$  all unbappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and -οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

παν-οικία Ion -ίη (παs, οίκοs) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the bouse, bousebold and all.

παν-οίμοι, Interj. (πα̂s, οἴμοι) ob utter woe! παν-όλβιος, ον, (πας, όλβιος) truly bappy, with un-

alloyed bappiness.

παν-ομίλει, Adv. (πα̂s, ὅμιλοs) in whole troops. παν-όμματος, ον, (πâs, ὅμμα) all eyes.

 $\pi dv$ -óμοιος Ep. -ομοίζος [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], ov, ( $\pi ds$ ,  $\delta \mu o los$ ) exactly like.

παν-ομφαίος, δ, (παs, δμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πανοπλία, ή, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a beavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence

πάν-οπλος, ον, (πâs, ὅπλον) in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

παν-6πτης, ου, δ, (πας, όψομαι) the all-seeing.
πάν-ορμος, ον, (πας, όρμος) always fit for landing.
πανός, δ, Aeol. for φανός, (φαίνω) a torch, beacon.
πανουργέω, f. ήσω, (πανοῦργος) to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue; όσια πανουργεῖν to do a holy deed in an unboly way. Hence

πάνούργημα, ατος, τό, a knavish, rognish act. πάνουργία, ή, (πανουργέω) villany, knavery, trickery: in plut. knavish tricks.

πάνουργιππαρχίδας, ου, ὁ, (πανοῦργος, ἴππαρχος) a captain of rascals: οτ = πανοῦργος Ἱππαρχιδης, knave Hipparchides.

παν-ούργος, ον, (παν, ἔργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villanous, treacherous: as Subst., παν-ούργος, ό, ἡ, a knave, villain, rogue; πανούργον, τό, = πανουργία — Sup. πανουργότατος, most rascally.— Adv. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. -ότατα.

π**αν**-όψιο**s**, ον, (πâs,  $\~{o}$ ψιs) seen by all, epith. of a spear.

παν-σἄγία, ἡ, (πâs, σάγη) = πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πανσαγία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σέληνος, ον, (πα̂ς, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full; ὥρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ἡ πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ἡ αὕριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πάν-σεμνος, ον, (πᾶς, σεμνός) very stately. πάν-σκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) all-surveying. πάν-σοφος, ον, (πᾶς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise. πάν-σπερμος, ον, (πᾶς, σπέρμα) composed of all

sorts of seeds.

παν-στοάτια Ιου. -ιη (πα̂s. στοατός) dat. used

παν-στράτιᾳ Ion. -ιῆ, (πα̂s, στρατόs) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατιᾶs occurs), with the whole army.

πάνστδία Ion. -ίη, (πας, σεύω) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυδία in use, with all speed. πάν-συρτος, ον, (πας, σύρω) swept together from

every side, accumulated.

παντᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

π**ἄντακ** $\hat{\eta}$ , Adv., Ion. for π**αντ** $\alpha \chi \hat{\eta}$ .

παν-τάλαs, αινα, αν, (παs, τάλαs) all-wretched.
παντάπασι, before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (παs) entirely,
wbolly, altogether: in replying it affirms strongly, by
all means, undoubtedly.

παντάρβη, ή, name of a precious stone.

παντ-αρκής, ές, (πᾶς, ἀρκέω) all-prevailing. παντ-άρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, ου, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) ruler of all.

πάντ-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) all-ruling, absolute. παντάχη, Ion. παντακή, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way. II. of Manner, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντάχόθεν, Adv. (πῶs) from all places or sides. παντάχοῦ, Adv. (πῶs) in all directions, every way. παντάχοῦς, Adv. (πῶs) to all places, every way. παντάχοῦ, Adv. (πῶs) everywhere. παντάχως, Adv. (πα̂s) in all ways.

mav-rehis, is, (mas, rihos) all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act. all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελῶς Ion. -έως, Adv, also παντελές, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πασι, dat. pl. of παs.

παν-τευχία, ή,  $(\pi \hat{a}s, \tau \epsilon \hat{v} \chi o s) = \pi a \nu - o \pi \lambda i a$ , complete armour; ξύν οι έν παντευχία in full armour.

πάν-τεχνος, ον, (πᾶς, τέχνη) assisting all the arts. πάντη Dor. παντᾶ, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere, on every side, every way.

II. in every way, by all means; οὐ πάντη not quite.

πάν-τιμος, ον, (πα̂ς, τίμη) all-bonourable.

παντό-γηρως, ων, gen. ω, (πα̂s, γη̂ραs) making all old, enfeebling all.

 $\pi$ αντο-δάής, ές, ( $\pi$ âs, \* $\delta$ άω) all-knowing.

παντοδαπόs, ή, όν, (πâs) of every kind, of all sorts, manifold. Adv. -πῶs, in all kinds of ways. πάντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶs) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πâs) everywhere.

παντοίος, α, ον,  $(π\hat{a}s)$  of all sorts or kinds, manifold; παντοίοs γενέσθαι to take all shapes, 1 c. to try expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίωs, Adv. in every kind of way.

παντο-κράτωρ, ορος,  $\delta$ , (π $\hat{\alpha}$ s, κρ $\tilde{\alpha}$ τ $\hat{\epsilon}$ ω) all-mighty. παντ-ολίγοχρόνιος, ον, (π $\hat{\alpha}$ s,  $\delta$ λιγοχρόνιος) utterly short-lived.

πάν-τολμος, ον, (πᾶς, τόλμα) all-daring, sbameless. παντο-μισής, ές, (πᾶς, μῖσος) all-bateful.

παντο-πάθής, έε, (πα̂ς, παθείν) all-suffering. παντο-πόρος, ον, (πα̂ς, πόρος) all-inventive.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, ου, ό, (πας, όψομαι) all-seeing.

πάντοσε, Adv. (πᾶs) in all ways, every way. παντό-σεμνος,ον,(πᾶs, σεμνύs) all-reverend, august. πάντοτε, Adv. at all times, always.

παντό-τολμος, ον, (πας, τόλμα) all-daring. παντ-ουργός, όν, (πας, ξργον) = πανουργος.

παντο-φάγος, ον, (πᾶε, φαγεῖν) all-devouring. παντό-φυρτος, ον, (πᾶε, φύρω) all-confused, com-

πάν-τροπος, ον, (πᾶς, τρέπω) utterly routed. παν-τρόφος, ον, (πᾶς, τρέφω) all-nourisbing.

πάντως, Adv. (παs) wholly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in nowive, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino non. II. in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.

πάνδ, Adv. (πâs) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino. 2. very, very much, exceedingly. 3. δ πάνυ with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; ol πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; δ πάνυ Περικλῆs the famous Pericles. II. in answers, yes by all means, certainly. [ἄ]

παν-υπείροχος, ον,  $(π \hat{a}s, \dot{v}π \epsilon iροχοs)$  eminent above is used like  $\dot{v}π \dot{o}$ , Lat. a or ab, by, with pass. Verbs to all.

 $\pi \bar{a} v - \bar{v} \pi \epsilon \rho \tau \bar{a} \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\eta$ , o v,  $(\pi \hat{a} s$ ,  $\hat{v} \pi \epsilon \rho \tau \bar{a} \tau \sigma s)$  uppermost; bighest of all.

 $\pi \alpha \nu$ -votatios,  $o\nu$ , and  $\pi \alpha \nu$ -votatos,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , ( $\pi \hat{a}s$ , ὕστατοs) last of all.

πανωλεθρία, ή, utter destruction, utter ruin. From παν-ώλεθρος, ον, (πα̂ε, ὅλεθρος, ὅλλυμι) utterly ruined, destroyed, undone. 2. in moral sense, utterly abandoned. II. act. all-destructive, allruinous.

 $\pi \mathbf{d} \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{\omega} \mathbf{\lambda} \eta \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\epsilon \mathbf{s}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{a} \mathbf{s}, \delta \lambda \lambda \nu \mu \iota)$  utterly ruined, de-2. in moral sense, utterly alandoned. stroyed. act. all-destructive.

παν-ωπήεις, εσσα, εν, (πα̂s, ωψ) visible to all.  $\pi \dot{\alpha} v$ - $\omega \rho o s$ , o v,  $(\pi \dot{\alpha} s$ ,  $\ddot{\omega} \rho a)$  in every season.

πάξ, Lat. pax! bush! still!

πάξαι, πάξαιμι, Dor. for πήξαι, πήξαιμι, aor. I inf.

and opt. of πήγνυμι.

ΠΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, f πάσομαι [ā]: aor. ι ἐπᾶσάμην: pf. πέπāμαι, mf. πεπασθαι: Dep :—to get, acquire, Lat. potior:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to bave in possession.

πάπαι, Interp of suffering, Lat vae! ob! alas! of surprise, ab!

παπαιάξ, lengthd. for παπαί.

Παπαίοs, δ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαί, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάζω, (πάππαs) to call papa, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling papa.

παππαίαs, ου, ό, Dim. of πάππαs, dear little papa. ΠΑ'ΠΠΑΣ, ov, o, papa, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, mamma, of μήτηρ.

παππίδιον, τό, = παππίαs. [τ]

 $\pi a \pi \pi i \zeta \omega$ , =  $\pi a \pi \pi a \zeta \omega$ .

ΠΑ'ΠΠΟΣ, δ, a grandfather.

παππώοs, a, ov, (πάπποs) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him

πάπραξ, akos, δ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasia. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνοισα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙ'ΝΩ, fut. ἄνῶ; aor. ι ἐπάπτηνα:—to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly. II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω

πάπυροs, δ and ή, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for πάρα in sense of πάρεστι.

ΠΑΡΑ' Ep. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: Radical sense, beside:

I. WITH GENIT. from beside, from alongside of, whether of Place or Person: metaph. issuing, derived, proceeding from; παρ' ξαυτοῦ διδόναι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, παρά

denote the agent, as, παρά τινου τυφθήναι to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons Lat. apud and coram; παρ' έμοί, Lat. me judice, before me; παρά Δαρείφ κριτή before Darius as judge; παρ' έωυτφ at one's bome, Lat. apud se.

I. of Place, running along, III. WITH Accus, beside. 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of 3. going by, leaving on one side; mapa persons. την Βαβυλώνα παριέναι to go part Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark; παρά δύναμιν beyond one's strength: contrary to, against; mapa μοίραν contrary to destiny; παρά δύξαν contrary to 4. beside, beyond, except; οὐκ ἔστι παρά ταῦτ' ἄλλα besides this, there is nothing else; so, παρά έν πάλαισμα έδραμε νικᾶν 'Ολυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; mapa µiκρόν, παρ' ολίγον within little, i.e. well-nigh, almost; παρά πολύ by much; παρά τοσοῦτον by so much; παρ' ὅσον by how much, Lat. quatenus;—so, παρά μικρὸν ήλθεν ἀποθανείν he came within a little of dying; παρά τοσούτον κινδύνου έλθείν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i.e to escape danger by 5. in comparison wib; αὐτὸς παρ' ξαυτόν so little. himself compared with himself; παρ' οὐδέν ἐστι it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing; παρ' οὐδὲν ἡγεῖσθαι to consider as nothing: - also, παρ' ἡμέραν day as compared with day, day by day; παρά τὰ ἄλλα (ça ώσπερ θεοί οἱ ἄνθρωποι βιοτεύουσι men as compared with all other animals live like gods; παρά τους άλλους πονείν to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. more than the rest. II. of Time, during; παρά τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Hapa may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written πάρα: so also when it stands for πάρειμι οτ πάρεστι.

Παρά absol, As ADV, near, together, at once.

In Compos., παρά retains its chief usages as I. alongside of, beside, as in παρά-κειμαι. Prep., παρ-έζομαι. II. from one to another, as in παρα-III. passing by, as in παρ-έρχοδίδωμι, παρ-έχω. μαι, παρ-οίχομαι. 2. metaph. swerving aside, i.e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also, contrary to, against, as in παρ-αίσιοs. IV. of alteration or change, as in παρά-φημι, παρα-πείθω.

παραβάθηναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of παραβαίνω. παρα-βαίνω, f.  $-\beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu \alpha i$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \eta \kappa \alpha$ , part.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon}$ βώς Ep. παρβεβαώς: 2 ατ. 2 παρέβην:—to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat. pass beside or beyond, i.e. to overstep, transgress; & παραβάs the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I πάρεβάθην [ἄ], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, to be transgressed or offended against. III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: ου με παρέβα it escaped me not. IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν ές or πρός τὸ θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βακτρος, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as ' of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, ον, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Baccbanal. παρα-βάλλω, f.  $-\beta$ ἄλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2 παρέβάλον: pf.  $-\beta$ έβληκα : -Pass., aor. I - εβλήθην : pf. -βέβλημαι : -to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. objicere, projicere: to bold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. objicere. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, bazard, stake: - Med, to expose oneself to danger; έμην ψυχην παραβαλλύμενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war; so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. side by side, so as to compare one with another:-Med, παραβαλλόμενοι vying with one another: Pass, άπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another. III. to bring to the side of : esp in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι την άκατον to bring the boat alongside; and absol in aor. 2 imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land. IV. to throw or turn sideways; όμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye V. to deposit with one, sideways, i. e. to squint. VI. to deceive, betray. VII. entrust to him. intr. in Act. to come near, approach 2 to pass over by sea, like Lat. trajicio

παραβάς, ασα, άν, 20r. 2 part. of παραβαίνω.

παράβασις Ερ. παραίβασις, εως, ή, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression. II. the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παραβάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (παραβαίνω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside from one to another. II. a transgressor, in poet, form mand. the chartoteer. παρβάτης.

II. to be gone beyond, sur-

passed.

παραβέβασμαι, pf. pass. of παραβαίνω.

παραβέβασθαι, pf. inf. pass. of παραβαίνω.

παραβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραβαίνω.

παρα-βιάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep.:-to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a nation. side look; παραβλέπειν θατέρω to wink with one

2. to see wrong.

παραβλήδην, Adv. (παραβόλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήδην άγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i.e. maliciously, invidiously.

παράβλημα, ατ $\sigma$ s, τό, (παραβάλλω) something bung beside, a curtain or screen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρα-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: aor. 2 παρέμολον: pf. παραμέμβλωκα Ep. παρμέμβλωκα:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παραβλητέος, α, ον, and παραβλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παραβλώψ,  $\hat{\omega}$ πο**s**, δ, ή, (παραβλέπω) looking side-

ways or askance, squinting.

παρα-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to παρα-βοηθέω, f ήσω, to come to belp another: absol. come to the rescue.

παραβολεύομαι, Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run bazard

παραβολή. ή, (παραβάλλω 11) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: bazarding: of persons, venturesome, reckless. of things, bazardous, perilous.

παρα-βουλεύομαι, Dep to shew disregard. παράβυστος, ον, (παραβύω) stuffed in.

παρα-βύω, f σω, to stuff in, insert  $[\bar{v}]$ 

παραγαγείν, aor 2 inf of παράγω

παραγγελία, ή, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's parti-3. instruction, doctrine. From

 $\pi \alpha \rho \cdot \alpha \gamma \gamma \in \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\alpha \gamma \gamma \in \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\pi \alpha \rho \dot{\gamma} \gamma \gamma \in \lambda \alpha$ : pf. askance; παραβάλλειν τὼ ὀφθαλμώ to cast both eyes παρήγγελκα: pass. παρήγγελμα: -to pass an announcement from one to another II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. imperium per manus tradere :also to give the word of command, give orders:-2 generally, to recommend, exhort. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. imperare frumentum: τὰ παραγγελλύμενα orders given. Ill. also to encourage, cheer on. IV. to summon to one's belp, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παράγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement passed II. an order, word of com-III. instruction.

 $\pi$ αράγγελσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi$ αραγγέλλω) an announcing. II. παραβάτός poet. παρβατός, ή, όν, (παραβαίνω) in war, a giving order, giving the word of command. παρα-γεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:-Med. to taste slightly of a thing.

> παρα-γηράω, f. άσομαι, to be the worse for old age. παρα-γίγνομαι later -γίνομαι  $[\bar{i}]$ : fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 παρεγενόμην:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support. things, to be at band, to come, bappen, belong to. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's desti-2. to come to maturity.

> παρα-γιγνώσκω later -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: 201. 2 παρέγνων: -to decide beside the right, i. e. to

decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, άγκάλη) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace. παρ-αγκωνίζομαι, Dep. (παρά, άγκών) to push aside with the elbows, elbow.

παραγνούs, παραγνώναι, aor 2 part. and inf. of παραγιγνώσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατος, τό, (παραγράφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

παραγράφή, ή, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφή).

παρα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf pass. παραγέγραμμαι, to bave a thing written by the side: to bave a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment; absol, παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφή.

παρα-γυμνόω, f. ώσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph.

to lay open, disclose.

παρ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 - ήγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past.

2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line.

II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense.

2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert.

III to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness.

IV. to bring in stealthly.

V. intrais, to pass by, fass on one's way: pass away.

Hence

παράγωγή, ή, a leading by or past, carrying across.

2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line.

3 a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash in coming out of the water.

III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρα-δακρύω, f ύσω [v], to weep beside or along with.
παρα-δαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομα: 201. 2 παρέδαρθον
Ερ. παρέδραθον, iiif. παραδραθέειν:—to sleep beside or by

παράδειγμα, τό, (παραδείκνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example;  $i\pi l$  παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρα-δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make an example of,

make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματώδης, ες, (παράδειγμα, είδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward.

2. to represent as so and so, to represent, pourtray.

3. to band over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go with out one's dinner.

παράδεισος, δ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagent for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take or receive from ano'ber, to bave by right of succession, as hereditary.

2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do.

3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλόω, f. ώσω, to disclose by a side bint. παρα-διακονέω, f. ήσω, to attend and serve. παρα-διατρίβή, ή, useless disputation. mapa-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or band over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign.

2. to give into another's bands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender · to band over to justice: also to betray.

3. to band down, transmit to posterity.

II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῶ,  $\hat{\eta}s$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , aor.  $\mathbf{1}$  pass. subj. of παραδίδωμι. παραδοξο-λογία,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (παράδοξοs, λόγοs) a strange story, marvel.

παρά-δοξος, ον, (παρά, δύξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -ξως

παράδοσις, ή, (παραδίδωμι) a banding down, bequeathing, transmission. 2 a giving up, surrender. 3, the transmission or banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

παραδοτέος, α, ον, οτ παραδοτός, ή, όν, verb Adj of παραδίδωμι, to be banded down, etc:—neut. παραδοτέον οτ –δοτέα (plur.) one must give up

παραδεύs, ant. 2 part of παραδίδωμι παραδοχή, ή, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another.
2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδράθειν Ερ. - έειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδαρθάνω. παραδράμειν, aor 2 inf. of παρατρέχω

παρα-δράω Ερ παρα-δρώω: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ή, (παραδραμεῖν) a running beside or by; ἐκ ποραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter. παράδρομος, ον, (παραδραμεῖν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ερ. for παραδράω.

παραδύμεναι, Ερ. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύω.

παρα-δύναστεύω, f. σω, (παρά, δυνόστης) to govern or reign with one.

παράδυσις, ή, a slinking in beside. From

παρα-δύομαι, Med, with 201. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι Ερις παραδύμεναι:—to creep or slink past. 2 to creep in underband, slink or steal in. παραδωσείω, Desiderat, of παραδίδωμι, to be dis-

posed or ready to deliver up.

παρ-αείδω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρ-ἄείρω contr. παραίρω (παρά, ἀείρω contr. αίρω), to lift up and set beside:—Pass. to bang on one side; Ep. aor 1 pass. παρηέρθην Att. παρᾶέρθην.

παρα-ζεύγνυμι and -ὑω, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζηλόω, f. ώσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρα-ξώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσίδιος Att. -ττίδιος, ον, = παραθαλάσ-

παρα-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παρα-θάλπω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.

παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. on, inspire with confidence.

παραθείεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.

παραθείs, παράθεs, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.

παρα-θέλγω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.

παρα-θερμαίνω, to beat or inflame to excess.

παράθεσις, εως, ή, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside, II. suggestion, advice. juxtaposition, comparison. παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.

παρα-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare. II. to overlook, slight.

παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to whet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.

παραθήκη, ή, (παρατίθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a bostage.

παραθήσομαι, fut med. of παρατίθημι.

πάραί, poet. for παρά.

παραιβάσίη, ή, poet. for παραβασία, transgression. παραι-βάτέω, παραι-βάτης, poet. for παρα $\beta$ -.

παραίβολος, ον, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήδην.

παρ-αιθύσσω, f. fw, to stir up, kindle. II intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.

παραίνεσις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (παραινέω) advice, counsel.

 $\pi$ αρ-αινέω, f. – έσω οτ – έσομαι: 20τ. Ι  $\pi$ αρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., αοτ ι παρηνέθην: pt. παρήνημαι:to advise, recommend, counsel.

παραιπεπίθησιν, παραιπεπιθούσα, Ep. for παραπίθη, παραπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of  $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon i \theta \omega$ .

παραίρεσις, ή, a taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailing. From

παρ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: 20τ. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., 201. Ι παρηρέθην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; παραιρείν άραν είς παίδα to draw aside the veil. From curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence

παραίρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selvage of cloth: generally, a band, strip. παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet παρ-αείρω.

παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:-to bear of by the way.

map-alσιos, ον, (παρά, alσιos) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.

παρ-αίσσω, f. εω: Ep. 201. 1 παρήιξα:—to dart lodged in one's bands, esp. a deposit, trust. past.

παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:to beg of or from another: by prayer or entreaty. entreaty, obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg mapa-kataklive, f. trê, to lay down beside.

3. to entreat one to do. II. like earnestly. Hence παραίτησις, ή, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.

παρ-αίτιος, ον, also a, ον, (παρά, αίτία) being in

part the cause: accessory to. παραι-φάμενος, η, ον, Εp. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, exborting, encouraging.

παραί-φάσις, ή, poet. for παράφασις, (παράφημι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.

παραι-φρονέω, poet, for παραφρονέω.

παρ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to bang up beside:-Pass. to be bung or bang beside.

παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing 20r. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.

παρακαθεζέσθαι, 20r. 2 inf med. of παρακαθίζω. παρα-κάθημαι,  $\inf -\kappa \alpha \theta \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ , Dep. to sit beside of

παρα-καθίζω, f. - καθιζήσω Att. - καθιώ, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut.  $-\kappa \alpha \theta \epsilon \delta o \hat{\nu} \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \kappa \alpha \theta \epsilon \zeta \dot{0} \mu \eta \nu$ : also aor 1  $-\epsilon \kappa \alpha \theta \iota \sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ :—to sit

down beside. παρα-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down by the side: so also in Med. παρα-καθίεμαι.

παρα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., act. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.

παρα-καίριος and παρά-καιρος, ον, (παρά, καιρόε) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.

παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.

παρα-καλέω, f. -καλ $\hat{\omega}$  later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι —to call to one, i. e, I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite. to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite. to demand, require.

παρακάλυμμα, τό, a covering: metaph. a cloak,

παρα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover by banging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.

παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλω: Ep. 20r. 2 παρακάββαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to tbrow or put down beside; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence

παρακαταβολή, ή, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.

παρακαταθήκη, ή, (παρακατατίθημι)

παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. -καταθανούμαι: 201.2 -κατέθανον Ep. -κάτθανον:-to die beside or near.

I. c. acc. rei, to obtain παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside 2. c. acc. pers. to move by or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.

παρα-καταλέγομαι, f. foμαι, Pass. to lie down be- one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: side, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. 2 οτ. 2 παρκατέλεκτο. παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's

bands.

παρα-καταπήγνυμι, f. - καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's bands: - Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping. παρα-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:-Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-καττύω, Att. for παρα-κασσύω, to sew on or to:-metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρε-

ке́окето: Pass.:—to lie beside, near or before. generally, to be ready, lie close at band: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακέλευμα, ματος, τό, = παρακέλευσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exbort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exbort, encourage, cheer on by shouting: 3 sing. plapf. παρακεκέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders bad been given. Hence

παρακέλευσις, ή, a calling out to, cheering on. παρακέλευσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exbortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, δ, = παρακέλευσις.

παρακελευστός, ή, όν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κελητίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνευσις, ή, a desperate venture. From παρα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or bazard a thing: c. inf. to bave the bardihood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the bazard: in Pass, έπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a bardy, venturous phrase. παρα-κινέω, f. ήσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter. 2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad. 3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσοθμαι:--to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλείω Ion. -κληίω, to bar or sbut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underband.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κληίω, Ion. for παρακλείω.

παράκλησις, ή, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, sum-2. a calling upon, imploring. mons to assist. exbortation, encouragement.

παρακλητέοs, α, ον, = παράκλη ros: neut. παρακλη-Téov, one must call on.

παρακλητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (παρακαλέω) of or for exborting, bortatory.

παράκλητος, ον, verb Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to παρακρεμάσας, 201. I part. of παρακρεμάνυμι.

as Subst., παράκλητος, δ, an advocate. 2. generally, a belper; hence in N. T., ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλίδόν, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways.

turning aside, averting.

παρακλίντωρ, ορος, ό, = πορακλίτης. From

παρα-κλίνω [t], f -κλίνω, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν την θύραν to set the gate atar. metaph. to make to swerve, distort; άλλη παρακλίνουσι δίκαs they turn righteous judgments aside. Pass. and Med., 201. 2 παρεκλίθην [1]: pf. παρακέκλίμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, III. intr. in Act. to turn Lat. juxta accumbere. aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ov, o, one who lies beside at meals. [1] παρα-κλύω, to bear beside or amiss: to hear wrong. παρ-ακμάζω, f. άσω, to be past the prime: to be

faded, withered.

παρα-κοάω, Ion. for παρα-νοέω.

παράκοή, ή, (παρακούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρα-κοινάομαι, Med. (παρά, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare

παρα-κοίτης, ου, δ, (παρά, ἀκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, busband.

παρ-άκοιτις, τος, ή, acc. τν: Ερ. dat. παρακοίτι: (παρά, ἄκοιτις) a wife, consort.

παρ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow close or bard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to bold good tbrougbout. II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρακομίδή, ή, (παρακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: to carry beside 'or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey: - Med. to have a thing brought one: -Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-ἄκονάω, f. ήσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρ-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw the dart with others. παρακοπή, ή, (παρακόπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph, madness, frenzy.

παράκοπος, ον, (παρακύπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ανδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat:

-Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρ-ακούω, f. - ακούσομαι, (παρά, ἀκούω) to bear beside or by the way, to bear talk of. or learn underband. III. to bear wrong, misunderstand.

παρα-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμώ:--to let bang on the side.

παρα-κρίνω  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , f.  $-κρἴν\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I παρέκρῖνα: pf. παρακέκρικα: Pass, aor. Ι παρεκρίθην [τ]: pf. παρακέкруча :- to separate and place beside :- Pass, to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρα-κροτέω, f. ήσω, to pat, touch on the side.

παράκρουσις, ή, (παρακρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρα-κρούω, f. σω: pf. παρακέκρουκα: Pass., aor 1 παρεκρούσθην: pf παρακέκρουσμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρα-κτάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παρακέκτημαι, to have over and above. παρ-ακτίδιος, ον, and παρ-άκτιος, α, ον, (παρά, άκτή) on the seaside, on the shore.

παρα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέκυψα:--to stoop aside, put one's bead on one side affectedly. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρακωχή, see παροκωχή.

παρα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion -λάμψομαι: 20r.  $2 - \epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta o \nu$ , inf.  $-\lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ : pf.  $-\epsilon i \lambda \eta \phi \alpha$ , pass.  $-\epsilon i \lambda \eta \mu \mu \alpha i$ : -to receive from another, to succeed to an other or to property. 2 to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by bearsay or tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. accipere IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excepere

παρα-λέγω, f. ξω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med... f. -λέξομαι: 201. Ι παρελεξάμην: 3 sing Ep. 201. 2 with something else: οί παραλυποῦντες, the refractory. παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι γην to sail by or along paralytic. the land, to coast along.

παραλειπτέον, verb. Adj. one must omit. From maining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, from pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment. παραλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω.

παρα-λεύσσω, = παροράω.

παραληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παραληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παρα-ληρέω, f. ήσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παραληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παράληψις, εως, ή, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

παράλία (sub. χώρα), ή, the sea-eoast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, ον, also a, ον, (παρά, űλs) by the sea, or the sea shore.

παραλλάγή, ή, (παραλλάσσω) a passing from band to band, transfer. II. alternation: change, va-

παράλλαγμα, ματος, τό, (παραλλάσσω) an exchange. παραλλάξ, Adv. (παραλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f ξω: 201. Ι παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. I  $-\eta \lambda \lambda \dot{\alpha} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : aor. 2  $-\eta \lambda \lambda \dot{\alpha} \gamma \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pi. -ήλλαγμαι:-to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary :- hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ον, (παρά, άλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρα-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. to cheat by false reasoning Hence

παραλογισμός, ὁ, false reckoning · a fallacy. παρά-λογος, ον, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρά-λογος, δ, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

πάρ-αλος, ον, (παρά, αλε) by or near the sea, naval, maritime. II. οἱ Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία); opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos. III. ή Πάραλος (sub. ναθς or τριήρηs), the Paralos, one of the Athenian stategalleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμινία.

παρα-λυπέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along παραλύτικός, ή, ύν, (παραλύω) affected wib palsy,

παρα-λύω, f. –λύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor I παρέλὔσα: pf - λέλύκα: Pass., aor. 1 παρελύθην [ŭ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:--to παρα-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave re- loose from the side, loose and take off, detach 2. to separate, part from :- Pass. to be parted from. 3 to release or set free from :- Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side: -Pass. to be disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part. παραλελυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-αμείβω, f. ψω: 201. 1 παρήμειψα: (παρά, αμεί- $\beta\omega$ ):—to change or alter a little. 2 to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II. Med. to fass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-ἄμελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plapf. παρημελήκεε: (παρά, ἀμελέω):-to pass by and disregard, pay no beed to.

παραμέμνημαι, pf. of παραμιμνήσκομαι.

παρα-μένω, f. -μενω: αοτ. 1 παρέμεινα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast.

2. to stay at a place, stay behind.

3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, ον, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ā]

παρα-μετρέω, f ήσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare.

II. to measure out.

παρ-ἄμεύω, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med ,παραμεύεσθαί τινος μορφη to surpass one in beauty

παρα-μηρίδιος, ον, (παρά, μηρός) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρα-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίσγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμαι: — to mingle, intermix with, τινί τι. 2 to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, ον, (παρά, ἄμιλλα) vying or racing with παρα-μιμνήσκομαι, fut - μνήσομαι, pf. - μέμνημαι; Dcp.: - to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρα-μίμνω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay. παρα-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίγνυμι.

παρα-μνάομαι, Ion. for παραμιμνήσκομαι.

παραμολείν, aor. 2 mf. of παραβλώσκω.

παραμόνιμος, ον, also η, ον, (παραμένω) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρμόνιμον, as Adv, steadfastly.

παρά-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ον, (παραμένω) lasting. παρά-μουσος, ον, (παρά, Μοῦσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence barsh, borrid.

παρ-αμπέχω οτ -αμπίσχω: f. παραμφέξω: 20τ. 2 παρήμπισχον: (παρά, ἀμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρ-αμπυκίζω Lacon. -πυκίδδω: (παρά, ἄμπυξ): -to bind the bair with a fillet or head-band.

παρα-μῦθέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: αοτ. I -εμῦθησάμην: Dep. .— to address with sootbing or cheering words: to encourage, exbort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παραμύθια, ή, encouragement: also persuasion.
παραμύθιον, τό, (παραμυθέομαι) an address, exbortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.

παρα-μυκάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.

παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγινώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομαι: (παρά, ἀναγιγνώσκω) .--to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρα-ναιετάω, to dwell beside or near.

παρ αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavisb.

παρ-ανατέλλω, to arise beside or near.

παρα-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νευσοθμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρανέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to beap) to beap or pile up beside: Ion. παρα-νηέω and -νηνέω.

παρα-νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρα-νίκάω, f. ήσω, to corrupt by conquest. παρα-νίσσομαι, Dep. = παρανέσμαι, to pass beside

neur,

map-avloχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

παρα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

mapávoιa, ή, derangement, madness, folly.

παρ-ανοίγνυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίζω, (παρά, ἀνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρα-νομέω: impf παρενόμουν. αοτ. Ι παρενόμησα: pf. παρανενόμημα: Pass, αοτ. παρενομήθην. pf. παρανενόμημα: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2 to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be illused, maltreated. Hence

παρανόμημα, ατος, τύ, an illegal act, transgression. παρανομία, ή, (παρανομέω) transgression of law, babitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, ον, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. Il as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρανίμων γράφεσθαί τινα to induct one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρά-voos, ον, contr. παρά-vous, ουν, (παρά, νύοε) distraught, frenzied.

πάρ-αντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίοs) sideways, sidewards. παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρανατέλλω.

παρά-νυμφος, ή, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bride groom.

παρα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

παρά-ξevos, ov, with a false claim to friendship or bospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρο-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape beside to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, ον, (παρά, ἄξων) beside or near the axle: παραξόνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρα-ξύω,  $f - ξύσω[\bar{v}]$ , to shave at the side: metaph.

to graze, keep close beside. παρα-παίω, f. –παιήσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from,

Lat excidere; παραπαίειν φρενών to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρα-πάλλω, to burl beside:—Med, to vault or

bound aside.

mapá-mav, Adv., for mapd mav, on the whole, alto-

mapá-mav, Adv., for mapá παν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ διηκύσια τὸ παράπαν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-ἄπἄτάω, f. ήσω, to mislead, cajole.

παρ-ἄπἄφίσκω, fut. -απαφήσω: 20τ. 2 παρήπάφον: -poet. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρα-πείθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. 2012 2 subj. in 3 sing, παραιπεπίθησι; part. παρπεπιθών, πποαιπεπίθοῦσα, παρπεπιθώντες.

παρα-πειράομαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to make trial of. παρα-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέπεμψα:—to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back.

2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along.

3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships.

II. to send besides or in addition.

III. metaph. to let pass, take no beed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παραπεσών, aor. 2 part. of παραπίπτω.

παρα-πέταμαι, = παραπέτομαι.

παρα-πετάννυμι and  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ , f.  $-\pi\epsilon\tau\dot{a}\sigma\omega$ : pf.  $-\pi\epsilon\pi\dot{\epsilon}$ τασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence

παραπέτασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread out falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely. before, a curtain, veil. παρ-απόλλυμι, f. – απολέσω Att. – απολώ, t

παρα-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι, syncop. -πτήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παρα-πήγνυμι and -ὑω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παρα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παρα-πικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence παραπικρασμός, δ, provocation: contumacy.

παρα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παρα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: 2 οτ. 2 - έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befal, bappen, offer itself. III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err. παραπλάγξας, 20τ. I part. of παραπλάζω.

παρα-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω: aot. I παρέπλαγξα: Pass., aot. I παρέπλαγξα: Pass., aot. I παρέπλαγξα: Pass., to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course: —Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II. metaph. to mislead: —Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong. παρα-πλευρίδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-borses.

παρα-πλέω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 παρέπλω (2s if from a Verbin -μ):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παραπλη̂γαs, acc. pl. of παραπληξ.

παράπληκτος, ον, (παραπλήσσω) stricken aside: metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παραπλήξ,  $\hat{\eta}\gamma os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (παραπλήσσω) struck sideways;  $\hat{\eta}$ ιόνει παραπλήγει a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff). II. metaph. = παράπληκτοι, mad.

παρα-πλήσιος, ov, also a, ov, (παρά, πλησίος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώπατος.—Neut. παραπλήσιον, παραπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παραπλησίως, nearly, almost; παραπλησίως άγωνίζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. fw, to strike on the side:
-Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παραπλόμενος, η, ον, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an obsol. pres. παραπέλομαι. παράπλοος contr. –πλους, ό, (παραπλέω) a sailing

beside, coasting along. 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajectus.

παρα-πλώω, Ιου. for παραπλέω.

παραπνεύσας, aor. I part. of παραπνέω.

παρα-πνέω, f. – πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παρα-πόδιος, poet. παρπόδιος, ον, (παρά, πούε) at the feet, close by, present.

παρα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make falsely :—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παρ-απόλλυμι, f.-απολέσω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside: -Pass., with fut. mcd. -απολούμαι, pf., -απόλωλα, plqpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near. παραπομπή, ή, (παραπέμπω) α convoying, procuring. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παρα-πόντιος, ον, (παρά, πύντος) by the sea. παρα-πορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρα-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or near a river, situated or dwelling on a river; ol παραποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παρα-πράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purp sc. II. to do with another, join or belp in doing.

παραπρεσβεία, ή, a false or dishonest embassage. From

παρα-πρεσβεύω, Act and Med. to execute an embassy faithlessly or dishonestly.

παράπρισμα, ατος, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust. From

παρα-πρίω, f. -πριοῦμαι, to saw beside or gently. [I] παρ-άπτω, f ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:

-Pass., παραπτομένα χεροὶ πλάτα the oar grasped by the hands:

-Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παράπτωμα, ατος, τό, (παραπίπτω) a fall beside : metaph. a transgression.

παρα-πύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παρα-ραθυμέω, παρα-ραίνω, etc., ν. παραρρ-.

πάρ-āpos Ion. πάρηρος, ον, like παρήορος, (παρά, άείρω) deranged in nund.

πάρūροs, ον, Dor. and poet. for παρήσροs, distraught. παρ-αρπάζω, fut. άσω, later άξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παραρ-ράπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παραρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. παρερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form παρερρύην: (παρά, βέω):—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραρρεῖν τινι to slip off it.

II to slip away, to slip from one's memory.

III. to slip in unawares.

παραρ-ρήγνυμι, f. - η ήξω: 201. 1 παρέρρηξα: (παρά, ρήγγυμι):—to break at the side, esp to break a line of battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παρέρρωγα, to break or burst out beside

or from; παρέρρωγεν ποδόε φλέψ a vein bas burst out from his foot.

παραρ-ρητός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ , (παρά,  $\dot{\delta\eta}\tau\dot{\delta\epsilon}$ ) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive. παραρ-ριγόω, (παρά, ριγόω) to freeze beside or near. παραρ-ρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing. II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παραρρυείην, aor. 2 opt of παραρρέω.

παράρ-ρυθμος poet. παράρυθμος, ον, (παρά, δυθμόε) out of time or tune: discordant.

παράρρυμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παραρ-ρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, δύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρ-αρτάω Ion. - έω: f. ήσω: pf. pass. παρήρτημαι: -to bang or attach alongside or upon παραρτέομαι, 1. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, bold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρ-άρτημα, τό, anything hanging at the side. παρασάγγης, ov, o, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρα-σάττω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside. παρά-σειρος, ον, (παρά, σειρά) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παράσειρος ίππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφύρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρα-σείω, f. σω, to swing beside one.

 $\pi a \rho a - \sigma \eta \mu a i \nu \omega$ , f.  $a \nu \hat{\omega}$ , to seal by the side — Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρά-σημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut, of mapagnuos.

παρά-σημος, ον, (παρά, σημα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfest, spursous. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρασιτέω, f. ήσω, (παράσιτος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to bave a seat at the public table.

παρα-σῖτικός, ή, όν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ἡ παρασιτική (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a para-From

παρά-σττος, ον, (παρά, σττος) eating at the table of another: as Subst, παράσιτος, δ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρα-σκευάζω, f. σω: aor. 1 παρεσκεύασα: Pass., pf. παρεσκεύασμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. παρασκευάδατο: -to get ready, prepare: to bold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. παρεσκεύασμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared, beyond, pass by: pass into.

ώ παρεσκεύαστο when preparations bad been made; παρεσκευάδατο τοις Ελλησι preparations bad been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρασκεύασμα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρα-σκευή, ή, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπὸ οι ἐκ παρασκευήs of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' όλίγηs παρασκευήs with short practice, i. e. at short no-2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. ap-2. of warlike preparation, a force, paratus: pomp. power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρα-σκηνέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , (παρά,  $\sigma\kappa\eta\nu\dot{\eta}$ ) to pitch one's

tent beside or near.

παρα-σκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρα-σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near. παρα-σκιρτάω, f. ήσω, to leap beside or near. παρα-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss

the sense of.

παρα-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly. παρα-σπάω, f. άσω [ŭ], to wrest aside, distort:— Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρ-ασπίζω, f. ίσω, (παρά, ἀσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παρασπιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρασπονδέω, f. ήσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρά-σπονδος, ον, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faitbless, forsworn.

παραστάδόν, Adv. (παρίσταμαι) stepping beside II. standing beside or at the side. going up to. παρασταίην, παραστάς,  $\hat{a}\sigma a$ ,  $\dot{a}\nu$ , aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρίστημι.

παραστάς, άδος, ή, (παρίσταμαι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. wapaστάδεs, al, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παστάs.

παράστασις, εως, ή, (παρίστημι) a putting aside, banisbing. (παρίσταμαι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παραστάτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by or near. From παραστάτης, ου, δ, (παρίσταμαι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as προστάτηs is one's front-rank-man, ἐπιστάτηs one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παρα-στάτίε, ίδοε, ή, a belper, assistant, ally. παρα-στείχω, sor. 2 παρέστιχον, to go by, past of

παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέσω Att. -στορώ:--to | ply. stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγραφέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $-\sigma \bar{v} \rho \hat{\omega}$ , to drag or sweep away, burry along, as a flood. 2. παρασίρειν έπος to drag, force a word in.

 $\pi$ αρα-σφάλλω, fut.  $-\sigma$ φάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor.  $\pi$ αρέσφηλα: to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παρασχεθείν, poet. 2 or. 2 of παρέχω. παρασχείν Ep. παρασχέμεν, aor 2 mf. of παρέχω. παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \chi \omega$ , used absol, sec παρέχω V.

παράταξις, ή, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; εκ παρατάξεωs in battlearray. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: 20r. 1 παρέταξα. Pass., pf. παρατέταγμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf pass. παρατετάχατο:—to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:-Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array; to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

παρα-τείνω, fut.  $-\tau \epsilon \nu \hat{\omega}$ : aor I παρέτεινα: pf. παρατέτακα: Pass, aor. Ι παρετάθην: pf. πορατέταμαι:to stretch out along, beside or near to stretch out in a line; παρατείνειν τάφρον to draw a long trench. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay to stretch on the rack, torture: -- Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; πολιορκία παρατείνεσθαι to bold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, τειχίζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. 1 παρετεκτηνάμην: Med: -to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth,

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμώ poet. -τăμω: -- to cut off at the side, cut off

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ή, an observing closely, observation. παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρατιθεί, and 2 and 3 sing. impf.  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \tau i \theta \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $-\epsilon \iota$  (as if from  $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \tau \iota \theta \epsilon \omega$ ): fut. -θήσω: aor. Ι παρέθηκα: Med., aor. 2 παρέθέμην: Pass., pf. παρατέθειμαι:-to place beside or be-

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor 2 and 1 inf of παρίστημι. fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, sup-2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake, bazard.

> παρα-τίλλω, f. –τἴλω, to pluck the hair off:—Med. to pluck bairs from one's own person:—Pass, pf. part. παρατετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

 $\pi a \rho a \tau o v o s$ , o v,  $(\pi a \rho a \tau \epsilon i v \omega)$  stretched out beside or along, banging down by the side.

παρατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρώγω.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; ποταμον παρατρέπειν to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. one from his opinion, to mislead:-Pass to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:— Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμοθμαι: 20r 2 παρέδραμον:-to run, rush by or past c. acc. to 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. escape. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. τρέσω, to start, swerve aside from fear. **παρα-τρίβω**,  $f \psi \omega$ , to rub beside: παρατρίβειν χρυσὸν ἀκήρατον ἄλλφ χρυσῷ (sc. εls βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave: Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested [7]  $\pi$ αρα-τρο $\pi$ έω, =  $\pi$ αρατρέ $\pi$ ω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mi lead.

παρατροπή, ή, (παρατρέπω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting

παράτροπος, ον, (παρατρέπω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or

παρα-τροχάζω, poët. for παρατρέχω.

averting a thing.

παρα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 παρέτραγον: - to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, poet. for παρατρέπω, to turn away,

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: αοτ. 2 παρέτυχον:--to bappen to be by or at band, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, 2. ὁ παρατυχών whoever chanced Lat. praesto esse. to be by, any chance person; τὸ παρατυγχάνον or τὸ παρατυχόν, whatever happens. 3. παρατυχόν, absol like παρόν, παρασχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ον, (πορά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρατύχών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of παρατυγχάνω. παρ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak to, address. make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-αυλίζω, or in Med. παραυλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside, generally, neighbouring, near.

 $\pi \acute{a} \rho$ -au $\lambda$ os, ov,  $(\pi a \rho \acute{a}, a \mathring{v} \lambda \acute{o}s)$  out of tune.

πάρ-αυτά, Adv. for παρ' αὐτά (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρημα, immediately, on the spot.

II. in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αυτίκα, Adv. (παρά, αὐτίκα) immediately, on the instant: with the Art, al παραυτίκα ήδοναί present, momentary pleasures

 $\pi$ αρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον,  $(\pi$ αρά, αὑχήν) beside or on the neck.

παραφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρεσθίω.

παρα-φαίνω poet. παρφ-: f. -φᾶνῶ: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, prevent; παραφαίνειν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. 11. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παράφασις poet παραίφασις and πάρφασις, ή, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurement, persuasion.

παρο-φέρω, f. παρ-οίσω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table.

2. generally, to bring forward, produce to allege, mention; παραφέρειν νόμον to propose alw.

3. to turn aside or away: to avert.

4 to carry away: Pass. to be carried away.

11. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

111. intrans. in Act, like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time.

2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and οῦμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρά-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade.

11. to speak deceiffully.

παραφθαίην, aor. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.

παραφθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω. παρα-φθάνω  $[\check{\alpha}]$ , f.  $-\phi$ θάσω  $[\check{\alpha}]$  and  $-\phi$ θήσομαι: aor 2 παρέφθην part παραφθάς:—to anticipate, overtake, be

beforehand with, surpass.

παρα-φθέγγομαι, t. -φθέγξομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρα-φθήησι, Ep. for παραφθή, aor. 2 subj. of πα-ραφθάνω.

παραφορά, η, (παραφέρομαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παραφορέω, = παραφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παράφορος, ον, (παραφέρω) carried aside or out of

the way; reeling, staggering.
παράφραγμα, ατος, τό, (παραφράσοω) a fence,
breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρα-φρονέω, f ήσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παραφρόνησις, εως, ή, παραφρονία, ή, and παραφροσύνη, ή, (παράφρων) derangement of mind.

παρα-φρόνιμος, ον, = παράφρων.

παρα-φρυκτωρεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, φρυκτωρόε) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παρά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, δ, ή, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρα-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρα-φῦσάω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to puff up.

παρα-φύω, f. -φύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to make grow beside. II. Mcd., with act. pf. πέφῦκα, aor. 2 παρέφῦν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παρα-χάλάω, f άσω [α], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak

παρα-χειμάζω, f άσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρα-χειμάσία, ή, a wintering in a place.

παρα-χέω, f.  $-\chi$ εω̂: aor. 1 παρέχεα: pf.  $-\kappa$ έχὔκα. -to pour in beside, pour in: to beap up beside.

παρα-χορδίζω, f.  $\hat{\sigma}\omega$ , (παρά, χυρδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρα-χράομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, mususe: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in lon. part. παραχρεώμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρα-χρήμα, Adv. for παρά το χρήμα, on the spot, fortbuth, straightway; ή παραχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ ποραχρήμα off-band, on the spur of the moment.

παρά-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (παρά, χρόα)
changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρα-χώννυμι, f. –χώσω, to throw up a mound near

παρα-χωρίω, f ήσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παραχωρητέον, verb. Adj one must give way. παραψύχή, ή, a cooling, refreshment, comfort From

παρα-ψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [v] παρ-βάτης, ου, δ, poet. for παραβάτης. [βα]

παρβεβαώς, poet for παραβεβαώς, pf. part. of παραβαίνω.

 $\Pi A'P \Delta AKO \Sigma [\breve{a}], ov, wet, damp.$ 

παρδαλέη Att. contr. παρδαλ $\hat{\eta}$  (sub. δορά),  $\hat{\eta}$ , a leopard-skin. From

πάρδαλις, εως Ion. ιος, ή, = πάρδος, Lat. pardalis, a pard, leopard or panther.

παρδάλωτός, ή, όν, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard παρδείν, παρδήσομαι, act. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω IIA  $P\Delta O \Sigma$ , ό, like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leofard or fanther.

πάρδω, aor. 2 subj. of πέρδω.

παρέδοι, Ερ. for παρείσι, 3 pl. of πάρειμι (εlμί sum). παρεβάθην [ά], aor. 1 pass. of παραβαίνω.

παρέβαλον, 201. 2 ο παραβάλλω.

παρέβην, aor. 2 of παραβαίνω.

παρ-εγγράφω [a], f. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

II.

late: to curoll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφείε, 201. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυάν το ξύνθημα to pass on the watchword or word of command.

2 to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage.

3. to pledge one's word to another.

Il to band over, commit or commend to another.

παρ-εγγυή, ή, and παρ-εγγύησις, ή, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, aor. I pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρέδραθεν, 3 sing 201 2 of παραδαρθάνω.

παρέδραμον, aor. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σω, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidere.

II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

 $\pi$ aρ-εδρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi$ áρεδροs) a sitting beside. the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρ-εδροs, ον, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside · generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδροs, δ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or

coadjutor of a magistrate.
παρέδωκα, παρέδων, aor I and 2 of παραδίδωμι.
παρ-έζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside. but παρέζεο, παρεζόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part.

ος παρίζω. παρεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρέθηκα, aor. I of παρατίθημι.

πάρειά, ή, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον.

II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

π**ἄρείαs**, ου,  $\dot{ο}$ , = παρωαs.

παρ-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, είδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice.

II. to overlook, disregard.
παρείθην, aor. 1 pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-είκω, f. ξω: poet. aor. 2 παρείκάθον, inf. -αθείν:
—to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow. II. impers., παρείκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπη παρείκοι wherever it was practicable; κατά τὸ ἀεὶ παρείκον as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-ειλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρείμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

**πάρ-ειμι** inf. παρείναι: impf. παρ $\hat{\eta}$ ν: f. παρέσομαι: (παρά, είμί sum):—to be by, to be present. be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or 3. to be present to belp, to stand by, like Lat. 4 to bave arrived at a place. pers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρύν Ion. napebv, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν. πάρ-ειμι inf. παριέναι: impf. παρήειν: (παρά,  $ε<math>\overline{l}μι$ ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alongside. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards, 1

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself. παρείναι, inf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εῦπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρά-φημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom, part. παρειπών, παρειπώνση, metri grat.]

παρ-ειρύω, Ion. for παρερύω.

παρ-είρω, (παρά, είρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμους παρείρων seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεις, 2 sing. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

πάρεις, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit.

II. to introduce secretly.

Hence

παρείσακτος, ον, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εισδέχομαι, f. foμαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εισδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 -έδυν, pf. -δέδυκα, and plqpf -δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. with act. 20. 2 - $\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ον, pf. -ελ $\hat{\eta}\lambda\nu\theta$ α:—to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εισφέρω, to bring in beside; παρεισφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρείται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-έκ, before a vowel παρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐκ) as Prep., I. c. gen outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, along-side of; παρὲκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρὲξ ἀχιλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away.

2 metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly.

3. beside, except, παρὲκ ἡ ὅσον.., except so long as ...

παρ-εκβαίνω, f.-εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absolt of deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρέκβἄσις, ή, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away. παρεκέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. 1mpf. of παράκειμαι. παρ-εκκλίνω. to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f.  $f\omega$ , to collect covertly, to embezzle. παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; παρεκπροφύγησι, Ep. for  $-\phi$ ύγη, 3 sing. 201. 2

παρ-εκτάνύω, f ύσω, = παρεκτείνω.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τενῶ, to stretch out along, to deploy. παρ-εκτελέω, f. έσω, to accomplish against a wish. παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρέχω, one must furnish. παρ-εκτόs, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτόs) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f.ψω, to turn aside, divert from theway. παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past. παρέλαβον, 201. 2 of παραλαμβάνω

παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ $\check{a}$ ], Ep. -ελάσσω Att.  $-ελ\hat{\omega}$ : 20r. Ι παρήλασα Εp. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ίππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν έφ' αρματος, έφ' innov to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:-to ride to, advance towards:to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of παραλέγω. παρελεύντα, Dor. for παρελώντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνω.

παρελεύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι: πάρειμι

(¿ ibo) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλκω, f. παρέλξω or παρελκύσω [ŭ]: aor. I παρείλκυσα: pf. pass. παρείλκυσμαι: (παρά, ελκω): -to draw aside or to the side: - Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν έκ γηs to tow from the 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. - εμβάλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to

encamb.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look askance.

παρεμβολή, ή, (παρεμβαλείν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to push or stuff in. παρέμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρειμι (είμί sum).

παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of. παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. ήσω, to traffic underband in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of small value.

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, έμπορος) to traffic in II. metaph. to yield or afford besides. besides. παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon. παρενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενείδον, inf. -ιδείν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρενήνεον, impf. of παρανηνέω (see παρανέω). παρενθείν, παρένθω, Dor. for παρελθείν, παρέλθω,

aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρενθήκη, ή, (παρεντίθημι) something put in beside, an appendix; παρενθήκη λόγου a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ήσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνώχλημαι, to be troubled

παρ-ενσάλεύω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

πάρ-έξ οι πάρ-έξ, ν. παρέκ.

παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξαυλέω, f. ήσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηυλημένοs worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρεξέβην, 201. 2 ο παρεκβαίνω.

παρ-έξειμι, inf παρεξιέναι, (παρά, έξειμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, trans-

 $\pi$ aρ-εξ-ειρεσία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi$ aρά,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ κ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

 $\pi$ aρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελώ:—seemingly intr (sub. iππον, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub ναθν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by. παρεξελθών, οῦσα, όν, 20r. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι.

παρεξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι,  $f_*$ -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act aor. 2 παρεξηλθον pf. παρεξελήλυθα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out by comparison. παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside: - of Time. to let poss.

παρεξίμεν [τ], Ep. inf. of παρέξειμι (είμι ιδο).

παρ-εξίστημι, f -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change: -Pass, with intr. tenses of Act, to undergo a change. παρεοίσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρειμι (είμί sum). παρέπεισα, 20τ. Ι οί παραπείθω.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παρεφάλλομαι.

 $\pi$ αρ-επιδείκνυμι, f -επιδείξω, to point out beside. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επίδημος, ov, sojourning at a strange place:

as Subst. a stranger, sojourner. παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι, to inspect beside. παρεπιστροφή, ή, (παρεπιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρεπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of παραπλάζω.

παρέπλω, 3 sing Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close, to follow as an escort.

παρεργάτης, ου,  $\dot{v}$ , (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. | ă]

πάρ-εργος, ον, (παρά, έργον) beside the main subject, II. as Subst., πάρερsubordinate, incidentally. γον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; εν παρέργο as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; έκ παρέργου ποιείσθαι to do by the way: hence a useless addition, appendage.

παρέργως, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally.

παρέρπω, f. παρερπύσω [τ]: 201. ι παρείρπτσα:to creep in at the side: to creep up to. pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρειρύω, f ύσω, (παρά, έρύω) to draw along the side. [v]

παρ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρειμι (είμι ibo): Dep., with 201. 2 - ηλθον Ep. -ήλυθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:-to go by, beside or past,

532 2. of Time, to pass; ὁ παρpass by, pass away. ελθών χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθόν and ἐν τῷ II. to pass by, παρελθύντι in time past, of old. outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, cir-III. to pass by without beeding, pass cumvent. over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be IV. to pass passed over. 2. also to transgress. on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public. πάρεσαν, Ερ. 3 pl. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum). παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι aor. 2 - έφἄγον, inf. -φἄγεῖν: II. to eat a piece of, gnaw or —to eat besides. nibble at, c. gen. πάρεσις, ή, (παρίημι) a letting pass, a letting go also remission, forgiveness.

παρεσκευάδαται, παρεσκευάδατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plopf. pass. of παρασκευάζω.

παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρ-

ίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώs, contr. παρεστώς:--neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήν, 201. 2 οf παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ον, (παρά, έστία) by or at the hearth.

παρέσχον, 2 οι παρέχω.

παρετήρουν, impf. of παρατηρέω

πάρετος, ον, verb. Adj of παρίημι, relaxed, palsied. παρέτρεσσαν, Ep. 3 pl aor. 1 of παρατρέω.

παρ-ευδοκιμέω, f. ήσω, to surpass in reputation. παρ-ευθύνω, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [v]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, εὕκηλος) to calm, soothe.

παρ-ευνάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. to he or sleep

πάρ-ευνος, ον, (παρά, εὐνή) lying beside or with παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω: aor. 2 - εῦρον :—to findout or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ίσω, to put in order, arrange. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω ν.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρ-II. pres. part. dat. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω, f. παρέξω οτ παρασχήσω: pf. παρέσχηκα: aor. 2 παρέσχον poet. παρέσχεθον:—to hold beside, bold in readiness: to furnish, supply. II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render. III. to

offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent. produce, esp. as parties to an agreement.

allow, grant. V. impers., παρέχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχον and παρασχόν (used absol. like παρόν, έξόν, etc.), it being

liceret. VI. absol. in imperat, πάρεχ' ἐκποδών get yourself out of the way.

B. Med παρέχομαι, f. πυρέξομαι οτ παρασχήσομαι: pf. παρέσχημαι:—to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρέχεσθαί τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a II generally, to have as one's own, prowitness. duce as one's own; παρέχεσθαί τινα άρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πύλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest III. to make or render so and so. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of.

παρ-ηβάω, f ήσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

πάρ-ηβος, ον, (παρά, ήβη) part one's prime

παρήγγειλα, aor. 1 of παραγγέλλω.

 $\pi$ αρηγον, impf of  $\pi$ αράγω

παρηγορέω, impf παρηγόρουν, rarely έπαρηγόρουν: f. ήσω: aor. Ι παρηγύρησα: (παρήγορος).—to address, exbort, encourage: to advive, exhort to console, comfort, soothe - The Med. παρηγορέσμαι is also used like the Act Hence

παρηγορία, ή, an addressing, exhortation, persua-2. a consolation

 $\pi$ αρ-ήγορος, ον, ( $\pi$ αρά, ἀγορεύω) addressing, encouraging, cheering. 2. consoling

παρηέρθην, aor I pass of παραείρω

παρήιον, τό, used in Homer as sing for παρειά (which he only uses in plur ), the cheek the jaw of a wild beast. Il the cheek-ornament of a bridle

πάρηίς,  $-\eta$ ίδος, contr Att. παρής,  $-\hat{\eta}$ δος,  $\hat{\eta}_{1} = \pi \alpha \rho$ ήιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. I of παρίημι

παρ-ήκω, f ξω, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or II. to come forth, appear. towards Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασα, aor 1 of παρελαύνω.

 $\pi$ αρ $\hat{\eta}$ λθον, aor. 2 of  $\pi$ αρέρχομαι.

 $\pi$ aρ- $\hat{\eta}$ λιξ,  $\tilde{\iota}$ κοs,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , like  $\pi$ άρη $\beta$ os, past one's prime. πάρ-ημαι, inf.  $-\hat{\eta}\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ : properly the pf pass. of πορίζω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one . to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ήμερος Dor παράμερος, ον, (παρά, ήμέρα) coming day by day, daily.

παρήνουν, impf of παραινέω.

παρήξαι, aor. Ι οί παραίσσω.

πάρηξις, ή, (παρήκω) arrival alongside, coming to

 $\pi$ αρ-ηονίτης, ου, δ, fem, - îτις, ιδος, ή,  $(\pi$ αρά, ήών) lying on the shore. [1]

παρηορία, ή, (παρήορος) the reins by which the outside borse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ήορος Dor. παρ-άορος, ον, (παρά, ἀείρω) banging beside: παρήοροs (sub. ίπποs) a horse which draws by the side of the regular pair (Europis) an outrigger, or baving been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or also called παράσειρος or σειραφόρος, opp. to ζυγίτης

οι ζύγιος -also beside oneself, distraught, silly.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαφίσκω.

παρ $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $-\hat{\eta}\delta os$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Att. contr. for παρ $\eta$ is,  $-\eta$ iδοs.

παρήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (είμί sum). παρήσθευ, Dor. 2 sing. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

 $\pi \alpha p \uparrow \tau \eta \mu \alpha \iota$ , pf. pass. of  $\pi \alpha p \alpha \iota \tau \acute{\epsilon} \omega$ .

παρθέμενος, poet. aor. 2 med. part of παρατίθημι. παρθενεία and -ία, ή, (παρθενεύω) maidenbood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθένεια, τά, = παρθένια, τά

παρθένειος Ion. -ήιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενεύω) virgin estate or condition: in plur, the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενεύω, f. σω, (παρθένος) to bring up a virgin - Pass παρθενεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a

maid.  $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu i \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon i \alpha$ .

 $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \dot{\epsilon} \nu \iota \alpha$  (sub.  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \eta$ ),  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing:-properly neut from παρθένιος

παρθενική (sub. κύρη), ή, poet. for παρθένος, α virgin, maid: strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (παρθένος) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένιος, a,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (παρθένος) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. son of an unmarried woman. gin, pure, chaste, unsullied

παρθεν-οπίπης  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , ου,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu o s$ ,  $\mathring{\sigma} \pi \pi \tau \epsilon \mathring{\nu} \omega)$  one hence also to dispose for one's own views.

who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕ'NOΣ, ή, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. virgo: -- sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. at Athens, of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. as Adj maiden, virgin, pure, chaste

 $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \delta - \sigma \phi \overline{\alpha} \gamma \sigma s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \sigma s$ ,  $\sigma \phi \alpha \gamma \widehat{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota) from the$ 

sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ωτος, ό, ή, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

 $\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \omega \nu$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \nu \sigma s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \alpha \rho \theta \epsilon \nu \sigma s)$  the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

 $\pi$ aρθεν-ωπός,  $\acute{o}$ ν, ( $\pi$ aρθένος,  $\acute{o}$ ψ) of virgin aspect. πάρθεσαν, poet. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of in readiness: to present, offer.

παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ή, (παρατίθημι) α deposit, pledge.  $\pi$ αρ-ἴαύω, ( $\pi$ αρά, lαύω) to sleep beside or with. παρίδειν, inf. of παρείδον,

παρ-τδρύω, f. σω, to set up beside:—so also in Med. παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans. to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμην, inf. παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ίημι, fut. παρήσω: aor. Ι παρήκα: pf. παρείκα: Med., 201. 2 παρείμην: Pass., 201. Ι παρείθην, inf.

II. lying along, sprawling, helpless: παρεθήναι: pf. παρείμαι, part παρειμένοs: — to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by, past, through. 2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, to let III. to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere. c gen, τοῦ ποδὸε παριέναι to let go one's bold of, slack away the sheet: metaph to yield, give way:-Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part παριέμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρειμένος, exhausted, Lat. remissus. 3. to remit, Lat. condonare: hence to forgive, pardon give up, Lat. concedere: to allow, permit: hence to admit, let in. V Med παρίεσθαι, to win a person over to beg off a thing, beg to be excused: to ask pardon.

παρ-ίκω, old poet, form of παρήκω.  $[\bar{i}]$ 

παρ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

πάρ-ἴσος, ον, (παρά, ἴσος) almost equal, just like. παρ-ἴσόω, f. ώσω, to make just like -- Pass., aor. I  $\pi \alpha \rho \iota \sigma \omega \theta \eta \nu$ , to measure oneself with, vie with.

παρίστασο, pres. med imperat. of

παρ-ίστημι, f. παραστήσω: I trans. in pres., impf, fut, and aor. I, to make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one. set before the mind, present, offer, suggest: - to prove, 3. the Med, esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and aor. I sbew. 2 παρθένιοs, δ, as Subst., the -εστησάμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, II. metaph. vir- produce:—to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue · also to win over, persuade: mtrans. m Pass -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plapf. -ειστήκειν, to stand by, beside, or 2. near: hence to stand by, to belp or defend. Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva events, to be near, be close at band: τὸ παρισταμένον 11. present circumstances: so too, τὸ παρεστώς or παρεστόs, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκόs. 3. to come to the side of another: metaph, to come over to his opinion: absol. to come to terms, surrender, sub-4. to come into one's bead, suggest itself to 5 of events, to take place, occur, bappen: so too in fut med. -στήσομαι. 6 to be in one's power, hence absol, pf part.  $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \dot{\phi} s$ , =  $\pi \alpha \rho \dot{\phi} \nu$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} f \dot{\phi} \nu$ , itbeing in one's power to do, Lat. quum liceat.

παρ-ιστίδιος, a, ον, (παρά, <math>iστόs) by or at the loom. παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to bave by, bold

παρ-Ιτητέον and - έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (είμι

ibo), one must approach or go. παρκατέλεκτο Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω, as if from παρακατελέγμην.

παρκείμενος, Ep. part. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Εp. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύπτω, Ep. for παρακύπτω; Dor part. fem. παρκύπτοισα, for παρακύπτουσα.

παρμέμβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing pf. of παραβλώσκω. παρ-μένω, Ερ. for παραμένω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poët. for παραμίνιμος.

πάρ-μονος, ον, poët. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [ā], a, oν, Ion. Παρνήσιος, η, ον, also os, oν, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, άδος, and Παρνησίς, ίδος. From

**Παρνασός** Ion. **Παρνησός**, δ, *Parnassus*, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double σ).

ain of Phocis: later Παρνασσόs (with double σ) Παρνήθιοs, α, ον, of or from Parnes. From

Πάρνης, ηθες, ή or ό, Parnes, a mountain of Attica. Παρνησός, δ, Ion. for Παρνασύς

ΠΑ'PNOΨ, οπος, δ, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, f. σω, to journey by.

παροδίτης [i], ov, δ, voc. - τα: fem. παροδίτις, iδos: (πάροδος):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer. πάρ-οδος, ή, (παρά, ὐδός) a way past, passage. 2. a going by or past, passing; ἐν παρύδω in passing. II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach. III. a coming forward to speak before the assembly. 2. the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

παρ-οίγνύμι and παρ-οίγω: f. –οίξω. 20τ. I –έφξα. —to open at the side of a little, set ajar: c. gen., προίξας τῆς θύρας having opened a little of the

100r.

πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep with gen. before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. 2. of Time, before. II. Adv. of Place, before, in front. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, beretofore; πάροιθε πρίν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell by, beside, or near.

to sojourn. Hence

παροικησία and παροίκησις, ή, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πάροικοs) a dwelling in a place as πάροικοs, sojourning.

παροικίζω, f. ίσω, (πάροικος) to place or settle near another:—Pass. to settle or live near.

παρ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across.

II to keep off by a wall or bank.

πάρ-οικος, ον, (παρά, οἰκέω) dwelling beside or near, neigbbouring.
 II. as Subst., πάροικος, ό, a neigbbour:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παροιμία, ή, (πάροιμος) a by-word, proverb, adage, saw. 2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere

in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, ή, όν, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμιακός (sub. στίχος), ό, a paroemiac, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-οιμος, ον, (παρά, οίμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω: impf. ἐπαρφίνουν and aor. I ἐπαρφίνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρφίνηκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρφινήθην: pf. πεπαρφίνημαι: (πάροινοι):—to bebave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks.

II. trans. to maltreat one in drunkenness: generally, to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροινία, ή, (πάροινο**s**) drunken violence: a drunken frolic.

παροινικόs, ή, όν, disposed to drunkenness. From παρ-οίνιοs, ον, and πάρ-οινοs, ον, (παρά, οίνοs) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups.

πάροιτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάρος, of Place, the foremost.

πάροιτερος, a,  $o\nu$ , Comp. of πάροι $\theta\epsilon$ , πάροs, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, f. οιχήσομαι: pf. παρφχηκα Ion. παροίχωκα, and in late writers pass. παρφχημαι: Dep.: to Lave past by, pass on. 2. of Time, to be gone by, spent; ή παροιχομένη νύξ the bygone night; άνδρες παροιχόμενοι men of bygone times. II. to be gone, be dead, like οίχομαι. III. c. gen to shrink from. 2. to wander, depart from, δσον μοίρας ποροίχη how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παροκωχή, ή, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnishing.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later - αίνω: fut - ολισθήσω: - to slip in secretly.

παρ-ομοιάζω, f. άσω, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, δμοιος) nearly like, much alike: nearly equal.

παρόν, όντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάρειμι (εἰμὶ sum), used absol., see πάρειμι 5.

παροξυντικός, ή, δν, fit for inciting, provoking. From παρ-οξύνω, f. δνω: aor. 1 παρώξονα:—to make keen for a thing: metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, δ, irritation: a provoking, inciting. παρόρασις, ή, (παροράω) an overlooking: careless-

ness. παρ-οράω, f. παρόψομαι: 201. 2 παρείδον (v. sub

δράω):—to look at by the way, notice, remark. II. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. III. to look sideways.

παρ-οργίζω, f. ίσω, to provoke to anger:—Pass to be or be made angry at. Hence

παροργισμός, δ, provocation to anger.

παρ-ορίζω, f ίσω, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

παροριστής, οῦ, ὁ, an encroacher.

παρ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to put in motion, urge on:—
Pass, with fut. med -ήσομαι, to pass rapidly, rush at.
παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ίσω Att -ιῶ, to bring to anchor side by side.

πάρ-ορνις, τθος, δ, ή, ill-omened, with evil auspices.
παρ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 παρώρυξα:—
to dig beside or along.

II. to dig one against
another, as was done in training for the Olympic
games.

παρ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance amiss,

dance the wrong dance.

HA'POΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., τδ πάρος οι τοπάρος, formerly.

2. with inf., like πρίν, Lat. priusquam, πάρος ἡν γαιαν lκέσθαι before he should reach his

own land. 3. πάρος, followed by πρίν γε as relat., Lat. prius..., quam, rather..., than. 4. too soon. 5. rather, sooner. II. of Place, before, in front.

B. Prep., poèt. for πρό, before, both of Time and Place.

II. before, rather than: also for, in-

stead of.

Πάριος, a, ov, of the island of Paros, Parian: Πάριος λίθος Parian marble. From

Πάρος, ή, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble

παρ-οτρύνω, f ὔνῶ, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία,  $\mathring{\eta}$ , (παρών, παροῦσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = ἄνδρῶν οι παρόντες; παρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρεῖναι. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρύντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to turn off into a side channel: metapli. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

 $\pi \alpha \rho$ -oxéw, f ήσω, ( $\pi \alpha \rho \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \dot{\alpha} \dot{\alpha} \dot{\omega}$ ) to carry by or beside:—Med to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ή, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing παρ-οχλίζω, f. ίσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

πάρ-οχος, δ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a

παρ-οψίς, ίδος, ή, (παρά, ύψον) a dainty side-disb. παρόψομαι, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsol. παρύπτομαι.

παρ-οψωνέω, f ήσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τύ, an additional dainty set before one: metapli, ποροψώνημα της χλιδής a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπίθών, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπείθω.

παρ-ρησία,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{as}, \hat{\rho} \hat{\eta} \sigma is)$  freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep to speak freely. παρσένος, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παρσταίην, παρστάσα, Ερ for παρασταίην, παραστάσα, aor 2 opt. and part. fem of παρίστημι.

παρστήετον, Ep. for παραστήτον, 2 dual 201. 2 subj. of παρίστημι.

παρταμείν, poet. for παραταμείν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτίθει, poet for παρατιθεί, = παρατίθησιν.

παρ-ὑφαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: pf. pass. παρύφασμα: —to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρυφασμένα armed men hemming in a crowd.

πάρφαινε, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. 2 or. 2 med. part. of παράφημι.

παρ-φάσία, ή, poët. for παραφασία.

πάρ-φάσιε, ή, poet. for παράφασιε.

παρ-φέρομαι, poët, for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φυγέων, poët. for παραφυγείν, 20r. 2 inf. of παραφείγω.

πάρφυκτος, ον, poet. tor παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

πάρώας, ου, ὁ, (παρωύς) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρφδία, ή, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-φδόs, όν, (ψδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω:--to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:--Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οῦσα, όν, part of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum)

παρ-ώντμος, ον, (πάρα, ὄνυμα Acol for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

παρωόs, όν, reddish brown or bay, of horses

παρ-ωρείτης, ου, ὁ, (παρά, ὅρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

πάρ-ωρος, ον, (παρά, ἄρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάρωρα as Adv, unseasonably.

παρ-ωροφίς, ίδος, ή, (παρά, ὁροφή) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρώχετο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι

παρώχημαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρωχημένος. ΠΑ Σ, πάσα, πάν. gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός. gen. pl mase and neut. πάντων, fem. πασῶν Ion. πασέων, Ep. also πασάων: dat pl. masc and neut. πασι poet. πάντεσσι, fem. πάσαιs: -all, Lat. omnis: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all:  $\eta$   $\pi \hat{a} \sigma a \beta \lambda \hat{a} \beta \eta$  she who is all mischief; ἐs πῶν κακοῦ to the uttermost of evil: -- οσοι, not οι, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὅσοι , Lat. omnes quicunque , all whosoever! πas τις every one taken one by one, every single one: παντός μάλλον more than anything, above every-II. with Numerals it marks an exact number, τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all. III. in dat pl masc. πασι, in the judgment of all; δ πασι κλεινύς the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. πασι as neut , in all things, altogether. IV. the neut. is used in various senses . - πάντα γίγνεσθαι, like παντοίος γίγνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα είναι τινι to be everything to one. 2. τὸ πῶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogetber; οὐ τὸ πῶν not at all; so also εἰs τὸ πῶν, έπὶ πῶν on the whole; ἐs πῶν κακοῦ to every extremity of evil; περὶ παντὸς ποιείσθαί τινα to esteem one above all. 3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, entirely, utterly, wbolly: but, τα πάντα in every way, by all means. 4. δια παντό**s** continually, always. πασάν, Dor. for πασών, gen. pl. fem. of παs.

πάσασθαι [α], 20r. 1 inf. of πατέομαι.

πάσασθαι [ā], aor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πάσι-μέλουσα, ή, (πâs, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ἄ], fut. of πατέομαι. πάσομαι [α], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλη [a], ή, = παιπάλη, the finest meal: a

morsel, scrap; ὕπνου οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a wink of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of of sleep.

πασσαλευτός, ή, όν, pinned down. From πασσαλεύω Att. πατταλεύω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to

2. to drive in like a bolt.

πάσσαλος Att. πάτταλος, δ, (πήγνυμι) a peg, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόψι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a peg; κρεμάσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a peg: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat II. a gag.

πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat of πάσσαλος. πασσάμενος, πάσσασθαι, Ερ. for πασάμενος, πάσασθαι, aor. I part and inf. med. of πατέομαι.  $\pi \acute{a}\sigma \sigma \alpha \not \xi$ ,  $\bar{a}\kappa o s$ ,  $\delta$ , rarer collat. form of  $\pi \acute{a}\sigma \sigma \alpha \lambda o s$ .

πάσσε, Ep. for έπασσε, 3 sing  $\text{nm}_1$  f. of πάσσω. πάσ-σοφος, ον, for πάνσοφος.

πασ-σύδεί, πασ-σύδίη, Adv. for πανσυδεί, etc.

**ΠΑ'ΣΣΩ** Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ἄ]: aor 1 ἔπἄσα: Pass., 201. I  $\epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \pi \alpha \sigma \mu \alpha i$ :—to sprinkle upon: -metaph. to sprinkle in or upon, interweave, II to besprinkle with a thing. work in embroidery. πάσσων, ον, gen ovos, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for

παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλύσσων from γλυκύς:

thicker, broader, stouter.

παστάς, άδος, ή, shortened from παραστάς (q v.) a porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. por-II. an inner chamber: a bridal chamber. παστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj of πάσσω, to be besprinkled.

παστός, δ, = παστάς, a bridal chamber or bridal bed.

a shrine.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the Passover, paschal lamb: also the time or feast of the Passover. (Hebrew word.)

 $\Pi A' \Sigma X \Omega$ , fut. πείσομαι: aor 2 έπάθον: pf πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part pf.  $\pi \epsilon \pi \check{a}\theta v \hat{a}$ , Ep. for  $\pi \epsilon \pi o \nu \theta v \hat{a} : -to$  suffer or be affected by anything whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εί τι πάθοιμι or ήν τι πάθω if aught were to happen to me, Lat si guid mihi acciderit, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to become of me? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχεις; what is the matter with me or you? so in part.  $\tau i \pi \alpha \theta \omega \nu$ ; implying something amiss, τί παθύντε λελάσμεθα θούριδος άλκηs; what ails us that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; κακωs πάσχειν to be ill off, in evil plight; κακωs πάσχειν ὑπό τινος to be ill used, evilly entreated by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be well off, in good case; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπό τινο to be well used, well treated by ..., receive kindness from a person. πάσχειν is also used of states or conditions; ίνα μή ταὐτὸ πάθητε τῷ ἵππφ that ye be not in the same case with the horse: so, of Things, to be liable to certain affections; πάσχειν ταὐτὸν ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be liable to the same as others; so, πάσχει τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with cress.

ητατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν.

πάταγέω, f. ήσω, (πάταγοε) to clatter, clash, crash, chief of a family, a patriarch.

the waves, etc., to dash, plash: hence to chatter, scream, as birds.

ΠΑΤΑΓΟΣ, δ, a clattering, clashing, any sharp noise made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος δδύντων a chattering of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the plash of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάταικοι or Παταϊκοί, οί, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads

of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. I inf and part. of

πατάσσω, f εω: aor. I ἐπάταξα:--intr. to beat, knock, throb; "Εκτορι θυμός ένλ στήθεσσι πάτασσεν his heart was beating, throbbing in his breast. to clap the hands. II trans to strike, wound, beat, snute

ΠΑ ΤΕΌΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ἄ]: aor. I ἐπἄσάμην, Ep part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι: - to feed on, eat,

πατέοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat

πάτερίζω, f ίσω, (πατήρ) to say, call father.

 $\pi \vec{\alpha} \tau \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\alpha} \tau o s)$  to tread, walk, step trans. to tread on, tread, πορφύρας πατείν to walk on purple carpets 2. to tread constantly, frequent, traverse a place: metaph, like Lat. terere, to thumb with using, as, πατείν Αίσωπον to be always thumbing \_3. to tread under foot, trample on.

ΠΑΤΗ P, δ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρι contr. πατρί, acc πατέρα. in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl πατρων is used as well as πατέρων, and dat pl. is always πατράσι [α]:-a faiber; πατρὸς πατήρ a grandfather. II. among the gods Jove is emphat, called πατήρ.  $\tau \eta \rho$  is used like  $\tilde{a}\pi \phi a$ ,  $\tilde{a}\tau \tau a$ , as a mode of address to an older person. IV. in plur., forefathers, ancestors.

πατησείς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut of πατέω. πάτησμός, δ, (πατέω) a treading on.

πάτνη, ή, Dor. for φάτνη.

**ΠΑΤΟΣ**, δ, a trodden or beaten way, path [4] πάτρα, as Ion. πάτρη, ης,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (πατήρ) one's fatherland, native land, country, like πατρίς. body of tersons claiming the same race or descent, a bouse, clan, Lat. gens.

πατρ-άδελφεός, ό, poët. for πατρ-άδελφος.

πατρ-άδελφος,  $\delta_{i} = \pi \alpha \tau \rho \delta s$  άδελφός, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

 $πάτρ<math>\bar{\alpha}\theta\epsilon$ , Adv., Dor. for  $πάτρηθ\epsilon$ .

 $\pi$ ατρ-ἄλοίας, gen a and oυ, voc - αλοία, δ, ( $\pi$ ατήρ, άλοιάω) one who strikes or slays his father, a parricide. πάτρη, ή, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτρηθε and -θεν Dor. πάτραθε, Adv., =  $\tilde{\epsilon} \kappa$  πάτρας, from one's native land. II. from a race or lineage. πατριά,  $\hat{a}$ s Ion. πατριή,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (πατήρ) lineage, II. a bouse, clan.

πατρι-άρχης, ου, δ, (πατριά, άρχή) the father or

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. οί πατήρ, daddy, papa. πατρίκός, ή, όν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers of ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary.

II. of or from one's father; ή πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, a, ον, also os, ον, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus.

II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. institute majorum.

πατρίς, ίδος, poet fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαια, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst, πατρίς, ή, like πάτρος

πατριώτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριώτις, ιδος, fcm of πατριώτης; πατριώτις  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ , = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριώτις στολή a diess of the country

πατρο-δώρητος, ον, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a fa-

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; αναγραφήναι πατρόθεν εν στήλη to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κάσίγνητος,  $\delta$ , = πατρὸς κασίγνητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὁ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλη̂ος, acc. Πατροκλη̂α, voc Πατρόκλεις occur in Hom; but there is no nom. Πατροκλεύς.

πατροκτονέω, f. ήσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parriculal.

πατρο-νομία, ή, (πατήρ, νύμοs) a father's authority πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) banded down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, ορος,  $\delta_{,=}$  πατρός πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ές, (πατήρ, στερέω) reft of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οῦχος, ον, (πατήρ,  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ ) baving her father's property: as Subst., πατροῦχος (sub παρθένος), ή, a sole-heiress, opp. to a coheress.

πατρο-φονεύς, έως Ερ.  $\hat{\eta}$ ος,  $\hat{\delta}$ , (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ον, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου. δ, (πατήρ, \*φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ον, poet, form of πατρώος.

πατρ-ωνύμιος, ον, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρώος, α, ον, also os, ον, poet. πατρώιος, η Dor a, ον: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; έχθρα πατρώα hereditary feud.

πάτρως, δ, gen. ωσε and ω, dat. ω, acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ) := πατροκασίγνητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρως, one by the mother's side.

παττάλεύω, πάττάλος, Att. for πασσ-. παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω.—παυέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παύλα, η, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παύλα κακών rest from ills

II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυράκις or -κι [ŭ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ές, (παῦρος, έπος) of few words.

παύροs, α, ον, little, small: of Time, short, brief. 2 mostly in pl παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦροι λαόι few people:— Conip. παυρότεροs, fewer. 3. neut pl. παῦρα as Adv seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ον, (παύω, ἄνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sing Aeol aor 1 opt. of παύω.

παυσι-κάπη [ἄ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their cating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ή, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or greef.

παυσί-νοσος, ον, (παύω, νύσος) checking sickness.

παυσί-πονος, ον, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.
παυστέον, verb Adj of παύω, one must stop or put
an end to.

II. from παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ηρος, δ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριοs, ον. fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσωλή, ή, like παῦλα, rest.

MAT'Ω, f. παύσω: aor I ἔπαυσα: pf πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass, fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut πεπαύσομαι: aor I mcd. ἐπαυσάμην, pass ἔπαύθην or ἐπούσθιν. pf πέπαυμαι.—to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, fut down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay.

II Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from.

III. m Act, like παίομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat, παῦε, stop l bave done!

Παφλαγών, όνος, δ, a Parhlagonian

παφλάζω, f. άσω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνύω from πνέω): — to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fune, cbafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc.

II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ον, ή, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker. πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

588  $\pi \alpha \chi \theta \hat{\eta} - \pi \epsilon \zeta \sigma \sigma \rho \epsilon \omega$ . παχθη, Dor. for πηχθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of plain or level country: λόγχη πεδιάs the spear (i. e. πήγνυμι. πάχιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς. παχίων, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχίς. πάχνη, ή, (πήγνυμι) boar-frost, rime, Lat. pru-2. metaph. clotted blood. Hence of sandals. παχνόω, f. ώσω, to cover with boar frost or rime:-Pass. to be so covered. II. metaph. to strike chill, to freeze; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ήτορ he made his heart's blood run cold: - Pass to be struck with chill, to be  $\pi \acute{a} \chi os$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \acute{o}$ ,  $(\pi a \chi \acute{u} s)$  thickness: acc.  $\pi \acute{a} \chi os$  is used absol., in thickness, as μηκος in length, ευρος in breadth, etc. [ă] παχύ-κνημος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) with stout

πάχύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , f.  $\bar{v}\nu\hat{\omega}$ : aor I  $\epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} \chi \bar{v} \nu \alpha$ : pf. pass.  $\pi \epsilon$ πάχυσμαι:—to thicken, to fatten: also to make dull or gross of understanding :- Pass. to become thick : to grow fat, to be swollen: also to look large, of objects seen in a mist: metaph, ὅλβος ἄγαν παχυνθείς wealth 'wben it bas waxed fat.'

 $\pi \hat{\mathbf{a}}_{\mathbf{Y}} \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{S}}$ . Dor. for  $\pi \hat{\eta}_{\mathbf{Y}} \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{S}}$ .

calves.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εία, ύ, thick, large, stout; παχὺε λâas a large beavy stone: of linen, etc., thick, coarse. of the consistence of a mass, thick, curdled, clot-3. later, stout, fat, Lat. pinguis. 4. gene-II. οἱ παχέες, rally, great, large, considerable. opp. to  $\delta \hat{\eta} \mu os$ , the men of substance, the wealthy. III. thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. pinguis. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also πἄχίων, ον, gen. ονος: - Sup πάχιστοs: later the regul. πἄχύτεροs (Ep πάχετοs) and παχύτατος.

παχύτης, ητος, ή, (παχύς) thickness, of the skin, etc.: the sediment or lees of liquor. [v]

πέδα, Acol. for μετά.

 $\pi$ εδά $\alpha$ , Ep. 3 sing. pres. of  $\pi$ εδά $\omega$ .

πεδάασκον, Ion impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αίρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίχμιος, ον, Acol. for μεταίχμιος.

πεδ-ἄμείβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

**πεδ-άορος**, ον, Aeol. for μετήοροs.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

πεδ-άρσιος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάζω, Acol for μεταυγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) wise too late.

 $\pi$ εδάω, f.  $\eta$ σω: Ep. aor. I  $\pi$ έδησα:  $(\pi$ έδη):—to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast: generally, to sbackle, trammel, constrain.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

 $\pi\epsilon\delta$ -έχω, Aeol. for  $\mu\epsilon\tau$ έχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ή, (πέζα) a fetter, Lat. pedica, compes; ζεῦγοε πεδών a pair of fetters. II. a mode of breaking in a borse.

πεδητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πεδάω) one who fetters: a hinderer. πεδιάs, άδοs, fem. Adj. (πεδίον) flat, even, level; ή πεδιάε (sub. γη), the plain country. II. on a

battle) on a fair field.

πεδιεύς, έως, ό, (πεδίον) a man of the plain.

 $\pi$ εδι-ήρης, ες, ( $\pi$ εδίον, άραρεῖν) abounding in plains.  $\pi \epsilon \delta \bar{\iota} \lambda o v$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \delta \eta)$  mostly in plur. sandals, a pair II. any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers; also boots, brogues. III. a tie for cows at milking time. IV. metaph., Δωρίφ πεδίλφ φωνάν έναρμύξαι to suit one's voice to the Dorian march, i. e to write in Doric rhythm.

 $\pi \in \delta \cup \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega} \nu$ ,  $(\pi \in \delta i \circ \nu)$  flat, level, even. II. of,

from the plain, living in or on the plain.

πεδίον, τό, (πέδον) a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field, Lat. campus; πεδία πόντου the fields of the sea, Lat. Neptunia arva. Hence

πεδίονδε, Adv. to the plain.

 $\pi \in \delta io - v \circ \mu o s$ , ov,  $(\pi \in \delta io v, v \in \mu o \mu a \iota)$  baunting the fields πεδο-βάμων [ā], ον, gen. ονος, Dor for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαίνω) walking upon earth, of the earth.

 $\pi \in \delta \circ \theta \in V$ . Adv.  $(\pi \in \delta \circ V)$  from the ground; metaph. from the ground or bottom of the heart

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \omega$ , Adv.  $(\pi \epsilon \delta \omega)$  on the ground, on earth.

πέδοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος

 $\pi$ εδο-κοίτης, ου,  $\dot{\phi}$ , ( $\pi$ έδον, κοίτη) making one's bed or lair on the ground

ΠΕ'ΔΟΝ, ov, τό, the ground, carth: generally, land, soil. Hence

πέδονδε, Adv. to the ground, earthwards.

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \delta \sigma \epsilon$ , Adv. =  $\pi \epsilon \delta o \nu \delta \epsilon$ .

 $\pi \epsilon \delta o - \sigma \tau i \beta \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\epsilon} \delta o \nu, \sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} i \beta \omega)$  treading, pacing 2. on foot, opp. to iππηλάτηs

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \delta - \tau \rho \iota \psi$ ,  $\tilde{\iota} \beta o s$ ,  $\tilde{\upsilon}$  and  $\tilde{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \delta \eta, \tau \rho \iota \beta \omega)$  wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves

 $\pi \epsilon \delta \cdot \omega \rho \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\mathbf{o} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \delta \delta \mathbf{o} \mathbf{v}, \delta \rho \dot{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \sigma \omega)$  digging the soil.

 $\pi \acute{\epsilon} \zeta \check{a}$ ,  $\eta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \acute{\epsilon} \delta o \nu)$  the foot. metaph. the bottom of anything; ἐπὶ ῥυμῷ πέζη ἔπι πρώτη on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment.

πέζ-aρχος, ον, (πεζός, ἄρχω) leading infantry of a land-army: as Subst.,  $\pi \in \langle ap \chi os, \delta, a | leader | of foot.$  $\pi \in \mathcal{L}$ -étaipoi, oi,  $(\pi \in \mathcal{L}$  os, étaîpos) the foot-guards in

the Macedonian army.

 $\pi \in \xi \in \omega$ , f.  $\sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \in \xi \circ s)$  to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving. 2. to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea: Pass to be traversed by travellers.

πεξη, v. sub πεζόs.

 $\pi$ εζικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\pi$ εζώς) on foot or by land;  $\pi$ εζικώς λεώs foot-soldiers, infantry as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a flect.

 $\pi \in \mathcal{C}_0$ -βόαs, α, δ, Dor. for  $-\beta \delta \eta s$ ,  $(\pi \in \mathcal{C}_0 s, \beta \circ \eta)$  one wbo shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier.

πεζομάχέω, f. ήσω, to fight by land. From

πεζο-μάχης, ου, δ, (πεζόε, μάχομαι) fighting on foot,as opp. to cavalry. 2. fighting on land, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ή, a battle by land, opp to ναυμαχία  $\pi \epsilon \zeta o$ -νόμος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\pi \epsilon \zeta \delta s$ ,  $\nu \epsilon \mu \omega$ ) commanding by land. πεζοπορέω, to go on foot. 2 to go by land. From

2. going by land. ing.

 $\pi \epsilon \zeta \delta s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta v$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \zeta a)$  on foot, walking;  $\pi \epsilon \zeta \delta i$ foot-soldiers, opp. to  $l\pi\pi\epsilon is$ ; so,  $\pi\epsilon \zeta ds$   $\sigma\tau \rho a\tau ds$  is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force; δ πεζόs, and τὸ πεζόν II. on land, going or travelling are also so used by land; Dat. fem.  $\pi \in \hat{\eta}$  as Adv (sub.  $\delta \delta \hat{\varphi}$ ), on foot or by land;  $\pi \in \hat{\eta}$   $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi \in \sigma\theta a$  to follow by land.

 $\pi \in \mathbb{I}$ , Dor. for  $\pi \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\pi \circ \hat{v}$ .

 $\pi$ ειθ-άνωρ Ion.  $\pi$ ειθήνωρ, ορο**s**,  $\delta$ ,  $\delta$ , ( $\pi$ είθομαι, ἀνήρ) obeying men, obedient.

 $\pi$ ειθαρχέω, f. ήσω, also Med. – έομαι, ( $\pi$ είθαρχος) to obey one in authority, be obedient. Hence

πειθαρχία, ή, obedience.

 $\pi \epsilon i\theta$ -apχos, ον, ( $\pi \epsilon i\theta ο \mu a \iota$ , dρχ η) obeying one in autbority, obedient.

 $\pi$ είθημι, Acol. for  $\pi$ είθω.

 $\pi \epsilon \iota \theta \delta s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega) = \pi \iota \theta \alpha \nu \delta s$ , persuasive.

ΠΕΙ'ΘΩ, fut. πείσω: aor. Ι ἔπεισα: aor. 2 ἔπῖθονEp. redupl.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o \nu$ , I pl. subj.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$ , opt.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i$ θοιμέν, inf. πεπίθειν, part. πεπίθών: pf πέπεικα:— Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 έπίθόμην Εp. πιθόμην, imperat. πίθου, Ep. redupl. opt.  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o i \tau o$ , inf.  $\pi i \theta \epsilon \sigma \theta a i$ : pf. med.  $\pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta a$ ; plqpf.  $\pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta \epsilon a$ , contr. I pl.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \pi i \theta \mu \epsilon \nu$ : pf. pass.  $\pi \epsilon \pi \epsilon i \sigma \mu a \iota$ . Homer has also a fut. πίθήσω and aor. I part. πιθή- $\sigma as$ , intr. as if from  $\pi i \theta \in \omega$ : but the redupl. agr. I subj πεπίθήσω is transit.: I. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθειν τινά χρήμασι to bribe 4. c. dupl. acc, πεί-3. to impel, stir up.  $\theta \in \mathcal{V}$   $\tau : V \circ \tau : to persuade$  one of a thing. 5. c. acc. II. Med. and Pass. rei only, to argue a point. to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. 2. πείθεσθαί τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with;  $\gamma η_i$ αί πείθεσθαι to yield to old age. 3. πείθεσθαί Tivi to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' ἐγώ σοι οὐ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that ... med. πέποιθα, inf. πεποιθέναι, to trust, rely, bave confidence in. IV. pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Πειθώ, όσε contr. οῦς, ἡ, Persuasion personified as a goddess, Lat. Suada, Suadēla. II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. πειθοί by fair means, opp. to βία by 4. obedience.

ΠΕΙ NA or πείνη, ή, bunger, famine, Lat. fames. metaph. bunger or longing for a thing. Hence

melvάλεοs, a, ov, bungry, empty. [ă] πεινάμες, Acol. for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω.

πεινάντι, Dor. for πεινώντι, dat. pres. part. of πεινάω: also for πεινωσι 3 pl. pres.

πεινάω contr. πεινώ, η̂ε, η̂; inf. πεινην Ερ. πεινή-

 $\pi$ εζο-πόρος, ον, (πεζός, πορεύω) going on foot, walk- | μεναι; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινάσω  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ : (πεΐνα): 20τ. 1 ἐπείνησα, later -āσα: pf. πεπείνηκα:-to be bungry, suffer bunger, be famished. II. c. gen. to bunger after: metaph. to bunger after or for, crave after. πεινέω, Ιοη. for πεινάω.

 $\pi \epsilon i \nu \eta$ ,  $= \pi \epsilon i \nu \alpha$ 

πεινήν, inf. of πεινάω; Ερ. πεινήμεναι.

HEI'PA, ή, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence experience; πειραν έχειν to have experience, to make proof of; end neipa by way of test or trial. an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise

πείρα, Ερ. for έπειρα, aor. 1 of πείρω.

 $\pi$ ειρά, ή,  $(\pi$ είρω) a point, edge.

πειράζω, f. άσω: Pass, aor. Ι ἐπειράσθην: pf. πεπείρασμαι:--hke πειράω, to make proof or trial of one :- to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. to attempt a thing.

Helpaleus or Helpaeus, &, Peiræeus, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Πειραιέωs or -αιωs; dat. -aieî; acc. -aiâ.

Helpaiol, Adv. at or in Peiræeus.

 $\pi$ ειραίνω, f.  $\check{a}$ νω̂: aor. I  $\check{\epsilon}$ πείρηνα:  $(\pi \epsilon \hat{i} \rho a \rho) \cdot -to$ bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σειρήν έξ αὐτοῦ πειρήναντε tying a rope from or to it lengthd. for περαίνω, to end, complete, finisb; in Pass., πάντα πεπείρανται (3 sing. pf.) all bas been completed.

πείραν, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. 1 of πείρω.

ΠΕΙ PAP, ατος, τό, poet. for πέρας, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαίηs the ends of the earth: the ends of II. the end or issue of a ropes, knotted ropes. thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object. III. act. that which finishes; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης the finishers of art.

 $\pi$ είρ $\bar{a}$ σιs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi$ ειρ $\dot{a}$ ω) a trying : an attempt. πειρασμός, δ, (πειρά(ω)) a tempting, temptation. πειρατέον, or in plur. - έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειρατήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{v}$ , collat. form of πειρατής. πειρατήριον Ion. πειρητ-, τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φύνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, 1. e. torture. II. a pirate's nest.

πειράτής, οῦ, ὁ, (πειράω) one wbo attempts: a pirate, Lat. pirata.

πειρατικός, ή, όν, tiratical.

πειράω, f. άσω Ion. ήσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρα- $\sigma \epsilon i \sigma \theta \epsilon$ : aor, i med.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon i \rho \bar{\alpha} \sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$  Ion.  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon i \rho \eta \sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ ; pass. ἐπειράθην [ā] lon. ἐπειρήθην : pf. pass. πεπείρāμαι Ion. πεπείρημαι: (πείρα):-to attempt, undertake, 2. c. gen pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on. to try one's skill or luck in a thing. II. the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him.

2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of.

3 absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πεπείρημαι μύθοιs I have triel myself, i. c. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθείην, πειρηθήναι, aor I opt. and inf. pass. of

πειράω, πειράομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειρατήριον.

πειρητίζω, f.  $l\sigma\omega_1 = \pi c_1 \rho d\omega_2$ , to attempt, try, prove. II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πείρινε, ινθοε, ή: acc. πείρινθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα

or carriage.

**ΠΕΙ'ΡΩ**, fut.  $\pi\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ : aot I ἔπειρα Ερ.  $\pi\epsilon\hat{i}$ ρα: Pass., aot. 2 ἐπάρην [ā] pf.  $\pi$ έπαρμαι: (πέραs):—to fierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit;  $\kappa\rho$ έα ἀμφ' ὁβελοιοιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part, ήλοιοι  $\pi$ έπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., ὁδύνησι  $\pi$ έπαρμένον pierced with pain.

Il. metaph., κύματα  $\pi$ έιρεν to cleave the waves;  $\pi$ είρε κέλευθον clave her way (through the waves).

 $\pi$ είσα, ης, ή,  $(\pi$ είθω) poet. for  $\pi$ ειθώ, persuasion or

obedience, subjection.

πείσειε, 3 sing Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of  $\pi \epsilon i\theta \omega$ .

πεισί-βροτος, ον, (πείθω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πεισέμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πείσμα, ατοs, τό, (πείθω) the calle by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope.

II that on which one may trust.

 $\pi$ εισμονή, ή,  $(\pi$ είθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation

**πείσομαι**, fut. med. of  $\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega$ .

πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of πάσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. I (from Pass ) one must obey: cf. ἀρκτέον.

πειστήριος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (πείθω) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

**πειστικός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ ,  $(\pi\epsilon i\theta\omega)$  persuasive.

πείσω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

**πεκτέω**, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , ( $\pi$ έκω) to shear, clip.

**ΠΕ΄Κ**Ω Ερ. πείκω: f. πείω: aor. 1 mcd. ἐπεξάμην, part. πεξάμενοs; aor. 1 pass. ἐπέχθην:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: mcd., χαίταs πεξαμένη baving combed ber hair.

2. to shear, clip.

πελάγιζω, f. ίσω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded.

swamped. II. to be out at sea.

πελάγιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πελάγίτης  $[\bar{t}]$ , ου, δ, fem.  $-\hat{\iota}$ τις, ιδος, (πέλαγος) of

or on the sea.

**ΠΕ΄ΛΑΤΟΣ**, εο**s**, τό: Ep. dat. pl.  $\pi$ ελάγεσσι:—
the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus:
any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of
anything huge or excessive, as,  $\pi$ έλαγος κακῶν a
'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω, f. πελάσω Att. πελω: aor. 1 ἐπέλἄσα Ep. πέλασα, ἐπέλασσα and πέλασσα: aor 1 med. ἐπελα- $\sigma$ άμην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπελάσθην poet. ἐπλάθην [ā]: Ep aor. 2 pass.  $\hat{\epsilon}\pi\lambda\hat{\eta}\mu\eta\nu$ , 3 sing. and pl.  $\pi\lambda\hat{\eta}\tau_0$ , πληντο and ξπληντο: pt pass. πέπλημαι part. πεπλημένοs: -πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms:I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any point. absol. to come near, draw near or nigh. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh;  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \dot{\alpha} \langle \epsilon \iota \nu \nu \epsilon \nu \rho \dot{\eta} \nu \mu \alpha \langle \hat{\varphi} \rangle$  to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάζειν τινά δδύνησι to bring him near to anguish; so, έπος έρέω, άδάμαντι πελάσσαs I will speak a word, baving made it firm as adamant; φυγά μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελᾶτε (sc ύμιν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεων thou may'st bring light near the ships. in Pass. like the intr Act. to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near · so in Ep. aor. 2, ἀσπίδες ἔπληντ' ἀλλήλησι the shields were brought close to each other; πλητο χθονί be came near, i.e. sank to earth; so also, πελασθήναι έπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh 2. to approach or wed a woman. to the god.

πελάθω [ἄ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr. πέλδνος, δ, any balf-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a nuxed mass or gruel, applied to oil, boney, foam, clotted blood. II. of a nuxture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain)

πελαργίδεύς, ὁ, (πελαργός) a young stork. πελαργικός, ή, όν, of or for a stork. From

 $\pi \in \lambda$ -apyós,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\pi \in \lambda \dot{o}s$ ,  $\dot{a}p\gamma \dot{o}s)$  the stork.

HE'ΛΑΣ, Adv. near, bard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquen locum.

II. absol. near, nigh at band: of πέλαs one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing, δ πέλαs one's neighbour.

πελασαίατο, Ερ. for πελάσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.

med. of  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \dot{\alpha} \theta \omega$ .

Πελασγικός, ή, όν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

The Aco γόs, δ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οί, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, fem. -άτις, ιδος, (πελάξω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. accöla: also an invader, intruder.

II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., 1. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.

 $\pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \theta o s$  or  $\sigma \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \theta o s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \eta \lambda \delta s)$  ordure, dung. πέλεθρον, τό, length poet. form for πλέθρον.

πέλεια, ή, (πελόs) the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat, from its dark colour. II.  $\pi \in \lambda \in (\alpha_i, \alpha_i, n_i)$ the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic doves of Dodona.

 $\pi$ ελειάς, άδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\pi$ έλεια.

Πελειάδες, al, = Πλειάδες, the Pleiads: also in sing. Πελειώς, άδος, ή, a Pleiad.

πελειο-θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) pigeon-feed-

πελεκάν. ανος, or πελεκας, αντος, Dor πελεκας, α, (πελεκάω) the woodpecker, the joiner-bird. the pelican.

 $\pi$ ελεκάω, f  $\eta$ σω, ( $\pi$ έλεκυs) to bew or shape with an axe, rough-hew, Lat. dolare.

πελεκίζω, f. ίσω, (πέλεκυς) to strike with an axe, to behead, Lat. securi percutere.

πελεκίνος,  $\delta_{\nu} = \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \kappa \dot{\alpha} \nu$  II, a water-bird of the pelican kind.

πελέκκησε, for  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \kappa \eta \sigma \epsilon$ , Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of πελεκάω.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυs) an axe-bandle.

πέλεκυς, εως Ion. εος, ό: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Εp. πελέκεσσι:—a double-edged axe, an axe; οὐ δύρασι  $\mu\dot{\alpha}\chi\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha$ i,  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\dot{\alpha}$  καὶ  $\pi\epsilon\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon\sigma$ i to fight not with spears only, but also with axes, i. e. not soldiers only, but every man.

πελεμίζω, fut.  $\xi\omega$ : Ep. aor. I πελέμιξα: aor. I pass. ἐπελεμίχθην: (πάλλω).—to swing, shake, to make to shake, quiver or tremble. - Pass. to be shaken, to tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.

πελεμίχθην, Ep. for  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \mu i \chi \theta \eta \nu$ , aor. I pass. of πελεμίζω.

πελέσκεο, Ion. and Ep 2 sing impf. of πέλομαι.

πέλευ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι. πεληιάs, άδος, ή, Ion. for πελειάs.

πελιδνός or πελιτνός, ή, όν, (πελιός) livid.

 $\pi \in \lambda \iota \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $(\pi \in \lambda \iota \dot{s})$  of the body, discoloured by a bruise, livid.

ΠΕ'ΛΛΑ lon. πέλλη, ηs, η̇, a wooden bowl, mlk-II a drinking-cup. pail, Lat. mulctra.

**ΠΕΛΛΟ'Σ** or  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , Lat. *PULLUS*, darkcoloured, blackish, dusky.

 $\pi \in \lambda o \mu \in S$ , Dor. for  $\pi \in \lambda o \mu \in V$ , I pl. of  $\pi \in \lambda o \omega$ .

Πελοποννήσιοι, oi, the Peloponnesians.

Πελοποννησιστί, Adv. in the Peloponnesian (i. e Dorian) dialect. From

**Πελοπόν-νησος**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Πέλοπος ν $\hat{\eta}$ σος, the Peloponnesus, now the Morea.

 $\pi \in \lambda \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , v.  $\pi \in \lambda \lambda \dot{\delta s}$ .

**Πέλο**ψ, οπος,  $\delta$ , (πελός,  $\delta$ ψ) Pelops, i. e. dark-face, son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia, and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

 $\pi$ ελτάζω, f.  $\sigma$ ω,  $(\pi$ έλτη) to serve as a targeteer.

πελταστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) one who bears a target or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield (δπλον), a targeteer, Lat. cetratus: they held a place | pf. πέπομφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐπέμφθην: pf. πέπεμμαι,

between the ὁπλίται or heavy-armed infantry, and the ψιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ή, όν, skilled in the use of the target:  $\tau \delta \pi \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha \sigma \tau \iota \kappa \delta \nu$ , = oi  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha i$ , the body of targeteers. HE'ΛTH, ή, a small light shield without a rim ("Tus), orig. used by the Thracians. 2. a body of targeteers (πελτασταί), as ἀσπίε for ἀσπισταί, ὅπλον for ὑπλιται. II. a shaft, pole. III. a borse's ornament.

 $\pi$ ελτο-φόρος, ον,  $(\pi$ έλτη, φέρω) bearing a target. ΠΕ'ΛΩ, more common as Dep πέλομαι, only used in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop. forms, as 3 sing. impf, act. έπλεν for έπελεν; 2 sing. impf med. ἔπλεο, ἔπλευ, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing ἔπλετο for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and 3 sing.  $\pi \in \lambda \in \sigma \kappa \in \sigma$ ,  $\pi \in \lambda \in \sigma \kappa \in \tau \sigma$ : imperat.  $\pi \in \lambda \in \nu$ : the pres part, is syncop, in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος, περιπλόμενος, for έπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but does not occur in the simple form: - orig. to be in motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγή πέλει οὐρανόθι πρό the cry goes up to heaven; γηρας καὶ θάνατος έπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται old age and death come upon II. to be, implying continuance, to be used or wont to be: to become.

 $\Pi E' \Lambda \Omega P$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , undeclined, a monster, of anything huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

 $\pi \in \lambda \omega \rho \circ s$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , also  $\alpha s$ ,  $\alpha v$ , huge, immense; τὰ πρίν πελώρια the mighty ones of

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a monster, πέλωρα θεῶν portents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

 $\pi \in \lambda \omega \rho os$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi \in \lambda \omega \rho)$  monstrous, prodigious, buge, portentous; and so, terrible. neut. pl. as Adv.,  $\pi \epsilon$ λωρα, hugely, portentously.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμμαι) any kind of dressed food: esp. in plur cakes, sweetmeat.

 $\pi$ εμματ-ουργός,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\pi$ έμμα, έργον) a pastry-cook.

πεμπάδ-αρχος,  $\dot{o}$ , (πεμπάς, ἄρχω) a commander of a body of five.

πεμπάζω, f. άσω, to count on the five fingers, count by fives: generally, to count. From

πεμπάς άδος, ή, Aeol. for πεντάς, the number five: a body of five.

πεμπαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) one who count by fives: generally, one who counts, μίρια πεμπαστής reviewing by tens of thousands.

πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, five.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep for πέμπειν.

πεμπταίος, a, ov, (πέμπτος) in five days, on the fiftb day.

πεμπτ-άμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ημέρα) Dor. for πενθήμεροs, of five days.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, one must send.

πέμπτος,  $\eta$ , ον, (πέντε) the fifth;  $\dot{\eta}$  πέμπτη (sub. ήμέρα) the fifth day.

 $\pi \in \mu \pi \tau \acute{o}s$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{o}\nu$ , verb. Adj. of  $\pi \acute{e} \mu \pi \omega$ , sent.

ΠΕΜΠΩ, fut. πέμψω: 201. Ι έπεμψα Ερ. πέμψα:

3 sing. πέπεμπται:—to send, despatch. send off or away, dismiss, send bome; χρη ξείνον παρεόντα φιλείν, εθέλοντα δε πέμπειν ' welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, dis-III. to convoy, attend, escort, conduct; charge. δ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; πομπην πέμπειν 2. to send with one, esp. to conduct a procession. to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., πέμπεσθαί τινα to 2. to send one's own or in one's own send for one. service.

πεμπ-ώβολον, τό, (πέμπε, δβολύs) a five-pronged

fork.

πέμψειας, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω. πεμψέμεναι, Ερ. for πέμψειν, fut. inf. of πέμπω. πέμψες, εως, ή, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission.

πεμψώ, πεμψεί, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει.

πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp and Sup. of πένης. πενέστης, ου, δ, a servant, labourer; the πενέσται were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Εἴλωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war.

II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man

πένης, ητος, ό, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. egens, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστατας.

πενητο-κόμος, ον, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor. πενθαλέος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (πένθος) sad, mourning.

πένθεια, ή, collat. form of πένθος.

πενθείετον, Εp. for πενθείτον, 3 dual of πενθέω.

πενθερά, ή, fem. of πενθερός, a mother-in-law, Lat. socrus.

HENΘΕΡΟ Σ, δ, a father-in law, Lat. socer; also εκυρόs. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθέω, f. ήσω: Ep. 3 dual πενθείετον for πενθέετον, πενθείτον: pres. inf. πενθήμεναι for πενθείν: (πένθοs):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for.

2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθέω) lamentation, mourning.

πενθήμεναι, Ep inf. pres. of πενθέω.

πενθ-ημερος, ον, (πέντε, ήμέρα) of, lasting five days:

πενθήμερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ημτμερής, ές, (πέντε, ήμιμερής) consisting of five balves, i.e. of two and a balf; hence in Prosody, τομή πενθημιμερής the caesura after two feet and a balf, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to τομή έφθημιμερής the caesura after three feet and a balf.

πενθ-ημιποδιαίος, α, ον, (πέντε, ήμιπόδιον) consist-

ing of five balf feet, i. e. of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

πενθήμων, ον, gen. ονοs, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, εε, (πένθος, ἀραρεῖν) lamenting, mourning. πενθητήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer. πενθητήριος, α, ον, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning.

πενθήτρια, ή, fem. of <math>πενθητήρ.

πενθίκός, ή, όν, (πένθοs) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πενθικῶs ἔχειν τινόs to be in mourning for a person.

πένθτμος, ov, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful.

II. mournful, wretched. From

**ΠΕ'ΝΘΟΣ**, εos, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead.

II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. -ίη, ή, (πένομαι) poverty, need.

πενιχράλέος, α, ον, collat. form of πενιχρός, poor.

πενιχρός, ά, όν, like πένης, poor, needy.

IIE'NOMAI, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's luving, to toil, work, labour:—
to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, bave need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.
πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From

πεντά-δραχμος, ον, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight

or value of five drachms.

πεντ-αέθλιον, τό, poet. for πεντάθλιον.

πεντ-άεθλον, τό, poet. for πένταθλον. πεντ-άεθλος, δ, poet. for πένταθλος

πεντάετηρίs, ίδος, ή, five years, a space of five years.

II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντἄ-έτηρος, ον, poet. for πενταετής, five years old.
πεντἄ-ετής, ές or πεντα-έτης, ες, (πέντε, έτος) five years old.

II. of Time, lasting five years: hence πεντάετες, as Adv. for five years.

 $\pi$ εντ-άθλιον, τό, collat. form of  $\pi$ ένταθλον.

πέντ-αθλον Ιοι. πεντ-άεθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) the contest of the five exercises; πεντάεθλον ἀσκεῖν to practise the five exercises. These were άλμα, δίσκοs, δρόμοs, πάλη, πυγμή: but for the last the ἀκόντισιs οτ ἄκων was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—ἄλμα, ποδώκειαν, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην.

πέντ-αθλος Ion. πεντ-άεθλος, ὁ, (πέντε, ἆθλον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them.

II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αιχμος, ον, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed.

πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times.

πεντάκισ-μύριοι,  $a_i$ ,  $a_i$ , five times 10,000 = 50,000. πεντάκισ-χίλιοι,  $a_i$ ,  $a_i$ , five times 1000 = 5000.

πεντακόσιοι Ερ. πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, (πέντε) five bundred: also in sing with a collective noun, πεντακοσία ίππος five bundred horse II. at Athens, οί πεντακόσιοι, =  $\dot{\eta}$  βουλ $\dot{\eta}$ , the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οί ἀπὸ κυάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (πεντακύσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι formed the first class, the other three being the imπείε, ζευγίται, θητες.

πεντακοσιοστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ ν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five bundredth.

πεντά-κυμία, ή, (πέντε, κυμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. τρικυμία, δεκακυμία.

πεντά-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five bandbreadths wide.

πεντά-πηχυς, v, gen. εος, (πέντε, πηχυς) five cubits long or broad.

πενταπλάσιος [ŭ], a, ον, (πέντε) fivefold.

πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

πεντά-πολις, ή, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns, as Τρίπολις was a state of three, Δεκάπολις of ten.

πεντάρ-ράγος, ον, (πέντε, δάξ) with five berries. πεντα-σπίθαμος, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans

long or broad. [ $\tilde{t}$ ]  $\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \dot{a} - \sigma \tau \dot{t} \chi o s$ , or, ( $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \tau \dot{t} \chi o s$ ) of five lines or verses.

πεντά-στομος, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths

cr openings, of the Nile and Danube.
πεντά-πευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεῦχος) consisting of five books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc βίβλος), ή, the five books of Moses, Pentaleuch.

 $\pi \in VT\bar{d}$ - $\phi \hat{U}\eta \hat{S}$ ,  $\hat{\epsilon} \hat{S}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\epsilon} \nu \tau \hat{\epsilon}, \phi \hat{U}\eta)$  five in nature or number.

πέντἄχἄ, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions.

πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.

**HENTE** Acol. πέμπε, οἱ, οἱ, τά, indecl five, Lat. quinque. In Compos. it takes the form πεντα- as well as πεντε-.

πεντε-καί-δεκα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. fifteen.

πεντεκαιδεκά-ναΐα,  $\eta$ , (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦs) a squadron of fifteen ships.

πεντεκαιδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαντον) of fifteen talents worth or weight.

πεντε-και-δέκάτος, η, ον, fifteenth.

πεντεκαιδεκ-ήρης, εs, with fifteen banks of oars. πεντε-σύριγγος, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes or boles; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine furnished with five boles, through which the head, arms, and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.

πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit. πεντ-ετηρίς, ίδος, η a term or space of five years; διά πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five years.

II. a festival celebrated every five years, such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From

πεντ-έτης, εs, (πέντε, έτος) of five years, lasting

five years.

πεντε-τριάζω, to conquer five times.

πεντήκοντα, ol, al, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty. πεντηκοντά-ετις, ιδοs, ή, fem. of

πεντηκοντά-ετής, έs or -έτης, εs, contr. -ούτης, (πεντήκοντα, έτοs) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years. πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) fifty-beaded.

πεντηκοντα-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) == πεντηκοντακάρηνος.

πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, δ, ή, consisting of fifty children.

πεντηκόντ-αρχος, δ, (πεντήκοντα, ἄρχω) the commander of fifty men.

II. one who commands a πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, ή, = πεντηκόντοροε.

πεντήκοντήρ, ήρος, ό, (πεντήκοντα) the commander of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army. πεντηκοντό-γύος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γύα) of fifty

acres of corn-land.
πεντηκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, ὅργυια) fifty

fathoms deep, bigb, etc.
πεντηκόντορος, ή, with and without ναῦς, (πεντή-

κοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars.
πεντηκοντ-ούτης, εs, contr. for πεντηκονταέτης.

πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ερ. for πεντακόσιοι.

πεντηκοστεύω, f σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax πεντηκοστή οτ two per cent:—Pass to pay the tax πεντηκοστή, ή, sec πεντηκοστύς.

πεντηκοστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , =  $\pi$ εντηκοντήρ.

πεντηκοστο λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collecting the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst, πεντηκοστολόγος,  $\delta$ , the collector of the πεντηκοστή.

πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, ὑ, ἡ, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς) with fifty children.

πεντηκοστός, ή, όν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftietb. II. as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, I. (sub. μερίs), the fiftieth part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent., inposed on all exports and imports. 2. (sub. ήμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost. Hence

πεντηκοστύs, ύοs, ή, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.

πεντ-ήρης, ες, (πέντε, ἐρέσσω) with five banks of oars: as Subst., πεντήρης (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a quinquereme.

πέντ-οζος, ον, (πέντε, ὕζος) having five branches or points: Hes. calls the hand πέντοζον, ibe five-pointed. πεντ-όργυιος, ον, (πέντε, ὕργυια) of five fathoms.

πεντ-ώβολος, ον, (πέντε, ἐβολός) of or worth five obols: as Subst., πεντώβολον, τό, a five-obol piece: πεντώβολον ήλιάσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day.

πεξαμένη, aor. 1 med. part. fem. of πέκω.

 $\pi \epsilon \xi \hat{\omega}$ , Dor. for  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \xi \omega$ , fut. of  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \omega$ .  $\Pi E'O \Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , membrum virile, Lat. penis.

πεπάθυια, Ep. for πεπονθυία, pf part. fem. of πάσχω. πεπαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. 1 ἐπέπᾶνα: Pass., fut. πεπανθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐπεπάνθην: pf. mf. πεπάνθαι: (πέπων):—to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc., to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. to become ripe, soft, mellow: to be softened.

II. intr. to become ripe mellow.

πεπαίτερος, πεπαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of πέπων.

πεπάλαγμένος, πεπάλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλαισμαι, pf. pass. of παλαίω. πέπαλμαι, pf. pass. of πάλλω.

πεπαλών, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι. πέπανος, ον, collat. form of πέπων, ripe, mellow. πεπάρειν, an old aor. 2 inf. to display, manifest. πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πείρω: mf. πεπάρθαι. πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part of πείρω. πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέομαι. πεπασθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, to possess. πέπασμαι, πεπάσμην, pf. and plapf. of πατέομαι. πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχίνω πεπείθαται, Ion. 3 pl pf. pass. of πείθω. πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω. πέπειρος, ον, also fem. πέπειρ $\ddot{\mathbf{x}}$ , = πέπων, ripe, mellow, Lat. maturus: metaph. mild, softened πέπεισθί, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of  $\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega$ . πέπεισμαι, pf. pass of πείθω. πεπέρασμαι, pf pass. of περαίνω. πεπερημένος, Ep pf part pass. of περάω. πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι. πεπίεσμαι, pf. pass. of πιέζωπεπιθέσθαι, redupl. 2 ar. 2 med inf of  $\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega$ .  $\pi$ επῖθήσω, Ep. fut. of  $\pi$ είθω. πέπιθον, Ep redupl aor 2 of πείθω; πεπίθωμεν 1 pl. subj.;  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o \iota \mu \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\pi \epsilon \pi i \theta o \iota \epsilon \nu$  1 and 3 pl opt.: inf πεπίθειν, fem. part, πεπίθοῦσα. πεπλάνημένως, Adv. pf pass. part. of πλανάω, roaming, wandering. πέπλασμαι, pf pass of πλάσσω πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \omega$ πεπληγέμεν, Ep aor 2 inf. of πλήσσω. πέπληγον, πεπληγόμην, Ep. redupl aor. 2 act. and med. of  $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \sigma \omega$ . πεπληγώs, pf. part. of πλήσσω. πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάζω. **ΠΕΤΙΛΟΣ**, δ, in Poets also with irreg. pl.  $\pi \epsilon \pi \lambda \alpha$ , τά, Lat. peplum, any woven cloth used for a covering, II. a large full robe a sheet, banging, curtain or shawl worn by women: esp the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the festival. long Eastern dress. πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf.  $\pi \epsilon \pi \lambda \dot{\nu} \sigma \theta \alpha i$ . πέπλωμα, ατος, τό, (πέπλος) a flowing robe, garπέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of  $\pi\nu$ έω, used as pres., to bave breath or soul; metaph, to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage; 2 sing.  $\pi \in \pi \nu \bar{\nu} \sigma \alpha i$ ; inf.  $\pi \in \pi \nu \hat{\nu} \sigma \theta \alpha i$ ; 2 sing. plqpf. πέπνῦσο:—part. πεπνῦμένος used as Adj. sage, wise, prudent. πεπνυμένος, part. of πέπνυμαι. πέποιθα, perf med. of  $\pi \epsilon i\theta \omega$ , to trust, rely on. Hence πεποίθεα, Ep. for  $\xi \pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta \epsilon i \nu$ , plapf. med. of  $\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega$ . πεποίθησις, ή, trust, reliance, boldness. πεποιθοίην, opt. of πέποιθα. πεποίθομεν, Ερ. for πεποίθωμεν, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα. πεποίθω, subj. of πέποιθα. πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing plapf. pass. of πολίζω. πέπομαι, pf. pass. of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ . πεπόνητο. Ep. 3 sing. plopf. pass. of πον έω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.  $\pi \epsilon \pi o \rho \theta a$ , pf. med. of  $\pi \epsilon \rho \theta \omega$ . πέποσθε, Ep. for  $\pi \epsilon \pi \delta \nu \theta \alpha \tau \epsilon$ , 2 pl. pf. of  $\pi \delta \sigma \chi \omega$ . πεποτήαται, Ep. for πεπότηνται, β pl. pf of ποτάομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf of same πέπραγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω. πέπραγμαι, pf. pass of πράσσω πέπρακα, πέπραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω. πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plapf pass of an obsol. Verb \*πύρω (from which also comes aor. 2 έπορον):—it bas, bad been fated; part πεπρωμένος. fated: ἡ πεπρωμένη (sub μοιρα), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like είμαρμένη πέπταμαι, pf. pass of πετάννυμι: part πεπταμένος πεπτέαται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf pass. of πετάννυμι. πεπτεῶτα, for πεπτῶτα, pf part. nom and acc neut οί πίπτω. πεπτηώs, Ερ for πεπτηκώs, pf part. of πτήσσω, frightened, timid, shy πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.  $\pi \in \pi \tau \omega s$ , Att. pf. part. of  $\pi i \pi \tau \omega$ . πέπτω, see πέσσω πεπύθοιτο [v], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθίνομαι πεπυκασμένος, pf. pass part of πυκάζω πέπυσμαι, pf of πυνθάνομαι: inf πεπύσθαι. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plapf of πυνθάνομαι.  $\pi \in \pi \omega \kappa \alpha$ , pf. of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ ΠΕ'ΠΩΝ, ον, gen ονος; Comp. and Sup. πεπαίτέρος, -τατος:--of fruit, ripe, mellow, Lat mitis, II metaph soft, tender, gentle: also softened, assuaged often used in addressing a person, & πέπον, as Subst., oh my friend: so, κριε πέπον my pet ram: in bad sense, ω πέπονες ye weaklings. ye dastards.

HE'P, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: much, very, often with an Adj. and the part, of  $\epsilon i \mu i$ ,  $\epsilon \pi \epsilon i \mu' \epsilon \tau \epsilon \kappa \epsilon \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \mu \nu \nu \nu \theta \alpha \delta i \delta \nu$ περ εόντα since you have given birth to me all shortlived as I am: also with an Adj. only, κρατερός περ strong as be is; or with an Adv, μίνυνθά περ for a very little time; ὀλίγον περ little as it is. call attention to something objected to, albeit, though, bowever; so, λιγύς περ έὰν ἀγορητής bowever loudtongued a talker he be 3. also to strengthen a negation, οὐδέ περ, no, not even, not at all, where, as in Lat. ne. quidem, où  $\delta \epsilon$  is divided by one or more words from  $\pi \epsilon \rho$ . II, to call attention to one or more things, bowever, at any rate, yet, as, άλλουs  $\pi \epsilon \rho \ \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \alpha_i \rho \epsilon$  pity others at any rate. III.  $\pi \epsilon \rho$  is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as őσπερ, ἦπερ, διόπερ, ὥσπερ, etc.

πέρα, Adv. beyond, across or over, further, Lat. ultra; μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὕ as far as the middle, but no further. II. of Time, beyond, longer: c. gen., πέρα μεσούση**s** ἡμέραs beyond midday. III. metaph. beyond measure, excessively: c. gen., πέρα

δίκηs beyond all justice. IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἄπιστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περάαν, Ερ. for περάν, pres. inf. of περάω. περάασκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

πέρūθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαίνω, aot. I ἐπεράνα: Pass., aot. I ἐπεράνθην: pf. πεπέρασμαι, inf. πεπέρανθαι: (πέραs):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. περαίνειν λύγον to end a discourse: hence absol to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαίοs, a, ov, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II.  $\hat{\eta}$  περαίη (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαιόω, f. ώσω: aor. ι ἐπεραίωσα: Pass, f. περαιωθήσομαι: aor. ι ἐπεραίωθην: pf. πεπεραίωμαι: — to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across: —Pass. to pass over, cross.

II. Intr. In Act. to cross, pass over,

περαίτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further, δδοί περαίτεραι το ads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαίτερον, further, beyond.

πέραν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; πέραν εἰs τὴν ᾿Ασίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia. II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος πέραν. III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ή, όν, (περαίνω) conclusive.

περ-άπτω, Aeol. for περιάπτω.

πέρας, ατος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or tra-

versed, passable. [ā]

πέρασις, ή, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίου

πέρασιε passage from life (to death).

πέρδτος, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior. II. ή περάτη (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$  or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the beavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περατός Ion. περητός, ή, όν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περῶν Ερ. περάαν: Ion. impf περάασκον: fut. περάσω [ā] Ion. περήσω, Ερ. inf. περησέμεναι: aot. I ἐπέρᾶσα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πεπέρᾶκα (πέρα):

I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφρος ἀργαλέη περάαν a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περῶν to pass through a danger; περῶν δρκον to go through or recute the terms of an oa:h.

3. to let go through: to extend, intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B), fut. περάσω [ $\tilde{\alpha}$ ] Ep. περάσσω Att. περώ. aor. I έπέρασα Ep. ἐπέρασσα: pf. pass. πεπέρητμα: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περῶν τινὰ Λῆμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

 $\Pi \in \rho \gamma \check{a} \mu i a$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\Pi \acute{e} \rho \gamma a \mu o s$ .

Πέργαμος, ή, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕ'PΔΙΞ, εκοs or tros, δ and ή, the partridge, Lat. perdix, - ecis.

ΠΕ'ΡΔΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἔπαρδον, pf. πέπορδα:—to break wind.

περεμμένον, Aeol. for περιειμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιεννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν.

πέρην, Adv , Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ερ. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω. περητός, ή, όν, Ion. for περάτός.

πέρθαι, Ep. 201. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕ΄ ΡΘΩ, fut. πέρσω: pf. πέπορθα: 20τ. 1 ἔπερσα: 20τ. 2 ἔπρἄθον, inf. πρᾶθεῖν Εp. πρᾶθέειν:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρσομα: Ep. 20τ. 2 inf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομα:—to waste, ravage, sack, rase.

2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay.
3. of things, to destroy.

Il. to get by plunder.

**INTERPY**, Prep., with gen., dat., et acc: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE: I. of Place, around, about, 11. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περὶ near. νόστου ἄκουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περί τινοι to speak of a subject, 2. about, for, on account of; βουλεύειν περί φόνου to lay plans for the 3 of contending for an object; περί θανόντοs for the dead, θείν περί ψυχής to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περὶ πνόλιος to fight for the 4. of the motive; περί έριδος μαρνασθαι to 5 with a Subst, as fight for very enmity's sake. to, in reference to, with regard to, about; αριθμού  $\pi \in \rho_{\ell}$  as to number. III. like Lat. prae, before, above, beyond; περί πάντων έμμεναι άλλων to be above or before all the rest; in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen. IV, the following phrases are of common occurrence: περὶ πολλοῦ έστιν ήμεν it is of much consequence to us; περί πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι or ἡγείσθαί τι to reckon a thing worth much; περί πλείονος, περί όλίγου, περί οὐδενός ποιείσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

With Dative of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about:

I. of Place, around, round about; The place, around, grasping the spear; δηχεϊ the hand round, grasping the spear; δαπαίρειν περὶ δουρί to quiver round or on the spear.

2. bard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one. II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περὶ οἶσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. prae: περὶ φόβφ for feat; περὶ χάρματι for joy.

WITH Accus, of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I of Place, about, around, near, by; ή περί Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidos; περί τὰ έλεα οἰκέουσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῦνες περί ένα many round about one, II. of persons who are about one, as many to one. attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἀμφί τινα; τὰ περί τι III. of the object all that belongs to a thing. with which one is occupied, esp. of the place;  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$ δύρπα πονείσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ή φιλοσοφία περί άλήθειάν έστι philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τὰ περὶ τὸν Κῦρον οὕτως έγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned IV. of Time, about, Lat. circa; περί τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers,  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$  τρισχιλίους about 3000.

In Position, περί may follow its Subst. in all cases,

and then it becomes paroxyt. πέρι.

As ADV.,  $\pi \in \beta_i$  around, about, also near, by. II. also  $\pi \notin \rho_i$ , with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases,  $\pi \notin \rho_i$   $\kappa \cap \rho_i$ ,  $\pi \notin \rho_i$   $\rho_i$   $\rho_i$  beyond measure in heart or soul; where  $\pi \notin \rho_i$  must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Πέρι sometimes stands for περίεστι.

In Compos. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -βάλλω,  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -έχω,  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -βάίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -γίγνομαι,  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -εργάζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -καλλή $\epsilon$ ,  $\pi\epsilon\rho_1$ -δείδω, like Lat. per in per-multus, per-gratus.

QUANTITY. Though  $\iota$  in  $\pi\epsilon\rho\dot{\iota}$  is short, yet it is not

properly elided before a vowel.

περι-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message semt round: absol. to send or carry a message round. II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something;  $\pi$ . παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready;  $\pi$ . ναῦς to order ships.

περι-αγής, ές, (περί, έαγα) broken in pieces. Ι

Dor. for περιηγήs.

**περι-άγνυμι** and -ύω, f. -άξω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., δψ περιάγνυται the voice is ecboed all round.

περιάγω, f. -άξω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι την λίμνην κύκλω they drive round the lake in a circle.

3. to lead about with one: so also in Med.

3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round.

H. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰε πόλειε to go round the cities. [ἄ] Hence

περιάγωγεύς, έως, δ, a machine for twisting round,

a tourniquet.

περιαγωγή, ή, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution. περιαιρετος, ή, όν, able to be taken off. From περιαιρέσω: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελείν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one. II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρείσθαι κυνέην to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περιαιρεύμενου taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act. III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to bave a thing taken away from one.

περι-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to be greatly distressed.

περι-αλείφω, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over. περι-άλλος, ον, (περί, ἄλλος) beyond or before others: — neut. pl. περίαλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly. περι-άλουργός, όν, (περί, ἀλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοῖς περιαλουργός double-dyed in villany.

περίαμμα, ατος, τό, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 περιήμπεσχον:— to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on.

II. to cover all round.

περι-αμπίσχω, impf.  $-\dot{\eta}$ μπισχον, = περιαμπέχω. περίαπτος, ον, bung about or upon:—as Subst., περίαπτον, τό, = περίαμμα. From

περι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

περι-αρμόζω Att. -όττω, f. όσω, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to bave fastened round or fitted on. περι-αστράπτω, f ψω, to lighten or flash all round. περι-ασχολέω, f. ήσω, to be busy about a thing. περι-ασχένιος, ον, (περί, αὐχήν) worn round the

neck; as Subst., περιαυχένιον, τό, a necklace. περίαχον, Ερ. for περιίαχον, impf. of περιιάχω.

περι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέβην: pf. περιβέβηκα: — to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβήναι ἀδελφειοῦ κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

 $\pi$ ερι-βάλλω,  $f - \beta$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $\pi$ εριέ $\beta$ άλον: pf.  $\pi$ εριβέβληκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκεύματι to fix him round a sword, i. c. to stab him. with pf. pass.  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i$ , to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc, τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν to build a wall round a city. II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. attribute or ascribe to a person. 3 to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing; metaph, to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be fond of III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to a place. compass, aim at, Lat. affecture: pf. pass. to be in possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.

περι-βαρίδες, αὶ, (περί, βαρις) a sort of women's sboes.

περί-βάρυς, v, gen. εos, exceeding beavy.

περιβάs, ασα, αν, αοτ. 2 part. of περιβαίνω. περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.

περίβη, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω. περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περίβλεπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:-Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

 $\pi$ ερίβλητος, ον,  $(\pi$ εριβάλλω) put round or on. περιβόητος, ον, (περιβοάω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense; hence either famous, extolled:

II. act. with loud cries. or exclaimed against. περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put

round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ή, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ξίφεοs the sheath of a sword walls thrown round a town. II a space enclosed, com-III. a circumference, circuit. taph. a compassing, aiming at.

περίβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compass-II. as Subst.,  $\pi \epsilon \rho i \beta o \lambda o s$ ,  $\delta$ , = ing, encircling περιβολή, anything thrown round; of περίβολοι walls thrown round a town. 2. an enclosure, circuit,

compass.

 $\pi$ ερι-βομβέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to bum round. περί-βουνος, ov, surrounded by bills.

περι-βράχτόνιον, τό, (περί, βραχίων) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περι-βρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round. [v]

περί-βωτος, ον, Ion, for περιβόητος.

περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [i]: fut.  $-\gamma \epsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ : **aor.** 2  $-\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \dot{\sigma} \mu \eta \nu$ :—to be over or above: I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen. II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape 2. of things, to remain over and above. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίειμι (είμί sum).

περι-γλαγής, έs, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνάομαι, Dep (περί, γλήνη):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλωσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, feich a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, όν, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγράφή, ή, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round. 2. to define, determine. draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare. III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περίδδεισα, Ep. for περιέδεισα, 201. I of περιδείδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δεήs, έs, (περί, δέοs) very timid or fearful: Adv. - ŵs, in great fear.

περιδείδια, Ep. pf of περιδείδω

περι-δείδω, f. - δείσομαι: 20τ. Ι περιέδεισα Ερ. περίδδεισα, part. περιδδείσας · pf. περιδέδοικα Εp. περιδείδια:-to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

 $\pi$ ερί-δει $\pi$ νον, τό, ( $\pi$ ερί, δε $\hat{\iota}$  $\pi$ νον) a funeral feast. περι-δέξιος, ον, like άμφιδέξιος, using both bands

II. generally, very dexalike, Lat. ambi-dexter. terous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέρκομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about. II trans. to look earnestly at. περι-δέω,  $f - \delta \eta \sigma \omega$ , to bind, the round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed. περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -διδοίs, -διδοί: f. II. Med. περιδίδομαι. - δώσω:—to give round. fut. -δώσομαι: aor. 2 -εδόμην:-to stake or wager. c gen. τei; τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod; ἐμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆs I will wager for myself, i.e pledge myself; περιδίδομαι περί της κεφαλής I stake my head: absol, περίδου νῦν ἐμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δινέω, f. ήσω, to whirl or wheel round :- Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινηθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I.

 $\pi$ ερί-δινής, ές,  $(\pi$ εριδινέω) whirled round. περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδείδω: to be much

afraid about one.

περίδου, 2 or. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περίδραμον, Ερ, for περιέδραμον, 20r. 2 of περιτρέχω. περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the band. περι-δρομάς, άδος, fem. of περίδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ή, (περίδρομος) a running round and 2. a revolution, orbit. round, a circuit.

περίδρομος, ον, (περιδραμείν) running round, surrounding: circular. 2. going about, roam-3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached. II. as Subst., περίδρομος, δ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds of encompasses: as the string that runs round a net for closing it. a gallery running round a building. 3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 περιδρύφθη, be bad the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδώμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι. περι-εδέδετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιδέω.

περι-έζωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι

περι-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοβών being used instead:—to look about for, await.

2. to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass, allow, suffer.

II. pf. περίοιδα with pres. sense; plqpf. περιήδειν with impf. sense, Att. περιήδη; inf περιειδέναι Ερ. περιίδμεναι: to know or understand better; βουλή περιίδμεναι άλλων to be better in counsel than others.

περιειλάς, άδος, ή, (περιείλω) wound round, en-

circling.

περι-ειλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιείλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-είλλω or -ειλέω, to fold or wrap round:— Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περί-ειμι, (περί, είμί sum) to be around; τὰ περιόντα circumstances. II. to be better than or superior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number, outnumber. III. to over-live, outlive: absol. to survive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be over and above, to remain in band. IV. to remain as a result or consequence, come about, ensue: cf. περιγίγνομαι.

περί-ειμι, (περί, είμι ibo) to go round or about, fetch a compass.

2. c. acc. to go round, compass; περιιέναι φυλακάs to go the rounds of the guards. II. to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνου

περιίοντος as time came round.

περι-είρω, to insert or fix round.

περιέκρῦβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of περικρύπτω.

περιέλασις, εως, ή, a driving or riding round: a place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. --ελάσω: 20r. 1 - ήλᾶσα: pf. --ελήλακα: --to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to drive about, barass, distress. II. (sub. βρμα, ξππου, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

mept-eλίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -ειλίσσω:-f. ξω:-to roll or wind round:-Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-έλκω, f. -ελκύσω [v], to drag round or about. περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one. περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plapf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, 201. 2 οf περιπίπτω.

περι-έπω, impf. περιείπον: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2 περιέσπον, inf. περισπεύ: fut. med. inf. περιέψεθαι: aor. 1 pass. inf. περιεφθήναι:—to be busy about, tend diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with attention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but, τρηχέων περιέπειν to bandle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέων περιέπειν to bandle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέων περιέπειν τινά τινου to be roughly bandled by one; καλῶν περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also, περιέπειν τινὰ ἀν οτ ἄτε πολέμιον to treat one as an enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:-to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious;  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$  θυλάκ $\varphi$  περιειργάσθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word).

2. to meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργος, ον, (περί, έργον) over-careful, taking needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts. 2. meddling, interfering, officious.

II. pass. overwrought, elaborate, expensive.

2 superfluous.

περι-έργω Att. - είργω, f. ξω, to enclose all round, encompass.

περι-ερρύην, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρέω. περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχύμην: f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 - ηλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, go about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire: c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of Time, to come round. II. to go round and return to a spot, to come round to; ή τίσιε περιηλθε τον Πανώνιον vengeance came at last upon him.

III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire,

to come round, overreach, cheat.
περι-εσθίω, f. --έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περιέσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπάω.

περί-εσσι, Ερ. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περίειμι (εἰμί sum). περιεστώς, pf. part. of περιίστημι.

περι-έσχάτος, η, ον, about the last.

περιέσχον, 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έφθος, or, (περί, ἐφθύς) thoroughly boiled.
περι-έχω, f. περιέξω and περισχήσω: aot. 2 περιέσχον, inf. περισχεῖν: aot. 2 mid. περιεσχύμην, inf. περισχείσθαι:—to hold around, encompass, embrace, surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade.

Il like περίειμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass, overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank.

III. Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to protect.

2. to hold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.

3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμενής) very powerfully

or violently.

περι-ζέω poët. –ζείω, f. –ζέσω, to boil round about. περί-ζύγος, ον, also περίζυξ, """ τος, """ δ, "" (περί, ζυ-"" γόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so, of horses' harness, "" περίζυγα are spare straps.

περίζωμα, ατος, τό, an apron. From

περιζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζωσω: to gird round:— Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron. Hence

περιζωσάμενος, aor. I med. part.

περιζώστρα, ή, (περί, (ῶστρον) a girdle, apron. περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about, shew the way round. Hence

περιηγήs, έs, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγησις, εωε, ή, like περιγραφή, a sketch, outline: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plaps. of περίοιδα: see περιείδον. περι-ήκω, s. to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last: c. acc., τὰ σε περιήκοντα that which bas come round to thee, fallen upon thee.

περιήλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλὕσις, ή, (περιέρχομαι) a coming round, revolution.

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ήσω, to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with bim. (The deriv. of ήμεκτέω is uncertain.)

περιήνεικα, Ion. aor. I of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to echo or ring all round.

περι-θαλπής, ές, (περί, θάλπος) very warm or bot. περιθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περίθεσιε, εωε, ή, (περιτίθημι) a placing or putting round, putting on.

περιθετός, ή, όν, and περίθετος, ον, (περιτίθημι)

put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.

περι-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run round. περι-θεωρέω, f. 4σω, to go round and observe.

περι-θυμος, ον, (περί, θυμός) very wrathful. Adv., περιθύμως έχειν to be very angry.

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to wound all round.

περι-ιάχω [ἄ], to ring around, re-echo: Ep. 3 sing. impf. περίαχε [τ] for περιίαχε.

περιιδείν, inf. of aor. 2 περιείδον.

περιίδμεναι, Ep. for περιειδέναι, inf. of περίοιδα. περι-ίζομαι, Dep. to sit round about.

περιίστημι, f. περιστήσω: aor. I -έστησα:—to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state.

2. aor. I med. περιεστησάμην is also trans., to place round oneself.

11. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην: pf. -έστηκα: plqpf. -έστηκεν:—to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass.

2. to come round to, devolve upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, especially for the voorse.

3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun.

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω. περιών, οῦσα, όν, αοτ. 2 part. of περίειμι (εἶμι ibo). περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, an offscouring, defilement: hence a polluted wretcb.

περι-καθέζομαι, Dep. to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.

περικάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, inf. - ησθαι: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέζομαι):—to be seated round, to sit round; περικαθήσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.

περι-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to set on fire, burn round about:—Pass. to be scorebed all round: metaph. to be influmed.

περι-καλλής, ές, (περί, κάλλος) very beautiful.
περι-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over.

II. to cover all round, cover completely.

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. άξω, to break all round.
περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace all to bang up all round.
2. to overtake. 2. to constrain, compel. to, c. dat. Hence

περι-καταρρέω, f. - ρεύσομαι, to fall down all round, go to ruin.

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. --phfω, to tear down round about, rend off:—Med. to rend one's own garment

περι-κάτημαι. Ion. for περικάθημαι. περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω, [ā]

περί-κειμαι, inf. –κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. –κείσθαι :—to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol., τείχος περίκει ται a wall is round about. 2. metaph. to be over and above, profit; οῦ τι μοι περίκειται there is no advantage for me. II. to bave round one, to bave on one; περικείμενος ῦβριν elad in arrogance.

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, to shear or clip all round:— Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχαs to clip one's hair.

περικεκληιμένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω. περι-κεφαλαία, ή, (περί, κεφαλή) a belmet.

περι-κήδομαι, Dep. to be very anxious or concerned about one.

περί-κηλοs, ον, (περί, κήλον) exceeding dry, welldried.

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. to spread round about. περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, to break around.

περι-κλαω, ι. -κλαοω, ιο oreak arouna.περι-κλεής, ές, (περί, κλέος) far-famed.

περί-κλειτος, ον. famous all round, far-famed. περι-κλείω lon. -κληίω old Att. -κληίω: f. -κλείσω οτ -κλήσω: (περί, κλείω):—to sbut in all round, enclose, environ: to surround, of ships.

περι-κλύζω, f. -ύσω, to wash all round:—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island. Hence

περίκλυστος, η, ον, Att. also os, ον, washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.

περι-κλύτός, ή, όν, heard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclytus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.

περι-κνίδιον, τό, a stalk or sprig.

περι-κνίζω, f. -ίσω, to scratch all round: -- Med., poet. 20τ. Ι περιεκνιξάμην, to gnaw all round.

περι-κοκκύζω, f. σω, to cry cuckoo all round.
περι-κομίζω, f. -ίσω, to carry round:--Pass. to be

conveyed round, hence to go round,
περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικόπτω) that which is cut
off all round, the clipbings, transmings, περικόμμασα

περικομμα, ατος, το, περικοπτω) τομ white is ent off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμματα ἐκ σοῦ σκευάσω I will make minced meat of you. περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περί-κομψος, ov, very elegant, exquisite.

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φίλα, ή, (περί, κύνδυλος, πώρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj, epith. of the gout, exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.

περικοπή, ή, a cutting all round, mutilation. From περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut all round, clip, mutilate.

2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.

περι-κράτής, έε, (περί, κράτοε) baving full command of.

περι-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [a], Att. -κρεμώ:to bang up all round:-Pass. to be bung about, cling
to, c. dat. Hence

large, immense.

περι-κρεμής, έs, bung round with a thing. περι-κρούω, f. σω, to strike or knock all round. περι-κρύβω [τ], late form of περικρύπτω. περι-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to cover all round, conceal: to bide oneself. περι-κτίονες, όνων, οί, Ερ. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (περί, κτίζω) like άμφι-κτίονεs, the dwellers around, neighbours. περι-κτίται [ι], ων, οί, = περικτίονεε.περι-κυκλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. to encircle, encompass, enclose. περι-κυκλόω, f. ώσω, to encircle, encompass. Hence περικύκλωσις, ή, an encircling. περι-κυλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [i]:-to roll round: Pass. to be rolled about. περι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (περί, κῦμα) surrounded by the waves. περι-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to go about with a party of revellers (κῶμος): to carouse around. περι-κωνέω, f. ήσω, (περί, κώνοs) to smear all over with pitch; περικωνείν τὰ ἐμβάδια to black shoes. περι-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to chatter on all sides or beyond περι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: αοτ. 2 περιέλαβον .-to seize around, embrace. 2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:-Pass. to be caught. II. to comprehend, take III. to constrain, compel. περι-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or beam round about. περι-λείβομαι, Pass. to be shed all over. περι-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining: - Pass. to be left remaining, survive. περι-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick all round: lick clean. περίλεξις, ή, (περιλέγω) circumlocution. περι-λέπω, f. ψω, to strip off all round. περι-λεσχήνευτος, ον, (περί, λεσχηνεύω) talked about on all sides, much discussed.  $\pi$ ερι-λιμνάζω, f. άσω,  $(\pi$ ερί, λίμνη) to surround with water, insulate. περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. =  $\pi$ εριλείχω. περί-λοιπος, ov, left remaining. περι-λούω, f. σω, to wash all round, wash carefully. **περί-λ**υπο**s**, ον, (περί, λύπη) exceeding sorrowful. περι-μαιμάω, to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem. περιμαιμώωσα. περι-μαίνομαι, Dep. to rage round about. περι-μακής, έs, Dor, for περιμηκής. περι-μάρναμαι, Dep. to fight round about: also to

fight for a thing.

to be desired. From

intr. to wait, abide.

metaph. to purify by magic arts.

περι-μάχομαι [α], Dep. to fight around.

**περι-μένω**, to wait for one, await, expect.

περί-μεστος, ov, full all round, very full.

**περί-μετρον,** τό, (περί, μέτρον) the circumference.

 $\pi$ ερι-μήκης, εs, ( $\pi$ ερί, μηκοs) very tall, bigb or long. περι-μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. - $\mu\eta$ χανόωντο: Dep.:-to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for. περι-μυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow around. περι-ναιετάω, to dwell round about or near. in pass, sense to be inhabited. περιναιέτης, ου, ό, a neighbour. From περι-ναίω and Med. -ναίομαι, to dwell round.  $\pi$ ερι-νέφελος, ον,  $(\pi$ ερί, νεφέλη) overclouded περι-νέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 inf. περινησαι Ερ. -νηησαι: (περί, νέω):—to pile round.  $\pi$ ερί-νεως, δ, gen.  $-\nu$ εω, nom. pl.  $\pi$ ερίνεω: ( $\pi$ ερί, νεώs gen. of ναθε): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp to a rower (πρόσκωποε). περινήσας Ep. -νηήσας, 20τ. I part. of περινέω. περι-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go round: of Time, to recur. περι-νοέω f. ήσω, to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly. II. over-wiseness. From περίνοια, ή, intelligence. περί-voos, ον, (περί, νόοε) exceeding wise. περι-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to go round or about.  $\pi \in \rho \in \mathcal{L}$ , strengthd. for  $\pi \in \rho \in \mathcal{L}$ I. Prep. round about, all round; c. gen., but mostly c. acc. Adv. round about. περι-ξεστός, ή, όν, polished all round. περι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to polish all round. περι-ξυράω Ion. - έω, f. ήσω, to shave all round. περί-οδος, ή, a going round, the making a circuit II. a way round: a circuit, compass; την περίοδον absol., in circumference. III. a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart. IV. a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time. course at dinner; περίοδος λύγων table-talk. 3. the orbit of a beavenly body. 4. a fit that recurs V. a well-rounded sentence, period. at intervals. περίοιδα, pf. of περιείδον: see περιείδον II. περι-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave. περι-οικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of περίοικος, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. II. as Subst., περιοικίε (sub. γη οι χώρα), η, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts. περι-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. - φκοδόμημαι περι-μάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:--to wipe all round: Ion, -οικοδόμημαι:—to build round about. to enclose by building round:-Pass. to be built up, περιμάχητος, ov, fought about, fought for; and so, walled in. περί-οικος, ον, (περί, οἰκέω) dwelling round about or near, neighbouring. II. οἱ περίοικοι were. in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand

to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.

περί-μετρος, ον, (περί, μέτρον) above measure, very

περίμετρος (sub. γραμμή), ή, a circumference.

περι-μήκετος, ον, poet. for περιμήκης.

II. measuring round: as Subst...

περιοίσω, fut, of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. οf περίειμι (εἰμί sum). περι-οπτέος, α, ον, vcrb. Adj. of περιοράω (see περιόψομαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.

II. neut. περι-οπτέον, one must overlook.

ed. II. neut. περι-οπτέον, one must overlook. περί-οπτος, ον, (περιόψομαι) seen from all sides:

admired, admirable.

περι-οράω, impf. περιεώρων Ion. περιώρων: pf. περιεόρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεόραμαι:— f περιώψομαι, from an obsol verb περιώπομα:— (for aor. 2 περιέδον, pf. περίοδα, see περιείδον):— to look around for, wait for.

II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do.

III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to sbrink from.

2 c. gen. to look about for, Latrespicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, δργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv.  $-\gamma \hat{\omega}$ s, very wrathfully.

περί-ορθρον, τό, (περί, δρθροs) daybreak, dawn. περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries.

Hence σεριορισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a marking out by boundaries. σund —Pass. to περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round frozen on the feet.

so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:

—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίειμι) that which is over and above: a surviving.
2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty.
3, superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ον, more than enough, abundant.

peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents.

II. a section of a book.

περιόψομαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from \*περιόπτομαι.

περι-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πάτέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

**περιπάτητικόs,** ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

περί-πάτος, ό, (περί, πατέω) a walking about, strolling, Lat. ambulatio. II. a place for walking, a covered walk. III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πείρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.
περι-πέλομα, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενοs: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or
about. 2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recurπερίπεμπτοs, or, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent

περίπεμπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sen round.

περι-πέμπω, f. ψω: 201. I pass. περιεπέμφθην: to send round, despatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περιπεσείν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part of περιπίπτω.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph, to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθείς cajoled,

περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [α]: pf. pass.
-πέπταμαι or -πέπτασμαι —to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outspread.

περιπέτεια, ἡ, (περιπετήs) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns. περιπετής, έs, (περιπέπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2 enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχος περιπετές the sword on which he had fallen. II. falling in with. III. clanging suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances

περι-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πτήσομαι Dep.:--to fly around.

περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sbarp or keen. περι-πήγνῦμι or  $-\dot{\nu}\omega$ : f.  $-\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\omega$ :—to fix round, to put as a fence round. If to make to congeal round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be force on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:-Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επίμπρα, -επίμπρασαν.

περι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: 20. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέππωκα: -to fall around, so as to embrace 2. to fall round or upon 2 sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against. 2. metaph to fall into, be betrayed into; ἐαυτῷ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare. III. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλάνάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or bover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence περιπλάνιος, ov, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From

περι-πλέκω, f. ξω, to twine round about.

2. to intertwine, interweave: — Pass., aor. I - επλέχθην, pi.
-πέπλεγμα: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c.
dat.; Ιστῷ περιπλεχθείs folded round the mast.

περί-πλευρο's, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side. περιπλέχθη, Ερ. 3 sing. 201. I pass, of περιπλέκω. περι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσούμαι: 201. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. 200.

 $\pi$ ερί- $\pi$ λεως, ων, nom. pl.  $-\pi$ λεω,  $-\pi$ λεα: Ion.  $\pi$ ερί- $\pi$ λεος, ον:—quite full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, έε, (περί, πλήθοε) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ή, (περιπλέκω) a twining round.
entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέκω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπέλο-

περί-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round. περί-πλοος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating.

2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περι-πλύνω [v], to wash all round, wash clean.

περι-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνείω, poet, for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe round.

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect.

2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure.

II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησις, εως, ή, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ου, οι -αρχος, ου, δ, (περίπολος, άρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περι-πολέω, f. ήσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περι-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guardbouse. From

περί-πολος,  $\alpha v$ , (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., I. περίπαλοι, ol, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes.

3. generally, περίπολοs, δ, an attendant, follower.

περι-πάνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περι-πόρφύρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) edged with purple, Lat. praetextatus,

περι-ποτάομαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, to bover about.

περι-πρό, Adv., =  $\pi$ ερὶ πρό, very, especially.

περι-προχέω, f. -χεω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -κέχϋκα:— to pour forth round or over. Pass. aor. I part., έρος θυμόν περιπροχύθεις έδάμασσε love gushing forth quer his soul overcame it.

περίπτισμα, ατος, τό, a busk, skin. From

περι-πτίσσω, to strip off the busk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπτισμένου free from chaff, clean winnowed.

**περίπτυγμα, α**το**ι**, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, αοτ. I part. of περιπτύσσω, περιπτύσσω, f. ξω: αοτ. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, enurap, ensbroud: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence

περιπτυχή, ή, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τειχέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; 'Αχαιῶν ναύλοχοι περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτυχής, ές, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνφ περιπτυχής fallen round (i. c. upon) his

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρράγής, ές, (περιρράγηναι) broken or rent round about.

περιρ-ραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρρήγνυμι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περιρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην:—to flow round, c. acc:—Pass. to be surrounded by water.

II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ ἀσπὶς περιερρύη εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea.

2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περιρ-ρήγνῦμι and -ὑω, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 -ερράγην [ἄ]: intr. pf. -έρρωγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ ὀξὸ τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρήγνυται ὁ Νείλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. c. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηδής, ές, (περιρρέω) falling round or upon. περιρροή, ή, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περίρροος, ον, contr. –ρρους, ουν, (περιρρέω) like περίρρυτος, surrounded with water.

περίρρὖτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περι-σαίνω Ερ. περισ-σαίνω, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περι-σείω poot. περισσείω, f. σω, to sbake all round:—Pass, to be sbaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμνος, ov, also η, ov, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly bonoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σημα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

περισθενέω, f. ήσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

περι-σθενής, έε, (περί, σθένοε) exceeding strong or powerful.

περι-σκελής, έs, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or bardened all round, rigid.
2. metaph, obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περι-σκελίς, ίδος, ή, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.

περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.

περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.

περι-σκιρτάω, f. ήσω, to leap round or about

περι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι: αοτ. Ι -εσκεψάμην: pf.  $-\epsilon \sigma \kappa \epsilon \mu \mu \alpha i$ , formed from \* $\pi \epsilon \rho i \sigma \kappa \epsilon \pi \tau \sigma \mu \alpha i$ :—to look 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look at from all points: to watch and see: to look about one, be circumspect.

περι-σκύλακισμός, οθ, δ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round.

περι-σμάραγέω, f. ήσω, to rattle all round. περι-σμύχω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [v] περι-σοβέω, f ήσω, to chase or push about. intr to run round about, c acc.

περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.

περι-σπάω, f. άσω [a], to draw off from around, strip off: - Med. to strip oneself of a thing. to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different ways, distracted.

περισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπω.

**περισπερχέω**, =  $\pi$ ερισπερχής είμι, to be very indignant. From

περι-σπερχής, ές, (περί, σπέρχω) very basty of burried; περισπερχές πάθος an over-hasty death.

 $\pi \in \text{pl-}\sigma\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma\chi\nu\sigma s$ ,  $\sigma\nu$ ,  $\sigma\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma\chi\nu\sigma\nu$  greatbearted.

περισ-σαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.

περισσεία, ή, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abun-II. superiority, preeminence.

περισ-σείω, poet. for περισείω.

περίσσευμα, τό, superabundance: that which is left or is over, a remnant. From

περισσεύω later Att. - ττεύω: impf. ἐπερίσσευον:  $(\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \sigma \dot{\sigma} \dot{\sigma}) : -to be over and above, outnumber, be$ too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough; τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surplus; τοσούτον τῷ Περικλεί ἐπερίσσευε such an abundance of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be overmuch or superfluous. III. to bave more than enough of a thing, c gen. IV. later in causal sense, to make to abound.

περισσο-λογία, ή, (περισσός, λύγος) useless talking, wordiness, verbiage.

περισσός later Att. περιστός, ή, όν, (περί) above measure, more than the average, above the common: uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; περισσός ἄλλων πρόε τι beyond others in a thing. unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraor-II. more than sufficient; τὸ περισσύν a surplus, residue; περισσαί σκηναί spare III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive; περισσά δράν to be over-busy; περισσά φρονείν to be 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over over-wise. much: artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven, Lat. impar, opp. to aprios.

περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, ή, (περισoba) superfluity, excess.

περισσό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise. beleaguer.

περισσώς, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly: Comp.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \sigma \delta \tau \epsilon \rho o \nu more abundantly.$ 2. οὐδὲν πέρισσύι τερον, Lat. nibil aliud, nothing else; so, οὐδὲν περισσύτερον ή εί . no otherwise than if.

περι-στάδόν, Adv. (περιίστημι) standing round about.

περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about. περιστάθη, Ep. 3 sing. not. I pass of περιίστημι. [d] περισταίην, aor. 2 opt. of περιίστημι.

περιστάς, -στασα, -στάν, aor. 2 part. of περιίστημι. περί-στάτος, ον, (περιίστημι) surrounded, admired by the crowd.

περι-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to fence about with a balisade, fortify or fence round: -Med. to fortify oneself with a palisade

περιστείλαs, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω. περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.

περιστείωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περιίστημι.

 $\pi$ ερι- $\sigma$ τέλλω, f.  $-\sigma$ τελ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon$  $\sigma$ τειλα:—t $\sigma$ dress, clothe, to wrap round: to lay out a corpse, Lat. componere, hence to bury. II to wrap up, cover. III. to take care of, protect, maintain; περιστέλλειν ἀοιδάν to upbold ministrelsy; περιστέλλειν έργα to attend to agriculture

περι-στενάχίζω, f. ίσω, to sigh, groan about or over, bemoan .- Med to echo around.

περι-στένω, to cram full all round: Pass. to be crammed full. II. to groan around.

περίστεπτος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed. ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ', ή, a dove, pigeon.

περιστερεών, ωνος, δ, a dove-cote. From

περι-στεφανόω, f ώσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle, surround as with a crown.

περιστεφής, έs, wreathed, crowned; ανθέων περιστεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining, encircling From

περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, enwreathe.

περίστησαν, Εp. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of περιίστημι.

περιστήσαντο, Εp. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl aor 1 med of περιίστημι

περιστήωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj or

περιίστημι. περι-στίζω, f  $\xi \omega$ : 201. I –  $\xi \sigma \tau \iota \xi \alpha$ :— to dot at equal intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. c. dat. to stick round with things

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.  $\pi \in \text{pl-stly}(\zeta \omega, f, \sigma \omega, (\pi \in \text{pi}, \sigma \tau i \chi \circ s))$  to put all round. περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοῖχος) to surround with toils or nets :- Med. to bedge in.

περί-στοιχος, σν, (περί, στοίχος) set round in

περι-στονάχίζω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: 201. Ι -εστρατοπεδευσάμην: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege, περι-στρέφω, f. ψω, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, ή, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, f. ήσω, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστρωφώμενοι πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στύλος, ον, (περί, στύλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περίστυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφάλής, ές, (περί, σφαληναι) very slippery. περι-σφύριος, ον, (περί, σφυρόν) round the ankle: —as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an anklet.

περί-σφύρος, ον, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, Ερ. for περισχείν, aor. 2 mf of περιέχω περίσχεο, Ερ. for περίσχου, aor. 2 med imperat. of περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, f. low, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , (περί, σχοινοs) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σώζω, f. σω, to save alive, save from death:— Pass, to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, Ion, for περιτέμνω.

περι-ταφρεύω, f. σω, (περί, τάφροs) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

 $\pi$ ερι-τείνω, f.  $-\tau$ ενῶ,  $(\pi$ ερί,  $\tau$ είνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τειχίζω, f. ίσω, to wall all round, fortify. 2 to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round Hence

περιτείχίσις, ή, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτείχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, δ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, f. έσω, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμείν, inf. fut. of περιτέμνω.

περι-τέμνω Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 - έτεμον: — to cut round, clip round about: — Med, περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ alδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms. II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut sbort of certain land. III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted. περι-τέρμων, ον, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round. περι-τέχνησις, ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. 1 - έθηκα: aor. 2 εθην, imperat. -θεε: --to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on.

II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τιμήεις, εσσα, εν, (περί, τιμή) much bonoured. περιτομή, ή, (περιτέμι ω) circumcision.

περι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to oversboot, outsboot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω: 201. 1 -έτρεψα: -to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn II. intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 1 of περιτρέω.

περιτρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. 1 -έθρεψα: —to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from \*περι-δρέμω,—f. -δράμοῦμαι: aor. 2 - έδράμον: pf. -δέδρομα:—to run round, spin or whirl round II c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of.

2. metaph to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about.

περιτρίβής, ές, (περιτριβήναι) worn all round. From

περι-τρίβω, f. ψω: 201.  $1 - \epsilon \tau \rho_i \psi \alpha$ :—Pass, 201.  $2 - \epsilon \tau \rho_i \beta \eta \nu$  [ $\zeta$ ]: pf.  $- \tau \epsilon \tau \rho_i \mu \mu \alpha i$  —to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, ατος, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass, σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσιν all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve.

3 c. acc. to drive about, barass.

περιτροπή, ή, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; ἐν περιτροπῆ οτ ἐκ περιτροπῆs by turns.

περι-τρόχαλος, ον, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv, περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipt round about.

περι-τροχάω, collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round. περι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομα: 201. 2 - έτράγον:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιττεύω, περιττός, etc., later Att. for περισσεύω, περισσόε, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: 20τ. 2 -έτὔχον: pf. -τετύχηκα: --to bappen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to bappen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the

περι-υβρίζω, f. ίσω, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

έθην, περι-φαίνομαι, Pass. to be visible all round; έν nd or περιφαίνομένφ (sc. χώρφ) on a spot seen far II. to around.

περιφάνεια, ή, a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [α] From

περι-φάνής, ές, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έστατος. περιφαντος, ον, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris. περιφάνώς, Adv. of περιφαγής, manifestly.

περι-φείδομαι, Dep to spare so that be survives, c. gen.

περιφέρεια, ή, a circumference: a round figure.

περιφερής, έs, (περιφέρω) carried round about ' revolving, rolling: surrounding. 2. surrounded by.
περι-φέρω, f. περιοίσω: aor. I περιήνεγκα:—tocarry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to move a thing round in a circle: to band round. II οῦ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things. III. to endure, bold out. IV. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp of time. 2. to wander or range about.

περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι —to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc. 2 to escape from illness, get over an attack.

περι-φλεύω, pf. pass περιπέφλευσμαι:—to scorcb or burn all round.

περί-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιός) with bark all round. περι-φλύω  $[\bar{v}]$ , = περιφλεύω.

περι-φοβέσμαι, Pass, to fear greatly.

 $\pi$ epl-φόβοs, ον, ( $\pi$ epi, φόβοs) in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.

περί-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about. περιφορά, ή, (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round. II. (from Pass) a going or turning round, circuit, revolution. περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence

περιφορητός, όν, carried about. II. going or ranging about. III. notorious, infamous.

περιφράδής, és, very thoughtful, very careful, considerate. Adv. -δέως, carefully. From

περι-φράζομαι, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.

περίφρακτος, ον, fenced round:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, an enclosure. From

περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to fence round.

περι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to compass in thought, speculate about.

II. to bave thoughts above or beyond, to contemn, despise.

περι-φρουρέω, f. ήσω, to guard on all sides, blockade. περί-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, νος. πέριφρον, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ὑπέρ-φρων, baughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.

περιφυγή, ή, (περιφυγείν) a place of refuge. περιφύς, ῦσα, ὑν, 201. 2 part. of περιφύω.

περι-φύσητος, ον, (περί, φυσάω) blown upon from all sides.

περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [v]: aor. I -έφνσα:—trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adbere. II. intr. in Med.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \phi \dot{\nu} \circ \rho a\iota$ : fut.  $-\phi \dot{\nu} \circ \sigma \circ \rho a\iota$ :  $[\bar{v}]$ : with pf. act.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \pi \dot{\epsilon} \phi \bar{\nu} \kappa a$ : act. 2  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \dot{\epsilon} \phi \bar{\nu} \nu$ , inf.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \dot{\phi} \dot{\nu} \nu a\iota$ , part.  $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \dot{\phi} \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}$ ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.

περι-χαρακόω, f. ώσω, (περί, χάραξ) to surround

with a palisade: generally, to fortify.
περι-χάράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to scratch or cut

περι-χάράσσω Att. –ττω, fut. fω, to scratch or cut all round.

περιχάρεια, ή, exceeding great joy From

περι-χάρής, ές, (περί, χαρήναι) exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές = περιχάρεια.

 $\pi$ ερι-χειλόω, f. ώσω, ( $\pi$ ερί, χείλος) to surround with a rim or border.

περι-χέω, f. - χεω̂: aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περι-χεύω, aor. I περιχεύα: Pass., aor. I -εχύθην [v]: pf. -κέχὕμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon; περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέρασι to put gold round the horns:—Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.

περι-χθών, όνος, ὁ, ἡ, round about the earth.
περι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance round or about.
περι-χρυσόω, f. ώσω, to gild all over.

περι-χώομαι, f. -χώσομαι: Ep aor. I περιχωσάμην: -to be exceeding angry or wroth.

περι-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.

 $\pi$ ερί-χωρος, ον,  $(\pi$ ερί, χῶρος) round about a place; as Subst.,  $\pi$ ερίχωρος (sub.  $\gamma$  $\hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , the country round about.

περι-ψάω, inf.  $-\psi\hat{\eta}\nu$ : fut.  $-\psi\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$ :—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence

περίψημα, τό, anything wiped off, offscouring.
περι-ψίλόω, f. ώσω, (περί, ψιλός) to make bald all
round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass, περιψιλωθήγαι τὰς σάρκας to bave the flesh all stripped off.

περι-φδέω, f. ήσω, (περί, ψδή) to subdue by spells. περιωδύνία, ή, excessive pain. From

περι-ώδὔνος, ον, (περί, όδύνη) exceeding painful.

11. suffering great pain.

περι-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωσμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.

περι-ωπή, ή, (περί, ώψ) a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπῆs by a bird's-eye view. II. circumspection, caution.

περι-ώσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος, immense, vast, as Adv. περιώσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων far beyond the rest.

περκάζω, f. σω, (περκόs) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

πέρκη, ή, the perch, Lat. perca.

ΠΕΡΚΝΟ Σ, ή, όν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.

 $\pi \epsilon \rho \kappa \sigma s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $= \pi \epsilon \rho \kappa \nu \delta s$ .

πέρνα, ή, a bam, Lat. perna.

πέρνημι, 3 pl. περνασί, part. περνάs: 3 sing. Ion. impf. πέρνασκε: (περάω):—to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

πέρ-οδος, ή, Aeol. for <math>περίοδος.

περόναμα, -ατρίε, Dor. for περόνημα, -ητριε.

περονάω, f. ησω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med., χλαίναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.

περόνη, ή, (πείρω, περάω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. fibula. II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat radius, fibula.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίς. περονητρίς Dor. - ατρίς, ίδος, ή, (περονάω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίε, ίδοε, ή, = περόνη.

περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕ'ΡΠΕΡΟΣ, ov, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρρ-οχος, ον, Acol. for περίοχος.

πέρσα, Ep. for ἔπερσα, aor. I of πέρθω.

περσέ-πολις poet. περσέπτολις, εως,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πέρθω, πόλιs) destroyer of cities. ΙΙ. (Πέρσαι, πόλιε) Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύs, έως Ep. η̂os later Ion. έος, δ, Perseus, son of Jove and Danae, one of the most famous Grecian

Περσεφόνη, ή, poet. Περσεφόνεια also Περσέφασoa:-Persephone, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ου, ό, αςς. Πέρσην οτ Πέρσεα, νος. Πέρσα or Πέρση, a Persian, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίζω, f. σω, (Πέρσηs) to side with or imitate the

1. to speak Persian. Persians.

**Περσικός**, h,  $\delta v$ , (Πέρσης) Persian: hence al Персикай a sort of thin shoes or slippers.

Περσικός δρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικόν 4. ὁ Περσικός οτ τὸ Περσικόν a Persian dance.

(sub. μηλον), the peach.

Περσίς, ίδος, poet. fem. of Περσικός, Persian. as Subst. 1. (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), Persis, Persia. 2. (sub. γυνή), a Persian woman. 3. (sub. χλαίνα), a Persian cloak.

Περσιστί, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in the Persian tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, ου, δ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-νομέσμαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, ον, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians. πέρυσι or -ιν, Adv. (πέραε) a year ago, last year; ή πέρυσι κωμφδία the comic play of last year. Hence περύσζνός, ή, όν, of last year, last year's.

Hépdepes, of, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

 $\pi$ εσδα, Adv., Dor. for  $\pi$ εζη.

πέσε, Ep. for ἔπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πίπτω. πεσείν Ep. πεσέειν, aor. 2 inf. of πίπτω.

πέσημα, ατος, τό, (πεσείν) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = πέσημα, πτωμα, a fall, slaughter. πεσοθμαι, fut. med. of πίπτω.

πεσσεία Att. πεττ-, ή, the game of draughts. From πεσσεύω Att. πεττ-, (πεσσός) to play at draughts. πεσσο-νομέω, f. ήσω, (πεσσός, νέμω) to set the πεσσοί in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟ'Σ Att. πεττός, δ, pl. πεσσοί and πεσσά, an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called ίερα γραμμή. 3. πεσσοί, οί. also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕ'ΣΣΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέψω: aor. 1 έπεψα:--Pass., aor. 1 ἐπέφθην: pf. πέπεμμαι, inf. πεπέφθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress: ripen. also to bake; Med, πέσσεσθαι πέμματα to bake oneself cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. coquere, concoquere. 2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so yepa πεσσέμεν (Ep. for πέσσειν) to broad over or dwell on one's honours; βέλος πέσσειν to nurse or bave to beal the wound of a dart.

 $\pi \in \sigma \dot{\omega} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $o \hat{v} \sigma a$ ,  $o \hat{v}$ , a or. 2 part. of  $\pi i \pi \tau \omega$ .

πετάλισμός, δ, petalism, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the δστρακισμός of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds. From

πέταλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. ψηφοs. (Properly neut. from πέταλος.)

πέταλος Ion. πέτηλος, η, ον, (πετάννυμι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.

πέτἄμαι, = πέτομαι, q. v.**ΠΕΤΑ'NNΥ ΜΙ** or  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\boldsymbol{\omega}$ : f.  $\pi\epsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}\sigma\boldsymbol{\omega}$  [α] Att.  $\pi\epsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}$ : aor. Ι ἐπέτασα Ερ. πέτασα and πέτασσα: Pass., aor. ἐπετάσθην Ερ. πετάσθην: pf. πεπέτασμαι Ερ. πέπταμαι: Ep. plapf. ἐπεπτάμην, πεπτάμην:-to spread, stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph., θυμόν πετάσαι to open one's heart :--pf. pass. πέπταμαι, to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended, part. πεπταμένοs, η, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding

doors. πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing aor. 1 of πετάννυμι.

πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (πετάννυμι) anything spread out: in plur. bangings, curtains, carpets.

πετάσσας, Ep. aor. I part. of πετάννυμι.

πέτ-αυρον οι πέτ-ευρον, τό, (πέδαυρο: Acol. for μετέωροs) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

πετεινός, η, δν, Ep. πετεεινός, Ion. πετηνός and πετεηνός, able to fly, winged, flying: πετηνά, πετεηνά winged creatures, fowls of the air. young birds, fledged.

πέτευρον, τό, = πέταυρον.πέτηλον, τό, Ion, for πέταλον. πετοίσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πίπτω.

ΠΕ'ΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ερ. πετόμην: f. πετήσομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενοs; also ἐπτάμην, Ερ. 3 sing. subj. πτῆται for πτᾶται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενοs: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἔπτην, inf. πτῆναι, part. πτάs, as if from ἵπτημ:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πωτάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i.e. make baste.

II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὅρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing.

2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

**πετόντεσσι**, Aeol. and poet. for  $\pi$ εσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of  $\pi$ ί $\pi$ τ $\omega$ .

ΠΕ'ΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρη, ή, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus; πέτροs being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείοs πετράαν free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: δίστομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

**πετραίοs**, a, ov, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ές, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.

πετρήεις, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky. πετρ-ηρεφής, ές, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with

πετρ-ηρεφής, ές, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, εε, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky. πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [ἴ]

πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετροβολία, ή, a stoning. From

πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλείν) throwing stones πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock. πετρορ-ρζφής, ές, (πέτρα, βιφήναι) burled from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, δ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα. πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμεῖν) cutting or bewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, δ, a stone-cutter.

πετρόω, f ώσω, (πέτροs) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned. πετρ-ώδηs, εs, (πέτρα οι πέτροs, είδοs) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρόω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμφ πετρώματι θανείν to die by stoning.

πεττεία, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ-.

πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

ΠΕΥΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπευθύμην. Hence

πευθώ, οθε, ή, tidings, news. πευκάεις, Dor. for πευκήεις.

πενκάλιμος [ἄ], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πυκινός (cf. λευγαλέος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνός, ή, όν, (πεύκη) keen, piercing.

**ΠΕΥΚΗ**, η, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of firwood. Hence

πευκήεις Dor. πευκάεις, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir, forth.

πευκήεν σκάφοι a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. sbarp, keen, piercing.

πεύκινος, η, ον, (πεύκη) of or made of fir-wood; πεύκινα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πεύσομαι Dor. πευσούμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πευστήριος, a, ov, of or for enquiry: ή πευστηρία (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

 $\pi \in \phi \acute{a} \nu \theta a \iota$ , pf. pass. inf. of  $\phi a \acute{\iota} \nu \omega$ .

πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass of \*φένω.

πέφαργμαι, Att for πέφραγμαι, pf. pass. of φράσσω. πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί. part. πεφασμένοs, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πεφευγώs, pf part. of φεύγω.

**πέφηνα,** pf. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of \*φένω.

πεφίδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 inf. of φείδομαι. πεφίδήσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πεφίδοίμην, Ep aor 2 opt. of φείδυμαι.

πεφιλαμένος, Dor. for πεφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πεφίμωσο, pf. pass imperat. of φιμόω.

πέφνε, πεφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., v. sub \*φένω.

πεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl plqpf of φοβέομαι.

πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv. πεφοβημένως, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πέφραγμαι, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφράδον, Ερ. redupl. 20r. 2 of φράζω: Ερ. inf. πεφράδέειν and πεφράδέμεν.

πέφρικα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες.

πεφύασι, Ep. for πεφύκασι, 3 pl pf. of φύω. πεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part of φεύγω.

πεφυζότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. \* $\phi$ υζω, =  $\phi$ εύγω.

πέφυκα, pf. of φύω

πεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \phi \bar{\nu} \kappa a$ : Ep. impf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \phi \bar{\nu} \kappa o \nu$ .

πεφυλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:
—Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφυνία, Ερ. for πεφυκυία, pf. part. fem. of φύω. πεφυδώτες, Ερ. for πεφυκύτες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.

πη Ion. κη Dor. πā, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somebow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about.

2. of Space, by some way, to some place.

3. πὴ μὲν..., πὴ δὲ. now one way, now another; partly...

II. πῆ; Ion. κῆ; Dor. πā; interrog.

Particle:

1. of Manner, bow? also wby? in Att.

Particle: 1. of Manner, bow? also wby? in Att. bow? 2. of Space, wbich way? Lat. qua? also

where?
πηγάζω, f. άσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush
forth.

II. trans. to make to gush forth.

spring.

ΠΗΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, rue, Lat. ruta: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίνο οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνο not even at the parsley nor the rue, i. e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγάς, άδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or bardened: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim of Πήγασος. [ἄ]

Πηγάσίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγασίς

κρήνη = Ιππου κρήνη: see Πήγασος.

Πήγασος, δ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs ( $\pi\eta$ yal) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Bellerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (ιππου κρήνη) spraing up on Helicon.

πηγεσί-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced. **ΠΗΓΗ'** Dor. παγά, ή, a spring, well, Lat. fons; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαί ποταμών river waters: metaph, of anything liquid, πηγαὶ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, 1. e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούουσα the fount of hearing, i.e the ear; πηγαί γάλακτος streams of milk, πηγή πυρύς the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (1. e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πηγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened toge-

ther: metaph. a bond, obligation.

**ΠΗΤΝΥ ΜΙ** or  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ : fut.  $\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\omega$ : aor. I έπηξα Ερ πηξα: Pass, pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. παγήσομαι: aor. I  $\epsilon \pi \dot{\eta} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ , aor. 2  $\epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} \gamma \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pf.  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \pi \eta \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ , but the pf. med.  $\pi \in \pi \eta \gamma \alpha$  is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνήν πήγνυναι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med, σκηνάς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:-Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick II. to or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., αμαξαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:-Pass to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. pangere; ὅρκος παγείς a sure and steadfast oath.

**πηγόs**, ή, όν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong. πηγυλίς, ίδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον,  $\tau \delta$ , ( $\pi \eta \delta \delta \nu$ ) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεῦγλαι or ζευκτήριαι): the upper part with the tiller being called oľa£. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [a]

ΠΗΔΑ'Ω, Ion inf. πηδέειν: fut. ήσω or -ήσομαι: 201. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδάν to

to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδαν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδάω) a leaping, bounding: a

beating or throbbing of the heart.

 $\Pi H \Delta O' \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , or  $\Pi H \Delta O' N$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , the flat or blade of an oar:-an oar.

 $\pi\eta \kappa \tau ls$ , ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\eta} \gamma \nu \nu \mu \iota)$  an ancient sort of barp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also

called μαγάδις. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηκτός, ή, όν, verb Ad of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ή πηκτή a sort of cage to catch 3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δωμάτων birds. the barriers of the house, the door. thick, congealed, curdled: ή πηκτή Dor. πακτά, cream-cheese.

πηλαι, πήλας, aor I inf. and part. of πάλλω.

 $\pi \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon$ , Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon} \pi \eta \lambda \epsilon$ , 3 sing. aur. 1 of  $\pi \hat{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega$ .

 $\Pi$ ηλείδης, ου Ep. εω and αο, δ, patronymic of  $\Pi$ ηλεύs, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλείων, ωνος, ό, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλείωνάδε to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεύς, έως Ep. η̂os, ὁ, Peleus, son of Acacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληιάδηs, εω, δ, Ep. for Πηλείδηs.

 $\Pi$ ηλήιος, η, ον, Ερ Adj ( $\Pi$ ηλήος, Ερ. gen. of  $\Pi$ ηλεύs) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ηκος, ή, (πῆλαι) a belmet, casque.

Πηλιακός, ή, όν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάs, άδοs, ή, (Πήλιον) of or from Mount Pelion. **πηλίκος** [ $\tilde{t}$ ],  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , interrog. of  $\tau\eta\lambda$ ίκος,  $\dot{\eta}\lambda$ ίκος, bowgreat? bow much? bow old? Lat. quantus?

πήλινοs, η, ον, (πηλόs) of clay, earthen, Lat. luteus. Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem -ωτις, ιδος, of or from Pelion.  $\pi\eta\lambda o$ -βάτης [ἄ], ου, ὑ, ( $\pi\eta\lambda$ ύς, βαίνω) mud-walker, name of a frog

πηλοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build of clay. From  $\pi\eta\lambda\delta$ -δομος, ον,  $(\pi\eta\lambda\delta$ s,  $\delta\epsilon\mu\omega)$  clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [α], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) mouldingclay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, δ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟ'Σ, δ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. lutum: also mud, Lat coenum.

 $\pi\eta\lambda$ -ουργός, όν, ( $\pi\eta\lambda$ ός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst, πηλουργός, δ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χύτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.  $\pi\eta\lambda$ -ώδης, εε, ( $\pi\eta\lambda$ όε, είδοε) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πήμα, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, πημά τινι a bane or sorrow to ... Hence

πημαίνω, f. ἄνῶ Ion. ἄνέω: 20r.  $\mathbf{I}$  ἐπήμηνα: Med., fut. πημάνουμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor I έπημάνθην Ep. πημάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to barm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέοs, a, ov, possible to be injured.

πημήνειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πημαίνω.

πημονή, ή, poet for πημα, suffering.

πημοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\pi \eta \mu o \nu \dot{\eta}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\eta} \mu a$ , suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ερ Πηνελόπεια, ή, Penelope, daughter of Icarius, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web,  $\pi \eta \nu \eta$ ).

πην ελοψ, οποε, ό, a kind of duck.

**IIH'NH**, ή, like πηνο**s**, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur the web.

πηνίζομαι Dor. πανίσδομαι: Dep.: (πηνίον):--to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

THNI'KA [t], Adv. at what point of time? at what bour? πηνίκ' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας; what bour of day is it? πηνίον, τό, Dim. of πηνος or πήνη, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound

πήνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίζω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πη̂ξαι, aor I inf. of <math>πη΄γννμι.

πηξε, Ep for επηξε, 3 sing aor. I of πήγνυμι.

πηός Dor. παός, οῦ, ὁ, (παομαι) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

ΠΗ'PA Ion. πήρη, ή, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηρίδιον, τό, Dim of πήρα, a little wallet.

**πηρό-δετος**, ον, (πήρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

ΠΗΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. mancus

πηρόω, f. ώσω, (πηρός) to maim, disable: metaph to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.

πηχυαίος, a, ov, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

 $\Pi$ H XΥΣ, εωs, δ: gen. pl.  $\pi \dot{\eta} \chi$ εων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the II the centre-piece, which joined the two borns of the bow. III. in pl., πήχεες are the borns or sides of the lyre, opp. to ζυγύν the bridge. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πηχυς βασιλήιος was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches. V. a cubit-rule.

πιάζω, f. άσω and άξω: aor. I part. πιάξας: Dor. form of  $\pi i \in \zeta \omega$ , to press: to lay bold of, apprehend. πταίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐπίανα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf pass. πεπίασμαι: (πίων):—to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, en-2. metaph. to make wanton :- Pass. to belarge. come fat, wax wanton.

πιάξας, Dor. aor. 1 part of πιάζω.

πιαρ, τό, indecl. (πίων) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

 $\pi \tilde{\iota} \tilde{a} \rho \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{a}$ ,  $\dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\iota} a \rho) fat$ , rich.

πίασμα, τύ, (πιαίνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πίδακιτις, ιδος, ή, (πίδαξ) of the spring or fountain. πιδακόεις, εσσα, εν, (πίδαξ) gusbing.

πιδάκ-ώδης, εs, (πίδαξ, είδος) like a fountain, gusbing with spring-water.

ΠΙ ΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ή, a spring, fountain. Hence πιδήεις, εσσα, εν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πίε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω: but also Ep. for  $\ell m \epsilon$ , 3 sing. indic.

πιέειν, Ep. for πιείν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

 $\pi\iota\epsilon\zeta\epsilon\omega$ , =  $\pi\iota\epsilon\zeta\omega$ : and hence Ep impf.  $\pi\iota\epsilon\zeta\epsilon\nu\nu$  and Ion. part. pass, πιεζεύμενος.

ΠΓΕ'ΖΩ, f. πιέσω: aor. I ἐπίεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπιέσθην οτ ἐπιέχθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι οτ πεπίεγμαι: —to press, squeeze, crush, press bard upon. to lay bold of.

 $\pi\iota\epsilon\hat{\iota}\nu$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\pi\dot{\iota}\nu\omega$ .

πίειρα  $[\bar{\imath}]$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , pecul. fem. of  $\pi i\omega \nu$ , fat, ricb of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαίε πίειρα a plentiful meal: of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πτέμεν, Ep. for πιείν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Πιερίδεs, al, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly

Πιερίηθεν, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

 $\pi \iota \acute{\epsilon} \sigma \alpha \iota$ , for  $\pi i \epsilon \iota$ , 2 sing fut. of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ . πιεσθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part of πιέζω.

 $\pi \tilde{\iota} \eta \epsilon \iota s$ .  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma a$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ , poet. for  $\pi i \omega \nu$ , fat, ricb.

 $\pi i \eta \sigma \theta \alpha$ , 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ . πιθάκνη Att. φιδάκνη, ή, (πίθος) a wine-cask, wine-

πίθακος, Dor. for πίθηκος, an ape.

πτθανολογέω, f. ήσω, (πιθανολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πίθανολογία, ή, the use of probable arguments.

πίθανο-λόγος, ον, (πιθανός, λέγω) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

 $\pi$ ίθανός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\pi\epsilon i\theta\omega)$  act. calculated to persuade: I. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural. II. pass. easy to per-2. obedient. suade, credulous.

πίθανως, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πιθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πίθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. mf of πείθω.

πίθεών, ωνος, δ, (πίθος) a place for casks, a cellar. πίθηκίζω, f. low, (πίθηκος) to play the ape. Hence πίθηκισμός, ό, a playing the ape, aping.

πίθηκος Dor. πίθακος, δ, (πείθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes. πίθηκο-φάγέω, (πίθηκος, φαγείν) to eat ape's flesh. πίθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πίθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes. πίθήσαs, aor. I part. of πείθω, as if from πιθέω.  $\pi$ îθι, irreg. 2 sing. 2 or. 2 imperat. of  $\pi$ ίνω.

πίθ-οιγία, ή, (πίθος, οίγνυμι) an opening of casks.

πιθοίγια, τό, (πίθος, οἴγνυμι) the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.

πίθόμην, Ep. for ἐπιθόμην, 20τ. 2 med. of πέθθω. πίθος, δ, a wine-jar made of earthenware. [7]

 $\pi i\theta\omega v$ ,  $\delta_i = \pi i\theta\eta \kappa os$ , an ape [ $\tilde{i}$ ]

πτθών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (πικρόs) to make sharp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger:—Pass. to grow angry. πίκρια, ή, (πικρόs) bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.

πικρό-γάμος, ον, (πικρύς, γαμέω) embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded.

πίκρό-γλώσσος, ον, (πικρόε, γλώσσα) of sharp or bitter tongue.

πίκρό-καρπος, ον, (πικρύς, καρπύς) bearing bitter fruit.

IITKPO Σ, ά, όν, also όs, όν, sbarp, keen, piercing of taste, sbarp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sbarp, piercing, sbrill.

2. of persons, words, acts, etc, bitter, cruel, barsh, stern, morose, severe: also bateful, bostile.

II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ύτατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

πίκρότης, ητος, ή, bitterness: barsbness, cruelty. πίκρό-χολος, ον, (πικρός, χολή) with bitter gall: splenetic.

πίκρως, Adv. of πικρός, sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.

 $\pi i \lambda \epsilon \omega$ , =  $\pi i \lambda \delta \omega$  - Pass. to be close pressed.

πιλίδιον, τό, Dim. of πίλος, a little felt-bat, Lat. pileolus. [λί]

πι-λιπής, ές, (πι, λιπείν) wanting the letter πι.
πιλνάω, = πελάζω, to bring near to:—Pass πίλναμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.

ΠΙΓΛΟΣ, δ, wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt cloth.

II. a felt-cap, hat; πίλος χαλκοῦς a brasen hat, i. e. helmet: also a felt cuirass.

πίλοφορικός, ή, όν, used to wear a felt-bat. From πίλο-φόρος, ον, (πίλος, φέρω) wearing a felt-bat. πίλόω, f. ώσω, (πίλος) to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.

πιμελή, ή, (πίων, πίαρ) fat, Lat. adeps. Hence πιμελής, έε, fat, Lat. pinguis.

πίμπλαντο, Ερ. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πιμπλάνω, poet. for πίμπλημι, hence pres. med. πιμπλάνεται for πίμπλαται.

πιμπλέω, = πίμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. πιμπλεῦσαμ.

III'MIIAHMI, inf. πιμπλάναι [ἄ]: 3 pl. impf. ἐπίμπλασαν: (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. πλήσω: aor. 1 ἔπλησα, med. ἐπλησάμην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλήσθην: pf. πέπλησμα:—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο, imperat. πλήσο, opt. πλημην or πλείμην:—to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. aoc. pers. et gen. rei; or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to fill full, satisfy, glut. 3. to fulfil, discharge an office.

II. Med. to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.

Pass. to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, bave enough of a thing.

III MIIPHMI, inf. πιμπράναι [α]: (tenses formed from πρήθω); fut. πρήσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: Pass., aor. ἐπρήσθην: pf. πέπρησμαι:—to kindle, burn, set on fire:—Pass. πίμπραμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.

 $\pi \hat{i} \nu$ , poet. inf. of  $\xi \pi i \nu \nu$ , 2 or 2 of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ .

πίνακηδόν, Adv. (πίναξ) like planks.

πινάκιον, τό, Dim. of πίναξ, a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.

 $\pi i \nu \vec{\alpha} \kappa i \sigma \kappa o s$ ,  $\delta$ , =  $\pi i \nu \dot{\alpha} \kappa i \sigma \nu$ .

πίνακο-πώλης, ου,  $\delta$ , (πίναξ, πωλέω) one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.

MINAE, ακος, δ, a board, plank · a writing-tablet:
a votive tablet.
or platter.
Lat. tabula.
4. a plate engraved or written upon:
a chart or map.
register, list

πιναρός, ά, όν, (πίνος) dirty, squalid.

πίνάω, (πίνος) to be dirty.

πτνέμεν, πτνέμεναι, Ep. mf. of πίνω.

πίνεσκον [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], Ion. impf. of πίνω. πἴνηρός, ή, όν, Ion. for πιναρύς.

III'NNA and πίννη, ή, a kind of muscle, the pinna.
πινο-τήρης, ου, ό, (πίννα, τηρέω) a small crab that
lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasite.

**πἴνόεις**, εσσα, εν = πιναρός. **ΠΙ΄ΝΟΣ**, δ, dirt, filth, Lat. squalor. [τ]

πινύσκω, aor. I έπίνυσσα; pass. ἐπινύσθην: (πέπνυμαι, pf pass. of πνέω):—to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform. Hence

πἴνὕτή, ή, understanding, wisdom. πἴνὕτής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος Dor.  $\hat{\alpha}$ τος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , = πινυτή

πίνυτός, ή, όν, (πινύσσω) wise, understanding.

πίνυτό-φρων, ovos, ό, ή, (πινυτόs, φρήν) of wise of understanding mind.

III'NΩ [I], fut. πίομαι: aor. 2 ἔπιον, imperat. πίε, also πίθι, inf. πιεῖν: from Root ΠΟ - come pf. πέπωκα, aor. I pass. ἐπύθην: pf. pass. inf. πεπύσθαι:—to drink, Lat. blbo; c. gen. to drink of a thing: metaph. to drink up, absorb: pf. πέπωκα, to bave drunk, to be drunken.

πίν-ώδης, εs. (πίνος, είδος) dirty, squalid.

πίοιμι, 20r. 2 opt. of πίνω.

πίομαι, fut. of πίνω: but also used as pres. med.

πlov, Ep. aor. 2 of πlov. πlos, α, ον, poet. for πloν.

πίστης, ητος, ή, (πίος, πίων) fatness, richness.

πίπίσκω, f. πίσω [i]: 20r. 1 ἐπῖσα: Causal of πίνω, to give to drink, c. dupl 2cc.; πίσω σφε Δίρκας ὕδωρ I will give them the water of Direc to drink.

πίπλω, poet. for πίμπλημι, impf. ξπιπλον, to fill. πιππίζω, f. ίσω, to chirp like young birds. (Formed from the sound.)

πίπράσκω Ion. πιπρήσκω, redupl. form of περάω:

pf. πέπρακα: Pass., fut. Ι πραθήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπράσομαι [ā]: aor. I pass. ἐπράθην [ā]: pf. πέπρᾶμαι Ion. -ημαι: (περάω):—to sell beyond seas, like περάω: generally, to sell:-Pass. to be sold: metaph. to be bought and sold, i.e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for πι-πέτω, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: Ep. impf. πίπτον: fut. πεσούμαι Ion. πεσέομαι: 201. 2 έπεσον, inf. πεσείν: pf. πέπτωκα, Ευ part. πεπτηώs and πεπτεώs, -εωτοs Att. πεπτώs, -ωτοs, syncop. from πεπτωκώs. - to fall, fall down, c. acc. cognato, πίπτειν πτώματα, πεσήματα: absol. in pf. πέπτωκα, to be fallen, lie low. II. Special usages: πίπτειν έν Tivi to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. πίπτειν έκ τινος to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. decidere de . ; ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί to fall out of 3. πίπτειν μετά ποσσί faith or lose one's favour. γυναικόs to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e to 4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, be born. leave off;  $\tilde{a}v \in \mu os \pi \in \sigma \in the wind fell$ . πίπτειν υπό τινος to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, worthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. army failed of itself, Lat. mole sua corruit. 7. to fall sbort, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. cadere. of the dice, to fall in a certain position: τὰ δεσποτῶν εὖ πεσόντα θήσομαι I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, εῦ or καλῶs πίπτειν, to be lucky: so also, to fall, turn out, happen.

πίρωμις, an Egypt. word = καλδε κάγαθός, noble. πίσινος, η, ον, (πίσος) made of peas, έτνος πίσινον pea-sout

ΠΙΊΣΟΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. pisum. [t]  $\pi i \sigma o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\pi i \sigma \omega \text{ fut of } \pi i \pi i \sigma \kappa \omega)$  only in nom. and acc. pl.  $\pi i \sigma \epsilon a$ , moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΈΣΣΑ Att πίττα, ή, pitch, Lat pix: proverb.,  $\mu \in \lambda \dot{\alpha} \nu \tau \in \rho o \nu \dot{\eta} \dot{\nu} \tau \in \pi i \sigma \sigma \alpha$  blacker than pitch

πισσήρης, εs, (πίσσα) of or like pitch, pitchy.

πίσσῖνος Att. πίττινος, η, ον, (πίσσα) pitched over, coated with pitch.

πισσόω Att. πιττ-, f. ώσω, to pitch, cover with pitch. πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω) a pledge of good faith. πιστευτικός, ή, όν, disposed to trust, confiding. From πιστεύω, f. σω, (πίστιε) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., χαλεπον πιστεύειν hard to believe; πιστεύειν είς τινα to believe on a person:-Pass. to be believed or trusted. to believe, comply, obey. II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so. III. to entrust or confide something to another.

πιστικός, ή, όν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid. πιστικός, ή, όν, (πίστις) trusty, faithful.suasive. 3. pure, genuine.

πίστις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πείθω, πείθομαι) trust in others, faith, belief; Lat. fides, fiducia; πίστις θεων faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. 2. good faith, faithfulness, bonesty, Lat. fides. 3. credit, trust; els miorir didorai to give in trust. II. tbat

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; πίστιν καὶ ὅρκια ποιεῖσθαι to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ή, όν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid; τὰ πιστά

liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}\nu$ ,  $(\pi\epsilon i\theta\omega)$  of persons, faithful, trusty, true: in Persia ol πιστοί or τὰ πιστά were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors; miord  $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \hat{\omega} \nu$ , like  $\tilde{\epsilon} \sigma \chi \alpha \tau$   $\tilde{\epsilon} \sigma \chi \dot{\alpha} \tau \omega \nu$ ,  $= \pi \iota \sigma \tau \dot{\sigma} \tau \alpha \tau \sigma \iota$ , most trusty. 2. believed, trusted. II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible. 2. τὸ πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant; πιστὸν or πιστά δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν to give and receive pledges: also  $\tau \hat{o} = \pi i \sigma \tau i s$ , good III. act. believing, relying on. obedient. Hence

πιστότης, ητος, ή, good faith, bonour, faithfulness. πιστόω, f ώσω, (πιστύς) to make faithful or trustovercome; ὁ στρατὸς αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἐωυτοῦ ἔπεσε the to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant; ὅρκῳ πιστωθηναι to pledge oneself by oath. feel trust, to be persuaded; πιστωθείς trusting, confiding. III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth 2. πιστοῦσθαί τινα ὑφ' δρκων to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

**πίστρα,**  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πίνω) a drinking trough or cup.

πίστρον, τό, (πίνω) = πίστρα.

πίστωμα, ατος, τύ, (πιστύω) an assurance, guar-3. γηραλέα πιστώματα = πιστοί γέantee, pledge. ροντες, as πιστά Περσών is used for πιστοί Περσών. πιστώs, Adv. of πιστόs, faithfully: persuasively.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl aor. 1 med. of πιστύω. πίσυνος, η, ον, (πείθω) trusting on, relying or de-

pending on, confiding in, c. dat. πίστρες, οί, αί, πίσυρα, τά, Aeol. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

πίσω [τ], fut, of <math>πιπίσκω.

πίτνα, Ep. for ἐπίτνα, 3 sing. impf. of πίτνημι. πιτνάς, ασα, άν, part. of πίτνημι.

πίτνημι, collat. form of πέταννυμι, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω, =  $\pi$ ετάννυμι, to spread out: impf. έπιτνον. πίτνω [τ], poet. form of πίπτω, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as μίμνω is used for  $\mu \acute{\epsilon} \nu \omega$ , when the penult. is to be long.

πίττα, ή, Att. for πίσσα.

πίττινος, η, ον, Att. for πίσσινος.

πιττόω, Att. for πισσύω.

πίτὕ-κάμπτης, ου,  $\dot{ο}$ , = πιτυο-κάμπτης.

πιτυλεύω, f. σω, (πίτυλος) to ply the plashing oar. ΠΙΤΥΛΟΣ [t], o, the measured plash of oars; èvì πιτύλο with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops: πίτυλος σκύφου the plash of wine poured into 2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the bands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, δ. (πίτυς, κάμπτω) the pinebender, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ον, (πίτυς, τρέφω) growing pines.

πίτυρον, τό, (πτίσσω) bran, the busk of corn: generally, refuse, Lat. furfur, furfura; mostly used in pl ΠΙΤΥΣ, vos, ή, poet. dat. pl. πίτυσσιν: the pinetree, Lat. pinus: proverb, πίτυος δίκην ἐκτρίβεσθαι to be destroyed like a pine-tree, i. e. utterly, because

the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτύ-στεπτος, ον, (πίτυς, στέφω) pine-crowned. πιφαύσκω, (redupl form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. to let be seen, shew, reveal by a token: mostly, to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal. πιφαύσκομαι as Dep to make manifest, make known, declare.

 $\pi$ ίω, aor. 2 subj. of  $\pi$ ίνω.

**ΠΙ'ΩΝ** [t], δ, ή, neut. πίον, gen. πίονος:—Lat. PIN-GUIS, fat, plump, sleek, of animals. oily, rich. of soil, fat, rich, fertile: also wealthy. III, Comp. and Sup. πιότερος, πιότατος (as if from πιος).

 $\pi$ iών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of  $\pi$ ίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή

πλαγιάζω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside: to tack to and fro.

πλάγί-αυλος, δ. (πλάγιος, αὐλός) the cross flute, German flute.

πλάγιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, placed sideways, slanting, athwart; είε πλάγιον sideways; τὰ πλάγια the sides, in military sense, the flanks of an army; sis 7d πλάγια right and left; κατά πλάγια in flank; ἐκ πλαγίου on the flank; πλαγίους λαβείν τοὺς πολεmious to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. sideways, askance, treacherous.

πλάγιόω, (πλάγιος) to turn or move sideways.

πλαγίως, Adv. of πλάγιος, aslant.

πλαγκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος. δ, (πλάζω) act. he that leads astray, a misleader. . 2. pass. a wanderer, rover.

πλαγκτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (πλάζω) wandering, roaming. II. metaph. wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ή, a wandering, roaming.

πλάγξομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλαγχθηναι, -θείs, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδαρός, ά, όν, wet, moist. From

 $\Pi \Lambda \Lambda' \Delta O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , moisture.

 $\Pi \Lambda A'Z\Omega$ , Ep. impf. πλάζον: f. πλάγξω: aor. I έπλαγξα:—to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away: metaph. to lead astray: generally, to mislead, seduce. II. Pass, with fut. med. πλάγξομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλάγχθην Ερ. πλάγχθην, to wander, go astray: to glance or slide off.

πλαθάνη, ή, (πλάσσω) a platter or mould to bake in.  $\pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta \dot{\alpha}vov$ ,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ ,  $\pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta \dot{\alpha}vos$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $=\pi\lambda \dot{\alpha}\theta \dot{\alpha}v\eta$ .

πλάθω, collat. form of πελάζω, intr. to approach, draw near, come nigh. [ā]

ΠΛΑΙ ΣΙΟΝ, τό, an oblong figure or body; lobπλευρον πλαίσιον a square: of an army, εν πλαισίω τετάχθαι to be drawn up in square, Lat. agmine quadrato, as opp. to marching order, agmine longo.

πλακείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass part. of πλέκω.

 $\pi$ λάκερός, ά, όν,  $(\pi\lambda \acute{a} \not \xi) = \pi\lambda a \tau \acute{v}$ s, broad.

 $\pi\lambda\dot{\alpha}\kappa\dot{\kappa}\dot{\kappa}\cos$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $(\pi\lambda\dot{\alpha}\xi)$  made of a board or plank, wooden, [ă]

πλάκοῦς, οῦντος, δ, contr. from πλακύεις, (πλάξ) aflat cake.

πλάκτωρ, opos, δ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

 $\pi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \nu$ , Dor. for  $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \nu$ .

πλάνάω Ion.  $-\epsilon \omega$ , f.  $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \nu \eta)$  to lead astray, lead wandering about of ships, to drive from their course: generally, to mislead, lead into error. Pass. πλανάομαι, with fut. med. πλανήσομαι, aor I pass. ἐπλανήθην, pf. πεπλάνημαι:—to wander, roam about, stray: c. acc.. πλανασθαι χθόνα to wander over a land, Lat. oberrare: πλανασθαι έν λύγφ to be at a loss in one's story: to wander in mind, be at a loss.

ΠΛΑ'NH, ή, a wandering of roaming about, straying: erring, error. [ă]

πλάνημα, ατος, τό, (πλανάω) a wandering, going astray.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) a wanderer, roamer, rover, Lat. erro; πλάνητες ἀστέρες wandering stars, planets. πλάνησις, εως, ή, (πλανάω) a leading astray: a dispersing [a]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of πλαιάομαι, one must wander.

πλάνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem.  $-\hat{\eta}$ τις, ιδος,  $(\pi \lambda \alpha \nu \dot{\alpha} \omega) = \pi \lambda \dot{\alpha}$ vns, a wanderer. 2 a planet

πλάνιος, a, or, poet. for πλάνος πλαν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, ὁδός) a wrong way, by-way.

[#Aā- metri grat.]  $\Pi\Lambda\Lambda'NO\Sigma[\check{a}], \eta, o\nu$ , also os, ov, act. leading astray,

deceiving: as Subst., πλάνος, ό, a deceiver. pass wandering, roaming.

 $\Pi \Lambda A'NO\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{o}_{i} = \pi \lambda \dot{a} \nu \eta$ , a wandering about, roaming, straying; φροντίδος πλάνοι wanderings of thought. πλάνο-στίβής, ές, (πλάνος, στείβω) trodden by wanderers.

πλανύττω, = πλανάομαι, to wander about.

ΠΛΑ'Ξ, ή, gen. πλακόs, anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain; πόντου πλάξ the ocean plain: the flat top of a bill, table-land:—also a flat stone, tombstone.

 $\pi\lambda\hat{a}\xi\epsilon\nu$ , Dor. for  $\xi\pi\lambda\eta\xi\epsilon\nu$ , 3 sing. aor. 1 of  $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\sigma\omega$ .  $\pi\lambda\Delta\xi$ -immos, ov, Dor, for  $\pi\lambda\eta\xi$ immos.

πλάσμα, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure; πλάσματα πηλοῦ vessels of clay. II. that which is imitated, a forgery.

ΠΛΑ ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. πλάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἔπλάσα Ερ. ἔπλασσα, πλάσσα: pf. πέπλάκα: Pass., πλαθήναι, -θείς, 201. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω. | 201 Ι ἐπλάσθην: pf. πέπλασμαι:--to form, mould, sbape, fashion, Lat. fingere, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. to be moulded, made, fashioned. II. generally, to mould, sbape, of the mind and body:—Med., πλασάμενος τῆ όψει baving formed bimself in face, i. e having composed his countenance. III. metaph. to make up, fabricate, forge: absol., δόξω πλάσας λέγειν I shall seem to speak from invention; κόμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. πλάστειρα, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. πλήστιγξ, ιγγος, ή, (πλήσσω) the tongue or scale of a balance. II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for borses. III. a whip.

πλαστός, ή, όν, doubtful form of  $\pi \epsilon \lambda \alpha \sigma \tau \dot{\sigma} s$ .
πλαστός, ή, όν, (πλάσσω) formed, moulded, mo-

delled. II. metaph. made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal; πλαστὸς πατρί a supposititious son.

πλᾶτᾶγέω, f. ήσω, to clap the bands loudly: to clash, crack.

11. to beat, so as to make a loud noise. From

πλάτάγη, ή, (πλατάσσω) a rattle.

πλάτάγημα, ατος, τό, (πλαταγέω) a clapping.

πλάταγων, ωνος, δ, (πλαταγέω) anything that rattles or cracks.

πλάταγώνιον, τό, Dim. of πλαταγών, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

Πλάταια, ή, mostly in plur. Πλαταιαί, ων, ai, Plataea, a city in Bocotia: adverbial dat., Πλαταιάσι at Plataea. Hence

Πλαταιείς Ion. -  $\epsilon$ es Att. - $\hat{\eta}$ s, oi, the Plataeans. πλάταμών,  $\hat{\omega}$ νος,  $\hat{\delta}$ , (πλατύs) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

πλάτάνιστος, ή, = πλάτανος. Hence

πλάτανιστοῦς, οῦντος, ὁ, contr. for πλατανιστόεις, a plane-tree grove.

πλάτἄνος, ἡ, (πλᾶτύς) the oriental plane, the planetree, Lat. platanus, so called from its broad, flat leaf. πλᾶτεῖα, ἡ, see πλατύς.

πλάτειάζω Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: (πλατύs):—to speak or pronounce broadly, esp with a Doric accent. πλατέως, Adv. of πλατύs, broadly.

πλάτη Dor. πλάτα, ή, (πλάτύs) the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. palmula remi: the whole oar.

2. a sheet of paper.

πλάτίον, Adv., Dor. for πλησίον.

πλάτις, ιδος, ή, (πελάζω) poet. for πελάτις, a wife. πλάτος, εοs, τό, (πλάτυς) breadth, width: absol. in acc., τ∂ πλάτος or πλάτος in breadth

πλατός, ή, όν, (πελάζω) = πλαστύς, πελαστύς.πλατόω, f. ώσω, (πλάτη) to form the flat of oars. πλατύγίζω, f. σω, (πλατύς) to beat the water with the blade of an oar: to splash about: metaph. to make a splash, splutter, swagger.

πλάτυ-λέσχης, ου, δ, (πλατύς, λέσχη) a babbler.
πλατυντέον, verb. Adj. of πλατύνω, one must widen.

πλατύνω, f.  $\eth r \hat{\omega}$ , (πλατύ») to make broad, widen, extend:—Mcd., πλατύνεσθαι τὴν  $\gamma \hat{\eta} \nu$  to widen one's territory. 2. to open wide: 3 sing pf. pass. πεπλατυνται bas been opened.

πλατύ-νωτος, ον, (πλατύς, νῶτος) broad-backed.
πλατύρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ουν, (πλατύς, βέω)
broad-flowing.

ΠΛΑΤΥΣ, εία, ύ, Ion. fem. πλατέα:—flat, wide, broad:—metaph., πλατὺς κατάγελως flat mockery.

2. as Subst., ἡ πλατεῖα (sub. ὁδός), a street: also (sub. χείρ), the flat of the band.

II. salt, brackish, because πλατὺ ὕδωρ was originally used of the sea

III. Comp. and Sup., πλατύτερος, πλατύτατος.

πλάτύτης, ητος, ή, (πλατύς) breadth, width: generally, size, bulk.  $[\ddot{v}]$ 

πλέαs, acc. of πλέες, q. v

πλέγδην, Adv (πλέκω) in plaits or braids

πλέγμα, ατος, τύ, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a net: in pl. wreaths, chaplet

πλέες, οί, acc πλέας, Ep. for πλείονες, Comp. of πολύς, more: Dor. contr. πλείς

πλεθριαίος, a, ov, of the size of a πλέθρον

ΠΛΕ ΘΡΟΝ Ερ. πέλεθρον, τό, as measure of length, a pletbron, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade. 2. a race-course or race of this length II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Πλειάς, άδος, ή, m plur. Πλειάδες Ion Πληιάδες, ai, the Pleiads, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were placed among the stars.

πλείμην, είο, είτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of πίμπλημι. πλείν, Att. for πλέον, like δείν for δέον, more. 2 mf of πλέω to sail.

πλειος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for πλέος. full.

πλειότερος, η, ον, Comp. of πλείος, fuller.

πλειστάκιs, Adv. (πλείστοs) most times, mostly, very often.

πλειστήρης, ες. (πλείστος) manifold; απας πλειστήρης χρόνος the whole extent of time. Hence

πλειστηρίζομαι, Dep to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

πλειστοιβόλος ου (πλείστος βαλείν) throwing the

πλειστο-βόλος, ον, (πλείστος, βαλείν) throwing the most, throwing the highest.

πλειστόμ-βροτος, ον, (πλείστος, βροτός) thronged with people, crowded.

πλείστος, η, ον, Sup. of πολύς, most, Lat plurimus: very much; also, very great:— οἱ πλείστοι the greatest number; τὸ πλείστον the greatest part; so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ πλείστος τοῦ βίου the most part of life:— ἡ πλείστη γνώμη Γ his opinion was mostly; πλείστος εἰμι τῆ γνώμη Ι am mostly of opinion; δσοι πλείστοι the most possible; ἐν τοῖς πλείστοι about the most, like ἐν τοῖς πρῶτοι:—neut. πλείστον as Adv. most; τὸ πλείστον for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ πλείστου at the greatest distance; ἐπὶ πλείστου to the greatest extent; περὶ πλείστου of the greatest importance or value.

πλείω, Ep. pres for πλέω, to sail.

πλείων or πλέων, δ, ή, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. ονος; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλέες πλέας, Dor. πλείς: πλεθν, πλεθνος, πλεθνες etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέον, πλέονος, etc : πλείν Att. for πλέον, like δείν for δέον: Ep dat. pl. πλεόνεσσι: Comp. of πολύs:more: also greater, larger, of size as well as number: -ol πλέονες Ion. and Dor. ol πλεύνες, the greater number, and so, like of πολλοί, the many, the people, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον the greater part: so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ the greater II. the neut. πλέον has various part of night. usages, more of a thing, Lat. plus; τὸ πλέον, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλεῦν, as Adv. mostly; οὐ τὸ πλέον not so much; πλέον ή . more than .; but the ή may be omitted, πλείω ξβδομήκοντα more than seventy: πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη his opinion rather tended; πλέον έχειν to have the best of it, opp. to έλαττον έχειν to be beaten: - with Preps., έπὶ πλέον as Adv. more, further; έs πλέον more; περὶ πλείονος of more importance, of bigber value.

πλειών, ῶνος, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) a full space of time, a year.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited,

wickerwork.
πλεκτανάω, f. ήσω, to twist into wreaths, coil From

πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ a wreath of smoke [α] πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτόs, a coil, wreath.

a twisted rope, cord, string.

πλεκτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (πλέκω) of or for planting.

πλεκτός, ή, όν, (πλέκω) plaited, twisted, twinted; πλεκταί στέγαι wicker coverings, i.e. cars; τὰ πλεκτά

any plaited instruments, ropes.

ΠΛΕΚΩ, f. fω: aor. 1 ἐπλεξα: pf. πέπλεχα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλέχθην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [α]: pf πέπλεγμαι:—to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold, Lat. plico, plecto: also to knit; Med., πλέξασθαι πείθμα to twist oneself a rope.

2. metaph. to plan, devise, contrive.

II. Pass. to be plaited or woven.

2. to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace.

πλέον, neut. of πλέων, more: also neut. of πλέοs, full. πλεονάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλέονάκα: (πλέον):—to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much: to presume on, c. dat.

II. to exaggerate, overstate.

πλεονάκις, Adv. (πλέων) more frequently, oftener: too often. [α]

πλεον-εκτέω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, = πλέον έχω to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping: to gain some advantage.

2. c. gen. to have or gain the advantage over another:—Pess. to be overreached, defrauded.

3. c. gen. rel, to have a grea'er share of a thing; πλεονεκτεῦν ψύχουs to hear more cold. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, ατος, τό, an advantage, gain: in pl. gains, successes.

πλεον-έκτης, ου, ό, = δ πλέων έχων, one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης a grasping, overbearing speech. And

πλεονεκτικόs, ή, όν, disposed to take more than one's

sbare. From

πλεονεξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share. 2. advantage, superiority; πλεονεξία τινός advantage over another; ἐπὶ πλεονεξία for one's advantage or gain. πλεόνως, Adv. of πλέων, too much.

ΠΛΕ'ΟΣ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ , Ion πλέιος,  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$ , Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέψ, πλέα (for πλέαι), πλέα :—full, filled, c. gen.: hence satisfied, cloyed: of Time, full, complete Comp. πλειύτερος.

πλέτο, poet. for ἔπλετο, 3 sing. impf of πέλομαι. πλεῦν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέον: so πλεῦνος, πλεῦνες, for πλέονος, πλέονες, etc.

πλεύνως, Adv. Ion. for πλεόνως, too much.

ΠΛΕΥΡΑ', âs, ἡ, a rtb, Lat. costa: in pl. the ribs, the stde or stdes.

II. later, the page of a book.

πλευρίτις, ιδος, ή, (πλευρά) pain in the side, pleurisy. πλευρόθεν, Adv (πλευρά) from the side.

πλευρο-κοπέω, f ήσω, (πλευρά, κύπτω) to smite the ribs

**IIAEYPO'N**,  $\tau b$ , a rib, an older poet. form of  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \nu p \dot{a}$ : in pl. the ribs, the side.

πλευρο-τϋπής, ές, (πλευρύν, τύπτω) striking the sides.

πλεύρωμα, ατος, τό, like πλευρόν, the side. πλεύσομαι οτ πλευσοθμαι, fut. med of πλέω.

πλευστέον, verb. Adj. of πλέω, one must sail.

πλευστικός, ή, όν, (πλέω) fit for sailing, fair.
ΠΛΕ΄ Ω Ερ. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι οτ πλευσοῦμαι:
αοτ. Ι ἔπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα; Pass., αοτ. Ι ἐπλεύσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: cp. the Ion. form πλώω:—
to sail, go by sea; c, acc. cognato, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα
πλεῦν to sail the watery ways:—to swim, float;—

metaph, πλεῖν κατ' ὀρθόν to go on prosperously.
πλέω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέων, more.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, q. v.

πλέωs, πλέα, πλέων, pl. πλέφ, πλέα (for πλέαι), πλέα, full, Att. for πλέοs.

πληγείς, είσα, έν, aor 2 pass part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ή, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe:—also a wound, Lat. plaga: also a beating or fighting with clubs: metaph. a blow, stroke, shock.

πληγμα, ατος, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πίμπλημι) a great number, a mass, throng, crowd: the greater part, the mass, main body; hence the people, the commons: also the government of the people, democracy.

II. number or quantity: also magnitude, size, bulk.

III. sometimes length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [ $\bar{v}$ ], f.  $\bar{v}νω$ , (πληθίs) to make full: to increase, multiply: Pass. to increase (intr.), to be completed; of persons, to be fully resolved.

= πληθίω.

II. intr.

throng, crowd.

πληθύω, (πληθύε) to be or become full; αγορήε πληθυούσηs when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; δ πληθύων λόγοι the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα: (πλέοs):—to be or become full;  $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \theta$ ουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρη, ή, (πλήθω) fulness: satiety.

πλήκτης, ου, δ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, δ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

 $\pi\lambda$ ηκτρον, τό, ( $\pi\lambda$ ησσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plec-3. a cock's spur, Lat. trum. 2 a spear-point. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

 $\pi$ λήκτωρ, opos, δ, ( $\pi$ λήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ή, (πλημμελήs) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, f. ήσω, (πλημμελήs) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:-Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

 $\pi\lambda\eta\mu$ -μελής, ές, ( $\pi\lambda\eta\nu$ , μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, barsb. Adv. -λωs.

 $\pi \lambda \eta \mu \mu \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma \mu \eta$ .

πλήμμυρα, ή, = πλημμυρίs, flood-tide: a flood. πλησίος: Adv. Comp. πλησίαιτέρω, nearer.

πλημμυρέω, f. ησω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ίδος, ή, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίε έκ πύντοιο the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [v Ep., v Att.]

 $\pi\lambda\eta\mu\nu\eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi\lambda\dot{\eta}\theta\omega)$  the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond: I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλην όσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλην δταν save when; πλην ὅτι except that; πλην el or ear, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλην έν (sc. olδa) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

 $\pi\lambda\eta\xi\alpha$ , Ep. for  $\xi\pi\lambda\eta\xi\alpha$ , aor. I of  $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\sigma\omega$ .

πλήξ-ιππος, ον, (πλήσσω, ίππος) striking or driving

πληρεθντες, -εύμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρόω.

πληθύς, ύος, ή, Ep. dat. πληθυί, Ion. for πλήθος, a gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim. 2. generally, full, complete, sufficient. 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

> $\pi\lambda\eta\rho o$ -φορέω, f.  $\eta\sigma\omega$ , ( $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\eta s$ , φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ή, full conviction, certainty.

πληρόω, f. ώσω. pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληροῦν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θωρακεία man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy 3. πληροῦν την χρείαν to supply the need. II. of numbers. to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. intr to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, ber crew: of number, the sum.

a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ή, (πληρόω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πλησαίατο, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

 $\pi\lambda\hat{\eta}\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$ , Ep. for  $\xi\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$ , 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πληστάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλησίακα . (πλησίος):to bring near:-Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near · to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησζαίτερος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp and Sup. of

πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησίος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, bard by, II. as Subst, πλησίος, ό, a neighclose to. III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by; ό πλησίον (sub. ων) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλατίον. IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαίτερυς, -αίτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησίο-χωρος, ον, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one wbo lives near, a neighbour.

πλησ-ίστιος, ον, (πίμπλημι, Ιστίον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσμη, ή, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a TIVEL.

πλησμονή, ή, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΛΗ ΣΣΩ Att. - ττω: f. ξω: 20r. 1 έπληξα Εp. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγην, in compds. ἐπλάγην [d]: pf. πέπληγμαι:--Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμην:-- to πλήρης, es, gen. eos contr. ous, (πλέοε) full of, c. strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλH

II.

λειν (to strike with a missile): of Jove, to strike with lightning: to strike back, drive away:—Med., πλή-ξασθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief:—Pass. to be strick, stricken, smitten: also to be beaten: to be stricken by misfortune: but, πλήσσεσθαι δώροισι to be touched by bribes. II. metaph. of violent emotions, to strike, amaze, confcund, stun; πληγείς ξρωτι smitten with love.

πλήστιγξ, ή, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλητο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάζω, be came near.

πλινθεύω, f. σω, (πλίνθοs) to make into bricks.

absol. to make bricks.

II. to build of brick

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθοs) in the shape of a brick. πλίνθινος, η, ον, (πλίνθοs) made or built of brick.

 $\pi\lambda\iota\nu\theta$ ίον, τό, Dim. of  $\pi\lambda$ ίνθος, a small brick.

πλινθίς, ίδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος: a whetstone. πλινθο-ποιέω, t. ήσω, (πλίνθος, ποιέω) to make bricks πλίνθος, ἡ, a brick, Lat. later; πλίνθοι ὁπταί baked bricks; πλίνθους ἐλκύσαι οτ εἰρύσαι Lat. ducere lateres, to make bricks: δόμοι πλίνθου layers of brick. 2. anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of metal. 3. the plinth of a column.

πλινθουργέω, f. ήσω, to make bricks. From πλινθ-ουργός, όν, (πλίνθος, \*ἔργω) making bricks as Subst., πλινθουργός, δ, a brick-maker.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry bricks. From πλινθο-φόροs, ον, (πλίνθοs, φέρω) carrying bricks. πλινθο t έσου (πλίνθοs) to make of brick. Med

πλινθο-φορος, ον, (πλινθος, φερω) carrying bricks. πλινθόω, t. ώσω, (πλίνθος) to make of brick: Med to build for oneself.

πλινθ-υφής, ές, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) brick-built.

ΠΑΙ ΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίξομαι: pf πέπλιγμαι: Dep.:
—to cross one's legs in walking: to walk briskly, trot.
πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλόος, τεκείν) producing navigation.

πλοιάριον, τό, Dim. of πλοιον, a skiff, boat.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a sbip of any kind; πλοῖα λεπτά small craft; πλοῖα ἰππαγωγά transport-vessels; πλοῖα μακρά sbips of war, Lat. longae naves; πλοῖα στρογγύλα sbips of burthen, Lat. naves onerariae:—as distinguished from ναῦs (a sbip of war), πλοῖον was a merchant-sbip or transport.

πλοκαμίς, ίδος, ή, (πλύκαμος) a braid, lock, or curl

of bair: also curly bair. [i]

πλόκἄμος, δ, (πλέκω) a braid, lock or curl of bair: in pl. the locks, the hair. II. a twisted rope.

πλοκή, ή, (πλέκω) anything planted or woven, a web: metaph. a web of decent.

πλόκος, δ, (πλέκω) a lock or curl of bair.
a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ό, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.: (πλέω):—a sailing voyage: time or tide for sailing:
—proverb., δεύτερος πλοῦς the next best way.

πλουθ-τγίεια, ή, (πλοῦτος, ὑγίεια) bealth and wealth. πλοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, a, ον, (πλοῦτος) rich, wealthy: c. gen. inspiration.

rei, rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum. II. ample, abundant. III. Adv -ίωs, like a rich man. Πλουτεύς, έως, δ, poët for Πλούτων.

πλουτέω, f. ήσω, (πλοῦτος) to be rich, wealthy: c. gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence

πλουτηρός, ά, ών, enriching.

πλουτίζω, f ίσω, (πλούτοs) to enrich, make wealthy.
πλουτο-γαθής, έε, Dor. for πλουτογηθήε, (πλοῦτοε, γηθέω) delighting by or in riches.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ήρος, δ, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, δ,

(πλουτος, δίδωμι) giver of riches.

πλουτο-κρατία, ή, (πλοῦτος, κρατέω) an oligarchy of wealth

ΠΛΟΥ ΤΟΣ, δ, wealth, riches. II. as masc, prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind πλουτό-χθων, ovos, δ, ἡ, (πλοῦτος, χθών) rich in

'be treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ωνος, ὁ, Pluto, god of the nether world:
a name of "Aιδης, derived from πλοῦτος, because corn,
the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the

earth as his gift.
πλοχμός, οῦ, ὁ, (πλέκω) mostly in pl. locks, bair.
πλῦναν, Ερ. for ἔπλυναν, 3 pl aor 1 of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [υ], Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλυνός, ὁ, (πλύνω) a trough or pit to wash clothes in: a washing trough or tub.

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing: τὰ Πλυντήρια (sub. ἰερά) a festival at Athens, in which the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΑΥΝΩ [v], fut. πλυνω lon. πλυνέω: aor I έπλυνα Ερ. πλυνα: Pass, aor I έπλυνα Ερ. πλυνα: Pass, aor I έπλυνθην: pf πέπλυμα:—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούομαι (to bathe), or νίζω (to wash the hands or feet). 2. to wash off dirt. II. metaph, πλύνειν τινά to give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel. Hence

πλύσις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a washing. [ $\ddot{\nu}$ ] πλωάς, άδος, ( $\pi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ ) fem. Adj floating.

πλωίζω, f σω, (πλώω) to sail on the sea, use ships, practise navigation.

πλώιμος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing: of a ship, fit for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable.

2. of the sea, to be sailed over, navigable: in neut., πλωημωτέρων γενομένων οι ὅντων as circumstances became or were more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, ov. = πλώιμος, to be sailed over.

 $πλωτήρ, <math>\hat{η}ροs$ ,  $\delta$ , (πλωω) a seaman, sailor. II. a swimmer.

πλωτός, ή, όν, (πλώω) sailing, floating, swimming.

II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

πλώω, f. ώσω: aor. I ἔπλωσα: pf. πέπλωκα: Ep. and Ion. for πλέω, to sail, float: there is also (as if from a Verb in  $\mu$ t) an Ep. aor. 2 ἔπλων, ωs, ω, part. πλώε, gen. πλώντοε.

πνείω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεθμα, ατος, τό, (πνέω) wind, air. II. breath, πνεθμα βίου the breath of life; πνεθμα αφιέναι to give up the ghost, spend one's spirit, life. 2. spirit, inspiration. III. a Spirit, spiritual Being:—

Πνεθμα and ἄγιον Πνεθμα the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost. | ποδ-άγρα, ή, (πούs, ἄγρα) a trap or snare for the Hence

πνευμάτικός, ή, όν, belonging to wind or breath. II. of the spirit, spiritual: Adv. -κωs, spiritually

 $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau \delta \omega$ , f.  $\omega \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \nu \epsilon \hat{\nu} \mu \alpha)$  to turn into wind or air: to inflate. 2. to agitate with wind.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, δ, (πνέω, πνεθμα) used both in sing, and pl. the organs of breathing, the lungs.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕ'Ω Ερ. πνείω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσούμαι. later πνεύσω: aor. I επνευσα: Pass., aor. I επνεύσθην: from what country? Lat. cujas? pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):to blow, breathe, of the wind. II. to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale: c. gen rei, to smell of a thing, be redolent of; rarely c. dat. rei, to smell with III. of animals, to breathe bard, pant, IV. to draw breath, breathe: to live. metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνείοντες breathing spirit; "Αρεα πνείν, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα πνείν VI. to breathe favourably to be of a high spirit. or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui.

 $\pi \nu \bar{\iota} \gamma \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ ,  $(\pi \nu \dot{\iota} \gamma \omega)$  an oven: or or damper put on coals to smother the flame.

 $\pi$ νῖγηρός, ά, όν,  $(\pi \nu i \gamma \omega)$  choking, stifling, of throttling or heat.

 $\pi \nu \bar{\iota} \gamma (\zeta \omega) = \pi \nu (\gamma \omega)$ 

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) a choking.

**πνιγμόs**,  $\delta$ , (πνίγω) a choking, stifling heat. πνιγόεις, εσσα, εν, choking, stifling From

πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) a choking, stifling, of heat.

 $\Pi NI' \Gamma \Omega$  [τ], fut.  $\pi \nu i \xi \omega$  or med.  $\pi \nu i \xi \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 1 ἔπνιξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνίγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [ĭ]:—to stifle, choke: to seize by the throat, throttle:-Pass. to be stifled or choked: also to be drowned. II. to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew

πνῖγώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) stifling.

**πνικτός**, ή, όν, (πνίγω) stifled, strangled.

πνοή, η̂s, ή, Ep. and Ion. πνοίη Dor. πνοά, πνοιά:  $(\pi\nu\epsilon\omega):$  — a wind, blast, air;  $\alpha\mu\alpha$   $\pi\nu\epsilon\iota\hat{\iota}_{s}$   $\alpha\nu\epsilon\mu\epsilon\iota\epsilon$ along with (i. c. swift as) blasts of wind; πυρός πνοαί blasts of fire: metaph, nvoai Apeos blasts of Ares. II. a bard-drawn breath, breath. a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhala-IV. the breath of a wind-instrument. tion.

ΠΝΥΈ, gen. πυκνός (not πνυκός), ή, the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησίαι or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

ΠΟ'A, ή, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία: -grass: ποία Μηδική, Lat. berba Medica, sainfoin or lu-II. a grassy place, meadow. grass-time, summer.

 $\pi \circ \delta$ - $\alpha \beta \rho \circ s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \circ \psi s$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \beta \rho \circ s)$  soft of foot.

ποδ-αγός, όν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, guiding the foot: as Subst., ποδαγόε, δ, a guide, an attendant.

feet. II. gout in the feet, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγράω, to have gout in the feet.

ποδαγρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , (ποδάγρα) liable to gout, gouty.

ποδαγρός, όν, (ποδάγρα) gouty.

ποδά-νιπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ , (πούς, νίζω) a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan.

ποδά-νιπτρον, τό, (πούs, νίζω) water for washing the feet in.

**ποδάπός**, ή, όν, interrog, Adı. =  $\pi o \hat{v}$  (or  $\pi \acute{v} \theta \epsilon \nu$ )  $\mathring{a} \pi \acute{v}$ ;

πόδ-αργος, ον, (πούς, άργύς) swift- or white-footed. ποδ-άρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) able of foot, swift-

footed.

ποδ-ένδυτος, ον, (πούς, ἐνδύω) drawn upon the 2, as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, a robe or garfoot.

ment reaching to the feet.

ποδεών, ωνος, ό, (πούς) in plur. the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals; δέρμα λέοντος άφημμένον ἄκρων έκ ποδεώνων a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends. neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up. any similar extremity; ποδεών στεινός a natrow strip of land. 2. the lower end or corner of a sail, the sbeet.

 $\pi \circ \delta - \eta \gamma \circ s$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , see  $\pi \circ \delta - \bar{a} \gamma \dot{\epsilon} s$ 

ποδ-ηνεκής, ές, (πούς, \*ένέγκω) reaching down to the feet.

 $\pi \circ \delta$ - $\dot{\eta} v \in \mu \circ s$ , ov,  $(\pi \circ \dot{v} s$ ,  $\ddot{a} v \in \mu \circ s$ ) swift as the wind. ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀρἄρεῖν) reaching down to the feet, πέπλος ποδήρης a robe that falls over the feet: hence, ποδήρης στύλος a tall straight pillar; ποδήρης aoπis the large shield which quite covered the body:τὰ ποδήρη, the feet.

**moderatios**, a, ov,  $(\pi o \dot{v} s)$  of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high.

ποδίζω, f ίσω, (πούs) to bind the feet, tether - Pass, of horses, to have the feet ned, be tethered.

ποδί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) fixed on or to the feet. ποδιστήρ, ηρος, ό, (ποδίζω) reaching over the feet; πέπλος ποδιστήρ a long garment that entangles the feet in it.

ποδίστρα, ή, (ποδίζω) a strap or snare for the fcc. ποδοᾶν, Ep. gen. and dat dual for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ή, (πούs, κτϋπέω) a dancing-girl.

ποδορ-ράγής, ές, (πούς, ραγήναι) bursting forth ct a stamp of the foot.

ποδο-στράβη, ή, (πούς, στράβη) a snare or trap to catch the feet.

ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούs, ψάω) a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat.

ποδώκεια, ή, swiftness of foot, fleetness. From ποδ-ώκης, ες, (πούς, ἀκύς) swift-footed, fleet of foot: generally swift, quick.

πόη, ή, Ion. for πόα, grass.

ποθέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω.

568 ποθεινός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (ποθέω) longed for, de- a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; ξωυτοῦ sired, missed, regretted: hence mourned for. πόθεν Ion. κόθεν, interrog. Adv. whence? from what place? Lat. unde? τίς, πόθεν είς ἀνδρῶν; who, whence art thou of men? πύθεν της Φρυγίης; from what part 'II. in Att. to express surprise, of Phrygia? III. for ποῦ; whence can it be? bow possibly? wbere ? ποθέν, enclit. Adv. from some place or other. ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω. ποθ-έσπερος, ον, Dor. for προσέσπερος. ποθεῦντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω. ποθεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω. ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω or ποθέσομαι: aor 1 act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπύθεσα Ερ. πύθεσα: pf πεπύθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for; and so to miss, regret, Lat. desiderare: τὸ πο- $\theta \circ \hat{v} = \pi \circ \theta \circ s$ , one's desiring, one's desire. 2. c. inf. to long or be anxious to do. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φρήν the longing soul.  $\pi o \theta \dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ep. =  $\pi \dot{\phi} \theta o s$ , fond desire of, regret for;  $\sigma \dot{\eta}$ woθή a longing after thee. ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf of ποθέω (as if from πόποθητός, ή, όν, (ποθέω) desired, longed for, regretted. πόθι, interrog. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, where? for πoî, whither? ποθί, enclit. Adv., poet. for που, anywhere, somewhere: also anyhow, perhaps. II. of Time, some time: at length. ποθό-βλητος, ον, (πόθος, βάλλω) love-stricken. πόθ-οδος, ή, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος. ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω. ποθορεύσα, for προσορώσα, part. fem. of προσουράω.  $\Pi O'\Theta O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for, Lat.

desiderium, σòs πόθος a yearning after thee: love. ποι, interrog. Adv. whither? Lat. quo? c. gen, ποι  $\chi\theta o \nu \dot{o}s$ ; to what spot of earth? 2. for ποῦ; Lat. II. to what end? Lat. quorsum? ubi? wbere? ποι, enclitic Adv. somewbither. ποία, ή, Dor. for πόα, grass. ποιεύμενος, Ep. pres. med. part of ποιέω. ποιεύμην, Ep. impf. med. of ποιέω.

ποιεύντα, Dor. for ποιούντα, pres. part. acc. of **ΠΟΙΕ'** $\Omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ : I. to make, produce, execute, esp. of works of art:-Med. to make for oneself, of bees, ολκία ποιήσασθαι to make themselves houses: also to bave a thing made. 2. to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect; ποιείν ίρά, Lat. sacra facere, to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice; ποιείν Ίσθμια to celebrate the Isthmian games. to make, shape, create: to beget: of corn, etc., to produce, grow, raise: also to make or render so and so:-Pass. to be made so and so, to become:-Med. to make so and so for oneself, ποιείσθαί τινα εταίρον to make him one's friend: moisiobal riva vilv to make neck.

ποιείσθαί τι to make a thing one's own: generally to bold, reckon, esteem a thing as ..., συμφοράν ποιείσθαί τι to take, reckon a thing for a visitation; δεινόν ποιείσθαί τι to esteem it a grievous thing; περί πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι, Lat. magni facere, to esteem a thing of great moment. 4. to compose, write, esp. in verse, to make: also to invent: -also to make, represent in poetry (whence ποιητήs a poet): periphr. in Med., δργήν ποιείσθαι for δργίζεσθαι, θαθμα ποιείσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιείσθαι δι' άγγέλου, for άγγέλ-II. to do; Σπαρτιητικά ποιέειν to act like a Spartan: c. acc. dupl. to do something to another, κακά or άγαθὰ ποιείν τινα to do one good or evil. III. intr. to be doing, to do; 2. to put. ποιέειν ή παθέειν to do or have done to one. there is also a pecul. usage, ή εύνοια παρά πολύ ἐποίει έε τους Λακεδαιμονίους good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short,  $\pi o \vec{l} - 1$ ποίη, ή, Ion. for πόα, grass.

ποιήεις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) grassy, rich in grass. ποίημα, ατος, τό, (ποιέω) anything made or done: a work, piece of workmanship. 2. a poetical work,

3. an act, deed. ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim of ποίημα, a little poem. ποιηρόs, ά, όν, (ποίη) grassy.

ποιήσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. 201. I opt. of ποιέω. ποίησις, εως, ή, (ποιέω) a making: a forming, cre-II. the art of poetry. 2. a poem.

ποιητέοs, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ποιέω, to be made or II. neut. ποιητέον one must make or do. ποιητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ποιέω) one who makes, a maker. a maker, 1. c. a poet.

ποιητικός, ή, όν, (ποιέω) capable of making, productive: poetical: - ή ποιητική (sub. τέχνη) the art of poetry, poetry. Adv. -κω̂s.

 $\pi$ οιητός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , ( $\pi$ οιέω) made, fabricated, worked. II. made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-φαγέω, (ποίη, φαγείν) to eat grass.

ποικιλ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ήνία) with broidered reins.

ποικτλ-είμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, είμα) with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb.

ποικίλία, ή, (ποικίλοε) an embroidering, embroidery: a piece of embroidery: metaph. cunning.

ποικίλλω, f. τλω: Εποίκτλα: Pass., pf. πεποίκιλμαι: (ποικίλοε): - to broider, work in embroid-II. to embroider: to diversify, vary: metaph. to trick out with fair words, embellish. Hence

ποίκιλμα, ατος, τό, anything wrought in various 2. broidered work, broidery. ποικιλό-βουλος, ον, (ποικίλος, βουλή) of changeful or subtle counsel.

ποικιλό-γηρυς Dor. -γαρυς, νος, δ, ή, (ποικίλος, γηρυε) of varied voice, many-toned.

ποικιλό-δειρος, ον, (ποικίλος, δείρα) with variegated

ποικίλο-δέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργόs, όν, (ποικίλοs, εργον) of varied work. ποικίλό-θριξ,  $-\tau$ ρίχοs, ό, ή, (ποικίλοs, θρίξ) with spotted bair, spotted, brindled.

ποικίλο-μήτης, ου, ό, and ποικίλό-μητις, ιδος, ό, ή, (ποικίλος, μῆτις) full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μήχανος, ον, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) full of various devices.

ποικίλό-μορφος, ον, (ποικίλος, μορφή) of variegated form, variegated.

ποικίλό-μῦθος, ον, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) of various discourse.

ποικίλό-νωτος, ον, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) with back of varied bues.

ποικίλό-πτερος, ον, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) with wing of changeful bue.

ΠΟΪΚΙ'ΛΟΣ, η, ov, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled. II. worked in various colours, of varying colour; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῷ arms inwrought with brass. III. generally changeful, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous, hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος Acol. -σάμβαλος, ον, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) with broidered sandals.

ποικίλό-στολος, ον, (ποικίλος, στολή) with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.

ποικίλο-τερπής, ές, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) with varied delights: delighted by variety.

ποικίλό-τευκτος, ον, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) curiously wrought.

ποικίλό-τραυλος, ον, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) twittering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, δ, η, (ποικίλος, φύρμιγξ) accompanied by the various notes of the barp.

ποικίλό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (ποικίλος, φρήν) with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτής, οῦ, ὁ, fem. ποικίλτρια, ἡ, (ποικίλλω) one who embroiders: a broiderer.

ποικίλ-φδός, όν, (ποικίλος, φδή) of riddling song. ποικίλως, Adv. of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως έχειν to be different.

ποιμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ποιμήν) to feed, tend, Lat. pascere: absol. to keep flocks, be a sbepberd. 2. metaph to tend, cherish foster:—to guide, lead, govern:—also to sootbe, lull, beguile, like Lat. pascere: hence to deceive. II. Pass. to grase, Lat. pasci: to range over in grasing, to stray; πᾶs πεποίμανται τόπος every place has been ranged over, traversed. ποιμάν, δ, Dor. for ποιμήν.

ποιμανόριον, τό, (ποιμάνωρ) a berd: metaph. an army under its leader.

ποιμανώ, fut. of ποιμαίνω.

ποιμάνωρ [ā], opos, δ, (ποιμαίνω) = ποιμήν, a berdsman, shepherd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief. ποιμήν, ένοs, δ, (ποία) a herdsman, a shepherd; ποιμήν λαῶν a shepherd of the people, i.e. a prince, chief.

ποίμνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ποιμήν) a berd of cattle, a flock of sbeep, ποιμνήιος,  $\eta$ , ον, (ποίμνη) of or for a flock or berd. ποίμνιον,  $\tau \dot{\phi}$ , Dim. of ποίμνη, a little flock.

ποιναίος, α, ον, (ποινή) punishing, avenging.

ποινάτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, an avenger, punisber. [ā] ποινάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ἡσω, to avenge, punisb:— Med. to avenge oneself on one. From

ποινή, η, a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital: also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, Lat. poena; ανελέσθαι ποινήν τῆτς ψυχῆς to take vengeance for his life; ποινήν τῶται Ξέρξη τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολομένων to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποινὰς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; ποίνας λαμβάνειν to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas.

2. in good sense, recompense, reward.

Il. personified, Ποίνη, η, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.

ποινήτης, ου, ό, fem. -ητις, ιδος, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.

ποίντμος, ον, (ποινή) avenging, punishing.

ποιολογέω, f. ήσω, to gather herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From

ποιο-λόγος, ον, (ποία, λέγω) gathering berbs.

ποιο-νόμος, ον, (ποία, νέμω) feeding on grass or berbs. II. ποιό-νομος, ον, (ποία, νομή) with grassy fastures.

HOΓΌΣ a, ov Ion κοῖος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of what nature? of what sort? Lat, qualis? in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποῖον τὸν μῦθον ἔει-πεε! what manner of speech hast thou spoken! II. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, ὁ ποῖος; III. fem. dat. ποία Ion. ποίη (sub. δδῷ), as Adv., = πῶς; Lat. quomodo? how? in what manner?

ποιόs, ά, όν, indef. Adj. of a certain nature, kind or quality.

ποιότης, ητος, ή, (ποιος) quality.

ποιπνύω, f ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , (redupl. from  $\pi \nu \epsilon \omega$ ), to be out of breath; hence generally, to basten, burry, bustle: also to work bard, be busy.

ποίφυγμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From ποιφύσσω, f. ξω, (redupl. from φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort.

II. to blow out, puff up.

ποι-ώδης, εs, (ποία, είδοs) like grass, grassy.

πόκα οι ποκά, Dor. for πότε οι ποτέ. ποκάς, άδος, ή, (πόκος) wool, bair.

ποκίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, (πόκοs) to sbear wool:— Med. to sbear or elip for oneself.

πόκος, δ, (πέκω) wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-shearing. III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb els δυου πόκαs to an ass-shearing, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκόω, f. ώσω, to cover with wool: Pass. to be covered or clothed in wool.

πόκως, Dor. for πόκους, acc. pl. of πόκος. πολέες, έων, έεσσι, έας, Ep. plur. of πολύς. πολεμαδόκος. Dor. for πολεμηδόκος.

πολεμαρχείον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and πολεμαργέω, f. ήσω, to be Polemarch. From

πολέμ-αρχος, ό, (πόλεμος, άρχω) one who begins or II. at Athens leads the war, a leader, chieftain. the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally commanded in battle; he was present at the battle of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta the commander of a division or µ\u00e9\rangle a. 3. at Thebes it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ήσω: Pass, aor. I ἐπολεμήθην. (πόλεμοε):-to be at war, wage war with: also to fight, give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with one. II. c, acc. to make war upon, treat as an enemy, attack:-Pass. to have war made upon one; so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in Pass, also of war, to be waged or carried on; oa ἐπολεμήθη whatever bostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος, δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήτος, ον, Ion. form of πολέμειος, (πόλεμος)II. bostile. warlike.

πολεμησείω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war. πολεμητέον, verb. Adj of πολεμέω, one must go to war.

πολεμίζω poet. πτολ-: fut. ίσω Dor ίξω: (πόλε- $\mu os$ ):—poet, for  $\pi o \lambda \in \mu \in \omega$ , to wage war, fight with or against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another: later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute. II. trans. to make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{ον}$ , (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike; τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the art of war: so, ή πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of war, war. 2. το πολεμικόν the signal for battle. II. bostile: also causing bostility. Hence

πολεμικώς, Adv. in bostile fashion; πολεμικώς έχειν

πολέμιος, a,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (πόλεμοs) of or belonging to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war. rately like πολεμικόs, warlike. II. bostile :--as Subst., πολέμιοι, oi, the enemy. 2. ή πολεμία (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\chi \hat{\omega} \rho \alpha$ ), the enemy's country. 3. τὸ πολέμιον, bostility.

πολεμιστά, δ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior. πολεμιστήριοs, a, ov, also os, ov, of or belonging to a warrior; πολεμιστήρια άρματα war-chariots. τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ep πτολ-, οῦ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a warrior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταί war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the din of war.

πολεμό-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war. πολεμο-λάμ-ἄχαϊκός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , compd. of πόλεμος, Λάμαχος and 'Αχαϊκός, like a Greek Lamachus in war. πόλεμόνδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war, into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (πόλεμος ποιέω) to stir up

ΠΟ'ΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, δ, a battle, fight: generally, war; πόλεμον αἴρεσθαί τινι to levy war against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by

πολεμόω, f. ώσω, (πόλεμος) to make bostile, make an enemy of :- Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεύω, (πόλοs) intr. to go or range about, Lat. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πύλος) to go about, range, baunt. trans, to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to plough.

πόλεων, gen. pl. of πύλις: but πολέων, Ion. for  $\pi o \lambda \lambda \hat{\omega} \nu$ , gen. pl. of  $\pi o \lambda \hat{\nu} s$ .

 $\pi \delta \lambda \eta \epsilon s$ ,  $\alpha \nu$ , as, Ion. for  $\pi \delta \lambda \epsilon \epsilon s$ ,  $\pi \delta \lambda \epsilon \iota s$ , plur, of  $\pi \delta$ λιs: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόληος, πόληι.

πολιαίνομαι, Pass. (πολιός) to grow gray or white. πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιήσχος, πολιούχος, q. v. πολί-αρχος, δ, (πόλις, ἄρχω) prince of a city or state.Πολιάς, άδος, ή, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith. of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from 'Aθηνα Παρθένος and 'Αθηνα Πρόμαχος.

πόλιες, πολίεσσιν, Ep nom. and dat. pl. of πόλιsπολίζω, f. ίσω, aor. Ι ἐπόλισα Ερ. πόλισσα. Pass., pf. πεπόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city: generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιάοχος = πολιούχοε.

πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολίτης, a citizen: also a fellow-citizen, a countryman

πολιήτις, ιδος, fem. of πολιήτης.

 $\pi \delta \lambda \iota \nu \delta \epsilon$ , Adv. of  $\pi \delta \lambda \iota s$ , into or to the city.

πολιο-κρόταφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray

bair on the temples, growing gray

πολι-ορκέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρκησα: Pass, fut. πολιορκηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι: aor. Ι ἐπολιορκήθην: (πόλιε, εἵργω, οτ ἕρκοε):—to bem in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege; metaph, to besiege, importune. Hence

πολι-ορκητέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. that must or can be taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ή, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieging a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟ'Σ, α, δν, also δε, δν:—gray, white; of hair, gray or boary; al πολιαί (sub. τρίχες), gray or white hair; αμα ται̂ς πολιαι̂ς κατιούσαις as the gray bairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and temples to the beard): πολιόε absol. a gray-beaded II. metaph. bright, serene. metaph. boary, venerable.

πολι-ούχος, ον, (πόλιε, έχω) protecting a city. πολιό-χρως, ωτος, δ, ή, (πολιός, χρώς) with white

skin: white. πολι-πόρθης. ου, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities. ΠΟ'ΛΙΣ Ερ. πτόλις, εως, ή; Ion. gen. πύλιος Att.

poët. also πόλεος Εp. πόληος, πόλευς: dat. πόλει Εp. | πόληι: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:---Plur., nom. πόλεες Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλιες: gen. πολίον: dat. πόλισι Ep. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. times, often, oft. πόλιαs, πόλειs Ion. πόλιs: –a city: πόλιs ἄκρη, = perchance, Lat. si forte; μὴ πολλάκιs Lat. ne forte. ακρόπολιs, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at the city was called αστυ. II. a whole country, III. when πόλιε and ἄστυ are joined, πόλιs is the body of citizens, ἄστυ their dwellings: hence πόλιε the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολίζω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολισσο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολισ-σόος, ον, (πόλιε, σώζω) guarding a city. πολισσ-ούχος, ον, poet. for πολιούχος.

πολίτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πολίτης, ἄρχω) a ruler of citi-

zens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολίτεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a in many places. citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizensbip, Lat. civitas. Z.en. II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: v. πολύs. a republic.

πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, (πολίτεύω) a measure of go- Lat multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II. a state, community. vernment, political act. man, live in a free state. of government, bave public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. I med. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of beaven, ἐπολιτευσάμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πε- the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. πολίτευμαι:-to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a 2. to take part in the government. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτηίη, ή, Ιοπ for πολιτεία.

πολίτης  $[\bar{i}]$ , ου, Ion. πολιήτης, εω,  $\delta$ , (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. ciuts. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst, θεοί πολίται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the com-II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικόs, δ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ή πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τά πολιτικά state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολίτικώς. Adv. of πολίτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πόλιε) a small town.

πολίχνιον,  $τ \delta$ , Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town. πολλάκις poet. πολλάκι [ă], Adv. (πολύε) many II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκιε perbaps.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many Athens was sometimes called πόλιs, while the rest of times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by  $\tilde{\eta}$ ,  $\tilde{\eta}\pi\epsilon\rho$ ., or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

> πολλαπλάσίων, ον, gen. ονος = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ιόνωs.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχη, Adv. (πολύs, πολλή) many ways, many times, often II. in various manners.

πολλαχόθεν, Adv. (πολύs, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχόθι, Adv (πολύε, πολλή) in many places. πολλάχόσε, Adv. (πολύs, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \check{\alpha} \chi \circ \hat{v}$ , Adv. =  $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \alpha \chi \hat{\eta}$ , many times, often. Η.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλύς = πολύς, δεκάκις) 2. the life of a citi- many tens of times. [a]

πολλός, πολλόν, lon. masc. and neut. for πολίε, III. civil polity, the condition of πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases:

πολλοστός, ή, όν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many, of Time, πολλοστώ έτει in the last of many years, πολίτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen of free- 1. e. after many years; πολλοστώ χρύνω after a very 2. to bave a certain form long time. Adv. -τωs, in a very small degree.

> $\pi \delta \lambda os$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \lambda \omega, \pi o \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  a pivot or axis on which II. Dep., something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-shaped sun-

> > πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, άγρα) catching much game. πολύ-āθλός, όν, (πολύς, άθλον) conquering in many contests.

> > πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αίξ) abounding in goats. πολύ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αίμα) very bloody. πολύ-αίνετος, ον, and πολύ-αινος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολυ-άϊξ, ικος [τ], (πολύς, ἀίσσω) with many shocks. impetuous; κάματος πολύαιξ wearmess caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυανδρέω, to be full of men, to be populous.

πολύ-ανδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons,

πολυ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers. πολύ-ανθής, ές, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming. πολθανθρωπία, ή, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολυ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ā], opos, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύs, ἀνήρ) = πολύανδροs: much frequented. II. of many busbands. πολύ-άργητος, ον, (πολύs, ἄργυροs) rich in silver. πολύ-άργητος Att. -άρᾶτος, ον, (πολύs, ἀράομαι) much prayed for, much desired.

πολύ-αρκής, έε, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, sup-

plying many, abundant.

πολυ-άρματος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots. πολύ-αρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, άρμονία) many-toned. πολύ-αρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολύαρνι: (πολύς, άρνός) with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολύαρχία, ή, (πολύε, άρχω) the government of many. πολύ-αστράγάλος, ον, (πολύε, ἀστράγαλοε) with many joints.

πολύ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολυ-άσχολος, ον, (πολύς, ἄσχολος) much-busied. πολυ-αθλαξ, άκος, δ, ή, (πολύς, αθλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αύχενος, ον, (πολύε, αυχήν) with many necks. πολύ-βάφής, ές, (πολύς, βαφηναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολύ-βενθής, ές, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing πολυ-βότειρα Ερ. πουλυβότειρα, ή, (πολύς, βόσκω) fem. Adj nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτος, ον, (πολύs, βόσκω) much-nourishing. πολύ-βοτρυς, νος, ό, ή, (πολύs, βότρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling, exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ου, δ, (πολύς, βοῦς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχύς) with many nooses. πολύ-γαθής, ές, Dor. for πολυγηθής.

πολυ-γηθής, Dor. -γαθής, έε, (πολύε, γηθέω) much-cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολυ-γήρως, ων, (πολύς, γῆρας) exceeding old.

πολύ γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεῦκος) abounding in must or new wine.

πολύ γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύε, γλώσσα) many-tongued: barmonious.

πολύ-γναμπτος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύς, γιγνώσκω) well-known.
πολύ-γομφος, ον, (πολύς, γόμφος) fastened with
many nails, well-bolted.

πολύγονέομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γονος, ον, (πολύς, γύνος) producing many, prolific.

πολύ-δαίδαλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly wrought, richly dight. II. act. working with great art, very skilful.

πολύ-δάκρύος, ον, and πολύ-δακρύς, gen. δος, δ, ή, (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence muchwept, tearful.

II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύε, δακρύω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύε, δαπάνη) causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολύ-δειρά**s**, άδο**s**, ό, ἡ, (πολύ**s**, δειρή) with many ridges or necks of land.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύε, δένδρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρεσσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρηs. πολύ-δερκήs, έs, (πολύs, δέρκομαι) much-seeing. πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύs, δεσμόs) with many bands.

strong-bound.

πολύ-δευκής, ές, (πολύς, δεῦκος - γλεῦκος) very sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ό, Polydeuces, Lat. Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύε, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. illwatered, afflicted with drought.

πολύ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δύξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμείν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δροσος, ον, (πολύς, δρύσος) very dewy. πολύδωρία, ή, liberality, munificence. From

πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δωρον) with rich gifts, well-dowered.

πολύ-ειδής, έs, (πολύς, είδος) of many kinds, diverse, various.

πολυ-έλαιος, ον, (πολύς, έλαιον) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολυ-έλικτος, ον, (πολύε, έλίσσω) many-folded, mazy, complicated.

πολύ-επαίνετος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) much-praised.
πολύ-επής, ές, (πολύς, ἔπος) of many words, wordy.
πολύ-έραστος, ον, (πολύς, ἔράω) much-loved.

πολύ-εργής, έε, and πολύ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, έργον) much-working, bard-working.

πολυ-ετής, έε, (πολύε, έτος) of many years, full of years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολυ-εύχετος, ον, (πολύς, εύχομαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλος) much envied, much desired.

II. full of envy.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλόω) much envied or desired.

πολύ-ζύγος, ον, (πολύε, ζυγόν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύε, άγορεύω) speaking much, wordy.

πολυ-ήρατος, ον, (πολύς, έράω) much-loved, very lovely.

πολυ-ηχής, έε, (πολύε, ήχοε) many-toned: muchresounding.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύε, ηχέω) loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαρσής, ές, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-courageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύε, θεόε) of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ θήρος, ον, (πολύς, θήρ) with much game, full of wild beasts.

πολυ-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters. πολύ-θρεπτος, ον, (πολύς, τρέφω) much-nourishing. πολυ-θρήνητος, ον, (πολύς, θρηνέω) much-bewailed. πολύ-θρηνος, ον, (πολύς, θρηνος) much-wailing. πολύ-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (πολύς, θρίξ) with much bair.πολύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (πολύς, θρόος) with much noise, clamorous.

πολυ-θρύλητος, ον, (πολύς, θρ $\bar{\nu}$ λέω) much talked of,

πολύ-θύρος, ον, (πολύς, θύρα) with many doors or apertures. 2. metaph, with many leaves.

πολύ-θὕτος, ον, (πολύς, θύω) celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices.

πολυ-ίδμων, ον, gen. ονοs, = πολύιδριs

πολυίδρεια, ή, (πολύιδρις) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.

πολύ-ϊδρις, Ion. gen. ιος Att. εως, δ, ή, (πολύς, ίδριs) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.

πολύ-ϊππος, ον, (πολύς, ιππος) having many borses, rich in borses.

πολυ-ΐστωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (πολύς, ἴσημι) = πολύιδρις. **πολ**ὕ-ἰχθὕος, ον, (πολύς, lχθύς) abounding in fish. πολύ-καγκής, ές, (πολύς, \*κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.

πολύ-κāής, έs, (πολύς, καίω) much-burning.

πολύ-κάμμορος, ον, (πολύς, κάμμορος) very ill-fated or miserable.

πολύ-καμπής, ές, (πολύς, κάμπτω) with many twists and turns.

πολυ-κανής, έs, (πολύs, καίνω) much-slaughtering πολύ-καπνος, ον, (πολύς, καπνός) much-smoked: with smoky rafters.

πολυ-κάρηνος, ον, (πολύς, κάρηνον) many-beaded. πολύκαρπία, ή, abundance of fruit. From

πολύ-καρπος, ον, (πολύς, καρπύς) with much fruit, fields. rich in fruit, fruitful.

πολύ-κέλάδος, ον, (πολύς, κέλαδος) much-sounding. πολυκέρδεια, ή, great craft or cunning. From πολύ-κερδής, ές, (πολύς, κέρδος) very cunning or crafty.

πολύ-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (πολύς, κέρας) many-borned, π. φόνοs the slaughter of much borned cattle.

πολύ-κεστος, ον, (πολύς, κεστός) much-wrought with the needle, well-statched.

πολυ-κηδής, ές, (πολύς, κηδος) full of care, grievous. πολυ-κήριος, ον, (πολύς, κήρ) very deadly.

πολύ-κήτης,  $\epsilon s$ , (πολύς, κήτος) full of monsters.

πολύ-κλαυστος or -κλαυτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κλαίω) much deplored or lamented.

πολυ-κλεής, έs, (πολύs, κλέος) far-famed.

πολύ-κλειτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κλειτός) farfamed, of great renown.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \upsilon - \kappa \lambda \eta \in S$ ,  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ ,  $(\pi \circ \lambda \upsilon s, \kappa \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \circ s) = \pi \circ \lambda \dot{\upsilon} \kappa \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \circ s$ . πολυ-κλήις, ιδος  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ή, (πολύς, κλείς) with many benches of rowers, with many banks of oars.

πολύ-κληρος, ον, (πολύς, κληρος) with a large lot or portion, rich in land.

πολύ-κλητος, ον, (πολύε, καλέω) called from many a land. πολύ-κλυστος, ον, (πολύε, κλύζω) much dashing or

swelling. II. pass. washed by many a wave. πολύ-κμητος, ον, (πολύε, κάμνω) much-wrought, 2. later, laborious. wrought with much toil.

πολύ-κνημος, ον, (πολύε, κνημόε) with many

shoulders, of mountains: mountainous. πολύ-κοινος, ον, (πολύς, κοινός) common to many.

πολύκοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ή, the rule of many From πολύ-κοιράνος, ον, (πολύς, κοίρανος) wide-ruling. πολυ-κόλυμβος, ον, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) oft-diving. πολύ-κρανος, ον, (πολύς, κράνον) many-beaded.

πολυ-κράτής, έs, (πολύε, κράτοε) very nughty. πολύ-κροτος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κροτέω) ring-

ing loud or clearly.

πολύ-κρουνος, ον, (πολύς, κρουνός) with many prings.

πολυ-κτέανος, ον, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτήμων. πολυ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κτημα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύ-κτητος, ον, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτήμων. πολυ-κτόνος, ον, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.

πολύ-κύδιστος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, κύδιστος) beld in bigbest bonour, most glorious.

πολύ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, κῦμα) swelling with many waves.

πολύ-κώκυτος, ον, (πολύς, κωκύω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.

πολύ-κωμος, ον, (πολίς, κῶμος) much-revelling. πολύ-κωπος, ον, (πολύς, κωπή) of many oars. πολύ-κώτιλος, ον, (πολύς, κωτίλος) much-chatter-

ing, much-warbling.

πολύ-λήιος, ον, (πολύς, λήιον) with many corn-

πολύλ-λίθος ον, (πολύς, λίθος) very stony. πολύλ-λιστος, ον, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; νηὸς πολύλλιστος a temple where many

prayers are offered. πολύλ-λἴτος, ον, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολύλλιστος. πολύλογία, ή, much speaking, much talk. From πολύ-λογος, ον, (πολύς, λόγος) much-talking, talkative.

2. much talked of. πολύ-μαθής, ές, (πολύς, μαθείν) baving learnt much, knowing much. Adv. -θωs, in a very learned way. πολυ-μανής, ές, (πολύς, μανηναι) very furious.

πολυ-μάχητος, ον, (πολίς, μάχομαι) much or often fought for. [a]

πολύ-μεθής, ές, (πολύς, μέθη) very drunk.

πολύ-μελής, έs, (πολύς, μέλοε) with many limbs or II. many-toned, musical. members.

πολυ-μερής, έs, (πολύs, μέροs) consisting of many parts. Adv. -pws, in many ways.

πολύ-μετρος, ον, (πολύς, μέτρον) bolding many measures: generally, abundant.

πολύ-μηκάς, άδος, δ. (πολύς, μηκάομαι) muchbleating.

πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύε, μήλον) with many sheep: rich in flocks.

πολύ-μηνις, ιος, δ, ή, (πολύς, μηνις) very wrathful. πολύ-μητις, ιοε, ό, ή, (πολύε, μητιε) of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.

πολυμηχανία Ion. -ίη, ή, fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness. From

πολυ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.

πολύ-μἴγής, ές, (πολύς, μιγηναι) mixed of many parts, motley.

πολύ-μισής, ές, (πολύς, μίσος) much-hated.

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) receiving much pay, bired at a bigb rate.

πολύ-μίτος, ον, (πολύς, μίτος) consisting of many tbreads; πέπλοι πολύμιτοι pictured or brocaded robes

πολυ-μνήστη, ή, (πολύς, μνάομαι) as fem Adj. much courted, wooed by many.

πολύ-μνηστος, ον, (πολύς, μνάομαι) much-remembering, mindful, grateful. II. pass. mucb-remem- very mournful. bered, never to be forgotten.

πολυ-μνήστωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (πολύς, μνάομαι) remembering much, mindful.

Πολ-ύμνια, ή, contr. from Πολυ-ύμνια, (πολύs, υμνος) Polymnia, i e. the Muse of many bymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry.

**πολύ-μουσος,** ον, (πολύς, Μοῦσα) with many arts or accomplishments.

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) much-labouring, much-enduring. II. pass won by much toil. πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) of many words,

wordy, talkative. II. pass. much-talked-of, famous in story, storied.

πολύ-ναος, ον, (πολύς, ναός) with many temples. πολύ-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, ναύτης) with many sailors.

πολύ-νείκης, ου, δ, (πολύς, νείκος) much-wrangling: often as a prop, n. Polynices.

πολῦ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) overcast with clouds, very cloudy: there is also a Dor. form πολυνεφέλα**s**, gen. α.

πολύ-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νικάω) a frequent conqueror.

πολῦ-νῖφής, ϵs, (πολύς, νίφω) deep with snow.

πολύ-ξεινος, ον, Ion. for sq. πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξεινος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύε,

ξένος, ξείνος): - of persons, entertaining many guests, II. visited by many guests. very bospitable.

πολύ-ξεστος, ον, (πολύε, ξέω) much-polished. πολύοινέω, to be rich, abound in wine. From πολύ-οινος, ον, (πολύς, οίνος) abounding in wine.

πολύ-ολβος, ον, (πολύε, ὅλβοε) very wealthy: rich in blessings: abundant.

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὅμβρος) very rainy. πολυ-όμματος, ον, (πολύε, όμμα) many-eyed. πολύ-όρνιθος, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) abounding in birds.

πολύοψία, ή, abundance of dainties: abundance of food. From

πολύ-οψος, ον, (πολύε, ὄψον) abounding in dainties: luxurious.

πολυ-παθής, ϵs, (πολύs, παθϵῖν) much-suffering. πολύπαιδία, ή, (πολύπαι) abundance of children. πολύ-παίπαλος, ον, (πολύς, παιπάλη) exceeding crafty

πολύ-παις, -παιδος,  $\dot{0}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύς, παις) with many children.

πολύ-πάμ-φάος, ον, (πολύς, πα̂ς, φάος) very bright.

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen, ονος, (πολύς, πέπαμαι) with great possessions, very wealthy

πολύπειρία, ή, long experience. 2. frequent or daring enterprise. From

πολύ-πειρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) much-experienced. πολύ-πείρων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) with many boundaries: of or from many countries.

πολῦ-πενθής, ές, (πολύς, πένθος) much-mourning,II. pass much-mourned.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \tilde{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \acute{\mathbf{v}} \theta \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \mu \circ \mathbf{s}$ ,  $o \mathbf{v} = \pi \circ \lambda \mathbf{v} \pi \acute{\mathbf{v}} \theta \acute{\mathbf{v}} \dot{\mathbf{s}}$ .

Πολυπημονίδης, ou, o, son of Polypemon, in allusion to the meaning of the word; v. πολυπήμων.

πολυ-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πημα) causing manifold woe, baneful.

πολύ-πηνος, ον, (πολύς, πήνη) close-woven.

πολυ-πίδαξ, ακος, ό, ή, (πολύς, πίδαξ) with many springs or fountains.

πολύ-πίκρος, ον, (πολύε, πικρύε) very keen or bitter; neut. pl. πολύπικρα as Adv. very bitterly.

πολυ-πίνής, έε, (πολύε, πίνοε) very dirty.

πολύ-πλαγκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλάζομαι) much-wandering, roaming far a-field: much-erring. act. (πολύs, πλάζω) leading far astray: metaph. beguiling, delusive.

πολυ-πλάνής, ές, (πολύς, πλάνάομαι) roaming far or long; πολυπλανής κισσός the wandering ivy. much-erring.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύε, πλανάομαι) far- or oftwandering: of blows, showered from all sides.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \dot{\mathbf{v}} - \pi \lambda \dot{\mathbf{d}} \mathbf{v} \circ \mathbf{s}, \quad o \nu_{,} = \pi \circ \lambda \upsilon \pi \lambda \alpha \nu \dot{\eta} s.$ 

πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = πολλαπλάσιοε.

 $\pi \circ \lambda \dot{\upsilon} - \pi \lambda \epsilon \theta \rho \circ s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\pi \circ \lambda \dot{\upsilon} s$ ,  $\pi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \theta \rho \circ \nu$ )  $many \pi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \theta \rho \circ a$ in size: generally far-extending

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) closely-twined. πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύε, πλόκαμοε) with many locks: of the polypus, with many feelers.

πολυπλοκία, ή, intricacy, cunning, craft. From πολύ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύε, πλέκω) much-tangled, tbick-wreatbed. 2. metaph. tangled, intricate, complex. II. act. entangling intriguing.

πολύ-πόδης, ου, δ, poet. πουλϋπόδες, = πολύπους. πολύ-ποίκιλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) much-variega'ed.

πολύ-πονος, ον, (πολύε, πόνοε) much-labouring, much-suffering; also causing much pain, painful. πολύπος, ου, ό, see πολύπους.

4. with Preps.;

πολύ-πόταμος, ον, (πολύς, ποταμός) with many or

large rivers

πολύ-πότνια, ή, (πολύς, πότνια) very venerable. πολύπους  $[\breve{v}]$ , -ποδοs,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , acc. πολύπουν, (πολύs, πούs) many-footed. as Subst. πολύπουs or more commonly (even in Att.) πουλύ-πους, ου, δ, the many-footed one, the sea-polypus; gen. πουλύποδος; acc. πουλύπουν or πολύποδα: plur. nom. πολύποδες, etc.; poet. nom. πούλυπος, ου: Dor. πώλυπos; Lat. polypus.

πολυπραγμονέω Ion. -πρηγμονέω, f ήσω, (πολυπράγμων) to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in

public affairs, intrigue.

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ή (πολυπράγμων) officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character. From

πολυ-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πράσσω) busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent. πολύ-πρᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πρᾶος) very mild.

πολυ-πρηγμονέω, Ion. for πολυπραγμονέω

πολυ-πρόβατος, ον, (πολύς, πρύβατον) rich in sheep or cattle: Sup πολυπροβατώτατος

πολυ-πρώτιστος, η, ον, = πολ υ πρώτιστος.

πολυ-πτόητος Ιοη -πτοίητος, ον, (πολύς, πτοέω) much-scared, timorous.

πολύ-πτύχος, ον, (πολύς, πτυχή) of or with many folds: with many glens or valleys

πολύ-πυργος, ον, (πολίς, πίργος) with many towers. πολύ-πυρος, ον, (πολύς, πυρός) rich in corn.

πολύρ-ραπτος, ον, = πολύρραφος.

πολύρ-ραφος, ον, (πολύς, βάπτω) much-worked,

bigbly-wrought,

\* $\pi \circ \lambda \circ \rho - \rho \eta v$ ,  $\eta v \circ s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \circ \lambda \circ s$ , \* $\dot{\rho} \dot{\eta} v = \dot{a} \mu v \dot{o} s$ ) richin sheep or flocks only found in nom pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.

πολύρ-ρηνος, ον, = \*πολύρρην.

πολύρ-ριζος, ον, (πολύς, ρίζα) with many root.

πολύρ-ροδος, ον, (πολύς, ρόδον) abounding in roses. πολύρ-ροθος, ον, (πολίς, δύθος) much-dashing, loud-roaring: very clamorous.

πολυρ-ροίβδητος, ον, (πολίς, βοιβδέω) muchwhizzing.

πολύρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ουν, and πολύρρύτος, ον, (πολύς, ρέω) much-flowing; of blood, shed in streams.

 $\PiO\Lambda\Upsilon'\Sigma$ , πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, η̂s, οῦ; dat. πολλφ, η, φ; acc. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ:—Ion. nom.πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν: the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing, masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέοs, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολείς; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσσι, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολείς; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [ā]: -πουλύς, neut. πουλύ, are also Ep. forms.

 Of Number, many, opp. to δλίγοs few: also of ears of corn, yielding rich crops. anything often repeated; πολλον ήν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος πολυ-στέλεχος, ον, with many stems.

this word was often repeated. 2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολύs νιφετύs a beavy storm of snow; πολύς υπνος deep sleep; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολλόs great and large; πολλή κέκλημαι I have been much extolled; πολλός λόγος a far-spread report; πολλή ἀνάγκη strong necessity. 3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much; πολλοῦ ποιείσθαί τι, Lat. magni facere, to reckon of much con-4. c. gen, as πολλοί Τρώων for πολλοί sequence. Τρῶες; πολλὸν σαρκός for πολλή σάρξ. is often joined to another Adj , πολέες τε καὶ ἐσθλοί many men and good. 6 in Att. with the article. οί πολλοί the many, a majority; so also, τὸ πολύ; ώs ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ for the most part. 7. πολύs is often joined with a Partic and εἰμί, as, πολλὸs ἢν λισσόμενοs he was urgent in his entreaties. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλή όδόs a long

III. of Time, long. As Adv. in neut sing, and pl.,  $\pi o \lambda \dot{v}$  Ion  $\pi o \lambda \lambda \dot{v}$ , πολλά, much, very: also many times, oft-times, often, often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, a great way: of

Time, long: of Degree, far, very much. is joined with a Comp Adj. to increase its force; πολύ or πολλόν άμείνων much better: with Comp. Adv., πολύ μαλλον much more: with Sup, as πολύ πρῶτοs much the first. 3. πολλά many times,

often: τὰ πολλά mostly, usually. έπὶ πολύ for long; ἐπὶ πολλόν far.

Comp. πλείων Att. πλέων; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύ-σαθρος, ον, (πολύς, σαθρύς) very rotten. πολύ-σαρκία, ή, (πολύς, σάρξ) fleshiness, plumpness. πολύ-σέβαστος, ον, (πολύς, σεβαστός) most august. πολύ-σεμνος, ον, (πολύς, σεμνύς) very venerable.

πολύ-σημάντωρ, ορος, ό, (πολύς, σημαίνω) a ruler over many.

πολύ-σινής, ής, (πολύς, σίνομαι) very buriful, baneful, mischievous.

πολυσιτία, ή, abundance of corn or food. From πολύ-στος, -σττον, (πολύς, σττος) abounding in II. bigb-fed, full of meat.

πολύ-σκαλμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαλμός) many-oared. πολύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαίρω) far-springing, swift: bounding.

πολύ-σκηπτρος, ον, (πολύς, σκήπτρον) wide-ruling. πολύ-σκιος, ον, (πολύς, σκιά) very shady.

πολυ-σκόπελος, ον, (πολύς, σκόπελος) very rocky. πολυ-σπάθής, έε, (πολύε, σπάθη) thick-woven.

πολυ-σπερής, έs, (πολύς, σπείρω) wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, ον, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) of great mercy or compassion.

πολύ-σπορος, ον, (πολύε, σπείρω) much-sown, fruitful.

πολυ-στάφυλος, ον, (πολύε, σταφυλή) rich in grapes.

πολύ-στάχυς, υ, gen. υος, (πολύς, στάχυς) rich in

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύε, στενάζω) deep-sigbing, miserable.

πολυ-στέφανος, ov, with many wreaths.

πολυ-στεφής, ές, (πολύς, στέφω) crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel.

πολύ-στικτος, ον, (πολύς, στίζω) much-spotted, dappled.

πολυστιχία, ή, a number of lines. From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) of or in many lines. πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στοίχος) with many rows. πολυστομέω, to speak much. From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) many-mouthed. πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) much sighing, mournful, melancholy.

πολυ-στροφία, ή, a turning oneself to and fro. From πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύε, στρέφω) much-twisted: pliant, versatile.

\* πολύ-σύλλαβος, ον, (πολύε, συλλαβή) of many syllables.

πολυ-σφόνδύλος, ον, many-jointed.

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) split into many parts, branching.

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύε, σχοίνος) many-corded. πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύε, σωρός) yielding large beaps

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) weighing or worth many talen's.

πολυ-ταρβής, ές, (πολύς, τάρβος) much-frightened. πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) bearing many obildren.

πολυτέλεια, ή, (πολυτελήs) great expense, costliness, expensiveness.

πολύ-τελής, έε, (πολύε, τέλοε) very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστεροε, -έστατος.

πολυτελώs, Adv. of πολυτελήs, expensively: —Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costlest manner.

πολύ-τερπής, ές, (πολύς, τέρπω) much-delighting. πολύ-τέχνης, ου, δ, οι πολύ-τεχνος, ον, (πολύς, τέχνη) one skilled in many arts.

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύε, τιμάω) highly bonoured or revered. II. of high value, costly. πολύ-τίμος, ον, (πολύε, τιμή) much revered. II. of high value, costly.

πολύ-τιτοs, ον, (πολύs, τίω) beld in high bonour: also worthy of high bonour. [ī metri grat.]

πολύ-τλας, αντος,  $\delta$ , (πολύς, τλήναι much-enduring. πολυ-τλήμων, ονος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πολύς, τλήμων) much-enduring, very patient.

πολύ-τλητος, ον. (πολύε, τληναι) baving bad much

to endure, hence unfortunate.
πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολύε, τέμνω) much-cut, much-

lacerated.
πολυ-τρήρων, ωνος, δ, ή, (πολύς, τρήρων) abound-

ing in doves.
πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύε, τρητόε) much-pierced, perforated, full of boles, porous.

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, δ, δ, (πολύε, τρίπουε) with many tripods.

πολυτροπία Ion. -ίη, ή, variety of resources, versatility, craft. From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering. II. turning many ways, versattle, ingenious: changeful. 2 manifold. Hence

πολυτρόπωs, Adv. in divers manners.

πολυ-τρόχαλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) running about much, bustling.

πολύ-ύμνητος, ον, (πολύς, ὑμνέω) much-famed in song, much-renowned.

πολύ-υμνος, ον, (πολύς, υμνος) much sung of, famous: bonoured with many bynins

πολύ-φάρμακος, ον, (πολύς, φάρμακον) knowing many drugs or charms.

πολύ-φάτος, ον, (πολίς, φημί) much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.

πολύ-φημος Dot. -φαμος, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) with many tales or legends: also with loud cries. If wordy, full of the din of voices: ή πολύφημος, as Subst., = άγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ἐς πολύφημον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύς,  $\phi$ θείρω) destroying many, baneful, pernicious.

II. pass., πολύφθορος, ον, utterly destroyed or ruined.

πολύ-φίλος, ον, (πολύς, φιλέω) baving many friends, much-beloved.

πολύ-φιλτρος, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) suffering from many love-charms. deeply enamoured, love-sick. πολύ-φλοισβος, ον, (πολύς, φλοισβος) loud-roaring,

epith. of the sca.
πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολύς, \*φένω) killing many, murderous.

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) feeding many, bountiful.

πολύφορία, ή, productiveness. From

πολυ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) bearing much; πολυφόρος olvos wine which will bear much water; πολυφύρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.

πολυ-φράδής, ές, (πολύς, φράζω) very eloquent, wise, sagacious.

πολυφροσύνη, ή, fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding. From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φρήν) much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύε, χαλκόε) abounding in copper or brass: hence ricb in copper vessels or money.

II. wrought of solid brass, all-brasen.
πολυ-χανδής, ές, (πολύς, χανδάνω) wide-yawning.
πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) very warlike.

πολύ-χειρ,  $-\chi$ ειρος, δ, ή, (πολύς, χείρ) many-banded, with many bands: also with many bands or men. Hence

πολύ-χειρία, ή, a multitude of bands or work- | πομπικός, ή, όν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn promen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύε, χορδή) many-stringed:

hence many-toned.

πολυχρηματία, ή, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy. πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρύσος, ον, (πολύε, χρυσός) rich in gold,

adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χώννυμι) bigh-beaped. πολυ-ψάμάθος, ον, (πολύε, ψάμαθοε), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον. (πολύε, ψάμμοε) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ή, number or diversity of votes. πολυ-ψήφις, ιδος, δ, ή, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψήφος) with many or

various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύε, ψοφέω) loud-sounding. πολύ-ώδυνος, ον, (πολύε, όδύνη) very painful.

pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ώνυμος, ον, (πολύς, δνυμα Aeol. for δνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names. of great name, famous, renowned.

 $\pi$ ολυ-ωπής, ές, and  $\pi$ ολῦ-ωπός, όν, ( $\pi$ ολύς, ώπή)

with many boles or cells, close-meshed. πολύ-ωρέω, (πολύς, ώρα) to pay much regard or

attention to, to esteem highly. πολύ-ωφελής, έε, (πολύε, ὄφελοε) very, bighly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος. Adv. -λωs, in a very serviceable manner.

πολυ-ώψ, ωποs, δ, η, ⇒ πολυωπόs.

πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πέπομαι) a drink, draught. πομπαίος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (πομπη) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world. πομπάν, πομπαs, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπήs.

πομπεία, ή, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: II. jeering. any solemn or religious procession. ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus

and Ceres.

πομπείον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύε, έωε Ιοιι. η̂οε, δ, (πομπόε) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομ- $\pi \eta$ ):—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ή, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending away, a sending bome to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. vention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπήες,-fics, nom. and acc. pl. of πομπεύε.

cession: showy, stately.

πόμπτμος, ον, also η, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: bomeward. II. pass, sent. brought.

 $\pi \circ \mu \pi \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \epsilon \mu \pi \omega)$  one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plut. πομποί attendants, guards. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading;

πθρ πομπόν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στύλος) to conduct a fleet

or sbip. πομφολύγο-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφύλυξ, παφλάζω)

the noise made by bubbles rising πομφολύζω, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up:

to gush forth. πομφόλυξ, ἔγος, ή, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονεύμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or med of  $\pi o \nu \epsilon \omega$ .

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep πονέομαι, with fut. med.  $-\dot{\eta}$ σομαι; aor. I med.  $\dot{\epsilon}$ πονησάμην and pass. ἐπονήθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι: absol. to toil, work bard; πονέεσθαι κατά ύσμίνην to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. metaph, to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II c. acc. to work at, work bard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq, f. -πονησω: aor. I ἐπόνησα: pf, πεπόνηκα:—Pass, aor. Iἐπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι: I. c. acc. pers to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or bardship: c. acc cognato, πονείν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατοι, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From

πονηρεύομαι, Dep (πονηρώς) to be evil of wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ή, (πονηρόε) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitas: also cowardice.

**πονηρός**,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $(\pi o \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  causing pain or bardship: hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition; πονηρά πράγματα a bad state of 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρώς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρώς έχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 smg. aor. 1 med. of πον έω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, bard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνοε, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug II. pain of body or mind, 2. a task. III. an inter- suffering, grief: in plut. pains, distress. fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, άδος, poët, fem. of πόντιος.

ποντίζω, f. ίσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the

sea, Lat. mergo: - Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ή, όν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: csp. of the πόντος Εύξεινος or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικόν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the bazel.

πόντιος, a,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (πόντοs) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατο \*, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πύντος) from or out of the sea. ποντο-θήρης, ου, δ, (πύντος, θηράω) one who fishes

**ποντο-θήρης**, ου, ὁ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishe in the sea.

ποντο-μέδων, οντος,  $\delta$ , (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea. πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ή, (ποντοπόροs) a Nereid, the Seapasser.

ποντοπορεύω and -πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδών, ώνος, δ, (πόντος, Ποσειδών) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

HONTOΣ, ov, δ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the bigb sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εύξεινος. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken. ποντόφιν, Εp. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πύπανον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι. ποπάς, άδος,  $\hat{\eta}_s = \pi \acute{\sigma} \pi \alpha \nu \sigma \nu$ .

ποποί, the cry of the boopoe.

ποποί, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, oh! fie! sbame! akin to παπαί!—also ὧ ποποί.

ποποπό, cry of the boopoe.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσδω: fut. ποππύσω: 201. t ἐπόπύσα: Pass., 201. ἐποππύσθμν:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry bush! also to make a bissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence ποππύλιάζω Dor. -άσδω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσδω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

πόππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ποππύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδάλις, δ, ή, older form of πάρδαλιε.

πορδή, ή, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

**πόρε**, Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}\pi o \rho \epsilon$ ; see \* $\pi o \rho \omega$ .

πορεία, ή, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. incessus.

II. a going, a journey, pasage: a march.

2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθείε, πορευθήναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πο-

ρεύομαι. πδοενι

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βροτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also η, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over.

II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (πορεύομαι) travelling,

journeying.

πορεύω, f. -εύσω: (πύροs):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry of convey across a fiver. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι, aof. I pass. ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried of carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loc., to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to bessege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass.

to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τύ, (πορθ ϵω) ravage, plunder. πόρθησις, ϵωε, ή, (πορθ ϵω) the sack of a town.

πορθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer. πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πορθητής, a ravager. πορθμεῖον Ion. – ήτον, τό, (πορθμείω) a place for

πορθμείον 10n. - ήιον, τό, (πορθμεύω) a flace for crossing, a passage over, ferry.

II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat.

III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. naulum.

πόρθμευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμεύς, έως Ιοη. ῆος, ὁ, (πορθμεύω) a ferryman, boaiman, Lat. portitor: a seaman.

πορθμεύω, f. σω, (πορθμόs) to carry or ferry over a strait, tiver, etc · to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place.

II. intr in Act., like Lat. transcere, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμείον.

πορθμίς, ίδος, ή, (πορθμύς) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

II.

 $\pi$ ορθμόs,  $\delta$ , ( $\pi$ είρω) a ferry: a strait, frith. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: αοτ 1 ἐπόρισα: Med., f. ποριοθμαι: Pass., f. ποριοθήσομαι: αοτ. 1 ἐπορίσθην: pf. πεπόρισμαι: (πόροs):—to bring, conduct, fetcb,

convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do . . .

πόριμος, ον, (πόροs) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive:

c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιοε, ή, poët. form of πόρτιε.

**πορισμόs**, δ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means.

2. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

**ποριστικόs**, ή, όν, fit for purveying: able to procure. **ΠΟ'PKHΣ**, ov, δ, a ring or boop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

**πορνεία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution.

**πορνείον**, τό, (πορνεύω) a brothel.

πορνεύω, f σω, (πύρνος) to prostitute: - Pass., of a woman, to be or become a barlot.

πόρνη, η, (περνάω) a barlot.

ποονίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [ντ]

**πορνικός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\pi\dot{o}\rho\nu\eta)$  of or for barlots.

πορνοβοσκέω, f. ήσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ή, brothel-keeping.

πορνο-βοσκός, δ, (πόρνη, βύσκω) a brothel-keeper. **πόρνος**,  $\delta$ , ( $\pi$ όρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, δ, (περάω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frith 2 πόροι άλός the paths 3. a way through or over, thoroughof the sea. fare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving; πόρος δδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πύρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, f. ίσω, (πύρπαξ) to grasp by the bandle, to bold a shield by the bandle.

πόρπαμα, ατος, τύ, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

**πόρπαξ**,  $\bar{a}$ κο**s**,  $\delta$ ,  $(\pi \acute{o} \rho \pi \eta)$  the handle of a shield πορπάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$  Ion. ήσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

**πόρπη**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πείρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρύσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and

πόρρωθι, Adv far.

πορρώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορσαίνω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω οι πρόσω, further, furthest.

**πορσύνω**  $[\vec{v}]$ : Ep. fut.  $\pi$ ορσ $\vec{v}$ ν $\vec{\epsilon}$ ω contr.  $-\vec{v}$ ν $\hat{\omega}$ : (\*πόρω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide: -Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to

treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.  $\pi$ όρσω, Adv.,  $= \pi$ όρρω,  $\pi$ ρόσω: see  $\pi$ όρσιον,  $\pi$ όρ-

**πόρταξ**, ἄκοε,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πόρτιε,  $\alpha$  calf.

πόρτιε, τοε, ή, a young beifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα Ion. – ύρη [v],  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πορφύρω) the purple-II. the purple dye obtained from fish, Lat. murex. it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος,  $\eta$ , ον, Att. contr. πορφύροθε,  $\hat{a}$ ,  $\hat{ου}ν$ : (πορφύρα):-Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beauteous, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεύς, έως, ό, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purplefish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφυρευτικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , of or for a purple-dyer. πορφυρίς, ίδος, ή, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφυρίων, ανος, δ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured waterbird.

πορφύρο-ειδής, έs, (πορφύρα, είδοs) purpled, dark. πορφύρο-πώλης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , fem. –πώλις,  $\iota \delta o s$ , (πορφύρα,  $\pi\omega\lambda\epsilon\omega$ ) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφυρό-στρωτος, ον, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

**πορφύρουs**,  $\hat{a}$ ,  $\hat{o}$ υν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεσε.

**πορφύρω**  $[\bar{v}]$ , a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμύρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ώs ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κωφώ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολιή άλε): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οί κραδίη πύρφυρε much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

\*ΠΟ'PΩ, obsol pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. πέπρωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Εp. πόρον, part. πορών: - to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὖχος πορείν to fulfil a wish. pf. pass. πέπρωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. mémportai, and 3 sing. plopf. πέπρωτο, it bas, bad been fated, and part. πεπρωμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ή πεπρωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τὸ πεπρωμένον.

\*IIO'S, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat.  $\delta s$ , whence  $\pi o \hat{v}$ ,  $\pi o \hat{i}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\eta}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\omega}$ , also,  $\pi \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ ,  $\pi \acute{o}\theta \iota$ ,  $\pi \acute{o}\sigma \epsilon$ ,  $\pi \acute{o}\tau \epsilon$ , and the Adj.  $\pi \acute{o}\tau \epsilon \rho os$ .

ποσάκις Ερ ποσσάκι [ă], Adv. (πόσος) bow many times? bow often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (\*πόs) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδαν and Ποτειδαν, ανος, δ, Dor. for Ποσειδων. Ποσειδάνιος and -αόνιος, α, ον, Dor. for Ποσειδώνιος.

Ποσείδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσείδειος, α, ον, = Ποσειδώνιος.

Ποσειδεών, ῶνος, ὁ, Poseideon, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδών, ώνος, ό: acc. Ποσειδώ: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδάων [ā], άωνος, acc. άωνα, voc. Ποσείδαον: Dor. Ποτειδάν or Ποτίδαν, ανος: Ion. Ποσειδέων, ωνος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sca.

Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, sacred to Neptune: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of Neptune.

ΠΟ ΣΘΗ, ή, membrum virile.

πόσθων, ωνος, δ, (πόσθη) a little boy.

ποσί, dat. pl. of πούs: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσιε.

Ποσίδήιον, τό, Ιοπ. for Ποσείδειον.

Ποσίδήιος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσείδειος, sacred to Poseidon or Neptune.

ΠΟ'ΣΓ'Σ, δ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ερ. πόσει, voc. πόσιε or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσεις, Ep. acc. πόσιας:—busband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνήρ, πόσις was a lawful busband, ἀνήρ a paramour.

πόσις, ιος Att. εως, ή, (πίνω) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout; παρά την πόσιν, Lat.

inter pocula, over their cups.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—bow great? bow much? of what value? Lat. quantus? II. ποσός, ή, όν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. aliquantus: ἐπὶ ποσόν to a certain degree.

ποσσ-ημαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ημαρ) in bow many days?

within how many days?

ποσσί or -ίν, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of πού».

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) beaten by the foot in dancing.

πόσσις, εως, δ, poet. for πόσις, a busband.

ποσταίος, α, ον, (πύστος) in how many days? on

wbich day?

πόστος,  $\eta$ , ον, (πόσος) which of a number? Lat. quotus? πόστον δη έτος έστιν ότε; bow many years is it since? II. bow small? Lat. quantulus. πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρός, only before the Article, as πότ τῶ, πὸτ τό, etc.

 $\pi$ óra, Acol. for  $\pi$ ó $\tau$  $\epsilon$ .

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of προσάγω. ποτ-αείσομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαείδω.

ποτ-αίνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποτί = πρύς, αἶνος) like πρύσφατος, newly told of, fresh, new, Lat. recens: metaph. unwonted, unbeard-of.

ποτάμειος, α, ον, = ποτάμιος. [ă]

ποταμείψατο, Dor. and poet for προσημείψατο, 3 sing. 20r. I med. of προσαμείβω.

ποταμέλξομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of

προσαμέλγω.

ποτάμηδόν, Adv. (ποταμός) like a river.

ποταμήιος, η, ον, lon. and poet. for ποτάμειος.

ποτάμηίς, ίδος, poet. fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποτάμ-ήρῦτος, ον, (ποταμός, ἀρύτω) drawn from a stream or in streams.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποταμός) of or from a river, on a river.

ποτάμονδε, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποτάμος, οῦ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) a river, stream. II. personnied, Ποταμόε, ὁ, a river-god. ποτάμο-φόρητος, ον, (ποταμόε, φορέω) carried away by a river.

ποτάνδη, ά, όν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, winged,

flying, furnished with wings.

ποτάομαι, poet. for πέτομαι, to fly: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήθην Dor. -άθην: pf πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήδται: 3 sing plaps. πεπότητο:—to be upon the wing, bover, flit about.

ποτάπός, ή,  $\delta \nu_{\rm s} = \pi {\rm o} \delta {\rm a} \pi {\rm o} {\rm s}$ . Adv.  $-\pi {\rm \hat{\omega}} {\rm s}$ .

ποτ-αυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω. ποτ-αφος, α, ον, Dor. for προσηφος.

πότε Ion κότε, (\*ποs) interrog. Particle, when? at what time?

II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, at some time, at any time, once, erst. In answering clauses,

ποτε μέν..., ποτε δέ..., at one time..., at another ; sometimes ... sometimes; Lat. modo ... modo ... in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίπτε; how ever? how possibly?

Ποτειδάν, ανος, Dor. for Ποσειδων.

ποτεμάξατο, Dor. for προσεμάζατο, 3 sing aor. I med. of προσμάσσω.

ποτέσμαι, Ερ. for ποτάσμαι, to fly.

ποτίος, a, oν, verb. Adj, of πίνω, to be drunk, drinkable. II. ποτίον, neut. one must drink.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω,

πότερος, α, ον Ιοη. κότερος, η, ον, (\*πος, επερος) whether or which of the two? Lat. uter? 2. the neut. πότερον οτ πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον., ή...; like Lat. utrum, an? whether, or.? II. without interrog., like δπότερος, either of the two, Lat. alteruter.

ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι. ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) on whether of the two sides ? on which of two sides? at which of two

places?

ποτέρωs, Adv. of πότεροs, in which of two ways?
Lat. utro modo?

ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) to whether of two sides? to which of two places?

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω. ποτή, ή, (ποτάομαι) flight.

πότημα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτ-ημεν, Dor. for προσείναι, inf. of πρόσειμι.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτώμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ή, όν, ν. ποτανός.

ποτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (ΠΟ – Root of πίνω) a drinkingcup, wine-cup.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτής,  $\hat{\eta}$ τος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (ΠΟ- Root of  $\pi i \nu \omega$ ) drink.

πότης, ου, ό, fem. πότις, ιδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., πότης λύχνος a tippling lamp:—Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτη a bard drinker.

ποτητός, ή, όν, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged; ποτητά, τά, fowls, birds.

ποτί, Dor. for πρόs.

ποτ-ἴάπτω, ποτἴ-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ίδειν, Dor. for προσιδείν.

ποτι-δέρκομαι, -δεύομαι, -δόρπιος, Dor. for προσδ-. ποτι-ειλέω, Dor. for προσειλέω

ποτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (πότος) to give to drink: to

ποτίθει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι. ποτικέκλιται, Dor. for προσκέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. οf προσκλίνω.

ποτιλέξατο, Dor. for προσελέξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med, of  $\pi \rho o \sigma \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega$ .

πότιμος, ον, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh, opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant. ποτί-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.

ποτίπεπτηυία, Ep pf part. fem. οί προσπτήσ-

2. οί προσπίπτω.

ποτι-πτύσσω, Dor. for προσπτύσσω.

ποτίσδω, Dor. for ποτίζω.

ποτι-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτίστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης. ποτζ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτι-τρόπαιος, ον, Dor. for προστρόπαιος.

ποτι-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις. πότμος, δ, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny, death.

πότνα, ή, Ep. for πότνια.

πότνια, ή, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρών queen of wild beasts: - as Adj. revered, august, awful: —only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνιαι is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτνιάδες, ai, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith, of the Bacchanals, 2. also as pl. to πότνια,

awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτνιάομαι, Dep. to call out πότνια, πότνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.

ποτ-όδδω, Lacon. for προσύζω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σίτα καὶ ποτά meat and drink. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτ-οπτάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπτάζω.

ποτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from Root  $\Pi O$ - (v.  $\pi i \nu \omega$ ) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, δ, (ΠΟ - Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.

ποτ-όσδω, Dor. for προσόζω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. for πρός τό, πρός τόν, πρός τοῦ, πρός τούς, πρὸς τήν, etc.

ποτ-φκει, Dor. for προσ-εφκει.

που; Ion. κου; interrog. Adv.: (\*πόs) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., που γης; που χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? in what manner? II. πού as enclit., anywhere, somewbere.

πουλύ-βότειρα, ή, Ion. for πολυβότειρα. πουλυ-παθής, ές, Ion, for πολυπαθής.

πουλυ-πλάνητος, ον, Ion. for πολυπλάνητος. πουλυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πουλύ-πους, πουλύπος, Ιοπ. for πολύπους, πολύπος.

πουλύς, neut. πουλύ, Ep. for πολύς, πολύ. ΠΟΥ Σ, δ, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ερ. ποσσί, πόδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοûν:-Lat. PES, a foot: in plur, also a bird's talons or claws: the arms or feelers of a polypus: - ξύλινος πούς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πὺξ . . ἦδὲ πόδεσσιν in boxing and in the foot-race; ποσίν ερίζειν to race on foot: but, έs πόδαs έκ κεφαλη̂s from head 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδοs or ποδων, προπάροιθε ποδων just before one's feet, i.e. before one; — so also, έν ποσί, παρά ποδός, πρό ποδός, παρά ποδί, close before or beside one; παρά ποδύ» straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ ποὸ ποδων what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρείν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure: - κατά πόδαs with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ή κατά πόδας ήμέρα the very next, following day: - ώs ποδων έχει as he is off for feet, 1. e. as quick as he can: - έξω τινὸς πόδα έχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it :- if ένδε ποδός, 1. e. alone, singly; έξ ήσύχου ποδός quietly. II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. ship, πόδεs are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι τοῦ ποδόs to slack the sheet; so χαλαν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it III. a foot, as a measure of length.

a foot in Prosody. πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, ατος, τό: (πράσσω):-that which has been done, a deed:-generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρηγμά έστί μοι, c. mf., it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρᾶγμα it is no matter, of no conse-2. an object of consequence or consideraquence. tion; of a person, ην μέγιστον πρηγμα Δημοκήδη: παρά βασιλέι Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an ac-4. of something disgraceful, the thing, tion, affair. the business, job. II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, 2 state-affairs, public business, the circumstances. power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; oi έν τοις πράγμασι men in office, ministers. private affairs; αγαθα πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα έχειν to bave trouble about a thing: πράγματα παρέχειν τινί to cause one trouble.

πραγμάτεία, ή, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a law-

suit: in plur. troubles.

πραγμάτεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ-: Dep. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματευσάμην, pass. ἐπρηγματεύθην: pf. pass. πεπραγμάτευμαι: (πράγμα).to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in band, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat negotiari. to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεύεσθαι την νύκτα to II. pf. πεπραγμάτευspend the night in business. uat also in pass, sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγμάτιον, τό, Dim of πράγμα, a petty lawsuit. πραγμάτο-δίφης, ου, δ (πράγματα, διφάω) one who

bunts up lawsuits, a pettifogger.

 $\pi \rho \hat{a} \gamma o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , poet. for  $\pi \rho \hat{a} \gamma \mu a$ : also =  $\pi \rho \hat{a} \gamma \mu a \tau a$ , state-affairs.

πραέως, Adv. of πραίs, mildly, gently.

πράθέειν, Ep. for πράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθω.

**πράθείς**, aor. I pass. part. of  $\pi \iota \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \sigma \kappa \omega$ .

πράθηναι, 20r. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκω

πραιτώριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or ball of the practor: a judgment-ball: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριοs, ov, executing, accomplishing.

**πρακτικόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, ener-

πρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ

ποιητά.

πράκτωρ, opos, δ, poet. for πρακτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker. II. one who exacts pay-2. one who exacts punishment, a tax-gatherer. ment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj, σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερί πράκτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνειος or Πράμνιος olvos, δ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramne in the Island of Icaria. **πράν**, Doric Adv., =  $\pi \rho i \nu$ , before: formerly, one time, lately; πράν ποκα a short time ago. [ā]

πρανής, έε, Dor. and Att. for πρηνής.

πράξις, εωε Ion. πρήξις, ιοε, ή, (πράσσω) a doing. transaction, business, affair; κατά πρηξιν on business. 2. the progress or result of for purposes of traffic. a business; ού τις πρηξις πέλεται γόοιο no good comes of weeping; πρηξιε χρησμών the issue of the oracles. II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθοs, suffering. III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition. IV. the exaction of money or of punishment · revenge

πράονως, Adv. of πράος, formed from obsol. πράων,

temperately.

**ΠΡΑΌΣ**, neut.  $\pi \rho \hat{a} o \nu$ : the fem. in use is  $\pi \rho a \epsilon \hat{a} a$ , from  $\pi \rho \alpha \theta s$  (Ion.  $\pi \rho \eta \theta s$ ), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πραοι and πραειs in nom., πράοιs and πραέσι in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is πραέα, rarely πρᾶα:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft. 2. soothing, taming.—Comp. πραότερος or πραθτερος Ion. πρηύτερος. Hence

πράότης, ητος, ή, mildness, meekness, gentleness. ΠΡΑΠΙΙΣ, ίδος, ή, mostly used in pl. πραπίδες, al, = φρένεs, the midriff, diaphragm: — then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understand-2. like φρένεs, the understanding, mind: also the beart. [t]

πράσιά, ή, (πράσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot

 $\pi \rho \alpha \sigma i \alpha i$   $\pi \rho \alpha \sigma i \alpha i$  by companies.

πράστμος, ον, (πράσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat venalis.

πράσις, εως Ion. πρήσις, ιος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πιπράσκω)  $\alpha$  selling, sale.

πράσό-κουρον, τό, (πράσον, κείρω) a leek-slice

ΠΡΑ'ΣΟΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [ă] Πρασσαίος, ό, poet. for πρασαίος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πράσσομες, Dor. for πράσσομεν.

Πρασσοφάγος, δ, Ερ. for Πράσο-φάγος, (πράσον,

φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

ΠΡΑ ΣΣΩ Ion. πρήσσω Att. πράττω: fut. πράξω Ion. πρήξω· aor. 1 έπραξα Ion έπρηξα: pf πέπραχα Ion.  $\pi \in \pi \rho \eta \chi \alpha$ , and in intr. sense pf. 2  $\pi \in \pi \rho \bar{\alpha} \gamma \alpha :$ — Pass., fut πραχθήσομαι, paullo-post f. πεπράξομαι: aor. I  $\epsilon \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\pi \epsilon \pi \rho \alpha \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$ :—properly, to pass through, like περάω; αλα πρήσσειν to pass through the sea; δδον πρήσσειν to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work, πράσσειν κλέος to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πράττειν τὰ ίδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πράττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆε πύλεωs to manage state-affairs: also absol., ίκαν δε πράττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πράττειν Οηβαίοιs τα πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans. III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εὖ or κακῶε πράττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπραγα. 2. εὖ and κακῶς πράττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards. V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πράττειν τινά τι to do something to one. VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πράττειν τινα άργύριον to exact money from one: metaph, φύνον πράττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:-Pass., πεπραγμένος τον φόρον baving the tribute exacted :-Med., πράξασθαι to exact or extort for onevelf. c. acc. pers., πράττειν τινά to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone, utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

 $\pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \sigma \omega$ , fut, of  $\pi \iota \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \sigma \kappa \omega$ .  $\lceil \bar{a} \rceil$ 

πράτήρ Ιου. πρητήρ, ήρος, δ, (πέ-πράμαι) a seller, dealer.

πρατήριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πραμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράτιστος, Dor. for πρώτιστος.  $[\bar{a}]$ 

πράτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσκω, to be sold.

πράτος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor. for  $\pi ρ \hat{\omega} \tau os$ .

πράττω, Αι.. for πράσσω.

πραθ-γελως Ion. πρηθη-, ωτος, δ, ή, (πραθς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

πραθ-μητις, ιος, δ, ή, (πραίς μητις) of gentle counsel.

πράθνσις, εως, ή, a softening, appeasing. From πράψνω Ion. πρηύνω [υ]: fut. πραϋνω: aor. I ἐπράῦνα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐπραύνθην: pf. πεπράυσμαι: (πραύs):-to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:-Pass. to become gentle, calm down; of passion, to abate.

πραϋ-πάθεια, ή, (πραίs, πάθος) gentleness.

πραίνς, πραεία, πραίν, Ion. πρηύς, = πραίος. Hence

πραύτης, ητος, ή, mildness, gentleness.

πράωs, Adv. of πρâos, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

**IPE'MNON**, 76, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, beseemingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ή, όν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

 $\Pi PE'\Pi \Omega$ , fut πρέψω: aor. I έπρεψα: no pf. is found:—to be clearly seen or beard, be conspicuous to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be II. to be like, resemble. plain or manifest. to become, beseem, suit; c. dat. pers, θνατά θνατοίσι πρέπει mortal things beseem mortal men. pers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it beseems, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, 2s, τίσασθαι ούτω, ώs ἐκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers, πρέπον ήν δαίμονος του μου τύδε this were well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, εs, (πρέπω, είδος) fitting, becoming, suit-

able, proper.

πρέσβα, ηs, ή, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυs, the august, bonoured.

πρεσβεία, ή, (πρεσβεύω) age, seniority; κατά πρεσ-Belav by the right of the elder. II. rank, dig-III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassage, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβείον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβεύω) a gift of bonour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβείος, α, ον Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (πρέσβυε) vene-

rable.

 $πρέσβειρα, \dot{η}, = πρέσβα, fcm. of πρέσβυε, the august,$ venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατοs, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

 $\pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \epsilon \nu \sigma \iota s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega)$  a serving on an embassy, embassage.

πρεσβευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβεύω, f. εύσω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυε): -mtr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take the place of others, properly, by right of sensority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol, to be best. II trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay bonour or worship to:-Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to bave the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse. III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one: - Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador :- Pass., pf. part. τὰ πεπρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβη, ή, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβείον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for <math>πρεσβείος.

πρεσβηίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πρέσβα; πρεσβηίς τιμή the bigbest or most valued honour.

πρέσβις, ή, poet. for πρεσβεία, age

πρέσβιστος, η, ον, poet. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ή, seniority of birth. From

πρεσβυ-γενής, ές, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born. ΠΡΕΊΣΒΥΣ, vos and εωs, b, an old man, poet, for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj, come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, II. an elder: then, since the elders πρέσβιστος. were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, oi, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, bonoured.

πρεσβυτέριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι).

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, bigher, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιείσθαι η τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst, πρεσβύτεροs, δ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτης  $[\bar{v}]$ , ου, ὁ, (πρέσβυs) an old man, Lat. senex: fem πρεσβυτις, ιδος, an old woman. Hence πρεσβυτικός, ή, όν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving

the aged.

πρευμένεια, ή, kindliness, graciousness. From πρευ-μενής, ές, (πρηθε, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly, II. propitiating.

πρεών, όνος, δ, = πρών. πρήγμα, Ion. for πράγμα.

πρηγμάτεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορών οι πρηγορών, ῶνοε, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the πρίν ποτε once on a time; πολὺ πρίν long ago. crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

Subst., ὁ πρὶν Αἰγεύς (sc. ὁ πρὶν ἄν), ancient Ac

πρηθηναι, Ion. for πραθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of

πιπράσκω.

ΠΡΗ ΘΩ, f. ήσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: no perf. in use: (see πίμπρημι):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἔπρησεν δ΄ ἀνεμον μέσον Ιστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail.

2. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ηροε, δ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαίνω, (πρήθω) to blow, blow bard.

ΠΡΗΝΗ'Σ Dor. πρῶνής, έs, gen. έos contr. οῦs, Lat. pronus, bent forward, bead-foremost, opp. to ὅνπιος.

2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to ὅρθιος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἐπρηνίχθην:—to throw

beadlong: -Pass. to fall beadlong.

πρήξαι, Ion. for πράξαι, 20r. 1 inf. of πράσσω.

πρηξις, ιος, ή, Ep. and Ion. for πράξις.

πρησεν, Ep for επρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρηθω.

πρήσις, ιος, ή, Ion. for πράσις, sale. πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πράσσω.

πρηστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\sigma}$ , (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a hurricane.

πρηστις, εως, ή, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of πίμ-πρημ to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρατήριον, a market.

πρηΰ-νομος, ον, Ion. for πραύνομος, (πρηύς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [τ]

πρηθνω, Ion. for πραθνω: [v] From

πρηύε, εία,  $\dot{v}$ , Ion. for πραύε. [ $\dot{v}$ ]

πρηϋ-τένων, οντος, δ, (πρηθς, τένων) with tamed neck. [τ]

πρηών, ῶνοs Ep. ονοs, ὁ, = πρών, a jutting rock, foreland, headland, promontory.

πριαίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ωνέομαι.

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριάμικός, ή, όν, also fem. Πριάμις, ίδος, of or for Priam.

**Πρίδμος**, δ, *Priam*, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from  $\pi \epsilon \rho i$  or  $\pi \rho i \nu$ ).

Πρίαπίζω Ιοὰ. Πριηπίζω, f. ίσω, to be like Priapus. From

**Πρίπτοs** Ion. **Πρίηποs**, δ, *Priāpus*, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ωνέομαι.

πρίασο, imperat. 2 of ωνέομαι.

**πρίδτο**, Ep. 3 sing. of  $\delta$ πριάμην, 20τ. 2 of  $\delta$ ν  $\delta$ ομαι. **πρίζω**, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, to saw.

**πρίζω,** τ. πρίσω, = πρίω, το saw. **Πρίηπος**, δ, Ion. for Πρίαπος. [ $\Upsilon$ ]

ΠΡΙ'N Dor. πράν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. prius: also with the Art., τὸ πρίν οι τοπρίν, formerly. 2. before that, first, sooner; πρὶν δέ κεν οὕτι δεχοίμην beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρίν ποτε once on a time; πολὺ πρίν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρὶν Αἰγεύς (sc. ὁ πρὶν ἄν), ancient Aegeus; ἡ πρὶν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρὶν οῦσα), the day before. II. πρίν is often followed by ἤ, so that πρὶν ἤ is exactly like the Lat. priusquam, before that..., followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Sub<sub>1</sub>., etc.:—instead of ἤ, πρίν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἀνὴρ πρὶν τλαίη, πρὶν λύσασθ ἐτάρους:—πάρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first πρίν:—but πρίν is also very often used alone for πρίν ἤ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like priusquam.

πρτνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρίνινος, η, ον, (πρίνος) made from the bolm or evergreen oak, Lat. ilignus: mctaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνδρες πρίνινοι bearts of oak.

ΠΡΓΝΟΣ, δ, the bolm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. ilex. II. the scarlet oak.

πρῖν-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ , (πρῖνος,  $\epsilon$ lδος) like bolm-oak, tough as oak.

πρίον-ώδης, εs, (πρίων, είδος) like a saw, jagged. πρισθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 1 part. pass. of πρίω.

πρίσις, εως, ή, (πρίω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστῆρεs ὀδύντεs the incisors of front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ή, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ή, the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πρίω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

 $\pi \rho i \omega$ , =  $\pi \rho i \alpha \sigma \sigma$ , imperat. 2 of  $\dot{\omega} \nu i \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ .

πρίωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ωνέομαι.

IPI'Ω, imperat. πρίε: aor. i ἔπρίσα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. i ἔπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμα:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. Il. to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat. stridere or frendere dentibus; esp. with rage: generally, to bite. III. to seize as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. stringere. [τ]

πρίων, ονοs, δ, (πρίω) a saw.  $[\bar{ι}]$  πρίων, ωνοs, δ, (πρίω) a sawyer.  $[\bar{ι}]$ 

MPO', before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH I. of Place, before, in front of; πρὸ GENIT., οίκου, πρό δόμων in front of the house, hence outside. 2. of persons, going before another. in front of, so as to defend; στηναι πρό Τρώων to stand in front of, i.e. in defence of, the Trojans: hence in favour of, for. 4. προ δδοῦ further on the road, i. e. forwards. II. of Time, before, opp. to μετά c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρό τούτου and πρό τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρό δ τοῦ, for  $\delta \pi \rho \delta \tau o \hat{v}$ , the one before the other. III. of Choice, before, sooner or rather than; alpείσθαί τι πρό τινος to choose one thing before another. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; εν προ πολλων one thing in lieu of many. V. of Cause, Lat. prae, for, because of; πρό φόβοιο for fear; πρό τωνδε therefore.

Position: some words may be put between mp6

band.

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θι, as, Ἰλιόθι πρό, οὐρανόθι πρό. πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth.

II. of Time, before, beforeband, sooner.

IN Compos., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in προ-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κιν-δυνείω.

II. of Time, before, beforeband, earlier, as in προ-αγγέλλω.

III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αιρέομαι.

IV. strengthening, as in πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακοε.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce beforeband. προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρό, άγγελοε) announcing beforeband: as Subst., προάγγελοε, δ, a berald, barbinger.

προάγγελσις, ή, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarming, early

intimation. προ-άγορεύω, f.σω: aor. I -ηγόρευσα pf. - ηγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προερώ, προείπον, προείρηκα:-to tell beforeband: c. inf. to tell beforeband that . . : to forewarn. 2. to foretell, probbesv. II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice. προ-άγω, f. άξω: αοτ. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχα: Pass., aor. 1 προήχθην: pf. πρόηγμαι:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance :- Pass. to advance, increase. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προἄγωγεία, ή, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (προαγωγόs) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ό, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer. προ-ἄγων, ῶνος, ό, (πρό, ἀγών) a freliminary contest. προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f ίσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-αδίκέω, f. ήσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-άδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αιδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor I pass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προηδέατο for -ηντο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αιρέομαι, v. sub προαιρέω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ή, (προαιρέομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; εκ προαιρέσεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατά προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αιρετέον, verb. Adj. of προαιρέομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαιρετικός, ή, όν, (προαιρέσμαι) disposed to prefer.

προαιρετός, ή, όν, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αιρέω, î. ήσω: 201. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first.

1. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly.

1. -ήσομα: 201. 2 προειλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρημα: —to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another.

2. absol to choose deliberately, prefer.

3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αισθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, 20τ. 2 -ησθόμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:-- to perceive, learn or observe beforeband. 2 to learn before. προ-αιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to accuse before-

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-δκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin beforeband:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear beforeband.

προ-άλής, ές, (πρό, άλλομαι) springing forward: overbanging, abrupt.

προ-αλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut, med (in pass. sense) -αλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf act. -εάλων, -εάλωκα:—to be taken or convicted beforeband.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. - ἄμαρτήσομαι pf. - ημάρτηκα: -to fail or sin before,

προ-αμύνομαι, f. -αμυνούμαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforeband: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ανάγω, s. ξω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to remove before.

προ-άναιστμόω, f. ώσω, to use up, spend before — Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προαναιστιμωμένοs for προανηστμωμένοs), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανακινέω, f. ήσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανάλίσκω, fut. -ανάλωσω: aor. 1 -ανάλωσα: -to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάζω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforehand. προ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ή, a former departure.

προ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to bold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ανύτω [v] and -ανύω: f. -ανύσω [v]:-to accomplish or complete first.

προ-απάγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforeband. προ-απαλλάσσω Att. - ττω, f. ξω, to remove beforeband: — Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-απαντάω, f. ήσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforehand, he beforehand with.

προ-άπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απείπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ- | wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. αγορεύω): pf. προαπείρηκα: Med, aor. Ι προαπειπάμην: —to renounce first.

προαπελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f.  $-\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma o \mu a_i$ : aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ : Dep.:-to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass.:--to be bated beforeband.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first. προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανουμαι, to die before or first:

of a coward, to die beforeband.

προ-αποθρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail beforehand. προ-αποκληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign away beforehand. προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενω, to kill beforeband.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforehand. προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforeband.

intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first:—Pass, with fut. med. -ολούμαι, pf. 2 act -όλωλα, to perish first. προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποστάληναι, aor 2 inf. pass. of

προ-αποστέλλω, f. –αποστελώ, to send away or despatch in advance:-Pass. to be sent in advance. προ-αποσφάζω, f. ξω, to slay or butcher before

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforehand:-Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before. προ-αρπάζω, f. άξω and άσομαι, to snatch up first. προ-άστειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πρό, ἄστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. pomoerium.

**προ-άστιον**,  $\tau \dot{o}_{\bullet} = \pi \rho o \dot{a} \sigma \tau \epsilon_i o \nu$ .

προ-αυδάω, inf. πρωυδάν, contr. for προαυδάν, f. ήσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αύλιον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. (πρό, αὐλόs) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ -: f. -ήσομαι: Dep.: -to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι: Dep.:—to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. -απέστην, -αφέστηκα: - to revolt II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρύβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω. προβάδην [α], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along:

going on, straight forward.

**προ-βαίνω**, fut.  $-\beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \eta \kappa a$ : aor. 2 προέβην contr. προύβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβά: Ep. pres. part. προβζβάs, ασα, άν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβίβων -ωντοs (as if from προβίβω): to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; άστρα προβέβηκε the stars are far gone; προβηναι πόρρω μοχθηρίαs to be far gone in knavery; of Time, to go on, wear away, η νύξ προβαίνει the night is dealer.

go before, hence to be before, be superior to an-II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. I - έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κωλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχήιος, δ, Ion. for προβάκχειος, (πρύ, βάκ-

xeios) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ιου. 2 of προβάλλω.

 $\pi \rho o - \beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\beta \ddot{\alpha} \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2  $\pi \rho o \ddot{\nu} \beta \ddot{\alpha} \lambda o \nu$ : pf  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon}$ - $\beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i :$ —to throw or cast before, throw to: to put forth beyond. II to throw forward, III. to expose or give up to a thing; tbrow away. προβάλλειν ξαυτόν to give oneself up for lost. to put forward, put in the foreground to propose: -also bazard, venture, stake, pledge 2 to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse.

B. Med to throw before one, throw away to throw beyond, beat in throwing: hence, to surpass, III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself. IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. designare: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: V. to hold before to use as an excuse or pretext. oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. 111 Pass. to stand on guard:—hence also, προβάλλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance: so in pf. pass. part, προβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield;  $\pi \rho \circ \beta \in \beta \lambda \eta$ -VI. to denounce or accuse  $\mu \in vos, \eta, ov, defensive.$ of a thing:-Pass to be publicly impeached.

προβάλοιμι [ἄ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω. προβάs, ασα, άν, 20r. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βασανίζω, f. ίσω, to try or torture before

 $\pi \rho \delta \beta \delta \sigma \iota s, \dot{\eta}, (\pi \rho \sigma \beta \alpha i \nu \omega) a stepping forward.$ a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβάτεία, ή, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepberd's life.

προβάτευτικός, ή, όν, suited to the breeding of cattle:  $\dot{\eta} - \kappa \dot{\eta}$  (sub.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$ ), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. pecuaria. From

**προβάτεύω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a sbepberd.

**προβάτικός**,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (πρόβατον) of or for sheep:  $\eta$ προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρύβατον, a little sheep: προβατίου βίος the life of a poor sheep, i. e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβάτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρύβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle: metaph. a good judge of cbaracter.

πρόβἄτον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβάτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (πρόβατον, πωλέω) a sbeep-

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω. προβέβληκα, pf. of προβάλλω.

προβίβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλομαι.

πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward. προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίνω.

προ-βιάζομαι, f. - άσομαι: Dep.: - to obtain by force, force through before.

προ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.

προβίβάs, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.

προβίβών, ῶντος, Ερ. pres. part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one. πρόβλημα, ατος, τύ, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects: πρόβλημα πύντου, a headland that

out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a beadland that juts into the sea.

II. anything beld before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen, πρόβλημα πετρῶν a defence against, a shelter from stones.

III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak.

IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.

προβλής, ήτος, ὁ, ἡ, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, beadlands.

πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.

προ-βλώσκω, 20τ. 2 προύμολον, 1nf. προμολείν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the bouse.

προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to sbout before, cry out. προβόλαιος, ου, ὁ, (προβάλλω) a spear beld out before one.

2. as Adj outstretched, couched.

προβολή, ή, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the first II. anything beld out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, al, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.

προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon beld out for attack or defence, a boar-spear.

πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.

 $\pi$ ρό-βοσκος, δ, ( $\pi$ ρό, βόσκω) one who drives the berd to pasture, a berdsman.

προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.

προβουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.

προ-βουλευω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλοι. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινόι to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ή, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice prepense.

προ-βούλομαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense:

Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.

προβουλό-παις.—παιδος. ή. (πρόβουλος, παίς):—προ-

προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ή, (πρόβουλος, παῖε) : --προβουλόπαις "Ατης, = πρόβουλος παῖε "Ατης the crafty child of Ate.

πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforeband or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, oi, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.

προ-βύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to push forwards; πρ. λύχνον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.

προ-βωθέω, Ion. for προβοηθέω.

προ-βώμιος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.

προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.

προ-γάστωρ, opos, δ, (πρό, γαστήρ) baving a paunch in front, pot-bellied.

προ-γένειος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin. προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:— Comp. προγενέστερος,  $\alpha$ , ov, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup προγενέστατος,  $\eta$ , oν, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.

προ-γεννήτωρ, opos, δ, a forefather, ancestor.

προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [i]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προὐγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγεγένημα: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, bappen, come to pass before or earlier; of προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγενημένα things that occurred of old.

προ-γιγνώσκω, Ion and later προγίν -: f. -γνώσομα: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμα: -- to know, perceive, learn or understand beforeband: to foreknow.

II. to judge or decide beforeband:

πρόγνωσις, ή, (προγιγνώσκω) a perceiving beforeband, foreknowledge.

πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older —as Subst., πρόγονος,  $\delta$ , an ancestor; οι πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors.

II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασσαι.

πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.

προγράφή, ή, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement.

2. also used for the Lat. proscriptio.

προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice.

2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.

προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforeband.

προδαείs, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root \*δάω: see προδαθναι.

προδαήναι, 201. 2 pass, inf. of προυδάην with act, signf., from the root \*δάω, to know beforeband.

προδίδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δείδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforeband.

προ-δείελος, ον, (πρό, δείελος) bappening of doing

before evening.

προ-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:--to shew beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foreshew. to point before one; σκήπτρφ προδεικνύναι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before ΙΙΙ. χερσί προδεικνύναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. praeludere: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δειμαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέκτωρ, opos, δ, Ion. for προδείκτωρ, (προδείκνυμι) one who foreshews: a foreshewer.

προ-δέρκομαι, f -foμαι, Dep. to see beforeband. πρό-δηλος, ον, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforeband; έκ προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλόω, f. ώσω, to make clear beforehand.

προ-διαβαίνω, f.  $-\beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a i$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \eta \kappa a :$ —to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to raise prejudices against

beforeband.

προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decree beforeband.

προ-διαιτάω, f. ήσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησις, ή, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med with aor. I pass. -διελέχθην: - to speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασύρω, to seer or ridicule beforehand. [v] **προ-διαφθείρω**, f.  $-\phi\theta$ ερω: aor. I  $-\epsilon\phi\theta$ ειρα: pf act. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι:—to ruin or destroy beforeband: to corrupt or seduce beforeband.

προ-δίδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach beforehand: to teach

thoroughly: -Pass. to learn beforehand.

**προ-δίδωμι**, f.-δώσω: pf. act.-δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι: -to give beforeband, pay in advance. II. to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. prodo. 2. to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ή χάρι προδοῦσ' άλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving 3. of things, to betray, fail one: -intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. deficere. give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out first place.

through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ήσω, to discover by searching beforeband. Hence

προδιερευνητής, οῦ, ὁ, one sent out to march beforeband.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. - εξελεύσομαι, aor. 2 - ηλθον: Dep.: -to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforeband, premise. Hence

προδιήγησις, ή, a detailing beforeband.

πρό-δίκος, δ, (πρό, δίκη) an advocate, defender; an avenger. 2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διοικίω, f. ήσω, to regulate, order, manage beforeband.

προ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue further or to a distance. προδοθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι. προ-δοκέω, pf. pass. προδέδογμαι, 3 sing. plqpf. προύδέδοκτο: - to think beforehand: - only used in Pass., προὐδέδοκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

 $\pi \rho o$ -δοκή, ή,  $(\pi \rho \delta, \delta \epsilon_{\chi o \mu a \iota})$  a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης έν προδοκήσιν in the lurking boles of the rock.

πρό-δομος, δ. the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the ball, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, ov, being before the bouse.

προ-δοξάζω, f. άσω, to form an opinion beforehand. προδοσία Ion. -ίη, ή, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

 $\pi \rho \delta \delta \sigma \sigma s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi \rho \sigma \delta \delta \delta \omega \mu s$ ) payment beforehand.

a giving up, betrayal.

προδότης, ου, ό, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ιδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ή, όν, disposed to betray, traitorous. πρόδοτος, ον, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, ov, serving for a slave.

προδούναι, προδούs, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

προδράμειν, προδράμών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. \*δρέμω.

προδρομή, ή, (προδραμεῖν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, ον, (προδραμείν) running before, speeding forward. II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οί, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστυχέω, f. ήσω, to be unbappy beforeband. προέδραμον, aor, 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμείν. προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδρος) to be president; προεδρεύειν της βουλης to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. – lη,  $\dot{η}$ , (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, ον, (πρό, έδρα) sitting in front of in the II. as Subst., πρόεδροε, δ, a president: in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνειs in office were so called; see πρύτανιs.

προ-εέργω, Ep. for προείργω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προέηκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-εθίζω, f. ίσω, to accustom or inure beforeband. προ-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προϊδών, inf. προϊδείν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide against.

προειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαιρέω.

πρό-ειμι, (πρό, ε lμι ibo) serving in Att. as fut. of

ύντος τοῦ χρύνου as time went on: to go first, go front:—Pass. to go out first. [a] 3. προϊέναι είς τι in advance. 2. to go fortb. to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορείω being used instead), inf. προειπείν, part. προειπών:-II. to order or to foretell, say before: to premise. bid beforeband, proclaim. III. to proclaim publicly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προείρηκα, see προερέω.

προ-εισάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ξω:-to bring in, introduce before: - Med. to bring in for one's own use before, import before.

προεισενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρω. προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before. προεισοίσω, fut. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.

προ-εισφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence προεισφορά, ή, money advanced to pay the propertytax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rusb

bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforeband. προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεγμαι:-tο

collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξειλεγμένα taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforehand. προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforeband. προ-εκπλήσσω, f. εω, to terrify beforeband.

προ-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to work out or finish before. προ-εκφοβέω, f. ήσω, to terrify before. Hence

προεκφόβησις, ή, a previous panic.

προέλασις, ή, a going or riding forward. From προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελήλακα, pass. -ελήλαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub. ίππον), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride before one: generally, to advance: - Pass., ώς πρύσω τη̂s νυκτὸς προελήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the night was far advanced.

προελθείν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-

έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ίσω, to bope before.

προελών, οῦσα, όν, aor, 2 part, of προαιρέω.

προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships, to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι, aor. 2 inf. of προίημι. προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προίημι.

 $\pi \rho o - \epsilon \mu \pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \omega$ , to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -foμαι, Dep. to begin before. προενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω,

προ-εννέπω, contr. προύννέπω, to announce before

προ-ενοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell in before. Hence προενοίκησις, ή, a dwelling before in a place. προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. ελω, to announce beforeband. προ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to bring out beforeband or first:

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προΐ- to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in

προ-εξαίσσω Att.-ασσω, f.fw:-to dart out before. προ-εξάμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. 2 or. 2 - ανέστην. pf. -ανέστηκα, piqpf. -ανεστήκειν:-to rise and go out before; προεξανίστασθαι ές τούς βαρβάρους to rise before others and march against the barbarians: in a race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon. προ-εξέδρα Ion. -η, ή, a raised seat, chair of state.  $\pi$ ρο-έξειμι, ( $\pi$ ρό, έξ, εἷμι ιδο) to go out before, to sally forth before.

 $\pi \rho o - \epsilon \xi \epsilon \pi i \sigma \tau \bar{a} \mu a \iota$  contr.  $\pi \rho o \dot{\nu} \xi - \iota$  fut. med.  $- \epsilon \pi \iota - \iota$ στήσομαι, nor. 1 pass. προύξεπιστήθην: Dep.:— to know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερεύναω contr. προύξ-, to investigate or search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προύξ-, οῦ, ὁ, an explorer sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι, aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ : pf.  $-\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \hat{\eta}$ λυθα: Dep.:-to go out or forth before: to go for-

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before. προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προύξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-

προ-εξορμάω, f. ήσω, to set out or start beforeband.  $\pi$ ρο-ε $\pi$ αγγέλλω, f. ελ $\hat{\omega}$ , to announce before:—Med. to promise before.

προ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise beforeband, or in the presence of others.

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against before: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεποίητο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforeband. προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass (πρό, ἐπιξενόω) to be received as a guest before, abide in one's bouse first.

προ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. προύπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand beforehand.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ήσω, to undertake or attack before. προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προείργασμαι: Dep.: -to do or work at beforeband: esp. of the ground, to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass, sense, τὰ προειργασμένα former performances; ή προειργασμένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. έσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search out before:--Med, ol προερευνώμενοι ίππειs the horse reconnoctring in advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερώ, serving as fut. to προείπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from the same root come pf. προ-είρηκα, pass. -είρημαι; aor. I pass. προερρήθην contr. προυρρήθην:--- to foretell. II to order beforeband or publicly, give public notice: pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, foreordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor, I from

προ-ερύω, f. ύσω [v], to draw on or forward; προ- to bave advanced. ερύσαι νηα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ηλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:-to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρήγματα ές τοῦτο προελθύντα the power of the Persians baving advanced to this height; προεληλυθώς ήλικία, Lat. provectus aetate, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προίημι.

προεστέστε or προέστοτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προίστημι.

προεστώs, contr. from προεστηκώs, pf. part. of layer. mpotornu.

προέσχον, 201. 2 of προέχω.

προετέον, verb. Adj. of προίημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ή, όν, (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforeband, esp. to preach the gospel beforeband.

προ-ευλάβέσμαι, fut med. ήσομαι, aor I pass. προευλάβήθην: Dep.:—to take beed, be cautious before-

προέφθασα, 20τ. ι οί προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέξω:—to bold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προύχομαι, impf. προύχόμην, to bold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or bold out as a bretext. 2. to bold forth, proffer, offer. 4. to bave before bave before or in preference to. or first: hence to know beforehand. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, bave the start; ημέρης όδφ προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march abead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προύχοντες the chief men. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οῦ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγεμών, όνος, ό, one who goes before as a

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ηροε, and προηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who goes before to shew the way.

**προηγορέω**, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , (προήγορο**s**) to speak for others. προ-ήγορος, δ, (πρό, άγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, 20r. I of προίημι.

**προ-ήκης**,  $\epsilon s$ , (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. fw, to bave gone before, to be the first: προθύραια the space before a door.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-θαλής, ές, (πρό, θαλείν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

 $\pi$ ροθείς, εῖσα, έν, part. aor. 2 of  $\pi$ ροτίθημι.

 $\pi \rho o - \theta \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \nu \mu \nu o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{\rho}, \theta \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \nu \mu \nu o \nu)$  by the roots: προθελύμνους έλκετο χαίτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμνα χαμαί βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθελύμνο φράξαντεs fencing shield upon shield close-compact;-θέλυμνα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμνος means, with layer upon

πρόθεσις, ή, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτοι της προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i e. the shew-bread. Il. a purpose, resolve, design.

 $\pi$ ρο-θέσμιος,  $\alpha$ , ον,  $(\pi$ ρό,  $\theta$ εσμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ή προθεσμία (sub ήμέρα), a day προ-ετοιμάζω, f. άσω, to get ready before: -- Med. fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ίσω, to foretell.

 $\pi \rho o - \theta \epsilon \omega$ , lon, impf.  $\pi \rho o \theta \epsilon \epsilon \sigma \kappa o \nu$ : rf.  $- \theta \epsilon \nu \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

 $\pi \rho \circ \theta \epsilon \omega$ , old form of  $\pi \rho \circ \tau i \theta \eta \mu \iota$ , to put forward, permit; τουν εκά οι προθέουσιν ον είδεα μυθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

 $\pi \rho o - \theta v \dot{\eta} \sigma \kappa \omega$ , f.  $- \theta \ddot{a} v o \hat{v} \mu \alpha i$ , to die before. II. to die for one.

προθορών, aor. 2 part. of προθρώσκω.

προθρυλέω, f. ήσω, to brust abroad beforeband.  $\pi \rho o - \theta \rho \omega \sigma \kappa \omega$ , f.  $-\theta o \rho o \hat{v} \mu \alpha i$ : aur. 2  $\pi \rho o \tilde{v} \theta o \rho o \nu$ , inf.

προθορείν, part. προθορών: -to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

 $\pi \rho o - \theta \dot{\nu} \epsilon \lambda \lambda a$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a storm the harbinger of another. **πρόθυμα**,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau o o$ , (προθ υ ω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

**προθυμέομαι**, Att. impf. προύθυμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. 1 προύθυμήθην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly. προθυμία Ion. -ίη, ή, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάση προθυμία with all

zeal. II. good will, ready kindness. πρό-θυμος, ον, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for. bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed. III. Adv. προθύμωs, readily, actively: Comp. - ότερον, more readily: Sup. - ότατα, most

readily.  $\pi$ ρο-θύραιος [ $\breve{v}$ ], ον, ( $\pi$ ρό, θύρα) before the door:  $\tau \dot{a}$ 

**πρό-θυρον**, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προθώμαι, aor 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.

προί, Adv. (πρό) = πρωί.

προ-ιάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. to send before.

προ-ιάπτω, f. ψω: aor. I προίωψα:—to send forward, send before the time.

προϊδών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προείδον. προίειν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προίημι.

**προϊείs**, είσα, έν, pres. part. of προίημι. προίζω, to set or place before: - Med. to sit before,

take the first seat.

προ-ίημι, 3 sing. προίει and opt. προίοι (as if from  $\pi \rho o - i \omega$ ): Att. impf.  $\pi \rho o i \epsilon i \nu$ ,  $\epsilon i s$ ,  $\epsilon i$ : fut.  $\pi \rho o \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. Ι προήκα Ερ. προέηκα: aor. a, 3 pl. πρύεσαν, imper. πρόες, προέτω, inf. προέμεν, Ep for προείναι: --- Med., aor. 2 προηκάμην: aor. 2 opt. προείμην or  $\pi \rho o o (\mu \eta \nu : - Pass., pf. \pi \rho o ε i \mu a ι : plqpf. \pi \rho o ε i μ η ν : - to$ send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. fall, let slip; έπος προέηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αlετώ προέηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προέηκεν οθρον άθναι be sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, burl, discbarge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προέσθαι to throw words away: also 3 to give over to one. to let go, let slip. 5. to allow or suffer to drive forward, force on. III. Pass. to be thrown a person to do a thing. away, be neglected.

προίητι, Dor. for προίησι.

προίκα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προίξ. προίκτης, ου, δ, (προίξ) one who asks for a free gift,

a beggar.

προίξ Att. προίξ, ή, gen. προικύς, dat. προικί, acc. προίκα: - a gift, present; προικός γεύεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προικόs is used as Adv. freely, without return, Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προίκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

ΠΡΟΡΣΣΟΜΑΙ: f. προίξομαι Att. προίξομαι:

Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ΐστημι, f. προστήσω: 20r. Ι προύστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας: aor. 2 προύστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προύστάθην, part. προσταθείς, είσα, έν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστέατε, part. προεστηκώs Ion. I. Causal in pres., προεστεώς οι προεστώς. impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front. so also in Med. προέσταμαι, 201. 1 προέστησάμην, to | oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τι] παρη-

2. the | put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plapf. act.: - to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to ap-3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the bead of, proach. be the chief; προστήναι φόνου to be the author of slaughter: οἱ προεστῶτες Ion. -εῶτες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

> $\pi \rho o - i\sigma \chi \omega$ , =  $\pi \rho o \epsilon \chi \omega$ , to bold before, bold out. Med. προίσχομαι, to bold out before oneself, stretch 2. to put forward, propose, offer.

put forward, allege, plead.

προϊών, οῦσα, όν, 201. 2 part. of πρόειμι (εἶμι

 $\pi$ ρο-**t**ωξις, ή, ( $\pi$ ρό, ἰώκω = διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp to παλίωξις.

πρόκα or πρόκατε, Ion, Adv. (πρό) fortbwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. -καθευδήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάτημαι, properly perf. of προκαθέζομαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο πρὸ τῆς ἄλλης Ἑλλάδος προκάτησθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίζω Ιοη. προ-κατίζω, f. ίσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι.—to sit down before or in front. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down beforeband: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f -καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act, aor. 2 -κατέστην; pf. -καθέστηκα; plqpf. -εστήκειν: -to be set or posted before.

προ-καθοράω, f. -κατύψομαι, to view or examine

beforeband.

προ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κακοπαθέω, f ήσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κάκος, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call forth, call on: - Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, 2. to invite beforeband. Lat. provoco. III. to call up or c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. forth, rouse.

προ-καλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-καλινδέω, to make roll forward or in front:-Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, aros, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph, a screen or blind.

προ-κάλύπτω, f. ψω, to bang before as a covering: -Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen II. to cover

thos putting no veil over her face. over, veil.

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοθμαι: αοτ. 2 προϋκαμον: pf.
-κέκμηκα:—to work or toil before. II. to work
for another. III. to grow weary, faint too
soon IV. to bave a previous illness: to be dis-

tressed beforeband.
προκαμών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. οf προκάμνω.
προ-κάρηνοs, ον, (πρό, κάρηνον) bead-foremost.
προκάs, άδοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforeband. προ-καταγέτις, ιδος, ή, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγιγνώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. -έγνωκα:—to vote against beforeband, condemn by a prejudgement: πρ. φύνον τινόs to give a verdiet of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudge against one that ...

προ-κατάγω, f. εω, to bring to land before.

προ-καταθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforeband.
προ-κατακαίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.

προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before. προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομα:—to seize upon or occupy beforeband: to take possession of before another: metaph, to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforehand.
προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforehand:—
Med. to adjust or compose beforehand: προκαταλύεσθαι
την έχθρην to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforeband.
προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before; προκαταφεύγειν εν τύπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforehand.

προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforehand. προ-κατέχω, aor. 2 -κατέσχον:—to gain possession of or occupy beforehand, preoccupy:—Med. to hold before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforeband. Hence προκατηγορία, ή, previous accusation. προ-κάτημαι, Ion. for προκάθημαι.

προ-κατίζω, Ion. for προκαθίζω. προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

πρό-κειμαι, impf. προϋκείμην, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι: --used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, jut out.

II. to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρόκειται περί σωτηρία the question is concerning safety; άεθλοι προκείμενοι a task proposed; τὸ προκείμενον πρηγμα the matter in debate.

III. to lie before

one, lie exposed; to lie dead, δ προκείμενος the corpse. IV. to be held out, set forth.

προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, δ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.

προ-κενόω, f. ώσω, to empty beforehand.

προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for. προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.

προ-κηρυκεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Med. to bave proclaimed by berald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. εω, to proclaim by berald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move forward: to urge on:— Pass, with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep beforeband or openly. II. trans. to bewail beforeband.

προκληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησιs, gen. εωs Ion. ιος, ή, (προκαλέω) a calling forth:—a challenging to combat, ξκ προκλήσιος in pursuance of a challenge. II. an invitation, proposal.

III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλίνω, to lean forward.

πρόκλυτος, ον, beard formerly: legendary. From προ-κλύω, to bear or learn beforeband.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. low, to bring forward. II. to carry on before:—Pass. to be carried away.

προ-κόμιον, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front bair: the forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ή, progress on a journey. II. metaph. progress, advancement, improvement. From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προϋκοπτον: f ψω, to cut away before one, or elear the way in front: hence to forward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

πρόκρίμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From προ-κρίνω [ι], f. -κρίνω: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others.

II. to judge beforeband, decide.

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροσσος, η, ον or os, ον, (πρό, κροσσα!) with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νέεε πρόκροσσαι εε πόντον επί όκτω ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of a cup, πέριξ αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλαί πρόκροσσοι ήσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.

προ-κύλινδέω, f. -κυλίσω [1]:—to roll forth, set rolling forward: - Pass., προκυλινδείσθαι τινι to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.

προ-κυρόω, f. ώσω, to confirm or ratify before. προ-κύων, -κυνός, ό, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.

 $\pi$ ρο-κώμιος, ον, ( $\pi$ ρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel: τὸ προκώμιον ὕμνου the prelude of a hymn.

πρό-κωπος, ον, (πρό, κώπη) grasping the bilt, swordin-band. Il pass, grasped by the bilt.

προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforehand.

προ-λάζυμαι, Dep to receive beforehand.

προ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to prate before.

προ-λαμβάνω, f -λήψομαι: aor. 2 προύλαβον: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι:—to take beforeband: to receive as an earnest of deposit. 2 to take before the van. or sooner than another: to take away before. to obtain first, procure. start of; προλαμβάνειν της όδου to get a start on the fighters, champions. 2 to be beforehand with, anticipate, claim or take before the time . hence to prejudge. III. to repeat from the beginning.

 $\pi \rho o - \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ , f  $\xi \omega :$  -pf. pass.  $\pi \rho o \lambda \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \mu \alpha \iota :$  -to pick out or choose before others, prefer. II to say beforeband: to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. to tell publicly, proclaim: to warn: to profess, de- the skin of the forehead. clare: to order.

 $\pi \rho o - \lambda \epsilon l \pi \omega$ ,  $f \psi \omega$ :  $\rho f \pi \rho o \lambda \epsilon \lambda o l \pi \alpha$ : — to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake; μητίε σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee: also to quit beforeband; χώραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforehand: absol to faint, fall into a swoon.

**προ-λεκτικός**, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.

προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προλελεσχήνευμαι: Dep :-- to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.

 $\pi \rho \dot{o}$ -λεσχος,  $o\nu$ , ( $\pi \rho \dot{o}$ , λέσχη) prating, chattering. προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.

προλιπείν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.

προλιπών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

**πρόλογος**, δ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech: in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus: after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λοχίζω, f. ίσω: pf pass. προλελόχισμαι:--to lay an ambush before: - Pass., al προλελοχισμέναι ένέδραι the ambush that had before been laid. to beset with an ambuscade.

 $\pi$ ρομάθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\pi$ ρομανθάνω.

προ-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband.  $\pi \rho o - \mu a v \theta \dot{a} v \omega$ , f.  $-\mu \ddot{a} \theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. 2  $\pi \rho o \ddot{u} \mu \ddot{a} \theta o v$ :—to ascertain or find out beforehand.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, the right of consulting the oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy. προ-μαντηίη, ή, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εωε Ion. ιοε, δ, ή, a prophet or prophetess: ή πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia II. as Adj. prophetic, preor Delphic priestess. saging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [0] προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ή, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

προ-μάχ ϵω, = προμαχίζω.

προμάχεών, ωνος, ό, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμάχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχοι) to fight before or in front of: also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι, f -μἄχήσομαι Att. -μἄχοῦμαι: Dep. .- to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in II. to fight before or in defence of.

πρό-μάχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fight-II to outstrip, get the ing in front: as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost II. fighting for, τινόs.

προ-μελετάω, f ήσω, to practive beforeband. Προμένεια, ή, name of a prophetess of Dodona.

προ-μεριμνάω, f. ήσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forebead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια  $[\bar{a}]$ , ή, (προμηθή\*) foresight, forethought: consideration.

Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύε) the festival of Prome-

Προμήθειος, a, ov, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθέομαι, fut med -μηθήσομαι: 201. I pass προύμηθήθην: Dep.: (προμηθήs):—to take care beforeband, to provide for: to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere: c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύs, gen έως Ion η̂ος, δ, (προμηθής) Prometheus, Foretbought, son of the Titan Iapetos, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought: inventor of many arts, esp of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἔντεχνον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. as appellat forethought, caution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμάθής, ές, (πρό, μήτιε) forethinking, cautious, wary: caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ion. -ίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = προμήθεια.

προμηθικός, ή, όν, (προμηθήε) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κωs, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ύσω [v], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, οροε, ή, (πρύ, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμίγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμίγνυμι.

προ-μίγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband:—Pass, 201. 2 inf. προμίγηναι, to bave intercourse with before-

προ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to bire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another: generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit: to plead with, c. dat. to forebode, presage.

προ-μνηστίνοι, at, a, one by one, one after the other. | walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμνηστρία and προμνηστρίς, ίδος, ή, (προμνάοuai) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker. πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοιρα) before the destined term,

untimely.

προμολείν, 201 2 mf of προβλώσκω. Hence

προμολή, ή, an approach, vestibule II. in plur the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river. προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλώσκω.

πρόμος, δ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχο: - a chief, Lat. princeps.

 $\pi \rho o - \mu o \chi \theta \epsilon \omega$ , f  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to work beforehand.

πρό-ναος οι πρό-ναιος, α, ον Ιου προ-νήιος, η, ov, (πρό, ναόs) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple. II. Προναία Ion. Προνηίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. πρόναοs, δ, the ball or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ήσω, to fight at sea for or in

defence of, Tivos.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμω, to assign beforehand: to hold forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

προ-νεύω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

προ-νήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναιος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ήσω, to gain a victory beforehand. προ-νοέω, f. ήσω, also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ήσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προύνοησάμην, πρού $von\theta\eta v :$  to perceive or observe beforehand.

to plan or devise beforehand: to provide. 2 C. gen. to provide for, take thought for. 3. absol. to

be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

**προνοητικόs**, ή, όν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary. things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κω̂s, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοίη, ή, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or II. foresight, forethought, knowing beforehand. forecast; ἐκ προνοίαs with forethought, advisedly, Lat. ex consulto, and of crimes, with malice pre-2. the providence of the gods.

προνομαία, ή, (προνέμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομεία, ή, a foraging, plundering. From προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage. προνομή, ή, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid. πρόνομος, ον, (προνέμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νους, ουν, (πρό, νόος) thinking beforeband, wary: - Comp. προνούστεροs.

προ-νωπής, έε, (πρό, ώψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a ball or court.

ΠΡΟΈ, gen. προκός, ή, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάs.

 $\pi \rho \delta$ -**E**euvos,  $\delta$ , Ion. for  $\pi \rho \delta \mathcal{E} \epsilon \nu o s$ 

προξενέω, impf. προύξένουν: f. ήσω. aor. I πρού- $\xi \notin \nu \eta \sigma \alpha : (\pi \rho \circ \xi \in \nu \circ s) :$ —to be any one's  $\pi \rho \circ \xi \in \nu \circ s$ , to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2 c, dat. et inf. to contrive for one that : also to advise, give directions. to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ή, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, II. the rights and privileges of Lat. bospitium. a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador

πρό-ξενος Ion πρό-ξεινος, δ, (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένοs, i.e a public guest or bost: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that Eévos did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυράω, i. ήσω, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ήσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare before-

προ-οδοιπορέω, f. ήσω, to travel before

**πρό-οδος**, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst, πρόοδοι, oi, a party of soldiers in advance.  $\pi \rho \delta$ -οδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\pi \rho \dot{\delta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta} \delta \dot{\delta} \dot{\delta} \dot{\delta}$ ) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προειδέναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf. προήδειν: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—

to know beforeband. Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the pf. πεφροιμίασμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

προ-οίμιον Att. contr. φροίμιον, τό, (πρό, οίμος) an opening or introduction to a thing; in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. a bymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: Dep.:-to bave gone on before.

προ-όμνυμι and -ύω, to swear before or beforehand: to testify on oath before.

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοράω, one must took beforeband, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόοπτος Att. contr. προύπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of προ-νώπιος, ον. (πρύ, ἐνώπια) before οι without the | προοράω (as if from \*προύπτομαι), foreseen: manifest. προοράτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-οράω, f. προόψομα: aot. 2 προείδον: pf. προεόρāκα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing. II. also in Med. προοράομαι, to foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

 $\pi \rho o - o \rho ( \xi \omega, f. \sigma \omega, to mark out beforeband, to predetermine.$ 

προ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to drive forward or onward:— Pass. to rusb or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to moor before or in front. προ-οφείλω Att. contr. προυφείλω: f. -οφειλήσω: —to owe beforeband:—Pass. to be due beforeband or before, to remain as a debt.

 $\pi$ ρό-οψις, εως, ή, ( $\pi$ ρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing. a seeing before one.

προ-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from \*προύπτομαι).

προ-παγής, ές, (πρό, παγηναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθείν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach beforehand.

πρό-πάλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-παρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. I Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforeband.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare beforehand:—Pass. to be prepared beforehand.

Pass. to be prepared beforeband: to offer before. προ-παρέχω, to supply beforeband: to offer before προ-πάρουθε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of: προπάρουθε ποδών before

gen., before, in front of; προπάροιθε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροιθε θυφάων before the door.

II. Adv., I. of Place, in front forward, before.

2. of Time, before, formerly.

**πρό-πᾱs**, -πᾱσα, -πᾱν, (πρό, πᾱs) strengthd for πᾱs, πρόπαν η̄μαρ·all day long; νη̄αs προπάσαs all the ships together: neut. πρόπαν as Adv. utterly.

 $\pi$ ρο- $\pi$ άσχω, f.  $-\pi$ είσομαι, to suffer before or beforeband: to be ill-treated before.

**προ-πάτωρ**, opos, δ, (πρό, πἄτήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather. in plur. προπάτορες, oi, ancestors, forefathers.

**προ-πείθω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , to persuade beforeband.

πρό-πειρα, ή, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιείσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforeband: also as Dep. προ-πειράομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. προεπειράθην [α], προπεπείραμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I προϋπεμψα:—to send before or beforeband: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμπειν loύs to shoot forth attows: also to afford, furnish.

II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. III. to pursue. προπεσών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ἄ], to spread out before. προπέτεια, ή, rasbness, reckless baste. From

προπετής, έs, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. procidus, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death II. metaph being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετωs, Adv. forwards. II. in headlong

baste.

προπέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, η, ον, pf. pass part of προφράζω. προ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (πρό, πηλόs):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foilly:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\eta$ , and προπηλακισμός,  $\delta$ , contumelious treatment.

προπίνω [τ], impf. προύπινον: f. προπίομαι: aor. 2 προύπιον: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's bealth, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged.

as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν την έλευθερίαν Φιλίππω to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέποται τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state bave been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 προϋπεσον, inf. προπεσεῖν: pf. προπέπτωκα: —to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforeband προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence πρό-πλοος, ov contr. -πλους, ouv, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, όν, going before to shew the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω, (πρό, πούs) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

mpo-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do beforeband, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforeband.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to fight before or in front of. προπόλευμα, ατος, τό, service rendered. From προπολεύω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest. πρό-πολος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes

mpó-πολος, δ, ή, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a rower. 2. ismiss: to send to shoot forth II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, II. to conduct, devoted or dedicated to it.

II.

προπομπή, ή, (προπέμπω) a sending on be-II. an attending, escorting, conducting. προ-πομπία, ή, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπός, όν, (προπέμπω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπός χοάς carrying drink-offer-II. as Subst. a conductor, ings ir procession. escort.

προ-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work or take pains beforehand II. to labour for or instead of another. III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it. IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεπονηµéva things formerly pursued with zeal. Med. προπονέσμαι, to grow weary of tire too soon.

πρό-πονος, ον, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome **Προ-ποντίς**, ίδος, ή, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προ-πορεύω, f. σω, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. -πορεύσομαι, and pass. -πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προ-πορίζω, f. ίσω, to provide beforeband:-Pass.

to be provided beforeband.

πρόποσις, εως, ή, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II. a drink.

προπότης, δ, (προπίνω) one who drinks healths. πρό-πουs, -ποδοs, ό, the projecting foot of a mountain. προ-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. εω to do before. to exact beforeband.

προ-πρεών, ωνος, δ, inclining forward: metaph.

forward, ready, willing.

προ-πρηγήs, és, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards: --neut. προπρηνέε as Adv., forward. προ-πρό, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπρο-κυλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλίν-Soual, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.

προ-πταίω, f. σω, to stumble before.

 $\pi$ ρο-πύλαιος  $[\check{v}]$ , ον,  $(\pi ρό, πύλη)$  before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τά, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρ6-πῦλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule. προ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: 201.2 προύπὔθόμην: Dep.:-to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain beforeband.

πρό-πυργος, or, before or for towers; θυσίαι πρύmupyou offerings made for the city.

προ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profluere.

πρόρ-ρησις, ή, (πρό, βήσιε) a foretelling. 2. II. a proclamprevious instructions or orders. ation, public notice.

πρόρ-ρητος, ον, (πρό, δητός) foretold. proclaimed, commanded.

**πρόρ-ριζοs**, ον, (πρό, ρίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.

IIPO'Σ, Prep with gen., dat., and acc.. with gen implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:-Dor. προτί and ποτί [ου], contrd. πότ.

WITH GENIT., 1. of Place, from forth; hence from or on the side or quarter of: πρός Nότου on the side of the South, i. c. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸs Αἰθιόπων garrisons on the side of, i.e. against, the Ethiopians; "Αβδηρα ίδρυται πρός του Έλλησπόντου, μαλλον ή του Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i.e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρόs πατρόs on the father's side: also on the part of, at the band of, έχειν τιμήν πρός Ζηνός to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, πρός Διός είσι ξεινοί τε πτωχοί τε strangers and the poor are sent by 3. in presence of, before, whence its use in Jove. oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρόs θεων, πρόs ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert  $\sigma \epsilon$  between the prep. and acc.,  $\pi \rho \delta s$ σε θεων αίτω I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te 11. with a passive Verb = ὑπό, as, διδάσκεσθαι πρός τινος to be taught by one; ατιμάζε- $\sigma\theta\alpha\iota \pi\rho\dot{\phi}s \tau\iota\nu\phi s$  to be dishonoured by onc. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἄπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρός δίκης agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικός ἐστι it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, bard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτί γαίη to dash upon carth; πρός άλλήλησιν έχεσθαι to cling close to each II. in addition to, besides; πρόε τούτοιε in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils. III. of close engageπρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, ment in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.

> WITH Accus., it expresses motion, Place, towards, to, upon. προς ηω sowards the East; κλαίειν πρός οὐρανύν to cry to licaven. tile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρόε τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., 3. without hostile sense, είπειν πρόε τινα to address oneself towards or to one. III. generally, Time, towards, near, bard upon. of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; προς ταύτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ προς τον πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ προς τους θεούς 2. according to, suitour relations to the gods. able to, at, upon; πρόε την φήμην at the news; so, 3. in proportion to, in προε τί; to what end? comparison of: πρός τον πατέρα Κύρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; προς πάντας τους άλλους in com

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. prae alus omnibus. IV. in Att., πρόε with acc. is often put for Adv., as, πρὸε βίαν, πρὸε ἀνάγκην by force, forcibly; πρόε καιρόν in season; πρόε χάριν  $\tau_i \nu i$  to please one;  $\pi \rho \partial s \tau \partial \beta i \alpha_i \partial \nu = \beta_i \alpha_i \partial s$ .

ABSOL. AS ADV., besides, over and above.

In compos. it implies I. motion towards, as II. addition, besides, as in προσin προσάγω. κτάομαι. III. a being by or besides: a remaining beside, as in πρόσ-ειμι (εlμί sum).

προ-σάββατος, ον, (πρό, σάββατον) before the Sabbath: as Subst., προσάββατον. τό, the eve of the Sab-

bath.

προσ-αγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to announce: to denounce. προσαγόρευσις, εως, ή, an addressing. From προσαγορευτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. to be called or

named From

προσ-άγορεύω, f. σω: aor. -ηγόρευσα: pf -ηγορεύκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προσερώ, προσείπον, προσείρηκα:—to address, accost.to name, call by name.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma - \dot{\alpha} \gamma \omega$ , f. ξω: aor. 2  $\pi \rho o \sigma \dot{\eta} \gamma \ddot{\alpha} \gamma o \nu$ , rarely aor I. προσήξα: fut. med. in pass. sense προσάξομαι:—to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish. 2. to put to, 3 to bring to, move towards, employ. 5 to lead on, induce. to bring in, introduce. 11. untr. to draw near, approach; πρόσαγε come on! III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import: hence in Pass., τὰ προσαχθέντα imports. Hence προσάγωγεύς, έως, δ, one who brings to, an introducer.

προσάγωγή, ή, (προσάγω) a bringing to or towards: II. (from the intr. sense of προσάyw) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance. προσαγωγός, ύν, (προσάγω) bringing to, attractive,

προσ-άδω, Dor. f. ποτ-αείσομαι:-- to sing to; τὶν ποταείσομαι, Dor. for σοὶ προσάσομαι, to thee will I 2. προσάδειν τραγφδίαν to sing the songs II. to barmonise of in a Tragedy to music. chime in with, Lat. concinere.

προσαίξας, aor. I part. of προσαίσσω.

προσ-αιρέομαι, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to oneself. II. to choose or elect in addition to.

προσ-αίσσω Att. -dσσω, f. ξω, to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over.

προσ-αιτέω, f. ήσω, to ask besides: to demand in II. to continue asking, to beg of one: addition. absol. to beg bard. Hence

προσαίτης, ου, δ, a beggar.

προσ-ακοντίζω, f. σω, to shoot like a javelin. προσ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear besides. προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of προσάγω, one must bring to. προσ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to rub or smear upon.

προσ-αλίσκομαι, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast

in a lawsuit besides.

προσ-άλλομαι, f. -αλουμαι: 20r. 1 -ηλάμην: Dep.:to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αμείβομαι, Dor. poet. 201. 1 ποταμειψάμην,

to answer. προσ-αμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) ποταμέλξεται will yield milk besides. προσ-αμπέχομαι, (πρόε, dμπέχω), Pass. to be beld fast in a thing.

προσ-ἄμύνω [v], f. ĕνω, to come to aid one.

προσ-αμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. -αμφιώ, to put on over. προσ-αναβαίνω,  $f = \beta \eta \sigma o \mu a \iota$ , to climb up to: of riders, to mount besides. Hence

προσανάβασις poet. προσάμβ-,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a going up to, approach; κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προσαναβαίνω.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read besides.

προσ-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force or constrain be-2. to bring under command, discipline. to force one to do a thing.

προσ-avayopeύω, to announce besides.

προσ-avaypaφω, f. ψω, to write or note down besides. προσ-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to lift up besides: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake besides. an oracle, to give an answer besides.

προσ-αναιστμόω, f. ώσω, to spend or consume besides. προσανάκλζμα, τό, that on which one leans. From προσ-ανακλίνομαι, Pass. to lean on. [1] Hence προσανάκλίσις, ή, a leaning or lying on.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι to take up or receive besides. 2. metaph. to recruit or refresb besides.

προσ-αναλίσκω, f. -αναλώσω, to spend or consume besides:-aor. I part. προσανάλώσας.

προσ-αναπληρόω, f. ώσω, to fill up by pouring into, fill up the measure of.

προσ-avaρτάω, f. ήσω, to bang up besides or upon. προσ-avaστέλλω, to bold in check besides.

προσ-ανατέλλω poet. προσαντ-, to rise up towards. προσ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω:-to offer or dedicate besides: -Med. to take something additional on oneself: to contribute besides: also II. to confer or consult with.

προσ-ανδράποδίζω, f. ισω Att ιω, to enslave besides. προσ-άνειμι (ἀνά, είμι ιδο), to go up to.

προσ-ανείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (προσαναγορεύω being used instead) to announce, publish or order besides.

προσ-ανής, ές, Dor. for προσηνής.

προσ-άντης, εε, gen. εος, (πρός, άντην) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-bill, Lat. ardu-II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing, painful. III. of persons, adverse, bostile.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to report besides. προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid besides.

προσ-απαιτέω, f. ήσω, to demand besides.

προσ-απειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten besides.

προσ-απείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (προσ-

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce | --- Pass., with aor. 2 act. -απέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to besides.

 $\pi \cos \sigma$ -α $\pi \cos \delta \lambda \lambda \omega$ , f.  $-\beta \alpha \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides. προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f.  $-\delta \epsilon i f \omega$ , to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides. προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενω, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and  $-\dot{v}\omega$ : f. -ολέσω:—to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides: -- Med., with pf. 2 act. προσαπόλωλα, to perish besides or with others. προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides. προσ-αποστέλλω, f.  $-\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to defraud besides. προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ήσω, to value or estimate besides. προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides: to

return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with 2 to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. Ш Med. προσάπτομαι, to touch, lay hold on, meddle with **προσ-αραρίσκω,** f. -άρσω: aor 2 - ήρἄρον:—to <math>join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσάραρα Ion. - άρηρα: 3 sing Ep. pf. pass. προσαρήρε-Tai:—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash against. προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσάρήρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαραρίσκω. προσ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, belp, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω: f. όσω: pf. pass. - ήρμοσμαι: - to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to fasten or attach to:-Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to προσ-dσσω. Att. for προσ-αίσσω

προσ-ἄτιμόω, f. ώσω, to disbonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αυαίνομαι, Pass. (πρόε, αὐαίνω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ήσω: impf. προσηύδων, 3 sing. -ηύδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην:—to speak to, address, accost. **προσ-αύλειοs**, ον, (πρόs, αὐλή) near a farm-yard,

προσ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute. προσ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase besides:-Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away besides: - Med. to take away for oneself besides:-Pass. to bave a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at. προσ-αφίστημι, f. - στήσω, to cause to revolt besides: \ row in addition.

revolt besides.

**προσ-βαίνω**, f.  $-\beta$ ήσομαι: pf.  $-\beta$ έβηκα: aor. 2  $-\epsilon \beta \eta \nu$ , acr. I med.  $-\epsilon \beta \eta \sigma \dot{\alpha} \mu \eta \nu$ :—to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near: to come upon, attack.

**προσ-βάλλω**, fut.  $-\beta\alpha\lambda\hat{\omega}$ ; aor.  $2-\epsilon\beta\alpha\lambda o\nu$ ; pf.  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha i :$ —to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, ἀρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to beart, attend to it: - Med. to throw oneself upon, at-II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assaul: to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάs, ασα, άν, aor. 2 part of προσβαίνω. **πρόσβάσις**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προσβαίνω) a means of approach,

προσβατός, ή, ύν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel. constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass.  $\pi\rho\sigma\sigma$ βιασθήναι, to be forced or bard pressed

**προσ-βϊβάζω**, f  $-\beta$ ιβάσω Att.  $-\beta$ ιβ $\hat{\omega}$ :—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.

 $\pi \rho \circ \sigma$ -βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσκω, f. -μολοθμαι: αοτ. 2 -έμολον:-- to come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.

**προσ-βοάω**, f.  $-\beta$ οήσομαι, to call to - Med., Ion. aor. I προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. - βωθέω, f. ήσω, to come to aid, come up with succour: to bring succour of support to.  $\pi \rho \circ \sigma \beta \circ \lambda \dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, (\pi \rho \circ \sigma \beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega)$  a putting to or upon; applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault; προσβολή 'Axaiis an attack of the Achaeans. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, barbour.

**πρόσ-γειος**, ον, (πρόs, γέα = γη̂) near the earth: near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ον, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ă], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [τ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγένημαι: Dep.:-to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to, bappen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil; τὰ προσηεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσγυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to: - Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνεισμαι, to bave lent one, borπροσ-δαπανάω, f. ήσω, to spend besides. πρόσδεγμα, ατος, τύ, (προσδέχομαι) reception. προσ-δεί, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen.

there is still need of.

προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.

προσ-δέομαι Dor. poet. ποτι-δεύομαι: f. -δεήσω: aor. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:-to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want.

beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.

προσ-δέρκομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρκομαι: fut. med. -δέρξομαι: aor. I pass.  $-\epsilon \delta \epsilon \rho \chi \theta \eta \nu$ ; and in same sense aor 2 act. - έδράκον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:-to look at, behold.

πρόσθετος, ον, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.

προσ-δεύομαι. poet. for προσδέομαι, Dor ποτιδ -. **προσ-δέχομαι** Ion, **προσ-δέκομαι**; fut -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor part. ποτιδέγμενος:-to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. to wait for or expect a thing; absol. to wait patiently, abide.

**προσ-δέω** (A), f.  $-\delta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : pf. pass προσδέδεμαι: to tie, bind, or fasten to or on

**προσ-δέω** (B), f.  $-\delta\epsilon \dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ , to need besides

προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides. Il. to

προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. insinuate besides.

προσ-διαιρέομαι, Dep. to distinguish further προσ-διαλέγομαι, 201. I pass. -διελέχθην, Dep. to converse besides with.

προσ-διαμαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to testify in addition. προσ-διανέμω, to distribute: — Med. to divide among

προσ-διαπασσάλεύω, to fasten to with nails. προσ-διαπράσσω, f ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides: -Med. to achieve for one elf besides.

**προσ-διαφθείρω**, f.  $-\phi\theta\epsilon\rho\hat{\omega}$ : pf  $-\epsilon\phi\theta\alpha\rho\kappa\alpha$ , pass.  $-\epsilon \phi \theta \alpha \rho \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2 pass  $-\epsilon \phi \theta \dot{\alpha} \rho \eta \nu \, [\check{\alpha}] :$ —to destroy besides :- Pass. to perish besides

προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition. προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate be-

προσ-δικάζω, f. άσω, to award as a judge to a person: - Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.

προσ-διορθόω, f. ώσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.

προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.

προσ-διώκω, f. fw, to pursue besides. προσ-δοκάω Ion.  $-\epsilon \omega$ : fut.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \delta \dot{\nu} \kappa \eta \sigma \alpha$ :

-to expect, look for: to await.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma$ -δοκέω, f.  $-\delta \delta \xi \omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \delta \delta \xi \alpha$ :—to seem or be thought besides.

προσδόκητος, ον, (προσδοκάω) expected.

προσδοκία, ή, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρόs προσδοκίαν according to expectation.

προσδόκιμος, ον. (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for, on.

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδύκιμο expected to come against Miletus.

προσ-δόρπιος Dor. ποτιδόρπιος, ον, (πρώς, δύρπον) belonging to or serving for supper.

προσ-δράκειν, aor. 2 mt. of προσδέρκομαι.

προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.

**προσ-εάω**, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ , to suffer to go further.

προσέβην, αοτ 2 οί προσβαίνω.

προσεβήσετο, Ep. for -ato, 3 sing, aor I med of προσβαίνω.

προσ-εγγίζω, f σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.

προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp to add a limiting clause.

προσ-εγγυάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.

προσ-εγχρίω, f ίσω [ī] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.

προσ-εδαφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.

προσεδρεία or -ία, ή, a setting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat assiduitas: -esp. a sitting by a sick-bed From

προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside or near, 2, to attend constantly. be near to, Lat. assidere. προσεδρία, ή, = προσεδρεία.

πρόσ-εδρος, ον, (πρός, έδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρύσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke.

προσέειπε, Ep. for προσείπε: see προσείπον.

προσέθηκα, aor. ι ο προστίθημι.

προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing: -Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.

προσ-ειδέναι, -δώς, inf. and part. of πρόσοιδα. προσ-είδον, inf. προσίδειν, part. προσίδών: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med προσιδέσθαι:-to look at or up-II. Pass. προσείδομαι, to appear beside of near to, to be like.

προσείκα, Att. for προσέοικα, q. v.

προσ-εικάζω, f. σω: aor. I -ήκασα:—to male like to, liken to, make to resemble :- Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.

προσ-είκελος, η, ον, also os, ον, somewhat like προσ-ειλέω Dor. προτι-ειλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.

προσείληφα, -είλημμαι, pf. act. and pass of προσλαμβάνω.

προσειλόμην, aor. 2 med of προσαιρέω.

πρόσ-ειλος, ον, (πρός, είλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.

πρόσ-ειμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ήειν Ion. -ήια Att. - η α: aor. 2 part. προσιών: (πρώς, είμι 160):—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile 3. to come sense, to go or come against, attack. II. of Time, to come forward to speak. III. to come in; τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα οτ

τὰ προσιόντα alone, the public income, revenue, Lat. | προσ-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still reditus.

**πρόσ-ειμι,** inf. προσείναι: impf. προσήν: (πρό $\mathbf{s}$ , εἰμί sum):-to be at, near or by, to be against. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-είπον, inf. προσειπείν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

**προσ-εισπράσσω**, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to exact payment of besides. προ-σείω, f. σω, to bold out and sbake; προσείειν χείρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to bold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπυρόω, f. ώσω, to kindle, set on fire besides. προσ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

**προσεκτικόs**, ή, όν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides. προσέκυρσα, αοτ. Ι οf προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f.  $-\epsilon$ λάσω [ἄ], Att.  $-\epsilon$ λ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\eta$ λăσa:—to drive towards. II. intr., I. (sub. ἵππον

or αρμα), to ride towards, Lat. adequitare. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω. προσελέω, false form for προυσελέω.

προσελθείν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω οτ -ελκύσω [ŭ]; aor I -είλкова:-to draw to or towards, draw on:-Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσ-εμβαίνω, f. -εμβήσομαι; 2 οτ. 2 -ενέβην:-to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. insultare.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικραίνομαι, Pass., with fut. med. - ανουμαι, to be angry with besides of further.

προσ-εμφερής, és, resembling.

προσ-έναχε, Dor. for προσ-ένηχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:-Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχυράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέσμαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:- to think on or take

into consideration besides. προσ-εννέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-εννοέω, f. ήσω, to think on or observe besides. προσ-εντείνω, f. -τενω, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command be-

mpoor-efaipeomai, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.: -to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides :- Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:-to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξείργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass, sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides. προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-έοικα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσείκα, inf. προσεικέναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήιγμαι:-to be like or resemble in a thing. III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι  $[\tilde{a}]$ :—to accuse be-

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f.  $-\beta \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu \alpha i$ ,  $= \pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon \mu \beta \alpha i \nu \omega$ . προσ-επεξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 οί προσπίπτω.

προσ-επιβάλλω, f.  $-\beta$ άλ $\hat{\omega}$ , to throw upon besides, to add over and above

προσ-επιγράφω [ă], f  $\psi \omega$ , to write upon besides. προσ-επίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear bard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to belp to take bold of a thing: to belp or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιορκέω, f. ήσω, to swear a false oath besides. προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still. προσ-επιπονέω, f. ήσω, to trouble oneself still more. προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. - επιστήσομαι, 201. 1 pass. -ηπιστήθην: Dep.:-to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f.  $-\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \hat{\omega}$ : to notify, enjoin, charge besides; esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι:---Med.: -to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτέρπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπεύω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further: -Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνέω, f. ήσω, to say by way of addition. προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσεπτάμην [ἄ], 201. 2 of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.: -to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ον, (πρός, έργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύγομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaph., κύματα προσερεύγεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσερώ, fut. to προσείπον:
—to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-έρομαι, f. -ερήσομαι: aor. -ηρόμην, inf. -ερέσθαι: Dep.:—to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθέρπω: f ψω: aor. I προσείρπύσα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; ό προσέρπων χρόνοs the coming time; το πρόσερπον the coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. Ι οf προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, = προσερεύγομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. -ηρχόμην, f. -ελεύσομαι (but the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήειν, πρόσειμι): Dep. with act. aor. 2 - ηλθον. pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw nigh; also to be nigh at band. 2. to visit, associate with.

3. in hostile sense, to go or march against.

II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides. προσ-έσπερος Dot. ποθ-έσπερος, ov, verging towards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv.,

towards evening.

προσ-εταιρίζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence προσεταιριστός, όν, joined with as a comrade, at-

προσεταιριστος, ov, joined with as a comrade, tached to a party.
προσ-έτζ, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσευξαι, αοτ. 1 imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides: be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, η, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From προσ-εύχομαι, f. -foμαι, Dep. to offer prayers or vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφημι.

προσεχής, έs, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bordering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 προσέσχον: pf. προσέσχηκα:—to bave besides or in addition. II. to bold to, bring to or near; προσέχειν ναῦν to bring a ship to port or to land; and without ναῦν, to put in or touch at a place; προσέχειν τῆ γῆ, τῆ νήσφ to touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυσὶ προσέχειν. III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum advertere: also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend, προσέχειν ἐαυτῷ to give beed to oneself. 2 to devote oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV.

Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it: also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V. Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.

προσ-εφος, ον, (πρός, έως) towards dawn or morn-

ing.

προσ-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke or fasten to:— Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, ον, (πρός, ήβη) near manbood. προσήγαγον, 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly: to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, ατοs, τό, the object of an address. προσηγορία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προσηγορίω) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, ον, (πρός, ἀγορεύω) addressing, accosting; ai προσήγοροι δρύες the speaking oaks: c.gen, εὐγμάτων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers to Pallas generally, affable. II. pass. addressed, accosted:—as Subst. προσήγορος, ὁ, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδαφίζω. προσήιξαι, 2 sing pf. pass. of προσέοικα.

προσηκάμην, aor. I med of προσίημι.

| προσηκόντως, Adv. pres part. of προσήκω, suitably, fitly, becomingly.

προσήκον, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or conveniret.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a place: to be near, be at band. 2. metaph, to be-II impers., προσήκει πρόε τινα it conlong to. cerns, bas reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is my business. 2. it belongs to, beseems, befits: see προσηκον. III. the Partic. προσήκων, ουσα, ον, is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseeming; and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντε (in full οί προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ προσήκον or τά προσήκοντα that which belongs to one, all that is proper to oneself; την προσήκουσαν σωτηρίαν έκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's

προσ-ήλιος, ον, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, exposed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, to nail, pin, or effix to. II. to nail up, shut close up.

προσήλυθον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ήλύτος, ον. (προσήλυθον) come to, arrived at:
—as Subst, προσήλύτος, ό, a new comer, stranger,
Lat. advena: hence, one who has come over to Judaism. a convert, proselvte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass. .—to sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προ-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ· αοτ. Ι προεσήμηνα:—to give previous or public intimation: to foretell, announce.

II. to proclaim, publish.

προσήνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, ον, (πρός, ἄνεμος) towards the wind,

προσηνέχθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, έε, (πρόε, είε) soft, gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suitable to. Adv. προσηνώε.

προσήρτημαι, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσαυδάω.

προσ-ηφος, ον, (πρός, ἡώε) Ion. for προσεφος, towards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αφον, towards morning.

προσ-θακέω, f. ήσω, to sit beside, near or upon. πρόσθε. Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.

προσθείναι, προσθείς, 20r. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).

I. of Place, before, in front As Prep. with gen.: II. of Time, before. of, in defence of.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., είς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, fur-II. of Time, before, formerly, ther, to the front. of old: also c. Art., ή πρύσθεν ήμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly. before, in sense of sooner, Lat. potius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανείν ή .. to die sooner than

προσθέοιτο, Ion. for προσθείτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of

προστίθημι.

πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι.

πρόσθεσις, ή, (προστίθημι) a putting to, applica-II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ον, οτ η, ον, verb. Adj. of προστίθημι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair. προσ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run towards of to.

προσθήκη, ή, (προστίθημι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere acci-II. aid, belp, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθημι) an addition. προσ-θιγγάνω, f. -θίξω: aor. 2 προσέθιγον, inf.  $\pi \rho o \sigma \theta i \gamma \epsilon \hat{i} \nu : -to touch.$ 

 $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \theta \cos \alpha$ , α, ον,  $(\pi \rho \delta \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu)$  the foremost; οἱ  $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \theta \cos \alpha$ πύδεs the fore feet.

**προσθό-δομος**,  $\delta$ , (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house. προσθού, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθημι.

προσ-θροέω, f. ήσω, to call to, address. προσ-θύμιος, ον, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσίδειν, προσίδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσείδον.

προσ-ιζάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-lημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: 201. I προσηκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply. II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c acc. pers. to please one; εν ού προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσίκτωρ, οροε, δ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμώ, to allot or assign besides,

II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., 2 or. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: -to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. metaph., προσίσταταί τί μοι something occurs to 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ήσω, to narrate besides.

**προσ-ίσχω**, = **πρ**οσέχω, to hold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσιτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of πρόσειμι (είμι ibo),

III. also approachable.

προσιών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσειαι (είμι ibo). προσ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: 201. 2 -καθεζόμην: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, properly pf. of προσκαθέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλκω, aor. I -καθείλκυσα, to baul down

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cognato, θακον προσκαθίζειν to sit on a scat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides. προσ-καθοπλίζω, f σω, to arm or equip besides. πρόσ-καιρος, ov, lasting but for a time, transitory. προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:-Pass., pf. προσκέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκεύη προσκεκαυμένα potsburnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon: Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against; in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας προσκαλείν πρός τον βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against ..., but commonly without δίκην; προσκαλείν τινα ανανδρίαs (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against: - Pass, ὁ προσκληθείε the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor ποτι-κ-, ον, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to persevere in a thing. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτέρησις, ή, perseverance,

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. - βήσομαι, to go down to besides. προσ-καταβάλλω, f.  $-\beta a\lambda \hat{\omega}$ , to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue,

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn be-II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-καταισχύνω, f. υνω, to disgrace still further. προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to. προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath

besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-καταριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count besides.

προσ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:-Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.

προσ-κατασύρω [v], to pull down besides.

προσ-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.

προσ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to lay to one's charge besides:-Pass., as logical term, to be predicated be-

προσ-κάτημαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.

πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. προσ-κέομαι, f. -κείσομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τη θύρα προσκείσθαι to 2. to lie with. keep close to the door. III. to be attached be joined with, involved in. or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένο to put faith in, subscribe to a story: to devote oneself to: also in bad IV. to press upon, sense, to be given or addicted to. solicit: to press close or bard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.

προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.

προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δήσω, to gain besides.

προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.

προσ-κηδής, ές, (πρός, κηδος) attached to, affec-

II. akın to, allıed with.

προσ-κηρικεύομαι, Dep. to send a berald to one. προσ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to summon by

προσ-κιγκλίζω, (πρόs, κίγκλοs) to move to and fro, wag the tail at :- Pass., εὖ ποτεκιγκλίσδευ (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσεκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.

προσ-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], to shatter or shiver against. προσ-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot :—Pass. to be associated with.

πρόσκλησις, ή, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons. προσ-κλίνω, f. -κλϊνω: pf. pass. προσκέκλζμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται :- to make to lean against, to put to or against:-Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence

πρόσκλζσιs, εωs, ή, inclination, bias, partiality. προσ-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves · to dash

against, of the waves. προσ-κνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.

προσ-κοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.

προσ-κοινόω, f. ώσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.

προσ-κολλάω, f. ήσω, to glue on or to:-Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.

προσ-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to carry or convey to a place: - Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.

πρόσκομμα, ατος, τύ, (προσκύπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.

προ-σκοπέω, fut. προσκέψομαι and aor. Ι προύσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σκέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. προύσκεμμαι:—to see beforeband, look out for: to provide against:-Med. to watch, take care of. to spy or reconnoitre beforeband. Hence

 $\pi \rho o - \sigma \kappa o \pi \dot{\eta}, \dot{\eta}, a$  spying or reconnoitring beforeband. προσ-κοπή, ή, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.

πρό-σκοπος, ov, seeing beforehand, foreseeing.

as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma$ -κόπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to strike or da b against;  $\pi \rho$ . τὸν ποῦν to strike one's foot, i. c. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. to take offence, be angry at.

προσ-κορής, ές, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, palling, disgusting.

πρόσ-κρανος, ον, (πρός, κρανον) on or for the bead: -as Subst., πρόσκρανον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cusbion for the bead, pillow.

προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to bave a collision with, quarrel with.

προσ-κτάομαι, f. - κτήσομαι: pf - κέκτημαι: Dep.: -to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.

προσ-κύλίω, f. -κυλίσω  $[\bar{\iota}]$ : aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  - $\epsilon$ κύλ $\bar{\iota}$ σα:—to roll to or against.

προσ-κυνέω, f. ήσω. aor. ι προσεκύνησα poet. προσέκυσα: to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence

προσκύνητής, οῦ, ὁ, ἀ worshipper.

**προσ-κύπτω**, f.  $\psi \omega$ : pf.  $-\kappa \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \bar{\nu} \phi \alpha$ :—to stoop to or

over one, to stoop and whisper to him.

προσ-κυρέω, f ήσω; with three irreg, tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκύρσω, aor. Ι προσέκυρσα: - to reach, arrive at, c. dat : to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.

προσκύσαι, πρόσκύσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκυνέω

 $\pi \rho \delta \sigma$ -κωπος,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\pi \rho \delta s$ ,  $\kappa \omega \pi \eta$ ) working at the oar: as Subst., πρύσκωπος, δ, a rower.

προσλάβειν, aur. 2 mf. of προσλαμβανω.

προσλάβών, προσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαγχάνω, f.  $-\lambda \dot{\eta}$ ξομαι: aor. 2  $-\dot{\epsilon}$ λάχον: pf. -είληχα:-to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.

προσ-λάζυμαι, Dep. = προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαλέω, f. ήσω, to talk to or with.

προσ-λαμβάνω, fut.  $-\lambda \dot{\eta} \psi o \mu a \iota$ : 2  $-\dot{\epsilon} \lambda \ddot{\alpha} \beta o \nu$ : pf. -είληφα:-to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:-so also in Med. 2. to take another to belp one, take

II. to take bold of: to take part in:with one. to take bold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to belp, assist.

προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:-Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέλεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost: -Med. to meditate.

προσ-λεύσσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ή, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπαρίω, f. ήσω, to persist or persevere in. to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ή, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιοθμαι, Dep. to reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.

προσλογιστέον or plur. - έα, verb. Adj. one must count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides. From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn besides. προσ-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness besides, bear additional witness: to confirm by additional evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f.  $\xi\omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon\mu\alpha\xi\alpha$ :—Pass., aor. I προσεμάχθην; pf. -μέμαγμαι:—to knead or plaster against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τον Πειραιά τη πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræeus to the city:-Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραίσι προσμα- $\gamma\theta\dot{\epsilon}\nu$  stuck close to his sides: so agr. I med. with pass. sense, ποτιμαξάμενοs, stuck or sticking close to (the hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ἄ], f. -μαχέσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep.:-to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμείναι, προσμείνας, aor. I inf. and part. of προσ-μένω, f. -μενω, to abide or wait still longer; προσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. trans, to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides. προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Med. to contrive besides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fastened to.

προσ-μίγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -μίξω:-to mingle or join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land, arrive at. 2. of persons, to bold intercourse with, meet with: - in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ή, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μισέω, f. ήσω, to bate besides.

προσ-μισθόω, f. ώσω, to let out for bire or interest besides :- Med. to take into one's bire, bire.

προσ-μολείν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλώσκω. πρόσ-μορος, ov, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθέομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.: -to address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ήσω, to chatter in. προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [0]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships in addition.  $προσ-νάχω [\bar{a}]$ , Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f.  $-νεμ\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I -ένειμα:-to allot,assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:-Pass. to be assigned:-Med. to grant on one's own part, to devote, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go II. to come against.

προσ-νοέω, f. ήσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ήσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-

προσ-όδιος, ον, (πρός, ὅδιος) belonging to a solemn procession, processional: τὸ προσόδιον (sub. μέλος) a solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ή, a going or coming to, an approach, advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-II. income, rent, ward to speak, leave to speak. esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, returns, profits, Lat. reditus, proventus.

 $\pi \rho \dot{o} \sigma$ -οιδα, pf without any pres. in use,  $(\pi \rho \dot{o} s, o \bar{l} \delta a)$ to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe thanks beside.

προσ-οικειόω, f. ώσω, to assign to a person as his own. προσ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell by or near; of towns, to he near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build in addition or near.  $\pi \rho \acute{o} \sigma$ -οικος, ον,  $(\pi \rho \acute{o} s$ , οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bordering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, δ, a neighbour.

προσοιστέοs,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be 2 neut. προσοιστέον one must add. προσ-οίσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to run asbore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to bold intercourse or converse with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with, be engaged with a thing.

προσ-όμνυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-όμοιοs, ον, nearly like, resembling. Hence προσομοιόω, f. ώσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to concede or grant be-

sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to promise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to terms. Hence

προσ-όμουρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν θεούs to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτάζω Dor. ποτ-, poet. for προσοράω.

προσ-οράω, f. - όψομαι: aor  $2 - \epsilon i \delta o \nu :$  to look at: -so also in Med. προσοράσμαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after: c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

 $\pi \rho \dot{\phi} \sigma$ -ορθρος, ον, ( $\pi \rho \dot{\phi} s$ ,  $\ddot{\phi} \rho \theta \rho \sigma s$ ) towards morning: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form το ποτόρθρον, at dawn. προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides:—Med. to

mark out for oneself besides; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to bave a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place:—Pass and Med., f. - ορμιοθμαι, aur. I -ωρμισάμην and -ωρμίσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσόρμισις, ή, a coming to anchor or to land. **προσ-ουδίζω**, f.  $\sigma\omega$ , (πρώs, οὖδαs) to dash to earth.  $\pi \rho \circ \sigma - \circ \upsilon \rho \in \omega$ , f ήσω, to make water upon.

πρόσ-ουρος, ον, Ion. for πρόσορος, (πρός, όρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent; τὰ πρύσορα the adjacent parts; "iv' αὐτὸς ην πρόσουρος where he was bis own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

besides :- Pass to be still owing, be still due

**προσ-οφλισκάνω**, f. -οφλήσω: aor.  $2 - \hat{\omega}φλον$ , inf. -οφλείν:-to owe besides, to incur as a further debt: generally, to incur or deserve besides: as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with; to be offended at πρόσ-οψις, ή, appearance, aspect, look; ση πρόσours thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι: aor. I -έπαισα:--to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-παιος, ον, (πρός, παίω) striking upon: sudden, new, fresh, recent: ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσ-παλαίω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one. προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition. προσ-παρακαλέω, f. έσω, to call in besides, invite. προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f σω, to prepare besides.

προσπαρδείν, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρδω.

προσ-παρέχω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , to furnish or provide besides. προσ-πασσάλεύω Att. -παττάλεύω, f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg. προσ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be affected besides. II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσ-πεινος, ον, (πρός, πείνα) bungry, a-bungered. προσ-πελάζω, f. άσω, to bring near to, drive II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come against. nigh to.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma - \pi \epsilon \mu \pi \omega$ , f.  $\psi \omega$ , to send to: conduct or convoy to. προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. - έπαρδον, oppedere. προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides. -Med. to put round oneself:-Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above. προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides. προσ-περονάω, f. ήσω, to fasten with a pin to or on. προσπεσών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω. προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 - επτάμην [α], for which an aor 2 act προσέπτην is often used: Dep.: -to fly to or towards: to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσ-πεύθομαι, poet. for προσπυνθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγνυμι and  $-\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega$ , f.  $-\pi\dot{\eta}\xi\omega$ , to fix to or on: affix to the cross.

προσ-πίέζω, f. έσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πίλναμαι, Dep to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: 2 - έπεσον: - τοfall upon or against; strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to: 5. to fall in with, light upon, to embrace: to join. encounter. II of events, to fall upon, befall one: to bappen, occur. 2 to come suddenly to one's III to fall down to or before, to knowledge. προσ-οφείλω, f. ήσω, to owe yet more, be in debt prostrate oneself: c. acc. to fall down to, suppli-

προσ-πίτνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon: to Il to fall down to or before, supplicate. embrace προσ-πλάζω, shortd for προσπελάζω, intr. to come

near, draw nigh, approach. προσ-πλάσσω Λιτ. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ἄ]: pf. pass.

-πέπλασμαι .—to form or mould upon. πρόσπλατος, ον, (προσπλάζω) approachable

προσ-πλέω, f -πλεύσομαι: Ion. pres. προσπλώω: to sail towards of against.

προσ-πληρόω, f ώσω, to fill up or complete a number: to man ships besides, man more ships; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ή, όν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ερ. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι:-to blow or breathe upon, inspire: impers with gen., προσπνεί μοι κρεών there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make over to, attach or add II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself: of persons, to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. rally, to pretend, feign, affect; c. inf. to pretend to do: also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce: δεί μή προσποιείσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησις, ή, a gaining for oneself, an acquistiton. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσποιητός, όν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to carry on war against, be at war with: also to attack or barass in war.

προσ-πολεμόω, f. ώσω, to make bostile besides:-Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ήσω, to attend or wait upon :- Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From

**πρόσ-πολος**, ον, (πρό**ς**, πολέω) serving :—as Subst., πρόσπολος, ὁ and ἡ, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess: πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach. προσ-πορίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to procure besides.

προσ-πορπάτός, ή, όν, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, f. -πράξομαι: aor. I - επραξάμην: Med.: (πρόs, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπταισμα, ατος, τό, a stumble. From

προσ-πταίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp to strike one's foot against, and absol to stumble, to limp, balt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat. προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; άκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηυίαι (Ep. and Dor for προσπεπτηχυίαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in

πρόσπτυγμα, ατος, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πτύσσω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , aor. I  $-\xi \pi \tau \nu \xi \alpha :$  to em-II. as Dep, προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτιοι προτι-πτύσσομαι: f.-πτύξομαι: pf.-έπτυγμαι of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, 3. of embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. a festival, to celebrate

**προσ-πτύω**, f. -πτύσω [v]:—to spit upon · aor. Ipart. προσπτύσαs, spitting in sign of contempt.

**προσ-πυνθάνομαι**, f.  $-\pi \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon \pi \ddot{\nu} \theta \dot{\nu} \mu \eta \nu$ : -to enquire of learn besides.

προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From προσ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew on.

**προσ-ρέω**, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρύην: -to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγνῦμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, ή, an addressing, accosting: a name. προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or bonour besides.  $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \sigma \circ \theta \epsilon v$ , poet. for  $\pi \rho \delta \sigma \omega \theta \epsilon v$ , forwards, onwards. προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάζω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στέλλω, f. -στελω, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένοs, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med. to keep close to.

προσ-συκοφαντέω, f. ήσω, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to recommend fur-

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ήσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σωρεύω, to beap up besides.

προστάκείς, προστάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. οί προστήκω.

προστάθείς, aor. I pass. part of προίστημι.

προσ-σφάζω or -σφάττω, f. ξω, to slay at or near. πρόσταγμα, ατος, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command; ἐκ προστάγματος by command.

προσ-τάθείς, aor. I pass. part of προίστημι. προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to persist or persevere still further.

πρόσταξις, ή, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; πρόσταξιν ποιείσθαι to make an assessment.

προ-στάσία, ή, (προίστημι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship II. a place before a partisanship, party, faction. building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. - ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I - έταξα: Pass., aor. I  $-\epsilon \tau \dot{\alpha} \chi \theta \eta \nu$ . pf.  $-\tau \dot{\epsilon} \tau \dot{\alpha} \gamma \mu \alpha \iota :-to place or$ 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a post at a place. class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προσετετάχατο the Indians had been assigned to ... 3 to appoint as commander. II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

προστάτεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προστάτηs) = προστασία, presidency, authority · patronage, protection.

προ-στάτεύω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὅπως..., to provide or take care that

προ-στάτέω, f. ήσω, (προστάτηs) to stand before or at the head of, he ruler over, he president or leader of; ὁ προστατῶν be that acts as chief:-Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian.

III. δ προστατών χρόνος time that is close at band. Hence

προστάτήριοs, a, ov, standing before, protecting, II. standing before or close to, bovering guarding. or flitting before one.

προστάτης [ă], ου, ό, (προΐσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler. III. one wbo leader: the leader of a party. stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose προσ-στείχω, 201. 2-έστίχον:—to go to or towards. 2 as his patron, standing to him in much the same

relation as the Roman cliens to his patronus; γράψασθαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράψομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron.

IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, εδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress. προ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along. προσ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass, of προστίθημι.

προσ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-στείχω, to advance, go before.

προσ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προσ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay or spend besides.

προ-στέλλω, f. - στελω, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαί τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προυστάλην [a], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προ-στενάζω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigb or grieve

beforeband.

προ-στερνίδιος, ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before the breast: as Subst., προστερνίδιον, τύ, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος ον, (πρό, στέρνον) before or on the breast. προσ-τέρπω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside.

προστεταγμένος, pf. pass part. of προστάσσω. προσ-τεχνάομαι, Dep to devise besides.

προσ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II intrans. In pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετάκην [Δ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προέστημι.

**προσ-τ' λημι, fut** -  $\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \theta \eta \kappa \alpha$ : aor. 2  $-\epsilon\theta\eta\nu:$ —to put to, apply, fit. 2. to add. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. to band over, to deliver over, consign to. II. Med.  $\pi\rho o\sigma \tau i\theta \epsilon \mu a \iota$ ; aor.  $2 - \epsilon \theta \epsilon \mu \eta \nu$ , imperat.  $-\theta o\hat{\nu}$ , subj. -θωμαι:-to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to onevelf besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμιον to make one's enemy besides, προστί- $\theta \in \sigma \theta a \iota \delta \dot{a} \mu a \rho \tau a to take to wife.$ 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare. προσ-τιλάω, f. ήσω, to befoul with dung.

προσ-τιμώω, f. ήσω, to award a further penalty:— Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστίμημα, ατος, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty. προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προσ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προσ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in.

προσ-τρέχω, f. -δράμοῦμαι: aor. 2 - έδράμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2. in hostile semen, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προσ-τρίβω [i], f.  $\psi\omega$ : Pass., aor.  $2 - \epsilon \tau \rho i \beta \eta \nu$  [i]; pf.  $-\tau \epsilon \tau \rho \iota \mu \mu a\iota$ :—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attack the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted.

II. in Pass. also to bave intercourse with.

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, digrace, affliction.

προσ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ον: I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταί suppliant prayers. 2 also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. bomo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον αΐμα polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; θεὸς προστρόπαιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting tuith vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ή, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plut prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπην έχειν to address a petition to the city.

2. προστροπή γυναικών a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ον, (προστρέπω) turning towards:

hence, like προστρύπαιοs, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαί: αοτ. 2 -έτὔχον: — to bit or light upon, meet with, obtain, c. gen 2. of events, to befall one. 3. δ προστυχάνων, δ προστυχών the first person one meets, anybody: τὰ προστυχύντα ξένια the gifts that come to one's share. προσ-υβρίζω, f ίσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίγνομαι Att προ-ξυγγ-, Dep to be with beforeband, converse with beforeband.

προ-συμμίσγω, to internux first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ήσω, to live together before.

προσ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or bappen besides. προσ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand

surety for.
προσ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise besides

προσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρός, φάγεῖν) anything eaten with o'her food: something to eat.

πρό-σφαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim.

2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From προ-σφάζω later -ττω, to sacrifice beforehand. II, to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med of πρύσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ον, (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of \*φένω) lately slain, fresh-laughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv, lately: also regul. Adv, προσφάτως, lately.

προσφερής, ές, (προσφέρω) brought to or near, approaching.

2 like, resembling.

II. = πρόσφορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίσω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενέγχθην Ion. -ενείχθην:—to bring to, near or upon  $\cdot$  to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσοίσομαι, to be borne towards: of ships, to put in. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:-3. to approach, converse, have dealings with 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερήs, fitness, suitably, ably. 6. to be put or imposed upon one. προσ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee for refuge to. accost

Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φεύγω IV.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: impt or aor. 2 προσέφην, η , η ; inf med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι · f. -φθέγ-Eoual: Dep.:-to call to, address, accost, sal-II. to call by name, call.

moor-Ocloonar, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil bour, esp. in aor, 2 part, προσφθάρείς.

προσφθεγκτός, ov, addressed, saluted. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

**πρόσφθογγος**. σν, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing. saluting.

προσ-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to oppose through envy. προσφίλεια, ή, (προσφίλήs) kindness, good will.

προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλώς.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma - \phi \tilde{\iota} \lambda \dot{\eta} s$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} s$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{\iota} s$ ,  $\phi \iota \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus.

of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful. προσ-φίλοσοφέω, f. ήσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλώς, Adv. of προσφιλής, kindly; προσφιλώς ξχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

**προσφορά, ή,** (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, c. dat. benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply.present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:-τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τα πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύέως, Ion. Adv. of προσφυής: see προσφυώς. προσφύής, έε, (προσφύω) growing upon, banging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable. προσφύς, aor 2 part, of προσφύω.

πρόσφυσις, ή, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon. a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφυσα:-- to make to grow to or upon, to being upon, fasten to. Pass, with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφουν. part. προσφύς, ῦσα, ύν; pf προσπέφυκα:-- to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφυώς Ion. - έως, Adv. of προσφυής, with natural

προσ-φωνέω, f ήσω, to call or speak to, address, 2. to call by name, to name, speak 3. to address or dedicate a thing to another. of.

προσφωνήεις Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

 $\pi$ ροσφώνημα, ατος, τό,  $(\pi \rho \sigma \phi \omega \nu \epsilon \omega)$  that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνησις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (προσφωνέω) an addressing. 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χανούμαι: aor. 2 προσέχανον: pf. (in pres. sense) προυκέχηνα:-to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inhiare.

 $\pi \rho o - \sigma \chi \in \theta \in \mathcal{V}$ , poet. for  $\pi \rho o \sigma \chi \in \hat{\mathcal{U}}$ , aor. 2 inf. of II.  $\pi\rho \circ \epsilon \chi \omega :$  Med.,  $\pi\rho \circ \epsilon \sigma \chi \epsilon \theta \circ \mu \eta \nu$ , I warded off from myself.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma$ -χέω, f. -χέω. to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, ατος, τύ, (προέχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a screen, cloak, pretence, pretext; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for II. outward show, ornament; so the war. Miletus is called πρόσχημα της Ιωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχώννυμι, to dam up. προσ-χρήζω, t. ήσω: Ion. προσχρηίζω, f. ηίσω:--to require or desire besides; προσχρηίζω υμέων πεί- $\theta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha i I desire you also to obey.$ 

**πρόσχύσις,** ή, (προσχέω) c pouring upon.

**προσ-χώνν** $\bar{\nu}$ μι and  $-\hat{\nu}\omega$ : f.  $-\chi \hat{\omega} \sigma \omega$  (from  $\pi \rho \sigma \sigma \chi \hat{\omega}$ ): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχωννύναι χωρία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass, to bave earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ήσω οτ ήσομαι, to go to, approach, II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (πρόε, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, δ, a neighbour. πρόσχωσις, ή, (προσχώννυμι) a beaping up be-II. a bank or sides: deposition of mud, etc.

mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω, to touch upon, touch. προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes. προσ-ψιθυρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to

πρόσω poët. πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πόρσω later **πόρρω**, like Lat. porro, Adv.: (πρό, πρό**s**): as Adv., 1. of Space, forwards, onward, further on; opp. to έγγύε, far off, afar: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω forward. 2. of Time, before. c. gen. far towards or to: πρύσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ far into the river; προβαίνειν πόρρω της μοχθηρίας to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσω Έλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont. Time, πρόσω της νυκτός far into the night.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, -άτω.

 $\pi \rho o \sigma - \omega \delta i \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{o} s, \dot{\varphi} \delta \dot{\eta})$  a song sung to or accompanied by music. II. the tone or accent of a svllable.

προσ-φδός, όν, (πρός, φδή) singing or sounding to, in harmony with.

πρόσωθεν Att. πόρρωθεν Εp. πόρροθεν, Adv. (πρύ- $\sigma\omega$ ) from afar. II. from long ago.

προσ-ωνέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to buy besides. προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.

προσωπείον, τό, (πρόσωπον) a mask.

προσωποληπτέω, to be a respecter of persons. From προσωπο-λήπτης, ου, ό, (πρόσωπου, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) a respecter of persons.

προσωποληψία, ή, (προσωποληπτέω) respect of per-

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρύσωπα Ερ. προσώπατα, Ερ. dat. προσώπασι: (πρύs, ώψ):-a face, visage, countenance; κατά πρύσωπον in front, face to face. also one's look, countenance, Lat. vultus; τὸ σὸν πρόσωπον, periphr. for σύ. III. =  $\pi \rho o \sigma \omega \pi \epsilon i o \nu$ , a mask, Lat. persona: - hence like πρόσχημα, sbow, outward appearance. IV. later, a person.

προ-σωρεύω, f. σω, to pile or heap up before. προσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, furthest:—hence Adv. προσωτάτω, or neut.

plur. προσώτατα as Adv, furthest. προσώτεροs, α, ον, Comp. Adj formed from Adv. πρόσω, further off: hence Adv., προσωτέρω or τὸ

προσωτέρω, furtber.

προσ-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to belp or assist besides, contribute one's belp to: absol. to be of use or assistance. Hence

προσωφέλημα, ατος, τό, assistance in a thing: and προσωφέλησις, ή, a belping, aiding, advantage. προσωφελητέον, verb. Adj. of προσωφελέω, one must assist.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, one must place or post in front. 2. one must prefer.

προ-τάμιεύω, (πρό, ταμίας) to lay in beforeband. προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

- προτάμοίμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω. προτάμών, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ήσω, to fear beforeband. to fear or be anxious for one.

προ-τάριχεύω, f. σω, to salt or pickle beforeband: generally, to preserve or prepare for keeping.

τείνω) a stretching forward. II. that which is put forward: in Logic, a proposition assumed, a 2. in Gramm., the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσιε.

προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I - έταξα; pf. -τέταχα; Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:-to place or post in front: Med., προετάξατο της φάλαγγου τουs imméas be posted his horse in front of the phalanx:-Pass. to be stationed first, take the lead; τὸ προταχθέν or of προτεταγμένοι, the front ranks, II. generally, to determine or arrange

beforeband. προ-τείνω, f. -τενω: aor. I -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass, aor. I -ετάθην [ἄ]: pf -τέτἄμαι:-to stretch out, put forward: to expose to danger. 2. metaph. to bold out, fut forward as a pretext or ex-II. to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, cuse. as a suppliant. 2. to offir, tender, proffer : also to bold out, show at a distance, Lat. ostentare. Med., μισθον προτείνεσθαι to claim or demand as a IV. intr. to stretch or project forward. προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to protect by a wall. Hence προτείχισμα, τό, an advanced work, outwork.

 $\pi$ ρο-τέλειος, ον,  $(\pi$ ρό, τέλος) before a solemnity of religious rite. ΙΙ. προτέλεια (sc. ίερά), τά, sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity; mporéλεια γάμων the sacrifice before the marriage-rite; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of. 2. προτέλεια, generally, a beginning, outset.

προ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband.

 $\pi \rho o - \tau \epsilon \lambda i \zeta \omega$ , f.  $i \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{o}, \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda o s)$  to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage.

προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) the precincts or entrance of a Tépevos or sacred place.

προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμω: aor. 2 προύταμον: -to cut up beforeband. II. to cut off in front, cut short, Lat. praecidere. III. to cut forward or in front of one: hence, in agr. 2 med. opt., εὶ ὧλκα διηνεκέα προταμοίμην if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me.

προτενθεύω, f. σω, to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to belp oneself first to anything. From.

προ-τένθης, ov, o, one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure. (Deriv. uncertain.) προτεραίοs, a, ov, (πρότεροs) on the day before, like δευτεραίος, τριταίος, etc.: ή προτεραία (sub ήμέρα), the day before; τη προτεραία, Lat. pridie, on the day before; c. gen., τη προτεραία της καταστάσιος on the day before the audience.

προτεραίτερος, a, ov, Comp. of προτεραίος, for πρότεροs, very long before, much earlier.

προτερέω, f. ήσω, (πρότερος) to be before, in front, at the head; προτερείν της όδου to be forward on the 2. of Time, to be beforeband, get the start. πρότερος, η, ον, Comp. without any Posit. in use πρότασις, ή, (προτέτασαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προ- (the Sup. being πρώτος), answering to Lat. prior: of Place, before, in front, forward; πόδες πρότεροι the fore-feet. II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεή elder in age; πρότεροι παίδες children by a former marriage; τή προτέροι sc. ήμέρα), on the day before, like προτεροία. 2. as Comp. c. gen, ἐμέο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I. 3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ή οι ήπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον: πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst.. e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεύς the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

προτέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, fur-

ther, forward.

προτέρωσε, Adv. (προτέρω) towards the front, forward.

**προ-τεύχω**, f. ξω, to make or do beforeband: pf. pass. inf. προτετύχθαι, to bave been done beforeband, to be past.

προτί, old Ep form for πρόs. [1]

προτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

προτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

προτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

προτιειλείν, Dor. of προσειλέω.

προτιείποι, Dor. for προσείποι, opt. of προσείπον πρότιθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of προτί-

προ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I προέθηκα Att. πρού- $\theta\eta\kappa a$ : 201. 2  $\pi\rho o\epsilon\theta\eta\nu$  contr.  $\pi\rho o\theta\theta\eta\nu$ , inf  $\pi\rho o\theta\epsilon\hat{\imath}\nu a\imath$ : to place or set before, set out: to hand to, present to:-Med. to bave meat set before one. 2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger. 3 to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix. II. Med to put forth on one's own part, to display also to propose to one's mind, entertain. III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθείναι νεκρόν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view. IV. to put forward: to bold forth, offer, tender. 2. to bo text. V. to put before or over. 2. to bold out as a pre-VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to bonour before or above another, to prefer to another.

2. to prefer in bonour: to bold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in bonour; προτιμάσθαι έε τὰ κοινά to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take beed of, care for.

4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

**προτίμησιs**, ή, a preferring in bonour, preference. **προτιμήτέοs**, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

**προ-τίμιον**, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) bonoured before, worth more than.

προτι-μυθέομαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθέομαι.
προ-τιμωρέω, f. ήσω, to bely beforeband or first:—

Med. to revenge oneself before.

προτί-οπτος, ον, Dor, for πρόσ-οπτος,

προτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep, only used in pres. and impf.; (προτί Dor. for πρός, ὅσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [i], to bonour before another, prefer; προτίειν τινὰ τάφου to deem one more worthy of the bonour of burial than the other.

**πρότμησις, ή,** (προτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

προ-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to venture before or more:—
Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ή, (προτέμνω) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to baul up with rope. From πρότονος, δ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-bead to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast.

2. a balyard.

 $\pi$ ρο-τοῦ, for  $\pi$ ρὸ τοῦ, =  $\pi$ ρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

προ-τράπέσθαι, 2 or. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

**προτρεπτικόs**, ή, όν, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega} s$ , persuasively From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exbort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exbort to: also c. dupl act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προετρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προύτράπόμην in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in beadlong flight: metaph, ἄχεὶ προτραπέσθαι to give one-

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμοῦμαι: 2 αις. 2 προὔδράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth.

II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

self over to grief.

πρό-τρίτα, Adv. (πρύ, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards, bead-foremost, beadlong, with beadlong speed. [ἄ]

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 - Ετύχον:—to bappen before or beforeband: also to meet with first; το προτύχον the first thing that came to hand.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρωεε προύτυψαν the Trojans burst forward.

II. trans. to drive, force on; 201. 2 pass. part. προτωπείε, driven, urged on.

προτύχών, οῦσα, όν, αοτ. 2 part. οf προτυγχάνω. προύβάλον, προύβην, for προεβ -, αοτ. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

προύγράφον, for προέγραφον, impf. of προγράφω. προύδιδάξατο, προύδωκα, προύθετο, for προέθ-. προύθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of προτίθημι. προύθυμήθην, for προεθ-, aor. 1 of προθυμέομαι. προύθυμούμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προύκαμον, for προέκαμον, 20τ. 2 of προκάμνω. προύλαβον, for προέλ-, 20τ. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προύκειτο, προύκινδύνευε, for προεκ-.
προύμάθον, for προεμ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
προύμηθήθην, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμηθέομαι.
προύμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλώσκω.
προύννέπω, ν. sub προενν-.

προύνοησάμην, for προεν-, 201. of προνοέομαι. προύξένησε, for προεξ-, 201. I of προξενέω.

προύξ-επίσταμαι, προύξ-ερευνάω, for προέξ-. προύξερευνάω, for προέξ-ερευνάω.

προύξεφίεμαι, for προεξεφίεμαι.

προ-ϋπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.

προ-ϋπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προϋπηργμαι: (πρό, ὑπάρχω):—to be beforeband in a thing, begin with. c. gen. to be the first to do a thing.

11. intr. to exist before; προυπάρξαντα things that bappened before, past events; τὰ προϋπηργμένα a man's antecedents.

προύπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. I of προπέμπω. προ-ϋπεξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before. προύπεσον, for προέπ-, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.

προ-ϋπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προυπάρχω. προύπινον, προύπιον, for προέπ-, impf. and aor. 2

of προπίνω.

προύπιστήθην, for προέπ-, aor. τ of προεπίσταμαι. προ-ϋπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.

προ-ϋποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
προ-ϋπόκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before.
προ-ϋπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume before band.

προύπτος, ον, contr. for πρόσπτος. προϋπύθόμην, for προέπ-, 201. 2 of προπυνθάνομαι.

προυπυθομην, for προεπ-, 201. 2 οι προπυνθανομαι προύργια τέρος, α, ον, see προύργου.

προύργου, contr. for πρό έργου, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προύργου τι δράν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προύργιαίτερον, α, ον, more serviceable, useful, important; προύργιαίτερον ποιείσθαι to deem of more consequence:—Sup. προύργιαίτατος, η, ον, most serviceable, etc.

προύρρήθην, aor. I pass. of προερέω.

προυστλέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.) προύστάλην, for προέστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω. προύστησα, προύστην, for προέστ-, aor. 1 and 2 of προίστημι.

προύτίθει, προύτυψα, for προετ-.

προύφαινε, for προέφαινε.

προ-υφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from one before. προύφείλω, for προσφείλω.

προύχω, προύχουσι, προύχοντο, for προέχ-.

προ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 - έφηνα: — to bring forth to light, shew forth, manifest, display.

2. to shew forth by word, to declare: — Pass., aor. 2 προυφάνην [d], part. προφανείς, είσα, έν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προυφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard.

Il. to shew beforehand, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a prospect beforehand, promise: — Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. intr. to shine forth: bold a light before.

προφανήναι, 201. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.

προφάνής, ές, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from afar · quite plain or clear; άπό οτ έκ τοῦ προφανοῦς openly.

πρόφαντος, ον, (προφαίνω) sbewn or seen from afar, far-famed. Il. foresbewn, disclosed beforeband. προφάσίζομαι, impf. προψφασιζόμην: f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι: αοτ. 1 προψφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις):
—to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. I pass. προφασισθήναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made

a pretence.

πρόφάσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (προφαίνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. πρόφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. προφάσει, absol. for appearance, for a show or pretence; ἐπὶ προφάσεως and ἐπὶ προφάσει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν οι παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόφασιν μακε] me no excuse: προφάσιος ἔχεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.

πρόφατος, ον, (προφαίνομαι) shewn forth, renowned. προ-φατεύω, προ-φάτης [ā], Dor. for προφητ-.

προφερής, έs, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, α, ον, προφερέστατος, η, ον, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος.

προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω. προ-φέρω, f. προοίσω: αοτ. Ι προήνεγκα: αοτ. 2 προήνεγκον: - to bring before one, bring to, pre-2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objecere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare wat. III. to bear on or away, IV. metaph. to put forto carry or sweep away. ward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; mpoφέρειν τινά δδοῦ to further one on the road. intr. to surpass, excel.

προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 προύφθηον:—to flee forwards or away, flee.

II. c. acc. to flee from, sbun, avoid.

πρό-φημι, to say beforeband, foretell.

προφητεία, ή, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods.

2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching.

προφητεύω Dor. προφάτ -: f. σω: 20τ. I ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word.

II. to expound publicly, preach.

προφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II. προφήτης, ου, ό, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημ): one to shew beforehand, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will prospect beforehand, promise:—Pass. and Med. to of a god, Διος προφήτης έστι Λοξίας πατρύς Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are | µai, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make use called Μουσών προφήται interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

**προφητικόs**, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \eta s)$  oracular.

προ-φήτις, ιδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess. προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 πρού-

 $\phi\theta\eta\nu:$  to outrun, anticipate, be beforeband with.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.

προ-φθίμενος, η, ον, dead or killed before. [ĭ] προ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten beforeband :- Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforehand.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέσμαι to pass the weft to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro. προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to foretell. πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, baving forethought, thoughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. - έως, graciously, willingly, readily,

gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

**πρό-φρων**, ovos,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi\rho\dot{\phi}, \phi\rho\dot{\eta}\nu)$  with forward mind, i. e. earnest, bearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,

προφύγοισθα, Ep. for προφύγοις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφυλάκή, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: al προφυλακαί outposts, picquets: δια προφυλακή ε on guard.

προφυλάκίς, ίδοε, ή, fem Adj. of sq.; ναθε προφυ-

λακίε a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκοι, ὁ, an advanced guard. [v]

προ-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:-to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν έπί τινι to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch .- Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω. προ-φυράω, f. άσω [ā]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:-II. metaph. to concoct, to knead beforeband. brew.

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυκα, to be born before another.

προ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to utter or declare before-II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforehand: 3 sing. imperat. προχαιρέτω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαιρέτω, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforeband.

προ-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to put into the band, deliver up:-Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείε, and pf. προκεχειρισμένοι, to be taken in band, underiaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforeband. ΙΙ. 25 Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦ-

2. to choose, select, appoint.

 $\pi \rho \delta$ -χειρος, ον,  $(\pi \rho \acute{o}, \chi \epsilon \acute{i} \rho)$  at band, close to, convenient: bandy, ready. 2. easy, common. persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f. ησω, to elect before.

προχείρως, Adv. of πρύχειρος, offband, readily: Comp -or épas.

 $\pi$ ρο-χέω, f  $-\chi$ εω̂: aor.  $\pi$ ροέ $\chi$ εα: pf.  $-\kappa$ έ $\chi$ υκα: Pass, aor I προεχύθην [v]: pf. -κέχυμαι:-to pour forth or forward:-Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ès πεδίον προχέοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχνυ, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; πρόχνυ ολέσθαι to perish in a kneeling state, i.e. in wretched plight.

**προχοή,** ή, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur.  $\pi po \chi oai$ , the mouth of a river.

 $\pi \rho \circ \chi \circ \eta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \circ \chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega) = \pi \rho \dot{\sigma} \chi \circ \sigma s$ .

 $\pi \rho o - \chi o i s$ ,  $i \delta o s$ ,  $i \gamma$ , Dim. of  $\pi \rho i \chi o o s$ , a pot.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χους, ή: irreg dat. pl. πρόχουσι:  $(\pi \rho \circ \chi \acute{e} \omega)$ :—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, pitcher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχους: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl προ χρίω, f. ίσω [t], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ov, previous, prior.

πρόχυσις, ἡ (προχέω), α pouring or spreading out;πρόχυσιν ποιείσθαι ούλας κριθών = προχέειν ούλας κριθών, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αί, properly fem pl. of προχυτόs, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ου, ὁ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, α jug or pitcher: an urn, vase. [v]

**προχύτός**, ή, όν, (προχέω) poured forth.

πρό-χωλοs, ov, very lame or balt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or come forward, advance, II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρείν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εὐ προχωρείν to go on well: impers., προχωρεί it goes on well, ώs οἱ δύλφ οὐ προεχώρεε when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

 $\pi \rho o - \omega \theta \epsilon \omega$ , f.  $-\omega \theta \eta \sigma \omega$  and  $-\omega \sigma \omega$ : aor. 1  $\pi \rho o \epsilon \omega \sigma \alpha$ : to push forward, push or urge on; προωθείν αυτόν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to bush off or away, in wrestling.

**προ-ώλης**,  $\epsilon s$ , (πρό, ὅλλυμι) ruined beforeband.

προώρισα, aor. Ι οί προορίζω.

 $\pi \rho \delta$ -ωρος, ον, ( $\pi \rho \delta$ ,  $\tilde{\omega} \rho a$ ) before the time, untimely. προωφειλόμην, impf. pass of προοφείλω.

πρυλέες, ων, oi, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ή, properly fem. of | sident, bold sway. πρυμνόs (sub. vaûs), the hindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop, Lat. puppis: ἐπὶ πρύμνην ανακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἄνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνην the wind impels us right astern: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λῦσαι mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεοs the Acropolis; πρύμνα "Oσσαs the foot of

Mount Ossa.

πρυμναίος, a, ov, (πρύμνα) of a ship's stern. πρύμνη, ή, Ion, and poet, for πρύμνα,

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the ship's stern: generally, from behind.

**πρυμνήσιος**,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi\rho\dot{\nu}\mu\nu\eta)$  of or from  $\alpha$  ship's stern: -as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, sterncables, Lat. retinacula.

πρυμνήτης, ου, δ, (πρύμνη) the steersman, belmsman: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the stern. from the lowest part, Lat. funditus: utterly, root and

πρυμνόν, τό, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρυμνόε.

πρυμνός, η, ω, the bindmost, undermost, endmost: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, πρυμνό: βραχίων the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ύλην ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the root.-Sup. πρυμνότατος, at the lowest end.

πρυμν-οθχος, ον, (πρύμνα, έχω) bolding the ship's II. detaining the fleet.

πρυμν-ώρεια, ή, (πρυμνός, όρος) the bottom or root of a mountain.

πρυτάνεία lon. -ηίη, ή, (πρυτανεύω) the prytaneia or presidency, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the trytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλή or Council of 500, and in the έκκλησία or popular Assembly: - κατά πρυτανείαν by presidencies, 1. e. every 35 or 36 days. public office held by rotation for given periods: mpuτανεία της ημέρης the chief command for the day.

πρύτανειον Ion. - ήιον, τό, (πρύτανις) the presidents' ball, town-ball, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a law-court at

III. pl. πρυτανεία, a sum of money de-Athens. posited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. sacramentum; τιθέναι πρυτανεΐά τινι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him.

πρύτανεύω, f. σω, (πρύτανιε) to be πούτανιε or pre- back, tail.

II. at Athens, to bold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταί were πρυτάνειε for the time being, was called φυλή πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανιε, πρυτανεία): ύ πρυταν εύσας be who put a question to the vote. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνηίη, -ήιον, Ion. for πρυτανεία, -είον.

πρύτανις, εως, δ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότεροs): a prince, ruler, lord. II. a Prytanis or President: at Athens the πρυτάνειε were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming 10 part of the βουλή or Council of 500; out of these fifty πρυτάνειε one was chosen by lot as chief-president (ἐπιστάτηs); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεύs) not of their own body, formed the Presidency (πρυτανεία). The φυλή which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; 'Ακαμαντίε [φυλή] έπρυτάνευε, Φαίνιππος έγραμμάτευε, Νικιάδης έπεστάτει, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phaeimppus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανείον.

πρώ or πρώ, Adv., Att. for πρωί.

πρώην Dor. πρώαν, (πρωί) lately, just now, not long II. the day before yesterday; ago, Lat. nuper. proverb., μέχρι ου πρώην τε και χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e till very lately.

 $\pi \rho \omega \theta - \dot{\eta} \beta \eta s$ , ου,  $\dot{\upsilon}$ , ( $\pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\ddot{\eta} \beta \eta$ ) a youth in his first bloom.

 $\pi \rho \omega \theta$ -ηβος, ον, also η, ον, ( $\pi \rho \omega \tau \sigma s$ ,  $\tilde{\eta} \beta \eta$ ) in the bloom or flower of youth.

 $\pi \rho \omega i$  [τ], Att. shortd.  $\pi \rho \omega$ : Adv.: ( $\pi \rho i$ ):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. mane: c. gen, πρωί ἔτι τῆs ἡμέρηs still early in the day; ἡμέραs τὸ προί the early part of the day; άμα πρωί at early morn; 2. generally, betimes, early,  $d\pi \partial \pi \rho \omega i$  from morn. in good time, Lat. mature, tempestive. II. Comp. πρωιαίτερον, earlier, Sup. πρωιαίτατα, earliest, formed from πρώιος.

πρωία (sub. ωρα), ή, fem. of πρώιοs, morning. [7] πρωιαίτερον, πρωιαίτατα, Comp. and Sup. of πρωί. πρώιζος, ον, = πρώιος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρώιζα, like πρώην, the day before ye terday: but also too early, before the time.

πρώιμος, ον, (πρωί) early. $\pi$ ρωινός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , =  $\pi$ ρώιος. [ $\dot{t}$ ]

πρώιος Att. πρώος, α, ον, (πρωί): early, early in day, at morn; δείλη πρωία the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δείλη οψία, the latter part; προύας, II. early in the season; absol. as Adv., early. πρφα των καρπίμων early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ίδος, ή, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίς) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, δ, (προάγω) the anus, the binder parts,

πρών, πρώνος, δ, contr. from πρηών, πρηόνος; nom. pl. πρώονεs, as if from πρώων:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, beadland, Lat. promontorium; άλιος πρών άμφοτέρας κοινός alas the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρώος, α, ον, Att. for πρώιος.

 $\pi \rho \hat{\omega} \rho a$ , as Ion. ηs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\pi \rho \dot{\phi})$  the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, hows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρώροs) νηθε πρώρη the prow of a ship, like νηθε πρυμνή; πνεθμα τούκ πρώρας a bead-wind, opp. to  $\pi \nu \in \hat{\nu} \mu \alpha$  κατά  $\pi \rho \hat{\nu} \mu \nu \eta \nu$ , a stern-wind. generally, any front: hence a bead, face.

πρώραθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρώρα) first.

from the ship's head, from the front.

πρωρατεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out abead. From

πρφράτης [ā], ου, ὁ, (πρφρα) a man who stood at first: the first cause of ill. the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρφρεύς, ϵως, δ, (πρ<math>φρα) = πρφράτης.

πρώρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρώραθεν.

πρώσαι, πρώσας, πρώσον, contr. for προ-ώσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of  $\pi\rho\omega\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

πρώτα, neut. pl. of πρώτοs, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

**πρωτ-āγόs**, οῦ, ὁ, (πρῶτοs, ἄγω) leading in advance; of πρωταγοί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-άγρια, τά, (πρώτος, άγρα) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ἄγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarum partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρώτ-αρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἄρχω) first-beginning,

primal, originating.

πρωτείον, τύ, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl.,  $\tau a$   $\pi \rho \omega \tau \epsilon ia$  the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-ηρότης, ου, δ, (πρώτος, άρότης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρώτιστος, η, ον, also os, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρώτιστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτό-βολος, ον, (πρώτος, βαλείν) first thrown at or struck. II. parox. πρωτο-βόλος, ον, act.

striking first. πρωτο-γλυφής, έs, (πρωτοs, γλύπτω) newly-carved. **πρωτό-γονος**, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. of rank, bigb-born, illustrious.

3. first-ordained. πρωτό-ζυξ, ϋγος, (πρωτος, ζυγηναι) newly married. πρωτό-θρονος, ov, filling the first seat; irreg. pl. **πρωτ**ύθρονε**s** (as if from πρωτύθρων).

**πρωτο-καθέδρία**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλίσία, ή, (πρώτος, κλίνω) the first place of seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρώτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, δ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λεια, τά, (πρῶτος, λεία) the first spoils in war, the firstfruits: -- as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ή, the right of speaking first. From  $\pi \rho \omega \tau o - \lambda \delta \gamma o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau o s$ ,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ ) speaking first.

πρωτό-μαντις, εως, δ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτό-μορος, ον, (πρώτος, μόρος) dying or dead

πρωτο-πάγής, ές, (πρώτος, παγήναι) first put together, i. e. newly made,

πρωτο-πήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (πρῶτος, πημα) burting

πρωτό-πλοος, ον, Att. contr. -πλους, ουν, (πρῶτοε, πλόοs) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρώτος, ρίζα) being the first root

or origin.

πρώτος, η, ον, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρόατος, Dor. πράτος (the Comp. being πρότεροs):-first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐνὶ πρώτοισι, μετά πρώτοισι among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἀθλα) the first prize; τὰ πρῶτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; έs τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, έων τὰ πρώτα τών Ερετριέων being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθη-3. την πρώpias the chief of the rascality there. την, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with είναι, την πρώτην είναι, like έκων είναι, at first. sing. and plur. πρῶτον, πρῶτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. after a Relative, πρώτον means once, once for all, as, ὄντινα πρώτον λάβωσιν ἄελλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, i.e. once for all. πρώτοιs, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; έν τοις πρώτοι, as if shortd. for έν τοις πρώτοιε πρώτοι first among the first. ΙΙ. πρώτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρώτον ή ., = πρίν ή .., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτό-σπορος, ον, (πρώτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στάτης, ου, ό, (πρώτος, ίσταμαι) one subo stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, ol πρωτόσταται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [ă]

πρωτοτοκία, ή, a bearing her firstborn: and πρωτοτόκια, ων, τά, the privilege of the first-born,

birtbright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρώτος, τεκείν) bearing ber firstborn. II. proparox. πρωτότοκοs, ον, pass. firstborn.

πτάτο, Ep. for έπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι. ΠΤΕΛΕ' A Ion. -έη, ή, the elm, Lat. ulmus. πτέρινος, η, ον, also os, ον, (πτερόν) made of feathers; πτέρινος κύκλος a fan of feathers. feathered, winged. πτερίς, ίδος, and πτέρις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πτερόν) a kind of fern, so called from its leaves being like feathers.  $II. = \pi \epsilon \rho \nu \alpha$ . **ΠΤΕ'PNA** Ion. -νη, ή, the beel. a ham. Πτερνο-γλύφος, δ, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) Ham-scraper, name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia. Πτερνο-τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) Ham-nibbler, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia. Πτερνο-φάγος, δ, (πτέρνα, φάγεῖν) Ham-eater, nameof a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia. πτερο-δόνητος, ον, (πτερόν, δονέω) moved with flapping wings: metaph. bigb soaring, bigb-flown. πτερόεις, εσσα, εν, contr. fem. πτερούσσα, gen. πτεροῦντος: (πτερόν):—feathered, winged: also light as a feather: used by Homer mostly in phrase έπεα πτερόεντα winged words. πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) a feather, mostly in plur. feathers. 2. wings; ὑπὸ πτεροῖs είναι to be under their mother's wings. II. a winged crea-

2. for olovos, an augury, omen.

Poet as it were to heaven.

2. ἀέθλων πτερά the prize which wafts the

πρωτό-φυτος, ον, (πρῶτος, φύω) firstborn.

 $\pi \rho \omega \tau \delta$ -χῦτος,  $ο \nu$ , ( $\pi \rho \hat{\omega} \tau o s$ ,  $\chi \epsilon \omega$ ) first-flowing.

πρώων, ονος, ό, Ep. lengthd. form for πρών.

πταίοισα, Dor. pres part fem. of πταίω.

lest Hellas should get a fall over him.

to make a false step or mistake, to fail.

πτανός, Dor. for πτηνός

animal, 1. e. the bare.

πτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [α]

πταρμός, δ, (πταίρω) a sneezing, sneeze.

πτάς, part. of έπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτάρνυμαι, Dep. = πταίρω, to sneeze.

πτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέταμαι.

πρωύδαν, contr. for προ-αυδάν, inf. of προαυδάω.

II. a failure, misfortune.

down.

sbutter.

offendere.

a mistake, blunder.

**πρωτό-τομος**, ον, (πρῶτοε, τεμεῖν) first cut or cut off. like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, the rows of columns along the sides of Greek temples, whence the terms πρωτό-χνοος, ον contr. -χνους, ουν, with the first απτερος, δίπτερος, περίπτερος. πτερο-ποίκιλος, ον, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) motley-feathered, of pied plumage.  $\pi \tau \epsilon \rho \delta - \pi \sigma \sigma s$ ,  $-\pi \sigma \delta \sigma s$ ,  $(\pi \tau \epsilon \rho \delta \nu, \pi \sigma \sigma s)$  wing-footed πτερορ-ροέω and -ρυέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ :  $(πτερόν, \dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$ : to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult: metaph to ΠΤΑΙ'ΡΩ, f. πτἄρῶ: aor. 1 ἔπτᾶρα: aor. 2 ἔπτἄρον. be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned. -to sneeze; μέγ' ἔπτἄρε be sneezed aloud, which πτερο-φόρος, ον, (πτερύν, φέρω) feathered, winged; was taken for a good omen: -metaph. of a lamp, to πτεροφόρα φυλα the feathered tribes. **πτερο-φυέω**, (πτερόν, φύω) to grow feathers or wings. πταίσμα, τό, (πταίω) a stumble, false step: metaph πτερόω, f. ώσω, (πτερύν) to furnish with feathers or wings, to feather; πτερούν βιβλίον to tie a letter to ΠΤΑΙ'Ω, f. πταίσω: aor 1 έπταισα: Pass., aor. 1 a feathered arrow and shoot it off:-Pass to be feaἐπταίσθην: pf. ἔπταισμαι:-to make to stumble, Lat. 2. of ships, to furnish with oars. II. intrans. (sub.  $\pi \delta \delta a$ ), to strike the πτερύγεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of πτέρυξ. foot, stumble; πταίειν πρ's τινι to stumble against; πτερυγίζω, f. ίσω, (πτέρυξ) to flutter or flap the wings. also, περί τινι, as, μη περί Μαρδονίφ πταίση ή Έλλάs πτερύγιον [ $\vec{v}$ ], τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, a little wing. 2. metaph. anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or, a pointed roof, a pinnacle. πτερύγ-ωκής, έs, (πτέρυξ, ωκύs) swift of wing. πτερυγωτός, ή, όν, (πτερυγόω) fledged, winged, πτάξ, gen. πτἄκός, δ, η, (πτησσω) the convering wing-shaped πτέρυξ, ϋγος, ή, (πτερύν) a wing.Il anything like a wing, as I. a rudder. 2 in plur. the skirts of a coat of mail. 3 the wing of a build-III. anything that covers or protects like ing. IV. metaph, πτέwings, a fold, flap or cape. ρυγες γύων the wings, i. e the flight or flow, of grief. πτερύσσομαι, f ξομαι, Dep = πτερυγίζω. πτέρωμα, ατος, τό, (πτερόω) that which is feathered, a feathered arrow. πτέρωσις, ή, (πτερύω) a feathering, plumage. winged.  $\pi \tau \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ , 20r. 2 inf. of  $\pi \epsilon \tau \sigma \mu \alpha \iota$ . πτηναι, inf. of ξπτην, 2 or. 2 act of πέτομαι.

πτερωτός, ή,  $\dot{\nu}$ , also  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\pi \tau \epsilon \rho \dot{\nu}\omega)$  feathered: πτην-ολέτις, ιδος, ή, (πτηνός, ὅλλυμι) bird-killing

πτηνός, ή, όν Dor. πτανός, ά, όν, (πτηναι) feathered, winged: πτηνά, τά, fowls, birds. III. metaph., πτηνοί μῦθοι, young birds, fledged. like έπεα πτερύεντα, winged, passing words; πτηναί έλπίδεs fleeting hopes.

πτηξαι, aor. I inf. of πτήσσω. πτήσις, ή, (πτήναι) a flying, flight. πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗ ΣΣΩ, fut. πτήξω: aor. Ι έπτηξα Ερ πτήξα: aor. 2 ἔπτἄκον, only found in compd. καταπτἄκών: pf. έπτηχα, Ep. part. πεπτηώs, ωτοs: to frighten, scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. terrere. crouch down or cower for fear; πτησσειν βωμόν to 2. c. acc. to crouch for d crea- flee cowering to the altar.

III. of fear of a thing. anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἐρετμά,

πτήται, Ion. for πτάται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τά τε πτερά νηυσί πέλονται which are the wings of πέτομαι.

> **ΠΤΙ'ΛΟΝ** [τ], τό, a feather: plumage: esp of the 3. the leafage of trees, under feathers, down. II. a wing.

**πτίλό-νωτος**, ον. (πτίλον, νῶτον) with feathered back. **πτἴσάνη** [ἄ], ἡ, (πτίσσω) peeled barley. II. a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel.

**ΠΤΙ'ΣΣΩ**, fut. πτίσω: 201. I ἔπτἴσα: Pass., 201. I ἔπτίσθην: pf. ἔπτισμαι:—to busk, peel or winnow grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.

πτόα Ιοη. πτοίη, ή, (πτοέω) fear, terror.

ITOE Ω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐπτόησα po ἐτ. ἐπτόησα:

—Pass., aor. I ἐπτοήθην poet. ἐπτοίηθην: pf. ἐπτόημαι po ἐτ. ἐπτοίημαι:

—to frighten, scare away:

—Pass. to be scared or dismayed.

II. metaph. to flutter, excite, agitate:

—Pass. to be in a flutter, be agitated:

to be wild, distracted: τὸ πτοηθέν distraction. Hence

πτόησις οι πτοίησις, εως, ἡ, terror: any vehement

passion, excitement.

πτοιέω, πτοίησις, πτοιητός, ν. sub πτοέω πτολεμίζω, πτολεμιστής, etc., Ep. for πολεμ-. πτόλεμος, δ, Ep. for πύλεμος, war.

πτολί-αρχος, ον, Ερ. for πολίαρχος.

πτολίεθρον, τό, Dim. of πτόλιε, but used like πόλιε, a city.

πτολί-πορθος and πτολι-πόρθιος, ον, (πτύλις, πέρθω) sacking or wasting cities: also πτολι-πόρθης, ου, δ.

πτόλις, Ep. for πόλις.

πτόλισμα, Ep. for πόλισμα.

πτόρθος, δ, a young branch, shoot, sucker, sapling. II. a sprouting, shooting, budding.

πτύγμα, ατος, τό, (πτύσσω) anything folded, a fold.
πτυκτός, ή, όν, (πτύσσω) folded; πτυκτὸς πίνας,
folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood,
one folding upon the other.

πτύξ, πτὔχύς, ή, later πτὕχή, ῆς, ἡ, (πτύσσω):—
anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχες
σάκοι plates forming a shield. II. of the clefts
or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look
like folds; a cleft, dell, coomb: so also of the sky,
folds or clouds. III. in form πτυχή, a folding
tablet. IV. in Comedy, wrinkles.

πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. πτϋόφιν, (πτύω) a winnowingshovel or fan, Lat. vannus.

ΠΤΥΡΩ  $[\bar{v}]$ , f. πτὔρῶ:—to frighten, scare, terrify:
—Pass. πτὔρομαι, 201. 2 ἐπτὔρην  $[\bar{v}]$ : to be frightened.
πτὖσμα, 201.  $[\bar{v}]$  spittle.

ITΥ ΣΣΩ, f. ξω: 20τ. 1 ἔπτυξα: Pass, 20τ. 1 ἔπτύχθην: pf. πέπτυγμαι:—to fold or double up, fold and lay by.

II. Pass. to be folded or doubled up: of spear-points, to be folded or bent back.

2. to fold or cling round or to.

III.

Med. to fold round oneself. Hence

πτυχή, ή, see πτύξ.

ITT Ω, f. πτύσω [v]: aor. I ἔπτόσα: pf. pass. ἔπτυσμαι:—to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo. II. to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth. III. metaph., πτύσαs having spat, with an expression of disgust; πτύσαs προσώπφ with loathing in his face. πτωκάς, άδος, ή, (πτωξ, πτώσσω) sby, timorous, fearful.

πτώμα, ατος, τό, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a fall: a misfortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus. II. that which has fallen, a corpse, carcase.

πτώξ, ὁ, ἡ, gen. πτωκύς, (πτώσσω) the cowering animal, i. e. the bare.

πτώσιμος, ον, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) fallen, slain.

πτώσις, εως, ή, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) a falling, fall. πτωσκάζω, poet. for πτώσσω, to crouch for fear.

HTΩ ΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. to croueb or cower from fear: also to go cowering about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar.

2. to flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.

πτωχεία Ion.  $-\eta$ ίη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πτωχεύω) begging, beggary. πτωχεύω, Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πτωχόs):—to be a beggar, beg. II. trans, I. c. acc rei, to get by begging. 2. c. acc. pers. to beg or ask an alms of.

πτωχηίη, Ion. for πτωχεία.

πτωχικός, ή, όν, (πτωχός) of or for a beggar, beggarly.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχύς.

πτωχο-ποιός, όν, (πτωχύς, ποιέω) drawing beggarly characters, of a poet.

πτωχόs, ή, όν, also όs, όν, (πτώσσω) one who crouches or cringes; as Subst., πτωχόs, ό, a beggar: also πτωχόs ἀνήρ a beggarman. II. as Λdj. beggarly, mean, sorry:—later also poor.—Comp. and Sup. πτωχότεροs, -ότατοs; irreg. Comp. πτωχίτεροs.

Πυανέψια (sub.  $i\epsilon\rho\dot{a}$ ),  $\tau\dot{a}$ , ( $\pi\dot{\nu}a\nu\sigma$ s,  $\ddot{\epsilon}\psi\omega$ ) the Pyanepsia, an Athenian festival in the month Πυανεψιών, in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish of beans then eaten. Hence

Πυανεψτών, ῶνος, ὁ, the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Πυανέψια: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.

ΠΥ'A'NOΣ, δ, a bean.

πυγαίος, a,  $o\nu$ , (πυγή) of or on the rump: το πυγαίον ἄκρου the tip of the rump.

πύγ-αργος, ον, (πῦγή, ἀργός) white-rump, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-cagle.

ΠΥ ΓΗ', η̂s, η, the rump, buttocks. Hence πυγίδιον, τό, Dim. a thin, narrow rump. [τ]

πυγμαίοs, a, ov, (πυγμή 11) about a foot long or tall.

II. Πυγμαίοι, ot, the Pigmies, a fabulous race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes.

πυγμάχέω, f. ήσω, to practise boxing, be a boxer.

πυγμάχία, ή, boxing, Lat. pugilatus. From πυγ-μάχος, ον, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) fighting with the fist: as Subst., πυγμάχος, ό, a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυγμή, ή, (πύξ) a fist, Lat. pugnus: also a battle with fists, boxing-match; πυγμήν νικῶν to be conqueror in the contest of boxing.

II. a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles, = 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 14 inches.

III.

 $\pi \nu \gamma \mu \hat{\eta}$ , dat. used as Adv., either =  $\pi \delta \kappa a$ , often, fre- | Πῦθο-χρήστης, ου, Dor. –τας,  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$ , (Πῦθώ, χράω) quently; or up to the elbow.

 $\pi \bar{\nu} \gamma o - \sigma \tau \delta \lambda o s$ ,  $o \nu$ ,  $(\pi v \gamma \dot{\eta}, \sigma \tau o \lambda \dot{\eta})$  with sweeping

train, with trailing robe.

πυγούσιος, a, ov, about 15 inches long. From  $\Pi\Upsilon \Gamma\Omega'N$ ,  $\delta vos$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or  $5 \pi \alpha \lambda \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha i$ , about 15 inches.

πυδαρίζω, f. ίσω, to bop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΈΛΟΣ, ή, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a bathing-tub: a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ou Dor. a, b, the philosopher Pythagoras.

Πῦθαγορίζω, f. ίσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras. Πυθαγοριστής, οῦ, Dor. -ικτάς, ά, δ, <math>(Πυθαγορίζω)a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθέσθαι, 201. 2 inf. of πυνθάνομαι.

πύθευ, Dor. for πὔθοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυνθάνομαι.

Πυθία (sub. léρεια), ή, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

 $\Pi$ ύθια (sub.  $i\epsilon\rho\dot{a}$ ),  $\tau\dot{a}$ , neut. pl. of  $\Pi$ ύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see  $\Pi \nu \theta \dot{\omega}$ ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

 $\Pi \bar{\nu} \theta \iota \dot{\alpha} s$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \delta o s$ , pecul. fem. of  $\Pi \dot{\nu} \theta \iota o s$ ;  $\Pi \nu \theta \iota \dot{\alpha} s$   $\beta o \dot{\alpha}$  a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδοs), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like 'Ολυμπιάs. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ή, ών, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian,

Del phic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi. Πύθιο-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (Πύθια, νῖκάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πῦθιό-νῖκος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to

a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, a, ov, (Πῦθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, of, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμήν, ένος, δ, (βυθός) the bollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμήν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοί, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or

Delphi.

πύθοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι. Πυθοίδε, Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθύκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, δ, ή, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian II. used as Adj, of the Pythian prophet: Πυθόμαντιε έστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

a consulter of the Pythian god.

 $Π \bar{\nu} \theta \delta$ -χρηστος, ον, ( $Π \bar{\nu} \theta \omega$ , χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥ'ΘΩ [v̄]: fut. πύσω: 20r. 1 ἔπνσα Ερ. πνσα:-to make rot, to rot, corrode: - Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πῦθώ, gen. οῦs, dat. οῖ, ἡ, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πῦθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πῦθῶθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

 $\Pi \bar{\upsilon} \theta \dot{\omega} \mathbf{v}$ ,  $\hat{\omega} \boldsymbol{v} o \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , older form for  $\Pi \upsilon \theta \dot{\omega}$ .

 $\Pi \bar{\nu} \theta \omega \nu \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$ , Adv., =  $\Pi \nu \theta \hat{\omega} \theta \epsilon \nu$ , from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκινός, πυκνόs, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently. πυκάζω old Dor. -άσδω: f. άσω: aor. I ἐπύκασα Ερ. πύκασα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα).—to make thick or close, cover up closely, enwrap; πυκάζειν στεφάνοιs to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. I and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείε and πεπυκασμένοs, thickly covered, well clothed. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over: - Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσδω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

πύκι-μηδής, ές, (πυκινός, μηδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet

πυκινός, ή, όν, poet. lengthd form for πυκνός: neut. πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbrewdly. πυκινό-φρων, ονος, (πυκινός, φρήν) wise-minded.

πυκινώς, Adv. of πυκινός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v. πυκνίτης, ου,  $\delta_i = \pi \nu \nu \kappa i \tau \eta s$ , (Πνύξ) assembling in the Pnyx. [i]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v. πυκνό-πτερος, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered. πυκνορ-ράξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) οι πυκνο-ρώξ, -ωγος, o, ή, (πυκνός, ρωξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πυκίνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\nu} \xi)$ :—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: tbick, closepacked, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκινά βέλεα a thick shower of darts. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. excessive. IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence sbrewd, discreet, wise. besides the regular Adverbs πυκνῶε and πυκινῶε, Homer also uses neuters πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv., I. closely, firmly, fast. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbrewdly.

πυκνόs, gen. of πνύξ. πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίζω) thick-spotted,

dappled, brindled. πυκνότης, ητος, ή, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness, denseness. II. frequency.

III. metaph. wisdom, sbrewdness, discretion.

πυκνόω, f. ώσω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid: to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :-Pass, to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνώς. Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλίζω, f.  $\sigma \omega_i = \pi \nu \kappa \tau \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega_i$ , to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box. spar: to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ό, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil. πυκτικός, ή, όν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing. πυκτίς, ίδος, ή, (πτύσσω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ίδος, ή, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἄγόρας or Πυλ-αγόρος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλαγορέω, f. ήσω, to be a Πυλαγίραs, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἄγόρος, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, al, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαία (sub. σύνοδος), ή, fem. of πυλαίος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council: also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχος, ον, (πύλος οι πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylos

πυλαίοs, a,  $o\nu$ , (πύλη) at or before the gate. (Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [τ]

πύλ-άρτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (πύλη, ἀραρίσκω) be that keeps the gate of bell: Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλα-ωρός, δ, (πίλη, ώρα) Ep. for πυλωρός, keeping the gate: as Subst., πυλαωρός, δ, a gate-keeper, Lat.

janitor. ΠΥ'ΛΗ, ή, a gate: in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to  $\theta \dot{\nu} \rho a$  (a bouse-door): but also =  $\theta \dot{\nu} \rho a$ , the door of a bouse. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, al, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [v]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, δ, Ιοπ. for Πυλαγόρας.

πύλη-δόκος, δ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate. πυλίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern. Πύλόθεν, Adv. (Πύλοε) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, ές, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πυλόνδε, Adv. (Πύλοε) to or towards Pylos.

πύλος,  $\delta$ , = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλοs, δ or ή, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled: there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [v]

 $π \dot{\nu} \lambda$ -ουρός, δ,  $(π \dot{\nu} \lambda \eta, o \dot{\nu} \rho o s)$  a gate-keeper.

πύλοω, f. ώσω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :- Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πυλών, ωνος, ό, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-bouse: also a porch or vestibule.

πυλωρέω, to be a gate-keeper. From

c. inf. to bear or learn that ...

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ώρα) a gate-keeper, warder. πύματος, η, ον, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last: πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακοε, δ, (πυθμήν) the bottom of a vessel. πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πεύθομαι: f. πεύσομαι Dor. πευσούμαι: aor. 2 ἐπὔθόμην, imperat. πυθού Dor. πύθευ, inf. πῦθέσθαι, Ep. 3 sing opt πεπύθοιτο: pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυσαι Ερ. πέπυσσαι: plqpf. ἐπεπύσμην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθην: - to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry: to bear, learn, understand: c. gen. to bear of, bear news of: also c. acc. to inquire about:

ΠΥΈ, Adv. with clenched fist; πὺξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, 1, e, at boxing,

πυξίνεος,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ , and πύξίνος,  $\eta$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $(\pi \dot{\nu} \xi \alpha s)$  made of box-wood.

 $\Pi\Upsilon'\Xi O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree: also its

MΥO'Σ or πῦος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππαξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo!

 $\Pi\Upsilon$ P,  $\pi \bar{\nu} \rho \dot{\nu} s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\nu}$ , fire;  $\pi \hat{\nu} \rho \Delta \iota \dot{\nu} s$  the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverisb III. to express things terrible; κρείσσον bope. άμαιμακέτου πυρύε stronger than invincible fire; δια πυρος lévas to go through fire and water. Hence

πυρά, ων, τά, watch-fires, only in pl. πυρά, âs, Ion. πυρή, ηs, ή, the place where fire is kindled: a funeral-pyre: also a burial-place. an altar for burnt-sacrifice: also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-άγρα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πῦρ, ἀγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs. πύρ-αγρέτης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \pi \nu \rho \dot{\alpha} \gamma \rho \alpha$ .

πύρ-αίθω, (πυρά, αΐθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πυρ-ακτέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ ,  $(\pi \hat{\nu} \rho$ ,  $\tilde{\alpha} \gamma \omega)$  to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

 $\pi \bar{\nu} \rho \dot{\alpha} \mu \dot{\nu} \nu \sigma_s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\sigma \nu$ ,  $(\pi \nu \rho \dot{\nu} s) = \pi \dot{\nu} \rho \nu \sigma_s$ , of wheat, wbeaten.

πυράμίς, ίδος, ή, a pyramid:—an Egyptian word. πυράμους, ούντος, δ, contr. for πυραμόεις, (πυρός) α cake of roasted wheat and honey; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch: generally, the meed or trize of victory.

πύρ-αυγής, ές, (πῦρ, αὐγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv (πίργος) like a tower. II. of soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ήσω, to shut up in a tower: - Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυργ-ήρης, εε, (πύργοε, ἀρᾶρεῖν) sbut up in a tower, beleaguered : besieged. πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret. πύργινος, η, ον, (πύργος) strong as a tower. πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret. πυργο-δάϊκτος, ον, (πύργος, δαίζω) destroying towers. [a] πυργο-μάχέω, (πύργος, μάχομαι) to assault o batter towers.  $\Pi\Upsilon'P\GammaO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a tower: in plur, walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2 metaph a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark; πύργος θανάτων 3. the highest part of a bulwark against death. any building. II. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργηδόν. πυργο-φόρος, ον, (πύργος, φέρω) tower-bearing.  $\pi$ υργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ( $\pi$ ύργος, φύλαξ) a towerguard, warder. [v] πυργόω, f. ώσω, (πύργος) to gird or fence with towers: - Med. to build towers: - Pass. to be furnished with a tower. II. to raise up to a towering beight: metaph., πυργῶσαι δήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme: ' hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate: - Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, baughty.  $\pi$ υργ-ώδης, εε, ( $\pi$ ύργος, εlδος) like a tower. πύργωμα, ατος, τό, (πυργόω) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls. πυργώτις, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργόω) towering. πυρ-δάής, ές, (πῦρ, δαίω) burning with fire, incendiary πύρειον Ion. πυρήιον, τό, (πυρ) plur. πυρήια, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire. πυρέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πυρέξω: 201. Ι ἐπύρεξα: fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.  $(\pi \nu \rho \epsilon \tau \acute{o}s)$ :—to be feverish, be sick of a fever. πύρετός, οῦ, ὁ, (πῦρ) burning beat, fiery beat. esp. feverish beat, a fever; πυρετός τριταίος, τεταρraios a tertian, quartan fever. πύρεύς, έως, δ,  $(π \hat{v} \rho)$  a fire-proof vessel. πυρή, η̂s, ή, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά. πυρήιον, τό, Ion for πυρείον. ΠΥ PHN, ηνος, δ, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.  $\pi \tilde{\mathbf{v}} \rho - \hat{\mathbf{n}} \mathbf{v} \epsilon \mu \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s}$ , ov,  $(\pi \hat{\mathbf{v}} \rho, \tilde{\mathbf{o}} \mathbf{v} \epsilon \mu \mathbf{o} \mathbf{s})$  fanning fire. πυρη-τόκος, ον, (πυρός, τεκείν) wheat-producing.

of \*φένω) wheat-slaying, epith of a millstone.

thrown on hot embers to produce steam.

πυριατήριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πυριάω, (πυρία) to put into a vapour-bath.

ings, i. e. the first milk after calving.

wbeat-bearing.

πυρί-γενέτης, ου,  $\dot{0}$ , = πυριγενής. πυρί-γενής, ές, (πυρ, γενέσθαι) born of fire: wrought or forged by fire. πυρι-γόνος, ον, (πυρ, γενέσθαι) fire-producing. πυρί-δαπτος, ον, (πυρ, δάπτω) devoured by fire. πυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρόs. πυρι-ήκης, εs, (πυρ, ἀκή) pointed in the fire, Lat. praeustus. πυρι-καής,  $\epsilon$ s, = πυρ $\epsilon$ καυ $\sigma$ τ $\sigma$ s. πυρί-καυστος, ον, (πυρ, καίω) burnt in the fire. πυρί-κοίτης, εs, (πυρ, κοίτη) wherein fire lies asleep. πυρι-λαμπής, ές, (πυρ, λάμπω) bright with fire. πύρινος  $[\check{v}]$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\pi\hat{v}\rho)$  of fire, fiery: sparkling. πύρινος  $[\bar{v}]$ , η, ον,  $(\pi\bar{v}\rho\dot{v}s)$  of wheat, wheaten. πύρι-πνέων, ουσα, ον, (πῦρ, πνέων) fire-breathing. πυρί-πνοος, ον contr. –πνους, ουν, (πυρ, πν ϵω) firebreathing: glowing, fiery. πυρί-σπαρτος, ον, (πυρ, σπείρω) sowing fire, inflaming. πύρι-σπείρητος, ον, (πῦρ, σπειράω) swathed in fire. πυρί-στακτος, ον, (πυρ, στάζω) streaming with fire. πυρίτης  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , ου, δ, fem. πυρίτις, ιδος,  $(\pi \hat{\nu} \rho)$  of or conversant with fire. πύρι-τρόφος, ον, (πῦρ, τρέφω) cherishing fire. πυρί-φάτος, ον, (πυρ, πέφαται) slain by fire. Πυρι-φλεγέθων, οντος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\pi \hat{v}\rho, \phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \omega)$  one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing. πυρι-φλεγής, έs, and πυρι-φλέγων, οντοs, δ, (πυρ, φλέγω) blazing with fire, flaming. πυρί-φλεκτος, ον, (πυρ, φλέγω) burnt or blazing with fire : fiery. πυρίχη, ή, poet. for πυρρίχη. πυρ-καεύς, έως, δ, (πῦρ, καίω) a fire-kindler. πυρκαϊά Ion. -ιή, ή, (πῦρ, καίω) any place where 2. a fire, confla-3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive. πυρναῖος, α, ον, (πύρνον) fit to eat, ripe. πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρινον (sub. σιτίον), neut. of πύρινοs (πυρόs), wheaten bread. 2. anything fit to eat, food generally. πυρο-γενής, έs, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) made from wheat. πυρόεις, εσσα, εν, (πῦρ) fiery.II. ὁ πυρύειs the planet Mars, from his fiery colour. πυροκλοπία, ή, the fire-theft. From πυρη-φάτος, ον, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. πυρο-κλόπος, ον, (πυρ, κλέπτω) fire-stealing. πυρο-λόγος, ον, (πυρός, λέγω) reaping wheat. πυρη-φόρος, ον, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) πυροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to deal in wheat. From πυρο-πώλης, ου, ό, (πυρός, πωλέω) a wheat-merπύρία, ή, (πῦρ) a vapour-bath, consisting of an aircbant, corn-mercbant. tight covering, within which fragrant substances were πύρορ-ράγής, ές, (πῦρ, ραγηναι) bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. nupoppayés, cracked. πυριάτη [ā], ή, (πυόs) a pudding made with beestπυρός, δ, wheat: in plur. grains of wheat. πυρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?) πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing. πυρο-φόρος, ον, (πυρός, φέρω) wheat-bearing. πυρί-βλητος, ον, (πυρ, βάλλω) striking with fire. πύροω, f. ωσω, (πυρ) to set on fire, to burn: to burn

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. to fumigate.

πυρ-παλαμάω, f. ήσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks. πυρ-πάλαμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire. πύρ-πνοος, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ήσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολείν τοὺς ἄνθρακας to stir up or fan the fire. II to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon. πυρ-πόλος, ον,  $(\pi \hat{v} \rho, \pi o \lambda \epsilon \omega)$  busted with fire: wast-

ing with fire, scorching.
πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίαs, ου,  $\delta$ , (πυρρόs) name of a slave, used of the red-barred slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησιs), ή, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion:

proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [τ]

πυρρίχιακός, ή, όν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre. πυρρίχιζω, f. ίσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὅρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. ποὺς πυρρίχιος α pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετά, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called παρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (πυρριχίζω) a dancer of the Pyrrbic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρόε, γένειον) red-bearded. πυρρο-θριξ, τρίχος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-baired. πυρρο-σπίπης [ $\bar{l}$ ], ου,  $\delta$ , (πυρρός,  $\delta min\pi \tau \epsilon i\omega$ ) one ibat ogles boys, with an allusion to  $\pi \bar{\nu} p - o\pi i\pi \eta s$  ogling wheat, i. e, dinner in the Prytaneum.

πυρρός, ά, όν, Ion. ή, όν, old Att. πυρσός, ή, όν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθόs: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρό-τρίχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσόs) to make red, tinge with red πυρσεύω, (πυρσόs) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires.

II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-sbooting. πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-baired. πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed. πυρσός, οῖ, ὁ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ): a firebrand, torch.

II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ή, όν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός. πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῦν) fire-producing. πυρσ-άδης, ες, (πυρσός, είδος) like a firebrand,

bright-burning. **πυρσ-ώροs**, ό, (πυρσό», ὥρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ήσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

 $\pi \nu \rho$ -φόρος, ον,  $(\pi \hat{\nu} \rho, \phi \epsilon \rho \omega)$  fire-bearing, charged

II. with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἰστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεδε iks. πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i.e. who produces plague or fever. III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemounan army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, ἔδει μηδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

π $\dot{\nu}$ ρ-ωπ $\dot{o}$ s,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $(π\hat{v}$ ρ,  $\dot{\omega}$  $\psi$ ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πυρόω) a setting on fire, burning. πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πῦτίζω, f. ίσω, (πτύω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτῖναῖος, α, ov, plaited with willows. From ΠΥΤΙ'ΝΗ, ή, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [ī]

πύτισμα, ατοε, τό, (πυτίζω) that which one spits out. πω Ion. κω, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, butherto, mostly with negat. II.  $\pi\hat{\omega}$ ; Signan for  $\pi\hat{\omega}$ ; as interiog. where?

 $\Pi\Omega'\Gamma\Omega N$ , woos,  $\delta$ , the beard;  $\pi\omega\gamma\omega\nu$   $\pi\nu\rho\delta$  a beard or tail of fire Hence

πωγωνίας, ου, ό, bearded; ἀστηρ πωγωνίας a bearded star, 1, e. a comet.

πωγώνιον, τύ, Dim. of πώγων, a little beard πωγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πώγων, φέρω) wearing a beard. πώεα, τά, pl. nom. ot πῶυ.

πωλεία, ή, (πωλεύω) a breeding of foals.

πωλέομαι Ion. πωλεύμαι, whence part. πωλεύμενος, impf. πωλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πωλέσκετο: fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πολέω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place. c. gen., άγγελίης πωλείσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλεύμην, Ερ. for ἐπωλούμην, impf. of πωλέομαι.

πώλευσις, ή, (πωλεύω) borse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλοs) to break in a young borse.
πωλέω, Ion. impf. πωλέεσκον: f. ἡσω; (\*πολάω,
which occurs in ἐμ-πολάομαι):—to sell, opp. to ἐνεῖσθαι: πωλεῖν πρόε τινα to deal with one:—πωλεῖν
τέλη to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be
sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf.
πιπράσκω.

πώληs, ου, δ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

πώλησις, η, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop.

II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητήε.

πωλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer. II. at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπώλουν, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ή, όν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for borses; απήνη πωλική a chariot drawn by II. poet. virgin, maidenly. borses.

πωλίον, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony. πωλοδαμνέω, f. ήσω, to break young borses.

metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ου, δ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a borse-breaker. πωλο-μάχος, ον, (πωλος, μάχομαι) fighting on borseback of in a chariot. [a]

 $\Pi\Omega \cap \Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$  and  $\eta$ , a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a young girl, maiden, like μόσχος, πόρτις, Lat. juvenca: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πώλυ-πος, δ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πωμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.) πωμα, ατοs, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πώ-μάλα, Adv. for πω̂s μάλα; bow in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶs, not

the least, by no means.

πω-ποτε, (πω, ποτε) ever yet, mostly with a negat.  $\pi\omega\rho$ Ivos,  $\eta$ , ov,  $(\pi\omega\rho\sigma)$  made of tufa or tuff-stone. πώροs, o, tuff-stone, Lat. topbus, Ital. tufa, friable and porous.

πωρόω, f. ώσω, (πῶροs) to petrify, turn into stone. II. generally, to barden, make callous. III. metaph. in Pass. to become bardened or callous, of the heart.

πωρωσις, εως, η, (πωρόω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. πωρόσμαι, bardness of beart, callousness.

πωs Ion. κωs, interrog. Adv. bow? in what way or manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit, πω̂ε άγωνος ήκομεν; bow are we come off in the contest? II. at the beginning of a speech, How now? πω̂s γάρ ...; as if something had gone before, How should that be, for it cannot be that ..? so also πωs  $\delta \dot{\eta}$ ;  $\pi \hat{\omega} s \gamma \dot{\alpha} \rho \delta \dot{\eta}$ ; III.  $\pi \hat{\omega} s \, \hat{a} \nu$  with the opt. expresses a wish, O bow might I..? would that I could! πωs αν ολοίμην; would that I could perish ! IV. καὶ πῶs; introducing an objection, yet bow can that be? but bow? V. πω̂s ov; Lat. quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πω̂s δοκείs; bow think you? i. e. you cannot think how.

πωs Ion. κωs, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. aliquo modo.

(Strictly speaking, πω is Adv. of \*πόs; quis? whence  $\pi o \hat{v}$ ,  $\pi o \hat{i}$ ,  $\pi \hat{\eta}$ , etc.)

πωτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι,

to fly. Hence πώτημα, ατος, τό, flight.

 $\Pi\Omega^{\Upsilon}$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau o'$ , pl.  $\pi \omega \epsilon a$ ,  $\tau a'$ , a flock of sheep, with or without οίων, opp. to βοων αγέλαι.

P, ρ, δω, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral  $\rho' = 100$ , but  $\rho = 100,000$ .

Dialectic changes of  $\rho$ : I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, οὐτορ μάρτυρ for οὐτοε μάρτυς: so in Lat. arbor arbos, bonor bonos. in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρσ passed into ρρ, as άρρην θάρροs, for άρσην θάρσοs. III. Att., ρ was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκραρος σιγηρός, for κλίβανος ναύκληρος σιγηλός. IV. in Poets, ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for θράσο**ε**. V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat. and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἄρρωστος, ἔρριψε. VI. p at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρή ὑπο ριπήs, σπεύδειν VII.  $\rho$  was called by the ancients απο δυτήρος. littera canina,-irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat, Lucil.

pá, enclit. Particle, Ep. for apa, q. v. [a] PA or pa, Adv. easily: see pea, peia.

ραββί, δ, indecl, Hebrew word, Rabb-i, i.e. my master: - so also passovi or passouvi, o, Rabb-oni, my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

ραβδίζω, f. σω, (ράβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

δαβδίον, τό, Dim. of δάβδοs, a small wand,

δαβδονομέω, f. ήσω, to sit as umpire. From δαβδο-νόμος, ον, (ράβδος, νέμω) bolding a rod or wand: as Subst.,  $\dot{\rho}\alpha\beta\delta o\nu \dot{\rho}\mu os$ ,  $\dot{\delta}_{1}=\dot{\rho}\alpha\beta\delta o\hat{\nu}\chi os$ , the Roman Lictor.

 $\mathbf{PA'B\Delta O\Sigma}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a rod, wand, stick, switch. magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes. 3. a fishing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. m pl. βάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ραβδουχέω, f. ήσω, (ραβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor: -Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

ραβδουχία, ή, the office of lictor.

ραβδ-οῦχος, ον, (ράβδος, έχω) carrying a rod: as Subst., ραβδοῦχο**s**, δ, one wbo bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire. 2 a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle:-at Rome, a lictor.

 $\phi$ αβδο-φόρος, ον, =  $\phi$ αβδο $\hat{v}$ χος.

ραβδωτός, ή, όν, (ράβδος) striped, streaked, Lat

virgatus. ράγάς, άδος, ή, (ραγήναι) a rent, chink.

βάγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βήγνυμι. βαγδαĵos, a, ον, (βάσσω) tearing, furious.

φαγίζω, f. ίσω, (ράξ) to gather grapes.

ράγο-λόγος, ον, (ράξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

φαδινάκη, ή, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

'PA'ΔΙ'NO'Σ, ή, όν, Aeol. βραδινός, ά, όν, slender:

taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ράδιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, Ion. ρηίδιος, η, ον [τ], or of διος, η, ον (ρα, ρέα, ρεία), easy, easy to make or do; οίμοι βηιδίη an easy road: c. inf., τάφροι φηιδίη περήσαι a trench easy to cross:—also light,

II. of persons, easy, ready, simple, little-beeded. willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. facilis, 2. in bad sense, beedless, reckless. commodus. The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root pa: Comp. paw, neut paw Ion. δηίων, δήιον Εp. δηίτερος contr. δάτερος:- Sup. δαστος, η, ον Ιοη. δήιστος Dor. δάϊστος Ερ. δηίτατος. φαδιουργέω, f. ήσω, (ραδιουργός) to do with II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbebave. a. to lead an easy, lazy life. Hence

ραδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and ραδιουργία, ή, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility. II. in bad sense, reck-2. indolence, laziness. lessness.

ραδι-ουργός, όν, (ράδιος, ἔργον) doing things easily, II, in bad sense, acting lightly or careready.

lessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ραδίως Ep. and Ion. ρηιδίως, Adv. of ράδιος, easily, lightly, readily; ραδίως φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ραθάμιγξ, ιγγος, ή, (ραίνω) a drop. II. of solids,

a grain, bit.

ράθα-πυγίζω, (ράσσω, πυγή) to slap one on the

βαθυμέω, f. ήσω, (βάθυμος) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. to slacken work, be idle. Hence

ραθυμία, ή, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, care-II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggisbness, laziness. III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

φά-θυμος, ον, (ράδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thought-II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence ραθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; ραθύμως φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

paιβό-κρανος, ον, (paιβός, κράνιον) crook-beaded. PAIBO'Σ, ή, όν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ραιβο-σκελής, έs, (ραιβός, σκέλος) crook-legged. βατίω Ion. δηίζω, f. tow, (βάδιος) to grow easy: to

find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

'PAI'NΩ, fut. ἡἄνῶ: 201. 1 ἔρρᾶνα, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. βάσσατε (as if from \*βάζω)): pf. pass ερρασμαι (also from \*ράζω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf ερράδαται, -ato:-to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

φαισέμεναι, Ep. for βαίσειν, fut. inf. of βαίω.

ραίση, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ραίω

βαιστήρ, ηροε, δ, (ραίω) a breaker, crusber: a

'PAI'Ω, f. σω: aor. 1 έρραισα:—to break, smash, sbiver, sbatter: - Pass. to be sbivered, sbattered, crusbed. II. to crush, destroy:-Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

pará, o, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.) βάκιον, τό, Dim. of βάκος, a rag, shred, patch: in plur., rags. [a]

**ράκιο-συρραπτάδης**, ου, δ, (ράκιον, συρράπτω) α rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ράκό-δύτος, ον, (ράκος, δύω) clad in rags: ragged. ράκόεις, εσσα, εν, ragged, tattered. II. wrin-

kled. From

'PA'KOΣ [ă], εος, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. βάκεα, βάκη, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or sbred of clotb. 2. in plur. wrinkles. metaph., σώματος βάκος a sbred of life, of an old

βακόω, f. ώσω, (βάκος) to tear in strips. Hence ράκωμα, ατος, τό, = ράκος, a rag: m pl. rags. [ἄ] 'PA'MNOΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence

**Paμνουs**, οῦντοs, ὁ, Rhamnus, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from ραμνύεις, εσσα, εν, thorny. Hence

'Paμνούσιος, a, ov, of Rhamnûs: ή 'Paμνουσία the Rhamnusian goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at Rhamnûs.

**PA'MΦOΣ**, eos. τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ράνίς, ίδος, ή, (ραίνω) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ραντήριος, a, ov, (ραίνω) sprinkled: reeking. ραντίζω, f. σω, (ραίνω) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

φαντισμός, δ, (φαντίζω) a sprinkling, purification. ράξ, gen. ράγός, ή, a grape; cp. Lat. racemus. ράον, neu. of ράων, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ραόνωs, Adv. of ράων, more easily.

ραπίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ρεράπισμαι: (ραπίε):--to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ράπίς, ίδος, ή, (ράβδος) a rod, stick.

ράπισμα, ατος, τό, (ράπίζω) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ραπτός, ή, όν, (ράπτω) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered; ραπτή σφαίρα a ball patched of divers colours.

'PATITΩ, f. δάψω: aor. I ἔρραψα Ερ. δάψα: Pass., aor. 2 έρράφην [a]: pf. έρραμμαι:—to sew or stitch together: - Med to stitch, sew, patch for one-II. later, to work with the needle, emself. broider. III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρραψα**ε** μὲν σύ, υπεδήσατο δε Άρισταγόρη: this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i.e. you planned the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string together.

Páριος, a, ον, from Raros, Rarian: 'Ράριον (sub. πεδίον), τό, the Rarian plain near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called

Pαριάs. From

Pâρos, ου, ὁ, Raros, father of Triptolemus.

ράσσατε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ραίνω (as if from \* ράζω).

'PA' ΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. 1 έρραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to | strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ρήσσω, ρήγνυμι.

ράστα, neut. pl. of ράστος, as Adv., most eauly. ράστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ράδιος, contr. of ράιστος, most easy.

ραστωνεύω, = ραθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From ραστώνη Ion. ρηστώνη, η, (ραστος) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. facilitas; ἐκ ρηστώνης τῆς Δημοκήδεος from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing. absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ράτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ράδιος, more easy. ράφανίδοω, (ραφανίε) to punish as an adulterer. ράφανίς, ίδος, ή, the radish, Lat. raphanus. From PA'ΦΑ'ΝΟΣ, ή, cabbage. [βά]

ράφεύς, έως, δ, (ράπτω) a stitcher, sewer.

metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner.
δάφη ἡ (δάπτον) a seam: δαφη κοανίου the sutu

ραφή, ή, (ράπτω) a seam; ραφή κρανίου the suture of the skull.

ράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ράπτω.

 $\delta \Delta \phi \delta \delta \delta \delta s$ ,  $\delta \delta = \delta \alpha \phi \delta s$ .

ραφίς Dor ραπίς, ίδος, η, (ράπτω) a needle, pin ραχία Ion. ρηχίη, η, (ράσσω) like ρηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to άμπωτις the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood.

II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break.

2. a mountain-ridge.

ραχίζω, f. ίσω, (ράχις) to cut through the spine: to

cleave in twain, bew in pieces.

φάχις [α], gen. 10s Att. εωs, η, the back of men or animals, the chine: also the backbone, Lat. spina dorsi; υπό ράχιν παγήναι to be impaled.

II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

þaχόs Ion. þηχόs, οῦ, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar. a thorn-bedge. 3 a thorn-stick, a twig.

ράψαι, aor 1 inf. of ράπτω.

ραψφδέω, f. ήσω: (ραψφδός):—to recite poems:— Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by beart or rote, declaim: to resterate, keep saying that... Il c. acc. pers. to sing of one. Hence ραψφδία, ή, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ραψ-φδός, ό, (ράπτω, φδή) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodust; sometimes of the hard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called rhapsodies, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called ραψφόδι κύων, from proposing her riddle.

ράων, ον, irreg. Comp. of ράδιος, more easy. bea. Ep. Adv. for ρα (whence ράδιος), easily, lightly.

[o o, but also contr. as one long syll.]

"Pέα, ή, Ep. and Ion. 'Pείη or 'Pέη, Rhea, wife of stream, run glibly. Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. flow or melt away, from έρα, Earth?)

stream, pour.

**PETKO**, f.  $\beta \ell \gamma \xi \omega$ , to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

'PE'ΓΟΣ, εος,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\dot{p}\hat{\eta}\gamma os$ , a rug, coverlet.  $\dot{p}\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\chi\omega$ , =  $\dot{p}\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\kappa\omega$ , q. v.

βέδη, ή, a wagon, from the Lat. rbeda.

ρέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for ρείθρον, a stream.

'PE'ZΩ, Ion. impf ρέζεσκον: fut. ρέξω: 20τ. 1 ἔρεξα and ἔρρεξα: of Pass. only 20τ. 1 ρέχθηναι is used:— like ἔρδω, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. 20t. to do something to one: also c Adv., κακῶς ρέζειν τινά to maltreat one.

Il. ἱερὰ ρέζειν θεῷ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. sacra facere: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. operari, facere.

'PE'ΘΟΣ, εos, τό, a limb. II. the face, coun-

tenance.

П.

βεῖα, another Ep. form of βέα, Adv. of βάδιοs, easily, lightly, carelessly.

Pelη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for Péa.

| βείθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion βέεθρον, (βέω) a river, stream.

2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ρέκτειρα, ή, fem. of δεκτήρ.

ρεκτήρ, ηρος, δ, (δέζω) a doer, agent

βέμβομαι, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

pέξαι, pέξαs, aor. I inf. and part. of ρέζω.

 $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}os$ ,  $\dot{\tau}\dot{o}$ ,  $(\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega)$  a stream.

'PE'ΠΩ, f. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. verge, inclinare: hence simply to fall or turn downwards.

2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh.

3. of dutics, to fall or devolve upon one.

5. of events, to incline, fall, bappen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards...

II.

trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: thence in Pass., ίσως βέπεσθαι to be equally balanced up or poised.

ρερύπωμένος, pf. pass. part. of ρυπόω.

φεθμα, ατος, τό, (ρέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

δεύσομαι, fut. of δέω, to flow.

pexθels, aor. I pass. part. of ρέζω.

\*PE'Ω, to say, root of some tenses given under

έρέω, είπον.

"PE'Ω, f. δεύσομαι: Att. fut. δνήσομαι and aor. a ἐρρόην, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἐρρόηνα:—to flow, run, stream, gusb; βέεν αϊματιγαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, βείτω χώρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; βέειν ἀπὸ χιόνος to flow from melted snow.

2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly.

3. to fall, drop off.

4. to flow or melt away.

Stream, pour.

ρηγμα, ατοι, τό, (ρήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

δηγμίν or -μίς, gen. ινος, δ, (δήγνυμι) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf.

taph, the verge or edge of a thing.

THTNY MI or -ύω: 3 sing. impf. βήγνυσκε, Ion. for έρρηγνυ: fut. ρήξω: 20r. Ι έρρηξα: pf. 2 έρρωγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. δήξομαι: Ep. aor. Ι δηξάμην:---Pass.: fut. 2 δάγήσομαι: aor. Ι έρρηχθην, more usu. aor. 2 έρράγην [α]: pf. έρρηγμαι:- to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign 2. as a term of war, to break a line of of grief. battle; τὸ μέσον ρηξαι to break through the centre: -also in Med., δήξασθαι στίχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:-also absol. both in Act. and Med., ρηξαι, ρηξασθαι, to break or force one's way 3. to let break loose, to unchain, let loose; βηξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's rumpere vocem: so, δηξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; 4. in form δήσσω, βήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like light-3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. intr. chiefly in pf. epparya, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks: - metaph, to burst or gush fortb.

ρήγνυσκε, Ion. tor ἐρρήγνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ρήγνυμι. 'PH' ΓΟΣ, εοε, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

δήδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from δηίδιος, easy.

δηθείs, aor. I part. pass. of έρέω, έρω: δηθηναι inf. **ρηίδιος**, η, ον, Ιοπ. for ράδιος, easy.

φήιστος, η, ον, Ion. for βάστος, Sup. of βάδιος.

**ρηίτατος**, η, ον, Ερ. Sup. of ράδιος.

ρηίτερος, η, ον, Ep. Comp. of ράδιος.

ρηκτός, ή, όν, (ρήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

ρημα, ατοι, τό, (\*ρέω = έρω) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to ővoµa (a noun).

δημάτιον, τό, Dim. of δημα, a little word, a pet

pbrase.

PH'N, ή, gen. ἡηνόs, acc. ἡηνα, a sheep, lamb. φηνο-φορεύς, δ, (ρήν, φέρω) wearing sheepskin. pηξαι, pήξαs, sor. I inf. and part, of phyvuμ. δηξηνορία, ή, might to break through ranks of war-From

ρηξ-ήνωρ, οροε, δ, (ρήγνυμι, ἀνήρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

φηξί-κέλευθος, ον, (ρήγνυμι, κέλευθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

δηξί-voos, ον, (δήγνυμι, νόοs) breaking the spirit. βήξις, εωε, ή, (ρήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the en-

trails of victimis.

δήσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (\* $\dot{\rho}$ εω =  $\dot{\epsilon}\rho\hat{\omega}$ ) a saying, speaking, a word, speech; καταπλέξαι την βήσιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, le-III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play.

δήσσω, rarer collat. form of δήγνυμι; δήσσειν τύμπανα to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. tripudiare,

**ρηστώνη, ή, Ion.** for ραστώνη.

ρητέον, verb. Adj. of \* ρέω, one must say.

ρητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, (\*ρέω = έρω) like ρήτωρ, a speaker. δητορεύω, f. σω, (ὑήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

δητορικός, ή, όν, (δήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical: -- ή βητορική

(sub  $\tau \in \chi \nu \eta$ ), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

δητός, ή, όν, verb. Adı. of \* $\delta \epsilon \omega = \epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$ , said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. ratus; ἐπὶ ὁητοίε γέρασι with specified prerogatives; έπὶ ἡητοίσι on set 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ρήτρα Ion. ρήτρη, ή, (\*ρέω = έρω) a word, saying, 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of maxim. Lycurgus were called βήτραι. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ρήτωρ, opos,  $\dot{o}$ , (\* $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\hat{\omega}$ ) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator. II. a rhetorician, Lat. rbetor.

δητώs, Adv. of δητόs, in express terms.

ρηχίη, ή, Ion. for δαχία.

δηχός, ή, Ion. for δαχός. ρίγεδανός, ή, όν, οτ ός, όν, making one shudder, chilling, ρίγεδανη Ελένη Helen at whose name one sbudders. From

δίγέω, f. ήσω: aor. Ι έρρίγησα Ερ. ρίγησα: pf. έρρίγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἐρρίγαντι (for -āσι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. έρρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. έρρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (ρίγοι):-to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken fear to do a thing. ın zeal. II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

olyndos, ov, making one shiver, chilling.

ρίγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ρίγοι, more chilly. II. metaph. more borribly.

ρίγιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. ρίγιον) from δίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most borrible.

φίγο-μάχης, ου, ό, (ρίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [&]

'PITOΣ, εου, τό, Lat. FRIGUS, frost, cold. и.

shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. borror.

ρτγόω, f. ώσω, (ρίγοε) like ριγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled,—This Verb sometimes contracts into ω instead of ou (as if it were ριγάω), as, part. ριγών, ριγώσα, dat. ριγώντι; also opt. βιγφην.

PIZA, no, n, a root: in pl. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, II. that from which anyof a mountain, etc. thing springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. stirps: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

biltov, to, Dim. of bila, a little root.

ριζόθεν, Adv. (ρίζα) from the root or roots.

διζο-τόμος, ον, (ρίζα, τεμείν) cutting roots, esp. for

purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

ριζόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἐρρίζωμαι: (ρίζα):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; Tuραννίς ερριζωμένη a firmly rooted tyranny: - Pass, of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast. II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

ρίζωμα, ατος, τό, (ριζόω) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

ριζ-ωρύχος, ον, (ρίζα, ὀρύσσω) digging for roots. ρικνός, ή, όν, (ρίγος) stiff or stark with cold: withered, shrivelled.

ρικν-ώδης, εs, (ρικνός, είδος) sbrivelled-looking. ρίμφα, Adv. (ρίπτω) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.

διμφ-άρματος, ον, (δίμφα, αρμα) of a swift chariot; διμφάρματοι άμιλλαι swift racing of chariots.

ρίν, ή, later form for ρίε

ρινάω, f. ήσω, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From PI'NH,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a file, rasp. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

ρινηλατέω, f. ήσω, to track by the nose, follow by scent, bunt down. From

ρτν-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (ρίε, ἐλαύνω) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

ρτνό-βολος, ον, (ρίε, βάλλω) forced through the nostril, snorting.

βινόν, τό, a bide, skin. 2. an ox-bide, a shield. PINO'S, où, & and h, the skin of a man bide of a beast, esp. an ox-bide: a wolf's skin. an oxbide shield.

ρτνο-τόρος, ον, (ρινός, τορέω) piercing shields. PION, 76, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end

of a promontory, a beadland, foreland.

 $\delta$ (πεσσι, Ep. pl. dat. of  $\delta i\psi$ .

ρίπη, η, (ρίπτω) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. impetus; ριπή πυρός the rush or blast of fire. a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:also the quick glancing of feet.

ptπίζω, f. ίσω, (ριπίε) to blow up or fan the flame,

Lat. conflare.

ρίπίς, ίδος, ή, (ριπή) a fan for raising the fire, used | breathing of roses. for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

δίπισμα, ατος, τό, ( $\delta$ lπίζω) the air or wind of a fan. ριπος, εος, τό, (ρίψ) a mat or wicker burdle. διπτάζω, f. άσω, Frequentative of δίπτω, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. jactare:-Pass. to toss oneself about.

δίπτασκον, Ion. impf. of δίπτω.

ριπτέω, a form of ρίπτω, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

ριπτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ρίπτω, thrown, cast, burled; ριπτός μόρος death by being thrown down a precipice.

'ΡΙΠΤΩ, f ρίψω: aor. 1 έρριψα Ερ. ρίψα: pf. έρρίφα: Pass., fut. Ι διφθήσομαι, fut. 2 διφήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. ἐρρίψομαι: aor. 1 ἐρρίφθην, and aor. 2 έρρίφην [t]: pf έρριμμαι: Ep. 3 sing plapf. έρέριπτο: -to throw, cast, burl; δίπτειν χθονί to throw on the ground: to cast a net, ξρριπται ὁ βόλοs the cast bas been made. 2 to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste 4. to throw about. throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; δίπτειν τί Tivos to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; δ. ξαυτόν. 7. δίπτειν κίνδυνον to make a venture or bazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

PI'Σ, ή, gen. ρίνος, acc. ρίνα: plur. ρίνες Ion. gen. ρινέων:—the nose:—in pl the nostrils, Lat. nares.

ριφθείς, δίφείς, aor. 1 and 2 pass. part. of ρίπτω. PI'Ψ, ή, gen. ρίπόε, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work. a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. crates. δίψα, Ep for έρριψα, aor. I of ρίπτω.

 $\dot{\rho}$ ίψ-ασπις,  $\iota\delta o_{\theta}$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\rho}$ ίπτω,  $\dot{a}\sigma\pi$ ίς) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

ρίψις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή, (ρίπτω) a throwing: a casting. 11. a being thrown, falling.

ριψο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ρίπτω, κίνδυνος) running needless risk, foolbardy; see δίπτω 7.

δίψ-οπλος, ον, (δίπτω, ὅπλον) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

**ρόα**, ή, see ροία.

ροδάνη, ή, the thread spun, woof, weft. From

**ροδάνός**, ή, όν, (κραδάω) waving, quivering. ροδέα contr ροδή, ή, (ρύδον) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

βόδεος, a, ov, (βύδον) of roses, Lat. roseus. ροδη, ή, contr. for ροδέα.

βόδίνος, η, ον, (βόδον) made or twined of roves Pόδιοs, a, ov, ('Pόδοs) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes.

ροδο-δάκτυλος, ον, (ρόδον, δάκτυλος) rosy-fingered. ροδο-ειδής, ές, (ρόδον, είδος) rosy-like, rosy.

**δοδόεις**, εσσα, εν, (δόδον) of roses.

δοδό-κισσος, δ, (δύδον, κισσός) rose-ivy.

δοδό-μηλον Dor. –μαλον, τό, (δόδον, μήλον) a roseapple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

PO'ΔON, τό, the rose, Lat. rosa.

ροδό-πηχυς Dor. -παχυς, υ, gen. υος, (ρύδον, πηχυε) rosy-armed.

δοδό-πνοος, ον contr. -πνους, ουν, (ρύδον, πνέω)

Posos, ov. n. the island of Rhodes, Lat. Rhodus.

 $\dot{\phi}$ οδό-χρωs, ωτος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}$ όδον, χρώs) rose-coloured,  $\dot{\phi}$ οπή,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{\phi}$ επω) inclination downwards, a sinking, of rose complexion.

ροδωνία, ή, (ρόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, ro-

sary, Lat. rosarium.

ροή Dor. ροά, ἡ,(ρέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμπέλου ροή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ροαί streams of events, the tide of affairs.

φοθέω, f. ήσω, (ρόθοs) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke of oars

2. to murmur, sound boarse or loud.

ροθιάζω, f. άσω, (ρύθιος) to dash with the oar.

of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

poθiás, άδος, ή, poet. fem. of ρόθιος, roaring, dashing. ρόθιος, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ρόθιος, ον, also a, ον, (ρύθος) rusbing, roaring,

dashing.

**PO**  $\Theta$ O $\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars;  $\delta \xi$   $\delta v \delta s$   $\delta v \delta v$  with one stroke, all in time. 2. a boarse or tunultuous noise, din. II. a rushing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ροιά or ρόα Ion. ροιή, ή, a pomegranate-tree.

the fruit, a pomegranate.

φοιβδέω, f. ήσω, (φοίβδος) to swallow greedily down also to make rustle.

φοιβδήσειεν, 3 pl. Aeol. 201. 1 opt ο δοιβδέω. φοίβδησιε, ή, (φοιβδέω) a whistling, piping.

oriflos, o, any rushing noise or motion, the whirring or flapping of wings, the rushing of the wind.

pollarke, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ροιζέω.

poιζέω, f. ήσω, (ροιζοs) to make a whistling or rushing sound, whistle, burtle, whiz, Lat. stridere. Hence ροιζηδόν, Adv. with a rushing noise or motion.

ροίζημα, ατος, τό, (δοιζέω) a rusbing noise or motion,

the flapping of wings.

**POTZOΣ**, δ, Ion η, any whistling or rushing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

POIKO'Σ, ή, όν, crooked.

ρομβητός, ή, όν, (ρομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

φόμβος, δ, (ρέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. turbo 2. a magic wheel, Lat. rhombi rota. II. a spinning, whirling motion; ρόμβος aleroῦ the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ρομβόω, f. ώσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus. ρομβωτός, ή, όν, (ρομβόω) panelled in lozenge.

poμφαία, η, a large sword or scimitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

**βόος** Att. contr. βούς, ου, δ, (βέω) a stream, current; κατα βόον, Ερ. καρ βόον, down stream, with stream; ανα βόον up stream, against stream.

φόπαλον, τό, (φέπω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass.

II. a knocker on a door.

φοπή, ή, (ρέπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale.

2. inctaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ροπὴς μιᾶς ἐστι it is just on the turning-point; ροπὴ βίου the turning-point, verge of life.

Il. the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρά παλαιά σώματ' εὐνάζει ροπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

ροπτρόν, τό, (βέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a bouse-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

poûs, ô, Att. contr. for púos.

ροφέω, f ήσομαι, (ρόφος), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

 $\mathbf{PO'\Phi O \Sigma}$ ,  $\delta$ , a swallowing or gulping down that which is gulped down.

 $\dot{\phi}$ οχθέω, f  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, to roar, of the waves From  $\dot{\phi}$  PO'XΘΟΣ,  $\dot{\phi}$ , a roaring, esp. of the sea.

po-ώδηs, εs, (βόοs, είδοs) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

φύοξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swoln by rains: a stream of lava.

ρύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ρύομαι.

ρυγχ-ελέφας, αντος, δ, (ρύγχος, ελέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ρυγχίον, τό, Dim. of ρύγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ρύγχος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ό, (ρύζω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ρύδην and ρύδόν, Adv. (ρέω) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

puels, aor. 2 pass. part. of ρέω.

ρυήσομαι, Att. fut. of ρέω.

PΥΖΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.) φύη, Εp. for έρρύη, 3 sing. aor 2 pass. of ρέω.

pυθμίζω, f ίσω: pl. pass. ἐρρύθμισμαι: (ρυθμύς).

—to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time.

II. generally, to order, arrange, control,

train; &δ' ἐρρύθμισμαι thus bave I been controlled. ρυθμός Ιοιι. ρυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ρέω) measured motion, time, Lat. numerus, rbythm, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ρυθμῷ in time, Lat. in numerum; ρυθμὸν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάπτονα ρυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). Il proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. Ill. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

PYKA'NH, n, a plane, Lat. runcina. [a]

φυμα, ατος, τό, (\*νω = ἐρύω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξου ρύμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχης loχύς the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐκ τόξου ρύματος within bow-shot.

II. (ρύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ρύμβος, ου, δ, Att. for ρόμβος.

ρύμη  $[\bar{v}]$ , ή, (\* ρύω =  $\epsilon$ ρίω) the force, swing, rush of a

body in motion, Lat. impetus; πτερύγων ρύμη the | rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. ρύμη with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. vicus; also a lane, alley.

δύμμα, ατος, τό, (δύπτω) anything used for wash-

ing, soap.

ρυμός, οῦ, ὁ, (\*ρύω = ἐρύω) the pole of a car. 'PY'OMAI, f. ρύσομαι [ῦ]: aor. I ἐρρῦσάμην Ερ. βυσάμην: aor. 2, 3 sing. ἔρρυτο Ep. ἔρυτο, 3 pl. έρυντο Ep. ρύατο; inf. ρυσθαι: Dep.:-to draw to oneself, draw out of barm's way: hence to rescue. save: c. inf., δύεσθαί τινα θανείν to rescue one from death :-- absol. to cure, beal. II. to free, redeem, III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: deliver. of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. to draw back, bold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ρύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of ρύπος.

ρύπαίνω, f. ανω: 201. Ι έρρύπανα: (ρύπος):-to cover with dirt: - Pass, to be or become dirty.

ρύπαρία, ή, dirt, filth. From

ρύπαρός, ά, όν, (ρύπος) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid. mean. Adv. -ρωs.

ρύπάω Ερ. ρύπόω: impf. ἐρρύπων: (ρύπος):—to be foul or dirty.

ρυπόεις, εσσα, εν, (ρύπος) foul, dirty.

**ΡΥΠΟΣ**, δ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. δύπα, τά, but also regul. ρύποι, οί. II. Att. sealingwax. [v] Hence

δύπόω, f. ώσω, pf. pass. δερύπωμαι:—to make dirty:

-Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

**ρύπόω,** Ep. for ρυπάω.

ρυππάπαι, a cry of the Athenian rowers, yobo! το ρυππαπαι is put for the rowers, the crew.

ρύπτω, f. ψω, (ρύπος) to remove dirt, to cleanse,

wash:-Pass to wash oneself.

ρυσαίνομαι, Pass (ρυσύς) to be wrinkled.

ρύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. mf. of ρύομαι.

βυστάζω, f. άσω, (βύσιον) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ρουσί-βωμος, ον, (ρύομαι, βωμύς) defending altars. ρυσί-διφρος, ον, (ρύομαι, δίφρος) preserving the chariot.

ρύσιον  $[\bar{v}]$ , τό,  $(*\dot{\rho}\dot{v}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{v}\omega)$  that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; ρύσια, τά, pledges entrusted III. that which is seized to a god, i. c. suppliants. by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. δύσια, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. res repe-3. in plur., δύσια, τά, deliverance. tundae.

δύσιος, ον, (δύομαι) delivering, rescuing.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

δυσί-πολις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , δ, ή, (δύομαι, πόλις) saving the city.

δυσί-πονος, ον, (δύομαι, πόνος) setting free from toil and trouble.

ρύσις, ή, (ρέω) a flowing: a river, stream. [v]

δύσκομαι, collat. form of δύομαι, Dep. to save, rescue: hence δύσκευ, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

δυσμός, δ, rarer form for δυθμός.  $\delta \bar{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \delta \mathbf{s}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ ,  $(*\dot{\rho}\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\mathbf{v}}\omega)$  drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, shrivelled.

ρυστάζω, f.  $\dot{\alpha}\sigma\omega$ , Frequentat. of  $*\dot{\rho}\dot{\nu}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\nu}\omega$ , to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλά δυστάζεσκε (3 sing. Ion. impf.) περί σημα be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence

ρυστακτύς, ύος, ή, a dragging violently: generally,

violent treatment or behaviour.

ρυσ-ώδης, εs, (ρυσύς, είδος) wrinkled-looking.

ρυτ-αγωγεύς, έως, ὑ, (\*ρύω, ἀγωγεύς) the rope of a borse's balter.

ρυτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\upsilon}$ , (\* $\hat{\rho}$  $\hat{\upsilon}$ ω =  $\hat{\epsilon}$ ρ $\hat{\upsilon}$ ω) one who draws or 2 a rope to draw with, a trace:—the thong by which one holds a horse, a rein, από ρυτήρος with loose rein, at full speed. II. (ῥύομαι) a saver, defender, rescuer.

ρυτιδό-φλοιος, ον, (ρυτίς, φλοιός) with shrivelled

ουτίς, ίδος, ή, (\*ρύω = ἐρύω) a wrinkle, Lat. ruga.  $\dot{\rho}$ υτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , (\* $\dot{\rho}\dot{\nu}\omega = \dot{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\nu}\omega$ ) dragged along. as neut. Subst, ρῦτά, τά, poet. for ρυτήρ, a rein.

ρύτος, η, όν, also ός, όν, (ρέω) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

δύτωρ [v], ορος, δ, (\*δύω= ἐρύω) onewbo draws; δύτωρ τόξου a bowman, archer. (βύομαι) a saver, deliverer, defender.

δύψις, ή, (δύπτω) a cleansing, purifying.

\* $\mathbf{P}\mathbf{Y}'\mathbf{\Omega}_{\cdot} = \hat{\epsilon}\rho\dot{\nu}\omega_{\cdot}$ , to draw, not used in Act.; see δύομαι.

δωγάλέος, a, ov, (ἐώξ) broken, rent, torn, ragged. ρωγάς, άδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ρωξ) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; ρωγάς πέτρα a cloven rock.

Ψωμαϊκός, ή, όν and Ψωμαΐος, α, ον, (Ψώμη) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. -κωs, in Roman fashion. Hence

Ψωμαϊστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language. δωμαλέος, α, ον, (ρώμη) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

δώμη, ή, (δώομαι) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, 1. e. army. 'Ρώμη, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

δώνντιμι οτ -ύω, f. δώσω: αοτ. Ι έρρωσα: (δώομαι):--to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. Pass. ρώννυμαι, but the pf έρρωμαι is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. ἐρρώμην as impf.: aor. 1 έρρώσθην:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. ερρωσο fare-well, Lat. vale, the usual way of ending a letter; also, φράζω τινὶ ἐρρῶσθαι, like Lat. jubeo valere :--see ἐρρωμένοs.

ρώξ, ή, gen. ρωγός, (ρήγνυμι) a cleft, narrow passage; ρωγες μεγάροιο the narrow entrance of a room.

"ΡΩ'OMAI, 3 pl. impf. έρρώοντο Ερ. ρώοντο: 3 pl. aor. I έρρωσαντο: Dep.:-to move violently, to dart or rush on; ρώεσθαι περί πυρήν to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, γορον έρρωσαντο πνοιῆε ἀνέμοιο it streamed on the wind.

ρωπήιον τό, (ρωψ) Ep. and Ion. for ρωπείον (which is not used), a thicket, coppice: in plur. bushes, brushwood, underwood.

δωπικός, ή, όν, (δωπος) of or like small wares: hence cheap, worthless.

 $\mathbf{P}\Omega \cap \mathbf{\Pi} \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Sigma}$ ,  $\delta$ , any small wares, frippery, trumpery. δωσθείε, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of δώννυμ.

 $\delta\omega\chi\mu\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\dot{\rho}\omega\chi\mu\dot{\phi}s$ . δωχμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ρωξ) like ρηγμα, a cleft; ρωχμός yains a gutter or channel worked out in the earth. 'PΩ'Ψ, ή, gen. ρωπόs, a low sbrub, busb; in plur.

underwood, brushwood.

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral  $\sigma' = 200$ , but  $\sigma = 200,000$ .

The final  $\sigma$  was written s. This s must not be confounded with s, stau, which was in fact the digamma, F, vau, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence s' = 6. There was another form, san or sanpi, A, which was retained as a numeral, = goo.

Changes of  $\sigma$  in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as όδμή ίδμεν for όσμή ίσμεν. Dor. into θ, as σιός άγασός παρσένος for θεός άγαθός παρθένος. III. Aeol. and Dor. into  $\tau$ , as in τύ τέ φατί for σύ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., as μέτ-αυλος τήμερον τῦκον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦκον:--so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττύε for θάλασσα δισσós. IV. Aeol. and Ep.,  $\sigma$  was often doubled, as δσσος μέσσος for δσος μέσος, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω έσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω ολέσω κομίσω; so οπίσσω for δπίσω. V.  $\sigma\sigma$  and  $\pi\tau$  were sometimes interchanged, as, πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω. Dor.  $\sigma$  becomes  $\xi$  in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσπιξώ for θεσπίσω: so, διξόε τριξόε for δισσύε τρισσόε. 2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξύν. VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, vs, σvs sus, αλs sal, έξ sex, έπτά septem, έρπω serpo. added to words beginning with a conson., esp.  $\mu$  and τ, as μάραγδος σμάραγδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρόε, τέγοε στέγω Lat. tego. 3. σ was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as, τυπτόμεσθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in  $-\theta \in V$ , as,  $\delta \pi \iota \sigma \theta \in V$  for  $\delta \pi \iota \theta \in V$ . VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as, ἄρρην χερρόε θάρροε for άρσην χερσόε θάρσοε. IX. σ is added to ούτω άχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μήν; Σάβάζιος, δ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Baccbus himself.

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, έρρωοντο μετά | σαβάκτης, ου, δ, (σαβάζω) a shatterer, destroyer, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

> σάβαχθα-νί, Chaldaean form, thou-bast-forsaken me, or bast-thou-forsaken me?

σαβαώθ, Hebrew plur. noun, hosts, armies.

Σάββασι, irreg dat pl. of Σάββατον

Σαββατίζω, f. ίσω, (Σάββατον) to keep the Sabbath. Σαββατικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbatb. 2. for a Jew.

Σαββάτισμός, δ, (Σαββατίζω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββάτον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.e. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest: - also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββα**s**. 2. a week.

σάγαρις, ιος, ή: pl σαγάρεις, Ion. -τς:-- a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

σάγη or σαγή, ή, (σάττω) the housings, barness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: esp. armour, barness.

σάγηναιος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net. σάγηνεύς, έως, ύ, = σαγηνευτήρ.

σάγηνευτήρ, ηρος, δ, one who fishes with a dragnet: hence a comb is called τριχών σαγηνευτήρ. σάγηνεύω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a drag-

net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net. ΣΑ ΓΗ'NH, ή, a large drag-net for taking fish, a

σάγηνο-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.

σάγηνό-δετος, ον, (σαγήνη, δέω) attached to a net. σάγμα, ατος, τό, (σάττω) the bousings of a borse, a saddle, packsaddle. II, of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak. III. the covering or case of a shield. IV. a beap or pile.

Σαδδουκαίοs, ov, δ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

 $\sigma \alpha \theta \rho \delta s$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ , =  $\sigma \alpha \pi \rho \delta s$ , rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked. II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perisbable.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σἄνω: aor. 1 ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσᾶνα:—to wag the tail, fawn. II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; σαίνειν μόρον to deprecate, shrink from death. 2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a III. to cheer, please. summer sea, to smile.

**ΣΑΙ'**PΩ, f. σἄρῶ: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσηρώ: Dor. σεσαρώ:, νία, ό:, Ep. fem. σεσάρυία:-to shew the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σακέσ-πάλος, ον, (σάκος, πάλλω) wielding or brandisbing a shield.

σάκεσ-φόρος, ον. (σάκος, φέρω) shield-bearing. σάκιον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ου. σακκέω, (σάκκοε) to strain, filter. a small bag.

σακκο-γενειο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) cherishing a large beard.

ΣΑ'ΚΚΟΣ or σάκος, δ, a coarse cloth of bair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. cilicium: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth: I. a sack, bag. III. a shaggy beard. a sieve, strainer.

σάκος, δ, v. sub σάκκος.

σακός, δ, Dor. for σηκόε.

σάκος [α], gen, σάκεος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) α sbield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ου, δ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, οροε, δ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; "Aιδου σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-υφάντης, ου, δ, (σάκκος, υφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [a], ωνος, ό, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain)

Σάλαμιν-αφέτης, ου, δ, (Σαλαμίς, άφίημι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σάλαμίνιος [μί], a, ov, also os, ov, Salaminian, of ΙΙ. ή Σαλαμινία (sub. ναθε or or from Salamis. τριήρηε), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. πάραλos. From

Σάλαμίς, gen. îvos, ή, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σαλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαι: (σάλοs):—to cram full, stuff.

σάλεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσαλεύθην: pf. σεσάλευμαι: (σάλοs):—to sbake much: to make to totter: - Pass to be shaken, to totter, II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph, to toss, be in sore distress. σάλος, δ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπιγγο-λογχ-ϋπηνάδαι, οί, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπιγκτής, οῦ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ιγγοε, ή, a war-trumpet, trump: the σαλπίγξ was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

**ΣΑΛΠΙ΄ΖΩ**, fut.  $-i\gamma \xi \omega$ , aor.  $I = i\sigma \dot{\alpha} \lambda \pi i \gamma \xi \alpha$ : later fut. σαλπίσω, 201. I ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet, | σα, pass. ἐσαψθην; fut. med. σαώσομαι.

σακκίον Att. σακίον, τό, Dim. of σάκκοε οι σάκοε, | give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:-impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπιγκτήs) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , = σαλπιγκτής.

σάλπιξ, ίγος, ή, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta_{i} = σαλπιγκτήε$ . σᾶμα, τό, Dor. for σημα.

σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Σαμαρείτης, ov, b, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem. Σαμαρειτίς, ίδος, ή, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day. Σάμη, ή, Same, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

σαμήον, τό, Dor. for σημείον. Σάμιος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηίκη,  $\dot{\eta}_{i} = Σάμος Θρακία, Sα$ mothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ion. -θρηίκιος η, ον, Samotbracian.

Σάμ6-θραξ Ion. -θρήιξ, ικος, ό, a Samo-thracian. Σάμος [a], ή, Samos, the name of several Greek 1. an old name for Κεφαλληνία: also called islands: 2. Σάμος Θρηικίη, = Σαμοθράκη. Σάμη. the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπî, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόραs, ov, δ, (σάν, φέρω) a borse branded with the letter σάν (ν σίγμα): cf κοππατίαs.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδαλίσκος, δ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον. σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τύ, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a

σανδάράκη, ή, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. sandaraca. [pd] Hence

σανδαράκινος, η, ον, of or like σανδαράκη, bright-red. σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σανίς, a panel: a trencher. σανίς, ίδος, ή, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur, folding doors. 3. a wooden floor: a a wooden scaffold or stage. sbip's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοί, 3 sing. of σαόω.

 $\Sigma A'O\Sigma$ , as posit., found only in contr. form  $\sigma \hat{\omega} s$ , safe: Comp. σαώτερος.

σαο-φρονίω, σαο-φροσύνη, σαό-φρων, poët. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σώφρων.

στόω Ep. στώω, = σώζω, to save:—3 sing. pres. στοί, 3 pl. σαούσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσάω Ep. σάω: 2 sing. imperat. σάου or σάω: fut. σαώσω: aor. I act. ἐσάω-

σάπείην, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.

σάπείs, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.

σάπήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.

σάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σαπρός, ά, όν, (σαπηναι) rotten, putrid: diseased, Lat. tabidus: decayed, unsound. II. generally, wortbless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty. σάπφειρος, ή, the sapphire or the lapis lazuli, a

precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οῦs, vocat. Σαπφοί, ή, Sappho. Hence Σαπφώοs, a, ov, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σἄπών, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ή, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a

plant, band. [a]

σαρδάνιος, α, ον, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc. γέλωτα] γελαν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph; μείδησε δε θυμώ σαρδάνιον μάλα τοιον but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α, ον, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδώ), which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, εων, Ion. Σάρδιες, ίων, al, Sardis, the capital of Lydia: -hence Adj., Σαρδιανός Ion. -ιηνός, and Σαρδιάνικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to Sardis; βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, dye,

hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη  $[\bar{i}]$ , ή, or σαρδίνος, δ, the sardine. σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ,  $\ddot{v}$ χος,  $\dot{o}$ , (σάρδιον,  $\ddot{o}$ νυξ) the sardonyx, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδώ, gen. 60s contr. οῦs, ἡ, Sardinia: hence Adj., Σαρδώος, α, ον, Σαρδωνικός, ή, όν, Σαρδώνιος and Zapbóvios, a, ov, of or belonging to Sardinia, Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩ'N, byos, h, the upper edge of a hunting-net. σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, ή, the sarissa, a long pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs. σαρκασμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, δ, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκί-

ζειν τὸ δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay. σαρκικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ ,  $(\sigma \dot{\alpha} \rho \dot{\xi})$  of flesb. II. flevby, of the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός

σάρκῖνος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesb. II flesby, fat. σαρκο-λίπής, έε, (σάρξ, λιπείν) for saken by flesh, lean. σαρκο-πάγής, έε, (σάρξ, παγηναι) with compact fle. b. σαρκοφάγέω, f. ήσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh. λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:-hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγοs, δ, a sarcopbagus, coffin.

σαρκόω, f. ώσω, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, είδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοί έναιμοι καὶ σαρκώδεεε gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑ'ΡΞ, ή, gen. σαρκόε, flesb: in plur. all the flesb or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. flesh, buman nature, buman kind.

σάρον, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σἄροω, f ώσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse. Σαρπηδών, όνος, also ήδοντος, ήδοντι, ό; νος. Σαρπηδον: - pr. n. Sarpedon.

σἄρῶ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σάταναs, a and Σάταν, δ, indecl. Satan; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατίνη, ή, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car. σάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and balf. σατράπεία Ion. -ηίη, ή, a satrapy, the office or province of a satrap. From

σατράπεύω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II. trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From σατράπης, ου, δ, a satrap, Lat. satrăpa, title of a Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian word.)

ΣΑ'ΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. 1 ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσάχθην: pf. σέσαγμαι: Ion 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἐσεσάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, barness: Pass, to be armed or barnessed. load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load beautly: in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένοs laden with woes; σεσαγμένος πλούτου overloaded with riches. to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σάτυρικός, ή, όν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr. Σἄτυρίσκος, δ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

 $\Sigma A'T\Upsilon^*PO\Sigma[\tilde{v}], \delta, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus,$ represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόομαι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effeminate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτιώω, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

 $\Sigma A\Upsilon \Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ , ov, conceited, affected, effeminate. ΣΑΥ'PA Ion. σαύρη, ή, a lizard, Lat. lacerta.

 $\Sigma A\Upsilon PO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta_1 = \sigma \alpha \nu \rho \alpha$ , a lizard, Lat. lacertus. σαυρωτήρ, ηροs, δ, a spike at the butt-end of a

spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the butt-end. σαυτού, σαυτής contr. for σεαυτού, σεαυτήε.

σάφα, poët. Adv. of σαφήs, clearly, plainly, assuredly; σάφα είδώs knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα elπειν to tell plainly, speak truth. [σα]

σἄφανής, έs, Dor. for σαφηνήs.

σἄφέστερος, -ατος, Comp and Sup. of σαφής.

σἄφέως, Ion. for σαφῶς.

σάφηνέως. Ion. for σαφηνώς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, άγορεύω) speaking truth.

σαφήνεια, ή, (σαφηνήε) clearness, plainness: the trutb.

σάφηνής Dor. σάφανής, ές, (σαφής) clear, plain, or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid. open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth. σάφηνίζω, f. ιω, (σαφηνή) to make clear or plain,

to explain, clear up.

σαφηνώς, Adv. of σαφηνής, clearly, plainly.

ΣΑ ΦΗ'Σ, és, gen. éos contr. oûs, clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain; to oapés the truth: of seers, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστεροs, - έστα-

σαφως Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of σάττω.

 $\Sigma A'\Omega$ , Root of  $\sigma \eta \theta \omega$ , to sift, bolt: 3 pl.  $\sigma \hat{\omega} \sigma i$ . σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σαύω. σαωθείς, -θηναι, aor. I pass. part and inf. of σαίω. σαωσέμεν, Ep. for σαώσειν, fut. inf. of σαύω. σαώσω, fut. of σαύω.

σἄώτερος, Comp of σάος.

σάωτήρ, ηρος, δ, poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour, deliverer. σαώτης, ου, δ, (σαύω) poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour.

σβείην and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι. σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. I έσβεσα Ep. σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσσαι:—to quench, put out, Lat. 2. generally, to quench, quell, put extinguere. ΙΙ. Pass. σβέννὔμαι: aor. I out, put down. έσβέσθην: pf. έσβεσμαι; with intrans tenses of Act, aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβαν, opt. σβείην, inf. σβηναι. pf. εσβηκα:—to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extingui: to die. 2. of liquids, to become dry, be

σβέσσαι, Ep. for σβέσαι, 20r. 1 inf. of σβέννυμι. σβεστήριος, a, ov, (σβέννυμι) serving to quench or but out.

3. generally, to become still, lull, cease.

 $\sigma$ βηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of  $\sigma$ βέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting motion towards, as,  $\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda o$ -σε to some other place, etc.

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεωυτοῦ, -τῆε, -τοῦ, reflexive Pion of 2nd pers., of thyself, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem . in plur separated, ὑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing, in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῷ,

σ' αὐτόν.

exbausted.

σεβάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσσατο: also aor. 1 pass. ἐσεβάσθην: Dep.:

 $(\sigma \epsilon \beta as)$ :—to feel awe of, to dread.

σέβας, τό, (σέβομαι) reverential awe, a feeling of awe; generally reverence, worship, bonour, respect, II. the object of reverential awe, maawe. jesty. 2. an object of wonder, a won ler. an bonour conferred on one.

σέβασμα, ατοι, τό, (σεβάζομαι) an object of awe or worship.

Σεβαστιάς, άδος, ή, special fem. of Σεβαστός, Au-

gusta, title of the Roman Empresses.

σεβαστός, ή, όν, (σεβάζομαι) reverenced, awful, II. the Lat. Augustus, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστόs. σεβίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I ἐσέβισα:—to worship, bonour. **ΣΕ'BOMAI**: aor. 1 ἐσέφθην: Dep.:—to feel awe

to worship, pay high regard or respect to.

 $\Sigma E'B\Omega$ , f.  $\sigma \epsilon \psi \omega$  = the earlier form  $\sigma \epsilon \beta \sigma \mu \alpha i$ , to worship, bonour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be reverenced.

 $\sigma \in \theta \in V$ , old poet, form of  $\sigma \circ \hat{v}$ , gen. of  $\sigma \hat{v}$ .

Σειληνός, δ, Silenus, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σειο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σείος, σεία, σείον, Lacon for θείος, a, ov.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ή, (είρω) a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain. II. a cord with a noose, a lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.

σειραίοs, a, ov, (σειρά) joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger;

sec σειραφύροs.

σειρα-φόρος Ιου. σειρη-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) baving a rope attached, led by a rope: δ σειραφόρος (sub.  $i\pi\pi os$ ), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or collar: -metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga (τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ηνος, ή, a Siren: in pl. Σειρηνές, al, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. metaph. a Siren, decerful woman.

σειριό-καυτος, ον, (σείριος, καίω) scorched by the beat of the dog-star.

σείριος, α, ον, (σειρός) bot, scorching epith of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σείριος ἀστήρ the sun: but, ὁ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύων σείριος or Κύων.

**ΣΕΙΡΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, bot, scorebing, of summer-heat. σειρο-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφύρος

σείσατο, Ep. 3 sing aor I med. of σείω.

σεισ-άχθεια, ή, (σείω, άχθος) a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισί·χθων, ονος, δ, (σείω, χθών) earth-shaker. σεισμός δ, (σείω) a shaking, shock: the shock of

an earthquake, an earthquake. σειστός, ή, όν, (σείω) sbaken.

-σείω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, Desideratives, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρασείω: γελάω, γελάσω, γελασείω.

ΣΕΙ'Ω, f. σείσω: aor. I έσεισα: Pass., aor. I έσείσθην: pf. σέσεισμαι:—to sbake, move to and fro, brandisb. 2. absol., σείει there is an earthquake (see 3. Pass. and Med. σεισμόs), like ΰει it rains, etc. to be shaken, shake, beave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earth-II. in Att. to barass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλαϊ, dat. of σέλαε.

σελάγέω, f. ήσω, (σέλαs) to enlighten:—Pass. to heam brightly, blaze, flash.

II. in Act. to shine, to heam.

σελάη-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σέλας, \*γένω) father of light. σελάνα, σελάναία, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕ'ΛΑΣ, αος, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ον, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing. σέλαχος, τό, a shark.

Σεληναίη, ή, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληvala:—the Moon.

σεληναίοs, a, ov, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ή, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in the tenth moon.

σεληνιάζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic,

σελίδη-φάγος, ον, (σελίς, φἄγείν) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕ'ΛΙ'NON, τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙ'Σ, ίδος, ή, the space between two rowingbenches (σέλματα). Il. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, oi, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλμα, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. transtra. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμίδαλις, ios and εως, ή, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. simila, similago.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ον, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:— Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speecb. From σεμνο-λόγος, ov, (σεμνόε, λέγω) speaking solemnly. σεμνό-μαντις, εως, ό, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer. σεμνομῦθέω, f. ήσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνο-μύθος, ον, (σεμνός, μυθέομαι) talking solemnly. σεμνοπροσωπέω, f. ήσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

σεμνόε, ή, όν, (σέβομαι) august, boly, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called σεμναὶ θεαί οτ Σεμναί. II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, baughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ον, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

mlighten:—Pass. to σεμνότης, ητος, ή, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, ma-II. in Act. to shine, jesty: in had sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τίμος, ον, (σεμνός, τιμή) reverenced with awe.

σεμνόω, f ώσω, (σεμνόε) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνύνω [v], f. τνω, (σεμνόs) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνύνομαι, aut. 1 ἐσεμνυνάμην, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνώς, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σέο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen of σύ.

σεπτές, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, boly. ΣΕ'ΡΙΣ, εως οτ ίδος, ή, endive or succory.

σέρφος, δ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

σέσαγμαι, pf pass. of σάττω. σεσάρωμένος, pf pass. part. of σαρύω.

σεσαρώς, νία, όε, Dor. for σεσηρώς, pf part. of σαίρω: — σεσαρνία, Ep. fcm.

σέσεισμαι, pf. pass. of σείω. σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσηρώς, pf. part. of σαίρω.

σεσοφισμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσύλημαι, pf. pass. of συλάω.

σέσυρκα, σέσυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σύρω.

σέσωσμαι, pf. pass. of σώζω.

σεσωφρονισμένωs, Adv. pf. pass. part of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing, aor 2 imp. of τίθημι.

σεθ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σύ σεθα, Ep. for ἔσσευα, aor. I of σεύω: part. σεύαε. σεθμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3 sing σεθται.

σεῦτλον, τό, Ion. for τεῦτλον.

**ΣΕΥ'Ω**, with  $\sigma\sigma$  in augm. tenses, impf.  $\xi\sigma\sigma\epsilon\nu\rho\nu$ , pass. and med. ἐσσευόμην: aor. I ἔσσευα, med. ἐσσενάμην; also Ep. without augm. σεῦα, σεῦε, σεύατο: pf. pass. ἔσσυμαι, part. ἐσσύμενος: plqpf. (in aor. sense)  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma \psi \mu \eta \nu \ [v]$ , 2 sing.  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma v \sigma$  for  $\epsilon \sigma \sigma v \sigma \sigma$ , 3 sing. ἔσσῦτο Ερ. σύτο; part. σύμενο: : aor. 1 pass. ἐσσύ-There is also 3 sing. σεῦται from a contr. pres. σεθμαι: also σοθμαι, 3 pl. σοθνται: imperat.  $\sigma \circ \hat{\mathbf{v}}$ , 3 sing.  $\sigma \circ \hat{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \theta \omega$ , 2 pl.  $\sigma \circ \hat{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \theta \epsilon$ : inf.  $\sigma \circ \hat{\mathbf{v}} \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ . **T**o put in quick motion, drive, bunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away. of things, to throw, burl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; alua eooeva I made blood spout forth:-Med., alμα σύτο blood spouted forth. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along;  $\sigma v \theta \epsilon is$  baving started, gone. inf. to basten, speed; ότε σεύαιτο διώκειν when be 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn basted to pursue. after, long for.

σεφθείς, aor. τ pass. part. of σέβω.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωυτού, fem. σεωυτής, Ion. for σεαυτού, σεαυτής,

σηκάζω, f. –άσω, (σηκόε) to drive into a pen, coop up, sbut up.

σήκασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάζω.

σηκίς, ίδος, ή, (σηκός) a bousekeeper, porteress.

σηκίτης, ου, ο Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σακίταν άρνα a bouse-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ον, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, ό, a berdsman.

**ΣΗΚΟ΄ Σ** Dor. σακός, δ, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, strine: also a sepulcibre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκόω, f. ώσω, to weigh, balance. Hence

σήκωμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, α weight in the balance, a counterpoise.

II. like σηκύς, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.

ΣΗ MA Dor. σωμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead.

2. a sign from beaven, an omen, portent: also,
3. a battle-sign, signal.
4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb.
5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the lliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices.
6. the device or bearing on a sheld: also the device on a seal, a seal.
7. a constellation: in plur, the beavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from

σημαίνω, fut. -ανω lon. -ανϵω: 20r. I ϵσήμηνα or ἐσήμανα, inf. σημηναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθην: pf σεσήμασμαι, but 3 sing. σεσήμανται, inf. σεσημάν- $\theta ai: (\sigma \hat{\eta} \mu a):$ —to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token. II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνων a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. δ σαλπιγκτήs), like σαλπίζει, signal is given; τοις Ελλησι ώς έσήμηνε when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack. III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part, to signify that a thing IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα things sealed, opp. to ἀσήμαντα. V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντρίε, ίδοε,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίε  $\hat{\gamma}\hat{\eta}$  clay used for sealing.

σήμαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημάντωρ, opos, δ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a herdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim of σημα. [α]

σημάτόεις, εσσα, εν, (σημα) full of tombs.

σημάτ-ουργός, όν, (σημα, \*έργω) making devices for shields.

σημειο-γράφος, ον, (σημείον, γράφω) writing in cipber.  $|\ddot{\alpha}|$ 

σημεῖον Ιοn. - ἡιον, τό, (σῆμα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace.

a sign from the gods, an omen.

3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle.

flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign.

a device upon a shield; also on a seal it self.

II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειόω, f. ώσω, (σημείον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ἡμέρα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ἡμέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ιοπ. for σημείον.

σήμηνα, Ep for εσήμηνα, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημ-κίνθιον,  $\tau \delta$ , the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron. σημό-θετον, ον,  $(σ \hat{η} μα$ ,  $\tau i θ η μι) made for ruling lines. σηπεδών, όνοs, <math>\hat{η}$ ,  $(\sigma \hat{η} πω)$  decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

**ΣΗΠΙ'A**, ή, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

**ΣΗΠΩ**, f. σήψω: aor. I ἔσηψα:—to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass. σήπομα: aor. a ἐσάπην [α], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπήη, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or become rotten, to monlder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σήρ, Σηρύs, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σῆρεs, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence,

II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, δ. Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραγξ, αγγος, ή, (σαίρω, σέσηρα) a bollow rock, a cleft, cave bollowed out by the sea.

σηρϊκός, ή, όν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ον, Lacon. for θηροκτ -. ΣΗ Σ, δ, gen. σεός, nom. pl σες, gen. σεόν: later also gen. σητός:—a mo/b, Lat. tinea: a book-worm.

σης, Ion. for σαις, dat. pl. fem of σός, σή, σόν. σησάμαιος, α, ον, made of sesamé. From

σησάμη, ή, sesame, an eastern leguminous plant. [ἄ] σησάμη, ή, a mixture of sesame-seeds roasted and pounded with boney, a sesame-cake.

σησάμίνος, η, ον, (σησάμη) made of sesamé; σησάμινον έλαιον sesamé-oil [ἄ]

σησἄμόεις, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesamė; ὁ σησαμοῦs (sub. ἄρτοs) a sesamė-cake.

σήσάμον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησάμη).

σησάμό-τῦρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρύε) sesamé-cheese. σησάμοθε, οθντος, contr. from σησαμόεις.

Σηστός, η, also δ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σητες Att. τήτες, (ἔτος) this year: see σήμερον. σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σής, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ον, (σής, κοπηναι) fretted by moths.

σθεναρός, ά, όν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

**ΣΘΕΝΟΣ**, εos, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἀελίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντί σθένει with all one's might. 2 might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periphr, like βίη, ts, μένος with a gen, as, σθένος Έκτορος Hector himself.

σθενόω, f. ώσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος) —to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρί, ποσί to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙ'Α' ΓΩ'N Ion. στηγών, όνος, ή, the jaw-bone, jaw. ΣΙ'Α' ΛΟΝ Ion. σίελον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙ'Α΄ΛΟΣ, ὁ, a fat bog: also with another Subst., σῦε σίαλος, like σῦς κάπριος, etc. II. fat, grease. Σίβυλλα, ἡ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.)

[Υ] Hence

Στβύλλειος, a, ov, Sibylline

Σίβυλλιάω, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sthyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner. ΣΓΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνης, ου, ὁ, a bunting-spear. [ĕ] σῖγἄ, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam, σῖγα bush! be still!

σίγā, imperat. of σιγάω, bush! be still! σίγā, Ep for ἐσίγα, 3 sing impf. of σιγάω. σῖγᾶ. 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat of σιγή

στγάζω, f. άσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

στγάλέος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

στγάλόεις, εσσα, εν, (σίαλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rtch, splendid, sumptuous.

στγαλός, Dor. for σιγηλός.

στγάς, άδος, ή, (σιγή) silent.

σίγάω, f. -ήσομαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass, aor. I ἐσιγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, bush 1 be still!—Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σίγειν, Lacon, for θιγείν.

στγή Dor. στγά, ή, (σίζω) silence, a being silent; στγήν έχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; στγήν ποιείσθαι to make silence.

II. dat. στγή as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σῖγα, as an exclam., στγή νυν silence now! στγή ποιείσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone.

2. secretly: also as a Prep, στγή τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός unknown to him.

σίγηθείς, εῖσα, έν, aor. I pass part. of σιγάω. σίγηλός, ή, όν Dor. σίγαλός, όν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, bushed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence. στηπρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}\nu$ , =  $\sigma\iota\gamma\eta\lambda\dot{\alpha}s$ .

σίγητέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent. σίγλος οι σίκλος, ό, the Hebrew sbekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σιγμα, (σίζω) the letter sigma, see  $\Sigma$ , σ.

στήψης, ου, δ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπη-λος III. the Σιγύναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. Q.

σιγώντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres.

σίδαρος, δ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor forms, v. sub σιδήρ-.

ΣΙ'ΔΗ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [1] στδηρεία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηροθς, α, οῦν, Ερ. σιδήρειος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [α], α, ον: (σίδηρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph, σιδήρεος θυμός a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ήτορ an iron heart.

σιδάρεοι, οί, α Βυχαπίπε iron coin.

στδηρεύς, έως,  $\dot{v}$ , (σίδηρος) a worker in iron, a smith. στδήριον,  $\tau\dot{v}$ , (σίδηρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

στδηρίτης [τ], ου, δ, fem. - îτις, ιδος, Dor. σιδαρί-

τας, α, δ, (σίδηρος) of iron.
σίδηρο-βρίθής. ές, (σίδηρος, βρίθω) iron-loaded
σίδηρο-βρώς, ῶτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-

eating, epith. of a whetstone.
σίδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σίδηρος, δάκτυλος) iron-

fingered.

σίδηρό-δετος, ον, (σίδηρος, δέω) iron-bound, \bod with iron

σίδηρο-κμής, ητος, ό, η, (σίδηρος, κάμνω) slain by tron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ,  $(\sigma i\delta \eta \rho o s, \mu \dot{\eta} \tau \eta \rho)$  mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σίδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σίδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σίδηρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σίδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σίδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙ'ΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σίδαρος, δ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine.

II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle.

III. a place for selling iron, a cutler's shop.

σίδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σίδηρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σίδηρο-τέκτων, ονοε, δ, (σίδηροε, τέκτων) a worker in iron.

σίδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεκείν) iron producing. σίδηροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cleave with iron From

σίδηρο-τόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεμείν) cutting with iron.

στδηροφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as Dep. - éopai. From

σίδηρο-φόρος, ον, (σίδηρος, φέρω) wearing iron, bearing arms.

σίδηρό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (σίδηρος, φρήν) of iron

σϊδηρό-χαλκος, ον, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) of iron and copper.

στδηρο-χάρμης, ου, δ, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) fighting in iron, epith. of mailed war-horses.

σίδηρόω, f. ώσω, (σίδηρος) to make of iron, overlay with iron:—impers. in plapf. pass. ἐσεσιδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου ξύλου iron bad been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood.

σίδιον, τό, (σίδη) pomegranate-peel. [σί] Σιδονίηθεν, Adv. from Sidon. From

Στδών, ωνος, ή, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. Adj. Στδόνιος or Στδώνιος, a, ov, of or belonging to Sidon; fem. also Σιδωνιάς, άδος.

Σίδών, όνος, ό, a man of Sidon.

 $\Sigma I'Z\Omega$ , impf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma\iota\zeta\sigma\nu$  Ep.  $\sigma\iota\zeta\sigma\nu$ : no fut. in use:—to biss, of hot iron plunged into water; σῖζ' ὀφθαλμὸs έλαινέφ περί μοχλφ the eye of the Cyclops bissed when the burnt stake was thrust into it. set a dog on.

Στθωνία, ή, Sutbonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: Adj. \(\Si\theta\times\tau\cong and \Si\theta\times\tau\cong a, ov, Thracian: Στθών, όνος, δ, a Sithoman; and Στθονίς, ίδος, ή, a Sitbonian woman.

Σικανία, ή, Sicania, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, οῦ, ὁ, a Sicanian (see Σικανία): Adj. Σικūνικός, ή, όν, Sicanian.

σικάριος, ό, the Lat. sicārius, assassin. [ā]

Σίκελία, ή, (Σικελός) Sicily: Adj Σικελικός, ή, όν, Sicilian. Hence

Σίκελίζω, f. ίσω, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σίκελικός, ή, όν, (Σικελός) of or like a Sicilian.

Σίκελιώτης, ου, ὁ, a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily, as distinguished from the Σικελοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. Ἰταλιώτηs.

Σίκελός, ή, όν, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, Lat. Siculus: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιωται were the later Greek settlers. σίκερα [t], τό, gen. σίκεροs, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebr. sbûkar, to be intoxicated.)

σίκιννίς or σίκινις, ιδος, ή, the Sicinnis, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

 $\sigma(\kappa\lambda os, \delta, = \sigma(\gamma\lambda os.$ 

σἴκύα Ion. σικύη, ή, a fruit like the cucumber or II. a cupping glass, from gourd, but eaten ripe. its shape, Lat. cucurbita. [v]

σίκυος, δ, the common gourd or cucumber.

north of the Peloponnesus. Adj. Σίκυώνιος, α, ον. Sicyonian: Adv. Σίκυώνοθε, of or from Sicyon. σικχαίνω, to loathe. From

ΣΙΚΧΟ'Σ, δ, a squeamish, fastidious person.

 $\Sigma i\lambda \eta v \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ , see  $\Sigma \epsilon i\lambda \eta v \delta s$ .

σίλι, τό, the palma Christi, called also σιλλικύπριον. σιλλαίνω, (σίλλος) to insult, mock, jeer.

σιλλικύπριον,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , =  $\sigma i \lambda \iota$ . (Deriv uncertain.)

 $\Sigma I'\Lambda\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , one who looks askance: a satir-II. a satire, satirical poem.

ΣΙ'ΛΟΥΡΟΣ, ό, a river-fish, prob the shad, Lat. sılūrus.

ΣΙ'ΛΦΗ, ή, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. blatta. II. a book-worm.

ΣΙ'ΛΦΙΟΝ, τό, Lat. laserpitium, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the assa-foetida. Hence

σιλφιωτός, ή, όν, prepared with silphium.

σιμβλεύω, f. σω, (σίμβλος) to form or grow in the bive, of honey

ΣΙΜΒΛΟΣ, δ, a bee-bive: metaph. any store or

σιμι-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημι-κίνθιον.

Στμόεις, -ύεντος contr Στμούς, -οῦντος, ὁ, the Simoïs, a river near Troy :- Adj. Σιμοέντιος contr. Σιμούν-TIOS, a, ov, of, near the Simois: fem. also Euroevtis. ίδος.

 $\Sigma \Gamma MO'\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, II. of other things, steep, up-bill, Lat. acclivis; πρώς τὸ σιμὸν διώκειν to pursue up-bill. bent in, bollow, concave.

σιμότης, ητος, ή, (σιμός) the shape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σίμους, -ουντος, δ, contr. form of Σιμόεις.

σιμόω, f. ώσω, (σιμός) to turn up the nose, bend upwards. Hence

σίμωμα, ατος, τό, anything bent upwards. From σἴνἄμωρέω, f. ήσω, to damage wantonly: generally, to bandle roughly. From

σἴνά-μωρος [ă], ον, (σίνος, μῶρος) mischievous, burtful: c. gen. rei, των έωυτου σινάμωρος ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd.

σίναπι, εως, and σίναπυ, τός,  $(v\hat{a}\pi v)$  mustard, Lat. sinapi: the better Att. form was ναπυ.

σινδώ, οῦs, ἡ, Att. for σινδών.

σινδών, όνος, ή, sindon, a fine Indian cloth, mus-II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth. στνέομαι, Ion, for σίνομαι,

σίνηπι, ιος, and σίνηπυ, υος, τό, Ion. for σίναπι, σίναπυ. [σζ]

σινιάζω, f. σω, (σινίον) to sift, fan, winnow.

ΣΙΝΙΌΝ, τό, a sieve.

σίνις, ιδος, δ, acc. σίνιν, (σίνομαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as Adj. destroying, ravening. as prop. n., Zivis, o, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [00]

Σίκυων, ωνος, ή, Sicyon, a town and district on the ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [τ] Ion. στνέομαι: Ion. impl. στνέσκό-

μην: 201. 1 ἐσῖνάμην: Dep.:-to plunder, spoil, pil- | food, provisions; σίτησιε ἐν Πρυτανείφ public mainlage: to barry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to da-2. also to burt, wound. Hence mage, distress.

σίνος [t], εος, τό, burt, barm, mischief, damage.

anything burtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, δ, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring σίντις, ιος,  $\delta_1 = \sigma i \nu \tau \eta s$ , only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιεs, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, οροε, ό, = σίντηε.

Σίνώπη, ή, Sinope, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea: - Σίνωπίτης, ου, δ, an inhabitant of Sinope: Adj. Σίνωπικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to Sinope.

**ΣΓΟΝ**, τό, a marsb or meadow plant.

σιός, Lacon. for θεός.

σἴπύη, ή, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΡΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. de-

στρός, δ, a pit or bole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σζούμβριον, τό, = σίσυμβρον.

**ΣΙ'ΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ**, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or tbyme.

σζούρα [τ] or σίσυρνα, ή, a shaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ον, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Στούφειος, a, ov, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σιστφίς, ίδος. From

Σί-σῦφος [t], ov, ô, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl.

from σοφόs, the Wise or Cunning ) σιτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σιτοs.

σιτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (σιταγωγόε) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σιτάγωγία, ή, conveyance of corn to a place.

σττ-άγωγός, όν, (σίτος, άγω) transporting corn to a place; σιταγωγά πλοΐα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάθην, Dor. for ἐσιτήθην, 201. I pass. of σῖτέω. σιτεύσιμος, η, ον, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fatted.

στευτός, ή, όν, fatted, stalled, Lat. altilis. From

σττεύω, f. σω: Ιοπ. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σίτος):--to feed, fatten: -Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σῖτέω, f. ήσω, (σῖτοε) to feed :- Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσῖτήθην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

στηγέω, f. ήσω, (σιτηγός) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτηγία, ή, the conveyance or importation of corn. σιτ-ηγός, όν, (σίτος, άγω) conveying corn.

σιτηρέσιον, τό, (σιτηρόε) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σίτηρός, ά, όν, (σίτος) of or belonging to corn. σίτησιε, εωε, ή, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also ing; of the eyes, blind. Hence

tenance in the Prytanëum.

σῖτίζω, f. ίσω, (σῖτος) to feed, fatten :- Pass. to feed

upon, eat. σττίον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread; generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet; σιτία τριών ήμερων three days' provision; τά έν Πρυτανείφ σιτία public maintenance in the Prytaneum, like σίτησιs.

σῖτιστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o}\nu$ , verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fatted: as Subst. a fatling.

σττο-δεία Ion. -δηίη, ή, (σίτος, δέομαι) want or scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σττο-δόκος, ον, (σίτος, δέχομαι) bolding food.

σιτοδοτέω, f. ήσω, to furnish with corn, victual :-Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σῖτο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (σῖτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn. σττο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σττο-νόμος, ον, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn of food; σιτονόμος έλπίς the hope of getting food.

στοποιέω, f. ήσω, (σιτοποιόε) to prepare corn for food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals:-Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ή, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σιτοποιικός, ή, όν, of or for bread-making.

σιτο-ποιός, όν, (σίτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιόε (sub. γυνή), ή, α woman that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιὸς ἀνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σιτο-πομπία, ή, (σίτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convoy, an escort, a convoy.

σῖτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σῖτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant,

corn-factor.

ΣΙΤΟΣ, δ, irreg. pl. σίτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink; σίτος ήδε ποτής meat and drink,

σῖτο-φάγος, ον, (σῖτος, φἄγεῖν) eating corn or bread. σττο-φόρος, ον, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σιτο-φύλακες, oi, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peiræeus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

σίττα and σίττε, a cry of drovers to their flocks, st! when ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρόs follows, to call them on.

σίτ-ώνης, ου, δ, (σίτος, ώνξομαι) a buyer of corn. στωνία, ή, (σιτώνηε) a buying of corn, purchase of corn

ΣΙΦΛΟ'Σ, ή, ω, crippled, maimed: also lame, limp-

σιφλόω, f. ώσω, to maim, cripple: to burt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσειε, 3 sing. Acol. 201. 1 opt.

Σίφνιος, α, ον, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. From Σίφνος, ή, Siphnus, one of the Cyclades.

σίφων, ωνος, δ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

στφωνίζω, f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιωπώω, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα: —to be silent or still, to keep silence; σιωπῶν τινι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα busb! be still! Il transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere: —Pass, to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

**ΣΙΩΠΗ'**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , silence, a being silent: dat.  $\sigma \iota \omega \pi \hat{\eta}$ , in silence.

2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σίωπηλός, ή, όν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

στωπηρός, ά, ύν, collat. form of σιωπηλύς.

σιωπήσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence.

II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

**ΣΚΑ'ΖΩ**, f.  $\acute{a}\sigma\omega$ , to limp, balt. II.  $\sigma \kappa \acute{a} \zeta \omega \nu$ , also  $\chi \omega \lambda \acute{a} \mu \beta os$  (sub.  $\pi o \acute{os}$ ),  $\acute{o}$ , the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

**ΣΚΑΙΟ΄ Σ**, ά, όν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left band or side, like ἀριστερόs:— ἡ σκαιά (sub. χείρ), the left band. II. western, westward, for the Greek auspex turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαιαὶ πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek auspex, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιόs). III. metaph like French gauche, left-banded, awkward, clumsy, uncoulb. Hence

σκαιοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = σκαιότηs.

σκαιότης, ητος, ή, (σκαιός) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαι-ουργέω, f. ήσω, (σκαιός, έργον) to be leftbanded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

**ΣΚΑΙ'ΡΩ**, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαιῶς, Adv. of σκαιός, in a left-banded manner,

awkwardly.
σκαλάθυρμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subile ques-

tion: generally, trifling, nonsense.
σκαλάθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθυρμα, a tri-

fling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλαθύρω, = σκαλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore

over-subtly or cunningly. [v̄]
σκάλεψε, έωε, δ, (σκάλλω) one who hoes: a hoer or a hoe.

σκάλεύω, = σκάλλω, to stir, boe; σκαλεύειν ἄνθρακαι to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκάληνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , or  $\delta \varepsilon$ ,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\sigma \kappa \dot{\alpha}(\omega) \ limping, \ balt- | a bowl.$ 

ing. II. uneven; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

 $\Sigma KA'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , to stir up, boe, barrow.

σκαλμός, δ, (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπωτήρ, Lat. scalmus, paxillus.

σκάλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole. Σκάμανδρος, ὁ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, δν Εάνθον καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δ Σκάμανδρον :—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκανά, Dor. for σκηνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the batt is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' Ιστάδ ἐπῶν setting word-traps, i. e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλίζω, f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκάνδάλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδίκο-πώλης, ου, ό,  $(\sigma κανδιξ, πωλέω)$  a dealer in chervil.

ΣΚΑ'ΝΔΙΞ, ικοs, ή, chervil, Lat scandix.

σκάπάνη, ή, (σκάπτω) a spade or boe. [πά] σκάπετος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ή, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs. σκαπτήρ, ήρος, ό, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπτον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, ή, όν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτή ΰλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑΊΤΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [α]: pf. ἔσκαμμαι.—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδά-μύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):
- to blink, wink.

σκαριφισμός, δ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαριφισμοί λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκάριφος, ό, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing outlines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτός, genit. of σκώρ.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκατός, φαγείν) dung-eating. σκάφεύς, έως, ό, (σκαφῆναι) a digger, delver, ditcher, σκάφη, ή, (σκάφῆναι) anything dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff. Lat. scúpha.

σκάφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bouel: a small boat or skiff.

11. a fashion of bair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythiaus), in which the bair was cut off all round the bead, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like a bowl.

2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ίδος, ή, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff. II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock.

σκάφος, εος, τό, (σκαφηναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any bollow vessel, a tub: esp. the bull of a ship, Lat. alveus, and generally a ship, boat. III.

a digging-tool, spade. [ă]

σκεδάννῦμι and -ύω, lengthd. from obsol. \*σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ἄ] Att. σκεδῶ, ậs, ậ: aor. I ἐσκέδασα Ερ. σκέδασα: Pass., aor. I ἐσκεδάσθην: pf. ἐσκέδασμα:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to sbiver, break a thing.

Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be sbed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκέδασα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.

σκέδάσις, ή, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. σκεδώ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεθρός, ά, όν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρώς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σχεθεῖν, poet. 20 of

ἔχω.)

Σκείρων, ωνος, δ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκείρωνος άκταί, i.e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκειρωνίδες πέτραι; Σκειρωνικόν οίδμα the sea off this coast.

σκελίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = Att. σχελίς.

σκελίσκος, ου, ὁ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg. ΣΚΕ'ΛΛΩ, fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. i ἔσκη-λα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκέλομαι: fut. σκελούμαι: with intr. tenses of Act, aor. 2 ἔσκληκ, inf. σκληναι (as if from \*σκλημ): pf. ἔσκληκα with pres. signf.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕ'ΛΟΣ, εος, τό, the leg; ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire lessurely.

II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i.e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræeus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἔσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος.

σκέπα, poet. nom. and acc pl. of σκέπαs.

σκεπάζω, f. άσω, (σκέπαs) like σκεπάω, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπανον, τό, (σκέπας) a covering.

σκεπανός, ή, όν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕ ΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, οι σκέπαρνος, δ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

**ΣΚΕΊΠΑΣ**, aos, τό, a covering, shelter; ἐπὶ σκέπαs in or under shelter; σκέπαs ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάζω) = σκέπας.

σκεπάω Ep. σκεπόω, to cover, shelter.

**ΣΚΕΤΙΗ**, ή, like σκέπαι, a covering, shelter: mctaph., ἐν σκέπη τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from wat; ἐν σκέπη τοῦ φόβου under shelter from feat.

σκεπόωσι, Ep. for σκεπώσι, 3 pl. pres from σκεπάω. σκεπτέον, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut σκέψομαι: aor. I ἐσκεψάμην: pf. ἔσκεμμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἐσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch. II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.  $\mathbf{\Sigma}\mathbf{K}\mathbf{E}'\mathbf{\Pi}\mathbf{\Omega}$ , rare radic. form of σκεπάζω.

σκερβολέω and σκερβόλλω, (σκέρβολοι) to scold, abuse, revile. From

σκέρβολος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευ-ἄγωγός, όν, (σκεῦος, ἄγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, δ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggagemaster.

σκευάζω, f. άσω: aor. 1 ἐσκεύασα: Pass, pf. ἐσκεύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκευάδαται; Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσκευάδατοι: (σκεῦος, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:
—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise.

Il. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing.

2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκεῦος οι σκευή, a trifling

part of one's dress or equipment. [a]

σκευαστέον, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare. σκευαστός, ή, όν, (σκευάζω) prepared, artificial. σκευή, ή, (σκεῦος) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties of dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκεῦος: the tackling of a ship.

σκευο-θήκη, ή, (σκεῦος, θήκη) à storebouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal. σκευοποιέω, f. ήσω, (σκευοποιός) to make arms or

implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor. σκευο-ποιός, όν, (σκεῦος, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

**ΣΚΕΥΌΣ**, εοε, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plut. σκεύη, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army. Lat impedimenta: the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors.

II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul,

σκευοφορέω, f. ήσω, (σκευοφόροε) to carry baggage:

—Pass. to bave one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ή, όν, of or for the carrying of baggage; βάρος σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burthen. From

σκευο-φόροs, ον, (σκεῦοs, φέρω) carrying baggage: ol σκευοφόροι the suilers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκευοφυλακέω, f. ήσω, to watch the baggage. From σκευο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (σκεῦος, φύλαξ) a storekeeper. σκευωρέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, pf. pass.

έσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intt. to act knavishly. Hence σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick.

σκευωρία, ή, (σκευωρέομαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευ-ωρός, όν, (σκεῦος, ὥρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, aor. I part. of σκέπτομαι οτ σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ή, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion. σκήλαι, aor. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλειε, 3 sing opt. σκηνάομαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell,

live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.
σκηνέω, f. ήσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally,

to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

**ΣΚΗΝΗ'**, η, a tent, boo'b: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra.

2. a dwelling-place, bouse: a temple.

II a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang).

III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester.

IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνέω) = σκηνή, a dwelling-

place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [ν $\tilde{t}$ ] σκηνίς, ίδος,  $\tilde{\eta}$ , = σκηνή.

σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tents. [1]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνοπήγοs) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ή, a pitching of tents. II the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγια, τά.

σκηνο-πήγος, ον, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent. σκηνο-ποιός, όν, (σκηνή, ποιέω) making tents: as

Subst., σκηνοποιός, ό, a tent-maker.
σκηνορ-ράφος, ον, (σκηνή, ράφηναι) stitching tents:
as Subst, σκηνορράφος, ό, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκάνος, εος, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ή, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνόω, f. ώσω, (σκῆνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνόω) a tent, tabernacle: a babitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό, = σκηπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτο-βάμων [ā], ον, gen. ονος, (σκήπτον = σκήπτρον, βαίνω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτον,  $\tau \delta$ , = σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκαπτον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, δ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ή, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-οῦχος, ον, (σκῆπτον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτοῦχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ον, = σκηπτρο-φόρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick II a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτροφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear rule over. From σκηπτρο-φόροs, ον, (σκῆπτρον, φέρω) bearing a

sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f ψω: aor 1 ἔσκηψα: I. trans to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, burl, light. II. Pass. and Med. to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon.

2. σκήπτεσθαι c acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be.

3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκήπτεσθαι πρός τινα to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ωνος, δ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a s'aff.

w, a say.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\sigma \kappa \acute{\eta} \pi \tau \omega)$  a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ', âs Ion. σκιή, ῆs, ἡ, a sbadow, sbade: the sbade or gbost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere sbadow, pbantom, spectre. 2. the sbade of trees; πετραίη σκιή the sbade of a rock; ἐν σκιᾳ indoors. 3. a sbady place.

σκιᾶγράφέω, f. ήσω, (σκιαγράφος) to faint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare. σκιᾶγράφία, ή, (σκιαγραφέω) fainting in light and shade, rough fainting.

σκια-γράφος, ον, (σκιά, γράφω) fainting in light and shade (without colours) [γρά]

σκιάδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιάδίσκη,  $\dot{\eta}_i = \sigma \kappa_i \dot{\alpha} \delta \epsilon_i o \nu$ , an umbrella, parasol.

σκιάζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιῶ: 20τ. Ι ἐσκίασα: (σκιά):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on II. to cover, veil.

σκια-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar.

II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ā], οἰ, (σκιά, πούς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιάρδ-κομος, ον, (σκιαρός, κόμη) shady with leaves.

σκιάρδε, ά, όν, Dor. for σκιερόε.

σκιάs, άδοε, ή, (σκιά) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκίασμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάζω) a sbadow.

σκια-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f ήσω: (σκιά, τρέφω):
—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass.
to keep in the shade, shun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ep. σκιόω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκίδναμαι, like κίδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ή συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; αμα ηλίφ σκιδναμένφ as the sun begins to scatter bis beams, spread bis light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ά, όν, (σκιά) sbady, sbaded.

σκιή, ή, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙ΄ ΛΛΑ, ηs, ή, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla. σκιμάλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown)

σκίμπους, -ποδος, δ, (σκίμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabātus.

σκίμπτω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , =  $\sigma \kappa \dot{\eta} \pi \tau \omega$ .

σκινδάλαμος, δ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σχινδάλαμος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω): a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λύγων άκριβῶν σχινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλαμο-φράστης, ου, δ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω)

a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, δ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-ειδής, έs, (σκιά, είδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκιδεις, εσσα, εν, (σκιά) sbady, sbadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιδωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκίπων, ωνος, ό, (σκίμπτω) α staff, Lat scipio. [i] Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκτράς, άδος, ή, epith of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια. σκτράφειον, τό, a gambling-bouse. From

σκίραφος [τ], δ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκτριται, ol, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιριτι.

**ΣΚΙΎΡΟΝ** [τ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena **Σκίράs**, thence called τὰ Σκίρα οr τὰ Σκίροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκίροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese parings. ΣΚΓΡΟΣ, δ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκιράε, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριάν. Σκίρο-φοριάν, ῶνοι, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑ'Ω, f. ήσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκιρτημα, ατος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, οῦ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, πούς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτῶεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίταλοι, oi, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634). σκιφίζω, Dor. for ειφίζω.

σκίφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [ $\chi$ ] σκι-ώδης, ες, = σκιοειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκλήναι, inf. 201. 2 of σκέλλω.
σκληρ-άγωγέω (σκληρός, άγωγή) to bring up bardy.
σκληρο-καρδία, ή, (σκληρός, καρδία) bardness of beart.

σκληρός, ά, όν, (σκλῆναι) dry, bard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, boarse, barsb, rougb. 3. of taste and smell, barsb, rougb. 4 stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tougb. II. metaph., 1. of things, bard, austere. 2. of persons, bard, barsb, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ητος, ή, (σκληρός) bardness, barshness,

roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρύς, τράχηλος) stiffnecked. [ἄ]

σκληρύνω [v], f. υνω: aor. I ἐσκλήρυνα: pf. pass. ἐσκλήρυμμα: (σκληρόs):—to barden, esp. to barden the beart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶs, Adv. of σκληρόs, in bard or rough fashion. σκνῖπαῖοs, α, ον, (κνέφαs) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ,  $-\tau \rho \hat{\chi} \cos \delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (σκολιός,  $\theta \rho \hat{\xi}$ ) with curled, twining bair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιόs (sub. μέλοs), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μνρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟ , ά, όν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding.

II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιώς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟ'ΛΟΨ, οπος, δ, a pale, stake: in plut. σκόλοπες, ol, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, άνασκολοπίζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟ'ΛΥ"ΜΟΣ, δ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟ ΜΒΡΟΣ, δ, a kind of fish, of which the θύννοs and πηλαμύs were varieties.

σκοπ-άρχης, ου, δ, (σκοπόε, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπέλο-δρόμος, δ, (σκύπελος, δραμείν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, δ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or beadland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a bigb rock, peak. σκοπεύω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. I έσκεψάμην, pf. ἔσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπό»):—to look at or after a thing: to bebold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out. II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to; σκοπεῖν τὰ ἐαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs. III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ή, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπιά Ion. -ιή, ή, (σκοπό) a look-out place, mountain-peak. 2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula.

II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιήν έχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore.

II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπιάω) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ωρέομαι, f ήσομαι: Dep : (σκοπιά, ώρα):---

to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπ-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another.

2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place.

3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger.

II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδίνάομαι Ion. - έομαι: f. ήσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμη, ή, (σκόροδον, άλμη) a sauce or pickle

composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίζω, f. ίσω: pf. pass. ἐσκορόδισμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἐσκοροδισμένοs primed with garlic.

σκορόδιον, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or

stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟ ΡΌΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlie, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the omon (κρύμυον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ιδος, ή, (σκύροδον, πανδοκεύτρια, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-breadsellingbostess.

**ΣΚΟΡΠΙΊΖΩ**, f. ίσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavisb: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΌΣ, δ, a scorpion.

σκοταίος, a, ον, (σκότοι) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ή, όν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νως.

σκοτία, ή, (σκότοs) darkness, gloom, dusk.
σκοτίζω, f. ίσω, (σκότοs) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, a, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δἄσὕ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχοε, δ, ἡ, (σκότοε, δάσυε, πυκνόε, θρίξ) with dark rough thick bair.
σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότοε, δίνοε) to grow blind and dizzy,

to bave a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ή, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδίνιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-ειδής, ές, (σκότος, είδος) dark-looking. σκοτόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μαινα, ή, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ή, (σκότοε, μήνη) a moonless night. σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟ ΤΟΣ, ου, δ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος όσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph, σκότον κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος, εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence σκοτόω, f. ώσω, to make dark, darken, to blind. σκοτώδης, ες, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβάλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be de-

rived from es κύνας βαλείν.)

σκυδμαίνω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥ ZOMAL Dep. to be angry or wroth with a

ΣΚΥ ZOMAI, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one. Σκύθαινα, ή, fem. of Σκύθης. [v]

Σκύθης, ου, ό: νος. Σκύθα:—a Scytbian: proverb., Σκυθῶν ἐρημία a Scytbian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scytbian. II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [v] Hence Σκύθίζω, f. iσω, to be or behave like a Scytbian: to

Σκύθίζω, f. iau, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians.

2. to drink like a Scythians.

3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the bead.

Σκύθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκύθο-τοξότης, ου, ό, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scytbian bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. άσω, (σκυθρόε) to be angry or sullen ΣΚΥΘΡΟ'Σ, ά, όν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, (σκυθρωπός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, όν, also ή, όν, (σκυθρός, ὤψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρω-πως έχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ή, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-whelp.

σκυλάκευμα, ατος, τό, a whelp, cub. From

σκύλακεύω, f. σω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκύλακ-ώδης, ες, (σκύλαξ, είδος) like a young dog:
neut. τὸ σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of purples.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a whelp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From σκύλεύω, f. σω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoilare: c. acc. pers. et rei, κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' άμων σκυλεύσαντεε baving stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόροε.

Σκύλλα or Σκύλλη, ή, Scylla, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who rended her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλα.)

ΣΚΥΛΛΩ, aor. I ἔσκῦλα:—properly to flay: generally, to rend, mangle, tear: metaph. to trouble, annoy, Lat. vexare. Hence

σκύλμα, ατος, τό, a piece plucked out.

σκυλμός, δ, (σκύλλω) a rending, mangling: metaph.

σκυλοδεψέω, f. ήσω, to tan bides. From

σκύλο-δέψης οτ -δέψος, ου, ὁ,  $(\sigma κ \hat{v} \lambda o \nu, \delta \psi \omega)$  fut. of δέφω a tanner of bides.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils, Lat. spolia; σκύλα γράφειν to write one's name on arms gained as spoils: rarely in sing. booty, spoil, prey.

σκύλος [v], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) the skin of an animal,

a lion's bide.

σκύλο-φόρος, ον, (σκύλον, φέρω) receiving the spoil. σκύλο-χάρής, ές, (σκύλον, χαρήναι) delighting in

spoils or booty.

**ΣΚΥΜΝΟΣ**, δ, like σκύλαξ, any young animal; but properly a lion's whelp, as σκύλαξ was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

σκύμνως, Dor. for σκύμνους, acc. pl. of σκύμνος. Σκύρος, ή, the isle of Scyros, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκύρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros. σκύτάλη [α], ή, (akin to ξύλον) a stick, staff, cudgel: at Sparta, a staff, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when

unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a Spartan despatch, and metaph. a

message.

σκυτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκύταλον, a cane. [ά] σκυτάλις, ίδος, ή, Dim. of σκυτάλη. σκύτάλον, τό, = σκυτάλη, a cudgel, club. [ὕ] σκυτένς, έως, ό, (σκῦτος) a sboemaker, cobbler. σκυτένω, f. σω, (σκυτεύς) to be a sboemaker. ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ή, the neck.

σκύτινος, η, ον, (σκῦτος) leathern, made of leather; το σκύτινον a leathern ornament or appendage.

σκῦτος, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. cutts) a skin, bide, esp. a dressed or tanned bide, leather.

II. anything made of leather, a whip, thong.

σκυτοτομεῖον, τό, a sboemaker's sbop. From σκυτοτομέω, f. ήσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to cut leather for shoes, to be a sboemaker.

σκύτοτομικόs, ή, όν, of or for a shoemaker. From σκύτο-τόμοs, ον, (σκύτοs, τεμείν) cutting leather: as Subst., σκυτοτόμοs, δ, a worker in leather, shoemaker.

σκύτο-τρᾶγέω, (σκύτοε, τραγεῖν) to consume leather. σκύφοε, ου, δ, and σκύφοε, έοε, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a ευρ, beaker, can, flagon.

σκωληκό-βρωτος, ον, (σκώληξ, βιβρώσκω) eaten of worms, worm-eaten.

ΣΚΩΛΗΞ, ηκος, δ, a worm, Lat. lumbricus. ΣΚΩΛΟΣ, δ, a pointed stake: a thorn, prickle. σκῶμμα, ατος, τό, (σκώπτω) a jest, joke, gibe, scoff. σκωμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκῶμμα, a peity joke.

σκωπτόλης, ου, ὁ, (σκώπτω) a mocker, jester. ΣΚΩΠΤΩ, fut. σκώφομαι: 201. 1 έσκωψα: 201. 1 pass. ἐσκώφθην:—to mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at:—absol. to jest, joke, be in fun.

ΣΚΩ P, τό, gen. σκατόs, dung.

σκώψ, δ, gen. σκωπός, nom. pl. σκῶπες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλώψ from κλέπτω) a kind of owl. σμᾶνος, Dor. for σμῆνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσσι.

σμάράγδινος, η, ον, of emerald. From

ΣΜΑ ΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, δ and ή, Lat. smaragdus, a precious stone of green colour: prob. not the emerald.

**EMAPATE**' $\Omega$ , f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to crash: of the sea, to roar: of birds, to scream, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμάρᾶγος, δ, (σμαραγέω) a brawling goblin. σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. I ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μάω):—to smear, rub: to anoint: Med., σμᾶσθαι τὴν κεφαλήν to anoint one's head.

2. to rub, wipe, wasb off, cleanse. Cp σμήχω.

σμερδάλίος, έα Ion. έη, έον, terrible, fearful, auful:

—neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. terribly. σμερδοκός, ή, όν, = σμερδαλέος.

σμέω, Ion, for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ον, (σμηνος, δέχομαι) bolding a swarm of bees.

σμήνος,  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, (from  $\epsilon$ σμός) a bee-bive. II. a swarm of bees: generally, a swarm, crowd, throng. σμήχω, f.  $\epsilon$ ω: aor. I pass.  $\epsilon$ σμήχθην:—collat. form of σμάω, to rub, wipe off or away. 2. to wipe clean. See σμάω.

σμτκρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμικρός, ά, όν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρός. [ $\bar{\iota}$ ] σμικρότης, σμικρύνω, v. sub μικρ.

σμικρώς, Adv. of σμικρός, but little.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος,  $\delta$ , = Att. μίλαξ, the yew, Lat. taxus. σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλεύω) carved work: me-

taph., σμιλεύματα έργων finely carved works.
σμίλευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, carved.
σμίλευω, f. σω, to cut out, carve finely. From

**ΣΜΙ'ΛΗ**  $[\bar{\imath}]$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a knife for cutting or carving, Lat. scalprum: a graving tool, chisel: generally, a knife. Σμινθεύς, έως, δ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a

town in the Troad, the Sminthian.
σμίντη, ή, a two-pronged boe or mattock, Lat. bi-

σμύγερός, Adv. -ρως, poët. for μογερός, -ρως. σμύξαι, aor. 1 inf. of σμύχω.

σμύρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) myrrb, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence

σμυρναίος, α, ον, of myrrb. II. Σμυρναίος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.

σμυρνίζω, f. ίσω, (σμύρνα) to flavour with myrrh. ΣΜΥ ΧΩ [v], f. ξω: aor. I έσμυξα: Pass., aor. I έσμυζθην: pl. έσμυγμα:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away. ΣΜΟΛΙΕ σμύδρους λ a tweel or carelless having

**ΣΜΩ^ΔΙΞ**, σμώδιγγοs, ή, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. vibex.

caused by a blow, Lat. block.

σμώχω, f. ξω, = σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σοβάρεύομαι, Dep. (σοβαρόs) to stalk about in a baughty way, to strut pompously.

σοβάρο-βλέφάρος, ον, (σοβαρός, βλέφαρον) with

baughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

σοβάρος, ά, όν, (σοβέω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, baughty, insolent. 2.

of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σοβέω, f. ήσω, to make the noise σοῦ, σοῦ (shoo! shoo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agutate. III. intr. in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σοί, dat. of σύ.

 $\sigma$ oîo, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of  $\sigma \delta s$ .

σολοικία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (σόλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνη Σκυθική σολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, δ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σολοικιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commuts solecisms.

σόλοικος, or, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

**ΣΟ'ΛΟΣ**, δ, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round

οισκο**ε**.

σόος, η, ον, Ep. form of σω̂ος, safe and sound in body, whole, unburt, Lat. integer.

σορο-πηγόs, ό, (σορύs, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker. ΣΟΡΟ'Σ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the

dead: a coffin.

σός, ή, όν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σύ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. tuus, tua, tuum: also objective, σδς πύθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεό), τεόν.

σοῦ, gen. of σύ; also of σόs.

σοῦ, σοῦ, shoo! shoo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.

σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. sūdārium, a napķin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σοθμαι, contr. for σόομαι, = σεύω, σεύομαι.

σούνεκα, by crasis for σοῦ ένεκα, on thy account. Σουνι-άρατος, ον, (Σούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνιάς, άδος, ή, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουν-ιέρακος, δ, (Σούνιον, lépaf) bawk of Sunium. Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.

σοθσθαι, inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σούσθω, imperat. Σουσζ-γενής, ές, (Σοῦσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa. σοῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σοῦσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ό, a man of Susa: fem. Σοῦσις, ιδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.

σούστί, by crasis for σοι ἐστί.

σοφία lon. -lη, η, (σοφόs) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σοφίζω, f. ίσω, (σοφόs) to make σοφόs, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. 201. I inf. σοφισθηναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. III. σοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, pf. σεσόφισμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, sbrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick.

2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σόφισμ δλον a trick all over.

σοφιστεύω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians.

is clever or sbrewd in matters of lyfe, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί. hence a wise man, philosopher.

II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence,

2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ή, όν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist:

τὸ σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.

Σοφοκλέης contr. -κλής; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος): Sopbocles, the tragic Poet. σοφό-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, (σοφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.

ΣΟΦΟ'Σ, ή, όν, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφὸς λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφωs, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup.

-ώτατα. Hence

σοφ-ουργός, όν, (σοφός, \*ἔργω) working skilfully. σόω, Ερ. for σώζω.

σπαδίζω, f. ίξω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ā], īκος, ή, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. spadix.

σπάδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπάδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [α], ωνος and οντος, δ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. spado.

σπαθάω, f. ήσω, (σπάθη) to strike down the woof with the σπάθη (q. v); λίαν σπαθαν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money. II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. texere: see ράπτω, ὑφαίνω.

ΣΠΑ'ΘΗ [ă], ή, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the

stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword. σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθη, a little spatula. [č]  $\Sigma\Pi AI'P\Omega_{,} = d\sigma \pi ai\rho \omega_{.}$ 

σπάκα, Persian for κύνα.

σπάλείς, Aeol. for σταλείς, aor. 2 pass, part. of στέλλω.

σπανίζω, f. ίσω, (απάνιε) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

σπάνιος, a, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty —dat. fem.  $\sigma \pi \alpha \nu i \varphi$ , as Adv. =  $\sigma \pi \alpha \nu i \omega s$ . persons, lacking, needy, in want.—Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτεροs, -ώτατοs. Hence

σπάνιότης, ητος, ή, want, lack, need.

σπάνις, εως, ή, (σπανός) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνιs [ἐστί], c. inf., 'tis not bard to do a Il. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen. σπάνιστός, ή, όν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. - ώτερον, Sup. - wrata.

ΣΠΑΝΟ Σ, ή, όν, of things, scarce, rare. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ă]

σπάνο-σιτία, ή, (σπανός, σίτος) lack of corn or food. σπάραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a sbred. II. a rending, tearing. σπάραγμός, δ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing,

mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπάράσσω Att. -ττω: f. εω: aor. ι εσπάραξα; (σπάω):-to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. lacerare; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμαι to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργανίζω, f. ίσω, (σπάργανον) to swatbe, wrap up. σπαργάνιώτης, ov, o, a child in swaddling-clothes.

From

σπάργανον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. monumenta, crepundia. Hence

σπαργάνοω, f. ώσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑ'Ω, f. ήσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. turgēre.

 $\Sigma \Pi A'PP\Omega$ , f.  $f\omega$ , to swathe in swaddling-clothes. σπάρείs, σπάρηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of

σπαρνός, ή, όν, poët. for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπάρτη, ή, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος. Σπάρτη, η, Sparia in Laconia: -- Advs., Σπάρτηθεν. from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ā], ov, o, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia, Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ή, όν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or

rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ή, όν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, oi, the Sownmen, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαίοι.

ΣΠΑ'PTOΣ, & and η, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 1 pass. part. of σπάω. σπασσάμενος, Ep for σπασ-, aor. 1 med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, δ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπάταλάω, f. ήσω, to live riotously. From σπάτάλη, ή, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot. σπάτάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπαταλάω) = σπατάλη. σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet. σπάταλός, όν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπάτίλη [ī], ή, excrement, dung. (From σκατύs.

gen. of σκώρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑ'Ω, f. σπάσω [ἄ]: aor. Ι ἔσπἄσα Ερ. σπάσα: pf. ἔσπάκα: Med., aor. Ι ἐσπασάμην Ερ. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. 1 έσπάσθην: pf. έσπασμαι:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἔσπασε ταύτη γε 'be took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπείν, aor. 2 inf. of έπω.

σπειο, Ep. for σπέο, aor. 2 imperat. of επομαι.

σπείοs, τό, Ep. for σπέοε.

ΣΠΕΙ PA, ή, Lat. spira, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls spires). in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπείραι βόειαι thongs or straps of ox-bide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman manipulus, = two centuries: but also a cobort. σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα.

σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.

σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.

σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. - αμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρα) a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.

σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin germent: Dim. of

σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas. σπειρ-ούχος, ό, (σπείρα, έχω) containing a spiral

figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπερῶ: aor. I ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσπάρην [ἄ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. serere arenam.

II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born.

III. to scatter like seed, fing, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed. σπείσα, σπείσας, αστ. I inf. and part. of σπένδω. σπείσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω. σπείσω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ό, the Lat. speculator, a guard. ΣΠΕ'ΝΔΩ, f. σπείσω: 201. Ι έσπεισα Ερ. σπείσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπείσθην: pf. ἔσπεισμαι:-there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδεσκε, σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδησθα:--to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. libare, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοίς, Διί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to ΙΙ. Med., f. σπείσομαι: pf. ἔσπεισμαι sprinkle. (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι εἰρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι αναίρεσιν τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.

ΣΠΕ'ΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπείος, gen. σπείους, dat σπῆί, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπέσσι and σπή-εσσι:—Lat. SPECUS, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπέρμα, ατοε, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. semen. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπερμ-ἄγοραιο-λεκίθο-λάχάνο-πώλις, ιδος, ή, (σπέρμα, άγοραίος, λέκιθος, λάχανον, πωλέομαι) α green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget. σπερμολογέω, f. ήσω, (σπερμολόγο») to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ή, babbling, gossip.

σπερμο-λόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, δ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed. Σπερχειός, ὁ, the Spercheios or Sperchēus, a river of Thessaly, the Rapid (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ή, όν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally,

basty, bot, violent.

XIIE PXΩ, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχθην:—to drive, basten, burry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or bastily, to baste; σπέρχεσθαι ἐρετμοῖε to ply rapidly with oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενοε is used as Adj., basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vebement:—of temper, to be basty, bot; σπέρχεσθαί τινι to be angry with one.

II. intr. in Act.—Pass, to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπέσθαι, 2 or. 2 inf. of ξπομαι, 2s σχέσθαι of ξχομαι.

σπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέοε.

ΣΠΕΥΔΩ, f. σπεύσω: aor. I ἔσπευσα, Ep. subj I pl. σπεύσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. ἔσπευσμαι: I. trans. to urge on, press on, basten, quicken: also to seek engerly, strive after to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II intro to press on, basten: to exert oneself, strive engerly: to be enger or anxious to do a thing: also in Med to baste, burry.

σπεύδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres subj. of σπεύδω. σπευστέον, verb Adj. of σπεύδω, one must basten. σπήεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

σπήι, Ep. dat. sing. of σπέος.

as a measure, about 7 inches.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπέοε) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. spelaeum.

 $\sigma$ πῆλυγξ, υγγος, ή,  $(\sigma$ πέος) =  $\sigma$ πήλαιον, Lat. spelunca.

ΣΠΓΔΗ Σ, és gen. éos, only in 11. 11. 754, δια σπιδέος πεδίοιο through the far-stretched, broad plain.

ΣΠΙΊΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small

birds, Lat pipio.

ZIII OAMH', \( \eta \), the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. dodrans:—

ΣΠΓΛΑ'Σ, άδοs,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a bollow rock,

ΣΠΓΛΟΣ, δ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemisb. Hence

σπίλοω, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἐσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάριγξ, ιγγοε, ή, and σπινθάρις, ίδοε, ή, =  $\sigma$ πινθήρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘΗ'P, ηροε, δ, a spark, Lat. scintilla.

σπίνος [τ], δ, (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from its sbrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of fincb.

σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσπλαγχνίσθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, bave pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, δ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. visceratio.

II. compassion.

Lat. viscera, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. visceratio. eating. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΗ'N, δ, gen. σπληνόs, the milt, spleen.

σπογγιά,  $\dot{\eta}_{1} = \sigma \pi \delta \gamma \gamma o s$ , a sponge, Lat. spongia. σπογγίζω, f. ίσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge. σπογγίον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΌΤΓΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, δ, a sponge.

σποδά, ή, Lacon. for σπουδή.

σποδ-εύνης, εε, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on asbes. σποδέω, f. ήσω, (σποδόε) to beat off askes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδούμενος νιφάδι pelted by the storm; σποδούμενος προς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol, στρατὸς κακῶς σποδούμενοs an army bandled roughly. greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -ιή, ή, (σποδόε) a heap of ashes: ashes. σποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (σποδόs) to roast or bake in

the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

 $\Sigma\PiO\DeltaO'\Sigma$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸs κυλίκων a soaker of cups, i.e. a drunkard. Hence σποδόω, f. ώσω, to burn to ashes: -- Med. to strew with ashes.

σπολάs, άδοs, ή, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For  $\sigma \tau \circ \lambda \dot{\alpha} s$ , from  $\sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \omega$ .)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of επομαι.

the drink-offering or libation, the right of begin-

σπονδείος, a, ov, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drinkoffering or libation. ΙΙ. σπονδείοs (sub. πούs), ò, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τιμή, so called because at σπονδαί slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ή,  $(\sigma \pi \epsilon \nu \delta \omega)$  a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. libatio: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονdal, al, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαλ ακρητοι a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδάε τέμνειν (like δρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drinkofferings: as Subst., σπονδοφόροs, δ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. berald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ή, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [τ]

σπορά, ή, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. the seed sown.

σπλάγχνον, τό: -mostly in plur. σπλάγχνα, τά, spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὺε σπορά the female race.

> σποράδην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. passim. [a]

> σποράς, άδος, ή, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: al Σποράδεs (sub. νησοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεύς, έως,  $\delta$ , (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, δ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a 2. a sowing.—See ἀμητόs.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τά σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπόρος, δ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. seed, produce, a crop.

σποῦ, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάζω, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἐσπούδασα: pf. ἐσπούδακα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐσπουδάσθην: pf. ἐσπούδασμαι: I. intr. to make baste, to be busy, (σπουδή): zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do bastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:-Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογέω, f. ήσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:-Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαίος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαίος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαίος είς όψιν goodly, comely to look on. - Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος: -also σπονδ-αρχία,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \sigma \pi \sigma \nu \delta \hat{\eta}_2$   $\dot{\alpha}_2 \gamma \dot{\eta}_1$  the beginning of irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -έστατος. Hence

> σπουδαίωs, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:-Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

> σπουδ-άρχης, ου, ο, (σπουδή, άρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

> σπουδ-αρχίδης, ου, ό, a comic Patronymic of σπουδάρχηs, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

> σπούδασμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάζω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

> σπουδαστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of σπουδάζω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

> σπουδαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σπουδάζω) a zealous supporter. σπουδή, ή, (σπεύδω) baste, speed, eagerness; σπουδή in baste, bastily; so also, διά σπουδήε, κατά σπου-II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδήε άξιοε worth pains: dat. σπουδή as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, bardly. 2. σπουδαί in plur. beart-III. earnestness, seriousness; burnings, rivalries. άπο σπουδής, μετά σπουδής, οι σπουδή, in earnest, IV. zeal, regard for a person; kard σπουδάs through regard of persons, through party influence.

2. that which is born, seed, off- σπυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίε, a hand-basket. [t]

fish-basket.

σταγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα  $\tau \hat{\eta} s d\nu \theta \epsilon \mu o \nu \rho \gamma o \hat{\nu}$ , periphr. for honey.

στάγών, όνος, ή, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδαlos, a, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; έγχη σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἴστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [a]

σταδιοδραμούμαι, irreg. fut. of

στάδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμείν) running in

the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ἄ], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οί, οι στάδια, τά:a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 δργυιαί, 1.e. 600 Greek or 6063 English feet, about 1 of a Roman mile; ἐκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστος 'a hundred miles best;' so, πλειν ή σταδίω λαλίστερος more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long; hence, άγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικάν to win a race: ξύλινον στάδιον a kind of chess-board. στάδιος [ă], a, ov, (ἴστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίη ὑσμίνη a close fight, a battle fought band to band, Lat. pugna stataria.

**ΣΤΑ ΖΩ**, fut. στάξω: aor. Ι ἔσταξα Ερ. στάξα: trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χείρας aluant to bave one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κάρα ίδρωτι to bave one's head drip-2. to fall off, e. g. of ripe fruit. ping with sweat. στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ιστημι:—but σταθέν, aor, I pass. part. neut. [ă]

σταθερός, ά Ion. ή, όν, (ἵστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερά μεσημβρία bigb noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), the solid earth.

σταθευτός, ή, όν, scorched, burnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερύς) to scorcb, burn, roast, fry.

σταθήσομαι, fut. pass, of ίστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ίστημι. σταθμάω, f. ήσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. ΙΙ σταθμάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι: 201. 1 ἐσταθμησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ή, (ιστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:proverb., παρά στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly: --κατά στάθμην νοείν to guess aright. like ypauuh, the line which bounds the race-course, III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma. the goal.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall:

bomewards. From

σπύρις, ίδος, ή, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a | σταθμός, δ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, oi: (ισταμαι):—a standing-place, of farmyard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. ters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. nerally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles. II. an upright standingpost, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also III. a balance, pair of scales: the door-bosts. also, weight by the balance; σταθμόν έχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμόν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμόω, f. ώσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. Ι ἐσταθμωσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταίην, ηs, η, aor. 2 opt. of ιστημι.

σταίμεν, σταίτε, σταίεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταί- $\eta \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\sigma \tau \alpha i \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ , aor. 2 opt. plur. of  $i \sigma \tau \eta \mu \iota$ .

ΣΤΑΙ Σ or σταίς, τό, gen. σταιτός, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ov, of wheaten flour or dough

στακτός, ή, ύν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dropping.

στάλα, ή, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τύ, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [ ora]

στάλαγμός, δ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping: also =  $\sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha \gamma \mu \alpha$ , a drop.

σταλάσσω, f ξω, and σταλάω, to fall in drops, drop, Il trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall. στάληναι, aor 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλίς, ίδος, ή, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἵστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, όν, Dor. for στηλ-, (στήλη, έργον)

marked, furnished with a gravestone.

\*σταμίν or σταμίς, ίνος, δ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσσι: (ίστημι): anything set upright: in plur, the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; Ίκρια άραρων θαμέσι σταμίνεσσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup. στάμνος, δ, also ή, (ἴστημι) an earthen jar or bottle

for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Aeol. for ἔσταν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. 2or. 2 of 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἴστημι.

σταξεθμες, Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις,  $\epsilon \omega s$ , ή,  $(\sigma \tau \dot{\alpha} \zeta \omega)$  a dropping.

στάς, στάσα, στάν, aor. 2 part. of ίστημι.

στασιάζω, f. άσω, (στάσιε) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, rivi against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετάτινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσί-αρχος, δ, (στάσιε, ἄρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a sedi-

tious party.

στάσιασμός, δ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition. στάσιαστικός, ή, όν, (στασιάζω) seditious.

στάσιμος, ον, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, 2. στάσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a consteady, fixed.

tinuous song of the Chorus.

στάσις [ŭ], εωε, ή, (ἴσταμαι) a standing, the posture 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσιε του νότου, της μεσημβρίη». 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, εε. (στάσιε, είδοε) seditions.

στάσι-ωρον, τό, = στάσιε èν ὅρει, a mountain-fold; but better στασί-ωρος, δ, (στάσις, ώρα) watcher of

the station or fold.

στάσιώτης, ου, δ, (στάσιε II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur, the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence

στάσιωτικός, ή, όν, inclined to faction, seditions. στάσκε, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. 201. 2 of ἴστημι.

στασῶ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἴστημι.

στάτήρ, ηροε, δ, (ίστημι) any weight. coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετράδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s, 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him Daries, στατήρεs Δαρεικοί, worth about Il. Is. 10d.

στατίζω, poet. for ιστημι, to place: Pass. ισταμαι, II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στάτικός, ή, όν, (ἴστημι) causing to stand. skilled in weighing: ή στατική (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ιστημι, placed, standing; στατός ίππος a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατόν

ύδωρ standing water.

σταῦ, see Σ, σ.

σταυρός, δ, (ιστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; II. the Cross. in plur. a palisade.

σταυρο-φάνής, έε, (σταυρύε, φανήναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -v@s.

σταυρο-φόρος, ον, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross. σταυρόω, f. ώσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. crucify. Hence

σταύρωμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταύρωσιε, ή, (σταυρόω) a palisading, crucifixion.

στάφίε, ίδοε, ή, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίε.

(Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑ ΦΥ ΛΗ', ή, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταφύλη, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; επποι σταφυλή ἐπὶ νῶτον ἐεσαι horses tread on, tread under foot; στεεβον ἐν βόθροισιν matched in height by the level.

στάφυλίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}_1 = \sigma \tau \alpha \phi \nu \lambda \dot{\eta}_2$ , a bunch of grapes. στάφυλο-κλοπίδης, ου, δ. (σταφυλή, κλοπή) α grape-stealer.

στάχνη-τόμος, ον, (στάχυε, τεμείν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυη-τρόφος, ον, (στάχυς, τρέφω) nourisbing ears of corn.

στάχυη-φόροs, ον, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of

σταχύ-μήτωρ, ορος, ή, (στάχυς, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυό-θριξ, -τρίχοι, ό, ή, (στάχυι, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυα-στέφάνος, ον, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑ/ΧΥΣ, vos, δ: pl. nom. and acc. στάχνες, -as, contr. στάχυs:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [u-]

στέδρ, τό, gen. στέδτος [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στητό: (ἴστημι): - bard fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sevum, sebum; opp to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάζω, f άσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ή. (στεγανόε) a covering. [α]

στεγάνός, ή, όν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof. II. covering: confining, enclosing, Hence

στεγανώs, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely.  $\sigma \tau \epsilon \gamma - \alpha \rho \chi o s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \gamma \eta, \alpha \rho \chi \omega)$  master of the bouse.

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στεγάζω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστέον, verb. Adj. of στεγάζω, one must cover. στεγαστρίς, ίδοι, ή, (στεγάζω) fem. Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στεγάζω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ή, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in pl., like Lat. tecta, a bouse, dwelling, abode; κατά στέγας at bome.

στεγνός, ή, όν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυής, έε, (στεγνόε, φυή) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εος, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a bouse. urn for the dead.

 $\Sigma TE'\Gamma\Omega$ , f. Ew, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νήει οὐδὶν στέγουσαι ships not water-2. generally, to keep off, fend off: -Med., στέγεσθαι ομβρουε to keep off rain from oneself. II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold. 2. to bide, to keep secret :- Pass. to be kept secret. III. to bold water; το μή στέγον a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

**ΣΤΕΙΒΩ**, fut. στείψω: aor. 2 έστζβον:—to tread, eluara they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash στείβειν to tread a measure, dance : to tread, walk on a road, etc.:-Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or bunt out.

στείλα, Ep. for έστειλα, agr. I of στέλλω.

στειλειά Ion. -ειή, ή, (στέλλω) the bole for the bandle of an axe. Hence

στειλειόν, τό, the handle or belve of an axe fitted into the στειλειά.

στειν-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (στεινός Ion. for στενός, αὐχήν) narrow-necked.

στεινό-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενό-ποροε.

στεινός, ή, όν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στείνος, εος, τό, (στείνω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στείν (s όδοῦ a narrow part of II. metaph press, straits, disthe way, a pass. tress, Lat. angustiae.

στεινόω, (στεινώε) Ion, for στενώω, = στείνω,

στείνω, (στεινόε) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten: - Pass, to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.

στειν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός,

στείομεν, Ep. for στωμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ίστημι. στείρα Ion. -ρη, ή, (στείρυς) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στείρα, ή, pecul. fem. of στείρο, barren.

στείρος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (στερρόε, στερεόε) barren, Lat. sterilis.

**ΣΤΕΙ**ΧΩ, f. στείξω: 20τ. I ἔστειξα: 20τ. 2 ἔστῖχον: -to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato, στείχειν όδόν to go a journey; also, ανήρ όπλίτης κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στείω, Ep. for στω, aor. 2 subj. of ίστημι.

στελεά Ion -εή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = στειλειή.

στελεόν,  $τ \dot{o}$ , = στειλειόν, a bandle. Hence στελεόω, f. ώσω, to fit with a bandle or baft.

στελέχη-τόμος, ον, (στέλεχοι, τεμείν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕ'ΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στελεχόω, f. ώσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεόν.

στέλλω, fut. στελώ Ep. στελέω: 201, 1 έστειλα: pf. ἔσταλκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐστάλην [α]: pf. ἔσταλμαι: plqpf. ἐστάλμην:-to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στείλαι to fit out an armament:-Med., στείλασθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes: -Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to II. to despatch on an empebe dressed, decked. dition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an expedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, 2, intr. in Act. to start, set forth, travel.

2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk;  $\gamma o \rho \partial \nu \mid to$  fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαί τινα to send for IV. as a nautical term, Ιστία στέλλειν to take in sail, shorten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

> στελμωνίαι, al. (τελαμών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. or euματα, τά, a shrine decked with chaplets.

στεμματόω, f ώσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with

a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \mu \beta \omega = \sigma \tau \epsilon i \beta \omega)$  olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στέναγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάζω) a groan, mouning. στεναγμός, δ, (στενάζω) a groaning, moaning. στενάζω, f. άξω, Frequentat. of στένω, to sigh much II. trans. to bemoan, or deeply, to groan, moan.

bewail. Hence στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ή, όν, (στενάζω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αύχην, ενος,  $\dot{0}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (στενός, αὐχήν) narrownecked.

στεναχίζω, f. ίσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament, moan.

στενάχω [α], lengthd. form for στένω, to sigh, groan, moan; metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοά στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fulness. bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From στενο-λέσχης, ου, δ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler. στενό-πορθμος, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait. στενό-πορος Ion. στειν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or outlet: — τὰ στενόπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

ΣΤΕΝΟ Ιου. στεινός, ή, όν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: έν στενώ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενόν the strait (i. c. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ή, a narrow strip of land. metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.-Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, - ότατος, Ion. στεινότερος, --ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur. Hence.

στένος Ion. στείνος, εοε, τό, a strait, difficulty,

στενότερος, Comp. of στενός, ή, όν.

στενότηε Ion. στειν-, ητοε, ή, (στενόε) narrowness, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ήσω, (στενόε, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room. II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ή, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph, straits, difficulty, III. distress.

στενόω, f. ώσω, (στενόε) to make narrow. Στέντωρ, opos, δ, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous

for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor. στενυγρός, ή, όν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στένω, only used in pres. and impf., (στενόs) to sigh, 2. transit. to bemoan, bewail, lament, groan, moan. deplore.

στεν-ωπός Ion. στειν-ωπός, όν, (στενός, όψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arctus. as Subst., στενωπόs, ή, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. angibortus.

στεπτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ ,  $(\sigma\tau\dot{\epsilon}\phi\omega)$  crowned.

στέργηθρον, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.

love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, ατος, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm. στέργοισα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of

ΣΤΕ ΡΓΩ, f. εω: aor I έστερξα: pf. 2 έστοργα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέρχθην: pf. ἔστεργμαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people.

to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III. to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c acc., στέργειν τά παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν την τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοι̂ παροῦσι, IV. to pray, beg, entreat that ..., c. acc. et inf.

**ΣΤΕΡΕΟ'Σ**, ά, όν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. rigidus. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel. II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic; στερεδε άριθμός a cubic number. Hence

στερεότης, ητος, ή, stiffness, firmness.

στερεό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (στερεός, φρήν) bard or firm of soul, stubborn-bearted.

στερεόω, f. ώσω, (στερεύε) to make firm or strong: to confirm.

στερέσαι, 20r. I inf. of στερέω.

ΣΤΕΡΕ'Ω, fut. στερήσω Att. στερω: aor. 1 έστέρησα, Ερ. inf. στερέσαι:- Pass. στερέομαι, στερούμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor, I and pf. pass. ἐστερήθην, ἐστέρημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything :- Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything. II: to take away a thing: Pass. to bave a thing taken away.

στερέωμα, ατος, τό, (στερεόω) a solid body. a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness. 3. tbe

firmament of heaven.

στερεώs, Adv. of στερεόs, firmly, strongly, fast. στέρημα, ατος, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.

στέρησις,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (στερέω) privation, loss.

στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.

στερίσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.

στέρίφος, η, ον, = στερεόε, στερρόε, firm, bard, solid. II. unfruitful: of women, barren.

στερκτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , verb. Adj. of  $\sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \rho \gamma \omega$ , to be loved, lovely

TTE'PNON, 76, the breast, chest. 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the beart.

στερνο-τύπής, ές,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \nu \rho \nu, \tau \nu \pi \hat{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota)$  of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast. Hence

στερνοτύπία, ή, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. planctus.

στερν-οῦχος, ον, (στέρνον, έχω) with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.

ΣΤΕ POMAI, Pass., aor. 2 ἐστέρην: — collat. form of  $\sigma \tau \in \rho \in \rho \mu a_i$ , to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.

στεροπή, ή, =  $d\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho o \pi \eta$ ,  $d\sigma \tau \rho \sigma \pi \eta$ , a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare. στεροπ-ηγερέτα, δ, (στεροπή, ἀγείρω) Aeol. for στε-

ροπηγερέτης, collector of lightning.

Στερόπης, ου, δ, (στεροπή) Lightner, name of one of the three Cyclopes.

στέροψ, οπος, ό, ή, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.

στερρό-γυιος, ον, (στερρός, γυῖον) strong-limbed. στερρός, ά, όν, also ός, όν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen. of countries, bard, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis. III. stiff with age. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel. Hence

ΣΤΕΥΦΟΣ, τό, a bide, skin.

**ΣΤΕ'ΡΩ**, see στέρομαι.

στερρώς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.

στεθμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres and impf. στεῦται, στεῦτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στεῦνται: (ιστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.

στεφανεθνται, Ion. for στεφανοθνται.

στεφάνη [α], ή, (στέφω) anything that encircles the head: the brim of the belmet, a belmet. of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a bead-dress. III. the brim or border of anything, brow of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφάνηπλοκέω, f. ήσω, (στεφανηπλόκος) to plait

wreaths or chaplets.

στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, the wreath-market. From στεφάνη-πλόκος, ον, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) planting wreaths or chaplets.

στεφάνηφορέω, f. ήσω, (στεφανηφόροε) to wear a wreath or chaplet. Hence

στεφάνηφορία, ή, the wearing a wreath of vic-II. the right of wearing a crown.

στεφάνη-φόρος, ον, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; άγων στεφανηφόροs a contest in which the prize was a crown. στεφανηφόροι, ol, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στεφανίζω, f. σω: Dor. 20r. 1 εστεφάνιξα: (στέφαvos):-to crown.

στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανοε.

στεφανίσκος, δ, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνίτης [1], ου, δ, fem. - tris, ιδος, (στέφανος) of

or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτη: turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta: άγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, δ, (στέφω) that which encircles; στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war. crown, wreath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (noτινοs) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσοι) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public bonours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη

στεφανόω, f. ώσω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανος):-to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νησον πόντος έστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island. with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανούν εὐαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings :- Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown: -Med, to crown oneself. win a crown. 2. to crown, bonour. III. in Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or

magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ώδης, εs, (στέφανος, είδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στεφανόω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, bonour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

 $\sigma \tau \epsilon \phi o s$ ,  $\epsilon o s$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \phi \omega)$  poet. for  $\sigma \tau \epsilon \phi a v o s$ , a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕ  $\Phi \Omega$ ,  $\psi \omega$ : aor. I  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon \psi \alpha$ : Pass., aor. I  $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon \phi\theta\eta\nu$ : pf.  $\xi\sigma\tau\xi\mu\mu\alpha\iota$ :—to put round as a crown. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath: -Med. to crown oneself -Pass. to be crowned, 2 generally, to crown, to wreathed, garlanded.

στέωμεν, Ion. for στῶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of

στη, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἴστημι.

στήηs, στήη, Ep. for στηs, στη, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ιστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ίστημι.

στηθο-μελής, έs, (στήθοs, μέλοs) singing with or from the breast.

ΣΤΗ ΘΟΣ, εos, τό, the breast, chest, Lat. pec-II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. c. the feelings, affections: cf. στέρνον.

στήκω, formed from έστηκα, pf. of ίστημι, used only

in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗ' ΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ή, an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατά την στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post; the

-Στηλαι 'Ηρακλήιαι the pillars of Hercules.

στηλίδιον,  $\tau \delta$ , Dim. of στήλη, a small monument [ $\chi$ ] στηλιτεύω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στηλίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου, δ, fem. –  $\hat{\iota}$ τις,  $\iota$ δος,  $(\sigma \tau \dot{\eta} \lambda \eta)$  of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar,

placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ίστημι.

στημορ-ράγέω, f. ήσω, (στήμων, βαγήναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to sbreds.

στήμων, ονος, δ, (ιστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ίστημι.

στηρ, τό, gen. στητός, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κήρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός,  $\delta$ , (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: supporting. steadfastness.

στήριγξ, ιγγοs, ή, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. ΣΤΗΡΙΊΖΩ, f. ίσω: 20τ. ι έστηριξα Ερ στήριξα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐστηρίχθην: pf. ἐστήριγμαι: 3 sing. plaps. ἐστήρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, bave a footing, be III. the Act. rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. also is intrans, to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for έστησα, aor. I of ίστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med of ίστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ή, Dor, for γυνή.

στήωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ιστημι. στίβαρός, ά, όν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: tbick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτερος. Adv. -ρως, closely.

στίβάs, άδοs, ή, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rusbes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στίβειν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στίβέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στείβω): to tread, walk upon; παν έστίβηται πέδον all the plain bas been traversed, searched.

στίβη [ī], ή, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, boar-frost. στίβος [ $\Gamma$ ], δ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep; kata στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στίγεύς, έως, δ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγμάτηφορέω, to bear brand-marks. From στιγματη-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brandmarks.

στιγμάτίας, ου, δ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ή, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a ma-

thematical point, Lat. punctum. jot, tittle : of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙΊΖΩ, f. στίξω: aor. I ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἔστιγμαι, inf. ἐστίχθαι: - to prick, puncture, Lat. pungere: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves; also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark; στίγματα στίζειν τινά to brand one with a 2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίζειν to

beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted. mark with a full stop, Lat. interpungere.

στικτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of στίζω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (στικτός,

χρόοs) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΆΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten; στίλβειν ἀστραπάς to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to sbine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙ'ΛΗ [٢], ή, a drop, Lat. stilla: metaph. a

moment.

στιλπνός, ή, όν, (στίλβω) glittering, glistening. \*στίξ, ή, only used in gen. sing. στιχός, and in nom. and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός οι στειπτός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon i \beta \omega)$  trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. stipatus:

hence sturdy, tough, stout. στίφος, εος, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεων στίφοs the close array of the ships; στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close

column. στιφρός, ά, όν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, ὁ, (στίχος, ἀείδω) a verse-maker, poet.

στίχας. acc. pl. of \*στίξ.

στιχάω, (στίχοs) to set, range, place in ranks:— Med. στιχάομαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστιχόωντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, ai, pl. nom. of \*στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ον, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses. **στίχοs** [1], δ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχό, and a nom. and acc. pl.  $\sigma \tau i \chi \epsilon s$ ,  $\sigma \tau i \chi \alpha s$ , as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of II. a line of writing, a soldiers, a row of trees. verse.

στιχός, τη̂ε, gen. from \*στίξ.

**ΣΤΛΕΓΓΙ** Σ, ίδοε, ή, a sort of scraper, Lat. strigil, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath. στοά or στοιά, α̂s, ή, (ἴστημι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. porti-II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storebouse, magazine, warebouse, for corn. 2. η βασίλειος στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεύs sat. 3. the Poecile, or painted Stoa: -- since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called οί έκ της στοάς οι Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ή, see στοά.

στοιβάζω, f. άσω, (στοιβή) to pile or beap up.

II. metaph. a | down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewed on the ground.

> στοιβή, ή, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up. Π. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

**Στοϊκόs**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , = Στωικόs.

στοιχείον, τό, Dim. of στοίχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language. 2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, ele-3. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight στοιχ-ηγορέω, f. ήσω, (στοίχος, άγορεύω) to tell in

regular order.

στοιχίζω, f ίσω, (στοῖχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ό, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; έπὶ στοίχου or κατά στοίχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file. a line of poles with bunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στόλος, ἄρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, άδος, ή, (στέλλω) going in a body. as Subst., στολάs, ή, a borseman's cloak.

**στολή**, ή, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. П. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. stola. στολίδόω, f. ώσω, (στολίς) to draw on, put on: Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολίδωμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδύω) a fold of a robe. στολίδωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of στολιδόω, folded, banging in folds.

στολίζω, f. ίσω, (στολίε) to make ready, trim, equip, deck .- Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρών στολίδεs garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός,  $\delta$ , (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, δ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ιδίφ στόλφ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινώ στόλω in a journey on behalf of the state. 2. the purpose or cause of a journey. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρύπαε στόλοε all the II. a sbip's beak. people.

στόμα Aeol. στύμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. os, oris; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. ora, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face ; κατὰ στόμα face to face : metaph., στόμα πτολέμοιο the very jaws of battle. 2. the mouth, tongue: speech, words, language: από στόματος στοιβάε, άδος, ή (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed | είπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memory; dvd στόμα or ξν στόματι έχειν to have always in one's mouth; δια στόμα είναι to be in people's mouths; ξξ ξνός στόματος with one voice, all at once. II. the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces: also a chasm or eleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weapons, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acces: also the front ranks of the battle, the front; of and στύματος the front ranks; ακρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμ-apγοs Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στομάτ-ουργός, όν, (στόμα, \*έργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, δ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II. the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt.

III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομόω, f. ώσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, barden.

στομφάζω, f. άσω, (στόμφου) to rant, mouth: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ, ακος, δ, ή, (στόμφος) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, δ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, hombast, rant. στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομόω) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ή, (στομόω) a giving an edge to a thing, a bardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλην στόμωσιν έχον a mouth that has much mouthing or sbarpness of tongue.

στονάχέω, f. ήσω, (στοναχή) to groan, sigh, moan.

II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στονάχή, ή, (στενάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνος, ό, (στένω) a groaning, sighing, wailing. στόνυξ, υχος, ό, like δυυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ή,  $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \rho \gamma \omega)$  love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΥΜΙ shortd. στόρνθμι, by metath. στρώννθμι and στρωννύω: fut. στορέσω Att. στορώ, also στρώσω: aor. I ἐστόρεσα, also ἔστρωσα: pf. pr. ss. ἔστρωμα:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew hέχος στορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, δδον μυροίνησι στορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to

spread smooth, level; δδὸν στορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

στορέσαι, 20r. I inf. of στορέννυμι.

στορεσεύντι, Dor. for στορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of στορέννυμι.

στορεστής, οῦ, ὁ, (στορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

στόρνυμι, a later form of στορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f -άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστύχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχοι):—to aim or sboot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed

at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ή, ύν, (στοχάζομαι) able to bit: able to guess, shrewd, sagacious. Adj. -κω̂.

**ΣΤΟ ΧΟΣ**, δ, an aim, shot. 1. a guess, conjecture. στραγγεύω, f. σω, (στράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγεύομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ή, (στράγξ, οὐρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουριάω, to suffer from strangury or reten-

tion of the urine. ΣΤΡΑΤΓΩ, fut. στράγξω, Lat. stringo, to draw

tight, hind tight, squeeze, compress
στράγξ, ή, gen. στραγγόs, (στράγγω) that which
oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στρατ-άρχης, ου, δ, (στρατός, ἄρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ό, = στρατάρχης

στρατάω, (στρατόε) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατόωντο.

στρατεία lon. -ηίη, ή, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατείας εἶναι to be on foreign service; οίκοι καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεία, ή, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva. στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατείω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στράτεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στράτευσις, ή, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj one must march. From στρατεύω, f. σω, (στρατός) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep. στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor, 1 and pf. pass ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, baving been a soldier.

στράτηγεῖον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον. στράτηγέω, f. ήσω, (στρατηγόs) to be a general: c gen. to be general of an army, command.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στρατήγημα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στράτηγία Ion. -ίη, ή, (στρατηγόs) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στράτηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στράτηγικός, ή, όν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ή στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), οι τὰ στρατηγικά, generalsbip, Lat. scientia rei militaris.

II. fitted for command, versed in generalsbip, skilled in military matters. Adv. -κως, like a general.

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγόε) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings.  $\Pi = \sigma \tau \rho \alpha \tau \delta \pi \epsilon \delta \rho \nu$ , a camp.

στράτηγίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general; πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναῦς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ή στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female

commander or general.

στράτ-ηγόs, δ, (στρατόs, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. at Athens, ol στρατηγοί were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. στρατηγὸs υπατοs the Roman Consul; στρατηγόs alone, the Practor.

στρατηίη, ή, Ion. for στρατεία.

στράτηλάσία Ion. -ίη, η, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

στράτηλατέω, f. ήσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [α], ου, ὁ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στράτιά Ion. -ιή, ή, (στρατόs) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II. = στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

στράτί-αρχος,  $\dot{o}_{r} = \sigma \tau \rho \alpha \tau \dot{a} \rho \chi \eta s$ , a general.

στράτιος, ον, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στράτιον as Adv., valiantly.

στράτιώτης, ου, δ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military

service: a soldier. Hence

στράτιωτικός, ή, όν, of or for soldiers: το στρατιωτικόν (sub. άργύριον), the pay of the forces; το στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλήθοs) the soldiery; το στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or mulitary service. Hence

στρατιωτικώς, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted

out more like transport-ships.

στράτωτίς, ίδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίς (sub. ναῦς), ή, a troop-ship, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στράτό-μαντις, εως, δ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στρατόπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πεδεία, ή, and

στράτο-πέδευσις, ή, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στρατόπεδου) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτό-πεδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt beld on a military tenure.

2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army.

3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ZTPA TO Σ, δ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, bost, armament. II. the soldiers as opp.

to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στράτ-ωνίδης, ου, ό, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατ-ώνης (στρατός, ἀνέομαι) a dealer in armies. στράφείς, στράφηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στραφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ή, (στρέβλόs) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press.

II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ή, όν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted. στρεβλόω, f. ώσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass, to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted

or dislocated: a sprain.

στρέπτ-αιγλος, η, ον, (στρέφω, αίγλη) whirlingbright.

στρεπτήρ, ήρος, δ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

στρεπτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτών a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple.

2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ό, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτά, τά, necklaces.

II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλώσσα a glib, pliant tongue.

III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ον, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a

collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρεύγομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ήσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. ot στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕ' ΦΩ, f. ψω: αοτ. 1 ἔστρεψα Ερ. στρέψα: pf. ἔστροφα:—Pass., αοτ. 1 ἐστρέφθην Dor. ἐστράφθην: αοτ. 2 ἐστράφην [α]: pf. ἔστραμμαι.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ιππους στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II. to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III. to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph. to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept. VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, to revolve, 2. metaph., στροφάs στρέφεσθαι to twist about. like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, to shuffle, evade; πάσαε στροφάε στρέφεσθαι to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion. 3. c. gen., στρέφεσθαί τινος to turn oneself to, attend to. II. to attach oneself, stick close, adbere. III. of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated. IV. to roam about: of things, to be rife.

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of στρέφω. στρέψις, εως, ή, (στρέφω) a turning, twisting.

στρεψο-δικέω, f. ήσω, (στρέφω, δίκη) to twist or pervert justice.

στρεψοδικο-πάνουργία, ή, (στρεψοδικέω, πανουργία) cunning villany in the perversion of justice.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗ'Σ, έs, rough, barsh, grating.

στρηνιάω, f. άσω  $[\bar{a}]$ , (στρηνοs) to riot, to wax wanton.

στρήνος, εοε, τό, (στρηνήε) excess of strength: insolence, wantonness.

στριβιλικίγξ, Comic word, the very least fraction or particle.

**ΣΤΡΙ**' $Z\Omega$ , collat. form of  $\tau \rho i \zeta \omega$ , to cry in a shrill tone, to scream.

στροβέω, f. ήσω, (στρύβος):—to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy:-Pass., with fut. med. στροβήσομαι, to spin round and round. Hence στροβητός, ή, όν, whirled round or about.

στροβιλίζω, f. ίσω, (στρόβιλος) to twist about. στρόβίλος, ό, (στροβέω) anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pine-cone. 2. a wbirlwind.

whirling dance, pirouette. στροβίλός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \rho \circ \beta \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  spinning, whirling. στροβιλώδης, εs, (στρύβιλος, είδος) like a pine-

στρόβος, δ, (στρέφω) a whirling round.

στρογγύλλω, (στρογγύλος) to round off: to twirl. στρογγύλος [v], η, ον, (στράγγω) round, rounded; στρογγύλη ναθε a merchant ship, from its round shape, opp. to the long ship of war (μακρά ναῦs), Lat. navis longa. II. metaph. well-rounded, neat, terse.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (στρομβέω) spinning like a ball. στρόμβοs, δ, (στρέφω) anything whirled round, a 2. a spiral shell.

στρούθειος, a, ov, (στρουθός) of or for small birds: στρούθειον μηλον a quince.

στρουθίον, τό, Dim. of στρουθύς, a young sparrow. ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟ'Σ, δ, also ή, any small bird, esp. a II. any bird, as an eagle: -δ μέγας στρουθόε the large bird, the ostrich, called στρουθός κατάγαιοs from its running along the ground: also simply  $\sigma \tau \rho o \upsilon \theta \delta s$  ( $\dot{\eta}$ ).

στροφαίοs, a, ov, (στροφή) cunning, versatile; also (from στροφεύε) standing at the door-post:-name of Mercury, in both senses.

στροφάλιγξ, ιγγοι, ή, (στροφάλίζω) a wbirl, eddy. [a]

στροφαλίζω, a lengthd. form of στρέφω, to turn quickly; ηλάκατα στροφαλίζειν to whirl the spindle. στροφάs, άδοs, δ, ή, (στρέφω) whirling, circling; αρκτου στροφάδες κέλευθοι the Bear's circling paths. στροφείον, τό, (στρέφω) a twisted noose, cord.

a wooden windlass. στροφεύς, έως, δ, (στρέφω) one of the verte-

II. the socket in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. στρόφιγξ.

στροφέω, =  $\sigma$ τρέφω: esp. to bave the colic.

στροφή, ή, (στρέφω) a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling. 2. a twist, a slippery trick. II. the dancing of in Music, a twist or turn. the Chorus towards one side of the δρχήστρα: hence also the song sung during this evolution, the strophe, to which the ἀντιστροφή answers.

στρόφιγξ, ιγγος, δ, (στρέφω) the pivot or axle on which a body turns. 2. στρόφιγγες were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. στροφεύε. στρύφιγε γλώττης, of a well-bung tongue.

στρόφιον, τό, Dim of στρόφοs, a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast. στρόφις, ιος, ή, (στρέφω) a twisting, slippery fellow, a sbuffler.

στροφίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = στρόφιον, a band, girdle.

στροφο-δινέομαι, Pass. (στρύφος, δινέομαι) to wheel eddying round, of birds.

στρόφος, δ, (στρέφω) a twisted band, a belt: a cord, 2. a swaddling-band. II. a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina.

Στρυμονίαs Ion. -ins, o, a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, 1. e. a NNE. wind.

Στρυμόνιος, a, ov, of the Strymon. From Στρυμών, όνος, δ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace. στρυφνός, ή, όν, (στύφω) sour, barsb, rough to the

II. metaph. sour, barsb, austere, morose. στρώμα, ατος, τό, (στρώννυμι) anything spread out for lying or sitting upon: in pl. the bed and bedclothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula.

στρωματό-δεσμον, τύ, (στρώμα, δεσμός) a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes.

στρωματο-φύλαξ, ακος, δ, (στρώμα, φύλαξ) one wbo bas the care of the bedding.

στρωμνή, ή, a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding. From

στρώννυμι and στρωννύω, f. στρώσω, formed by metath. from στόρνυμι, στορέννυμι: ν. στορέννυμι. στρώσον, aor. I imperat. of στρώννυμι.

στρωτός, ή, όν, (στρώννυμι) spread, laid, covered, Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture.

στρωφάω, Ion. Frequent. of στρέφω, as τρωπάω for τρέπω:-to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding: -Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay or dwell in a place.

στύγ-άνωρ  $[\bar{a}]$ , opos, δ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma \tau \nu \gamma \epsilon \omega, \dot{a} \nu \dot{\eta} \rho)$  bating the

man of men in general.

ατύνερος, ά, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abominated, bateful, | rudely, sbake, smite: of the wind, to scatter the loathsome: c. dat. bearing malice or batred towards

στύγερ-ώπης, εε, and στύγερ-ωπός, όν, (στυγερός,

ஸ்டி) with bateful look: bateful. στυγερώς, Adv. of στυγερός, to one's sorrow,

miserably.

στυγέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), 201. Ι έστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: 201. 2 έστϋγον: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—to bate, abominate, abbor, loathe: stronger than μισέω, to ex-II. to make bateful or borrid. press abborrence. Hence

στύγημα, ατος, τό, a bated object, abomination. [v] στυγητός, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abominated, loatbed:

Στύγιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (Στύξ) of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian, II. =  $\sigma \tau \nu \gamma \eta \tau \delta s$ .  $[\tilde{\nu}]$ στυγνάζω, f. άσω, (στυγνόε) to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance.

στυγνός, ή, όν, (στυγέω) bated, abborred, bateful, bostile. II. sad, gloomy, Lat. tristis: -neut., στυγνόν as Adv., gloomily.

στυγνόω, f. ώσω, (στυγνός) to make sad or gloomy: -Pass. to be or become gloomy.

στυγό-δεμνος, ον, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) bating the marriage-bed.

στύγος, εου, το, (στυγέω) batred, abborrence: gloom, borror. II. an object of batred, an abomination. [v]

 $\Sigma T \Upsilon \Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a pillar: also, 2. a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship.

στῦλόω, f. ώσω, (στῦλος) to support with pillars. στύμα [ŭ], ατος, τύ, Aeol, for στύμα.

ΣΤΥ Ξ, ή, gen. Στυγός, the Styx, 1. e. the Hateful, Horrible, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths.

that which is bated, an abomination. στύξαιμι, 201. Ι opt. of στυγέω.

στύπειον οτ στυππείον, τό, like στύπη, tow, coarse flax or bemp: a rope or balter made of it.

στύπειο-πώλης οι στυππ-, ου, δ, (στυπείον, πω- $\lambda \in \omega$ ) a bemp or rope-seller.

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ή, tow, the coarse part of flax or bemp. [v]

στύπος, εοε, τό, (στύφω) a stem, stump, Lat. stipes: also a stick. [v]

στυπτηρία Ion. – ίη (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ),  $\hat{\eta}$ , an astringent salt, alum: strictly fem. of

στυπτήριοs, a, ον, (στύφω) binding, astringent. στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of στύραξ. [ā]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ακοs, o, the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft. [v]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ακοs, ή, the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax. [v]

στύφελιγμός, δ, a striking, beating, pushing about; generally, ill-usage. From

clouds: generally, to treat roughly, maltreat.

στύφελός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, (στύφω) close, solid, tough: of flavour, sour, acid. 2. metaph. barsh. crabbed, cruel.

στυφλός, όν, also ή, όν, shortd. from στυφελός, bard, rugged. 2. rough, stern.

στύφο-κόπος, ον, (στύπος, κύπτω) striking with a

στύφω, f. ψω, to contract, draw together: of an astringent taste, in Pass., χείλεα στυφθείε baving one's hips drawn in. [v]

στωά, ή, Dor. for στοά.

στωικός, ή, όν, (στοά) of or like a colonnade or portico. II. Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system: Στωικόs, ὁ, a Stoic.

στωμύλέω, = στωμύλλω. Hence στωμυλία, ή, wordiness, chattering, gossip

στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ου, ό, (στωμυλία, συλλέγω) a gossip-monger.

στωμύλλω or as Dep. στωμύλλομαι, (στωμύλοs) to be talkative, to chatter, prate: in good sense, to talk, converse.

στώμυλμα, ατος, τό, = στωμυλία, chattering · of persons, a gossip, chatterer.

στωμύλος, ον, (στόμα) mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping: also fluent. [v]

**E**Y' Dor. TY', Lat. TU, THOU; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. τύνη:—gen. σοῦ, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σεῦ, σέο, σεῖο, σέθεν, enclit. σεν, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely  $\tau \hat{\epsilon} o$ , lengthd.  $\tau \hat{\epsilon} o \hat{v}$  and  $\tau \hat{\epsilon} o \hat{i} o$ : Aeol. and Dor. τεῦς, τεοῦς.-Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τείν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφωι, σφώ: gen. and dat. σφωιν, σφών: pl. ὑμεις, ὑμων, ὑμίν or ύμιν, ύμα ε, Ερ υμεαε.

συ-αγρεσία, ή, (σῦς, ἄγρα) a boar-bunt.

σύ-αγρος, ὁ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) one who bunts wild boars. Συβαρίζω, f. ίσω, to live like a Sybarite, 1. e. luxuriously, effeminately. From

Σύβαρις [τ], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, η, Sybaris, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.

Σύβαρίτης [1], ου, ὁ, (Σύβαρις) a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary.

Σύβαριτικός, ή, όν, (Σύβαρις) of or like to Sybaris. Συβάριτις, ιδος, fem. of Συβαρίτης, a woman of Sybaris.

συβήνη, ή, a flute-case. (Deriv. uncertain.)

συ-βόσιον, or rather συ-βοσείον, τό, (σθε, βόσκω) a berd of swine. II. a pigsty.

Σύ-βοτα [v], τά,  $(\sigma \hat{v}s$ , βύσκω) the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite; originally, swine-pastures.

συ-βότης and συ-βώτης, ου, δ, (συε, βόσκω) a swineberd.

σύγ-γάμος, ον, (σύν, γαμέω) united in marriage, στύφελίζω, f. ξω, (στυφελόε) to thrust or push married, wedded: as Subst., σύγγαμοε, δ, ή, a busband or wife. plur. of rival wives.

συγ-γείτων, ονοε, ό, ή, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on. συγ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.

συγγένεια, ή, (συγγενήs) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin. 2. kinsfolk, kin, family. συγγενέσθαι, aor. 2 mf. of συγγίγνομαι.

συγγενέτειρα, ή, a common mother: fem. of

συγ-γενέτης, ου, ό, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father. συγ-γενής, έε, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, II. of the same stock, descent natural, inborn. or family, akin: of συγγενείε kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ  $\sigma v \gamma \epsilon v \epsilon s$ , =  $\sigma v \gamma \epsilon v \epsilon v \epsilon a$ , kin, relationshiptaph. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural

συγγενικός, ή, όν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kins-

men. Adv. -κωs, like kinsfolk.

συγ-γέρων, οντος, ό, (σύν, γέρων) a fellow in old age. συγγεωργέω, f. ήσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From συγ-γεωργός, ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.

συγ-γηθέω, f. ήσω, to rejoice with.

συγ-γηράσκω, f. -άσομαι [d], to grow old together

σύγ-γηρος, ον, (σύν, γηρας) growing old together. συγ-γίγνομαι later -γίνομαι [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι:-to be with, bold communication or associate with, live with, bold intercourse with, converse 2. to come to assist. 3. absol. to come together, meet.

συγ-γιγνώσκω later - γίνωσκω: f συγγνώσομαι: aor. 2 συνέγνων: pf. συνέγνωκα:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to II. to yield, concede, own, allow, consent, agree. acknowledge, confess: also in Mcd. to grant, al-III. συγγνώναι ξαυτώ to be conscious. to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon .- Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.

σύγγνοια,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συγγνώμη.

συγγνώμη, ή, (συγγνωναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.

συγγνωμονικός, ή, όν, (συγγνώμων) inclined to II. of things, parmake allowance, indulgent.

συγγνωμοσύνη, ή, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (συγγνώναι) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent. II. pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.

συγγνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγιγνώσκω.

συγγνωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συγγιγνώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.

σύγ-γονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Subst., σύγγονος, δ, ή, a brother, sister.

2. sharing the marriage-bed; in | σύγγραμμα, ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.

συγγράφεύς, έως, δ, (συγγράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. ΙΙ συγγραφείs, oi, commussioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.

συγγράφή, ή, (συγγράφω) a writing or noting II. that which is written, a book, a bistory. 2. a written contract, a covenant, engage-

III. work done by contract.

ment. συγγραφικός, ή, όν, given to writing bistory. From συγ-γράφω, f ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe. II. to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc, πύλεμον ξυγγράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose. III. to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written con-2 to draw up a resolution. tract. paint by contract.

συγ-γυμνάζω, f άσω, to exercise with.

συγ-καθαιρέω Ion. -καταιρέω, f. ήσω; aor. 2 συγκαθείλον:-to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

συγ-καθαρμόζω, f. σω, to join in arranging or burying.

συγ-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: Med.:- to sit with or together.

συγ-καθείργω Ion. συγ-κατείργω, to shut up or enclose with others.

συγ-καθέλκω, f.  $-\epsilon \lambda κύσω [v]$ : aor I  $-\epsilon i \lambda κ v σα$ : fut. pass. - ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ελκω):-to drag down, destroy with.

συγ-καθεύδω, f. ήσω, to sleep with.

συγ-κάθημαι, properly pf. of συγκαθέζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.

συγ-καθίζω, f. ήσω, to make to sit or place together: -Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation. intr also in Act. to sit with.

συγ-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to let down with or together: -Pass to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.

συγ-καθίστημι, f. - καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.

συγ-καίω Att. -κάω [ā]: fut. -καύσω:-to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo. συγ-κακοπάθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer with or toge-II. to feel with or for any one in suffering. συγ-κάκουχέομαι, Pass. (σύν, κακουχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.

συγ-καλέω, f. έσω: pf. - κέκληκα pass. - κέκλημαι: -- to call or summon together, call to council: - Med. to call to oneself. 2. to call together, invite to a feast. συγκάλυπτέος, a, ov, to be covered or veiled: and συγκάλυπτός, ή, όν, covered, enwrapt, From

συγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, sbroud: -Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face. συγ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοθμαι: 201. 2 -έκάμον:-to la-2. to labour bour or suffer with, sympathise with.

or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ή, (συγκάμπτω) a joint. συγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee: -Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κάσιγνήτη, ή, one's own sister.

σύγ-κάσις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι: 201.2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. condescend.

συγ-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλω: 201. 2 -κατέβάλον: —to pay down togetber.

συγκατάβασις, ή, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down 2. condescension, submission, accommodation. συγ-καταγηράσκω, f.  $-\gamma$ ηράσομαι  $[\bar{a}]:$ —to grow old with or together.

συγ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in

bringing back.

συγ-καταδαρθάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to sleep with. συγ-καταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company συγ-καταδουλόω, f. ώσω, to join in enslaving.

συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω: aor. 2 -κατέδυν:-to sink or set together with.

συγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph, συγκαταζεθξαί τινα άτη to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with. συγκατάθεσις, ή, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγ-καταθέω, to make an inroad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγ-καταίθω, to burn all together.

συγ-καταινέω, f. έσω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγ-κάταινος, ον, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγ-καταιρέω, Ion. for συγκαθαιρέω. συγ-κατακαίω Att. -κάω [ā]: f. -καύσω:---to burn

down along with :- Pass. to be burnt with. συγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγ-κατακλείω Ion. -κληίω, to sbut in or enclose with or together.

συγ-κατακλίνω, to make lie down with :- Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table. συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγ-κατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς,  $\hat{a}\sigma a$ ,  $\dot{a}\nu$ , aor. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -κτενω, to slay with or together. συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together. συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to belp to depose.

συγ-καταμίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with. mingle with: metaph, to absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be sbut close. συγ-καταναυμάχέω, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering. συγ-κατανέμω, to allot jointly: - Med. to share among themselves.

συγ-καταπίμπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγ-καταπράσσω, f. εω, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together. συγ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ă], to pour over at the same time: - Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting 2. to furnish completely.

συγ-κατασκηνόω, f. ώσω, to bring into one tent with. συγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together. συγ-κατασπάω, f. -σπάσω [ă], to pull down to-

getber. II. to gulp down together. συγ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end toge-

ther:—to make subject together or at the same time. συγ-κατατάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγthe same time. κατατέθειμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγ-κατατρώγω, 201. 2 - έτραγον, to eat up together. συγ-καταφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθίω.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγ-κάτειμι, (σύν, κατά, είμι ibo) to go down with. συγ-κατείργω, Ion. for συγκαθείργω.

συγ-κατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.: -to help or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with. II. to belp in subduing. kill with or together, belp in slaying.

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. - ηλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγ-κατεσθίω, f.  $-\epsilon$ δομαι: aor.  $2 - \epsilon \phi$ άγον:—to eat up with or together.

συγ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to pray for with or togetber.

συγ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάτημαι, Ion. for συγκάθημαι.

συγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with an-II. to settle in other, join or assist in colonising. a place along with. III. to establish at the same

συγ-κατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together:--Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to bury with. συγ-καττύω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.

συγκέας, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.

II. to σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. bave been put together, to be composed or compounded III. to be agreed on; δ συγκείμενος χρόνος. or τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατά τά συγκείμενα according to the terms of 2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed the agreement. on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφι since it bad been agreed to by them.

συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω. συγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω: Ion. συγ-

συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.

συγκέκραμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.

συγκεκραμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράννυμι, in a tempered manner.

συγ-κεκροτημένωs, Adv. pf pass. part. of συγκρο- $\tau \in \omega$ , as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.

συγκεκύρηκα, pf. of συγκυρέω.

συγκέκυφα, pf. of συγκύπτω.

συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding. συγ-κεντέω, f. ήσω, to pierce or stab together.

συγ-κεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ἄ]: pf. -κέκράκα pass. -κέκράμαι: aor. I pass. -εκράθην [ā] Ion. -εκρήθην:-to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing: -Med., συγκεράσασθαι φι-Niav to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. become deeply involved or implicated in.

συγ-κεραυνόω, f. ώσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:-Pass. to be thunder-stricken, astounded.

συγ-κεφάλαιόω, f. ώσω, to bring under one bead or summary, to sum up, reckon up.

συγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχώννυμι.

συγ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to incur danger along with

others: to be partners in danger.

συγ-κινέω, f. how, to move or put in commotion with. συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ā]: f.-κλαύσομαι:--to weep or lament with.

συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ă]: pf. pass. -κέκλασμαι:to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.

σύγκλεισις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ή, a shutting up,

closing up. From

συγ-κλείω, f. -κλείσω, Ion. συγκληίω, f. ηίσω, old Att. ξυγκλήω, f. ήσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ημαι Ion. -κεκλήισμαι or -ήιμαι:—to sbut up, to bem in, en-3. to close up; συγclose. 2. to sbut, close. κλείειν τὰς ἀσπίδας to lock their shields. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.

συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.

συγ-κληίω, Ion. for συγκλείω.

συγ-κληρονόμος, ον, a joint-beir.

σύγ-κληρος, ov, baving one's lot together, baving a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by the same lot. Hence

II. συγ-κληρόω, f. ώσω, to embrace in one lot.

to assign by the same lot.

σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισιε.

σύγκλητος, ον, (συγκαλέω) called together, con-ΙΙ. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.

συγκλήω, Att. for συγκλείω.

συγκλινία, ή, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From συγ-κλίνω [ī], f ἴνω, to lay together: - Pass. to lie with.

συγ-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to shake up together, confound. σύγ-κλύς, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύζω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.

συγ-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι: -to sleep with another, lie with. Hence

συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and

συγκοίμησις, ή, a sleeping together.

συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.

συγ-κοινόομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.

συγκοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From

συγ-κοινωνός, ή, όν, partaking jointly of a thing. σύγ-κοιτος, ον, (σύν, κοίτη) sbaring one's bed. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.

συγ-κολλάω, f. ήσω, to glue or stick together.

συγκολλητήs, οῦ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.

σύγ-κολλος, ον, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined: -- Adv. συγκύλλωs, in accordance with.

συγκομίδή, ή, a bringing together: esp. of harvest,

a gathering in, bousing. From

συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ιω, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, bouse it; in Pass., ὀργά συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:-Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρόε ξαυτύν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be gained together. II. to belp in burying.

συγκοπή, ή, a cutting into small pieces. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncope, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. a fainting fit, swoon. From

συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in II. to thrash soundly, maltreat. pieces, cut up. συγ-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to set in order together, arrange. II. to confer bonour on.

συγ-κουφίζω, f. ίσω, to belp to lighten.

σύγκρασις, εως, ή, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing together, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, ον, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγ-κρίνω [ī], f. -κρίνω, to compound, put together. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence

σύγκρίσις, ή, a putting together, compounding.

a comparing, comparison.

συγ-κροτέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together; συγκροτεῖν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands: absol. to clap, appland. II. to beat, hammer, or weld together.

2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—Pass. to be well trained, in good discipline.

3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσι**ς, εωε, ή**, a collision. II. a quarrel

συγ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to bide.

συγ-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι, Dep. to gain along with, belp to acquire.

συγ-κτίζω, f. ίσω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, ου, δ, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκύθευτήs, οῦ, ὁ, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamester. From

συγ-κύβεύω, to play at dice with.

συγ-κύκάω, f. ήσω, to throw into an utter ferment. συγ-κύλινδέομαι, Pass. to roll about or wallow together.

συγ-κύνηγός Dor. and Att. συγκύναγός, δ, ή, α

fellow-bunter, fellow-buntress.

συγ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκῦφα:—to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay beads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ἐs ἔν ἐστι συγκεκυφόs this comes all to one point.

II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγ-κύρέω, f. -κυρήσω or -κύρσω: 201. I -εκύρησα or -έκυρσα: pf. -κεκύρηκα: — to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II. of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: impers., συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκυρία, ή, a coincidence.

συγκύρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύγ-κωλος, ον, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συγ-κωμάζω, f. άσω Dor. άξω, to march together in a κώμος or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύγ-κωμος, ον, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

συγ-κωμφδέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, κομφδέω) to play with in a comedy.

συγ-χαίρω, f. med. -χάρησομαι: 2 or. 2 pass. -εχάρην [d]:--to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II. to wish one joy, congratulate.

συγχάρητε, 2 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of συγχαίρω. συγχέας, aor. 1 part. of συγχέω.

συγ-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to winter with or at the same time: —Pass. to weather the same storm.

συγ-χειρουργέω, f. ήσω, to bear a band at the same time, to perform together.

συγχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of

συγ-χέω, f. -χεω: aot. I συνέχεα Ερ. συνέχευα, inf. συγχεύα: pf. -κέχὔκα: Pass., aot. I -εχύθην [τ], and 3 sing. Ep aot. 2 pass. σύγχτο: pf. -κέχὔκα: to pour together, mux by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

συγχορευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a partier in a dance. From

συγ-χορεύω, f σω, to dance with

συγχορηγέω, f. ήσω, to assist in supplying. From συγ-χορηγόs, όν, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύγ-χορτος, ον, (σύν, χύρτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συγ-χόω, Ion. for συγχώννυμι.

συγ-χράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, Dep. to join with in using: hence to have dealings with

σύγ-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (σύν, χρύα) of like colour, of one colour.

συγ-χύνω [ $\bar{v}$ ], late form of συγχέω.

σύγχύσις, εως, ή, (συγχέω) a mixing together, blending: confounding: abreaking through, violating σύγχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. 201. 2 pass. of συγχέω.

συγ-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt together, to melt down.
συγ-χώννῦμι and -ὑω: Ion. pres. συγχόω, inf.
συγχοῦν: f. συγχώσω: aor. I συνέχωσα: pf. pass.
συγκέχωσμα: —to beap all together, to beap up with
earlb, bank up.
II. to make into ruinous beaps,
dismantle, demolisb.
III. to beap one thing on
another, confound.

συγ-χωρέω, f. ήσω and ήσομα:—to come together, unite.

II. to give place, give way: metaph to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at.

2. c. acc. rei, to concede, give up, yield.

3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: absol. to agree, acquiesce.

4. impers. συγχωρεί, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συγχωρητέον or plur. - έα, verb. Adj. one must agree to, concede.

σύδην [v], Adv. (σεύω) with rushing motion, hurriedly.

σύειος, α, ον, (σῦε) of swine, Lat. suillus; χρίσμα σύειον bog's-lard.

συ-ζάω, inf.  $\sigma v \langle \hat{\eta} \nu \rangle$ : f.  $-\langle \hat{\eta} \sigma \omega \rangle$ :—to live with, live together.

συ-ζεύγνθμι and -ύω: f. -ζεύξω Pass., aor. 2 συνεζύγην [τ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in mairiage:—Pass. to be yoked or coupled with:—Med. to yoke for oneself.

συ-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

συζήτησις, ή, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συζητητής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-inquirer: a disputer. συ-ζοφόομαι, Pass. (σύν, ζόφος) to grow dark together. συζύγία, ἡ, (συζεύγνυμι) union: a joint. II. a yoke or pair of animals.

συζυγηναι, aor. 2 mf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι.

συζύγιος [v], a, ov, poet. for σύζυγος, yoked together, joined, united.

σύζυγος, ον, (συζυγήναι) yoked together, paired, united, esp. wedded:—as Subst., σύζυγος, ή, a wife: but also, σύζυγος, ό, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend. σύζυξ, όγος, ό, ή, = σύζυγος.

σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together. II.

girdle. From

συ-ζώννυμ, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up:— Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins, συ-ζωοποιέω, f. ήσω, to quicken at the same time.

συ-ζωοποιέω, f. ήσω, to quicken at the same time. σύθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of σεύω.

σύθεν, Acol. for ἐσύθησαν, 3 pl aor. I pass. of σεύω συκάζω, f. άσω (συκή) to gather ripe figs.

συκάμινον, τό, the fruit of the συκάμινος, a mulberry, Lat. morum.

σῦκάμῖνος, ή, the mulberry-tree, Lat morus. σῦκέα, έας, Ion. and Ερ. σῦκέη, έης contr. σῦκῆ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ς, ή; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων:  $(\sigma\hat{v}$ κον):—the fig-tree,

Lat. ficus.

σϋκίδιον, τό, Dim. of σῦκον, a small fig.

σϋκίζω, f. ίσω, (σῦκον) to fatten with figs.

σύκζνος, η, ον, (σύκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree or figs; σύκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. II. metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σύκινοι ἄνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows: also with allusion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.

συκίς, ίδος, ή, (συκέη) a slip or cutting from a fig-

tree, a young fig-tree.

σϋκολογέω, f. ήσω, to gather figs. From σϋκο-λόγος, ον, (σῦκον, λέγω) gathering figs. σϋκο-μορέα, ή, = συκόμορος.

σῦκό-μορος, ἡ, (σῦκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an Egyptian kind, called also συκάμινος ἡ Αίγυπτία.

ΣΫ́KON, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.

σῦκο-πέδιλος,  $\delta$ , (σῦκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.

σῦκο-τρᾶγέω, f. ήσω, (σῦκον, τραγεῖν) to eat figs. Hence

συκοτραγίδης, ου, δ, a fig-nibbler.

σῦκοφαντέω, f. ήσω, (συκοφάντης) to be an informer: c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slander.
2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a thing: but, συκοφαντεῦν τριάκοντα μνᾶς to extort 30 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντεῦν τί τινος to extort money from another by false informations. Hence

συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander,

misrepresentation.

συκο-φάντης, ου, δ, (σῦκον, φαίνω) properly a figshewer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking the tree; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed against persons exporting figs from Attica: but used thing: absol. to assist: so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser, slanderer.

συκοφαντία, ή, (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a sycophant, false accusation, slander. Hence συκοφαντίας, ου, ό, the Sycophant-wind.

συκοφαντικός, ή, όν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycophant,

slanderous. Adv. -κω̂s.
συκοφάντρια, ή, fem. of συκοφάντηs, a female

informer.
συκόφασις, εως, ή, poet. for συκοφαντία.

συκοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry figs. From συκοφόρος, ον, (σῦκον, φέρω) carrying figs.

συκόω, f. ώσω, to feed with figs.

σύλα, Εp. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω. σῦλ-ἄγωγέω, f. ήσω, (σῦλον, ἄγω) to carry off as

booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.

σύλασκε, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω. ΣΥΛΑ'Ω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἐσύλησα: Pass., aor. I ἐσυλήθην: pf. σεσύλημαι:—to strip off the arms of a slain enemy: c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms from a person, or to strip him of his arms: so also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei:—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed or deprived of a thing.

2. c. acc. pers. only, to strip, despoil, pillage, plunder.
3. c. acc. rei only, to strip off. hence to take away, carry off:—Pass. to be taken away or carried off as spoil: generally, to be taken away.

συλεύμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part. of συλέω.

σῦλεύω and σῦλεω, collat. forms of συλάω, to despoil.
2. to rob secretly, defraud: to trick, cheat.
σύλη, ή, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur σῦλαι, al, or σῦλα, τά, (συλάω) the right of seizing the ship or cargo of a foreign merchant: the right of seizure, right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to modern letters of marque.

σῦληθείς, εῖσα, έν, aor. I pass, part. of συλάω. σῦλητήρ, ῆροε, and σῦλήτωρ, οροε, ὁ, (συλάω) a robber:—fem. σῦλήτειρα.

συλλάβειν, aor. 2 inf of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλαβέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
συλλαβή, η, (συλλαβείν) that which holds t

συλλάβή, ή, (συλλαβεῖν) that which holds together. II. (from pass.) that which is held together, esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; ἐν γραμμάτων ξυλλαβαῖs in written words.

συλλαβίζω, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables. συλ-λάλέω, f. ήσω, to talk or converse with.

συλ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 συνέλαβον, inf. συλλαβεῦν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι: cf. λαμβάνω:—to bring together or collect into a body, to rally troops.

II. to put together, close the mouth and eyes (of a corpse).

III. to take together, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest.

IV. to comprehend, comprise: of the mind, to comprehend, understand.

V. to receive all together, to enjoy.

VII. of a woman, to conceive.

VII. c.

dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in a thing: about to assist so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

voyau, to belp to take bold of a thing, and so to belp, stand with the feet together.

assist.

or beside, hence to assist.

συλ-λέγω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνέλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομα: aor. I συνελέχθην, aor. 2 συνελέγην: pf. συνείλεγμαι and συλλέλεγμαι:— to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere:—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass, of things, to become customary.

σύλ-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sbaring one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, δ, ή, the partner of one's bed, busband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συλ-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease or come to an end together.
συλληπτέον, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay bold of together.

συλλήπτρια, ή, fem. of συλλήπτωρ.

συλλήπτωρ, ορος, δ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes bold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor. συλληφθήναι, 20τ. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σύλληψις, εως, ή, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together.

II. a seizing, laying bold of, apprebension.

IV. conception in the womb.

συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ή, (συλλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2 a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. II an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up.

II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογίμαῖος, α, ον, (συλλέγω) collected from dif-

ferent places.

συλλογισμός, ό, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up.

II. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, δ, (συλλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly. II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συλ-λοχίτης [i], ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \acute{\nu} \nu$ ,  $\lambda \acute{\nu} \chi os)$  a soldier of the same  $\lambda \acute{\nu} \chi os$  or company.

συλ-λυπέω, f. ήσω, to burt together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or condole with.

συλ-λυσσάομαι, Pass. to be mad in company with. συλ-λύω, f.  $\dot{v}$ σω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to belp in loosing or setting free. σύλον,  $\dot{v}$ ό, see σύλη.

συλ-όνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (συλάω, ὄνυξ) paring the nails. συμβαίην, 201. 2 opt. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβῆναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβᾶσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβών: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβαθῆ: pf. inf. ξυμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίνω):—το

II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist. III. to come together. meet: hence, like συμμίσγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοίς to fall in with 2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on. 3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting. to fall to one's lot. V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, bappen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it bappens or bappened that ..; so, συμβαίνει είναι οι γίγνεσθαι: -το συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατά συμβεβηκός by chance. turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ην ξυμβή η πείρα if the attempt succeed. 3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus

or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, δ, ή, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. 2 συνέβάλον, inf. συμ- $\beta \check{\alpha} \lambda \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu$ : pf.  $-\beta \dot{\epsilon} \beta \lambda \eta \kappa a$ : Med., fut.  $-\beta \lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu a \iota$ : Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην: - Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συν  $\epsilon$ βλήμην in forms  $\xi$ ύμβλητο,  $-\beta$ λήτην,  $-\beta$ ληντο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος:to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect: -συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας to lock, join closely their shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond: - Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in; ξυμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δείματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, 1. c. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίαν to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγουs, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to bold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful. bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle; έχθραν, έριν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc. 2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance. III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; to Baβυλώνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλεόμενον πρός τό Εὐβοεικόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboïc. 2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand. to agree upon. V. intr. to come together: to meet, 10in. 2. to engage, encounter.

συμβάs, ασα, άν, αστ. 2 part. οf συμβαίνω. συμ-βάσείω, Desiderat. οf συμβαίνω, to wish to make

a league or covenant with.

συμ-βάσιλεύω, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.
σύμβάσις, εως, ή, (συμβαίνω) an agreement, arrangement. convention. treaty.

συμβάτήριος, ον, and συμβάτικός, ή, όν, (συμβαίνω) tending to agreement, conciliatory.

συμβέβάναι [ă], Ion. for συμβέβηκέναι, perf. inf. of συμβαίνω

συμβεβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίνω.

συμβέβηκα, pf. of συμβαίνω.

συμβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βτάζω, f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time. συμ-βτβάζω, f. -βιβάσω, Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of συμβαίνω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another. II. to compare, contrast. III. to prove. IV. to teach, instruct.

συμ-βίοω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 συνεβίων, inf. συμ-

βιῶναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.
συμβιώτης, ου, δ, one who lives with, a companion.

συμβλήμενος, Εp. 2 or. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω. συμβλήσεαι, Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω. συμβλητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, com-

parable.
συμ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with τικί: c. acc. pers. to shout to call on at

ther with, tivl: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.

συμβοηθεία, ή, joint aid or assistance. From συμ-βοηθείω, f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom.

II. plut. συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent.

2. intercourse.

συμβόλαιος, α, ον, (σύμβολον) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.

συμβολέω, f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with. συμβολή, ή, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together. II. (from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. 3. a contribution, subscription:—plut. συμβολαί, al, contributions to provide a common meal; δειπνείν ἀπὸ συμβολών, Lat. de symbolis esse; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence

συμβολικός, ή, όν, of or for a contribution or common meal.

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. tesserae bospitalitatis. 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. tessera, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence. σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιείσθαι πρόε πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, ον, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental. II. σύμβολος (sub. olonos), δ, an augury,

συμβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (συμβουλεύω) advice given. συμβουλευτέος, α, ον, (συμβουλεύω) to be deliberated upon. 2. to be advised.

συμβουλευτικός, ή, όν, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative. συμ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. consulere alicui; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing. II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. consulere aliquem: absol. to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, ή, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given. II a taking counsel, consultation.

συμβουλία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συμβουλή 1.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. II. a council.

συμ-βούλομαι, fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with.

σύμ-βουλος, δ, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor. συμ-βύω, f. ύσω  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ , to cram together.

συμμαθείν, aor. 2 inf. of συμμανθάνω.

συμμάθητής, οῦ, ὁ, (συμμανθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. condiscipulus.

συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμμέμηνα: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [α]:—to rave or be mad along with or together. συμ-μανθάνω, f. –μάθήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον: to learn along with one:—δ συμμαθών one who bas learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, f ψω, to grasp together.

συμμαρτύρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with to testify to a thing with another. And συμμαρτύρομαι  $[\bar{v}]$ , Dep. = συμμαρτύρέω. From συμμάρτύς, τρος,  $\delta$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a fellow-witness.

συμμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύμμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to belp, aid. Hence συμμάχία Ion. -ίη, ή, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas ἐπιμαχία is a defensive alliance):—generally, aid, succour, belp. II. = οἱ σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence

συμμάχικός, ή, όν, of or for alliance; θεοὶ ξυμμαχικοί the gods invoked at the making of an alliance. II. τὸ συμμαχικόν, = οὶ σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2. a treaty of alliance. συμ-μάχίς, ίδος, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος, allied: ἡ ξυμμαχίς (sub. πόλις), an allied state. II. the body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.

σύμ-μάχος, ον, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, δ, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.

συμμέμιγμαι, pf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι. συμ-μεθέπω, to sway jointly with.

συμ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to practise with or together.
συμ-μένω, fut. -μενῶ, to stay together, keep together.
2. to bold together, abide, continue.

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέροs) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to join in changing:— Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω: — to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μεθέξω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ον, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly. συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνφ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

surement.

συμμετρία, ἡ, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμμετρος, ον. (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with.

due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet.

z. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

III. Adv., συμμέτρως έχειν to be in proportion: Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take coun-

sel with or together.

συμ-μηχάνάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to belp to bring about.

σύμμιγά, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμίγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμιγής, έε, (συμμιγήναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίγνῦμι or -ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion.
pres. συμμίσγω:—to mix or mingle one thing with
another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person. II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίζομαι, to be
commingled or blended: to be formed by combination:
of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or
collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat
or negotiate with: also
2. to engage, encounter,
come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, όν, commingled, promiscuous.

mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμητής, οῦ, ὁ, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μιμνήσκομαι, pf. -μέμνημαι, Dep. (σύν, μιμνήσκω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμίξαι, 201. 1 inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύμμξιε, εωε, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμ-μίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

σύμ-μολπος, ον, (σύν, μολπή) in barmony or unison with barmonious.

συμ-μορία, ἡ, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαι or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ον, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: of ξύμμοροι the confederate states of

Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίζω, = συμμορφύω. From

σύμ-μορφος, ον, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφόω, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:— Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips.

II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθήε) fellow feeling, sympathy. συμπάθέω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From

συμ-πάθής, έs, (σύν, παθεῖν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθία, ή, poet for συμπάθεια.

συμπαθώs, Adv. of συμπαθήs, sympathetically.

συμ-παιανίζω, f. low, to raise the paean with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. -παίξομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίζειν έορτην μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence συμπαίκτης,ου, ό, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτμα.

συμ-παίκτωρ, ορος,  $\delta_* = \sigma \nu \mu \pi a_i \sigma \tau \eta s$ .

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίζειν.

συμ-παιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, playfellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή

συμ-παίστωρ, ορος, δ. = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παίω, f. -παιήσω: aor. 1 - έπαισα: --to beat, strike, dash one thing against another.

II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπαε, q. v.

συμ-παραβύω, f. ύσω [v], to cram in along with.
συμ-παραγίγνομα, Dep to come in or come to band
at the same time.

II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with.
συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in
recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακάλεω, f. εσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.
συμ-παρακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with,
follow close, stick to.

συμ-παρακομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convoy along shore.

συμ-παρακύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with. συμ-παραλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take along with. συμ-παραμένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat. συμ-παραμίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in to-

συμ-παρανεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συμ-παρανήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συμ-παραπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others. συμ-παραπόλλυμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 - όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συμ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συμ-παραστάτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to belp or support. From

συμπαραστάτης, ου, δ, (συμπαρίσταμαι) one wbo stands by to aid, a joint belper or assistant.

συμ-παρατάσσομαι Att. - ттоμαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order

συμ-παρατηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συμ-παρατρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along

συμ-παραφέρω, f. -παροίσω, to carry forth along with :- Pass. to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παρεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with. συμ-πάρειμι, inf. -παρείναι, (είμί sum) to be present along with; to be present together or at the same time. συμ-πάρειμι, inf. -παριέναι, (είμι ιδο) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρηλθον, pf. -παρελήλυθα: Dep.:-to go or slip into along with.

συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany. συμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to offer or present along with. συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of: -Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. ŭνω, to provoke together with.

σύμ-πας Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πασα, -πάν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύμπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter :- τὸ σύμπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συμ-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike along with or together. συμ-πάτεω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-countryman.

συμ-πεδάω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind band and foot; metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συμ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together. to join in persuading:-Pass, to be persuaded at the same time.

σύμ-πειρος, ον, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing. συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or togetber. 2. to belp in conducting.

συμ-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr to mourn together with. σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συμ-περαίνω, f ανω, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:-in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. ΙΙ. Med. συμπεραίνομαι. to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, belt to destroy. συμ-περιάγω, f. ξω, to lead about along with or together :- Med. to lead about with oneself.

συμ-περίειμι, inf. -ιέναι, (είμι ibo) to go about along

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace or comprebend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with

συμ-περινοστέω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with

συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with II Pass. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to bave intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:--to belp in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμαι, pf. of συμφράζομαι.

συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:--to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, ov, joined together, framed, constructed. συμ-πίέζω, f. έσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze bard:—Pass. to be squeezed up συμ-πίνω [ι], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμπιείν:-to drink with or together, join in a drinkingbout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. of accidents, to fall or light upon, bappen to. absol, to bappen or fall out at the same time, con-5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it bappened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere; σωμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συμ-πίτνω, poët. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash

together. II. to agree. συμπλάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέκω. σύμ-πλάγος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roam-

ing about together.
συμπλάσας [ἄ], 201. I part. of συμπλάσσω.

συμ-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ἄ]: aor. I συνέπλἄσα: —to mould or fashion together, γαίη sout of clay. II. metaph. to fabricate together.

συμ-πλάταγέω, f. ήσω, to clap together.

σύμπλεκτος, ov, twined together, interlaced. From συμ-πλέκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνεπλάκην [α]: pf. συμπέπλεγμα:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. II. Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; ἵχνη συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along

with or together.

συμ-πληγάs, άδοs, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or dashing together. II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέτραι), al, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυάνεαι νῆσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνδρομάδες.

συμπλήγδην, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or dashing together.

συμ-πληθύνω [v], to multiply together.

συμ-πληθύω, to belp to fill, swell, increase.

συμ-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to help to fill, fill completely: of ships, to man with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, η̂s, η̂, (συμπλέκω) an intertwining II a close struggle.

σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέκω) entwined, interwoven. σύμπλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ουν: (συμπλέω):—sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., εύμπλους, δ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.

συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe together. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare; συμπνεῖν ἐμπαίοιε τύχαιε to blow with, i.e. be carried

along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πνίγω [i], f. -πνιξοῦμαι, to throttle: to choke up. συμ-ποδίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to tie the feet together, bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.

συμ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to belp in doing.
συμ-ποιμαίνομαι, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed to-

gether : to berd together.

συμ-πολεμέω, f. ήσω, to take part in a war with. συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ήσω, to join in besieging, besiege

jointly.

συμπολίτεύω, f. σω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολιτεύομαι; οι συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens. From

συμ-πολίτης [i], ου, δ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis. συμ-πομπεώω, f, σω, to accompany in a procession. συμ-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villany, play the knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass. συνεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.

συμ-πορθέω, f. ήσω, like συμπέρθω, to belp to demolish or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ίσω, to belp in procuring or providing. συμποσία, ή, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμποσί-αρχος, δ, (συμπόσιον, ἄρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bibendi.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ου, ό, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon-companion. Hence

συμποτικόs, ή, όν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτικόs, ό,

a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, opos, δ, a belper, assistant; συμπράκτωρ όδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From συμ-πράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω: aor. I συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to belp in doing: to act with, assist.

2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσσομαι, to belp in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρεπής, ές, (σύν, πρέπω) beseeming, befitting. συμπρεσβευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending

an embassy.

σύμ-πρεσβυς, εως, ὁ, a joint-ambassador συμ-πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, a fellow-presbyter or elder. συμ-πρήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ιοπ. for συμπράκτωρ.

συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμ-πρίασθαι, 201. 2 inf. of συνων έσμαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμ-προθυμέσμαι, f. med. -ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -προύθυμήθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promoting, to bave equal zeal for a thing: absol. to sbare one's eagerness.

συμ-προξενέω, f. ήσω, to belp in furnishing with

means.

συμ-προπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in escorting.

σύμπτυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together. From

συμ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to fold together, fold up and lay by.

συμπτωθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω, σύμπτωμα, ατοε, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that has befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

σύμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.
συμ-πυρόω, f. ώσω, to burn up or consume along
with or together.

συμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω. σύμφερον, τό, see συμφέρω 11. 3. Hence συμφερόντωs, Adv. profitably, with expediency. συμφερτός, ή, όν, (συμφέρω) brought together, panying. united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνοίσω: aor. 1 συνήνεγκα Ion.  $- h \nu \epsilon \iota \kappa \alpha$ : aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνενήνοχα: (cf.  $\phi(\phi)$ :—to bring together, gather, collect: to contri-3. to bear along 2. to match together. bute. with or jointly, belp to bear; συμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's ad-2. impers συμφέρει, it is of use, profit-3. part. συμφέρων, ουσα, ον, useable, expedient. ful, expedient: neut. συμφέρων, οντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to. of events, to bappen, take place, turn out. III. Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηνέχθην Ion. συνηνείχθην: pf. συνήνεγμαι:-to come together, meet: in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congredi. 2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, 4. of events, to bappen, to be acquainted, versed in. turn out: also impers., it bappens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

σύμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that . .

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with. συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [τ], to perish along with: so in 201. 2 pass. συνέφθίτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, ov, sounding together.

συμ-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love mutually, join in loving. συμ-φιλονεικέω, f. ήσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φιλοσοφέω, f. ήσω, to join in philosophic study. συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes. συμ-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -έω: fut. ήσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοίτησις, ή, a going to school together. And

συμφοιτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together.
συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ή, (συμφέρω) a bringing together.

II. an event, circumstance, chance, either igood or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορεύς, δ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer,

a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ήσω, to bring together, gather, heap up. συμφόρησις, εως, ή, (συμφορέω) a bringing together. συμφορητός, ή, όν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ον, (συμφέρω) bappening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρως, Adv. profitably: συμφόρως έχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδμων, ονος, δ, ή, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I συνεφρασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσατο: pf. pass. συμπέφρασμαι: Dep.:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. ίσω, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ον, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ξωό the chamber that keeps watch with me, i.e. in which I he without sleeping. σύμ-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φυγάς, άδος, δ, ή, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.

συμφυείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφίω

συμ-φυής, ές, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [v]

συμ-φυλάσσω, f. ξω, to keep guard along with or together.

2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φυλέτης, ου, ὁ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribulis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φῦλος, ον, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe of race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ον, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω  $[\bar{v}]$ : pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead of mux together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φυσάω, f. ήσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise. συμ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant in together: metaph. to contrine or concoct with.

σύμφὔτος, ον, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inhorn; σύμφυτος αίων one's natural age; ès τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ύσω: aor. I συνέφῦσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφῦκα, aor. 2 συνέφῦν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφυείs:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to agree in sound, be in barmony or unison. II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφώνησις, ή, an agreeing in sound, agreement. συμφωνία, ή, (σύμφωνοι) an agreeing in sound, barmony.

II. symphony or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ον, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, barmonious: as Subst. a musician.

II. metaph. in unison or concert with friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch one another.

συμ-ψάω, inf.  $-\psi \hat{\eta} \nu$ : f.  $-\psi \hat{\eta} \sigma \omega$ : aor. I  $\sigma \nu \nu \hat{\epsilon} \psi \eta \sigma \alpha$ :—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. συμ-ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

σύμ-ψηφος, ov, voting with another.

σύμ-ψῦχος, ον, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous. **EY'N** old Att. Evv, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum: along with, in company with, together with. with collat. notion of help, σὺν θεφ with God's belp, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι είναι to be with another, on his 3. furnished with, endued with; σὺν ὅπλοιs with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σῷ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σὺν τοῖε νόmois in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυψεν γαίαν και πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as ADV., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

our- in Compos., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σύν in συγ-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο two and two together, by II.  $\sigma \nu \nu$ , before  $\beta$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\psi$ , changes into  $\sigma \nu \mu$ -; before  $\gamma$ ,  $\kappa$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\chi$ , into  $\sigma \nu \gamma$ -; before  $\lambda$ , into συλ-; before σ into συσ-

σῦν, acc. of σῦε.

συνάγάγειν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συνάγω.

συνάγαγον, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συν-άγγελος, δ, a fellow-messenger.

συν-άγείρω, f. -αγερω: αυτ. Ι συνήγειρα Ερ ξυνάγειρα: Pass., aor. Ι συνηγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl συνάγερθεν: -to gather persons together, assemble or collect them: Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; ovvaγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass part., those assembled. to collect things: and in Med. to collect for one-III. συναγείρειν ξαυτύν to collect oneself: Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.

συν-αγίνέω, f. ήσω, to bring together, to collect.

συν-αγκεία, ή, (σύν, άγκοε) = μισγαγκεία.

συν-άγνυμι, f. -άξω: aor. I συνέαξα:--to break together, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-άγορεύω, f. σω, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending: to agree to, concur in. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, άγρα) to join in the chase. συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω. συν-άγω, f. -άξω: 201. Ι σύνηξα: 201. 2 συνήγαγον: Att. pf. συνήχα, later συναγήοχα: pf. pass. σύνηγμαι: -to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συνάγειν Aρηα, πόλεμον to join battle: also accomplice, τινόε in a thing.

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. II. to bring together, unite, combine; to engage. συνάγειν γάμους to contract a marriage. taph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγεύς, έως, ύ, one who brings together, a uniter. συνάγωγή, ή, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levy-2. a place of meeting or assembling : among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue.

drawing together, contracting

συν-άγωνίζομαι, f. - ίσομαι Att. - ιοθμαι: Dep :to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to belp in a contest. Hence

συνάγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant

συν-άδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sister συν-άδικέω, f ήσω, to join in doing wrong or injury. συν-άδω Ion. συν-αείδω: f. -άσομαι:--to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. Il. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together

συν-αείρω, aor I - ήειρα, poet, form of συναίρω to yoke together. Med to yoke together for oneself.

συν-αέξω, poet for συναύξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ήσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a context.

συν-αθροίζω, f σω, to gather together, assemble. συν-ātγδην, Adv. (σύν, άίσσω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ον, (σύν, αίμα) of common blood, kindred; νείκος ξύναιμον strife between kinsmen; Ζεύς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, δ, ή, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister. συναίμων, ονος,  $\delta$ ,  $\eta$ , = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. έσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to

agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αίντμαι, defect. Dep to take bold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf συναίν υτο.

συν-αιρέω, fut. ήσω: fut. 2 συν ελω: aor. 2 συν είλον Ep. σύνελον, part συνελών: (cf alpέω):—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, ξυνελών λέγω I say briefly. II. to belp to conquer or subdue: metaph to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-alpω poët. συναείρω (q. v), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up ac-II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to belp bear or support, undertake jointly. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel

together.

συν-alτιοs, ον, also a, ον, (σύν, alτία) being the joint cause of a thing, belping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to :- as Subst., συναίτιοs, δ, ή, an συν-αιχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
συν-αιχμάλωτος, ον, a fellow-prisoner.
συν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
συν-ακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.
συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
συν-ἄκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely: to follow an argument, understand.
συν-άκουσίζω, f. (σω, to throw a variety together or

συν-ακοντίζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.

συν-ἄκούω, f. –ακούσομαι, to bear along with or at the same time. 2. to bear one another.

συνακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.

συνακτικός, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together: το συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
συν-αλάλάζω, f άσω, to cry aloud with.

συν-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for.

II. to feel with, sympathise in: absol. to share in sorrow.

συν αλγηδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief:—m plur. = al συναλγούσαι, partners in grief.

συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over : to belp to anoint.

συν-αλιάζω, f.  $\xi \omega$ ,  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu$ ,  $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \dot{\alpha}) = \sigma \nu \nu \alpha \lambda \dot{\zeta} \omega$ . συν-αλίζω, f.  $\dot{\alpha} \omega$ : aor. I Ion  $\sigma \nu \nu \dot{\alpha} \lambda \iota \sigma \alpha$ : to

συν-αλίζω, f. ίσω: aor. 1 Ion συνάλισα: to gather together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.

συναλλάγή, ή, (συναλλάσσω) aninterchange; λόγων ξυναλλαγαί interchange of words: absol. a making up of strife, reconcilitation; pl. ξυναλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition; νόσου ξυναλλαγῆ by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.

συνάλλαγμα, ατοι, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.

συν-αλλάσσω Att. - ττω: f ξω: aor. 1 συνήλλαξα: - Pass., aor. 1 συνήλλάχθην: pf. συνήλλαγμαι: - to interchange with: to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. 11 to bring into association or union with: to reconcile: - Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.

συν-αλοάω poet. - αλοιάω: f. ήσω: aor. I συνηλοίησα:—to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces, smash.

συν-άμα, Adv. for σὺν ἅμα, together.

συν-ἄμιλλάομαι, f. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to race or contend together.

συν-αμπέχω, fut. -αμφέξω: 20τ. 2 -ήμπεσχον, inf. -αμπισχεῖν:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaph. to sbroud.

συν-αμπίσχω, = συναμπέχω.

συν-αμφότερος, α, ον, both together: used both in sing, and plur.

συν-αναβαίνω, f. -αναβήσομαι: 201. 2 -ανέβην:—
to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into
central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together. συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time.

11. to extort by force.

συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with :- Pass. to

go to sea together.

συν-αναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together.
συν-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along
with or together.

II. to give the same answer.
συν-ανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.

συν-ανακτιμαι, rass. to rectine together at table.
συν-ανακλίνομαι, Pass. to he down along with, to
recline along with at table [τ]

συν-ἄναλίσκω, f. -aναλώσω, to spend or waste along with.

II to help by furnishing money.

συν-αναμίγνυμι, f. -αναμίζω, to mix up with at the same time. — Med. and Pass. to associate with. συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to re-

fresh oneself of receive comfort together with.
συν-αναπείθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.

συν-αναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together. συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together. συν-αναπράσσω Att. --ττω, f. ξω, to join in exacting

payment.

συν-αναρριπτέω, f ήσω, to throw up together. συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another. συν-αναστρέφω, f ψω, to turn hack together:—Pass. to live along with or among.

συν-ανατήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together. συν-ανατρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with. συν-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.

συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
συν-αναφύρω [φυ], to knead or mix up together:—
Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.

συν-αναχρέμπτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together.

II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 - ανέστην, pf. - ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together.

2. to belp in setting up again or restoring.

συν-αντάω Ion. -ίω: f. ήσω: aor. I -ήντησα:—to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence

inppen to one. Trence

συν-άντησις, ή, a meeting. συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.

συν-αντιάζω, f.  $d\sigma\omega$ , = συναντάω, to encounter. συναντιλάβηται [d], 3 sing. 2 subj. of

συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay bold of along with: to take part with, belp.

συν-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together; συναντλείν πύνους τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exhaurire labores.

συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf, = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.

συν-ἄνύτω [τ], to come to an end together with.
συν-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to join in thinking fit: generally,
to approve, allow.

συν-ἄοιδός,  $\delta \nu_1 = \sigma \nu \nu \varphi \delta \delta s$ .

συν-άορος, ον, Dor. for συνήορος.

συν-απάγω, f. ξω, to lead away with:—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.

συν-άπας, ασα, αν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.

συν-άπειμι, inf. -απιέναι, (εξμι ibo) to go away together.

συν-απεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to belp in finishing. συν-απίσταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.

συν-απισταμαί, 1011. 101 συναφισταμαί.
συν-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with
or together: to disembark along with.

συν-αποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ā]: aor. 2 -απέδραν:—to run away or escape along with.

συν-αποδοκζμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.

συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.

συν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνοῦμαι: 2 οτ. 2 -απέθάνον:—to die together with.

συν-αποικίζω, f. ίσω, to go as colonists together.
συν-αποικάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
συν-αποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.

συν-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομα: -- to receive from another with or together: to take or receive in common. συν-απολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.

συν-απόλλυμ, fut. -απολώ:—to destroy with or together; συναπολλύναι τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own ruin:—Pass., with pf. 2 -από-

λωλα, to perish along with or together.
συν-απολογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.

συν-απομάραίνω, to make to wither away together:

—Pass. to fade away or wither together.

συν-απονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.

συν-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.
συν-απορρήγυνμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together.
συν-αποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with.
συν-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to help to strip or cheat,
join in robbing.

συν-αποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together. συν-αποφέρω, to carry off along with or together. συναπτός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied: continuous. From

συν-άπτω, f. -άψω: aor. 1 συνηψα: Pass., pf. συνημμαι:-to tie or join together, unite; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan; ξυνάπτειν τινί κακά to fasten evil upon him. II, to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action; συνάπτειν μάχην to join 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person; συνάπτειν ξαυτόν ξε λόγους τινί to enter into conversation with a person; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc.; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι οτ είε λόγουε τινί (sub. ξαυτόν); συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by III. intrans., of lands, to border on, marriage. lie next to: to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at band. IV. Med. to reach, attain to: to take part with, contribute towards.

συνάραι, aor. I inf. of συναίρω.

συν-ἄρᾶρίσκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρᾶρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.

συν-δράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash together: to dash in pieces, crush, destroy:—Pass. to be dashed in pieces; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλάs to get their heads broken.

συν-ἄρέσκω, f. -ἄρέσω:—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.

συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναραρίσκω.

σύν-αρθρος, ον, (σύν, άρθρον) linked together: in accordance with.

συναριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count along with.

συν-ἀριθμος [ἄ], ον, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.

συν-αριστάω, f. ήσω, (σύν, άριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.

συν-ἄριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together. συν-άριστος, ον, (σύν, ἄριστον) breakfasting with. [ā]

συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω: f. όσω Dor. όξω: Pass., aor. I συν-ηρμόσθην: pf. -ήρμοσμαι: -- to fit together, close, join exactly; συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids; εὐχερεία συναρμόσαι βροτούs to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.

συν-αρμολογέω, f. ήσω, to frame accurately together. συναρμοστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συναρμό(ω) one who joins together; συναρμοστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state. συν-αρμόττω, Ατι. for συναρμό(ω.

συν-αρπάζω, fut. άσω or άσομαι: aor. I συνήρπασα:
—to earry off or away with one:—Pass. to be seized
and carried off. 2. to bold fast together:—Med.
aor. I ξυναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and bold
one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
συν-αρτάω, f. ήσω: aor. I συνήρτησα:—to bang up
with: to fasten on along with, knit together:—Pass.
to be closely engaged or entangled with.

συν-άρχω, f. ξω, to rule jointly with: to be a colleague in office; δ συνάρχων a colleague.

συν-ἄρωγός, όν, a joint-belper.

συν-ἄσεβέω, f. ήσω, to join in impiety.

συν-ασκέω, f. ήσω, to practise together, join in practising.

συν-ἄσοφέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, ἄσοφοε) to be unwise or foolish along with.

συν-ασπίδόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, ἀσπίε) to keep the shields locked close together.

συν-ασπίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (σύν, ἀσπίε):—to bold the shields together: generally, to fight together, be comrades; συνασπίζειν τινί to be his messmate.

συν-ασπιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-soldier, comrade. συν-ασχάλάω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄποχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.
συν-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence συναυλία, ή, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ξυναυλίαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert.

2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι: 201. I pass. συνηυλίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's

abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with; σ. μανία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. - αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away together:—Med.

to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt.

II. Pass., with act. 2 - έστην pf. - έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθήναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-άχθομαι, fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίζω, f. ξω, to kill together with another. συν-δαίνυμι, f. –δαίσω, to feast along with or together; συνδαίσαι γάμους τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, opos, δ, a companion at table, messmate.
συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite or champ together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to weep with or together. συν-δειπνέω, f. ήσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δείπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, δ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάζω, f. άσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all

together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: 201. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:-to beg along with, to join in begging. σύν-δεσμος, δ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:-that which

binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-prisoner.

σύν-δετος, ον, (συνδέω) bound together, bound hand and foot, Lat. constrictus.

II. as Subst., σύνδετον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together; συνδήσαί τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together. συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along

with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. –διαιτήσομαι: Dep.:  $(\sigma \acute{v} \nu, \delta \iota \alpha \iota \tau \acute{a} \omega)$ :—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ήσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ό, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout. συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμέω, f ήσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν.διαπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω. to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to belp in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to endure bardsbip with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, t. –διαθήσω, to help in arranging. συν-διατρίβω  $[\tilde{i}]$ , f.  $\psiω$ , to pass one's time with or together; esp. with a master, of  $\tau \tilde{\omega}$  Σωκράτει συνδιατρίβοντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things, to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διοίσω, to carry through or over with.

II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f.  $-\phi\theta$ ερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφύλάσσω, f. fw, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ίσω, to take in band together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξειμι, inf. -διεξιέναι (είμι ibo) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεικα, Ion for -ήνεγκα, aor 1 of συνδιαφέρω.
συν-δίκάζω, f. άσω, to belp to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or juryman. συνδίκεω, f. ήσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δίκος, ον, (σύν, δίκη) belping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, δ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer.

2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοι were the syndics or judges appointed to determine | sembled in council, a council-board, council :-in N.T. on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. συνδίκως, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ήσω, to administer or arrange toge-

συν-διοράω, f. -διόψομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώξομαι, to chase away along II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution. συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεί, impers. like Lat. placet, συνδοκεί ήμιν we are all agreed : —the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἄπασιν υμίν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; σύνδοξαν πατρί since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκζμάζω, f. άσω, to test or examine along with. συν-δοξάζω, f άσω, to agree in opinion. glorify or extol jointly.

συνδόξαν, 20r. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, δ, ή, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, 8, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. άσω [ā], to do along with or together, belp or concur in doing; alμα συνδρών to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, άδος, fem. of σύνδρομος; αί συνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπληγάδες.

concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμείν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες. running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δυάζω, f. άσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δυάς, άδος, ή, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δύο, οί, αί, τά, (σύν, δύω) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστύχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, oi, ai, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβάλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω. συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to, hard upon. συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερω, to awaken together: esp. to raise

from the dead with another: - Pass. to rise together. συνέδραμον, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: of συνεδρεύοντες the members of a

συνεδρία, ή, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέδριον, τό, (σύνεδροι) a number of persons as | war.

the Sanhedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-bouse, Lat. curia.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, ξδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, δ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εείκοσι, Ερ. for συνείκοσι.

συν-εέργαθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνείργω.

συν-εέργω, Ερ. for συνείργω.

conscience.

συνέζευξα, 20τ. Ι οί συζεύγνυμι.

συνέηκα, Ion. for συνήκα, aor. τ of συνίημι.

συν-εθέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wisb.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. 1 med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ίσω, to accustom, inure, make babitual: -Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδέναι, inf. of σύνοιδα; v. \*συνείδω. Hence συνείδησιε, ή, a joint knowledge, consciousness.

\*συν-είδω, in aor. 2 συν-είδον, inf. - τδείν:--to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-όψομαι, pf. συν-εύρāκα. II. pf. σύνοιδα in pres. sense, inf. συνειδέναι: plapf. with impf. sense συνήδειν Att. συνήδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνηδέατε: also fut συνείσομαι: -to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, συν-δρομή, ή, (σύν, δρόμος) a running together: a privy to it: part. συνειδώς an accomplice: τὸ συν- $\epsilon \iota \delta \dot{\omega} = \sigma \upsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \delta \eta \sigma \iota s$ . 2. c. dat. pers to know the same as another; συνειδέναι ξαυτώ οὐδ' ὑτιοῦν σοφὸς wv I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύνοιδα έμαυτῷ οὐδὲν ἐπισταμένω I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to bis plans or opinions.

συν-είκοσι Ep. συνεείκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. viceni.

συνειλεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-ειλέω, f. ήσω, to crowd or throng together:—of persons, to bind firmly together :- Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνείληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνείληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνείλκύσα, aor. 1 of συνέλκω.

συνείλοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-ειμι, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, είμί sum) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνείναι  $v\delta\sigma\varphi = v\sigma\epsilon\hat{v}$ ;  $\sigma v\epsilon\hat{v}\alpha v$   $\mu\epsilon\rho(\mu v\alpha v)$  to be acquainted with cares; συνείναι πράγμασι to be engaged in busi-2. of persons, to bave intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; of συνόντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-ειμι, (σύν, είμι ιδο) to go or come together, 2. in hostile sense, to hence to assemble, meet. meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in 3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet to deliberate. 4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-είπον, inf. -ειπείν, 20τ. 2 of συναγορεύω οτ σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to belp, further. 2. to tell along with one, belp one to tell.

συν-είργνῦμι, = συνείργω.

συν-είργω Ep. -εέργω old form -έργω: Ep. impf. συνέεργον; Ερ. 201. 2 συνεέργάθον; f. συνείρξω:to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-είρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. . II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνείς, είσα, έν, part. aor. 2 of συνίημι.

συν-εισάνω, f. εω, to bring in with or together. συν-εισβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with. συν-εισβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εισέρχομαι, aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon ισηλθον$ , pf.  $-\epsilon ισελη$ λυθα: Dep: -to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut, without any pres, in use; v. \*συν-

συν-εισπίπτω, f. - πεσούμαι: aor. 2 - έπεσον: -- tοII. to rush in fall or be thrown into along with. along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together. συν-εισπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to belp in exacting money from others.

συν-εισφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (είσφορά).

συν-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εκβιβάσω Att. -εκβιβώ, Causal of συνεκβαίνω, to belt in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, ov, travelling with: as Subst. a fellowtraveller

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to belp a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [v], to strip off together:-Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθανουμαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together. συν-εκκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to belp to steal away; συνεκκλέπτειν γάμουs to belp in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to belp in carrying out. to belp in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to belp to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, 201. Ι οf συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, όν, chosen along with or together. συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, έκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever. συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [ā], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [t], f, -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to rusb out along II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead beat with. III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to belp in working out or achieving: to cooperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to belp in supplying or pro-

συν-εκποτέον or - έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together: -Med. to belp a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to belp in preserving or delivering. συν-εκτάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together

συν-εκτίνω [t], f. -τίσω [t], to pay along with, to belp in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:-Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον: -to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω. συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εξοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνέλάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλάλέω.

συν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ἄ]: aor. I -ήλασα Εp. -έλασσα: pf. -ελήλακα:-to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνειν οδόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight. 2. intr., ἔριδι ξυνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel. συνελείν, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of

συναιρέω.

συν-ελευθερόω, f. ώσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω συνελθείν, aor. 3 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj, of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw togetber.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. Ι συνείλκύσα (as if from συνελκύω):—to draw together or to a point. II. to belp to draw out. draw up, contract.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναιρέω.

συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βαλω, to put in along with, belp in II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad Hence συνεμβολή, ή, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή

κώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.

συνέμεν, poet. for συνείναι, 20r. 2 inf. of συνίημι. συνέμιξα, aor. Ι οf συμμίγνυμι.

συνέμιχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συν-εμπίπρημι, fut. - εμπρήσω: aor. Ι - ενέπρησα:

-to burn along with or together.

συν-έμποροs, ov, travelling with: as Subst, συνέμπορος, δ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.

συνεμπρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμπίπρημι.

συνενέγκαντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμφέρω. συν-ενείκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be car-

ried so as to meet, to strike or dash against. συν-ενθουσιάω, to be inspired together with.

συν-εξάγω, f. εω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.

συν-εξαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to belp in taking or capturing: -Med. to take away forcibly from one.

συν-εξάκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear of a thing all together.

συν-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with,

to commit a joint error, have part in a fault. συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up to-

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.

συν-εξάπατάω, f. ήσω, to cheat along with or to-

συν-έξειμι, (είμι ibo) to go out along with or together. συν-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with II. (sub. στράτον, ἵππον) to march or together. or ride out together.

συν-εξερύω, f. σω, to draw out with or together. συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon \xi \hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ , pf.

-εξελήλυθα: (cf. έρχομαι):-to go or come out with. συν-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together: - Pass. to be reckoned with or among.

συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together. συν-εξορμάω, f. ήσω, to belp to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.

συν-εοχμός, δ, poét, for συνοχμός.

συν-επάγω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.

συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.

συν-επαινέω, f. έσω Ep. ήσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.

συν-έπαινος, ον, joining in, consenting to a thing,

being a consenting party to it.

συν-επαίρω, f. -επάρω, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:-Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, αοτ. Ι οί συμπαίω.

συν-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι  $[\bar{a}]$ , Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.

συν-επακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow together, follow

συν-επαμύνω, f -αμυνω, to join in repelling.

συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass, with aor. 2 act.

-έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion. συν-επανορθόω, f. ώσω, to join in re-establishing.

συνέπαξα, Dor. aor. 1 of συμπήγνυμι.

συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφάπτομαι.

συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.

συν-έπειμι, (σύν, ἐπί, είμι ιδο) to go with against, join in attacking.

συν-επεισφέρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in.

συν-επεκπίνω [i], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly. συν-επελαφρύνω [v], to belp to make light, to belp to bear or sustain.

συν-επερίζω, f ίσω, to contend with.

συνέπεσον, aor 2 of συμπίπτω.

συνεπεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.

συνεπέστην, 201. 2 of συνεφίστημι.

συν-επεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.

συν-επηχέω, f.  $\eta \sigma \omega$ , to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.

συν-επιβαίνω, f.  $-\beta$ ήσομαι, to mount together II. to enter upon along with. upon.

συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against. συν-επιγράφευς, ό, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk. συν-επιθυμέω, f. ήσω, to desire along with.

συν-επίκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.

συν-επικοσμέω, f. ήσω, to help to array or adorn. συν-επικουρέω, f. ήσω, to join as an ally, belp to support or relieve.

συν-επικουφίζω, f. ίσω, to lighten at the same time. συν-επικράδαίνω, to move backwards and forwards together with.

συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.

συν-επιμαρτύρεω, f. ήσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.

συν-επιμελέσμαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, 20r. 1 pass. -επεμελήθην:—to join in taking care of: to bave joint charge of: to join in providing.

συν-επιμελητής, οῦ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.

συνέπιον, aor. 2 οί συμπίνω.

συν-επιπλέκω, f. ξω, to belp to twine or plait.

συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert. συν-επιρρώννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to belp to strengthen. συν-επισκοπέω, f. - επισκέψομαι: pf. - επέσκεμμαι: -to examine along with or together.

συν-επισπάω, f. άσω [ă], to draw on together:-

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to one- | use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead): self, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπέσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and

part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπεύδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward. συν-επίσταμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to. συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στελω, to send with or together. συν-επιστράτεύω, f. σω, to make war together with συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ύσω [v], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together. -Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω [7], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy

utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλάσα, 20τ. Ι οί συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, 20τ. Ι οf συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 -εσπόμην, Dep to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποίμναις συνέπεσθαι to follow II. to follow with the mind, under tand. συν-επόμνυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. I of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ιοη. 201. Ι οf συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover From συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert :- Med., συνερασθαί τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep :- to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building

συν-εργάτης [ă], ov, ò, a fellow-worker, partner,

colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτίνης [ $\ell$ ], ου,  $\delta$ , poet. for συνεργάτης. συν-εργάτις [ă], ιδος, ή, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, ό, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ή, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, όν, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or belping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it: - as Subst., συνεργός, δ or η, an associate or partner in a work, a fellowworkman, a cooperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνείργω.

συν-έρδω, f. ξω, to join in a work, cooperate with. συν-ερείδω, f. σω: aor. I συνήρεισα:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench: -Pass., aor. Ι συνηρείσθην: pf. συνήρεισμαι or -ερήρισμαι:- to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in

—I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, subbort.

συν-έρτθος, δ, also ή, a fellow-worker, belpmate. συνερκτικός, ή, όν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together. συνέρραξα, aor. Ι οf συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμαι, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. 1 of συρρήγνυμι

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f.  $-\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma o \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2 act.  $-\hat{\eta} \lambda \theta o \nu$ , pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged 3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείαν συνελθείν to join in an expedition; συνελθείν λέχος σύν to share thy III. of things, to be joined in one, be united. IV. of events, to concur, coincide, bappen together

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the II. to establish a point by questioning:

-Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind! mark! συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ή, (συνίημι) a joining, II. the faculty of apprehension, meeting together. judgment, understanding, intelligence. science, = συνείδησιs.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπαράσσω. συνεσπόμην, 201. 2 of συνέπομαι

συνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστάλην [α], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστείλα, aor. Ι οf συστέλλω. συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. ασω [ā], to entertain in one's bouse:

-Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστίη, ή, (σύν, εστία) a common feast. συν-έστιος, ον, (σύν, έστία) sbaring one's bearth or bome, living or dwelling together: as Subst., ouvέστιος, ό, ή, an inmate, guest. 2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the bearth.

συνεστώς, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχον, αοτ. 2 οf συνέχω.

συν-έταιρος, δ, (σύν, έταιρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνεταράχθην, aor. 1 pass. of συνταράσσω. συνετάφην [a], aor. 2 pass. of συνθάπτω. συνετάχθην, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω. συνετέθειντο, 3 pl. plapf. pass of συντίθημι.

συνέτλαν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. of ξυνίημι. συνετός, ή, όν, (συνίημι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. easy to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. ouverá as | to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, dis-Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [t], aor. 2 pass. of συντρίβω.

συνετώς, Adv. of συνετός, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ήσω, to share in bappiness with. συν-ευδοκέω, f. ήσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ ξυνεύδων χρόνοs the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other: - Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, δ, a bedfellow, busband, consort: fem. συνευνέτις, ιδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ον, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst, σύνευνος δ, ή, a bedfellow, consort, busband or wife.

συν-ευπάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to belp to provide, contribute,

c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards: -c. dat. pers. to assist, belp. συν-ευτύχέω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. - foμαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευωχέομαι, to feast with or together.

συνέφαγον, used as aor. a of συνεσθίω.

συν-εφάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -εφάψομαι: Dep.:-to lay hold of, put hand to along with or togetber, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλκω, f. ξω: aor. I -εφείλκύσα:--to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, 201. 2 - εφεσπόμην Ιοπ. - επεσπόμην: Dep.:-to follow along with or together.

συν-έφηβοs, or, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. Tov vouv) to attend II. Pass., with aot. 2 act. -επέστην, 1.f. -εφέστηκα:-to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly. συνέφραξα, aor. I of συμφράσσω.

συνεχάρην [α], aor. 2 pass. of συγχαίρω.

συνέχεα, αοτ. Ι οί συγχέω.

συνέχεια, ή, (συνεχήε) a continuous series of things, continuity. II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχευα, Ep. aor. 1 of συγχέω.

συνεχέως, Ion. for συνέχωε.

συνεχής, έε, (συνέχω) keeping or bolding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous II. of Time, continuous, with, next to, adjacent. continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. ovvexés is used as Adv., = συνεχως.

συν-εχθαίρω, to bate along with, join in bating.

συν-έχθω, poët. for συνεχθαίρω.

συνεχύθην [v], aor. I pass. of συγχέω.

συν-έχω Att. Ευν -: f. - έξω: aor. a συνέσχον:---to bold or keep together: - συνέχειν την είρεσίαν to keep the rowers together. 2. to contain, comprise.

tressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., συνέχεσθαι αίχμησι to engage with spears.

συνεχώς Ion. - έως, Adv. of συνεχής, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψιάω, (σύν, εψιάσμαι) to play together.

συνεώνημαι, pf. of συνωνέσμαι.

συν-ηβάω, f. ήσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ον, (σύν, ήβη) young at the same time: as Subst., σύνηβος, δ, η, a young friend or comrade. συνήγάγον, 201. 2 οf συνάγω.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of συνάγω

συνηγορίω, f. ήσω, (συνήγοροι) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος; συνηγορείν τῷ κατηγύρφ to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ή, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικός, ή, ύν, of or for a συνήγορος or advocate; τὸ συνηγορικόν, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public συνήγυροι while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ον, (σύν, άγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., συνήγορος, ό, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to σύνδικος.

συνήδειν Att. ξυνήδη, plapf. of σύνοιδα. συνηδέατε, Ion. 2 pl. plapf. of \*συνείδω.

συν-ήδομαι, fut. -ησθήσομαι: aor. I -ήσθην: Dep: -to rejoice together; συνήδεσθαί τινι to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a

thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, ή, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. consuetudo. II. use, custom, babit, usage. From

συν-ήθης, εε, gen. εοε contr. ous: gen. pl. συνη- $\theta \in \omega \nu$  contr.  $\sigma \nu \nu \eta \theta \hat{\omega} \nu$ :  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu, \eta \theta o \epsilon)$ :— dwelling or living together, of like babits of customs, akin, well suited to; συνήθης τινί well-acquainted or intimate with him;  $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho i \sigma \upsilon \nu \dot{\eta} \theta \eta s = \chi \epsilon \iota \rho \circ \dot{\eta} \theta \eta s$ , tame. babitual, customary: familiar.

συνηθροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of συναθροίζω

συνήθωε, Adv. of συνήθηε, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. I of συνίημι.

συν-ήκω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλάσα, aor. I of συνελαύνω. συνηλθον, aor. 2 of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ηλίκιώτης, ου, δ, = συν $\hat{\eta}$ λιξ.

συν-ηλιξ, ίκοι, δ, ή, (σύν, ηλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. aequalis: as Subst., συνήλιξ, δ, ή, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνηλύσιη and συνήλυσιε, ή, (συνέρχομαι, συνελεύσομαι) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ήμέρα) to pass the day 3. with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ή, union, connexion: in plur. cove- put together, felgned, forged. nants, solemn promises. From agreed upon, covenanted; έκ

συνήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (συνίημι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ήορος Dor. and Att. συν-άορος, ον, (σύν, αlωρέω) banging together, linked with, wedded to: as Subst., συνήρρος, δ, ή, a consort, a bushand or a wife. συν-ηπεροπεύω, f σω, to join in cheating or tricking.

συν-ηπεροπευω, f σω, f σύν, f ρετήf f συνηρετμέω. f συν-ηρετμέω, f f f σω, f σω,

work or ply with, be friends with.

συνηρεφέω, f ήσω, to throw a shade over. From συν-ηρεφής, έε, (σύν, ερέφω) thickly shaded, cover-

συν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for συνάριθμος. συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάζω.

συνήρπασα, 201. ι οί συναρπάζω.

συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συνήρων, impf. of συνεράω.

συν-ησσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered of overcome together

συνηυλίσθην, aor. I of συναυλίζομαι.

συν-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound or ring together.

συνήχθην, aor. I pass of συνάγω.

συνήψα, aor. 1 of συνάπτω

συνθακέω, f. ήσω, to sit with or together, to sit in council with, take counsel with. From

or ov-9akos, ov, sitting with or together. 2. sharing in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβέω, to be astounded along with.

συν-θάλπω, f ψω, to warm with or together: metaph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f ψω, to bury with or together:-Pass. to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to view together, to see a spectacle together.

2 to examine together, examine carefully. Hence

συνθεᾶτής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on. συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, fem. of συνθεατής.

συνθείς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, poet. for συνεθέλω.

σύνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο, Fp. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of συντίθη $\mu$ ι.

συνθεσία, ή, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plux. injunctions, instructions.

σύνθεσις, ή, (συντίθημι) a putting together, compounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a combination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement, treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ή, όν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting together.

σύνθετο, Ep. for συνέθετο, 3 sing. 201. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ον, also η, ον, (συντίθημι) put together, compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged. III. metaph. agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement, Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with, to run together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet. συν-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to contemplate together: to go to a spectacle together.

συθήκη, ή, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II. an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put together. II. anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watchword, Lat. tessera. 3. an agreement, covenant,

engagement. Hence

συνθημάτιαίος, a, ov, agreed upon: bargained for. συνθηράτής, οῦ, ὁ, a fellow-bunter. From

our-θηράω, f. dow [ā], to bunt with or together:—Med. to catch together:—Pass to be caught and bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οῦ, ό, = συνθηρατής. From

συν θηρεύω, = συνθηράω, to bunt together:--Pass. to be found out to be.

σύν-θηροs, ον, (σύν, θήρα) bunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιασώτης, ου, δ, a partner in the θίασο ot sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f.άσω[α], to crush along with or together. συν-θλίβω  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , f. ψω, to press together, compress. συν-θνήσκω: f. -θανούμαι: aot.  $\mathbf{a} = -\theta \mathring{\mathbf{a}} v \mathbf{o} v$ , inf.

-θανείν:—to die with or together.
συν-θοινάτωρ [ā], opos, δ, (σύν, θοινάω) a partaker
of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θρανόω, f. ώσω, to break in pieces, shiver. συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver. σύν-θρηνος, ον, mourning with or together.

oriv-Opovos, ov, sitting on the same seat or throne with ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ον, sounding with, in barmony with.
συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph.
to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. - θύσω [0], to offer sacrifice along with. συνίδειν, aor. 2 inf. of \*συνείδω.

συνίει [I], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνίημι. συντέμεν, Ep. for συντέμαι, inf. pres. of συνίημι. σύντεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνίημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ήσω, to join in sacrifice with.
συν-ιζάνω, to settle down, collapse, sbrink.
3. t sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. - ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to bold a sitting.

ng συν-ίημε Att. ξυνίημε [for the quantity, see iημι]:
impl. συνίην οι συνίειν: ί. συνήσω οι συνήσομα: aor. ι

of συνήκα: pi. συνείκα:—also (as if from συνιέω) 3 pl. pres.
συνιούσι, inf. συνιείν, imperat. ξυνίει, inf. συνιέμεν; 3

er,
sing. impf. συνίει, 3 pl. ξυνίσου Ερ. ξυνίεν; also (as if
II. from συνίω) impf. 3 pl. ξύνιον; aor. ι ξυνέηκα: aor. a

imperat. ξύνες; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. ξύνετο, 3 pl. subj. συνώμεθα:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know. Med. to come to an understanding about a thing. συνίμεν, Ep. for συνιέναι, inf. of σύνειμι (εξμι ibo). [٢] συνιούσι, 3 pl. pres. of συνίημι, as if from συνιέω. συν-ίππαρχος, δ, a joint commander of borse. συν-ιππεύς, έως, ό, a fellow-rider or borseman. a fellow-knight. σύντσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of σύνειμι (είμι ibo), they went together. II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of σύνοιδα, they shared in the knowledge. συνίσασι, 3 pl. of σύνοιδα. σύνισθι, imperat. of σύνοιδα.

σύνισμεν, I pl. of σύνοιδα. συν-ίστημι, impf. συνίστην: f. συστήσω: aor. I συνέστησα:-to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, at-2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert to-3. to bring together as friends, introduce, 4. to produce, recommend: to advise one to do. exhibit, represent to one. 5. to make firm or solid, II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. συνέστην; pf. συνέστηκα, part. συνεστηκώς contr. συνεστώς, ώσα, ω, Ion. συνεστεώς, εώσα, εώς:-to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's 2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., συνεστηκότων τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; το ξυνιστάμενον οι το συνεστηκός, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied. 4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing. 5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to bold together, endure, continue. be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, opos, ό, ή, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing;  $\theta$  εολ συνίστορες the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχναίνω, to belp dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to belp to strengthen.
συνιῶν, Ion. for συνιείs, pres. part. of συνίημι.
συν-ναίω, to dwell along with or together.
συν-νάσσω, f. ξω, to pack tight together.

συν-ναυβάτης, ου, δ, a shipmate. [ă]

συν-ναύκληροs, ον, a joint owner of a vessel.
συν-ναυμάχέω, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ναυμάχέω, to engage in a sea-fight along with. συν-ναυστολέω, f. ήσω, to be shipmate with another. συν-ναύτης, ου, δ, a shipmate.

συν-νεάζω, f. σω, to spend one's youth or be young with.

Tuvvevédται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of συννέω.
συν-νεύω, f. σω, to bend together: also,
to incline to the same point, converge.

II. to
assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφελος, ον, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast. συν-νεφέω, f. ήσω, to collect clouds. II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. συννεφεῖ it is cloudy. III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From συν-νεφής, ές, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. συννένημαι, Ion. 3 pl. συννενέαται:--to pile or heap together, heap up. συν-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -foμαι, Dep. to swim together with.
συν-νικάω, f. ήσω, to have part in a victory with. II.
transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence σύννοια Ion. -οίη, ή, meditation, thought: anxious

thought, trouble. 2. consciousness.

στυ-νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, to be a joint-lawgiver.
στύ-νομος, ον, (σύν, νέμω) feeding or berding together, consorting:—metaph. consorting with. 2.
partaking or sharing in a thing: hence, 3. as
Subst., σύννομος, δ, ή, one who lives with, a consort;
of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, companion, congener.

σύν-νοος, ον Att. contr. -νους, ουν, thinking deeply, thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέω, f. ήσω, to be ill together or along with. σύν-νους, συν, contr. for σύννους.

συν-νυμφοκόμος, ον, belping to deck a bride.
συν-οδεύω, f. σω, to journey along with. Hence
συνοδία, ή, a journey in company.

II. a party
of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, ου, δ, a fellow-traveller. συνοδοιπορέω, f. ήσω, to travel together. And συνοδοιπορία, ή, a travelling together. From συν-οδοιπόρος, δ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, δ, ή, = συνοδοιπόρος.
σύν-οδος, ή, a coming together, assembly, meeting; also an association.
2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. concursus.
3. of things, a coming together; χρημάτων σύνοδοι a coming in of money, income, like πρόσοδοι.
4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of \*συνείδω, q. v. συν-οικειδω, f. ώσω, to bind one to another by ties of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. ήσω: pf. -φκηκα:—to dwell or live together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country, to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed: metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery. II. to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country, to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοίκημα, ατος, τό, that with which one lives; σ. αχαριτώτατον a most unpleasant house-mate.

συνοίκησις, ή, (συνοικέω) a dwelling or living together: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή. (συνοικέω) one that lives with.
συνοικία Att. ξυνοικία, ή, (συνοικέω) a living to-

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community. II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to olnία, as Lat. insula to domus (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνοίκια (sub. lepá), τά, (συνοικέω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, cele-

brated on the 17th of Boedromion.

συν-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to make to live with: to give in marriage.
2. to make to live together, to join in one city; ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτι-λήνην to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilene.
II. to join in peopling or colonising a country.

συνοίκίσις, ή, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ηροί, δ, (συνοικίζω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build with or together:-

Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξύνοικος ἀλλαγῆ βίου associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, όν, keeping bouse together: metaph., συνοικουρός κακῶν a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσω, fut. of συμφέρω, med. συνοίσομαι.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμι, f. -ολέσω Att. -ολώ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-oλos, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλωs, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὅμαιμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαίμων, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλιξ, Dor. for συν-ομηλιξ.

συν-ομαρτίω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, attendupon.
συν-ομήλιξ Dor -ομάλιξ, ϊκος, δ, ή, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ήσω, to converse or associate with. συν-όμυθμι οτ -ύω: f. -ομόσω: 20τ. I -ώμοσα: --to wear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form a league or conspiracy. II. to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομόσαι θάνατόν

τινι to join in swearing death against a man.
συν-ομολογέω, f. ήσω, to say the same thing with,

agree with: to agree mutually.
do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, δμορος) to border or abut on.

II. to agree to

συν-οπαδός, όν, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, δπλον) armed together, allied. συν-οράω, f συνόψομαι (as if from συν-άπτομαι): αοτ. 2 συνείδον, inf. συνίδεῖν (as if from συν-είδω):— to see together or at the same time.

II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι: aor. 1 pass. συνωργίσθην: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together. σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [1], to stir up together or violently:— Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ορκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, άδος, ή, (σύν, όρμή) clashing together. συνόρμενος, Ερ. 201. 2 pass. part. of συνόρνυμι.

συν-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring to anchor together.
συν-όρνυμ, = συνορίνω: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. συνόρμενοs, baving started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σύνουρος, ον, bordering on; κόνις πηλοῦ κάσις ξύνουρος dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, δροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ιοπ. for σύνορος.

συν-ουσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (from συνών, συνοῦσα, part. of σύνειμι) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society.

II. a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ή, όν, suited for society, sociable. συν-οφρυόομαι, f. med. ώσομαι: pf. pass. -ωκρρύωμαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὀφρύs):--to knit the brow, frown. συν-οχή Att. ξυνοχή, ή, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining.

2. metaph. straitness, distress, anguisb. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. bolding together.

συν-οχμός, δ, Ερ. συνεόχμός, = συνοχή, junction. σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) beld together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for συνόκωχα, Ep. intr. pf. of συνέχω, to be held together, come together; ώμω ἐπὶ στῆθος συνοχωκότε shoulders contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. of συνοράω.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent.

2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκω.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must ar-

συν-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to endure bardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμνω.

συν-τάνώω, = συντείνω, to bring together into one.
σύνταξες, εως, ή, (συντάσσω) a futting together in
order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete
array: hence
2. order, arrangement: organisation, system.
3. a body of troops.
4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-ταράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -ετάραξα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην: pf. -τετάραγμαι:-to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet: - Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. - ττω: f. ξω: aor. I - έταξα: Pass, 201. I -ετάγθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:-to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere . to regulate, ordain: to command. be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, 3. metaph. to be collected or drawn up with. firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III. Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. συν-τάχύνω [v], to help to urge on, burry. intr. to basten, basten to an end.

συντεθραμμένος, pf pass. part of συντρέφω.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι:--to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2 to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to belp to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. 1 -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ήσω, to breed children with safe: keep in mind. another.

συν-τεκνόω, f. ώσω, to belp in breeding: also to to add together. breed.

συν-τελέθω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ή, (συντελή) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at ` Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who -- to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελεία. III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. έσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:--to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally; συντελείν είε τον πόλεμον to pay all alike fuse, confound. towards the war. 2, συντελείν εls τούs ίππειs to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, έε, (σύν, τέλοε) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share: συντελής πόλις the city which | Hence

II. | bad to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same ourtexeia or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον: -to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down. cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. δδόν), to make a short cut: (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνοντοι as the time became short.

συν-τερετίζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένωs, Adv. pf pass. part. of συντείνω. ear-II Pass. to nestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαι, pf. pass. of συνταράσσω. συντετέλεσμαι, pf pass of συντελέω

συντέτηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκω.

συν-τετραίνω, f. -τρήσω: aor. I - έτρησα: pf. pass. -τέτρημαι:--to bore through so as to meet, to 4. to take leave of, bid farewell. perforate: - Pass. to be connected by openings or chan-II. metaph, συντετραίνειν μῦθον δι' ἄτων II. nels. to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

> συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω. συντετρίφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, δ, ή, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, δ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. εω: aor. I - έτηξα:-to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down. dissolve by melting, make to waste away. συντήκομαι, 201. Ι συνετήχθην: 201. 2 συνετάκην [d]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα:—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely; to preserve, keep 2. to watch one's opportunity. συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: -- to place or put together, 2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. K. to but II. Med. together in one, unite, comprehend.

συντίθεμαι: 201. Ι συνεθηκάμην: 201. 2 συνεθέμην: beed to; σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take beed. 2. to set 3. to agree on, conclude: to in order, organise. covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to value together :- Med. to fix an estimate: - Pass. to increase in value, rise in price. συν-τίνάσσω, f. ξω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to con-

συν-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places. \*συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνέτλην, to venture together. σύντομος, ον, (συντεμείν) cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος δδόs a short cut; συντομώτατον οι τα συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, abort. συντόμως, Adv. concisely, shortly: Comp. - ώτερον and - ωτέρως: Sup. - ώτατα and - ωτάτως.

σύντονος, ον, (συντείνω) on the stretch, strained light. 2. metaph. intense, excessive: of persons, earnest, serious, vehement: neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. earnestly, vehemently.

II. (σύν, τύνος) in harmony or unison with.

συν-τράγφδέω, f. ήσω, to act tragedy together.

συν-τράπεζος, ον, (σύν, τράπεζα) enting at the same table: as Subst., συντράπεζος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a messmate.

σύν-τρεις, ol, al, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρείς) three together, three and three. συν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed besides, help to feed: —Pass, to grow up together, live together. II.

of liquids, to congral:—Pass. to be congraled, freeze.

συν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι, or more commonly -δράμουμαι: 2001. 2 - έδράμου:—to run together, gather together: to commingle.

2. of eliemies, to runs together, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere.

3s friends, to come together, agree: generally, to concur, coincide.

4. to meet with.

5. to run of shrivel up.

συντρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συντετραίνω.

συν-τριαινόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, τρίαινα) to overthrow with a trident: generally, to overwhelm in ruin.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [i]: f. ψω: aor. 1 - έτριψα: Pass., aor 2 oath: confederate - ετρίβην [i]: pf - τέτριμμα: -- to rub together. II. συν-ωνέομαι, f. τ - to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat conterere: -- to buy together: συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς το stave the ships in: Pass., συντριβηναι τῆς κεφαλῆς το bave one's head broken. III. in pass sense, δ σι metaph. in Pass to run against, clash with.

συντριηραρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a συντριήραρχοs. From like name or meaning συν-τριήραρχοs, δ, a partner in fitting out a συνωριαστήs, οῦ, c trireme.

σύντριμμα, ατος, τό, (συντρίβω) a fracture, destruction II. a stumbling-block, offence

σύντριψ, ιβos, δ, ή, (συντρίβω) sbattering, smasbing; of a lubber-hend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, ή, a being reared together: a broad. From

σύντροφος, ον, (συντρέφω) brought up together with: of the same origin as. 2. generally, living with: familiar, ordinary, common: of animals, brought up together. 3. natural, usual, common. II.

act., σύντροφος ζωής belying to preserve life, συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι: aot. 2 -έτὔχον:--to meet with, fall in with: to converse, speak with: δ συντυχών, like δ τυχών, the first that meets one, any one: τὸ συντυχών the first thing that comes to band, anything common ot mean. II. of accidents, to bappen to, befal: absol. to bappen, fall out, chance; εδ ξυντυχώντων if things should go well: impers., συνετύγχανε, συνέτυχε it bappened that...

συν-τυμβωρυχέω, f. ήσω, to belp in robbing graves. σύρ-γαστροε, δ, (σ συν-τυραννοκτονέω, f. ήσω, to join in slaying tyrants. of a worm or snake.

συν-τῦρόω, f. ώσω, (σύν, τυρόε) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquere.
συντύχεῖν, aor. 2 inf of συγτυγχάνω.

συντύχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (συντυχέιν) an occurrence, incident · a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event: also a mischance, accident.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. to play a part along with to belp in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to belp in putting under: Med. to belp in composing

συν-υπουργέω, f. ήσω, to join in serving or assisting.
συν-υφαίνω, aor. I - ύφηνα [υ]: aor I pass. - υφάνθην:—to weave together: metaph. to combine as in one web, frame cunningly.

συν-ωδίνω [t], to be in travail together: to share in any agony

συν-φδόs, όν, (σύν, φδή) singing or sounding in unuson: echoing or responsive to: metaph, according with, in unison with.

συνώκησα, aor. 1 of συνοικέω.

συνώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνίημι.

συνωμοσία, ή, (συνόμνυμι) a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy: confederacy.

συνωμότης, ου, ό, (συνύμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate.

| συνώμοτος, ον, (συνόμνυμι) leagued or banded by a oath: confederate

II. συν-ωνέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. pass. -τώνημαι: Dep: ere; —to buy togetber: to collect by offering pay, take into τρι- one's pay.
 II. to buy up, Lat. coemere: pf. also
 III. in pass sense, δ συν-ωνημένος σίτος com bought up. συν-ώντμος, ον, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὅνομα) of

συνωριαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συνωρίε) one who drives a pair-borsed chariot

συνωρίζω, f. σω, (συνωρίε) to yoke together :- Med. to link with oneself.

συνωρίκεύομαι, Dep. to drive a συνωρίs. From συνωρίs, ίδος, ή, (συνάορος) a pair of borses or mules, a two-borse chariot.

In generally, a pair or couple of anything, Lat biga.

III. that which binds together, a pair of fetters.

συν-ωφελέω, f. ήσω, to join in belping: absol. to be of use, assist together: — Pass. to derive profit

together.

συνωφρυωμένος, pf. part. of συνοφρυύομαι.

συν-ωχάδον, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, perpetually, continually: continuously.

στο-κτάσια, ή, (σῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of swine. στο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (σῦς, \*φένω) a slayer of swine.

συο-φόντις, ιδος, ή, fem. of συοφόντης. Σύρα, ή, fem. of Σύρος, a Syrian woman.

Συράκουσαι [ā], al, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκουσαι, Syracuse. Hence

Σύρακούσιος, α, ον, Ion. Σύρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Σύρακόσιος, Syracusan.

σύρ-γαστρος, δ, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the belly, of a worm or snake.

σύρδην, Adv. (σύρω) rushing furiously. 2. in a long line.

Σύρία, ή, (Σύρος) the land of the Syrians, Syria. συρίγμα, ατος, τό, (σύριττω) the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound.

συριγμός, ό, (συρίττω) the sounding of a pipe, a

piping, whistling.

σθριγξ, ιγγοε, ή, a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe. anything in shape like a pipe, as, 1. a spear-2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

**ΣΥ ΡΙ'ΖΩ** Att. συρίττω Dor. συρίσδω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. 1 ἐσύριξα later ἐσύρισα, inf. συρίσai : -to play on the Pan's pipe (σῦριγξ).to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. explodere.

Συριη-γενής, ές, (Συρία, γένος) Syrian-born.

συρικτάς, ά, δ, Dor. for συριστής, οῦ.

Σύριος, a, ον, (Σύρος) Syrian.

συρίσδω, σύρισδες, Dor. for συρίζω, συρίζεις.

σύρισμα, ατος, τό, = σύριγμα. συριστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{\upsilon}$ , = συριστής.

συριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (συρίζω) a player on the Pan's pipe  $(\sigma \hat{v} \rho_i \gamma \xi)$ , a piper.

Σύριστί, Adv. (Σύρος) in the Syrian language.

συρίττω, f.  $i \xi \omega$ , = συρίζω, q. v.

σύρμα, ατος, τό, (σύρω) anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train.

συρμαία Ion. -αίη, ή, (συρμός) an emetic or purgative draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radisb itself is called συρμαίη. Hence

συρμαίζω, f. σω, to take an emetic or purge.

συρμάς, άδος, ή, (σύρω) anything swept together, refuce, rubbish.

συρμός, δ. (σύρω) any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc. which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

σύροισα, Dor. for σύρουσα, part. fem. of σύρω. Σύροs, δ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called

Σύρα, ή, and in the Odyssey Συρίη.

**Σύροs**, δ, a Syrian. [τ]

Σύρο-φοίνιξ, τκος, δ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) a Syropboenician: fem. Συροφοίνισσα, a Syropboenician woman. συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew or stitch together, sew up. συρ-ράσσω Att. –ττω, f. ξω, = συρρήγνυμι in intr. sense, to dash together, clash together, fight with, Lat. confligere.

συρ-ρέζω, f. ξω, to sacrifice together.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -ερρύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -ερρύην:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

συρ-ρήγνυμι οι -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I συνέρρηξα: Pass. 201. 2 συνερράγην [a]: pf. συνέρρηγμαι, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέρρωγα:—to break to pieces: συρpηfai els ev to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέρρωγα): to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: of rivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out. συρ-ριζόομαι, (σύν, ριζόω) Pass. to bave the roots united: to take root together with.

Σύρτις, ιδος, ή, (σύρω) a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there

were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.

σύρφαξ,  $\bar{\alpha}$ κος,  $\dot{\phi}$ ,  $(\sigma \dot{\nu} \rho \omega) = \sigma \nu \rho \phi \epsilon \tau \dot{\phi}$ ς. swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

συρφετός, δ, (σύρω) anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquiliae. II. metaph. a mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

 $ΣΥ'ΡΩ [\bar{v}]$ , f. σ $\bar{v}$ ρ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\hat{\epsilon}$ σ $\bar{v}$ ρ $\hat{\alpha}$ : pf. σ $\hat{\epsilon}$ σvρκ $\alpha$ : Pass., aor. 2 έσύρην [v]: pf. σέσυρμαι:—to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, bale: generally, to sweep away.

 $\Sigma \Upsilon' \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$  and  $\eta$ , gen.  $\sigma \check{\nu} \acute{\nu} s$ , acc.  $\sigma \hat{\nu} \nu$ : nom. pl.  $\sigma \acute{\nu} \epsilon s$ , acc. σύαs contr. σῦs, dat. συσί Ερ. σύεσσι:-Lat.  $SUS, = \tilde{v}s$ , a swine, pig, whether bog or boar, or sow;

σθε κάπριος a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω, to toss all about.

συ-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare; to contrive, concert. II. Med. to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. συνεσκευασμένος or συσκευασάμενος all packed up, in marching order. 2. to prepare, make ready, provide. 3. to contrive, concert. nerally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence

συσκευασία, ή, a packing up, getting ready, for a

journey or march.

συ-σκευοφορέω, f. ήσω, to carry baggage together. συ-σκευωρέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive, devise,

συ-σκηνέω, f. ήσω, to live in the same tent or bouse with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ηροε, δ, one who lives in the same tent, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis.

συσκηνήτρια, ή, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ή, (σύσκηνος) a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together.

συσκήνιον, τό, a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σύ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) living in one tent: as Subst., σύσκηνοε, δ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis. Hence

συ-σκηνόω, f. ωσω, = <math>συσκηνέω.

συ-σκιάζω, f. άσω, to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely.

σύ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) shaded over, shaded.

συ-σκοπέω, to contemplate along with or together. συ-σκοτάζω, f. άσω, to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοτάζει it grows dark.

συ-σκυθρωπάζω, f. σω, to look sad or gloomy

συ-σπάράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces. συ-σπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw or squeeze together: of skins, to sew together.

συ-σπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα) to be coiled up together: of soldiers, to be formed in close order: to march in close order.

συ-σπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.

συ-σπένδω, f. -σπέισω, to join in making a libation: -- Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.

συ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to join in bastening or promoting, to lend a belping band.

συ-σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to belp to

the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.
σύ-σπονδος, ον, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation

with: joining in the same treaty.

συ-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to make baste along with or together, to be in earnest about a thing.

II. trans. to pursue or manage zealously together.

συσ-σείω, f. σω, to shake together: to make to quiver or tremble.

συσ-σημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in sealing and signing.

σύσ-σημος, ον, (σύν, σημα) marked in common: as Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

συσσιτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with: to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσίτησις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = συσσιτία: and

συσσττία, ή, a messing together or in common. It a club or mess.

συσσίτιον, τό, (συσσιτέω): I. in pl. a common meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together according to the institution of Lycurgus.

II. a diningroom, ball.

σύσ-σιτος, ον, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or in common: as Subst., σύσσιτος, δ, a messmate.

συσ-σώζω, f. σω, to belp to save or deliver. σύσ-σωμος, ον, (σύν, σωμα) united in one body.

συσ-σωμος, ον, (συν, σωμα) united in one oody.
συσ-σωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in temperance.

συστάδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close together: of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.

συστάθείς, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι. συστάλείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.

συ-στασιάζω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious with. Hence

συστάσιαστής, οῦ, ό, one who takes part in a sedition, a fellow-rioter.

σύστασις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together, meeting: in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, battle: σύστασιε γνώμηε a conflict of mind. 2. an union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness, barshness, rigour.

συ-στασιώτης, ου, δ, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of

the same party, a partisan.

συστατικός, ή, όν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing together, introductory, commendatory; ή συστατική επιστολή a letter of introduction.

συ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

συ-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover together or entirely. συ-στέλλω, f.  $-στελ\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I -έστειλα: pf. act. -έσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι:-to draw together, draw in: 2. to draw in, contract, comhence to shorten sail. press, condense: - Pass. to be contracted, get smaller; συστέλλεσθαι els εὐτέλειαν to be drawn in towards economy, i. e. to retrench: so also in pf. pass. part. συνεσταλμένοs, drawn in, brought into narrow compass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, bumble, abase:-Pass. to be lowered or cast down. wrap closely up, shroud, veil ·-- Med, συστέλλεσθαι θοιμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one; συστέλλεσθαι ξαυτύν to gird up one's loins; so aor. 2 pass. part. συσταλείs ready for action. Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συ-στενάζω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.

συ-στεφανόω, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together. σύστημα, aros, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put together, a composite whole: a composition: a college, assembly.

συ-στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοῖχος) to stand in the same row or line with: to be coordinate or in conformity with, to correspond to.

συ-στολίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$ , = συστέλλω, to put together, fabricate. II. to unite.

συστράτεία, ή, a common campaign or expedition. From

συ-στράτεύω, f. -εύσω; also as Dep. συστρατεύομαι, f. -εύσομα: ---to make a campaign, serve along with or together, to join or share in an expedition. συστράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of. From

συ-στράτηγοs, a fellow-general, joint commander. συ-στράτιώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-soldier.

συ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep to encamp along with συ-στρέφω, f. ψω: Pass, act. 2 συνεστράφην [ā]: pf. συνέστραμμαι:—to twist or coil up together, roll into a mass, Lat. conglobare; generally, to collect in one, combine: of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid body; συστρέφειν έαυτόν to rally or collect oneself:
—Pass. to be united in one body, combine: to club together, conspire.

2. of sentences, to compress, condense, make terse or concise; συνεστραμμένη λέţis a rounded, periodic style.

II. to twist or whirl round, whirl away, carry off.

III. to turn all together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into a ball.

II. any dense or compact mass: a body of men, a crowd, Lat. globus: a coming together, gathering.

συ-σφάζω, f. ξω: 201. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ŭ], inf. συσφαγήναι:—to slay along with or together.

συ-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to lace or bind close together.
συ-σχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to
another: — Pass. to be conformed to another's example,

συ-σχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or together.

σύτο [v], Ep. for ἔσσῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass, (with aor, sense) of σεύω.

σύφειός, δ. lengthd. form for συφεόε.

στόφεός, δ. (σῦε) α bag-sty; συφεώνδε = εἰε αι πρὸε συφεύν, to the sty.

συ-φόρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a berd of swine. συ-φορβός, δ, (συ̂ς, φέρβω) = υφορβώς, α εωίπε-

σύφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σοφό».

**ΣΥΧΝΟ** Σ, η, όν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, 3. the dat. συχνώ is often numerous, frequent, joined with a Comp, Adj., like πολλώ, as, συχνώ  $\beta \epsilon \lambda \tau i \omega \nu far better.$ 4. neut, συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφάγειον, τό, (σφαγηναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφάγείs, aor. 2 pass part. of σφάζω.

σφάγεύς, έως, δ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: o σφαγεύε έστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφάγή, ή, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sagrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαί πυρός the sacrificial fire a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act,

σφαγιάζω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαγιασθείε as Pass., baving been sacrificed. Hence

σφάγιασμός, δ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δοῦλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ă]

σφάγιος, ον, also a, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing:

killing, deadly.

σφάγίς, ίδος, ή, (σφάζω) a sacrificial hnife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑ ΔΑ ΖΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφάδοσμός, ό, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑ ΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάξω: aor. i ἔσφαξα: Pass., 201. Ι ἐσφάχθην; 201. 2 ἐσφάγην [ἄ]: fut. σφάγήσομαι: pf. έσφαγμαι:—to slay by outling the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΓΡΑ, as, ή, a ball, esp a ball to play with; σφαίρη παίζειν to play at ball; σφαίραν ρίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαίρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ίσω, (σφαίρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ή, όν, (σφαίρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαίρα, a small ball. **σφαιριστής.**  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (σφαιρί(ω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, ές, (σφαίρα, είδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρόω, f. ώσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαίρωμαι, plapf ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαίρα):—to make globular or spherical: -Pass., στήθεα δ' εσφαίρωτο his chest was round II. to tip with a ball or button; and arched. ακύντια έσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ή, όν, (σφαιρύω) rounded, made globu-

II. tipped with a ball or button,

σφακελίζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, martify; έσφανέλισέ τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφάκελος, δ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm,

convulsion: convulsive fury. [a]

ΣΦΑ'ΚΟΣ, δ, the plant sage, Lat salvia. [a] σφακτός, ή, όν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed,

σφάλεls, aor. a part. pass. of αφάλλω.

σφαλερός, ά, όν, (σφάλλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, stag-

gering Adv. –ρῶs,

σφάληναι, aor inf pass, of σφάλλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλλω.

 $\Sigma\Phi A'\Lambda\Lambda\Omega$ , f. σφάλ $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I ἔσφηλα,  $\inf$  σφήλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφαλήσομαι, σφαλούμαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ἄ] : pf. ἔσφαλμαι : 3 sing plqpf, ἔσφαλτο:-to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wresiling: make to stumble, throw down, overthrow; to make to 2. metaph to baffle, foil, balk, distotter or reel. II. Pass. to be tripped up, concert, disappoint. to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters, to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; ου τι μή σφαλώ γ' έν σοί ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee :-- c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

11. σφάλμα, ατος, τά, a stumble, false step. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault,

failing, trespass.

σφάξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάξας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφάραγέομαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, orackle, biss. 2. to groan with fulness, be full to bursting.

σφαραγίζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From **ΣΦΑ'PAΓΟΣ**, δ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφάρα]

σφάs, enclit. acc. of σφείs.

**σφάs** [ā], acc. pl. fem. of **σφ**όs.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφείs, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. bim, ber.

σφέα, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφείε.

σφέσε. Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφα̂ε.

σφεδάνός, ή, όν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vebement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly. vebemently.

ΣΦΕΓΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, they, neut.  $\sigma\phi \hat{\epsilon}\alpha$ : gen.  $\sigma\phi\hat{\omega}\nu$ : dat. σφίσι: acc. σφαs, neut. σφέα. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. σφείs: genit. σφέων Ep, also σφείων: dat. σφι and σφιν, very rarely used also for dat. sing,: accus. σφέαs Ep. also σφείαs, also σφε (both sing, and pl.). There are also some Aeol, and Dor, forms, —nom. σφέs, dat. φίν and ψίν, acc. ψε. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέας II. there is a rare usage of apeis for and pers. pl., μετά σφίσιν for μεθ' ὑμίν,

ΣΦΕ'ΛΑΣ, aτos, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur.

σφέλα, for σφέλατα, σφέλαα,

σφενδάμντνος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. acernus: metaph., ἄνδρεε σφενδάμνινοι 'bearts of maple' From **ΣΦΕ'ΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ**, ή, the maple, Lat. acer.

σφενδονάω, f. ήσω, to sling, to use the sling. to throw as from a sling, burl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with From a sling.

σφενδόνη, ή, a sling, Lat. funda, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each II. anything like a sling in shape; the boop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. funda or pala annuli. III the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, ου, ό, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

σφέs, Aeol. and Dor. for σφείs,

σφετερίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. σφετερίζομαι, whence Dor. aor. I part. σφετεριξάμενος.

σφέτεροs, a, ov, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. σφείs, their own, their, belonging to them :also of the 3rd pers. sing., bis, bers. times also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: of the 2nd pers. pl., = ὑμέτερος, your own: and of the and pers. sing., =  $\sigma \circ s$ , thy, thine own. pers. pl., = ἡμέτερος, our own; and of the 1st pers.  $sing., = \epsilon \mu \delta s$ , my own, mine.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for σφῶν, gen. of σφείs.

σφη, dat. fem. of σφύε.

σφηκιά,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma\phi\dot{\eta}\xi)$  a wasps' nest.

σφηκίσκος, ό, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-ειδήε, έν, (σφήξ, είδον) = σφηκώδην.

σφηκόω, f. ώσω, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly: -Pass., πλοχμοί χρυσφ τε και άργύρο εσφήκωντο (3 pl. plapf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, es, contr. for σφηκοειδής, (σφήξ, είδας) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκωμα, ατος, τό, (σφηκύω) the point of a belmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of σφάλλω.

σφήλα, Ep. for έσφηλα, aor. 1 of σφάλλω.

ΣΦΗ'N, σφηνόs, à, a wedge, Lat. cuneus.

σφηνο-πώγων, ωνος, δ, (σφήν, πώγων) with a wedgeshaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage. σφηνόω, f. ώσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗ Ξ, ηκόε, δ, a wasp, Lat. vespa.

Σφηττός, δ, an Attic deme: Adv. Σφηττοί at Sphettus: Adj. Zontrios, a, ov, a Sphettian.

σφί, σφίν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl of σφείε: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or neck-

ΣΦΙ ΤΓΩ, f. σφίγεω: 201. Ι εσφιγεα: Pass., 201. Ι έσφίγχθην: pf. έσφιγμαι:—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ήροε, δ, a tight binder, a lace, band. σφιγκτός, ή, άν, verb. Adj. of σφίγγω, tight-bound: θάνατος σφιγκτός death by strangling.

σφίγκτωρ, οροε, δ, poet. for σφιγκτήρ.

Σφίγξ, ή, gen. Σφιγγό, the Sphinn, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From σφίγγω, so the Sphinx properly means the Throttler.)

σφίν, ν. σφι.

σφῖσῖ, σφῖσῖν, dat. of <math>σφεῖs.

σφογγιά, σφόγγιον, σφόγγος, Att. for σπογγ -. σφόδρα, Adv., properly neut. pl. of σφοδρόε, very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟ'Σ, a, bv, also be, bv, vebenient, violent, II. of men, violent, impetuous: also excessive. active, zealous.

σφοδρύνω, (σφοδρόε) to make vebement '-Pass. σφοδρύνομαι, to be violent or overbearing: σφοδρύνεσθαί Tive to put overweening trust in a thing. [0]

σφοδρώς, Adv. of σφοδρός, violently: Sup, σφοδρό-

σφονδύλη, ή, Att. for σπονδύλη, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, δ, like σφύνδυλος, a vertebra.

σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ον, (σφύνδυλος, δίνέω) twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδυλος, δ, Att. for σπύνδυλο, a vertebra. any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, σφή, σφύν, (σφέ) sing. masc, bis, bis own; fem., ber, ber own. II. (σφείε) plur. masc. and fem , their, their own, like σφέτερος.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of σφραγίε.

σφράγιδ-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, δ, (σφραγίε, δνυξ, άργός, κομέω) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy longbaired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring. σφραγίζω Ion. σφρηγ-: f. ίσω: pf. pass. ἐσφράγισμα: (σφραγίs):— to seal: to seal up, sbut up.

II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.

III. metaph. to seal or stamp with ap-

proval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙ΄ Σ΄ Ion. σφρηγίς, ιδος, ή, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal. III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of

a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.

σφρίγάω, f. ήσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full bealth and strength, Lat. vigere. II. metaph. to swell with pride; σφριγῶν μῦθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \phi i \zeta \omega)$  the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the beating of the beart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ξω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥ PA, ή, a bammer. II. an implement of busbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth. σφυράs, άδοs, ή, Att. for σπυράs, σπύραθοs, the dung

of goats and sheep.

σφυρ-ήλάτος, ον, (σφύρα, ἐλαύνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

**ΣΦΥ ΡΟ΄ N**, τό, the ankle: metaph., δρθφ στήσαι επὶ σφυρφ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright.

II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσδω, Dor. for σφύζω.

**σφώ,** apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι: gen. and dat. σφῷν for σφῶιν.

ΣΦΩΕ', dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφωίν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩ  $\Gamma$ , nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat.  $\sigma \phi \hat{\omega} \nu :=$ 

you two, both of you.

σφωίτεροs, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφωί, of or belonging to you two. 2. as possess. Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφωέ, of or belonging to them two or both of them. II. also used as possess. Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., bis, ber.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι. ΣΧΑ ΔΩ'N, όνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp.

II. the cell of a honeycomh, the honeycomh,

Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑ ΖΩ, f. άσω: aor. I ἔσχασα:—to slit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν lπικήν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf.

2. to cbeck, stop, master.

3. to let go; σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑ ΛΙ΄Σ, ίδος, ή, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets. σχάω, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

 $\sigma\chi\dot{\epsilon}$ , aor. 2 imperat. of  $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ , for  $\sigma\chi\dot{\epsilon}s$ .

σχεδία Ion  $-(η, η, a \ light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεδία διφθερίνη a raft of hides: poét. a boat, ship.

2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.$ 

σχεδιάζω, f. άσω, (σχέδιοs) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδίην, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχέδιοs, near, nigh, Lat. cominus.

II. at once.

σχέδιος, a, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, band to band.

σχεδίθεν, Adv. (σχεδύν) from near, from nigh at

band: also nigh at band, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen. 2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but; σχεδόν πάντες nearly all; σχεδόν έπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

 $\sigma_{\mathbf{X}}$ έθον, Ep. for  $\tilde{\epsilon}\sigma_{\mathbf{X}}$ εθον, poet aor. 2 of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi_{\omega}$ .

σχεθείν Ερ. σχεθέειν, poet. aor. 2 mf. of έχω: see έσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of  $\xi \chi \omega$ .

σχελίς, ίδος, ή, Att. for σκελίς, mostly in plur. σχελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχέμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχε $\hat{i}\nu$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .

σχένδῦλα οτ σχενδύλη, ή, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχέο, Ep for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat of ϵχω.

Σχερία, ή, Scheria, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερόs, δ, used only in the phrase  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$  σχερ $\dot{\varphi}$ , in a row or line, one after another, successively Compare  $\dot{\epsilon}$ πισχερ $\dot{\omega}$ .

σχέs, aor. 2 imperat. of έχω.

σχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .

σχέσις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\sigma\chi\epsilon\hat{\nu})$  state, condition, babit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. άσω, (σχέτλιος) to complain of bardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, ὁ, angry complaining, invective.

σχέτλιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear:

I. of Persons, bardbearted, mer ciless, cruel, savage.
2. much-suffering, unflinching, bardy.
3. miserable, unbappy.

II. of Things, cruel, sbocking, borrid, abominable.

Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλιώ-

σχέτο, Ep. for ἔσχέτο,  $\mathfrak{Z}$  sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω. σχήμα, ατοι, τό, (σχεῖν) form, sbape, outward appearance, the figure, person. 2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence. 3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur.

gestures. 4. the fashion, manner, way of a thing;  $\sigma \chi \hat{\eta} \mu a \sigma \tau o \lambda \hat{\eta} s$  fashion of dress. 5. the state, nature, constitution of a thing. 6. a figure in dancing; in plur. steps. Hence

σχηματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to form, fashion, shape, arrange: so in Mcd., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην to dress ber hair, Lat. fingere.

2. intr. to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance.

II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way.

2. to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθεῖε εἶναι they pretend to be unlearned.

3. to gesticulate.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχημα: in plut. the figures of a dance; σχημάτια Λακωνικά Laconian figures.

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (σχη̂μα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing:—Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχήσω, fut. of ξχω.

σχίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ,  $(\sigma \chi i \zeta \omega) = \sigma \chi i \zeta \alpha$ .

σχίζα Ion σχίζη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (σχίζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, lath, splint, Lat. scindula: in plur wood cleft small, firewood.

II. an arrow, spear.

ŽΧΙ'ΖΩ, f. ίσω: aor. 1 ἔσχισα: Pass, aor 1 ἔσχίσθην: pf. ἔσχισμαι:— to split, cleave, Lat. scindo: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide:—so in Pass., Νείλος σχίζεται τριφασίας όδούς the Nile branches into three channels; ἐσχίζοντό σφεων αὶ γνῶμαι their opinions were divided. Hence

σχινδάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

**EXINOS**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , the mastich tree, Lat. lentiscus. If a squill.

σχῖνο-τρώκτης, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \chi \hat{\imath} \nu o s$ ,  $\tau \rho \dot{\omega} \gamma \omega)$  one who chews mastich-wood

σχισθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίσιs, εωs, ή, (σχίζω) a cleaving, parting, division.<math>σχίσμα, ατοs, τό, (σχίζω) that which is cloven orparted: a rent, cleft, division. II. generally,division, schism.

σχισμός,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \chi l \zeta \omega)$  a cleaving, splitting, rending. σχίσσα, poet. for έσχισα, aor. 1 of σχίζω

σχιστός, ή, όν, (σχίζω) split, cloven, parted, divided; σχιστή δδός a road that branches off.

σχοίατο, poet. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of έχω.

σχοίην, aor. 2 opt. of έχω.

σχοίντος,  $\eta$ , ον,  $(\sigma \chi ο \hat{\nu} o s)$  of rushes, made of rushes. σχοινίον, τό,  $(\sigma \chi o \hat{\nu} o s)$  a rope twisted of rushes: generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοινίς, ίδος, ή, (σχοίνος) = σχοινίον.

σχοινίτης [l], ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\sigma \chi o \hat{l} \nu o s)$  made of rusbes: fem. σχοινίτις,  $l \delta o s$ .

σχοινο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, δ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) a ropedancer, Lat. schoenobǎtes.

a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow; also as a spit.

3. a place where rushes grow, a rushbed.

II. anything twisted or plaited of rushes, a sharp tought or get safe, rescue from war;

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοΐνος a wicker basket. III. in Greece, the σχοΐνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ές, (σχοινος, τείνω) stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight. II.

twisted or planted of rushes.

σχολάζω, f. άσω, (σχολή) to bave leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to bave rest or respite from a thing: c. inf. to bave leisure or time to do a thing 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. II. σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. vacare rei, to bave leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything: also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one.

σχολαίος, α, ον, (σχολή) at one's lessure or ease, lessurely, slow:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ή, slowness, laziness.

σχολαίως, Adv. of σχολαίος, leisurely:—Comp. σχολαίτερον or -aίτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαίτερος.

σχολαστικός, ή, όν, (σχολάζω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. ottosus.

II. devoting all one's leisure to learning, learned: hence pedantic.

ΣΧΟΛΗ', ἡ, leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium; σχολὴν ἄγειν to be at leisure; σχολῆς ἔργον a work for leisure; ἐπὶ σχολῆς at leisure, so, ἐπὶ οτ μετὰ σχολῆς, κατὰ σχολῆν.

II. dat. σχολῆ absol. as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly: (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, bardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. gen. leisure, rest from a thing.

IV. idleness.

V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. schola.

VI. the place where such lectures were given, a school.

σχολή, dat. of σχολή, used as Adv.: in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2. scarcely, bardly, not at all. σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχόμενος, 2 or. 2 med. part. of έχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\omega$ .

 $\sigma_{\chi}\hat{\omega}$ , aor. 2 subj. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}_{\chi}\omega$ : I plur.  $\sigma_{\chi}\hat{\omega}\mu\epsilon\nu$ .  $\sigma_{\chi}\hat{\omega}\nu$ , aor. 2 part. of  $\tilde{\epsilon}_{\chi}\omega$ 

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σῶοι.

σώεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.  $\sigma\omega\zeta\omega$ , lengthd from  $\Sigma A'\Omega$ ,  $\Sigma AO'\Omega$ ,  $\Sigma\Omega'\Omega$ : f.  $\sigma\omega\sigma\omega$ : aor. 1 ἔσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσώθην: pf. σέσωσμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σαόω are formed fut. σἄώσω, aor. 1 act. ἐσάωσα [ἄ]: fut. med. σἄώσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσἄώθην. 2. from contr. pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώε-3. from σόω, subj. σόη, σόηs, σόωσι. σκον. save, keep: esp. to keep alive, preserve:-Pass. to be saved, preserved; σώζεο, Lat. salvus sis! vale! God be with you! 2. of things, to keep safe, pre-3. of the laws, to keep, observe. keep in mind, remember, opp. to διολλύναι to forget; II. σώζω is often used with the mostly in Med. additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to:-Pass. to get safe or escape to a place; is οίκον σωθήναι to be brought or get safe home.

ἐχθρῶν σῶσαι χθόνα to rescue a country from the offering for deliverance from a danger; σῶστρα τοθ enemy.

**σωθήναι.** aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σωκέω, f. ήσω, like lσχύω, to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf. From

 $\Sigma \Omega KO\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , stout, strong.

Σωκράτέω, f. ήσω, to do like Socrates, to imitate bis dress, gait, speech, etc. From

Σωκράτης, gen. εσε contr. συς; acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—Socrates, the philosopher. Hence

Σωκρατίδιον, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [τί] Σωκράτικός, ή, όν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic; of Zwkpatikol the philosophers of bis school, Socratics.

ΣΩΛΗ'N, ηνος, δ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σωμα, ατος, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcuse, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead 2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή); τὰ τοῦ σώματος έργα bodily labours; αὶ τοῦ σώματος ήδοναί pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures. 3. one's II. any material body. bodily existence, life. a person, buman being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ήσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling. Hence

σωμασκία, ή, bodily exercise, training.

σωμάτικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ ,  $(\sigma\hat{\omega}\mu\alpha)$  of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus. Hence

σωμάτικωs, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σωμα, a small body. [α] σωμάτο-ειδής, ές, (σωμα, είδος) of the nature of a body, corporeal.

σωμάτο-φθορέω, f. ήσω, (σώμα, φθείρω) to corrupt

or enervate the body.

σωμάτο-φυλάκιον, τό, (σώμα, φυλακή) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre. [a]

 $\sigma \omega \circ s$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $o \nu$ , contr.  $\sigma \omega s$ , acc.  $\sigma \omega \nu$ ;  $\nabla \cdot \sigma \omega s$ . σωπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, to be silent.

σώρευμα, ατος, τό, (σωρεύω) that which is beaped up: a beap, pile.

σωρεύω, f. σω, (σωρόε) to pile or beap one thing on another. II. to beap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΡΟ'Σ, δ, a beap, Lat. cumulus: a beap of corn: generally, a beap, quantity, store: a beap of

mound of earth.

ΣΩ Σ, δ, σων, τό, acc. sing. σων, acc. pl. masc. and fem.  $\sigma \hat{\omega}_s$ : defect. Adj.  $\sigma \hat{\omega}_{os} = \sigma \delta_{os}$ , qq. v.: (the radic. form ZAOZ was found only in the Homeric comp. vawtepos):—safe and sound, in good case, bealthy, Lat. salvus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer. 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσί-πολιε, εωε, δ, ή, (σώζω, πόλιε) saving the city

or state. [T]

σωστέον, verb. Ad) of σώζω, one must save.

σωστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σωστρα, τά, (σώζω)

παιδός θύειν θεοίς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance. II. the reward for

bringing back a runaway slave.

σώτειρα, ή, fem. of σωτήρ, she that saves.

epith of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχα.

σωτήρ, ήρος, ό, vocat. σῶτερ, (σώζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Έλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease. 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Zeùs Σωτήρ, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτειρα, as epith. of Τύχη as Adj. saving, preserving; even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμαί the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -in, ή, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus. 2. a safe return; h οlκάδε σωτηρία a safe return home. 3 a keeping

safe; ἐπὶ σωτηρία for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering: neut. pl, σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ή, deliverance, safety. σωτήρια (sc. lepá), τά, an offering in return for safe-II pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σωτρον, τό, (σώζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being

ἐπίσωτρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρύνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ήσω: poet. σαοφρονέω: (σώφρων):to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate. 2. to learn moderation, to recover one's Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation : and

σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate. σωφρονητικός, ή, όν, (σωφρονέω) disposed to temper-

ance, moderate, under self-control.

 $\sigma\omega\phi\rho\sigma\nu(\zeta\omega, f. i\sigma\omega Att. i\hat{\omega}, (\sigma\omega\phi\rho\omega\nu) to moderate,$ control, chasten. 2. to chastise, correct.

σωφρονικός, ή, όν, (σωφρων) disposed to temperance, moderate, sober. Adv. -κωs.

σωφρονισμός, δ, (σωφρονίζω) a making temperate: chastening.

σωφρονιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.

σωφρόνωs, Adv. of σώφρων, temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.

σωφροσύνη Ep. σαοφροσύνη, ή, the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: selfcontrol, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia. From

σω-φρων Ερ. σαόφρων, ονοs, δ, δ: neut. σωφρον: (σωε, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, like (and γρισ, a reward for saving one's life, a thank- | sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

σώχω, Ion. form for  $\psi$ ώχω, to rub to pieces. σώω, Ep. for σώζω.

## T

T,  $\tau$ ,  $\tau \alpha \hat{v}$ ,  $\tau \delta$ , indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral,  $\tau' = 300$ , but  $\tau = 300,000$ 

Changes of  $\tau$ : in Aeol. and Dor.,  $\tau$  into  $\sigma$ , as  $\tau \dot{\nu}$  (Lat. tu),  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\nu} \dot{\kappa} \kappa \nu$ ,  $\phi \eta \sigma \dot{\epsilon}$ ,  $\epsilon \dot{\kappa}$ ,  $\epsilon \dot{\kappa}$ ,  $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \kappa \nu$ ,  $\phi \eta \sigma \dot{\epsilon}$ , etc. 2 in new Att.,  $\tau \tau$  for  $\sigma \sigma$ , as  $\pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \tau \tau \omega$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \tau \sigma \sigma$ , as  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \sigma \sigma \omega$ . 3. in Ion,  $\tau$  for  $\theta$ , as a  $\tilde{\nu} \tau \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon}$  for a  $\tilde{\nu} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  in the substantive termin.  $-\tau \rho \sigma \nu$  for  $-\theta \rho \sigma \nu$ , as in  $\kappa \dot{\sigma} \sigma \mu \eta \tau \rho \rho \nu$ ,  $\phi \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  (2) as in  $\kappa \dot{\sigma} \sigma \mu \dot{\tau} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  in the substantive termin.  $-\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  in Equation 4.  $\tau \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  in Equation 3. The  $\tau \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  in Equation 3. In Dor. and Ion.,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$  is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as  $\kappa \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\rho} a \sigma s$ ,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \rho a \sigma s$ , for  $\kappa \dot{\epsilon} \rho \bar{a} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu}$ 

τ', apostroph. for  $\tau\epsilon$ , and. 2. the particle  $\tau \sigma_i$  is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as  $\tau \tilde{\alpha} \nu$ ,  $\tau \tilde{\alpha} \rho \alpha$ ,  $\mu \epsilon \nu \tau \tilde{\alpha} \nu$ , for  $\tau \sigma_i \tilde{\alpha} \nu$ ,  $\tau \tilde{\alpha} \rho \alpha$ ,  $\mu \epsilon \nu \tau \sigma_i \tilde{\alpha} \nu$ . 3. the Artic.  $\tau \dot{\sigma}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as  $\tau \dot{\alpha} \gamma \alpha - \theta \dot{\nu} \nu$  for  $\tau \dot{\sigma} \dot{\alpha} \gamma \alpha \theta \dot{\nu} \nu$ .

τά, neut. pl. of δ, δ, and δs.

ταβέρνη, ης, η, the Lat. taberna, a tavern, inn τρείς ταβέρναι the Three Taverns, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθά.

τάγεία, ή, (ταγεύω) the office or rank of Tagus: generally, command, rule.

τάγείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

τᾶγεύω, f. σω, (ταγόs) to be Tagus: generally, to command, rule:—Pass. to be united under one ταγόs. τᾶγέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω, (ταγόs) to be commander or ruler. τᾶγή,  $\dot{\eta}$ , - τάξις, an ordering, arraying.

ταγή, ή, (ταγόs) authority: as Collective Noun, the

commanders.

τάγηνον, τό, like τήγανον, a frying-pan.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔγκλημα.

τάγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) an ordinance, command. 2. a regular body of soldiers, a corps, division. τάγός, δ, (τάσσω) an orderer, commander, ruler: esp. as title of the Chief of Thessaly

ταγ-ούχος, δ, (ταγή, έχω) he that has the command

or rule, a commander, ruler.

τάδελφου, Att. crasis for του άδελφου.

τάδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ άδικον. τάθείς, εῖσα, έν, aor. 1 pass. part. of τείνω.

τάθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τείνω. [a]

ταl, Ep. and Ion. for al, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. δ. Ταίνδρος, δ, ή, also Ταίνδρον, τό, Taenarus, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of Laconia.

ταινία, ή, (τείνω) a band, riband, fillet, Lat. taenia: τάλα-πεί esp. a riband or beadband worn in token of victory. fered muc. ταινιό-πωλις, ή, (ταινία, πωλέω) a dealer in ribands. vagabond.

ταινιόω, f. ώσω, (ταινία) to bind with a ταινία or bead-band, esp. as conqueror:—Med. ταινιόομαι, to wear a bead-band or fillet.

ταίτιον, crasis for τὸ αίτιον.

Takel, Takelvov, crasis for Ta ekel, Ta ekelvov.

τάκερόs, ά, όν, (τακῆναι) fluid, melting, soft, tender: metaph. melting, languishing.

τάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf of τήκω.

τακτικός, ή, όν, (τάσσω) fit for ordering or arranging, of or fit for military tactics; τὰ τακτικά military tactics.

τακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj of τάσσω, ordered, arranged, fixed, stated; τακτύν άργύριον a stated sum.

τάκω, Dor for τήκω.

netri grat., τάλα-εργός, όν, (τλάω, έργον) enduring labour, pain-5. in Dor. ful, drudging: generally, much-enduring.

τάλαινα, fem. of τάλαε.

τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω: pf. τεταλαιπώρηκα: also as Dep ταλαιπωρόσμαι, with f. nied -ήσομαι, aor. pass έταλαιπωρήθην: (ταλαίπωροs):—to endure bardship, do bard work: suffer bardship or distress. II. trans. to weary, wear out, annoy grievously. Hence

τάλαιπωρία Ion. -ίη, ή, bard work, severe labour: in pl. bodily bardsbips or exertions.

2. bodily pain, suffering: affliction, misery.

τάλαίπωρος, ον, (τάλας) enduring toil, laborious. II. suffering bardship, miserable. Adv. - ρως.

ταλαί-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, wretched: also stout-hearted, daring

τάλά-κάρδιος, ον, (\*τλάω, καρδία) patient of beart, stout-bearted. 2. much-enduring, miserable.

τάλάντερος,  $\alpha$ , ον, τάλάντατος,  $\eta$ , ον, Comp. and Sup of τάλας.

τάλαντεύω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) to balance: Pass. to sway to and fro, oscillate.

2, to weigh out, measure out by weight.

τάλαντιαῖος, α, ον, (τάλαντον) worth a talent.
weighing a talent.

ταλαντίζω, = ταλαντεύω, α ν.

TA'AANTON [7ā-], 7ó, a balance: in plut. a pair of scales. II. anything weighed: but mostly used of a fixed weight, a talent: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. the talent of weight: the Euboic or old Attic talent weighed about 57lb. avoird., and the Aeginetan 95. 2. the talent of money, i.e. a talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this, which would make the Euboic or old Attic talent worth in our money 243l. 15s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae. 3. that which is weighed out or apportioned to one

τάλαντ-οθχος, ον, (τάλαντον, έχω) bolding the scale or balance: metaph. turning the scale of battle.

τάλαός, ή, όν, (\*τλάω) = τάλας, patient, enduring : hence bard-fated, wretched.

ταλά-πείριος, ον, (\*τλάω, πείρα) one who has suffered much, epith. of Ulysses: hence later rambling, vagabond.

τάλα-πενθής, έs, (\*τλάω, πένθοs) enduring great οὐκέτι ταμιεύσειs μοι thou shalt no longer be my woe, patient in woe. 2. of things, toilsome.

TA'ΛΑ POΣ [τα-], δ, a basket, Lat. qualus: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρωs, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάροs.

τάλας, τάλαινα (sometimes τάλας), τάλαν: gen. ανος, αίνης, ανος: νος. τάλαν οι τάλας: (\*τλάω):suffering, wretched, Lat. miser: enduring, patient: also fool-bardy, beadstrong; τάλαν O wretch! Comp. τἄλάντερος, α, ον: Sup. τἄλάντατος, η, ον. [τἄλας: Dor. also τάλάs.]

ταλάσειος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ταλάσήιος, η, ον,

(ταλασία) of wool-spinning.

ταλασία, ή, (τλάω) wool-spinning.

τάλασιουργέω, f. ήσω, (ταλασιουργός) to spin wool: generally, to spin.

ταλασιουργικός, ή, όν, of or for wool-spinning. From τάλασι-ουργός, όν, (ταλασία, \*έργω) spinning wool: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ό, ή, a wool-spinner.

τάλασί-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (\*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, stout-bearted, of enduring spirit.

ταλάσσης, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of \*τλάω.

τάλαύ-ρινος, ον, (\*τλάω, ρινός) with shield of tough bull's-bide: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον πολεμίζειν to fight on toughly, stoutly.

ταλά-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a damsel, maiden.

TA ΛΙΣ, ιδος, ή, a marriageable maiden, bride. τάλλα or τάλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [α], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τάμειν Ep. τάμέειν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.  $\tau \check{\mathbf{a}} \mu \in \hat{\mathbf{i}} \circ \mathbf{v}, \ \tau \acute{o} = \tau a \mu \in \hat{\mathbf{i}} \circ \mathbf{v}, \ a \ chamber, \ closet.$ 

ταμέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of  $τ \in μνω$ .

τάμεσί-χρως, οος, ό, ή, (τάμνω, χρώς) cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding.

ταμία, Ep. -ίη, ή, fem. of ταμίαs, a bousekeeper, bousewife; also γυνη ταμίη.

τάμίας Εp. ταμίης, ου, δ, (τάμνω) one who cuts up and distributes, a distributer, dispenser: a manager, overseer. II. a steward, receiver, treasurer; ταμίης του ίρου the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. quaestor.

τάμιεία, ή, (ταμιεύω) the office of steward, bousekeeping, management. II. = Lat. quaestura, the

quaestorsbip. τάμιείον, τό, (ταμιεύω) a magazine, storebouse,

τάμίευμα, ατος, τό, (ταμιεύω) management, bouse-

ταμιευτικός, ή, όν, of or for bousekeeping. II. =Lat. quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestorsbip. From

τάμιεύω, f. σω, and Dep. τάμιεύομαι, f. σομαι: (Taplas):—to be a bousekeeper, manager or steward;

steward. 2. to be quaestor. II. trans. to serve out stores, dispense. III. to regulate, manage. 2. to busband, save, store up: metaph. to turn to good account.

ταμίη, ή, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

ταμίης, ov, o, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

ταμοs, Dor. for τημοs. τάμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαλιν.

τάμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or ταν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase ω τάν or ễ τᾶν, as a form of address, ειτ, my good friend. ταν, Att. crasis for τοι αν.

τάν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τάναγρα, ή, Tanagra, a town of Bocotia Tavaypaîos, a, ov, of or from Tanagra.

τάνα-ηκής, ές, (ταναός, ἀκή) with long point or edge, cutting far or deep.

τάναί-μῦκος, ον, (ταναός, μυκάομαι) bellowing so as to be beard far off, loud-bellowing.

τάναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

ταναό-δειρος, ον, (ταναός, δειρή) long-necked.

 $\tau \bar{\alpha} \nu \bar{\alpha} \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{o} \nu$ , also  $\dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{o} \nu$ ,  $(\tau \alpha \nu \dot{\nu} \omega$ ,  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} \nu \omega$ ) stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.

τάναύ-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, Ep. for τανύπους.

τάνδον or τάνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.

τάνδρί, τάνδρός, Att crasis for τῷ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρύς. τάνη-λεγής, ές, (ταναύς, λέγω) stretching one at length, epith, of death.

τάνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τανίκα, Dor. for τηνίκα.

Tavτάλειος or Tavτάλεος, a, ov, of or for Tantalus: and

Tavταλίs, ίδοs, ή, daughter of Tantalus. From Τάντάλος, ου, δ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντάλόω, f. ώσω, (τάλαντον) quasi ταλαντύω, to swing: -- aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθείς, swung, burled, dashed down.

τἄνύ-γλωσσος, ον, (τανύω, γλώσσα) long-tongued, chattering, noisy.

τάνυ-γλώχις, ινος, ό, ή, (τανύω, γλωχίς) with long point or bead.

τανύ-δρομος, ον, (τανύω, δρόμος) running at full stretch.

τάνυ-έθειρος, ον, (τανύω, έθειρα) long-baired, with flowing bair: fem. also τανυέθειρα.

τανύ-ήκης, εs, like ταναήκης, (τανύω, ἀκή) with a long point or long edge. II. far-stretching.

τανυ-ηλιξ, ϊκος, ο, ή, (τανύω, ήλιξ) of extended age. τάνύ-θριξ, –τρἴχοε, δ, ή, (τανύω, θρίξ) long-baired, sbaggy.

τἄνύ-κραιρος, ον, (τανύω, κραίρα) long-borned.

τάνυμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend. τανύ-μήκης, εs, (τανύω, μηκοs) long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering.

 $\tau a v \hat{v} v$ ,  $A d v ... = \tau \hat{a} v \hat{v} v$ , now at present.

τανύ-πεπλος, ον, (τανύω, πέπλος) with flowing robe. τανύ-πλεκτος, ον, (τανύω, πλέκω) in long plants. τανύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) long-sided, enor-

mous.

τανύ-πους Ερ. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, δ, ή, (τανύω, πούs) stretching the feet, long-striding, long-shanked. τανύ-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) shorter form for τανυσίπτερος.

τανύ-πτέρυγος, ον and τανυ-πτέρυξ, ύγος, δ, ή, (τανύω, πτέρυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπτερος

τανύρ-ριζος, ον, (τανύω, ρίζα) with spreading roots. τανύσειεν [v], 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of τανύω. τάνυσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τανύω.

τανύσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τανύω: Ep. 3 pl. τάνυσθεν.

τανύσί-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερύν) with extended wings, long-winged.

τάνυσσα, Ep. aor. I of τανύω.

τάνυστύς, ύος, ή, (τανύω) a stretching, straining: τανυστύς τύξου a stringing of the bow.

τανύ-σφυρος, ον, (τανύω, σφυρόν) with taper ankles. τἄνύ-φλοιος, ον, (τανύω, φλοιύς) with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth.

τανύ-φυλλος, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) with long-pointed leaves, of the olive. II. with thick foliage, leafy. τανύω [τ]: fut. ύσω, Ep. also -ύω: aor. I ἐτάντσα Ερ. ἐτάνυσσα or τάνυσσα: Pass., aor, Ι ἐτανύσθην:

pf. τετάνυσμαι:--Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, stretch out; τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i.e. to string it; ἰμᾶσι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins. to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length. 3. metaph. to strain, make more intense. II. Pass, to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out. 2. to lie stretched out, to extend; aor. 1 pass. part. τανυσθείε, stretched on the ground. 3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch.

ταξιαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a taxiarch or commander of a division. From

ταξι-άρχης, ου,  $\delta_1 = \tau \alpha \xi i \alpha \rho \chi \sigma s$ .

ταξί-αρχος, δ, (τάξις, ἄρχω) a taxiarch, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier. at Athens, the commander of the τάξιε or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, ον, (τάξις, λόχος) commanding a division of an army.

ταξιόω, f. ώσω, (τάξιε) to arrange, set in order.

τάξις, εως Ion. ιος, ή, (τάσσω) an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of 2. battle-array, order of battle, Lat. an army. 3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. acies. 4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. ordo. statio: ἐκλείπειν την τάξιν to desert one's post. like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cobort: generally, a band, company.

rangement. 2. an assessment of tribute. III. order; ὕστερον τῆ τάξει later in order. IV. the post, rank or position one holds; εν έχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy. duty towards another; ἡ εὐνοίαs τάξις the duty of good-will. V. an order, class of men.

TA'ΞΟΣ, δ, the yew tree, Lat. taxus. **TAΠΕΙΝΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, low, Lat. bumilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low. 2. of Condition, Rank, etc, brought down, humbled, lowly. 3. bumbled. bumiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, bumble. Hence

τάπεινότης, ητος, ή, lowness of stature. 2. of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement. 3. lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in

good sense, lowliness, bumility.

τάπεινοφροσύνη, ή, lowliness of mind. From τάπεινό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (ταπεινός, φρήν) low-

nunded, base. 2. lowly in mind, bumble.

τάπεινόω, f. ώσω, (ταπεινός) to make low, lower, bumble, abase: also to make light of a thing. cast down, discourage. 3. to make lowly or bumble. ταπεινώς, Adv. of ταπεινός, bumbly, poorly.

τάπείνωσις, ή, (ταπεινόω) a lowering, bumbling. 2. lowliness, bumility.

TAΠΗΣ, ητος, δ, Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool. [ă]

τάπί, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπιεική, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπιεική.

ταπίς, ίδος, ή, later form of τάπης.

τάπό, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρώτα, Adv. for τὰ πρώτα, at first.

τάρα, Att. crasis for τοι άρα.

τάραγμα, ατος, τό, (ταράσσω) disquietude, trouble. τάραγμός, δ, (ταράσσω) = τάραξις.

τάρακτρον, τό, (ταράσσω) a thing to stir with: a ladle.

τἄράκτωρ, opos, ὁ, (ταράσσω) a disturber, disquieter, agitator.

Τάραντινίδιον, τό, (Τάρας) a fine Tarentine garment. Ταράντινος, η, ον, (Τάρας) Tarentine.

τάραξι-κάρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) beart-troubling, vexing the beart.

τάραξ-ιππό-στράτος, ον, (ταράσσω, εππος, στρατόs) troubling troops of borse.

τάραξις, ή, (ταράσσω) disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult.

Tápas, aντοs, δ, also ή, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.

ΤΑ ΡΑ ΣΣΩ Att. – ττω, Att. also contr. θράσσω: fut. ταράξω contr. θράξω: aor. Ι ἐτάραξα: Pass., fut. ταραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ταράξομαι in pass. sense: aor. I έταράχθην; pf. τετάραγμαι:—to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; ταράσσειν τον θίνα to stir up the sand: metaph, to stir up, rouse, pro-2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:-II. an arranging, ar- | Pass. to be in disorder. 3. of political matters, to

agita'e, distract :- Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy. II. to this Verb belongs the intrans. pf. τέτρηχα, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plapf. Ep. 3 sing. τετρήχει: part, τετρηχώε, via, troublous, disturbed, confused. Hence

τάραχή, ή, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion,

 $\tau \acute{a} \rho \breve{a} \chi o s$ ,  $\acute{b}$ ,  $(\tau a \rho \acute{a} \sigma \sigma \omega) = \tau \breve{a} \rho a \chi \acute{\eta}$ .

τάραχ-ώδης, εs, (ταραχή, είδος) troublous, fond of troubling or perplexing. II. troubled, disordered; confused: -Adv. - Sws, in confusion.

ταρβάλέος, α, ον, (τάρβος) frighted, fearful.

ταρβέω, f. ήσω, (τάρβος) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: To Tapbeir the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

TA'PBOΣ, εοθ, τό, fright, alarm, terror: also awe, II. an object of alarm, a cause of reverence.

dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ή, poet. for τάρβος.

ταρβόστινος, η, ον, (τάρβος) affrighted.

τάργα or τάργα. Att. crasis for τὰ έργα. τάργύριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.

τάριχεία Ion, -ηίη, ή, (ταριχεύω) a preserving, pickling, salting: ταριχηίαι were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

τάρίχευσις, ή, (ταρῖχεύω) = ταριχεία, αn embalming.τάριχευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ταριχεύω) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

τάριχευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled. From τάριχεύω, f. -εύσω, (τάριχος) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. II, to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; τεμάχη τεταριχευμένα preserved, pickled meat. III. metaph, in Pass, to waste away, wither, pine.

**τἄρίχιον**, τό, Dim. of τάριχος. [ρί]

τάριχοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From  $\tau$ **ἄρῖχο-πωλέω**, f. ήσω,  $(\tau$ άριχος,  $\pi$ ωλέω) to sell dried or salt fisb. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάριχος, ου, ό, οτ τάριχος, εος, τό, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fisb.

ταρπηναι Ep. -ήμεναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τέρπω. ταρρός, δ. Att. for ταρσάε,

Taρσεύs, έωs, ό, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρσός Att. ταρρός, δ, (τέρσομαι) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. crates, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like τάλαροs. II. any broad, flat surface; rapode nodos the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel. 3. ταρσύε κωπέωε the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. palmula: generally, an oar. 3. ταρσόε πτέρυγος the flat of the wing, | paunch or body of a bull: enormous,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:-from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Tapτάρειος, a, ov, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean.

Τάρταρος, δ, also ή: irreg. pl. Τάρταρα (as in Lat... Tartarus, Tartara) :- Tartarus, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Later, Tartarus was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elyslan fields,

Ταρταρόω, f. ώσω, to burl into Tartarus. ταρφέες, οί, ταρφέα, τά, pl of ταρφύς,

ταρφειός, ά, ών, = ταρφίς, thick, close, frequent.

τάρφθεν, Γp. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass of τέρπω.

τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing, aor. I pass, of τέρπω.

τάρφος, εος, τό, a thicket From

TAPΦΥ'Σ, εία or ús, ú, tbick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. ταρφέα as Adv., ofttimes, often. The Ep. fem ταρφειαί belongs to ταρφειώς: if referred to ταρφύs, it must be written ταρφείαι.

ταρχύω, f ύσω, shortened form of ταριγεύω, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσιε, εωε, ή, (τείνω) a stretching, straining. [a] ΤΑΊΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. τάξω: aor. I έταξα: pf. τέταχα: Pass., fut. ταχθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut.  $\tau$ ετάξομαι; gοι, I ἐτάχθην: gοι. g ἐτάγην [α]: gι. τέταγμαι:-to arrange or put in order, esp, in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., enl τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς γαθε baving drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., τάξασθαι to draw up, form in order of battle:—Pass, to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to post, station. 3 to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:-Pass. to be appointed to do, τοῦτο τετάγμεθα this we bave been charged to do. 4. to order, command, give instructions. 5. to assign to a class. 6. to fix or assess payments to be made: - Med. to agree to pay a sum, χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι baving covenanted to return the money: absol. in part, ταξά-HEVOS, paying at intervals or by instalments, assign or impose punishments, 8. generally, to fix, settle, ὁ τεταγμένος χρονός the appointed time,

τατάω, Dor. for τητάω.

τάτιον, Att. crasis for τὸ αἴτιον,

τάττω, Att. for τάσσω.

ταύρειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ταῦρος) of bulls, owen or cows, Lat. taurinus: in Homer, of bull's-bide. τουρ-ελάτης, ου, ό, (ταῦρος, ἐλαύνω) a bull-driver;

a bull-figbter.

ταύρεος,  $\alpha$ , ον, (ταῦρος) = ταύρειος.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (ταῦροε) like a bull. savagely, Lat. torvo vultu.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (ταῦρος, βαλείν) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, ον, (ταθρος, βορά) devouring bulls. ταυρο-γάστωρ, οροε, δ, (ταθροε, γαστήρ) with the ταυρο-δέτις, ιδος.

ταυρό-κερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (ταῦρος, κέρας) with bull's borns.

ταυρό-κράνος, ον, (ταθρος, κράνον) bull-beaded. ταυροκτονέω, f. ήσω, to slaughter or sacrifice bulls; with cognate acc., ταυροκτονείν βούν. From.

ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) bull-slaying. proparox. ταυρόκτονος, slain by a bull.

ταυρό-μορφος, ον, (ταθρος, μορφή) bull-formed. ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ά, ή, (ταῦρας, πἄτήρ) sprung from a bull.

ταυρο-πόλος οι ταυρο-πόλη, ή, (ταῦρος, πολέω) bunting bulls, epith, of Diana.

 $\tau \alpha \nu \rho \dot{\rho} - \pi o \nu s$ ,  $-\pi o \dot{\sigma} o s$ ,  $\dot{\rho}$ ,  $-\pi o \nu \nu$ ,  $\tau \dot{\rho}$ ,  $(\tau \alpha \hat{\nu} \rho \alpha s$ ,  $\pi o \dot{\nu} s$ ) bull-footed.

TAY POE, o, a bull: joined with another Subst., ταθρος βοθς, like σθε κάπριος.

ταυροσφάγέω, f. ήσω, to out a bull's throat; ταυροσφαγείν ès σάκοs to out its throat (so that the blood runs) into a hollow shield. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον. (ταῦρος, σφάττω) bull-slaughtering: sacrificial. [4]

ταυρο-φάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, φάγεῖν) bull-eating; α beef-eater.

ταυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, 'φένω) bull-slaughtering: sacrificial.

ταυρόω, f. ώσω, (ταῦρος) to change into a bull:— Pass., ravpoopai, to be or become savage as a bull, to look savagely at, eye savagely.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὖτος.

ταὐτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, the same.

ταύτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οὖτος, freq. as Adv. in this way or manner.

ταυτί [τ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταύτό Ion. ταύτό, Att, also ταύτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, the same.

ταὐτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταύτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτύ, λέγω) repenting the same that has been said, tautologous.

ταὐτόματον, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτόματον, what falls out by accident, a bap, chance; ἀπὸ ταὐτομάτου, for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance: cf. αὐτύματος τάφε, in Pindar for ἔτἄφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no

pres. in use: see \(\tau(\theta)\pi\pi\a.

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφήιος.

τάφεύs, έωs, δ, (θάπτω) one who buries the dead, a

TA ΦH', ή, (θάπτω) burial, Lat. sepultura: a mode of burial: in plur. a burial-place.

τάφήιος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) of a burial or a grave; papes raphion a burial-cloth. winding-sheet, shroud,

τζφήναι, 20r. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [ἄ], α, ον, (τάφος) of a grave; τάφιος λίθος a gravestone,

τάφόδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφόδια.

TA' ΦΟΣ [a], δ, (θάπτω) a burial, Lat, funus; also a | swift-footed.

σαυρο-δέτης, ου, ό, (ταθρος, δέω) binding bulls: fem. | funeral-feast, wake; τάφου τυχείν to obtain the rites of burial. II. the grave, tomb; in plur. a burial-place.

> $TA'\Phi O\Sigma [\check{\alpha}], \tau \delta, (\tau \in \theta \eta \pi a)$  astonishment, amazement. Tapos, n, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεύω, f. σω, (τάφροε) to make a ditch.

τάφρη, ή, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑ'ΦΡΟΣ, ή, a ditch, trench: τάφρον έλαύνειν to draw a trench.

τάφών, part. of aor. 2 έταφον: see  $τ \in θη$  πα.

II. τάχα, Adv. (τἄχύε) quickly, soon, Lat. statim in prose and Att.,  $\tau \dot{a} \chi a$  is often joined with  $\dot{a} \nu$ , when it means, probably, perbaps, like ἴσω: - Sup. τάχιστα; sce τάχος, ταχύς.

τάχέως, Adv. of ταχύς, quickly.

ταχινός, ή, όν, poet. for ταχύς, swift, speedy.

τάχιον, ονοε, neut. of ταχίων, Comp. of τάχύε, often as comp. Adv. of Taxa.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv. : see τάχύs.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup of τάχύε, quickest, swiftest. τάχίων, ανος, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχύς. [1]

TA'XOΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness; váxos ψυχηs quickness of mind. τάχοs is often used as Adv. for ταχέωs, quickly, with speed; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, έν τάχει, ματά τάχος, σύν τάχει: also ώς οτ δ τι τάγος, like ώς οι ο τι τάγιστα, with all speed; ώς είχον τάχουs as they were for speed, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, άλίσκομαι) conquered or captured quickly.

ταχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) quick or basty of counsel.

τάχύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) soon moved to tears

ταχυ-δράμος, ον, (ταχύς, δραμείν) fast-running.

τάχυ-εργία, ή, (ταχύε, έργον) quickness in working. τάχυ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, έρέσσω) fast-rowing.

τάχύ-μηνις, εως, ύ, ή, (ταχύς, μηνις) quick to anger. τάχυ-μήτωρ, opos, ή, (ταχύε, μήτηρ) being quickly a mother.

τάχύ-μορος, ον, (ταχύε, μόρος) quick-dying, shortlived.

τάχυ-ναυτέω, (ταχύς, ναύτης) to sail fast.

τάχύνω [v], f. τνώ, (ταχύs):—to make quiek, to bas-II. intr. to make baste, speed. ten, to urge on.

τάχυ-πειθής, ές, (ταχύς, πείθω) soon persuaded. credulous.

τάχύ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) quickly-sending, quick-sailing.

τάχύ-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πόρος) quick-passing, quick of motion.

ταχύ-ποτμος, ον, (ταχύς, πότμος) quick-fated, shortlived. [v]

τάχύ-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, (ταχύς, πούς) swift-footed. τάχύ-πτερνος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) with swift beels,

ταχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτερόν) swift-winged. τάχύ-πωλος, ον, (ταχύς, πῶλος) with swift, fleet borses. [v]

ταχύρ-ροθος, ον, (ταχύς, ροθέω) rusbing rapidly. τάχύρ-ρωστος, ον. (ταχύς, δώομαι) borne quickly

glong, quick-rusbing.

TAXΥ Σ, εîa, ύ, quick, swift, fast, fleet. 2. of events, quick, speedy. II. Comparison: 1. regul. Comp. τἄχύτερος, α, ον only in Ion. irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -ττων, neut. θᾶσσον, gen. ονος: neut. θάττον, also used as Adv. more 3. another Comp. is  $\tau \alpha \chi i \omega \nu$  [7], neut.  $\iota o \nu$ : quickly. Sup., τάχιστος, η, ον; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., most quickly, most speedily; ὅττι τάχιστα as soon as may be, as soon as possible; also in Prose, την ταχίστην (sub. όδόν), as Adv. by the quickest way, i. e. most quickly.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, ον, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) quick-springing. τάχυτής, ητος, ή, (ταχύς) quickness, swiftness, speed τάχυ-χειλής, έs, (ταχύς, χείλος) over which the lips

run quickly, of a flute.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.  $TA\Omega^2$ ,  $\delta$ , gen.  $\tau a\hat{\omega}$ , acc  $\tau a\hat{\omega}\nu$ : nom. pl.  $\tau a\hat{\omega}$ : another form of the nom. is ταών, gen. ταῶνος; pl ταῶνεs, dat. ταῶσι: Lat. PAVO, a peacock: metaph. of coxcombs.

TE, enclitic Particle, and, answering to Lat. que, as ral answers to et. When it stands before another τε or before καί, it takes the sense of both; είδός τε μέγεθός τε both in form and in size; αὐτοί τε καὶ lπποι both themselves and their horses. Ep. and Ion.,  $\tau \epsilon$  is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as,  $\delta \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ,  $\delta \sigma o s$   $\tau \epsilon$ , etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in  $\omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ , olós  $\tau \epsilon$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \phi$   $\dot{\phi} \tau \epsilon$ . It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as ένθα τε, ὅτε τε, ὡσεί τε, ἵνα τε, ἀλλά τε, etc.

 $\tau \epsilon$ , Dor. for  $\sigma \epsilon$ , acc. sing. of  $\sigma \dot{\nu}$ .

τέ', apostroph. for τεά, nent. pl. of τεόs.

**ΤΕ'ΓΓΩ**, fut.  $τ \in \gamma \in \omega$ : aor. I  $\in \tau \in \gamma \in \alpha$ : aor. I pass. έτέγχθην:—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα with tears. to shed tears: Pass., ὅμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was poured, fell. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent. to dye, stain, Lat. tingere: metaph. to stain or mix with anything else.

Teyéa Ion. -έη, ή, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence Teγeárηs [ā] Ion. -ήτης, ò, a man of Tegea, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγεάτι, ιδος, (sub. γη) the land of Tegea. Hence

Τεγεατικόs Ion. -ητικόs, ή, όν, of or for a Tegeate. τέγεος, ον, (τέγος) with a roof, roofed, or near the

bouse or room, Lat. tectum. II. a room, chamber, garret: a brotbel.

τέθαλα, τεθαλώς, ότος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.  $\tau$ εθάλυῖα, Ep. for  $\tau$ εθηλυῖα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω.  $\tau$ εθάλφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλ $\pi$ ω.

τέθαμμαι, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω. τεθέαται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.

τεθεμελίωτο, 3 sing. pass. plapf. of θεμελιόω. τέθηγμαι, pf. pass. of θήγω.

τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plapf. Ep. τεθήλει.

τεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu i$ .

τέθηπα, pf. with pres sense, without a pres. in use: -mtr. to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chiefly used in part.  $\tau \in \theta \eta \pi \dot{\omega} s$ : also in Ep. plopf. as impf. II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἔταφον, with part. ταφών, astonished or amazed.

τεθήσομαι, fut. pass, of τίθημι. τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω. τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of  $\theta \lambda i \beta \omega$ .

τέθμιος, a, ov, Dor. for θέσμιος, fixed, settled, stated, regular, Lat. solennis: generally, due, fitting.

 $\tau \in \theta \mu \delta s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau i \theta \eta \mu i)$  Dor. for  $\theta \in \sigma \mu \delta s$ , that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

 $\tau$ έθναθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκω.

τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ă], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκω. τέθναμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf of θνήσκω.

τεθνάναι [ă], rarely τεθνάναι, pf. inf. of θνήσκω. τεθνασι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνειώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.

 $\tau \in \theta \lor \epsilon \dot{\omega} s$ ,  $-\hat{\omega} \tau o s$ , δ, Att. part. pf. of  $\theta \dot{\nu} \dot{\eta} \sigma \kappa \omega$ ; fem.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \epsilon \hat{\omega} \sigma \alpha$ ; neut.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \epsilon \hat{\omega} s$  and  $\tau \epsilon \theta \nu \epsilon \hat{\omega} s$ .

τέθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνήξομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκω.

τεθνηώς, -ωτος, Ep. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut. part. pf. of Ονήσκω: Ep gen. τεθνηότος, acc. -ότα: but the fem. is τεθνηκυία formed from the orig. τεθνηκώς.

 $\tau \in \theta v \omega s$ , poet, for  $\tau \in \theta v \in \omega s$ .

 $\tau \epsilon \theta o \rho \epsilon \hat{\imath} v$ , redupl. for  $\theta o \rho \epsilon \hat{\imath} v$ , aor. 2 inf. of  $\theta \rho \omega \sigma \kappa \omega$ .

τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.

τεθρ-ήμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ήμέρα) a time of four days.

τεθριππο-βάμων [ā], ονος, δ, (τέθριππος, βαίνω) driving a four-borsed chariot: a driver of four borses. τεθριππο-βάτης, ου, ο, (τέθριππος, βαίνω) driver of a four-borsed chariot. [βα]

τέθρ-ιππος, ον, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) with four borses yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. άρμα), τό, a four-borsed chariot: τέθριππον ίππων a team of four abreast.

τεθριπποτροφέω, f. ήσω, to keep a four-borsed chariot. From

ΤΕ ΤΟΣ, εοε, τό, like στέγοε, a roof, covering of a τεθριππο-τρόφοε, ον, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) keeping

a four-borsed chariot; τεθριπποτρόφος οἰκία a family that could furnish such a chartot in the games.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of θύω.

τεθύωμένος, pf. pass. part. of θυόω.

 $\tau \in \hat{i}$ , poet. for  $\tau \in \hat{i}$ , which is Dor. for  $\sigma \in acc$ , sing. of  $\sigma \hat{v}$ .

τείν, Dor. for σοι, dat. of σύ. [ī] τείδε, Dor. for τηδε, this way, here.

τείνα, Ep. for έτεινα, aor. 1 of τείνω.

TEI'NΩ, f. τενω: aor. I ἔτεινα: pf. τέτακα. Pass., aor. I  $\epsilon \tau \dot{\alpha} \theta \eta \nu$  [ $\check{\alpha}$ ]: pf.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \tau \check{\alpha} \mu \alpha \iota$ : Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. τέτατο, 3 dual τετάσθην, 3 pl. τέταντο:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; τόξον τείνειν to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass, to be stretched to the full; ἱστία τέτατο the sails were stretched taut; ναδε πόδα τείνειν to keep the sheet taut; νύξ τέταται βροτοίσιν night is spread over mankind. to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; ταθείε έπὶ γαίη stretched upon the ground. III. metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense; -Pass, to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also. to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. anxious. to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards .. : absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer. belong to, Lat. spectare, pertinere ad ..; τείναι ές σέ it bas reference to you.

τείος, Adv., Ep. for τείως, τέως.

τείρεα, Ep. pl. of τέραs, the heavenly bodies, signs. **TEIP** $\Omega$ , impf.  $\tilde{\epsilon}\tau\epsilon\iota\rho\rho\nu$ ; only found in pres. and impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:-Pass. to be worn away, worn out, dis-II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τειχεσι-πλήτης, ου, ὁ, (τείχος, πελάζω) approacher,

assailer, stormer of walls.

τειχέω, f. ήσω, (τείχος) to build walls: to build. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

 $\tau \epsilon_{i\chi}$ -ήρης,  $\epsilon_{s}$ , ( $\tau \epsilon_{i\chi} c_{s}$ ,  $d_{\rho} a_{\rho} \epsilon_{i\nu}$ ) enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged.

τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att ιω: aor. I έτείχισα: pf. τετείχικα: Pass., pf. τετείχισμαι: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. τετείχιστο: (τείχος):-to build a wall, generally, to build; τείχος τειχίσασθαι to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass τετείχιστο, impers., there were buildings. II. to wall or fortify .- Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τειχίόεις, εσσα, εν, (τεῖχος) walled.

τειχίον, τό, Dim. of τείχος, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town (τείχοε, τείχη).

τείχισις, ή, (τειχίζω) the work of walling, building

τείχισμα, ατος, τό, (τειχίζω) a wall or fort, a raised fortification.

τειχισμός, ό, (τειχίζω) = τείχισιε.

τειχοδομέω, f. ήσω, to build a wall or fort. From τειχο-δόμος, ον, (τείχος, δέμω) building a wall.

τειχομάχέω, f. ήσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; τειχομαχείν δυνατοί skilled in conducting sieges. From

τειχο-μάχης, ου, ό, (τείχος, μάχομαι) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [a]

τειχομάχία Ion. -ίη, ή, (τειχομαχέω) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of Il. 12.

τειχο-μελής, ές, (τείχος, μέλος) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

**τειχο-ποιός**,  $\dot{ο}ν$ , (τεῖχος, ποιέω) building walls or forts: οἱ τειχοποιοί, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls

TEIXOΣ, εos, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; τειχέων κιθώνες coats of wall, i e. walls one within the other; τείχεα βήξασθαι to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from  $\tau \circ i \chi \circ s$ ,  $\tau \in i \chi \circ v$ , as Lat. murus, moenia from paries, or city-walls from a bouse-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τειχο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (τεῖχος, φύλαξ) one that

guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τειχύδριον, τό, Dim. of τείχος, a small wall or fortified place.

τείωs, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for τέωs.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aur. 2 of τίκτω

τεκείν, τεκέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med inf. of  $\tau$ ίκτω. τεκμαίρομαι, fut. τεκμάροθμαι: aor. I έτεκμηρά- $\mu\eta\nu$ : Dep.:  $(\tau\epsilon\kappa\mu\alpha\rho)$ .—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καινά τοις πάλαι to judge of new by old events: to III. the Act. τεκμαίρω is rare, to conjecture. shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕ'ΚΜΑΡ Ερ. τέκμωρ, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end, Ίλίου τέκμωρ the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, end, purpose. a solemn pledge

τέκμαρσις, ή, (τεκμαίρομαι) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of τεκμαίρομαι.

τεκμήριον, τό, (τεκμαίρομαι) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; τεκμήριον δέ is sometimes put in an independent clause, bere is the proof. Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible σημείον. Hence

τεκμηριόω, f. ώσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence :- Med. to conclude from a sure

sign or token. τεκνίδιον, τό, = τεκνίον.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of τέκνον, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (τεκνογόνος) to bear children. Hence

τεκνογονία, ή, child-bearing.

τεκνο-γόνος, ον, (τέκνον, \*γένω) begetting or bearing children.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ον, (τέκνον, κτείνω) child-murdering.

τεκνολετήρ, fipos, δ. (τέκνον, όλλυμι) losing or baving lost one's children: fem. TERVOLÉTEIPA, of the

nightingale, baving lost ber young.

τέκνον, ου, τό, (τεκείν) that which is borne or born, a bairn, child, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, Téxνον έμον my son! sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε 2. of animals, the young. τέκνον.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ήσω, (τεκνοποιός) to bear children, of the mother:-Med. to beget children, of the father; but Med. also of both parents, to breed children.

τεκνοποιία, ή, a bearing or begetting of children. τεκνό-ποινος, ον, (τέκνον, ποινή) child-avenging. τεκνο-ποιός, ύν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) bearing or begetting children

τεκνο-σπορία, ή, (τέκνον, σπείρω) a begetting of

children.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ήσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) to bring up or rear children.

τεκνούς, ούσσα, ούν, (τέκνον) contr. from τεκνόεις, όεσσα, όεν, baving children.

τεκνο-φάγος, ον, (τέκνον, φάγειν) eating children. τεκνοφονέω, to murder children. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ον, (τέκνον, \*φένω) child-murdering. τεκνόω, f. ώσω (τέκνον) to furnish with chil-II to be get children, of the father: -Med. of the mother, to bear children; metaph., χθων έτεκνώσατο τέκνα the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc. :- Pass. to be born.

τέκνωσις, εως, ή, (τεκνόω) a begetting or bearing

of children.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt of τίκτω.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

τέκος, εος, τό, Εp. dat. pl. τέκεσσι, τεκέεσσι: (τεκείν):--poet. for τέκνον, a child.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) to make, build, frame: -metaph. to devise, plan, contrive. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. to be built, contrived.

τεκτήναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of τεκταίνομαι. τεκτήνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of τεκταίνομαι. τεκτονεῖον, τό, (τέκτων) a carpenter's shop.

τεκτονικός, ή, όν, (τέκτων) of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building: as Subst., τεκτονικός, δ, a good carpenter; ή τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) carpentry.

τεκτοσύνη, ή, the art of a carpenter or builder:

carpentry, building. From

τέκτων, ονος, ό, a worker in wood, a carpenter. joiner, builder; vywv textwv a ship-carpenter, ship-2. any craftsman or workman, a master of any art; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτονεε υμvov makers of songs. II. a planner, contriver, plotter: generally, an author.

τεκών, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

TEΛΑ MΩ'N, ωνου, δ, a broad band or strap for belt for carrying either the shield or sword.

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τελέεις, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελήεις.

TEΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσκε:—to come forth, come into being, arise: hence to be, become.

τέλειον, τό, a complete feast, a royal feast. From τέλειος or τέλεος, α, ον, in Att. also os, ον: (τέ-Aos):-complete, perfect, entire; of victims, without spot or blemish: but, lepd τέλεια are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites. 2. of animals, fullgrown; τέλειος ανήρ a full-grown man, Lat. adultus: hence perfect in his or its kind. 3. of numbers, etc., full, complete. 4. of actions, ended, finished: of vows, etc., fulfilled, accomplished: also fixed, resolved upon. II. act. bringing to pass, accomplishing; ἀρά τελεία a curse working its own fulfilment. 2. able to do or bring about; τέλειος duhp a man who has full rule or authority.

τελειότης, ητος, ή, (τέλειος) completeness, per-

fection

τελειόω or τελεόω, f. ώσω, (τέλειος):- to make perfect: to inaugurate, consecrate. II. to complete, bring to accomplishment: to make successful. generally, to fulfil, accomplish, effect.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελέω.

τελείω, Ep for τελέω.

τελείωs, doubtful form for τελέωs.

τελείωσις, ή, (τελειόω) a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation.

τελειωτής, οῦ, ὁ, (τελειόω) a perfecter, finisher. τελεό-μηνος, ον, (τέλεος, μήν) revolving with full completion of months; αροτος τελεόμηνος, i. e. a full twelvemonth.

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

Teleovres, oi, one of the four original Attic tribes, (τελέω 11) Payers, Farmers; ot (τελέω 111), Priests.

τέλεος, α, ον, (τέλος) = τέλειος.

τελέσεια, Acol. aor. 1 opt. of τελέω. τελεσθείς, aor. I pass part. of τελέω.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελέω) a payment, outlay.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

τελεσσι-Βότειρα, ή, poët. for τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δίδωμι) she that gives completeness or accomplishment. τελεσσί-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, Ερ for τελεσίφρων, (τελέω, φρήν) working its complete will.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελέω) a place of initiation. plur. τελεστήρια, τά, a thank-offering for success.

τελέστωρ, opos, δ, poet. for τελεστής, (τελέω) a magistrate.

τελεσφορέω, f. ήσω, to bring fruit to perfection: generally, to bring to perfection. II. to pay toll or custom. From

τελεσ-φόρος, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) brought to an end, coming to an end; TEXEUPOPOV els Eviautor for the space of a complete year. 2. brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished. II. act. bringing to bearing or supporting anything, a leathern strap or | an end, accomplishing; πεσείν ε το μή τελεσφόρον 2. a to fall with fruitless result, i. c. powerless, idle.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, baving the control or management of.

τελετή, ή, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries.

II. In plur. mystia rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελεύμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of

τελεθντι, Dor. for τελούσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταίος, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. το τελευταΐον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευτάω, f. ήσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. I ἐτελευτήθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify: —Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, bappen. II τελευτῶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτῶν, to die, be deceased; τελευτῶν βίον to make an end of life. 2 intrans. to come to an end, finish; ai εὐτυχίαι ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3 the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ῶσα, ῶν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κῶν ἐγίγνετο πληγή τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last

τελευτέω, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες. τελευτή, ή, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. Il. a finish, end: βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτοιο τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ές τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremuties, csp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσεια, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτάω. τελέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, Ιοη. τελέω contr. τελώ: aor. Ι ἐτέλεσα Ερ. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:--Pass. τελέομαι Εp. -είομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ερ. τελέομαι contr. τελούμαι: aor. Ι έτελέσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:--(τέ-Aos): - to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere; to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:-Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, bappen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον έσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to matu-3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. rity. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like Teλευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελείν els τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to arrive at it. pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend: -Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελείν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελείν εἰε imπέαε to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελείν ἐε ελεληνας, ἐε Βοιωνούς το belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotams; εἰε ἀστοὺς τελείν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, imitate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to bave oneself initiated, Lat. initian; Διονύσφ τελεσθήναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Dionysos; c. acc., τελεσθήναι Βακχεία to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus.

2 τελείν ἰερά to perform sacred

τελέως, Adv of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

τελήεις, εσσα, εν, (τελίω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number;  $\dot{\rho}\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\zeta}$ ειν τεληέσσας ἐκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τελήεντε olovol birds of sure augury; ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). Τελήεις ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕ΄ ΛΛΩ, f.  $\tau$ ελῶ: aot. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plqpf. ἐτετάλμην:— Med. τέλλομαι, aot. I ἐτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:— Pass. to come forth, arise.

2. intr. to arise; ħλίου τέλλοντος at sun-rise

τέλμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. Il. the mud of a pool: mud or elay to build with, mortar.

TE'ΛΟΣ, εω, τώ, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλας έχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ήβης manbood: -generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελεύτη, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νύστοιο τέ-Nos the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe 3. τέλος is often used adverbially: τέλος for κατά τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, έε τὸ τέλος, els τέλος: - in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omning: -διά τέλουs, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατά τέλεα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεών squadrons of ships; δρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds. IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; of ev texes men in authority; so, of ta texa έχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πρίασθαι to farm a tan; λθειν τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be advantageous, like λυσιτελέω. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was assessed: hence a class or order of citizens. consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, the mysteries themselves. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. towards the end or term.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλοs, a boundary, limit, τέλσον ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

**Tellines**,  $\hat{i}vos$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\theta \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \gamma \omega)$  one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:-as Adj., τελχίνες σητες mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ήσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-

gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ἀνέομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ή, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the

customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, άδος, ή, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ή, ύν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-bouse, custom-bouse.  $\tau \in \mu \bar{\alpha} \times \sigma s$ ,  $\epsilon \circ s$ ,  $\tau \circ \circ$ ,  $(\tau \in \mu \nu \omega)$  a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fisb.

τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ον, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts; φυλλάς τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [t], ou, δ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem , ή άκρα ή Τεμενίτιs the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of II. a piece of land sacred to a god: corn-land. the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called

τέμενος Νείλοιο.

**TEMNΩ** Ion. τάμνω: fut. τεμω: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Εp. and Ion. ἔταμον, Εp. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμούμαι: aor. 2 έταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., 20r. I ἐτμήθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery. II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, δρκια τάμνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, bew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δούρα τάμνεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάμνεσθαι to bave stone wrought or 2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν 3. τέμνειν γην, πεδίον to lay to contrive a means. waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide. V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν apoupar to plough corn land; τέμνειν δχέτου to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν όδούs to cut or make roads: τέμνειν όδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to bold a middle course. 2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go. cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempe, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the

river Peneius flows into the sea.

 $\tau \in \mu \hat{\omega}$ , fut. of  $\tau \notin \mu \nu \omega$ .

τεναγίτης [i], ou, o, fem. -îτις, ιδος, used as Adj., shallow. From

TE'NATOΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, shallow, Lat. vadum. **TE'NΔΩ** Att.  $\tau \dot{\epsilon} v \theta \omega$ , to gnaw, nibble at. Hence τενθεία, ή, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, δ, (τείνω) a sinew, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of enclit, Tis.

τέο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοίο, Εp. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ. τέοισι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίs.

τεόs, ή, όν, Ep. and Ion. for σόs, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦs, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράζω, f. άσω, (τέραs) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμνον or τέρεμνον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber; only used in plur.

TEPAΣ, gen. aros Ep. aos Ion. εος, τό: plur., nom. τέρἄτἄ Ep. τέρἄā contr. τέρā; Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τέρἄσι Ep. τεράεσσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent. II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. mon-

strum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the beavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τείρεα.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, a, ov, (τέρας) of portents, portentous. τεράτεία, ή, (τερατεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery.

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portenta loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor. τερατολογέω, f. ήσω, (τερατολύγος) to tell of marvels.

τεράτολογία, ή, (τερατολογέω) a telling of marvels.

 $\tau$ εράτο-λόγος, ον, ( $\tau$ έρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents. II, pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, δ, a soothsayer.

τεράτουργία, ή, a working of wonders. From τεράτ-ουργός,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \rho a s, \dot{\epsilon} \rho \gamma \omega)$  wonder-working.

τεράτ-ώδης, εs, (τέρας, είδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τεράτ-ωπός, όν, (τέρας, ώψ) with a marvellous face; full enjoyment of, be content with. τερατωπόs ιδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

τερεβίνθινος, η, ον, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

TEPEBINΘΟΣ, ή, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

 $\tau$ ερεβινθ-ώδης, ες, ( $\tau$ ερέβινθος, είδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

**TE'PEINA**, fem. of  $\tau \epsilon \rho \eta \nu$ .

τέρεμνον, τό, = τέραμνον.

τέρενος, η, ον, collat. form of τέρην.

τερετίζω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.) Hence.

τερέτισμα, ατος, τό, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. terebra. τερέω, f. ήσω and έσω, (τείρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερηδών, όνος, ή, the wood-worm, Lat. terēdo.

τέρην, εινά, εν, gen. τέρενος, είνης, ενος, etc.: (τείρω): -worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. tener:--Comp τερενώτερος.

τερθρεύομαι, Dep. = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρθριος, δ, (τέρθρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard ( $\tau \in \rho\theta \rho o \nu$ ), the brace.

TE'POPON, τό, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, ατος, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. terminus: the goal round which borses and chariots had to turn 2. a mark for throwing or at races. Lat. meta. II. an end, limit: in plur. the bounshooting at. daries. 2. metaph. the finishing point: the acme, fourteen years old: fem. - étis. beight, summit.

τερμίνθινος, η, ον, = τερεβίνθινος.

τέρμινθος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = τερέβινθος.

τερμιόεις, εσσα, εν, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; άσπὶς τερμιύεσσα a shield that covers one from top to toe; χιτών τερμιόειs a tunic reaching to the ground. τέρμιος, a, ov, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, τερμία ήμέρα the day of death.

**τερμόνιος**,  $\alpha$ , ον, (τέρμων) at the far-end.

τέρμων, ονος,  $\delta$ , = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an

τερπί-κέραυνος, ον, (τέρπω, κεραυνός) delighting in

τερπνός, ή, όν, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.— Comp. and Sup. τερπνότερος, -ότατος. Hence

τερπνωs, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

**ΤΕ'ΡΠΩ**, f. ψω: aor. I ἔτερψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐτέρφθην or ἐτάρφθην: 20r. 2 ἐτάρπην, inf. ταρπῆναι Ep. ταρπήμεναι, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. τράπείω, τράπείομεν:--- Med. 201. Ι έτερψάμην: 201. 2 έταρπόμην, Ep. redupl. τεταρπόμην, τετάρπετο, I pl subj. τεταρπώμεσθα, part. τεταρπόμενο: -to delight, please. 11 in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry: - absol., πίνε καὶ τέρπου drink and be 2. c. gen. rei, to bave enough of, bave one's 3. rarely c. acc.. Hence τέρπεσθαι ὄνησιν to enjoy profit.

τερπωλή, ή, poet, for  $\tau$  έρψις, delight.

τερσαίνω, 201. Ι έτέρσηνα Ερ. τέρσηνα: (τέρσομαι):-to dry, dry up, wipe up; αίμα μέλαν τέρσηνε be dried up the black blood. Cp. τέρσομαι.

τερσιά, ή, like ταρσιά, τρασιά, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕ'ΡΣΟΜΑΙ, aor. 2 inf. τερσήναι Ερ. τερσήμεναι (but no indic. ἐτέρσην occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be staunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., ὅσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. τέρσω occurs in Alexandr, poets, = τερσαίνω.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of τέρπομαι.

τερψίμ-βροτος, ον, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the beart of man.

τερψί-voos, ον, (τέρπω, νόοs) gladdening the beart. τέρψις, εως, ή, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρα, ή, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichore, one of the nine

τερψί-χορος, ον, (τέρπω, χόρος) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. of τέσσαρες.

τεσσαρά-βοιος, ον, (τέσσαρα, βοῦς) worth four steers. τεσσάρα-καί-δεκα, τά, see τεσσαρεσ-καί-δεκα.

τεσσαρακαιδεκά-δωρος, ον, (τεσσερακαίδεκα, δωpov) fourteen bandbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαρακαιδεκ-έτης, ου, δ, (τεσσερακαίδεκα, έτος)

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τετταράκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (τέσσαρες) forty, Lat. quadraginta. [ρα]

τεσσάρακοντά-έτης, ου, δ, and -ετής, έε, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτος) forty years old.

τεσσ**ἄρἄκοντ-όργ**υιος, ον, (τεσσαράκοντα, ὅργυια) forty fathom, bigh, deep, etc.

τεσσάρακοντ-ούτης, ου, ό, contr. for τεσσαρακονταέτης.

τεσσαρακοστός, ή, όν, (τεσσεράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. quadragesimus. ΙΙ. ή τεσσαρακοστή (sub. μοιρa): I. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 21 per cent. a fortieth, a com of Chios.

ΤΕ ΣΣΑ ΡΕΣ, οί, αί, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. τεσσάρων; dat. τέσσαρσι poet. τέτρασι:—Att. τέττάρες, τέττάρα: in Ion. prose τέσσερες, τέσσερα, dat. pl. τέσσερσι: Dor. τέττορες or τέτορες: Aeol. πίσυρες: - four, Lat. quatuor.

τεσσάρεσ-καί-δεκα Ion. τεσσερεσ-, οί, αί, τά, indecl. = τέσσαρες καὶ δέκα, fourteen: the neut. form τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα is very rare. Hence

τεσσάρεσκαιδέκάτος, η, ον, Ion. τεσσερεσκ-, the fourteenth.

τεσσεράκοντα, Ion. for τεσσαράκοντα. τέσσερες, τέσσερα, Ion. for τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνα.

τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.

τεσσερήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσεράκοντα. τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv. τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly. τετάγών, όντος, δ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part, with no pres. in use; ρίψε ποδός τεταγών he threw him taking him by the foot. τέτακα, pf. of τείνω. τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω. τέταλτο, Ερ. 3 sing. plapf. of τέλλω. τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τείνω. τετανός, όν, (τείνω) stretched, strained, smooth τέτανος, δ, (τείνω) a stretching, straining: tension. τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 suig. plopf. pass. of τἄνύω. τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω. τεταραγμένος, pf. pass part. of ταράσσω:-hence Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly. τετάρπετο, -πώμεσθα, -πόμενος, Ep. redupl. 201. 2 3 sing, I pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρπω. τεταρταίοs, a, ov, (τέταρτοs) of or for four days: on the fourth day. τεταρτη-μόριον, τύ, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans. τέταρτος Ep. τέτρατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth, Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv, the fourth ΙΙ. ή τετάρτη (sub. ήμέρα), the fourth time. day. 2. (sub. μοίρα), a liquid measure, a quart. τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf pass. of τείνω. τέτατο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τείνω. τετάχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω. τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω. τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plopf. pass. of τελέω. τετεύξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω. τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω. τετεύχαται, τετεύχατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plapf. pass. of τεύχω. τετεύχετον,  $\mathfrak{z}$  dual pf. of τεύχω. **τετεύχημαι**, inf. τετευχησθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without any pres. TEUX Ew in use :- to be armed. τέτηκα, intr. pf. of τήκω. τετίημαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τιέω in use, to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn :- used in 2 dual τετίησθον; but more commonly in part. τετιημένοε, τετιημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in phrase τετιημένου ήτορ grieved at heart. τετιηώς, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pres. τιέω in use, = Tetinuévos, grieved, sorrowing. τέττμαι, pf. pass. of τίω. τετιμήσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάου. τέτισμαι, pf. pass. of τίνω. τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι. τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of \*τλάω. τετλαίην, Ep. pf. opt. of \*τλάω. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [ă], Ep. pf. inf. of \*τλάω; but τέτλομεν, I pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν. τετλάτω [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω. τέτληκα, pf. of  $\tau \lambda \hat{\eta} \mu \iota$ . τετληώς, υία, gen. ότος, Ep. pf. part. of \*τλάω.

τετμηώs, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω. τέτμοιμεν, I pl. opt. of τέτμον. τέτμον, Ep. for ἔτετμον, an aor. 2 without pres. in use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of. τετοκώς, τετοκυία, pf. part. of τίκτω. τέτορες, οί, αί, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρεε. τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω. τετρά -, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in compd. words. τετρά-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαίνω) fourfooted, quadruped. [Ba] τετρα-γλώχις, ivos, ό, ή, (τετρα-, γλωχίς) with four points or angles, square. τετρά-γύος, ον, (τέτρα-, γύα) as large as four acres (γύαι) of land. ΙΙ τετράγυον, τό, as Subst., a measure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day. τετράγωνέω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to stand in square with, c. acc. τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρύσωπον) square-faced, like otters and beavers. τετρά-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal angles, square: -- as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square, a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-II. perfect as a square, complete, perratum. fect. III. τετράγωνος άριθμός a square number, i. e. a number multiplied into itself. τετράδιον, τό, (τετράs) the number of four, four persons or things, a quaternion. [a] τετρά-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα , έλίσσω) four times wound or coiled. τετρα-ένηε, εε, (τετρα-, ένοε) = τετραετήε [α]τετρά-ετής, έε, (τετρα-, έτος) four years old. of four years. τετρά-ζύγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγύν) four-yaked, with four borses: as Subst, τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. αρμα) a four-borsed chariot. τετρά-θέλυμνος, ον, (τετρα-, θέλυμνον) of four layers; τετραθέλυμνος σάπος a shield of four ox-bides. ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. τετράνω: aor. 1 ετέτρηνα Εp. τέτρηνα: aor. I pass. ἐτετράνθην: also (from the root TPA'Ω), fut. τρήσω: aor. έτρησα: pf. pass, τέτρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate. τετρά-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. – ετις, ιδος, (τετρα-, καί, δέκα, έτοε) fourteen years old. τετρά-κερως, ων, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-borned. [ἄ] τετρά-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-beaded. τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [α] τετράκισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκιε, μύριοι) four times ten thousand, forty thousand. [v] τετράκισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, (τετράκιε, χίλιοι) four thousand.  $[\chi l]$ τετρά-κλίνος, ον. (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or couches to recline on at table. τετρά-κνάμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-, κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked wbeel.

τετρά-κόρυμβοs, ον, (τετρα-, κύρυμβοs) with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.

τετρά-κόρωνος, ον, (τετρα-, κορώνη) four times a crow's age.

τετρακόσιοι, αι, α, (τετρα-) four-bundred. Hence τετρακοσιοστός, ή, όν, the four-bundredth.

τετράκοσιοστός, ή, όν, the four-hundredth.
τετρακτύς, ύος, ή, (τετμάς) the number four.

τετρά-κυκλος, ον, (τετρα-, κύκλος) four-wheeled. τετρά-λογία, ή, (τετρα-, λόγος) a tetralogy, 1. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choephoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.

τετρά-μετροs, ον, (τετρα-, μέτρον) consisting of four metres, i. e. in immbic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετροs (sub. στίχοι), δ, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.

τετρά-μηνιαίος, α, ον, and τετράμηνος, ον, (τετρα-, μήν) of four months, lasting four months.

τέτραμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετραμοιρία, ή, a fourfold portion. From

τετρά-μουροs, ον, (τετρά-, μοιρα) consisting of four parts, fourfold.

τετρανθείs, aor. I pass. patt. of τετραίνω ΤΕ'ΤΡΑΕ, άγοι, and ακοι, ύ, prob. the pheasant,

Lat. avis Phasianus.
τετράορία, ή, a four-borsed charlot. From

τετρά-opos contr. τέτρωροs, or, (τετρα-, ἀείρω) yoked four together; τετράορον ἄρμα a four-borsed chariot.

II. four-legged. |ā|

τετρά-πάλαι, Adv. four times long ago, long long ago. τετρά-πάλαιστος, ον, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) of four

spans, four spans long or broad.

τετρά-πηχυε, υ, gen. εος, (τετρά-, πῆχυς) four cubits
(1.e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet bigb.

τετράπλάσιος, a, ον, (τετρα-) fourfold, four times as much. Lat. quadruplus. [πλά]

τετρά-πλευρός, ον, (τετρά-, πλευρά) four-sided.
τετράπλη, Adv. (τετρά-) in a fourfold manner,
fourfold.

τετραπλόος, η, ον contr. -πλοθς, η, οῦν, (τετρα-) fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τὸ τετραπλοῦν = τετραμοιρία, a fourfold portion.

τετρά-ποδηδόν, Adv. (τετρα-, πούε) on four feet. τετρά-ποδιστί, Adv. (τετρα-, πούε) on all fours. τετρά-πολιε poet. τετράπτολιε, εωε, ή, (τετρά-,

πόλιs) of, with four cities.

τετρά-πολος, ον, (τετρά-, πολέω) turned up or ploughed four times.

τετρά-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τδ, (τετρά-, πούs) fourfooted:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds. II. of four feet in length.

τετρά-πτερος, ον, (τετρά-, πτερόν) four-winged.

τετρα-πτερυλλίς, ίδοε, ή, (τετρα-, πτερόν) a fourwinged creature, grassbopper, locust.

τέτρα-πτίλος, ον, (τέτρα-, πτίλον) four-winged. τέτραπτο, Ερ. 3 sing. plaps. pass. of τρέπω.

τετρά-πτολις, ή, poet. for τετράπολιε.

τετράρ-ρυμος or τετρά-ρυμος, ον, (τετρα-, ρυμύε) with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.

τετραρχέω, to be a tetrarch. From

τετρ-άρχης, ου, δ, (τετρα-, άρχω) a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence τετραρχία, ή, a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four

tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.
τετράς, άδος, ή, (τέτταρες) the number four.
the fourth day

τετρα-σκελής, ές, (τετρα-, σκέλος) four-legged, four-footed.

τετρα-στάτηρος, ον, (τέτρα-, στάτηρ) worth four staters, 1 e. about 13 shillings.

τετρα-σύλλαβος, ον, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) of four syllables.

τετρά-σώματος, ον, (τετρα-, σώμα) with four bodies. τέτρατος, η, ον, poet. for τέταρτος, fourth:—neut. τὸ τέτρατον as Adv, for the fourth time.

τετρά-τρύφος, ον, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) broken of that may be broken into four pieces.

τέτραφα, pf. of τρέπω

τετρά-φάληρος, ον, of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά] τετρά-φάλος, ον, (τετρα-, φάλος) of a helmet, with four φάλοι; see φάλος.

τετράφαται, -φατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετράφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω. τετρά-φυλος, ον, (τετρα-, φυλή) divided into four tribes

τέτραχα, Adv. (τέτταρεε) fourfold, in four parts. τετραχη, Adv. = τέτραχα.

τετραχθά, Adv. poet. for τέτραχα.

τετρά-χοος, ον contr. -χους, ουν, (τετρα-, χοεύς) bolding four χόες.

τετρά-χορδος, ον, (τετρα-, χορδή) four-stringed: as Subst., τὸ τετράχορδον, the tetracbord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.

τετρά-χυτρος, ον, (τετρα-, χύτρος) made of four pots, τετρεμαίνω, redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble.

τέτρημαι, pf pass. of τετραίνω.

τέτρηνα, Ερ. for ἐτέτρηνα, aor. I of τετραίνω. τέτρηχα, intr. pf. with pres. signf of ταράσσω; part. fem. τετρηχυία; 3 sing. plaps. τετρήχει.

τετρίγει, Ep. 3 sing. plapf. of τρίζω. [i]

τετρίγώς, τετριγυία, pf. part. of τρίζω.

τετρίγῶτος, Ερ. for τετριγύτας, acc. pl pf. part. of τρίζω.

τέτριμμαι, pf. pass. of τρίβω.

τετρ-όργυιος, ον, (τετρα-, όργυια) four fathoms long or broad.

τέτροφα, pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω. τετρθούσω, pf. pass. inf. of τρύω.

τετρ-ώβολος, ον, (τετρα-, ὀβολός) weighing or worth four obols:—as Subst., τετρώβολον, τό, a four-obol τετρώκοστος, η, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, fortieth. τέτρωμαι, pf. pass. of τιτρώσκα.

τετρ-ώρος, ον, contr. for τετράορος.

**τετρ-ώροφος**, ον, (τετρα-, δροφή) of four stories. τετρ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of τετρόργυιος. τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, Father,

like άττα, πάππα.

τετταράκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-. τεττίγο-φόρος, ον, (τέττιξ, φέρω) wearing a τέττιξ or cicada: epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες

τεττίγ-ώδης, εε, (τέττιξ, είδοε) like a τέττιξ or

cicada.

TE'TTIΞ, ιγος, δ, a kind of grassbopper, the cicala, Lat. cicāda, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise:—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμαι, pf. pass. of  $\tau \epsilon \dot{\nu} \chi \omega$ .

**τετύγμην,** Ep. plqpf. pass, of τεύχω.

τετύκειν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω.

τετύκέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχω.

τετυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω.

τετῦφωμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφόω, stupidly.

τετύχηκα, pf. of τυγχάνω. [τ]

τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

**τε**ῦ, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of τύ, σύ.

τεῦ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.). II. τευ, enclit. gen. for τινός, from τis (enclit.).

τεθγμα, ατος, τό, (τεύχω) that which is made, a

τευθίς, ίδος, ή, a cuttle-fish, Lat. sepia, loligo. τευκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, made, prepared, wrought.

τεύξα, Εp. 20r. I opt. of τεύχω: opt. τεύξεια.

τεύξομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. 2. fut. med. of τεύχω. **τεύτλιον**, =  $\tau$ εῦτλον, beet.

ΤΕΥ ΤΛΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεῦτλον, a kitchen-herb, beet, Lat. beta.

 $\tau \in \hat{v} \times \alpha$ ,  $\tau \hat{\alpha}$ , see  $\tau \in \hat{v} \times \alpha s$ .

**τευχεσ-φόροs**, ον, (τεύχεα, φέρω) bearing arms, wearing armour.

τευχηστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}\rho os$ ,  $\delta$ , or τευχηστής,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(τε\acute{v}\chi\epsilon a)$ an armed man, warrior.

τεύχοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

**τεῦχος**, εο**s**, τό, (τεύχω) like ὅπλον, a tool, implement, utensil: mostly in plur. τεύχεα implements of war, armour, arms, barness. 2. in plur. also the tackle or rigging of a ship. 3. a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funereal urn. a book, whence the term Pentateuch or Five-books. ΤΕΥΧΩ, f. fw: 20r. I έτευξα: Ep. 20r. 2 τέτυ-

κον: pf. τέτευχα: Med., fut. τεύξομαι: Ep. aor. 2 τετυκόμην: Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι: aor. 1 ἐτύχθην: pf. τέτυγμαι: Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. τετεύχαται, τετεύχατο:-to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge: to weave: also metaph. to work, bring about, cause: to form, create:-Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύχεσθαι χρυσοίο to be wrought of gold. II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so: and pf. pass.  $\tau \in \tau \nu \gamma \mu \alpha \iota$  is often used =  $\epsilon \iota \mu \iota$  or γίγνομαι, to bave been made, i. e. to be, so and so; γυναικός αντί τέτυξο thou badst been made, i. e. thou wert, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. Tetuyμένος commonly means well or fitly made, wellwrought, compact, lasting; metaph. of a field, welltilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous.

τέφρα Ion. τέφρη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\nu} \phi \omega)$  as bes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of

the funeral pile.

 $\tau$ εφρόω, f. ώσω,  $(\tau$ έφρα) to reduce to asbes, consume. τεχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω.

τεχνάζω, f. άσω, (τέχνη) to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly.

τεχνάεις, εσσα, εν. Dor. for τεχνήειs.

τέχνασμα, ατος, τό, (τεχνάζω) anything made by art, a piece of bandiwork. II. an artifice, trick. τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I έτεχνησάμην: Dep.:  $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta)$ :—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully: also followed by a relat., to contrive II. τεχνάομαι also occurs as a Pass.,

with pf. τετέχνημαι, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ή, (τεκείν) art, skill, regular method of making a thing; τέχνη by rules of art. craft, cunning, sleight: in plur. cunning devices, arts, 3. generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained; μηδεμιή τέχνη in no wise; πάση τέχνη by all means; παντοίη τέχνη by all manner of means. II. an art, craft, trade. III. a work of art. τεχνήεις, εσσα, εν, (τέχνη) cunningly wrought, ingenious. Adv. τεχνηέντωs, artfully, with art.

τέχνημα, ατος, τό, (τεχνάω) that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a bandiwork. II. an artful device, trick, artifice: of a man, all trick and cunning.

τεχνήμων, ον, gen. ονοs, = τεχνήειs.

τεχνησσα, contr. for τεχνηεσσα, fem. of τεχνηειs. τεχνικός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta)$  artistic, skilful. Adv.  $-\kappa \hat{\omega}$ s, artistically.

**τεχνίτης** [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], ου,  $\delta$ , ( $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \chi \nu \eta$ ) an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman: one wbo works by rules of art.

τεχνίτις, ιδος, fem. of τεχνίτης.

 $\tau$ εχνοσύνη, ή, poet. for  $\tau$ έχνη, art, skilfulness.

τέφ, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίs (interrog.). Ion. for  $\tau i \nu i$ , dat. from  $\tau i s$  (enclit.).

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίε (interrog.).

for  $\tau \iota \nu \hat{\omega} \nu$ , gen. pl. of  $\tau is$  (enclit.).

τέως Ep. τείως, Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while; also before, ere this: - antecedent to the relat. ¿ws. II. absol. a while, for a time. [τέωε: but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

like  $\lambda \dot{\alpha} \beta \epsilon$ ,  $\ddot{\epsilon} \chi \epsilon$ ,  $\phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho \epsilon$ , there I take I always followed by far-journeying. a second imperat., as τη, σπείσον Διί .. take and pour a libation to Jove ...: τη, πίε οἶνον.. take and drink

τη, dat. fem. of the Art. δ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ös. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, bere, this way.

τηδε, dat. fem. of δδε, used as Adv., in this direction, in this way.

τηδί, dat. fem. of δδί, used as Adv. =  $\tau \hat{\eta} \delta \epsilon$ .

ΤΗ ΘΗ οι τηθή, ή, a grandmother.

τηθίς, ίδος, ή, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister,

TH<sup> $\Theta$ </sup>OΣ, εοs, τό, an oyster.

**Τηθύs**, ύο**s**, ή,  $(\tau \dot{\eta} \theta \eta)$  Tetbys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a sea deity. II. later, put for the sea itself.

τηκεδών, όνος, ή, (τήκω) a melting away, wasting away: hence consumption, decline, phthisis.

τηκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τήκω, melted, melted

down so as to be poured in: soluble.

TH'KΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τήξω: aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  έτηξα: transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήξομαι, pass. τἄκήσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἐτάκην [ă]:—to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres pass., and plqpf. έτετήκειν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηκότα sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, έs, (τηλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλαυγεστέρος, -έστατος. Adv. τηλαυγώς. clearly, distinctly.

TH ΛE, Adv, like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far: far country: also c. gen. far from

abroad: c. gen. far from.

τηλε-βόας, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \beta o \hat{\alpha} \omega)$  shouting afar or loud. τηλε-βόλος, ον,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu)$  striking from afar. τηλέ-γονος, ον, (τηλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεδάπός, ή,  $\dot{\phi}\nu$ ,  $(\tau \hat{\eta}\lambda \epsilon)$  from a far country, fo-

reign: also afar off, distant.

τηλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf.  $\tau \epsilon \theta \eta \lambda \alpha$ ), used only in Ep. part. pres. τηλεθάων, Ep. - όων, όωσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourisbing, of trees and plants, as, ύλη, έλαιαι, δένδρεα, etc.: metaph., παιδες τηλεθάοντε**s** blooming children; χαίτη τηλεθόωσα luxuriant

τηλε-κλειτός, όν,  $(τ \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \kappa \lambda \hat{\epsilon} os)$  far-famed.

τηλέ-κλητος, ον, (τηλε, κλητόs from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τηλε-κλύτός,  $\dot{\nu}$ ,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon$ , κλυτός from κλύω) = τηλεκλειτύε.

τηλε-μάχος, ον, (τηλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, δ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλέ-πλάνος, ον, (τῆλε, πλανάομαι) far-wandering, devious.

 $\tau \hat{\eta}$ , Ep. 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use,  $\dagger \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} - \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} - \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} = \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} - \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} = \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} = \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} = \tau \eta \lambda \hat{\epsilon} + \tau \eta \lambda$ 

τηλέ-πορος, ον, (τηλε, πύρος) far-reaching.

τηλέ-πύλος, ον, (τῆλε, πύλη) with gates far apart. τηλε-σκόπος, ον, (τηλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. proparox. τηλέσκοπος, ον, pass., far-seen, conspicuous. τηλε-φάνής, έε, (τηλε, φανηναι) appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, beard from afar.

τηλέ-φίλον, τό,  $(τ \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \phi i \lambda o s)$  far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other. burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

THAI'A, η, any flat board with a raised rim, as, 1. a sieve, the boop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

**ΤΗΛΙΚΟΣ**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , Dor.  $\tau\bar{a}\lambda$ ίκος, a,  $o\nu$  [ $\tilde{\iota}$ ]:—of such an age, so old or so young: generally, so great, Lat. tantus: anteced. to the Relative ήλίκοs, Interrog. πηλίκοs. Hence

τηλϊκόσδε,  $-\eta$ δε,  $-\omega \nu \delta \epsilon$ , and τηλϊκοῦτος,  $-\omega \nu \tau \eta$  οι -οῦτος, -οῦτο, Att. for πηλίκος, so very, so much.

τηλόθεν or  $-\theta \epsilon$ , Adv.  $(\tau \eta \lambda o \hat{v})$  from afar, from a foreign land: c. gen. far from.

τηλόθζ, Adv.  $(\tau \eta \lambda o \hat{v}) = \tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon$ , τηλο $\hat{v}$ , far, afar, at a distance: also c. gen, τηλύθι πάτρηs far from father-

τηλο-πέτης, εs,  $(τ \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, π \epsilon τ ο μαι)$  far-flying. τηλ-ορός, όν, collat. form of τηλουρός. τηλόσε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) to a distance, far away. τηλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τηλοῦ, furtbest away. τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλοῦ, further away τηλοῦ, Adv., like τηλε, afar, far off or away, in a

τηλ-ουρός, όν, (τῆλε, ὅρος) with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, η, ον, also os, ον, an epith. of sons, wbo

bave no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling; hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ως like a II. born afar off. (The latter spoilt child or pet. sense points to the deriv. τηλε, \*γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-ωπός, όν,  $(\tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \epsilon, \omega \psi)$  looking afar, seeing to a II. pass. perceived or beard from afar.

τημελέω, f. ήσω, to take care of, c. gen.

beed, look after, see to, c. acc. From τη-μελήs, és, careful, beedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix  $\tau \eta$  added.)

τήμερα, τήμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τημη, Att. crasis for τη έμη.

τημος, Adv. then, thereupon; is τημος till then. τημόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. =  $\tau \hat{\eta} \mu os$ .

τημοῦτος, Adv. = τημος.

τηνει, Adv., Dor. for ἐκει, there: also for ωδε here. τήνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, τήν ελλα & καλλίνικε, χαίρε; hence τήνελλα καλλίνικε became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τήνελλος, ό, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of threada, a victor in the games. τηνίκα, Adv. (τηνοε) at this or that time of day,

then. [T

την ϊκάδε. Adv. (την ίκα) at this time of day, so early: αύριον τηνικάδε to-morrow at this time of day. [a] τηνίκαθτα, commoner form for τηνίκα, at this particular time: c. gen., τηνικαθτα τοθ θέρους at this time of the summer, II. in this case, then.

τηνόθι, Adv. (τῆνος) Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.

Thyos,  $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu a$ ,  $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu a$ , Dor. for  $\kappa \dot{\eta} \nu a$ , =  $\kappa \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} a$ ,  $\dot{\epsilon} \kappa \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\nu} a$ , that. Hence

τηνῶ, Adv., Dor, for ἐκεῖ, there.

τηνώθε and -θεν, Adv., Dor. for ἐκείθεν, thence. τηξί-μελής, έε, (τήκω, μέλος) melting or wasting

away of the limbs,

τηπερ, Ep. and Ion for ηπερ, dat fem. of δσπερ, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ήσω, (τηρόs) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; τηρείν είρήνην to keep, observe peace. 2. metaph. to observe, watch for a person or thing; τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέλη-

vov baving watched for a moonless night. Med., f. ήσομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or beed: fut. med. τηρήσο-

pai is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, εωε, ή, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison. THPO'Σ, δ, a watch, guard.

της, τησι, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of δ and δε. τητάω, f. how, to bereave, deprive :- Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

THITES. Adv., Att for Ion ontes, this year, of or in this year. (From έτος, as τήμερον from ήμερα)

τήτινος, η, ον, (τητες) of this year, Lat. bornus. Thuosos, a, ov, empty, idle, vain. Adv. -lws, in vain.  $\tau$ l and  $\tau$ l, neut. of  $\tau$ is (interrog.) and  $\tau$ is (enclit).

τιάρ $\bar{a}$  [ $\bar{a}$ ],  $\dot{\eta}$ , or τιάρας Ion. τιήρης, ου,  $\dot{o}$ , a  $ti\bar{a}ra$ , the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιάρο-ειδής, έε, (τιάρα, είδοε) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, τιέμεναι, Ep. inf. for τίειν.

τίσκεν, τιέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med.

τίη, strengthd. for τί; wby? wherefore?

τιήρης, ου, δ, Ion. for τιάραε.

τίθαιβώσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make boneycombs. (Akm to τιθήνη, τιθασόε,)

τίθας, άδος, ή, (τιθασός) a barn-door fowl.

τίθασευτήs, οῦ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates.

τίθασεύω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild : metaph., τιθασός "Apps domestic strife.

τιθέαμεν, for τίθεμεν, like διδόαμεν for δίδομεν, I pl. pres. of τίθημι: so τιθέασι, 3 pl. for τιθείσι.

τιθείς, είσα, έν, pres. part. of τίθημι.

τίθεις, τίθει, Ep 2 and 3 sing. impf of τιθέω = τίθημι. τιθείς, τιθεί, 2 and 3 sing. of  $\tau \iota \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega = \tau \dot{\iota} \theta \eta \mu \iota$ .

τιθέμεν, Ep. for τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι: but τίθε-

τίθεν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἐτίθεσαν Ερ. τίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf of τίθημι.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of  $\tau l\theta \eta \mu \iota$ .

τίθεσο Ep τίθεσσο, pres. med. imperat. of τίθημι.  $\tau i\theta \epsilon \omega$ , poet, form of  $\tau i\theta \eta \mu i$ , whence 2 and 3 sing. τιθείs, τιθεί, and impf. ετίθειs, ετίθει Εp. τίθει.

τιθήμεναι, Ep for τιθέμεναι, τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος, pres med. part. of

τίθημι.

τίθημι, τίθης, τίθησι, also Ep. 2 sing. τίθησθα; 3 pl. τιθείσι Ιοη. τιθέασι; inf. τιθέναι Ερ τιθήμεναι, τιθέμεν; Impf. ετίθην, Ep. 3 pl. τίθεσαν; Ion τίθεσκον: (there are also some forms from the pres.  $\tau \iota \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$ , q. v.): Fut.  $\theta \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$ , Ep. inf.  $\theta \eta \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \mu \dot{\epsilon} \nu \alpha \iota$  ot θησέμεν: Aor. 1 έθηκα Εp. θηκα: Pf. τέθεικα, plapf. ετεθείκειν: Aor 2 έθην only used in pl. έθεμεν, έθετε,  $\dot{\epsilon}\theta\epsilon\sigma\alpha\nu$  Ep.  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\alpha\nu$ ; imperat.  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}s$ ; subj.  $\theta\hat{\omega}$  Ion.  $\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , I pl. θ ϵωμ ϵν; lengthd. Ep. θ ϵ ίω, 2 sing. θ ήη s, pl. θείομεν for θείωμεν, θωμεν; opt. θείην, pl. θείημεν or θείμεν, θείτε, θείσαν; inf. θείναι Ep. θέμεναι, θέμεν; part. θείs.-ΜΕΒ. τίθεμαι, τίθεσαι, τίθεται; imperat. τίθεσο, τιθοῦ, Ep. part. τιθήμενος: impf. ἐτιθέμην: Fut. θήσομαι: Aor. 1 ἐθηκάμην, Ep. 3 sing. θήκατο: part. θηκάμενος: Aor. 2 med. ἐθέμην; imperat  $\theta \in 0$  contr.  $\theta \circ \hat{v}$ ; opt.  $\theta \in (\mu \eta \nu, 3 \text{ sing. } \theta \in (\tau \circ 1))$ Pass. τίθεμαι: fut. τεθήσομαι: aor. 1 ετέθην; pf. τέθειμαι: plapf ετεθείμην. To place, put, set, Lat. ponere; θειναί τινί τι έν χερσί to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph, θείναι τινι έπος έν φρεσί or βουλην έν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, τιθέμεν νόφ to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—Med., θέσθαι θυμόν έν στήθεσσι to lay up or treasure anger in one's II. to fix, settle, determine; τιθέναι άγῶνα to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, θείναι es ukorov to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, ὑμῖν ἐς μέσον dρχην τιθείs throwing it open to you publicly. to assign, award; θείναι νόμον to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator: θέσθαι νόμον to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, estab-4. in Med. to fix in common lish, order, institute. with others, agree upon, settle, III. to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to represent, portray, depict. IV. to assign to a place or class, to bold, reckon, esteem: to believe, V. in Med., τίθεσθαι ψήφον to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence τίθεσθαι τίθασός, όν, (τίτθη, τιθήνη) tamed, domesticated, of | την γνώμην to determine, decide: τίθεσθαί τινι (sc. την ψηφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι | one's hair. τη γνώμη to agree or subscribe to an opinion. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII. in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a posi-2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw tion. them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's VIII. τίθημι is often used of arms, surrender. persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναθν λάαν έθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, ap-2. with an Adj., θείναί τινα άθάνατον καὶ åγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. παίδα τίθεσθαί τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετον παίδα ποιείσθαι. IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:-Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δώμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. εὖ or καλῶς θέσθαί τι to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. θημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θείναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσα: θείναι κρύφον, θείναι αίνον, for κρύπτειν, αίνείν, etc. τίθηνέω, f. ήσω, to take care of, tend, nurse, and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τίθήνη, ή, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τίθηνητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tau \iota \theta \eta \nu \epsilon \omega) = \tau \iota \theta \eta \nu \delta s$ . Hence

τίθηνητήριος, a, ov, nursing, tending.

τίθηνός, όν, (τίτθη) nursing. 2s Subst., τιθηνός, ό, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [τ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing of τίθημι.

τίθητι [ι], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

πθύμαλος, ό, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—spurge, Lat. eupborbia. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Ττθωνόs, δ, Tuthonus, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the

continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root \*ΤΕ'ΚΩ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκούμαι, inf. τεκείσθαι: 201. 2 έτεκον Ερ. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώs, υία, όs: - Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world. I, of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. parere. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. gignere: hence, ol τεκύντες the parents; ὁ τεκών the father; ή τεκοῦσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκών his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to batcb; ωα τίκτειν to lay eggs. III. of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

τίλλοισα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω. ΤΙ'ΛΛΩ, f. τίλῶ: aor. I ἔτῖλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμα: —to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the bair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one.

3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τιλμός, δ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

 $\tau i \lambda \phi \eta, \dot{\eta}, = \sigma i \lambda \phi \eta.$ 

τίλων, δ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιμαλφέω, f. ήσω, to do bonour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ές, (τιμή, άλφείν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμάντα, Dor. for τιμηντα, acc. of τιμηs.

τιμ-άορος, ων, Dor. for τιμωρώς.

τιμά-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμοῦχος, beld in bonour, bonoured, esteemed.

ττμασεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ήσω: 20τ. Ι ετίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass sense): aor. I έτιμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut τετιμήσομαι: aor. Ι έτιμήθην: pf. τετίμημαι: (τιμή): -to deem or hold worthy, to bonour, respect, revere, bold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. τει, τετιμήσθαι τιμήs to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοία τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum; Med., πολλοῦ τιμᾶσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιείσθαί τι, to bold II. c. dat. rei, to bonour with in much account. a thing, τιμάν τινα τάφφ, στεφάνοιs, etc., to bonour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. as Att. law-term: I Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punusbment due to the prisoner, Lat. litem aestimare, τ. την δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακράν τινι to award the long line, i.e. sentence of death; hence, τιμών τινι θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. Med., of the accuser, τιμασθαί τινι [δίκην] δεσμών, φυγη̂s, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι οτ ὑποτιμᾶσθαι. τιμή, ή, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. metaph. the bonour in which one is held, worship, 2. a place or post of bonour, rank, esteem, respect. 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence 4. an offering to the a dignity, office, magistracy. gods, Lat. bonor: a reward, present. III. a prizing, 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήτις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμής, acc. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμάτις:—valued, bonoured, esteemed, of mem. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. - έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

τύμβου the bonour of a tomb. II. an estimate, valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine.

2. the value at which an Albenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτον πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [7]

τιμήντα, poët. for τιμή εντα, contr. acc. of τιμή ειε. τιμή-ορος, ον. Ιοπ. for τιμάοροε, τιμωρόε.

τιμής, poët. contr. for τιμήειε.

τίμηστε, εωε, ή, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [τ] ττιμήσσα, contr. poet for τιμήεσσα, fcm. of τιμήειε ττιμητία οι τιμητία, ή, (τιμητήε) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητέοs, a, ον, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be bonoured. II. τιμητέον, one must bonour.

τιμητήs, οῦ, ὁ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor. II at Rome, a censor.

τίμητικόs, ή, όν, (τιμητήs) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment.

II. at Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτίμητος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τίμιος, α, ον, also οε, ον, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, beld in bonour: of things, prized, precious, bonourable.

2. of bigb price, dear, Lat. carus

τιμότης, ητος, ή, worth, value, preciousness. τίμος, ό, poët. form for τιμή.

τιμωρέω, f. ήσω, (τιμωρόs) to belp, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—In full, τιμωρέιν τινι τοῦ παιδός τὸν φονέα to avenge aman on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τετιμωρήσθαί τινι to bave vengeance taken for any one. II. Med., f.—ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τετιμώρημαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμωρείσθαί τινά τινος to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance. Hence

τιμώρημα, ατος, τό, belp, aid, succour. II. an act of vengeance.

τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punisb.

τιμωρητήρ, ήροε, δ, (τιμωρέω) a belper, aider. an avenger.

τιμορία Ion. -ίη, ή, (τιμορέω) help, aid, succour.

II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμ-ωρόε, όν, (τιμή, αίρω) contr. from τιμάοροε: belping, aiding, succouring: 2s Subst., τιμωρόε, δ, a belper, aider.

II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τίν, like τείν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σύ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τἴνάσσω) a sbake, quaking.
τἴνακτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος,  $\delta$ , (τινάσσω)
one who sbakes, a sbaker: fem. τἴνάκτειρα.

τιναξάσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 1 of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ξω, (τείνω) to swing, sbake, brandish: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:

—Pass. to be sbaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τίναχθείs, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τίνάχθεν, Ερ. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of τινάσσω.

τίνόμαι, Med., poèt. for τίνομαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol to avenge oneself.

2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τίνω [ Ερ., τ Att]: f. τίσω [ ]: aor. I ἔτῖσα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνειν χάριν τινί to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίνειν ἀμοιβήν βοων to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay. II. Med. to bave a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:-mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι 'Αλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσασθαί τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person; but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίνεσθαί τινι φυγή to requite, punish with exile; absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.

τιό, τιό, imitation of a bird's note.

**Tîov**, Ep. for  $\xi \tau \iota o \nu$ , impf. of  $\tau \iota \omega$ .  $\tau$ ί-ποτε; contr.  $\tau$ ίπτε; Adv.  $(\tau i, \pi \delta \tau \epsilon)$  what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem? TIΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat. τινί Ερ. τφ or τεφ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινέε, τινά; gen. τινων; dat. τισί; acc. τινάs, τινά: -indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, a, an: of places and things, νησός τις an island, etc.; neut. anything, something: εί τι, εί τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. res is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ὧδε δέ τιε είπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus 2. like ξκαστος or πας, each, each one, men said. every one; εδ μέν τις δόρυ θηξάσθω let each man look to sharpening his spear; άλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself. 3. so in Att., φοβεῖταί τιε some one fears, fear is among them; πείσεταί τιε some one will suffer. III. Tis, Ti, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ηὕχειε τιε είναι

you boasted that you were somebody: opp. to οὐδείs, | tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend. μηδείε; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. το οὐδὲν λέγειν. 2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τις ή κύων a man or a dog: but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Θερσίτης τις ήν there was one Thersites: hence Tis is used for a IV. joined with Adjs., Tis makes them less precise; μαινόμενος a madman, μαινόμενός τις a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, olos τις such a kind of person as ..; πας τις every one; εls τιs some one; ολίγοι τινέs some few; TPELS TIVES some three or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, somewbat, in a certain way; ήττόν τι some-V, in long sentences Tis is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when  $\delta\sigma\tau\iota s$  follows in the relative clause,  $\tau\iota s$  must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

TI'Σ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att.  $\tau o \hat{v}$ ; dat.  $\tau i \hat{v} i$  Att.  $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ ; acc.  $\tau i \nu \alpha$ , neut.  $\tau i$ ; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τέων; dat. τίσι; acc. τίνας, τίνα ;-interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. wbo? wbich? neut. wbat? wbich? Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίε γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ès τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; vis d' ούτος έρχεαι; who art thou that comest? question is modified by av or kev and a change of mood; Tis av or KEV with the opt. expresses strong doubt, who could, who would do so? when there is no doubt the αν or κεν is omitted, τίς εργάσαιτο wbo could do it? 1. e. no one. III. ris is also used in indirect questions; ήρώτα δή ἔπειτα, τίς είη καὶ πύθεν έλθοι he asked thereupon wbo he was, and whence he IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; who is he, and from wbom descended? V. Tis is also used for ποιοs; of what sort? as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πότεροs; as Lat. quis for uter? VI. τί; alone, what?-it takes the Article, To Ti; when the question refers to something going before. VII. Tí: often stands absol. as Adv., bow? for wby? where-3. τί δή; τί δή 2. τί δέ; but bow? ποτε; why ever? τί δητα; how pray? expressing 4. τί μήν; wby not? bow else? i. e. yes surprise. surely! Lat. quidni?

[7i was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπαs;]

τίσαίατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

τίσις [τ], εως, ή, (τίνω) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιν δοῦναι to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. a requital m good sense, reward. III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

τίσον, aor. I imperat. of τίνω: inf. τίσαι.

 $\tau low [I]$ , fut. of  $\tau lv\omega$ : also aor. I subj.

τίταινω, 201. Ι ετίτηνα, Ερ. for τείνω, τανύω, to stretch: Med., τόξα τιταίνεσθαι to stretch one's

spread. 3. to draw along: -in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιταινόμενος πεδίοιο stretching on over the plain; αψ ωσασκε τιταινόμενος he thrust it back exerting bimself, with all bis strength.

τΙταίνων, part. from Τιτάν, only in passage, φάσκε δὲ τιταίνοντας άτασθαλίη μέγα βέξαι έργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Tīráv [i], avos, o, mostly in plur. Tīraves, Ep. and Ion. Τιτηνες, oi, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τιτανίς Ion. Τιτηνίς, ίδος, fem. of Τιτάν, a Titaness. TI'TA'NOΣ, ή, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

Τιταν-ώδης, ες, (Τιτάν, είδος) like Titans; Τιτανῶδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

τίτας, ου, ὁ, (τίω) Dor, for τίτης, = τιμωρός, an avenger, [7]

Τιτήνες, oi, Ep. and Ion. for Τιτάνες.

τιτθεία, ή, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From τιτθεύω, f σω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

TI'TOH, ή, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse. τιτθίον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

TITOO'S, b, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast. τίτλος, ου, ό, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω: aor. I έτρωσα: Pass., fut. τρωθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: 201. Ι ἐτρώθην: pf. τέτρωμαι: (formed from Root \*TPΩ'Ω):—to wound, burt; τετρωσθαι τον μηρόν to bave been wounded in the thigh: - of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

τιττὔβίζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup. (Formed from the sound.)

Τιτυο-κτόνος, δ, (Τιτυός, κτείνω) slayer of Tityos.

Τίτυός, δ, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τἴτύσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; make ready, prepare. άντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. 2. metaph., φρεσί τιτύσκεto aim at an object. σθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i. e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

TI'ΦH, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [i]

τίφθ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate.

τίφος, εοε, τό, a pool.

TI'Ω [7], Ep. inf. τιέμεν: impf. έτιον: Pass., pres. τίομαι: pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:--Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τιεσκόμην, 3 sing. τιέσκετο:--to pay bonour to a person, to esteem, bonour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοί δίκην τίουσιν the gods bonour right. 2. to value or rate at a certain II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτῖσα, and worth. 2. to spread out or along, spread, ex- | fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ετισάμεν, are only used

in the sense of τίνω, τίνομαι:—in Act. to pay a price, make return: in Med. to bave a price paid, or return made one: see τίνω.

τλά-θυμος, ον, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαίην, aor. 2 opt. of \*τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, aor. 2 part. of \*τλάω.

\*TAA'\O, a radic form never found in pres.: fut. τλήσομαι: aor. 2 έτλην (formed as if from  $\tau λημί$ ), imperat.  $\tau \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta \iota$ , opt.  $\tau \lambda a i \eta \nu$ , Ep. 3 pl.  $\tau \lambda a i \epsilon \nu$  (for τλαίησαν), inf. τλήναι, part. τλάε, τλάσα, τλάν: pf. τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat.  $\tau \in \tau \land \Delta \theta_i$ ,  $\tau \in \tau \land \Delta \tau \omega [\breve{\alpha}]$ ; opt  $\tau \in \tau \land \Delta \alpha : \eta \nu$ ; inf. τετλάναι [ă] Ερ. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ερ part τετληώς, τετληυία, gen. τετληύτος:-there is also a poet. aor. 1 ἐτάλἄσα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep ετάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ης, η:-to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship: sonietimes absol., esp. in imperat.  $\tau \lambda \hat{\eta} \theta \iota$ , bear up, endure: so in pf. part., τετληύτι θυμώ with enduring, patient II. to bear steadfastly, bold out: c inf. to dare to do something, whether good or bad: also c acc. to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it.

τλη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of \*τλάω.

τλή-θυμος Dor. τλά-, ον, (\*τλάω, θυμύς) of enduring soul, stout-bearted.

τλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 mf. of \*τλάω.

τλημόνωs, Adv. of τλήμων, patiently.

τλημοσύνη, ή, that which is to be endured, misery, distress.

II endurance, patience. From

τλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, νος at τλήμον, (\*τλάω) suffering, enduring: hence, I. patient, steadfast, stout-bearted: also bold, daring: in bad sense, reckles, rasb, Lat. audax.

II. full of suffering, wretched, nuserable.

τλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of \*τλάω.

τλησικάρδιος, ον, (\*τλάω, καρδία) of patient beart, much-enduring, miserable. II. bard-bearted.

 $\tau$ λήσομαι, fut. of \* $\tau$ λάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of \*τλάω.

τλητόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of \*τλάω: I. act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour. II. pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω [α]

τμάγον, Ep. for έτμαγον, aor. 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: aor. I έτμηξα: aor. 2 έτμάγον: aor. I med. ἐτμηξάμην: aor. 2 pass. ἐτμάγην [ἄ] and ἐτμήγην:—Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave:—Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήδην, Adv by cutting, scratching, grazing.

τμηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τέμνω.

τμήξας, aor. I part. of τμήγω.

τμήτός, ή, όν, (τέμνω) cui, bewn, cut into shape. 2 cut lengthwise, furrowed.

τμητο-σίδηρος, ον, (τμητός, σίδηρος) cut down with iron.

**τοδί**, neut. of όδί.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and | for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε.

interrog.  $\pi i\theta \epsilon \nu$ , (properly an old form of the gen.  $\tau o \bar{\nu}$ ) bence, thence.

II. hence, therefore, thereupon.

τόθι, demonstr. Adv. there, in that place. also for relat. δθι, where.

τοι, enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accordingly; also strengthening an assertion, in truth, in sooth, verily: it is often joined with other Particles: with άρα it coalesces by crasis into τάρα, with άν into τάν, with μέντοι άν into μεντάν.

τοι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat sing. of σύ:

always enclitic.

τοί, τοί, Ep. and Ion. nom, plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. ὁ and the Relat. δs.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι, so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly

τοι-γαρ-οῦν Ion. τοι-γαρ-ῶν, strengthd form of τοιγάρ, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῖιν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δ.

τοί-νῦν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle τοι, so then, therefore. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, further, moreover.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

τοίος, τοία Ιοη. τοίη, τοίον: (from τοίο, old gen. of δ, ħ, τό):—of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like, Lat. talis, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. olos, interrog. nolos, and indefin. nolos correspond: roios in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, the following. 2. Tolos c. inf., such as to do, i. e fit or able to do; τοιοι άμυνέμεν able to assist; cf. olos. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Adj. more prominent, so very, just, έπιεικής τοίος just of moderate size; κερδαλέος τοίος so very crafty. III. Homer uses neut. Tolov as Adv., so, thus, so very, so much.

τοιόσδε, τοιάδε Ιοη. τοιήδε, τοιόνδε: Att. also τοισοδί, etc., like τοιος, with stronger demonstr. sense, of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιούτοs properly refers; ἔτερος τοιόσδε just such another.

τοιοῦτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτον: and in strengthd. form Att. τοιουτοσί, like τοῖος and τοιοῦσός, of such kind, nature or quality: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, such as the foregoing: absol., ἐν τῷ τοιούτοι, ἐν τοῖς τοιούτοις in such a state of things: strengthd., τοιοῦτος ἔτερος: also in neut. ἔτερον τοιοῦτον, ἔτερα τοιαῦτα.

**τοιουτό-τροπος**, ον, (τοιοῦτος, τρόπος) of such fashion or kind, such like. Adv. -τρόπως, after such a fashion.

τοιουτ-ώδη**ς, εε, (τ**οιοῦτο**ε, εἶδοε)** of such kind or form.

τοισδεσι and τοισδεσσι, τοισδεσσιν, Ep. forms for τοισδε, dat. pl. of δδε.

on each side of the ship.

τοίχος,  $\delta$ , (τείχος) the wall of a bouse or court, opp. to τείχοs, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb., ὁ εὖ  $\pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \tau \tau \omega \nu \tau o i \chi o s$ , = 'the right side of the hedge.' in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρύχέω, f. ήσω, (τοιχωρύχος) to be a bousebreaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence

τοιχωρύχία, ή, bousebreaking, burglary.

τοιχ-ωρύχος [ŭ],ό, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a bousehreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοίως, τοιώσδε, Advs. of τοίος, τοιόσδε.

τόκα, Dor. for τύτε

τοκάς, άδος, ή, (τεκείν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. foeta: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

TOKETÓS,  $\delta_1 = \tau \circ \kappa \circ s$ .

τοκεύς, έως, ό, (τεκείν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκείε Ion. τοκήεε, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, δ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, δ, (τεκείν) a bringing forth, birth, the time 2. offspring, young child, son. metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., τόκοι τύκων interest of interest, i.e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τύκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟ ΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμα, ή, courage to 2. in bad venture on a thing, boldness, daring. sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. audacia: a bold or daring deed.

τολμάσεις. Dor. 2 fut, of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμητέ Dor. for τολματε: f. ήσω: (τόλμα).—to undertake, take beart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμαν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμῶν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. - άεις, Ep. contr. τολμής, ησσα, ην (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-bearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, ατος, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ά,  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $(\tau \circ \lambda \mu \dot{\alpha} \omega)$  daring, bold:—Comp τολμηρότεροs. Adv. -ρωs, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρύτατα.

τολμής, ήσσα, ήν, Ep. contr. for τολμήκις, q. v.

τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must ven-

τολμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturous man. τολμητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or bazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

το-λοιπόν or divisim τὸ λοιπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., benceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τοίχ-αρχος, δ, (τοίχος, ἄρχω) captain of the rowers | τολύπεύω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive. devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a bard task.

> TOΛΥ'ΠΗ, ή, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [v] τομαίος, α, ον, also os, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ακοs τομαίον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πημα τομών a

disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ή,  $(τ \in μνω)$  the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομή ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καῦσιε καὶ τομή cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl, τὰ τόμια (sc. lερά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf.

τέμνω.

τομός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτεροs, cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατοs. τόμος, ό, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύζω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of marticulate cries of animals. (Formed from

the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τύνοι τῶν κλινέων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος εξάμετρος hexameter mea-3. m Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phry-III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour,

το-vûv, - το νῦν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τύξον) to sboot with a bow: c. gen. to sboot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκέτης, ου, ό, (τόξον, άλκή) a strong archer. τόξ-αρχος, δ, (τόξον, άρχω) master of the bow, a II. the captain of the Toforai at bowman, archer. Athens.

τόξευμα, ατος, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; δσον τόξευμα έξικνέεται as far as an II. collective in arrow reaches, 1. e. a bowsbot. plur. for oi τοξόται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τύξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινόε to shoot at a mark. 11. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξ-ήρης, εε, (τόξον, άραρείν) furnished with the 2. of or for the bow.

τοξικός, ή, όν, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ή τοξική (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-δάμας, αντος, δ, and τοξό-δαμνος, ον, (τόξον, δαμάω) subduing with the bow; τοξόδαμνος "Apηs the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

TO ΞΟΝ, τό, a bow, its arrows being οιστοί or loi, the string νευρά or νεῦρον: often in pl. τύξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πηχυs in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon. τόξου δυμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχης lσχύς, 1 e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or τοξόδαμνος. even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make like a bow, to arcb. From τοξο-ποιός, όν, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, ή, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-τευχής, έs, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow. τοξότης, ου, ό, (τόξον) a bowman, archer. at Athens, of τοξόται were the police, also called Σκύ- $\theta ai$ , because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, ιδος, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as

Adj., τόξοτιε χείρ an archer hand.

τοξ-ουλκός, όν, (τύξον, ξλκω) drawing the bow; τοξουλκον λήμα the spirit of archers, i.e. of the Persians; see  $\tau \delta \xi o \nu$ .

**τοξο-φόρος**, ον, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, δ, = τοξότης, an archer, bowman. τοπάζιον, τό, = τόπαζοs.

TO'ΠΑΖΟΣ, δ, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, f. άσω, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

**το-πάν**, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: έε τοπάν in general, for the mass.

το-πάραυτίκα, Adv., = αὐτίκα, immediately, on the instant.

το-πάροιθε,  $-\theta \epsilon v$ , Adv., = πάροιθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ă]

τόπ-αρχος,  $\dot{o}$ , also  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τόπος,  $\ddot{a}\rho\chi\omega$ ) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, δ, ή, a master or mistress **ΤΟ ΠΟΣ**, δ, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονδε πα̂ε

τόποs the whole space of earth. 2. place, position. 3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus. II. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

**το-πρίν**, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

**το-πρόσθεν**, Adv., =  $\tau \partial$  πρόσθεν.

**το-πρώτον**, Adv., = τδ πρώτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρευμα, τό, embossed work, work in relief. = τόρν ευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, έως, δ, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculp-II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τορεύω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τορέω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in re-2. to chase, Lat. caelare. lief.

\*TOPE'Ω, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ετορον, also aor. I ἐτόρησα, part. τορήσαs, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω:—to bore, pierce. II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμος, δ, a bole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, δ, (τορνεύω, λύρα, άσπίs, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, f. σω, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

τόρνος,  $\delta$ , (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. Il a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόομαι, f. - ώσομαι, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνώσαντο σημα they rounded off the barrow; έδαφος νηδς τορνώσεται ανήρ be will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, ά, όν, (τείρω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

τοροτίγξ or τοροτίξ, imitation of a bird's note

τορύνη, ή, (τείρω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [v]

τορύνω, (τορύνη) to stir, stir up or about.  $[\overline{v}]$ τοσάκις Ερ. τοσσάκι [α], Adv. (τύσος) so many

times, so often.

τόσος Ep. τόσσος, η, ον, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. őσοs; but τύσοs often stands alone in Homer, as tols tooo thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσσον are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much. 2. EK TÓGOU SO long since.

τοσόσ-δε Ep. τοσσόσ-δε,  $-\dot{\eta}\delta\epsilon$ ,  $-\dot{\nu}\nu\delta\epsilon$ ,  $= \tau\dot{\nu}\sigma os$ , with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:-c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. τοσόνδε Ep. τοσσόνδε, as Adv, so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσουτ-άριθμος, ον. (τοσοῦτος, ἀριθμός) of so large

a number. [ă]

τοσούτος Ep. τοσσούτος, -αύτη, -ούτο Att. -ού- $\tau o \nu$ , =  $\tau \delta \sigma o s$ , with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσοῦτον, only so much, so much and no more; έε τοσοῦτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ετερον τοσούτο as great, as much or many again. τοσοῦτο οι -ον, Ερ. τοσσοῦτο οι -ον, as Adv, so much, so far.

τοσουτοσί, τοσαυτηί, τοσουτονί, Att. for τοσοῦτος. τοσσάκι and τοσσάκις, Adv. Ep. for τοσάκις. [ἄ] τόσσας, in Dor. form τόσσαις, = τυχών, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυγχάνω, to bit, bit upon.

τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσούτος. τόσσος, η, ον, Ep. for τόσος.

II. metaph

τοσσόσ-δε -ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσόσδε. **τοσσούτος**, -αύτη, -ούτο and -ούτον, Ep. for τοσούτος. τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much. τότε. Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., aforetime, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that fa-2. joined with other Particles, τότε δή, τότ' έπειτα, δή τότε γε. 3. with the Article, ol τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat.  $\delta \tau \epsilon$  and interrog.  $\pi \delta \tau \epsilon$ . τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτε μέν ..., τοτε δέ , at one tat another; τότ' ή τότ' at one time or other. , at one time ... το-τέταρτον, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπρωτον, etc. **το-τηνίκα,** or divisim τὸ τηνίκα, Adv., = τηνίκα. [ $\chi$ ] τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note. **το-τρίτον**, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτέταρτον. [[] τοῦ, gen. of Art. δ, and interrog. Pron. τίs. του, enclit, gen. of enclit. Pron τις. τούβολοῦ. Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ. τούκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ. τούλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔλασσον. τούλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον. τοὐλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον. τούμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν. τούμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔμπαλιν. **τούμπόδων**, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων. τούμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔμπροσθεν. τουμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές. τουμφυλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔμφυλον. τούναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον. τούνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, tberefore. τοὐνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε. τοῦνομα, Att. crasis for τδ δνομα. τούντεῦθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, benceforth. τουπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα. τούπος or τούπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος. τουργον or τουργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον. τούρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ. τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II.

swering to the Relat. δφρα. II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol, meantime, meanwhile.  $\tau \rho \alpha \gamma \alpha \lambda (\zeta \omega) = \tau \rho \omega \gamma \omega$ . Τράγασαίοs, a, ov, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ών τραγασαία φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγείν, to eat: and again τραγασαίου πατρόε, with play upon τράγοε, a goat. τράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τουτεί, Adv., Dor. for ταύτη, in that direction, there,

τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; an-

so many times, so often. [ă]

τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.

τουτόθε Adv. (οῦτος) bence, thence. τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὖτος) thence.

yonder.

τράγειος, α, ον, poët. for τράγεος: τραγείη (sub δορά), ή, a goat's skin. [ă] τράγ-έλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, έλαφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes. τράγεος, a, ov, (τράγος) of or from a be-goat; τραγη (sub. δορά), ή, a goat's skin. [ă] τράγημα, ατος, τό, (τραγεῖν) mostly in plur. sweetof Pan.

meats, dessert, Lat, bellaria. τράγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζομαι. τράγικός, ή, όν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγφδία): τραγικός ληροs the tawdry decorations of tragedy: - hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. -κω̂s, in tragic style. τράγινος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a be-goat. τράγίσκος, δ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat. τράγο-κουρικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\omega}\nu$ , (τράγος, κουρά) of or for sbearing be-goats. τράγο-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered τρ**ἄγο-μάσχᾶλος**, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with armpits smelling like a be-goat. τράγό-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, πούς) goat-footed. τράγος, δ, (τράγειν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum. τράγο-σκελής, ές, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-shanked, τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πρᾶτος for πρῶτος. [ā] τράγωδέω, f. ήσω, (τραγωδύs) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy: - Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy. to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically τράγφδία, ή, a tragedy or beroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (Tpaγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγφδόs. τράγφδικός, ή, όν, (τραγφδός) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy. τράγφδο-δίδάσκάλος, δ, (τραγφδύς, διδάσκω) α tragic poet, who bimself trained the chorus and actors. τράγφδο-ποιός, όν, (τραγφδός, ποιέω) making traactors were clothed in goat-skins. distinct. τράνός, ή, όν, collat. form of τρανής.

gedies: as Subst., τραγφδοποιός, ό, a tragic poet. τράγ-φδός, δ, (τράγος, ἀοιδός contr. φδύς) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγφδόs was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the TPA NH'Σ, és, piercing: metaph, clear, plain,

τράνοω, (τρανόε) to make clear, plain, distinct. τράνως, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly. τράπε, for έτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [d] τρά-πεζα [τρά], ηε, ή, a table, esp. a dining-table; ξενίη τράπεζα the bospitable board; τραπέζη καὶ κοίτη δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. table, dinner, meal. II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τετρα-, πέζα; acc. to others from τρι-, πέζα: Horace speaks of mensa tripes.) Hence

τραπεζεύς, έως, ό, at or of a table; κύνες τραπεζηες

dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τραπεζιτεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τράπεζίτης [τ], ου, δ, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τράπεζιτικός, ή, όν, concerning a banker or banking. τράπείομεν, Ερ for τραπέωμεν, τραπώμεν, I pl.

aor. 2 pass., both of τέρπω and τρέπω.

τράπεσδα, ή, Dor. for τράπεζα.

τράπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [α]**TPA ΠΕ'**Ω, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τράπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπητέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [ă]

τράσιά, ή, (from ταρσύς, as if ταρσιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίζω, f. ίσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

**TPAΥΛΟ'Σ**, ή, όν, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραθμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τύ, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, burt; από τοῦ τρώματος αποθνήσκειν to die of the II. a burt, damage, as of ships. wound. metaph, a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυμάτίας, ου, ό, Ion. τρωμ-, a wounded man. τραυματίζω Ion. τρωμ-, f. ίσω, (τραθμα) to wound. τράφέμεν, Ion. for τραφείν, aor. 2 mf of τρέφω: see τρέφω III.

τράφεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτράφησαν 3 pl. aor. 2

pass. of τρέφω. [ă]

τράφερός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$  like τρόφις, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τραφερή (sub. γη), as opp. to ὑγρή, dry land, έπὶ τραφερήν τε καὶ ὑγρήν over dry land and sea: as Subst. of τραφεροί or τὰ τραφερά, the fishes. τράφη [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. 20r. 2 pass. of τρέφω.

τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [α]

τράχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, barshly; τρηχέως περιεφθήναι to be roughly handled.

τράχήλια, τά, (τράχηλοε) scraps of meat from about

the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

τράχηλιάω, (τράχηλοε) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph, to be baughty, headstrong.

τράχηλίζω, f. ίσω, (τράχηλοε) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τράχηλο-δεσμότης, ου, δ, (τράχηλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

TPA'XHΛΟΣ, o, the throat, neck. [a]

Τράχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, îvos, ή, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύs). Hence

Tρāχίνιος, a, ον Ion. Tρηχίνιος, η, ον, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; al Toayiviai the Trachinian

women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τραχύνω Ιοη, τρηχύνω [v]: f. υνω: pf. τετράχυκα: Pass., aor. Ι έτραχύνθην: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυμαι: (τραχύς):-to make rough, rugged: 111 Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τραχύς ὁ δημος just before, call them, make them rough.

TPA XΥ Ion. τρηχύς, εία, ύ, rough, rugged:

metaph. rough, barsh, savage.

τραχύτης, ητος, ή, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit : - metaph. roughness, barshness. τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω.  $[\check{a}]$ 

τραχών, ωνος, δ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ιδος, Trachonitis, 1. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, οί, αί, τρία, τά; gen. τριων; dat. τρισί; acc. τρειs, τρία: -THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεισ-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τρια-καί-δεκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρείω, poet. for τρέω.

 $\tau \rho \epsilon \mu \omega$ , only used in pres. and impf.,  $(\tau \rho \epsilon \omega)$  Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver. II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπτέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn. ΤΡΕ'ΠΩ Ιου. τράπω: f. τρέψω: aor. i έτρεψα: aor. 2 έτραπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor 2 ἐτρἄπόμην: Pass., aor. Ι ἐτρέφθην Ιοη. ἐτράφθην: aor. 2 έτράπην, whence Ep. 1 plur. τραπείομεν (for τραπέωμεν, τραπωμεν): pf. τέτραμμαι, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plapf. έτετράμμην, Ep. 3 sing, τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο: -to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινά είς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing :- Pass. and Med. to turn, betake oneself, Lat. converts; έπὶ έργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀντ' ἡελίοιο τετραμμένος turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι ὁδύν to turn oneself to (i.e. take) a course; ποι τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; τρέπειν την οργην είς Tiva to divert anger on any one: Pass, and Med. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, olvos τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat : later, τρέπειν είε φυγήν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight: -Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee: -Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee. IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent. V. to overturn, VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, 201. I inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέπω.

aor. ι έθρεψα: Ep. aor. 2 έτραφον: pf. τέτροφα: Pass., aor. Ι έθρέφθην: aor. 2 έτράφην [ἄ]: pf. τέθραμμαι and  $\tau \in \theta \rho \in \mu \mu \alpha i$ , inf.  $\tau \in \theta \rho \in \theta \alpha i := to make firm or$ solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέψαι to curdle milk; τυρον τρέφειν to make cheese:-Pass., with intr. pf. act. τέτροφα, to become firm, curdle, congeal. II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med to rear for oneself:-Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, 2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: τρέφειν κόμην to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. comam alere: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. nutrire, alere: hence poet, to contain, bave. III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. ἔτραφον in intrans. or pass. sense, as, ἔτραφε for ἐτράφη, ἐτραφέτην for ἐτραφήτην, mf. τραφέμεν (Att.  $\tau \rho \alpha \phi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu) = \tau \rho \alpha \phi \hat{\eta} \nu \alpha \iota$ 

ΤΡΕ'ΧΩ Dor. τράχω [ă]: fut. θρέξομαι: aor. I  $\epsilon\theta\rho\epsilon\xi\alpha$ : but more commonly (from Root \* $\Delta$ PE'M $\Omega$ ), fut. δράμοθμαι Ιοπ. δραμέσμαι poet. δράμομαι: 201. 2 έδράμον: pf δεδράμηκα [ἄ] poet, δέδρομα:-to run, Lat. currere: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. 3. c. acc. cognato, τρέχειν δρόloci, to run over. μον to run a course; metaph., άγῶνας δραμεῖν περὶ ξαυτοῦ to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or άγωνα, to run a risk or chance, as τρέχειν περί της ψυχής to run a race for one's life; also, παρ' ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν he was within one

bout of carrying off the victory τρέψειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕ'Ω poet. τρείω, inf. τρείν: f. τρέσω: aor. 1 έτρεσα Ep. τρέσσα:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: ὁ τρέσας the coward. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρήμα, ατος, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or bored through: a bole, aperture.

τρημάτδεις, εσσα, εν, (τρ $\hat{\eta}$ μα) with many boles,

τρήρων, ωνος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τρέω) fearful, timorous, sby. epith. of doves (πέλειαι or πελειάδες): hence later as Subst.,  $\tau \rho \dot{\eta} \rho \omega \nu$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \epsilon \iota \alpha$ , a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of τιτράω.

τρητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τιτράω, bored or pierced through; τρήτα λέχεα bedsteads perforated for inlaid

τρηχάλίος, η, ον, poët. for τρηχύς, τραχύς.

τρηχύς, εία, ύ, Ion. for τραχύς: Adv. τρηχέως, Sup. τρηχύτατα.

τρί-, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. ter.

τρία, neut. from τρείε.

τριάζω, f. άσω, (τρία) to conquer, vanquisb; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until be bad thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, διὰ τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι to be utterly undone.

τρίωνα, ή, (τρία) Lat. tridens, a trident, the attri- pleasant life in the spending.

TPE'ΦΩ Acol. and Dor. τράφω [α]: fut θρέψω: bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear.

τριαινόω, f. ώσω, to move or beave with the trident: hence to beave or prise up, overthrow; τριαινοῦν την γην δικέλλη to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριακάς Ep. and Ion. τριηκάς, άδος, ή, (τρείς,  $\tau \rho(\alpha)$ , the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. τριακάδεs. III. also any division of thirty.

τριακονθ-άμματος, ον, (τριάκοντα, άμμα) with or

of thirty knots.

τριακονθ-ήμερος Ion. τριηκοντήμερος Dor. τριακοντάμερος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ημέρα) of thirty days. τριάκοντα Ep and Ion τριήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl · (τρείs, τρία), Lat TRIGINTA, thurty. as Subst. οἱ τριάκοντα: I at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2 at Athens. the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C 404).

τριακοντά-ετής Ion. τριηκ-, ές, (τριάκοντα, έτος): -thirty years old. II of or lasting thirty years: also fem έτις, ιδος:—Att. contr. τριακοντούτης, ες: fem. τριακοντούτις, ιδος, whence τριακοντούτιδες

σπονδαί a thirty years' truce.

τριακοντά-ζύγος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριακοντ-αρχία, ή, (τριάκοντα, ἄρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. τριάκοντα 11, 2.

τριακοντ-όργυιος, ον, (τριάκοντα, όργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριακόντορος Ion. τριηκόντερος, ον, with thirty oars:—as Subst. τριακόντορος (sub. ναθε), ή, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριακοντ-ούτης, εs, see τριακονταετής.

τριακοντ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of τριακοντύργυιος.

τριακόσιοι Ion. τριηκόσιοι, αι, α, (τρείε, τρία) three bundred, Lat. triceni.

τριακοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (τριακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) of tbree bundred medimni: οἱ τριακοσιομέδιμνοι tbose whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Atheman Ίππεῖs.

τριακοστός Ion. τριηκ-, ή, όν, (τριάκοντα) the thirtieth: ή τριακοστή (sub. μοίρα), a duty of one thirtieth. τριακτήρ, ηρος, δ, (τριάζω) a conqueror: see τριάζω. τρι-άρμενος, ον, (τρία, άρμενα) with three sails.

τριάς, άδος, ή, (τρείς) the number three, a triad. τριάσσω, άξω, = τριάζω.

τρίβακός, ή, όν, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. tritus: ή τριβακή a tbreadbare coat: cf. τρίβων.

Τριβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελήs, έs, (τρι -, βέλοs) three-pointed.

τρίβή, ή, (τριβήναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; βίος οὐκ ἄχαρις ές τὴν τριβήν a 2. a busying oneself about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.
3. that about which one is busied, the object of one's care.
4. delay, putting off, evasion; ἐs τριβὰs ἐλᾶν to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβὰs ἔτι no more delays.

τρίβηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρίβω.

τρίβολ-εκτράπελος, ον, (τρίβολος, ἐκτραπελός) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτράπελα unmannerly, coarse jests. [ $\breve{\alpha}$ ]

τρι-βολος, ον, (τρι-, βαλείν) three-pointed, three-pronged. II. as Subst., τριβολος, ό. I. a prickly plant, burr. 2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes. 3. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τρίβος, ή, also ό, (τριβήναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, highway. 2. metaph a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like τρίψιε. III. metaph, practice. 2. delay.

ΤΡΙΒΩ [7], f. τρίψω: aor. I έτριψα, inf. τρίψαι: pf. τέτριφα: Pass, fut. 1 τριφθήσομαι, fut. 2 τριβήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. τετρίψομαι, also fut. med. τρίψομαι in pass. sense: aor. Ι ἐτρίφθην: aor. 2 ἐτρίβην [t]: pf. τέτριμμαι:—to rub: esp. to rub com, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μύχλον τρίψαι ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσον βασάνον τρίβειν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. to wear away, spend; τρίβειν βίον to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. to wear or use: - Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τρίβωμες [τ], Dor. for τρίβωμεν, I pl subj. of τρίβω. τρίβων [τ], ανος, ὁ, (τριβήναι) α worn garment, threadbare cloak. II. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc. 2 absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τρίβωνικωs, Adv. (τρίβων) in the fashion of a τρίβων, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim of τρίβων, a small cloak, a cape. τρι-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

TPI TΛA, ή, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

τρί-γληνος, ον, (τρι-, γληνος) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόροs, ον, (τρίγλα, φέρω) catching mullets. τρί-γλύφοs, ον, (τρί-, γλύφω) thrice-cloven: as Subst., τρίγλυφοs, ή, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλώχις, ινοs, δ, ή, (τρι-, γλωχίs) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, δ, = τρισμός.

τρίγονία, ή, the third generation. From

τρί-γονος, ον, (τρί-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τρίγονοι κόραι three daughters. τρί-γωνος, ον, (τρί-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τρίγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [τ]

τρί-δουλος, ον, (τρί-, δούλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave.

τρί-δραχμος, ον, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δύστηνος, ον, thrice wretched.

τρι-έλικτος, ον, (τρι-, έλισσω) thrice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, ον, (τρι-, έμβολον) with or like three ships' beaks.

τρι-έσπερος, ον, (τρι-, έσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, ίδος, (τρι-, έτος) fem. Adj triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἐορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, ου, δ, (τρι-, έτος) of three years, three years old. Adv. τρίετες, three years long.

τριετία, ή, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. triennium.

τρι-ζυγής, ές, and τρί-ζυγος, ον, and τρί-ζυξ, υγος, ό, ή, (τρι-, ζυγήναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

TPI'ZÑ, f. τρίξω; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense, part. τετριγώς, Ep. pl. τετριγώτες for τετριγότες; plqpf. ἐτετρίγειν Ep. τετρίγειν, with sense of impf:—of animals and birds, to make a sbrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετρίγει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. stridere. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, άδος, ή, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Εp. and Ion for τριακ-. τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ήμι-, πούε) three half feet,

i. e a foot and balf.
 τριηραρχέω, f. ήσω, to be a τριήραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχέν νηύε to be captain of a ship.
 II. at Athens,

to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ή, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme. II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικόs, ή, όν, fitted for a trierarch or his office. τριήρ-αρχοs, δ, (τριήρης, άρχω) the captain of a tri-reme.

II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αύλης, ου, ὁ, (τριήρης, αὐλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. εος Ion. ευς; acc. εα, η: plur., nom. εες, εις: gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρών: (τρίς, ἀράρεῖν or ἐρέσσω): properly an Adj. thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναῦς), ή, Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called  $\theta a \lambda \acute{a} \mu \iota o \iota$ , the middle  $\zeta \nu \gamma \hat{\iota} \tau a \iota$ , and the topmost  $\theta \rho a \nu \hat{\iota} \tau a \iota$ ; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times  $q u a d r i r \epsilon r \rho h \rho \epsilon \iota s$ ,  $q u i n q u e r e r \epsilon h \rho \epsilon \iota s$ , etc., came into use.

τρι-ηρίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $(\tau \rho_i \dot{\eta} \rho \eta s)$  one who serves on board a trireme.

τριηρο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ , (τρἴηρης, ποιέω) building triremes. τρἴ-κάρηνος, ον, (τρἴ-, κάρηνον) three-beaded. [κἄ] τρἴ-κέφάλος, ον, (τρἴ-, κέφαλή) three-beaded.

τρί-κλίνος, ον, (τρι-, κλίνη) with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst., τρίκλινος (sc. οἶκος), δ, like the Roman triclinium, α dming-room with three couches: also τρίκλινον, τδ. τρί-κλωστος, ον, (τρι-, κλώθω) thrice spun.

τρί-κόρυθος, ον, and τρί-κορυς,  $\ddot{v}\theta os$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , (τρι-, κόρυs) with triple plume.

τρι-κόρωνος, ον, (τρι-, κορώνη) thrice a crow's age. τρι-κράνος, ον, (τρι-, κράνον) three-beaded, with triple crest.

τρἴ-κύαθος, ον, (τρῖ-, κύαθος) bolding three κύαθοι. τρἴ-κῦμία, ἡ, (τρῖ-, κῦμα) the third wave, a huge, overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακυμία) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph., τρικυμία κακῶν a flood of evils.

**τρίλ-λιστοs**, ον, poet, for τρίλιστοs, (τρι-, λίσσομαι) thrice prayed for, i.e. often or earnestly prayed for.

τρίλογία, ή, (τρί-, λόγοs) a trilogy; see τετραλογία. τρίλοφία, ή, a triple crest. From

τρί-λοφος, ον, (τρί-, λόφος) with three crests.

τρί-μάκαρ, -μακαίρα, (τρί-, μάκαρ) thrice-blessed. τρί-μετροs, ον, (τρί-, μέτρον) of verses, consisting of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; τόνος τρίμετροs trimeter iambic verse.

τρί-μηνος, ον, (τρί-, μήν) of three months, three months old: ή τρίμηνος a period of three months.

τρίμμα, ατος, τό, (τρίβω) that which is rubbed: metaph., like τρίβων, a practised, backneyed knave.

τριμμός,  $\delta$ , (τρίβω) a beaten road, like τρίβος. τρίμοιρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , triple pay. From

τρί-μοιρος, ον, (τρί-, μοίρα) threefold, triple.

τρί-μορφος, ον, (τρί-, μορφή) three-formed, triple: Μοῖραι τρίμορφοι the three fates.

Τρίν-ακρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau \rho \iota -, \dot{\alpha} \kappa \rho a)$  epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories ( $\dot{\alpha} \kappa \rho a \iota$ ): also written Τρινακία Ion.  $-i\eta$  (from  $\tau \rho i \nu a \dot{\epsilon}$ ).

Τρινάκριος, α, ον, of Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian. τριν-αξ, ακος, ή, (τρις, ακή) a trident.

τριξός, ή,  $\ell\nu$ , Ion. for τρισσός, threefold, triple; so διξύς for δισσύς.

τρί-οδος, ή, (τρι -, όδός) a meeting of three roads, three cross-roads, Lat. trivium.

τρι-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, ὀδούς) with three teeth: as Subst., τριόδους, ὁ, a trident.

τρι-όργυιος, ον,  $(\tau \rho \iota -, \delta \rho \gamma \nu \iota a)$  three fathoms long. τρι-όροφος, ον,  $= \tau \rho \iota \omega \rho o \phi o s$ .

τρι-όρχης, ου,  $\delta$ , and τρί-ορχος, ου,  $\delta$ ,  $(τρι-, \tilde{v}ρχιs)$  a kind of falcon or kite.

τριοτό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.
τρί-πάλοι, Adv. (τρί-, πάλοι) thrice long since, i. e. very long ago.

τρι-πάλαιστος, ον, (τρι-, παλαιστή) three bands broad, long, etc.

τρί-παλτος, ον, (τρί-, πάλλω) thrice-brandished; metaph. furious, fierce.

τρι-πάνουργος, ον. (τρι-, πάνοῦργος) trebly a rogue.

τριπάχυιος, ον, Dor. for τριπήχυς, q. v. τρι-πέτηλος, ον, (τρι-, πέτηλον) three-leafed.

τρί-πηχυς, v, gen.  $\epsilon os$ ,  $(\tau \rho \iota -, \pi \hat{\eta} \chi v s)$  three cubits long. τρί-πίθηκινος,  $\eta$ , ov,  $(\tau \rho \iota -, \pi \hat{\theta} \eta \kappa s)$  thrice apisb.

τρίπλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρίς) triple, threefold, Lat. triplex. [I]

τρίπλάσιος, α, ον, (τρι-) thrice as many, thrice as much, thrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ thrice as much as you.

τρί-πλεθρος, ον, (τρι-, πλέθρον) three plethra long. τρίπλη, ν. τριπλόος.

τριπλοιστός, όν, (τριπλός) made threefold, tripled, trebled

τρίπλόος, η, ον contr. τριπλούς, ῆ, οῦν, (τρεῖε) triple, threefold. Adv. -πλώς, but dat. fem. τριπλῆ is also used as Adv, triply, trebly.

τριπόδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of τρίπους.

τρί-πόδης, ου, δ, (τρί-, πούς) three feet long.

τρι-πόθητος, ον, (τρι-, ποθέω) thrice longed for, much or earnestly desired

τρί-πολιs, εωε Ion. ιος, ό, ή, (τρί-, πύλιε) with three cities; cf. δεκάπολιε.

τρἴ-πόλιστος, ον, (τρι-, πολίζω) thrice-built, triply or firmly founded.

τρί-πολος, ον, (τρί-, πολέω) thrice turned up or ploughed, bearing three crops in a year, of corn land.

τρι-πόνητος, ον, (τρί-, πονέω) thrice-worked: έρις τριπόνητος a dispute between three labourers.

τρί-πορθος, ον, (τρἴ-, πορθέω) thrice wasted.

τρί-πος, ου, ό, poet, for τρίπους. [ĭ]

τρί-πους, -ποδος, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, (τρῖ-, πούς) three footed, three-legged or with three feet: measuring three feet.

II. going on three feet; proverb. of an

old man who leans on a staff, τρίποδας όδοὺς στείχει. 2. as Subst., τρίπους, δ, a tripod, a threefooted brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples. 3. the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.

τρί-πράτο**ς**, ον, (τρὶ-, πιπράσκω) tbrice sold. τριπτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε,  $\hat{\delta}$ , (τρίβω) a rubber or tool for rubbing

with, a pestle.
τρίπτης, ου, δ, (τρίβω) a rubber, sbampooer.

Τρι-πτόλεμος, δ, Triptolemus, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πτύχος, ον, (τρι-, πτύσσω) consisting of three layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply three. τρί-πωλος, ον, (τρί-, πώλος) of or with three horses.

τρίρ-ρυμος, ον, (τρι-, ρυμός) with three poles, i.e.

with four borses abreast.

τρίε, Adv. of τρεῖε, tbrice, three times, Lat, ter; τρὶς τόσος tbrice as much; ἐς τρίς up to tbree times: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like Lat. ter, and our tbrice Proverb., τρὶς ἐξ βάλλειν to throw tbrice six, i. e. the highest throw (three being three dice), hence to bave the best luck. [ $\tilde{t}$ ]

τρίσ-άθλιος, a, ov, thrice-unhappy.

τρίσ-άλαστος, ov, thrice-tormented. τρίσ-άριθμος, ov, thrice-numbered.

τρίσ-άσμενος, η, ον, tbrice-pleased, i.e. well-contented.

τρίσ-άωροs, ov, very untimely.

τρισ-δείλαιος, ον, = τρισάθλιος.

τρισ-δύστηνος, ον, trebly, i. e. very, miserable.

τρίσ-εινάς, άδος, ή, (τρίς, ἐννεάς) sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 29th.

τρϊ-σέληνος, ον, (τρι-, σελήνη) of three moons or

nights.

τρισ-έπαρχος, δ, (τρίε, ἔπαρχος) thrice an overseer. τρισ-θανής, έε, (τρίε, θανεῖν) thrice worthy of death. τρισ-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = τρεισκαίδεκα.

τρισκαιδεκά-πηχυς, v, gen. εος, thirteen cubits high,

long, etc.

τρισκαιδεκα-στάσιος, ον, (τρισκαίδεκα, ιστημι) of

thirteen times the weight or value. [ στά]

τρισκαιδέκάτος, η, ον, (τρισκαίδεκα) the thirteenth. τρισκαιδεκ-έτης, ου, ό, fem. τρισκαιδεκέτις, ιδος, (τρισκαίδεκα, έτος) of thirteen years, thirteen years old. τρισ-κάκοδαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.

τρί-σκαλμος, ον, (τρί-, σκαλμός) with three benches

of rowers;  $\nu \hat{\eta} \in \pi \tau \rho (\sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \mu o) = \tau \rho (\dot{\eta} \rho \in \pi)$ .

τρισ-κάτάρατος, ον, (τρίς, καταράομαι) thrice accursed.

τρισ-κοπάνιστος, ον, (τρίς, κοπανίζω) ibrice struck; άρτος τρισκοπάνιστος ibrice-kneaded bread

τρίσ-μάκαρ, fem. -μάκαιρα, gen. -μάκαρος, δ, ή, (τρίς, μάκαρ) thrice blest; τρισμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις, Virgil's terque quaterque beati.

τρισ-μακάριος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , = τρίσμακαρ.

τρισμός, δ, (τρίζω) a squeaking: a squeak.

τρισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τρίε, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000: also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, τρισμυρία ἵπποε thirty thousand horse. [v̄]

τρισμυριό-πάλαι, (τρισμύριοι, πάλαι) Adv. tbirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, ου, δ, (τρίς, 'Ολυμπιονίκης) thrice victorious at Olympia. [νί]

τρι-σπίθαμος, ον, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) three spans long. τρί-σπονδος, ον, (τρι-, σπονδή) thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering.

τρισσάκις, Adv. (τρίε) thrice, three times. [ἄ] τρισσάτιος, η, ον, poet. for τρισσόε. [ἄ] τρισσόθεν, Adv. (τρισσόε) from three sides.

τρισσός Att. τριττός Ion. τριξός, ή, όν, like δισσός, διξός, (τρίς) threefold, Lat. triplex: in plur. = τρεῖς. Adv. -σως, three times.

τρισσο-φαής, έε, and τρισσό-φωτος, ον, (τρίε, φάοε, φῶε) in a threefold light.

τρί-στεγος, ον, (τρι-, στέγη) of or with three stories: τὸ τρίστεγον (sub. οἴκημα), the third story.

τρι-στοιχεί or -χί [τ], Adv. of τρίστοιχος, in three

τρί-στοιχος, ον, (τρι-, στοίχος) in three rows. τρί-στομος, ον, (τρι-, στόμα) three-mouthed.

τρί-στομος, ον, (τρι-, στόμα) three-mouthed. three-edged or three-pointed.

τρισ-χίλιοι,  $\alpha_i$ ,  $\alpha_i$  (τρίε, χίλιοι) three thousand: also in sing, with a collective Subst., τρισχιλία ἵπποι 3000 horse. [χ $\overline{\imath}$ ]

τρι-σώματος, ον, (τρι-, σωμα) with three bodies, Lat. tricorpor.

τριτάγωνιστέω, f. ήσω, to be a τριταγωνιστής, to play third-rate characters. From

τρίτ-ἄγωνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (τρίτος, ἀγωνιστής) the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer.

τρίταιος, a, or, (τρίτος) of time, in three days, on the third day; τριταίοι έγένοντο they arrived on the third day.

2. three days old; τριταίοι γενόμενος after being three days dead.
3. three days ago.
4. generally for τρίτος, third.

τρι-τάλαντος, ον, (τρι-, τάλαντον) of three talents

weight or worth. [τα]

τρί-τάλῶς, τάλαινα, τάλᾶν, (τρι-, τάλαε) thrice-wretched. [τᾶ]

τρι-τάνυστος, ον, (τρι-, τανύω) triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long.

**τρίτἄτος**, η, ον, poet. lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσσατος for μέσος. [τ]

τρίτη-μόριος, α, ον, (τρίτος, μόρος) equal to a third part, forming a third part: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (sub. μόριον), τό, a third part.

τρίτη-μορίs, ίδοs, ή, like τριτημόριον, a third part. τρίτο-βάμων [ā], ον, gen. ονος, (τρίτος, βαίνω) going as third, forming a third foot.

Τρῖτο-γένεια, ή, the Trito-born, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τρῖτωνίε in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, έος, ή, = Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκεω, to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth.

τρι-τόκος, ον, (τρι--, τεκείν) bearing thrice or three at a birth

τρίτος, η, ον, (τρίς, τρεῖε) the third, Lat. tertius; τρίτοε έλθεῖν to come as third, i. e. with two others; τρίτοε γενέσθαι to be third in a race; ἐε τρίτην ήμέραν on the third day, i. e. the day after tomorrow.

II. τρίτον as Adv. thirdly, also το τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτον οι ἐκ τρίτον, in the third place.

III. τὰ τρίτα λέγειν τινί to play the third part to any one, like τριταγωνιστεῖν τινι. [τ]

τρίτό-σπονδος, ον, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρίσπονδος, crowned with triple libation; τριτίσπονδος alών a life

in which one pours the third libation (to Zeve Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τρίτό-σπορος, ον, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation. τριττός, ή, όν, Att. for τρισσόε.

τριττύς, ύος, ή, also τριτύς, (τρείς) the number three, Lat. ternio. II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman su-ove-taurilia).

at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, ωνος, δ, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon sitting in court. 2. the god of the Libyan lake and Amphitrite. Tritoms. II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [i] Hence

Τριτωνιάς, άδος, ή, like Τριτωνίς, epith. of Minerva:

λίμνη Τριτωνιάs the Libyan lake Tritonis.

**Τρῖτωνίς**, ίδος, ή, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena. 2. epith. of Minerva.

τριφάσιος, α, ον, (τρείς) threefold, Lat. triplex: also simply three. [a]

τρι-φίλητος Dor. - ατος, ον, (τρι-, φιλέω) thricebeloved.

τρί-φυλλον, τό, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover. τρί-φυλος, ον, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιείν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχη, Adv. (τρίε) threefold, in three parts, Lat. trifariam: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night;  $\tau \rho i \chi \alpha \sigma \chi i \zeta \epsilon i \nu$  to divide in tbree. [7]

τρί-χάικες [i], oi, the threefold people, i.e the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. un-

τρί-χάλεπτος, ον, (τρι-, χαλέπτω) very angry. τρί-χάλος, ον, Dor. for τρί-χηλος, (τρί-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, ai, nom pl. of θρίξ. [τ]

τρίχη, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [a] Hence

τριχθάδιος, α, ον, threefold. [ă]

**τρίχινος**,  $\eta$ , ον, (θρίξ) of or from bair.  $\lceil τρι \rceil$ τρίχις, ίδος, ή, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small

bones like bair, whence its name. τρίχό-βρως, ωτος, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω)) eating bair: as Subst., τριχύβρωτες, bair-eaters, 1. e. moths.

τρι-χοίνικος, ον, (τρί , χοινιξ) bolding three χοίνικεε: τριγοίνικον έπος a most capacious word.

τρι-χόλωτος, ον, (τρι-, χολόω) thrice-detested. τρῖχό-μαλλος, ον, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like

τρίχορρυέω, f. ήσω, to shed or lose the bair. From τρίχορ-ρύήs, έs, (θρίξ, ρέω) shedding or losing the bair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τρίχοθ, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρί-χρωμος, ον, (τρί-, χρωμα) three-coloured. τρίχωμα, ατος, τό, (τριχόω) a growth of bair, shock of bair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημερέω, f. ήσω, (τρίβω, ήμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. terere tempus.

τρίψις, εωε, ή, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III. τρίψειs, αί, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, τό, (τρι-, ὀβολόs) a three-obol piece, III. i. e. a balf-drachma, about  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ , from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's

**τρί-ώροφος**, ον,  $(τρι-, \dot{\rho}ροφη)$  of three stories or floors:—as Subst, τριώροφον, τό, the third story.

τριώρυγος, ον, more correct Att. form of τριόργυιος. Tpolatev Ion. -  $\eta \theta \epsilon v$  or  $-\theta \epsilon$ , (Tpola) Adv. from Troy. Tροίανδε Ion. -ηνδε, (Τροία) Adv to Troy.

Tροία Ion. Τροίη, ή, either the city or the country,

Troy or the Troad: also Tpola as trisyll. τρομεσίατο, Ion. for τρομέσιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. ot

τρομέω. τρομέοντι, Dor and Ep for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρο-2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, ά, όν, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, f. ήσω, (τρόμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: II. c. acc. to tremble before hence to be afraid. or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, δ, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub. πνοή), ή, (τροπαίος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's 2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον lon τροπαίον, τό, properly neut. of τροπαιοs; a tropby, Lat. tropaeum, in token of the enemy's rout  $(\tau \rho o \pi \dot{\eta})$ : consisting of shields, helmets, etc., taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts: - στησαι οι στησασθαι τρόπαια to set up tropbies.

τροπαίος, a, ov, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοί τροπαίοι the gods wbo caused the defeat; Εκτορος όμμασι τροπαίοι terrible to the eyes of Hector. III. turning away, averting. Lat. averruncus.

τροπαιο-φόρος, ον, (τρύπαιον, φέρω) bearing tropbies. τροπάλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλίς, ίδος, ή, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet, form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, ή, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαλ ήελίοιο the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαί θεριναί and χειμεριναί, II. the turning about Lat. solstitium and bruma. of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινος ποιείν or ποιείσθαι to put one to flight; έν τροπή δορόs in the rout of the spear. 2. (from Pass. TPE- πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. conversio in fugam.
 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, δ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικός, ή, όν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: δ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή.

II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

**τρόπις**, ή, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω):—a ship's keel: metaph., ή τρόπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

**τρόπος**, δ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρόπω τοιώδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρόπω in no wise; παντί τρόπφ by all means; έκουσίφ τρόπφ willingly; τρόπφ φρενός according to one's way or bumour; έν τρόποιε 'Ifiovos after the fashion 2. absol, in acc., πάντα τρόπον in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρόπον in barbarous fasb-3. Ex martos tromou by all means. III. of persons, a way of life, babit, custom: a man's babits, character, temper; οὐ τοὐμοῦ τρόπου not after my taste; πρόε τοῦ Κύρου τρόπον suitably to his tem-IV. in Music, a particular mode. τροπός, δ, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead

of a rowlock. τροπο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with

τροπόω, f. ώσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπόs): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

**τροπωτήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , = τροπώs, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφαλίς, ίδος, ή, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

another man's manners.

τροφεία, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, έως, δ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ω τροφής έμοι ye who have fed me.

τροφέω, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ή, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίου τροφή a livelihood, living: one's means of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals.

III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

**τρόφιμος**, η, ον, also os, ον, (τροφή) nourisbing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γη τρόφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourisbed, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

**τρόφις**, δ, ἡ, τρύφι, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρύφι κύμα a buge, swollen wave. **τροφόεις**, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, buge.

τροφός, δ and ή, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse. τροφο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourisbment to, maintain, support.

**Τροφώνιοs**, δ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along.  $[\breve{\alpha}]$ 

τροχάζω, f. άσω, (τρόχοs) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχαίοs, α, ον, (τρόχοs) running, tripping: in prosody, δ τροχαίοs (sc. πούs) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχάλός, ή, όν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round. τροχηλάτέω, f. ήσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ήλατος, ον, (τροχύς, ἐλαύνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ή, (τροχόs) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ίσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture

τροχιλία, ή, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. trochlea.

τροχίλος, δ,  $(\tau \rho \dot{\chi} \omega)$  a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick  $\beta \delta \dot{k} \lambda \lambda a \dot{k}$  out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small landbird, the wren. [7]

τροχιός, ά, όν, (τροχός) running round or quickly.
τρόχις, ιος and εως, ό, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.
τροχο-δινέω, f. ήσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-ειδής, ές, (τροχός, είδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular. τροχοποιέω, f. ήσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιός, ός, (τροχός, ποιέω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ό, a wheelwright.

τροχόs, οῦ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. Graecus trochus. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running. ΤΡΥΒΛΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρῦγάω, f. ήσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or barvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγάν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμαε τρυγάν (sc. ἀμπέλουε) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [τ], ή, (τρύγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc. II. a gathering of such fruits, ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρύγητήρ, ηροε, ὁ, (τρυγάω) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρύγητος, δ, (τρῦγάω) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage.
2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρῦγήτρια, ή, fem. of τρυγητήρ, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον, (τρύγη, φέρω) wine-bearing. τρύγικός, ή, όν, (τρύξ) made of lees. II. = τρυ-

γφδικόs, of or for comedy.
τρύγο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρύξ, δαίμων) for τρυγφδός,

with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet. τρύγ-οιπος, ό, (τρύξ, ἶπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [v]

τρύγόφεν, Ep. for τρυγφεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγάω.  $\mathbf{TPYT}\Omega$ , to dry.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

τρῦγ-φδία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (τρυγφίδι) = κωμφδία, comedy. Hence τρῦγ-φδικόs,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , = κωμφδικόs, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρῦγ-φδόs, δ, (τρύξ, φδή) a must-singer or leessinger; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise. afterwards called κωμφδόs when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρῦγών, όνος, ή, (τρύζω) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

**TPY ΖΩ**, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρῦμαλιά,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\tau}$ ρύω) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle. τρύμη,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\tau ρύω)$  a bole. II. metaph. a sbarp fellow, a sly knave.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

τρύξ, ή, gen. τρῦγός, (τρύγω) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum.

II. the lees of wine, dress, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat scorta: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρύπανον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

τρῦπάω, f. ήσω: pf pass. τετρύπημαι: (τρύπη):—
to bore, pierce through, perforate; ῶτα τετρυπημένα
ears pierced for earrings; ψῆψος τετρυπημένη the
pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through tt).
τρύπη, ἡ, (τρύω) a hole.

τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω) that which is bored, a bole: in a ship, a port-bole.

τρυπφ, contr. for τρυπάοι, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάοι. τρυσ-άνωρ, opos, δ, ή, (τρύω, ἀνήρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, barassing. [ā]

τρυσί-βιοs, ον, (τρύω, βίοs) wearing out life. [στ]
ΤΡΥ ΤΑ ΝΗ, ή, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutina. [α]

τρῦ-φάλεια, ἡ, a belmet. (Prob. from τρύω and φάλοs, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλοs.)

τρυφάω, f. ήσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ῶσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy.

2. to be licentious, to revel.

3. to carry oneself bigb, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρύφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφερανθείς, with a fastidious air.

τρύφερόs, ά, όν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. το τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρωs, voluptuously.

τρύφερότης, ητος, ή, (τρύφερος) delicacy, luxury. τρύφή, ή, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plut. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit. insolence.

τρυφηλός, ή, όν, poet. for τρυφερός

τρύφημα, ατος, τό, (τρυφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρύφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω. τρύφοs, εοs, τό, (τρυφήναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [v]

τρῦχηρός, ά, ών, (τρῦχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρύχνος,  $\delta$ , = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρῦχος,  $\epsilon os$ , τό,  $(\tau p \acute{v} \chi \omega)$  a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, sbred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence τρῦχόω, rare form of  $\tau p \acute{v} \chi \omega$ .

τρύχω, f. ξω, (τρύω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of bouse and bome. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, barass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out;  $\lambda \iota \mu \hat{\omega}$  τρύχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen, τρύχεσθαί τινοs to waste or pine away for some one.  $[\vec{v}]$ 

TPΥ'Ω, chiefly in pf. pass. τέτρῦμαι, part. τετρῦμένοs, inf. τετρῦσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, barass, afflict, vex; τετρῦσθαι ès τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to bave been ground down to the extreme of misery. [v̄] Τρωάs, άδοs, ἡ, fem. of Τρώs, a Troyan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc.  $[\gamma \bar{\alpha}]$ 

τρώγλη, ή, (τρώγω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ό, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into holes; of Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwelt in holes or caves. [δ] τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into holes.

τρωγοίσαs, Dor. for τρωγούσαs, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω. ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώξομαι: aor. 1 έτρωξα: aor. 2 έτράγου: Pass., aor. 2 έτράγην [α]: pf. τέτρωγμαι:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλια.

Τρωικός, ή, όν, (Τρώs) of Troy, Trojan. Τρώιος, η, ον, Ερ. for Τρφός, Trojan: fem. Τρωάς, άδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτόε.

τρώκτης, ου, δ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called τρῶκται, greedy knaves; so as Adj., τρῶκ- | to thee.

rou veipes greedy, grasping hands.

τρωκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, gnawed, nibbled at: of vegetables, fruit, etc., eaten raw, eatable: neut. τρωκτά, τά, as Subst., = τρωγάλια.

τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματίης, Ιομ. for τραυμ -. τρώμη Dor. τρώμα,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = τρώμα, Ion. for τραθμα. τρώξις, εως, ή, (τρώγω) a gnawing.

Τρφός, ά, όν, contr. for Τρώιος, (Τρώς) Trojan. Τρωο-φθόρος, ον, (Τρώς, φθείρω) destructive to the

Trojans or to Troy.

τρωπάω, Ep. for τρέπω, to turn, to change, alter;-Med. to turn oneself, turn about or back; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. τρωπάσκετο φεύγειν be turned bimself to flight.

Tρώs, δ, gen. Τρωόs, Tros, the founder of Troy: plur. Τρῶεs, οί, gen. Τρώων, dat. Τρωσί, Trojans.

τρώσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώσκω.

τρώσω, fut. of τιτρώσκω.

τρωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκω, wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable.

τρωθμα, false reading for τρώμα, Ion. for τραθμα. τρωχάω, Ep. for τρέχω, to run.

TPΩ'Ω, radic. form of τιτρώσκω, to wound: to burt,

barm, damage, do one a mischief. τύ, Dor. for σύ: also acc. for σέ. [ŭ]

τύβλ, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. τεύξομαι: 20r. 2 έτυχον, Ep subj. τύχωμι: Ep. aor. Ι ἐτύχησα [ŭ]: pf. τετύχηκα [ŭ], Ion. also τέτευχα: plqpf. ἐτετεύχειν:—to bit, esp. to bit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen, when it is lifeless. II. generally, to bit, bit upon, light upon: so of persons, to meet by chance, fall in with, c. gen. 2. of things, to meet with, bit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part, δ τυχών one who meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever, Lat. quivis; οἱ τυχόντες every-day men, the ordinary run of men; τὸ τυχύν any chance thing. 4. in bad sense, βίας τυχείν to meet with, suffer violence. III. absol. to bit the mark, gain one's end or purpose; καλώς τυχείν to fare well, succeed, in speaking, to bit the mark, i. e. to 2. generally, to bave the lot or fate. be right.

Intr. to bappen, to be at a place. 2. of things. to come to pass, fall out, occur by chance; often impers., όπωε ἐτύγχανεν, ὥσπερ ἔτυχεν, etc, as it chanced, by mere accident. 3. of events or undertakings, to bappen to, befal one, come to one's lot or share, c. dat. pers.: esp. to fall out well, come to a good end, suc-II. in Att. τυγχάνω was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, τυγχάνω έχων Ι happen to have, i. e. I have in possession; παρών ἐτύγχανον Ι chanced to be by; ἔτυχε κατά τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθών he bappened to come at that nick of time; but, TVY- $\chi \hat{a} \nu \omega \hat{\omega} \nu = \epsilon i \mu i$ , I am; so also without any part.,  $\epsilon i$ σοι χαρτά τυγχάνει τάδε if these things are pleasant

2. in such phrases as ὅτι τυχωσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι, we must supply a part, from the other Verb, ότι αν τύχωσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν, etc.

Tūδεύς, έως, Ep. έος, δ, Tydeus.

τυίδε, Adv. Dor. for τηδε, bere.

τϋκίζω, f ίσω, (τύκοε) to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones. Hence

TΥ'KH, η, (τέτυγμαι) mason's work. [ττ]

τύκισμα, atos, τό, a working or dressing of stones: m plur., κανόνων τυκίσματα walls of stone worked square by rule. [v]

τύκος, δ, (τέτυγμαι) a tool to dress stones with, a mason's bammer or pick. II. a battle-axe, pole-axe [\tau\vec{v}] τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by τέλειον δείπνον βασιλήιον.

τυκτός, ά, όν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέτυγμαι), made, made ready: esp made by art, artificial, as opp. to natural: τυκτή κρήνη a fountain made by man's hand: esp. well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully.

TΥ'ΛΗ, ή, like τύλος, any swelling or lump: I. a place worn bard by rubbing, Lat. calesp., II. a pad for carrying burlus: the shoulder. dens on, a porter's knot. III. a cusbion. [v in Att., v later.]

τύλος,  $\delta_1 = \tau \dot{\nu} \lambda \eta$ , a knot or callus; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot; esp. a wooden nail or bolt

used in ship-building [v]

τύλοω, freq. used in pf part. τετυλωμένος: (τύ-Aos):-to make hard or callous:-Pass to grow hard or callous from rubbing, as the hand from rowing or digging; ρόπαλα σιδήρω τετυλωμένα clubs knobbed or knotted with iron: cf. τυλωτόs.

τύλωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of τυλόω; δόπαλα τυλωτά clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) aburial, grave. the corpse to be burnt or burned.

τυμβεύω, f. σω, (τύμβοε) to bury, burn or entomb 2. χοὰς τυμβεῦσαί τινι to pour libations a corpse. as an offering on one's grave. II. intr. to be entombed.

τυμβ-ήρης, εε, (τύμβος, άραρειν) buried, entombed, interred, sepulcbred. II. like a grave or tomb. τυμβίτης [τ], ου, δ, fem. τυμβιτις, ιδος, (τύμβος) in

or at the grave. τυμβο-γέρων, οντος, δ, (τύμβος, γέρων) an old man

on the verge of the grave.

τυμβ-ολέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (τύμβος, ὅλλυμι) a destroyer of tombs : fem. τυμβόλετις, ιδος.

TYMBOX, o, the place where a dead body is burnt. Lat, bustum: commonly, a mound of earth beaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow, Lat. tumulus: generally, a tomb, grave. II. metaph., γέρων τύμβοε, = τυμβογέρων, a decrepit old man: so also τύμ-Bos. absol.

τυμβ-οῦχος, ον, (τύμβοs, ξχω) dwelling in a tomb. sepulchral.

τυμβο-φόνος. ον, (τύμβος, \*φένω) tomb-destroying.

τυμβοχοέω, f. ήσω, (τυμβοχόος) to throw up a cairn or barrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence

τυμβοχοή, a throwing up a cairn or barrow. τυμβο-χόος, ον, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a cairn or barrow. II. pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb. τυμβό-χωστος, ον, (τύμβος, χώννυμι) heaped up into a cairn or barrow.

τυμβωρυχέω, f. ήσω, to break open graves. From τυμβ-ωρύχος, ον, (τύμβος, δρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβωρύχος, δ, a grave-robber. [pv]

τύμμα, ατος, τό, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound. τυμπανίζω, f. ίσω, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum. generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado.

τυμπανισμός, ό, (τυμπανίζω) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybele.

τυμπάνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τύμπανον, a drummer: fem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybele.

**τύμπἄνον**, τό, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπείν) a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybele. II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel. III, in Lat., tympana were wagonwheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers.

Tuvbapelos, a, ov, or os, ov, of Tyndarus. From Τυνδάρεος Att Τυνδάρεως, εω, ὁ, Tyndareus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda.

Tuvδαρίδης [?], ου, ό, (formed as if from Tύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Tuvbapíbai, ol, Castor and Pollux: fem. Tuvbapis, ibos, daughter of Tyndarus.

τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for τύ, σύ, as ἐγώνη for ἐγώ. τυννός, ή, όν, akin to τυτθός, so small, so little Hence

τυννοῦτος, ον, Att. τυννουτοσί, -ονί, so small, so little, Lat. tantıllus.

τυντλάζω, to dabble in the mud or mure: csp. to grub round the roots of a vine. From

**ΤΥ'NTΛΟΣ**, δ, mud, mire, dirt.

τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of τύμπανον, preserved also in Latin typanum.

τύπείην, ηs, η, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω.

τύπειν, aor. 2 mf. of τύπτω.

 $\tau \check{\upsilon} \pi \epsilon \acute{\iota} s$ ,  $\epsilon \hat{\iota} \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ , aor. 2 part. pass. of  $\tau \check{\upsilon} \pi \tau \omega$ .

τϋπή, ή, (τύπτω) a blow, wound.

τύπηναι, aor. 2 mf pass. of τύπτω.

 $\mathbf{T}\Upsilon\mathbf{\Pi}\mathbf{O}\mathbf{\Sigma}$ ,  $\delta$ , a blow. 11. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; τύποι στίβου the prints or tracks of footsteps. 2. figures of impressions wrought in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a an outline, sketch, draught; τύπφ λέγειν to describe in outline. 4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure. 5. a system, form of doctrine. III. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet. Hence

τύποω, f. ώσω, to impress, stamp. II. to form, mould, model.

τυπτήσω, Att. fut. of τύπτω. τύπτοντι, Dor. tor τύπτουσι.

 $\mathbf{T}\Upsilon'\mathbf{\Pi}\mathbf{T}\Omega$ , fut. τύψω or τυπτήσω: 201. I έτυψα: aor. 2 ἔτϋπον: Pass., fut. τϋπήσομαι: aor. I ἐτύφθην: aor. 2 ἐτύπην [τ]; pf. τέτυμμαι:—to beat, strike. smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at beart: ἄχος δξὺ κατὰ φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart; ή άληθηίη έτυψε Καμβύσεα the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck band to band, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a 2. άλα τύπτειν έρετμοῖs to beat the sea missile. with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπτων the west wind beating, lashing with fury. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. plangor, to beat one's breast for grief:-c. acc. pers., τύπτεσθαί τινα to mourn for a person. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc cognato, τύπτομαι πολλάs (sc. πληγάs) I get many blows.

τύπωμα, ατος, τό, (τὔπόω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύπωμα χαλκύπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline.

τύραννεύω, f. εύσω and τυραννέω, f. ήσω: fut. med. τυραννήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννος):-to be a τύραννος or absolute sovereign to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυραννεύειν 'Aθηνων to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I τυραννεύσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to bave II. Pass. τυραγνεύομαι οι made onevelf tyrant. έσμαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power.

τυραννικός, ή, όν, (τύραννος) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup τυραννικώτατος.

τύραννίς, ίδος, ή, vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):-the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty,

τύραννος [v], δalso ή, properly Dor. for κοίρανος (from κύροs, κύριοs) a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννος: .... hence also, ή τύραννος was the queen, princess; as δ τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II. τύραννος, ον, as Adj., hke τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic; τύραννον δώμα the king's palace. τύραννο-φόνος, ον, (τύραννος, \*φένω) slaying tyrants.

turbare:-Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together. From TYPBH, ή, disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. turba.

τυρβάζω f. άσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat.

τύρευμα, ατος, τό, (τυρεύω) that which is curdled, cheese. [0]

τῦρευτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , and τῦρευτής οῦ,  $\delta$ , (τυρεύω) one who makes cheese; said of Hermes as god of goat-

herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, Γ. εύσω, and τυρέω, f. ήσω: (τυρόs):—to make cheese.

II. metaph. to stir up, jumble, confound.

2. to concoct, brew a thing cunningly.

Τύριοs, a, ov, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [v]

τυρίσδω, Dor. for συρίζω.

τυρόεις, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, οῦσσα, οῦν, (τυρός) like cheese: as Subst., τυρούς Dor. τυρώς, δ, cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese.

τυρό-κνηστις, ή, (τυρός, κνάω) a cheese-grater. τυρό-νωτος, ον, (τυρός, νῶτος) with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese.

τυροπωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell cheese, sell like cheese.

From τῦρο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (τυρόε, πωλέω) a cheesemonger. ΤΥ ΡΟ Σ,οῦ, ὁ, cheese. II. the cheese-market. Τύρος, ὁ, Τυγε, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῦ]

τυρους, contr. for τυρόειε.

τυρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) bearing cheese, spread with cheese.

Τυρρην-ολέτης, ου, ό, (Τυρρηνός, ὅλλυμι) destroyer

of Tyrrbenians.

Τυρρηνόs Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ή, όν, Tyrrbenian, Etruscan: Τυρσηνοί οι Τυρρηνοί the Etruscans:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ή, όν, Etruscan.

TΥΡΣΙΣ, η, gen. ιος: acc. τύρσιν: nom. pl. τύρσεις, gen. έων, dat. εσι, Lat. TURRIS:—a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion.

τυρώς, ωντος, Dor. for τυρούς.

TTTΘΟ Σ, όν, also ή, όν, little, small, young, of children. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., a little, a wee bit: hence scarcely, bardly: of the voice, low, softly, gently. 2. also in pl., τυτθὰ διατμῆξαι to cut into small pieces.

Τυφάων, ονος, δ, poët. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφών:

hence, Τυφαόνιος, α, ον, poet. for Τυφώνιος.
τῦφεδανός, ό, (τύφω) one with clouded wits, a stupid

fellow, a dullard.

τυφ-ήρης,  $\epsilon$ ε,  $(\tau \hat{v} \phi o s$ , ἀρᾶρε $\hat{v}$ ν) set on fire, burning. τυφλό-πους, –ποδος, ὁ, ἡ,  $(\tau v \phi \lambda \acute{o} s$ ,  $\pi o \acute{v} s$ ) with blind

foot, stepping in blindness.

τυφλός, ή, όν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός τινος blind to a thing. 2. metaph., τυφλός τά τ' ὅτινα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὅτιματα blind in ears and mind and eyes. 3. of things, dark, unseen, dim, obscure; τυφλαὶ σπιλάδες blind, i. e. sunken, rocks.

τυφλόω, (τυφλόε) to blind, make blind:—Pass. to be blinded or blind.

II. metaph. to blind, dull,

baffle, dim. Hence

τυφλώs, Adv. of τυφλόs, blindly.

τύφλωσις, ή, a making blind, blinding.

τυφλώττω, (τυφλόs) to be blind.

τῦφο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (τύφω, γέρων) a silly old man, a dotard; cf. τυμβογέρων.

τῦφοs, ὁ, (τύφω) smoke, mist, cloud. II. metaph. conceit, vanity, Lat. fucus.

τυφόω, f. ώσω, (τυφοs) to wrap in smoke or mist: metaph. to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, to be sbrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd.

ΤΥΦΩ  $[\bar{v}]$ ,  $\bar{t}$ , θύψω: aor. 1 ἔθυψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἔτύφην  $[\bar{v}]$ : pf. τέθυμμα:—to raise a smoke; c. acc. cognato, καπνῶ τύφειν to make a cloud of smoke. II. to smoke; καπνῷ τύφειν μελίσσαs to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνῷ τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with smoke. III. to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke:—Pass. to smoke, smoulder.

Tὖφωεύs, έωs, Ep. έοs, ὁ: contr. Tὖφώs, ῶ:—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf.

τυφώς

Τυφών, ῶνος, Ερ. Τυφάων, αονος, δ, Τγρbοn, Τγpbaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφώς, Τυφωεύς. II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean a furious storm, burricane, typboon. Hence

 $T\bar{\nu}$ φωνικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta\nu}$ , of or from Typhon. II. stormy,

tempestuous.

**Τυφώs**, δ, contr. for Τυφωεύs. II. as appellat., τυφώs, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῷ, acc. τυφῶ:—like τυφών 11, a furious storm, burricane.

τύχε, Ep. for ἔτὕχε, 3 sing. 2 or. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχειν, aor. 2 mf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [v], η, what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna; κοινὸν τύχη luck is a thing common to all; τύχη θεῶν, σὸν θεοῦν τύχη by the si a thing common to all; τύχη θεῶν, σὸν θεοῦν τύχη by divine providence; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, chance, fortune, good or had, good luck or ill luck; often with an Adj. to shew which; e. g. τύχη ἀγαθῆ was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχὰγαθῆ, also ἐπ ἀγαθῆ τύχη and μετ ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit.

3. Adverbial usages, τύχη by chance, Lat. forte, forte fortuna:—so also ἀπό οι ἐκ τύχης, κατά τύχην.

Il. a chance, hap, lot, accident: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι your fortunes.

Hence

τύχηρόs, ά, όν, fortunate, lucky. 2. by chance,

accidental. Hence

τύχηρωs, Adv. luckily.

τυχήσας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχοιμι [τ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τὕχόν, Adv., by chance, perhaps; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τῷ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., therefore, so, in this wise.

II. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίε; quis?

τφ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τls, aliquis. τώγαλμα, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἄγαλμα.

τῷδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτωε, in this manner, thus.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσδω: fut. -άσομαι; 201. 1

ἐτώθασα, subj. τωθάσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τωθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τωθάζω. τώληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τώποβαίνον, Ion. crasis for το ἀποβαίνον.

τώρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τώs, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πωs; and to the Relat. ωs, =ωs, ουτωs, so, in this wise. II. Dor. =ου, where.

τώτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τωὐτό, gen. τωὐτοῦ, dat. τωὐτῷ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῷ αὐτῷ

## Υ

 $\Upsilon$ ,  $\nu$ ,  $\delta$  ψιλόν,  $\tau$ 6, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral  $\nu'=400$ , but  $\nu=400,000$ . The written character  $\Upsilon$  is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of  $\Upsilon$  ψιλόν.

The use of v was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for o, as in  $\delta v \nu \mu a$   $\delta \mu a \iota o s$   $\mu \delta \gamma \iota s$  for  $\delta v \nu \mu a$   $\delta \mu a \iota o s$   $\mu \delta \gamma \iota s$ . The often inserted v after a and  $\epsilon$ , as,  $\theta \epsilon \nu \omega$   $\chi \epsilon \nu \omega$  for  $\theta \epsilon \omega$   $\chi \epsilon \omega$ . The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong o v into  $o \iota$ , as Moloa for Moloa,  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \iota \sigma a$  for  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \sigma a$ .

Tάδες, ων, al, (ὕω) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. Pluviae, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [ὕ in Hom., ΰ in Eur.]

υσινά, ή, (τ̄s) a Libyan wild beast, the byena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly bog's mane (whence the name).

Υάκίνθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lace-daemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

ὑἄκινθἴνο-βἄφής, ές, (ὑακίνθινος, βαφῆναι) dyed byacintb colour. [τ]

υσκίνθινος, η, ον, (υάκινθος) hyacinthine, byacinth-coloured.

Υάκινθος, δ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

υάκινθος, δ or η, the byacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΥΑ or AI, or the interjection at at, hence it is called γραπτὰ ὑάκινθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name.

II. ὑάκινθος, η, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

υάλίος, α, ον, contr. υαλούς, α, οῦν, (ὕαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

υάλινος later υέλινος, η, ον, (ὕαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

υτλόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy. ὕαλος or ὕελος, ή, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2 a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Anstophanes as λίθος διαφανής άφ' ής το πῦρ ἄπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire.

II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ὕαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ύαλους, α, ουν, contr. for baλέος

ὑἄλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ὕαλος, χρόα) glass-coloured.

ύαλο-χρώδης, ες, = ὑαλύχροος.

ύβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

TBO'Σ, ή, όν, bent outwards, hump-backed.

**ὑβρίζω,** f. ὑβρίσω Att. -ιῶ: aor. 1 ὕβρισα: pf. ύβρικα: plapf. ὑβρίκειν. Med., fut. ὑβριοῦμαι. Pass., fut. ὑβρισθήσομαι : aor. Ι ὑβρίσθην : pf. ὕβρισμαι : to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφpoveiv to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank. II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ὑβρίζειν είς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ὑβρίζειν ἐπί τινα to exult over one. c. acc. cognato, ὑβρίζειν ὕβρεις to commit outrages; so, ὑβρίζειν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [v naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

TBPIΣ [v], εωs Ep. ιος, ή, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc, riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness.

2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, υβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being aixia [i]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit.

3. barm, detriment, damage, loss.

II. as mascul. Adj., υβρις ἀνήρ, = υβριστής.

ὑβρίσδω, Dor. for ὑβρίζω, 3 sing. ὑβρίσδει for ὑβρίζει.
ὑβρισμα, ατοs, τό, (ὑβρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelta.

II. the object of insult.
ὑβριστήρ, ῆροs, ὁ, poet for ὑβριστήρ.

ύβριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὑβρίζω) one who is violent and overhearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man.

II. as masc. Adj. unbrudled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence ὑβριστικός, ἡ, όν, given to wantonness or insolence,

outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. -κωs, insolently.

ύβριστος, η, ον, (ύβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ὑβριστότερος, -τατος.

υνιάζω, f. σω: aor. I υγίασα (υγιήε) to make sound or bealtby, to beal.

ύγιαίνω, f. ανω: aor. I ὑγίανα: (ὑγιήε):—to be sound, bealthy, Lat. bene valere: to be in a certain state of bealth, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy; τὸ ὑγιαίνον τῆε Ἑλλάδοε the sound part of Greece. ψγίαινε, like χαίρε, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [v, but v in augmented tenses.]

υγίεια Ion. -είη, ή, and sometimes in Att. υγιεία: (ὑγιήs):—bealth, soundness of body, Lat. salus;

υγίεια φρενών soundness of mind. [v]

ύγιεινός, ή, όν, (ὑγιής) wholesome, sound, healthy, bealthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, bealthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [v] Hence

υγιεινώς, Adv. bealthily: - Comp. υγιεινοτέρως and -ρον; Sup. -ότατα.

ύγίεις, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ύγιής: acc. masc. ύγί-

€VTa. [8]

υγιηρός, ά, όν, (ὑγιήε) good for the health, wholesome, bearty, strong, Lat. sanus: - Sup. υγιηρότατος. **ὑγιήs**, έs, gen. έοs: acc. ὑγια or -ιη Ion. -έα: plur. nom. neut. ὑγια or -ιη:-sound, bealthy, bearty, stout, Lat. sanus; σων καλ ύγιης safe and sound. sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν ὑγιὲς προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιέστερος, -έστατος. [ὔ]

υγραίνω, f. ανω, (υγρόs) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ύγρο-βόλος, ον, (ύγρός, βαλείν) wetting, moistening.

ύγρο-μελής, έε, (ύγρόε, μέλος) with pliant limbs. ύγροπορέω, f. ήσω, to traverse water. From ύγρο-πόροs, ον, (ύγρόε, πόροε) traversing water.

ύγρός, ά, όν, (ὕω, ὕδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ξηρόε (siccus); ύγρον έλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat; ανεμοι ύγρον αέντες winds blowing moist or rainy: ἡ ὑγρά Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσος the dry land; so, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα, or υγρά alone, the watery ways: τὸ υγρόν and τὰ tγρά, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: θηρες ύγροί water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple, lithe, waving, Lat. mollis; κέρας ὑγρόν a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. languid, faint. III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing; ύγρὸς πόθος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., ύγρα δεδορκώς with languisbing glances. Hence

ύγρότης, ητος, ή, (ὑγρός) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph, pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper.

ύγρό-φθογγος, ον, (ύγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ύγρως, Adv. of ύγρός, in liquid fashion: softly. pliably.

υγρώσσω, poët. for υγραίνω, to be wet or moist.

ύδαρής, έs, gen. έος, (ὕδωρ) watery, wasby: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ύδάτινος, η, ον also os, ον, (ὕδωρ) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments. II. like ὑγρόs, pliant, supple, flexible.

ύδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ύδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ύδατόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery, like water. ύδατοποσία, ή, water-drinking. And

ύδατοποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink water. From

ύδατο-πότης, ου, ό, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, Lat. aquae potor.

ύδατος, gen of ύδωρ

ύδατο-τρεφής, ές, (ύδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ύδατ-ώδης, εs, (ὕδωρ, είδος) like water: watery, wet, sloppy.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ δερος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\tilde{\mathbf{v}}\delta\omega\rho)$  the dropsy.

υδνης, ου, ό, ή, (νω) watered, nourished.

ύδρα, ή, (ὕδωρ) like ὕδροs, a water-serpent, Lat. bydra.

ύδραίνω, (ὕδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water -Med to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρά ύδράνασθαι χροί to pour water over one's body.

ύδρεία, ή, (ύδρεύω) a drawing water, fetching II. a watering place.

ύδρειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (ὑδρεύω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ύδρεύω, f. σω, (ὕδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water?— Med. to draw water for oneself, get water. ύδρήιον, τό, Ion, for ύδρειον.

ύδρηλόs, ή, όν, (ὕδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp. ύδρηναμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of ύδραίνω.

ύδρία, ή, (ὕδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, pitcher. a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funereal urn. ύδριάs, άδοs, ή, (ὕδωρ) of or from the water.

ύδρια-φόρος, ον, (ύδρία, φέρω) carrying a watervessel.

ύδρο-ειδής, ές, (ὕδωρ, είδος) like water, watery.

ύδρόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery. υδροποσία, ή, water-drinking; and

ύδροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink water. From

ύδρο-πότης, ου, ό, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ύδρορ-ρόα or - ρόη, ἡ, (ὕδωρ, ῥοή) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ύδρος, δ, (ύδωρ) like ύδρα, a water-serpent. ύδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ύδρο-φόροs, ον, (ύδωρ, φέρω) carrying water:—as

Subst., υδροφόρος, δ or η, a water-carrier.

 $\dot{v}$ δρο-χόος,  $\dot{o}$ , ( $\ddot{v}$ δωρ, χ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ύδροχοηι, as if from ύδροχοεύs. ύδρό-χύτος, ον, (ύδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ύδρωπικός, ή, όν, (ΰδρωψ) dropsical.

ύδρωψ, ωπος, also οπος, δ, (ύδωρ) dropsy. a dropsical person.

ύδωρ, τό, gen. ύδατος: Ep. dat. ύδει:-water of any kind; of rivers, υδατα Καφίσια the waters of Cephisus; ὕδωρ πότιμον fresb water; ὕδωρ πλατύ salt water:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰε ὕδωρ to write in water. 2. rain-water, and then rain, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the water of the water-clock (κλεψύδρα), and also the time it took in running out; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the water (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ĕ]

ύεικός, ή, όν, and ύειος, α, ον, (is) of or belonging to a swine. [v]

ὑέλινος, ὑελίτης, Ion. forms of ὑαλ-.

ὕελος, v. sub ὕαλος.

ὕεσσι, dat. pl. of us.

ύέτιος, a, ον, and ύετόεις, εσσα, εν, (ύετός) rainy,

bringing or causing rain.

verós, ὁ, (τω) rain, Lat. pluvia: a beavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. nimbus; whereas ὅμβροs, Lat. imber, is a lasting rain, and ψεκάs οι ψακάs, a drizzling rain.

II. as Adj. in Sup., ἄνεμοι ὑετώτατοι the rainiest winds.

ὑηνία, ή, swinishness, boggishness. From

ύηνός, ή, όν, (ὖs) swinish, boggish.

ὑθλέω, f. ἡσω, (ὕθλοι) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifle, Lat. nugari.

"ΥΘΛΌΣ, δ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. nugae.

via, vias, Ep. acc. sing and pl. of viós, as if from vis. viάσι, poet. dat. pl. of viós. [α]

υίδεύs, έωs, ὁ, (υίόs) a son's son, grandson: fem. υίδη, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

υίδιον, τό, Dun. of vios, a little son. of vs, a little pig.

υίδοθε, οθ, δ, (νίόε) a son's son, grandson.

vii, Ep. dat. of vios.

ύικός, ή, όν, (ὖs) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, boggish.

υίο-θεσία, ή, (υίόε, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

vios, Ep. gen. of viós, as if from vis.

TIO'Ž, δ, declined regul. νίοῦ, νίῷ, νίον, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. \*νίεὐς, —gen. νίεος dat. νίεἰ, νίεῖ, acc. νίεα; Dual νίες, νίεοιν; Plur. νίεις or νίεις, gen. νίεων, νίῶν, dat. νίειν, αcc. νίεας νίεις:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. νἶς,—gen. νἶος, dat. νἴι, acc. νἴα; Dual νἶς; Plur. νῖες, dat. νίασι, acc. νἶας:—Lat. FILIUS, α son; νίὸν ποιεῖσθαί οτ τίθεσθαί τινι to adopt as son.

2. later, the plur. was often periphr., laτρῶν νίεις, ἡητόρων νίεις sons of physicians, sons of orators, i.e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, νῖες ᾿Αχαιῶν for ᾿Αχαιοί.

υΐωνός, οῦ, ὁ, (ulós) a child's child, a grandson. ὕλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑλάω) the bark of a dog, a bark, howl, yelp; metaphorically in plur. snarling words. [τ]

ύλαγμός, δ, (ὑλάω) a barking, baying. [v̄] ὑλάγωγέω [v̄], f. ήσω, to carry wood. From ὑλ-ἄγωγός, όν, (ὑλη, ἄγω) carrying wood. [v̄] ύλάεις, Dor. for ύλήειε.

 $\dot{v}$ λα $\dot{v}$ 0s, a, ov, ( $\ddot{v}$ λη) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest.  $[\ddot{v}]$ 

ὑλἄκή, ἡ, (ὑλάω) a barking, bowling. [τ]

υλακό-μωρος, ον, (ὑλακή) ever barking, bowling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like ἐγχεσίμωρος, ἰόμωρος. ὑλακτέω, f. ήσω, (ὑλάω) to bark, bay, bowl, Latlatrare; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yelp, bark: also, ἄμουσα ὑλακτεῖ he bowls his uncouth songs.

II. transit to bark or yelp at, Lat. allatrare. Hence

ύλακτητής, οῦ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ĕ]

ύλακτικός, ή, όν, (ὑλακτέω) yelping.

ύλαs, gen. αντος, contr. for υλάεις, -ήεις.

ύλάσκω, = ύλακτέω.

"ΥΛΑ'Ω [v], radic. form of ὑλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf, to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. ὑλάοντο in same sense.

II. transit. to bark or bay at.

"ΥΛΗ [v], ή, Lat. SYLVA, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of copse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timber-trees.

II. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel, logs of wood.

III. generally, like Lat. materia, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. sylva.

2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. sylva.

ύλήεις, εσσα or  $-\epsilon is$ ,  $\epsilon \nu$ ,  $(\tilde{\nu}\lambda \eta)$  woody, wooded.

ύλη-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

ύλη-τόμος Dor. ύλατ-, ον, = ύλοτόμος.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ λη-φόρος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ λοφόρος.

II. Dim.

υλη-ωρός, όν, (ὕλη, ούρος) watching the wood, forest-ranging.  $[\bar{\upsilon}]$ 

ύλο-δρόμος, ον, (ύλη, δραμείν) wood-ranging.

ύλό-κομος, ον, (ὕλη, κόμη) overgrown with wood. ὑλο-νόμος, ον, (ὕλη, νέμομαι) baunting the woods.

ύλοτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut or fell wood. From

ύλο-τόμοs, ον, (ὕλη, τεμεῖν) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ὑλοτόμοs, ὁ, a woodcutter, woodman.

II. proparox. ὑλότομοs, ον, pass. cut in the wood:—as Subst., ὑλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [v̄]

ύλ-ουργός, όν, (ὕλη, \*ἔργω) working wood:—as Subst., ὑλουργός, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [v̄]

ύλο-φάγος, ον, (ύλη, φάγειν) feeding in the woods. υλο-φορβός, όν, (ύλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φόρος, ον, (ύλη, φέρω) carrying wood.

ὖλ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὕλη, εἶδος) woody, wooded, busby. ὑμεῖς [ὖ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ερ. ὅμμες Ion. ὑμέες Dor. ὑμές: gen. ὑμῶν Ion. ὑμέων, Ερ. also ὑμείων: dat. ὑμῶν, old Aeol. ὅμμῖ, ὅμμῶν: but ὑμὶν [-□] or ὑμῖν, only in Trag.: also ὑμᾶς Ion. ὑμέας: Aeol. ὅμμε Dor. ὑμέ, in Trag. also ὑμάς [-□] or δμᾶς.

---Pron. of and pers. plur. of σύ, ye, you.

ὑμέναιος [υ], δ, ('Υμήν) bymenaeus, a wedding-song,
sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the
bridegroom's house.

II. later, = Ύμήν, Hymen,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Υμήν & Υμέναιε Dor. Υμάν & Υμέναιε, Lat. Hymen o Hymenaee. Hence

υμεναιόω, f. ώσω, to sing the wedding-song.

to take to wife. [v]

ύμενήιος, δ, ('Υμήν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy. ύμενό-πτερος, ον, (ύμην, πτερόν) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [v]

ύμεν-όστρακος, ον, (ύμήν, όστρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [v]

ύμές, Dor. for ὑμει̂s.

ύμέτερος, α, ον, (ὑμει̂s) your, yours, Lat vester; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερόνδε to your bouse; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέροs) what in you lies, for your part. [v]

**YMH'N** [v], évos, o, a skin, membrane.

'YMH'N [v], évos, o, Hymen, the god of marriages, cf. Υμέναιο**s**. II. hke ὑμέναιοs, a wedding-song.

ύμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμει̂s. υμμες, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for υμείς.

ύμμι, ύμμιν, Aeol., Dor and Ep. dat. of ὑμείε.

ύμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for υμός, υμέτερος.

ύμν-ἄγόρας, ου, ό, (ΰμνος, άγορεύω) a singer of bymns υμνέαται [a], Ion for υμνηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of υμνέω **ὑμνείω**, Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ύμνέομες, Dor. for υμνέομεν, I pl. of υμνέω.

ύμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ύμνεῦσι, part. fem. ύμνεῦσα: fut. ήσω: aor. I υμνησα: pf. υμνηκα: (υμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descant upon, Lat. canere, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνούμενοs, renowned, famous. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. incre-3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep barping upon, Lat. decantare: to recite, as, τον νόμον υμνείν to recite the form of the II. intr. to sing, chant.

ύμνητήρ, ηροε, δ, and ύμνητής, οῦ, ὑ, (ὑμνέω) α

singer of bymns, a minstrel, bard.

ύμνητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

υμνίω, Dor. for υμνέω.

ύμνο-θέτης, ου, δ, (ύμνος, τίθημι) a composer of bymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj, υμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ μνο-ποιός,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ν, ( $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$ μνος, ποιέω) making bymns: as Subst. υμνοποιόε, δ. a munstrel.

ύμνο-πόλος, ον, (υμνος, πολέω) busied with bymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλοs, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

"ΥΜΝΟΣ, δ, a song: a bymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ὑμνφδέω, f. ήσω, (ὑμνφδόε) to sing a bymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. give a prophetic response. Hence

υμνφδία, ή, the singing or chanting of a bymn. II.

a propbetic strain.

ύμν-φδόs, όν, (ύμνοs, φόή) singing bymns or odes; υμνωδοί κόραι the minstrel maids.

ύμός, ά and ή, όν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your. ὑπ-αινίσσομαι Att. –ττομαι: f. –ξομαι: Dep.:—

uv. acc. of us.

ύο-μουσία, ή, (ὖs, Moῦσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

υόs, gen. of vs.

ύοσ-κύαμος, δ, (δε, κύαμος) bog-bean, answering to our ben-bane, which causes giddiness and madness.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ - $\dot{\mathbf{a}}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\mathbf{os}$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ ,  $\ddot{\mathbf{a}}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\mathbf{os}$ ) summoned by a

messenger.

ύπ-αγκαλίζω, f. ιω, (ύπό, άγκαλίζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass, γένος ὑπηγκαλισμένη baving clasped the children in ber arms. Hence

ύπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ύπ-ἄγορεύω, f σω, to dictate, Lat. praeire verbis.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\pi}$ - $\dot{\mathbf{a}}_{\gamma}$ ω[ $\dot{\mathbf{a}}$ ]: impf.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\pi}$  $\hat{\mathbf{\eta}}_{\gamma}$ ον: f.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\pi}$  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}_{\xi}$ ω: aor. 2  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\pi}$  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}_{\gamma}$  $\dot{\mathbf{a}}_{\gamma}$ ον: —to lead or bring under; ὑπάγειν ἵππους ζύγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them: also

2. to bring under one's simply ὑπάγειν ἵππουs. power:-Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. subducere :-Pass., ὑπαγομένου τοῦ χώματοs as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ὑπάγειν τινὰ ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήplov to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ὑπάγειν τινὰ θανάτου ὑπὸ τὸν δημον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ὑπάγειν τινά alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. inducere; to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):-Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. after, go slowly on: ὕπαγε, like ἄγε, come! cheer up! ὑπάγωγεύς, έως, ὁ, (ὑπάγω) a trowel or tool for sbaping bricks.

ὑπάγωγή, ή, (ὑπάγω) a leading on gradually or II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat. secretly.

ὑπ-ἀδω, f. -άσομαι, (ὑπό, ἄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude, ύπαί, poet. for ὑπό.

ύπαιδείδοικα, Ep. for ὑποδέδοικα, pf. of ὑποδείδω.

ύπ-αιδέομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

υπαιθά, Adv. (ὑπαί poët. for ὑπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. as Prep with gen., under, near, at one's side.

 $\dot{v}\pi$ -alloos, ov, also a, ov,  $(\dot{v}\pi\dot{o}, ai\theta\dot{\eta}\rho)$  under the sky, in the open air.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ -αιθρος,  $o\nu_{\mathbf{v}}=\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ αιθρίος, mostly in phrase,  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ υπαίθρφ, Lat. sub Dio, in the open air.

υπ-αίθω, = υποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

Hence

to intimate darkly, give a slight bint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αιρέω, Ion. for ὑφαιρέω.

ύπ-αἰσσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ύπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύνω) to be somewbat ashamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ύπ-alτιοs, ον, (ὑπό, alτίa) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τινι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπἄκοή, ή, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience. ὑπάκοισον, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. 1 imperat. of

ύπακούω.

ύπ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι : pf. -ακήκοα :--to listen, bearken, give ear to: to listen to and answer. to bearken to, give ear to, with gen, or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

υπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like II. to anoint: - Med. to anoint oneself; ὑπαλείφεσθαι τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ π-**ἄλεύομαι**, imperat. -αλεύεο: Dep.: ( $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πό, ἀλεύω). -to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.; mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλευάμενος

ὑπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, ex-II. bypallage, a figure of speech, by which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπάλύξας, aor. 1 part. of ὑπαλύσκω.

ὑπάλυξις, εως, ή, an avoiding, shunning, escaping,

eluding. From

ύπ-ἄλύσκω, f. εω: 20r. 1 part. ὑπαλύξαs:—like ύπαλεύομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.; χρείοs ὑπαλύξαs baving got quit of a debt. ύπ-αναγιγνώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι:

-to read by way of preface.

υπ-ανακινέω, f. ήσω, intr to rise up and go away. ύπ-αναλίσκω, f. - αναλώσω: aor. I - ανάλωσα:---to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπαναστατέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up to make room for another.

ύπ-avaχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire slowly.

υπ-ανδρος, ον, (υπό, ἀνήρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλώθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσκω.

υπ-aviaw, f. aσω Ion. ησω:—to trouble or vex a little:-Pass, to be somewhat distressed,

ύπ-ανίστημι, f. - αναστήσω: aor. I - ανέστησα: -- to make to rise up, raise up gradually. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:-to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused; ὑπαναστήναι τής έδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. assurgere alicui; ύπαναστήναι τοιε πρεσβυτέροιε to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ύπ-avolyω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively; ύπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters. ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ήσω:--to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

ὑπάντησις, εως, ή, a coming to meet.

ύπ-avτιάζω, f. άσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἄπειλέω, f. ήσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-ἀπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, είμι ιδο) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκινέω, f. ήσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.: - verb. Adj. ὑπαποκῖνητέον, one must make off, slink away.

ύπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμουμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ύπ-άπτω, Ion. for υφάπτω.

"YHAP, \(\tau\_0\), indeed, a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ovap a mere dream: οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ὕπαρ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [v]

υπαργμαι, Ion. for υπηργμαι, pf. pass of υπάρχω. ὑπ-ἀργϋρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄργυρος) baving silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of sil-II. turned into silver, sold for silver. of silver-gilt. IV. bired for silver, venal.

υπ-apvos, ον, (ὑπό, ἀρνόs gen of ἀμνόs) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb: metaph suckling an infant. ῦπαρξις, εως, ή, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ύπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for ύφαρπάζω.

 $\dot{v}\pi$ -apy $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\dot{v}\pi\dot{o}, \dot{d}\rho\chi\dot{\eta})$  the beginning; if  $\dot{v}\pi a\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$ s from the beginning, over again, afresh.

υπ-apxos, δ, (ὑπό, ἄρχω) commanding under an-

other: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ύπ-άρχω, f. ξω: aor. Ι ύπηρξα: Pass, pf. υπηργμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὕπηρκτο: (ὑπό, ἄρχω):—to begin: c. 1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιῶν τινα be begins doing 3 c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας είς τινα to begin [doing] kındnesses to one: Pass, τὰ ἔκ τινος ὑπαργμένα (Ion. for ὑπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμένα what bas been given by the gods. 4. absol. to be-II. to come into being, arise, spring gın 2. to be at band, be ready. иþ. ὑπάρχει impers., the case is ..; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑπόκειμαι, to be taken for granted; τούτου ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. bis positis, this being granted, this IV. to belong to, fall to: of perbeing the case. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπάρsons, to be devoted to. χοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχύντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, i have. V. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., it is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὕπαρχον, | since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπίδιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield: ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [1]

υπ-ασπίζω, f. ίσω, to carry the shield for one, serve

as a shield-bearer. Hence

ύπασπιστήρ, ηρος, δ, and ύπασπιστής, οῦ, δ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer. υπ-αστρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided

by the stars.

ὑπάτικός, ή, όν, (ὕπατος 11) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

υπάτος [v], η, ον, contr. for ὑπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; of unato, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ενεροί, Lat. 2. of Place, bigbest, topmost; έν πυρη inferi). υπάτη on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen (as if it were a superlative Preposition), υπατοι λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, bigbest, best. of Time, last, Lat. supremus. ΙΙ. υπατος, δ. as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

υπ-auyalu, f. aow, to begin to shine, dawn, of daybreak.

υπ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to play the flute in accompaniment. υπ-auλos, ον, (υπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνης υπαυλοs under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, αὐχήν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, a cushion of pillow for the neck. ύπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. -απέστην, pf. -αφέотпка:-to step back slowly, retire.

υπ-aφρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist. ὑπ-ἀφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ὑπαφρονέστεροs.

ὑπέασι, Ion. for ὕπεισι, 3 pl. of ὕπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ύπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-έγγὕος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, baving given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλην θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ψπεδάμνα, 3 sing, impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδδεισαν, Ep. for ὑπέδεισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὑποδείδω.

ύπ-εδείδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπέδειξα, aor. I of ὑποδείκνυμι.

**ὑπέδεκτο**, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

**ὑπέδρἄμον**, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

**ὑπίδυν,** aor. 2 of ὑποδύω.

**ὑπεδύσετο** [v], Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὑποδύω. υπεθερμάνθην, aor. 1 pass. of υποθερμαίνω.

**ὑπ-ειδόμην**, (ὑπό, \*εἴδω), aor. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ύπ-είκαθον, inf. ὑπεικαθείν, poët. aor. 2 of ὑπείκω. ύπ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. one must give way. From ύπ-είκω Ερ. ύποείκω: fut. -είξω or -είξομαι: aor. ὑπείξα Εp. ὑπόειξα: poët. 201. 2 ὑπείκαθον: - to retire, withdraw; ὑπείκειν τινὶ έδρη to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπείκειν τινὶ λόγων to give him the first word. to escape, sbun, elude; χείρας έμας υπύειξε be scaped my hands. II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

υπ-ειμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες έμφ ὑπέασι μελάθρο my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at com-IV. to be subjected or subject

υπ-ειμι, (υπό, είμι ιδο) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire, ὑπιέναι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour.

gradually or secretly.

ὑπείξομαι, fut. med. of ὑπείκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπείξεαι.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\epsilon\hat{\mathbf{i}}\pi\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{v}},\,\epsilon\hat{l}\pi\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v})$  aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praeire verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to sug-2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπείρ, poet. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e g ὑπεὶρ ἄλα. [v]

υπειρέβαλον, Ep aor. 2 of υπερβάλλω.

ὑπείρ-εχον, Ερ. for ὑπέρειχον, impf. of ὑπερέχω.

ύπείρηκα, ύπείρημαι, see ύπερέω

 $\dot{\upsilon}\pi\epsilon\dot{\upsilon}\rho$ -oxos,  $o\nu$ , poet. and lon. for  $\dot{\upsilon}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho\sigma\chi\sigma$ s.

ύπείσας, Ion. for υφείσας, aor. I part. of υφείσα baving set on, suborned.

ύπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon \iota \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \delta \bar{\nu} \nu$ , pf. -εισδέδυκα:- to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-είσειμι, (εἶμι ιδο) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ύπεκδραμείν, aor. 2 mf of ύπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act.  $-\epsilon \xi \dot{\epsilon} \delta \bar{\nu} \nu$ , pf. - εκδέδῦκα: — to get secretly out of, slip out of, sbun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκέχῦτο, 3 sing. plapf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκκαίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ύπ-εκκάλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below or a

ύπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (ύπεκκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

ύπ-έκκειμαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place. υπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκκομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑπεκκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. –λήψομαι, to carry off underband. ὑπεκλίνθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ύπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underband; ύπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ύπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

ύπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f.-ρὕήσομαι, to flow forth from under. ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ύπεκπροφυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.

ύπεκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.

ύπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from. ὑπ-εκτανύω, to stretch out under.

ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass, to be carried safe away.

ύπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

 $\mathring{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ -εκτρέχω, f.  $-\theta \rho \acute{\epsilon} \acute{\epsilon} ο \mu \alpha$ ι and  $-\mathring{\delta} \rho \breve{\alpha} \mu o \hat{\nu} \mu \alpha$ ι: aor. 2  $-\epsilon \acute{\epsilon} \acute{\delta} \rho \breve{\alpha} \mu o \nu$  (cf.  $\tau \rho \acute{\epsilon} \chi \omega$ ):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c acc.

ύπέκυψα, aor, I of υποκύπτω.

 $\mathring{v}\pi$ -εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III intt.,  $\mathring{v}\pi$ εκφέρειν  $\mathring{\mu}$ μέρη $\mathring{v}$ δ $\mathring{v}$ μο get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ύπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω

υπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [α], to slacken from below or slightly.

υπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ὑπέλἄβον, 2οr. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπ-ελαύνω, f.  $-\epsilon$ λάσω [ἄ] Att.  $-\epsilon$ λ $\hat{\omega}$ :—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.

ὑπελείφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

υπέλοντο, Ep. for υφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of υφαιρέω.

ὑπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. 20r. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπελύσαο [v], Ep. 2 sing, aor. 1 med. of ὑπολύω. ὑπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ὑπομένω.

ὑπεμνάασθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.

υπεμνήμῦκε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπημύω, to bang down the bead. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with bead utterly bung down: see ἡμύω.

ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ύπ-εναντίος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite. II. set against, bostile: as Subst., οἱ ὑπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ὑπεναντίον τούτου in opposition thereto.

ὑπεναντίωσις, εως, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.

ύπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ύπ-ένδύμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment, ὑπ-ένερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἔνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

υπ-εξ, form assumed by υπ-εκ before a vowel.

ὑπεξάγάγοι [γἄ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω. ὑπ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly,

esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ύπ-εξαιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -εξήρημαι Ion. -εξαραίρημαι: aor. 2 -εξείλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually: τοὐπίκλημ' ὑπεξελών baving done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τουτέων ὑπεξαραιρημένων these things baving been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

υπ-εξαίρω, to raise, lift up from below.

ύπ-εξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὑπεξαλέασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπεξαλέομαι (a Dep. pres not in use, see ἀλεύομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξἄλύσκω, f. ύξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. - βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually

ὑπ-εξανάγομαι, Pass with aor. 2 med  $-\epsilon \xi \eta \gamma \alpha \gamma \dot{\nu} \mu \eta \nu$ , to sail out and away secretly. [ $\check{\alpha}\gamma$ ]

υπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with nor. 2 act -εξανέδυν, pf. -εξανάδουκα:—to come up from under gradually, csp to rise from out the sea.

ὑπεξαναδύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg

ύπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to. ύπ-εξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exhaust. ὑπεξαραίρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὑπ-έξειμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἶμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; ὑπεξιέναι τινί to make way for one. Il. to go out to meet or against one. ὑπ-εξειρύω, Ion. for ὑπεξερύω.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{\pi}$ -εξελα $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\mathbf{v}$ , fut.  $-\epsilon$ ξελάσω [ $\check{\mathbf{a}}$ ] Att.  $-\epsilon$ ξελ $\hat{\mathbf{o}}$ :—to drive out from under, drive off secretly.

II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

υπεξελείν, -ών, 201. 2 inf. and part. of υπεξαιρέω. υπ-εξερύω Ion. -εξειρύω, to draw out from under, draw away underband.

ύπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire. also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before.
2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate.

II. to go out to meet.

ὑπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσαόω, = ὑπεκσώζω.

ύπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

υπ-εξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place υπ-εξίσταμα, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly.

II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid: c. gen. rei, to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτάτο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of ὑποπέταμαι.

ΥΠΕ'P Ep. ὑπείρ, in phrases ὑπείρ ἀλός and ὑπείρ α̃λα: Prep. governing gen. and acc, Lat. SUPER. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτεροs,

-тато**з**. [ʊॅ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that over which some-I. of Place, over: of rest, over, above; thing is: ὑπὲρ κεφαλη̂s στηναι to stand over a person's 2. of motion, over, across; or over, behead. yond. II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) for, in defence of, in behalf of ; ὑπὲρ τῆs πατρίδος αμύνειν to fight in defence of one's coun-2. for, because of, by reason of: for the purtry. pose of, for the sake of; ὑπέρ τοῦ μη ἀποθανείν for 3 for, instead of, in the the sake of not dying. name of, acting for; ὑπὲρ ἐαυτοῦ in his stead like περί, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. de.

WITH Accus., expressing that over and beyond which a thing goes: I. of Place, over, beyond, II. of Measure, over, above, exceeding, bepast. yond; ὑπὲρ τὴν ἡλικίαν above his years. 2. beyond what is right, against, contrary to; ὑπὲρ αίσαν contrary to right; ὑπὲρ θεόν contrary to the will of the god. III. of Number, above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over; ὑπέρ τὸ ημισυ above half.

Position: ὑπέρ may follow its Subst. in all cases,

when it is written  $\tilde{v}\pi\epsilon\rho$ .

In Compos, vuép signifies over, above, of Place, as in ὑπερ-βαίνω. 2. in defence of, in behalf of, as in  $\dot{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rho$ -αλγέω, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ήφανος.

υπέρα, ή, (ὑπέρ) the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (¿πίκρια), by means of which the sails are shifted. [v]

ύπερ-αβέλτερος, ον, also a, ον, above measure simple or silly.

ὑπερ-άγαμαι, Dep. to admire above measure. [άγ] ὑπερ-ἄγανακτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceedingly angry or

indignant at a thing.

ὑπερ ἄγἄπάω, f. ήσω, to love exceedingly. ὑπερ-ἄγωνιάω, to be in great distress of mind.

ὑπερ-āήs, έs, gen. έοs, (ὑπέρ, ἄημι) blowing down from above or blowing very bard.

ὑπερ-αιμόω, (ὑπέρ, αίμα) to bave overmuch blood. υπερ-αίρω, to lift up over: Med. and Pass. to rise above, be lifted up. II. to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc. 2. to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer. 3. to oversboot. go beyond, exceed, c. acc. 4. absol. of a river, to overflow.

υπέρ-αισχος, ov, exceeding base or ugly. ύπερ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. to feel much ashamed. υπερ-αιωρέω, f. ήσω, to bang up over or above. II. Pass. to be suspended over, project

c. dat. to give place to, rise up and make way for. III. | over a thing :- of ships, c. gen. loci, to lie off a place.

> ὑπέρ-ακμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) beyond the bloom of youth.

> ὑπερ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ίσω, to oversboot, hence to outdo. surpass: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινά κλέπτων to outdo one in stealing.

ὑπερ-ἄκριβής, έs, exceedingly accurate or careful. ὑπερ-ἄκρίζω, f. σω, to mount and climb over.

to project or beetle over, c. gen.

ύπερ-άκριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρα) over or upon the beights: τὰ ὑπεράκρια the beights above the plain; of ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.

ὑπέρ-ακρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρος) over the top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. ὑπεράκρωs, to excess.

ὑπερ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing: to grieve exceedingly at a thing: absol to feel great pain of mind.

ὑπερ-αλγής, έs, gen. έos, (ὑπέρ, ἄλγος) exceeding

grievous or painful.

ύπερ-άλλομαι, f. -αλοθμαι: αοτ. Ι -ηλάμην: Ερ aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:-to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.

υπέρ-allos, ov, over or above others.

ύπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ύπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ύπεράλλομαι.

ύπερ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. to be surpassed in impu-

υπερ-avaloguvτοs, ov, exceeding impudent.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ περ-ανατείνω,  $\mathbf{f}$  -ανατενώ, to stretch excessively. υπερ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. - ανέστην, pf. - aνέστηκα, to stand up or project above.

ύπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{e}}\mathbf{p}$ -avthos, ov, quite full of water, waterlogged: metaph. overwhelmed, borne down. flowing, overwhelming.

ύπερ-άνω, Adv. over, above: ύπεράνω γίγνεσθαι to get the upper band of. [a]

ύπερ-άνωρ, ορος, δ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπερ-ἄπατάω, f. ήσω, to deceive or cheat excessively. ύπερ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθανούμαι, to die for.

ύπερ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer for any one, vindicate. [7]

ύπερ-απολογέσμαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: Dep. to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.

ύπερ-αρρωδέω, f. ήσω, Ion for υπερορρωδέω, to be exceedingly afraid, τη Έλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἀσθμα) gasping or panting exceedingly.

ύπερ-ασπάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.

ύπερ-άτοπος, ov, beyond measure absurd.

υπερ-αττικός, ή, όν, excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess. Adv. - Kws.

ὑπερ-αυγής, έε, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) exceedingly bright. ύπερ-αυξάνω, f. - αυξήσω, to increase or enlarge above measure. sure.

II. intr. to abound beyond mea-

ὑπερ-αύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ύπεραυχέω, f. ήσω, to be over-proud. From

ὑπέρ-αυχος, ον, (ὑπέρ, αὐχή) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ύπερ-άφανος, ον, Dor. for ύπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, ἄχθος) overbur-

ύπερ-άχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ύπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ύπερέβην Ερ. υπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα:— to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend. 3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed. II. Causal, in aor. I  $\delta \pi \epsilon \rho \epsilon \beta \eta \sigma a$ , to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπέρβἄλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ύπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω,

above measure, exceedingly.

 $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ περ-βάλλω, f. –βάλ $\hat{\mathbf{\omega}}$ : Ep. aor. 2  $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ πειρ-έβάλον: pf.  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \kappa \alpha$ , pass.  $-\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \iota := to throw over or$ beyond a mark, to oversboot: to beat at throwing, to tbrow furtber. 2. to outstrip in racing. II. to oversboot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed; ὑπερβάλλειν τον χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τον καιρόν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all 2. to go on further and bounds, to go too far. further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοις χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more. to be at its beight, at the zenith, of the sun. 4. to 5. part. ὑπερβάλλων, ουσα, ον, be over and above. exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding bigb estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trancere; of ships, to double a headland. 2. of rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβεβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βἄρήs, έs, gen. έos, (ὑπέρ, βάροs) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly beavy.

υπέρβάσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of υπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβάσία, ή, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping of transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled. II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω. υπερβήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of υπερβαίνω. ύπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):--

to press with great violence, of the plague.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ περ-βζβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβ $\hat{\mathbf{w}}$ , Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. υπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, ex-

cessively. [ă]

ὑπερβολή, ή, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an oversbooting, superiority, excess in anything; our έχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further; είs or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise. byperbole. II. a passing over or crossing mountams, rivers, etc. 2. a place of passage, a moun-III. (from Med ) delay, putting off. tain-pass.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οί Υπερβόρεοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεοs more than mortal fortune.

ύπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βρίθος) overloaded, exceedingly beavy.

ύπερ-βρύω, to be overfull, overflow

ύπ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep :- to work under, plougb up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere. II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπείργασμαι ψυχὴν ἔρωτι I bave been subdued in my soul by love. III. =  $\dot{v}\pi\eta\rho\epsilon\tau\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ , to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services bave been done.

ύπερ-γέλοιος, ον, (ύπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure

ridiculous or laughable.

ύπερ-γεμίζω, f. ίσω, to overfill, overload.

ὑπερ-γήρειος, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ον, = ὑπέργηρως. ὑπέρ-γηρως, ων, (ὑπέρ, γῆρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρων extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δἄσυς, υ, gen έως, very bairy.

ύπερ-δεής, έs, gen. έos, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερ- $\delta\epsilon\dot{\epsilon}a$ ,  $-\hat{a}$ :  $(\dot{\nu}\pi\dot{\epsilon}\rho$ ,  $\delta\dot{\epsilon}os$ ): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ύπερ-δείδω, f. -δείσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ύπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

υπέρ-δεινος, ov, exceeding dangerous or formidable. ὑπερ-δέξιος, ov, placed bigb above one on the right 2. flaced above or over; ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground; εξ υπερδεξίου from vantage-ground. II. superior. ground.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ύπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ύπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of. ὑπερδικέω, f. ήσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δίκος, ον, (ὑπέρ, δίκη) exceeding righteous of just. II. pleading for. ύπ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

II.

υπερ-είδον, inf. iπεριδείν, aor. 2 without any presinuse, iπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. \*είδω.

υπ-ερείδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ύπ-ερείπω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπήρἴπον, to tumble, fall down.

ίπτη τη αστ. 2 υπηριπού, το tumote, fait down.
ύπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκείνος) on yon side, on

the further part, beyond.
υπερ-εκθεράπενω, f. σω, to seek to win over by ex-

cessive attention. ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννῦμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ], to bang out

ύπερ-εκ-περισσού, Adv. for ὑπερ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

υπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπεσοῦμαι, to fall out over or beyond.

II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

υπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. υπερεκπέπληγμαι:
—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c.acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ύπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τενω, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἐαυτόν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-εκτίνω  $[\tilde{t}]$ , f. ίσω  $[\tilde{t}]$ , to pay for any one. ὑπερ-εκχέω, f.  $-\chi$ ε $\hat{\omega}$ , also ὑπερ-εκχύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ , to pour

out over :--Pass. to run over, overflow. ὑπερ-έλαφροs, ον, exceedingly light or active. ὑπερ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a

thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.
ὑπερ-εμφορέομαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.
ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύξομαι, to intercede for an-

ύπερ-εξηκοντα-έτης, εs, gen. εοs, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἔτοs) above sıxty years old.

ύπερ-επαινέω, f. έσω and ήσω, to praise above mea-

ύπερ-επιθυμέω, f. ήσω, to desire exceedingly.

ύπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερπέτομαι. ὑπ-ερέπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρέπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. - $\hat{\eta}\lambda\theta$ ov, pf. -ελ $\hat{\eta}\lambda\nu\theta$ a:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ύπερ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:-to eat immoderately.

πποαεταιει**ς. ὑπερέσσϋμαι**, pf. pass. of ὑπερσεύω.

ύπερέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ύπερ-έσχον, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπέρ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὐγε, bravo, capital.

υπερ-ευτυχία, ή, exceeding good luck.

ύπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly. ύπερ-εχθαίρω, to bate exceedingly, c. acc.

υπερ-έχω Ερ. ὑπειρέχω: Ερ. impf. ὑπείρεχον: f. ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. ὑπερέξω: aor. 2 ὑπερόχον poet. -έσχεθον:—to bold over, esp. to bold over so as to protect; ὑπερέχειν beyond, i. e. worse than.

χεῖράs τινος to bold one's arms over one to shield bim. II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e. g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon. 2. inetaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; ol ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful; ἐὰν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπεροχῆ if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone. 3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear. 4. to outflank, overlap. 5. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερω, fut. of ὑπεῖπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι

ὑπερ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερηδέως, Adv. of ὑπέρηδυς, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερήδιστα.

ύπερ-ήδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ύπερήδετο ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

ύπέρ-ηδυς, υ, exceeding sweet or pleasant. Sup.

ύπερηκόντισα, aor. Ι οί υπερακοντίζω.

υπερ-ηλιξ, ϊκος, δ, ή, above a certain age.

υπέρ-ημαι, properly pf. of υπερέζομαι, to sit above. υπερ-ημερία, ή, (υπέρ, ήμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognizances, a distraining of goods, execution.

ὑπερ-ήμεροs, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c gen., ὑπερήμεροs γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπερ-ἡμισυς, υ, (ὑπέρ, ἤμισυς) above half, more than half.

ὑπ-έρημος, ov, somewhat desolate.

υπερ-ηνορέων, οντος, δ, (ὑπέρ, ἠνορέη) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἡνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνήρ) overbearing.

ύπερήσω, fut. of ύπερίημι.

ὑπερηφανέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηνορέων, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

• ὑπερηφανία, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανίω) arrogance, baughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερή-φἄνος, ον, = ὑπερ-φανής with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble. 2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence

ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θάλασσίδιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [στ]

ύπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθωμ-, f. άσομαι, to wonder exceedingly. 2. c. acc. to admire above measure. ὑπερ-θαύμαστος, ον, exceedingly admirable.

υπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; υπερθεν είναι ή.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ύπερ-θέω, t. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond.

to outstrip, to surpass, excel.

ύπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνοθμαι, to die for or instead of. ὑπερθορεῖν Ιοπ. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω. ὑπερθοροθμαι Ιοπ. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.

υπερ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι Ερ. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέθορον Ερ. ὑπέρθορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν: -to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc. ὑπέρ-θθμος, ov, high-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening. of a horse, too high-

couraged, restive. Hence

ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.

ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ $\check{v}$ ] ὑπέρ-θύρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Subst., ὑπέρθυρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον.

υπερ-ιάχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c.

gen. [ă]

ύπερίδειν, inf. of aor. 2 ύπερειδον.

υπερ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, burl

beyond the mark.

ύπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.

Υπεριονίδης, ου, δ, patronym. from Υπερίων [i], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.

ύπερ-ίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἴστημι).—to stand over, c. gen.. to stand over so as to protect one, to sheld, guard.

ὑπερ-ἰστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, knowing but too well, c. gen.
 ὑπερ-ἰσχῦρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ἰσχυρός) exceeding strong
 ὑπερ-ἰσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to bold above.
 II. mtr.
 to be above: to prevail over, c. gen.
 2. to protect,
 c. gen.

"Υπερ-ίων [1], ονος, ό, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with "Ηλιος in Homer, as 'Υπερίων' Ηέλιος, οτ 'Ηέλιος 'Υπερίων. (Said to be derived from

ὑπέρ, ἰών, he that walks on high.)

ύπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.

ὑπερ-καλλής, έs, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding

beautiful or fine.

ύπερ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοῦμαι, to suffer or labour for

any one, c. gen

ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. - καταβήσομαι, to get down over. ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, or, exceedingly absurd. ὑπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 οἱ ὑπερκαταβαίνω. ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, to laugb outright.

υπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above. υπέρ-κηλέω, f. ήσω, to charm beyond measure.

ὑπερ-κολᾶκεύω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately. ὑπέρ-κομπος,ον,(ὑπέρ,κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive: c.

weening, boasiful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νη̂es ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.

ὑπέρ-κοπος, ον, (ὑπέρ, κόπτω) like ὑπέρκομπος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence

ὑπερκόπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ήσω, to overfill or glut.

ύπέρ-κοτος, ον, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. -τωε, overmuch, exceedingly. ὑπερ-κρεμάννθμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ἄ] Att. -κρεμῶ:—Io bang up over or out of the way.

ύπερ-κτάομαι, f. - κτήσομαι: aor. I - εκτησάμην:—
to acquire over and above.

ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of

ὑπέρ-κύδας, αντος,  $\dot{\phi}$ , (ὑπέρ, κῦδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.

ύπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, peepover. 2. c. acc. to overstep.

ὑπέρ-λαμπροs, ov, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.

υπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to shew great eagerness. [v]

ὑπερ-λίαν, Αdv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or

doubt, undeniably. [ī]

ύπερ-λῦπέω, f. ἡσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress:—Pass to be distressed beyond measure.

ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass, with f. med. –μἄνοῦμαι: aor.

2 pass. ὑπερεμάνην [α]:—to be struck mad.

ύπερ-μάκης, εs, Dor. for ὑπερμήκηs.

ὑπερ-μάχεω, f. ήσω, (ὑπερ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.

ύπερμάχητικός, ή, όν, inclined to fight for another. ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μα], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρόs I will fight out this for my father.

ὑπέρ-μάχος, ον, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as

Subst., ὑπέρμαχοs, ὑ, a champion.

ύπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ἄ] ὑπέρ-μεγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great. ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγάθης [ἄ], ες, gen. εος, ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.

ύπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. Ι -μεθύσθην: Pass.:-- to be

excessively drunk.

ὑπερ-μενέτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ὑπερμενής. ὑπερμενέων, οντος, ὁ, excessively nugby. From ὑπερ-μενής, ός, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.

ὑπέρ-μετρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure,

excessive. Adv. -τρωs.

ύπερ-μήκης, εs, gen. εος, (ὑπέρ, μῆκος) exceeding long, bigb, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud. ὑπερ-μισέω, ſ. ήσω, to bate exceedingly.

υπέρ-μορον, Adv. = υπέρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.

ὑπερ-νέφελος, ον, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds. ὑπερ-νῖκάω, f. ήσω, to be more than conqueror. ὑπερ-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think or reflect ufon, c. acc. ὑπερ-νότος, ον, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.

υπέρ-ογκος, ον, (υπέρ, όγκος) of excessive size or

bulk, overgrown, immensely great.

ύπερ-οιδαίνω or -άνω, to swell, be much swollen. ύπερ-οιδάω Ion. -έω, f. ήσω, to swell excessively. ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell above or beyond.

ὑπέρ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οἰκέω) dwelling above, beyond. ὑπεροπλία, ή, (ὑπέροπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: bigb courage. [i Ep.]

ύπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὑπλίζω) to

vanquish by force of arms.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{e}}\rho$ -o $\pi\lambda$ os,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{e}}\rho$ ,  $\delta\pi\lambda$ o $\nu$ ) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπέροπλον είπειν to speak baughtily, arrogantly. generally, excessive, immense.

ύπερόπτης, ου, δ. (ύπερόψομαι) a contemner, dis-

dainer: absol. disdainful, baughty.

ὑπεροπτικός, ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful, scorn-

ful. Adv. -κωs, disdainfully. From

ὑπέρ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, baughty: neut. pl. as Adv. baughtily.

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. - όψομαι: aor. 2 - είδον inf. - δείν: aor. I pass. - ώφθην: (cf. ὁράω):-to look over, sur-II. to overlook, pay no beed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.

ύπερ-όριος poet. -ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄρος) over or ble on oneself for another. beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. υπερορία (sc. γη) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.

ύπερ-όρνυμαι, Pass. (ύπέρ, όρνυμι) to rise up over

a thing.

ύπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ήσω:-to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.

"ΥΠΕΡΟΣ, δ, or υπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and

pound with.

ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐρανός) above the beavens. ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preeminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.

ύπέροχος Ep. ύπείροχος, ον, (ύπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπείροχον έμμεναι άλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ωτατοs.

υπεροψία, ή, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.

ὑπερ-πἄγής, ές, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγέε extremely hard frost.

ὑπερ-παθέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ περ-παίω, f. –παιήσω: pf. –πέπαικα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.

ύπερ-παλύνω, to strew or scatter over. [v]

ύπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εύομαι:-to abound overmuch, to superabound.

ὑπερ-πέρισσος, η, ον, excessive: -- Adv. -σω, beyond measure.

υπερ-πέταμαι, Dep., = υπερπέτομαι.

ύπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ă], to stretch over.

υπερ-πέτομαι or -πέταμαι: fut. -πτήσομαι: 201. 2 -επτάμην [a], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέρπτατο: we also find Dor 3 sing. 20r. 2 act. ὑ. ερέπτα, from ὑπερέπτην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέττω, Att. for ὑπερπέσσω.

ύπερ-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.

υπέρ-πίκρος, ov, exceeding sharp or bitter.

ύπερ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to overfill:-Pass. to be overfull of a thing.

ὑπερ-πίνω, f. –πίομαι, to drink overmuch.  $[\bar{i}]$ ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. – πεσοῦμαι, to fall over or beyond. II.

of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ύπερ-πλεονάζω, f. άσω, to abound exceedingly. ύπερ-πλήθης, εs, (ὑπέρ, πληθοs) superabundant. ύπερ-πληρόω, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull. ύπερπλουτέω, f. ήσω, to be exceeding rich. From ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich. ὑπέρ-πολυς, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολύς) overmuch, very much or many.

ὑπερ-πονέω, f. ήσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:-Med., ὑπερπονείσθαί τινος to take trou-

ὑπερ-πόντιος, ον, also  $\alpha$ , ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea. ὑπέρπτἄτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πυππάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύππαξ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly

ὑπερ-πυρριάω, f. άσω [ā] (ὑπέρ, πυρρόs) to redden or blush for another

ύπερ-πωτάομαι, Ep. for ύπερπέτομαι.

ύπερράγην, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορρήγνυμι. [ἄ] ύπερ-σεμνύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύνω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.

υπέρ-σοφος, ov, extremely wise or clever.

ὑπερ-σπουδάζω, f. σω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.

ὑπερ-στατέω, = ὑπερίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.

ὑπέρσχη, ὑπέρσχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέγω.

ὑπέρτἄτος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form unaros: there is also a form ὑπερώτατο**s**. [ʊ]

ύπερτείλας, aor. I part. of ὑπερτέλλω.

ὑπερ-τείνω, f. -τενω: pf. -τέτἄκα:—to stretch over or above: to bold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιὰν σειρίου kuvos to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πόδα ἀκτη̂s to stretch one's foot over the beach, i. e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν το κέραs to outflank the enemy's wing. metaph. to surpass, excel.

ὑπερτελέω, to pass quite over, overleap. From

ὑπερ-τελής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen . άθλων ὑπερτελή one who has reached the end of his labours. II. =  $b\pi\epsilon\rho\tau\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omega\nu$ , rising over or above.

ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. -τελω; aor. I -έτειλα:—to rise or

appear over or above; ὑπερτείλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun baving risen above the borizon; ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to bang or project over.

υπερτερία Ion. -ίη, ή, the upper part, esp. the upper

frame of a carriage. From

υπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, bigber: hence better, more excellent; γενεῆ ὑπέρτεροs bigber by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέρτερα θεῦναι to turn topsy-turvy.

II. stronger, mightier; νιειτοιτοίας ονοκερον better than soothsayers.

III. further, more.
ὑπερ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I - έθηκα: aor. 2 - έθην: - to put or set over: - Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαί τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

ὑπερ-τιμάω, f. ήσω, to prize or bonour above

measure.

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.

υπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπέρτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch of stretch.

ύπερτοξεύσιμος, ov, to be oversbot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to oversboot.

ύπερ-τρέχω, f. -δράμοῦμαι: 20τ. 2 ὑπερέδράμον: to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρῦφάω, f. ήσω, to revel extravagantly.
ὑπ-ερυθριάω, f. άσω [ā], to grow rather red, to blush

or colour a little.

ύπ-έρυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.
ὑπερ-ὑψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.
ὑπερ-ψόω, Γ. ώσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly.
ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, 20τ. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [ἄ]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ύπερ-φαλαγγέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend

one's phalanx so as to outflank.

ὑπερφἄνῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence ὑπερφάνήs, έs, gen. έos, appearing over or above. ὑπέρ-φἄτοs, ov, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. -οlσω: aor. I act. -ήνεγκα, pass. -ηνέχθην:—to carry over or across. II. intr. to bave the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπέρ-φευ, Adv. like ὑπερφυῶs, excessively, overmuch:

too bigbly

ύπερ-φθίνομαι, poët. 3 sing. 20r. 2 -έφθιτο: Pass. to

perish for or in behalf of one.

υπερφίαλος, ov, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμὸς ὑπερφίαλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also baughtily, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to love beyond measure.

ύπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

υπέρ-φοβος, ov, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπερ-φορέω, to carry over.

ύπερ-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:--to shudder at one

beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπερφρονέω, f. ήσω, to bave bigh thoughts, to be overproud.
2. to look down upon, disdain. From ὑπέρ-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) bighminded, bighspirited: baughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπέρφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

υπερ-φυής, ές, (ὑπέρ, φυή) beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extraordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφυὴς ὅτος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.

ύπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act -έφῦν pf. -πέ-φῦκα:—to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to

outsboot, surpass, excel.

ὑπερφυῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφυής, excessively, marvellously; ὑπερφυῶς ὡς wonderfully bow, i. e. most wonderfully.

ύπερφύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ύπερ-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat.

II. c. part, to delight in doing.

ύπερ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ă], to let down over.

ὑπερ-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth. ὑπερ-χλιδάω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for χλιδάω, like ὑπερτρυφάω, to be over wanton or arrogant.

υπ-έρχομαι, f. - ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. - ήλυθον or - ηλθον: pf. - ελήλυθα: (cf. ερχομαι): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into metaph. to come upon or over one; υπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive.

IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπέρ-χρεως, ων, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt. ὑπ-ερωέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπό, ἐρωέω) to sbrink back, recoil. ὑπερώη Att. ὑπερώη, ή, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερώος.

υπερωιόθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From

ύπερφον, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερώιον, τό, the upper part of the bouse, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερφοs (sub. οίκημα).

ύπερῶοs, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερῶιοs (from ὑπέρ, as πατρῷοs from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead. ὑπερώτατοs, η, ον, poet Sup. for ὑπέρτατοs.

ύπεσσείται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. οδ ὕπειμι (εἶμι sum). ὑπέσταν, Ερ. 3 pl. 20r. 2 οδ ὑφίστημι, 21so 2.

Dor. for ὑπέστην, 1 sing. of same.

ὑπέστειλα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. Ι οf ὑποστρέφω. ὑπέσχεθον, poët. aor. 2 of ὑπέχω.

ύπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπισχνέομαι.

υπέσχημαι, pf. of υπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέτρεσας, 2 sing. 20r. 1 of ὑποτρέω.

ύπέτυψα, 201. Ι οί ύποτύπτω.

ὑπ-εύθῦνος, ον, (ὑπό, εὐθύνη) liable to give account,

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct.

2. c. genit. ltable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing:

3. also c. dat. subject, ltable, exposed to. ὑπ-ευνάομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, εὐνάω) to lie under.

ὑπέφηνα, 20r. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ύπέχευα, 201. Ι οδ ύποχέω.

ὑπέχρισα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

υπ-έχω, f. ὑφέξω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχον poet. ὑπέσχεθον:
(cf. ἔχω):—to bold under or underneath.
2. to
put under or place under.
3. to bold out the hand
as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὖαs, Lat. praebere aurem, to
lend an ear: hence to bold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of.
4. to supply, afford, place
at one's disposal.

II. to bold from underneath,
upbold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo,
submit to, suffer.
2. In law-phrase, ὑπέχειν
δίκην τινός to bave to give an account of a thing;
ὑπέχειν λόγον to bave to give account.

υπηγμαι, pf. pass. of υπάγω.

ὑπῆγον, ὑπήγἄγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

υπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, hearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, oi, subjects.

υπηλθον, 201. 2 of υπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to bang down: see ὑπεμνήμῦκε.

υπήνεικαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of υποφέρω.

ὑπ-ηνέμιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηνέμιον ἀόν a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

υπ-ήνεμος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηνέμου on the lee side.

υπήνη, ή, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the heard grows: the heard itself. Hence

υπηνήτης, ου, ό, a bearded man; πρώτον υπηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

ύπ-ηοιος, η, ον, (ὑπό, ἡώε) about dawn, towards morning, early.

υπηργμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ύπηρεσία, η, (ὑπηρεσέω) the service or duty of rowers.

2. Collective for oi ὑπηρέται, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew.

11. generally, bard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρέσιον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

υπηρετέω, f. ήσω: pf. act. υπηρέτηκα, pass. υπηρέτημα: (ὑπηρέτης):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do bard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῦν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμέων εἰν ὑμέων ὑπηρετέτωι the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, bumour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

υπηρέτημα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

υπ-ηρέτης, ου, δ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. appartior; ὑπηρετης ἔργου a belper in a work.

2. the servant who attended each beauy-armed soldier.

ύπηρετικόs, ή, όν, (ὑπηρέτηs) of or fit for rowing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for verving: of or for an ὑπηρέτηs or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέληs ὑπηρετικόs a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ύπ-ηρέτις, ιδος, fem. of ύπηρέτης, a belpmate, assistant.

ύπήρζηε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφίημι.

υπ-ηχέω, f. ήσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ύπ-ίημι, Ion. for υφίημι.

ὖπ-ίλλω: aor. I ὑπίλα: (ὑπό, ἴλλω = εἴλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπίλλειν στόμα to check one's tongue. ὑπιοῦσα, part. fem. of ὑπειμι (εἶμι ιδο).

ύπ-ίστημι, Ion. for υφίστημι

ὑπ-ισχνέομαι, contr. –οῦμαι Ion. ὑπίσχομαι: fut. ὑποσχήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπεσχόμην, imperat. ὑπόσχου: pf ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω = ἔχω):—to bold oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight ber troth: also to promise or vow to the gods generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ύπ-ίσχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνέομαι.

υπναλέος, α, ον, (ύπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

υπν-απάτης, ου, δ, (ύπνος, ἀπατάω) cheating of sleep.

ύπνίδιος, a, ον, (υπνος) (leepy, drowsy. [ντ]

ύπνο-δοτήρ, ηρος, ό, and ύπνο-δότης, ου, ό. (υπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νόμος ύπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ύπνο-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (ύπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

"ΥΠΝΌΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death.

II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death. υπνο-φόβης, ου, ὁ, (ὕπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

υπνόω, f ωσω: pf. act. υπνωκα, pass υπνωμαι: (υπνοs):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep. υπνω, Dor. gen. of υπνος.

ύπν-ώδης, εs, (ὕπνος, είδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνῶν, Lacon. for ὑπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνόω.

ύπνώσσω Att. -ττω, = ύπνόω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ύπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνόω, to sleep, fall asleep.

"ΠΙΟ', Prep, governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poët. ὑποί, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under; beer

κρήνη ὑπὸ σπείουs a fountain flows from under a cavern; ίππους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ὑπ' ἀρνειοῦ λυόμην I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχήσαs having hit him under the chest. the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ὑπό τινος to be slain by a man; θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' ἐαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπό τινος to hear, i. e. be told by, 2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ύπό τινος to flee by reason of one; ύπὸ κήρυκος προηγύρευε he proclaimed by voice of 3. ὑπό is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέουs, χαρᾶs, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.: hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑπ' ἀρετη̂s to do somewhat by reason of courage; ύπο δέους by reason of fear, etc; δρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστίγων to dig by constraint of the lash. 4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶσιν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are vir-5. ὑπό is often used of attuous under his sway tendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰωῆs at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κωμάζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοη̂s θυσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

With Dat. of the object, under which a thing is: I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσσί under one's teet; ὑπὸ τῆ ἀκροπόλει under the actopolis; ὑφ' ὑρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χεροὶ δαμῆναι to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεῖσθαι ὑπό τινι to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῆ τινοs βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance. II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπό τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπό τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' ἐαυτῷ to have under one, at one's command.

With Accus., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ σπέος ήλασε μήλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην Ιέναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήμου ἄγειν to bring under the judgment-seat. 2. under an object, without signf. of motion, ὑπ' ἡῶ τ' ἡἐλιόν τε under morning and the sun. II. of Time, like Lat, sub, about, near upon, ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τὴν ἔω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake, also c. part,, ὑπὸ τὸν νηὸν κατακαέντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

Position: ὑπό sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὕπο.

'Υπό stands absol. As ADV., under, below, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

In Compos.: I. under, either of rest, as in υπ-ειμι to be under: or of motion, as in υπο-βαίνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in υπ-άργυρος, υπό-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δμώs. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewhat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θωπεύω,

υπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ύπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base. II. metaph. to be below, be less in beight: τεσσαράκοντα πόδας ὑποβὰς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] τωὐτὸ μέγαθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i.e. building it forty feet lower.

ύπο-βάλλω Ερ ύββάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: pf. act. -βέ-βληκα, pass. -βέβληκα: --to throw, put or lay under, Lat substernere. II. Med to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one. ὑπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαίνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένθιος, ον, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below. ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ύπο-βίβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑποβαίνω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

 $\delta \pi_0$ - $\beta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \pi_0$ , f.  $-\beta \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \psi$ ομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrely.

υποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or coverly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ον, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeet, false.

υποβολή, ή, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding. II. pass, that which is fut under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph, the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, α, ον, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

υπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ύπο-βρέχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμαι:--to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:--pf. pass. part. ὑποβέβρεγμένοε, somewbat drunk.

ύπο-βρύχιος, ον, also a, ον, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [v]

ὑπόβρύχος, ον, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ύπό-γαιος οι ὑπόγειος, ον, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous. ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch. II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

 $\dot{v}\pi\dot{o}$ -yelos, ov, =  $\dot{v}\pi\dot{o}\gamma$ alos.

ὑπο-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ă]:—to laugh at. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

ύπο-γενειάζω, f. σω, (ύπό, γένειον) to intreat by

touching the chin.
ὑπο-γίγνομαι later and Ion, -γίνομαι aor. 2 - εγε-

υπο-γιγνομαι, later and ion, -γινομαι aor. 2 - εγενόμην: Dep.:—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. subnasci.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, ον, somewhat gray.

ύπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ύπο-γλϋκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκύς) to sweeten a little:

metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ύπο-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend under or gradually. ὑπογνώσης, 2 sing. 2 or. I subj of ὑπογιγνώσκω.

υπόγραμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ύπο-γραμματεύς, έως, δ, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμμάτεύω, f. σω, to be a ὑπογραμματεύε, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, δ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern,

model.

υπογράφεύς, έως, δ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία). ὑπογραφή, ἡ, a subscription, signature: an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print. II. a sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio. III a

painting under of the eyelids. From

ύπο-γράφω [ἄ], f. ψω: pf.-γέγραφα, pass.-γέγραμμα:
—to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to
write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to
set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem. 2. in drawing, to sketch,
draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat.
adumbrare: metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III.
to paint under the eyelids.

υπό-γυιος or -γυος, ον, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the band, close at band: fresh, new; hence late, recent.

II. sudden, unexpected; ἐξ ὑπογύον off band, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυίως or -γύως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. ὑπογυιότερον more recently; Sup. ὑπογυιότατα very lately.

ύπό-γυος, ον, = ὑπόγυιος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, f. ὑσω [v], to weep a little or in secret. ὑπο-δάμάω, f. ἀσω [ἀ]: pf. -δέδμηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑπεδμήθην: pf. -δέδμημα: :—to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome: aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδμη-θείσα, baving yielded to.

ύπο-δάμνημι, = ύποδαμάω; so also in Med.:—Pass. ὑποδάμναμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome. ὑποδδείσας, Ερ. aor. 1 part. of ὑποδείδω.

**ὑποδέγμενος**, Εp. 201. 2 part. of ὑποδέχομαι. ὑποδεδεμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδέω. ὑποδέδηγμαι, pf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεδιώς, pf. part. of ὑποδείδω.

υποδεδιώς, δ, (ὑπό, δεδιώς) literally, crouching for II. fear, name of a bird in Austophanes.

ύποδέδρομα, poet. pf. of ὑποτρέχω.

υπο-δεής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in Comp, ὑποδεέστερος inferior; ἐκ πολλῷ ὑποδεεστέρων w.th means much inferior.— Comp. Adv ὑποδεεστέρως, in inferior numbers.

ύπόδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark. II a pattern, copy, example.

ύπο-δείδω, f. σω: aor I ὑπέδεισα Ερ. ὑπέδδεισα: Ep. pf. ὑποδείδια: 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδείδισαν: poet. pf. ὑπαιδείδοικα, for ὑποδέδοικα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to sbrink in fear from, cower before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ύπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω: aor. I ὑπέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew underhand or secretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand.

II. to mark out: to shew, teach by example.

III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to: also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā], to be somewhat cowardly.

ύπο-δειμαίνω, to stand in secret awe of.

ύπο-δειπνέω, f. ήσω, to dine instead of another.

ύποδείσας, aor 1 part. of ὑποδείδω. ὑπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ὑποδέχομαι.

ύπο-δίμω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

υποδεξίη, ή, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest, means of enteriainment [7 in Ep, metri grat]

ὑποδέξιος, α, ον, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πο-δερίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πό, δέρη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑπόδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποδέω) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes. ὑποδέχθαι, Ep aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι

ύπο-δέχομαι Ιου. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. 1 -εδεξάμην: pf -δέδεγμαι: also aor. 1 pass. -εδέχθην (in pass sense): Dep :—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, wel come, entertain; ὁ ὑποδεξάμενος one's entertainer or 3. to give ear to, hearken to. dertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also to undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχεσθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. to endure, IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. 2. to follow in rank or order: to come excipere. next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ύπο-δέω, f. -δήσω: pf. pass. ὑποδέδεμαι:—to bind or tie under:—Med. to bind under one's feet, put on shoes, etc., κοθόρνους ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's buskins: absol., ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's shoes: pf. pass. part., ὑποδεδεμένος, with one's shoes on; ὑποδεδεμένοι with one's shoes on; ὑποδεδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

II.

ύπο-δηλόω, f. ώσω, to shew secretly, indicate. ὑπόδημα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδέω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδησαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.

calceus.

ὑπο-δἴδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus ὑπό-δἴκος, ον, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-δίφθερος, ον, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.

ὑποδμηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω.

ύπο-δμώς, - ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant. ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a bospitable

slaves. II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour. III a supposition, assumption. IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρὰ, (ὑποδρακεῖν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπύδρα ἰδών looking askance, i e fiercely, sternly.

ύποδράκειν, aor. 2 mf. of ύποδέρκομαι.

ύποδραμείν, aor. 2 mf. of ὑποτρέχω.

υποδράω poet ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ηρος, δ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ή, (ὑποδραμεῖν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑπόδρομος, ον, (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἴχνους a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ύπό δροσος, ov, somewhat dewy or damp

**ὑποδρώωσι**, poet for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. οἶ ὑποδράω

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πο-δ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ νω, =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ποδ $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ω. [ $\bar{\mathbf{v}}$ ]

ύποδύς, ῦσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύω.

ὑπόδὕσις, εως, ή, a diving of plunging under.

refuge, escape from a thing. From

ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω  $[\bar{v}]$ : f.  $-δύσω [\bar{v}]$ : aor. I ὑπέδῦσα· -to put on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, aor. 1 ὑπεδῦσάμην; also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑποδέδῦκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from. 3 to go under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, take on oneself, c. acc. 4. of feelings, to steal into or over, come on gradually. 5. δφθαλμοί ὑποδε-

δυκότες sunken eyes.

ὑπο-είκω, f. ὑπο-είξομαι, Εp. for ὑπείκω, ὑπείξομαι.

ύπο-εργός, όν, contr. ύπουργός, q. v.

υπο-ζάκορος, δ, also η, an under-priest or priestess. υπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύζω: aor. 1. ὑπέζευξα: Pass., aor. 2 ὑπεζύγην [τ]: pf. ὑπέζευγμαι:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζῦγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ύπο-ζυγόω, f. ωσω, = ύποζεύγνυμι.

ὑπόζωμα, ατος, τύ, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννῦμι and -ὑω: f. -ζώσω: pf. act. ὑπέζωκα, pass. ὑπέζωσμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ύπο-θάλπω, f. ψω, to heat underneath or inwardly:

-Pass. to glow beneath.

ύποθείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of υποτίθημι.

υπο-θερμαίνω, to beat gently:—Pass, to grow somewhat bot, to glow.

ύπό-θερμος, ov, somewhat bot or passionate:— Comp. -ότερος, too basty or passionate.

ύποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ύπόθεσις, εως, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laud down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumitio.

2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat, argumentum.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle.

2 generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ύπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race III to run in too bastily.

ύποθήκη, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice.

If a pledging, mortgage.

υποθημοσύνη, ή, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ύποθήσομαι, fut, med. of ύποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλίβω  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , f  $\psi\omega$ , to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορῦβέω, f. ήσω, to make a li'tle noise: to begin to make a noise.

ύπο-θράσσω Att. –ττω, fut –θράξω, Att. contr. from ύποταράσσω.

ύπο-θρύπτομαι, fut -θρύψομαι: 201. 1 ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep: -- to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμιάω, f άσω [ā]:—to burn scents so as to funigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck.

II. a kind of bird.

υπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ύπο θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underband:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ύπο-ιάχω [a], to sound forth a little or below. ὑπ-είγνῦμι and ὑπ-οίγω, f ὑποίξω, to open a little

or secre/ly.

• ὑπ-οικέω, f. ἡσω, to dwell or lie under.

ύπ-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίζω) = ὑποικέω.

ύπ-οικοδομέω, f ήσω, to build under or beneath.

ύπ-οικουρέω, f. ήσω, to keep bouse, stay at bome. II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at bome, to contrive underband. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with. ύπ-οιμώζω, fut. - ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθέ(ομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambusb. 2. c. acc. pers. to lie in wait for. ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ιω, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ύπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below.

ύπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend 2. intr to turn short back, double, as sbort back. II. metaph, to fall short of, c. acc. a hare.

ύπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the beart ύπο-καταβαίνω, fut.  $-\beta$ ήσομαι: aor. 2  $-\epsilon\beta\eta\nu$  · pf. -βέβηκα:-to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ύπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλίνω, to lay down under:-Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ύπο-κάτημαι, Ion. for ύποκάθημαι.

ύπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, under-

neath. [a]

ύπό-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον ίερο ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυοίν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὕλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

υπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστής; to give the

time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by voice of berald:-Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried. ύπο-κινέω, f. ήσω: 201. I -εκίνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις ầν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently. υπ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ύπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ύπο-κλάω, f. άσω [ă], to break underneath or by degrees.

ύπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underband:-Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. Ι ὑπεκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

ύπο-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess: - Pass. to be routed, scattered before one. ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ήσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under ;-Pass. to be bidden under.

ύπο-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash or cleanse from below: -Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ύπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδούμαι, Dep. to sit down ύπο-κνίζω, f. ίσω, to irritate or excite secretly:-Pass. to be provoked.

> ὑπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom. as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ύποκόρισμα, ατος, τό, a coaxing or endearing

word: a fair name for something base.

ύποκορισμός, ό, - ύποκόρισμα.

ύπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for υποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέκω, f. ξω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's band: to sound in barmony with, c. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ύπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [τ]

ύποκρίναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ῖ] ύποκρίνασθαι, aor. I inf of υποκρίνομαι. [1]

ύπο-κρίνομαι [τ], f. -κρϊνοῦμαι: aor. I med. ὑπεκρινάμην pass. ὑπεκρίθην [τ]: Med.: to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθέα to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ποκρίσία,  $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πόκρισι $\mathbf{s}$ .

ύπόκρισις, εως, ή, (ύποκρίνομαι) a reply, an-II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ύποκρίτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκρἴτικός, ή, όν, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ύπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack

ύπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. ὑπεκρύφθην:---to bide under or beneath: - Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρώζω, f. ξω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ov, running upon wheels.

ύπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: 201. Ι ύπέκυψα:--to bend of stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ὑπέκυψαν Πέρσησι the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place. ὑποκύπτειν τὰν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κύομαι, Med. (ὑπό, κυέω) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. I part. ὑποκῦσἄμένη. ὑπο-κώλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμωδέω, f. ήσω, to ridicule a little or underband. ὑπό-κωφος, ov, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπολαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ύπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor 2 υπέλδβον: pf. ύπείληφα, pass. ὑπείλημμαι. (cf. λαμβάνω):-to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next, 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in aor. 2 part., έφη ὑπολαβών he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. 11. = ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protec-2. to accept or entertain a proposal. to take up a notion, assume, understand:-Pass. to be supposed; ή ὑπειλημμένη χάριs the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underband: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάν ειν ιππον to bold up or check a horse.

light, gleaming. From

υπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f.  $\psi \omega$ , to pour a libation therewith or to. ύπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave bebind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείψομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at bome; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race. of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; ὑπολείπεσθαι αιτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.

ὑπό-λεπτος, ov, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λευκαίνω, to make white underneath: - Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

υπο-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must

suppose or understand.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ή, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; έξ ὑπολήψεως in turn, alternately. a rejoinder, reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ύπ-ολίζων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ὀλίζων) somewbat less, slighter or smaller.

υπό-λίθος, ov, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λιμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λισπος Att. -λισφος, or, sqmewbat smooth. worn smooth.

ύπό-λιχνος, ov, somewbat dainty.

ύπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep.:--to take into account or consideration.

ύπό-λογος, δ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιείσθαί τινος to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.

ύπο-λόγοs, ov Adj. taken into account, beld accountable, responsible.

υπό-λοιπος, ov, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ύπο-λόχαγος, δ, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-λύριος, ον, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑπολύριοs a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [v] ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω  $[\bar{v}]$ : aor.  $\bar{\iota}$  -έλ $\bar{v}$ σα: pf. -λέλ $\bar{v}$ κα: Pass., pf.  $-\lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \ddot{\nu} \mu \alpha \iota$ : plqpf.  $-\epsilon \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \dot{\nu} \mu \eta \nu$ : Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλυτο, 3 pl. ὑπέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ὑπέλυσε γυῖα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ὑπέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. ὑπολαμπήs, és, gen. éos, sbining with inferior from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him .- Med. to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp to ὑποδείσθαι. υπό-μακρος, ov, rather long, longish.

ύπο-μαλακίζομαι. Pass. (ὑπύ, μαλακίζω) to grow

soft or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees :- Pass, to be softened gradually.

ύπό-μαργος, ov, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. −ότερος.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

ύπο-μειδιάω, f. άσω [ā], to smile a little or gently.

ύπομείναι, aor. I inf. ot ύπομένω.

υπο-μείων, ον, gen. avas, samewbat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομείονες, οί, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to oµoioi (peers).

ύπο-μενετέον or -ητέον, verb. Adj. one must abide,

endure. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut, -μενω; aor, I - εμεινα:-to staybehind: to stay at bome. 2. to survive, remain II. trans. to abide or await another, to 2. c. acc, rei, to be patient under, bide his attack. to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol, to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. mf. to undertake to do 3. to wait for an event : to abide the a thing. issue of a thing. 4. to uphold, support, maintain.

ὑπο-μίγνῦμι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass, -μέμιγμαι:--tοmix among or up with. II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; ὑπομίξαι τῆ γῆ to run close under

ύπο-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω; aor. Ι ὑπέμνησα; c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, II. Pass. and Med., f. - urfmention, suggest.

σομαι: 201. 1 - εμνησάμην: pf. -μέμνημαι: -to call | to mind, remember: to make mention of.

υπό-μισθος, ov, serving for pay, bired, retained. ὑπο-μνάομαι contr. -μνώμαι: Dep.:-to court a

woman underband or behind her bushand's back.

ύπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass of ὑπομιμνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impf.  $\dot{v}$ πεμνάασθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, ατος, τό, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

ὑπομνησαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομιμνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, εως, ή, (ὑπομιμνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.

υπ-όμνυμι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπόμνύμαι, f. ὑπομοῦμαι: 20τ. Ι ὑπωμοσάμην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. a bolding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, ον, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly. υπο-valω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νείφω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ύπο-νέμομαι, 201. Ι -ενειμάμην: Med.:-to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine. ὑπο-νέφελος, ον, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds. ὑπο-νήιος, ον, (ὑπό, Νήιον) under the promontory Neīum, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. -ήξομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive ὑπο-νίφω [1], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow: - Pass., νὺξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

υπο-νοέω, f. ήσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοείν τι είε τινα to enter-

tain a suspicion of one. Hence

υπόνοια, ή, a bidden meaning or sense: suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

υπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From ὑπόνομος, ον, (ὑπονέμω) going underground, under-II. as Subst. ὑπόνομοε, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe. υπο-νοσέω, f. how, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ήσω, to go down, sink, settle down,

Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall. ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting. υπο-ξενίζω, f. ίσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, ον, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath,

made of wood plated over.

**ὑπο-ξυράω** or -έω, f. ήσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρημένος, half-shaven. ύπο-ξύριος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ξῦρόν) under the rasor.

υπο-ξύω, f. ύσω, [v], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

υπο-παρωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underband.

ύπο-πάσσω, f. -πάσω [ă], to strew under. ύπο-πεινάω, f. ήσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be bungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, όν, despatched underband, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c acc. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. submittere.

ύποπεπτηώτες, Ep. pf. part nom. pl. of ὑποπτήσσω. ύποπέπτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ύπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ὑπέπαρδον: Dep.:--to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

ύπο-περκάζω, f. άσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ύποπεσείν, 2 or. 2 inf. of ύποπίπτω.

ύπο-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ă]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι -to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, ον, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewbat rocky ύπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ύπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω. aor. I ὑπέπλησα, pass -επλήσθην: to fill a little, fill by degrees: Pass, τέκνων ὑποπλησθηναι to abound with children.

ύπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [τ], f. –πίομαι: pf. –πέπωκα:—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tippling: ὑποπεπωκώs rather tipsy.

ύπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσουμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: 201. 2 ὑπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, bappen to, befall,

ύπο-πισσόω Att. -ττόω, f. ώσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ύπο-πλάκιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount

Placos near Troy: cf. ὑπονήιοs. [α] II. υπό-πλάτυς, v, somewhat flat or extended.

somewbat salt: cf. πλατύs. ὑπό-πλεος, ον Att. –πλεως, ων, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, ων, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ύπο-πλώω, Ion, for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. –πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ύπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, πούε) a fnotstool.

ύπο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to bring under:--Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ύπο-πόλιος, ον, (ὑπό, πολιόε) somewhat gray. ύπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

υπό-πορτις, ιος, ή, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ύπο-πραίνω Ep. and Ion. -πρηύνω, to appease a little or by degrees. [5]

υπο-πρίαμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.

υπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [7]

ὑπό-πτερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged: swift-winged, fleet: also soaring, flighty.

υποπτεύω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of, suspect that, c. inf.: also to suspect, surmise: - Pass. to be suspected, mistrusted. From

ύπ-όπτης, ου, ό, (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc. Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, shy.

ύπο-πτήσσω, f.  $\xi \omega$ : pf.  $-\pi \epsilon \pi \tau \eta \chi \alpha$ , Ep. part.  $-\pi \epsilon \pi$ τηώς, pl. -πεπτηώτες:-to crouch or cower down from fear; πετάλοις ὑποπεπτηῶτες crouching under the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower before another: absol. to be modest, abashed.

ύποπτος, ον. (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at from under: looked askance at, viewed with suspicion or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fearing, Lat. suspicax: as Subst., το υποπτον, suspicion,

jealousy.

ὑπόπτωs, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.

 $\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ π-όρθριος,  $o\nu$ , also, a,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{u}}$ πό, ὄρθρος) towards morning, about dawn, at break of day.

ὑπο-ρῖπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ριπίς) to fan from below

or gently.

ὑπ-όρνυμι, f. -όρσω: aor. I -ῶρσα:—to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually:—Pass. ὑπόρνύμαι, Ep. 3 sing. 2 or. 2 ὑπῶρτο: pf. 2 -ώρορα:--to arise from under or gradually.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ - $\dot{\mathbf{o}}\rho\mathbf{o}\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ ,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\omega}\rho\mathbf{o}\mathbf{\phi}\mathbf{o}\mathbf{s}$ . II. sounding softly from a reed; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe. ὑπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up:

metaph. to devise, make up.

ύπορ-ρέω, f. pass. -ρυήσομαι and aor. 2 ύπερρύην (in act. sense): pf. -ερρύηκα:—to flow away under: to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere; to flow or fall in gradually. 2. to slip away: of the hair, to fall off: of Time, to run on.

ύπορ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break underneath:-Pass. to be rent from beneath, break

gradually open.

ύπόρ-ρηνος, ον, (ύπό, ρήν) poët. for υπαρνος, with ὑπόο-onvos. ον. (ὑπό. δήν) poët. for ὑπαονος. with ύπορ-ριπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, = ύποριπίζω.

υπ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, under-

υπ-ορχέομαι, f. -hσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to music.

υπό-σαθρος, ov, somewhat rotten, tainted.

ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ίγξω, to sound the trumpet slightly ὑπο-σείω Ερ. ὑποσσείω: f. -σείσω: -to shake from below or gently, set in motion a little.

υπο-σημαίνω, f. ανω, to give a bint of, intimate, indicate quietly: c. dat., σάλπιγγι υποσημαίνειν to

make signal by sound of trumpet.

ὑπο·στγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during. ύπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence. ὑπο-σκάζω, f. άσω, to balt a little.

ύπο-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire. | ὑπο-στορέννθμι also -στόρνυμι and -στρώννυμι:

υπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.

ύπο-σκελίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλοε) to trip up one's beels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.

ύπό-σκιος, ον, (ὑπό σκιά) under the shade, overshadowed: of suppliants, shaded by their olivebranches.

ύπο-σμύχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:— Pass. to smoulder away. [v]

ύπο-σπανίζομαι, pf. ύπεσπάνισμαι: Pass.:-- to suffer want a little, c. gen. rei, βορας ὑπεσπανισμένος stinted or in want of food.

ύπο-σπάω, f. άσω [ă], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly: -- Med., ὑποσπάσασθαι τὸν ἵπmov to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.

ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce of treaty, secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce or treaty: τούς νεκρούς ύποσπόνδους αποδιδόναι or άναιρεῖσθαι, to giant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.

ὑποστάθμη, ή, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.

ύποσταίην, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.

ύποστάς, ασα, άν, 20r. 2 part. of υφίστημι.

ὑπόστασις, εως, ή, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under, a support: metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph the foundation or ground of bope or confidence, confidence, resolution. subsistence, reality; substance, nature, essence.

υποστατός, όν, verb. Adj. of υφίσταμαι, set un-II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured. ύπο-σταχύομαι, Pass. (ύπό, στάχυς) to grow up gradually like ears of corn.

ὑπό-στεγος, ον, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under 2. covered over. cover of a bouse.

ύπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, bide under.

 $\dot{v}_{\pi 0}$ - $\sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \lambda \omega$ ,  $\dot{f}_{\epsilon}$  - $\sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \hat{\omega}$ ; aor. I  $\dot{v}_{\pi} \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau \dot{\epsilon} \iota \lambda \alpha$ ; pf. ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι:-to let down, lower, take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. draw or sbrink back from, sbrink from the presence 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear: of. 2. to cloak conceal subtress through fear : dissimulation.

ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ξω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or mean in an under tone. ΙΙ. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νώτοι: ὑποστενάζει be groans under the weight of heaven on his back.

ύπο-στενάχίζω, f ίσω = ὑποστενάζω.

ύπο-στένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to sigb or groan.

ύποστηναι, 20r. 2 inf. of υφίστημι.

ὑπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.

ὑποστήτω, 3 sing, 20r. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι. ύπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.

ύποστολή, ή, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lowering of sails: a sbrinking back. II. submission.

ύπο-στονάχιζω, = ύποστεναχίζω.

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω: aor. I ὑπεστόρεσα and -έστρωσα: pf. ὑπέστρωκα, pass. ὑπέστρωμα:—to spread, lay or strew under:—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself: 3 sing. pf. pass. ῷ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ύποστορέσαι, 20r. I inf. of υποστορέννυμι.

υποστράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to serve under as lieutenant. From

τοπ ὑποστράτηγος, ό, a lieutenant-general. ὑποστράφθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part from ὑποστρέφω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I -εστρέφθην: pf -έστραμμα:—to turn round about, guide back. II intr. to turn sbort round, wheel round, turn and flee: to return: so in fut. med ὑποστρέψομαι and aor. I pass. 3. to turn awdy, elude a person. Hence ὑποστρεψεία, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω. ὑποστροφή, ħ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round: turning about, either to flee or to rally; ἐξ ὑποστροφής, Lat. denuo, again, anew: also on the contrary. ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τὸ, (ὑποστρώννυμι) that which is

spread or strewed under, a bed, litter. ὑπο-στρώννῦμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ύπο-σύριξω or -ίττω, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle. ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down: to trip up. [v̄] ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπισχνέομαι. ὑποσχές, έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπέχω.

ύποσχέσθας, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑπισχνέομαι. ὑποσχέσθη, ή, Ερ for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

**ὑποσχέσιον**, τό, = ὑπόσχεσιs. ὑπόσχεσιs, εωs,  $\eta$ , (ὑπισχνέομαι)  $\alpha$  promising, pro-

υπόσχεσις, εως, ή, (ὑπισχνέομαι) a promising, promise, engagement; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῦν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. οf ὑπισχνέομαι.

**ὑποσχών**, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποτάγή, ή, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection ὑπο-ταμνόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ύπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

υπυ-ταράσσω Att. -ττω, contr. -θράσσω: f. ξω: pf. pass -τετάραγμα: :--to stir up, trouble from below or a little:--Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

υπο-ταρβέω, f. ήσω, to be somewhat afraid: c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ύπο-ταρτάριος, ον, (ύπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ύπότδοις, εως, ή, (ὑποτείνω) a stretching or spreading out from under; πεδίων ὑποτάσεις the plains that stretch below.

ύπο-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass.-τέταγμαι:to place or arrange under, subject.

υπο-τείνω, f. - τενω: aor. 1 - έτεινα: — to stretch under, put inder as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before of towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer: — Med. to propose by way of question, submit. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ύπο-τειχίζω, f. low Att. ιω, to build a wall under or across: to build a cross-wall. Hence

υποτείχισις, εως, ή, the building of a cross-wall; and υπο-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

όπο-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate: absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ύπο-τελής, έs, gen. έος, (ύπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. vectigalis, tributarius.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ύπο-τέμνω Ιοπ. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ and -τάμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὑπέτἄμον: Pass., aor. I -ετμήθην: pf. -τέρμημαι:—to cut away or under: to cut unfairly. H. to cut off, Lat. intercipere; ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope; so also in Med., ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage:—Pass, ὑποτάμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ύπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: 20τ. Ι ὑπέθηκα: 20τ. 2 ὑπέ-Onv:-to place under: to put under, make sub-2. to place under as a foundation, to lay down: esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion of argument to propose to II. to suggest, mostly in Med.: c. dat. do. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish: c. inf. to advise one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage: hence, 2. to stake. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep. bazard, venture.

ύπο-τιμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med.: as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τἴτράω, to bore through below.

\*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ὑποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ὑπέτλην, pf. ὑποτέτληκα:—to bear, endure, submit to

ὑπο-τονθορίζω οτ -ύζω, to murmur or bum softly. ὑποτοπεύω, = ὑποτοπέω.

ύποτοπέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ὑπετόπησα: also as Dep ὑποτοπέομαι: aor. I ὑπετοπήθην: (ὑποπτοs):—to suspect or surmuse that: also c. acc. to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f σω, to lisp a little.

ύπο-τρείω, Ep. for ὑποτρέω.

υπο-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession: Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ύπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι and -δράμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὑπέδρὰμον: pf. ὑποδέδρομα:—to run in under; ὁ κύων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοὺς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs. II. to run under or below. III. to run in between, intercept. 1V. to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

υπο-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble a little: to sbrink back, give ground.

11. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ύπο-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually.

II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish; cf. ὑπότριμμα. [i]

ψπο-τρίζω, to chirp or whistle softly.

ὑπότριμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποτρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑπότριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.

ύπο-τρομέω, f. ήσω, to tremble under or a little.

c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.

ύποτροπή, ή, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, re-II. a return, recurrence.

ὑπότροπος, ον, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.

ὑπο-τροχάω, poet. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.

ὑπο-τρύζω, to hum in an undertone.

ύπο-τρώγω, f. –τρώξομαι: 20r. 2 –έτρἄγον:---to eat underband or secretly.

ὑπο-τϋπόω, f ώσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat.

adumbrare.

ύπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to str.ke or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψας κηλωνηίφ αντλέει he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface: ὑποτύπτουσα φιάλη τοῦ γρυσοῦ έδωρέετο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ή, (ὑποτὔπόω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy pattern.  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ -ov $\theta$ á $\mathbf{v}$ cos,  $\mathbf{a}$ , o $\mathbf{v}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ , o $\dot{\mathbf{v}}\theta$ a $\mathbf{p}$ ) under the udder,

hence sucking. [ă]

 $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}\pi$ -ουλος,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\dot{\mathbf{v}}\pi\dot{\mathbf{v}}, o\dot{\mathbf{v}}\lambda\dot{\mathbf{\eta}})$  of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, bollow, unreal; κάλλος κακών υπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ὑπ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπό, οὐρἄνός) under beaven or the

beavens: reaching up to beaven.

ὑπουργέω, f. ήσω: pf act. ὑπούργηκα, pass. ὑπούργημαι: (ὑπουργός): -to render service, to serve, succour to be of service: c. neut. acc, χρηστά 'Αθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athemans good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence

ὑπούργημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered.

ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.

ύπουργία, ή, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, com-

ύπ-ουργός, όν, contr. for ύποεργός, (ὑπό, \*ἔργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

ὑπο-φαίνω, f.  $-\phi$ ἄν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $-\epsilon \phi \eta \nu \alpha := to$  shew or bring to light from under; θρηνυν ὑπέφηνε τραπέ-(ns be drew the stool from under the table. shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπω.

ύπο-φατις, ιος, ή, Dor for ὑποφητις, fem. of ὑπο-

φήτηε, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφαυσις, ή, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From

ὑπο-φαύσκω, (ὑπό, φάοε) to begin to shine.

ύπό-φαυτις, ιος, ή, Aeol. for ὑπόφασις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.

ύπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear. ύπο-φέρω, f ύποίσω. aor. τ ύπήνεγκα Ιομ. ύπήνεικα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. 111. to hold out under or before: to hold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

ύπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee from under, evade:

to retire a little, shrink back.

ὑποφητεύω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτηs. From ύπο-φήτης, ου, ό, (ύπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ύπο-φθάνω [ă], f. ὑποφθήσομαι later also -φθάσω [ $\check{a}$ ]: aor. I  $\check{v}\pi\check{\epsilon}\phi\theta\check{a}\sigma\alpha$ : aor. 3  $\check{v}\pi\check{\epsilon}\phi\theta\eta\nu$ , inf  $\check{v}\pi\circ\phi\theta\check{\eta}\nu\alpha$ i, part. ὑποφθάs: pf. ὑπέφθακα:—to baste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθάς δουρὶ μέσον περύνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part, ὑποφθάμενος κτείνεν he killed him beforeband.

ύπο-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to feel secret envy at.

υπό-φθονος, ov, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -vws, somewhat jealously.

ύπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below. ύπο-φόνιος, ον, (ὑπό, ψόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ὑπο-φραδμοσύνη, ή, suggestion: in plur. counsels.

ύπο-φράζομαι, Med to conjecture.

ύπο-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f ξω: pf. -πέφρικα:---to shudder a little.

ύποφυγών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ύποφεύγω.

ὑπο-φωλεύω, to he hidden under.

ύπο-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to call gently to.

ύπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκαδόμην: Dep.:--to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.

ύπο-χαλινίδιος [νί], α, ον, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ἡ, a kind of snaffle-

ύπο-χάροπός, όν, (ύπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.

ύπο-χείριος, ον, also a, ον, (ὑπό, χείρ) under one's bands, in the band: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίους ποιείσθαι to make subject. ύπο-χέω, f. -χεω: aor. I ύπέχεα Ερ. ὑπέχεια: pf. pass. -κέχυμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχυτο:--to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strew or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖε ποσί the leaves stresun under their feet: metaph. in Pass. to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστίη ὑπεκέχυτο αὐτῶ distrust stole over him.

ύπο-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπό, χθών) under the earth, subterraneous.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πό-χθων, ονος,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ποχθόνιοε.

υποχος, ον, (ὑπέχω) subject, under control, τινί to one: also c. gen., ὕποχοί τινος a king's subjects.

υπό-χρεωs, ων, gen. ω, (υπό, χρέοs) subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. obseratus.

ύπο-χρίω, f. -χρίσω [i]: aor. I act. ὑπέχρισα, pass. ὑπεχρίσθην:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.

ὑπό-χρῦσος, ov, containing a mixture of gold.

ύπο-χωρέω, f. ήσομαι, to go back, recoil; ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain; ὑποχωρεῖν τινι τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour one, give it up to him.

2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting.

Il. to go on in succession.

υπό-ψαμμος, ov, baving sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: Comp. - ότερος, somewhat sandy.

ὑποψία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) suspicion, jealousy; ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατά τινος to entertain suspicion of a person; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion.

II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness

υπόψιος, ον, (ὑπόψομαι) viewed from below, Lat. suspectus; hence viewed with suspicion.

ὑπόψομαι, serving as fut. of ὑφοράω.

ύπ-οψωνέω, f. ήσω, (ὑπό, ὀψωνέω) to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.

ὑπτιάζω, f. άσω, (ὕπτιος) to bend oneself back: to carry one's bead bigb.

Il. transit. to bend or throw back: Pass., ὑπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched back.

ύπτιασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost; ὑπτιάσματα χερῶν hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supinis manibus.

II. a backward fall.

ὑπτιαστέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπτιάζω, one must throw back.

υπτιος, α, ον, (ὑπό) with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat supinus, resupinus; of one falling, πέσεν ὕπτιος he fell on his back; ὑπτίοις σέλμασιν ναυτίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards; γαστηρ ὑπτία belly uppermost.

2. generally, anything turned up, inverted; κράνος ὑπτιον a helmet with the bollow uppermost; 50, ἀσπὶς ὑπτία; but, κύλιξ ὑπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost; ἀψὶς ὑπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost.

3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence

υπτιόω, f. ώσω, to turn over, upset.

ὑπ-ωθέω, (ὑπό, ἀθέω) to push or thrust away. ὑπ-ωλένιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, ἀλένη) under the

arm or elbow.

ὑπωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὑπόμνυμι.

ύπωμοσία, ή, (ὑπόμνυμι) an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ἀνθυπωμοσία.

υπωπιάζω, f. άσω, (ὑπώπιον) to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, ven or annoy greatly. Hence

υπωπιασμός, ό, a striking under the eye: affliction.
υπ-ώπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ώψ) the part under the eyes, the
face.

II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, a blow

under the eye, a black eye

ὑπ-ωρεία οι ὑπ-ωρεία, ἡ, (ὑπό, ὄρος) the foot of a
mountainous track: plur. ὑπωρεία, the roots of a
mountain, Lat. radices montis.

ὑπώρορε, 3 sing pf. intrans. of ὑπόρνυμι.

υπ-ωρόφιος, ον, also a, ον, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) under the roof, under cover of a bouse, in a bouse: generally, under shelter.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ π-ώροφος,  $o\nu$ , =  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ πωρόφιος.

"TPXA, ή, an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a picklejar, Lat. orca. (Acol. word)

ΥΣ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ὑύs [v]: acc. ὖv:—like σῦs, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a same pig; but ὖs ἄγριοs a wild boar.

"ΥΣΓΗ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , a sbrub from which comes the dye  $\ddot{v}\sigma\gamma\nu\nu\nu$ .

ύσγινο-βάφής, ές, (ὕσγινον, βαφηναι) dipped or dyed in ὕσγινον, scarlet.

ὕσγῖνον, τό, (ὕσγη) a vegetable dye of scarlet colour. ὕσδος, for ὄσδος, Acol. for ὄζος.

ΰ**σθην**, aor 1 pass. of ὕω.

"ΥΣΜΙ'ΝΗ [t], η, irreg. dat. ὑσμῦνι, a fight, battle, combat; πρώτη ὑσμίνη the front of the fight: ὑσμίνηνηδε to the fight. Ep. word.

 $\dot{v}\sigma\pi\lambda\alpha\gamma$ is,  $\iota\delta\sigma$ s,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Dor. for  $\dot{v}\sigma\pi\lambda\eta\gamma$ is, =  $\ddot{v}\sigma\pi\lambda\eta\gamma\xi$ .

υσπλαγξ, αγγος, ή, Dor for υσπληγξ.

υσπληγξ, ηγγος, or -πληξ, ηγος, ή, a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start.

II. the snare of the fowler (Deriv. uncertain.)

υσσωπος, ή, the aromatic plant byssop. (Oriental

word.)

ύστάτιος, α, ον, = ὕστατος, (cp. μεσσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος = τόσσος,) last, bindmost: neut. ὑστάτιον as Adv., last, at last.  $[\breve{a}]$ 

υστάτος, η, ον, (Comp. ὕστερος, q. v.) last, utmost, bindmost, of space: also of time, η ὑστάτη (sc. ἡμέρα) the last day:—neut. ὕστατον and ὕστατα, as Adv., last, at last.

ύστέρα Ion. -έρη, ή, (ὕστεροε) the womb, mostly in plur. ὑστέραι, αἰ, Ion. gen. -έων.

ύστεραίοs, α, ον, (ὕστεροs) properly on the day after; η ὑστεραία (sub. ημέρα) the day after, following day; τη ὑστεραία Ion. - αίη, on the following day, next day, Lat. postridie: generally, = ὕστεροs, later, next.

υστερέω, f. ήσω: aor. I υστέρησα: pf. υστέρηκα: Pass., aor. I υστερήθην: (υστερος):—to be behind, come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards. II. of Time, c. gen. rci, to come later than, come too late for; υστερεῦν τῆς μάχης πέντε ήμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: c. dat. pers. to be too late for him: absol. to come late

or too late. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of:—in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

υστέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency.

ύστέρησις, εως, ή, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want,

ύστερίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: aor. I ὑστέρισὰ: (ὕστεροs):—to come after, come later or too late. II. c. gen. rei, to come later than; ἡμέρη μιῆ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν to be one day bebind the day appointed.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen.

IV. to be in want of, to lack.

ύστερό-ποινος, ον, (ὕστερος, ποινή) late-avenging. ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ὑ, with late foot, late-coming. ὕστερος, α, ον, (Sup. ὕστατος, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. II. of

Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὕστερός τινος later than a person: c gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., ἐς ὕστερον afterwards; so, ἐν ὑστέρω, ἐξ ὑστέρου and ἐξ ὑστέρης.

III. standing after,

inferior, weaker; γυναικός ὕστερος under a woman's power. IV. the neut. ὕστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, bereafter, in future, for

the future; also ὕστερα; c. gen., ὕστερον τουτέων later than these events.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὕστεροε, φθείρω) destroying

after, late-destroying.

υστερό-φωνος, ον, (ὕστερος, φωνή) sounding after,

echoing.
"ΥΣΤΡΙΞ, τχος, δ and ή, a hedgebog, porcupine.

Hence ὑστρίχίς, ίδος, ή, a whip for punishing slaves. ὑφᾶγεῦ, Dor. for ὑφηγοῦ, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of

ὑφηγέομαι. ὑφ-αιμος, ον, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, bloodsbot. II. bot-blooded.

ὑφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

ΤΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφάνω: 201. Ι ὕφηνα later ὕφανα: Pass., 201. Ι ὑφάνθην: pf. ὕφασμαι:—to weave; loτòν ὑφαίνειν to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom. III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, 2s, μῆτιν οτ δύλον ὑφαίνειν. 2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ύφαίρεσις, εως, ή, (ὑφαιρέω) a taking away under

or underband, a purloining, pilfering.

νφ-αιρέω Ion. νπ-αιρέω: f. -αιρήσω: 20τ. 2 νφείλον: pf. ψφήρηκα: Pass., aor. 1 νφηρέθην: pf. ψφήρημαμη, part. νφηρημένος Ion. νπαραιρημένος: --to stepunderneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. II. to draw from under. 2. to take away something of, c. gen. 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin: νφαιρείσθαι τινά τι οτ τινος to deprive one secretly of a thing. 2. to make away with underband, keep out of the way.

ὕφ-αλος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄλς) under the sea; ὕφαλον Ερε-

See the darkness of the deep.

ὑφάντης, ου, ὁ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὑφαντικός, ἡ, όν, of or for weaving: skilled in

weaving. ὑφαντο-δόνητος, ον, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, woven.

ὑφαντός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, woven: τὰ ὑφαντά cloth inwoven with figures.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω: f. ψω: aor. I ὑφῆψα Ion. ὑπῆψα: pf pass. ὕφημμα: —to set on fire from underneatb: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite.

2. absol. to light underneatb: to light a fire under or in a place. ὑφ-αρπάζω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάζω: f. -άσομαι later -άσω: aor. I ὑφήρπασα:—to snatcb away from under, take away underband, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ύφαρπάμενος, poet. for ύφαρπασάμενος, 201. 1 med.

part. of ὑφαρπάζω.

υφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [τ]

ύφάω, poet. for ὑφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὑφόωσι.

ύφειμένος, pf. pass part. of ὑφίημι: Adv. ὑφειμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. sub-nusse.

ὑφ-εῖσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal 201.1 of ὑφίζω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., ὑπείσας ἄνδρας baving set men in ambush.

ύφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support. ὑφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλκω, one must draw away under or underband.

ὑφ-ἐλκω, f. -ἐλξω or -ελκύσω [τ]: aor. I ὑφείλ-κτοα: (cf. ἔλκω):—to draw away under, underband or gently, ὑφέλκειν τινὰ ποδοίιν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:—Mcd. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers

ὑφελοίατο, Ion. 3 pl. 20r. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαιρέω. ὑφέντας, 2cc. pl. of ὑφείς, 20r. 2 part. of ὑφίημι.

υφ-έρπω, f. - έρψω or - ερπύσω [ $\tilde{v}$ ]: 201. I ὑφ-έρποτα: (cf. έρπω):—to creep under or secretly; ὑφ-έρπε πολύ it crept fat on secretly, spread abroad. II. c. 202. to steal upon, come over.

ύφ-έσπερος, ον, (ύπό, έσπέρα) towards evening: neut. pl. ὑφέσπερα as Adv., about evening.

ὑφή, ἡ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὑφαί woven garments.

ὑφ-ηγεμών, όνος, ό, = ἡγεμών.

ψφ-ηγέομαι, f. ήσομαι: pf. ψφήγημαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way.
to shew the way to do, instruct in a thing.
to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

υφήγησις, εως, ή, a leading, guiding; and

υφηγητήρ, ηρος, δ, and υφ-ηγητής, οῦ, δ, one who leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser.

ύφηνα, aor. I of ὑφαίνω.

υφηνιοχέω, f. ήσω, to be a charioteer:—Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ύφ-ηνίοχος, δ, (ὑπό, ἡνιόχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

less or younger.

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\phi} - \mathbf{v} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{\omega}$ ,  $\mathbf{f} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{\omega}$ ,  $= \dot{\mathbf{v}} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \dot{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{\omega}$ .

υφ-ίζω, f ζήσω, (ὑπό, ἴζω) to sit or crouch down:

to sink or fall in.

ύφ-ίημι Ion. ὑπίημι: f. ὑφήσω: aor. I ὕφηκα: pf. υφεικα, pass. υφειμαι: (see ίημι):-to send down, let down, to lower; υφιέναι ιστόν to lower the mast; υφιέναι Ιστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, υφίεσθαι μαστοίε to put a child 3. to engage seto ber own breasts, to suckle it. eretly, Lat. submittere: hence pf. pass. part. ὑφειµένοs, secretly lurking. II. intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, υφιέναι της δργης to cease from anger; so in Med., υφίεσθαι δργηε; τὸ ύδωρ ὑπίεται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its cold-2. absol. to submit, give in, slacken, ness. abate. III. in Pass. absol. to submit, surrender: c. inf. to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλείν ὑφειμένη to sail with lowered sails.

ύφίητι, Dor. for ύφίησι, 3 sing. of ὑφίημι. **ὑφ-ίστη**μι: (cf ἴστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in f. ὑποστήσω and aor. I ὑπέστησα :--to place 3. to submit, or set under. 2. to post secretly. propose, suggest: so also in fut. and act. I med. to lay down, suggest; εί μή τι πιστον υποστήσει unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑφέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑφιστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐφιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: c. acc. cognato, ὑποστηναι υπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol. to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to 4. c. acc rei, to submit to. 5. ὑποστῆναι άρχήν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. subsistere. ύφ-οράω, or as Dep. ύφοράσμαι: fut. ὑπόψομαι:

(ὑπό, ὁράω):-to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. suspicere, suspi-

II. to keep in view. cari.

ύ-φορβός, ό, (is, φέρβω) a swineberd.

ὑφ-ορμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to bring into harbour secretly:-Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

υφόρμίσις, ή, a place for ships to run into, barbour.

 $\mathbf{v}\phi\mathbf{os}$ ,  $\epsilon\mathbf{os}$ ,  $\mathbf{r}\delta$ , =  $\mathbf{v}\phi\mathbf{n}$ .

**ὑφόωσι**, Ερ. for ὑφῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑφάω.

ύφ-υδρος, ον, (ὑπό, ὕδωρ) under water.

ύψ-αγόρας, ου, ό, Ιου. -αγόρης, (ύψι, αγορεύω) α big talker, a boaster, braggart.

δψαυχενέω, f. ήσω, and δψαυχενίζω, f. ίσω, to carry the neok bigb, strut proudly. From

ὑφ-ήσσων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ήσσων) somewhat | ὑψ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψι, αὐχήν) carrying the neck bigb: hence stately, towering: baughty.

ὑψ-ερεφής, ές, (ὕψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

ύψ-ηγόραs, Ion. for tway--.

ύψ-ήγορος, ον, (ύψι, άγορείω) talking loftily, vaunting.

ύψήεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for ύψηλός.

ύψηλαs, Dor. for ύψηληs, fem. gen. of ύψηλόs.

ὑψηλ-αυχενία, ή, (ὑψηλός, αὐχήν) a carrying the neck bigb.

ύψηλό-κρημνος, ον, (ύψηλός, κρημνός) with bigb crags

ύψηλός, ή, όν, (ὕψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering; χώρα ύψηλή a highland country:—metaph. bigb, lofty, stately, proud.

ύψηλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be bighminded, bearing

oneself baughttly. From

 $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ψηλό-φρων, ονος,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ,  $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ , ( $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$ ψηλό $\mathbf{s}$ , φρήν) bighminded, bigb-spirited, baughty.

ύψ-ηρεφής, έs, gen. έos, = ύψερεφήs.

ύψ-ηχήs, έs, gen. έos, (ΰψι, ήχοs) sounding on bigb. "TYI", Adv. bigh, aloft, on bigh: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. in ίων, Sup. υψιστος.

ύψι-βάτος, ον, (ΰψι, βαίνω) set on bigb, standing

bigh, high-placed.

ὑψι-βρεμέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕψι, βρέμω) bigh-thundering. ὑψζ-γέννητος, ον, (ὑψι, γεννάω) bigb-grown, topmost. ὑψί-γυιος, ον, (ὕψῖ,γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, bigb-stemmed. [1]

ύψί-ζύγος, ον, (ύψί, ζυγόν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, bigh-enthroned.

ὑψί-θρονος, ον, (ΰψῖ, θρόνος) bigh-throned.

ύψι-κάρηνος, ον, (ὕψι, κάρηνον) with high bead,

bigh-topped [a] ύψι-κέλευθος, ον, (ύψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ύψικέρατα, irreg. acc. of υψίκερωs.

ύψί-κερωs, ων, gen. ω, (ύψι, κέραs) with high or lofty borns; there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, butκέρατα πέτραν a high-peaked rock.

ύψί-κομος, ον, (ὕψῖ, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the

ὑψἴ-κόμπωs, Adv. (ὕψι, κόμποs) with bigh boasts, arrogantly.

ύψί-κρημνος, ον, (ύψι, κρημνός) with high steeps or cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ύψί-λοφος, ον, (ύψι, λόφος) bigh-crested. [τ] ψΨ-μέδων, οντοε, δ, (ΰψι, μέδω) bigb-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ύψι-μέλαθρος, ον, (ύψι, μέλαθρον) bigh-built.

ὑψι-νεφής, έs, (ΰψι, νέφοs) dwelling high in the clouds.

ὑψἴ-πἄγής, ές, (ὕψι, παγῆναι) built on bigb. ύψι-πεδος, ον, (ύψι, πέδον) with high ground, high-

ύψι-πετήεις, εσσα, εν, poët, for ύψιπέτης.

ύψι-πέτηλος, ον, (ύψι, πέτηλον) with high leaves or foliage.

υψι-πέτης, ου, δ, (υψι, πέτομαι) flying on bigh, soaring.

ύψί-πολις, ό, ή, (ὕψζ, πόλις) highest in one's city

ύψί-πους, ό, ή, neut. -πουν, gen. -ποδος, (ὕψί, πούς) bigh-footed: on high, sublime.

iψί-πύλος, ον, (ὕψῖ, πύλη) with high gates.

ύψί-πυργος, ον, (ὕψῖ, πύργος) high-towering. ὕψιστος, η, ον, Sup. from Adv. ὕψι, highest, loftiest;

τὰ ὕψιστα the highest heavens. 2. of persons, most bigh, dwelling on high.

ύψίτεροs, α, ον, Comp. from Adv. ύψι, higher, loftier. ύψί-φαήs, έs, (ύψι, φάοs) beaming on high.

ύψι-φανής, ές, (ύψι, φανηναι) seen on high.

ύψι-φόρητος, ον, (ύψι, φορέω) bigb-borne, soaring on bigb.

ὑψί-φρων [t], ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕψὶ, φρήν) bigh-minded, baughty.

ὑψι-χαίτης, ου, δ, (ὕψι, χαίτη) long-haired.

ύψιων, ον, gen. ονος, poet Comp. from ύψι, bigher, loftier.

ὑψόθεν, Adv. (ὕψοs) from on high, from aloft from above, Lat desuper.

II. high, aloft, on high, above, over

ὑψόθι, Adv. (ΰψος) high, aloft, on high.

ύψ-όροφος, ον, (ὕψι, ὁροφή) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

 $\mathbf{\tilde{v}\psi os}$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $(\mathbf{\tilde{v}\psi})$  beight: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc.  $\mathbf{\tilde{v}\psi os}$ , in beight.

ὑψόσε, Adv. (ὕψοs) on high, upwards, aloft, up. ὑψοῦ, Adv. (ὕψοs) high, aloft, on high, up.

ύψόω, f. ώσω: aor. 1 ύψωσα: Pass., fut. ύψωθήσομαι: aor 1 ύψωθην: (ύψοs):—to beighten, raise, elevate, exalt. Hence

ύψωμα, aros, τό, beight, elevation.

"ΥΩ, f. νω [v]: aor. I νω : Pass., fut. med. νω μαι in pass. sense: aor. I νω θην: pf. νω μαι:—to wet, water: to rain, Zeνs ν ε Jove sent rain; so, δ θεδι ν εί the god sends rain; but the non. was soon onnitted, and νει used impers., like Lat. pluit, it rains; εί νε if it rained; part. neut. used absol, νων το πολλώ as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, έπτὰ ἐτέων οὐκ νει τὰν Θήρην for seven years it did not rain on Thera: c. acc. cognato, νω εχυσών it rained gold.

II. Pass., of places, to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὑύμενοs a lion drenched with rain; νωθησων al Θήβωι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ νεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.

## Ф

 $\Phi$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\phi$ 0,  $\tau$ 6, indeel., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\phi' = 500$ , but  $\phi = 500,000$ .

The Consonant  $\Phi$  arose from the labial  $\Pi$  followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written  $\Pi H$ , and was expressed in Lat. by pb, though  $\phi$  was used to express the Lat. f.

Changes of Φ. I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and  $\phi$  became  $\pi$ , as  $\lambda$ ίσπος σπόγγος σπονδύλη for  $\lambda$ ίσφος σφόγγος σφονδύλη: the  $\Delta$ tt. sometimes used it for  $\pi$ , as  $\phi$ ανός  $\phi$ άτρα for πανός πάτρα. II. in  $\Delta$ eol., Dor. and Ion.,  $\phi$  is put for  $\theta$ , as  $\phi$ ήρ  $\phi$ λάω for  $\theta$ ήρ  $\theta$ λάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by

position, as in cois, quasi űπφιs.

 $\phi \hat{a}$ , Dor. and poet, for  $\xi \phi a$ ,  $\xi \phi \eta$ , 3 sing. aor. 2 of  $\phi \eta \mu i$ .

φάανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Εp. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of φαίνω.

φαάντατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, most brilliant, brightest.

φαάντεροs, a, ον, Ep. Comp. of φαεινόs, more brilliant, brighter.

ΦΑΓΕΙ N Ion. φαγίειν Ερ φαγίμεν, inf. of ἔφᾶγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, to
eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.

φάγες, Ep. for ἔφάγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγείν. φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj : see φαγείν.

φάγος, δ, (φαγείν) a glutton. [ă]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. : see φαγεῖν. [ἄ]

 $\phi$ áe, 3 sing. impf. of  $\phi$ á $\omega$ .

φαεθοντίς, ίδος, poet. for φαίθουσα, fem. of φαίθων, sbining.

φαέθω, (φάοs) to sbine; only found in part. φαίθων, beaming, radiant; hence φαίθων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχα καὶ φαίθοντα whole nights and days.

Φαίθων, ὁ, (properly part. of φαίθω) Sbinung, one of the steeds of Morning. 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαεινός, ή, ών poet. φαεινός, (φάος) sbining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαεινότερος.
λαμπρός, of the voice, clear, distinct.
splendid, brilliant.
2. also like
3. generally,

φαείνω, poet. form of φαίνω, to shine, give light.

φαεννός, ή, όν, poet. form of φαεινός.

φαεσίμ-βροτος, ον, (φάος, βροτός) bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.

φαεσ-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ον, (φάος, φέρω) light-bringing.

φάη, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάοs.

φαθί, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίαξ, ακοs, Ep. and Ion. Φαίηξ, ηκοs, δ, a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.

φαιδίμόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. torm of φαίδιμος.

φαίδίμος, ον, also η, ον, (φαίνω) sbining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. clarus.

φαιδρό-vous, ουν, (φαιδρόs, voûs) of cheerful, joyous mind.

φαιδρόs, ά, όν, (φάω, φαίνω) beaming, radiant:

II. me-

metaph, beaming or radiant with joy, jocund, gay, | Adv. -δρωs, joyously, cheerily: also neut. pl. φαιδρά as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, ή, brightness, lustre.

taph. joyousness.

φαιδρόω, f. ώσω, (φαιδρόs) to make bright. metaph. in Pass. to be cheerful or joyous.

φαιδρύντρια, ή, a washer, cleanser. From φαιδρύνω [v], f. ŭνω: aor. I ἐφαίδρυνα: (φαιδρός): -to make bright, clean, cleanse. II. metaph. to cheer, please :- Pass. to brighten up with joy.

φαιδρ-ωπός, όν, (φαιδρός, ώψ) with a bright, joy-

ous look.

φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαικάs, άδοs, ή, (φάοs) a kind of white shoe φαίμεν, for φαίη μεν, 1 pl pies. or aor 2 opt. of φημί.

φαινέμεν, Ep. for φαίνειν, inf. of φαίνω.

φαινέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω. φαινόλης, ου, ό, formed from the Lat. paenula, a thick upper garment or cloak.

φαινολίς, ίδος, ή, (φαίνω) light-bringing.

φαινομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι. φαίνω, f. φανω: Att. also φανω: aor. 1 έφηνα, inf. φηναι Dor. ἔφανα: 3 sing. Ion. 2 οτ. 2 φάνεσκε: pf. πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med φαίνομαι: fut. φăνουμαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φανήσομαι: also poet. paullo-p. fut.  $\pi \epsilon \phi \dot{\eta} \sigma o \mu \alpha i$ : aor. 1  $\dot{\epsilon} \phi \dot{\alpha} \nu \theta \eta \nu$ , Ep. 3 sing. φαάνθη, 3 pl. φάανθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep. inf. φανήμεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται, inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φάω). I. to bring to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence almost to grant, as, γόνον Έλένη φαίνειν to grant Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουράν φαίνειν to proclaim a levy, call out the array. 2. of sound, to 3. to bring to make distinct, make ring clear. light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound. in Att. to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles informed against as contraband. 5. aor, 1 med. φήvaσθaι to shew or display as one's own II intr. to give light, shine forth. 2. to appear, like the Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνα. Pass. to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or 2. of the rising of heavenly bodies, to appear; αμα ήοι φαινομένηφιν at break of day. generally, to appear to be, c. part. or c. inf., which foam. are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting what appears or is likely; palveral c. part, what is apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται είναι be appears or seems to be (like δοκεί), φαίνεται έων he manifestly 4. often in dialogue, φαίνεταί σοι ταῦτα; does this appear so? is not this so? Answ., φαίνεται it does appear so, yes. 5. the phrase φανήναι όδόν to appear on the road, is shortd, for léval δδον ωστε φανήναι: so also, κέλευθον φανείε. 6. in Att., esp. in aor. I ἐφάνθην, to be denounced, informed against; see φαίνω 1. 4.

ΦΑΙΟ'Σ, ά, όν, dusky, dun, gray, Lat. fuscus. also like Lat. fuscus, of the voice, deep, bollow.

φαιο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (φαιός, χιτών) dark-robed. ΦΑ'ΚΕΛΟΣ, δ, a bundle, Lat. fasciculus.

φακη, ηs, η, (φακόs) a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-II. porridge.

ΦΑ ΚΟ Σ, δ, the plant lentil; also its fruit, which was eaten at funerals.

φάλαγγηδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) in phalanxes.

φαλάγγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) a venomous kind of spider. φαλαγγομαχέω, f. ήσω, to fight with or in a thalanx: to fight in the ranks. From

φαλαγγο-μάχης, ου, δ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) one that

fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.

ΦΑ'ΛΑΓΞ, αγγος, ή, in Homer, a line or order of battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. the ranks of an army in battle. 2. later, the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν to lead in phalanx, Lat. quadrato agmine. 3. generally, the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρᾶτα). also a camp. II. a round piece of wood, a trunk or log; φάλαγγες έβένου logs of ebony. spider: see φαλάγγιον

φάλαγξι, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

ΦΑ'ΛΑΙΝΑ, ή, a whale, Lat. balaena: hence of a devouring monster. [φā]

φαλάκρα, ή, (ψαλακρύs) baldness, a bald bead.

**φαλακρός**, ά, όν, (φάλος) bald-beaded, bald-pated. φαλακρόω, f ώσω, (φαλακρύε) to make bald: Pass. to become bald.

φάλανθίας, ου, δ. a bald man. From φάλανθος, ον, (φάλος) = ψαλακρύς. [φα]

φάλαρα, τά, (φάλος) the cheek-pieces of the bel-II the cheek-pieces of borses: generally, trappings. [\$\phi\alpha\

φαλαρίς Ιοη. φαληρίς, ίδος, ή, (φαλαρός) a coot, Lat. fulica, so called from its bald white head.

φαλαρός, ά, όν, Dor. for Ion. ψαληρύς, (φάλος)

baving a patch of white, white-crested.

Φάληρεύς, έως, δ, a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian. φάληριάω, (φαληρόs) to be or become white: Ep. part., κύματα φαληριύωντα waves crested with white

Φάληρον, τό, Phalērum, the western harbour of Athens:  $\Phi \alpha \lambda \eta \rho \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$  from Phalerum;  $\Phi \alpha \lambda \eta \rho \delta \nu \delta \epsilon$  to Phalerum. [ă]

φ**αληρόs**, ά, ίν, Ion. for φ**α**λαρόs.

 $\phi \delta \lambda \hat{\eta} s$  or  $\phi \delta \lambda \eta s$ ,  $\eta \tau o s$ ,  $\delta = \phi \delta \lambda \lambda o s$ .

 $\phi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \alpha i \nu \alpha$ ,  $\dot{\eta}_i = \phi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \alpha i \nu \alpha$ .

ΦΑΛΛΟ'Σ, δ, membrum virile, a figure thereof, which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in nature.

 $\Phi A'\Lambda O \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , a part of the helmet worn by the

Homeric heroes: either the peak or fore-piece, or perh. a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume (λόφος) was fixed [a]

φάμα, η, Dor. for φημη.

φάμεν, Ep. for έφαμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of φημί. poet. for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [ἄ]

φαμέν (enclit), I pl pres. of φημί.

φαμένα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενοs, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [α]

φαμί, Dor. for φημί,

 $\phi \dot{\alpha} v$ , poet. for  $\xi \phi \eta \sigma \alpha v$ , 3 pl. aor. 2 of  $\phi \eta \mu \dot{i}$ .  $[\ddot{\alpha}]$ 

φάναι, pres. or aur 2 inf. of φημί. [ă]

**φαναι**, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.

φανείης, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φανείμεν, Att. for φανείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. ος φαίνω.

φανείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Acol. and poet. for εφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass of pairw: but paver, aor. 2 part. neut. [a]

 $\phi \bar{\alpha} \nu \in \rho \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\omega} \nu$ , also  $\dot{\omega} s$ ,  $\dot{\omega} \nu$ ,  $(\phi \alpha \dot{\omega} \nu \omega)$  open to sight, visible: manifest, evident: freq. joined with part., ἐπισπεύδων φανερὸς ην he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ = Adv., φανερῶs, plainly, clearly: so, έν φανερώ, έν τώ φανερώ, κατά τὸ φανερόν. 2. of persons, known, famous, conspicuous. 3. of property, tangible, real, opp. to money.

φάνερόω, f. ώσω, (φανερός) to make visible or ma-II. to make known or famous :- Pass. with nıfest aor I - $\omega\theta\eta\nu$ :—to become known or famous. Hence

φανερώς, Adv. of φανερώς, openly, manifestly: Comp.

φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φανέρωσις, ή, a making visible: a manifestation. φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion, aor, 2 pass, of φαίνω. [α] φανή, ή, (φαίνω) a torch: in plur. φαναί, torchprocessions.

φάνήη, Ep 3 sing. 2 or. 2 pass subj. of φαίνω.

φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [ $\breve{a}$ ]

φανήμεναι, for φανήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω. φάνήσομαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φανίον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), a small torch, taper.

φανοίην, for φανοίμι, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φανός, ή, όν, (φαίνω) light, bright; το φανόν bright-2. bright, joyness: - of garments, washed clean. ous, like φαιδρόs. Comp. and Sup. φανότεροs, - ότα-

φανός, also πανός, δ, (φαίνω) a lamp, lantern, torch. φάνοθμαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. άσω, (φαίνω) to make visible, clear or II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. I έφαντάσθην:—to become visible, appear, shew oneself. 2. to make a show or parade, Lat. se osten-3. φαντάζεσθαί τινι to be like, assume a liketare. 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συκοness to some one. φαντείσθαι, to be informed against. Hence

φαντάσία, ή, a making visible, displaying. display, parade, Lat. ostentatio.

of philosophy, the power of the mind, by which it places objects before itself, presentative power.

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) an appearance, image, phantom, like φάσμα: also a vision, dream. 2. an image presented to the mind by an object, Lat. visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.

φάντες, aor 2 part nom. pl. of φημί.

φαντί, Dor. for ψασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φως, φωτός: Ep. also φόως: (φάω):—light, daylight; ἐν φάει by daylight; έτι φάους οντος while there was still daylight; often in phrases δραν φάος ή ελίοιο, or φάος βλέπειν, to see the light of the sun, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ήελίοιο, i.e to be dead; cis φωs i έναι to come into the light, i.e. into publıc. 2. the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light. II. metaph light, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ω μέγιστον Έλλησιν ψάοs O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. plur. φάεα, the eyes, Lat. lumina: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑ'PAΓΞ [φα], αγγος, ή, a mountain cleft, a deep

chasm, ravine, gully. (Akm to φάρυγξ.)

φαράω, to plough.

φάρέτρα Ion. -τρη, ή, (φέρω) a quiver for carrying arrows, Lat pharetra. Hence

 $\phi \bar{\alpha} \rho \epsilon \tau \rho \epsilon \dot{\omega} v$ ,  $\hat{\omega} v o s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $= \phi a \rho \epsilon \tau \rho a$ .

φαρέτριον, τό, Dim. of φαρέτρα, a small quiver.

φάρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φαρέτρα, φέρω) quiver-bearing. Φαρισαίος, ov, δ, a Pharisee: pl. of Φαρισαίοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison. II. to require me-

dicine, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμακεία, ή, (φαρμακεύω) the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery. φαρμακία, ή, poet. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, έως, δ, (φάρμακον) one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner: fem. capuaκεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τι ès τὸν ποταμόν to use a thing as a charm to calm 2. c. acc. pers. to drug, purge.

φαρμακίς, ίδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, a sorceress, witch. φαρμακόεις, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) drugged, poisonous.

ΦΑ'PMA'KON, τό, a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσου a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύπηs, a remedy against grief. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα οτ καταπλαστά plas-II. as a term ters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as pills, and πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts or po- Lat. phasianus: but Φασιανδε άνήρ with a play on II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. Ш. an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also a means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίαs an expedient to procure safety. means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμάκο-ποσία, ή, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ- Root of πίνω)

a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμάκο-πώλης, ου, δ, (φάρμακον, πωλέω) one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

φαρμακός, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύε, one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an arrant rascal, polluted wretch, Lat. bomo piacularis.

φαρμάκο-τρίβης [ $\tilde{t}$ ],  $\delta$ , (φαρμακον, τριβήναι) one

who grinds and prepares drugs or colours,

φαρμακόω, f. ώσω, (φάρμακον) to endue with bealing power.

φαρμάσσω Att. -ττω: f. εω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμαι: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. chant or bewitch by the use of potions, to posson. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

 $\Phi APO\Sigma [\bar{a}]$  or  $\Phi apos [\bar{a}]$ ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau o$ , a cloth, sheet, web: sail-clotb. II, a wide, loose cloak or mantle, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud;

πύματον φάρος my last rag.

Φάρος, ή, Pharos, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. appellat. φάροε, δ, a lighthouse.

φαρόωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φαράω.

φάρσος, εος, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσεα πύλιυς the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ή or ò, gen. ἔγοε, (φάρω) the throat. a gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth; cf. φάραγξ. [ă] ΦΑ'ΡΩ, f. φάρσω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part. φάs, φασα, φάν, part. pres. and aor, 2 of φημί. φασγανίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φάσγανον, a knife. φάσγάνον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to

cut with, a sword.

φασγάν-ουργός, όν, (φάσγανον, \*έργω) forging swords.

φασε, Dor. and poet. for έφησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of φημί. φάσηλος [a], o, a sort of bean, Lat. phaselus. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

Φασιαγικός, ή, όν, from the river Phasis, but with s play on συκο φαντικόs, informing-like.

Pariavés, ov, (Paris) from the river Phasis: hence ο φασιανός (sub. όρνιε) the Phasian bird, pheasant, | φαύλως, Adv. of φαῦλος, easily, lightly; φαύλως

συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιανικός.

φάσις, εως, ή, for φάνσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [a]

φάσις, εως, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence affirmation, assertion. [a]

Pâois, 10s, o, the river Phasis in Colchis or Pontos. φάσκω, impf. έφασκον Εp. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of  $\phi \eta \mu i$ ):=  $\phi \eta \mu i$ , to say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. prae se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do

φάσμα, ατος, τύ, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα ἀνδρύs the phantom of a man. from beaven, a portent, omen. 3 a monster, prodigy, portent; φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull

ΦΑ'ΣΣΑ Att φάττα, ή, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. palumbes.

φασσο-φόνος, ον, (φάσσα, \*φένω) dove-killing, of the hawk, as Subst., φασσοφύνος, δ, name of a kind of hawk.

φασω, φασεις, Dor. for φήσω, φήσεις, fut. of φημί. **Φἄτέ**, 2 plur. of φημί.

φάτειός, ά, ύν, (φημί) poet for φατύς, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φατέον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φατί, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing, pres of φημί

φατίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίζω: aor. Ι έφάτισα: Pass., aor. 1 έφατίσθην: pl. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτις):- to say, speak, report; τὸ φατιζύμενον used absol., as the saying is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. call, name.

φάτις, εωε Ion. ιοε, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, report; κατὰ φάτιν as the report goes; ή φάτιο έχει μιν the report goes of him. Il one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. the aying, answer of an oracle. [a]

φάτνη, ή, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib

φάτο, Ep. for έψάτο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of φημί.

φάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., οὐ φατόs unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous.

φάττα, ή, Att. for φάσσα.

φαυλ-επί-φαυλος, (φαῦλος, ἐπί, φαῦλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (φαῦλος) to hold cheap, to

depreciate, disparage.

 $\Phi$ AY  $\Lambda$ O $\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , like  $\phi$ \a\a\overlip \rho\_s, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, II. of persons, low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account; of φαῦλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated, as opp. to ol σοφοί. 2. of outward appear-3. careless, thoughtless. ance, ugly, mean-looking,

φαυλότης, ητος, ή, meanness, paltriness. of accomplishments; ή έμη φαυλότη my lack of judgment.

φέρειν τι to bear a thing lightly, take it easily. at a rough guess; φαύλως λογίσασθαι to estimate | πεφήσεαι. roughly; φαύλως είπειν to speak loosely.

φαυσίμ-βροτος, ον, = φαεσίμβροτος.

 $\Phi A'\Omega$ , Root of  $\phi aiv\omega$ , to give light, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦE'BOMAI, poet. Dep, used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted. c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΤΓΟΣ, εos, τό, light, splendour, lustre: sunlight, daylight; δεκάτφ φέγγει έτους, periphr. for in II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence the tenth year.

φέγγω, to make bright :- Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φείδεο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, spare thrifty meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate together the same frugal meal. 2. also the common ball, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΙ'ΔΟΜΑΙ, fut φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p fut, πεφίδήσομαι: αοτ. ι έφεισάμην Ερ. φεισάμην: Ερ τιdupl. aor. 2 πεφίδομην, opt. πεφιδοίμην, πεφίδοιτο, inf πεφιδέσθαι · Dep. .—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. parcere, c. gen : of provisions, to use sparingly of thriftily: also to draw back of from turn away from: c. mf to spare or forbear to do. Hence φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly,

thriftily, charily.

φειδώ, όσε contr. οῦς, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, refraining. II. thrift, stinginess.

φειδωλή and φειδωλία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , =  $\phi$ ειδώ. From

φειδωλός, ή, όν, ( $\phi$ ειδώ) sparing, thrifty, chary of a thing: c. gen, φειδωλός χρημάτων sparing of money. Adv.  $-\lambda \hat{\omega} s$ , sparingly, thriftily.

φείσασθαι, aor. I inf. of φείδυμαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of φείδομαι.

φειστέον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare.

φελλεύs, έωs, ό, stony ground or soil: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλἴνος, η, ον, (φελλύς) made of cork.

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. φελλεύς.

φελλό-πους, -ποδος, δ, η, neut. -πουν, (φελλός,πούs) cork-footed.

ΦΕΛΛΟ'Σ, o, the cork-tree, Lat. quercus suber. the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. cortex.

φενακίζω, f. ίσω, (φέναξ) to play the impostor, cheat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick:-Pass. to be cheated. Hence

φενακισμός, δ, quackery, imposture, trickery. ΦE'NAΞ, āκos, δ, a cheat, quack, impostor.

\* $\Phi$ E'N $\Omega$ , to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. 20r. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. ἔπεφνον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part. πέφνων (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:-Pass., pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται, mightier, more powerful. See φέστατος.

2. inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing.

φερ-ανθής, ές, (φέρω, άνθος) bringing flowers. φέρ-ασπις, ιδος,  $\dot{φ}$ ,  $\dot{φ}$ ,  $\dot{φ}$   $\dot{φ}$ 

φερ-aυγήs, έs, (φέρω, αὐγή) bringing light, shining.  $\Phi$ E'PBΩ, plqpf. ἐπεφόρβειν:—to feed, nourisb: to II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: preserve. hence to eat, consume, Lat. depasci: metaph. to feed III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing;

 $\psi \epsilon \rho \beta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota \nu \phi o \nu to feed one's mind.$ 

φερ-έγγῦος, ον, (φέρω, ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, capable, competent: c. mf, λιμήν φερέγγυος διασώσαι ταs véas a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty: ---cf έχέγγυοs.

φερέμεν, Ep inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελίης, poet. for φερεμελίης, ov, ό, (φέρω, μελία) a warrior bearing an asben spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

φερέ-νῖκος, ον, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory,

φερέ-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οικος) carrying one's bouse with one, of the nomad Scythians .—as Subst, φερέοικ s, δ, the house-carrier, 1 e. snail; cf. πουλύπους, ἀνόστεος. φερέ-πονος, ον, (φέρω, πόνος) bringing trouble of sorrow.

φερέσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρεσκε, 3 sing Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φερεσ-σακής, έs, gen. έos, (φέρω, σάκος) shieldbearing, beavy-armed.

φερε-στάφυλος, ον, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρετρον contr φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, lutter, Lat feretrum.

φέρην, Acol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for ψέρη, 3 sing subj. of φέρω

φέριστος, η, ον, like ψέρτατος, stoutest, bravest, best, mostly in addresses, ω φέριστε.

φέρμα, ατος, τό, (ψέρω) that which is borne, a load, burden. the burden or fruit of the womb.

φερνή, ή, (ψέρω) that which is brought by the wife, a dowry, portion, Lat. dos; φερναί πολέμου the dowry of war, i e. a wife won in battle.

φέροισα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάττιον Att. Φερρεφάττιον, τύ, a temple or sanctuary of Persephone. From

Φερσέφασσα Att. -ττα, and Φερρέφαττα, ή,= Περσέφασσα, -ττα. Περσεφόνη, Proserpine.

Φερσεφόνη, ή, = Περσεφύνη.

φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From pepa, as Lat. fortis from fero.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better,

φερτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne, en- $\frac{1}{2}$  πλέον ἔφερέ ol ή γνώμη, c. inc., his opin on inclined durable.

rather to do so and so: -- φέρει is also used like συμ-

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

 $\Phi E'P\Omega$ , a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρτε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη; Ion. impf φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root \*OI'Ω comes the fut. οίσω, med. οἴσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἰσέμεν, οἰσέμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root \*ΈN-Ε'ΓΚΩ come aor. Ι ήνεγκα, Ion. ήνεικα Ερ ένεικα, subj. ἐνείκω, inf. ἐνείκαι: aor. 2 ήνεγκον Ion. ήνεικον, Ep. inf.  $\dot{\epsilon}\nu\epsilon\iota\kappa\dot{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon\nu$ : Ion. aor. I pass  $\dot{\eta}\nu\epsilon\dot{\iota}\chi\theta\eta\nu$ : 3 pl. aor. I med. ηνείκαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, 20τ. Ι pass. ην εχθην. I. like Lat. FERO, to bear or carry a load II. to bear along, with an idea of motion added, as of horses, άρμα φέρειν, III. to bear, endure, suffer, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπως φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it; opp. to κούφως φέρειν τι, Lat. leviter ferre, to bear a thing cheerfully, take IV. to fetch: to bring, present, give; it easily. δωρα φέρειν to bring presents; and Med. to bring with one or for one's own use :- χάριν τινὶ φέρειν to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness; but later, to shew gratitude to one. 2. to occasion. cause, work; as, κακύν οι πημα φέρειν. bring in, pay, discharge; φύρον οτ δασμὸν φέρειν to pay tribute; τιμήν φέρειν to pay a fine. ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote, Lat. ferre suffra-V. to bear, bring forth, produce: absol. of the earth or of trees, to bear fruit, be fruitful: metaph. to bring in, yield, produce; άγων δ τὸ πᾶν φέρων the contest that bestows everything. to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ άγειν, Lat agere et ferre, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ayeur to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν to 2. to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain: also to receive one's due, e. g. to receive pay :- Med., esp. in phrases ἄεθλον φέρεσθαι to carry off a prize; τὰ πρώτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι to win and bold the first, the second rank: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's bome. VII. absol. of roads, to lead to a place; ή όδος φέρει, like Lat. via fert or 2. of a tract of country, to stretch, extend, verge to or towards: metaph. to lead or tend to an end or object; τὰ πρόε τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, to 3. to aim at, contribute or conduce to or towards. bint or point at, refer to a thing; ès ἀρηίουs ἀγῶναs φέρον τὸ μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opimon inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers,

πλέον ἔφερέ ol ἡ γνώμη, c. inr., his opin on inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμφέρει, it tends [to one's interest], is expedient. VIII. to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of;  $\epsilon \tilde{v}$  or πονηρῶs φέρεσθαι to be well or ill spoken of. 2. to be carried about, to be in circulation. IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat, bear, carry, bring: but, like ἄγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., come, now, well, before the I sing or plur subj., φέρε ἀκούσω come let me hear; φέρε στήσωμεν come let us set.

Pass. to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily; to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be burried, swept away, rush, fly along, Lat. ferri, lθùs φέρεσθαι to rush right upon; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αλγινήτας bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetains: so also part. act. used intrans, φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλίη bearing down she ran into a friendly ship.

2. also of bodies moved by their own power, to basten, run, fly, speed.
3. metaph, εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., to turn out, prosper well or ill: τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεσαι out affairs are in a bal s'a'e.

ΦΕΥ, Exclamation of grief or anger, ab! alas! woe! like Lat. vab, vae, our fye!: c gin., φεῦ τῆς Ελλάδος woe for Hellas!

II. of astonishment or admiration, ab! ob!

φευγέμεν, -έμεναι, Εp. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Εp. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat, let

them flee: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥ ΤΩ, Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύξομαι Dor.  $\phi \in \nu \notin o \hat{\nu} \mu \alpha \iota$ : aor. 2  $\notin \phi \check{\nu} \gamma o \nu$ : pf. act.  $\pi \notin \phi \in \nu \gamma \alpha$ , pass. (in act. sense) πέφυγμαι: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζότες, as if from φύζω:—to flee, take flight: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγήν to flee in flight: also, φείγειν την παρά θάλασυαν [sc. την ὁδόν] to fice [the way] 2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour to flee, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ώs φεύγων προφύγη κακον ής άλώη it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων έκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν. 3. φεύγειν ὑπό Tivos to flee before any one. 4. c. inf. to sbun or sbrink from doing: absol. to fear, flinch. c. acc. to flee, shun, avoid: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πίλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ηνίοχον φύγον ήνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένος μοιραν, όλεθρον baving escaped, being quit of fate, destruction. but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος άέθλων escaped from toils. III. to flee one's country for a crime; φεύγειν ὑπό τινοι to be banished by one: hence to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished, Lat. exulare. Att. law-term, to be accused or prosecuted at law, opp. to διώκω: hence, δ ψείγων the accused, defendant, Lat. reus, δ διώκων the accuser, prosecutor; c. me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its acc., φεύγειν γραφήν or δίκην to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment; the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνου (sc. δίκην) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e to be charged with murder.

φεύζω, f ξω: 20τ. Ι ἔφευξα:— το cry φεῦ, cry woe, wail.(From φεῦ, as οἰμώζω from οἴμοι, αἰάζω from αὶ αἴ.) φευκτέον, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, one must flee.

φευκτόs, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.

φευξείω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, to wish or desire to flee.

φεῦξις, εως, ή, (φεύγω) = φύξις.

φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῦμαι, fut. of φεύγω.

φεύξω, fut. of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

 $\Phi E'\Psi A'\Lambda O \Sigma$ , ov,  $\delta$ , and  $\Phi \epsilon \Psi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \nu \xi$ ,  $\ddot{\nu} \gamma o s$ ,  $\delta$ , a spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes. Hence

φεψάλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to ashes, to burn up.

 $\phi \in \psi \dot{a} \lambda \upsilon \xi$ ,  $\upsilon \gamma o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $= \phi \in \psi \dot{a} \lambda o s$ .  $[\check{a}]$ 

φη, Ion. for έφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγίνέος, α, ον, and φήγίνος, η, ον, (φηγός)oaken, of oak, Lat. faginus.

φηγίνους, ή, ουν, contr. for φηγινέος

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ή, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. fagus (beech). II. the esculent fruit of the same tree.

φήη, Ep. for  $φ<math>\hat{η}$ , 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί φήληξ, ηκος, ό, (φηλός) deceiver, name of a wildfig, which seems ripe when it is not really so.

φηλητεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, trick. From φηλήτης, ου, or φηλητής, οῦ, ὁ, (φηλός) a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief.

 $\Phi$ HΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, deceitful, knavish. Hence φηλόω, f. ώσω, to deceive, cheat, trick. Hence φήλωμα, ατος, τό, a deceit, deception, cheat.

φήμη Dor. φάμα, ή, Lat. fama, (φημί) a voice from beaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an au-II. any voice or words, a speech, saying: 2. a common saying, an old tradialso a song. tion, legend, adage. 3. like Lat. fama, a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character. 4. a message.

**ΦΗΜΙ'**, φήs, φησί: 2 οτ. 2 έφην (the impf. being ἔφασκον, see φάσκω), ἔφησθα Ερ. φῆσθα, ἔφη; mperat.  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \theta_i$ : inf.  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \nu \alpha_i$ ; part.  $\phi \dot{\alpha} s$ ,  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \sigma \alpha$ ,  $\phi \dot{\alpha} \nu$ : fut. φήσω: aor. I έφησα. Med., aor. 2 έφάμην [α], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 έφάμην: also pf. pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep. forms I pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φαίημεν; 3 sing. subj.  $\phi \eta \eta$  for  $\phi \hat{\eta}$ ; aor. 2  $\phi \hat{\eta} \nu$ ,  $\phi \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\phi \hat{\eta}$ , for  $\xi \psi \eta \nu$ , έφης, έφη, and 3 pl. έφαν, φάν for έφασαν; med. imperat. φάο for φάσο:- 'Ημί is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσκω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φήs. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; lσον εμοί φάσθαι to fancy himself equal to tempted.

pronoun, as, έφην έγω said I; έφη δ Σωκράτης said Socrates:  $\phi \eta \mu i$  is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, έφη λέγων, έλεγε ψάs, etc. often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to ou φημι οτ φημί οὐχί, to say no, deny, refuse.

φημίζω f. ίσω Att. ιῶ Dor. ίξω: 20r. I ἐφήμισα: (φήμη):-to speak, utter, name:-Med. to express in

words.

φημις, ιος, ή, poet. for φήμη, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δήμοιο  $\phi \hat{\eta} \mu is$  the voice or judgment of the people.

φην, Ep. for έφην, 201. 2 of φημί.

φηναι, aor. ι inf. of φαίνω.

φήνειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of φαίνω.

ΦH'NH, ή, a kind of vulture.

φήρ, δ, gen.  $\phi \eta \rho \delta s$ , Λeol. for  $\theta \dot{\eta} \rho$ , esp. in plur. Φηρεs, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μανής, ές, gen. έος, (ψήρ, μανηναι) madly fond of wild animals or bunting. 2. φηs, Ep for έφηs,

 $\phi \eta s$ , 2 sing of  $\phi \eta \mu i$ : but 2 sing. aor 2 of φημί.

 $\phi \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta \alpha$ , Ep. 2 sing aor. 2 of  $\phi \eta \mu i$ .

φήτρη, ή, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαίη, 3 sing aor. 2 opt of φθάνω

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med part. of φθάνω. [ă] φθάν, Ep. for έφθασαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

 $\Phi\Theta$ **A'N**Ω, fut. φθήσομαι, later also φθάσω [ἄ]: aor. Ι ἔφθἄσα: aor. 2 ἔφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for ἔφθασαν, subj. φθω, Ep. 3 sing. φθήη and φθησιν, Ep. 1 pl.  $\phi\theta\epsilon\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ , 3 pl.  $\phi\theta\epsilon\omega\sigma\iota\nu$ , opt.  $\phi\theta\alphai\eta\nu$ , inf  $\phi\theta\hat{\eta}\nu\alpha\iota$ , part. ψθάς: pf. έφθακα: Ep aor. 2 med. part φθάμενος [a]: Dor. fut. φθαξώ, aor 1 ξφθαξα. To come before, do. reach before, ὁ φθάσας the first comer; φθάνειν είς την πόλιν to come first into the city:—c. acc. pers. to be beforeband with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. praevenire; and sometimes simply to arrive; έφθησαν τὸν χειμῶνα they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part act agreeing with the agent, έφθη βαλών αὐτύν be was beforeband in striking him;  $\hat{\eta}$   $\kappa \epsilon \pi o \lambda \hat{\nu} \phi \theta a \hat{\eta} \pi \acute{\nu} \lambda i s \acute{a} \lambda o \hat{\nu} \sigma a$  the city would be beforeband in being taken, i.e. it would be taken first. II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; έφθην ἀφικόμενος I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb, οὐκ ἄλλος φθὰς ἐμεῦ κατήγορος ἔσται no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσας προσπεσούμαι I will first fall upon you; so part. φθάσας with imperat.,  $\lambda \in \gamma \in \phi \theta \text{ as speak quickly.}$ III  $\phi\theta\dot{\alpha}\nu\epsilon\iota\nu$  with où and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. simul ac, denotes two actions following close on each other, où φθάνει έξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς ὅμοιός ἐστι no sooner is he brought out than he is like; οὖκ ἔφθη μοι συμβασα ή ατυχία και εύθυς έπεχείρησαν scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they at-IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω denotes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἀν φθάνοιε; will you not be quick and run off? i.e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἀν, οὐκ ἀν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i.e. I will begin directly.

φθαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθείρω.

φθαρτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φθείρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

 $\phi\theta$ ás,  $\phi\theta$ âσα,  $\phi\theta$ áν, aor 2 part. ot  $\phi\theta$ áνω.

ΦΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγξομαι: aor. I έφθεγξάμην: pf. έφθεγμαι: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγύμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσαι έπος to utter or say a word.

III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγγομα, a voice: language, speech a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγξομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.

**φθείσμεν,** Ep. for  $\phi$ θέωμεν,  $\phi$ θῶμεν, τ pl. aor 2 subj of  $\phi$ θάνω.

ΦΘΕΙ'P, δ, gen. φθειρόs, a lonse, Lat. pediculus.

II. the small fruit of cone of a kind of pine.

φθειριάω, f. άσω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis

φθειρο-τράγέω, f. ήσω, (φθείρ, τραγείν) to eat lice,

or rather to eat fir-cones; cf.  $\phi\theta\epsilon\hat{i}\rho$ .

φθείρω, fut. φθερῶ Ερ. φθέρσω: aor. I ἔφθειρα: pf. ἔφθαρκα, pf. 2 ἔφθορα: Pass., pf. ἔφθαρμαι, 3 pl. ἐφθαρκαι: aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [α]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perisb; in Att., φθείρου was a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι είs or πρόs τι to run beadlong into a thing.

2. in Pass., of shipwiecked persons, to be cast away.

II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perisb, pine away.

φθερσι-γενήs, έs, (φθείρω, γένοs) destroying the

race or family.

 $\Phi\theta$ έωμεν,  $\Phi\theta$ έωσιν, Ep. for  $\Phi\theta$ ωμεν,  $\Phi\theta$ ωσιν, 1 and 3 pl. 20r. 2 subj. of  $\Phi\theta$ άνω.

 $\phi\theta\eta$ , Ep. for  $\xi\phi\theta\eta$ , 3 sing. 2 of  $\phi\theta$ άνω.

**Φθήη**, Ep. for φθη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω. **Φθήναι**, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

 $\phi\theta\hat{\eta}$ σιν, Ep. for  $\phi\theta\hat{\eta}$ , 3 sing agr. 2 subj of  $\phi\theta\acute{a}\nu\omega$ .  $\phi\theta\dot{\eta}$ σομαι, fut. of  $\phi\theta\acute{a}\nu\omega$ .

Φθία, as, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ηs, ή, Phibia, a dis-

trict in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [1] Φθτάς, άδος, ή, sem of Φθίος, a Phibian woman.

φθίσται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Phthia. [1]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Phthia. [1] φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω. [τ]

φθίναs, άδοε, ή, (φθίνω) intr. perishing, wasting, men: also the cry of animals.

waning. II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδες wasting diseases.

φθlνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθlνω) α declining, wasting, pining, waning. [Γ]

φθινάω and φθινέω, (φθίνω) to waste or pine.

φθίνο-καρπος, ον, (φθίνω, καρπός) with blighted fruit. φθίνοπωρίνος, ή, όν, (φθινόπωρον) autumnal.

φθίνοπωρίς, ίδος, fem. of φθινοπωρινός.

φθίν-όπωρον, τό, (φθίνω, όπώρα) the last part of ὁπώρα or the time after ὁπώρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθινύθεσκε, 3 sing Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [v]

φθίνώθω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II. trans. to consume, waste. [v]

ΦΘΙ'NΩ, common form of φθίω [1]

φθίομαι, Ep for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.

 $\Phi\theta \hat{\mathbf{o}}$  os,  $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathbf{o}\nu$ ,  $(\Phi\theta \hat{\mathbf{o}})$  Phthian, of  $\Phi\theta \hat{\mathbf{o}}$  is the Phthians.  $\Phi\theta \hat{\mathbf{o}}$  os  $\theta \hat{\mathbf{o}}$  in [7], fut, med inf. of  $\Phi\theta \hat{\mathbf{o}}$  in [8].

φθισ-ήνωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (φθίνω, ἀνήρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor 2 pass of φθίω, φθίνω.

φθισίμ-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότος) man-destroying. φθίσις, εως, ή, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [[]]

φθίτο, 3 sing Ep aor. 2 pass opt. of φθίω: but, 2. φθίτο [7], Ep 3 sing. Ep. aor 2 pass. indic.

φθιτός, ή, όν, verb Adj of φθίω, wasted, decayed,

dead; of φθιτοί the dead.  $\Phi\Theta I'\Omega$ , impf.  $\xi\phi\theta io\nu$ , more common in form ΦΘΙ'ΝΩ [ī Hom., ĭ Λtt ]: fut. φθίσομαι [ī]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act ) ἔφθἴμαι: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [τ]: —but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. nor. 2 pass., 3 pl. έφθίατο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίομαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), τ pl. φθιύμεσθαι (for φθιώμεθα); opt.  $\phi\theta i\mu\eta\nu$ ,  $\phi\theta io$ ,  $\phi\theta i\tau o$ ; inf.  $\phi\theta i\sigma\theta ai$ ; part.  $\phi\theta i$ μενος [t]:-to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; ol φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρίν κεν νθε φθίτο first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνών φθινόντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μην ίστάμενος and μην φθίνων, as in phrase, τοῦ μέν φθίνοντος μηνός τοῦ δ' Ισταμένοιο both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μην ίστάμενος, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [τ], aor. I act. έφθισα (like βήσω, έβησα): to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθιώτης, ου, δ, (Φθία) a man of Phibia:—fem. Φθιῶτις, ιδος (sub. γη), the land of Phibia.

φθογγή, ή, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγοε, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθόγγοs, δ, (φθέγγομαι) the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.

ΦΘΟΊ Σ, ïos, δ, nom. pl. φθοιs, a kind of cake.

φθονερός, ά, όν, (φθόνος) envious, jealous; τὸ θείον παν έστι φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous. Adv. φθονερώς έχειν to be enviously disposed.

φθονέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 έφθύνησα, in late Poets έφθόνεσα: Pass., aor. 1 έφθονήθην: (φθύνος):--to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or illwill; c. dat. pers., φθονείν τινι εὖ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μη φθονήση: bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, ov τοι ημιόνων φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules. 2. c. acc. tei, to grudge, refuse or with-3. c. inf., où & åv bold through envy or jealousy. φθονέοιμι άγορεῦσαι I will not grudge to tell; έφθύνησαν άνδρα ένα της τε 'Ασίης και της Ευρώπης βασιλεῦσαι they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe. 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, to be envied or begrudged, Lat. invideor (in Horace). Hence φθόνησις, εως, ή, an envying, a being jealous or thirsty grudging: envy.

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, δ, ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia; οὐδεὶς φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθύνοs jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθύνον πρόσκυσον intreat, i.e. disarm, their envy.

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ή, (ἔφθορα) corruption, decay. destruction, run. also a mortality, perdition, death. seduction of a woman. II. moral corruption,

depravity, wickedness.

 $\phi\theta$ δρος,  $\delta$ , =  $\phi\theta$ ορά, destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ès φθόρον [sc. ἀπει]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin? i.e. go bang. II. like ὅλεθρος, a pestilent fellow.

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing and plur.: hence as an adver-

bial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑ'ΛΗ [a], ή, a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:-from its broad flat shape, "Apeos φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaph. for  $d\sigma \pi is$  a shield.

φιάλλω, f. φιάλω, to take in band, undertake, set acts of bumanity or kindness

about a thing. (Denv. uncertain.)

φιαρός, ά, δν Ion. φιερός, ή, δν (πίαρ) sleek, plump. φιβάλεοι Att. φιβάλεφ, al, with or without loxádes, a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλιs, a district of Attica or Megaris.

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φτλ-άβουλος, ον, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) wilfully thoughtless, wayward.

φιλ-άγαθος, ον, (φίλος, άγαθύς) loving goodness. φιλ-άγλαος, ον, (φίλος, άγλαος) loving splendour. φίλ-άγραυλος, ον, (φίλος, άγραυλος) fond of a country life. [Ayp]

φίλ-ἄγρέτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ἄγρα) a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ιδος, a buntress.

φίλ-ἄγρος, ον, (φίλος, ἀγρύς) fond of the country or of a country life.

φίλ-άγρυπνος, ον, (φίλος, ἄγρυπνος) fond of waking or watching, wakeful. [ayp]

φίλ-άγων, ωνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, άγων) fond of contests:

used in contests. [a]

φιλάδελφία, ή, brotherly or sisterly love. From  $\phi i\lambda - \alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi os$ ,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\phi i\lambda os$ ,  $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi is$ ) fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly. [a]

φιλ-άεθλος, ον, (φίλος, ἄεθλον) fond of the games. φιλ-αθήναιος, ον (φίλος, 'Αθηναίος) fond of the

Athenians

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω. φίλ-αίακτος, ον, (φίλος, αἰάζω) fond of wailing: lamentable.

φιλ-αιδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, aiδώς) loving modesty.

φίλ-αίματος, ον, (φίλος, αίμα) fond of blood, blood-

φίλαίτερος, α, ον and φίλαίτατος, η, ον, irreg. Comp. and Sup of pixos, dearer, dearest.

φιλ-αίτιος, ον, (φίλος, αίτία) fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious. blame

φιλ-ακόλουθος, ον, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) readily fol-

φιλ-άκρατος Ion. -άκρητος, ον, (φίλος, άκρατος) fond of sheer wine: given to wine. [ἄκρ]

φίλαμα, Dor for φίλημα.

φίλάμενος, poet. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense

φιλ-άμπελος, ον, (φίλος, άμπελος) friend of the vine. φιλανδρία, ή, love for a busband: love for men. From φίλ-ανδρος, ον, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) loving one's busband,

conjugal. II. loving men. [ĭ

φιλ-ανθήs, έs, (φίλοs, άνθοs) fond of flowers.

φίλ-ανθράκεύς, έως, δ, (φίλος, άνθρακεύς) friend of colliers.

φιλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιλανθρωπεύομαι, to act bumanely or kindly.

φίλανθρωπία, ή, (φιλάνθρωπος) love for mankind, bumanity, benevolence, kindliness, clemency: in plur.

φιλ-άνθρωπος, ον, (φίλος, ἄνθρωπος) loving mankind, bumane, benevolent, kind. Hence

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. bumanely, kindly: Sup. -ότατα, most bumanely,

φίλ-άνωρ  $[\bar{a}]$ , ορος, δ, ή, Dor. for φιλήνωρ, (φίλος, άνήρ) loving one's busband, affectionate.

φίλ-αοιδός, όν, (φίλος, ἀοιδός) fond of singing or singers.

φιλαοιδώ, Dor. gen. of φιλαοιδόs.

φίλ-απεχθημοσύνη, ή, fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels; in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From

φίλ-απεχθήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, ἀπεχθάνομαι) fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling. Adv. –μόνωs.

φιλ-απλοϊκός, ή, όν, (φίλος, άπλόος) fond of sim-

plicity or frankness.

φτλ-απόδημος, ον, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) fond of going abroad or travelling.

φιλαργύρία, ή, love of money, covetousness. From φίλ-άργυρος, ον, (φίλος, ἄργυρος) fond of money, covetous, avaricious.

φιλ-αριστείδης, ου, δ. (φίλος, 'Αριστείδης) a friend of Aristides.

φίλ-άρματος, ον, (φίλος, άρμα) fond of chariots or the chariot-race.

φίλαρχία, ή, love of rule, lust of power. From φίλ-aρχος, ον, (φίλος, dρχή) fond of rule, ambitious.  $[\phi t]$ 

φίλασε, -άσας, Dor. for εφίλησε, φιλήσας.

φιλάσει, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω. **φίλ-αστράγαλος**, ον, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) fond of playing at dice. [Tpa]

φιλ-άσωτος, ον, (φίλος, ἄσωτος) fond of profligacy φίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. [7]

φίλ-αυλος, ον, (φίλος, αὐλός) fond of the flute. [τ] φίλ-αυτος, ον, (φίλος, αὐτοῦ) fond of oneself, selfloving, selfish. Adv. - Tws. [t]

φιλέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω.

φτλ-έθειρος, ον, (φίλος, έθειρα) loving the bair, i.e. worn in the bair.

φτλ-έλλην, ηνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, Ελλην) fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.

φίλ-έννυχος, ον, (φίλος, έννυχος) loving night. φιλέοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl of φιλέω.

φιλέοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω: but also pres. part. dat. sing.

φιλ-έορτος, ον, (φίλος, έορτή) fond of feasts or bolidays.

φίλ-επίτιμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.

φίλ-εραστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἐραστής) dear to lovers. φίλεργία, ή, love of labour, industry. From

φίλ-εργός, όν, (φίλος, έργον) loving work, working willingly, industrious.

φίλ-έριθος, ον, (φίλος, έριθος) fond of wool-spinning. φίλ-ερως, ωτος, δ, ή, (φίλος, έρως) prone to love, full of love. [Y]

φίλ-έσπερος, ον, (φίλος, έσπέρα) fond of evening. φίλεταιρία, ή, love of comrades, friendship. From φίλ-έταιρος, ον, (φίλος, έταιρος) fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them. Adv. -pws.

φτλ-εύιοs, ον, (φίλοs, εὐοί) loving the cry of εὐοί, epith. of Bacchus.

φιλ-εύ-λειχος, ον, (φιλός, ευ, λείχω) fond of dainties. φίλ-ευνος, ον, (φίλος, εὐνή) fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed. [Y]

φιλεύντα, φιλεύντι, φιλεύσα, Dor. for φιλούντα, φιλούντι, φιλούσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φίλ-έφηβοs, ον, (φίλοs, έφηβοs) fond of youths. φίλ-εχθής, έs, gen. έos, (φίλοε, έχθοε) fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.

φιλέω, f. ήσω: 20r. Ι ἐφίλησα: pf. πεφίληκα: Med , Ep. 201. ι ἐφτλάμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλωνται; part. φιλάμενοs in pass. sense, beloved; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paullo -p. fut. πεφιλήσομαι: aor. I  $\epsilon \phi i \lambda \eta \theta \eta \nu$ : pf.  $\pi \epsilon \phi i \lambda \eta \mu a i$ :  $(\phi i \lambda o s)$ :—to love: Pass. to be beloved by one From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to be friend;  $\pi \alpha \rho$ αμμι φιλήσεαι thou shalt be welcome with us. to shew signs of love, esp. to kiss; φιλείν τφ στόματι to kiss on the mouth: - Med. to kiss one another. to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do: impers., φιλεί γίγνεσθαι it is wont to happen, usually, happeus: absol., οία δη φιλεί as is wont, Lat. ut solet. [t, except in Ep. aor ἐφῖλάμην.]

φίλη, ή, fem. of φίλοs, a mistress. [1]

φιληδέω, to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat. From

φιλ-ηδήs, έs, (φίλοs, ήδοs) loving pleasure. Hence φιληδία, ή, (φιληδέω) fondness for pleasure, delight. φίλ-ήδονος, ον, (φίλος, ήδονή) fond of pleasure. 2. causing pleasure.

φιληκοία, ή, fondness for listening, attentiveness. From

φιλ-ήκοος, ον, (φίλος, ἀκοή) fond of listening: fond of bearing discussions.

φίλ-ηλάκατος, ον, (φίλος, ηλακάτη) fond of the spindle. [ă]

φίλ-ηλιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ἡλιαστής) one who delights in trials, esp. as a juryman in the court Heliaea. φίλημα,  $a \tau o s$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ ,  $(\phi \iota \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$  a kiss, [t]

φιλημάτιον, τό, Dim of φίλημα, a little kiss.

φιλήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf of φιλέω. **φίλημ**ι, Aeol. for φιλέω. [۲]

φιλημοσύνη, ή, (φιλέω) friendliness.

φιλ-ήνιος, ον, (φίλος, ήνία) obeying the rein, tractable. φίλ-ήρετμος, ον, (φίλος, ερετμός) loving the oar, fond of the sea.

φίλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, aor, I of φιλέω. [Y]

φίλησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω. φίλησί-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.

φιλητέον, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, one must love.

φίλητήs, οῦ, ὁ, a kisser, lover.

φίν ήτωρ, ορο**ε**, δ, = φιλητή**ε**, a lover.

φιλία Ion. φιλίη, ή, (φιλέω) love, friendship, Lat. amicitia; φιλία ή έμή, ή σή friendship for me, for thee. φίλικός, η, όν, (φίλος) of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate; φιλικά proofs or marks of friendship. Adv. -κωs, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. φιλικώτερον; Sup. - ώτατα.

φίλιοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (φίλοs) of or from a friend, friendly, kindly: opp. to πολέμιοs, friendly, φιλ-εύτακτος, ον, (φίλος, εύτακτος) fond of order. In alliance with one: η φιλία (sc. χώρα) a friendly country, opp. to ή πολεμία. 2. Ζεθε φίλιοε, Jove as god of friendsbip. II. beloved, dear. Adv. φιλίωε, in a friendly way. [φτ]

Φιλίππειος, a, ov, of Philip

Φίλιππήσιος, ον, (Φίλιπποι) of or from Philippi: as Subst. a Philippian.

Φίλιππίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (Φίλιπποs) to be on Philip's side or party, to Philippize.

Φίλιπποι, al, a town in Thrace.

φίλ-ιππος, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of borses: Sup. φιλιππότατος. II. as masc. pr. n., Philip. [φτ] φιλίτιον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον.

φίλίων, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer. φίλίως, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.

φίλό-βακχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.

φίλο-γαθής, ές, Dor. for φιλογηθής.

φίλό-γαιος, ον, (φίλος, γαία) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ου, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage φιλο-γαστορίδας, ου, δ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιος, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φιλό-γελως, ωτος, δ, ή, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.

φίλογεωργία, ή, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, όν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθής Dor. -γαθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, γη-

θος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φιλό-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φ**ιλό-δενδροs**, ον, (φίλοs, δένδρον) fond of trees. φ**ιλο-δέσποτοs**, ον, (φίλοs, δεσπότηs) loung one's

lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive. φιλό-δημος, ον, (φίλος, δημος) befriending the com-

mons or people, the commons' friend.

φτλοδικέω, f ήσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From

φτλό-δικος, ον. (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: liti-

φιλό-δίκος, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: liti-

φίλ-οδίτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, δδίτης) a friend of travellers.  $[\bar{\iota}]$ 

φτλό-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δύξα) loving bonour or glory. φτλό-δουπος, (φίλος, δοῦπος) loving noise.

φίλ-όδυρτος, ον, (φίλος, ὐδύρομαι) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

 $\phi$ Υλό-δωροs, ον,  $(\phi$ ίλοs, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -ρωs.

φίλο-εργόs, ύν, (φίλοs, έργον) fond of work, indus-

trious.

φίλο-ζέφυρος, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-

 $\phi$ tλό-ζωος, ον, (φίλος, ζωή) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζώον) fond of animals.

φιλο-θεάμων [ἄ], ον, (φίλοε, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φιλό-θεος, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.

φιλοθηρία, ή, love of bunting, love of the chase. From gambling.

φϊλό-θηρος, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of bunting. φϊλο-θουκυδίδης, ου, ό, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of Toucydides.

φίλο-θρηνής, έε, (φίλοε, θρ $\hat{η}$ νοε) fond of wailing or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτηs, ου,  $\delta$ , (φίλοs, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper.  $\{\vec{v}\}$ 

φιλό-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλύθυτα ὄργια sacrifices offered with zeal.

φίλ-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλ-οικτίρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οίκτείρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μύνως.

φίλ-οίκτιστος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίζω) = φίλοικτος.

φίλ-οικτος, ον, (φίλος, οἶκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [I]

φιλοινία, ή, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλ-οινος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine. φίλ-οίφης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φιλοκαλέω, f. ήσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to

indulge a taste for refinement. From φιλό-κάλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. Il also fond of bonour, seeking bonour. φιλο-καμπής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, καμπή) easily

bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φιλοκέρδεια, ή, (φιλοκερδήs) love of gain.

φίλοκερδέω, f. ήσω, to be greedy of gain. From φίλο-κερδής, έs, gen. έos, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτομος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, όνος, ό, ή, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδῦνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturous, enterprising, bold. Adv. -νως, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφύρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φιλό-κνίσος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching. φιλό-κοινος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλο-κρημνος, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρινέω, f. ήσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρύταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλό-κροτος, ον, (φίλος, κρύτος) loving noise or din. φίλο-κτέανος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτεανώτατος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτήμων, ον, gen ονος, (φίλος, κτήμα) = φιλο-

φίλδ-κύβος, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice of gambling.

splendour, joyous, brilliant.

φίλο-κύνηγέτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) a lover of bunting or the chase.

φιλό-κωμος, ον, (φίλος, κωμος) fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.

φιλο-λάκων, ωνος, δ, (φίλος, Λάκων) fond of the Lacedaemonians. [ă]

φ**τλο-λήιος**, ον, poet. for φιλύλειυ**s**, (φίλο**s**, ληίη, λεία) loving booty.

φιλό-λιχνος, ον, (φίλος, λίχνος) loving dainties. Δίλολογία, ή, love of discussion, love of learning and

literature: the study of language and history. From φιλό-λογος, ον, (φίλος, λέγω) fond of words,

II. fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλόλογοs, ò, a student of language and history, a learned

φίλο-λοίδορος, ον, (φίλος, λοίδορυς) fond of reviling, abusive.

φιλομάθεια, ή, love of knowledge. [μα]

φίλο-μάθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, μαθε $\hat{i}\nu$ ) fond of father. learning, loving knowledge. Adv. -θωs.

φιλό-μαντις, εως, δ, (φίλος, μάντις) loving soothsayers or soothsaying.

φιλό-μαστος, ον, (φίλος, μαστός) loving the breast. φίλομαχέω, f. ήσω, to be fond of fighting, eager to fight. From

φίλό-μάχος, ον, (φίλος, μάχη) loving fighting, warlike.

φίλ-όμβριος and φίλ-ομβρος, ον, (φίλος, ὅμβρος)

φιλομήλα Ion. -λη, ή, the nightingale, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φίλομήλειος, a, ov, of, belonging to the nightingale. φίλο-μήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, μήτηρ) loving one's

φίλομ-μειδής, ές, poet. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδάω) laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.

φιλό-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) loving the dance and song.

φιλομουσέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσος) to love the Muses. φιλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσέω) love of the Muses.

φίλό-μουσος, ον, (φίλος, Μοῦσα) loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.

φιλό-μῦθος, ον, (φίλος, μῦθος) fond of fables. φιλό-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) given to find fault,

censorious.

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμουσος.

φίλο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ναύτης) loving sailors. φίλονεικέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόνεικος) to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρω φιλουεικείν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy. Hence

φίλονεικία, ή, love of strive, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.

φίλο-κυδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, κύδος) loving | φίλο-νεικος, ον, (φίλος, νείκος) fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.

φιλονικέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόνικος) to strive for victory. Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. one must strive for victory.  $\phi i\lambda \dot{\phi} - vi\kappa o_{\varsigma}$ , ov,  $(\phi i\lambda o_{\varsigma}, vi\kappa \eta)$  striving for victory.

φίλο-νύμφιος, ον, (φίλος, νύμφιος) loving the bridegroom or bride.

φιλό-ξεινος, ον, poet. for φιλύξενος.

φιλό-ξενος poet. -ξεινος, ον, (φίλος, ξένος) louing strangers, bospitable. Adv. -vws, bospitably. φιλό-οινος, ον, poet. for φίλοινος.

φίλο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παίγμα) fund of play or sport, playful, sportive.

φιλό-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, (φίλος, παιε) loving one's children, loving boys.

φίλο-πάτρία, (ψίλος, πάτρις) love of one's coun-2. (φίλος, πατήρ) love of one's father.

φιλό-πάτρις, ιδος, ή, acc. -πάτριν, (φίλος, πατρίς) loving one's country.

φίλο-πάτωρ, υρυς, ύ, ή, (φίλος, πάτήρ) loving one's

φιλό-πλεκτος, ον, (ψίλος, πλέκω) constantly braided. φιλό-πλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ουν. (φίλος, πλόος) fond of sailing.

φίλ-όπλος, ον, (φίλος, ὅπλον) loving arms or war. φιλοπλουτία, ή, love of riches. From

φιλό-πλουτος, ον, (φίλος, πλοῦτος) loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος αμίλλα the race for wealth.

φίλο-ποίμνιος, ον, (φίλος, ποίμνη) loving the flock. φίλο-πόλεμος poet. φίλοπτόλεμος, ον, (φίλος, πύλεμοs) fond of war, warlike. Adv. - μωs.

Φιλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. 10s, δ, ή: acc. -ιν: poet. also φιλόπτολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—loving one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, δ, a pairiot: φιλόπολιε άρετή οι τὸ φιλόπολι patriotism: — at Athens, φιλύπατρι**s** was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολιs of one who was devoted to his own state.

φιλοπονέω, f. ήσω, (φιλύπονος) to love labour, work bard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονείν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.

φιλοπονηρία, ή, love of bad men. From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ον, (φίλος, πονηρύε) fond of bad

φιλοπονία, ή, (φιλοπονέω) love of labour, patient industry.

φιλό-πονος, ον, (φίλος, πόνος) loving labour, dili-II. of things, toilsome, laborious. gent, industrious. Adv. -νωs, laboriously: Comp. -νώτερον; Sup. -νώ-

φιλοποσία, ή, love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia. From

φίλο-πότης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ΠΟ - Root of some tenses of πίνω) a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus. φιλοπραγμοσύνη ή, a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness. From

φίλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πράγμα) fond

of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπράγμων, δ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv. – μύνων. φίλοπροσηγορία, η, easiness of address, affability, courtesy. From

φίλο-προσήγοροs, ον, (φίλοε, προσήγοροs) easy of address, affable.

φίλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλοs, πρωτεύω) to strive to be first or in the front rank.

φίλο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet, for φιλοπόλεμος.

φιλό-πτολις, δ, ή, poët. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πυρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φίλ-οπωριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὁπώρα) a lover of autumn fruits.

φίλ-όργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὅργια) fond of orgies.

φίλ-όρθιος, ον. (φίλος, ρρθιος) loving what is right. φίλ-ορμίστειρα, η, (φίλος, ρμίζω) she who loves the harbour.

φίλ-ορνίθία, ή, fondness of birds. From

φίλορνις, τθος, ό, ή, (φίλος, ὅρνις) fond of birds: sheltering, barbouring birds.

φίλορ-ρώξ,  $\hat{\omega}$ γοε,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{\eta}$ , (φίλοε,  $\hat{\rho}$ ωξ) loving or bearing

grapes. φίλ-όρτυξ, ϋγοε, ὁ, ἡ, (ψίλοε, ὅρτυξ) fond of quails.  $\Phi I'\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ ; vocat.  $\phi i\lambda \epsilon$ , sometimes even with neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear, Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ, Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸs φίλοs the friend of Jove: in addressing others, & φίλος, & φίλε, & φίλοι, O friend, O friends; ol φίλοι friends, kinsmen, one's kith and kin; κοινά τά των φίλων friends 3. of things, dear, pleasing; have all in common. φίλον ἐστί μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλυs for the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart, limbs, etc., as, φίλον ήτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος θυμός, άλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is implied in it, as, μητρί φίλη 'Αλθαίη χωύμενος κῆρ enraged in heart with bis mother Althaea; also to denote possession or custom, φίλα είματα their own garments; φίλος πόνος their wonted labour. in Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving, friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel kındly; φίλα ποιείσθαί τινα to do one a kindness.

 $\phi$ ίλος has several forms of Comparison: 1 Comp.  $\phi$ ιλίων, ον: Sup.  $\phi$ ίλιστος, η, ον, 2. Comp.  $\phi$ ίλτερος: Sup.  $\phi$ ίλτατος. 3. Comp.  $\phi$ ιλαίτερος, Sup.  $\phi$ ιλαίτατος.

φίλό-σίτος, ον, (φίλος, σίτος) fond of corn, agricultural.

II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φίλο-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκήπτρον) sceptered. φίλο-σκήπων, ωνος, δ, ή, (φίλος, σκήπων) loving of carrying a staff.

φίλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or baunting the rocks.

φίλο-σκώμμων, ον, gen. ονο ε, (φίλο ε, σκῶμμα) loving a iest.

φίλοσοφέω, f. ήσω: pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα: (φιλόσο tion; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's φος):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

wise, to seek after knowledge, study bard, Lat philosophari. II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically, Lat. meditari: φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφέν to seek out a philosophic system.

2. generally, to study, work at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφητέον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom. φίλοσοφία, ή, (φιλοσοφέω) love of knowledge and wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy. Lat. philosophia or sapientia.

φίλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom of knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called himself φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage: hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgat (οἱ πολλοί). 2 as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one who discusses subjects scientifically.

II. philosophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφωs, Adv. philosophically

φίλο-σπήλυγξ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπήλυγξ) fond of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drinkofferings or libations, employed in libations.
φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal,

zealous. φίλο-στέφανος, ου (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns,

wreated, garlanded.

φίλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv. -νως.

φίλοστοργία, ή, tender love, warm affection. From φίλο-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly, affectionate, esp of natural affection. Adv -γως φίλο-στρατώτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the soldier's friend.

φίλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σωμα) leving, indulging the body; sensual

φίλοτάσιος [ā], a, ον, Dor, for φιλοτήσιος.

φίλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children or offspring

φίλοτεχνέω. f. ήσω, to love art, practise an art. From φιλό-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, ingenious: of things, curious.

φίλότης, ητος, ή, (φίλος) friendship, love. affection: also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, a, or, also os, or, (φιλότης) of friendship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια ἔργα works of love. II. ή φιλοτησία κύλιξ, or absol. ή φιλοτησία (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτησίαν λαβεῖν to have one's bealth drunk; φιλοτησίαν προπίνειν to drink a health.

φίλοτιμέσμαι, fut. med. ήσομαι; 20t. 1 med. ἐφιλοτιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτίμημαι: Dep.: (φιλότιμοs):—to love bonour or distinction; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμείσθαί τι οι πρός τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμείσθαι πρός τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; of πάνν ἄν φιλοτιμηθείεν φίλφ σοι χρήσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φίλοτιμία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of bonour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry: hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy.

2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality.

II. a coveted object, bonour, distinction.

φίλό-τίμος, ον, (φίλος, τιμή) loving bonour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass, much-bonoured.

φίλοττάριον, τύ, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φιλό-φθογγος, ον, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

φιλό φιλος, ov, loving one's friends.

φίλο-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, δ, ή, (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) loving

the lyre, accompanying it.

φίλο-φρονέομαι, f. med ήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρον):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονηθήναι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλουs.

II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, α, ον, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

φίλοφροσύνη, ή, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindliness: friendly greeting, welcome.

II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόσυνος, η, ον, = φιλόφρων.

φιλό-φρων, ονος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrum, fiscella. or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρύνως, kindly, nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pig affectionately, cheerfully.

| Worte sometimes attached. III a

φίλο-χορευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the

cboral dance.

 $\phi$ ĭλό-χοροs,  $o\nu$ ,  $(\phi$ ίλοs, χορόs) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φίλοχρηματέω, f. ήσω, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρημάτία, ή, love of money, covetousness.

φίλο-χρήματος, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φιλό-χρηστος, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

φίλό-χριστος, ον, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ. φίλό-χρύσος, ον, (φίλος, χρυσός) greedy of gold. φίλοχωρέω, f. ήσω, (φιλύχωρος) to be fond of a place

or country, to baunt a particular spot. Hence φίλοχωρία, ή, fondness for a place, attachment to a

particular spot or baunt.

φιλό-χωρος, ον, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place. φίλο-ψευδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, ψεῦδος) fond of lies or lying.

φίλό-ψογος, ον, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

φίλοψῦχέω, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fam'hearted Hence

φίλοψυχία Ion. -ίη, ή, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φιλό-ψυχος, ον, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -γως.

φίλτατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλοs, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φίλτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φίλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespere's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον.

Il in plur. charms, loveliness.

φιλ-υβριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φίλ-ύδρηλος, ον, (φίλος, ύδρηλός) abounding in moisture.

φίλ-υμνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [ $\uparrow$ ] φίλ-υπνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [ $\uparrow$ ]

ΦΓΛΥ'PA Ion. φιλύρη, η, the lime or linden tree, Lat. tilia. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat. philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [v]

φιλύρινος, η, ον, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [v]

φίλ-φδός, όν, (φίλος, ψδή) fond of singing or song. φίλ-ωρείτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains. φίλως, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a

pleasing way, kindly. [t]

ΦΓΜΟ Σ, δ, with irreg. neut. pl. φιμά, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capitrum, fiscella. II. the nove-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached. III a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus. Hence

φιμόω, f. ώσω: aor. 1 pass. ἐφιμώθην: pf. πεφίμωμαι:—to muzzle, gag, sbut up as with a muzzle; φιμοῦν τῷ ξύλφ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silenee; Pass., φιμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμωσο be still.

ΦITPO'Σ, δ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φίτυ, τό, poet. contr. for φίτυμα, as δω for δωμα.

φίτυμα, ατος, τό, (φιτύω) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φἶτὔ-ποιμήν, ένοs, δ, (φῖτυ, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φττύσεαι, Ep. 2 sing fut. med. of φιτύω.

φῖτύω, f. ὑσω [i]: aor. I ἐφίτυσα: (φῖτυ):= φυτεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

\*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἔφλαδον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασώ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαττόθρατ and φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ίσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From

φλαθροs, α, ον, collat. form of φαθλοs, preferred by lon. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = φαυλότης.

φλαυρ-οῦργος, ον, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly:

φλαυροῦργοs, ό, a sorry workman.

φλαύρως, Adv. of φλαύρος, badly, meanly: φλαύρως ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρως ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of. ΦΛΑ'Ω, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα: f. φλάσω [ŭ] Dor. φλασῶ: aor. 1 ἔφλάσα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφλάσθην: pf. πέφλασμα:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to burt, wound. II. in Att Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγέθω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres:
—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt.

II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, beat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, beat. 2. phlegm, Lat. pituīta.

φλίγμαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐφλέγμανα and ἐφλέγμηνα: (φλέγμα):—to be beated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, as, ή, Phlegra; Φλέγραs πεδίον a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραῖοs, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Phlegra, Phlegraean. φλεγύαs, ου, δ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

φλεγυρός, ά, όν, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning,

scorching: metaph. bot, ardent.

 $\Phi \Lambda E \Upsilon \Omega$ , fut.  $\phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} f \omega$ : aor.  $1 \ddot{\epsilon} \phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} f \alpha$ :—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become bot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. ur., to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash;  $\phi \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \epsilon \iota \nu \beta \dot{\epsilon} \lambda os$  to burl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλέδων, ονος, and φλεδών, ωνος, δ, (φλέω) an idle talker, babbler.

 $\Phi \Lambda \mathbf{E}' \Xi \mathbf{I} \Sigma$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , name of an unknown bird.

φλέψ, ή, gen. φλεβόs, (φλέω) a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water. ΦΛΕ'Ω, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, ω, δ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rusb

or reed.

φληναφάω, f. ήσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληναφος, δ, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter. ΦΑΓΑ', ή, in plur. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs.

Φλίβω, f. ψω, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβω. [1]

φλόγεος, α, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογερός, ά, όν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ίσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, seorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγίνος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ον, ( $\dot{\phi}\lambda\dot{\phi}$ ) flaming, fiery. burning. φλογιστός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{ον}$ , verb. Adj. of  $\dot{\phi}\lambda$ ογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, δ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation. φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing. φλογ-ώδης, εs, (φλόξ, είδοs) like flame, fiery bot.

φλογ-ωπός, όν, (φλόξ, ὤψ) fiery-looking, flaming.φλόγωσις, εως, ἡ, (φλογόω) burning beat.

φλογ-ώψ, ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ, = φλογωπός.

 $\phi$ λόϊνος,  $\eta$ , ον,  $(\phi$ λοῦς,  $\phi$ λέως) of or from the water-plant  $\phi$ λοῦς or  $\phi$ λέως; ἐσθῆτες  $\phi$ λόιναι garments made of  $\phi$ λοῦς, mat-garments.

φλοιός,  $\delta$ , (φλέω) the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass.

φλοισβοs, δ, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , gen φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα εγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλὸξ οίνου the fiery beat of wine: pl. φλόγος, flames, fire.

φλοῦς, δ, Ion. for <math>φλέως.

φλυαρέω Ion. φλυηρ: f. ήσω: (φλύαροs):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak tally: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυαρία, ή, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλύūροs,  $\dot{o}$ , (φλύω) silly talk, foolery. II. a silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ή, (φλίω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

 $\phi \lambda \dot{\nu} os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}_{i} = \phi \lambda vapia$ , idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [v]: aor. I έφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

 $\dot{\phi}$ οβαθ $\hat{\eta}$ s, Dor. for  $\phi$ οβηθ $\hat{\eta}$ s, 2 sing. 201. 1 pass. subj. of  $\phi$ οβέω.

φοβίεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερόs, ά, όν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, auful, formudable; πλήθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ ὅρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἐστι] μή there is reason to dread that . . II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic: anxious.

φοβερωs, Adv. of φοβερόs, fearfully, both in act. and pass, sense.

φοβέσι-στράτη, ή, (φοβέω, στρατόs) scarer of bosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβεύμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ϵφόβησα: (φόβοs):—to strike with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass.  $\phi$ οβηθήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφοβησάμην, and pass. έφοβήθην; pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπό τινος φοβέεσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβείσθαί τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβείσθαι είs or πρός τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβείσθαι άμφί τινι, περί τινος or τινι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβείσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦO'BH, ή, a lock, curl or tuft of bair, bair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβαι, the Gorgon's II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἴων φόβαι tufts of violets,

φοβηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.

φόβηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for έφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, ατος, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror. φοβητικός,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta \nu}$ , ( $\dot{\phi}$ οβέω) liable to fear, timid.

φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror. φόβοs, δ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέοs the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φύβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objects, fear or dread of another :- φόβονδε ίππους έχειν, τρωπασθαι, άΙσσειν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε άγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ην φύβους λέγη. 2. an object of terror, a terror. II. Φόβοs, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δείμος.

φοιβάζω, f. άσω, (φοίβος) to cleanse, purify. (Φοίβοs) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάs, άδοs, ή, (Φοίβοs) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ήσω, (φοίβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wasb.

Φοίβειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ion. Φοιβήιος, η, ον: (Φοιβos): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοίβη, ή, Phoibe, Lat. Phoebe, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίs, ίδοs, poet. fem. of Φοίβειοs.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ον, Ion. for Φοιβόληπτος, (Φοίβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

φοίβος, η, ον, (φάος) pure, bright, radiant, beam-II. as prop. n., PoiBos, S, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φοίβοε 'Απύλλων.

φοινήεις, εσσα, εν, (φοινός) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων φοινή εις a blood-red dragon.

φοινίκ-άνθεμος, ον, (φοίνιξ, άνθεμον) with purple flowers; φοινικάνθεμον έαρ, Lat. purpureum ver. φοινίκεος, a, ον, contr. -οῦς, η, οῦν, (φοῖνιξ) of a

purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus, [7] Φοινίκη [νί], ή, (Φοίνιξ) Phoenicia.

φοινίκήτος, η, ον. Ion. for φοινίκειος, φριγίκινος, the palm, date.

of the date or palm-tree; ἐσθης φοινικηίη a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικήτος οίνος palm-wine. = Φοινικικόs, Phoenician.

Φοινικικός, ή, όν, (Φοινιξ) Phoenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv.-κωs, in Phoenician fashion. II. = φοινίκεοs, red.

φοινίκτνος,  $\eta$ , ον, (φοῖνιξ) = φοινικήιος, of, from thepalm-tree; φοινίκινον μύρον palm-unguent. [νι]

φοινίκιοῦς, οῦσσα, οῦν, = φοινίκεος, purple, crimsqn. φοινικίς, ίδος, ή, (φυίνιξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the curtain. admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

φοινίκιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φοίνιξ) among the Persians, α wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φοινικό-βαπτος, ον, (φοινιξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φοινικο-βατέω, f. ήσω, (φοινιξ, βαίνω) to climb palms. Φοινικο-γενής, έε, (Φοινιξ, \*γένω) Phoenician-born. φοινικο-δάκτυλος, ον, (φοινιξ, δάκτυλον) crimsonfingered.

φοινικόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for φοινίκεος, dark-red,

purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φοινικό-κροκος, ον, (φοινιέ, κροκός) of purple woof. φοινικο-λόφος, ον. (φοινιέ, λόφος) purple-crested. φοινϊκο-πάρειος Ιοη. -πάρηος, ον, (φοινιξ, παρειά) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows. φοινικό-πεδος, ον, (φοινιξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φοινῖκό-πεζα, ή, (φοῖνιξ, πέζα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ον, (φοινιξ, πτερών) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φοινικόπτερος, δ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινικό-ροδος, ον, (φοινιξ, ρόδον) red with roses. φοινικο-σκελής, ές, (φοινιξ, σκέλος) red-legged, redsbanked.

φοινικο-στερόπης, ρυ, Dor, -as, a, δ, (φοινιέ, στεροπή) burling red lightnings.

Φοινῖκό-στολος, ον, (Φοῖνιξ, στέλλω) sent by Phoenicians.

φοινίκοθε, η, οῦν, contr. for φοινίκεος.

φοινικο-φαής, έε, (φοινιξ, φάσε) red-shining.

Φοινιξ, ικος, δ, a Phoenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοινιξ άνηρ άπατήλια είδώς a Phoenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοίνισσα, ή, a Phoenician 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus. woman.

φοινιξ, ικος, δ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Phoenicians. II. the palm, datepalm: the male palm is called by Herodotus & poivit έρσην, to distinguish it from ή φοίνιξ βαλανηφόρος the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the fruit of 3. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians. III. the fabulous Egyptian bird phoenix, described by Hero-

dotus 2. 73.

φοινιξ, ικοs, δ, ή, also fem. φοίνισσα, Adj. purplered, purple or crimson, red; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. fulvus, of the colour of fire. The words φοινιξ, φοινίκεοs, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεοs, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής

**Φοίνιος**, a, ov, also os, ov, (φοινός) blood-red: hence blood-stained, bloody, Lat. cruentus. also warlike.

Φοίνισσα, fem. of Φοινιξ (Subst), a Phoenician ΙΙ. φοίνισσα, fem. of φοίνιξ (Adj.)

φοινίσσω, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἐφοινίχθην: (φοινός). -to redden, to make red. to tinge, dye red:-Pass. to become red, to colour, blusb.

φοινός, ή, όν, (φόνος) blood-red: blood-stained,

bloody.

φοιτάλέος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φοιτάω) straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, II. act. driving madly about, maddening. φοιτάλιώτης, ου, ό, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a

roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, άδος, ή, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτάς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροίs on roaming, wandering wings. φοιτάω Ion.-έω: f. ήσω: (φοίτος):—to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; δια νηθε φοιταν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοίτων ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέοs, φοιτάς. 3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρεα τὰ ἐs Ελληνας φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σίτός σφισι πολλος έφοίτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. redire; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου 'Αλεξάνδρω ήμέρης έκάστης έφοίτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day. 2. φοιταν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιταν έπὶ τὰς θύρας τινός to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιταν els διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with

another. Hence φοίτησις, εως, ή, a constant going or coming, a

2. a going to school. visiting.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω. φοιτητήρ,  $\hat{\eta}ροs$ ,  $\delta$ , and φοιτητής,  $ο\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτίζω, poët, for φοιτάω ΦΟΙ ΤΟΣ, δ, a going to and fro. II. mad-

ness, frenzy. φολκόs, δ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα ἕλκειν) squint-eyed; or more probably (akin to έλκω, όλκόs) bandy-legged, Lat. valgus.

φόλλιs, εωs, ή, also δ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. follis.

φονάω, f. ήσω, (φόνος) to be atherst for blood, bave murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, έως lon η̂ος, ό; acc. φονέα or φονέα: nom. pl. φονέες, φονείς, acc φονέας: (φονεύω):-a murderer, slayer, bomicide.

φονεύω, (φύνοε) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ή, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; έν φοναίς in the midst of slaughter; σπάν φοναίς to rend in murder, 1 e. murderously.

φονικός, ή, όν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνιος,  $\alpha$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (φόνοs) of blood, II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous. φονο-λίβής, ές, (φύνος, λείβω) blood-dripping. φονόρ-ρύτος, ον, (φόνος, ρέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, δ, (\*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. caedes; φύνος Έλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: 2. blood shed in murder, gore, m plur *murders*. blood, Lat. cruor. 3 a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χειλος, δ, (φοξός χείλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

Φοξός, ή, όν, (¿ξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξὸς ἔην κεφαλήν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ή, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying 3. a bearing, producof money, payment. II. (from Pass φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ή φορά ἀκοντίου the javelm's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat, impetus. (also) from Pass that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden. 2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. vectigal. 3 that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. proventus: metaph. a large crop, barvest.

φοράδην [ă], Adv. (φέρομαι) with a rushing or vio-II. borne or carried in a litter. lent motion.

φορβάs, άδοs, δ, ή, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβειά, ή, (φέρβω) the balter by which a borse is tied to the manger, Lat. capistrum. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fifers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ή, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals : metaph. fuel.

φορέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion impf. of φορέω.

φορέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.

φορείον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a bandbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. sella, lectica.

φορέοισα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.

φορεύντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.

φορεύς, έως Ion. η̂υς, δ, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.

φορέω, f. ήσω: aor. 1 εφύρησα Ερ φύρησα:-Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to bave, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελίην φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, άγγελίας φορέειν to be in the babit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:-Pass. to be borne violently along, be burried along: to be tossed about at sea :- Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.

φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.

φόρημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.

φορήμεναι, Ep. for φορείν, inf. of φορέω.

φορήναι, Ep. for φορείν, inf. of φορέω.

φορητός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ , also  $\delta s$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , verb. Adj. of  $\phi \circ \rho \epsilon \omega$ , borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.

**φόρϊμος,** ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.

Φορκίδες [t], ίδων, ai, the daughters of Phorcys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Sthemo, Euryale, Medusa. Φόρκος, δ, = Φύρκυς.

Φόρκυs, υνος and υσς, o, Phoreys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.

φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or watling: crosswise, athwart.

φόρμιγξ, ιγγοs, ή, the phorminx, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From  $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega$ , because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.)

φορμίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to play the φόρμιγξ or lyre. Hence

φορμικτής, οῦ, ὁ, Dor. -τάς, a lyre-player, barper. φορμίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.

φορμο-ράφέω οτ φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμύε, ράπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, straitened, bampered.

φορμόs, δ, (φέρω) anything made of wickerwork: 1. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, 2. a mat, Lat. storea: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.

φόρον, ου, τό, the Lat. forum; Φόρον 'Αππίου Αρρίι Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.

**\phi \delta \rho o s**,  $\delta$ ,  $(\phi \epsilon \rho \omega)$  that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φύρον ὑποτελεῖν to pay tribute; φόρον τάξασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάξαι to impose tribute; φόρου ὑποτελής subject to pay tribute.

φορτ-ἄγωγός, όν, (φόρτος, ἄγω) carrying freights; ναθε φορταγωγόε a ship of burden, merchantman.

φορτηγέω, f. hdarpoonup f. hdarpoonup (φορτηγόs) = φορταγωγέω. φορτηγικόs, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; πλοίον φορτηγικόν a ship of burden, merchantman. From

φορτ-ηγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγόs, δ, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, merchant.

φορτίζω, f. ίσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίζειν τινάς to load men with loads:-Med., τὰ μείονα φορτίζεσθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:-Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένοs beavy laden

φορτίκός, ή, όν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar: -so of things, φορτική κωμφδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence φιρτικώς, Adv., vulgarly.

φορτίον, τό, (φύρτος) a burden, load: a sbip's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.

φορτίς, ίδος, ή, (φύρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.

φόρτος, ο, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff

φορύνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile.  $[\bar{v}]$ 

φορύσσω, f.  $\xi \omega$ , = φορύνω, to stain, defile.

φορύτός, δ, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. quisquiliae: also chaff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware

φόωs, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φωs, light. Hence  $\phi \delta \omega \sigma \delta \epsilon$ , Adv. to the light, to the light of day.

φραγέλλιον, τό, the Lat. flagellum, a scourge. Hence φραγελλόω, f. ώσω, the Lat flagello, to scourge. φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.

φράγήσομαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.

φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.

φραγμός, δ, (φράσσω) a sbutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II like φράγμα, a bedge, fence, paling.

φράγνῦμι, = φράσσω.

φραδάζω, f. άσω: 20r. 1 ἐφράδασα poët. φράδασ- $\sigma a: (\phi \rho a \delta \eta):$  to tell of, make known.

φραδη, η, (φραζω) understanding, knowledge.advice, a bint, warning, intimation. Hence

φράδήs, és, gen éos, understanding, sbrewd, cunning. φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning. From

φράδμων, ον, gen. ονοs, (φράζω) = φραδήs. From ΦΡΑ ΖΩ, f. φράσω: 201. Ι έφρασα Εp. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep aor. 2 πέφραδον or έπέφράδον, inf. πεφραδέειν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than Aéyw:-c. dat. pers. et inf. to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σήματα πέφραδε be gave φορτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of indications by signs:—φράζειν χειρί to make signs, \* merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:

3 sing. Ion. impf. φραζέσκετο: fut. φράσομαι: 20r. I med. ἐφρασάμην, pass. ἐφράσθην: pf. pass. πέφραδμαι and πέφρασμαι: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by el with indicat. fut., to consider whether; αμφίε φράζεσθαι to think differently. 2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him. 3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that. 4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also 5. to mind, beed, take care or beed of, c. acc.

φράν, ή, gen. φρανύς, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράσσω.

φράξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of φράσσω.

φράσδω, Dor for φράζω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor 1 med. of φράζω. φρασθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass, part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑ ΣΣΩ Λιτ. - ττω: f. ξω: 201. I έφραξα: Pass., fut. φράγήσομαι: 20τ. Ι ἐφράχθην: 20τ. 2 ἐφράγην [ă]: pf. πέφραγμαι:—in Λ.t. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρξασθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφαργμαι for πέφραγμαι, φαρκτύς for φρακτύς:--to fence in, bedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; φράξαι δέμας ὅπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο τὸ τείχοs they strengthened the wall: in Mcd. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications .-- Pass to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. πεφραγμένοs, fenced, secured. II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δύρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέρρα baving put up the shields as a fence. block up: make close, fill quite full.

**φραστήρ**,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\hat{o}$ , ( $\phi$ ράζω) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ όδων a man who tells one the way, a guide: - φραστήρες οδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράτηρ, ερος, or φράτωρ, ορος, δ, (φράτρα) a member of a φράτρα: pl. φράτερες οτ φράτορες those of the same φράτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγειν τον υίον είς τους φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφυσε φράτεραs he has not yet got his φράτερεs, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες οδόντες (see  $\phi \rho \alpha \sigma \tau \eta \rho$ ).  $[\bar{a}]$ 

φρūτορικός, ή, όν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράτρη Ion. φρήτρη Dor. πάτρα, ή:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρίν' άνδρας κατά φρήτρας, ώς φρήτρη φρήτρηφιν αρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood; but, at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρίαι, whose the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, είσ-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλέται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherbood.)

φρ $\bar{u}$ τρία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = φρ $\acute{u}$ τρα.

φρώτριάζω, f. άσω, to be in the same φρατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ου, δ and φράτρί-αρχος, δ. (φρατρία, άρχω) president of αφρατρία, Lat. magister curiae. φράτριος, a, ov, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φράτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary detties of the phratriae. [a]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, opos, ύ, see φράτηρ.

ΦΡΕ'Α Ρ, τό, gen. φρέατος: Ion. φρείαρ, gen. φρείατος:—a well, or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat puteus: an oil-jar. Hence φρεάτία, ή, a tank or reservoir.

φρεūτίαs, ου, δ, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρειαρ, άτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρεν-απατάω, f. ήσω, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρεναπάτης, ov, o, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρεν-ήρης, εs, gen. εos, (φρήν, ἀρἄρειν) master of bis mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis

φρενοβλάβεια, ή, damage of the understanding. From

φρενο-βλάβής, ές, (φρήν, βλαβηναι) damaged in understanding, crazy

φρενο-γηθής, ές, (φρήν, γηθος) of glad beart, delighting the beart

Φρενο-δαλής, ές, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ϵκ φρενόs, from the heart, beartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ον, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φρήν, ληστής) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μανής, έs, (φρήν, μανηναι) frenzied in mind. φρενο-μόρωs, Adv. (φρήν, μόροs) only found in phrase φρενομόρωs νοσείν to be diseased in mind. φρενο-πληγής, ές, (φρήν, πληγήναι) giving a strole

to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ον, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind. smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, <math>η̂γοs, δ, η΄, = φρενόπληκτοs.

φρενο-τέκτων, ον, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενόω, f. ώσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενούν οὐκέτ' έξ αίνιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαίων φρενώσειs thou shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ώλης, εs, (φρήν, όλλυμι) destroyed in mind,

frenzied.

 $\Phi$ PE'Ω, f.  $\phi \rho \eta \sigma \omega$ , a root, which is found only in

metaph. of a gnat, to make a bole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗ'N, ή, gen. φρενώς, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενών, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρα- prelude. olv:-in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also 2. in Homer both in sing and called διάφραγμα. plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the beart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατά φρένα καί κατά θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque, φρενών εκστηναι to be out of one's wits; φρενών επήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἄκρας φρενός from the surface of one's 3 of beasts, mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 4. φρένε is also used in Homer in sense, instanct. the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτρη, ή, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan. φρήτρηφιν, Ep. dat of φρήτρη.

φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion. for φράτριος.

φρίκη [l],  $\dot{\eta}$ , = φρίξ, the ruffling or ripple on a II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. smooth sea. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. borror: then any fear.

φρικ-ώδης, εs, (φρίξ, είδος) that causes shuddering or borror, awful, borrible: neut φρικώδεs as Adv,

borribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑ ΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. - ττομαι: f - ξομαι: Dep.: -to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle · to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίξ, ή, gen. φρικός, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat borror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίξαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.

φριξο-κόμης, ου, ὁ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling

φρίξοs, δ, a shivering, shuddering From

ΦΡΙΈΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φρίξω: aor. 1 έφριξα: pf. πέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκοντεs formed as if from a redupl. pres πεφρίκω: to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. borrere, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφιήν to bristle with the mane; πτεροίσι νωτα πεφρίκοντες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to sbudder before anyone, to dread him. also to thrill or quiver with delight; εφριξ' ερωτι I thrilled with love.

φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (φροίμιον) contr. for προοιμιάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to φροντίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: aor. τ ἐφρύντισα: (φρον-

φρε-ωρύχεω, f. ήσω, (φρέαρ, δρύσσω) to dig tanks · begin : c. acc., φροιμιάζεσθαι θεούs to begin with invoking the gods

φροίμιον,  $τ \dot{o}$ , contr. for προσίμιον (cp. φροῦδο**s**) a

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.

**φρονέω**, Ep umpf φρόνεον .f.  $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$ : (φρ $\dot{\eta}\nu$ ):—to think, to have understanding; ἄριστοι μάχεσθαί τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; of φρονοῦντες the wise; το φρονείν, like φρόνησις, understanding. 2. to be in one's sound senses; EEw έλαύνειν τινά τοῦ φρονείν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; εξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose 3. c. acc. rei, to bave in mind, purone's wits. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονών ἔπρασσον Ι did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; lows opoveiv to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεί ή άγωγη ημῶν this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., άγαθά or φίλα φρονείν τινι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακά φρονείν τινι to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονέειν to be of the better mind, hold the better opinion and without a dat. pers., to be minded or . inclined in a certain way; πυκνά φρονείν to bave wise thoughts;  $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma a \phi \rho o \nu \dot{\epsilon} i \nu$  to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and concerted, of animals, to be highspirited; σμικρον φρονείν to be low-minded, pootspirited; οὐ κατ' ἄνθρωπον φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τά τινος φρονείν to bold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; To αὐτὸ φρονείν to be like-minded; άλλη φρονείν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take beed of, guard against a thing. bave one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, aτos, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. bigb feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονημάτίαs, ov, o, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εως, ή, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. bigb-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητέον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόντμος, ον, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρύνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully. φρόνις, εως, ή, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom. φρονούντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

τίs):--to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give beed; φροντίζειν όπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. gen. to take thought for, give beed to a thing, care about, reck of, regard it; μηδέν φροντίζειν των θεων to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περί τινος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μη φροντίσηs beed not. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντικός βλέπειν to have a careworn look. φροντίς, ίδος, ή, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a II. absol. thought, reflection, medithing, c. gen. tation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίζω) that which isthought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj of φροντίζω, one must take

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for bard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (φροντίζω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστής των μετεώρων οι φροντιστής τα μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικός, ή, όν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. -κωs, thoughtfully, carefully.

**Φροῦδος**,  $\eta$ ,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ : (contr. from  $\pi \rho \partial$   $\delta \delta o \hat{\nu}$ , as φροίμιον from προοίμιον):-gone away: of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοί [είσι] διώκοντές σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εί θανών thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά lon. φρουρή, ή, (φρουρόs) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουράν όχειν to keep watch; φρουραs άδειν (sub ένεκα) to sing on 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imbrisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a gar-2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουράν φαίνειν, see φαίνω. φρουραρχία, ή, the post of commandant. From

φρούρ-αρχος, δ, (φρουρά, ἄρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ήσω: aor. I έφρούρησα: Pass, f. med. -ήσομαι in pass. sense: aor.  $\mathbf{I}$  έφρουρήθην: (φρουρώs): —to keep watch or guard; of φροροθντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's fires. guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρούρημα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λεία βουκύλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single III. watch, ward, guard; φρούρημα έχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded

φρουρήτωρ, οροε, δ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ή, όν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρόs) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ίδος, ή, (φρουρύς) a guard-ship.

φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρουρύς, δύμος) watching or guarding the bouse.

φρουρός, ό, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φρούδοs from προ όδοῦ): a watcher, guard, οί φρουpoi the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμες, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω.

φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρυάσσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγμο-σέμνακος, ον, (φρύαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and baughty.

φρυάσσομαι Att. - ττομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. Il metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρυγανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. Υούμαι, Dep. (φρύγαvov) to gather sticks for fuel

φρυγανισμός, δ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

 $φρύγἄνον[\bar{v}], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick, mostly in plur.$ dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta. φρύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf of φρύγω.

ΦΡΥΤΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat fringilla. [i]

**Φρύγιος**, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [v] Hence

Φρυγιστί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in

the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΤΩ [v], also ΦΡΥΣΣΩ Att. - ττω: f. φρύξω Dor. -ξω: aor. 1 ἔφρυξα: Pass, aor. 1 ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 έφρύγην [v]: pf πέφρυγμαι:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ή, όν, verb Adj. roasted, toasted, parch-II. as Subst, φρυκτός, δ, a firebrand, torch: ed. in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοί πολέμιοι αιρονται ές τύπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ήσω, (φρυκτωρόs) to give signals by fire:—Pass, εφρυκτωρήθησαν νηες προσπλέουσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by

alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ή, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτ-ωρός, ό, (φρυκτός, ουρος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

 $\Phi$ PΥ'NH,  $\hat{\eta}$ , a toad.  $\lceil \bar{v} \rceil$ 

ΦΡΥΈ, δ, gen. Φρυγός, a Phrygian. φρύξω Dor. -ξω, fut. of φρίγω.

φρύσσω Att. -ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυχθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω. φθ, faugh / an exclamation of disgust

Сс

φ0, Ep. for έφυ, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of φύω.

φυά, Dor. for φυή.

φύγάδε, Adv. (φύγή) like φόβονδε, to flight; φύγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππουε he turned his horse to flight.

φυγάδεύω, f. σω, (φυγάs) to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish. II. intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φυγαδικός, ή, όν, (φυγάς) fit for an exile or refugee; φυγαδική προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμης, ου, δ, (φυγείν, αίχμή) fleeing from the

spear, unwarlike, cowardly.

φυγάς, άδος, ό, ή, (φυγείν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδας to recall the exiles; κατίναι οι κατελθείν was said of their returning themselves.

2. a deserter

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδα, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for έφυγε, 3 sing. 201. 2 of φεύγω. φυγείν Ion. φυγέειν, 201. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φυγή, η, (φυγείν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: dat. φυγή, in basty flight, bastily.

2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων ἀμηχάνων φυγὰς ξυμπέφρασται he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases.

II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγην φείγειν to live in banishment.

2. as a collective Noun φυγή. = φυγάδες, a body of exiles or refugees.

φύγησι. Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. 20r. 2 of φεύγω. φυγο-δέμνιος, ον, (φυγείν, δέμνιον) sbunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δίκέω, f. ήσω, (φυγείν, δίκη) to sbun a lawsuit:

to dislike litigation.

φύγό-ξενος, ον, (φυγείν, ξένος) sbunning strangers

or guests, hence inhospitable. φύγο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πόλεμος, πτόλεμος) shunning war, cowardly.

φυγών, οῦσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν.

φυείς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) poët. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence φυζάκινός, ή, όν, flying, shy, scared.

φυζάλέος, α, ον, = φυζακινός.

φνή Dor. φνά,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φνω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φυίη, 3 sing. 2 opt. of φύω.

φυήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

**φυίην**, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φῦκιόεις, εσσα, εν, (φῦκος) full of sea-weed, weedy. φῦκίον οτ φύκιον, τό, (φῦκος) sea-weed.

φυκο-γείτων, ονος, δ, ή, (φυκος, γείτων) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea.

ΦΥΚΟΣ,  $\epsilon os$ ,  $\tau \dot{o}$ , Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, sea-wrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from  $\rho \hat{v} \kappa os$ , Lat. fucus.

φυκτός, ή, όν, = φευκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be sbunned or escaped, that can be escaped.

II. sbunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φυλακή, ή, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding. keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubiae; φυλακάς έχειν to mount the night-guard; φυλακάς φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; τα φυλακά καταστήσασθαι to set the 2. a watch of guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security. II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; έχειν τινά έν φυλακή to keep in custody:also φυλακήν έχειν, = φυλάττεσθαι to take beed or care, be cautious; δεινώς έχειν έν φυλακήσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φυλάκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (φυλακή) to throw into

prison.

φύλακος, δ, poët. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φύλακτήρ, ηρος, δ, = φύλαξ, a guard. Hence

φύλακτήριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φυλακτικός, ή, όν, (φυλάσσω) fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen. Il. cautious:—Adv. -κως. φύλαξ, άκος, ό, also ή, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat excubitor; of φύλακε the garrison: also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδός a protector of the lad. φυλάξεις, Dor. for φυλάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ή, (φυλάσσω) a watching, guarding.

II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution.

φῦλαρχέω, f. ήσω, to command the contingent of a tribe (φυλή). II. to command the cavalry. From φύλ-αρχος,  $\delta$ , (φῦλή, ἄρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσέμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω. ΦΥΛΑΊΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φυλάξω: aor. I έφύλαξα Ερ. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: aor. I ἐφυλάχθην: I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: pf. πεφύλαγμαι: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; vикта φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τινα άπό Tivos to guard one from a person or thing. watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν δρκια to keep, respect oaths; φυλάσσειν έποι to observe a com-III. Med. to beed, take beed or care, be mand. on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένος είναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μή ποιεῦν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take beed, beware of, be on one's guard against, sbun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φολέτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribūlis.

φυλή, ή, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste.

2. later, a union according to local babitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood.

II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΙ'A, ή, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάς, άδος, ή, (φύλλον) a beap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ήδη κατακαρφομένης when bis leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλειον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, berbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the

bargain; ραφανίδων φυλλεία radish-tops.

φύλλινος, η, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves. φυλλοβολέω, f. ήσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves. φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves,

thick-leaved, leafy.

**ΦΥ΄ΛΛΟΝ**, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἶηπερ φύλλον γενεή, τοιήδε καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves.

2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-poos, ον, (φύλλον, δέω) leaf-shedding.

Hence

φυλλορροέω, f. ήσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροείν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ωτος, δ, ή, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewed or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόροs, ον, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόροs άγων a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χοέω, f. ήσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like

φυλο-κρινέω, f. ήσω, (φυλον, κρίνω) to distinguisb

races, choose by races.

φθλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φῦλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν.
2. in plut. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, bost, crowd, as, φῦλα θεῶν, φῦλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φῦλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds.
3. sex, τὸ γυναικεῖον φῦλον the female sex.
II. a race, people, nation.
III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φῦλα by races or clans.

φύλ-οπις, ιδοε, η': acc. φύλοπιν or φυλόπιδα: (φῦλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

`φθμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

**φθναι,** aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φυξ-άνωρ, opos, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φεύγω, ἀνήρ) fleeing men. [ $\bar{a}$ ] φύξηλυς, ιοs and ιδοs, δ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (φεύγω) fugitive, sby, cowardly.

φύξιμος, ον, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge.

II. c. acc., φύξιμος τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξιs, εωs, ή, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύραμα, ατος, τό, (φυράω) that which is mixed or

kneaded, paste, dougb.

φυράω, f. άσω [ā]: aor. τ ἐφύρᾶσα Ion. -ησα: Pass., aor. τ ἐφυράθην [ā] Ion. -ήθην: pf. πεφύρημα: -lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακήν φωνήν πρόε τουε ἐραστὰε φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φυρήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, f. φύρσω: aor. 1 ἔφυρσα: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρσομα: aor. 1 ἐφύρθην: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [v]. pf. πέφυρσα:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [v]

 $φύs [\bar{v}]$ , 2 or. 2 part. of φύω: δ φύs α son.

φθσα, ης, ή, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II.

a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φυσαθείε, είσα, έν, Dor. for φυσηθείε, 201. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάλίς and φυσάλλίς, ίδος, ή, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustŭla.

II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φύσαλος, δ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself

 $up. [\check{v}]$ 

φύσαs, aor. I part. of φύω; δ φύσαs one's father. [v̄]

φυσατήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσητήριον.

φυσάω Ion. -έω: f. ήσω: (φυσα):-to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δεινά φυσάν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσαν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ή γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένος, blown out, swoln. 2. metaph. to cheat; φυσάν τινα to puff one up, make him vain :- Pass, to be puffed up, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument. φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεώμενος, Ion. for φυσώμενοs, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ή, Ion. for φῦσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

snorting: a roaring, raging: of a horse, a snorting, snuffing: αίματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φυσητέον, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up. φυσητήρ, ηροε, δ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φυσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair

of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φυσίαμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From φυσιάω, Ep. part. φυσιόων, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe bard, pant. II. transit. to blow or puff up :- metaph. to elate, make vain.

φυσιγγόομαι, Pass. (φυσιγξ) to be excited by eating garlie, properly of fighting cocks: of the Megarians, δδύναιε πεφυσιγγωμένοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara: cf. φῦσιγξ.

φύσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.

φθσιγξ, ιγγοι, ή, (φυσάω) the bollow stalk or clove of garlic: garlic itself.

φυσί-ζοος, ον, (φύω, ζωή) producing or sustaining

life, life-giving.

φύσικός, ή, όν, (φύσιε) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φυσιογνωμονέω, f. ήσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks. φύσιογνωμονία, ή, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσιο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

φύσιόω, f. ώσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φυσιόων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσιάω.

φύσις [v], εως, ή, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing; φύσιs άριθμών the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis; φύσεως ἀποστηναι χαλεπόν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like φυή. 4. natural order, nature; φύσει οι κατά φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμφ οτ κατά νόμον (by custom, conventionally); ἄπαι δ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμοις διοικείται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp, to παρά φύσιν, contrary to nature; so, προδότηε έκ φύσεωε a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth; φύσει by birth. III. a creature; θνητή φύσιε mankind; πόντου είναλία φύσιε the creatures of the sea; θήλεια φύσιε woman-kind.

φυσίωσις, εως, ή, (φυσιόω) a being puffed up, vanity. φύσκη, ή, (φυσάω) the large intestine: a sausage or black pudding.

φυστή or φύστη, ή, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

**Φύστις**, εωε, ή, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φυτάλιά, ή, (φυτόν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἄρουρα).

plant, esp. of the vine.

φυτάλμιος, ον, (φυτός) producing, nourisbing, fos-II. by nature, from one's birth; tering; fatherly. άρα καὶ ἦσθα φυτάλμιος δυσαίων; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth?

φύτεία, ή, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a planta-

tion; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφὔτεύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω: but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φυτεύω) that which is planted. a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φύτεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐφύτευσα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφὔτεύθην: pf. πεφύτευμαι: (φυτόν):—to plant trees or plants: mostly as opp. to ἀρόω (to sow). taph. to beget; δ φυτεύσας πατήρ οι δ φυτεύσας alone, the father; of φυτεύσαντες the parents:-Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees; φυτεύειν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees:-Pass., γη πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ή, (φύω) poet. for φύσιε, a stock, genera-

tion, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, όν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φυτόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature: of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut of φυτόs.

φύτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. metaph, of a statue, made of the natural wood, native. φύτο-σκάφος, ον, (φυτόν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants; φυτοσκάφος ανήρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτόν, σπείρω) planting trees: -metaph. begetting, φυτοσπόροs, δ, a father.

φύτ-ουργός poet. φυτο-εργός, όν, (φυτόν, \*έργω) cultivating plants or trees: as Subst., φυτουργόε, ό, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting:

as Subst., φυτουργόs, δ, a father.

 $\Phi \Upsilon' \Omega$ , fut.  $\phi \dot{v} \sigma \omega [\bar{v}]$ : aor. I  $\xi \phi \bar{v} \sigma \alpha$ : in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow; τρίχας φύειν to make hair grow; φύειν πτερά to put forth, grow wings; of a country, φύειν καρπόν τε θωυμαστον και ανδρας άγαθούς to produce excellent fruits and brave men:-also to beget, generate: δ φύσαs the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρέναε φύειν to get understanding; δόξας φύειν to get or gain repu-II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι: f. φύσομαι: tation. the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., 20r. 2 ἔφῦν, inf. φῦναι, part. φύε, φῦσα, φύν; later in pass. form ἐφύην, φυῆναι, φυείε: perf. πέφυκα, plapf. ἐπεφύκειν:-Ερ. 3 pl. pf. πεφύασι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφυώε, πεφυυία, πεφυώτοε, for πεφυκώς, -κυῖα, -κότος: there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφῦκον, as if from a pres. πεφύκω; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2 ἔφυν for ἔφῦσαν: 20r. 2 opt. φύην for φυίην:--to | of consonants. grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. of men, to be begotten or born, μη φῦναι νικά not to bave been born were best:—φῦναι οτ πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φύε the son, opp. to δ φύσαs the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I bave been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I bad been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἔφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατείν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ανθρωπος πεφυκώς man according to bis nature, as be is.

φωίs, ίδοs, ή, contr. φώs, φφδόs: pl. φωίδεs, φῷδεs: (φῶs):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn,

blister.

Φώκαια Ion. -αίη, ή, a city in Ionia. Hence

Φωκαιεύς Att. - αεύς, εως, and Φωκαίτης, δ, α Phocaean: fem. Φωκαιίς, ίδος, α Phocaean woman.

Φωκεύς, έωε, δ, (Φωκίε) a Phocian.

ΦΩ'KH, η, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. phoca.

Φωκικός, ή, όν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian.

Φωκίς (sub.  $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ ), ίδος,  $\hat{\eta}$ , Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάs, άδοs, ή, fem. Adj. (φωλεόs) lurking in a bole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φωλειός, δ, Ep. for φωλεόε.

 $\Phi \Omega \Lambda EO' \Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , with irreg. plur.  $\phi \omega \lambda \epsilon \dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ , a den, lair, bole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εύσω, or φωλέω, f. ήσω, (φωλεόs) to lie in a bole or den: to lie torpid in a bole.

φωνάεις, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήεις.

φωνάσαι, Dor. for φωνήσαι, 20r. 1 inf. of φωνέω. φωνάσκεω, f. ήσω, (φωνασκόs) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence

φωνασκία, ή, practice of the voice.

φων-ασκός, όν, (φωνή, ἀσκέω) practising the voice. φωνεθντες, φωνεθντα, Dor. for φωνοθντες, φωνοθντα, pres. part. from

φωνέω, f. ήσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνέειν to bave the loudest voice.

2. of animals, to cry.

3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly.

4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνήεντα.

II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do.

III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ', η, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. von: a loud clear voice, a cry; φονην βηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound.

2. the voice or cry of animals.
3. sound: the sound of musical instruments.
4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφοs); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. II. the faculty of speech, discourse,
Lat. sermo.
2. language, Lat. lingua.
3. a
kind of language, dialect. Hence

φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνάντα:— sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνάντα συνετοίσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:
—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἄφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, ατο**ι**, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for εφώνησα, 20r. 1 of φωνέω.

ΦΩΤ, δ, gen. φωρόs, dat. pl. φωροί, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρῶν λιμήν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά,  $\hat{a}$ s, Ion. φωρή,  $\hat{\eta}$ s,  $\hat{\eta}$ ,  $(\phi \hat{\omega} \rho)$  a theft. II. detection.

φωράω, f. dσω [ $\bar{a}$ ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ $\bar{a}$ ]: pf. mεφώραμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a theft: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωράσθαι κλέπτης ών to be convicted of being a thief; of things, dργύριον ἐφωράθη ἔξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation. φωρή, Ion. for φωρά.

φωριάμός, δ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes

and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, a, ov, poet. for φώριος, stolen.

φώριος, ον, (φώρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit. φώς, δ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶνε, φωτᾶν; pl. φῶνεε, φωτῶν: (\*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poèt. for dνήρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φως, τό, contr. for φάος. φωστήρ, ηρος, δ, (φως) a light-giver, luminary. I metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, ον, (φως, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, δ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2. φωσφόροι κόραι, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-δηωγός, όν, (φως, άγω) guiding with a light:
—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ή, an opening for light, a

window.

φωτεινός, ή, όν, (φῶε) sbining bright, giving light.
φωτίζω, f. low Att. ιῶ, (φῶε) intr. to shine, give
light, heam.

II. transit. to bring to light, make
known.

2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:
—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, δ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

## X

instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate ( $\psi \phi \phi \phi s$ ); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that Greek alphabet: as numeral  $\chi' = 600$ , but  $\chi = 600$ , but  $\chi = 600$ , but  $\chi = 600$ 

600,000: also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of | delighted or pleased; χαίρειν νόφ to rejoice in one's χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of  $\chi$ , esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as δρνιχοε for δρνιθοε. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κιθών κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτών III. put before λ, as χλαίνα for λαίνα, χύτρα. χλιαρόε for λιαρόε.

Like  $\phi$ ,  $\chi$  was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it

long by position, as in φαιοχίτων.

**χάδε**, Ep. for ἔχἄδε, 3 sing. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδειν Ερ. χάδεειν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω. ΧΑ'ΖΩ, Ερ. fut. κεκάδήσω: Ερ. aor. 2 κέκάδον, for κέχαδον:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, ΙΙ. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Ep. χάσc. gen. σομαι: 20r. 1 έχασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσσατο, Ep. part, χασσάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκάδοντο for κεχάδοντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκαδόμην:—to give way, give ground, draw or sbrink back, recoil, retire: absol., ὀπίσω χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat 2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from; πυλάων χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι έτάρων είε έθνος to retire into the troop of his com-3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, besipanions. tate, fear to do.

**XAI'N** $\Omega$ , seldom used in pres. and impf., **XA'XK** $\Omega$ , έχασκον being used instead: fut. χάνοῦμαι: aor. 2 έχανον: pf. κέχηνα, with pres. sense:-to yawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι χάνοι εὐρεία χθών then may earth yawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a II. in Comic Poets, to wound, to gape, yawn. gape or yawn from weariness or in eager expectation; άνω κεχηνέναι to look gaping up; οι κεχηνότες gapers, starers: χάσκειν πρόε τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρόε τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about. III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. biscere, c. acc.; δεινά δήματα κατά τινοε χανείν to speak foul words against any one.

XATO∑, a, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαίρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαίρω.

χαιρετίζω, f. σω, (χαίρε) to greet. Hence χαιρετισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a greeting.

χαιρηδών, όνος, ή, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like άλγηδών.

χαίρην, Dor. for χαίρειν, inf. of χαίρω.

χαίροισα, Dor. for χαίρουσα, pres. part. fem. of χαίρω.

χαιρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω. ΧΑΙ'ΡΩ, f. χαιρήσω Ερ. κεχάρησω: pf. κεχάρηκα, Ep. part. κεχάρηώ: -- Med., fut. χάροῦμαι: Ep. aor. I έχηράμην, 3 sing. χήρατο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κεχαρόμην the 3 pl. ind. κεχάροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt. κεχάροιτο, κεχαροίατο: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. χαρήσομαι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχαρήσομαι: 20r. 2 ἐχάρην [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. χάρη, opt. χαρείην, inf. χαρήναι, part. χαρείε: pf. κεχάρημαι, later κέχαρμαι:

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with. take pleasure in a thing; also, χαίρειν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαίρω δέ σ' εὐτυχοῦντα Ι rejoice at your pro-3. c. part., χαίρω ἀκούσαε Ι rejoice at sperity. having heard, am glad to hear; χαίρειε δρων φωε thou rejoicest at seeing the light. 4. with the pres. part., xaipw is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do. II. often with a negat., οὐ χαιρήσειs thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαίρων with impunity; οὐ χαίροντες ἀπαλλάξετε ve shall not get off with impunity. III. the imperat. χαίρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, bail, welcome, Lat. salve; or at parting, farewell, Lat. vale; so in part., χαίρων ίθι fare-thee-well. inf. χαίρειν, in phrase χαίρειν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαίρε; προσειπών τινα χαίρειν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Kûpos Kvafápn χαίρειν [sc. λέγει], Lat. salvere jubet, salutem 2. in bad sense, χαίρειν έᾶν or κελεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλά χαίρειν είπειν τινι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαιρέτω, like έρρέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

XAI'TH, ή, long flowing bair, both in sing. and plur.: also a borse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. juba. II. of trees, like Lat. coma, leaves,

foliage. Hence

χαιτήεις Dor. - άεις, εσσα, εν, with long flowing bair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαίτη, bair, the plume of a helmet.

χαλά, ή, Dor. for χηλή. XA'ΛAZA', ηε, ή, bail: a bail-shower, bail-storm:

metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

χαλαζάω, to bail. II. to have pimples or tubercles. χαλαζ-επής, έε, (χάλαζα, εποε) burling abuse as tbick as bail.

χάλαζήεις Dor. -άεις, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like bail, thick as bail, pelting, pitiless.

χάλαζο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (χάλαζα, βαλείν), to strike with bail.

χαλαίνω, poët. for χαλάω.

χάλαρός, ά, όν, (χαλάω) slackened, loosened, slack; χαλαρά κοτυληδών a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χαλαρότης, ητος, ή, slackness, looseness.

 $XA^{\prime}ΛA^{\prime}Ω$ , f. άσω [α]: 201. Ι ἐχάλασα Ερ. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάξαι»; pf. κεχάλἄκα: Pass., aor. Ι ἐχαλάσθην: pf. κεχάλασμαι: to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλαν τόξα to unstring the bow; hvias xalav to slack the reins; γαλᾶν πόδα to slack the sheet of the sail. Ep. 3 pl. plapf. κεχάρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be let down, let fall or droop; μέτωπον χαλαν to smooth

3. to let loose, loose, release; κλήθρα or κληδας χαλαν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any cease from. one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. absol., like είκειν, to give in, yield:--Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Xαλδαίοs, δ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαϊστί, Adv. in the Chaldee tongue.

χαλ-ειμάς, άδος, ή, (χαλάω, είμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χαλεπαίνω, f. ανω: aor. 1 έχαλέπηνα, pass. έχα- $\lambda \epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} \nu \theta \eta \nu$ : ( $\chi \alpha \lambda \epsilon \pi \dot{\alpha} s$ ):—to be bard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or barsbly, to be barsb, illtempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or shew barsbness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπί τινι to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς άλλήhous to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπήναι, 201. Ι i.i. of χαλεπαίνω.

χάλεπηρής, ές, poët. for χαλεπός. ΧΑΛΕΠΟ Σ [α], ή, όν, bard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματοs the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπά bardsbips, sufferings. 2. bard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. diffi-4. of approaches, difficult, rough, cult, dangerous. II. of persons, bard to deal with, rugged, steep. bitter, bostile, angry; οί χαλεπώτεροι bitterer enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. barsb. cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότης, ητος, ή, difficulty, roughness, rugged-II. of persons, barsbness, severity, rigour. χάλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. ι έχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal barsbly with, oppress, distress, barass: also to bring low, bumble. 2. to provoke. II. intr. to be angry, irritated. enrage, irritate. χαλεπώ, Dor. for χαλεπού, gen. of χαλεπόs.

χαλεπώs, Adv. of χαλεπόs, bardly, with difficulty; χαλεπωs ήν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. II. of persons, severely, scarcely, Lat. aegre. cruelly, barsbly. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶε φέοειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill. χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶs. χαλί-κράτος Ιοπ. χαλί-κρητος, ον, (χάλιε, κεράννυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

χαλιν-άγωγέω, f. ήσω, (χαλινός, άγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χάλινός, δ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλάω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινον ενδακείν to champ the bit; χαλινούε διδόναι to give a horse the rein. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Aide χαλινόε the curb imposed by Jove.

χάλινόω, f. ώσω, to bridle or bit a horse:-Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

 $\chi \check{a} \lambda i \nu \omega \sigma \iota s$ ,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $a \ bridling$ . [ $\bar{\iota}$ ]

χαλινωτήρια, τά, (χαλινόω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

XA'ΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [a]

χάλις, ιος, δ, (χαλάω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρονέω, f. ήσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χαλιφροσύνη, ή, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness. χαλί-φρων, ονος,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χαλάω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-άρματος, ον, (χαλκός, άρμα) with brasen chariot, epith. of Mars.

 $\chi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \kappa$ -a  $\sigma \pi i s$ ,  $i \delta o s$ ,  $\dot{o}$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\chi \alpha \lambda \kappa \dot{o} s$ ,  $\dot{a} \sigma \pi i s$ ) with brasen sbield.

χαλκ-έγχης, εs, gen. εος, (χαλκός, έγχος) with brasen lance.

χαλκείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεύω) a smith's shop, II. anything made forge, smithy, Lat. officina. 1. a copper vessel, caldron. of copper: concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκειος, α, ον Ιοπ. χαλκήιος, η, ον, poët. for χάλκεοs, (χαλκόs) of brass, brasen.

χαλκ-έλάτος, ον, (χαλκός, έλαύνω) poët. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-εμβολάς, poët. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-έμβολος, ον, (χαλκός, έμβολον) with brasen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, έε, (χαλκόε, έντεα) armed with brass. χαλκεό-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brasen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ,  $\bar{a}$ κοε,  $\bar{E}$ ρ. -θώρηξ,  $\eta$ κοε,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ : (χάλκεοε, θώραξ) with brasen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with beart of brass.

χαλκεό-πεζος, ον, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed. χαλκέ-οπλος, ον, (χάλκεος, δπλον) with arms or

armour of brass.

χάλκεος, έα Ion. έη, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκοῦς,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν: poet. χάλκειος Ion. – ήιος,  $\eta$ , ον: (χαλκόε):-of copper or bronze, brasen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεύς a brasen statue of Jove; χάλκεον Ιστάναι τινά to raise a brasen statue to one. like brass, bard, stout; χάλκεον ήτορ a heart of brass; χάλκεοε ύπνοε a brasen sleep, i.e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ές, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ον, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατοε, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brasen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brasen bonds.

γαλκεύς, έως, δ. (γαλκεύω) a worker in copper, a

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith. χαλκευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύε: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ή, όν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ή χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη),

the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought

of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκόε) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; το χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεών, ῶνος, ὁ, = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy.

χαλκηδών, όνος, δ, (χαλκός) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκείον.

χαλκήιος, η, ον Ιοπ. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ήλάτος also χαλκ-έλατος, ον, (χαλκός, έλαύ-

vw) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, εε, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass. χαλκί-οικος, ον, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a brasen bouse or sbrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκόs) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ίδος, ή, a bird of prey.

Xakris, toos, \$\text{\$\eta}\$, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοάρης, es, gen. εος, poët. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [α]

χαλκο-βάρής, έε, gen. έοε, (χαλκόε, βάροε) beavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρή».

χαλκο-βάτήs, έε, gen. έοε, (χαλκόε, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brasen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ου, δ, (χαλκός, βοή) with voice of brass. χαλκο-γένειος, ον, (χαλκός, γένειον), and χαλκό-γενις, υ, gen. υος, (χαλκός, γένυς) with teeth of brass. χαλκο-γλώχιν, Ινος, δ, ή, (χαλκός, γλωχίς) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαίδαλος, ον, (χαλκός, δαιδάλλω) inlaid with brass.

II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμας, αντος, δ, ή, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sbarpening brass.

χαλκό-δετος, ον, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ακος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χαλκός, θώραξ) = χαλκεο-θώραξ, with brasen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμ $\mathbf{I}$ s,  $\mathbf{I}$ δο $\mathbf{s}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χαλκό $\mathbf{s}$ , κνημ $\mathbf{I}$ s) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οῦ, ὁ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brasen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ον, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brasen-hoofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain,)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ου,  $\delta$ , (χαλκός, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ον, (χαλκόε, νώτος) brass-backed. χαλκο-πάγής, έε, (χαλκόε, παγήναι) compacted of

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. -πάρδος, ον, (χαλκός, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πεδος, ον, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass. χαλκό-πλευρος, ον, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, έε, gen. έος, (χαλκός, πληθος) filled

with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (χαλκός, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό; gen. -ποδοs (χαλκόs, πούs):—brasen-footed, with brasen tramp. II. with steps of brass, brasen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ον, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

XAΛΚΟ Σ, οῦ, ὁ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. aes, called from its colour ἐρυθρόs and αἶθοψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκόs was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκόs was used for σίδηροs. Later, χαλκόs was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts.

II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brasen arms: also a brasen vessel, urn. χαλκο-σκελήs, ἐε, (χαλκόε, σκέλοs) with legs of

χαλκο-σκελής, ές, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφάνος, ον, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ον, (χαλκόε, στόμα) with brasen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ον, (χαλκόε, τεύχω) made of brass. χαλκο-τευχής, έε, (χαλκόε, τεῦχος) in brasen armour. χαλκό-τοξος, ον, (χαλκόε, τόξον) with brasen bow. χαλκοτορέω, f. ήσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκό-τορος, ον, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass. χαλκο-τύπος, ον, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst, χαλκοτύπος, ό, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2 striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybele. II. χαλκότὔπος, ον, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brasen arms.

χαλκ-ουργος, δ, (χαλκός, \*ἔργω) a coppersmitb. χαλκους, η, οῦν, Att. contr. from χάλκεος. II. as Subst., χαλκους, δ, a copper coin, somewhat less

than a farthing.
χαλκο-φάλαρος, ον, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or

ornamented with brass or copper. [φά] χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκόε.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ου, δ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brasen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ονος, δ, ή, (χαλκός, χιτών) brasencoated, brass-clad. brass.

χαλκόω, f. ώσω, (χαλκόs) to cover with brass:aor. I pass. part. χαλκωθείs, clad in brass. to make in brass or bronze.

χάλκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκόω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brasen vessel or instrument.

χαλυβδικός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , (χάλυψ) of steel;  $\tau \delta$  χαλυβδικόν steel.

χάλυβος, δ, poet. for χάλυψ, steel. Χάλυψ, υβοε, δ, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. appellat., χάλυψ, ŭβos, δ, bardened tron, steel.

χαμάδις [μα], Adv. (χαμαί) poet. for χαμαζε, on the

ground, to the ground.

χαμαζε, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χἄμᾶθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground. XA'MAI', Adv. on the earth, on the ground. like χαμάζε, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χάμαι-γενής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) eartb-

born, sprung from the soil.

χάμαι-ευνάς, άδος, poet. fem. of sq. [at metri grat.] χάμαι-εύνης, ου, ὁ, (χαμαί, εὐνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [at metri grat.]

χάμαίζηλος, ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: δ χαμαίζηλοs (sub. δίφροs), a low stool. II. metaph. fond of mean things, bumble; τὸ χαμαίζηλον bumility.

χάμαικοιτέω, f. ήσω, to lie, make one's bed on the

ground. From

χάμαι-κοίτης, ου, δ, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χάμαιλεχής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χαμαικοίτης.

χάμαι-λέων, οντος, δ, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χαμαιπετέω, f. ήσω, to fall to the ground; γνώμα χαμαιπετοίσα a thought that falls to the ground. From χάμαι-πετής, ές, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ-Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleep-3. on the ground. II. meing on the ground. taph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless.

χαμαιπετοίσα, Dor. for χαμαιπετούσα, part. fem. of χαμαιπετέω.

χάμαι-τύπειον, τό, (χαμαί, τυπειν) a brothel. χαμ-ερπής, ές, (χαμαί, ερπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.

χαμ-εύνη, ή, for χαμαιεύνη, (χαμαί, εὐνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead. χάμ-ευνίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χαμαί, εὐν $\dot{\eta}$ ) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

χαμηλός, ή, όν, (χαμαί) on the ground. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμόθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from the ground.

χάμψαι, oi, the Egyptian name for crocodiles. χάν, ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.

χαλκό-χύτος, ον, (χαλκόε, χέω) cast in copper or | Xavavasos, a, ον, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—25 Subst., Xavavaios, o, a Canaanite; Xavavaia, n, a Canaanitish woman. See Κανανίτηs.

χανδάνω, fut. χείσομαι: 2 οτ. 2 έχαδον Ερ. χάδον: pf. with pres. sense κέχανδα: Ep. 3 sing. plapf. with impf. sense κεχάνδει:—to bold, take in, comprise, contain, εξ μέτρα χάνδανε κρητήρ the bowl beld six measures: οὐκ έδυνήσατο πάσας αίγιαλ ος νηας χαδέew the beach could not bold all the ships.

χανδόν, Adv., (χαίνω) gaping, with mouth wide

open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

χανείν, 20r. 2 inf. of χαίνω.

χάνοι [ἄ], 3 sing. 2 or. 2 opt. of χαίνω. ΧΑ'ΟΣ [ἄ],  $\epsilon$ os,  $\tau$ ó, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χαόs, όν, like χάιοs, genuine, true, good.

χαρά, ή, (χαρηναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρά with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χἄράσσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνηs the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χαράδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρpos, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. torrens. II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

xăpaôpaîos, a, ov, of or from a mountain-torrent. χάραδριός, ό, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χάραδρόω, f. ώσω: Pass, aor. I έχαραδρώθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):-to tear up into clefts:-Pass, to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρη κεχαραδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.

χάρακόω, f. ώσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χάρακτήρ, ηρος, δ, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; γαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ανδρών οὐδείε χαρακτήρ έμπέφυκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χάρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in. notched, like a saw.

χαράκωμα, ατο ε, τό, (χαρακόω) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, Lat. vallum.

χαράκωσις, εως, ή, (χαράκόω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, ἄκοε, ὁ, also ἡ, (χἄράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence

collectively, a place paled in, a fortified camp, Lat. | a store of gratitude with a person, i.e. earn his vallum.

**ΧΑ ΡΑ ΣΣ**Ω Att. -ττω: f. fω: 20τ. 1 ἐχάραξα: Pass., 201. Ι έχαράχθην: pf. κεχάραγμαι:--to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke :- Pass. to be irritated, exas-II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. to engrave, inscribe.

xaphval, aor. I inf. pass. of xaiow. χαρήσομαι, later fut. of χαίρω.

χάρι-δώτης, ου, ό, (χάρις, δίδωμι) be that gives joy or grace.

χάρίεις, χαρίεσσα, χαρίεν, gen. εντο: (χάριε):-graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, ele-II. in Att., χαρίειε was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; ol xapievres men of taste and refinement, men of Adv., when it was written xápiev. Hence

γάριεντίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιουμαι: Dep.:--to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδή χαριεντίζεσθαι to jest in earnest.

χάριέντως, Adv. of χαρίεις, gracefully, elegantly: from partiality to one. 2. kindly, courteously. neatly, cleverly.

χάρι-εργόs, όν, (χαίρω, έργον) delighting in the favour with one.

arts, epith. of Minerva.

χαρίζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι, also f. pass. -ισθήσομαι: aor. Ι έχαρισάμην and έχαρίσθην: pf. κεχάρισμαι both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (χάριε):-to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. indulgere; χαρίζεσθαι τῶ σώματι to indulge one's body. rei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χαρίζεσθαι άλλο-Tpion to give freely of what does not belong to one; ταμίη χαριζομένη παρεόντων the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass, sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοίσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχάριστο it was done to please the Eu-2. pf. part. κεγαρισμένοs, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; έμφ κεχαρισμένε θυμφ most welcome to my heart; κεχαρισμένος ήλθεν he came wished for, was welcome.

χαριξή, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι. χάριε [ἄ], ή, gen. χάριτοι: acc. χάριν or χάριτα: plur. χάριτες, dat. pl. χάρισι Ep. χαρίτεσσι poët. also χάρισσι: (χαίρω):-favour, grace, Lat. gratia: outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάριν καταχεθαί Tive to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a charm. II. grace or favour felt, either, by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases χάριν elδέναι to feel gratitude; bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and χάριν δφείλειν to owe a debt of gratitude, be be- fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, holden; χάριν οι χάριτα κατατίθεσθαί τινι to lay up much like γλαυκόε.

thanks; χάριν λαμβάνειν to receive thanks. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. gratia; χάριτι πλείον † φόβφ more by favour than fear. III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; χάριν φέρειν τινί to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, χάριν θέσθαι, νέμειν, δράσαι to confer a grace, favour, kindness. IV. a gratification, delight; φόρμιγγοε from the harp. 2. δαιμόνων χάριs bomage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; evkταία χάριε a gift in consequence of a vow. special usages: acc. sing. absol. χάριν, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, xapiv Europos for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic... την 'Αθηναίων χάριν for the sake of the Athenians:it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = ενεκα, Lat. gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of: so too, έμην χάριν, σην χάριν for my, thy plea-III. the neut. was used in Att. as sure or sake, Lat. mea, tua gratia. 2. είε χάριν τινός to do one a pleasure; πρός χάριν λέγειν τινί to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, πρόs χάριν εμαs σαρκόs for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it. 3. ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν τινά to decide 4. διά χαρίτων είναι or γίγνεσθαί τινι to be on terms of friendship or mutual VI. in Mythology, al Χάριτες the Charites or Graces were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games; three in number, Aglaïa, Euphrosyne, Thalia. χάρισμα, ατος, τό, (χαρίζομαι) a grace, favour: a

free gift, grace. χαρίσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of χαρίζομαι.

χάριστήριοs, ον, (χαρίζομαι) in token of thanksgiving. II. as Subst., χαριστήριον, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ χαριστήρια (sub. lepá), thank-offerings. χάριτία, ή, (χάριε) a jest, joke.

χάριτο-βλέφαρος, ον, (Χάρις, βλέφαρον) with eye-

lids like the Graces.

χάριτο-γλωσσέω Att. -ττέω, f ήσω, (χάριε, γλώσoa) to speak to please, gloze with the tongue.

χαρίτοω, f. ώσω, (χάριε) to shew favour or grace to anyone:-Pass. to be bigbly favoured.

χάριτ-ώπης, εε, (χάριε, ώψ) graceful of aspect: fem. χαριτώπιε, ιδοε.

χάρμα, aτοs, τό, (χαίρω) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ή, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ή, (χάρμα) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights. χαρμόσυνος, η, ον, (χάρμη) joyful, glad; χαρμόσυνα ποιείν to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, ονοι, δ, ή, (χάρμα, φρήν) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιόs,όν, (χαρά, ποιέω) causing joy, gladdening. χάρ-οπόs, ή, όν, also όε, όν, (χαρά, ώψ) glad-eyed, χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτηε.

χάρτης, ου, δ, (χαράσσω) Lat. charta, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus. χαρτός, η, όν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, delightful, gladdening, cheerful.

Xάρυβδις, εωε Ion. 102, ή, Charybdis, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a whirlpool, gulf: metaph. of a greedy rapacious person, like Lat. barathrum.

Χάρων [ἄ], ωνος, δ, Charon, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. χαροπός, χασκάζω, f. άσω, Frequentat. of χάσκω, c. acc. to

keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκω, έχασκον, to gape, yawn, used as pres. and

impf. of χαίνω: see χαίνω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning bollow, a chasm, gulf.

II. the open mouth, like Lat. rictus.

III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάσμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμεύμενος, Dor. pres. part, of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. rictus.

χασσάμενος, Εp. 2 or. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

χάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι. **XA'ΤΕ'** $\Omega$ , f. ήσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c. gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χατίζω, f. ίσω, like χατέω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, bave need of; χατίζειν έργοιο to want or be without work: absol. in part. one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

catis,  $\dot{\eta}$ , and catos,  $\dot{\epsilon}$ os,  $\dot{\tau}$ o,  $\dot{\psi}$ ant,  $\dot{\eta}$ need, =  $\chi \dot{\eta} \dot{\tau}$ is,  $\chi \dot{\eta} \dot{\tau}$ os.

χαυλι-όδους, -όδοντος, ό, ή, (χαύλιος, όδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth. II. χαυλιόδοντες όδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding, tusky: absol., χαυλιόδοντες sbarp, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ου, ό, (χαῦνος, πολίτης) an openmouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [τ]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ον, (χαῦνος, πρωκτός) wide-breeched. χαῦνος, η, ον, and ος, ον, (χαίτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous.

II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ητος, ή, looseness, porousness. I metaph, folly, vanity.

χαύνωσις, εωι, ή, (χαυνόω) a making loose or slack. II. metaph. making a thing light, weakening its force.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.

χεζητιάω, like χεσείω, Desiderat. of χέζω, to wish to ease oneself.

XΕ'ΖΩ, f. χεσοῦμαι: pf. κέχοδα: 20τ. 1 ἔχεσα: 20τ. 2 ἔχεσον: pf. pass. κέχεσμαι:—to ease oneself:—Pass., σπέλεθος ἀρτίως κεχεσμένος dung just dropt. XΕΙΑ΄ Ion. χειή, ή, a bole, esp. of serpents. χείλενε, Dor. for χείλεοε, gen. of χείλου.

χειλο-ποτέω, f. ήσω, (χείλοε, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

XETΛΟΣ, εοε, τό: plur., gen. χειλέων contr. ων; dat. χείλεσι Ερ. -εσσι:—a lip: proverb., χείλεσι γελων to laugh with the lips (only); χείλεα μέν τ' εδίην, ὑπερώην δ' οὐκ εδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not.

2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak.

II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χείμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. biems: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χείμα absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [α], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χειμαδίφ χρήσθαι Λήμνφ to fix upon Lemnos

as winter quarters. From

χειμάζω, f. άσω: (χείμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the win-II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. biemare. III, to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. absol. χειμάζει (sc. ὁ θεόs), there is a storm, like veι, νίφει, etc.; έχείμαζε ημέρας τρείς the storm lasted 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer three days. from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering. χειμαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (χείμα) to distress by a storm or tempest: -Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-II. intr. to be stormy.

χείμαρος,  $\delta$ , (χείμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρ-ροος, ον, Att. contr. -ρους, ουν: (χείμα, βέω): --winter-flowing, swoln in winter; χειμάρροος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swoln by rain and melted snow.

2. as Subst., χειμάρρους, δ, a water-drain, conduit.

II. wintry, stormy.

χείμαρρος or χειμάρρος, ov, poet. for χειμάρροος. χειμάσια Ion. -ίη, ή, (χειμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χειμερίζω, f. ίσω Ātt. ιῶ, (χεῖμα) to pass the winter,

χειμερίνος, ή, όν, (χεῖμα) of or in winter, in wintertime, wintry, stormy; χειμερινον χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χειμέριος.

χειμέριος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον: (χείμα):—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; ώρη χειμερίη the winterseason; μῆνες χειμερίατατοι the most wintry, i.e. most stormy, months; ἀκτὰ χειμερία κυματοπλής a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χειμερία λύπη raging pain.—Generally, χειμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χειμερινός wintry, in winter-time. χειμο-θνής, ῆτος, ὁ, ἡ, (χείμα, θνήσκω) frozen to

χειμών, ῶνος, ὁ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter; τον χειμῶνα during winter; χειμῶνοε in winter-

time. II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χειμών νοτερόε a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm. fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμωνο-τύπος, ον, (χειμών, τύπτω) beating tempes-

tuously.

ΧΕΙ'Ρ, ή, gen. χειρός: plur. χείρες, χειρών, χερσί: Ion. decl., χείρ, χερύε, χερί, χέρα, χέρεε, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χεροίν (rarely χειροίν) even in Att. : Ep. dat. pl. xelpeor and xelpeoor :- the band, or rather the band and arm, the arm; ακρα χείρ the band; χείρ σιδηρά an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, 2. xeip is often joined with defice and άριστερόs, to mark the side on which a thing is; see άριστερόs, δεξιόs. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; ἔπεσιν καὶ χερσίν ἀρήξειν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χείραs to apply force; of deeds of violence, χειρων άρχειν to begin 4. like Lat. manus, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork. II. special usages:

χειρός έχειν τινά to have, hold one by the hand; χειρας άνασχειν θεοίς to raise one's bands to the gods in prayer; xeipas opéfai to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty. 2. ἄγεσθαί τι ές χειρας to take a thing in band: έν χερσί, μετά or διά χείρας έχειν τι to have a thing in band, be engaged in 3. έν χερί, έν χερσί in one's band or bands,

and so in one's power; but also in warlike sense, ev χερσί in the fray, in close fight, Lat. cominus.

els χείραs έλθειν to fall into anyone's bands or power, but also to come to blows. 5. ἐκ χειρόπ out of band, off band; ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογίσασθαι to reckon off band, roughly. 6. πρό χειρων at band, in readi-7. ὑπὸ χειρόε or χειρων under the bands,

under the power; cp. ὑποχείριοs.

χειρ-άγρα, ή, (χείρ, άγρα) gout in the band; as ποδ-

aypa in the feet.

χειράγωγέω, f. ήσω, to lead by the band. From **χειρ-ἄγωγός**, όν, (χείρ, άγω) leading by the band: as Subst., x ειραγωγόs, o, one that leads by the hand.

χειρ-απτάζω, f. άσω, (χείρ, απτω) to touch with the

band, take in band, bandle.

xeipeon, xeipeoon, Ep. dat. pl. of xeip.

χειρίδωτός, όν, (χείρ) baving sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτών or tunic: the χιτών without sleeves was called **ἐ**ξωμί**ε**.

**xelplos**, a, ov,  $(x \in p)$  in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

**xerpls**, idos,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $(\chi \epsilon i \rho)$  a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

**χείριστος**, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of χείρων, worst, Lat. pessimus: oi xcipiotoi men of lowest degree.

χειρο-βολέω, f. ήσω, (χείρ, βαλείν) to throw with the band.

**χειρό-γράφοs**, ον, (χείρ, γράφω) written with the band, in bandwriting :- as Subst., χειρόγραφον, τό, a bandwriting, written decree.

**χαιρο-δάϊκτος**, ον, (χείρ, δαίζω) slain by the band.

χειρό-δεικτος, ον, (δείκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

χειρο-δίκης, ου, δ, (χείρ, δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of bands, who uses the right of might. [1] χειρο-δράκων, οντος, δ, (χείρ, δράκων) with serpentbands or arms. [a]

χειρο-ήθης, εs,  $(\bar{\chi}$ είρ, ήθος) accustomed to the band. manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or babituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

χειρό-μακτρον, τό, (χείρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. mantile: the Scythians used scalps as χειρόμακτρα.

χειρομάχεω, f. ήσω, to fight with the hands. From χειρο-μάχος, ον, (χείρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the band.

χειρο-μύλη, ή, (χείρ, μύλη) a band-mill.  $[\breve{v}]$ 

χειρονομέω, f. ήσω, (χειρονόμος) to move the bands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι χειρονομείν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

χειρονομία, ή, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

**χειρο-νόμος**, ον, (νέμω) moving the bands regularly. gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, δ, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνως, Adv. of χείρων, worse.

χειρο-πληθής, έs, (χείρ, πίμπλημι) filling the band, as large as can be beld in the band.

χειρο-ποιέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

χειροποίητοs, ov, made by band, artificial: made on purpose.

**χειρό-σοφος**, ον, (χείρ, σοφός) skilled with the hands: hence =  $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho o \nu \delta \mu o s$ .

**χειρο-τένων**, οντο**s**, δ, ή, (χείρ, τείνω) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

**χειρότερος**, a,  $o\nu$ , poet. for χείρων, worse.

χειρο-τέχνης, ου, δ, (χείρ, τέχνη) a bandicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνη**s** laτορίas a chirurgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, ή, bandicraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, ή, όν, (χειροτέχνης) of or for bandicraft or a bandicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. −κῶs.

χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, (χειροτόνος) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian ἐκκλη-II. c. acc. to vote for, elect :- Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαγχάνειν κλήρου to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονητέον, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χειροτονητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of bands; άρχη χειροτονητή an elective ma-

χειροτονία, ή, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of bands; xerροτονία τοῦ δήμου election by the people. vote, Lat. suffragium: also collectively, the votes.

χειρο-τόνος, ον, (χείρ, τείνω) stretching out the bands; of prayers, offered with outstretched bands.

χειρο-τύπής, ές, (χείρ, τυπείν) striking with the bands.

χειρουργέω, f. ήσω, (χειρουργός) to do with the bands, execute; to commit acts of violence. Hence

χειρουργία, ή, a working by band, practice of a bandicraft or art. II. a trade, business.

χειρ-ουργός, όν, (χείρ, \*έργω) working or doing by 2. as Subst., band, practising a bandicraft or art.

γειρουργός, δ, a chirurgeon, surgeon.

χειρόω, f. ώσω: Med., f. χειρώσομαι: 201. I έχειρωσάμην: Pass., fut. χειρωθήσομαι: aor. 1 έχειρώθην: pf. κεχείρωμαι: (χείρ):—to take in band, bandle: to get into one's bands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner:—Pass. χειρούμαι, to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner. Hence χείρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done by hand; τυμ-

βοχόα χειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by one's own band. II, that which is brought into one's bands or under one's power, a conquest.

deed of violence.

χείρων, δ, ή, neut. ον; gen. ονος: plur., nom. and acc., χείρονες, χείρονας contr. χείρους, neut. χείρονα contr. χείρω; dat. χείροσι poet. χειρόνεσσι: Ep. χερείων, ον: Dor. χερήων: poet. also χειρότερος, χερειότερος: irreg. Comp. of κακόs (formed from \*χέρηs):—worse, meaner, inferior: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, ού τι χέρειον έν ωρη δείπνον έλέσθαι 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, οὐ χείρον [ἐστι] it is well: of persons, δ χείρων one of lower degree; οι χείρονε men of lower degree: - επί τὸ χείρον τρέπεσθαι to fall off. II. χείρον, as Adv., worse. - See χείριστος.

Xείρων, ωνος, δ, Cheiron, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. χειρουρ-

γós).

χειρ-ωναξ, ακτος, δ, (χείρ, αναξ) one who is master of bis band, a bandicraftsman, artisan, mecbanic, like κώπης αναξ: also as Adj., πας δ χειρώναξ λεώς all the mechanic sort. Hence

χειρ-ωναξία Ion. -ίη, ή, skill in workmanship, bandicraft, trade.

Xειρωνίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. of Cheiron: as Subst. (sub. βίβλοs) a book on surgery.

χειρωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χειρόω, subdued: to be subdued.

χείσομαι, fut. of χανδάνω.

χείω, Ep. for χέω, to pour.

χελίδοι, irreg. voc. of χελιδών, as if from χελιδώ. χελιδονίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (χελιδών) to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.

χελιδόνιον, τό, (χελιδών) swallow-wort, celandine, of which there were two kinds, χελιδόνιον κυάνεον (or γλαυκόν) and χλωρόν. Properly neut. of

**XENTBOYLOS.** a. ov.  $(\chi \in \lambda \wr \delta \omega v)$  of the swallow, like the |  $\chi \in \gamma v \eta \tau \eta s$ , ov,  $\delta_i = \chi \ell \rho v \eta s$ .

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet

χελιδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (χελιδονίζω) the swallowsong, an old popular song at the return of the swallows. χελιδών, όνος, ή: irreg. vocat. χελιδοί (as if from χελιδώ):-the swallow, Lat. birundo. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for χελιδόνων μουσεία, see μουσείον : proverb., μία χελιδών ξαρ οὐ ποιεί one swallow does not make a summer. frog in the bollow of a borse's foot.

χελύνη [v], ή, (χείλοε) the lip; χελύνην έσθίειν ὑπ' δργήs to bite the lip from passion. II. Aeol. for

χελώνη.

XE'ΛΥΣ, vos, ή, a tortoise, Lat. testūdo: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. the shell or lyre itself, Lat. testudo. the arched breast, the chest.

χελώνη, ή, (χέλυε) a tortoise: proverb., ίω χελώναι μακάριαι τοῦ δέρματος oh tortoises, happy in your 2. the shell of the tortoise. thick hides! the lyre: see χέλυ. III. as a military term, a pent-bouse formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman testudo, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.

χένας, poet. for χηνας, acc. pl. of χην.

χέννιον, τό, a kind of quail.

 $\chi \in p - \dot{\alpha} \gamma p \alpha, \dot{\eta}, = \chi \in \iota p \dot{\alpha} \gamma p \alpha.$ 

XE'PA ΔΟΣ, τό, the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, sbingle.

XEPA'Σ, άδος, ή, doubtful form of χέραδος.

χέρεια, see χέρη .

χερειότερος, α, ον, Ερ. Comp. for χερείων.

χερείων, δ, ή, neut. χέρειον, poet. for χείρων, worse.

χέρεσσι, poet, for χερσί, dat. pl. of χείρ. **XEPHΣ**, an obsol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives χείρων and χερείων are formed, used in dat. χέρηι; acc. χέρηα; nom. pl. χέρηεs; acc. neut. χέρηαor χέρεια:--χέρηs itself has a comparative sense, weaker, worse, inferior.

χερήων, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for χερείων.

 $\chi \in \rho \Gamma$ -ápηs, ou,  $\delta$ , ( $\chi \in \rho$ , ἀράρε $\hat{\iota} \nu$ ) fitting with the band. χερζ-φυρής, ές, gen. έος, (χείρ, φύρω) mixed or kneaded by band.

χερμάδιον, τό, = χερμάs, properly neut. of χερμάδιοs. χερμάδιοs, ov, of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing. [d] From

χερμάς, άδος, ή, a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a sling-stone. (Deriv. doubtful: either from xépados; or from xelp, a stone that can be grasped in the band.)

χερμαστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροε,  $\delta$ , (χερμάε) a slinger: as masc. Adj., χερμαστήρ ρινός the leather of a sling.

χέρνηs, ητοs, δ. (χείρ) one who lives by the work of bis bands, a day-labourer: a poor, needy man. as Adj., poor, needy.

χερνήτις, ιδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for ber daily bread.

χερ-νίβειον and χέρ-νίβον, τό, (χείρ, νίζω) a vessel for water to wash the bands, a band-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's bands with boly water: to sprinkle or purify with boly water, Lat. lustrare. From

**χέρ-νιψ**, ἴβο**ε**, ή, (χείρ, νίζω) boly water to wash or sprinkle the bands before a sacrifice. χέρνιβες, purifications with boly water; είργεσθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of χερνίπτομαι. χερο-μύσής, ές, (χείρ, μύσος) band-defiling. **χερό-πληκτος**, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or

with the band. **χερόs**, Ion. and poët, gen. of χείρ.

χερρό-νησος, ή, Att. for χερσόνησος. For all words formed from it, see under  $\chi \in \rho \sigma$ .

χέρρος, Att. for χέρσος.

**χερσαίοs**, α, ον, also os, ον, (χέρσοs) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; δρνιθεε χερσαίοι land-fowl, opp. to Lipraioi sea-fowl: also of landsmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαΐον κῦμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσοε) to lie waste or barren. χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσοι) on dry land.

χέρσονδε, Adv. (χέρσοι) to or on dry land.

χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, ου, δ, (Χερσόνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονησο-ειδής Att. χερρον-, έε, (χερσόνησοε, eldos) like a peninsula, peninsular.

**Χερσό-νησος** Att. **Χερρόν-, ή,** (χέρσος, νήσος) α land-island, i.e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese of Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησ-ώδης Att. χερρον-, εε, contr. for χερσονησοειδήε,

XE'PΣΟΣ Att. χέρρος, ή, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἰκέσθαι to II. as Adj., χέρσοs, ον, dry, reach the land. firm, of land; χέρσοε Ευρώπα the mainland of Europe. 2. dry, barren, waste, bardened: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of. **Χερύδριον**, τό, Dim. of χείρ, a little band or arm. **Xereiw**, Desiderat. of  $\chi \in \sigma \omega$ , to want to ease oneself. xeva, xeva, xeve, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of γέω.

**χεθμα, ατοε, τό,** (χέω) that which is poured: a stream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. 201. I subj. of χέω. χεύω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

 $XE'\Omega$ , fut.  $\chi \epsilon \hat{\omega}$  Ep.  $\chi \epsilon \hat{\omega} \omega$ . 201. I  $\xi \chi \epsilon \alpha$  Ep.  $\xi \chi \epsilon \nu \alpha$ or χεῦα; imperat. χέον Ερ. χεῦον; subj. χέω Ερ. χεύω, Ερ. Ι pl. χεύομεν; inf. χέαι Ερ. χεύαι, part. χέαι Ep. χεύαs: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχευάμην: Pass., f. χῦθήσομαι: 20τ. Ι έχύθην [v]: pf. κεχύμαι [v]: 3 sing. Ep. plopf. κέχὔτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [τ], used in 3 sing. ἔχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἔχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενο: -- to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:-Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed: -Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χοήν χείσθαι νεκύεσσι to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or sboot out, shed, scatter: also, like χόω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χέειν to raise a mound. 2. χέειν δουρα to pour or shower 3. to let fall or drop: - Pass. to be thrown spears. or beaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph, of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow. 2. άχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χέαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χέειν ήέρα to shed a mist abroad: - Pass, to be spread or flung around: άμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη throwing berself around him; in pf. pass part., κεχυμένος είς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χαλ-, ον, (χηλή, άργός) with fleet boofs; χηλαργοί αμιλλαι the racing of fleet borses.

χηλευτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From

χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, platt. ΧΗΛΗ', ή, a borse's boof: also a cloven boof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws. II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλίνός,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta \nu$ , =  $\chi \eta \lambda \epsilon \nu \tau \delta s$ .

XHΛO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box. XH'N, δ and η, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χαίνω, κέχηνα):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἄλώπηξ,  $\epsilon$ κοε,  $\delta$ , (χήν, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake. χήνειος, a, ov, (χήν) of or belonging to a goose,

like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χήνεος, η, ον, Ion. for χήνειος.

χηνίσκος,  $\delta$ ,  $(\chi \eta \nu)$  the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χήρα Ion. χήρη, ή, see χῆροι.

XHPAMBH, n, a kind of muscle.

χηράμο-δύτης, ου, δ, (χηραμός, δύω) one who creeps into boles. [v metri grat.

XHPAMO'∑, &, a bole, cleft, gap, bollow. χήρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of χαίρω. χηρεία, ή, (χηρεύω) widowbood, widowed estate. χήρειος, a,  $o\nu$ , (χήροε) widowed.

χηρεύω, f. σω, (χήροε) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νησος ἀνδρων χηρεύει the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a busband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowbood, keep aloof or apart.

χηρήιος, η, ον, Ion. for χήρειος.

xipos, a, ov, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a busband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., χήρα Ion. χήρη, ή, a widow, Lat. vidua.

χηρόω, f. ώσω: 20τ. Ι έχήρωσα Ερ. χήρωσα, pass. έχηρώθην: - to bereave, make desolate or deserted. 2. c. gen. to bereave of .; "Αργος ἀνδρῶν exηρώθη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr., like χηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence

χηρωστής, οῦ, ὁ, a collateral relation, beir-at-law. χήσειτε, Dor. crasis for και ήσετε, fut. of ίημι.

χήτις, ιου Att. εωε, ή, =  $\chi$ ήτου.

χήτος, εοε, τό, (χατέω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χήτει τοιοῦ δ' ἀνδρόs from want or loss of such a man; χήτι (Ion. dat. of χῆτις) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ή, want, need, destitution.

χήφθα, Dor. for καὶ ήφθη, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of ἄπτω. χθαμαλός, ή, όν, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕ'Σ, Adv., lengthd. έχθές, yesterday; πρώην τε καὶ χθέε or χθὲε καὶ πρώην yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

**χθεσϊνός**,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta v}$ , =  $\chi \theta i \dot{\zeta} \dot{\delta z}$ , of yesterday : τὸ σκόροδον τὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see χθιζόs.  $\chi\theta\iota\zeta\iota\nu\delta s$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ ,  $\dot{\delta}\nu$ , =  $\chi\theta\epsilon\sigma\iota\nu\delta s$ .

 $\chi\theta\iota\zeta\delta s$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\delta\nu$ ,  $(\chi\theta\epsilon s) = \chi\theta\epsilon\sigma\iota\nu\delta s$ , of yesterday;  $\delta$ χθιζός πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζὸς ἔβη he went yesterday: the neut.  $\chi\theta\iota\zeta\delta\nu$  and  $\chi\theta\iota\zeta\delta$  are used as Adv., =  $\chi\theta\dot{\epsilon}s$ , of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρώιζα yesterday and the day be-

fore, lately, like χθὶς καὶ πρώην.

**χθόνιος**, a,  $o\nu$ , also os,  $o\nu$ , (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοί χθόνιοι the gods of the netber world, Lat. Inferi ; χθόνιος Έρμης Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στζβής, έε, (χθών, στιβείν) treading the earth,

on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρεφής, έε, gen. έος, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished

by or growing on earth.

**ΧΘΩ'N**, η, gen. χθονόε, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i.e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονὸς κεκευθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be 2. of ὑπὸ χθονόε those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi.

Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular

land or country.

XI ΔPON, τό, pl. χίδρα, τά, a dish of unripe wbeaten groats toasted :—as ἄλφιτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [α] χιλί-ανδρος, ον, (χίλιοι, ανήρ) containing a thou-

χιλι-άρχης or χιλί-αρχος, ου, ό, (χίλιοι, ἄρχω) the commander of a thousand men. translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune, Hence

χιλιαρχία, ή, the office or post of χιλίαρχος, command of 1000 men.

χιλιάs, άδοs, ή, (χίλιοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χῖλι-έτης, ου, δ, or χιλι-ετής, έοε, δ, ή, (χίλιοι,

ἔτοs) lasting a thousand years.

XI'AIOI, at, a, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χιλία ἵπποε a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵπποε, etc.

χιλιό-vaus,  $\epsilon \omega s$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χίλιοι, vaûs) of or consisting

of a thousand ships.

χιλιο-ναύτης, ου, ό, Dor. -τας, (χίλιοι, ναύτηε) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης άρωγή the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thou-

sand times over, very long ago.

χιλιοστός, ή, όν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.

χίλιοστύς, ύος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand. ΧΓΛΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχεσθαι έπλ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλός ξηρός bay. Hence

χιλόω, f. ωσω, to turn out to graze.

χίμαιρα [1], ή, a sbe-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμα-II. as prop. n., Χίμαιρα, ή, Chimaera, a 008. monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χτμαιρο-βάτης [ $\check{\alpha}$ ], ου,  $\check{\delta}$ , (χίμαιρα, βαίνω) epith. of

Pan, be who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χίμαιρο-θύτης, ου, δ, (χίμαιρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χίμαιρο-φόνος, ον, (χίμαιρα, \*φένω) slaying goats. χτμάρ-αρχος, δ, (χίμαρος, άρχω) leading goats; τράγοι χιμάραρχοι the he-goat that leads the flock.

XI'MA POΣ [1], δ, a be-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος. χίμαρο-σφάκτης, ου, δ, (χίμαρος, σφάζω) α goatslayer.

χιμάρωs, Dor. for χιμάρουs, acc. pl. of χίμαροs.

χίμετλον [t], τό, (χείμα) a chilblain, kibe. Χτο-γενής, έε, (Χίοε, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χιον, τό, (χίοε) a wine-vessel, bolding about 11 χοῦs, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, a, ov, (χιών) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ίσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εὶ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώρην if snow fell upon the country; absol., exibile it was snowing. χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον. (χιών, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered

with snow.

snow-clad.

χιονο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (χιών, θρέμμα) feeding snow, snow-clad.

χιονό-κτύπος, ον, (χιών, κτυπέω) snow-beaten.

χιονο-τρόφος, ον, (χιών, τρέφω) nursing snow, snow-clad.

χιονό-χρως, ωτος and oos, δ, ή, (χιών, χρώς) with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white.

χιον-ώδης, εε, (χιών, είδοε) like snow, snow-white. Xίοs, ή, Chios, an island in the Aegean sea, now Scio. Hence

Xîos, a, ov, Chian, of or from Chios: ol Xîoi the II. δ χίος (sub. βόλος), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was χίοε ἀστράγαλοε, the opp. side with the size-dot was called Kwos, Lat. unio; cp. Kwos. The proverb ou Xios άλλά Keios referred to the contrast between the

dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians. XITΩN, ωνος, δ, in Ion. Prose κιθών, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. tunica, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάροε, χλαίνα, or εμάτιον: the χιτών sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτών ποδήρηs: with sleeves it was called χιτών χεριδω-TÓS. II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; xiτωνεε λεπίδοε σιδηρέηε coats of iron scales. in plur. the pieces of a shoe. IV. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λάινος χιτών a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; τειχέων κιθώνεε coats, lines of walls: also in plur. the coats of an onion.

χἴτώνιον, τό, Dim. of χιτών, a little tunic, short coat.

 $\chi$ ltwvlokos,  $\delta$ , =  $\chi$ ltwvlov.

XI'Ω'N, όνος, ή, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάς οτ νιφετός, falling snow; χιων τηκομένη II. snow-water. melting snow.

ΧΛΑ ΖΩ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλαδώε, and plur. κεχλαδόντεε (for κεχλαδύτεε):-to

sound, ring, shout: hence redupl. καχλάζω.

XΛΑΙ ΝΑ Ion. χλαίνη, ηε, ή, Lat. laena, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χιτών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the papos and imation.

χλαινίον, τό, Dim. of χλαίνα, a small cloak.

χλαινόω, f. ώσω, (χλαίνα) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

χλαίνωμα, ατος, τό, a clothing, covering.

χλαμύδη-φόρος, ον, (χλαμύς, φέρω) wearing a χλαμύε or borseman's cloak: as Subst., χλαμυδηφόροε, δ, a borseman, cavalier.

χλάμτδ-ουργία, ή, (χλαμύε, \*έργω) the making of

cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.

χλάμύε, ύδοε [v], ή, a sbort cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. paludamentum. It was fastened by

χιονο-βόσκος, ον, (χιών, βόσκω) fostering snow, a broach on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαίνα.)

χλανίδιον, τό, Dim. of χλανίε, a small cloak or coverlet. [vi]

χλανίδο-ποιία, ή, (χλανίε, ποιέω) the art or trade

of cloak-making.

χλανίς, ίδος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χλαινα) an upper garment of wool, like the xxaîra, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλανίδα φορείν, to wear the xhavis, was a mark of effeminacy.

χλάνισκίδιον [κί], or χλάνίσκιον, τό, and χλάνί-

σκος, δ, Dim. of χλανίε, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, f. άσω, (χλεύη) to joke, jest, scoff. trans. to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully. Hence χλευασία, ή, and χλευασμός, δ, mockery, scoffing. ΧΛΕΥΉ, ή, a joke, jest; χλεύην ποιείν οτ ποιεί-

σθαί τίνα to make one a jest

XΛH ΔOΣ, δ, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a bouse, Lat. quisquiliae.

χλιαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor.  $I \in \chi \lambda i \eta \nu a : (\chi \lambda i \omega) := to make$ warm:-Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warm.

to soften by warmth, melt.

 $\chi\lambda\iota\check{a}\rho\acute{o}_{S}$ ,  $\acute{a}$ ,  $\acute{o}\nu$  Ion.  $\chi\lambda\iota\epsilon\rho\acute{o}_{S}$ ,  $\acute{\eta}$ ,  $\acute{o}\nu$ ,  $(\chi\lambda\iota\omega)$  warm, lukewarm, Lat. tepidus.

χλιδαίνω, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:-Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

χλίδανός, ή, όν, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

χλιδάω, f. ήσω, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel. luxuriate; χλιδαν ἐπί τινι to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

χλιδή, ή, (χλίω) delicacy, luxury, voluptuous-2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. ness. any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. fine raiment, costly ornaments, Lat. deliciae: also charms, beauty.

**χλίδημα**, ατο**s**, τό, (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [ $\uparrow$ ]

χλιερός, ή, όν, Ion. for χλιαρός.

**χλίόω**, Ep. for χλιάω.

 $XAI'\Omega$ , only used in pres. and impf., to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate. [1]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγής, έε, (χλόη, αὐγή) with a greenish lustre. χλοερός, ά, όν, poet. lengthd. for χλωρός.

χλοερο-τρόφος, ον, (χλοερός, τρέφω) producing

green berbs, grass-growing.

χλοερ-ωπις, ιδος, ή, (χλοερός, ωψ) greenish looking. XΛO'H, ηs, and χλόα, as, also Ion, χλοίη, ή, the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poët. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.

χλοη-κομέω, f. ήσω, (χλόη, κόμη) to be green as a

young leaf.

χλο-ήρης, εε, (χλόη, ἀρἄρεῖν) = χλοερόε, χλωρόε.χλοη-τόκος, ον, (χλόη, τεκείν) producing young sboots.

χλοη-φόροs, ον, (χλόη, φέρω) putting out young sboots, bearing grass or leaves.

**χλοιάω**, (χλοίη) Ion. for χλοάω.

**χλοίη**,  $\dot{\eta}$ , Ion. for χλόη.

χλούνης, ου, ή, Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean feeding or living alone: later as Subst. = κάπρος, the wild boar itself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χλοῦνις, ή, a doubtful word in Aesch. Eum. 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean

green age, i. c. youth, freshness.
χλωρ-αύχην, ενος, δ, ή, (χλωρός, αὐχήν) with pale

green or olive neck, of the nightingale: see χλωρηίs. χλωρηίs, ίδος, poët. fem. of χλωρός, for χλωρά, pale

green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.

χλωρό-κομος, ον, (χλωρός, κόμη) green-leafed. χλωρός poët. χλοερός, ά, όν, (χλόη) pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass: also of the colour of honey and sand, yellow.

II. generally, pale, pallid.

III. without regard to colour, green, fresh, as opp. to dry, rupds χλωρός fresh cheese: metaph. fresh, blooming, youthful: tender, delicate.

χναύω, = κνάω, to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble. χνοάζω, f. άσω, (χνόοε) properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων άρτι λευκανθὲε κάρα baving his head just sprinkled with white.

χνοάω, = χνοάζω.

XNO'H Ion. χνοίη, η, the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.

2. metaph., χνόαι ποδῶν the joints on which the feet are set.

xv6ios, a, ov, (xv6os) downy.

 $\dot{X}$ NO'O $\Sigma$  Att. contr.  $\chi$ vo $\hat{v}$ s, gen.  $\chi$ vo $\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ , any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like  $\dot{\alpha}\chi\nu\dot{\eta}$ .

xóa, acc. of xóos, xoûs.

χοἄνεύω contr. χωνεύω, to cast metal. From

χοάνη contr. χώνη, ή, a funnel. II. =  $\chi$  δα-νοι. [ἄ]

**\chi66005**,  $\delta$ , ( $\chi$ 6 $\omega$ ) the bollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.

x 6es, oi, nom. pl. of xóos, xoûs.

χοή, ή, (χέω) a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.

χο-ήρης, εs, gen. εos, (χοή, ἀραρείν) furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; άγγος χοῆρες 2 vessel filled with them.

χοη-φόρος, ον, (χοή, φέρω) bearing drink-offerings. χοικός, ή, όν, (χοῦε) of rubbish, of earth or clay.

**χοινϊκίs**, ίδοs, ή, (χοινιξ) an iron ring.

χοῖνιξ, ἴκος, ή, a choenix, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 1½ pint Engl.) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart); the choenix of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; δε κεν ξμῆς γε χοίνικος ἄπτητας whoever tastes of my rations.

II. from the shape, the bow or nave of a wheel.

or stocks for fastening the legs in.

χοιράς, άδος, ή, (χοίρος) a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοιράς άμυδρά a sunken rock; χοιράς Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.

II.

χοιράδεε, al, glandular swellings.

**χοίρειοs**, a,  $o\nu$ , (χοίροs) of a swine or bog.

χοίρεος, α, ον, poet. for χοίρειος: χοίρεα (sub. κρέατα), τά, bog's-flesh.

χοιρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χοῖροs, a little pig. [ρ̄t] XOIPI'NH, ἡ, a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting. [t]

χοιρίον, τό, Dim. of χοίρος, a little pig, porker.

χοιρίσκος, δ, Dim. of χοίρος, = χοιρίον.

χοιρο-κομείον, τό, (χοίρος, κομέω) a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.

χοιρο-κτόνος, ον, (χοιρος, κτείνω) slaying swine. II. χοιρόκτονος, pass. of or belonging to a slain swine; αίμα χοιρόκτονον blood of a slain swine.

χοιρο-πώλης, ου, ό, Dor. –πώλας: (χοίρος, πωλέω):—a dealer in swine.

XÓI^PO∑, ô, a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus: generally, a pig.

χολάς, άδος, ή, (χολή) in plur. χολάδες, the bowels, intestines.

χολάω, (χολή) like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad. II. = χολόομαι, to be angry, rage.

XOΛΗ, η, = χόλος, gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis; χολη μέλαινα black, i. e. diseased bile: pl. χολαί, the gall-bladder.

Il. metaph. like Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.

XO'ΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ἡ, mostly in plur. χόλικες, like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.

χόλιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (χόλοs) enraged, angry. XO'ΛΟΣ, δ, like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή. It. bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παῦσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath: c. gen., χόλος τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself. Hence

χολόω, f. ώσω, to stir one's gall or bile: hence to make angry, embitter.

II. Med. and Pass., f. χολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. κεχολώσομαι: 200. I med. έχολωσάμην, pass. έχολώθην: pf. pass. κεχόλωμαι:—to bave one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered; κεχολωμένος τινί angry at or with 2 person.

χολωθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of χολόω.

χολώθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of χολόω. χολωσέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χολόω.

χολωτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χολόω, angry, wrathful, passionate.

χόνδρος, δ, a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica; åλδε χόνδροι lumps of salt. 2. wheat-groats. 3. a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, χόνδρον λείχειν to sip gruel.

χονδρόs, ά, όν, (χόνδροs) like groats; χονδροί άλεs coarse-grained salt, opp. to λεπτοί άλεs, fine salt. χόος, see χοῦs.

χορ-άγιον, χορ-αγός, Dor. and Att. for χορηγ-. χόρδευμα, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

χορδεύω, f. σω, (χορδή) to make into sausages: metaph., χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα to make mincement of state affairs.

χορδή, ή, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ή, (χορεύω) a dancing: the choral dance. χόρευμα, ατος, τό, (χορεύω) a choral dance.

χορευτέον, verb. Adj. of χορεύω, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτήs, οῦ, ὁ, (χορεύω) a choral dancer; θεοῦ χορευτήs the votary of a god.

χορεύω, fut. -εύσω: aor. I ἐχόρευσα: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐχορευσάμην: Pass., aor. I ἐχορεύσθην: pf. κεχόρευμαι: (χορόs):—to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus.

2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, he versed in it: c. acc. cognato, χορείαι χορεύειν to ply the dance; φροίμων χορεύσομαι I will begin festivities with a

dance: pass., κεχόρευται ἡμῶν our dance bas been danced.

II. trans. to celebrate with cboral dances.

III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

xoρηγέω Dor. xoρᾶγέω: f. ήσω: (χορηγόs):—to lead a chorus.

II. in Att. of the χορηγόs, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; χορηγείν ταῖε αὐτοῦ ἡδοναῖε to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι, χορηγεῖται δὲ δ δῆμοε the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them.

III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ή, the office of χορηγός: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian λειτουργίαι.

II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικός, ή, όν, (χορηγός) of or for a χορηγός; χορηγικοί άγωνες rivalry in bringing out choruses. χορήγιον Dor. and Att. χοράγιον, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγόs Dor. and Att. χορᾶγόs, ὁ, (χορόs, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = κορυφαῖοs: generally, the leader of a train or hand. 2. at Athens,
one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus. II. generally, one who supplies the costs for
any purpose.

χορ-ໂαμβοs, ὁ, (χόριοs, ἴαμβοs) in metre, a choriambus, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a chorius (or trochee) and iambus, as ῖππομέδου.

χορικός, ή, όν, (χορός) of or for a choral dance; το χορικόν the choral song.

XÔPION, τό, skin, leather, Lat. corium: Doric proverb., χαλεπὸν χορίω κύνα γεῦσαι 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto.

χόριος, δ, (χορός) a metrical foot, = τροχαίος or trochee, e. g.  $\overline{\imath}\pi\pi\delta s$ .

χορο-δίδασκαλος, δ, (χορός, διδάσκαλος) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = χοραγός οτ κορυφαιος, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης, εs, gen. εos, (χορόs, ήθοs) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θαλήs, έs, gen. έos, (χορόs, θαλείν) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μανία, ή, (χορός, μανία) a rage for dancing. χοροιτύπία, ή, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plut. From

χοροι-τύπος, ον, (χορός, τὔπεῖν) beating the ground in the dance: dancing.

II. χοροίτυπος, ον, pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μανής, έs, gen. έος, (χορός, μανηναι) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (χορός) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ovos, and χορο-παίκτης, ov, δ, (χορός, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιόs, όν, (χορόs, ποιέω) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

XOPO'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or cboral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, cboir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3. generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, χορὸs dστρον the company of the stars; χορὸs καλάμων a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the χορδε κυκλικόε performed at the Athenian This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Dionysia. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the χόροε τραγικόε consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the κωμικόε of twenty-four, and the σατυρικός. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (χορον ἔδωκε) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called xopnyos: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called xopodidas makes.

χορτάζω, f. άσω, (χόρτοε) to feed or fatten in a stall: | generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσία, ή, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατοε, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle:

rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟ PTOΣ, δ, a feeding-place; αὐλη̂ε ἐν χόρτφ in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feedinggrounds; χόρτοι λέοντοs the baunt of the lion. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, bay, opp. to σετοs (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφελήτης, ου, δ, (χορός, ἀφελέω) belping or

cheering the chorus.

**χοῦν,** inf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χουs, δ and ή, gen. χοδs; dat. χοt; acc. χόα: plur. χόεε, χοῶν, χουσί, χόαε: but also, gen. χοώε, acc. χόα [ā] (χέω): -a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλαι οτ 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. ol Xóes the feast of Pitchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion. χοθε, δ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, beap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound.

χόω, see χώννυμι. **χραίνω**, f. χράν $\hat{\omega}$ : aor. I  $\tilde{\epsilon}$ χρ $\tilde{\alpha}$ ν $\alpha$ : = χρ $\hat{\alpha}$ ω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint.

metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres.. whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: 20τ. Ι χραίσμησα: 20τ. 2 χραίσμον, 3 sing, subj. χραίσμη and -ησι, inf. χραισμείν:--like άμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; όλεθρόν τινι χραισμείν οι χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, belp, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμείν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήιον, τό, a means of belp, remedy. χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω. χραίσμησι, Ep. 3 sing. 201. 2 of χραισμέω. χράομαι, see χράω c. ΧΡΑ'Ω (A), Acol. χραύω, f. σω, to touch lightly,

wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

**XPA'** $\Omega$  (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερός οἱ έγρας δαίμων a hateful god vexed II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρηs,

 $\chi \rho \eta \sigma \theta \alpha = \chi \rho \eta \zeta \epsilon \iota s$ .

**XPA'** $\Omega$  (C), Ion. χρέω Ερ. χρείω: fut. χρήσω: aor. Ι έχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. Ι έχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, 201. τ έχρήσθην: pf. κέχρησμαι and κέχρημαι. - χράω contracts  $\alpha \epsilon$  into  $\eta$ , as  $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \epsilon$ ,  $\chi \rho \hat{\eta}$ , inf.  $\chi \rho \hat{\eta} \nu$ , etc., but Ion. into ā, as χραs, χρα, χραν, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρεόμενος, έχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλήν Διδε ανθρώποισιν Ι

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τδ χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεχρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρησθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχη χρησόμενο: Θηβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias; hence, χρησθαι μαντηίφ, χρηστηρίφ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of xpáopai to use; see below. aor. I έχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, 201. έχρησάμην, to bave furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, όμματα χρησάμενο: having lent feet and borrowed eyes. III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσί γαρ κέχρητ' αγαθήσιν for be was endowed with a kind disposition; όργη or θυμφ χρησθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρησθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; δμολογία χρησθαι to come to an agreement: ώνη και πράσει χρησθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρφ χρησθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρησθαι τέχνη to follow a trade; χρησθαι ανομία to practise lawlessness. χρησθαί τινι είε τι to use a thing for an end or purpose; also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτφ; what use shall I make of him? χρησθαί τινι ότι βούλεταί τις to make what use one likes of him; άπορέων ὅ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of 4. of persons, to bave intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρησθαί τινι ώς φίλφ, ώς πολεμίφ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρησθαί Tivi, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν ξαυτόν τινι χρησθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol, οι χρώμενοι 5. absol., or with an Adv., ούτω χρώνται friends. of Hépoal such is the practice of the Persians. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' άγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεχρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but kexpnuévos occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορή κεχρημένο**s** baving experienced a misfortune. 20r. I pass. έχρησθην has a pass. sense, al νηεε ούκ έχρησθησαν the ships were not used. χρέα, Ep. shortened for χρέεα, acc. pl. of χρέος.

Υρέεσθαι. Ion. for γρησθαι, inf. of γράσμαι.

χρεία, ή, (χράομαι) use, Lat. usus : advantage, service: Td oùoèv els xpeiav things of no use or service: in plur. services. 2. using, usance, use; κτησιε καὶ χρησιε having and using. 3. of persons, II. like Lat. opus, need, acquaintance, intimacy. necessity; εν χρεία είναι οι γίγνεσθαί τινος to be in need, want of a thing. 2. want, poverty, lack: c. gen. want, lack of a thing. 3. need of a person's belp, hence a request on the score of necessity: gene-4. a needful matter, business; èv rally, a request. πάσαις ταις του σώματος γρείαις in all functions of the body.

**χρείη**, 3 sing. pres. opt. of χρη.

χρείος, τό, Ερ. for χρέος.

χρείος, ον, (χρή) useful: needful, fitting. II act. needing, being in want of, c. gen.: absol. needy. χρέω, Ερ. for χρέω, χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρειώ, όσε contr. οῦε, ἡ, Ερ. for χρεώ.

χρεματίζω, f. ίσω, to neigh, snort, Lat. binnire, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ό, a neighing. χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for έχρεμέτισαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of γρεμετίζω.

XPE'MITOMAI, f. - \( \psi \) popu, Dep. to bawk and spit, expectorate.

χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι: part. χρεόμενος.

χρεόν, Ion. for χρεών.

χρέος, τό, gen. χρέεος contr. χρέους: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. χρέα Att. χρέα: Ep. nom. sing. χρείοε Att. χρέω: (χράομαι, χρή): I. like χρεία, want, II. a needful matter, business, affair; κατά χρέος τινδε έλθειν to come for need of a person or thing; έφ' δ τι χρέος έμόλετε; for what need came ve?—also, like χρημα, a thing. III. a debt; χρείοι όφείλεται μοι a debt is due to me; χρέοι άποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν to pay and recover debts; την οὐσίαν ἄπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε he left all property in outstanding debts. 2. metaph. a debt, trespass, sin. 3. a debt, due, duty; κατά χρέο according to what is due: hence a promise due, αρα̂ τίνειν χρέοs to pay the debt, i. e. do the work, of a curse. χρέω, Ion. for χράω, to deliver an oracle.

χρεώ Ερ. χρειώ, gen. όσε contr. οῦε, ἡ: (χρέσε, χρεία):—want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish, c. gen., χρειώ ἐμεῖο want, need of me; ἵν οὐ χρεὼ πείσματόε ἐστιν where there is no need of a cable. 2. in phrase, χρειὼ ἰκάνεται want or necessity arises, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρειὼ τόσον ἵκει; to whom doth necessity come so much? so also with γίγνομαι and εἰμί, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεώ γίγνεται νηόε need of a ship comes upon me; οὐδὲ τι μιν χρειὼ ἔσται τυμβοχοῆε nor will need of a grave come upon him. 3. hence χρεώ is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίπτε δὲ σε χρείω [sc. ἰκάνει] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οὕτι με ταύτης χρειὼ τιμῆε no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδὲ τι προμετικό το και και το του και με τα το της και τικής πο need σίνει και το του και με ταίτης χρειὼ τιμῆε no need σίνει και του και με ταίτης και τικής πο need σίνει και του και του και του και του και τικής πο need σίνει και του και του και τικής του και τικής πο need σίνει και του και τικής τικός τικής του και τικής του και τικής τικός τικής του και τικής τικής του και τικής τικής του και τικής τικής τικής του και τικής τικής τικής του και τικής τικής τικής τικής τικής τικής τικής του και τικής τικ

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [ $\chi \rho \epsilon \omega$  in Homer is used as a monosyllable,  $\chi \rho \bar{\epsilon} \omega$ .]

χρεώμενος, Ion. for χρώμενος, part. of χράομαι. χρεών, τό, Ion. χρεόν, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from χρέω (Ion. for χράω), = τὸ χρεὸν γίγνεσθαι, that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity; χρεών οι χρεόν ἐστι it is fated or necessary, it must be:—absol. χρεών, it being necessary, since it was necessary. 2. that which is expedient or right: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεὼν ἄρχετε γε rule not rightfully. [ω –, but sometimes poèt. χρεων as one long syllable.]

χρέωνται, Ion. for χρώνται, 3 pl. of χράομαι.

χρέως, τό, Att. for χρέος, a debt. χρεώστης, ου, ό, (χρέως) a debtor.

χρε-ωφειλέτης, ου, δ, (χρέως, δφείλω) a debtor.

χρή or χρή, ή, = χρεία II, need, necessity.

**χρή**, impers.: subjunct.  $χρ\hat{\eta}$ : optat. χρείη: inf.  $χρ\hat{\eta}$ ναι, poet. also χρην: impf. έχρην and χρην: fut. χρήσει: (for part., see χρεών):—it is fated, necessary: c. inf. it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, 2. like δεί, Lat. oportet, decet, c. acc. pers. et inf.; one must needs do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do.-Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχη: ἀποπαύεαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή why restest thou from the battle? it behoves thee not (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μά- $\chi \eta s$ ). 3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε χρή άφροσύνηs thou bast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; ου σε χρη ετ' alδουs thou bast no longer need of shame. II. in a less strong sense, one may, one can; πω εχρή τοῦτο περάσαι; how is one to get through this? ΙΙΙ. τὸ χρῆν fate, destiny.

χρη, shortened for χρήζει.

χρήξω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion. χρήζω: Dor. χρήσδω and χρήδδω: (χρεία):—to need, want, lack, bave need of: absol. in part. χρη(ζων, needy, poor. 2. to desire, long for: to ask, crave, desire, Lat. solicitare:—c. gen. rei, to ask or demand a thing.

3. μη έχρηζεν θανεῦν, like μη ώφελεν, thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not..!

4. the part. χρήζων is used absol. for el χρήζει, if one will, if one chooses: hence wishing well, well-inclined.

χρήζω, like χράω 1, to deliver an oracle, foretell.

χρηία, ή, Ion. for χρεία, use, need.

χρηίζω, Ep. and Ion. for χρηζω.

χρήσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of χράομαι, to use, make use of.

hence χρεώ is often used without a verb expressed c. αcc. pers., τίπτε δέ σε χρεώ [sc. Ικάνει] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οὖτι με ταύτης χρεὼ τιμῆς no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδέ event; κινεῖν πῶν χρῆμα to set everything in motion, τί μιν χρεὼ νεῶν ἐπιβαινέμεν nor does need at all 'to leave no stone unturned:' a dealing, business, transaction, like Lat. res. 2. χρῆμα is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί χρῆμα; for τί; wbai? 3. χρῆμα is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα συὸς χρῆμα a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος χρῆμα ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, χρῆμα πολλὸν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; δσον τὸ χρῆμα παρνόπων what a lot of locusts; μέγα χρῆμα Λακαινῶν a great bost of Laconian women.

χρημάτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: pf. κεχρημάτικα: (χρηua):-to do or carry on business, bave dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, 3. to give an answer after advise about a matter. due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be so- Med. χρηματίζομαι, f. –ιοῦμαι, lemnly warned. to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another. III. in late Greek, the Act. γρηματίζω means to bear a title or name: γρηματίζει βασιλεύs be takes the title of king; of μαθηταί Χριστιανοί έχρημάτισαν πρώτον έν τη 'Αντιοχεία the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρημάτικός, ή, όν, (χρημα) of or for money.

χρημάτισις, εως, η, and χρημάτισμός, δ, (χρηματίζω) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρημάτιστέον, verb. Adj. of χρηματίζω, one must

make money.

χρημάτιστήs, οῦ, ὁ, (χρηματίζω) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικός, ή, όν, fitted for money-making; χρηματιστικός olavos an omen portending gain.

χρημάτο-δαίτης, ου, ό, (χρημα, δατέομαι) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρημάτο-ποιός, όν, (χρήματα, ποιέω) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χράομαι) = χρεία, need, want, lack. χρήναι, inf. of χρή.

χρής, χρήσθα, shortd. for χρήζεις, see χράω (Β) 11. χρήσδω, Dor. for χρήζω.

χρήστμος, η, ον, also οε, ον: (χράομαι):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: το χρήσιμον use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρησίμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for χρησίμουε, acc. pl. of χρήσιμος. χρήσις, εωε, ἡ, (χράομαι) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. usus. II. (χράω c) an oracle.

χρησμολογέω, f. ήσω, to utter oracles, divine. From χρησμο-λόγος, ον, (χρησμόε, λέγω) uttering oracles, divining; χρησμολόγος άνήρα sootbsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιός,  $\delta \nu$ , (χρησμός, ποιέω) making oracles in verse.

χρησμός, δ, (χράω c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χρησμοσύνη, ή, (χράομαι) like χρημοσύνη, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (χρησμός, φύλαξ) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμφδέω, f. ήσω, (χρησμφδόε) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμφδία, ή, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμφδικόs, ή, όν, of or fit for a soothsayer or dwiner, oracular. Adv. -κωs. From

χρησμ-φδόs, όν, (χρησμόs, φδή) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., χρησμφδόs, δ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of κίχρημι, to lend. χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, one must use. χρηστεύομαι, Dep. (χρηστόε) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάζω, f. άσω, like χράω, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like χράομαι, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; χρηστηριάζεσθαι θεώ to consult a god; Ιροίσι χρηστηριάζεσθαι to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi.

2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response.

II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of χρηστήριου.

χρηστήριοs, a, ov, also os, ov, (χράω) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστης, ου, δ: gen. pl. χρήστων (to distinguish it from χρηστών, gen. pl. of χρηστός): (χράω):— one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, sooth-sayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (χράομαι) a deblor.

χρηστολογέω, f. ήσω, (χρηστολόγοι) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ή, fair-speaking: a kind address. χρηστο-λόγος, ον, (χρηστός, λέγω) speaking fairly. χρηστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, like χρήσιμος, useful, serviceable: χρηστά, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; τελευτή χρηστή a bappy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, χρηστὸς εl you are a nice fellow. 2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, ητος, ή, of persons, goodness, bonesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like εὐήθεια. χρίμα, ατος, τό, = χρίσμα.

χρίμπτω, f. ψω: also as Dep. χρίμπτομαι, f. χρίμψομαι; aor. I med. ἐχριμψάμην, pass. ἐχρίμφθην, part. χριμφθείε:—poët. for χρίω, to touch the surface of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. radere, stringere; χριμφθείε πέλαε grazing close: -- more generally, to come nigh, draw near, approach, c. dat.; δόμοι χρίμπτεσθαι to draw near the house. also intr. in Act. to come or keep near: also with πόδα added, πόδας χρίμπτουσα βαχίαισι keeping her feet close to the shore; so, ὑπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἔχριμπτ' del σύριγγα he kept the axle close upon the post.

xpîrav, Ep. for expirav, 3 pl. aor. I of xpiw. χρίσμα, ατος, τό, (χρίω) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than µύρον.

Χριστιανός, δ, (Χριστός) a Christian.

χριστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χρίω, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; φάρμακα χριστά salves. II. anointed; το χριστόν anointing oil. Χριστόε, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew Messiab.

**ΧΡΙ'**Ω, f. χρίσω [τ]: aor. τ έχρτσα Εp. χρίσα: Pass., aor. I έχρίσθην: pf. κέχριμαι:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:-Med. χρίομαι, 201. 1 έχρισάμην, to anoint oneself; χρίεσθαι loύs to anoint, i.e. poison, 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, one's arrows. dye, stain; χρίεσθαι τὰ σώματα μίλτο to dye their bodies with vermilion. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

χρόα, χροί, irreg. acc. and dat. of χρώε.

χροιά, ή, Ep. and Ion. χροιή, Att. also χρόα: (xpws):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the II. the colour of the skin, the combody itself. plexion; χροιάν άλλάσσειν to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

χροίζω, f.  $t\sigma\omega$ : contr. χρώζω, f.  $\sigma\omega$ : (χρόα):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch :- Med. χροίζομαι, to touch another person, to lie with.

χρόμάδοs, δ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, (χρόνος) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, bold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to II. to prolong, put off: linger, delay, be slow. -Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

**χρόνιοs**, α, ον, and Att. οs, ον: (χρόνοs):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time; χρόνιόs είμι ἀπό βοράs I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; χρύνιοι πόλεμοι lasting wars: lingering, delaying:-neut. pl. χρόνια as Adv., after a long time.

XPO'NO∑, ô, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. χρόνον for a while; πολύν χρόνον for a long time; τον αεί χρόνον for ever; δλίγου χρόνου in a short time; πόσου χρόνου; for how long? χρόνοι in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions: - and xponor in course of time: did xpovou after an interval; &k πολλοῦ χρόνου long ago; ἐν χρόνου in time, at length; έντος γρόνου within a certain time; έπί | σεος, στέλλω) decked or dight with gold.

xpóvov for a time: Es xpóvov till aftertime. time of life; xpóvq βραδύs slow from bis time of life. χρονο-τρίβέω, (χρόνος, τρίβω) to waste time, loiter. χροόs, gen. of χρώs.

χρυσ-αλάκατος, ον, Dor. for χρυσηλ -.

χρύσ-ἄμοιβός, δ, (χρυσός, άμείβω) changing gold or gold money: metaph., "Αρης σωμάτων χρυσαμοι-Bos Mars who buys men's bodies with gold.

χρύσ-άμπυξ, ϋκος, ό, ή, (χρυσός, άμπυξ) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses. χρῦσ-ανθής, έs, gen. έος, (χρυσύς, ἄνθος) with flower

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for χρυσήνιος.

χρυσ-ανταυγής, έε, (χρυσόε, ανταυγήε) reflecting a golden light.

χρύσ-dopos, ον, (χρυσόε, dop) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρῦσ-άρμἄτος, ον, (χρυσός, ἄρμα) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρύσ-ασπις, ιδος, δ, ή, (χρυσός, άσπίς) with shield of gold. [v]

χρύσ-αυγής, ές, gen. έος, (χρυσός, αὐγή) goldgleaming.

χρῦσ-άωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (χρυσός, ἄορ) = χρυσάορος.χρυσείον, τό, (χρυσόs) mostly in plur., χρυσεία, τά, gold mines, in full χρύσεια μέταλλα.

χρύσειος, η, ον, poet. for χρύσεος.

χρύσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, ον, (χρυσός, έλέφας, ήλεκτρον) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum. χρυσεο-βόστρυχος, ον, (χρύσεος, βόστρυχος) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρυσεό-δμητος, ον, (χρύσεος, δέμω) built or formed of gold.

χρῦσεό-κμητος, ον, (χρύσεος, κάμνω) wrought of gold. χρυσεό-κυκλος, ον, (χρύσεος, κύκλος) with disk of gold.

χρῦσεδ-μαλλος, ον, = χρυσόμαλλος.

**χρῦσεο-μίτρηs**, ου,  $\delta$ , = χρυσομίτρηs. χρυσεό-νωτος, ον, = χρυσόνωτος.

χρύσεο-πήληξ, ηκοε, δ, ή, (χρύσεοε, πήληξ) with belm or casque of gold.

χρῦσεο-πήνητος, ον, (χρύσεος, πήνη) with woof of gold, inwrought with gold.

χρύσεος, η, ον, and os, ον; Att. contr. χρυσοθς, η, οῦν; Ερ. χρύσειος, η, ον, (χρυσός):-golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; χρυσοῦν τινα Ιστάναι to raise a statue of gold to one. χρύσεια μέταλλα gold mines; see χρυσείον. II. gold-coloured, of golden bue. III. metaph. golden, bappy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, χρῦσέη, χρῦσέην, χρῦσέου, χρῦσέφ, etc. must be pronounced as spondees.] χρύσεο-σάνδάλος, ον, (χρύσεος, σάνδαλον) with sandals of gold; ίχνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον the step of

χρῦσεο-στέφανος, ον, = χρυσοστέφανος.

golden sandals.

χρῦσεό-στολμος, ον, οι χρῦσεό-στολος, ον, (χρύ-

χρῦσεό-τευκτος, ον, = χρυσότευκτος.

χρύσεο-φάλαρος, ον, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) with trappings of gold.

Χρυσηίς, ίδος, ή, patronym. of Χρύσης, ου, δ, daughter

of Chryses.

χρῦσ-ηλάκἄτος, ον, (χρυσός, ήλακάτη) with spindle or arrow of gold.

χρύσ-ήλάτος, ον, (χρυσός, έλαύνω) beaten out of gold, of beaten gold.

χρῦσ-ήνιος, ον, (χρυσός, ήνία) with reins of gold. χρῦσ-ήρης, εs, gen. εος, (χρυσός, ἀρἄρεῖν) furnished

or decked with gold, golden.

χρυσίδιον, τό, Dim. of χρυσίον, a small piece of gold. χρυσίον, τό, Dim. of χρυσός, a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; άργύριον καὶ χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum. II. as a term of endearment, my little treasure !

χρῦσίς, ίδος, ή, (χρυσός) a vessel of gold.

golden dress.

χρῦσίτης  $[\bar{\iota}]$ , ου, δ, fem. χρυσιτις,  $\iota \delta os$ , (χρυσόs) like

gold, containing a proportion of gold.

χρύσο-βάφής, έε, (χρυσόε, βαφήναι) gilded, goldembroidered.

χρυσό-βωλος, ον, (χρυσός, βώλος) with soil containing gold.

χρυσό-γονος, ον, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danae.

χρύσο-δαίδαλτος, ον, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) richly

wrought with gold.

χρύσο-δακτύλιος, ον, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) with a

gold ring. [KTŬ]

χρυσό-δετος, ον, also η, ον, (χρυσός, δέω) bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold.

χρύσο-έθειρ, ειρος, ό, ή, (χρυσός, έθειρα) with golden bair.

χρῦσο-ειδής, ές, (χρυσός, είδος) like gold.

χρῦσό-ζῦγος, ον, (χρυσός, ζυγύν) with yoke of gold. χρῦσό-θριξ, -τρίχοs, δ, ή, (χρυσόs, θρίξ) goldenbaired.

χρυσό-θρονος, ον, (χρυσός, θρόνος) on throne of gold, gold-entbroned.

χρύσο-κάρηνος Dor. - avos, ον, (χρυσός, κάρηνον)

with bead of gold. [Ka]

χρυσό-κερως, ωτος, ό, ή, and χρυσό-κερως, ων, gen. ω: (χρυσόs, κέραs):—with borns of gold. gilded borns, like a victim for the sacrifice.

χρύσο-κόλλητος, ον, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden.

χρυσό-κολλος, ον, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or in-

laid with gold.

χρύσο-κόμης, δ, Dor. -μας, α, δ, (χρυσός, κόμη) be of the golden bair · δ Χρυσοκόμης the golden-baired,

χρυσό-κομος, ον, (χρυσός, κόμη) golden-baired: with golden plumage.

χρυσο-κρόταλος, ον, (χρυσόε, κρόταλον) rattling or ringing with gold.

χρῦσό-λίθος,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χρυσός, λίθος) the chrysolith of gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz. χρῦσολογέω, f. ήσω, to talk of gold.

lect gold, i. e. money. From

χρυσο-λόγος, ον, (χρυσός, λέγω) speaking of gold. χρῦσό-λογχος, ον, (χρυσός, λόγχη) with golden

χρῦσό-λοφος, a, ov, (χρυσός, λόφος) with golden crest.

χρῦσο-λύρης, ου, δ, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) with golden lyre. [λŭ]

χρῦσό-μαλλος, ον, (χρυσός, μαλλός) with golden

χρῦσο-μανής, ές, (χρυσός, μανηναι) mad after gold. χρύσο-μηλολόνθη, ή, (χρυσόε, μηλολόνθη) the goldbeetle or cockchafer. Hence

χρῦσο-μηλολόνθιον οτ -όντιον, τό, Dim. of χρυσομηλολόνθη, a little cockchafer: used as a term of

χρῦσο-μίτρης, ου, ὁ, (χρυσός, μίτρα) with girdle or bead-band of gold. [µĭ]

**χρῦσό-μορφοs**, ον, (χρυσόs, μορφή) in the shape or likeness of gold.

χρῦσό-νωτος, ον, (χρυσός, νῶτος) with golden back: covered with gold; χρυσύνωτος ήνία a tein studded with gold.

χρυσό-παστος, ον, (χρυσός, πάσσω) sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσύπαστος τιήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα gilded splendours.

χρύσο-πέδίλος, ον, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) with sandals of gold.

χρυσό-πεπλος, ον, (χρυσός, πέπλον) withrobe of gold. χρῦσο-πήληξ, ηκος,  $\delta$ ,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (χρυσός, πήληξ) with belm or casque of gold.

χρῦσο-πλόκαμος, ον, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) with tresses

of gold.

**χρῦσο-ποιόs**, όν, (χρυσόs, ποιέω) working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιόε, δ, a goldsmith.

χρύσό-πράσος, ό, (χρυσός, πράσον) the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.

χρυσό-πτερος, ον, (χρυσός, πτερόν) with wings of gold.

χρυσό-ράπις, δ, poët. for χρυσόρραπις.

χρυσό-poos, ον, (χρυσόs, ρέω) streaming with gold. χρύσ-όροφος, ον, (χρυσός, όροφή) with golden roof or ceiling.

χρυσόρ-ράπις, ιδος, ό, ή, (χρυσός, ραπίς) with wand of gold.

χρῦσόρ-ρὕτος, ον, (χρυσός, ρέω) flowing with gold, in a stream of gold.

XPΥ ΣΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὁ, gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσδε κοιλοs gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσός ἄπεφθος refined gold; λευκός χρυσός white gold, i.e. alloyed with silver.

χρύσο-στέφανος, ον, (χρυσός, στέφανος) goldcrowned.

**χρῦσό-στομος**, ον, (χρυσός, ωτόμα) of golden mouth, | χρω, irreg. dat. of χρως. dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, ον, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with

gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρῦσο-τέκτων, ονος, δ, a worker in gold, goldsmith. χρῦσότερος, a, ov, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσós, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, ον, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold. χρύσο-τευχής, ές, (χρυσός, τεῦχος) with golden

χρυσό-τοξος, ον, (χρυσός, τόξον) with how of gold. χρύσο-τρίαινος, ον, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [Y]

χρῦσ-ούἄτος, ον, (χρυσός, οὖας) with ears or bandles

of gold.

**χρῦσοῦς**,  $\hat{\eta}$ , οῦν, Att. contr. for χρύσεος.

χρῦσο-φάεννος, ον, (χρυσός, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφαής. χρυσο-φαής, ές, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light. χρύσο-φεγγής, ές, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden

χρῦσό-φίλος, ον, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρῦσοφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear gold or golden apparel.

χρύσο-φόρος, ον, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρῦσο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, ἡ, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φυ]

χρύσο-χαίτης, ου, ο, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden bair: fem. χρυσόχαιτις, ιδοε.

χρυσο-χάλινος, ον, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with goldstudded bridle. [a]

χρυσό-χειρ, -χειροε, ό, ή, (χρυσόε, χείρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσο-χίτων, ωνος, δ, ή, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat

of gold. [XI]

χρῦσοχοείον, τό, the shop of a goldsmith. From χρῦσοχοέω, f. ήσω, (χρυσοχόοε) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσοχοϊκός, ή, όν, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner; χρυσοχοϊκήν τέχνην έργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρύσο-χόοs, ον, (χρυσόε, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσοχόοs, δ, one who gilds the borns of a victim; a goldsmitb.

χρύσό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (χρυσός, χρόα) gold-coloured.

χρυσόω, f. ώσω, (χρυσόε) to make golden, gild.

χρυσώ, Dor. for χρυσοῦ, gen. of χρυσόε.

χρύσωμα, ατοε, τό, (χρυσόω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [v]

χρύσ-ωνέω, (χρυσόε, ἀνέομαι) to buy or change gold. **χρῦσ-ώπης**, ου, ὁ, fem.  $-\hat{\omega}\pi\iota s$ ,  $\iota \delta o s$ ,  $= \chi \rho \upsilon \sigma \omega \pi \delta s$ .

χρύσ-ωπόs, όν, (χρυσόs, ωψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

**χρύσωσις**,  $\epsilon \omega z$ ,  $\delta$ , (χρυσόω) a gilding.  $[\bar{v}]$ **χρῦσ-ώψ**, ῶποs, ὁ, ἡ, (χρυσόs, ఀ $\dot{\omega}\psi$ ) gold-coloured, sbining like gold.

χρώ, contr. from χράου, pres. imperat. of χράομαι.

χρώζω, f. χρώσω: aor. I έχρωσα: Pass., aor. I έχρώσθην: pf. κέχρωσμαι: (χρώs):—like χροίζω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile. χρώμα, ατοε, τό, (χρώννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; μεθιστάναι τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III. IV. metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, ή, όν, suited for colour. ματική (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον,  $τ \delta$ , (χρώμα) a colour, paint, dye. [ $\breve{a}$ ]

χρώννῦμι, = χρώζω.

χρώς, δ, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρωτα: Ιοπ. χροός, χροί, χρόα: Att. dat. χρφ.—like χροιά and χρωμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, 2. έν χροί, Att. έν χρφ, close to the skin; frame. έν χροί κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεί έν χρφ it shaves close, i. e. it touches one nearly, comes bome; εν χρώ παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's radere litus. II. the colour of the skin, complexion; χρώς τρέπεται bis colour changes.

χρωστήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\delta$ , (χρώ $\zeta$ ω) one who colours of dyes:

χρωστηρ μόλυβοs a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, f. ίσω, (χρώε) like χρώζω, to colour, dye, tint:-Med., χρωτίζεσθαι την φύσιν τινί to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [v], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i.e. in prose, opp. to poetry. III abundantly, utterly.

χύθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω.

 $\chi \bar{v} \lambda \delta s$ ,  $o\hat{v}$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $(\chi \epsilon \omega)$  juice, moisture: a decoction. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χύμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [v]

χυμίζω, f.  $i\sigma\omega$  Att.  $i\hat{\omega}$ ,  $(\chi v \mu \delta s)$  to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, οῦ, ὁ,  $(\chi \ell \omega)$  juice. II. taste, flavour.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep aor. 2 pass of χέω.

χύσις, εως, ή,  $(\chi \epsilon \omega)$  a pouring, shedding. a flood, stream, gusb. 2. of dry things, a beap: a quantity [v]

χυτλάζω, f. άσω, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χύτλον, τό, ( $\chi \in \omega$ ) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., in plur. χύτλα, τά, water for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [v] Hence

χυτλόω, f. ωσω, to wash, bathe, anoint:-Med. to

anoint oneself after bathing.

χύτλώσαυτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χυτλόω. χύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [δ]

χυτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, sbed. 2. of dry things, beaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth. 3. as Subst., χυτοί, ol, mounds, dykes, dams. II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass. III. liquid, fluid, flowing.

χύτρειος,  $\alpha$ , ον, = χυτρεοῦς, of earthenware: τὰ χύ-

τρεια earthenware, pottery. [ŭ]

χὔτρεοῦς, η, οῦν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτρεύς, έως, δ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χυτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χυτρίs, a small pot. [τ] χυτρίζω, f. ίσω Att ιῶ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρινος, η, ον, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen,

Lat. testaceus. [v]

χύτρις, ίδος, ή, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot. χύτρό-πους, -ποδος, δ, (χύτρος, πούς) a pot or caldron

with feet : also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτροs,  $\delta$ , (χέω) an earlben pot, esp. for boiling: of χύτροι was the name given to the bot-baths at Thermopylae. II. of χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [v]

xů, contr. for kai ô.

χώεο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χώομαι.

χωλαίνω, f. ἄνῶ, (χωλύs) to be or go lame.

χωλεύω, (χωλόs) to be or become lame, to balt, limp. χωλ-ίαμβοs,  $\delta$ , (χωλόs, ἴαμβοs) a lame or balting iambic, i. e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called  $\sigma \kappa \acute{\alpha} \acute{\zeta} \omega \nu$ .

χωλο-ποιόs, όν, (χωλόs, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men

upon the stage.

XΩΛΟ'Σ, ή, δν, lame, balting, limping: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, im-

perfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χώμα, ατος, τό, (χώννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χων, part. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χώνη, ή, contr. from χοάνη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a

mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χώννυμι, f. χώσω: aor. I έχωσα: Pass., fut. χωσσότησομαι: aor. I έχώσθην: pf. κέχωσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χόω, inf. χοῦν, part. χῶν: (χέω):
—to throw or heap up; χώματα χοῦν to heap up a severed or divided, νόμοι κέχωρισμένο μρ by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from trivers.

3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; χωσαί τινα λίθοιε to cover any one over with stones:

—Pass. to be heaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

**ΧΩ'OMAI**, f. χώσομαι: aor. I ἐχωσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χωόμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χώεσθαι φρέσιν jσιν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μή μοι τόδε χώεο be not angry with me for this.

χώρα Ion. χώρη,  $\dot{\eta}$ , = χ $\hat{\omega}$ ροs, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατά χώραν είναι to be in one's place; κατά χώραν μένειν to stay ın one's place, to stand one's ground; ἐαν κατά χώραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χώραν λαβείν to take a position, find one's place; εως αν χώραν λάβη τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their 2. metaph. the place assigned to any proper place. one, one's post, station, office, position; εν ανδραπόδων χώρα είναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; έν οὐδεμιᾶ χώρα είναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero baberi. II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ή χώρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm; Lat. ager. 3. the country. opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ήσω Att. ήσομαι: aor. I έχώρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χῶρος):—to make room for another,give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; από νηῶν ἐχώρησαν προτὶ Ίλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him. II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρείν προι έργον to come to action; χωρείν προι ήπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way proceed; οὐ χωρεί τοὖργον the work advances not. come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρά σμικρά χωρείν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports. III. transit. to bave space or room for a thing, to bold, contain, like χανδάνω; δ κρητήρ χωρεί αμφορέα εξακοσίου the bowl bolds 600 amphorae, ή πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεί the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ρτ] χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: pf. pass. κεχώρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κεχωρίδται: (χωρίε):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—ol χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Ihad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶρος and χώρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot.

a book, Lat. locus.

2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus.

II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort.

landed property, an estate.

xwpis, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίε ὁ νεκρόε the corpse lies apart. 2. 56- χωρὶε μέν .. , χωρὶε δέ .. , parately, one by one. on one side . . , on the other, by themselves . . , by them-4. χωρίε ή ὁκόσοι except so many as . . ; χωρίε ή except; χωρίε ή ὅτι except that. II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίε τό τ' είπειν πολλά και τα καιρία it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίs, Prep. with gen., without: without the belp or will of; χωρίε θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the 2. separate from, apart from; favour of the gods. χωρὶε ὀμμάτων ἐμῶν far from my eyes. 3. inde-

pendent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, δ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης  $[\bar{\imath}]$ , ου, δ, fem. χωρίτις,  $\bar{\imath}$ δος,  $(\chi \dot{\omega} \rho a, \chi \hat{\omega} - i \phi c)$ 

pos) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτιs, ιδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικός, ή, όν, beseeming a countryman, rustic,

rural. Adv. -κωs, in rustic fashion.

xûpos, ô, space to bold a thing, room, a place, spot. II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χῶρος τῆς 'Αραβίης the tract of Arabia. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανδάνω, χά-**(**ομαι.)

Xûpos, ov, ô, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind:

the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ήσω, (χωροε, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, baunt, frequent it.

xws, contr. for kal ws.

χῶσαι, 20r. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χώομαι.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσις, εωε, ή, (χωσαι) a beaping up of earth. raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ή χῶσιε τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

χώσους, crasis for καὶ ὅσουε.

χωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, beaped up made of earth thrown up.

 $\Psi$ ,  $\psi$ ,  $\psi$ î,  $\tau$ 6, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\psi = 700$ , but  $\psi =$ 700,000.—The letter  $\psi$  is a double Consonant, compounded of  $\sigma$  and a labial,  $=\pi\sigma$ ,  $\beta\sigma$ , or  $\phi\sigma$ . The character \( \psi \) was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$  and  $\xi$ : see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of  $\psi$ , esp. in the dialects: the older wo was retained, esp. in prop. names, as II.  $\psi$  was resolved into  $\sigma\pi$ , **Πέλοπε** for **Πέλοψ**. 25, ασπίνθιον for αψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ. III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as, ψάμαθ-ώδης, εε, (ψάμαθοε, είδοε) sandy.

ΙΙΙ. Ψιττακόε for σιττακόε, κόψιχοε for κόσσυφοε. ψ was omitted or added as in αμμος αμαθος, ψάμμος ψάμαθος.

Ψαθυρός, όν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to

pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροίε οίμον αιθέροε to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. trans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστίον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τά ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, opos, o, masc. Adj. that which wipes off. ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound. ψακάζω later ψεκάζω, f. άσω, (ψακάε) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like vei, etc., vaκάζει it drizzles.

ψάκάs later ψεκάs, άδοs, ή, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; apγυρίου μηδέ ψακάs not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμου ψακάs grains of sand. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to δμβρος; ὕσθησαν αί Θηβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάs a shower of blood.

ψάλιδό-στομος, ον, (ψαλίε, στόμα) baving a mouth or bead like a pair of shears, epith, of a crab.

ψάλίζω, fut. ίσω and ίξω Att. ιῶ: (ψαλίε):--to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨA'AION, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τά, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain,

and metaph. a curb, constraint. ψάλίς, ίδος, ή, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors,

Lat. forfex. ΨΑ'ΛΛΩ, strengthd. from ψάω: f. ψάλω: aor. 1 έψηλα: pf. έψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τύξου νευράν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a barp. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, δ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

Ψαλμο-χάρης, έε, (ψαλμόε, χαρήναι) delighting in barp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ήροε, also τηε, του, δ, (ψάλλω) a barper.

ψάλτρια, η, fem. of ψαλτηρ.

ψάμαθος, ή. (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, δσα ψάμαbos TE Kovis TE as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψά]

pits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακοσιο-γάργαροι, αι, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάρyapa) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as

beaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ακόσιοι, ai, a, sand-bundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος έκατόν, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δὶs ἐκατόν, τρὶs ἐκατόν, to denote a countless multi-

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ή, = ψάμμος, sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy. 

ψαμμίτης [1], ου, δ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ιδος, (ψάμμος)

of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ή, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain. II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet, form ψάμαθος sometimes drop the  $\psi$ , and become  $d\mu\mu os d\mu a\theta os$ .

Ψαμμ-ώδης,  $\epsilon s$ , (ψάμμος,  $\epsilon l\delta o s$ ) sandy.

ψανός, Dor. for ψηνόε.

ψάρ, ψᾶρόε, Ion. ψήρ, ψηρύε, δ, a starling, Lat.

ψάρος, ά, όν, (ψάρ) like a starling, asben-gray or

speckled; ψαρός ίππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: aor. I έψαυσα: pf. act. έψαυκα, pass. έψαυσμαι: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαθον κόρυθες φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (I) έψαυσας άλγεινοτάτας έμολ μερίμνας, πατρός τριπόλιστον oltov thou bast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thricetold fate of my father; (2) κείνοι ἐπέγνω ψαύων τὸν θεδν έν κερτομίοιε γλώσσαιε he knew too late that be bad attacked the god with abusive speech. II. to touch as an enemy, lay bands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψ**ἄφαρίτηs**, ου, δ, fem.  $-\hat{ι}$ τι**s**,  $\iota$ δο**s**, = ψαφαρό**s**.

ψάφάρος, ά, όν Ion. ψαφερός, ή, όν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency. dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ή ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to ãλs.

ψάφαρό-τρίχος, ον, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough sbaggy bair or coat.

ψάφαρό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (ψαφαρός, χρόα) rough on the surface.

ψαφιγξ, ψαφος, Dor. for ψηφιγξ, ψηφος.

 $\Psi A'\Omega$  [ā],  $\psi \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , inf.  $\psi \hat{\eta} \nu$  (for the regular forms ψậs, ψậ, ψâν are incorrect): f. ψήσω: Pass., aor. 1 έψήθην: pf. έψημαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

Ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψίν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΤΩ, f. ψέξω: 20r. I έψεξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινά περί Tivos to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut, lying berald.

ψἄμαθών, ῶνος, δ, (ψάμαθος) a sandy place, sand- | Adj., ἄ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest

ψεδνός, ή, όν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-beaded.

Ψεδύρός or Ψεθυρός,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\alpha}$ ,  $\dot{\nu}$ , =  $\psi$ ιθυρός.

ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάζω, ψεκάς, see ψακάζω, ψακάς.

ψέκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager. ψεκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. -τω̂s.

ΨΕ'ΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite orna-

ment of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets. ψελιόω, f. ώσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

Ψευδ-αγγελής, έε, gen. έοε, = Ψευδάγγελοε.ψευδαγγελία, ή, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, άγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, δ. a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-άδελφος, ό, (ψευδής, άδελφός) a false brother:

a pretended Christian. [a]

ψευδ-αμάμαξύς, νος, δ, (ψευδής, άμάμαξυς) a false, barren vine. [µăµ]

ψευδ-απόστολος, δ, (ψευδής, απόστολος) a false

apostle. Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-mea-

sure: see ἀρτάβη. ψευδ-ατράφαξυς, υος, ή, (ψευδής, ατράφαξυς) false

orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes. ψευδ-αττικός, ή, όν, (ψευδής, 'Αττικός) false Attic, sham Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, δ, ή, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sbam

deserter. ψευδ-ενέδρα, ή, (ψευδής, ένέδρα) a sbam ambuscade. ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, άγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδη-λογέω, f. ήσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, έε, gen. έος, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendax, falsus, opp. to άληθήs; ψευδήs φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsebood:—as Subst. ψενδήs, δ, a liar: ψευδη, τά, falseboods: --ψευδείε λόγοι fallacies. II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ον, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατο**ε**, δ, an arcb-liar.

ψεθδις, ιος, δ, ή, poët. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ή, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended belp. ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (ψευδήε, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, υκοε, δ, (ψευδήε, κήρυξ) a false of

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. landed property, an estate.

xwois, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίε ὁ νεκρόε the corpse lies apart. 2. 56- χωρὶε μέν .. , χωρὶε δέ .. , parately, one by one. on one side ..., on the other, by themselves ..., by them-4. χωρίε ή ὁκόσοι except so many as . . ; χωρίε ή except; χωρίε ή ὅτι except that. II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίε τό τ' είπειν πολλά και τὰ καιρία it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

xwols, Prep. with gen., without: without the belp or will of; χωρίε θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the 2. separate from, apart from; favour of the gods. χωρὶε δμμάτων ἐμῶν far from my eyes. 3. inde-

pendent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, δ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης  $[\bar{t}]$ , ου, δ, fem. χωρίτις,  $\iota \delta os$ , (χώρα, χῶpos) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτιε, ιδος, a

country girl. Hence

χωρίτικός, ή, όν, beseeming a countryman, rustic,

rural. Adv. -κωs, in rustic fashion.

xûpos, ô, space to bold a thing, room, a place, spot. II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρος της 'Αραβίης the tract of Arabia. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανδάνω, χά-**(**ομαι.)

Xῶρos, ov, δ, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind:

the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ήσω, (χώρος, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, baunt, frequent it.

xws, contr. for kal ws.

χῶσαι, 20r. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, 20r. I part. of χώομαι.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσις, εως, ή, (χωσαι) a beaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ή χῶσιε τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

χώσουs, crasis for καὶ δσουs.

χωστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, beaped up made of earth thrown up.

 $\Psi$ ,  $\psi$ ,  $\psi$ î,  $\tau$ 6, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral  $\psi'=700$ , but  $\psi=$ 700,000.—The letter \( \psi \) is a double Consonant, compounded of  $\sigma$  and a labial,  $=\pi\sigma$ ,  $\beta\sigma$ , or  $\phi\sigma$ . The character \( \psi \) was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with  $\eta$ ,  $\omega$  and  $\xi$ : see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of  $\psi$ , esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older wo was retained, esp. in prop. names, as II.  $\psi$  was resolved into  $\sigma\pi$ , Πέλοπε for Πέλοψ. as, ασπίνθιον for αψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ. III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as, ψάμαθ-ώδης, εε, (ψάμαθοε, είδοε) sandy.

ΙΙΙ. | ψιττακός for σιττακός, κόψιχος for κόσσυφος. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄμαθος, ψάμμος ψάμαθος.

ψαθυρός, όν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to

pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροίε οίμον αιθέροε to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. trans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστίον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τὰ ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley. ψαίστωρ, οροε, δ, masc. Adj. that which wipes off. ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound. ψακάζω later ψεκάζω, f. άσω, (ψακάε) to rain in

small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like vei, etc., vaκάζει it drizzles.

ψάκάs later ψεκάs, άδοs, ή, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; doγυρίου μηδέ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμου ψακάs grains of sand. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to δμβρος; υσθησαν αί Θηβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάε a shower of blood.

ψάλιδό-στομος, ον, (ψαλίε, στόμα) baving a mouth or bead like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψάλίζω, fut. ίσω and ίξω Att. ιῶ: (ψαλίε):--to clip

with shears or scissors.

ΨA'AION, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened : plur. ψάλια, τά, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλίς, ίδος, ή, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. forfex.

 $\Psi A'\Lambda \Lambda \Omega$ , strengthd, from  $\psi \acute{a}\omega$ : f.  $\psi \breve{a}\lambda \acute{\omega}$ : 20r. 1 έψηλα: pf. έψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τύξου νευράν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a barp. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, δ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χάρηs, έs, (ψαλμόs, χαρηναι) delighting in barp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ήρος, also της, του, δ, (ψάλλω) a barper.

ψάλτρια, η, fem. of ψαλτηρ.

ψάμαθος, ή, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, δσα ψάμαθός τε κύνις τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμοε. [ψά]

pits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακοσιο-γάργαροι, αι, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάρyapa) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as

beaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ακόσιοι, ai, a, sand-bundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος έκατόν, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δὶε ἐκατόν, τρὶε ἐκατόν, to denote a countless multi-

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, η = ψάμμο s, sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.  $\psi$ áμμιοs,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $\omega$ , on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [ $\bar{\iota}$ ], ov,  $\delta$ , fem. ψαμμίτις,  $\iota\delta\sigma$ , (ψάμμος)

of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ή, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain. II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet, form ψάμαθος sometimes drop the  $\psi$ , and become  $d\mu\mu os d\mu a\theta os$ .

Ψαμμ-ώδης, εs, (ψάμμος, είδοs) sandy.

ψāνός, Dor. for ψηνόε.

ψάρ, ψαρόε, Ion. ψήρ, ψηρόε, δ, a starling, Lat.

ψāρόs, ά, όν, (ψάρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or

speckled; ψapos lππos a dapple-gray horse.

ψαύω, f. ψαύσω: 20τ. Ι έψαυσα: pf. 2ct. έψαυκα, pass. ἔψαυσμαι: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαθον κόρυθει φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) έψαυσας άλγεινοτάτας έμολ μερίμνας, πατρός τριπόλιστον oltov thou bast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thricetold fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπέγνω ψαύων τὸν θεδν έν κερτομίοιε γλώσσαιε he knew too late that be bad attacked the god with abusive speech. II. to touch as an enemy, lay bands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψάφαρίτης, ου, δ, fem. – ιτις, ιδος,  $= \psi αφαρόε$ .

ψ**ἄφἄρόs**, ά, δν Ion. ψ**αφερόs**, η, δν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency. dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ή ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to ãλs.

ψάφαρό-τρίχος, ον, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough sbaggy bair or coat.

ψάφαρό-χροος, ον contr. -χρους, ουν, (ψαφαρός, χρόα) rough on the surface.

ψαφιγέ, ψαφος, Dor. for ψηφιγέ, ψηφος.

 $\Psi \mathbf{A}'\Omega$  [ $\bar{a}$ ],  $\psi \hat{\eta} s$ ,  $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , inf.  $\psi \hat{\eta} \nu$  (for the regular forms ναι, ψα, ψαν are incorrect): f. ψήσω: Pass., aor. 1 έψήθην: pf. έψημαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψίν for σφίν: always enclit.

ΨΕΤΩ, f. ψέςω: 201. I έψεςα:-to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινά περί Tivos to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut, lying berald.

ψἄμαθών, ῶνος, δ, (ψάμαθος) a sandy place, sand- | Adj., ἄ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest

ψεδνός, ή, όν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-beaded.

Ψεδύρός or Ψεθυρός, ά,  $\delta \nu_1 = \psi_1 \theta \nu \rho \delta s$ .

ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάζω, ψεκάς, see ψακάζω, ψακάς.

Ψέκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager. ψεκτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. -τω̂s.

ΨΕ'ΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite orna-

ment of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόροs, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets. ψελιόω, f. ώσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

Ψευδ-αγγελής, έε, gen. έοε, = Ψευδάγγελοε.ψευδαγγελία, ή, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, άγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, δ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-άδελφος, ό, (ψευδής, άδελφός) a false brother:

a pretended Christian. [a]

ψευδ-αμάμαξύς, νος, δ, (ψευδής, άμάμαξυς) a false, barren vine. [μαμ]

ψευδ-απόστολος, δ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false

apostle. Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, άρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-mea-

sure: see ἀρτάβη. ψευδ-ατράφαξυς, υος, ή, (ψευδής, ατράφαξυς) false

orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes. ψευδ-αττικός, ή, όν, (ψευδής, 'Αττικός) false Attic, sbam Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, δ, ή, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sbam

deserter. ψευδ-ενέδρα, ή, (ψευδής, ενέδρα) a sham ambuscade.

ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι. ψευδηγορέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, άγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδη-λογέω, f. ήσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδήs, έz, gen. έος, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendax, falsus, opp. to αληθήε; ψευδήε φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsebood:—as Subst. ψενδήε, δ, a liar : ψευδη, τά, falseboods :--ψευδείε λόγοι fallacies. II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ον, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, δ, an arcb-liar.

ψεθδις, ιοε, δ, ή, poët. for ψευδήε.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ή, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended belp. ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, υκος, δ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητία,  $\dot{\eta}$ , (ψευδήs, κλητεύω) | false, play false.a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a less, to be perjured or forsworn. summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service falsify; δρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the of it: γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλάς they did not false indorsement.

ψευδό-λιτρος, ον, (ψευδήε, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδό-VITPOS, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογέω, f. ήσω, (ψευδολόγοε) to speak falsely,

spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ή, a false speech, falsebood, false report. ψευδο-λόγος, ον. (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely. ψευδό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying propbet.

ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ήσω, to be a false witness, bear

false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτύρία, ή, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριών άλwas to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδήs, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, υροι, δ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδό-νιτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόλιτρος. ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage. ψευδο-πάρθενος, ή, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, όν, (ψεῦδος, ποιέω) framing lies. ψευδο-προφήτης, ου,  $\delta$ , (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false

or lying prophet. ψευδορκέω, f. ήσω, (ψεύδορκοι) to swear falsely, be

ψευδ-όρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, δρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

ψεύδ-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, δρκος) = ψευδόρκιος.

ψεύδος, εοε, τό, Ερ. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsebood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ήσω, to speak falsely, lie. From ψευδό-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely. ψευδό-φημος, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδό-χριστος, ό, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ. ΨΕΥ'ΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I έψευσα: Pass., aor. I έψεύσθην: pf. έψευσμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; έψευσάς με έλπίδος thou bast defrauded me of my hope:-Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθήναι δείπνου to be cheated of a supper; έψευσμένοι της των 'Αθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ή τρίτη των δδων μάλιστα έψευσται the third mode of explanation is most II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ή ψευσθείσα ὑπόσχεσιε the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: 201. I έψευσάμην:

2. generally, to be false or faith-II. to belie, belie, i.e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα έψευσμένοι ήσαν they had broken their word III. to belie or deceive by about the money. lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνυμα Acol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μωs

ψευδώs, Adv. of ψευδήs, falsely, untruly.

ψευσί-στυξ, ϋγος, ό, ή, (ψεῦσις, στυγέω) bating falsebood and fraud.

ψεθσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ήσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ου,  $\delta$ , (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adı., like ψευδήs, lying, false.

ψεφηνός, ή,  $\delta \nu$ ,  $(\psi \dot{\epsilon} \phi os)$  dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨE'ΦOΣ, εos, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

 $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , 3 sing pres. of  $\psi \hat{\alpha} \omega$ ; but  $\psi \hat{\eta}$ , Ep. for  $\hat{\epsilon} \psi \eta$ , 3 sing. impf.

ψηγμα, ατος, τό,  $(\psi \dot{\eta} \chi \omega)$  that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψηγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol ψηγμα, gold-dust.

Ψηκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ροs,  $\hat{o}$ , and Ψήκτρα,  $\hat{\eta}$ , ( $\psi$  $\hat{\eta}$ χω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ήσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφόων (Ep. for -άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, for, grope after. mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατοε, τό, a touch: a caress. [λά]

ψηλαφόων, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨH'N, ψηνόs, &, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Hence ψηνίζω, f. ίσω, to bang wild figs (ὅλυνθοι) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψηνεε) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of II. to write a play called the Ψηνεε, the latter. as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor ψανός, δ, like ψεδνός or ψιλός, = φαλα-

κρόs, a bald-bead.

ψηξις, εως, ή, (ψήχω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a borse.

ψήρ, gen. ψηρόs, δ, Ion. for ψάρ (q v.), a starling. ψήσσα Att. ψήττα, ή, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

Ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον. (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to count or reckon. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: 201. 1 έψηφισάμην: pf. pass. έψήφισμαι: (ψηφος):-to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ε ε ύδρίαν to throw one's balpf. pass. εψευσμαι in act. sense :--absol. to lie, speak | lot into the urn : generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari,

ψηφίζεσθαί τινι to vote for any one. vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαί τινι τον πλουν to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: κληρόν τινι ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one. 3. c. inf. to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. έψήφισμαι, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; τοις στρατηγοίς εί του προσδέοιντο ψηφισθηναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.

ψηφίς, ίδος, ή, (ψήφος) a small stone a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.

ψήφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree; ψήφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the εκκλησία, propose a vote; ψήφισμα καθαιρείν to rescind a vote. ψηφισμάτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.

Ψηφο-ποιός, δ. (Ψήφος, ποιέω) a making or tampering with votes.

ψήφος Dor. ψάφος, ή, (ψάω, ψέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus: -in plur. accounts, καθαραί ψήφοι an exact balance. 2. in Att. a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ὑδρία), the vote itself; ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre; ψήφω κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly; ψηφος καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψήφοι 'Αθηναs, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψηφοs, ballot, was different from that by κύαμος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The  $\psi \hat{\eta} \phi o i$  of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (reτρυπημέναι), the latter whole (πλήρειs). 3. the place of voting (as mesood is used for the place of play).

Ψηχω, f. ξω, from ψάω, (as νηχω from νέω), to rubII. to rub down, wear down, curry a horse.

ΨΙΑΖΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, to play, sport, dance, be merry.

ψίαθος Ion. ψίεθος, ή, a covering of rusbes or reeds, a rush mat.

ψιάθωs, Dor. acc. pl. of ψίαθοs.

ψtás, άδος, ή, (ψ lω) like ψaκάς οτ ψεκάς, a drop: in plur. a shower of drops, small rain.

ΨΙ'ΖΩ, f. ψίσω: pf. pass. έψισμαι:—to feed on

ψτθτρίζω Dor. ψιθυρίσδω: fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ: (ψιθυρόε):—to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to | Ψίχίον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, a crumb of bread.

2. c, acc, to | mutter, mumble. 2. of any whispering noise, as or trees, to rustle.

> ψιθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

Ψ**tθ**υρ**ισμόs**, δ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering. whispering of slander, slander.

ψιθύριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whisperer. tale-bearer, slanderer.

ψίθυρός, by, whispering. 2. whispering, slanderous. (Formed from the sound.)

ψιλο-μετρία, ή, (ψιλόε, μέτρον) beroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ'Σ, ή, όν, bare, naked: c. gen. stript bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλή άροσιε a bare corn-field (without trees); πεδίον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν a champaign country of large extent and without trees; in full, γη ψιλη δενδρέων land bare of II. of animals, stript of bair, feathers, etc, bald, Lat. calvus; Îβιε ψιλή κεφαλήν the ibis without feathers on the head. 2. generally, unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλή σώματος οὖσα ή ψυχή the soul being divested of the body; ψιλή τρόπis the bare keel with the planks torn from it; ψιλή θρίδαξ a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off. III. in Att. Prose, as a military term, of ψιλοί (sc. των οπλων) soldiers without beavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to δπλίται; ψιλόε "inπos a horse without bousings: generally, unarmed, IV. ψιλόε λύγοε language without defenceless. accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence. 2. ψιλή ποίησιε mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομετρία.

ψιλόω, f. ώσω: pf. pass ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλόι):--to strip bare, to make bald:—Pass, to become bald. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing; ψιλοῦν τινα τά πλείστα της δυνάμιος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defence-2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα έψιλωμένα των όστέων the flesh stript

from the bones.

ψιλώs, Adv of ψιλόs, simply, merely, only

ψιμίθιον, ψίμτθος, etc., later forms for ψιμύθιον, etc. ψιμύθιον or ψιμμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψίμυθοε): -white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence

ψιμυθιόω, f. ώσω, to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμυθιούσθαι τό πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.

ΨΙ'ΜΥ ΘΟΣ, δ, radic. form of ψιμύθιον, white lead. ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ.

ΨΙ'Ξ, ò and ή, gen. ψιχόs: nom. pl. ψιχεs: a crumb, morsel, bit.

ψίττα, = σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.' ψίττακος, δ, οι ψιττάκη, ή, a parrot. (Foreign word.)

ψίω, 201. Ι ἔψῖσα, = ψίζω.

ψογερός, ά, όν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious. ψόγιος, α, ον, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψ**όγος**,  $\dot{o}$ , (ψ**έ** $\gamma \omega)$  blame, censure.

ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψόλος) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ή, (ψόλος, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

 $\Psi O'\Lambda O\Sigma$ ,  $\delta$ , soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ήσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφοε):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; el al θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοιεν if the doors were beard to open at night, Lat. si crepuissent fores.

ψοφο-δεής, έε, gen. έος, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at

every noise. Adv. - ews, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, εε, gen. εος, (ψόφος, μηδος) caring for

noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨOΦOΞ, δ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to φονή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἀν στραφείην I would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, εε, (ψόφος, είδος) noisy, ranting.

ψυγήναι, 20r. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγήσομαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδνόs, η, δν, =ψυδρόs.

ψυδρός, ά, όν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form ψυδνός, lying, untrue.

ψύθής, ές, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, εος, τό, collat. form for ψεῦδος, a lie. [v] ψυκτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος, δ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler.

plur. οἱ ψυκτῆρεε cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place. ψυκτήριος, α, ον, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥ'ΛΛΑ, η, ή, a flea, Lat. pulex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-wort.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a fleaarcher, flea-knight, formed like ἐπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύξασα, 20r. 1 part, fem. of ψύχω.

ψυξις, εως, ή, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττα, = ψίττα, σίττα.

ψῦχ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, (ψυχαγωγόε) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψῦχὰγωγία, ή, an evoking of souls from the nether world.

2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, per-

suasion.

ψυχ-ἄγωγός, όν, (ψυχή, άγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχο-πομπός.

II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, δ, a necromancer.

ψθχ-ἄπάτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, ἀπᾶτάω) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, gladdening

ψūχεινός, ή, όν, (ψῦχος) cooling, cool, fresb.

ψυχή, ή, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αίων spirit and life, etc.; ποινήν της Αἰσώπου ψυχης ἀνελέσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχήν παρθέμενοs staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περί ψυχης to fight, run for one's life. II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, gbost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. anima; ανθρώπου ψυχή αθάνατός έστι the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχή τινοs is used for the man himself, e. g. ψυχή 'Ορέστου = 'Ορέστης: ψυχαί absol. = ἄνθρωποι, ψυχαί πολλαί έθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ω μελέα ψυχή Ο wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆs  $\psi v \chi \hat{\eta} s$  from the inmost soul, with all the beart: desire, appetite. III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψυχήιοs, η, ov, baving breath, alive, living.

ψῦχίδιον, τό, Dim. οἶ ψυχή, Lat. animulā. [χί] ψῦχικός, ή, όν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II. mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψῦχο-δαίκτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, δαίζω) destroying or killing the soul.

deres Sanda

ψῦχο-δοτήρ,  $\hat{\eta}$ ρος,  $\delta$ , (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.

ψῦχο-λἴπής, ές, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul,

lifeless.
Ψυχό-μαντις, εως, δ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who conjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a necromancer.

ψυχο-μαχέω, f. ήσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to

the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψύχο-πλάνης, έε, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or

misleading the soul.

ψῦχο-πομπόε, όν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγόε.

ψύχορραγέω, f. ήσω, to let the soul break loose, to lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. animam agere. From

ψυχορ-ράγήs, έs, gen. έοs, (ψυχή, βαγηναι) letting the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

 $Ψ\hat{v}$ χο**s**, ϵο**s**, τό,  $(ψ\hat{v}$ χω) coolness, cold, chill: cold, frost, in pl.  $ψ\hat{v}$ χϵα, extreme colds: also winter-time, ϵν  $ψ\hat{v}$ χϵι in winter.

ψυχοσ-σόος, ον, (ψυχή, σώζω) saving the soul. ψύχο-τάκής, ές, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul. ψύχοω, f. ώσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate. ψύχρο-βάφής, ές, (ψυχρός, βαφῆναι) dipt in cold water, like red-hot iron. is cold; olkos ψυχροδόχος the cold-bath room.

ψύχρο-λογία, ή, (ψυχρόε, λέγω) the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration.

ψύχρο-πότης, ου, δ, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ- Root of some

tenses of πίνω) a cold-water drinker.

ψυχρός, ά, όν, (ψύχω) cold, cbill, Lat. frigidus: τὸ ψυχρόν (sc. ὕδωρ) cold water, Lat. gelida (sc. aqua); ψυχρώ λοῦνται they bathe in cold water: - τὸ ψυχρόν also =  $\psi \hat{v} \chi os$ , cold. II. metaph. cold, vain, fruitless, unreal; ψυχρά νίκη a delusive victory: also chilling, borrible. 2. of persons, cold-bearted, beartless, spiritless, indifferent. 3. of exaggerated phrases, cold, frigid. Hence

ψύχρότης, ητος, ή, coldness, chill. II. metaph. of persons, coldness of beart, indifference. 2. of phrases, frigidity.

ψυχρόω, f. ώσω, (ψυχρόε) to make cold:-Pass. to grow cold or cool.

ψυχρώs, Adv. of ψυχρόs, coldly, frigidly.

ΨΥΧΩ [v], f. ψύζω: 20r. I έψυζα: Pass., 20r. I έψύχθην: aor. a έψύχην and έψύγην [v]:-to breathe, blow; ήκα μάλα ψύξασα breathing very faintly. to make cool or cold: hence to refresh, recruit. Pass. to grow cool or cold.

ψωλός, (ψάω) ò, one circumcised. 2. a lewd

fellow.

ψωμίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω: (ψωμό:):—to feed by putting little bits into the mouth, as nurses do children: hence to pamper, feed, fatten.

ψωμίον, τό, Dim. of ψωμός, a morsel, crumb.

ψωμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ψώω) a bit, morsel, scrap, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοί ἀνδρόμεοι gobbets of man's flesh.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρη, ή, (ψώω) a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange, Lat. scabies.

ψωραλέος, a, ον, (ψώρα) scabby, mangy. ψώχω Ion. σώχω, (ψώω) to rub in pieces, rub. \*ψώω, collat. form of ψάω, to rub, rub in pieces.

12, ω, ω μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral  $\omega' = 800$ , but  $\omega = 800,000$ . The name of  $\tilde{\omega}$   $\mu \dot{\epsilon} \gamma a$ , great or long o, was given to distinguish it from the δ μικρόν little or sbort o. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H,  $\eta$ .

Changes of w in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for a, as ώνθρωπος ώριστος for άνθρωπος II. Ion. also for av, as θωμα τρώμα for άριστος. III. Aeol. and Dor., w is often θαθμα τραθμα. put for οῦ, as ἀρανόε Μῶσα κῶροε λιπῶσα for οὐρανόε Μοῦσα κοῦρος λιποῦσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., 2s, βροτῶ βροτώς for βροτοῦ βροτούε. IV. Dor. ω into α, as πρώτος πρώτιστος  $\theta \epsilon \omega p \phi s$  into  $\pi p \hat{\alpha} \tau o s$   $\pi p \hat{\alpha} \tau i \sigma \tau o s$   $\theta \epsilon \bar{\alpha} p \phi s$ ; and so the  $| o \hat{i} \zeta \omega | f r o m$   $o \hat{i}$ ,  $o \hat{i} \mu \omega \zeta \omega | f r o m$   $o \hat{i} \mu o i$ .

ψυχρο-δόχος, ον, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) receiving what gen. plur. of first decl. ων becomes αν. as Μουσαν for Μουσῶν.

> and an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our O! ob! 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. O1 As an exclamation it is written  $\tilde{\omega}$ , as an address  $\tilde{\omega}$ .

> φα or ωά ή, (δίε) a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it. 2. the edge or skirt of a garment.

'Ωἄρίων [τ], ωνος, δ, poët. for 'Ωρίων. Hence

'Ωἄρἴώνειος, α, ον, of Orion.

ωas, ατος, τό, Dor. for ovas, ovs, the ear. ἄγαθέ, with apostr. ἄγάθ', contr. for ἄ ἀγαθέ.

ώγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὤζω) a crying ob!

'Ωγυγία, ή, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

'Ωγύγιοs, a, ov, Att. also os, ov, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence primeval, primal. [v]

φδαs, Dor. for φδηs, gen. of φδη.

ώδε Att. ώδί, from ὅδε, demonstr. Adv., Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to οῦτω it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ὧδ' ἡμείψατο he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen , ὧδε γέvous thus off for family. II. of Place, bitber, bere.

φδεε, 3 sing. impf. of oldέω.

φδείον, τό, (φδή) the Odeum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ώδή, ή, contr. for ἀοιδή, (ἀείδω, ἄδω) a song, lay, ode, strain: in plur. lyric poetry.

ώδήκαντι, Dor. for φδήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οίδέω.

ωδί, Att. strengthd, form of ωδε. [ī]

ψδικός, ή, όν, (ψδή) fond of singing, musical. Adv. -κωs, musically, in good time or barmony.

ώδινας, acc. pl. of ώδίε.

ώδίνω [i], f. ĭνω̂: 201. I ωδῖνα: (ωδίε):-to bave the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour: c. acc. to be in travail of a child: metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ωδίνειν to be in labour with honey. 2. of any great pain, to be in travail, be 3. to work painfully or bard, in pangs or pains. 4. metaph. of the to travail, labour with, c. acc. mind, to be in the throes or agonies of thought.

'ΩΔΙ'Σ, îvos, η, the pain of childbirth, travail-pain; mostly in plur. the pangs or throes of labour. in sing, also the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child. II. generally, travail, pain, distress. (Akin

to δδύνη.)

φδο-ποιός, όν, (φόή, ποιέω) making songs or odes. ωδόs, δ, contr. for doιδόs, a singer, minstrel.

ώδώδει, poet. for δδώδει, 3 sing. plapf. of δζω.

 $\tilde{\omega} \in \mathcal{O}V$ ,  $\tau \delta$ ,  $= \tilde{\omega} \delta V$ , an egg. ώζησα, aor. I of δ(ω.

ωζω, to cry ob! hence ωγμόε. (From ω or ω, as

in a call to another, bo! bolla! Lat. obe! beus! ψήθην, aor. I pass. of οἴομαι.

ώθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ωθέω.

ώθεθντο, Dor. for ωθούντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of 'ΩΘΕ'Ω, impf. ἐώθουν: fut. ἀθήσω and ὤσω: aor. I έωσα Ion. and Ep. ωσα: pf. έωκα: Pass., aor. I έωσθην: pf. ξωσμαι Ion. δσμαι:-Ion. 3 sing. impf. ώθεσκε, 3 sing. 201. I ώσασκε: -to thrust, push, shove, force away or from a place; εκ μηρού δόρυ ώσε be forced the spear from the thigh; floor ay is κουλεον woe be thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push or force back in battle; ωσαι ξαυτον ές το πυρ to rush into the fire; ωσαι την θύραν to force the door: also to break open, force a passage: metaph. to burry, push on; άθεῦν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on :absol. to push off from land :- Pass. to be thrust or pushed away: also to force one's way: -Med. to thrust or push from oneself, push or force back.

ώθίζω, f. ίσω, = ώθέω, to thrust or push on:-Pass. and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph. to be in bot dispute, Lat. altercari. Hence

ώθισμός, δ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling, wrestling: metaph., ωθισμός λόγων a struggle of

words, a hot debate.

ώίγνυντο, Ep. for φγνυντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οίγνυμι. ώleτο, Ep. for φετο, 3 sing. impf. of οίομαι. [1] ώιξαι. Ep. for olξαι, inf. of οίγνυμι.

ώιξε, ώιξαν, Ep. for ψέε, ψέαν, 3 sing. and 3 pl.

aor. I act. of οἶγνυμι.

ώίσθην, Ep. 20r. I of οίομαι.

ώκα, poet. Adv. of ἀκύε, quickly, swiftly, fast. ώκαλέος, η, ον, later Ep. form for ἀκύε. ώκέα, Ep. and Ion. for ἀκεῖα, fem. from ἀκύε. 'Ωκεανίνη, ή, ('Ωκεανόε) daughter of Ocean, an Ocean-nympb. [7]

'Ωκεανίς, ίδος, ή, ('Ωκεανός) daughter of Ocean. 'Ωκεανόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From

'Ωκεάνός, οῦ, ὁ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters: according to Homer, Ocean was a river which encompassed the whole earth, hence often called ώκεανδε ποταμόε. In later times, Ocean remained as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα. (From www and vaw)

ώκειάων, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ἀκύε. ώκέως, Adv. of ἀκύε, quickly, swiftly.

ώκήεις, εσσα, εν, poët. for ἀκύε, swift.

άκιστα, neut. plur. of ἀκύε used as Adv., most swiftly, very swiftly.

ώκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ωκύε.

ώκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ωκύς. ῶκνεον, impf. of ὀκνέω.

φκτειρα, 20r. Ι of οίκτείρω.

ώκύ-ἄλος, ον, (ωκύε, άλε) sea-swift, speeding over the sea, epith. of a ship. [v]

ώκυ-βόλος, ον, (ώκύς, βαλείν) quick-bitting or quicksbot: quick-darting.

ωκύ-δήκτωρ, opos, δ, (ωκύε, δάκνω) biting sharply. ωκύ-δίδακτος, ον, (ωκύς, διδάσκω) quickly taught. ώκυ-δίνητος Dor. -δίνατος, ον, (ἀκύε, δινέω) quickwbirling. [7]

ώκυ-δρόμας, ου, è, = ωκυδρόμος.

ώκυ-δρόμος, ον, (ἀκύε, δραμείν) swift-running. ώκυ-επής, έs, gen. έος, (ἀκύς, ἔπος) quick-speaking. ώκύ-θοος, ov, also η, ov, (ωκύε, θέω) swift-running. ώκὔ-μάχος [ἄ], ον, (ἀκύε, μάχομαι) quick to fight. ωκύ-μορος, ον, (ωκύε, μόροε) short-lived, dying early: Sup., ωκυμορώτατος. Il. act. bringing a quick or early death.

ώκυ-πέτης, ου, ό, (ωκύς, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω)

quick-flying.

ωκύ-πλάνος, ον, (ωκύς, πλάνη) quick-wandering. ωκύ-πλοος, ον, (ἀκύε, πλέω) fast-sailing. ώκυ-πόδης, ου, ό, poet. for ἀκύπους, swift-footed. ώκύ-ποινος, ον, (ώκύε, ποινή) quickly-avenged. ωκύ-πομπος, ον, (ωκύς, πέμπω) swift-conveying.

ωκύ-πορος, ον. (ωκύε, πόροε) swift-passing,

ωκύ-πος, ον, collat. form of ωκύπουε. [τ] ωκύ-πους, δ, ή, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος (ωκύς, πούς), swift-footed, fleet of foot.

ωκύ-πτερος, ον, (ωκύε, πτερόν) swift-winged, swiftflying: τὰ ἀκύπτερα the long quill-feathers in a wing.

 $\mathring{\omega}$ κυ-ρόης, ου,  $\mathring{o}$  Dor. -ρόας, =  $\mathring{\omega}$ κύροος.

ωκύ-ροος, ον, (ωκύε, ρέω) swift-flowing. ώκύς [τ], ωκεία, ωκύ, gen. ωκέος, είας, έος, Ep. fem. ωκέα: quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ωκέως, but more commonly бка, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup. ἀκύτερος, ἀκύτατος: irreg. ἀκίων, ον, gen. ovos (like

Lat. ocior, ocius), ὥκιστος. (Akin to ὀξύς.) ἀκύ-σκοπος, ον, (ἀκύς, σκοπέω) quick-aiming. ώκύτης, ητος, ή, (ωκύε) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,

speed. [v]

ώκυτόκειος or -τόκιος, ov, belonging to or promoting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ἀκυτόκιον (sc. φάρμακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From ωκύ-τόκος, ον, (ωκύς, τεκείν) causing quick and easy birth; of a river, fertilising: τὸ ἀκυτόκον a quick and easy birth.

ώλαξ, ακοε, ή, Dor. for αὐλαξ. ώλάφιον, contr. for ω ἐλάφιον.

 $\dot{\omega}$ λέ-κράνον, τό, properly  $\dot{\omega}$ λενό-κρανον, =  $\dot{\omega}$ λένηsκράνον, the point of the elbow: also ολέκρανον...

'AAE'NH, \(\delta\), the elbow, or rather the arm from the elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. ulna: generally, an arm; περί ωλένας δέρα βάλλειν to throw one's arms round a person's neck.

ώλεσα, 20r. 1 of δλλυμι.

ώλεσί-βωλος, ον, (όλλυμι, βωλος) crushing clods of eartb.

 $\dot{\omega}$ λεσί-καρπος, ον, (δλλυμι, καρπός) of a tree, losing its fruit, i. c. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.

ώλεσί-οικος, ον, (δλλυμι, olkos) destroying of ruining the bouse.

ώλετο, 3 sing. 2or. 2 med. of δλλυμι.

**ώλισθον, 2** or. 2 of δλισθάνω.

ώλίσθηκα, pf. of δλισθάνω.

**ἄλλος, ἄλλοι,** Ion. for ὁ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.

άλξ, ή, poet. contr. for ὧλαξ, αὖλαξ, a furrow: mostly used in acc. ωλκα.

ώλόμην, 20r. 2 med. of δλλυμι.

ώμ-αχθής, έs, (ωμος, άχθος) beavy to the shoulders. **δμες**, Dor. for διμεν, I pl. pres. subj. of είμί sum. ώμ-ηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀμός, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. eating

raw flesb; also with a fem. Subst., "Εχιδνα ώμη-

στhs. II. generally, savage, brutal.

ώμμαι, pf. pass. of ὁράω, formed from \*ὅπτομαι. ώμο-βοέος or -βόειος, α, ον, (ώμός, βούς) of raw, untanned ox-bide:—as Subst., ωμοβοέη (sc. δορά), ή, a raw ox-bide, like λεοντέη, etc.: but, ωμοβύειον (sc. κρέαι), τό, raw ox-flesh.

ώμο-βοεύς, έως, ό, (ώμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of raw

ox-bide: acc. pl. ωμοβοείε.

ώμο-βόϊνος, η, ον, like ώμοβοέος, of raw ox-bide. ώμο-βρώς, ώτος, δ, ή, (ώμός, βιβρώσκω) eating raw

ώμό-βρωτος, ον, (ώμός, βιβρώσκω) eaten raw.

ώμο-γέρων, οντος, δ, ή, (ὼμός, γέρων) a fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age; cp. Virgil's cruda viridisque senectus.

ώμο-δάκής, έs, (ώμόs, δακείν) fiercely stung or fiercely

stinging.

ώμό-δροπος, ον, (ώμός, δρέπω) plucked unripe; νόμιμα ἀμόδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.

 $\dot{\omega}$ μο-θετέω, f.  $\dot{\eta}$ σω,  $(\dot{\omega}$ μόs, τίθημι):—in sacrificing, to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (δημόs): also in Med.

ώμό-θυμος, ον, (ώμός, θυμός) savage-bearted.

ωμοι, not ωμοι, = ω μοι, ab me, woe's me, Lat. bei

ώμο-κράτής, έε, gen. έοε, (ώμοε, κράτοε) strongshouldered or (ἀμός, κράτος) of savage strength.

ώμολογημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of δμολογέω, confessedly, without contradiction.

ώμο-πλάτη, ή, (ὦμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade, mostly in plur. ωμοπλάται, al, Lat. scapulae. [a]

"ΩMOΣ, b, the shoulder with the upper part of the arm, the shoulder, Lat. humerus; φέρειν ώμοιs to bear on one's shoulders; ωμοισι τοι εμοίσι by the strength of mine arms: also of animals, as of a lion: of a horse, like Lat. armus.

'ΩMO'Σ, ή, όν, raw, undressed, Lat. crudus, esp. of flesh; ωμον καταφαγείν τινα to eat one raw: of food, undigested. 2. unripe, unseasonable, properly of fruits: also of a man, ωμον γήραs an untimely old II. metaph. savage, rude, cruel.

rough, bardy. **Φμοσα, 2**οτ. 1 of δμνυμι.

ώμό-σττος, ον, (ώμός, σιτέομαι) eating men raw: hence savage, ferocious.

ώμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ώμός, σπαράσσω) torn in pieces raw.

ώμότης, ητος, ή, (ωμός) rawness, unripeness. metaph. savageness, cruelty.

ώμο-φάγος, ον, (ωμός, φάγειν) eating raw flesh. ώμόφαγοs, ov, pass., eaten raw, raw.

ώμό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (ώμός, φρήν) savage-minded.

Adv. -φρύνωs.

φμωξα, aor. I of οἰμώζω.

ωμώs, Adv. of ωμόs, savagely.

ων, Ion. for οὖν, now, therefore.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ὧν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὧν.

wa, wat, poet. contr. for wava, wavat.

ώνάθην, Dor. for ωνήθην, 201. I pass. of δνίνημι. ώνάμην, ώνάτο, I and 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. of δνίνημι. ώνασα, Dor. 201. 1 of δνίνημι.

ωνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἄνεμος.

ώνέομαι contr. ώνοθμαι: fut. ώνήσομαι: impf. έωνούμην Ion. ἀνεύμην: 20r. Ι ἐωνησάμην, pf. ἐώνημαι; (but pf. part. ἐωνημένοs, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense):—ἐπριάμην [α] is used as aor. 2, Ep. 3 sing  $\pi \rho i \Delta \tau \sigma$ ; imperat.  $\pi \rho i \Delta \sigma \sigma$ ,  $\pi \rho i \omega$ ; subj.  $\pi \rho i$ ωμαι; opt. πριαίμην; inf. πρίασθαι; part. πριάμενος: (ωνοs): Dep.:—to buy, purchase, opp. to πωλέω, πιπράσκω, as Lat. emere to vendere; ωνείσθαι τι παρά Tivos to buy a thing from a person: c. gen. pretii, for so much, ἀνεῖσθαι δραχμῆ\* to buy for a drachma. 3. in pres. and impf. to farm public taxes or tolls. to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a thing, Lat. liceri: hence to buy off, effect a compromise by money: hence to bribe. II. as Pass. to be bought. Hence

ώνή, ή, (ωνοε) a buying, Lat. emptio, ωνή καὶ πρασιε buying and selling. 2. purchase, a bargain: esp. a contract for the farming of taxes.

ώνήμην, Ep. 20r 2 med. of δνίνημι.

ώνησα, 201. Ι of δνίνημι.

ώνητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνέομαι) a buyer.

ώνητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj of ωνέομαι, II. to be bought, that may be bought. bought. ώνθρωπε, crasis for ω άνθρωπε.

ώνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.

ωνιος, α, ον, (ωνος) to be bought, for sale, Lat. venalis; πω̂ε δ σίτος ώνιος; how is corn selling? what is the market price? Ta wvia goods for sale, market-wares. ώνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol, for ὄνομα.

ώνομάδαται, Ion. for ωνομασμένοι είσίν, 3 pl. pf.

pass. of δνομάζω.

'ANOZ, &, a price, value, payment for a thing. a buying, like ἀνή. (Hence Lat. venum, as vinum from olvos, vicus from olkos.)

ώνοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὅνομαι.

φνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχοέω.

φνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνόω.

ωξ, Dor. contr. for δ έξ.

φέε, 3 sing. 20r. I of οίγνυμι. 'ΩO'N, τό, an egg, Lat. OVUM.

ώόπ, a cry of the κελευστής to make the rowers stop pulling, avast!

ώπάσα, 2οr. I of δπάζω. ώπερ, Dor. for οὖπερ, Adv. where. ἀπολλον, poët. crasis for & Απολλον. ὥπόλλων, by crasis for ὁ ᾿Απόλλων. &πόλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰπόλοι. &πται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of δράω.

ώπτησα, ώπτων, aor. I and impf. of δπτάω. ώπωπα, pf. 2 of δράω.

"ΩPA Ion. Δρη, ή, Lat. CURA, care, concern, beed, regard for a person or thing; ώραν τινός έχειν or

ποιείσθαι to pay beed or regard to a thing.

"APA Ion. Con, h, Lat. HORA, any limited time or period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full είαρος ώρη or ώρη elapivn; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὀπώρα or autumn, was not distin-3. later, the whole year. guished in Homer's time. έν τη πέρυσιν ώρα last year, (as we say) last sea-II. the time of day: also, ωρα νυκτός night-III. generally, the right, fitting time or time. bour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; èv ωρη in good time, early: c. gen. rei, won υπνου the time for sleep, bed-time. plur. also as connected with the seasons, the four V. in Att. the spring quarters of the beavens. or prime of life, youth: also manhood. VI. in Att. also sometimes for rd wpaia, the fruits or pro-VII. as pr. n., \*Ωραι, αί, the duce of the year. Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Xápires or Graces.

spaios, a, ov, (ωρα) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; wpaioi καρποί or τὰ ώραῖα the fruits of the season. Subst., wpaia, n, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military ope-II. bappening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable. III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμου ώραία a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, for death. fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence

ώραιότης, ητος, ή, the bloom of youth, beauty. ώρακιάω, f. άσω [ā], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ώρανός, δ. Dor. for οὐρανός.

αράσι, ωράσιν, Adv. (ωρα) in season, in good time. ώρεί-τροφος, ον, poët. for δρείτροφος, (δρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ώρέξατο, 3 sing. 20r. 1 med. of δρέγω.

ώρεσί-δουπος, ον, (όρος, δουπέω) making a din on the mountains.

ώρεσζ-δώτης, ου, ὁ, (ωρα, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

**ώρεσσιν**, Εp. for δάρεσσιν, dat. of δαρ. ώρετο, 3 sing. 20r. 2 med. from δρνυμι. ώρεύω, (ώρα) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

**ώρη, ή,** Ion. for *ώρα*.

ωρη, ή, Ion. for ωρα.

ώρη-φόρος, ον, (ώρα, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

**ἄρθαι**, pf. pass. inf. of ὅρνυμι.

ώρίζεσκον, Ion. impf. of δαρίζω.

ωρικός, ή, όν, (ωρα) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. in season, seasonable: Adv. –κως, ωρικως πυνθάνει you ask seasonably.

ωρίμος, ον, (ωρα) ripe, timely, in season.

ώρίνθην, aor. 1 pass. of δρίνω.

ώριος, ον, (ώρα) bappening or returning in due season; ωρια πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. timely, seasonable, ripe. III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ώρισμένος, pf pass, part, of ὑρίζω. ώριστος, Ion. crasis for δ άριστος.

'Ωρίων, ωνοι, ό, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis. II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [7 Ep.,

ώρμάθη [ā], Dor. for ὑρμήθη, 3 sing aor. I pass. of

δρμάω. ώρματο, ώρμήθη, 3 sing. impf. and aor. 1 pass. of δρμάω.

ώρμέσται, - άτο, Ion. for ωρμηνται, ωρμηντο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of δρμάω.

ώρμηναν, 3 pl. aor. I of δρμαίνω. ώρνυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὅρνυμι.

ώρο-θετέω, f. ήσω, (ωρα, τίθημι) to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal II. to be in the ascendant at that bour, of one's ruling planet.

ώρορε, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of δρνυμι.

ώροs, εοε, τό, Dor. for όροs Ion. οθρος, a mountain.

ώρσα, aor I of ὅρνυμι.

**ἄρτο,** 3 sing Ep. 201. 2 med. of δρνυμι.

ώρυθμός, δ, a bowling, bellowing, roaring.

ώρυξα, aor. I of δρύσσω.

ώρύομαι, fut. ύσομαι [v]: aor. 1 ωρυσάμην: Dep.: -to bowl, bellow, roar, Lat. rugire: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar. transit. to bowl over, bewail.

ώρχαιος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἀρχαιος.

ώρχείσθην, 3 dual impf. of δρχέομαι.

ώρχεθντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of δρχέομαι.

ώρώρει, 3 sing. plapf. of ὅρνυμι.

ώρωρέχαται, Ion. for δρωρεγμένοι είσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of opeyw.

ώρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δρύσσω.

I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, űε. 2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, ယ်န. II. as Conj. that, when it is also without accent, ພໍ່ະ.

1. Ws, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, so, thus, Lat. | 2. καὶ ωs even so, nevertbeless: with a negat., sic. οὐδ' ὥs, μηδ' ὥs not even so, in no way soever. in Comparisons, ws is answered by ws, so as, Lat. sic ut: also,  $\tilde{\omega}\sigma\tau\epsilon$ ...  $\tilde{\omega}s$ , as .. thus. II. ώs, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. ut, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—'Os in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as,  $\theta \in \partial s$   $\tilde{\omega} s$  for  $\tilde{\omega} s$   $\theta \in \delta s$ . 2. with Elliptical Phrases, ώs ἐμοί or ὥs γ' ἐμοί (sc. δοκεί); ώs ἀπ' ὀμμάτων (sc. εἰκάσαι) to judge by eyesight; ώs Λακεδαιμόνιοs (sc. είναι) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπέμψας αὐτὸν ὡς φύλακα (sc. εἶναι) having sent 3 so with Participles, him with them as a guard. to give the reason of the principal Verb; ἀγανακτοῦσιν ώς άδικούμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, ώs τί δη θέλων; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; είργουσιν αὐτὸν ὡς ἀδικοῦντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., ώs οῦτως ἐχόντων, Lat. res cum ita sint, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so. so also with Prepositions; ώς ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; ώs ἐπὶ φρυγανισμόν as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps ἐπί, εἰs, πρόs, but also with others; ὡs ἐκ κακῶν έχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i.e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep is omitted, and  $\dot{\omega}$ s itself is used like a Prep, =  $\epsilon i$ s, c. acc, as Lat. usque for usque ad, only with the names of persons, as, ώs τον Φίλιππον to Philip: first in Homer, ώς αίει τον ομοιον άγει θεός ώς τον ομοιον how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs: with the Positive, ws άληθως, ws ετέρως bow truly! bow differently! Lat. quam vere, quam aliter: so too ws follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θαυμαστώς ώς, ύπερφυώς ώς, etc. 7. ws strengthens the Superlative, like ὅτι and ὅπως, Lat. quam, ὧs μάλιστα, Lat. quam maxime, as much as possible; ws βαστα, Lat. quam facillime, as easily as possible; ωs τάχιστα, Lat. quam celerrime, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases ώς τὸ πολύ, ώς ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ, ώs έπι τὸ πλειστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. plerumque, ut plurimum. 8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, ώs ἄριστος, ώς βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

possive, etc.

III. &s as Conjunction

II. expressing a fact, tbat, like őτι, Lat. quod.

2. = ωστε, so tbat, Lat. adeo ut.

3. ωs, tbat, Lat. quod, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; εἶπου ων τοῦτο εἶναι.

4. ωs, marking an end, like ἴνα οτ ὅπων, tbat, in order tbat, Lat. ut.

5. in Inferences, like ωστε, c. inf., so tbat, Lat. adeo ut, ita ut; εῦρον ων δύο τριήρεαν πλέειν όμοῦ in breadth such tbat two triremes could sail abreast.

6. ων is also used like ὅτι and ἐπεί, as, since, Lat. quippe,

quandoquidem: also for δτε, when, Lat. ut: sometimes also = ὅπως, Lat. quomodo, quemadmo dum,

IV. us is sometimes used in independent sentences. as in phrase ώs αξεί τον δμοιον άγει θεος ώς τον δμοιον bow God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Advs., ώs ηλίθιος εί bow silly thou art; ώς σεμνός δ καταρατός bow pompous the rascal is; ώς δεέα κλάζει bow shrilly it screams. 2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, ώς ίδεν, ώς μιν Έρως πυκινάς φρένας άμφεκάλυψεν bow he saw, bow did Love encompass his soul; so, ώς ίδον, ώς εμάνην, ώς μευ περί θυμός ιάφθη, as m Virgil, ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit er-3  $\dot{\omega}$ s to express a wish, ob that! like  $\dot{\epsilon}l\theta\dot{\epsilon}$ , Lat. utinam, with the optat., ώς ἀπόλοιτο καὶ ἄλλος ob that another also might perish: also negatively, ώs μη θάνοι ob that he might not die!

V. ωs with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, about, nearly; ἀπέθανον ωs

πεντακόσιοι about 500 fell.

VI. ωs in some Elliptical Phrases: I. ωs τί (sc. γένηται); in order ibat what may bappen? for what end? wherefore? 2. ωs έκαστοι ήσαν οι έτυχον οντες, each separately, Lat. pro se quisque.

('Ωs is an old pl. acc. of "s, as τωs pl. acc. of b': ουτωs from ουτοs, etc: so ατε is used Adv.)

ώs or ώs, Dor. for ου, where.

ώs, τό, gen. ἀτόs, Dor. for ovs, the ear

ώσα, Ion and Ep for έωσα, aor 1 of ωθέω.

 $\tilde{\omega}$ σαιμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of  $\tilde{\omega}\theta$ έω.

 $\dot{\omega}$ s αν, Ep  $\dot{\omega}$ s  $\kappa\epsilon$  or  $\dot{\omega}$ s  $\kappa\epsilon\nu$ , =  $\dot{\omega}$ s with a conditional force added.

ώσ-av-εί or ώs αν εί, like as if, as if.

ώσαννά, Hebr. word meaning save now! save we pray!

ώσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of  $\dot{\omega}\theta\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ .

ωσ-αύτως, Adv. of ὁ αὐτός (the same), strengthd. for ως, in like manner, just so; ωσαύτως καί.. in like manner as.

 $\mathring{\omega}$ σδε, Dor for  $\mathring{\omega}$ ζε, 3 sing. impf. of  $\mathring{\sigma}$ ζω.

ώσ-εί or ώς εἰ, Adv. as if, as though: in Comparisons, as if, like, just as: so also ώσ-εί-τε.

II. with Numerals, about.

 $\dot{\omega}$ σθήσομαι, fut. pass. of  $\dot{\omega}$ θέω.

ώσίν, dat. plur. of οὖs.

ώσμαι, pf. pass. of ωθέω: part ωσμένος.

ωσ-περ, Adv. (ωs, περ) even as, just as; in Homer there is often a word interposed between ωs and περ, as, ωs τοπάρος περ, ως έσεταί περ, etc 2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. simul ac. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as if, as it were: and so with Participles used absolutely, ωσπερ έξων as if it were in our power.

ωσ-περ-εί or ωσπερεί, just as if, even as, Lat. tanquam. ωσ-περ-οθν, Adv. even as, just as: as really, εί δ' έστιν ωσπεροῦν ἔστι θεόs but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ωσ-τε, as Adv. (ωs, τε) being to ωs. as σστε to os,

used to introduce a comparison, as, like ds, just assuccour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one:
as. a to mark the power by which one does a absol to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ἀφελεῖ it does no thing, as, as bèing, like ἄτε, Lat. utρῦτε; τὸν δὶ ἐξήρταξ΄ Αφροδίτη ρεῖω μάλ', ὥστε θεόs but Aphrodute to do one no service: sometimes c dat pers., like bore him very easily away, as being a goddess.

Lat. prodesse:—in phrase οὐδεὶs ἔροντος τοῦδ ἐφαίνετ΄

IF. as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; εί δέ σοι θυμός ἐπέσσυται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, so as to return.—This Construct. is 2. ωστε is sometimes used like very freq. in Att. ώs with a Part.; ώστε φυλασσομένων των όδων as or 3. ωστε is used since the ways were guarded. after Comparatives with ή; μέζω κακά ή ώστε άναkhaiew greater woes than that one could weep for: but ωστε is sometimes left out, as, μείζον ή φέρειν too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, \psi vχρον ώστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in. III. ἄστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e g. ωστε θάρρει so that, or therefore, be of good cheer.

ἄστίζω, f. ίσω, Frequentat. of ὧθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. trudo. II. in Med., Att. fut. ὡστιοῦμαι, c. dat. jostle with another: so absol., ὡστίζεσθαι εἰε τὴν προεδρίαν to jostle for the first seat.

ώστοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος.

ώσφρόμην Ion. όσφράμην, 201. 2 med. of δσφραίνομαι.

ώσω, fut. of ώθέω.

ἀτ-ἄκουστέω, f. ήσω, (οὖs, ἀκούω) to bearken or listen covertly or anxiously.

**ἄ τᾶν** οτ **ἄ τάν**, see τᾶν.

ώτάριον, τό, Dim. of ovs, a little ear. [α]

ωτε, Dor. for ωστε.

ώτειλή, ή, (οὐτάω) a wound: later also a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

ώτίον, τό, Dim. of ous, a little ear.

ἀτίς, ίδος, ή, (οὖs) a bustard with long ear-feathers. <sup>8</sup>Ωτος, δ, Otos, son of Alocus, brother of Ephialtes. άτρῦνα, 201. I of ὀτρύνω.

ωτώεις, εσσα, εν, (οὖs) with ears or handles. ωὐτός, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also ωὐτός or

ώφειλα, 20r. Ι of ὀφέλλω.

ωύτός.

ώφέλεια Ion. ώφελίη also in Att. ώφελία, ή, (ώφελέω) help, aid, assistance, succour, especially in war. 2. profit, advantage, gain: in plur. gains, profits.

ώφελέω, f. ήσω: (ὄφελοε):—to help, aid, assist, like the goddesses.

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ἀφελεῖ it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδέν τινα ἀφελεῖν to do one no service: sometimes c dat pers., like Lat. prodesse:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἔρωτος τοῦδὶ ἐφαίνετὶ ἀφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a belper. If Pass ἀφελοῦμαι, with fut. med. ἀφελῆσομαι, pass. ἀφεληθήσομαι:—to be belped, to receive belp, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; πρός τινος from a person or thing: so, ἔκ or ἀπό τινος; and c. dat., ἀφελεῖσθαί τινι to be profited by a thing: c part., ἀφελεῖσθαί lδών to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

 $\dot{\omega}$ φέλημα, ατος, τό, that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing.

II. generally =  $\dot{\omega}$ φελία, use, advantage, henefit.

ώφελήστμος, ον, (ώφελέω) useful, serviceable.

 $\dot{\omega}$ φέλησις, εως,  $\dot{\eta}$ , ( $\dot{\omega}$ φελέω) a belping, aiding: generally, service, advantage.

ώφελητέος, a, ον, verb Adj. of ώφελέω, necessary or proper to be assisted.

II. ἀφελητέον, one must assist

ώφελία, Att. for ώφέλεια.

ώφέλζμος, ov, sometimes also η, ov, (ώφελέω) belping, aiding: useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous. Adv -μως: Sup ἀφελιμώτατα.

ώφελλον, Ep. for ώφελον. ώφελον, aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ώφθην, aor. I of δράω, in pass. sense.

ώφληκα, pf. of δφλισκάνω: ώφλον, aor. 2.

ώφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρύντιστος.

φχα, pf. of οίγνυμι.

φχάτο, Ion. for ψημένοι ήσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οίγνυμι.

φχετο, φχοντο, 3 sing and pl impf. of οιχομαι.

φχηκα, Ep. for φχωκα, pl. of οίχομαι.

ωχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of δχθέω

 $\dot{\omega}$ χράω, f. ήσω, ( $\dot{\omega}$ χρόs) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc.  $\dot{\omega}$ χριάω, f.  $\dot{\alpha}$ σω  $[\bar{\alpha}]$ , ( $\dot{\omega}$ χρύs) to be or turn pale.

'OXPO'E, \(\delta\), \(\delta\

ώχροs, ου, δ, οτ εος, τό, like ωχρύτης, paleness, wanness, esp the paleness of fear.

**φχωκα**, Ion. pf. of οίχομαι.

ώψ, η, gen. ἀπός acc. ἀπα, (ὕψομαι, fut. of ὁράω) the eye, face, countenance; εἰς ὢπα ἰδέσθαι τινί to look one full in the face: so absol., εἰς ὢπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῆς εἰς ὢπα ἔδικεν as to the face, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.